



## Legislation Text

File #: Res 1984-2013, Version: \*

### THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK RESOLUTION NO. 1984

Resolution approving the decision of the City Planning Commission on Application No. N 130331 (A) ZRY, for an amendment of the Zoning Resolution of the City of New York, pertaining to enabling flood resilient construction within flood zones (L.U. No. 921).

By Council Members Comrie and Weprin

WHEREAS, the City Planning Commission filed with the Council on September 13, 2013 its decision dated September 11, 2013 (the "Decision"), pursuant to Section 201 of the New York City Charter, regarding an application submitted by the Department of City Planning, for an amendment of the text of the Zoning Resolution of the City of New York, pertaining to enabling flood resilient construction within flood zones (Application No. N 130331 (A) ZRY), Citywide, (the "Application");

WHEREAS, the Decision is subject to review and action by the Council pursuant to Section 197-d(b)(1) of the City Charter;

WHEREAS, upon due notice, the Council held a public hearing on the Decision and Application on September 30, 2013;

WHEREAS, the Council has considered the land use implications and other policy issues relating to the Decision and Application; and

WHEREAS, the Council has considered the relevant environmental issues and that the text amendment is an emergency action of limited and temporary nature and accordingly is a Type II action per NYCRR Part 617.5(c)(33), (CEQR No. 13DCP135Y);

RESOLVED:

The Council finds that the action is a Type II action pursuant to NYCRR Part 617.5(33) and Revised Type II Action was issued July 19, 2013.

Pursuant to Sections 197-d and 200 of the City Charter and on the basis of the Decision and Application, and based on the environmental determination and consideration described in this report, N 130331 (A) ZRY, incorporated by reference herein, the Council approves the Decision.

The Zoning Resolution of the City of New York, effective as of December 15, 1961, and as subsequently amended, is further amended as follows:

Matter in underline is new, to be added.

Matter in ~~strikeout~~ is to be deleted.

Matter with # # is defined in Section 12-10.

\* \* \* indicates where unchanged text appears in the Zoning Resolution.

## ARTICLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

\* \* \*

### Chapter 1 Title, Establishment of Controls, and Interpretation of Regulations

\* \* \*

#### 11-339 Post-Hurricane Sandy construction

The provisions of this Section shall apply within the #flood zone#. The provisions of this Section are subject to all provisions of Title 28 of the Administrative Code of the City of New York and Appendix G of the Building Code of the City of New York, or its successors, including those pertaining to expiration, reinstatement, revocation and suspension. Changes in flood maps shall be considered an amendment of the Zoning Resolution pursuant to the provisions of Section 11-30 (Building Permits Issued Before Effective Date of Amendment).

(a) Applications for approval of construction documents approved pursuant to Executive Order 230

If an application for approval of construction documents has been approved on or before (date of adoption) pursuant to Executive Order No. 230 (Emergency Order to Suspend Zoning Provisions to Facilitate Reconstruction in Accordance with Enhanced Flood Resistant Construction Standards), dated January 31, 2013, and its successors, including Executive Order No. (number) in effect on (date of adoption), relating to Hurricane Sandy as defined in Section 64-11 of this Resolution, a building permit authorizing such construction may be issued pursuant to the regulations of this Resolution in effect at the time of such approval of construction documents, and such construction may continue until a date six years after (date of adoption). After such date, the vesting provisions of Section 11-30 (Building Permits Issued Before Effective Date of Amendment) shall apply.

(b) Construction approved pursuant to previous versions of #flood maps#

If, within one year prior to a change in the #flood maps# affecting a property, the Department of Buildings issued an approval of construction documents or issued a building permit for construction on that property pursuant to the previous #flood maps#, the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 shall be deemed modified so as to substitute the previous #flood maps# for the current #flood maps#, and such construction may continue pursuant to such prior #flood maps# until (six years after date of adoption). After this date, the vesting provisions of Section 11-30 shall apply.

(c) Provisions applying in the event that Flood Resilience Zoning Text Amendment expires

This provision shall become effective only upon the expiration of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in the Flood Hazard Area), adopted on (date of adoption). If an application for approval of construction documents has been approved on or before the expiration of the Flood Resilience Zoning Text Amendment, a building permit authorizing such construction may be issued pursuant to Article VI, Chapter 4, and such construction may continue until a date six years after the expiration of such Flood Resilience Zoning Text Amendment. After such date, the vesting provisions of Section 11-30 shall apply.

## Chapter 2 Construction of Language and Definitions

\* \* \*

### 12-10 DEFINITIONS

\* \* \*

#### Base plane

The "base plane" is a plane from which the height of a #building or other structure# is measured as specified in certain Sections. For #buildings#, portions of #buildings# with #street walls# at least 15 feet in width, or #building segments# within 100 feet of a #street line#, the level of the #base plane# is any level between #curb level# and #street wall line level#. Beyond 100 feet of a #street line#, the level of the #base plane# is the average elevation of the final grade adjoining the #building# or #building segment#, determined in the manner prescribed by the Building Code of the City of New York for adjoining grade elevation. In either case, ~~where the #base flood elevation# is higher than grade, in the #flood zone#, either the #base flood elevation# may be the level of the #base plane# or #building# height may be measured from the #flood-resistant construction elevation#, as provided in Article VI, Chapter 4.~~ For the purposes of this definition, #abutting buildings# on a single #zoning lot# may be considered a single #building#. In addition, the following regulations shall apply:

\* \* \*

#### Flood maps

"Flood maps" shall be the most recent advisory or preliminary maps or map data released by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) after October 28, 2012, until such time as the City of New York adopts new final Flood Insurance Rate Maps. When new final Flood Insurance Rate Maps are adopted by the City of New York superseding the Flood Insurance Rate Maps in effect on October 28, 2012, "Flood maps" shall be such new adopted final Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

#### Flood zone

The "flood zone" is the area that has a one percent chance of flooding in a given year, as indicated on the effective Flood Insurance Rate Maps, plus any additional area that has a one percent chance of flooding in a given year, as indicated on the #flood maps#.

\* \* \*

**ARTICLE II  
RESIDENCE DISTRICT REGULATIONS**

\* \* \*

**Chapter 3  
Residential Bulk Regulations in Residence Districts**

**23-00  
APPLICABILITY AND GENERAL PURPOSES**

**23-01  
Applicability of This Chapter**

\* \* \*

Special regulations applying in the #waterfront area# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2.

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 4  
Bulk Regulations for Community Facilities in Residence Districts**

**24-00  
APPLICABILITY, GENERAL PURPOSES AND DEFINITIONS**

**24-01  
Applicability of this Chapter**

\* \* \*

Special regulations applying in the #waterfront area# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2.

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 5  
Accessory Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations**

\* \* \*

**25-029  
Applicability of regulations in flood zones**

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

**ARTICLE III  
COMMERCIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS**

\* \* \*

**Chapter 2  
Use Regulations  
32-00  
GENERAL PROVISIONS**

\* \* \*

Special regulations applying in the #waterfront area# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2.

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 3  
Bulk Regulations for Commercial or Community Facility Buildings in Commercial Districts  
33-00  
APPLICABILITY, DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**33-01  
Applicability of this Chapter**

\* \* \*

Special regulations applying in the #waterfront area# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2.

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 4  
Bulk Regulations for Residential Buildings in Commercial Districts**

**34-00  
APPLICABILITY AND DEFINITIONS**

**34-01  
Applicability of this Chapter**

\* \* \*

Special regulations applying in the #waterfront area# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2.

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

## **Chapter 5 Bulk Regulations for Mixed Buildings in Commercial Districts**

### **35-00 APPLICABILITY AND DEFINITIONS**

#### **35-01 Applicability of this Chapter**

\* \* \*

Special regulations applying in the #waterfront area# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2.

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

## **Chapter 6 Accessory Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations**

\* \* \*

### **36-028 Applicability of regulations in flood zones**

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

## **ARTICLE IV MANUFACTURING DISTRICT REGULATIONS**

\* \* \*

### **Chapter 2 Use Regulations**

#### **42-00 GENERAL PROVISIONS**

\* \* \*

Special regulations applying in the #waterfront area# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2.

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

### **Chapter 3 Bulk Regulations**

#### **43-00 APPLICABILITY AND GENERAL PROVISIONS**

##### **43-01 Applicability of this Chapter**

\* \* \*

Special regulations applying in the #waterfront area# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2.

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

### **Chapter 4 Accessory Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations**

\* \* \*

#### **44-02 Applicability**

Special regulations applying in the #waterfront area# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2.

Special regulations applying in the #flood zone# are set forth in Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

## **ARTICLE V NON-CONFORMING USES AND NON-COMPLYING BUILDINGS**

\* \* \*

### **Chapter 2**

**Non-Conforming Uses**

\* \* \*

**52-02**

**Applicability of Article V, Chapter 2**

In the #flood zone#, the provisions of this Chapter are modified by the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 4**

**Non-Complying Buildings**

\* \* \*

**54-02**

**Applicability of Article V, Chapter 4**

In the #flood zone#, the provisions of this Chapter are modified by the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4.

\* \* \*

**ARTICLE VI**

**SPECIAL REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN AREAS**

\* \* \*

**Chapter 2**

**Special Regulations Applying in the Waterfront Area**

\* \* \*

**62-13**

**Applicability of District Regulations**

The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 shall control.

In the event a Special Purpose District imposes a restriction on the height of a #building or other structure# that is lower than the height limit set forth in this Chapter, the lower height shall control. However, all heights shall be measured from the #base plane#.

The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to the following Special Purpose Districts unless expressly stated otherwise in the special district provisions:



#Special Battery Park City District#

#Special Stapleton Waterfront District#.

The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply in the #Special Sheepshead Bay District# shall be applicable, except that Section 94-061 (Uses permitted by right) shall be modified to permit all WD #uses# listed in Section 62-211 from Use Groups 6, 7, 9 and 14 in accordance with the underlying district regulations.

\* \* \*

## 62-341

### Developments on land and platforms

All #developments# on portions of a #zoning lot# landward of the #shoreline# or on #platforms# shall be subject to the height and setback provisions of this Section. However, when the seaward view from all points along the #shoreline# of a #zoning lot# is entirely obstructed by existing elevated roads, bridges or similar structures which are less than 50 feet above mean high water and within 200 feet of the #shoreline#, #developments# shall be exempt from the requirements of this Section. Height and setback regulations for #developments# on #piers# and #floating structures# are set forth in Sections 62-342 and 62-343.

- (a) For the purposes of applying the height and setback regulations of this Section, the following provisions shall apply:

\* \* \*

- (3) Measurement of height

The height of all #buildings or other structures# on #waterfront blocks# shall be measured from the #base plane#, except where modified by the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4. For #buildings# with pitched roofs, maximum #building# height shall be measured to the midpoint of such pitched roof, except for #buildings# subject to Section 23-631 (Height and setback in R1, R2, R3, R4 or R5 Districts).

- (4) Permitted obstructions

The obstructions permitted pursuant to Sections 23-62, 24-51, 33-42 or 43-42, and, where applicable, Sections 64-331, 64-332 or 64-432 shall apply. In addition, the following regulations regarding permitted obstructions shall apply:

\* \* \*

[ALL TEXT IN THIS CHAPTER IS NEW]

## Chapter 4

### Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas

#### 64-00

#### GENERAL PURPOSES

The provisions of this Chapter establish special regulations which are designed to encourage flood resilient building practices for new and existing buildings and in so doing to promote and protect public health, safety and general welfare. These general goals include, among others, the following purposes:

- (a) to facilitate the development and alteration of buildings in flood zones consistent with the latest flood-resistant construction standards of the Federal government and the New York City Building Code;
- (b) to enable buildings to be constructed pursuant to flood resistant standards with a comparable amount of usable interior space to what is generally permitted within the applicable zoning district;
- (c) to mitigate the effects of elevated and flood-proofed buildings on the streetscape and pedestrian activity;  
and
- (d) to promote the most desirable use of land and thus conserve and enhance the value of land and buildings, and thereby protect the City's tax revenues.

## **64-10 GENERAL PROVISIONS**

The provisions of this Chapter shall be in effect until one year after the adoption by the City of New York of new Flood Insurance Rate Maps superseding the Flood Insurance Rate Maps in effect on October 28, 2012.

## **64-11 Definitions**

Definitions specifically applicable to this Chapter are set forth in this Section and may modify definitions set forth in Section 12-10 (DEFINITIONS). Where matter in italics is defined both in Section 12-10 and in this Chapter, the definitions in this Chapter shall govern.

### **Basement**

For #buildings#, or portions thereof, that comply with #flood-resistant construction standards#, a "basement" is a #story# (or portion of a #story#) partly below #flood-resistant construction elevation#, with at least one-half of its height (measured from floor to ceiling) above #flood-resistant construction elevation#.

### **Cellar**

For #buildings#, or portions thereof, that comply with #flood-resistant construction standards#, a #cellar# is a space wholly or partly below the #flood-resistant construction elevation#, with more than one-half its height (measured from floor to ceiling) below the #flood-resistant construction elevation#.

### **Flood-resistant construction elevation**

The "flood-resistant construction elevation" is the greater of:

- (a) the “design flood elevation” determined pursuant to Appendix G of the New York City Building Code for a building’s structural occupancy category; or
- (b) the base flood elevation indicated on the #flood maps#, plus the additional elevation required above base flood elevation for the applicable occupancy category when determining the Design Flood Elevation pursuant to Appendix G of the Building Code.

#### Flood-resistant construction standards

“Flood-resistant construction standards” shall:

- (a) comply with the standards of Appendix G of the Building Code for “Post-FIRM Construction,” whether construction voluntarily complies with standards for “Post-FIRM Construction” or is required to comply; and
- (b) utilize the higher base flood elevation and the more stringent flood hazard area designation, as applicable, of the #flood maps# or the Flood Insurance Rate Maps in effect on October 28, 2012.

#### Lowest occupiable floor

The “lowest occupiable floor” shall be the finished floor level of the lowest floor that is not used solely for parking, storage, building access or crawl space, where any space below such #lowest occupiable floor# is wet flood-proofed in accordance with #flood resistant construction standards# and used only for parking, storage or building access, or otherwise is not occupiable space.

#### Hurricane Sandy

A severe storm on October 28, 2012, causing heavy flooding, power outages, property damage, and disruption of public transportation and other vital services.

#### Predominant or predominantly

"Predominant" or "predominantly" shall mean that a #use# or a group of #uses# comprises at least 75 percent of the total #floor area# of the #building# or of the area of the #zoning lot#, as applicable.

### **64-12**

#### **Applicability**

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply only within the #flood zone#, as follows:

- (a) Except where otherwise stated, all #buildings#, or portions thereof, shall comply with #flood-resistant construction standards# as a condition of construction pursuant to the following optional provisions, as applicable, inclusive:

Section 64-20	SPECIAL USE REGULATIONS
Section 64-30	SPECIAL BULK REGULATIONS
Section 64-40	SPECIAL BULK REGULATIONS FOR BUILDINGS EXISTING ON OCTOBER 28, 2012
Section 64-50	SPECIAL PARKING REGULATIONS
Section 64-70	SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR NON-CONFORMING USES AND NON-COMPLYING BUILDINGS
Section 64-80	MODIFICATION OF SPECIAL REGULATIONS APPLYING IN WATERFRONT AREAS
Section 64-90	SPECIAL APPROVALS

- (b) The provisions of Section 64-60 (DESIGN REQUIREMENTS) shall apply to all #developments#, all horizontal #enlargements# with new #street walls#, or alterations that increase the height of #street walls#, except that Section 64-65 (Design Requirements for Parking Areas Below Buildings) shall apply to all #buildings# as provided therein.
- (c) Where a #zoning lot# is located partially within a #flood zone#, the regulations of this Chapter shall apply where any portion of a #building# on such #zoning lot# is within such #flood zone#.

### 64-13

#### Applicability of District Regulations

The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control.

### 64-131

#### Measurement of height

All measurements of height above #curb level#, #base plane#, #base flood elevation#, grade, or other similar ground related datum, shall be from the #flood-resistant construction elevation#. This provision shall not apply to #buildings# that are #accessory# to #single-# or #two-family residences#, or to fences, #signs# not affixed to #buildings#, or other structures that are not #buildings#.

In R3, R4A and R4-1 Districts within #lower density growth management areas#, the maximum perimeter wall height shall be 21 feet above the #flood-resistant construction elevation# or 26 feet above grade, whichever is more.

Where different #flood-resistant construction elevations# apply to different portions of a #building#, the highest of such #flood-resistant construction elevations# may apply to the entire #building#.

For #buildings# located partially within and partially outside of the #flood zone#, all measurements of height shall be in accordance with only one of the following provisions:

- (a) the #flood-resistant construction elevation# shall apply to the entire #building#;
- (b) the height of the portion of the #building# within the #flood zone# shall be measured from the #flood-resistant construction elevation#, and the height of the portion of the #building# outside of the #flood zone# shall be measured from an elevation determined in accordance with the underlying applicable regulations; or
- (c) the elevation of each such portion of the #building# from where height is measured shall be multiplied by the percentage of the total #lot coverage# of the #building# to which such elevation applies. The sum of the products thus obtained shall be the elevation from which the height of the entire #building is measured.

## 64-20

### SPECIAL USE REGULATIONS

## 64-21

### Ground Floor Use

- (a) In all districts, where compliance with the elevation and wet flood-proofing requirements of Appendix G of New York City Building Code would result in a #lowest occupiable floor# that is above a level required by the Zoning Resolution without the relief provided by this Section, such requirements shall be modified so that the level of such ground floor shall be the lowest level permitted for #uses# other than parking, storage and building access as if it were “Post-FIRM Construction,” as defined by Appendix G of Building Code, using elevation and wet flood-proofing techniques.
- (b) In C1, C2 and C4 Districts in the Borough of Staten Island, where #flood-resistant construction elevation# is more than 10 feet above #curb level#, the provisions of Section 32-433 (Ground floor use in C1, C2 and C4 Districts in the Borough of Staten Island) shall be modified to allow enclosed parking spaces, or parking spaces covered by a #building#, including such spaces #accessory# to #residences#, on the ground floor within 30 feet of the #street wall# of the #building#, provided that the standards of Section 64-641 (Design requirements ) are met.

## 64-22

### Transparency Requirements

In all districts, as an alternative to #street wall# transparency regulations, the following optional provisions may apply, except where #buildings# are governed by the provisions of Section 64-64 (Design Requirements for Non-residential and Mixed Buildings in Commercial and Manufacturing Districts).

#Street walls# shall be glazed with transparent materials which may include #show windows#, transom windows or glazed portions of doors. Such transparent glazing materials shall occupy at least 50 percent of the surface area of such #street wall#, measured between the level of the first finished floor above #curb level# and a height 12 feet above such level.

## **64-30 SPECIAL BULK REGULATIONS**

### **64-31 Special Floor Area Regulations**

#### **64-311 Entryways in single- and two-family residences**

For #single-# and #two-family residences# with enclosed entryways below #flood-resistant construction elevation#, up to 10 square feet of such entryway may be excluded from the definition of #floor area# for each foot of difference between the #lowest occupiable floor# and #curb level#. This area may be excluded from the definition of #floor area# provided it is not greater than the total area of ramps, stairs, lifts and elevators between grade and the first finished floor, plus an initial entry area of no more than 12 square feet.

#### **64-312 Entryways in all other buildings**

For all #buildings# other than #single-# and #two-family residences#, with enclosed publicly accessible entryways below #flood-resistant construction elevation#, up to 100 square feet of such entryways may be excluded from the definition of #floor area# for each foot of difference between the #lowest occupiable floor# and #curb level#. This area may be excluded from the definition of #floor area# provided it is not greater than the total area at each publicly accessible entryway of ramps, stairs, lifts and elevators plus an initial entry area of no more than 100 square feet for each entryway.

#### **64-313 Mechanical systems in low density districts**

Floor space used for #accessory# mechanical equipment in R1-2A, R2A, R2X, R3, R4, or R5 Districts may be excluded from the definition of #floor area# without the limitations provided in the definition of #floor area#, paragraphs (m) and (8) in Section 12-10 (DEFINITIONS).

### **64-32 Special Yard Regulations**

The provisions of this Section shall apply without requiring a #building# to comply with #flood-resistant construction standards# as established in paragraph (a) of Section 64-12 (Applicability).

#### **64-321 Level of required yards**

Underlying #yard# regulations shall be modified to allow #yards# to be higher than #curb level# but in no event higher than #flood-resistant construction elevation#. In addition, the following regulations shall apply:

- (a) In Residence Districts and C1 through C6 Districts, #yards# higher than #curb level# shall comply with the following standards:

- (1) Final grade shall not penetrate a plane that begins 30 inches above #curb level# at each #lot line# and has a slope extending perpendicular to #lot lines# of one foot vertical for each 2.5 feet horizontal;
  - (2) Retaining walls shall be permitted above #curb level# in #yards# provided the maximum height of each wall above adjacent grade does not exceed 30 inches; and
  - (3) In Residence Districts, portions of fences greater than four feet above #curb level# shall be required to be no more than 50 percent opaque; and
- (b) In C7 and C8 Districts and in Manufacturing Districts, #yards# shall be permitted to a maximum grade equal to #flood-resistant construction elevation#. However, for portions of #zoning lots# where Sections 33-29 and 43-30 (Special Provisions Applying along District Boundaries) apply, #yards# are permitted above #curb level# only pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed so as to permit the creation of spaces sub-grade on all sides in manner inconsistent with Appendix G of the Building Code.

## 64-322

### Permitted obstructions in required yards, courts and open space

- (a) For #single-# and #two-family residences#, where #flood-resistant construction elevation# is five feet or more above #curb level#, roofed porches shall be permitted obstructions in any #open space# required on the #zoning lot# and in #yards#. Balconies for such #residences# may exceed the width and depth standards of 23-13 (Balconies) where such balconies are located directly above a porch.
- (b) For #single-# and #two-family residences#, lifts for persons with disabilities shall be permitted obstructions in any #open space# required on the #zoning lot# and in #courts#, #yards# and #rear yard equivalents#, provided that in #front yards#, such lifts are unenclosed.
- (c) For all #buildings#, except #single-# and #two-family residences#, #accessory# mechanical equipment shall be a permitted obstruction in #rear yards# and #rear yard equivalents#, provided that such equipment is:
  - (1) located above #flood-resistant construction elevation#;
  - (2) enclosed within a #building# or portion thereof, or within a #structure# that provides screening of such mechanical equipment on all sides by walls consisting of at least 50 percent opaque materials;
  - (3) in R3, R4 or R5 Districts, limited to a height of 10 feet above #flood-resistant construction elevation#, including the apex of a pitched roof;
  - (4) in R6, R7, R8, R9 or R10 Districts, limited to a height of 14 feet above #flood-resistant construction elevation#; or
  - (5) in Commercial or Manufacturing Districts, limited to a height of 23 feet above #flood-resistant

construction elevation#;

#Accessory# mechanical equipment located in #rear yards# or #rear yard equivalents# and meeting the standards of this Section shall be a permitted obstruction in any #open space# required on the #zoning lot#, provided that the total area occupied by a #building# used for both enclosed parking and such mechanical equipment does not exceed 20 percent of the total required #open space# on the #zoning lot#.

Decks, parapet walls, roof thickness, skylights, vegetated roofs, and weirs, as set forth in Section 23-62 (Permitted Obstructions), and solar energy systems, limited to 18 inches in height, as measured perpendicular to the roof surface, shall be permitted upon the roof of such #accessory building# within the #rear yard# or #rear yard equivalent#.

### **64-323**

#### **Flood panels in required yards and open space**

Temporary flood control devices and associated emergency egress systems that are assembled prior to a storm and removed thereafter shall be permitted obstructions in #yards# and rear yard equivalents#, #courts#, #open space#, #waterfront yards# as defined in Article VI, Chapter 2, #public plazas# and all other publicly accessible open areas during such storm event and for a reasonable period prior to and after such storm event, as determined by the Department of Buildings.

### **64-33**

#### **Special Height and Setback Regulations**

### **64-331**

#### **Permitted obstructions for multi-family buildings in R3-2 and R4 Districts**

R3-2 R4

The provisions of this Section shall apply without requiring a #building# to comply with #flood-resistant construction standards# as established in paragraph (a) of Section 64-12 (Applicability).

In the districts indicated, for all #buildings# or portions thereof subject to Section 23-60 (HEIGHT AND SETBACK REGULATIONS), except #single-# and #two-family residences#, elevator or stair bulkheads (including shafts; and vestibules not larger than 60 square feet in area providing access to a roof), roof water tanks and #accessory# mechanical equipment (including enclosures), other than solar or wind energy systems, shall be considered permitted obstructions to height and setback regulations, provided that:

- (a) such obstructions shall be located not less than 10 feet from the #street wall# of a #building#;
- (b) all mechanical equipment shall be screened on all sides;
- (c) the #lot coverage# of all such obstructions and screening does not exceed 250 square feet or 10 percent of the #lot coverage# of the #building#, whichever is greater; and
- (d) such obstructions are limited to a height of 15 feet above the maximum height of perimeter walls.

### **64-332**



### Permitted obstructions for buildings in medium and high density districts

The provisions of this Section shall apply without requiring a #building# to comply with #flood-resistant construction standards# as established in paragraph (a) of Section 64-12 (Applicability).

In R5 through R10 Districts, and in all #commercial# and #manufacturing districts#, for all #buildings#, the underlying regulations governing permitted obstructions to height and setback shall be modified to increase the permitted volume for elevator or stair bulkheads (including shafts; and vestibules not larger than 60 square feet in area providing access to a roof), roof water tanks and #accessory# mechanical equipment (including enclosures), other than solar or wind energy systems, from a maximum #lot coverage# of 20 percent of the #lot coverage# of the #building# to a maximum #lot coverage# of 30 percent of the #lot coverage# of the #building#, provided that where the maximum permitted height of a #building# is less than 120 feet, such obstructions are limited to a maximum height of 25 feet, and where the maximum permitted height of a #building# is 120 feet or greater, such obstructions are limited to a maximum height of 40 feet.

#### 64-333

##### Street wall location in certain districts

The provisions of this Section shall apply without requiring a #building# to comply with #flood-resistant construction standards# as established in paragraph (a) of Section 64-12 (Applicability).

In all districts, where underlying #street wall# location regulations require the ground floor of a #street wall# to extend along the entire #street frontage of a #zoning lot# and be located on the #street line#, such regulations are modified as follows:

- (a) Recesses, not to exceed five feet in depth from the #street line#, shall be permitted on the ground floor where required to provide access to the #building#; and
- (b) Up to 30 percent of the #aggregate width of street walls# may be recessed beyond the #street line#, provided any such recesses deeper than 10 feet along a #wide street#, or 15 feet along a #narrow street#, are located within an #outer court#. However, no recesses shall be permitted within 30 feet of the intersection of two #street lines#.

#### 64-334

##### Alternative height measurement for single- and two-family residences

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5

In the districts indicated, as an alternative to Section 64-131 (Measurement of height), for #single-# and #two-family residences# where #flood-resistant construction elevation# is between six and nine feet above #curb level#, #building# height may be measured from a reference plane nine feet above #curb level#, provided that at least two mitigating elements are provided from the list in Section 64-61 (Design Requirements for Single- and Two-Family Residences).

#### 64-335

##### Alternative height measurement for other buildings in Residence Districts

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10

In the districts indicated, as an alternative to Section 64-131 (Measurement of height), for all #buildings# other than #single-# and #two-family residences#, where #flood-resistant construction elevation# is between five and 10 feet above #curb level#, #building# height may be measured from a reference plane 10 feet above #curb level#, and any minimum base height requirements may be measured from #curb level#. Where the provisions of this Section are utilized, the standards of Section 64-622 (Lobby or non-residential use) shall be met.

### 64-336

#### Alternative height measurement in Commercial and Manufacturing Districts

C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6

- (a) In the districts indicated, as an alternative to Section 64-131 (Measurement of height), for all #residential buildings# other than #single-# and #two-family residences#, where #flood-resistant construction elevation# is between five and 10 feet above #curb level#, #building# height may be measured from a reference plane 10 feet above #curb level#, and any minimum base height requirements may be measured from #curb level#. Where the provisions of this Section are utilized, the standards of Section 64-622 (Lobby or non-residential use) shall be met.

C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 M1 M2 M3

- (b) In the districts indicated, as an alternative to Section 64-131, for all #buildings# other than #residential buildings# and #buildings# containing #predominantly# Use Group 16, 17 or 18 #uses#, where #street walls# are within 50 feet of a #street line# and #flood-resistant construction elevation# is between five and 12 feet above #curb level#, #building# height may be measured from a reference plane 12 feet above #curb level#, and any minimum base height requirements may be measured from #curb level#. Where the provisions of this Section are utilized, the standards of Section 64-642 (Transparency requirements for buildings utilizing alternative height measurement) shall be met.

### 64-40

#### SPECIAL BULK REGULATIONS FOR BUILDINGS EXISTING ON OCTOBER 28, 2012

The following provisions shall apply to #buildings# existing on October 28, 2012, and to the reconstruction of such #buildings#.

### 64-41

#### Special Floor Area Regulations for Buildings Existing on October 28, 2012

### 64-411

#### Floors below the flood-resistant construction elevation

- (a) Dry flood-proofing

In C1 and C2 Districts mapped within R1 through R6 districts, and in C3, C4-1, C4-2 and C4-3 Districts, where the level of any finished floor above adjacent grade that existed on October 28, 2012, is below #flood-resistant construction elevation#, such floor space may be exempted from the definition of #floor area# provided that such floor space, as well as any space below such floor space, complies with the #flood-resistant construction standards# for dry flood-proofing. The certificate of occupancy, if required, shall note that such floor space has been dry flood-proofed and must comply with the

provisions of Appendix G of the New York City Building Code, and that the number of #dwelling units# or #rooming units# shall be limited to no more than the number existing on October 28, 2012.

In addition, the following provisions shall apply:

- (1) such floor space exempted from the definition of #floor area# shall not exceed 10,000 square feet;
- (2) such floor space exempted from the definition of #floor area# shall be used for a #community facility use# or #commercial use# permitted by the underlying zoning district;
- (3) no floor space shall be exempted if parking spaces within such #building# are located within 30 feet of the #street wall#; and
- (4) the #building# shall contain no more #dwelling units# or #rooming units# than existed on October 28, 2012.

(b) Wet flood-proofing

This paragraph shall not apply to #buildings# containing non-#residential uses# where the #flood-resistant construction elevation# is less than two feet above the level of the first finished floor above #curb level#.

Where the level of any finished floor above adjacent grade that existed on October 28, 2012, is below #flood-resistant construction elevation#, such floor space may be exempted from the definition of #floor area# provided that such floor space, as well as any space below such floor space, complies with the #flood-resistant construction standards# for wet flood-proofing. The certificate of occupancy, if required, shall note that such floor space has been wet flood-proofed and must comply with the provisions of Appendix G of the Building Code.

The #floor area# which has been flood-proofed pursuant to the provisions of this Section need not be rebuilt prior to sign-off by the Department of Buildings or issuance of a certificate of occupancy for such alteration to the flood-proofed floor space in order for such #floor area# to be preserved as long as an application for construction documents for the reconstruction of such #floor area# has been approved by the Department of Buildings prior to the issuance of such sign-off or certificate of occupancy for the alteration associated with the flood-proofing. Such construction documents shall acknowledge that the #non-complying floor area# is being preserved and shall depict its use within the same #building# in a manner complying with #flood-resistant construction standards#.

## 64-412

### Lowest story of a residential building

In all districts, where the #floor area# of a #single-or-two-family residence# existing on October 28, 2012, did not include the lowest #story# because such #story# complied with the criteria set forth in paragraph (9) of the definition of “floor area” in Section 12-10, any space used for dwelling purposes within such #story# shall

continue to be exempt from the definition of #floor area#, notwithstanding such criteria, provided such #story# is elevated or reconstructed at or above the #flood-resistant construction elevation#.

## 64-42

### Yards, Courts and Open Space for Buildings Existing on October 28, 2012

## 64-421

### Permitted obstructions

The provisions of this Section shall apply without requiring a #building# to comply with #flood-resistant construction standards# as established in paragraph (a) of Section 64-12 (Applicability).

- (a) For existing #single-# and #two-family residences#, and for the reconstruction of such #residences#, mechanical equipment including but not limited to #accessory# heating and cooling equipment and emergency generators, shall be permitted obstructions in #open space# required on the #zoning lot#, in any #side yard#, #rear yard# or #rear yard equivalent#, and in #courts#, provided such equipment is:
- (1) located above #flood-resistant construction elevation#; and
  - (2) located at least five feet from any #lot line#; and
  - (3) screened on all sides by walls consisting of at least 50 percent opaque materials; and
  - (4) in compliance with the standards of either paragraph (a)(5) or (a)(6) of this Section ; and
  - (5) the mechanical equipment and all structure and screening are located no more than seven feet from the wall of a #building# and limited to a height of no more than 10 feet above #flood-resistant construction elevation#; or
- (6) the mechanical equipment is located within a detached garage or on the roof of a detached garage, provided that:
- (i) where covered by a sloping roof that rises at least seven inches in vertical distance for each foot of horizontal distance, no portion of the roof shall exceed a height of 14 feet above the adjoining grade, measured to the midpoint of a sloping roof; or
  - (ii) for all other conditions, no portion of the garage, screening or the mechanical equipment shall exceed a height of 12 feet above the adjoining grade.
- (b) For existing #buildings#, except #single-# and #two-family residences#, #accessory# mechanical equipment shall be permitted obstructions in #courts# and #open space#, provided such equipment is:
- (1) located above #flood-resistant construction elevation#;
  - (2) within a #structure# that provides screening of such mechanical equipment on all sides by walls consisting of at least 50 percent opaque materials;
  - (3) limited to a height established in Section 64-322 (Permitted Obstructions in Required Yards,

Courts and Open Space), paragraph (c), for mechanical equipment as permitted obstructions in a #rear yard#; and

(4) located at least 30 feet from any #legally required window#.

(c) For existing #buildings#, except #single-# and #two-family residences#, lifts for persons with disabilities, where permitted pursuant to provisions of the New York City Building Code, shall be permitted obstructions in #yards#, #courts# and #open space#.

## **64-422**

### **Front yard planting requirement**

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5

In the districts indicated, the provisions of Section 23-451 (Planting requirement) are modified for existing #buildings#, where the distance between the #street wall# and the #street line# is six feet or less, to allow stairs, ramps or lifts that access the #lowest occupiable floor# to be counted as planted area for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of such provisions.

## **64-43**

### **Special Height and Setback Regulations for Buildings Existing on October 28, 2012**

## **64-431**

### **For existing single- and two-family residences**

#Single-# and #two-family residences# existing on October 28, 2012, may be vertically elevated, or reconstructed to a higher elevation, in order to raise the lowest floor level containing habitable space, located at or above the adjoining grade as of October 28, 2012, to #flood-resistant construction elevation#, and in doing so, may create a #non-compliance# as to height and setback to the extent that such lowest floor level is elevated or reconstructed to #flood-resistant construction elevation#.

Where the elevation requirements of Appendix G of the New York City Building Code apply to the lowest horizontal structural member, #single-# and #two-family residences# existing on October 28, 2012, may be vertically elevated, or reconstructed to a higher elevation, in order to raise the lowest horizontal structural member supporting the lowest floor containing habitable space, located at or above the adjoining grade as of October 28, 2012, to #flood-resistant construction elevation#, and in doing so, may create a #non-compliance# as to height and setback to the extent that such lowest horizontal structural member is elevated or reconstructed to #flood-resistant construction elevation#.

This Section shall not preclude the construction of complying #enlargements# or other #complying structures# on the #zoning lot#.

#Buildings# that were complying on October 28, 2012, and vertically elevated or reconstructed to a higher elevation pursuant to this Section shall be considered legal #non-complying buildings#.

## **64-432**

### **Permitted obstructions for certain existing buildings**

The provisions of this Section shall apply without requiring a #building# to comply with #flood-resistant

construction standards# as established in paragraph (a) of Section 64-12 (Applicability).

In R5 through R10 Districts, and in #Commercial# and #Manufacturing Districts#, for all existing #buildings#, the regulations for permitted obstructions to height and setback regulations shall be modified to increase the permitted volume for elevator or stair bulkheads (including shafts; and vestibules not larger than 60 square feet in area providing access to a roof), roof water tanks and #accessory# mechanical equipment (including enclosures), other than solar or wind energy systems, as follows:

- (a) where the maximum #building# height is less than 120 feet, the maximum permitted height of such volume may be increased from 25 feet to 33 feet, provided that the #lot coverage# of all such obstructions does not exceed 20 percent of the #lot coverage of the #building#; and
- (b) where the maximum #building# height is 120 feet or greater, the maximum permitted height of such volume may be increased from 40 feet to 55 feet, provided that the #lot coverage# of all such obstructions does not exceed 20 percent of the #lot coverage of the #building#.

#### **64-44**

#### **Special Minimum Distance Regulations for Buildings Existing on October 28, 2012**

For #single-# and #two-family residences# existing on October 28, 2012, if such #buildings# are elevated, relocated or reconstructed pursuant to Sections 64-131 (Measurement of building height), 64-722 (Single- and two-family residences in required front yards) and 64-331 (Special height and setback provisions for single- and two-family residences), the provisions of Section 23-86 (Minimum Distance Between Legally Required Windows and Walls or Lot Lines) shall not apply.

#### **64-50**

#### **SPECIAL PARKING REGULATIONS**

Sections 64-51 (For Residential Buildings with Below-Grade Parking) and 64-52 (For Elevated Buildings) shall apply to #buildings# existing on October 28, 2012, and to the reconstruction of such #buildings#. Section 64-51 shall apply without requiring a #building# to comply with #flood-resistant construction standards# provided in paragraph (a) of Section 64-12 (Applicability).

Section 64-53 (Surfacing) shall apply to all #zoning lots# within the #flood zone#.

The underlying parking location, curb cut spacing, permitted obstruction and surfacing regulations are modified in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

#### **64-51**

#### **For Residential Buildings with Below-Grade Parking**

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5

In the districts indicated, other than R4B and R5B Districts, where below-grade garages within #residential buildings# are eliminated in order to comply with Appendix G of the New York City Building Code, #accessory# off-street parking spaces may be relocated from such garages to the side or rear of such #buildings#, or to the #front yard# driveway that accessed the former garage, or to a shared driveway along a common #side lot line#. Where such parking spaces are so relocated, each such space shall have a dimension at

least 18 feet long and eight feet wide, and such spaces shall be allowed without regard to underlying parking location, curb cut spacing, or permitted obstruction regulations. No modifications of the number of curb cuts on a #zoning lot# or the minimum or maximum width of a curb cut shall be allowed. Where eliminated garages were accessed by a driveway less than 18 feet long, such driveway and curb cut shall be eliminated, and the former driveway planted to the extent necessary to comply, or increase compliance, with the provisions of Section 23-451 (Planting requirement) as if the #building# on the #zoning lot# was constructed after April 30, 2008.

In the event there is no way to arrange relocated required parking spaces on the #zoning lot# in compliance with the provisions of this Section, given that existing #buildings# will remain, the Commissioner of Buildings may waive such spaces.

## **64-52 For Elevated Buildings**

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5

In the districts indicated, except R4B and R5B Districts, the provisions of this Section shall apply to #single-# or #two-family residences# with a #flood-resistant construction elevation# at least nine feet above #curb level#, and to other #single-# or #two-family residences# utilizing the provisions of Section 64-344 (Alternative height measurement for single- and two-family residences). For such #residences#, where at least two #accessory# off-street parking spaces are provided beneath the #lowest occupiable floor#, such spaces shall be allowed without regard to the underlying parking location, curb cut spacing or permitted obstruction regulations. However, no modification of the number of curb cuts on a #zoning lot# or the minimum or maximum width of a curb cut shall be allowed.

## **64-53 Surfacing**

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5

In the districts indicated, Section 25-65 (Surfacing) shall be modified to allow dustless gravel driveways that access one #single-# or #two-family residence# on a #zoning lot#, provided that all portions of such driveway located between the curb and the #front lot line# shall be surfaced with asphaltic or Portland cement concrete, or other hard-surfaced dustless material, at least four inches thick, and public sidewalks shall be constructed to Department of Transportation standards.

## **64-60 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS**

The following Sections shall apply to all #developments# and to all horizontal #enlargements# with new #street walls# or alterations increasing the height of #street walls#, or as otherwise referenced within this Chapter:

- Section 64-61      Design Requirements for Single- and Two-family Residences
- Section 64-62      Design Requirements for Other Buildings in Residence Districts
- Section 64-63      Design Requirements for Residential Buildings in Commercial Districts

Section 64-64 Design Requirements for Non-residential and Mixed Buildings in Commercial and Manufacturing Districts

Section 64-65 (Design Requirements for Parking Areas Within or Below Buildings) shall apply to any #zoning lot# occupied by a #building#, other than a #single-# or #two-family residence# constructed after (date of amendment). Any #zoning lot# occupied by a #building# constructed prior to such date shall not be altered in any way that will either create new #non-compliance# or increase the degree of #non-compliance# with the provisions of Section 64-65.

**64-61**  
**Design Requirements for Single- and Two-family Residences**

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6

In R1, R2, R3, R4 and R5 Districts , for #single-# and #two-family residences# that have a #street wall# within 50 feet of the #street line#, and in R6 Districts, for #detached# and #semi-detached single-# and #two-family residences# that have a #street wall# within 50 feet of the #street line#, where the level of the #lowest occupiable floor# is five feet or more above #curb level#, at least one of the following visual mitigation elements shall be provided. For such #residences# where the level of the #lowest occupiable floor# is nine feet or more above #curb level#, at least two of the following visual mitigation elements shall be provided.

(a) Porch

Where provided as a mitigating element, a porch shall have a finished floor at least six inches below the #lowest occupiable floor # and have a width at least 70 percent of the aggregate width of all #street walls# within 25 feet of the #street line#. The depth of the porch must be at least five feet, and the porch may not be closer to the #street line# than five feet. Open porches shall count as one mitigating element and roofed porches shall count as two mitigating elements, provided that for such roofed porches, all structural elements shall have a minimum width or depth of at least three inches, and such roof shall have a depth of at least five feet measured perpendicular to the #street wall#and extend along at least 70 percent of the width of the #street wall#. A balcony directly above a porch and a trellis or arbor with structural members spaced no further than 30 inches on center that cover such porch may be considered a porch roof for the purposes of this Section.

(b) Stair direction change

Where provided as a mitigating element, stairs shall be constructed between grade and the #lowest occupiable floor# or porch, as applicable, which shall change direction at least 90 degrees in plan at a point no lower or higher than two feet from the beginning and end of the stair run.

(c) Raised front yard

Where provided as a mitigating element, the grade between the #street line# and #street walls# within 25 feet of the #street line#, and their prolongations, shall be elevated above #curb level# so that a line drawn midway between the #street line# and such #street walls# and prolongations is at least 18 inches



above #curb level# at all points, except for pedestrian ways, vehicular access and off-street parking spaces permitted pursuant to Section 64-50 (SPECIAL PARKING REGULATIONS). The area with final grade above #curb level# must be greater than 50 percent of the total area between the #street line# and #street walls# within 25 feet of the #street line# and their prolongations. Such raised #yards# shall be planted to comply with Section 23-451 (Planting requirement).

- (d) Trees or shrubs at least three feet high

Where provided as a mitigating element, trees or shrubs that attain a height of at least three feet shall be provided between the #street line# and #street walls# within 25 feet of the #street line# and their prolongations. Planting beds shall be at least three feet wide in plan, measured parallel and perpendicular to the #street line#. The length of each planted area shall be measured by inscribing each planted area within a rectangle and measuring the longest dimension of such rectangle. The total length of planted areas shall be greater than 60 percent of the #lot width#, and be planted to screen at least 50 percent of the length of the #street wall#.

However, no mitigation shall be required where more than 50 percent of the #street wall# of a #building# is within three feet of the #street line#.

## 64-62

### Design Requirements for Other Buildings in Residence Districts

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10

In the districts indicated, for all #buildings#, except #single-# and #two-family residences#, where #street walls# are within 50 feet of the #street line#, the provisions of this Section, inclusive, shall apply.

## 64-621

### Planting requirement

Where the level of the #lowest occupiable floor# is five or more feet above #curb level#, the area between the #street line# and all #street walls# of the #building# shall be planted at ground level, or in raised planting beds that are permanently affixed to the ground. Such planting shall consist of trees or shrubs within six feet of the #street wall# that attain a height of at least three feet. Such planting shall not be required at the entrances to and exits from the #building#, within driveways accessing off-street parking spaces located within, to the side, or rear of such #building#, or between #commercial uses# and the #street line#. Any such planted area shall have a depth of at least three feet. Where ramps or stairs are located parallel to a #street wall# and within six feet of such #street wall#, minimum planting beds shall be provided between such ramps or stairs and the #street line#.

However, where #street wall# location rules would require a #street wall# to be located such that planting beds would be less than three feet in width, the provisions of this Section shall not apply.

## 64-622

### Lobby or non-residential use

Where the #flood-resistant construction elevation# is ten or more feet above #curb level#, a lobby with a minimum width of 20 feet shall be provided along the #street wall# at the level of the adjoining sidewalk or other publicly accessible open area, with a depth of at least 20 feet. For #buildings# with an #aggregate width

of street wall# of more than 65 feet, such lobby width shall be at least 30 percent of the #aggregate width of street wall#, but need not be wider than 35 feet. For #zoning lots# with less than 25 feet of frontage along a #street#, a five-foot wide service corridor may be exempted from the requirements of this Section. Transparent glazing materials shall occupy at least 40 percent of the surface area of the #street wall# of the lobby, measured between a height of two feet above the level of the adjoining sidewalk or other publicly accessible open area and a height ten feet above the level of the first finished floor above #curb level#.

Any permitted #non-residential use#, other than #accessory# off-street parking or storage, may be substituted for lobby area required pursuant to this Section, provided that the required width, depth, and transparency shall apply to such #use#.

However, where #flood-resistant construction standards# prohibit glazing due to the location of the #building# in a zone subject to wave action as indicated on #flood maps#, the glazing requirements of this Section shall not apply.

### **64-63**

#### **Design Requirements for Residential Buildings in Commercial Districts**

C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6

In the districts indicated, and in #Special Mixed Use Districts#, for all #residential buildings#, except #single-# and #two-family residences#, where #street walls# are within 50 feet of the #street line#, and where the level of the #lowest occupiable floor# is five feet or more above #curb level#, the provisions of Section 64-62 (Design Requirements for Other Buildings in Residence Districts) shall apply.

### **64-64**

#### **Design Requirements for Non-residential and Mixed Buildings in Commercial and Manufacturing Districts**

### **64-641**

#### **Transparency requirements**

C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 M1 M2 M3

In the districts indicated, the provisions of this Section shall apply to all #buildings#, other than:

- (a) #residential buildings#; and
- (b) In C8 and Manufacturing Districts, other than #Special Mixed Use Districts#, #buildings# containing #predominantly# Use Group 16, 17 or 18 #uses#.

Where #street walls# are within 50 feet of the #street line#, and where #flood-resistant construction elevation# is ten feet or more above #curb level#, a portion of the #street wall# with a minimum of 20 feet in width shall provide transparent glazing materials occupying a minimum of 50 percent of the surface area of such #street wall# portion, measured between a height of two feet above the level of the adjoining sidewalk or other publicly accessible open area and a height 12 feet above the level of the first finished floor above #curb level#. The floor level behind such transparent glazing materials shall not exceed the level of the window sill for a depth of at least four feet, as measured perpendicular to the #street wall#. For #buildings# with an #aggregate

width of street wall# of more than 65 feet, such transparent portion of the #street wall# shall be at least 30 percent of the #aggregate width of street wall#, but need not be wider than 35 feet.

However, where #flood-resistant construction standards# prohibit glazing due to the location of the #building# in a zone subject to wave action as indicated on #flood maps#, the glazing requirements of this Section shall not apply.

## 64-642

### Transparency requirements for buildings utilizing alternative height measurement

C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 M1 M2 M3

In the districts indicated, for all #buildings# utilizing the provisions of Section 64-346 (Alternative height measurement in Commercial and Manufacturing Districts), paragraph (b), #street walls# shall be glazed with transparent materials which may include #show windows#, transom windows or glazed portions of doors. Furthermore, such transparent glazing materials shall occupy at least 50 percent of the surface area of such #street wall#, measured between a height of two feet above the level of the adjoining sidewalk or other publicly accessible open area and a height of 12 feet above the level of the first finished floor above #curb level#. The floor level behind such transparent glazing materials shall not exceed the level of the window sill for a depth of at least 4 feet, as measured perpendicular to the #street wall#.

## 64-65

### Screening Requirements for Parking Within or Below Buildings

The provisions of this Section shall apply to all #buildings#, other than:

- (a) #single# or #two-family residences#; and
- (b) In C8 and Manufacturing Districts, other than #Special Mixed Use Districts#, #buildings# containing #predominantly# Use Group 16, 17 or 18 #uses#.

#Buildings# in existence prior to (date of amendment) shall not be altered in any way that will create a new #non-compliance# or increase the degree of #non-compliance# with the provisions of this Section.

Where the #flood-resistant construction elevation# is five or more feet above #curb level# and the #street wall# of a #building# is within 50 feet of the #street line#, for any level where off-street parking is provided within or below a #building#, such parking shall be screened from the #street line# with a #street wall# that is at least 50 percent opaque. Each one-foot square portion of such #street wall# shall comply individually with this requirement.

In case of a conflict between the provisions of this Section and the provisions of another Chapter, the more restrictive provisions shall apply.

## 64-70

### SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR NON-CONFORMING USES AND NON-COMPLYING BUILDINGS

## 64-71

### Non-Conforming Uses

## 64-711

### Reconstruction of buildings damaged more than 50 percent

Section 52-53 (Buildings or Other Structures in All Districts) shall be modified to allow the reconstruction of a #non-conforming use# where a #building# containing such #use# is damaged to the extent of 50 percent or more due to the effects of Hurricane Sandy, provided such reconstruction is the subject of an application for approval of construction documents that has been approved by the Department of Buildings no later than one year following the City's adoption of new Flood Insurance Rate Maps that supersede the Flood Insurance Rate Maps in effect on October 28, 2012. Construction pursuant to such approval may continue until a date six years after the adoption of such superseding Flood Insurance Rate Maps. After such date, the vesting provisions of Section 11-30 (Building Permits Issued Before Effective Date of Amendment) shall apply as if the change in #flood map# were a change in provisions of the Zoning Resolution.

However, this provision shall not apply to #non-conforming residences# in C8 Districts or #Manufacturing Districts#, or to #non-conforming manufacturing uses# located in #Residence Districts# or #Commercial Districts# other than C8 Districts.

## 64-712

### Single- and two-family buildings

For #non-conforming single-# and #two-family residences#, except #non-conforming residences# in C8 Districts or #Manufacturing Districts#, reconstruction shall be permitted, provided such reconstruction is the subject of an application for approval of construction documents that has been approved by the Department of Buildings no later than six years following the City's adoption of new Flood Insurance Rate Maps that supersede the Flood Insurance Rate Maps in effect on October 28, 2012. Construction pursuant to such approval may continue until a date ten years after the adoption of such superseding Flood Insurance Rate Maps. After such date, the vesting provisions of Section 11-30 (Building Permits Issued Before Effective Date of Amendment) shall apply as if the change in #flood map# were a change in provisions of the zoning resolution.

## 64-72

### Non-Complying Buildings

## 64-721

### Reconstruction of buildings damaged more than 75 percent

Section 54-40 (DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION IN NON-COMPLYING BUILDINGS) shall be modified to allow the reconstruction of a #non-complying building# where such #building# is damaged to the extent of 75 percent or more due to the effects of Hurricane Sandy, provided such reconstruction is the subject of an application for approval of construction documents that has been approved by the Department of Buildings no later than one year following the City's adoption of new Flood Insurance Rate Maps that superseded the Flood Insurance Rate Maps in effect on October 28, 2012. Construction pursuant to such approval may continue until a date six years after the adoption of such superseding Flood Insurance Rate Maps. After such date, the vesting provisions of Section 11-30 (Building Permits Issued Before Effective Date of Amendment) shall apply as if the change in #flood map# were a change in provisions of the Zoning Resolution.

## 64-722

### Single- and two-family residences in required front yards

The provisions of Article V, Chapter 4, shall be modified in order to accommodate stair access in a #front yard#. #Single-# and #two-family residences# with #non-complying front yards# existing on October 28, 2012, may be relocated or reconstructed in a location further from the #front lot line# on the same #zoning lot#, and thereby create or increase an encroachment in a #side yard#, #rear yard# or #rear yard equivalent#, provided that:

- (a) any encroachment or further encroachment into a required #side# or #rear yard# or #rear yard equivalent# at the rear of the original #building# location is limited to a depth equal to the reduction of encroachment of the #building#, excluding stairs in the #front yard#;
- (b) a distance of at least eight feet shall be maintained between the rear wall of the #building# and all other #residences# on the same or adjoining #zoning lots#; and
- (c) at least four feet of a #rear yard# shall be free of any encroachment, measured perpendicular to the #rear lot line#, or in a #rear yard equivalent#, at least eight feet shall be free of encroachment.

### 64-723

#### Non-complying single- and two-family residences

- (a) The provisions of Article V, Chapter 4 shall be modified to permit #single-# and #two-family residences# that are #non-complying# and existing on October 28, 2012, to be vertically elevated, or reconstructed to a higher elevation in order to raise the lowest floor level containing habitable space that was located at or above the adjoining grade as of October 28, 2012 to #flood-resistant construction elevation#.

Where the elevation requirements of Appendix G of the New York City Building Code apply to the lowest horizontal structural member, the provisions of Article V, Chapter 4, shall be modified to permit #single-# and #two-family residences# that are #non-complying# and existing on October 28, 2012, to be vertically elevated, or reconstructed to a higher elevation, in order to raise the lowest horizontal structural member supporting the lowest floor containing habitable space that was located at or above the adjoining grade as of October 28, 2012, to #flood-resistant construction elevation#.

Such vertical elevation or reconstruction may create a new #non-compliance# as to height and setback, or increase any existing #non-compliances# as to height and setback, required #open space# and #yard# regulations to the extent that such lowest floor level is elevated or reconstructed to #flood-resistant construction elevation#. However, all other provisions of Article V, Chapter 4, shall apply without modification.

This Section shall not preclude the construction of complying #enlargements# or other complying #buildings or other structures# on the #zoning lot#.

Furthermore, the provisions of Section 23-86 (Minimum Distance Between Legally Required Windows and Walls or Lot Lines) shall not apply to such elevated, relocated or reconstructed #buildings#.

- (b) For #non-complying single-# and #two-family residences#, reconstruction shall be permitted, provided such reconstruction is the subject of an application for approval of construction documents that has been approved by the Department of Buildings no later than six years following the City's adoption of new Flood Insurance Rate Maps that supersede the Flood Insurance Rate Maps in effect on October 28,

2012. Construction pursuant to such approval may continue until a date ten years after the adoption of such superseding Flood Insurance Rate Maps. After such date, the vesting provisions of Section 11-30 (Building Permits Issued before Effective Date of Amendment) shall apply as if the change in #flood map# were a change in provisions of the Zoning Resolution.

#### **64-724**

##### **Special provisions for other buildings within flood zones**

#Non-complying buildings# may be elevated or reconstructed to an increased height, which at all points does not exceed the difference between #flood-resistant construction elevation# and the applicable datum from which height is measured pursuant to the underlying regulations. Such elevation or reconstruction may create a new #non-compliance# or increase the degree of an existing #non-compliance#.

#### **64-80**

##### **MODIFICATION OF SPECIAL REGULATIONS APPLYING IN WATERFRONT AREAS**

The following regulations shall apply in #flood zones# and shall modify regulations set forth in Article VI, Chapter 2 (Special Regulations Applying in Waterfront Areas).

#### **64-81**

##### **Modification of Waterfront Public Access and Visual Corridor Regulations for Substantially Damaged Buildings**

Sections 62-50 (GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VISUAL CORRIDORS AND WATERFRONT PUBLIC ACCESS AREAS), inclusive, and 62-811 shall not apply to the reconstruction of #buildings# that sustained substantial damage, as defined in Appendix G of the New York City Building Code, due to the

effects of #Hurricane Sandy#, provided that:

- (a) such #buildings# had no more than 20,000 square feet of #floor area# prior to October 28, 2012;
- (b) the dimensions of the #building# footprint are no greater than the footprint that existed on October 28, 2012;
- (c) if such #building# is repositioned on the #zoning lot#, such repositioning does not newly encroach, or further encroach into a required #yard#, #rear yard equivalent#, #visual corridor# or existing #public access area#, as defined in Article VI, Chapter 2; and
- (d) the reconstruction does not result in a change of #use# from that existing on October 28, 2012.

The provisions of this Section shall apply to #buildings# that are the subject of an Application for Approval of Construction Documents that has been approved by the Department of Buildings no later than one year after the adoption of new Flood Insurance Rate Maps that supersede the maps in effect on October 28, 2012. Construction pursuant to such approval may continue until a date six years after the adoption of such superseding Flood Insurance Rate Maps. After such date, the vesting provisions of Section 11-30 (Building Permits Issued Before Effective Date of Amendment) shall apply as if the change in #flood map# were a change in provisions of the Zoning Resolution.

## 64-82

### Modification of Waterfront Regulations Relating to Level of Yards, Visual Corridors and the Ground Floor

The provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Section shall apply to all #zoning lots#, without requiring a #building# to comply with #flood-resistant construction standards# as established in paragraph (a) of Section 64-12 (Applicability).

Within the area that has a one percent chance of flooding in a given year, as determined by FEMA in #Flood Maps# or by earlier adopted Flood Insurance Rate Maps, certain provisions regarding #waterfront yards# and visual corridors#, as defined in Section 62-11 (Definitions), and ground floor #uses#, are modified as follows:

(a) #Waterfront yards#

Section 62-332 (Rear yards and waterfront yards) shall be modified to allow the level of a #waterfront yard# to be raised above the elevation of the top of the adjoining existing bulkhead, existing stabilized natural shore or mean high water line, as applicable, provided that:

- (1) where a #waterfront yard# terminates at a #lot line#, the grade of the #waterfront yard# shall be no higher than the grade of the adjacent #street# or #zoning lot#, except that natural grade need not be disturbed to comply with this requirement;
- (2) for #zoning lots# without a #shore public walkway#, as defined in Section 62-11 (Definitions), the maximum grade of the #waterfront yard#, measured parallel to the #shoreline#, shall not exceed three percent; and
- (3) for #zoning lots# with a #shore public walkway#, as defined in Section 62-11 (Definitions), the maximum grade shall be determined by the maximum permitted grade of the circulation path and the provisions of Section 62-60 (DESIGN REQUIREMENTS FOR WATERFRONT PUBLIC ACCESS AREAS).

(b) #Visual corridors#

Section 62-512 (Dimensions of visual corridors) shall be modified as follows:

The lowest level of a #visual corridor# shall be determined by establishing a plane connecting the two points along the #street lines# from which the #visual corridor# emanates at an elevation three feet above #curb level# with the two points where the prolonged #street lines# intersect the #shoreline#, stabilized natural shore, bulkhead, upland edge of a #waterfront yard# raised pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this Section, or the #base plane# of a #pier# or #platform#, whichever intersection occurs first. Such plane shall then continue horizontally seaward from the line of intersection. #Visual corridors# that are not prolongations of mapped #streets# shall be determined by establishing a plane connecting an elevation three feet above #curb level# at the two points along the #lot line# from which the #visual corridor# emanates with the two points of intersection at the #shoreline#, stabilized natural shore, bulkhead, upland edge of a #waterfront yard# raised pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this Section, or the #base plane# of a #pier# or #platform#, whichever intersection occurs first.

(c) Ground floor #uses#

Section 62-341 (Developments on land and platforms), paragraph (c)(6), shall be modified as follows:

“Ground floor level” shall mean the lowest level permitted for habitable use as if it were “Post-FIRM Construction” as defined by Appendix G of the New York City Building Code, using elevation and wet flood-proofing techniques, provided that where such lowest permitted level would be less than five feet above the finished level of the adjacent sidewalk, such level need not be lower than five feet above the finished level of the adjacent sidewalk.

## 64-90

### SPECIAL APPROVALS

## 64-91

### Modification of Certain Certification Requirements in the Special South Richmond Development District

The provisions of this Section shall apply without requiring a #building# to comply with #flood-resistant construction standards# as established in paragraph (a) of Section 64-12 (Applicability).

In the #Special South Richmond Development District#, Sections 107-22 (Designated Open Space), inclusive, and 107-23 (Waterfront Esplanade) shall not apply to the reconstruction or repair of #buildings# that were damaged due to the effects of Hurricane Sandy, provided that:

- (a) the dimensions of the #building# footprint are no greater than the footprint that existed on October 28, 2012; and
- (b) there is no increase in impervious surfaces on the #zoning lot#.

In addition, the provisions of Section 107-22, inclusive, shall not apply to a #site alteration# that is not a #development# or #enlargement# where the Commissioner of Buildings determines it is the minimum necessary to enable the reconstruction of a #building#.

These provisions shall not affect the terms of a certification previously made by the City Planning Commission. The provisions of this Section shall apply to #buildings# that are the subject of an Application for Approval of Construction Documents that has been approved by the Department of Buildings no later than one year after the adoption of new Flood Insurance Rate Maps that supersede the maps in effect on October 28, 2012. Construction pursuant to such approval may continue until a date six years after the adoption of such superseding Flood Insurance Rate Maps. After such date, the vesting provisions of Section 11-30 (Building Permits Issued Before Effective Date of Amendment) shall apply as if the change in #flood map# were a change in provisions of the zoning resolution.

## 64-92

### Special Permit for Modification of Certain Zoning Regulations

In order to allow for the alteration of existing #buildings# in compliance with #flood resistant construction



standards# and for #developments# and #enlargements# in compliance with #flood-resistant construction standards#, the Board of Standards and Appeals may permit modification of Section 64-60 (DESIGN REQUIREMENTS), the #bulk# regulations of Sections 64-30 (SPECIAL BULK REGULATIONS), 64-40 (SPECIAL BULK REGULATIONS FOR BUILDINGS EXISTING ON OCTOBER 28, 2012) and 64-70 (SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR NON-CONFORMING USES AND NON-COMPLYING BUILDINGS), as well as all other applicable #bulk# regulations of the Zoning Resolution, except #floor area ratio# regulations, provided the following findings are made:

- (a) that there would be a practical difficulty in complying with #flood-resistant construction standards# without such modifications, and that such modifications are the minimum necessary to allow for an appropriate #building# in compliance with #flood-resistant construction standards#;
- (b) that any modification of #bulk# regulations related to height is limited to no more than 10 feet in height or 10 percent of permitted height as measured from #flood-resistant construction elevation#, whichever is less; and
- (c) the proposed modifications will not alter the essential character of the neighborhood in which the #building# is located, nor impair the future use or development of the surrounding area in consideration of the neighborhood's potential development in accordance with #flood-resistant construction standards#.

The Board may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.

\* \* \*

## ARTICLE VIII SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICTS

### Chapter 7 Special Harlem River Waterfront District

\* \* \*

#### 87-02 General Provisions

In harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Resolution and the general purposes of the #Special Harlem River Waterfront District#, the regulations of the #Special Harlem River Waterfront District# shall apply. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall

control.

\* \* \*

## **Chapter 8 Special Hudson Square District**

\* \* \*

### **88-02 General Provisions**

In harmony with the general purposes and intent of this Resolution and the general purposes of the #Special Hudson Square District#, the provisions of this Chapter shall apply within the #Special Hudson Square District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## **ARTICLE IX SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICTS**

### **Chapter 1 Special Lower Manhattan District**

\* \* \*

#### **91-01 General Provisions**

Except as modified by the express provisions of the #Special Lower Manhattan District#, the regulations of the underlying zoning districts shall remain in effect.

\* \* \*

The provisions of Article VI, Chapter 2 (Special Regulations in the Waterfront Area), shall apply to all areas of the #waterfront area# within the #Special Lower Manhattan District#, except as otherwise provided in Section 91-60 (REGULATIONS FOR THE SOUTH STREET SEAPORT SUBDISTRICT) for Piers 9, 11, 13 and 14. Piers 9, 11, 13 and 14 are shown on Maps 1 and 6 in Appendix A.

In #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 3**  
**Special Hudson Yards District**

\* \* \*

**93-02**  
**General Provisions**

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply within the #Special Hudson Yards District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 4**  
**Special Sheepshead Bay District**

\* \* \*

**94-02**  
**General Provisions**

In harmony with the general purposes of the #Special Sheepshead Bay District# and in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, certain specified regulations of the districts on which the #Special Sheepshead Bay District# is superimposed are made inapplicable and special regulations are substituted therefor. The City Planning Commission, by special permit, may grant certain #uses# and may authorize #bulk# modifications within the Special District as set forth in this Chapter. Except as modified by the express provisions of this Special District, the regulations of the underlying zoning districts remain in effect.

In the #waterfront area#, the provisions of the #Special Sheepshead Bay District# are modified in accordance with the provisions of Section 62-13 (Applicability of District Regulations).

In #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 6**  
**Special Clinton District**

\* \* \*

## 96-02

### General Provisions

Except as modified by the express provisions of this Chapter, the regulations of the underlying districts, or as modified by the #Special Midtown District#, remain in effect.

The #Special Midtown District# and its regulations, where applicable in the #Special Clinton District#, shall also apply and shall supplement or supersede regulations as set forth in this Chapter pursuant to Section 96-22 (Special Regulations for Eighth Avenue Perimeter Area). In the event of any conflict or discrepancy between the regulations, the more restrictive regulations shall apply in accordance with Section 11-22 (Application of Overlapping Regulations). This portion of the Special Purpose District is designated on the #zoning map# by the letters "CL-MiD."

In #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## Chapter 8

### Special West Chelsea District

## 98-02

### General Provisions

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to any #zoning lot#, or portion thereof, within the #Special West Chelsea District#, except that the provisions of Sections 98-11 (Special Regulations for Developments and Enlargements Above, Beneath or Adjacent to the High Line) and 98-17 (Air Space over a Railroad or Transit Right-of-way or Yard) shall also apply to any #zoning lot# south of the #Special West Chelsea District# over which the #High Line# passes. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## ARTICLE X

### SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICTS

## Chapter 4

### Special Manhattanville Mixed Use District

\* \* \*

## 104-02

## General Provisions

In harmony with the general purposes and content of this Resolution and the general purposes of the #Special Manhattanville Mixed Use District#, the regulations of this Chapter shall apply within the Special District. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

### 104-30 SPECIAL HEIGHT AND SETBACK REQUIREMENTS

In the #Special Manhattanville Mixed Use District#, the height and setback regulations of the underlying C6 Districts shall not apply. In lieu thereof, the height and setback provisions of this Section, inclusive, shall apply in C6 Districts. In Subdistrict B, special height regulations for the underlying M1-2 District are set forth in Section 104-31, et seq.

In Subdistrict A, the height of all #buildings or other structures# shall be measured from the #base plane#. However, the provisions for establishing #base planes# set forth in Section 12-10 (DEFINITIONS) shall not apply. In lieu thereof, #base planes# are specified for each Parcel as shown on Map 5 (Parcel Designation and Maximum Building Heights) in Appendix A of this Chapter. The level of the #base plane# is designated for each such Parcel in Appendix B of this Chapter. However, in #flood zones#, the level of the #base plane# shall be the #floodresistant construction elevation#.

\* \* \*

## Chapter 6 Special Coney Island Mixed Use District

\* \* \*

### 106-02 General Provisions

In harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Resolution and the general purpose of the #Special Coney Island Mixed Use District# and in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, regulations of the #Special Coney Island Mixed Use District# shall replace and supersede the existing district regulations. In #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 7**  
**Special South Richmond Development District**

\* \* \*

**107-02**  
**General Provisions**

In harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Resolution and the general purpose of the #Special South Richmond Development District#, the regulations of the districts upon which this Special District is superimposed are supplemented or modified in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter. Except as modified by the express provisions of this Chapter, the regulations of the underlying districts remain in effect. In #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

**Chapter 8**  
**Special Hunts Point District**

\* \* \*

**108-01**  
**General Provisions**

In harmony with the general purposes and content of this Resolution and the general purposes of the #Special Hunts Point District#, the provisions of this Chapter shall apply to all #developments# and #enlargements# within the #Special Hunts Point District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable except as modified, supplemented or superseded by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

**ARTICLE XI SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICTS**

**Chapter 1**  
**Special Tribeca Mixed Use District**

\* \* \*

**111-02**

## General Provisions

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to all #developments, enlargements, extensions#, alterations, #accessory uses#, open and enclosed, and changes in #uses# within the Special District.

Except as modified by the express provisions of the District, the regulations of the underlying districts remain in effect. In #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## Chapter 3 Special Ocean Parkway District

### 113-01 General Provisions

In harmony with the general purposes of the #Special Ocean Parkway District# and in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, certain specified regulations of the districts on which the #Special Ocean Parkway District# is superimposed are made inapplicable and special regulations are substituted therefor. Except as modified by the express provisions of the Special District, the regulations of the underlying districts remain in force. In #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## Chapter 6 Special Stapleton Waterfront District

### 116-02 General Provisions

In harmony with the general purposes and content of this Resolution and the general purposes of the #Special Stapleton Waterfront District#, the provisions of this Chapter shall apply to all #developments#, #enlargements# and changes of #use# within the #Special Stapleton Waterfront District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable except as modified, supplemented or superseded by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

### 116-221

## Special floor area regulations for mixed buildings

For #buildings# containing #residences#, the area in such #buildings# occupied by non-#residential uses# on the ground floor, or within two feet of the as-built level of the adjoining sidewalk, shall be excluded from the calculation of permitted #floor area# in the #building#. However, the area occupied by non-#residential uses# on the ground floor shall be included as #floor area# for other purposes including calculating:

- (a) requirements for #accessory# off-street parking spaces;
- (b) #accessory# off-street loading berths; and
- (c) limitations on #floor area# occupied by certain #uses#.

In #flood zones#, the #floor area# exclusion permitted by this Section shall also apply to the area occupied by non-#residential uses# on the #lowest occupiable floor#, as defined in Section 64-11.

\* \* \*

## Chapter 7 Special Long Island City Mixed Use District

\* \* \*

### 117-02 General Provisions

In harmony with the general purposes and content of this Resolution and the general purposes of the #Special Long Island City Mixed Use District#, the regulations of this Chapter shall apply within the #Special Long Island City Mixed Use District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as modified, supplemented or superseded by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## ARTICLE XII SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICTS

### Chapter 3 Special Mixed Use District

\* \* \*

### 123-10 GENERAL PROVISIONS



The provisions of this Chapter shall apply within the #Special Mixed Use District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## **Chapter 4 Special Willets Point District**

\* \* \*

### **124-01 General Provisions**

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply within the #Special Willets Point District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## **Chapter 5 Special Southern Hunters Point District**

\* \* \*

### **125-01 General Provisions**

In harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Resolution and the general purposes of the #Special Southern Hunters Point District#, the regulations of this Chapter shall apply within the #Special Southern Hunters Point District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## **Chapter 6 Special College Point District**

\* \* \*

## 126-01

### General Provisions

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply within the #Special College Point District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## Chapter 8

### Special St. George District

\* \* \*

## 128-02

### General Provisions

In harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Resolution and the general purposes of the #Special St. George District#, the regulations of this Chapter shall apply within the #Special St. George District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

## Article XIII

### Special Purpose Districts

## Chapter 1

### Special Coney Island District

\* \* \*

## 131-01

### General Provisions

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply within the #Special Coney Island District#. The regulations of all other Chapters of this Resolution are applicable, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by the provisions of this Chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and other regulations of this Resolution, the provisions of this Chapter shall control. However, in #flood zones#, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas), the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4, shall control.

\* \* \*

**131-324**

**Special floor area ratio regulations for entrances to stories above the base flood elevation**

Up to 300 square feet of an entranceway adjoining the #street wall# of a #building# that contains ramps, stairs or handicap accessible elevators providing access from a public sidewalk to the lowest #story# above the #base flood elevation# shall be exempt from the definition of #floor area#.

**131-325-324**

**Lot coverage**

\* \* \*

Adopted.

Office of the City Clerk, }  
The City of New York, } ss.:

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Resolution passed by The Council of The City of New York on October 9, 2013, on file in this office.

.....  
City Clerk, Clerk of The Council