

The New York City Council

Legislation Text

File #: Res 0509-2023, Version: *

Res. No. 509

Resolution declaring April as Sikh Awareness and Appreciation Month in New York City.

By Council Members Gennaro, Lee, Cabán, Louis, Hanif, Farías, Brannan, Menin, Velázquez, Williams, Schulman, Hudson, Sanchez, Krishnan, Holden, Avilés, Ossé, Ayala, Riley, Ung, Marte, Narcisse, Won, Abreu, Moya, Hanks, Restler, Nurse, De La Rosa, Carr and Ariola

Whereas, Sikhism is a religion and philosophy founded by Guru Nanak in the Punjab region of the Indian subcontinent in the late 15th century; and

Whereas, According to the encyclopedia Britannica, in Punjabi the word Sikh means "learner" and the Sikh worldview centers around the idea of oneness and the belief of a divine presence in all people; and

Whereas, Sikh tradition calls upon its followers to participate in prayerful action known as *seva*, and Sikhs are expected to serve humanity while cultivating their own spirituality by practicing their principles daily, which include truthful living, service to humanity and a devotion to God; and

Whereas, Following the annexation by the British of the Punjab province in 1849, in hopes of securing a better economic future, Sikhs with a background in agriculture immigrated to the U.S.; and

Whereas, According to the University of California at Davis, during the 1940s, and in response to the success of Japanese farmers in California, public opinion turned against many Asian immigrants and Sikhs were met with newly enacted discriminatory laws branding most immigrants ineligible from holding leases on agricultural lands or securing U.S. citizenship; and

Whereas, These restrictions caused Sikh immigrants to secure employment as laborers for railroad construction projects and western frontier lumber mills and eventually to accept work as farm laborers for large

agricultural growers in California's Imperial Valley; and

Whereas, According to the University of California at Davis, despite their significant contributions to building the infrastructure of America, a fundamental misunderstanding and mistrust of Sikhs by white Americans led to acts of violence and discrimination against many Sikh communities since their arrival to this country in the nineteenth century; and

Whereas, Riots against Sikhs in rural towns can be traced back to 1907 in Bellingham, Washington, when attacks upon Sikhs were spearheaded by the Asian Exclusion League, an organization formed to marginalize Asians economically that was supported by many white political and labor organizations; and

Whereas, In 1917, the Asian Barred Zone Act stopped almost all Asian immigration to the U.S., leaving many Punjabi families separated for decades and unable to join loved ones already working in the U.S. until the laws were amended in the 1940s; and

Whereas, Since the attacks of September 11, 2001, Sikhs, who for religious reasons wear long beards and turbans and are often misidentified as Muslim, are particularly vulnerable to discrimination and continue to be the target of attacks and hate crimes; and

Whereas, Despite Sikhism having more than 25 million followers worldwide and being the world's fifth largest religion, a 2015 national survey conducted in the U.S. by Hart Research Associates found that a majority of Americans-60 percent-admitted they knew nothing at all about Sikh culture; and

Whereas, Contributions by Sikhs to American life and prosperity include helping to settle the Western frontier and build America's railroads, service in the U.S. military, service in the U.S. House of Representatives, contributions as physicians, university professors, businesspersons, celebrated recording artists, inventors of technology such as fiber optics, and many other contributions to all facets of life in the U.S. and New York City; and

Whereas, While neither the United States Census nor the New York City Department of City Planning collects specific data on religion, according to a 2007 Sikh Coalition Advocacy Survey, there were an estimated

File #: Res 0509-2023, Version: *

50,000 Sikhs living in Queens, based upon reported membership in Sikh places of worship, known as

gurdwaras; and

Whereas, Current estimates of Sikhs living in Richmond Hill, Queens are believed to be approximately

60,000, yet without equitable representation within local, state and federal government it remains difficult to

promote awareness of Sikh culture and contributions; and

Whereas, To coincide with Vaisakhi, a significant day of the year for Sikhs which marks the harvest and

beginning of the Sikh New Year, the Sikh Coalition helped to create and enact the nation's first Sikh Awareness

and Appreciation Month during April in California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois,

Indiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Washington, Wisconsin, Virginia and

Utah; and

Whereas, Sikhs have lived and worked in the U.S. for more than a century, making vital and significant

contributions to daily life in New York City, yet American society is largely unaware and ignorant of their

history, community and culture, which puts Sikhs at continued risk for high rates of violence, discrimination,

bullying and profiling at work, home and school; now, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Council of the City of New York declares April as Sikh Awareness and Appreciation

Month in New York City.

Session 12

AH/RHP

LS #6211

2/27/2023

Session 11 LS#17986

LS#1/980

CD