

The New York City Council

Legislation Details (With Text)

File #: Res 0246- Version: * Name: Increasing reimbursements in Medicaid's Federal

2022 Medical Assistance Percentage program for Puerto

Rico and the other territories of the United States.

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In control: Committee on Cultural Affairs, Libraries and

International Intergroup Relations

On agenda: 6/16/2022

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Title: Resolution calling for Congress to pass, and the President to sign, legislation increasing

reimbursements in Medicaid's Federal Medical Assistance Percentage program for Puerto Rico and

the other territories of the United States

Sponsors: Carlina Rivera, Lincoln Restler, Pierina Ana Sanchez

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Attachments: 1. Res. No. 246, 2. June 16, 2022 - Stated Meeting Agenda, 3. Hearing Transcript - Stated Meeting 6-

16-22, 4. Minutes of the Stated Meeting - June 16, 2022

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result
6/16/2022	*	City Council	Introduced by Council	
6/16/2022	*	City Council	Referred to Comm by Council	
12/31/2023	*	City Council	Filed (End of Session)	

Res. No. 246

Resolution calling for Congress to pass, and the President to sign, legislation increasing reimbursements in Medicaid's Federal Medical Assistance Percentage program for Puerto Rico and the other territories of the United States

By Council Members Rivera, Restler and Sanchez

Whereas, Under the Medicaid program, the federal government matches state spending with federal funds to help people with limited income and resources pay for medical costs; and

Whereas, Puerto Rico and the other U.S. territories are not eligible to receive the maximum amount of matching funds available to the 50 U.S. states under the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP); and

Whereas, According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the median household incomes of the five inhabited U.S. territories, which include Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, are often the lowest in the country, and residents of these

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territories often experience greater exposure to health risks and decreased access to health services; and

Whereas, In 2020, the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey reported Puerto Rico was one of the poorest parts of the United States, with a median house-hold income of \$21,058, lower than any other U.S. state, and representing the highest amount of income inequality in the nation; and

Whereas, Reimbursement for Medicaid spending under the FMAP is based on the average per capita income; and

Whereas, Under the FMAP, U.S. states receive 83 percent reimbursement for every dollar spent on medical assistance and U.S. territories, including Puerto Rico, only receive a set rate of 55 percent in reimbursement for every dollar the territories spend on Medicaid; and

Whereas, In 2019, the Senate's Natural Resources Committee held a hearing entitled "The Insular Areas Medicaid Cliff," which indicated that the disparate treatment under Medicaid, in comparison to the other U.S. states, has created a shortage of available service providers, medical coverage, eligibility, benefits, and reimbursement rates in the U.S. territories; and

Whereas, According to the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 44 percent of residents in Puerto Rico live below the poverty line, with inadequate Medicaid funding adding further economic pressure to the Island; and

Whereas, Most of the federal funding programs in Puerto Rico are set to expire in 2019, causing Puerto Rico's governor to testify before the Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee that a congressional failure to act would threaten health care for hundreds of thousands of children, seniors, people with disabilities, and pregnant women; and

Whereas, According to the City University of New York's Center for Puerto Rican Studies based at Hunter College, natural disasters in the Caribbean have further diminished access to medical care on the Island, causing individuals from Puerto Rico to migrate to the U.S. mainland with New York being one of the largest

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arrival destinations of Puerto Rican evacuees; and

Whereas, According to the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, Congressional funding for disaster

relief has not included critical Medicaid funds for the Pacific island territories of Guam, American Samoa, and

the Northern Mariana Islands to provide health care for their residents; and

Whereas, The Territories Health Care Improvement Act, H.R.3631, aims to extend full Medicaid

coverage to all U.S. territories by amending the Social Security Act in order to provide a temporary increase to

the limit on Medicaid payments and the FMAP for U.S. territories between the fiscal years of 2020 and 2025;

and

Whereas, The Puerto Rico Health Care Fairness, Accountability, and Beneficiary Access Act of 2021,

H.R.1722, which was introduced to the House of Representatives by New York's Congressional Representative

Nydia M. Velazquez, would amend the current law so the Island would receive an 85 percent reimbursement

rate, providing Puerto Rico with an additional \$15.1 billion in federal funding; and

Whereas, Rep. Velazquez's bill would also institute a 10-year transition period to stabilize the Medicaid

program in Puerto Rico, after which the Island would receive the same financial treatment as state Medicaid

programs; and

Whereas, There are no justifications for the Medicaid reimbursement rate and federal funding share to

be lower in U.S. territories compared to the 50 states, and this disparate treatment amongst U.S. citizens is

causing the territorial islands' economy, healthcare, and people to suffer; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Council of the City of New York calls upon Congress to pass, and the President to

sign, legislation increasing reimbursements in Medicaid's Federal Medical Assistance Percentage program for

Puerto Rico and the other territories of the United States.

Session 12

LS #3147 4/1/22

Session 11

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