



Legislation Details (With Text)

File #:	Res 0085-2022	Version:	*	Name:	Alternatives to Opioids in the Emergency Department Reauthorization Act of 2021 (H.R. 4846)
Type:	Resolution	Status:		In control:	Filed (End of Session) Committee on Health
On agenda:	3/24/2022				
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Title:	Resolution calling on the United States Congress to pass, and the President to sign, H.R. 4846, the Alternatives to Opioids in the Emergency Department Reauthorization Act of 2021, to combat the opioid crisis.				
Sponsors:	Robert F. Holden, Shahana K. Hanif, Althea V. Stevens, Kalman Yeger				
Indexes:					
Attachments:	1. Res. No. 85, 2. March 24, 2022 - Stated Meeting Agenda, 3. Hearing Transcript - Stated Meeting 3-24-22, 4. Minutes of the Stated Meeting - March 24, 2022				

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result
3/24/2022	*	City Council	Introduced by Council	
3/24/2022	*	City Council	Referred to Comm by Council	
12/31/2023	*	City Council	Filed (End of Session)	

Res. No. 85

Resolution calling on the United States Congress to pass, and the President to sign, H.R. 4846, the Alternatives to Opioids in the Emergency Department Reauthorization Act of 2021, to combat the opioid crisis.

By Council Members Holden, Hanif, Stevens and Yeger

Whereas, Opioid abuse and death are at epidemic levels in the United States, with an estimated 100,306 overdose deaths during the 12 months ending in April 2021, an increase of 28.5 percent from the year prior; and Whereas, According to a 21-year study published in Journal of American Medicine Network Open, from 1999 to 2019, 79,893 Americans ages 55 and older died from an opioid overdose, nearly eight times the number of people in 2019 alone; and

Whereas, According to the New York State Department of Health, New Yorkers ages 55 to 64 years had the highest rate of overdose death (52.4 per 100,000 residents) in 2020, up from 39.7 per 100,000 residents in 2019; and

Whereas, According to the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, an estimated 2,062 people died from a drug overdose in 2020, compared to 1,497 in 2019, an increase of 565 deaths; and

Whereas, According to a survey conducted by the Kaiser Family Foundation and the Washington Post, 25 percent of long-term opioid users started taking opioids to alleviate pain after a surgery and another 25 percent to alleviate pain after an accident or injury; and

Whereas, According to the CDC, between July 2016 and September 2017, there was a 32 percent increase of individuals over the age of 55 who received treatment for opioid overdoses in emergency rooms; and

Whereas, According to AARP, the hospitalization rate due to opioid abuse has quintupled for those 65 and older in the past two decades; and

Whereas, H.R.4846, otherwise known as the Alternatives to Opioids (ALTO) in the Emergency Department Reauthorization Act, sponsored by Rep. Bill Pascrell, will help address the opioid crisis by reauthorizing a program of grants to hospitals and emergency departments to develop, implement, enhance or study alternatives to opioids for pain management; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Council of the City of New York calls on the United States Congress to pass, and the President to sign, H.R. 4846, the Alternatives to Opioids in the Emergency Department Reauthorization Act of 2021, to combat the opioid crisis.

Session 12

NLB

LS #1332

3/8/2022

Session 11

EB

LS #7179

Res. #475-2018