

## The New York City Council

## Legislation Details (With Text)

File #: Res 2006- Version: \* Name: Ban the practice of placing prison inmates in solitary

2009 confinement and provide supportive services to all

inmates leaving solitary confinement from federally

operated prison systems.

Type: Resolution Status: Filed

**In control:** Committee on Fire and Criminal Justice Services

On agenda: 6/10/2009

Enactment date: Enactment #:

Title: Resolution calling upon the President and the United States Congress to ban the practice of placing

prison inmates in solitary confinement and provide supportive services to all inmates leaving solitary

confinement from federally operated prison systems.

Sponsors: Inez E. Dickens, Helen D. Foster, Letitia James, Darlene Mealy, Annabel Palma, Larry B. Seabrook,

Thomas White, Jr.

Indexes:

## Attachments:

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result
6/10/2009	*	City Council	Introduced by Council	
6/10/2009	*	City Council	Referred to Comm by Council	
12/31/2009	*	City Council	Filed (End of Session)	

Res. No. 2006

Resolution calling upon the President and the United States Congress to ban the practice of placing prison inmates in solitary confinement and provide supportive services to all inmates leaving solitary confinement from federally operated prison systems.

By Council Members Dickens, Foster, James, Mealy, Palma, Seabrook and White Jr.

Whereas, The use of solitary confinement in United States' (US) prisons began in the early 19<sup>th</sup> century to provide prisoners an environment in which to repent, pray, and find time for introspection; and

Whereas, Today solitary confinement is used as a tool to punish inmates for infractions committed while serving sentences in federal prison; and

Whereas, Conservative estimates show that there are more than 25,000 inmates in US federal and state prisons serving their sentences in solitary confinement; and

Whereas, According to the US Census Bureau's data from 2000, there were 2,600 people imprisoned in

File #: Res 2006-2009, Version: \*

federal prisons and detention centers located in New York City; and

Whereas, Solitary confinement typically constitutes segregating an inmate for 23 hours a day, allowing

the inmate out only to shower or get outdoor exercise in a small caged space, and disallowing any contact with

the outside world; and

Whereas, Studies have shown that solitary confinement can cause severe psychiatric distress to inmates

as well as cause long-standing social disorders; and

Whereas, Inmates are more apt to commit suicide when they are in or have experienced prolonged

periods of solitary confinement; and

Whereas, An increasing number of jurists throughout the world have concluded that solitary

confinement constitutes cruel and unusual punishment and view solitary confinement as torture; and

Whereas, US Senator John McCain of Arizona, who spent five and a half years tortured as a prisoner of

war stated "solitary confinement is an awful thing... it crushes your spirit and weakens your resistance more

effectively than any other form of mistreatment;" and

Whereas, Almost 95 percent of the inmates in isolation in the US will be released back to society and

many of them will receive little, if any, assistance with their transition; and

Whereas, It is imperative for federally operated prisons to offer mental support services and reentry

services for those isolated inmates reentering society from solitary confinement in light of the difficulties they

will face; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Council of the City of New York calls upon the President and the United States

Congress to ban the practice of placing prison inmates in solitary confinement and provide supportive services

to all inmates leaving solitary confinement from federally operated prison systems.

WJH 6/4/09

LS# 7388