

## The New York City Council

## Legislation Details (With Text)

File #:	Res 0068- 2004	Version:	*	Name:	Regarding the establishment of a State Urban Pesticide Board. (S.2095-A)		
Туре:	Resolution			Status:	Filed		
				In control:	Committee on Health		
On agenda:	2/4/2004						
Enactment date:	Enactment #:						
Title:	Resolution calling upon the New York State Senate to pass S.2095-A, which would establish a State Urban Pesticide Board.						
Sponsors:	Christine C. Quinn, Michael E. McMahon, James F. Gennaro, Leroy G. Comrie, Jr., Vincent J. Gentile, Alan J. Gerson, Michael C. Nelson, David I. Weprin, David Yassky, John C. Liu, Helen Sears						
Indexes:							
Attachments:	1 Hearing Transcript 2 Committee Report						

## Attachments: 1. Hearing Transcript, 2. Committee Report

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result
2/4/2004	*	City Council	Introduced by Council	
2/4/2004	*	City Council	Referred to Comm by Council	
11/17/2004	*	Committee on Health	Hearing Held by Committee	
11/17/2004	*	Committee on Health	Laid Over by Committee	
12/31/2005	*	City Council	Filed (End of Session)	

Res. No. 68

Resolution calling upon the New York State Senate to pass S.2095-A, which would establish a State Urban Pesticide Board.

By Council Members Quinn, McMahon, Gennaro, Comrie, Gentile, Gerson, Nelson, Weprin, Yassky, Liu and Sears

Whereas, According to a January 2003 report by the New York Public Interest Research Group

(NYPIRG) and Environmental Advocates (EA), entitled Avoidable Risk: Pesticide Use Patterns in New York

City for 1999, approximately 3.4 million pounds and 238,441 gallons of pesticides were reportedly used in

New York City in 1999; and

Whereas, Pesticide use in New York City constituted thirteen percent of the total pounds and seven

percent of the total gallons of pesticides used in New York State; and

Whereas, Although total pesticide use in New York City decreased in 1999 as compared to previous

## File #: Res 0068-2004, Version: \*

years, <u>Avoidable Risk</u> argues that New York City's use of pesticides is disproportionate to its size relative to the rest of the State; and

Whereas, Many commonly used pesticides, including those used in New York City, pose numerous health risks, such as respiratory and nervous system damage; and

Whereas, No agency exists within New York State which focuses exclusively on pesticide use in urban areas and the effects the use pesticides has on urban health; and

Whereas, S.2095-A would establish a State Urban Pesticide board, the purpose of which would be to investigate the use and sale of industrial strength pesticides in urban areas, enforce existing restrictions on pesticide sales, research the efficiency and use of non-toxic means of pest control management, investigate the use of illegal pesticides in urban areas and educate the public about pesticide use in the home; and

Whereas, The State Urban Pesticide Board would be authorized to make policy reform recommendations to the State Legislature and the Governor regarding pesticide use, sale and application; and

Whereas, The New York State Assembly passed A.1110-B, the companion bill to S.2095-A, on April 28, 2003; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Council of the City of New York urges the New York State Senate to pass S.2095-A, which would establish a State Urban Pesticide Board.