

The New York City Council

Legislation Details (With Text)

File #: Res 1774-

Version: * Name:

Safe Staffing for Quality Care Act (A.1532/S.3330)

2017

Resolution

Filed (End of Session)

In control:

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Committee on Aging

On agenda: 12/19/2017

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Resolution calling upon the New York State Legislature to pass and the Governor to sign,

A.1532/S.3330, collectively known as the "Safe Staffing for Quality Care Act," to ensure that acute care facilities and nursing homes meet the appropriate staffing ratios for nurses and unlicensed direct

care staff

Sponsors:

Fernando Cabrera

Indexes:

Attachments: 1. December 19, 2017 - Stated Meeting Agenda with Links to Files

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result
12/19/2017	*	City Council	Introduced by Council	
12/19/2017	*	City Council	Referred to Comm by Council	
12/31/2017	*	City Council	Filed (End of Session)	

Res. No. 1774

Resolution calling upon the New York State Legislature to pass and the Governor to sign, A.1532/S.3330, collectively known as the "Safe Staffing for Quality Care Act," to ensure that acute care facilities and nursing homes meet the appropriate staffing ratios for nurses and unlicensed direct care staff

By Council Member Cabrera

Whereas, In order to maintain low operating costs hospitals will reduce the number of nurses, because they comprise the largest clinical subgroup in hospitals; and

Whereas, According to the United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), the inadequacy of nursing staff levels has led to poor patient outcomes; and

Whereas, Studies indicate that higher nursing workloads are associated with increased medication errors, increased rates of infection and even increased mortality rates; and

Whereas, A report published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, indicates that better registered nurse (RN) staffing policies, such as reducing the number of patients assigned to

individual nurses, results in better patient outcomes and lower costs to health care providers; and

Whereas, According to a report published by Health Services Research in 2012, nursing homes which have safe staff ratios have better quality facilities and improved functional status of the residents; and

Whereas, In 2004 California passed the Minimum Nurse Staffing Legislation, which required hospitals to institute nurse to patient ratios; and

Whereas, Studies have shown that nurses in California have reported a better quality of life and improved patient care as a result of the law; and

Whereas, In 2017, New York State Senator Kemp Hannon introduced S. 3330 and New York State
Assembly Member Aileen Gunther introduced A.1532, which are collectively known as the Safe Staffing for
Quality Care Act; and

Whereas, The Safe Staffing for Quality Care Act would require all acute care facilities in New York

State to adopt specific nurse-to-patient ratios, set minimum staffing requirements and submit a staffing plan to
the State Department of Health; and

Whereas, The Safe Staffing for Quality Care Act also includes such important provisions as allowing RNs to refuse work assignments if adequate staffing is not present, which safeguard the rights of nurses and patients alike; and

Whereas, Ensuring adequate nursing coverage for all patients is an important public health goal that will improve the quality of care in acute care facilities and nursing homes; now, therefore, be it

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facilities and nursing homes meet the appropriate staffing ratios for nurses and unlicensed direct care staff.

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