

## The New York City Council

## Legislation Details (With Text)

File #: Res 1990- Version: \* Name: Congress to adopt H.R. 1726 to award a

2013

Congressional Gold Medal to the 65th Infantry

Regiment, known as Boringueneers.

Type: Resolution Status: Filed

In control: Committee on Cultural Affairs, Libraries and

International Intergroup Relations

On agenda: 10/30/2013

Enactment date: Enactment #:

Title: Resolution urging Congress to adopt H.R. 1726 to award a Congressional Gold Medal to the 65th

Infantry Regiment, known as Borinqueneers.

**Sponsors:** Melissa Mark-Viverito, Maria Del Carmen Arroyo, Margaret S. Chin

Indexes:

## Attachments:

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result
10/30/2013	*	City Council	Introduced by Council	
10/30/2013	*	City Council	Referred to Comm by Council	
12/31/2013	*	City Council	Filed (End of Session)	

Res. No. 1990

Resolution urging Congress to adopt H.R. 1726 to award a Congressional Gold Medal to the 65<sup>th</sup> Infantry Regiment, known as Borinqueneers.

By Council Members Mark-Viverito, Arroyo and Chin

Whereas, Today, there are 4.9 million United States ("U.S.") citizens who are of Puerto Rican descent, of which 761,720 reside in New York City, according to the latest data reported by the U.S. Census Bureau; and Whereas, Puerto Rico became a U.S. Territory after the signing of the 1898 Treaty of Paris which ended the Spanish-American War; and

Whereas, In 1899, Congress authorized the creation of a military troop comprised of Puerto Rican natives; and

Whereas, In 1917, Puerto Ricans were granted U.S. citizenship, and in that same year, the Puerto Rican military unit officially became part of the U.S. Army, and was then renamed the "65<sup>th</sup> Infantry Regiment" in 1920; and

File #: Res 1990-2013, Version: \*

Whereas, The 65th Infantry Regiment served as the military's last segregated unit composed of Hispanic

soldiers, mostly Puerto Rican; and

Whereas, The 65<sup>th</sup> Infantry Regiment served in World Wars I and II, and most notably the Korean War;

and

Whereas, A total of 61,000 Puerto Ricans served in the U.S. military during the Korean War of which

more than 700 men were killed and more than 100 are still missing in action; and

Whereas, During the Korean War, members of 65th Infantry Regiment informally called themselves

"Borinqueneers," a term derived from Puerto Rico's indigenous Taino name, Borikén, meaning "land of the

brave lord"; and

Whereas, The 65<sup>th</sup> Infantry Regiment were awarded 10 Distinguished Service Crosses, 256 Silver Stars,

606 Bronze Stars, and 2,771 Purple Hearts for their heroic acts during the Korean War; and

Whereas, The 65th Infantry Regiment has received other honors including a street co-naming in the

Bronx, New York, called "La 65 de Infanteria Boulevard," but has never received a Congressional Gold Medal;

and

Whereas, Other military units have received the Congressional Gold Medal including the Native

American Marines, known as the Navajo Wind Talkers, World War II Japanese American intelligence soldiers,

known as the Nisei Soldiers, and the first African American military aviators, known as the Tuskegee Airmen;

and

Whereas, Given the contributions of these American citizens to the U.S. military, Borinqueneers deserve

to be Congressional Gold Medal recipients among the other distinguished soldiers; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Council of the City of New York urges Congress to adopt H.R. 1726 to award a

Congressional Gold Medal to the 65<sup>th</sup> Infantry Regiment, known as Borinqueneers.

LS #4745 & LS #4937

6/7/2013

12:40 p.m.

TC