CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

of the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS

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June 16, 2010 Start: 10:10 pm Recess: 12:25 pm

HELD AT: Hearing Room

250 Broadway, 16th Fl.

B E F O R E:

KAREN KOSLOWITZ Chairperson

## COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Karen Koslowitz
Charles Barron
Leroy G. Comrie, Jr.
James F. Gennaro
G. Olive Koppell
Michael C. Nelson
Julissa Ferreras
Jessica S. Lappin

## APPEARANCES

Tesfalam Kiflu Food vendor Street Vendor Project

Derek Kay Owner Eddie's Pizza Truck

Hallie Kay Business Owner

Daniel Biederman President 34th Street Partnership

Robert Cohen Manhattan Resident

Richard Juliano
VP of Operations
Lincoln Street BID

Thomas Yang

Grant DiMille Co-owner Street Sweets NY Inc.

Chrissy Michaels Mobile food vendor

Ben Van Leeuwen Artisan Ice Cream

Peter Van Leeuwen Artisan Ice Cream

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Jack Brucculeri 31st Merchant Association

Vadim Ponorovsky Owner Frites N Meats

Dan Rossi Advocate

Oleg Voss Owner Schnitzel and Things

Yassir Z'raouli Bistro Truck

Douglas Quint Big Gay Ice Cream Truck

Kenny Lau Rickshaw Dumpling Bar

Michele Birnbaum Chair of Vendor Committee East 86th Street Association

Mohammed Mohamed Former food vendor

William Marquardt

David Weber Co-founder Rickshaw Dumpling Bar

Thomas DeGeest Wafels & Dinges

Ernie Wong Shanghai Steel

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Good

morning, my name is Karen Koslowitz. I am the chair of the Committee on Consumer Affairs. I would like to begin by acknowledging my fellow committee members who aren't here yet. We're in the middle of budgets so everybody is running around and doing other things. They'll be joining us. I'd also like to recognize the co-sponsor of today's bill, Council Member Jessica Lappin, who will speak momentarily.

Today, we'll be holding our first hearing on Intro 272, a Local Law to amend the Administration Code of the City of New York in relation to revoking food vendor permits for parking violations. This bill would increase penalties for food cart permit holders who commit certain traffic and parking violations.

Specifically, feeding the meter and idling for

It would require the commissioner of the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to suspend the food cart permit of any food vendor who commits two such violations within a 12-month period and revoke the permit of any food vendor

more than three minutes.

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who commits three such violations within a 12month period.

Although food trucks are popular with many New Yorkers, concerns have been raised about food trucks who park in metered locations for longer than the permitted time in violation of New York City parking regulations.

While many trucks may only stay in a metered parking spot for a few hours at a time, there have been reports of trucks remaining at metered spots all day. It is a violation of parking regulations to park in a metered spot for longer than the allotted time and feed the meter.

This legislation seeks to ensure that mobile food trucks remain mobile and do not become semi-permanent fixtures in a parking space in violation of the law.

Furthermore, it is well documented that idling engines contribute to a variety of environmental and public health problems. New York City first restricted engine idling in 1971 and in response to numerous factors, including skyrocketing asthma rates, further strengthened the idling law in 2009.

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In recognition of the serious

impact that idling engines have on all New

Yorkers, this legislation would increase penalties

for food trucks that violate the city's idling

6 law.

Now, I am aware that there are strong opinions on both sides of this issue. One of the reasons we hold these hearings is to collect testimony from experts and stakeholders.

I promise you that my colleagues and I will be listening to everyone who testifies today with an open mind.

I ask that we maintain a level of decorum during this hearing so that everyone may be heard and with that, I will turn the microphone over to my colleague, Council Member Jessica Lappin.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: Thank you,

Madame Chair. I want to thank you for signing

onto the bill. When I first discussed this issue

with you, you understood it right off the bat

because I understand it's an issue in Forest Hills

as well. I wanted to thank you for holding this

hearing so quickly after the bill was introduced.

As I said at the press conference a little while ago, food trucks are a part of what make this city vibrant. They are a part of our landscape. We hope that they continue to be part of our landscape. I have bought food from them before; I will in the future.

But there is a vendor on 86th and Lex who thinks that he owns the northeast corner and he doesn't. That bothers me. That's why I introduced this legislation. He has printed takeout menus that list 86th and Lex as his location, every day until 10:00 at night. He doesn't own that spot. I don't own that spot. That spot belongs to the public and to the citizens of New York.

So the legislation we're considering today is very narrow. It focuses on trucks and trucks only, not food carts. I want to be very clear because there has been a lot of misinformation out there. So if you have a food cart that's on the sidewalk, this does not apply to you. If you are a vendor that is not in a food truck, this does not apply to you.

This applies to food trucks who

park at the same metered spot all day long and idle. If you get repeated violations for those two things, then you could have your license suspended or ultimately revoked.

The reason we're looking at changing the enforcement of those existing laws is because they're being absorbed as a cost of doing business and obviously ignored. If you have trucks parking in the same spot every day, seven days a week for ten hours a day, then the enforcement of the existing laws isn't working.

So our goal today is to have a discussion about that and to return the public streets to the public who they belong to.

So I want to thank you again,

Madame Chair, and look forward to hearing from the

folks who are here today.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you.

I also want to say that back in the 90s when I was in the City Council, we helped the food cart industry. I sat on a panel that actually placed them. At that time, Mayor Giuliani wanted to get rid of them and we fought to have these carts on the street. So we are not against carts. It's a

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start.

part of New York City. As I said before, I had my
breakfast from a cart this morning. However, the
trucks in my community have become a problem also.
We want to stop the problem before it just gets
out of hand

So with that, I'm going to call the first person; the Street Vendor Project, Tesfalam Kiflu, Derek Kay and Hallie Kay [phonetic].

[Pause]

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: You may

name is Tesfalam Kiflu. I'm the vendor. I sell the chick gyro, lamb gyro with rice and East African food. I'm the vendor, member of the Food Project. It's a vendor organization which has more than 1,000 members. The Food Project Vendor, the organization, which they help us how to organize and how to understand the law, and they help us to fight for our rights. With this community we are stronger, you know, organize, try to understand not just supporting our family and making but we try to understand about the law, about supporting our family with the honest way.

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What I understand about this law they try to pass is specific about the food vendors with the trucks. They call it mobile food truck but this business you build it in a specific area with the same customer on a daily basis. you keep moving every two or three hours from place to place, you know people they don't know what kind of food you're serving. They don't know what kind of person you are.

It's like a restaurant. You open a restaurant; you know to be the customer it'll take you six, seven months. It's the same with the food truck, it's the same thing. In the city they know for years about us. When we pass an inspection with the Health Department they ask us which spot we're working. We give them a specific spot. So this is not new. The city they know. The Health Department they know where we're working.

Because, if you keep moving every three hours from place to place, I have customers the place where I'm working, they came ten blocks because they know me and what kind of food I serve, what kind of person, I have a relationship

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Right.

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how they added, because I sat on it. I can't imagine how they added extra spots without having Transportation or any other department. It's a panel that sits down and meets and decides where the food carts should be. I don't remember any trucks being on that list.

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TESFALAM KIFLU: We follow off the same list like the push cart they follow off.

follow off the list. If restricted area, we don't come with our truck to stay in the same place. We follow off the same list like the pushcart. They are on the sidewalk. We are on the street. We park legally where the food truck is supposed to. We have a commercial truck. We park in a commercial park where the other trucks who are commercial, delivery truck, all the people they park. There is a parking problem.

An example was me, I work only lunch. The place where I'm working to stay, I don't stay always in the same corner. I could be maybe half a block away, half block back. But to get to park to the same area, I work only lunch from 11:00 I start but I have to wake up at 4:00 in the morning to come to that area like 6:00, 6:30.

Still, we have so many other problems to solve. There's not enough permitting. There's not enough street. It's been restricted for many years. The violation ticket, this bill is not fair for us. It's the same like the delivery trucks, they could get ten tickets a month, they pay the fine and they don't punish.

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We get sometimes a violation ticke	cet-	ticke	lation	vio	а	sometimes	get	We
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CHAIRPERSON	KOSLOWITZ:

4 [interposing] You've finished your five minutes.

But I cannot believe that they gave you a spot in

front of a parking meter to sell your food.

TESFALAM KIFLU: Nobody give us a spot, a specific spot, but we work in with the same list like the pushcart they have. We follow the rule. We don't work in restricted area. We work in the same area like the pushcart they have.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: I

understand that. The difference is a pushcart doesn't park at a meter. The food truck parks at a meter. There's a difference.

TESFALAM KIFLU: What about the truck working with the commercial parking? If you're working with the metered park truck they should get ticket and they pay it, they shouldn't punish for that.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: There are a lot of trucks, including FedEx and UPS trucks that do get tickets and they always complain about getting tickets for dropping off whatever they have to drop off.

2	TESFALAM KIFLU: But they don't get
3	punished for that. Why do the food vendor trucks
4	need to get punished for that? We get a ticket
5	for that, I pay the ticket. I sell very cheap
6	prices. These are the smallest business what we
7	are doing.
8	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: How often
9	do you get a ticket?
10	TESFALAM KIFLU: I get sometimes
11	once a month; sometimes two in a month.
12	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: You should
13	be getting a ticket every day.
14	TESFALAM KIFLU: I park in a
15	commercial loading/unloading. I don't park it in
16	the meter. If I park in the meter, if I don't
17	feed it, you know that's something. I park it
18	with legal like all the other people they park
19	like commercial, delivery truck, like all the
20	other people that give service to the city.
21	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Okay, let's
22	continue. Next?
23	DEREK KAY: I would like to present
24	Council Member Lappin with these tickets which are
25	gianed by 500 people who appage the hill

[Pause]

I'm the owner of the Eddie's Pizza truck. I
wanted to start by saying thank you to those
Council Members who are here today to listen to
what we have to say. Before I go into what I
prepared, I did want to clarify two things that
this gentleman had said before.

One, when I as the owner of a truck go to inspection by the Department of Health, on the pink paper that they fill out for us, they ask us where our spot is. They put a specific spot down on that pink paper. So first and foremost, that's something that they ask us. I don't know if any of us have our pink papers here that turns into a blue paper to own a permit, but that's a question that they ask us.

Secondly, we definitely appreciate on behalf of all the vendors, the fact that you have given support to those pushcarts in the 90s, but I do want to point out the fact that with ever pushcart that is correctly on the sidewalk, there is a van or a truck that says coffee man that sits there all day. I live on 11th Street and Third

Avenue. On the corner of 12th Street and Fourth, there is a coffee man and he parks in a nostanding area and his cart is there and his vehicle is right next to it all day. So I don't think that you can distinguish between trucks and carts in that manner as well.

Just so you know, for those of you who don't know me, my business actually opened on Thursday. So this is day four or five of my business. If I'm a little nervous it has nothing to do with public speaking and the fact that I've never been away from my baby the pizza truck since it started on Thursday.

But I did want to go through some numbers very quickly. The first one is \$18 million. That's the amount that FedEx pays in parking tickets per year to the city. The next number is \$9 million. That's the number that UPS pays in parking tickets to the city every year, allowing them to just get as many tickets as they want by breaking the law and paying them.

The next is \$1,000. A thousand dollars is the amount that we pay as a fine if we don't have running water on our truck. \$300 is

the fine that we pay if somebody isn't wearing a hairnet of a hat. The two numbers that I want to finish with are the most staggering. .001 is probably the percentage of food trucks that make up vehicles that are parking in commercial spots at this time. The last is the number three. The number three is the amount of tickets that you would get and your business would be finished.

Quickly, about myself, I am a graduate of the Cornell University School of Hotel Administration. I've grown up and around this city. I have family that lives on the Upper East Side, in your district. I have an aunt over there that lives on the Upper West Side. I live in the East Village. My family owns four restaurants in Manhattan.

I started this food truck because I couldn't afford to open a restaurant. So I took my life savings and I put it into this pizza truck. We are just a small percentage, those of us speaking, of the majority of people that are here. 99.9% of the people that own food trucks are immigrants and minorities that are making up all the five districts. It's clearly

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discrimination that they get parking tickets and they can be put out of business after three tickets, yet FedEx and UPS and all the commercial businesses that have the ability to pay the city every year in tickets don't have to be.

I understand that the laws were made and I'm more than willing to follow them.

But three tickets is just disproportionate. In less than a week that I've been open, Thursday, my first day, I put my little parking ticket up for the commercial parking and it blew away. I got a ticket for it. I went up to the woman and she nicely said if you can send the ticket, don't worry about it. I lost the ticket. It's my mistake and I take full responsibility for that.

But that would have been one strike.

Yesterday, parking on Wall Street,
I was going out to feed the meter. There was a
gentleman, an older gentleman who was having
trouble breathing and he was about to collapse. I
decided as a good citizen to stop and to talk to
him and to make sure he felt okay. The meter ran
out. Again, I broke the law. My ticket was not
ready. It wasn't. But that's two strikes.

So what you're saying is within one year if I get one more ticket for any reason, I'm losing my business. To me that is not fair. I think that all of us as vendors understand that the rules are meant to be followed. But we'd like to work together with this council to make sure that we can come up with a solution that works for everybody.

Because the majority of us, in fact 99% of us do not idle. We run clean air generators. We are green people. I don't think it's fair and I really hope that this law is not in relation to the fact that the Upper East Side had a study done by the Department of Environmental Health by Mayor Bloomberg that said it had the worst air pollution in the city. You're roping in a lot of different things into one bill.

I would love the opportunity to work with you guys so that we can all work together to find a solution that works for everybody. I appreciate your time. Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: I would love that. We should have a further discussion.

DEREK KAY: My partner is not here.

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In addition, food trucks offer a

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great affordable option for lunch. In many areas of the city it's hard to come by a satisfactory lunch for under \$10. In these areas, food trucks may be the only option other than unhealthy fast food in this price range. They may also be the only option for those who don't have the liberty of taking a full hour for lunch.

You can tell how much New Yorkers love food trucks by reading a number of websites dedicated to this topic, such as MidtownLunch.com or simply by looking at the number of people that patronize these trucks every day. I think law would eliminate a very important part of New York City culture.

From the legal standpoint, I also feel that this law is discriminatory and unfairly targets a small group. If you were going to punish food trucks with three tickets by taking away their permit, then you would have to apply the same law to FedEx, UPS, Fresh Direct and Time Warner Cable, all of which New Yorkers would be equally horrified to lose.

In fact, food trucks' parking offenses are not nearly as disruptive as FedEx and

the like who routinely double park and disrupt traffic. Food trucks, on the other hand, park only in legal parking spots and do not block traffic at all. It is unfair and discriminatory to create a law specifically to punish a small sector while not applying the same law to similar businesses.

This law would be contrary to stated and longstanding city objectives, one of which is to encourage small businesses to come to New York City and to keep the economy growing.

And two, to support minority owned businesses which many trucks are, and I'm also an owner of a woman and minority owned business.

If the reasoning behind this initiative is environmental, then simply make idling illegal. The vast majority of food trucks are parked legally and do not idle. Do not punish them all for the offenses of only a few.

If the issue is trucks owning a spot such as what you were describing on 86th Street, then make a law that mandates that trucks must move to different spots every day or limit the number of hours they can park in one spot. It

just seems that we're punishing all the trucks for something that's happening in really one specific area. We really can't generalize that. And I understand, if I lived there, I wouldn't necessarily want one from the morning until the night every single day. I understand that's an issue. I live on the Upper East Side.

But first of all, they have the right to park there. And secondly, we really can't punish every single truck for what that one truck is doing.

I feel that the role of a Council Member is to reflect the goals and values of her constituents and I'm here to ask you to please continue to do so as you have so well in the past. Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: Well thank you, and thank you for coming down today. I just wanted to make two things clear, because you said if we're against idling we should make it against the law. It is against the law. You can't idle for more than three minutes. If you're in front of a school, you can't idle for more than one minute. That's something that the council, as the

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chair mentioned, has taken on separate and apart.
The Speaker has made it a priority because of our
asthma rates. The idling laws were passed even
before the Health Department report came out that

talked about our air quality.

The same goes for parking in one spot all day. It's also already against the law. I think you hit the nail on the head. If this truck was parked right outside of your apartment each and every day or right in front of your business each and every day then you would be upset about it as some people are.

So it's always in this city tough to reconcile competing interests because it's a very dense city and we live on top of each other and we live on top of commercial spaces. So we do our best with the existing laws to try and balance that.

HALLIE KAY: I'd just like to comment about that. If you're trying to keep food trucks mobile then maybe it shouldn't be legal for a truck to park in the same spot all day every single day.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: It's not

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 27
2	legal. That's exactly my point.
3	HALLIE KAY: So punish them for
4	that.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: Whether my
6	bill passes or not, it is already against the law
7	for them to do that. That's exactly the issue.
8	It's already illegal.
9	HALLIE KAY: But for them to be in
10	different spots every day for limited amounts of
11	time, that's not the issue. It's the issue of
12	those who are there every single day every day.
13	So don't punish everybody for the offenses that
14	one or two trucks are doing.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: Well if
16	you're not doing that, then you won't get
17	punished. If you're not breaking the law then you
18	don't have to worry. If you're moving around the
19	way you're supposed to then it's not an issue.
20	Thank you, Madame Chair.
21	[Pause]
22	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Robert
23	Cohen [phonetic] and Dan Biederman are next.
24	[Pause]
25	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Do you want

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to start?

RICHARD JULIANO: My name is

Richard Juliano and I'm with the Lincoln Square

Business Improvement District. The Lincoln Square

Business Improvement District supports the

legislation introduced by Council Member Lappin

and Council Member Koslowitz to amend Section 17
317 of the Administration Code of the City of New

York by adding a new subsection G to the existing

legislation that would allow for the suspension

and eventual revocation of permits for food

vendors who have committed two or more traffic

infractions as outlined in the proposed intro.

The Lincoln Square Business

Improvement District does not take issue with food vendors who follow applicable laws while conducting business. However, the fact remains that many food vendors, both those with food trucks who conduct business from a parking spot or a hydrant, and those who use a vehicle to tow a food cart are often not in compliance with existing traffic regulations.

Oftentimes, food vendors and specialty cart vendors will remain parked at a

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location for extended periods of time and do not put any money in the parking meters unless a traffic agent comes by or the food vendor simply feeds the meters. In addition to monopolizing parking spots for which they're not paying, another unfortunate consequence is the area around the food cart or truck becomes littered with napkins and other debris which the vendor does not clean up. We frequently have to remind food vendors of their obligation to keep the area litter free.

Furthermore, some food vendors leave their trucks idling while they conduct business, adding pollution to the environment and noise and health risks to the public. Still others disregard posted signage indicting that a particular street has no standing at any time or other regulations limiting the days and hours of on-street parking.

Frequently food vendors will park in front of hydrants, leaving their trucks idling, which while illegal is not addressed in this amendment. Other food vendors will park their mobile trucks in front of a business, oftentimes a

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2 competing one.

Subsection G does not create any new burden for the food vendor but merely encourages him to comply with existing laws. The legislation provides due process, affording the food vendor an opportunity to be heard before his permit is suspended or revoked, ensuring that suspensions and revocations are not arbitrary and determined after a fair hearing.

Over the past year, we have received an increased amount of complaints regarding the proliferation of food vending trucks, particularly ice cream trucks which do not comply with parking regulations or whose drivers feed the meters.

In our district, as in many other areas of the city, ice cream trucks park either in parking spaces or next to fire hydrants and block pedestrian access to intersections. Our observations indicate that ice cream trucks and others always try to park as close to corners as possible. These vendors return daily to the same locations, acting as if the location were their private parking space, metered or not. The effect

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of this deprives shoppers and other parking spaces and limits turnover which in turn negatively impacts merchants.

These trucks also create a dangerous condition for pedestrians crossing the street by limiting the sight line and focusing pedestrians to venture into the street past the truck to look into oncoming traffic.

We thank you for the opportunity to testify and enthusiastically support this legislation and commend Council Member Lappin and Council Member Koslowitz for seeking to address this ever growing problem. Thank you.

ROBERT COHEN: My name is Robert

Cohen. I've lived and worked in Manhattan after
graduating college and time in the U.S. Army for

close to 50 years, with 22 of the 50 in

transportation with the city. I am very much in
favor of your wanting to control better vendor

curb parking payment but feel your proposal, as
per the two "New York Post" articles is

unrealistic and cruel by taking away a person's

livelihood because of three parking violations

when they are serving a public need.

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There would be no way for the vendors to change parking spaces every hour or so in crowded Manhattan. So if the city wants these services, another solution needs to be found. Therefore, you need to find a different approach to this feeding the meter/nonpayment/selling merchandise from a metered space problem.

This involves not only food trucks but coffee, fruit, soup and merchandise sellers whose cart's on the sidewalk and vehicle is nearby. From my vast experience, the vendors rarely pay and when they receive a summons, they quickly buy time and almost always get the tickets dismissed by PVB.

In addition, traffic agents will rarely ticket them because the agents feel the vendors work as long and hard as they do and a \$15 ticket is a lot. Maybe a rent fee based on the number of hours times the meter rate times the number of days with the money going to DOT instead of a meter fee. This amount should be slightly discounted on a monthly or yearly basis, similar to a store owner paying rent.

The parking rates below 60th Street

are higher than above because of the commercial meter rates of 2.50, 5 and 9 for one, two and three hours. This abuse has been bothering me for over 20 years but has special MD, NYP, SPI (handicapped) and permit abuses. There are many other parking issues I'd like to discuss with your committee or Transportation but not in a public forum. Also, the commercial abatement and other fine programs by Finance should be studied. Thank you for listening to this presentation.

DANIEL BIEDERMAN: Hi, thank you.

Dan Biederman, I'm president of 34th Street

Partnership and representing also today the New

York City BID Association, which is 64 member

BIDs. It's very appropriate to have these three

Council Members here, Council Member Lappin has

been very attuned to the needs of BIDs even though

86th Street still doesn't have one, especially in

the area of news boxes. We appreciate her work on

that. It's nice to see Council Members Koslowitz

and Koppell again, who have been also attuned to

the needs of BIDs.

I won't read my written testimony.

I passed it in. But three points I'd like to

mention. On idling, because I think you'll hear many times that other people idle. I think it's fair to say that our BID and every BID is angry about idling wherever it occurs. Tour buses, private cars, taxis at taxi stands, whatever it is, they shouldn't be idling. It's bad for the air. The city has made such great strides at improving its air over the last three decades. We can't go back the other direction as we're economically successful and people idle who are a part of that success including tour buses and vending trucks.

Litter, to echo Rich Juliano's point, if we had to characterize vendors as good citizens or bad citizens, at least in our district, I'd say a majority of them are bad citizens with regard to litter. Litter is not picked up. As you know, stores have to pick up litter as do property owners. The blocks where there is much vending of any kind tend to be dirtier in New York City's BIDs despite all our efforts, than other blocks where vendors are not.

Third, parking, as Council Member Lappin's release states, is needed for other

purposes. The amount of parking out on the streets is really carefully thought about by the Department of Transportation and it's needed for businesses, because people will purchase more if there is convenient parking. There's a certain amount of parking that should be convenient at the curb. For a vending truck to take a space all day really goes directly against that.

A last point is that anything that frees up police department resources for other matters by having the Department of Health have an automatic way of disciplining people that violate the laws the Council Member mentions is good because the cops have a million things to enforce out there. Right now they're kind of trying to hold water from a collapsing damn with regard to many forms of vending. So we think this is an efficient use of city resources.

Just to give you some sense of the BIDs position on this, as chairman, frequently I bring pieces of the legislation to the BID association and ask people should I testify on this on behalf of all of us or do you all want to take separate position? Let's see if we're

united. Usually we're not united. There are 64
BIDs. They have different neighborhoods and roles
and viewpoints. Usually there is somebody who's
opposed to the legislation.

On this one, about a month ago we polled the membership in an opening meeting and said does anybody oppose this, or should I go down and testify at this hearing at 250 Broadway. Not a hand went up in opposition. There's unanimous support, at least at that meeting, of about 35 BIDs for this legislation. So we thank the council for considering it and we're happy to hear other arguments, but our position is strongly in favor. Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Perhaps

Mr. Biederman might be most appropriate to answer.

Do you see any role or any positive aspect to

these food trucks parking on the streets?

Advocates say that they provide inexpensive food.

They're popular with people who either live or

work in the area. Are there positive aspects to

these vendors?

DANIEL BIEDERMAN: That's a good question, Council Member Koppell. If I were

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taking the vehoors side, clearly the strongest
point in their favor is that there are entire
blocks of New York City where there is no
convenient retail for fast food purchases and they
serve a need. They're not there for no reason.
Nobody would argue that. On Sixth Avenue for
example, 42nd to 54th, it's a commercial district
with sunken plazas, very formidable building
facades. It's not that easy outside the trucks
that are there or carts that are there to find low
priced food quickly.

So they have a market, no doubt about it. That's the strongest argument the vendors have on their behalf. The answer to that is building owners need to be more sensitive to the need for such tenants and not only put CVS or Duane Reeds in on their ground floor. No question about that, but in this case a lot of that need is served by trucks that aren't violating the law. I think that's the view of the BID Association.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: How is that served by trucks that are not violating the law?

DANIEL BIEDERMAN: Many trucks are

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 38
2	not taking parking spaces all day long and feeding
3	the meter.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Where are
5	they parking?
6	DANIEL BIEDERMAN: I'm not sure but
7	there plenty of trucks out in Manhattan that
8	apparently are not doing that. I guess some of
9	them don't come by truck.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: In your
11	area, do you have specific spaces in your area
12	where these vendors could park?
13	DANIEL BIEDERMAN: 34th Street not
14	currently. If your question is could that
15	potentially be worked out, I wouldn't say that's
16	impossible. But somewhat the same problem we have
17	with long distances buses, you may be aware of,
18	Chinatown and Midtown.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Right.
20	DANIEL BIEDERMAN: Everybody says
21	let's solve it, let's find a space, but when it
22	comes down to finding the space it's quite
23	difficult. No question that should be tried.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: So
25	shouldn't we perhaps before we do this see if we

could set up a system? I mean I know we have difficultly with the food vendors on the streets but there is at least something of a system as to where the vendors carts that go on the sidewalk may go. Shouldn't we try maybe to develop a system of that sort for the trucks?

DANIEL BIEDERMAN: I think we'd be open for that. I think you'll find it difficult. If the long distance bus issue hasn't been solved so quickly, I have a feeling this one will take a while. It looks like there's a lot of real estate left in Manhattan but every time you make a claim and say can we use this for x, somebody else has a different idea. But there's nothing wrong with the idea, sure.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: I mean,

I'm familiar with the block on Broadway just south

of here next to 140 Broadway where the food vendor

trucks seem to line up every day. I don't know if

that's legal or not legal, but that seems to be an

example of where at least by practice nobody seems

to bother them. This is something that's been

going on for many, many years. Shouldn't we look

to create that kind of system?

2	DANIEL BIEDERMAN: If somebody
3	approached us as an individual BID and I'm sure
4	many other members of the association with that as
5	a possibility to free up parking spaces, I'm sure
6	many of the BIDs would be willing to participate
7	in those discussions.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: I
9	appreciate your saying that. That's an approach
10	that I think certainly deserves consideration.
11	Thank you.
12	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: I just want
13	to mention that we got a letter from the
14	administration opposed to the bill. Thank you
15	very much.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: The Mayor's
17	Office.
18	[Pause]
19	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: The meeting
20	is only over if you want it personally to be over.
21	It's not over. I also want to mention at this
22	time something that has been really annoying me.
23	I have witnessed food vendors at the end of the
24	day pouring the oil from their food down the

sewers. I have witnessed it twice. One time I

was with Council Member Leroy Comrie in Queens and it was the end of the day. He took his oil and just went over to the sewer and poured it down the sewer. It's the second time I've seen that. That irks me. So I really want to look at that issue also. Thomas Yang [phonetic], Grant DiMille, and Chrissy Michaels [phonetic] are next.

[Pause]

THOMAS YANG: Thomas Yang. I'm a pretty simple guy. I just want to be brief. Do you believe this bill is discriminatory and also draconian? Yes, that's fine. I believe so anyway.

I want to bring an analogy into it.

Littering is a crime, right, and there's a fine associated with littering. It's about \$160 or so, right? Let's just say some wealthy or rich person complains that Asians are littering a lot, and I'm Asian. After your third offense you get five years in prison. That's draconian, right? So then I don't particularly litter but let's just say my mom does. So you're going to put my mom behind bars for five years if she litters three times? This is an analogy but it's not farfetched

from where you guys are coming from.

You're targeting a specific group of people and it's discriminatory and it also doesn't match up with the penalties. There are already fines associated with parking tickets. If we don't stop you guys now, where does it stop? That's all I've got to say.

is Chrissy Michaels. I'm a mobile food vendor. I drive an ice cream truck. I do not represent all of the ice cream trucks, but I come to represent myself, both as a food vendor who works in New York City and someone who was laid off in 2008 due to the down economy. I was a former advertising strategist for American Express. I've worked in this area down on Vesey Street. I've firsthand seen the downturn in the economy.

What worries me about this bill is that it's going to unfairly punish the employees and the workers of these ice cream trucks and all of the food trucks. Right now there are 3,100 permits circulating for trucks and carts in New York City and another 1,000 seasonal permits.

That's 4,100 permits circulating. Let's say that

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truck stay in one place?

1,000 of those are actually for trucks. Excuse
me? There are 3,100 current permits in
circulation as well as another 1,000 for seasonal
permits. If each truck has two to three
employees, we're talking about the number of
employees that could potentially be affected by
this is massive.

Now if I work, let's say Monday through Thursday, and Monday through Thursday I follow every letter of the law and I don't get any tickets. Friday through Sunday someone else takes my truck that I work and they receive three tickets over the weekend. I have now lost my job because of somebody else's inability to follow the letter of the law. Trucks generally have more than one employee. It's unreasonable to imagine that someone is going to work 12 hours a day, 7 days a week. Many trucks have many people working in them at the same time. People switch off on shifts. They share. So we could be talking about thousands of workers displaced.

CHRISSY MICHAELS:

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Does your

No, ma'am.

the meter?

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	CHRISSY MICHAELS:	No. Ma'am, I
was there for	two hours and this	is 04-08, Section
H, which is ex	xactly what this bil	ll addresses.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: But this is only if you feed the meter.

CHRISSY MICHAELS: I understand.

But oftentimes I'm talking about the practicality of working on the truck. When you work on a truck like this, even if you're not feeding the meter what happens is we receive tickets from local law enforcement who aren't necessarily ticketing us for feeding the meter. What they're ticketing us for is vending from a parked vehicle, or engine idling because my generator is running.

My engine is not running but I work a soft serve machine that requires a tremendous amount of energy and while I'd love to run it greenly, you know I was talking with this gentleman over here, it's \$25,000 for a green generator. How are we supposed to afford, how is my company supposed to afford to outfit all of our trucks at once with green generators? So we do have generators that are on and oftentimes local law enforcement can't tell the difference between

the generator and the engine idling.

I've also received tickets for that which yes you can go and fight them but that's still receiving the ticket. So three of those and now I'm out of a job, not to mention once a large number of the trucks are going to be stripped of their permits, you're also including the depot and commissaries which run those trucks, the employees of the depots and commissaries.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Technically this bill does not apply to you. I understand what you're saying with the tickets but that would be another issue that we would have to look into.

CHRISSY MICHAELS: Technically it's not applying to me, but the problem is it's going at it from the higher level and it's ignoring the employees. It's ignoring the workers. I'm a worker on a truck that I don't own. I'm not responsible for my truck and its permit. I come to work. I work very hard. I work 10-12 hours a day to sell ice cream to people because it makes them happy. I enjoy my job. Honestly, to have to lose my job because someone may take my truck and if goes against the truck and not the individual

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2 what I'm saying.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: No, I just wanted to understand your perspective that's all.

Thank you.

CHRISSY MICHAELS: I know that

Councilwoman Koslowitz you support families and

you work really hard to support them. This is

going to put a lot of families, a lot of the

employees, it's going to hurt the people that own

the trucks but it's really going to hurt the

people that work the trucks because we're

independent and we don't have all the power. We

can't control what happens to the truck on the

days and the times that we're not working it.

I understand that these are problems. Obviously it's a problem for the city. The business improvement districts want to see this corrected. I don't want to see trucks sitting in the same spot every day because it makes my job even harder. I have to fight with them to do my job, to travel around and sell ice cream.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: I understand your point and we will help you. If

We decided that we wanted to launch

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what we thought was one of the best mobile food businesses this city has seen. We are a bakeshop on wheels. We bake about 30% of our product on our truck. We pride ourselves not only on our cleanliness but on our service and the products that we sell. We are not a cheap alternative to what the other merchants are selling. Quite honestly at \$2.75 for a croissant, I daresay that there are a lot of places you could go that would be less expensive.

We feel that this bill is discriminatory, disproportionate and doesn't solve the problem. We are willing, very much willing to solve the problems in conjunction with the council. How can you go to a business owner who has basically sunk everything that they have in this world into a business and say if you get three parking tickets, you will potentially lose your business?

Especially when we all know in this city that we love, and I'm a lifelong New Yorker who has traveled all over the world but has lived here and was born here. We know that in this city there are overzealous ticketing agents and a lot

of it can be discretionary. How can a person lose his business? Does a locksmith lose his business or her business if they're parked for all day long and get three tickets over the course of a year? We think that is extremely discriminatory.

If I understood correctly, one of the opening remarks were that this is only about trucks; it is not about pushcarts. We feel that the spirit of this bill is really to protect the brick and mortar restaurants. It is not necessarily about freeing up parking spots.

Because if we were to look at freeing up parking spots, then there are a lot more egregious violators who hold onto parking spots for periods of time much greater than the food trucks. The food trucks also number a fraction of the amount of commercial vehicles in this city. Let's come up with a plan that works for everybody, not only discriminating against the food trucks.

One very important point that was brought up, I think by colleague Derek and that is about the pushcarts. I know that you have said that you support the pushcarts and we support the

pushcarts. These are very hard working people whether they're selling fruit or hot dogs. But let's make no mistake about it, those push carts are pulled every day by a van with a hitch. That van generally is parked right next to that pushcart and is there all day long and sometimes pays the meter and sometimes doesn't. Often you will see a sign in their window that says fruit man, please do not ticket; hot dog man, please do not ticket.

Engine idling, we have a truck that is run on biodiesel. We are environmentally friendly. We lived in Councilwoman Lappin's district for many years. We've just moved to an adjacent 10016 district. We live here. We are not bad neighbors. We clean up after ourselves. Are there bad apples; are there people who do not care about the environment? Absolutely. We live here.

The business that we run is about people coming back to us, about building a brand. If I had \$3 million or \$5 million, I would have opened up the most fantastic restaurant café in your district. There's no question about it. We

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had what we had to put into this business. We do not leave garbage. I have instructed my employees and myself. I am not above going around that truck and picking up trash that is left on the ground, even if it is not mine.

We feel also that this doesn't solve the problem. There are other ways of solving the problem. I'm sorry; let me back up. There was some debate about the restricted streets. Pushcarts and trucks adhere to the same regulations. We get a list from the Health Department that says you cannot park, for example, on 34th Street. You cannot park on 57th Street. Are there some vendors who do that? Yes, I know that there are.

But there are restricted and there are punitive actions that are held in place. If you park in these streets, theoretically you can be towed and they can confiscate, Alpha [phonetic], the vending police can confiscate your business. But those push carts have the same restrictions as the trucks.

You say that you're here to support the brick and mortar restaurants and I commend

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2	that. That is very important. But you say that
3	it's okay to have a pushcart but not a truck. I
4	don't understand. If a truck is taking business
5	away and I'm selling a hot dog and I'm selling a
6	hot dog from my pushcart.
7	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Time is up

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Time is up.

I just want to say this is not selling food. This has nothing to do with selling food. It has to do with parking at meters which are illegal.

GRANT DIMILLE: After the prescribed amount of time. If it's three hours, you're allowed to be there for three hours.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Exactly.

GRANT DIMILLE: Indulge me for just one more second. The loophole in the law is that I can then turn my engine on, move ten feet to the next spot and I have now entered into the next spot. That makes no sense. It makes no sense.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Many people do it. Many people do it. I've seen it. So it's not so ridiculous. We can't condone breaking the law.

GRANT DIMILLE: And nor do I.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: You know,

25 Let me also add that there was a

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2	long odyssey to our story. We were swindled out
3	of \$16,800 by an unscrupulous contractor. We were
4	threatened within our first four days.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: What was the contractor doing?

GRANT DIMILLE: He was building the truck which ultimately we ended up doing.

with death and burning down our truck in our yard where we park, a Health Department approved depot, the fourth day on the street. And if that wasn't enough, and this is documented in a piece done by Julie Moskin of the "New York Times," the very next morning one of those gentlemen came back and threatened my wife and said that he would kill her if we returned to the same corner that we had gone to, which by the way was an illegal space not only for myself but for that vendor as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: I hope you reported that to the police for your own safety.

GRANT DIMILLE: We have. May I add also, developed a fantastic relationship with the brass in midtown North, which we pride ourselves on.

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COUNCIL	MEMBER	LAPPIN:	Thank	you.
		TIME LIN.	THAIIN	you.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you very much for your testimony. Pete Van Leeuwen,
Ben Van Leeuwen and Jack Brucculeri are next. I
just want to recognize Council Members that have
joined us, Council Member Gennaro, Council Member
Nelson and Council Member Comrie.

BEN VAN LEEUWEN: Hi, my name's Ben Van Leeuwen. I own Van Leeuwen Artisan Ice Cream with my brother Peter and my wife Laura O'Neill who is sitting there. We're opposed to this Introduction 272. We think it's discriminatory, which has been said a lot.

There has been a lot of talk about the environment and helping the environment. I love the environment and I hate all of the cars and trucks in New York City. It was estimated 1,000 trucks, shutting them down because this bill would shut every one of them down. We have 40 employees. Between everyone it's probably 10,000. But why focus on taking 1,000 trucks off the road when there are probably 100,000 nonessential vehicles commuting into New York City every day from New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. I mean

2 that's pollution. That's congestion in parking.

That's really bad. So I wanted to say that.

I also wanted to say I think mobile vending in New York has always been and is really today at its pinnacle of a sort of beautiful representation of American entrepreneurialism in its purest and most wonderful form.

Now I'll tell out story very briefly. We had an idea three years ago to sell artesian ice cream off of trucks So this means ice cream made with milk, cream, and cane sugar, egg yolks, nothing else. We wanted to use really good ingredients. Doing this out of a brick and mortar shop in areas where we could sell enough ice cream wasn't possible. Ice cream, even expensive ice cream, isn't very expensive. A truck model made it work.

Today we have 40 employees. We support local farmers. We have a factory in upstate New York with many employees who stay up there and don't come to New York and don't collect unemployment in New York because we're creating more jobs in economically depressed upstate New York and 40 jobs in New York City.

We're part of the community. We donate a lot of money in environmental organizations. We donate product and time to organizations from City Harvest to Meals on Wheels to going to public schools and teaching kids about making ice cream and the importance of using pure ingredients and eating pure ingredients. I just think we're a positive part of the community. This bill would put us out of business within a year. That would be bad.

Sorry, one other thing.

Environmentally, too, we care deeply for the environment. Our generator burns 1.2 gallons of gas a day, a lot less than a delivery truck. The cups that we use are made out of sugar cane fiber which are completely bio compostable and come from renewable resources. The spoons are made of corn and talc, so this is as green as it gets. Thanks.

PETER VAN LEEUWEN: Hi, I'm Pete
Van Leeuwen. I'm Ben's brother. He said most of
what I would have liked to address. But it does
seem the long and short of this whole bill without
fail would put all of the vending trucks out of
business.

2	Now if it truly is about freeing up
3	a few extra spots, then this is not who you should
4	address fixing this problem with. We've created
5	40 or 50 new jobs over the last two years here and
6	that's definitely a positive. Having four extra
7	parking spaces taken, I feel like it's well worth
8	it.
9	You seem to have a lot of interest
10	in the permits and where they come from and who
11	gets them and how we all got them and this vendor
12	on 86th Street. It doesn't seem like your
13	interest in this bill really as much to do with
14	the actual 1,000 possible parking spots that are
15	indeed taken up.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: I have
17	multiple reasons for being interested. It's
18	actually just today seeing some of the folks come
19	testify that I just had some questions about how
20	you obtain the permits. You just said four spots.
21	Do you have four trucks?

PETER VAN LEEUWEN: We have four.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: So you have
four permits?

25 PETER VAN LEEUWEN: Yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: I'm
actually not sure that that's legal. But that's a
separate discussion.
PETER VAN LEEUWEN: Between all of
us.
COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: Because
you're supposed to own and maintain one permit per
person so that one company or entity. He just
said you did.
PETER VAN LEEUWEN: Some we use for
events.
COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: But you
have one truck or you have multiple trucks?
PETER VAN LEEUWEN: We have
multiple trucks.
BEN VAN LEEUWEN: There are five
trucks.
CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: However, on
your four trucks each person that runs the truck
has a license or you have
BEN VAN LEEUWEN: [interposing]
Every single person who works on our trucks has to
spend about four months jumping through hoops that
the New York City Health Department puts in place

employees. Do you have a storefront somewhere or

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2	you	don't	have	а	storefront?
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BEN VAN LEEUWEN: We have a storefront in Greenpoint.

5 COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: Thank you 6 very much.

JACK BRUCCULERI: Thank you,

Council for having this meeting. My name is Jack

Brucculeri. I represent the 31st Street Merchant

Association, Astoria Queens. That's Peter

Vallone's district. We have petitions here of

over 140 storekeepers of the problems we're having

in our community. I understand what Councilwoman

Koslowitz mentioned is very simple. I hate to see

the other council leaving. I just want to say

this that it's very simple. Can you start the

clock? No, but I'm getting distracted. I'm

sorry.

It's very simple, I'm an immigrant and my family dealt with pushcarts in the 1930s and 1940s, so we understand horse and wagon and what mobile vehicles mean. Very simple, I'm just going to tell you that we've been fighting this issue without a council leader for many, many years.

2 Let me just give you an idea.

Here's a picture of three vehicles parked on a nostanding zone all day long and one parked in a meter. Here it is, a Mister Softee truck, a Poppa Pizza mobile vehicle and some other vehicle on this side of the street. On the other side of the street we've got another mobile vehicle selling chicken, gyros, so on and so forth. A little further down we have another truck that sells flowers out of it.

So it's very simple. One, it's against the law to vend near a fire hydrant. Two, it's against the law to feed a meter more than an hour, like the Councilwoman says. There are rules and regulations. We feel that the rules and regulations are not being followed. If the rules and regulations were being followed then we wouldn't be here today.

So I'm hoping that the council looks at the situation and does something fairly that the laws should be followed, not only the ticketing. So just to give you an idea, there's another, they stay in the same spot for days.

There's a fire hydrant and two vehicles are parked

right next to a fire hydrant. You guys could keep this, the council, if you want to keep these pictures.

Talk about dirt, this vehicle they sell insurance. It's not the city, it's not the state, it's a private industry. They sell insurance on the corners, on the meters parked all day long. This is what happens after they finish with all of their garbage. You ready? This is what happens at the corners on 31st Street and Ditmars Boulevard that our people, the people that live, commute and shop in the area can't do it. This is what happens on the corners. My pleasure, I'll show it to you in a minute.

Here's a handicap access that normally is supposed to take handicapped people in and out of locations that help us, our seniors.

But when this truck is parked there, they can't be there. This is the same spot that this truck parks constantly where the handicap truck today, luckily, he wasn't there that morning. But normally if you come to 31st Street and Ditmars Boulevard, you will see illegal truck vendors, illegal street vendors. It is atrocious. I think

it's ridiculous.

We talk about how many millions of dollars. Let me tell you, the 120 merchants on that street pay over \$150 a year in taxes. We employ 7,000 employees and a lot of us are still immigrants. I don't know what else to say. But I think whatever the fines are, I'm not a lawyer, I'm just a simple guy who understands common sense. Everyone here lives in America. There are rules and regulations and laws.

I also happen to be involved in another thing where Consumer Affairs, if you don't do something with them as a merchant within two or three times, they shut down your business. So I'm not saying I'm advocating or agreeing 100% with what the council is saying that your license should be revoked. But just do what the law says. Follow the laws. Everybody is here to make a living, whether you're an immigrant or not an immigrant, whether you're American, not American. We're all one race here. So let's follow the laws and whatever the rules come out to be.

But if the rules are not broken then no one would get a summons. And if you do

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get a summons and some cop or someone does
something wrong, get a lawyer the way you get a
lawyer for here. Or go to the City Council and
ask them, and I don't mean them, but where you
live at and put your complaint in. I could go on
and on. I'm done. Thank you.

You guys want to see the pictures;

I'll show it to you. They could pass them around

if they want to see it.

## [Pause]

VADIM PONOROVSKY: Should we start?

My name is Vadim Ponorovsky. I'm the owner of

Frites N Meats. We're a truck selling high

quality burgers and fries. My truck directly

helps support the lives of ten people and impacts

the livelihoods of five households, similar to

many small businesses in New York City.

I came to this country specifically with my family and specifically this city with my family in 1974 as an immigrant from Russia. We came to New York City because it represented everything that was great about America: opportunity, acceptance and tolerance. What New York City said to us was work hard and you will

realize the American dream. Nothing is out of your reach and we, New York City, a city of immigrants, will help you achieve your dreams.

In return from this country and specifically this city gave my family and me, we made our lives here and give back in whatever ways we possibly can. Recently, Frites N Meats was called on to do its civic duty. On June 8th, while parked at a midtown location, an officer who identified himself as being part of the NYPD Antiterrorism Intelligence Unit approached us.

He said that due to our mobile nature and the fact of being on a truck we had an elevated platform from which to observe our surroundings, would we more actively keep an eye on things and notify them if we saw anything. He then gave me several of the "if you see something suspicious" posters to call a certain number and asked if we would laminate them and post them on our truck. He also took down our license information, our personal contact information and in turn gave us his so that we could communicate with them if it was warranted.

We of course agreed to immediately

do this and when we spoke to several of our truck brethren, they also saw this was a wonderful opportunity to help the city. So if the NYPD Anti-terrorism Intelligence Unit, which is arguably the single body within the NYPD most responsible for addressing the greatest threat to New York City can view us as both a strategic as well as a tactical weapon against terrorism, why does the New York City Council view us as the enemy in cloaking it in this parking legislation.

All of us, and I specifically will speak for what we call the new wave trucks such as myself Oleg's Schnitzels, Ben's ice cream and all of the other folks here. We're all citizens of this great city. We all entered this business not just for profit but also because we felt what we were doing was unique and would enhance the image of New York City as a global trendsetter.

We all entered into this business with very high standards and concerns for the health of our customers and the environment of New York City. The concerns expressed by you are also our concerns. The concern you express regarding idling is one that is close and dear to our

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hearts. Many of us have children, young children and the environmental damage being done to our world shocks us. We have all set out to do our little bit. None of the new wave trucks idle our trucks while operating. We all made conscious efforts to limit our emissions and reduce our carbon footprint. We all spent a great deal of money to get low noise low emission generators to power our equipment.

The person speaking on behalf of the ice cream trucks said that it would cost \$25,000 to put in a green generator. You know what I say to that? That's what needs to be done. That needs to be the law. If you're going to operate a truck in New York City, you need to meet emission standards. I had a Mister Softee truck by my house this weekend and I live in the financial district here in an area that has no trucks on the weekend. To be honest with you, the amount of noise and pollution that that single truck was generating surprised and shocked me. That should not be the case.

I and along with several other people, I don't want to speak for other people so

I will not, feel very strongly that idling is a great evil in this city. Those laws should be enforced and standards should be met and should be set. We would support all efforts to ensure this.

We are a small community. The people who mention 1,000 trucks, I think they overestimate that by a factor of three or four. Factoring in all the Mister Softee trucks and all the other trucks, I would say at most there are maybe 300-350 trucks operating in New York City. The new wave of trucks of which I am a member is a small subset of about 20.

Twenty trucks that are at the forefront of in many ways with trucks in other parts of this country of revolutionizing how food is perceived by bringing food that people previously would only find in higher end restaurants. We bring them to the general populous at affordable prices in a way that daily we are thanked for.

I was on the subway yesterday
wearing this t-shirt and I had three people come
up to me. I didn't move. I was in the same car.
I wasn't walking the train. They came up to me

New York has always set trends.

growth of this.

and said wow, we heard about this law and I love your product. We don't solicit them. I can be in the elevator in my building wearing this t-shirt and people will come up to me and thank us for doing what we're doing.

New York has always been at the forefront of revolutionizing things, not squelching them. We support the efforts to regulate food trucks. We believe that there need to be standards set. But in setting those standards, the city should work with members of that community, whether it be members of the SVP, whether it be members of our smaller community, but get us involved. Help us come up with standards that will not only address the city's needs but will help encourage the

If we look at other metropolitan areas in this country, Chicago, Portland,
Washington, D.C., the municipalities and the governments there have all made efforts to create environments that foster the growth of this business because they realize that it not only adds to the social and cultural fabric of those

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 73
2	communities
3	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ:
4	[interposing] Your time is up.
5	VADIM PONOROVSKY: Thank you very
6	much.
7	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: I just have
8	one question for you. How long have you been in
9	business?
10	VADIM PONOROVSKY: I've been in
11	business for about ten months.
12	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Ten months,
13	okay.
14	VADIM PONOROVSKY: I also own a
15	restaurant in New York City as well.
16	DAN ROSSI: Good morning, Council.
17	My name is Dan Rossi. I've been an advocate for
18	vendors for about 30 years. I probably know more
19	about this industry than any of these kids that
20	are in here now.
21	I oppose the introduction. I don't
22	oppose giving tickets to people that are feeding
23	the meter. I don't oppose giving tickets to
24	people that are vending at a metered location. I
25	don't oppose giving tickets to people that are

idling. I do oppose selective enforcement and that's what you're really doing here. You are selecting maybe 20 people, 20 trucks in the entire city and you're going to impose a horrific fine on them. You're going to take away their livelihood for doing what I do every day. I feed the meter every day.

A lot of the things that they said, they were going apples to oranges. They were talking about UPS and FedEx. Don't talk about them. Talk about the restaurant, the supermarket that feeds the meter for their delivery trucks. It's the same permit I have. So if you're going to take my permit, you have to take their permit. Do you understand? It's the same laws we're breaking. I would think that if someone was breaking the law 30 days a year and you gave them a ticket every day, he's going to find a new spot. That's the first reason I'm against what you're doing. You're just going overboard.

The second thing is that there is no way you're taking anyone's permit. You sell pizza? You have a partner who owns the permit?

Does he give you permission to break the law? Did

he say to you that you could break the law? Then there's no judge in the world that's going to take that permit away from that disabled veteran. He's not the one breaking the law. He's breaking the law. That's why the mayor said let's forget about this. It could never go anywhere.

You have a problem with 20 or 30 people. If it was me, if it's on 86th Street that you have a problem, get the cop off his ass, let him give him a ticket every day and that truck is going to move. These kids have a problem where they are? Ticket them until they find a location that they can work in. Make it fair. Because when you take away my permit, you had better take away the grocery store's permit. You had better take away the restaurant's permit. Do you understand? You've got to keep apples with apples.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Delivery trucks move.

DAN ROSSI: I'm not talking about delivery trucks, Karen. I'm there every day and there are restaurants that feed the meter because they have a truck that maybe it doesn't move.

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It's the same permit. And I'm not saying don't
ticket them. I'm saying if you go and ticket that
person every day, ticket them twice a day, he's
going to find a new home. He can't afford to pay
these tickets because he can't win. If he goes to
court he has to lose. So if you give him \$200-
\$300 of tickets a day, this guy is out of business
anyway. Get rid of him. But don't go after an
entire industry for a handful of characters that
are breaking the law.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: I just want to make a correction; it's not just on 86th Street.

DAN ROSSI: No, I was just making a point.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: It's in Forest Hills also.

DAN ROSSI: I know there are problems. I know there are a lot of problems.

That one guy from Astoria, that guy was dead on.

He went and showed you pictures of people breaking the law. So go after them. What's so hard about going after people breaking the law? If your cops can't do it, then find somebody else that can do

2 it.

If you think that you're going to coordinate DOT with the Health Department, forget it. The Health Department can't coordinate itself with the Health Department. I'm doing this too long. I'm not trying to knock anything that's going on here. You've got a legitimate problem. It's a real serious problem, so get rid of it, but don't go after everyone for doing it.

OLEG VOSS: Hi. My name is Oleg
Voss. First, I'd like to present Councilwoman
Lappin with a total number of about 5,000
signatures that we've obtained in a matter of a
week opposing this bill from all of our customers
and fans of food trucks.

myself. I'm a Ukrainian immigrant, first
generation. I grew up in Brooklyn. I spent most
of my life here. I lost my job in the banking
industry in early 2009 and always had a passion
for food. I decided that this was kind of my only
alternative. To go back into the financial
industry would have been extremely difficult. So
I put my entire life savings into this business.

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') I	Fortunately,	ATTARTINANT	101700	tha	cchnitzel
_	i or canacery,		$\pm 0$ $\vee$ $C_{\rm D}$	$c_{11}c$	BCIIIII CACI.

- 3 Hopefully you'll come by one day and try it
- 4 yourself. That's beside the point.
- 5 COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: Do you have
- 6 t-shirts that say, "Everybody loves the
- 7 | schnitzel"?
- OLEG VOSS: No, we have NYC t-
- 9 shirts with the schnitzel logo.
- 10 COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: You're
- 11 missing a marketing opportunity.
- 12 OLEG VOSS: I was going to bring
- one today, I just couldn't find it. But we're
- 14 here to talk about this bill. We believe as
- 15 street vendors and just citizens that it
- 16 discriminates against a small group of people
- 17 unfairly. If you're going to revoke the license
- of food truck vendors then you should apply this
- 19 law equally to all commercial vehicles.
- Like I said, we want to work with
- 21 | the council. We don't idle. We don't feed the
- 22 meter ever. Some trucks do. We don't ever do
- 23 that. But we're here in support of this because
- 24 | sometimes, like Derek said, there might be some
- 25 guy dying on the street and you need to help him

and you get a ticket for that.

Also, I think that coming from a banking background, everything was based on facts and evidence, and for this bill to proceed into law without actual empirical evidence and research done that we being less than 1% of the commercial vehicles in Manhattan and throughout the boroughs are the problem and that somehow if by passing this law and eliminating the food trucks that somehow this problem will be solved.

So to pass a law going on assumptions, I don't believe in that. I believe in facts. I believe in empirical data. So we'd like to work with the council to do the research. We'll help do the research. Like I said, it's not fair to revoke licenses of people that don't apply to everybody. Like he said, it's very selective and for what reason I don't understand.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: May I,

Madame Chair? That would be great. I think our

goal here is to solve the problem. I want to just

say that any other business, you know if you own a

restaurant and you get repeated Department of

Health violations, you get shut down. If you own

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a store and the Consumer Affairs Department gives
you repeated violations, you get shut down. So I
don't want this concept that it's unique to these
trucks that you could have your license revoked or
suspended because that's not the case by any
means. We certainly do padlock restaurants and we
certainly do revoke license for other businesses
that repeatedly break the law.

But I think you saw that

gentleman's photos. I have photos too which I

didn't bring today that show where these trucks

are and who the bad actors are. It's not fair to

you. It's not fair to the Mister Softee truck.

It's not fair to anybody else who's being an

upstanding citizen when other people say I don't

have to care about the law. It's not fair to

everybody else who abides by the law.

OLEG VOSS: Right, but if we're talking about the law then it should apply to everybody, right, not just food trucks.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: And it does. I'm not going to defend anybody who breaks the law. I take on one issue at a time, sometimes more than one issue at a time. This is the issue

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that, you know, some of you have heard and may
hear more from other constituents of mine who said
this is ridiculous for one person to own a parking
spot for \$200 a year and then \$3 an hour or
depending on what that location charges. It's not
fair to you.

OLEG VOSS: I completely agree.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: But our goal is to not penalize you or the other people who are abiding by the law, but to go after the people who--

OLEG VOSS: [interposing] I think maybe we should increase the ceiling or just apply a different solution.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: This is a hearing. I mean I can't speak for the chair but I can say for myself that every piece of legislation is a work in progress. I have made changes to every bill that I have passed in the council. So I don't expect that what we're discussing today is what we would pass. This is always a process. So I'm certainly open to discussing with you how we move forward. I think maybe people look the other way for a while. But when you have three trucks,

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and I keep talking about one, but actually there
are three or four that do the same thing at that
location every day until 10:00 at night, and you
start printing takeout menus.

OLEG VOSS: That's wrong.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: That says I'm at this location until 10:00 at night, seven days a week, that's wrong. That's wrong.

OLEG VOSS: Then those people should be punished.

12 COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: That's

13 setting up--

OLEG VOSS: [interposing] Those people, not everyone else.

goal. I wanted to extend the same invitation to you. Not for this minute, but if you have ideas because clearly the tickets that they're getting because they are getting tickets, it's not enough. So there are other approaches and we should discuss them. I'm glad that we have certainly started the conversation. This is one approach that we will pursue and we're open to discussing others.

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 8
2	OLEG VOSS: How would we go about
3	creating this channel of communication with you on
4	this legislation? I think also like Dan said
5	COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN:
6	[interposing] Dan's been at this a very long time.
7	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: A very,
8	very long time.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: Dan's one
10	of the reasons some of the laws are the way they
11	are.
12	OLEG VOSS: We salute Dan. But I
13	believe the NYPD ticketing law is that basically
14	you can get a ticket for the same thing every two
15	hours or so. Like you get two hours and then they
16	can't give you one for two hours longer. So if
17	someone is in a place for 13 hours a day, the
18	police can technically give them 6 tickets for
19	that day. Like Dan said, if you ticket someone
20	multiple times every day, he's going to get
21	several thousand dollars worth of tickets in one
22	week. He will be gone off that block. It's just
23	about enforcing the laws that are already in
24	place.

25 COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: If they pay

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 84
2	the tickets, which is not an issue we're
3	discussing today.
4	OLEG VOSS: If he doesn't pay the
5	tickets
6	COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN:
7	[interposing] If he doesn't pay the tickets there
8	are no consequences either in terms of his
9	license.
10	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: As the
11	Council Member said, we are visiting this issue
12	for the first time today and it will be worked on.
13	DAN ROSSI: Thank you very much.
14	OLEG VOSS: We thank you and we
15	invite you to Schnitzel and Things and hope that
16	this bill will be dropped as soon as you taste the
17	first bite. Thank you.
18	CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: We're going
19	to have to have the people that are going to be
20	testifying, I'm sorry, a three-minute limit now
21	because we have another hearing coming in here at
22	1:00. We're in the middle of budget. We have to
23	go to budget hearings. So now we're going to take
24	it down to three minutes per person. Yassir
25	Z'Raouli, I'm sorry if I'm mispronouncing your

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2	name.	I'm	sure	I	am.	Lev	Exter	[phonetic],

3 Melanie Schilt and Kim Ima are next.

4 YASSIR Z'RAOULI: Yassir Z'raouli.

[Pause]

YASSIR Z'RAOULI: My name is Yassir Z'raouli. I start in 2009 with a truck called Bistro Truck. Bistro Truck employs six people and supports seven families directly. As any owner of a new small business will tell you, the ultimate goal is to make a living with a project you strongly believe in and have faith in.

This takes serious time and financial commitments to achieve the goals we set for ourselves. This challenging economic climate that we all live in, it's safe to say that it's almost impossible to get financing from lending institutions. That said entrepreneurs never give up. We also invest hours and borrow money from friends and family and our own savings into the project to be a success.

We hope to see results sooner than later and are willing to invest and sacrifice our own personal time to make it happen for the well being of our families and our employees. In the

weak economy such as todays, we don't have the convenience of losing our business because of such extreme measures that Ms. Lappin wants to put us in. I do not see any connection between parking tickets and health violations. This bill is discriminatory and disproportionate.

It's important to know that our investments are not in vain and not at risk of being lost because of drastic parking ticket penalties. And know that we have the right opportunities to succeed with all of our hard work and endless hours each day to grow our business without worrying about this. Thank you.

DOUGLAS QUINT: My name is Douglas

Quint. I run an ice cream truck called Big Gay

Ice Cream Truck. I just want to speak quickly and

off the cuff about where my truck came from and

where it would go should this happen.

Last winter as I finished up the comprehensive exams for my doctorate at CUNY, I started to think about a summer job that would keep me in New York and off the road. I'm usually a touring musician. And also, I wanted something to distract me from a degenerative hearing problem

that I'm suffering from and trying to work through, which has been threatening my performing career.

and a friend's status message said if you'd like to drive an ice cream truck, get in touch with me. I thought well that's got to be the strangest thing I could possibly do with my life. So why not take this truck which formerly was a member of the truck gang conglomerate. I will not speak its name. Why not take this truck and do something really fun with it and also give one of the few soft serve trucks in the city that's accountable for its actions.

So I found a part time truck and started using it and started putting my own signs up on the truck. Starting carrying crates and crates of my own toppings around and dressing up cones and having a lot of fun doing it.

Now I want to be clear, I don't own my truck. I go to a depot. I sign a truck out.

Last summer I actually hopped around on a few different trucks. This summer I have the same one. Last summer I went above 23rd Street maybe

once or twice. In the time I was working I accumulated one parking ticket.

One night on 44th Street I was vending and in fact I was vending to the head of public relations from Ben and Jerry's and really kind of freaking out that he had arrived at my truck. I felt a thump on the front of my truck and I wondered what the hell was going on. I looked out and the marshals were about to tow me. I had to come up with \$1,600 cash to pay off the parking tickets that other drivers had accumulated on my truck. The marshals unhooked and drive off.

But now there will be more than
just the truck disappearing from me right then. I
wouldn't be able to get it back. The truck would
be gone because of parking tickets incurred by
others while I'm not on my truck. So far this
year I have one parking ticket.

On my days off when other drivers are using my truck, I don't know what they're up to with my truck. They could be doing the Lord's work or they could be robbing banks. But as it stands now my truck would be gone from my life and from the lives of a lot of people that I think

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experience as a retail restaurant owner as well as a truck owner.

I'll keep this really super duper brief here. I just really think that the amendment tends to be very, very excessive and inconsistent, meaning that it tends to be very, very discriminatory towards one part of my business. There are two parts of our business. We have the revenue of the retail and we have the revenue from the trucks.

The example that I can think of and why it would be discriminatory is that restaurants do, and this has come up a couple of times today, restaurants do actually fall under Department of Consumer Affairs as well as the Department of Health just like mobile food trucks.

One of the things that I've realized is what if restaurants have delivery vehicles. When we had two restaurants and we're getting ready to open another right now, we had a truck that went back and forth between the two different stores. If that truck were to get tickets for sitting on a meter and get more than three tickets, under this we wouldn't lose our

ability to operate a brick and mortar business.

In other words, there are restaurants out there that I'm sure just like there are people that own trucks out there that sit on the meter and re-feed their meter. Anyone that has a commercial vehicle is potentially likely to do that. I think that it's very, very inconsistent on the part of this amendment and on the part of this bill to pick on people that are a

very, very small segment of the commercial

vehicles out there that are doing that.

That's it. I think that another point that I'd like to make as well is we have a number of employees. We have about 12 employees. I think that it's a very, very valid point that I did not think of earlier that if someone were to get a parking ticket on that truck that we would lose the ability to operate not just this business but we'd lose the ability to actually be able to provide jobs for all of these people.

During this economic downturn, we actually were looking to open more stores.

Instead of opening more stores, we saw this as a really awesome, awesome way to continue to grow

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our company but in a very, very authentic and very
New York City way. I think that during this
downturn this was actually probably one of the
industries that saw double-digit percentage
growth. Granted there aren't a lot of us, but it
did see a lot of growth and a lot of positive
press about small businesses opening.

To tie these parking tickets to the ability to operate within a totally different department I think is completely usurious and it's draconian. I think the only other comparison that I can think of is, and once again from my experience running a restaurant, in front of our store we have a banner sign. We get tickets inconsistently for it. So it is a legal banner, but sometimes people come and ticket for it.

Imagine if all the stores that get kind of temporary tickets for that, and that's Department of Sanitation, but imagine if they went out of business.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Can you sum up please?

KENNY LAU: Yes, that's it, I'm summed. Thank you.

## [Pause]

MICHELE BIRNBAUM: My name is

Michele Birnbaum and I'm chair of the vendor

committee of the East 86th Street Association in

Manhattan. Thank you very much, Council Members

for hearing my testimony. Thank you very much,

Council Members Lappin and Koslowitz for this

bill.

I have prepared remarks but I really am going to speak extemporaneously because we on 86th Street have really been inundated with mobile truck food vendors, to the extent where our association gets daily complaints and concerns from citizens and merchants.

Now what happens is when a mobile food vendor parks at one space, and a particularly difficult area for us is Lexington Avenue. It's over a subway grade. In addition to taking up parking spots that otherwise would be used by customers by other local businesses, so this is sort of vending in the street on the backs of a local merchant who needs those spots very badly in order to serve customers to come to his business or his restaurant or his little eyeglass store or

whatever it is that he has and the reason that he has taken a location on a street like 86th Street.

In addition to a truck being there and I too have pictures of a vending truck, of an ice cream truck that's parked in front of a hydrant which is illegal. When they do park there and on Lexington Avenue in particular there is a subway grate there. There are food droppings in the subway grate which certainly feed the rodent population very substantially. There are repercussions for vending in the street.

I've been listening to testimony and this is why I'm speaking extemporaneously. The basis of starting this vendor truck business was the premise that you could get a parking spot in a public zone at a meter and stay there. That's the premise for having started the business. That was an illegal thing to do at the outset. So the fact that a business was started with that premise in mind and now there's an enforcement technique is really not to my mind a substantial argument.

This bill in particular goes to enforcing an already existing law. That's all it

does. I heard people address the issue that, "Why doesn't the police just give them tickets every day and therefore they'll leave?" Well I cannot tell you the number of times that I've been talking to the precincts about this. The police do not have the resources to give tickets every single day.

The way the law stands now they can't look at a license plate and then mark a location and then give a ticket. What they have to do is mark a tire and the same officer has to mark the tire, come back an hour later and if the tire is moved a few inches in either direction, they cannot issue the ticket.

Let's say two officers, one marked the tire and the other came back. No, they can't issue a ticket. This simply puts teeth in the law. We are very, very sympathetic to the vendor community. They are some of the hardest working people. The position to sort of base this on advocating for illegality and that other people are not being fairly punished, that for me is an argument for expanding the law to other people who violate the parking situation.

three years ago. I have a truck that cost me \$70,000. I get out from the truck because of the parking tickets.

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In the meantime I was working one

year and I got hurt from the old ticket. I see

commercial plate, they're parking all day and it's

construction. The whole year he did construction

in the building. He never paid the meter. He

7 never got a ticket. It was only me.

Only the cops, he tells me like this. He got a call from everyone in the building. He didn't like you. I want to ask Ms. Jessica, she talk about 86th and Lexington. I've been passed by like almost ten years. I see another truck. She talks about only the one truck. Another truck, he's been parking seven years there and never pays the meter. He's parking in the middle of the block. Nobody talks about him. They only talk one person. Thank you about that.

WILLIAM MARQUARDT: My name is
William Marquardt. I'm a concerned person about
neighborhood affairs and spend quite a bit of my
time trying to improve my community. I would like
to suggest that we look at the bigger picture. I
think that the city needs to decide what direction
it wants to go in over the long period of time.

It's apparent that these trucks
will be increasing in number, at least according
to this website, Midtown Lunch in which it says
clearly as more and more of these trucks fill our
streets. I'm just reading phrases. Those of us
who want to see more of these vendors. So it
appears as though they are going to be on the
increase. Does the city want to have a situation

where entire blocks are lined one after another

with these vendors?

The vendors, as has been indicated, have a business model which is dependent upon them violating the law whereas restaurants can operate without violating the law. These people as they've kind of indicated, they are on a short shoestring financially. So any solution which would impose severe penalties on them, they're going to be opposed to.

Now, it's my impression that these people, the vendors, do not pay very much for their license whereas restaurants, they have to pay large fees to use the city property for an outdoor café. It's \$35-\$40 a square foot. So they make a big contribution to the city in terms

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of their financial contribution.

I believe that the local communities where the people live and the people who are paying the taxes in that area in their communities that they should have the right to decide what their community is going to be like.

There should be some mechanism, and I'm talking again to the big pictures, local communities to be able to create the ambience that they want in their communities.

I think that the underlying issue here is that people in the community just find that it's not according to their aesthetic preference. That should be honored. They're the ones that are paying the taxes. They're the ones that are living in the neighborhood. There has to be some means that's not in place right now.

The neighborhoods that don't mind these types of activities, that's fine, they should be allowed to have them.

[Pause]

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: David
Weber, Thomas Deceased [phonetic] and Obie Wong
[phonetic].

basis of a parking ticket. Obviously there should be consequences if people break the law and for every other commercial vehicle out there those

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consequences are fines that need to be paid and they should be the same for food trucks. If food trucks are consistently ticketed, they'll move.

Absolutely they'll move.

I just did a quick little calculation on the back here. Those tickets are \$65 each. If you get four in a day, that's \$260 a day. If you do that every single day, you're going to be paying the city about \$100,000 a year. \$100,000 a year for a parking space that size comes out to about \$700 a square foot rent as it were, which no one can afford. Not even a bank can afford that. That's more expensive than it costs to be in Times Square.

So I think that the rules that we have right now are totally sufficient to deter that sort of activity of sitting on a meter.

Maybe it is hard to make those citations. I don't know because we don't get those tickets. But maybe that's one place to look to maybe make it easier for those police officers to make those citations.

Just to quickly sum up, the major two points we really feel like we're in opposition

to this is that we think that it's unfair discrimination against a small portion of the commercial vehicle traffic in the city. Also, it's really disproportionate. The punishment does not fit the crime.

Also, earlier today I overheard someone when I was in the back room. I'm not sure how it was but they categorized food trucks in general as bad citizens if they had to pick. I think that obviously there's documented proof that some people are breaking the law. In any certain category of people, some people break the law and those people should be punished fairly and judiciously according to the crime.

But I think that in general there has been a trend for these new age food trucks where people do really care. We're extremely conscientious or try to be. We are contributing to the cultural fabric of the city. There's a lot of press around food trucks in general. There's a lot of buzz and it actually draws people to New York. I think we contribute to the cultural fabric of the city. Rickshaw was recently voted one of the top ten fast food restaurants in the

world. People come to New York City to try us

out.

thank you for holding this hearing. I've been dealing with hearings a lot. I'm a manufacturer. I'm actually the manufacturer of many of the trucks here, so I do have a position for I guess the continuation of these trucks.

I believe that this bill is very discriminatory. One of the reasons I think was raised is that these trucks are idling. I'm more than willing to work with any administration that's going to basically try to reduce idling. I mean I've been an advocate of trying to follow the rules.

I work very, very closely with the Department of Health in terms of trying to basically create a standard of manufacturing what's acceptable. There are only a handful of manufacturers. Of course, there are always a few bad apples but standardizing it across the board, just you want to standardize this violation or this ruling or the way to approach this, standardize this across the board, I mean I've

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2	been working very hard to standardize
3	manufacturing techniques for these food vending

4 trucks.

We've been in business for 30

years. We've been manufacturing for about 20

years for the mobile food vending business.

Again, I just want to say I'm available to speak

to any of you. We need to basically bring this to

another level to make it a greener place, a more

legal place where vendors are actually following

the laws.

You're having issues with idling,
yes; I mean I have documentation about the
generators we use. I mean years ago they'd slap
on a generator that would kill a horse I think.
But nowadays if you stand basically three feet
from the generator you can still have a
conversation. These are the techniques that we're
trying to implement to basically revolutionize
this business.

If you look at a lot of the new businesses now, I mean these are not your standard run of the mill type of businesses. I mean of press is being followed. A lot of draw is being

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2	brought into New York City to follow these
3	businesses. I think this ruling, and I hate to
4	say it, but I think it's very draconian. It's
5	singling out a certain type of business. I think
6	there's a better way to approach it. Like I said,
7	I'm willing to work to see if I can play a part in
8	trying to help coming up with a solution for that.
9	That's it.
10	THOMAS DEGEEST: First of all, my
11	name is Thomas DeGeest. It's not Deceased. As
12	the last speaker, I know there are proponents of
13	the food trucks here in the room. I know there's

the food trucks here in the room. I know there's also some people against it, but regardless I'm happy to share some of my product. So we're going to have waffles first of all.

I'm originally from Belgium. I came to the United States 13 years ago.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: There's no food allowed in the hearing room, so be discrete. Take them quickly. Try to wait until you go outside to eat them.

THOMAS DEGEEST: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER LAPPIN: Or the sergeant-at-arms will have a lovely lunch.

THOMAS DEGEEST: They're low

3 calorie waffles too. As I mentioned, I came to

4 America 13 years ago. I worked in a very

5 different industry like many of these folks as

6 well. I worked in a global consulting firm and

7 traveled all around America for ten years, from

8 Virginia to California, from Michigan to Texas.

I saw the opportunity and in 2007 I was one of the first people here to start what we would call the high end gourmet trucks. I started my business Wafels and Dinges. Wafels and Dinges has actually really been a trendsetter and I hope been an example for many of the food trucks that followed in our steps.

What makes us different from many of the traditional food vendors that are out there is the fact that we run an extremely professional shop. We are clean. We have very high standards for our food and very high standards for customer service.

The interesting part about our business is that we do move around. We cover at least two locations per day. I've seen my fair share of parking tickets. My staff and myself, we

go to extreme lengths. We are obsessive about avoiding parking tickets. Nevertheless, even with all the efforts that we make, we still get more than three parking tickets per year. We get on average three parking tickets per month. Why is that? Because we operate 7 days a week, we run at least 14-18 hours a day in different spots.

Why do we get these parking tickets? Sometimes it's just bad luck of not being on time to feed the meter. Sometimes it's simply a local business owner not being happy with us being there calling the cops and then the cops feel obliged to issue a summons. That's just the way the world turns. So despite all of our efforts we do get tickets.

My point here is even for a serious business, the penalty that you're proposing is very disproportionate to the infraction that is actually happening. I'll stick to that. I'll be happy to work with you and bring you waffles to every meeting to solve this problem

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you. We've been joined by Council Member Barron and he'd like to say something.

2 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: I just

would like to say that this bill is ridiculous. I think it's absurd. I think that vendors have gone through enough. There's been enough harassment for vendors and some neighborhoods just don't want vending in those neighborhoods so we create these bills to further harass vendors.

You know we have a big issue of employment in this city. With so much unemployment, the city not giving up jobs and people of color has it worst than most. And even veterans have come back after fighting a war can't find decent jobs. So when people create their own way of making an income, for us to put a cap on the vendor's license and taking their goods every five minutes and having to pay thousands of dollars in fees and fines.

I'm embarrassed that the City

Council would now try to come forward with a bill

that would create more harassment for vendors and

cause them to lose their license during this

economic crisis. I mean it just doesn't make any

sense. There's some discomfort in some

neighborhoods for vending, then let's work that

2	out. Let's maybe open up more streets. Let's
3	maybe have some different kinds because we have
4	some vending legislation that we want to put in to
5	lift the cap and open up more streets. We'll
6	maybe keep two or three on a block. Just work it
7	out.

But this is ridiculous. This is ridiculous and I think that we should really reconsider doing something like this, especially during these times. Everybody is just trying to make it. Times are hard. I know too many vendors that are paying just too many fines and taking property and it's just ridiculous.

I know you all are not going to clap for this one. That's why we need more of a socialist society than a capitalist one.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you

very much.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you.

This meeting is adjourned.

I, Donna Hintze certify that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. I further certify that I am not related to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that I am in no way interested in the outcome of this matter.

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Signat	ure		0	
Date	July 7.	2010		