CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP RELATIONS

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October 20th, 2020 Start: 10:05 a.m. Recess: 1:54 p.m.

HELD AT: Remote Hearing

B E F O R E: Jimmy Van Bramer

CHAIRPERSON

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Mark Gjonaj Francisco Moya Laurie A. Cumbo Joseph C. Borelli

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Gonzalo Casals, Commissioner Department of Cultural Affairs

Melody Capote, Executive Director Caribbean Cultural Center African Diaspora Institute

Sade Lythcott, CEO National Black Theater

Vinnie Bagwell, NYC Artist

Atiba Edwards, Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer Brooklyn Children's Museum

Taryn Sacramone, Executive Director Oueens Theater

Amy Andrieux, Executive Director Museum of Contemporary African Diaspora Art

Rocky Bucano, Executive Director Universal Hip Hop Museum

Raymond Codrington, Executive Director HI-Arts

Alton Aimable Tropicalfete Tijay Mohammed, NYC Artist

Lucy Sexton
New Yorkers for Culture and Arts

Patrick Joajoco, Cultural Organizer

Lisa Gold, Executive Director Asian American Arts Alliance

Antonio Serna, Co-organizer Museum Workers Happy Hour

Alejandra Duques Cifuentes, Executive Director
Dance NYC

Nicole Touzien, Executive Director Dance Wave

Yazmany Arboleda Public Artist In Residence

Nikiesha Hamilton, CEO A Funny Creative Studios

Marina Ortiz, Founder
Beats Harlem Preservation

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very important hearing and topic. First, I want to

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COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP 1 RELATIONS recognize the Council members who are in this hearing 2 3 with us today. Council member Francisco Moya, Council member Adams, Council member Louis, and 4 Council member Joe Borelli. Both Council members Moya and Borelli are members of our committee and we 6 7 thank the other Council members for joining us, as well. There will be other joining along the way and 8 I will certainly recognize the Council members as 9 they joint the hearing. Today, we are addressing a 10 11 very important topic: Black Lives Matter, anti-12 racism, structural racism in the arts. I don't need 13 to tell anyone - and I see Council member Mark Gjonaj had just joined the hearing, as well. But racial 14 15 inequity and discrimination against black, 16 indigenous, and people of color in this country dates 17 back to the very beginning of colonization and 18 slavery, but the global response and protests related to the deaths of George Floyd, Ahmad Arbury, Breonna 19 20 Taylor, and too many others. It, with very good 21 reason, sparked, reignited national conversations 2.2 about race, police funding, and community engagement. 2.3 I was proud to vote no on the most recent budget that, in my opinion, did not defund the NYPD, but it 24 25 is significant that more and more people across the

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24 important that we center and lift up voices of color.

cultural community, as well. It is especially

fruitful happening on an organic level in the

25 | This process must include looking inward and ensuring

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8 RELATIONS the BIPOC artist's work is centered in the conversations. The curators at our city's museums are increasingly representative and persons of color and, especially, at the leadership level across the board. Arts and culture is among the most impactful ways to affect societal change, explore racial and ethnic representations, reflect a community's history and identity, and provide an opportunity to engage diverse audiences in transformational learning. And institutions, some institutions have responded to the Black Lives Matter movement. While it is a step in the right direction that many organizations and institutions have made statements acknowledging that they, too, are guilty of structural racism at their institutions, we need to walk the walk and not just talk the talk. Structural racism exists in everything and everywhere from the lack of diversity in museum staff to potential lack of art education options in BIPOC communities. According to a postbudget analysis by Art Net, while the 2021 budget includes an 11 percent reduction to the Department of Cultural Affairs, which is less than many other agencies, but it is still too much in my opinion.

25 | There is a 15 million dollar cut from the 21.5

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9 million dollar budget for arts education service in middle and high schools which equates to roughly 70 percent reduction. That's reason enough to vote against that budget alone, but we need to think about what cuts like that do to the middle schoolers and high schoolers, particularly the BIPOC young people. Government must address systemic racism with improved systems, practices, and laws developed for racial equity across all fields and spectors including education, but obviously also criminal justice jobs, housing, public infrastructure, and health and, needless to say, culture and the arts. We are here today because Black Lives Matter and while we are ultimately nowhere near our and goals, we are still working to create and design equity into all aspects of our public lives. The Council, in having this hearing today, seeks to listen and understand the impact of this movement on the cultural community and the cultural community's impact on this movement. What organizations are doing, which voices are being lifted, and what the Council can do to support that path forward. We have a number of witnesses. are going to testify from the public today and first, of course, as we usually do, we will hear from

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Commissioner Casals from the Department of Cultural Affairs and the administration. And I know there are a lot of questions about what more the administration could be doing and what more change they could be driving. And I think that's an important conversation, but I hope Commissioner Casals will address in his testimony. I also know that the acclaims artist Vinnie Bagwell is joining us here today and will be speaking and I know there are-and, obviously, we will hear from Vinnie, but I hope that the Commissioner will address the status of the replacement of the Sims statue and talk to some of the issues around that. I want to recognize that Majority Leader Laurie Cumbo has joined us, as well. And I want to thank my legislative director Jack Brunatavitz, my chief of staff Matt Wallace, our committee's principle financial analyst Aliya Ali, our policy analyst Christie Dwyer, and our committee counsel Brenda McKinney. And I want to thank everyone here for joining us today and we look forward to a powerful hearing and discussion. So, I will hand it over to our legislative counsel to deliver the oath to Commissioner Gonzalo Casals. We'll hear his testimony, have questions from the

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Council members and then we will move on to public testimony.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much, Chair Van Bramer. I am Brenda McKinney, counsel to the Committee on Cultural Affairs, Libraries, and International Intergroup Relations of the New York City Council and I will be moderating today's hearing and calling on panelists to testify. So, before we move to the administration and the oath, I'm just going to go over some procedures for today's hearing. Before we begin, I'd like to remind everyone that you will on mute until I call on you to testify. After you are called on, you will be unmuted by the host. Please listen for your name. I will periodically announce who the next panelist will be. Council member questions will be limited to five minutes and, Council members, please note that this includes both questions and the witness answers. Please also note that we will not have a second round of questions at today's hearing. For public testimony, I will call up individuals in panels. Council members who have questions for a particular panelist should use the raise hand function in zoom, please. You will be called on after everyone in the panel, usually up for

as the museum in Harlem and [inaudible 00:13:59]

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National Black Theater and the Museum of Chinese in 2 3 America have contributed to the transformation of New York's cultural [inaudible 00:14:06] into something 4 5 altogether more inclusive, vibrant, and reflective of the people who live here. They established a new 6 7 motive for arts groups as culturally specific 8 organizations. We're organizing an advocacy just essential to their mission as the presentation of artwork. We continue to be inspired by their 10 11 examples today which can help us guide the work we 12 still have ahead of us. I owe my career to the 13 generation of Latin X leaders that fought for representation and creative training grounds for 14 15 those that follow their steps. Today I want to personally acknowledge the work of Dr. Martin Moreno 16 17 Vega, Rafael [inaudible 00:14:45] Ortiz, and Susana 18 Deval, among so many other Latin X leaders have 19 helped establish the notion of Puerto Rican, Latin 20 X, and Caribbean culture in New York City. The 21 Department of Cultural Affairs has built on the 2.2 achievements of these community advocates and 2.3 activities who have pushed diversity, equity, and inclusion, and anti-racism to the center of the 24 25 agenda. In 2015, my predecessor Tom Finkelpearl

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announced a new initiative to examine the diversity of the city's cultural force. While the topic has been brought up by previous administrations, it was the first time the agency commissioner comprehensive study of the demographics of this sector. After our report found many disparities, the cultural workforce was found to be majority wide in a city where a majority of residents are people of color, we set out to address this glaring issue. The public private partnership is the foundation of the city's relationship with arts and culture. With private nonprofits [inaudible 00:15:43] public assets for the benefit of all New Yorkers. So, our efforts to foster a cultural sector that reflects the public we're servicing have placed great emphasis on the public private partnerships we develop. To build that very pipeline, we focus on cultivating diversity at all levels of employment. The Create NYC leadership accelerator is a professional development program that helps more diverse candidates up through the ranks of the sector into leadership positions. This is based on the 2016 study that found that lower midlevel cultural workers were far more diverse than leadership. The CUNY cultural course, which has to

RELATIONS date placed hundreds of students into paid 2 3 internships in cultural organization, reduces the 4 barriers to entry level employment. We changed the application for our cultural development finds to support to include questions about diversity, equity, 6 7 and inclusion. This means that every single cultural 8 group getting DCLA funding-- we're talking about around a thousand every year-- has to spell out the ways they engage diverse workers and [inaudible 10 11 00:16:53] to make sure that the leadership and boards of organizations were burdened to these efforts of 12 13 self-examination and progress and would require diversity, equity, and inclusion plans for 54 members 14 15 of our cultural institutions group. Adopted in the 16 spring 2019, these DI plans are among the first of 17 their kind in the country. The members of the CIG 18 embrace the opportunity to examine and address the 19 barriers within their organizations. In just over a 20 year, the plans have produced far reaching changes 21 with, in many cases, have been accelerated by the 2.2 reckoning of a racial justice. Anti-racist training 2.3 is now required for many staffs and boards, new committees have been established to hold 24 25 organizations accountable from within and many groups

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reported that the first year they implemented their plans helped to build a shared language and community. [inaudible 00:17:46] the foundation for more additional steps like adjusting human resources policies, revamping, teaching, and interpretation and strategies in order to tell more complete stories about our institution's collections. To be able to authentically engage in this work, DCLA needs to do it, too. We have an internally led committee and are taking a hard look at our policies and how they affect not only our staff, but the cultural groups that we work with and support. We have a chief diversity officer to guide us and hold us accountable internally. And the team that administers program funding has been engaged in a year's long examination of our funding practices to identify ways in which we can eliminate barriers to receive support. We have also made major strides towards increasing the share of agency investment in cultural groups that are doing the work in underserved communities. More than 25 million dollars in additional funding has been allocated to groups based on the work of their social impact of the art's project as well as across the board increases to favor small organizations.

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the Black Lives Matter mural on Fulton Street that represented the names of murdered black Americans in its powerful design. In Manhattan, just a block from City Hall on Center Street, three artists designed another mural that helped to channel the public mood in support to the BLM movement. And connected to the [inaudible 00:20:31] traditions. One of these artists, Sophia Dozan, is now serving as the public artist in residency with the Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice where her creative practice will help foster individual healing, community restoration, and systemic transformation. The PAIR program -- by PAIR meaning public artists in residency-- points to another way that artists and creative expressions can be engaged in solving the urgent problems facing us today. As I have said, the symbolic and clear responses are important, but the symbolic actions must be combined by real actions to improve people's lives and address the legacy of racial injustice that pervades our communities. There is still so much more work to be done. I look forward to working with counsel in the cultural community to continue moving the conversation forward in meaningful ways. It is important to seize the

2 opportunities of structural change that this crisis

3 has presented us. We need to move forward

4 | inauthentic, proactive ways. For each of us

5 | individually, this is the work of a lifetime. For

6 our cultural organizations, it's the work of

7 generations. Thank you and I am happy to answer any

8 questions you may have.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you,

Commissioner Casals. And I know you care deeply
about this work and I know that, on a personal level,
this is part of your life's mission, as well. But
now, of course, you represent the Department of
Cultural Affairs and the Mayor's administration and
so it is important to ask, you know, the tough
questions. And you said a number of things and I
will ask a number of bigger picture things and then
get more specific, but are we doing enough? Is the
de Blasio administration doing enough and is the
Department of Cultural Affairs doing enough to end
structural racism, systemic racism within the
cultural community?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yes. It is my perspective that we are doing enough. At least, you know, in terms of the [inaudible 00:22:52] work that

2 needs to happen and creating sustainable change.

Like I said, you know, in moments like these, what we also need is symbolic actions like the murals and like, you know, removal of monuments and you name it. But, it is important to remember that, back in 2015 when this administration in this agency installed the conversation of diversity and said we are going to make sure and get real data, everybody would really

was going to happen. And there was a very important

worry because there was a lot of concern about what

12 way and a meaningful way in which, you know, this

work started and we continue to do that. We continue

14 to do surveys every other year and we continue to

15 work with cultural organizations in improving and

16 expanding their goals in terms of [inaudible

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Right. So, just let me say that I believe that there are some significant efforts underway and I certainly, again, have deep respect for you, but I'm surprised to hear you answer the question that, yes. We are doing enough. Both the administration and the Department of Cultural affairs. In some ways, I find that shocking because, you know, the things that you

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talked about and we are going to talk about some of them, you know, where we might be moving in the right direction in some places. We might be tinkering around the edges in some ways, but to say that this administration and the Department of Cultural Affairs and the city of New York are doing what it can at this particular moment in time is simply not true. Again, I say that with deep respect to you personally, but how can any of us say, with a straight face, that we are doing all we need to do in this moment while racism runs rampant and we see the diversity numbers and I am going to ask you about those. But what you see what that looks like. And, yes, I think there are some well-intentioned people who are taking stock and engaging it in antiracism work, but do you honestly believe-- all sort of ask it again. Do you honestly believe that this administration and the Department of Cultural Affairs in the city are doing all that it needs to do to that and the structural racism that exists within the cultural community?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yes. I do believe that, you know, my agency within their purview and we then, you know, the resources that we have, we are

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on this line.

doing everything that we can do. Again, it's a matter of time. In order for this work to be successful, the change has to be, you know, structural and it has to be with enough time. I have seen it myself. A lot of organizations hire BIPOC folks without necessarily putting enough emphasis on changing organizational culture. Changing, you know, opportunities for, you know, collective leaders. And how both the organizations have failed in that and how difficult it has been, you know, for the employees. And that is one of the many examples of why I continue to say that, you know, it is going to take a while to see significant change. But we have seen enough of that and we want to continue to work

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So, let me talk about— Vinnie, I see you hand up, but I think we're going to have you speak in a few moments. Let me just say, again, you talked about resources, right with the resources that we have. But I was part of the question, of course, right, is that the Mayor and that Council are involved in the discussion about the very nature of your resources. How much and where and to whom they go to. You know, the budget was cut

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2 for the Department of Cultural Affairs. The

3 | Department of Education budget for arts and education

4 | for middle and high schools was cut 70%. That is a

5 | failure, right? That is an absolute failure on the

6 part of this administration to recognize the

7 importance of these budgets, the importance of these

8 programs and the disproportionate impact that those

9 cuts have on BIPOC communities, correct?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yes. But I must say also that a 10%, 11% cut from a historical high funding from last year, considering the situation in which the city, the state, and that country are in, it's a good thing. We can always, you know, take more money. You know that. We can always continue to invest more money in arts and culture. You and I know that better than anyone. But, again, in the distribution of resources, I think the administration continues to support arts and culture as a priority and at an important level.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: I know it is a priority for you. I know it is a priority for me. I know it's a priority for everyone on this call. You know, having worked with this administration for seven years now, I think culture and the arts has

been much more of a priority for the city Council then for the administration and, you are right, that 11% cut that the Department received this year is smaller than many other agencies and, you know, I am proud of my work behind-the-scenes fighting for that and Majority Leader Cumbo certainly is a fierce fighter, as well with me on this. We did some good things like making sure there were no cuts to the Coalition of Theaters of Color, but there is still so much more to be done which is, again, why I am surprised to hear anyone say that we are doing what we can, all that we should in this moment. And that includes you, Commissioner Casals. I know you are representing the administration and the Mayor in this hearing, but this not a moment where anyone should be saying we're doing all that we can. I would imagine it would be a much more introspective answer in saying that, while we are doing some good things, we are all called to do far more right now to that end structural racism. You know, meaningfully impact the numbers which I will get to, and address the racism and inequities in our system. And I believe you feel that personally.

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to do a lot more work.

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it's a matter of language, right? We're doing all we can at the agency. Yes. Is there a lot more work that needs to be done? For sure. You know, like I said, each of us need to work internally in just learning and continuing to remove our unconscious bias in our cultural organizations need to continue

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So, let's talk a little bit about numbers. So, as you know, I was involved with the cultural plan and Create NYC and, from that flowed a number of studies and questionnaires and there was a big New York Times article that I am sure you read because we were both quoted in it a couple of months ago talking about the fact that it hasn't-- all of these efforts have not yet produced the change that we seek. And so, you know, tell me today how successful you think this has bidden and how we can quantify that success. Right? Can you point to some numbers and some facts that demonstrate that we are actually demonstrating real structural change within these organizations and institutions? Not just simply pulling them, essentially, as to whether they have a DRI committee

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and what that committee is doing and what targeted

changes they are making. You know, how do we make

more people believe with reality that things are

changing, right? That, essentially, forcing not just

the conversation within the board of a major and

wealthy cultural institution, but actually

8 transforming that institution?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: I mean, it's important to understand that, while diversifying the workforce, it is extremely important, that's a means to something else. Right? And probably that is one of the few things that can be quantified. What we are trying and talking about here-- my hope is that everybody understands that cultural organizations is that we are talking about, right? And, of course, mind shift comes from bringing enough different perspectives. You know, the decision-making process in each culture organization to understand, you know, how we need to be better at representing and telling stories. And even the way we treat our employees. And that mind shift is difficult to quantify. Right? Like I said in my testimony, it was probably hard to imagine six years ago that many cultural organizations would be putting these plans together,

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that boards would be talking about white supremacy
and, you know, racial injustices. And having you
install the conversation is the big first step.
Having organizations whose plans that they talk about
structural long-term change is a big step and we are
just now seeing, after a year, were going to start
seeing the results of those plans and were going to
have to continue to fine-tune the direction in which
helping the organizations to fine-tune the direction
in which these plans should go in the goals that they
need to emphasize.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Will you be publishing the results?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: You know, yes.

Anything that is sent to us is public knowledge, so
we will certainly work with sharing that information.

know when you say that, for these boards to be having conversations about white supremacy is something that was unimaginable six years ago, there are probably millions of people in this country who would say that that is shocking, right, that only today they are having conversations about white supremacy in structural racism within their institutions. Right?

supremacy. But, you mentioned--

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So, while again that may feel like a step in the
right direction for a lot of people, for many, it is
long overdue and leave it unacceptable that just in
2020 we might actually be talking about white

COMMISSIONER CASALS: But that speaks a little bit about, you know, the importance and the power of the agency it be able to establish conversations that sort of encourage cultural organizations to go in a direction that aligns with,

you know, the values of the administration.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So, can I ask if you have had conversations with Mayor de Blasio about structural racism in the cultural community and where, for example, about Vinnie Bagwell work is at and what is the nature of the discussion within the administration. Many of us here know that you directly report to Deputy Mayor Vicki Been, but, you know, at what level of these conversations going on that include Mayor de Blasio and the deputy mayors and where those conversations are with you.

COMMISSIONER CASALS: I did have a conversation with Mayor de Blasio about these issues. They were not specific issues about, you know,

of influences the policy at the city level. One of
the many as I sit on the race and equity commission
task force that was put together at the beginning of
the pandemic. And, specifically on the subcommittee
on youth education. That is one of the many

7 | involved.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So, I've mentioned it a couple times. You have not chosen to address it. Obviously, Vinnie Bagwell is going to be speaking soon and, obviously, share thoughts, but can you address from the Department of Cultural Affairs perspective where we are at on---

been in contact with some of the stakeholders involved about that. So, when the pandemic hit, you know, and the city is the state shut down and all capital projects have been put on pause, little by little the city is restarting and those capital projects, there are a couple priorities that sort of define the criteria of what is allowed to move forward. One of them are COVID-related capital projects and capital projects also in hardest hit areas in the city. The other one is a priority of projects that had already started construction and

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OMB continues to monitor cash flow in the city and continues to allow those projects to start. In that case of [inaudible 00:40:43], which is the project that you asked me about, by the time the pandemic hit, they were starting negotiations between the EDC who is— the agency is going to be managing this project and the contractor. Those conversations were stopped. Were put on pause and we're hoping that very soon those conversations will resume. As soon as the contract is signed, then we can move on into signing a contract between EDC and the arts.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So, I want to move on soon to Majority Leader Cumbo, but I want to ask just in relation to that and, obviously, you know, that's very frustrating. We'll, at the Council, obviously, have experienced pauses on many capital projects whether they be schools or parks and whatnot. And some have been restarted, right?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: It is leading some things go. Are there any capital projects at any— is anything moving at the Department of Cultural Affairs? Has anything been moved to a priority status or is everything on pause?

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2 COMMISSIONER CASALS: No. Some projects 3 have started. You know, an example of a project that presently [inaudible 00:42:10] in Staten Island and 4 this-- I cannot tell you at the top of my mind, but there are a few projects that have started and we 6 7 continue to work with OMB, DDC, and UDC to continue to prioritize and push, you know, for other projects 8 9 to restart.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: And are you pushing for this one to be restarted?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yep.

know that this is slightly above your pay grade,

Commissioner, but, as you know, the Governor just

unveiled a statue of Mother Cabrini and that being

fast tracked and it got done within a year, including

during the COVID crisis and, yet, the City, you know,

is not able to make this particular piece of art move

and there is a lot of significance to the second it

is very frustrating for people to see-- you know, I

respect the work that Mother Cabrini did. It's

frustrating to see that one move with such rapidity

and then to have other pieces of equal importance not

move at all. And so, I just want to say that I think

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Vinnie Bagwell and others may have more to say about that, too. But, you know, I think we just want to see the sense of urgency around this kind of work and I think you know that. I just-- my last question before I go to Majority Leader Cumbo-- you mentioned to the Departmental eliminating barriers to support within-- I think you are mentioning specifically the cultural development fund and other things. You know, talk to us about what that actually needs in getting more money to BIPOC-led organizations, BIPOC community is and in increasing the pool you've ineligible to receive those funds. I assume that is what you are talking about in some way. But when you say in your testimony that you are eliminating barriers to support, what does that mean and how is it that that is actually working?

is taken a few years and we just received, you know, the recommendations, it's not only about the amount of money. It's about, you know, the process in which you access money and how that could be inequitable to smaller organizations. A couple of examples of that, you know, that maybe you see trivial, but they are important in this is something that I myself have

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heard, you know, while I was running cultural organizations. It's important from allowing smaller organizations to receive multi-year grants. was always a question if you give a small organization a multiyear grant, the possibilities of increasing the amount of funds that they get year to year is less that if you continued to apply every year, right? But, at the same time, there are so many other benefits that come in. But knowing that for the next three years, you can have that money coming in from DCLA. That's one of the many examples. Examples of simplifying and facilitating the application process, you then neighborhood, borough based, and sort of submission of the paperwork and, hopefully, moving from paper-based to something digital and online. Those are a few of the examples of the accommodations that come forward.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Got it. So, I have many more questions, but I know that Majority Leader Cumbo and others do, as well, and I want to move the discussion along. So, I may be back, but, you know, I just wanted to say that I think we have a lot more to do and I know there are challenges for you, in particular, Commissioner Casals, within the

2 context of the moment and this administration, but,

3 you know, I know that you feel this in a very

4 personal way and we need to do better. With that, I

want to ask if Majority Leader Cumbo is ready to

begin.

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MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Yes. Thank you, Chair Van Bramer. And I really want to thank you for organizing this really important panel. We really haven't had a hearing specifically focused on racism this way and so I really want to thank you for your leadership in bringing this foreword. When I saw this on the calendar, I was like, this is brilliant. This is certainly the conversation that we need to have. There are so many thoughts that I have around this topic and conversation. When-- I don't even really know where to begin because it certainly begins before COVID and it certainly begins-- so many of these conversations have been had prior to this, but I think that COVID and the Black Lives Matter movement certainly pushed it up to the forefront in everyone's face in that way. And so, you know, when we are talking about black lives matter, when we're talking about defined NYPD, when we are talking about the disparities that we have

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37 RELATIONS witnessed and experienced in COVID and everyone is searching for answers, a lot of focus was placed on the NYPD as far as answers. The Board of Education in terms of education. But I think for me and I think many artistic and cultural practitioners in the artist community, I think we really know that the solution to all of the issues that everyone is talking about really begins with the work of the cultural community and I feel that what we are seeing play out from COVID to the Black Lives Matter movement is that, throughout our culture here in the United States and abroad, there are decisions made every day about one culture is inferior to another culture. One culture is superior. One is inferior. One is a minority. One is a majority. One matters. One doesn't matter. If we have to make life-anddeath situations or decisions, whose lives do we value? And in the cultural community, I feel like we have such an incredible opportunity, as well as responsibility to be able to address and to start that work about how do we bring all of the cultures that make up New York City. Let's just focus on New York City. How do we bring all of them up to a level playing field so that people recognize that all

39 RELATIONS Bramer brought foreword about tourism in New York 2 3 City, I have yet to see an amazing tourism plan that 4 celebrates and promotes the organizations of color, black organizations, and the outer boroughs in a way that brings that level of tourism here to New York 6 7 City. So, there is so much that needs to be done. 8 will also recognize the importance of partnerships. How do we create partnerships with the larger organizations. And larger in terms of staffing, 10 11 facility, but not necessarily in mission because the 12 missions of these organizations are all equal. But 13 how do we put that work together so that larger organizations are partnering with smaller in size 14 15 organizations to build them up together? So, I guess 16 my question to you-- I have a lot of thoughts, but my 17 question is the world is looking at New York City. And it is hard to recognize when a world is looking 18 at New York City because we are sheltering in place. 19 Were like, who was looking at me in my living room? 20 21 But it is like the world is looking at us for 2.2 leadership and what do you think is the most 2.3 revolutionary thing? Because this is a revolution that is happening right now. It doesn't look-- you 24 25 know, when we read about revolutions, the

00:53:39] for the sector. We can talk in detail, you

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know, what that means. And really, also emphasize this idea public-private partnerships because it is in moments like this that we realize that the city alone cannot do the work that needs to happen. Number two, in terms of -- and like, you know, private philanthropy, we move really slow, so it is really difficult for us, you know, having a year-long granting process, having, you know, a budget that takes a full year to be able to change things, you know, really quickly on our track. That is why I continue to insist on long term, you know, structural change. At an example -- and this is something that my predecessor had worked with you for many years, is, you know, the work that we are doing, as an example, with subsites in Brooklyn and in which there were two-- the public library and inaudible 00:54:46] were coming in and we were also able to make room to BIPOC led and cultural organizations, MOCADA and 651 arts. Right? So, we are constantly looking at what are the opportunities in which you would kind of help, you know, cultural organizations, not only with giving them funding, but also helping them build wealth. Right? By owning their own buildings and by just having a much more sustainable

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In terms of tourism, it is actually a situation. great moment, you know, for cultural organizations outside Manhattan because New York City and Co is really focusing on the idea of hyper local through their all in campaign, they are inviting cultural organizations and offering them a toolkit in which they can participate and [inaudible 00:55:38] and promote their offerings, you know, two New Yorkers were willing to travel from borough to borough because they have nothing else and nowhere else to go. And in terms of sort of the big idea and the big model, it is our hope that we are going to do another round of surveying after six months of the situation of the cultural organizations and continue to work with private philanthropy to see how the data that we collect can help them inform, you know, their priorities in terms of recovery for the cultural sector.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Let me jump in there because I know I have limited time. I just wanted to understand with-- there's a lot of discussion on the Philip topic side that I am hearing, but the conversations I'm hearing, a lot of this corporate philanthropy seems to be happening in

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP 1 43 RELATIONS 2 the for-profit sector. So, I love my businesses. Ι 3 love my small businesses. I love my restaurants. 4 love all of that. The business is. But there does not seem to be this corporate conversation around the cultural institutions for the not-for-profit sector. 6 7 So, I'm hearing a lot of conversations by organizations like Goldman Sachs. Here in Brooklyn 8 New York, the Brooklyn Mets are talking about these conversations. I'm getting wind of a lot of these 10 11 conversations, but it is very difficult to interject-12 - not difficult for me to interject it, but it seems 13 like there is not a spacer window in these conversations for the cultural and not-for-profit 14 15 community. Have you had success, real communications? Is something going to be rolled out 16 17 with Goldman Sachs, Ford foundation, Citigroup, and 18 these groups? All of these I'm just throwing out stuff that are, you know, are saying we recognize 19 that the Black Lives Matter movement has happened and 20 we want to step up to the plate in a real, meaningful 21 2.2 way. Have you seen-- have you participated? 2.3 you--COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yes and no. 24 I just

want to draw a line between corporate and foundation.

COMMISSIONER CASALS:

I'm sorry?

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: No. That would be

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3 great if you could provide examples because--

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Early on--

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: we, as elected's, we also want to get this information out to our groups, as well. And if something like this is happening, I need to be able to promote it.

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Early on, the New York Community Trust, you know, created a consortium of foundations to do the first round of relief and I know they helped a lot of smaller cultural organizations and they are really good at sort of equitable practices both for [inaudible 00:59:31] to offer millions and millions of dollars in recovery. Lately-- and this is something that Chair Van Bramer brought up as important. The Newell foundation announced \$250 million towards monuments and, you know, markers. So, foundations are like really going beyond, you know, the call of duty to react to the needs of the cultural sector. Many of these, with the exception of New York Community Trust are like national label foundation. And part of the work that is trying to do is to make sure that they remember that they are in New York and they remember how

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important, as you said, in terms of leadership and
modeling for the rest of the world, the cultural
sector in New York City is.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: I think that's great and I think it is also great to be able to get that information out as best as you can also to the elected officials. Because monuments are huge also I know that, for the last seven years, I for me. have been trying to get monuments built in my district, particularly for the parks within my district. So, for example, we just did the, prior to the COVID, the Betty Carter Park. And so, I wanted to have a sculpture in recognition of her. wanted to do one in Ebbets Field for Jackie Robinson and others. These types of monuments. But it seems like it's more logistic and paperwork and stories about why it can't happen. It would be easier to build a skyscraper than to build a monument to Betty Carter the way this process has been laid out for us.

commissioner casals: it's just, you know-- and I didn't have the opportunity to answer the comment that Chair Van Bramer made before. And this is no shade to anyone. But, you know, we were talking about processes by the state and by the city.

Right? There's a difference between a political process in the civic process, right? And today we are able to talk about Vinnie's project because there was significant community involvement to the point that the community is the one that's decided, you know, who was the artist and what was the project that needed to go up. And at the time it is messy, but, at the end of the day, yields much better results than just a closed-door process that could happen in no time.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: I just wanted to ask one more question and then close with a statement. There was a lot of discussion. Chair Van Bramer hosted a really gate hearing with Council member Fernando Cabrera in discussions about the creation of the first African-American History Museum in New York City and I know that there has been some discussion about that. I think that would also be a tremendous opportunity with New York City having one of, if not the largest, population of black people outside of the continent of Africa and Brazil, has there been discussion about that particular Museum in regards to the Black Lives Matter movement?

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COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yes. And,

unfortunately, I can't remember exactly at what stage that project is but I can get back exactly to you.

You know, of course, it is in very early stages, but I can get back exactly where we are on that.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: I think for New York City, that would be a huge step in the right direction to addressing all of the systemic issues that we are talking about because education is not a quick fix and education is not the Band-Aid that I quess people are looking for right now. Education is systems being put in place that take a long time to see the results of. But I feel like, and this administration, we have to put that work into effect to make it happen. But I will just close with saying to me, what the black Lives Matter movement, in many ways, represented is that we have to systematically look at our existing systems and work to figure out how do we create real solutions that are bold, different, revolutionary as far as how the issues that this movement brought to the forefront. when we look at black cultural institutions, when we look at institutions of color, I believe it is critical that the Department of Cultural affairs,

2 With a revolutionary way to answer the calls of the 3 Black Lies Matter movement that answer the calls of 4 the defined NYPD movement where those movements are 5 talking about how do we reinvest in more meaningful ways in our communities and to end the over 6 7 criminalization and over policing of communities of 8 color? Now, those are the fundamental ideas of those goals, but we have to figure out, through arts and culture, how do we have the real conversations where 10 11 we are in rooms for hours and weeks and months on end 12 to figure out how can the cultural community be made 13 sure player and the public safety is New York City? And I feel like that is a huge conversation that 14 15 people are putting together. That public safety is, 16 in so many ways, wrapped around cultural 17 understanding, cultural respect, inclusion, 18 tolerance, understanding. We have got to get that in 19 the forefront of the conversation because that is the 20 real conversation. There are a lot of protests and 21 rallies and marches and that is great, but we have to 2.2 figure out where does the rubber meets the road on 2.3 those very important issues? So, I am still looking for something bold from the Department of Cultural 24 25 Affairs to answer that. I want to be at that press

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conference when we roll it out and I want to be at the forefront and be the most excited champion cheerleader for that. I will and there and I will

5 turn it back over to Chair Van Bramer.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much, Majority Leader, for your passion and your voice and all of this work. I just want to say, Gonzalo, Commissioner Casals, you can always throw shade the Governors when they at my committee hearings. Do not, and anyway, apologize for that. agree with you that how they do monuments is very different than how we do monuments. But I think the frustration about the pace and the delay of important works like Vinnie Bagwell's. You know, you are absolutely correct that, when you have a politically driven monument process, boy, you can get done lightning fast. But that does not negate the very real frustration about what is happening with the city efforts that are more inclusive of community input and voices. So, I want to say that. I assume that shade was directed the Governor's way. Did not answer unless you feel free to answer that question. The second, I want to say this. You know, and it gets a little bit to the Majority Leaders, you know,

51 RELATIONS 2 big thinking. And this is me speaking personally, 3 but, you know, when we talk about corporate 4 philanthropy, you know, I just want to remind everyone that, you know, the wealthiest billionaires in this country have had their net worth grow by \$80 6 7 trillion since COVID happened. And that is obscene 8 and immoral. And while Goldman Sachs and Citigroup 9 and others have corporate philanthropy and that is good, if we just taxed billionaires and corporations 10 11 in the way that they should be taxed, then we would 12 have the resources that we need to actually fund the 13 programs and the services that we could at least 14 attempt to do it far more equitably. And, you know, 15 I just want to quote Abraham Kendy who wrote that you 16 can't be antiracist without being anti-capitalist and 17 I believe that at night, you know-- it is appalling 18 that we talk about resources and we have 19 conversations about resources and then we you know 20 that Jeff Bezos and all of these billionaires have 21 had incredible gains in their net worth. Several 2.2 people gaining hundreds of billions of dollars while 2.3 so many people, in particular BIPOC communities, have suffered and lost. And I think we have come to a 24 25 moment of reckoning in this country side of the men

are worth hundreds and hundreds of billions of dollars and the vast majority of people in this country don't have enough to eat and can't pay the rent. And that is a part of the structural racism that we are talking about today. So, I just wanted to mention that and throw that into this discussion. I know that Council member Inez Barron has joined the hearing and I want to recognize Council member Barron and see if there are any other Council members that have questions for Commissioner Casals before we move on to hearing from members of the public in the cultural community, which I am anxious to have that dialogue. So, Brenda and others will let me know if there any other Council members. Commissioner Casals, do you have any other closing words before we potentially move on?

the Majority Leader said, we only have 14 more months, probably the three of us, to work together.

Into the sense of urgency that comes from the pandemic and the reckoning with racial injustice in our society, there's a sense of urgency of, you know, how much longer the three of us are going to be

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gathering spaces so that this is not a temporary.

2 But I also want to say at the same time that it shows-- those murals in the ability to obtain our 3 streets show what is possible. Prior to COVID, if I 4 said I wanted to paint a street Bought Lives Matter, the amount of paperwork and bureaucracy that would 6 7 have made it impossible to do, it is exciting to see how the will of the people can move and can change 8 things. And I think it is important for people to continue to raise their voices and that way because 10 11 that shows that it matters. That that voice matters. 12 But, at the same time, I don't want any of us to 13 become satisfied were complacent with the fact that painting the streets is what we were asking for. 14 15 Those are really symbolic gestures that are symbolic of the history and the period in time, but they are, 16 17 in no way, an answer or a solution to the systemic 18 issues that are really bubbling far beneath the ground of the streets that they are painted on. 19 the murals, the portraits, the statues are wonderful 20 21 and necessary, but the deep-rooted work still needs 2.2 to happen and I am going to continue to work these 2.3 next 14 months, along with Chair Van Bramer and the rest of the members on this committee and is well 24 25 with you, Commissioner, to see to it that we leave

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the opportunity for us to actually be in two places at the same time, so I was here in another place and did not get an opportunity to hear. But my question— as everyone knows, I've come in talking about the inequity and the injustices that black people have experienced starkly, so that is nothing new. So, just to get quickly— and perhaps it is already something that has been addressed. Terms of the commitment to Vinnie Borrows and do we have a timetable and when will that happen? Because we don't want it to linger— so, if you could quickly respond. I see you nodding your head. So, if you could quickly—

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: give me an answer.

COMMISSIONER CASALS: I mentioned it before. The project is on pause now. It is one of our priorities to restart. It is my hope that it will restart soon. You know, contracting human design. Sort of a construction design. My hope is that, by next year we are going to be seeing that and if you other monuments happening.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: So, has she been given a contract? Is all of that--

related capital projects and projects that have

already been in contradiction.

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LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP 1 RELATIONS 2 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Okay. Thank you. 3 Mr. Chair, I would just as a committee within the 4 city Council to push that. To get a firm date. Because we are talking about the injustices that we have been subjected to. In all due respect to all of 6 7 the panelists here, we need a date to be able to say 8 we understand and we want to make sure that we are

that this will happen. We don't want to have, oh, it 10

going to take an action that will, in fact, guarantee

11 can't happen. You know, so I would urge this

12 committee took push for a target date for that

13 contract to be signed so that we can make sure that

that goes forward. And I just want to encourage 14

15 everybody to realize that this is an opportunity for

16 us to change what has existed. There's been a lot of

17 talk and a lot of symbolism and now we want to make

18 sure that, when we come through this on the other

19 side, that our cultural institutions in fact have a

20 presentation and a demonstration that we acknowledge

21 that our libraries, the our museums, and other

2.2 cultural institutions have not gotten their fair

2.3 share and I do have to go back to the fight that was

waged by our predecessors, particularly my husband 24

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when he was a Council member. To fight because he

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was the one who made it an issue. No. There is not equitable funding here. So, we've got to do that. Play that groundwork. Build on that and pass it on to those who are coming behind so that it can be concretize and we can see tangible demonstrations of the push and the move towards getting that kind of representation that talks about all of the things that we have contributed in so many facets of our culture. An understanding that culture is not just the arts. It is our language. It's our history. It's all of those things that define us as a people. So, thank you very much, Mr. Chair, for the opportunity to be able to share. Thank you.

Barron, thank you very much and I want to assure you that I asked the Commissioner two rounds of questions about this particular piece and I agree that the administrations pause here is absolutely insufficient and we need a commitment when you're correct that we need dates and we need a contract. Vinnie is going to be speaking soon and testify herself and we are thrilled to have her here and we will continue to push. You know, while I am no big fan of the governor, I did reference that there was a statue of

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Mother Cabrini commissioned and built within a year and this very, very important piece of work is on pause by the Office of Management and Budget without any line of restarting. So, the Commissioner Casals knows how we feel and I believe he wants to get this done, but— and I also asked him in his conversations with the Mayor. We've just got to get it done. And Commissioner Casals, maybe you want to address some of Council member Barron's concerns, but also the importance of doing this. I saw your— you gave Council member Barron, I suppose, a bit of a timeline in next year, but maybe you can speak to some of the specifics.

timeline, again, until the project starts, but by a at the risk of boring all of you, you know, I work in East Harlem. [inaudible 01:21:15] for eight years. I gave a lot of tool wars that would point out at that monument and the injustices that monument and it was instrumental when I was part of the monument commission that the Mayor had put together and making sure that that monument was taken down. This is not a way of defending, you know, the position of the administration were to use the frustrations that we

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members that would like to ask a question, if you can please raise your hand now just to double check. are not seeing any other hands, so we will move to the public portion of this hearing. So, now that we have concluded the administration's testimony, we will turn to the public testimony. I would like to remind everyone that individuals will be called up in panels. So, for members of the public, please wait until your name is called. So, we've noticed a few people raising their hand in the Zoom and we will call on you first as part of a panel and then individually. Council members, if you have questions for a particular panelist, please use the raise hand function in zoom and you will be called on after everyone in a panel has completed their testimony in the order that you raised your hand. There are approximately four individuals per panel. For panelists and members of the public, once your name is called, a member of our staff will unmute you in the Sergeant-at-arms will give you the go-ahead to begin after setting the timer. All testimony will be limited to three minutes today. Please wait for the Sergeant-at-arms to announce that you may begin before starting your testimony. So, we will begin

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP 1 63 RELATIONS 2 with the first panel now and, in order of speaking, this panel will be Melody Capote, Sade Lythcott, 3 4 Vinnie Bagwell, and Atiba Edwards. So, I will call 5 on you one at a time. The first panel list and witness when the public is Melody Capote. 6 7 SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Your time starts now. MELODY CAPOTE: Good morning, Mr. 8 9 Chairman and members of the city Council and Commissioner Casals. My name is Melody Capote, 10 executive director of the Caribbean Cultural Center 11 12 African Diaspora Institute. I still can't breathe. 13 I appeared before you in June and told you then that 14 I can't breathe. And, to my great embarrassment, 15 nothing was done. While I still can't breathe, 16 because after George Floyd smarter, more of my 17 relatives have been killed for living while black. 18 ask you this. If Breonna Taylor were your daughter, would you be able to breathe? I still can't breathe 19 20 because I still have to have a talk with my black son 21 who believes that it -- that is death by law 2.2 enforcement -- can't happened to him, yet I know 2.3 better. I still can't breathe because the city Council in the administration speak about the special 24 row of arts and culture and healing a community whose

technical assistance. And, lastly, fund on a

negotiated basis, the Institute for Racial and Social

Justice for Arts and Culture housed presently at the

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considering, as a pilot, you know, the barriers to access public funds, if, you know, release a portion or the totality of the city grant could go to Geo West would not to the service to the public, which could be a huge-- in a moment like this could be a huge support to cultural organization and open up the opportunity to support other projects like building capacity for their organization.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Sure, but could the department do more and allocate more very specifically towards capacity building for any by BIPOC organizations?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: In addition to what I just said, which is a general sort of funds that go for CDF, very much like what we did in the past with the [inaudible 01:29:41] money which was added funds in organizations in neighborhoods that we felt that needed it the most, it usually aligns with culturally specific organizations. We're doing a portion of the funds as part of COVID relief and another one as part of arts in education relief and they are sending, you know, that those are two of the places in which organizations have been hardest hit.

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move on to our next panelist, but, obviously, Melody,

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I always appreciate you bringing fierce challenging comments to our hearings.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. The next panelist will be Sade Lythcott.

SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

SADE LYTHCOTT: Good morning. Thank you, Chair Van Bramer, Majority Leader Cumbo, Commissioner Casals, and all of the city Council members and DC LA present today. My name is Sade Lythcott. I testify today as the CEO of the National Black Theater, the oldest continually run black theater in New York. I am also proudly the Chair of Coalitions of Theaters of Color, a coalition that represents the largest body of culturally specific theaters in the city representing 52 cultural institutions across all five boroughs, each year serving millions of New Yorkers with vitally needed cultural, educational, and economic resources and opportunities for youth, seniors, families, and local neighborhoods into the broader residents living in the outer boroughs. These are the same people and communities who have suffered systemic underinvestment and oppression that has resulted in the overwhelming and disproportionate number of

funding, creating secure funding for the communities

2 | that have been systemically disenfranchised,

3 marginalized, and historically oppressed. Next,

4 adding justice to all diverse city equity, and

5 | inclusion initiatives. It is not enough to just try

6 to shift white organizations and institutions, but

7 justice must sit at the center of this work next,

8 recognize and terminate systemic racism and other

9 | barriers to fair and just distribution of resources,

10 access, and opportunities by auditing, and knowledge,

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

with policy systems, programs, and services. In conclusion, black lives matter, but black lives matter is not a moment. I would argue it's not even a movement. Black lives matter is a value proposition. It is about taking accountability and dismantling structural inequities that keep our people, communities, and institutions on the margins struggling for basic survival. From the disproportionate impact of COBID-19, to the murder of George Floyd, the city must play a vital role in

creating economic parity, justice, anything less is

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contributing to the problem. Will you commit to
being a part of the solution? Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much for all your work and, as you stated, we fought very hard, in particular the Majority Leader and myself for Coalition Theaters of Color, so any credible increased two years ago, not this past year, and did not cut any of the funding this year. are right that it shouldn't be such a big fight and I absolutely support your recommendations and believe that base lighting all of this funding-- obviously, there is the second player in this part, which is the administration and the Mayor and the Department of Cultural Affairs, so I absolutely support and will fight for all of those things that you have mentioned. With the Majority Leader and this committee and I will ask Commissioner Casals if you would like to respond to those recommendations, as well, and on behalf of the Mayor.

COMMISSIONER CASALS: I don't think I have much more to that at. I'm just going to stay in the hearing and just here for the sector.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Okay but baselining, do you support baselining? I realize you

1 73 RELATIONS have a voice. This is excellent. 2 I want to begin by 3 expressing my deepest gratitude, frankly, to Mayor 4 Bill de Blasio and the first lady Charlene McCray, for creating an endowed pathway for new public art that represents marginalized people and that reflects 6 7 our evolving culture in New York City. I am the 8 artist who will be creating victory to replace the J. Marion Sims culture on Fifth Avenue. And the architect, Bryce Turner and I appreciate the 10 11 opportunity to employ our work as an innovative 12 method of historical preservation, education, and 13 advancement of equity for the city of New York. I also want to express my heartfelt thanks to the Hon. 14 15 Inez Barron, Ward 11 and the community at large for 16 their collective advocacy of my work. I am here 17 today to support the improvements for the [inaudible 18 01:39:32] art program particularly as it pertains to public art about the history of people of color. 19 20 Experience has informed me of what best practices 21 look like for public art competitions. I created the 2.2 first public artwork of a contemporary African-2.3 American to be conditioned by a municipality in the United States. I have been a finalist for 36 times. 24

I have one 21 commissions in the last 10 years.

RELATIONS 2 the public art arena, we have been discussing the 3 need for diversity for a number of years. I've been 4 a keynote speaker for best practices for the American for the arts, their semi-annual conventions. I have also won the inaugural George and Darlene Perez prize 6 7 for civic engagement. On topic, I sincerely hope that the city of New York retains all the budgets and 8 lifts the suspension for the She Built NYC victory, the Lyons family, Tito Fuente, and the other 10 11 commissions that pertain to the history of people of 12 color. Because, as the largest repository of public 13 art in the country and the capital of the art world, the voice of artists in New York is more important 14 15 now than ever. According to research data, the most 16 successful public art projects involve both the 17 artist and the community at the onset of the project 18 to encourage a sense of shared ownership and collective affiliation. [Inaudible 01:40:51] 19 20 happened for me for victory. The effort of creating 21 art for public places is not solitary. Of course, 2.2 these days, virtual attendance is becoming the norm 2.3 in New York City must set a higher standard for community participation. With the victory 24 commission, there was a significant disconnect 25

called to the carpet by the oversight committee.

The

2 former Commissioner quit his job the day after 3 That's what took four months to have your 4 first two meetings. And most of that time in those two meetings were spent shooting down the design and imposing a deconstruction of the design. 6 They are calling for major adjustments to the design. A bias 7 8 for style on this subject on the part of cultural affairs and then design seems more than apparent. The pandemic began more than five months after the 10 11 announcement of the winner. It is an excuse for 12 procrastination now. I believe there are things that 13 can be done. Mr. Casals, it's nice to make you acquaintance, finally. You've been in office for 14 15 more than six months and you have not reached out to me not want to even introduce yourself or declare 16 17 your commitment as a person of color yourself to 18 continue the important commissions for people of color in the city. Why haven't we met? For your 19 20 information, I always have to reach out twice. 21 takes days, sometimes weeks before your director gets 2.2 back to me. [inaudible 01:43:11] is 48 hours. 2.3 media has been more forthcoming with information coming out of your office. I have had our long 24 discussions with new thinkers and writers for the New 25

2 York Times and Time magazine. Can you confirm that 3 the funding is secure? I can't seem to get any 4 answer to that question. Even with the suspension of public art, why can't we at least begin the process of negotiating an agreement? Because I can almost 6 7 guarantee you that right there is going to take quite 8 a bit of time going back-and-forth. When will you be setting the date to begin a negotiation? There are a lot of things we can do while you're waiting for the 10 11 pandemic to pass. And, by the way, regarding my 12 governor, you better not say nothing bad about my 13 governor. This man had his office call me on day two 14 to make me an essential business so that I could 15 finish public art. Mother Cabrini got done in six months. That is unprecedented in the public art 16 17 world. And I understand you guys do it differently 18 than the state, but the point that I am making is 19 that I disagree. I do not think that the Office of 20 Cultural Affairs is doing enough. You can use your 21 finger and dial and talk. You can at least start 2.2 with talking. Even if your hands are bound and 2.3 gagged for initiating the actual execution of the agreement, we can talk. I would appreciate that much 24 25 for starters. I look forward to advancing the vision

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Thank you.

of the city of New York by creating this artwork.

And I just think it is so important to inform viewers that artistry is a powerful and useful tool of social transformation. It's capable of convincing our thoughts, stilling our minds, and renewing our hopes and aspirations. I really appreciate the extra time.

With respect to victory and your work here, when is the last— what is sort of the last concrete discussion you've had with the Department of Cultural Affairs or this administration and, as Council member Barron was talking about, right, there's no contract, right? We see to be stuck in a very early stage here with respect to even you, the artist.

VINNIE BAGWELL: February 4th, 2020 is the last meeting that we had February 4th, 2020.

Again, I understand reality. I have not badgered. I played back. I haven't said much. I check in every now and then to say, hey, how's it going? What are we doing? Kendall Henry's responses you will know when we know. Well, evidently, you don't know. But it doesn't mean that we can't start negotiating the contract. I have been neck associating the contract

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with the city of Norfolk for eight months. It takes a while. The language isn't always fair and equitable for the artist when you are talking to municipalities. Often times, municipalities, and is always me, me, me, it's all about you. So, I don't expect the city of New York to be much different. I am probably going to need some adjustment to that agreement. Why can I get a hard copy? A draft to at least go over with my attorney? If it is perfect and it's great, fine. Then we will wait for you to say, let's execute. But to wait until you are ready to execute and then have to take another year and a century to negotiate the contract is not a good use of the time. That's my point.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you.

Commissioner, I understand you probably aren't interested in discussing all of the internals about this, but this is a very important— let me just finish, Commissioner Casals. This is a very important piece of work, as you know. Right?

Replacing a horrific statue honoring a horrific person and so, there is so much here, right and yet you have an artist who is incredibly frustrated. You have Also members who are rightfully incredibly

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make this happen?

get the approval for the funding to be taken the

pause off, get this done more quickly, right? I

forget the exact date when Vinnie was awarded and

chosen as the artist here, but, you know, this is

dragging on for years, potentially and how can you

move this faster? What can the administration do to

COMMISSIONER CASALS: I believe-- May I call you Vinnie? I believe we're at the one year mark, probably, since-- you're muted. Can you unmute Vinnie Bagwell?

VINNIE BAGWELL: October 4th was the presentation on the finals. October 6th was the announcement of the official winner. It's been more than a year.

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yeah. A year and a few weeks. Let me clarify a couple things. One is that this is not a funding issue. This is a cashflow issue. The funding for this project is secure and it's in place. The question is where can we start on unpausing or removing the pause on capital projects based on the city's cashflow. That is much larger than, you know, the Department of Cultural Affairs. It has to do the with the city finances. And then I

for a city that is going through what we are going,

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you know, if there was the political will to do it, if there was a priority memo, if you will, from the Mayor to OMB, this would get unleashed and fast tracked right away. Right? Just right away and I think that is what we are missing here. You know, making this a priority. So, you know, I also just want to clarify one thing because I understand you're saying that in the process, Commissioner Casals, you need to work with the person who's actually going to build this first, work out that agreement. But that doesn't preclude you— does that preclude you from having a conversation with Vinnie and—

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Not at all.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So--

at all. And that's the part in which I wanted to—
as a second point, I wanted to apologize. I been in
contact with Marin Ortiz which has been organized in
the community around this project. I have also been
in contact with Council member Ayala mostly in a
reactive way when they were wanting to know
something. They wanted to put pressure on this.
Then I would, you know, answer the phone. Apologize,
Vinnie, for not reaching out proactively, but I just

terms of your personal experience here and moving--

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COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS

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2 VINNIE BAGWELL: Well, you know, this is 3 a very interesting time. People are only now 4 learning about the public art arena. This is a white patriarch arena. Was on the phone a couple weeks ago with the time magazine and I was trying to explain to 6 7 them that you will not see a major change in the public art arena unless people make an effort to help 8 neophytes get in. It is the kind of arena where you have to be invited in. You can't win, normally, a 10 11 million-dollar commission unless you have had a 12 million-dollar commission. That is why this is so 13 important to me. Besides the fact that I want to make this work, having one this commission now takes 14 15 me off of the bronze ceiling. For people who are 16 trying to get into the arena-- for instance, women 17 of any color. Women, people of color -- that want 18 to get into the arena, they are going to need some handholding. The question I want to know, aside from 19 20 my personal concerns, is how does the City of New York intend to enable new artists that want to come 21 2.2 into the arena to come in? Because part of the 2.3 challenge for those people is they need leadership. So, whoever is running the commission needs to be 24

able to know how to support those people. I assume

that that is not in place now, but that might be something that you might want to consider developing. Some kind of program that helps new artist-- people who have never had public art before who are worthy because of the quality of their work-- to be able to participate in the public art program in New York City. I think that is going to be important all over the country because the principalities have not created some kind of safety net for the new people to come in, they are not going to be welcomed in. Nobody is going to give somebody \$1 million, 500,000, \$100,000 to make public art when they have never done it before. You're going to need some kind of transitional program. Someone who already knows the ropes to be able to support them when they first win. So, I don't know how that is going to happen, but that is going to be a major transformation of the public part arena. Creating some sort of wherewithal for new people to come in. Otherwise, you're going to continue to see white people needing to do public art projects for people of color because there are no people of color in the arena. I am one of the very few.

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that's why this hearing is so important in these

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types of conversations are so important. Because, until you have lived the situation, you can't really articulate where the barriers are. So, I really appreciate you for articulating the barriers and, while this is not why role on the side, Commissioner Casals has been working with best in many ways in terms of having those kinds of conversations. your frustration and you are totally on point and on board with your frustration in terms of the lines of communication. I would just say, for Commissioner Casals, I know that when you first got this position in the middle of COVID, he also had COVID-- and not the type of COVID you stay at home with. The type of COVID that you've got to go to the hospital and fight for your life. So, I know he's not articulating that in the same way, but being thrown into a new commissionership with COVID, having to fight for your life, and learning the ropes and not being able to meet and fully grasp your staff because of the challenges has been a difficult one. But I would say everything you have said is spot on and that is the role to the type of revolutionary work that we need to see. More women that look like you need to be at the forefront of creating art that is representative

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and thank you.

of us, as well as everyone. You know, you should be designated to doing work about black women only. You could do statues of people of all races and nationalities the way we been subjected to. So, you know, it's important for us to have those conversations and I appreciate your honesty, your frankness, and you are getting it out on the table

and speaking truth to power. So, I appreciate that

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much, Majority Leader Cumbo. And for a very sensitively raising some of the challenges that Commissioner Casals has faced. But I want to just maybe go back to a bigger picture piece that part of Vinnie Bagwell's experience. The referenced, previously Commissioner Finkelpearl's departure, you know, obviously, you know I have great suspect for. There are some that his departure was, in some ways, associated with from the debates around public art and statues and monuments. So, having that, maybe you can, Commissioner Casals, go through some of the bigger picture, right? The status of She Build, the status of all of the public art and the statues. talked a little bird about sort of all of them being

on pause. All of them-- again, that is not your call. That is the Office of Management and Budget who has paused thousands of projects all over the city, but can you talk to us about the status of all of that? You know, the commission, you know, and all of these public art works including Vinnie's and what you're now doing. And I know we've talked a little bit about this, but what you're now doing to break that log jam and get these works back on track.

COMMISSIONER CASALS: So, one of the ones that is already on track is because— is the Shirley Chisholm monument. And that is because it's tied to a capital project, the very same plaza in which the monument is going to be placed has started. And so that project— and they are like tied together.

That project is started. I don't have a specific timeline avoid it is going to be finished, but, like I said, you know, probably it is going to be sometime next year and the other two that were our priority is victory be on and Tito Fuente. We will just continue to work. They are both in different stages. Tito Fuentes is in the moment that we need some of the funds released so the— we can pay the artist to

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1	COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP
	RELATIONS 92
2	have release the funds for this project, which is \$1
3	million, again, within the skill of the city's
4	budget, you know, the rounding error, but, let's just
5	say that. How quickly what is the timeline for
6	getting this done? If that best of all case scenario
7	happens.
8	COMMISSIONER CASALS: Yeah. And let's
9	assume that nothing else happens for the rest of
10	the
11	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Fair enough.
12	COMMISSIONER CASALS: the next year.
13	We're looking I'm just looking at an email that I
14	have specifics, but I'm not going to delay this much
15	more. We are looking at around a year once, you
16	know, things are in block and everything is going.
17	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: A year and
18	please share all our year and to the beginning?
19	COMMISSIONER CASALS: Completion.
20	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: And that
21	includes the artist's time and everything that Vinnie
22	needs to do to get
23	COMMISSIONER CASALS: Contract

joining this. I think this was an important

Brooklyn and New York City at large. And it was

really a full circle opportunity because I grew up 2 3 coming to this museum more times than I can even 4 remember. Earlier this year, I was appointed to the Chair of the CEIG DEI committee which is now renamed to the IDEA committee. Inclusion, diversity, equity, 6 7 and access. We are working on many different things, 8 but one of our current focuses is really on workforce development as it's essential that we change the makeup of the staff of our cultural organization as 10 11 that is a key part of shifting the culture of these 12 organization. Without a doubt, we need to improve 13 upon and expand the staff who are working in a 14 variety of positions from entry level through 15 executive at cultural institutions and it's very important, Commissioner Van Bramer-- you mentioned 16 17 this in your opening remarks that our staff should 18 reflect the culture of New York City. And our work 19 isn't just on bringing in diverse talent, but, more 20 important focused on supporting them to advance in 21 all positions because when we are joining these organizations that historically are white, a diverse 2.2 2.3 person joining a space like this oftentimes can be very traumatic. So that's why we think support is 24 25 essential and it's starting to come to fruition.

2 many cases, the CIG's have started to lay the 3 groundwork through their DEI plans and other internal 4 work such as getting support and buy-in amongst their staff, leadership, and boards. And that is just some of the groundwork, but it's an essential part, to get 6 7 this journey completed. Myself and many other CIG 8 members and staff members have decided to join an organization and in organizations that have a spotty history when you think about structural racism. 10 11 of these organizations were founded in the 1800s to 12 1900s and all. So, that is one of the key reasons 13 why it is important for us to be systematic in our 14 approach and to changing the all too prevalent 15 structural racism that exists so that, when we are starting to realize this change, the changes both 16 17 sustained as part of a daily practice, but also 18 integral to everything these organizations are doing. 19 And I would be remorse to say that more often than 20 not, the work will feel like it's never moving 21 quickly, but do keep in mind we are changing and 2.2 rewriting and, in some cases, centuries of systemic 2.3 issues, but we are working on that. That change is happening and also the last couple years to do that. 24 25 And I think, to close out with a quote from James

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Baldwin, the world before you and you need not take it or leave it as it was when you came in. And the reason why I really keep that close to my heart is that it guides the work I do here and it guides the work that the IDEA committee will be doing and the CIGs are doing. We've entered a world that is founded during structural racist times and we're working to change that. So, thank you again for this time and I open the floor back up.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very So, how has your experience been? I realize much. you're chairing the IDEA committee and you work for a particular institution, so there's your experience within the institution you're currently working at. But maybe you can speak to some of the larger organizations within the CIGs that are predominately white. You know, are people moving? Are people doing things? Are you seeing the progress that you would want to see or is there a lot of resistance? Is there more talk rather than action? Mean, talk to us a little bit about what you are experiencing is the Chair of this committee.

ATIBA EDWARDS: I think there has been progress. I don't think there will ever be enough

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progress because achieving diversity, inclusion, equity, and access, it is not a static place where you sit and celebrate. It requires ongoing work and really reflecting the times. If you think about the work that was needed five years ago and work that is needed five months ago, they definitely overlap in many cases, but there is still new things that we need to take on. So, one of the essential parts where the DEI plans that were created, as they help quide institutions on the work that needs to get done and how it is going to be measured. So, to your question, I think there has and there will continue to be work across all institutions, but I would never say-- I don't think enough will be the adequate There's work that's happening and it will never be enough because we're really rewriting history in many ways. So, institutions are working. They're doing some self-reflection. They're being called out in some cases and being held to task, but I think you are seeing reactions and response to guide the work. And some of it is coming and some of it will come in the future as we continue to get to a place where we can share things publicly across all So, I can really speak on behalf of Brooklyn

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Children's Museum and then the CIG's at large, but I
would say work is happening and there's still a lot
of work to be done.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: And I realize you may not have sort of numbers and figures in front of you, but can you sense, do you see progress in hiring at leadership levels and, you know, I know that some of the very large institutions have made statements about structural racism within the institutions and that is a form of progress, I suppose, but there's also the need to make real the words into action in terms of leadership development and actual hiring in terms of curators and artistic directors and CEOs and whatnot. And are you even feeling that sort of anecdotally and in your experience or is it more words at this point?

it. And it's one thing to stand with and stand alongside, but it's another thing to actually walk the talk. So, we're starting to see that. So, a key part is the workforce development because that's developing the bench. That's supporting the bench to advance from entry level to C suite and higher so we can really put together a welcome environment where

development is a key part of that because we're

working to strengthen the bench so that when it's out

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time to step up, we have that ability to step into
these positions and lead them to a better and
brighter future.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much, Atiba, for your testimony and for your work. know it's not easy to create the structural change that you are engaged in particularly of these institutions. I want to recognize Council member Helen Rosenthal has joined our hearing today, as well, and very, very thrilled that so many Council members who are not on the committee have chosen to attend this hearing. I think the tops is such--Commissioner Casals, your cat is adorable behind you there. But I do want to say I think we've been joined by so many Council members who are not on this cultural affairs committee because the topic is so important and so relevant and everyone wants to be a part of it which is great. With that, I will turn it back over to our counsel for the second panel.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, Chair

Van Bramer. Before we move to the second panel, if

we could just check if there are any other Council

members who have questions for this panel. If you

could please raise your hand if you have questions.

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the statue was very joyous and the other day we had a press conference that was intended to be in front of the new statue or the placard marking why the Sims statue came down because the women at Mount Sinai Hospital— the women physicians and medical students are suing the hospital and the medical school there for gender discrimination.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yes. Of course, Council member, continue.

Thank you. COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And you should just know that it is incredibly heartbreaking to show up and I thought the work was already done. I just don't go over there often. I'm not following this too closely. And to see that it was still just the pedestal there with a placard that I don't as anyone-- I don't think it's adequate. It was very disappointing. I just want to double down on what the Chair has said over and over and over again. The significance of putting up the new statue. I just can't-- I just want to double down on what the Chair has said and what Council member Barron has said and others in the community have said. What Vinnie has created is very exciting and,

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP 1 104 RELATIONS 2 given what is happening in the world for the past two 3 years, everyone is beyond excited to see the new work, you know, if you are prioritizing things, I 4 5 really do hope that this is number one on your list. There are so many people who want it and the Chair of 6 7 the Committee on Women in Gender, you should probably more important to a lot of people that this new 8 statute, that Vinnie's statute goes up. So, think Q, 9 Chair for giving me a minute to share my thoughts. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you for 12 joining us and your important contributions to this discussion Council member Rosenthal. I see Vinnie 13 has raised her hand. I don't know if Commissioner 14 15 Casals wants to respond to Council member Rosenthal 16 at all, but if the staff could unmute Vinnie who 17 wants to say something. 18 VINNIE BAGWELL: I just wanted to say that the victory beyond Sims maquette is on view at 19 20 the Hudson River Museum in Yonkers until January 22nd if anybody wants to [inaudible 02:21:39]. 21 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Can you say 23 that again just so everyone has it and its in the

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record?

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miniature version of the sculpture that I'm proposing, victory beyond Sims, the maquette is on view at the Hudson River Museum in Yonkers, New York through January, I believe 22nd. So, if anybody is curious and they just want to see it up close, it's on public view until January 2nd at the Hudson River Museum in Yonkers, New York.

10 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: That's
11 fantastic. Thank you all.

12 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you.

Thank you, Vinnie. Counsel?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: All right. Thank you so much, Chair Van Bramer. With that, we'll move to the next panel. I'll start by calling all of the panelists and then call you one by one for your testimony. So, the second public panel will be Taryn Sacramone, Amy Andrieux— and please excuse any pronunciation errors. Rocky Bucano and Raymond Codrington. So, next, we will start with Taryn Sacramone.

23 | SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

24 TARYN SACRAMONE: Hi. Good afternoon.

Thank you for creating this space for this morning's

affects on youth. Our staff members are doing the

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and strategies including skill building and facilitation. Of course you heard Melody Capote of Caribbean Cultural Center African Diaspora Institute launch the Arts Go Black initiative offering antiracism training to dozens of Culture Three participants. When the Coalition of Theaters of Color was fully funded for this year, it was celebrated as an important moment for all on a call. There's a growing Pass the Mic Campaign where organizations with large social media followings lend their platforms to BIPOC-led organizations. Each CIG member completed an access, diversity, inclusion plan, but we've also been working together with—

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

TARYN SACRAMONE: leadership. I'm proud to be a member of the committee that [inaudible 02:25:57] meeting. I want to recognize the leaders of Coalition of Theaters of Color and other BIPOC-led organization because it's only because of their decades of work that we have an opportunity to make change for the better. The work is internal and external, invisible, and visible, short and long-term. Most importantly, it is ongoing. I want to

museum contributing to the revitalization of 2 neighboring black communities, politically, socially, 3 4 economically. This origin story is similarly true for many black arts institutions across the country. Most, if not all, of our institutions were created 6 7 within a different cultural framework that are peers. 8 Our work is grounded in deconstructing colonial systems through the cultural and artistic lands and we welcome those who have been systemically left out 10 11 through arts education. The legacy of the cultural 12 equity groups [inaudible 02:27:41], the work of the 13 People's cultural plan and the cultural justice initiative also speaks to this. Simply said, our 14 15 institutions have a double mandate or a double remit 16 that goes beyond just being arts and culture 17 practitioners or making art for art's sake. We are 18 critical resources for community. Safe spaces that deliver mutual aid in all of its forms. Black lives 19 20 have always mattered. Black safety and social 21 justice have always been our work. And, yet, 2.2 nationally, African-American museums are underfunded 2.3 due to historical barriers and cultural preferences for charitable giving. Only 6% of minority 24 organizations receive comparable funding from 25

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RELATIONS individual donors to the organization serving mostly white patrons. Virtually none of us are accredited, if you have endowments beyond, and many of us have had to cut staff, programs, or projects in order to remain open during non-COVID years. In recent weeks, we have seen firsthand how fragile: COVID-19 and racism, especially when placed in the hands of broad legislation with little understanding of the nature of our lives and the systemic limitations placed upon them due to even slight hint of misinterpretation. So where do we go from here? I leave you with three questions to consider. How might the city and the philanthropic community review the strategy work that has already been done by thought leaders in the black community then and now instead of seeking voices outside of our community to speak for or collect data on our behalf? Two, go beyond the performative to allocate baselined funding for black arts institutions that comparable to those received by mainstream organization. And three, proactively commit to a long-term plan. 50 years, 100 years to ensure the sustainability of black arts institutions, the livelihood of black artists, and the survival of the communities that we serve. Thank you.

Thank you very

1 RELATIONS 2 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER:

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much, Amy, for-- what's that? Thank you very much, Amy, for your leadership at MOCADA and your three core suggestions or recommendations, shall I say. And absolutely all should and need to happen. And, you know, I think the first thing we have to do is commit as a city to not cutting funding for the arts and that would be a start and then, you know, obviously I've mentioned some ideas today. Obviously a support, you know, cutting \$1 billion from the NYPD at a minimum and reallocating those funds, but also I called earlier for fair and aggressive taxation of billionaires and corporations that would not force us into this position of austerity where we are saying we don't have any money, yet, Jeff Bezos is worth \$250 billion. So, we can do these things if we have the political will to reimagine how we operate as a society. And that includes taking on the billionaire class in a way that is real and reallocating resources to the BIPOC communities, in particular, who have been robbed of so much of those resources that now sit in the hands of men like Jeff Bezos. shouldn't just single him out. He's not the only straight, white, male billionaire in the world, but

- is the richest, so he gets top billing, so to speak.
- 3 So, thank you, Amy, for that and your leadership.
- 4 And I do want to also recognize and thank
- 5 Commissioner Casals for staying at these hearings.
- 6 When we use to have them at City Hall, the
- 7 commissioner would normally speak and then, after she
- 8 or he took questions from Council members would leave
- 9 the hearing in Commissioner Casals, since taking on
- 10 | this job, is committed to staying and listening to
- 11 | all of the public testimony. So, I just want to
- 12 recognize that from the Commissioner and thank him
- 13 | for that. Amy, thank you again I will move on to the
- 14 next panelist.

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- 15 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you very
- 16 | much, Chair Van Bramer. The third member of this
- 17 panel will be rocky Bucano. Mr. Bucano, you may
- 18 start when the Sergeant calls the clock.
- 19 | SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.
- 20 ROCKY BUCANO: Thank you, Council
- 21 | members. New York City Council members. Thank you,
- 22 | Chair Van Bramer and thank you Majority Leader Laurie
- 23 | Cumbo. My name is Rocky Bucano. I am the executive
- 24 director of the Universal Hip Hop Museum and I am
- 25 | bringing you my testimony from our Revolution of Hip

RELATIONS 2 Hop experience which is a temporary sneak preview of 3 the future Museum which will be located at the Bronx 4 Point. I would like to bring up a few issues. think the opening testimony by Majority Leader Councilwoman Cumbo was indicative of everything that 6 7 hip pop represents. Hip-hop has always been the 8 voice of the voiceless. It is been in the middle of the Black Lives Matter discussion since its inception. So, to us, Black Lives Matter has always 10 11 been part of the fabric of hip pop and hip-hop, as 12 everyone knows, is New York's most well you treasure 13 of music, dance, fashion, lifestyle, or for that has, basically, been adopted in every part of the world. 14 15 When we opened the Revolution of Hip Pop back in 16 December, we had to-- you know, like everyone else, 17 we closed March 15th, but prior to closing, we had 18 welcomed more than 10,000 visitors from all around the world and that is just a sample of the kind of 19 20 tourism that the museum would generate once it opens, 21 hopefully, in 2023, which is the 50th anniversary of 2.2 hip-hop. We were supposed to start construction on 2.3 our project in June with our development partners L and M Development. The museum is part of a larger 24 25 mixed-use development project which I think everyone

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knows, called the Bronx Point. I know we are hoping-- you know, we are in discussions with HPD and the Department of Cultural Affairs that we can close on this project this December and begin construction right away so that we don't miss this major milestone which is the 50th anniversary of hip up in 2023. The Universal Hip Hop Museum has, since we been operating and we have been bootstrapping for over eight years, we participated in a variety of different projects, including a benefit to help New York City frontline healthcare workers. We did a benefit called New York-- Hip Hop Loves New York in April and we raised approximately \$73,000 to support [inaudible 02:35:17] community which is a nonprofit organization and the Bronx Community Relief Effort and we were surprised at our funding request for program--

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

ROCKY BUCANO: was not granted in this year's city budget. So, we're just hoping that the city Council and Commissioner Casals recognizes the importance of this museum because we do represent the entire spirit of everything that we're talking about in today's testimony and public hearing.

protected when we do real bed in a couple weeks.

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Space PS 109 in East Harlem. We are a leading

20 years. We have provided unique development

opportunities to artists of color, always placing

cultural hub within the urban arts movement for over

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS

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LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP

1 RELATIONS 118 2 issues of equity and social justice at the forefront. 3 To date we have supported works by over 1500 lead 4 artists and we serve an audience of over 10,000 5 annually at our home and nationally with a local audience that is 75% black and or Latin X. We are 6 7 currently in the midst of a once in a lifetime crisis with two global pandemics converging. That of 8 structural racism and COVID-19. With that said, what will the Council's response be and what side of 10 11 history will it be on when we look back at this time? 12 As we consider defunding the police and distributing 13 funds and revenue to the arts, can New York City serve as a national model that speaks to the cultural 14 15 worth and economic viability of the art sector? 16 These are definitely challenging time and it is 17 obvious that structural racism does not pause during 18 the pandemic. But we remain optimistic about the 19 resilience of the arts to create change and help us 20 recover and we imagined notions of community. We, as 21 arts organizations, are uniquely positioned to frame 2.2 discussions, programming, and partnerships that 2.3 address structural racism. What is clear is we cannot go back to business as usual. The public, 24 25 frankly, won't allow it. The stakes are too high and

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the time is now. A recent study by the Philanthropic Initiative for Racial Equity shows that 8.9 percent of grant making in foundations goes into communities of color in the US. Another recent report cited in the Chronicle of Philanthropy, states that, when awarded funds, the unrestricted assets granted to nonprofits to leaders of color was 76% smaller than those with organizations with white leadership. While we are hopeful that philanthropic community will take note of the stark disparities and prioritize funding for organizations dedicated and led by people of color, we also need public support from our local government and not just private foundations. Maintaining initiative funding for the Coalition of Theaters of Color in FY 21 was a huge win for our community and a great first step, so thank you for that. It is time for civic leaders to adopt an anti-racist lens, continue to affirm that black lives matter, and support organizations who have been here doing the work long before diversity, equity, and inclusion were popular terms. that, we thank Chair Van Bramer, the members of the committee, DCLA, and the city at large for its partnership. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much for your testimony and, you know, maintaining the funding for the Coalition of Theaters of Color should be, you know, the baseline of what we start from and then actually adopt that lens, as you discussed, when it comes to funding for culture and the arts. I believe that Majority Leader Cumbo has raised her hand and I would like to ask her to say a few words.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts now.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Raymond, I want to thank you for your presentation. I mean, it really spoke to so many of the things that, essentially, inspired me to run for office. When I first came into the Council, I was part of an organization—and I'm still part of the organization—the Cultural Equity Group in talking very much about that level of equity and highlighting for many for the world to see the inequities in corporate, foundation, and governmental funding for organizations of color. And I know for Council member Van Bramer, it was a huge feet to be able to protect to the Theaters of Color Initiative and program when really severe cuts were being made to the budget and all agencies across

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RELATIONS the board at all disciplines and I am happy that we are able to work together with the support of the theaters of color to make sure that we protected that level of funding. But today's hearing for me, Council member Van Bramer, was really so important because this really highlights how important the work is and it really shows that we have so much more to do today take way deeper because we are going to pull through this pandemic, but when we pull through this pandemic, it cannot be business as usual. It has to be a new framework, a new rubric, a new way of funding and supporting and promoting and celebrating all organizations of all cultural backgrounds, breaking down those boundaries of words like minority and majority and having a space in the city of New York. Because when we can create that level playing field, whether it is funding or other ways, then we start to tear apart racism. As long as we continue to disproportionately fund certain communities over other communities, the dynamics of racism are still alive and well. So, I will just end their and, again, thank you for all of those who have been on this panel today. You could have been so many places, but I appreciate you. I appreciate you,

2 Commissioner Casals, for being on this call.

3 remember a time before I entered the Council after

4 the Commissioners did their opening speech, answered

5 a few questions from members, they were gone. So,

6 this level of communication and interest is critical,

7 but now we have got to turn to the revolution. So,

8 | thank you all so much. And thank you so much, Van

9 Bramer. This was a brilliant panel in conversation

10 that needed to be had.

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much, Majority Leader, and, indeed, we are at the very beginning of the transformation. And we also have many more participants and speakers to go, so I do think this is been a very important hearing and, in some ways, historic. But we are not done by a long shot. But we have many more people from the public who would like to speak. So, I will ask the Council to call the next panel.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much,

Chair Van Bramer. Before we moved to the next panel,

can we please double check that there are no Council

members who have questions for this panel? We're not

seeing any hands so we are going to move on. So, I

will read the next panel and then call you one by

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2 one. The next panel -- and apologies for

3 mispronouncing any names-- will be Alton Aimable, TJ

4 Mohammed, Lucy Sexton, and Patrick Jaojoco. Mr.

5 Aimable, Alton Aimable, when the Sergeant calls the

6 | clock, you may begin your testimony.

SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

I would like to thank ALTON AIMABLE: Chairman Van Bramer and the rest of the city Council, including Council member Laurie Cumbo for having this hearing will black lives matter including black art. It has always mattered and in this pandemic in this revolution that we are in, it is important that the voices of our cultural institutions be heard. I want to focus on an area of why it is important to fund cultural institutions and black cultural institutions such as mine, an organization called Tropicalfete that provides cultural programming for both youth and seniors. By them having the ability to come to our program, we teach them the history, we teach them their heritage. Therefore, they have an opportunity, the community and grow from there. We appreciate the funding we get from the city Council, but is it enough? The question is always no. but it's important that you guys understand the work being

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the Commissioner?

done. For example, someone learning how to play a steelpan should also know the history behind playing the steelpan and someone walking on stilts would learn the history that this came from Africa and walking across the Caribbean on stilts was how we told our story. So, it is important for us to tell the stories of our culture by our people and not be dictated by other people in terms of their vision or how we are all seen in different likeness. appreciate, appreciate any opportunity we have to, on a stage to just showcase our culture because, in doing that, what I have seen is culture can be used as a tool to destroy racism because many people from different cultural groups come and say, oh, cool. Oh, this is beautiful. I have never danced on stilts before. Could we try it? And that unity and culture and arts, we need to put that together. I just want to ask one question in reference to the Commissioner. He mentioned multiple year funding for small institutions. When will the program be started? CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Can we unmute

COMMISSIONER CASALS: I still don't know exactly when that's going to happen. Hopefully on

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1	COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP RELATIONS 125
2	the next round of grants would be if you were to
3	apply in February, we're going to be able to put that
4	in motion.
5	ALTON AIMABLE: Okay. So that's for FY
6	22?
7	COMMISSIONER CASALS: 22. Yes. 21 is
8	already is motion. So
9	ALTON AIMABLE: Understood.
10	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Anything else,
11	Alton, or
12	ALTON AIMABLE: That's it. I see the
13	Council member has a question.
14	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Sure. We can go
15	through the panel and hold Is it okay, Chair, if
16	we go through the rest of the panel and then hold
17	Council member questions to the end of the panel?
18	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Well, if the
19	Majority Leader has a question for Alton specifically
20	are the Commissioner, I am more than fine with her
21	asking her question.
22	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Majority Leader
23	Cumbo?
24	SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

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MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: I don't have a question. I just want to say as we would if we were in person, I just love Tropicalfete and they do incredible work and I just love that organization because they are so centered around our youth and children and, in this movement in this time, all the work that we can do to focus on our young people is so critical. And so, I thank you so much for your leadership and for your work and for giving our children a platform. And as soon as I can, my son is going to be right over there with you playing the—

ALTON AIMABLE: My background, actually, is the studio that's in your district. So, we're looking forward to welcoming your son at Complete Music Studio.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Wonderful. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: And, counsel, any Council member can interject at any point if they are going to praise our cultural organizations and, particularly, their work with children. So, that is a beautiful thing. It was next?

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2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: All right. Thank
3 you so much, Chair and thank you so much, Majority
4 Leader. Our next witness will be Tijay Mohammed.

SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

TIJAY MOHAMMED: Good morning and Salam to everyone. Mr. Chairman, Commissioner, Council members, community leaders, fellow artists, I also acknowledge Vinnie who has been a very great inspiration to a lot of the things that I do in public arts. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today in Black Live Matter Anti-Racism and Structural Racism in the Arts. I'm a multidisciplinary artist from the Bronx. I was born in Ghana. The process of my artistic practice is just deposing my personal and historical references including in community stories. I [inaudible 02:50:27] in symbolic engaging discoveries which are sometimes viewed as group portraits or community portraits. I communicate the hopefulness and discarded remains of our lives. Among many ways that I've done it in the public is a recent one that I designed the word black in Black Lives Matter mural which is Four Leaf Square in front of the I'm inspired by a code by Nelson courthouses.

2 Mandela which says it is in your hands to create a 3 better world for all who live in it. We all know for 4 centuries art has remained a leading goal in changing the world and putting it where it's supposed to be. In the US, we see it clearly as a way of how art has 6 7 been able to change and engage communities. also, most importantly, I'm teaching our children and 8 9 encouraging them to think big. Personally, I've been supported by the Bronx Council of the Arts to the 10 11 DCLA and in creating story circles that is where I 12 seek inspiration for the work that I do through 13 mosques, churches, communities, and sidewalks. addressing the Black Lives Matter mural--14 15 designing my Black Lives Matter mural, I was thinking 16 about what it means to be black, what I means to be 17 black in America, and what it means to be black at 18 this moment. Most of the stories that I've collected 19 are a lamentation of people about stepping out of 20 their homes and being afraid to do that and even 21 staying at home and being killed while they are 2.2 enjoying time with families and loved ones just like 2.3 Breonna Taylor. I was born in Ghana. Amadou Diallo was born in Guinea yet he was killed here in the 24 I remember a lot of the conversation I've had 25

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with his mom of how she lamented on how the dreams that Amadou Diallo had and the families he supported even here in the Bronx and, most importantly, in Africa which seeks to be all our roots and identity. I interpret the word black in looking at what it means in terms of our care and climate change in the world because it's not only about the color black, but it is also about living in your minority. It is also about the LGBTQ--

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

TIJAY MOHAMMED: pallet. Symbolically, I emphasize all of this and pay homage to the African burial ground and respect to that much by Dr. King in 1963. Many brothers and sisters have been killed, families have been broken, our aspirations have been shut down. Martyrs and children who are the backbone throughout our nations have all had their dreams I know the history of a nation is shuttered. embedded and rooted deeply in people and we all know the history of New York in America is embedded in black [inaudible 02:53:26] and minority. Finally, I urge all to support our cultural institutions and encourage them to do conceptual programs. New York City, in general, has been a leader in changing the

1	COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP RELATIONS 130
2	world. Inspiration, conceptually, aesthetically, and
3	also activism for people around the world. I will
4	end by [inaudible 02:53:51] Nelson Mandela's quote
5	and saying it is in our hands to make New York City a
6	better place for all who live and visit it. Thank
7	you.
8	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very
9	much, Mr. Mohammed, for sharing your story and your
10	work with us and, as a queer man, I want to thank you
11	for mentioning the LGBTQ community which is the first
12	time that we've recognized the LGBT community today.
13	So thank you for that inclusion.
14	TIJAY MOHAMMED: Thank you. You're
15	welcome.
16	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: And I believe
17	Council member Rosenthal has raised her hand.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Yes.
19	SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.
20	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: If there's a
21	question or comment from Council member Rosenthal
22	before we go to the next panelist.
23	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yes.
24	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: You are unmuted,
<u> ا</u>	

Council member.

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municipal building and finishes in front of the courthouse.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Great. Thank you. I just wanted to make sure that got in the record. Beautiful. Beautiful work. Thank you. Thank you, Chair.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you.
Who is next?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much.

The next panelist will be Lucy Sexton from New

Yorkers for Culture and the Arts.

SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

LUCY SEXTON: Thank you, Chair Van Bramer,
Majority Leader Cumbo, Commissioner Casals, and
members of the city Council for this important and
urgent hearing. My name is Lucy Sexton. I am with
the cultural advocacy coalition, New Yorkers for
Culture and Arts. A few days after the murder of
George Floyd, John Wright of the Wright Group spoke
to hundreds of cultural groups on our Culture at
Three call. Among other powerful and devastating
remarks, he asked us, in this crisis, whose jobs
would be the first to go? Which groups would be the

2 first to close? It would be the lower paid workers, 3 the lower budget organizations, both of which are 4 disproportionately BIPOC identified. This is indeed what is now happening. I just found out that Artiste New York, that the only cultural center in that area 6 7 of Brooklyn has officially closed. I know that many 8 today will speak of the work being done by the arts and culture sector to examine and exercise the scourge of racism in ourselves and our organization. 10 11 We also need to talk about a radical reimagining of 12 New York City's cultural landscape. We cannot come out of this terrible time with a decimated arts and 13 culture landscape that is more white and more 14 15 centralized than it was before and we need your help, 16 Counsel. It is not just money. It is also policy. 17 In the 70s, the city was broke and artists moved into 18 empty industrial spaces and Soho. Because the scene 19 was almost entirely unfunded, it was largely white 20 artists from middle-class backgrounds. 21 commercial interests wanted that neighborhood, the 2.2 city created a system of artist certification which 2.3 kept artists in the AI are buildings, but the city limited artist certification to those living in that 24 small section of Soho. What if the Council now 25

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opened up the artist certification process which still exists and functions to include artists living throughout the five boroughs? What if we certify artists performing in Rooted Theater in Brownsville dancing with Full Circle Souljahs in the Bronx? Or playing world-class salsa at Terraza Seven in Queens? What if being certified meant you had access to artist housing, freelance artist health insurance, discounts at cultural institutions? Then kids would see that being an artist in their neighborhood, not just in Soho, was valued and was a viable option for making a living. And many other policies to look at which might fundamentally change not just the demographics of the cultural field, but the shape of the sector and who gets included. I talked to a theater maker yesterday who was asked by the administration to produce an outdoor event and told the city would reimburse, but she would have to put up \$30,000 to do the event first. That kind of system necessarily favors groups with deep pockets. The system is entrenched in economic practices which tend to keep the field white and middle-class. dismantle it and rethink it, let's start by going to where cultural is already happening in every

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community and seeing what we can do to support it
there. We were also so grateful and pleased that the

city Council made weeks will heritage center a member

of the cultural Institute group last year, but there

6 is no transparency to that process still. Let's make

7 | it intentional and clear that we will--

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

LUCY SEXTON: that recognizes and invests in organizations run by and serving BIPOC people. I will and by remembering a woman's testimony in the first COVID hearing at the Council back in April at the height of the horror. She said, why is it the same communities dating back to red lining that are hardest hit by these crises and when, at long last, the people in those communities, when are they going to be given when the time comes to figure out how to recover? Let's build a new city with those voices at the center of the conversation. Thank you so much for the opportunity to testify.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you,

Lucy for your advocacy, your passion, and your

suggestion for a very good piece of legislation.

Which I just asked my legislative director to pursue

based on your testimony. And absolutely support the

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transformation. I see that Council member Barron has a question. I want to call on her right away.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you, Chair--SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Van Bramer. Thank you. I just heard Artiste New York referenced in the testimony, so I just wanted to give acknowledgment to the great work that they've done while they were functioning here and how they involved the community at a very functional and grassroots level and we certainly appreciate all of the work that they have done. Presentations and how they have stimulated children's minds. And I do want to just call attention to the fact that we do have another arts group that is doing and working here and that is the Victory Music and Dance, directed by Nicole Williams. They are doing a great job, as well. And I just wanted to give them a shout out. Thank you.

that the story that I was referencing was Catherine and Bale Green Johnson when she founded Artiste New York. She talked about that she was founding it because there were so few opportunities for her kids to take dance class or study without leaving the

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neighborhood. I'm very glad to hear about Victory

Music and Dance, as well. Thanks, Council member.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you,

Council member Barron. Majority Leader Cumbo?

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts now. You

are still on mute, Majority Leader.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: I definitely want to thank you, Ms. Sexton, for your presentation. too am very upset and disappointed and saddened by the closing of artiste New York. A phenomenal organization and in a community that does not have a plethora of organizations and is certainly you need more cultural opportunities and expressions and it is imperative and important that we make sure that the organizations, as well as the leadership of those organizations are sustained, held together, and supported at all levels. The district like mine has thousands of organizations that I am responsible for supporting. So, it is important that we make sure that, and organizations like Artiste New York and in those communities are well supported and cared for and nurtured, particularly during this time. certainly appreciate that and look forward to working with you Chair Van Bramer on that legislation.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yes.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Some really good ideas are coming out of this hearing and, Assembly member Roger Greene has said that demonstration without legislation leads to frustration. So, it is important that we keep these ideas percolating so that we can make sure that those critical community-based organizations sustain themselves.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: absolutely.

Thank you very much both Council member Barron and

Majority Leader Cumbo. Who is next?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL:

SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Thank you so much, Chair Van Bramer. The last member of this panel will be Patrick Jaojoco. Again, apologies for any mispronunciation. Mr. Jaojoco, you may begin when the Sergeant calls the clock.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts now.

PATRICK JAOJOCO: No worries about that.

And thank you and good afternoon Chairperson Jimmy

Van Bramer, Commissioner Gonzalo Casals, and members

of the committee. My name is Patrick Jaojoco. I am

a first generation Filipino-American cultural

organizer and arts worker calling in from occupied

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139 land of Lenape and Canarsie people in Brooklyn, New I am testifying today on behalf of arts workers for black lives, and organizing body the New York City artists and art workers seated from an open letter of the same title released: June 3 now dedicated to decolonization, abolition and reparations in the arts economy and beyond. here to demand equitable redistribution of public funds to the most vulnerable arts workers and divestment from NYPD cooperation and enforcement in the cultural sphere. Black, indigenous, and people of color arts workers disproportionately hold the most precarious jobs in the arts as freelance artist, entry level administrators, curatorial assistants, teaching artists, front of house staff and more. are the lifeblood of New York City's cultural economy and we face the multiple pressures of the present COVID-19 pandemic and subsequent layoffs. A wall along with historic systemic racism in the cultural sector and in our day-to-day lives. The steps taken by DCL they, including relief and support packages have been complicit in materially prioritizing institutional bottom lines in the interests of their most senior leadership, while continuing to

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homogenize and insufficiently resource the lives of the wage workers and lower income employees whose labor undergirds this economy. I implore you all to move away from discussing the arts as an abstract idea and instead re-center artist and art workers, particularly black and indigenous people of color and low income workers. We ask that you publicly acknowledge the complicity of DCL I and systemic oppression, beginning with the material construction of city funded cultural institutions on stolen land with stolen wealth gotten from economies of slavery, indentured servitude, and American imperialism. also ask that you defund all coordination of NYPD contracts in accordance with the demands made by the historic black led movements and uprisings in our city. Finally, we ask that you publicly release date of cultural institutions investments in local law enforcement. In conclusion, it is imperative that the DCL a and the cultural institutions of our city take heed of these historic uprisings and pressures of the COVID-19 pandemic as a moment to truly reckon with the root causes of structural racism in our sector and beyond, being the occupation of indigenous land in history as an ongoing legacy of enslavement

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2 and imperialism. In order to move forward as a

3 cultural sector, we need to materially center the

4 voices and needs of BIPOC wage workers, not the

5 | bottom lines of large institutions founded in

6 extractive economies. That's it. Thank you for your

7 | time and I concede my time.

much. You said an awful lot in two minutes and 50 seconds and incredibly challenging and powerful testimony and I don't think Commissioner Casals is free to weigh in, but may not want to. It is not required to. But I appreciate everything you said, Patrick and take it to heart. Commissioner Casals, did you want to address any of that? No? Okay. But I think you, Patrick, very much for joining us and challenging us in those ways. Counsel, is there more on this panel or--?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: No, Chair van

Bramer. This is the last member of the panel, so if
we could just check for any other Council member
questions before we move forward? We are not seeing
any hands.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Okay.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: So, we will move to the next panel. I will call the members of the panel and then call you individually to testify. The members of this panel will be Lisa Gold, Antonio Serna, Alejandra Duque Cifuentes. I am so sorry.

Please excuse the pronunciation. And Nicole Touzien.

The first member of the panel will be Lisa Gold.

You may begin when the Sergeant calls the clock.

Thank you.

SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

My name is Lisa Gold and I am the Executive Director of the Asian American Arts Alliance, or A4 for short. We are a 37-year-old Brooklyn-based service organization dedicated to ensuring greater representation, equity, and opportunities for Asian American artists and arts organizations and I want to thank you, thank the Council and the Commissioner for your work and for the opportunity to share my testimony with you today. We all know that the city has been rocked by the COVID pandemic and its effects have disproportionately affected people of color. The Asian American community has reported an increase in unemployment from two and a half percent in

2 February to 15% in May, the greatest rated increase 3 among all racial groups across the country. And I'm 4 not going to even get into the shameful spike in anti-Asian racism and racist attacks on our 5 community. But I am going to call on the city 6 7 Council to acknowledge the deep loss affecting the Asian American community and for the Council and the 8 Department of Cultural Affairs to discontinue its practice of perpetrating an equitable funding to 10 11 Asian Americans, further exacerbating this crisis, 12 starkly revealed by the pandemic. Asian Americans 13 make up nearly 16% of the population of the city of New York yet, in FY 20, an API serving organizations 14 15 received only 3% of program funding from the 16 Department of Cultural Affairs. In FY 20, the 17 average DCL IT program grant was about \$46,000. 18 the average grant to an API organizations was only So, I want to know why do we deserve 32% 19 \$31,000. 20 less than other organizations. Why are we only 21 receiving 4% of grants when we make up almost 16% of 2.2 the population? So, I'm asking for equity. That's 2.3 all. No more, no less. I mean, I totally get that the city has very hard budget choices to make, but 24 continuing to underfund Asian American artists and 25

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arts organizations on top of the devastating losses our community is facing, it is just unconscionable for a budget that was negotiated with the focus on achieving equity, particularly for low income communities of color. So, I hope that by being fully transparent in funding decisions and through the release of BIPOC funding statistics, that the city Council and the Department of Cultural Affairs can demonstrate its commitment to racial equity. And so, I ask that funds be allocated equitably across the city population and also publish those statistics demonstrating that commitment. And also, I am going to throw in a plug for the Communities of Color Nonprofit Stabilization Fund because it is critical to building capacity and ensuring that organizations serving people of color continue to survive and thrive. So, with that, I see my time. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you,

Lisa. I appreciate your testimony and, again,

challenging both the Council and the Department of

Cultural Affairs. I think one thing we absolutely

agree on is that the budget that we just adopted was

not fair and just and equitable and that is why I

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SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

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ANTONIA SERNA: Good morning, Chairman Jimmy Van Bramer and Commissioner Gonzalo Casals and members of the DCL A. My name is Antonio Serna. I am the co-organizer of Museum Workers Happy Hour. Ιt was a happy hour created by you and for Museum workers of New York City. Our goal was to bring together Museum and cultural workers from across the city to share our experiences, workplace improvement strategies, and as a platform to empower rank-andfile workers and how to help shape museums and cultural institutions from the ground up. testifying today specifically from the Museum Workers Happy Our black, indigenous, people of color workers

committee. Museums and cultural institutions both

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receive so much support from the citizens and we need this racial discrimination -- this reciprocal relationship between the community and these institutions that was once 10 US is now shattered and broken and requires impactful strategies, including considering legal ramifications, assessing damages, and imposing penalties to the full extent of the law rather than slow-moving, superficial performative changes in order to build a new. For one, we would like a citywide review of DTI plans reviewed by an external counsel. And we suggest the Council decomposed of organizations historically rooted in fighting racism, community members most affected by cultural racism, and BIPOC rank-and-file Museum workers. All with the support of the New York City Commission on Human Rights. Such rooted organizations might include NAACP, National Urban League, and the Congress for Racial Equality. to the situation--

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

ANTONIO SERNA: requires further evaluation. But next we need to think about the fight racism under the current COVID situation which, as you all know, it has affected front facing workers

2 of color more than anyone within the city of New 3 York. As we re-converged this summer, it is been obvious that many layoffs were in added emotional and 4 mental shock to many. For one, just a few years back, some of these institutions had millions in 6 7 their endowments and were raising money, millions more, to expand and rebuild their museums. But, for 8 some reason, they couldn't do the same for the 9 workers in such desperate needs. In any ethical work 10 11 environment -- and we should hope that the arts are 12 maintaining nothing less-- simple solutions could 13 have been implemented. These workers have been unfairly terminated after decades of service in the 14 15 industry and so this, too, should be reevaluated. 16 And we feel that outspoken BIPOC workers and union 17 workers have been targeted unfairly under this 18 current situation. And, yet, we had the evening yet to discuss how many workers were forced to sign these 19 nondisclosure agreements under such desperate 20 economic, physical, and mental pressure imposed by 21 2.2 COVID-19. What is that even legal? Certainly not 2.3 ethical. Conclusion. The diversity and culture that New York City embodies is currently, to the point, 24 25 hasn't been truly represented or supported by CIG's

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2 Alejandra Duque Cifuentes. Excuse me again. From 3 Dance NYC.

SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

ALEJANDRA DUQUE CIFUENTES: Hello. you for having me, Chair Van Bramer and committee members and Commissioner. It is always a pleasure to be in conversation with you all. My name is Alejandra Duque Cifuentes and I am the executive director of Dance NYC serving the dance industry and sector here in the metropolitan area. I am a Queens based worker, but we serve the entire city. I am speaking to you on behalf of the dance workers, dance organizations for a nonprofit entities that provide dance services to the city and that nurture the cultural sector. In the midst of a racial and health pandemic and the necessary resurgence of the movement for black lives, one of the most significant civil rights movements of our generation, and the most recent signing of the executive order 13950 by the White House occupant, Dance NYC has been working tirelessly to ensure that dance workers and organizations, particularly those led by and serving black, indigenous, and peoples of color, immigrant, and disabled communities are supported and resourced.

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On June 22, I testified before this Committee and on September 15 before city Council. And I called for the committee to acknowledge the ongoing lasting impacts of slavery and to establish and execute a plan to address those impacts and repair the harm done by establishing a commission for reparations for past in continuing harms inflicted upon black and indigenous people. From colonialism to slavery and through food and housing red lining, mass incarceration, and surveillance. We have also called for the prioritization of funding of BIPOC arts and cultural organizations and to provide necessary legislation that addresses the needs that these communities have, including rent relief, business interruption insurance, and proper funding from the Department of Cultural Affairs to be able to pay artists living wages in a city that is experiencing one of the most difficult affordability crises that we have ever experienced. And that was true even before COVID arrived. Each of these requests are anchored in our organizational long-standing values of justice, equity, and inclusion and the necessary recognition that, as a community and city, we must do more to ensure that our stated values drive us to

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take concrete actions that result in material and tangible benefits to communities impacted by white supremacy. To act on these commitments this year alone, Dance NYC has first examined the racial impacts of our organizational practices internally. We established and raised salary floors, provided better benefits, time for rest, and the recognition that justice work requires emotional labor that is higher for black and indigenous folks and trans and gender nonconforming folks then it is for white folks and other members of the community. We have disseminated over \$1 million in relief support to the dance sector. We have launched an artist and necessary workers campaign to recognize—

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

ALEJANDRA DUQUE CIFUENTES: a vital role that artists play. We have collaborated with organizations, created resource pages. We have signed in created letters and hosted a weekly field wide call for the dance sector to address the issues particularly the impact of racism in our institutions for the smallest of groups that don't have, sometimes, time to join the Culture at Three calls or to be in conversations readily with all of their

2 different city officials. The time is now, you all.

3 We are losing institutions. I get emails daily from

4 organizations that are closing their doors, studios

5 | that are closing their doors, workers that are

6 fleeing. We have a mass migration of cultural

7 | workers leaving our city because they can't afford to

8 live here because we have not-- we have valued the

9 product of art, but we have not valued the artist

10 | that make it. We are willing to pay huge ticket

11 prices to go to a show, but we won't invest in the

12 | very lives of the people that allow that to be

13 possible. And so, I am here for the Committee to

14 surface these needs and to remind you of the things

15 | that we have already asked for. Things that we have

16 | already witnessed and to ensure that those things

17 | come with concrete actions in the near future. Thank

18 you so much.

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19 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you,

20 | Alejandra. Euro are a powerful leader of Dance NYC

21 \parallel and I love that you are from Queens, of course. I

22 | want you to know that we wanted to introduce a piece

23 \parallel of legislation for a commission on reparations. That

24 has already been, apparently-- we are not first in

25 | time as we say inside the Council. So, another

Council member has already proposed a piece of
legislation. But we do not know who has introduced a
that because the rules of the Council don't allow you
to know who was done that. But we certainly want
that to move forward. And, as you know, I can't
believe we haven't already moved forward with Open
Culture, our legislation that would dramatically
impact so many in the performing arts world because
I, too, see so many cultural workers moving and
leaving and so many organizations closing. So, it is
unacceptable. And we need to move on so many of
these pieces of legislation and so many policy
changes with the urgency that they require that you
would think that we all share. But, as we say, we
sometimes value the product more than the people.
And it is very frustrating to know that we haven't
moved on open culture and some of these other pieces
of legislation that you have talked about are in some
ways moving, but not with any kind of urgency that
the moment requires. Thank you, Alejandra, for
always being here and calling this out. It's very
important and thank you.

ALEJANDRA DUQUE CIFUENTES: Thank you,

25 Chairman.

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NICOLE TOUZIEN: Thank you. Good afternoon, Chair Van Bramer, Majority Leader Cumbo, Commissioner Casals, city Council and committee members and colleagues. My name is Nicole Touzien and I am the newly appointed executive director of Dance Wave. Dance Wave is a nonprofit organization that provides access to a community dance experience that encourages individuality and whole person development throughout New York City and beyond. Our approach promotes an inclusive environment for all ages, abilities, sexual orientations, racial, and socioeconomic backgrounds. We are proudly entering our 26th year of service serving over 6000 New Yorkers each year and nearly 4000 more through our virtual classes and events. I am testifying today to share some updates about Dance Waves' commitment to

156 and work towards racial equity under new leadership. 2 3 Like many other organizations, we believe in and 4 issued a public statement in support of Black Lives Matter and named ourselves as allies to black communities who have been harmed by institutional 6 7 racism and violence. We outlined our next step to engage with the young people in our organization and 8 to give them the space to share their thoughts and emotions and equally support their voices in 10 11 advocating for change. While we know there is so 12 much more to do, we are living out our promise daily. 13 Programmatically, Dance Wave is prioritizing racial equity as a central tenant. Our curriculum, race in 14 15 dance, uses dance as a medium to support critical conversations with youth, helping students to process 16 17 and embody difficult topics like racial bias, 18 systemic racism, and privilege in a way that is both 19 empathetic to other and relevant to their own life 20 experience. Our Dance Wave company program goes well 21 beyond pre-professional dance training prioritizing 2.2 restorative practices as a mainstay and focusing on 2.3 equity, advocacy, and wellness. Our youth leadership council, in partnership with the Mayor's Office, 24 empowers youth to become civically engaged leaders 25

Sergeant calls the clock. Thank you.

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158 RELATIONS we are not seeing any hands. There are no questions for this panel. We will move to what will be our final panel of witnesses. Those four witness will be-- again, apologies for any mispronunciations. Yazmany Arboleda, Nakisha Hamilton, Marina Ortiz. Again, apologies. And I do not think the final panelist is here, so it will be those four. Thank you. If we missed anyone, we will also check at the end of the hearing, but we are moving to our final panel. So, Yazmany Arboleda, you may begin when the

SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

YAZMANY ARBOLEDA: Good morning, Chair Van Bramer, Commissioner Casals, and all your present. My name is Yazmany Arboleda. My pronounces are he/him/his. I identify as queer and as Latin X and I'm the artist in residence with the Civic Engagement Commission in partnership with the city's Department of Cultural Affairs. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today. The public artists in residence, of PAIR program is inspired by the work of [inaudible 03:29:05 who was names the artist in residence for the city's Department of Sanitation in the 70s. her goal was to erase the stigma of being a sanitation

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worker and to make the city look with new eyes at it's waste and waste workers, essential workers as they were not called yet. I am honored to be a member of this artistic tradition and I cherish my role as the artist in residence for the city's civic engagement commission. It is a great responsibility to take on this position at such a crucial time during the Black Lives Matter movement, the global pandemic, and an election so consequential to the path which this country and city will walk. I believe that art and artists have a unique and essential role to play in bringing all New Yorkers together helping us both understand and address systemic racism so powerfully denounced by the Black Lives Matter movement. Disparities in educational opportunities, and environmental hazards, economic instability, unequal access to healthcare, solving these issues will only be possible if we managed to rally our fellow citizens behind a shared understanding of the challenges some of our brothers and sisters face and inspire the civic engagement that is the cornerstone of meaningful and lasting change. And that is why I am particularly excited by the bold ambition of the Civic Engagement Commission.

Since I spent my career engaging communities around 2 3 the world through the co-creation of art. 4 project called Coloring Faith all over can you, people of different Faith United to paint their houses of worship, mosques, temples, synagogues, 6 7 churches yellow together in the name of love. The 8 sculpture spoke with people from different backgrounds standing together and pathways between new friends were built. Another project, the Future 10 11 Historical Society, and Fort Greene, Brooklyn and in 12 partnership with [inaudible 03:30:52] a multi-13 generational collection of storytellers joined 14 together to create a neighborhood archive that honors 15 histories of Fort Greene changing community while 16 transforming its vision towards the future. Its 17 retired segregation, as an artist in residence for 18 the integrate NYC youth led organization, the youth 19 led organization that stands for integration and 20 equity in New York City schools. We through a 21 retirement party for segregation on the 65th 2.2 anniversary of Brown versus Board. We created a 2.3 newspaper that outlined improvements to New York City's segregated school system and passed it out in 24 all five boroughs before converging in Times Square 25

that afternoon. Through these art interventions, my young collaborators showed that students can be designers of solutions, advocates for transformative policy, and visionaries for a more just future. It is one of the major tenants of my practice that art is a universal process through which we bring about real change in progress, expressing our shared--

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

YAZMANY ARBOLEDA: envisioning new possibilities and helping make those ideas a reality. For me, art is a verb. The whole premise of PAIR is that artists think differently and have the power to model new approaches to civic work. Artists who are working together to address systemic racism, disenfranchisement, and other matters of social justice are key to bringing the divide between the cultural sector and civic life, which I think is where real change can happen. New York City is always been a beacon for progress and renewal. At this time of great hardship and profound change, I am proud to join others, artists, and citizens alike in fighting the racism that is the antithesis of the very idea of New York. Thank you.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much, Chair Van Bramer. The next panelist will be Nikiesha Hamilton.

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SERGEANT-AT-ATMS: Time starts now.

NIKIESHA HAMILTON: Good afternoon, Chair Van Bramer, Majority Leader Cumbo, other city Council members and Commissioner Casals. My name is Nikiesha Hamilton and I am the CEO of a Funny Creative Studios. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today. I created A Funny Creative Studios after I left the Brooklyn Museum because I experienced and witnessed racism. I wanted to focus on black community culture development since I observed that there is a lack of structural support to sustain black arts and culture. COVID-19 and this revolution only heightened my concerns. As black people continue to fight to stay alive in America, it begets the question how do we protect the black

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cultural legacy? Black people are unable to have that agency and access to the resources necessary to develop their own cultural discourse. Racism is a culture and, from my personal experience, some cultural institutions do play a role in preserving it. The structural violence that occurs within these institutions impacts our communities. How can black people safely enter these organizations and work there? I experienced pay inequity, lack of antiracist leaders, silencing of my voice which led me to be pushed out, and, finally, witness the propagation of paternalistic racist discourses about our community. DIA as a tool is not enough to fight these issues. New York City's most powerful export has always been culture and black people have been ghostwriting New York City culture for years, yet we are constantly disrespected by some of these cultural leaders that UM power. I challenge all of you took create policies and procedures that can effectively combat the cultural imperialism that is happening within our communities. I propose that large organizations submit to city government community impact assessments if they are seeking government funding for their needs. This is to examine whether

they are providing equitable access to their
institutions for surrounding communities. We should
encourage them to engage local businesses and local
creatives to do projects to expand local economy. We
can diversify streams of funding for organizations of
color to develop their programs, operations, and
fundraising. We can also have large art institutions
Institute community advisory boards and/or have at
least two seats on their board that community members
can serve on. As I saw at the Brooklyn Museum, there
is a lack of community representation in leadership
spaces. We can also create equal friendly community
centers that can host local organizations that are
currently losing spaces due to COVID-19. If we have
spaces like these throughout the five boroughs, they
can serve as steam community centers. Finally,
community members should have a say who leads
organizations

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

NIKIESHA HAMILTON: now, conclusively,

I hope you strongly consider my thoughts I share with
you today. Black creativity has been key to the
black survival in America and how we conceived
freedom from this oppressive systems. In the words

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much, Nikiesha, for being here and for sharing that and for challenging us all. And I don't know what other people screens look like, but, right now, on my screen is yourself, Nakisha and Antonio and Patrick. And I feel like the three of you came with a lot of heat and a lot of fire. And challenge and accountability. You know, I like the fact that, of course, we have many of the folks who we traditionally hear from these committee hearings and they are here. And I think it is important that they be challenged and held accountable, too. But I particularly like that this particular hearing has brought out please voices that we don't traditionally hear from in terms of our, you know, state representatives or cultural leaders and the three of you are still on my one screen in front of me and I

Marina Ortiz. I am the founder Beats Harlem

Preservation. My apologies. I don't have a fancy 2 bookshelf behind me and you really don't want to see 3 4 what is going on here. But thank you also, Gonzalo Casals, for always making yourself available at least to me because we go way back. And everything-- and 6 7 I want to acknowledge and thank Vinnie Bagwell and Councilwoman Inez Barron for their words and, 8 basically, they have said everything there is to say about this failure to get the replacement for the 10 11 Sins the statue going. And so, we've already heard 12 of them at these hearings before in person and via 13 zoom and it's always been the same thing. I understand and respect that, you know, basically, we 14 15 are not the ones who can make this happen, right? 16 So, I just need to know who is the one that can make 17 it happen and invite them to come back to a hearing 18 like this because I am, basically-- we have the murals which are amazing. The Black Lies Matter 19 murals. They just popped up just like that. So, 20 21 somebody obviously picked up the phone and made it 2.2 happen and, boom. It happened. I don't know how 23 much it cost. I'm not going to ask. Not even I don't care because they are beautiful and they are 24 25 something that we need right now in this city. So, I

2 just want to stress that and say that I'm going to 3 keep pushing for Vinnie Bagwell's Black Victory 4 installation to move forward. And just to let you know a little more about-- So, as Council member Rosenthal mentioned, we were at a press conference 6 7 held by medical students and doctors from Mount Sinai representing Equity Now at Mount Sinai and we were 8 supposed to have the press conference speaking out around sexual harassment in that institution. 10 11 front of the platform where the sins statue was. 12 we were removed by Park security. And we're talking 13 about Park security who came-- the kind that have 14 arms. Okay? So, they were like flabbergasted and 15 upset that there were a group of mostly women and 16 women of color standing in front of the platform that 17 had formerly honored Sam's. We explained to them that the Councilwoman was on her way. That the 18 19 Public Advocate Jumaane Williams was on his way, but 20 that wasn't good enough. They called into whoever 21 they called into downtown at 65th Street and they told us we still had to move. So we moved the event 2.2 2.3 across the street. And the reason why I point that out is because East Harlem-- our outdoor heart works 24 25 are places where we gather and they are cultural

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centers for us. For those of us who can't afford to have a roof over our heads when we do and honor our ancestors, when we play our music, when we celebrate important dates in our history. So, that platform has already been--

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

MARINA ORTIZ: designated as the cultural center and we really don't want to be moved from it. So, that is one. The other second is when will the Roosevelt statue be taken down and, you know, were talking about all kinds of monuments. There still others that we need to address and I am wondering about that. Thank you.

much. I think the first question you posed in terms of who needs to make the phone call, I think, is the Mayor wants something to be done and there is a sense of urgency around it, it gets done in the city, generally speaking. You know, that is the main driver in some of these questions just as much of the discussion earlier with Vinnie, I think, boils down to that, as well. Commissioner Casals, obviously, has a role to play, but is not able to make the Office of Management and Budget release funding. The

2 Mayor can do that. I don't know, Commissioner

Casals, if you have an update on the Roosevelt statue or anything else you may want to add in response to

5 Marina. Can we unmute, Commissioner Casals?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: Two things.

Regarding Roosevelt, my understanding is this is something that the museum is going to take care of. In my understanding is they are doing some studies of how to remove it because it is not only the monument, but it is the pedestal and that involves part of the building. Hopefully, we are going to hear soon on a date. And then, in closing, to answer your question, Marina, which I know that I am preaching to the choir. But, you know, the ones that can make things happen is everybody that's on this hearing. Right? The idea of the theory of changes that you make sure that you put people who hold the same values as you have empower and then that you create enough pressure, you know, for that person to be able to create the change. Right? And if there is an example of that, it's at this hearing today. to thank you all for participating in the hearing and I just want to pass it back to Chair Van Bramer.

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Thank you very

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER:

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much, Commissioner Casals. I had one last question come to me through text. Maybe you can give us an update on the status. It is Weeksville officially a

6 CIG or is it still in process?

COMMISSIONER CASALS: No. It is officially a CIG. There was supposed to have been, in early March, there was supposed to be sort of a ceremony and because of [inaudible 3:45:09] got pushed back, but they are already a CIG.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: All right.

Officially a CIG. Counsel, otherwise, I will call this hearing to a close.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Yes. Chair, let's do one more check quickly. So, just before we move on, just to double check that there are no more questions for this panel, we are not seeing any Counsel member hands, so we will conclude this paneling, at this point, we have concluded public testimony. However, if we inadvertently missed anyone that would like to testify, please use the zoom raise hand function and we will call you in the order your hand is raised. And we are just taking a moment and were not seeing any hands. Okay. We are

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not seeing any hands. And as a reminder, you can also submit written testimony if you did not up to 72 hours after the start of the hearing. It can be submitted to testimony@Council.NYC.gov. If you did not submit testimony when you registered for the hearing on our site, you can also email it to that address or contact us and we are happy to help with that. At this point, we have concluded the public testimony for the hearing. Chair Van Bramer, I will hand it back to you. Thank you.

think this is one of the most important hearings we have ever had in terms of the diversity of voices and those who are challenging as and holding people accountable and speaking from outside some of the traditional cultural channels, right, that we often hear from. So, I am really glad that we called for this hearing and made it happen and we will also certainly next year, my last year as the Chair of this committee, we will commit to doing this hearing again so that we can measure progress and have a level of transparency and accountability. So, I want to thank Commissioner Casals for joining us for all four hours of the hearing. Majority Leader Cumbo who

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS LIBRARIES, INTERNATIONAL, INTERGROUP 1 173 RELATIONS was wildly praising and snapping fingers. I see. I 2 3 think you. I thank you. And, most importantly, to all of the artist in all the cultural workers 4 including all of those voices who are challenging the power structures that exist in the very powerful 6 7 leaders of cultural organizations and including those of us who are in positions of power, I know it is not 8 easy, but it is incredibly important. So, I want to thank all of you for being here and for participating 10 11 and I thought I saw-- if I am missing any other 12 Council members, but thank you for being here. All 13 the voices for being here. There is a lot of legislation potentially that came out of this 14 15 hearing. A lot of really good ideas to follow up on. I know that we are already moving in talking about 16 17 some pieces of legislation that came out of this 18 hearing and I know that all of you will continue your work in making sure that we all honor black lives and 19 make sure that everyone always, every day, not just 20 in the moment believes and makes real that black 21 2.2 lives matter. So, thank you all for being a part of 23 this and we are--

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date November 12, 2020_____