CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

----- X

TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

of the

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS

----- X

September 14, 2020 Start: 1:17 p.m. Recess: 3:27 p.m.

HELD AT: Remote Hearing, Virtual Room 2

B E F O R E: Mark Gjonaj

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Mark Gjonaj

Stephen T. Levin Bill Perkins Ydanis Rodriguez Helen K. Rosenthal Carlina Rivera

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Jonnel Doris Commissioner Department of Small Business Services

Andrew Rigie New York City Hospitality Alliance

Karen Duresky
Senior Organizer
Equitable Economic Development

Jane Lock

Iyong Kim

Edward Klein

Kathleen Reilly

Louise Favier

Michael Brady

2 SERGEANT AT ARMS PEREZ: Sergeant
3 Leonardo, I leave it to you.

SERGEANT AT ARMS LEONARDO: Good afternoon, and welcome to the New York City Council remote hearing on the Committee on Small Business. At this time we ask that all council members and staff turn on their video for verification purposes. We ask that you please place all cell phones and electronic devices to silent or vibrate. If you wish to submit testimony for the record, you can do so by sending it to testimony@council.nyc.gov. Once again, that's testimony@council.nyc.gov. We thank you for your cooperation and we will begin momentarily.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Sergeant at Arms, are we ready to begin?

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You're all set, sir.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you. [gavel]
Thank you for joining our virtual hearing today on
the state of small businesses and one preconsidered
intro. I'd like to acknowledged that we've been
joined by some of my colleagues and thus far I see
Council Member Perkins and Council Member Rivera.
Good afternoon. I'm Council Member Mark Gjonaj,
chair of the Committee on Small Business and I

2	welcome you to our remote hearing today on the state
3	of small business. The COVID-19 crisis presents the
4	greatest threat to small business economy in modern
5	history. According to a recent report by the city
6	comptroller, small business revenue have dropped by
7	25% since January, ranking the greatest city in
8	America fortieth amongst the 52 largest American
9	cities during this period. In early April small
10	businesses had experienced a drop in revenue of over
11	60%. As small businesses are experiencing massive
12	declines in revenue, thousands of small businesses
13	have closed in New York. In his May 22 press
14	conference, Governor Cuomo reported that over 100,000
15	small businesses have closed across the state since
16	the pandemic begin. According to the city
17	comptroller's report, at least 2800 small businesses
18	closed permanently between March 1 and July 10.
19	Partnership for New York City predicts that as many
20	as a third of the 230,000 small businesses in New
21	York City may never reopen. That is roughly 75,000
22	small businesses. Small businesses are not only
23	currently operating on a budget in the negative, but
24	they now have the added burden of purchasing personal
25	protective equipment, or PPE, for both to ensure the

25

that their inability to pay rent may lead their

2	landlord to go after their assets or personal
3	property. This past spring the council boldly acted
4	to prevent this through the passage of Local Law 55,
5	which temporarily prohibited the enforcement of
6	personal liability provisions and some commercial
7	leases. The preconsidered introduction will extend
8	this necessary bill. The mass closure of city small
9	businesses will leave commercial corridors decimated
10	and unemployment rates high. Households will
11	struggle to feed their families. This city needs a
12	bold vision. This city needs a plan. This
13	administration need to lobby the federal government
14	to get the small businesses of the five boroughs a
15	lifeline. I look forward to hearing the
16	commissioner's plan today at this hearing as to what
17	the city can do now while we wait for state and
18	federal funds. With that said, I need to thank my
19	chief of staff, Reggie Johnson, our legislative
20	counsel, Stephanie Jones, our policy analyst, Noah
21	Mexler, and financial analyst Alia Ali, for all their
22	hard work in preparing for this hearing. I'd like to
23	turn it over to my dear friend, Council Member
24	Rivera, to give a statement about her preconsidered
25	intro Council Member Rivera?

2	COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you, Chair
3	Gjonaj, for all of your support and for your
4	advocacy, ah, since you started your time in the
5	council. I know we've worked together on a number of
6	bills and I'm looking forward to working to pass this
7	as soon as possible. So I appreciate the opportunity
8	to speak briefly on my preconsidered bill that we are
9	hearing today to extend the prohibition of
10	enforcement of personal liability provisions in
11	commercial leases or rental agreement involving a
12	COVID-19-impacted tenant. Since we passed my
13	legislation to create this emergency prohibition in
14	May, I have heard from countless small business
15	owners of their gratitude and thanks for the city
16	giving them a lifeline when our state and federal
17	government had failed to do so. Just last week New
18	York Magazine's Chris Crowley interviewed one
19	restaurant owner, Roni Mazumdar, who said that the
20	protections in this bill, and I quote, "Absolutely
21	and desperately needs to continue. It would be a
22	fatal blow to the restaurant industry if they don't
23	extend it." While more than 2800 businesses in New
24	York City have permanently closed since March 1,

according to data from Yelp, those small business

2	owners can take solace in the fact that their
3	landlords cannot go after their personal life savings
4	and assets thanks to this prohibition. And countless
5	other businesses teetering on the edge can continue
6	to focus on paying workers and supporting their
7	communities without this threat looming over them.
8	While I hoped in May that our federal government
9	would have been able to bring us back to a point
10	where most businesses could fully reopen safely,
11	today that just isn't the case. That is why we are
12	forced to return here today to vote on a six-month
13	extension to the prohibition, and I'm hoping I'll
14	have your support when this bill is up for a vote. I
15	look forward to hearing today the stories of small
16	businesses, workers, landlords, and others suffering
17	in the midst of this crisis, and while I certainly
18	understand that this law and the proposed extension
19	we're hearing today may not, may not be supported by
20	everyone at this hearing, rest assured that I will
21	continue to push for any and all measures that our
22	city can take to help our communities and those most
23	at risk. Thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Council Member, and I look forward to continuing to work

24

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16

17

1819

20

21

22

23

24

25

alongside of you as we deal with this devastation, from loss of life to devastation of our economy, and we have quite a bit to do. Thank you for that. I want to turn it over to our moderator, ah, committee counsel Stephanie Jones, to go over some procedural items.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, Chair. am Stephanie Jones, counsel to the Small Business Committee of the New York City Council. Before we begin testimony, I want to remind everyone that you will be on mute until you are called on to testify, when you will be unmuted by the host. I will be calling on panelists to testify. Please listen for your name to be called. I will be periodically announcing who the next panelist will be. The first panelist to give testimony will be Commissioner Doris from the Department of Small Business Services. will call you when it is your turn to speak. During the hearing if council members would like to ask a question of the administration or of a specific panelist, please use the Zoom raise hand function and I will call on you in order. All hearing participants should submit written testimony to testimony@council.nyc.gov. We will now call

2

9

10

11

12

25

Commissioner Doris from the administration to

3 testify. Before we begin, I will administer the

4 oath. Commissioner Doris, please raise your right

5 hand. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole

6 truth, and nothing but the truth before this

7 committee and to respond honestly to council member

8 questions?

COMMISSIONER DORIS: I do.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you.

Commissioner, you may begin when ready.

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Thank you so much.

13 Good afternoon, ah, Chair Gjonaj and, ah, members of

14 | the councils, Johnson and others here today. My name

15 | is Jonnel Doris. I'm the commissioner of the New

16 York City Department of Small Business Services. I

17 hope to, ah, take some time today to tell you a

18 \parallel little bit about what SBS is doing. Ah, but first, I

19 | hope your families and loved ones are doing safe,

20 | being safe during this time, this most difficult time

21 \parallel for us all. It is my pleasure to testify before the

22 | City Council today on the preconsidered of Intro 1932

23 | that seeks to extend the temporary personal guarantee

24 protection provisions for commercial tenants impacted

by COVID-19 until March 2021. I am grateful for the

25

2 council's ongoing support and friendship as we work together to advocate for small businesses throughout 3 the city. The economic crisis brought forth by the 4 COVID-19 has been tremendous. Rent challenges for 5 commercial tenants continue to place enormous 6 7 pressure on our businesses and business owners, now more than ever, disproportionately affecting our 8 communities of color. Before the pandemic small 9 business owners were receiving free legal 10 representation via our commercial lease assistance 11 12 program as they engaged with their landlords to discuss changes to their lease obligations. 13 the program's existence, SBS has assisted over 800 14 15 businesses with more than 900 legal issues related to 16 their leases. This program gets at the core of our mission, serving the businesses that need it the 17 18 most. Over 50% of the total pool of our clients are from women-owned businesses and more than 70% of our 19 20 clients are minority-owned businesses. In August the mayor announced the continuation of the program, 21 2.2 increasing the funding, allowing us to continue to 23 serve and reach more businesses during this time. Though rent affordability has been an issue that this 24

administration as tackled, ah, since its inception,

2 the financial crisis brought forth by COVID-19 has only heightened these challenges and forced us to 3 think creatively, which is why we are here to speak 4 on the administration's support for the extender bill relating to Local Law 55 of 2020, which aims to 6 7 extend the guaranteed protection provisions of Local Law 55 for commercial tenants impacted by COVID-19 8 until March 2021. We have heard from our 9 constituents how the bill has allowed them to plan 10 accordingly, allow business owners to make 11 12 determinations without having to endure additional losses. Many businesses are planning to make a 13 14 decision before the end of the money on whether to 15 remain open. This extension allows for further 16 planning and allows them to generate additional 17 income in the absence of federal and state aid. SBS 18 has worked hard to be nimble and adaptable in addressing the challenges faced by our constituents. 19 20 We have worked tirelessly to connect small businesses owners to more than 78 million in financial awards, 21 2.2 partner with the health, DOT, and, ah, other agencies 23 to launch the Open Restaurants Initiative, which has far exceeded our expectations with more than 10,000 24 participating restaurants since March. And since 25

14

16

17

12

13

15

18 19

20 21

2.2

23

24

25

pivoting our work force one, ah, services to an allvirtual platform due to the pandemic, we have helped more than 46,000 job seekers and continue to work with more than 700 employers on over 12,000 job opportunities across the five boroughs to ensure that New Yorkers are connected to good jobs. We will continue to think creatively and work collaboratively with the council, city agencies, and our community partners to find ways to further assist our small businesses and job seekers during these times. you again for the opportunity to testify today. happy to take your questions you may have.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, Commissioner. I'm going to turn it over to questions from Chair Gjonaj. If you could stay unmuted, ah, during this question and answer period that would be great. Thank you. Chair?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you. you so much, ah, Commissioner Doris. I think the world of you and the challenges that we have ahead ourselves, some very difficult ones. I'm pleased that the administration is supportive of the extender bill that's going to protect some of the, ah, small businesses that have personal guarantees. I wonder,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16

17

1819

20

21

22

_ _

23

24

25

though, why aren't we offering that same type of protection to our small businesses when it comes to their inability to pay real estate taxes, or water and sewer rates?

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Thank you so much, ah, Mr. Chair, and, and, you know, as you know, ah, this particular bill, this particular bill, ah, you know, we are supportive of the bill and other tools in the tools box. Um, as we mentioned, um, at our last hearing we continue to look at those options. Certainly, um, we thought about considering at a state level, um, which some of those adjustments will have to be made, so, um, you know, we are here again in support of this bill and, and certainly looking for other options and ways that we can be supportive of our small business community, as you know, um, but that's certainly on the table and in, in the conversations happening at the state level, and certainly, um, we look forward to hearing what happens, ah, going forward.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you,

Commissioner. As you can see, I started off with a

law, an easy question. You'd have it no other way,

I'm sure. But, again, you're, you're going back to

2.2

just surviving.

the state. This is within the ability of New York
City to offer similar protections by helping small
businesses that can't pay city real estate taxes and
water and sewer. If we're able to afford these
protections to tenants against landlords, which are
other small businesses, as government shouldn't we
lead by example? Shouldn't we be there to do our
part first in helping alleviate the pain, to assure
that these businesses can stay afloat to just

survive? There's really no question about thriving,

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Yeah, certainly.

Look, you know, you know we continue to work, ah,
with our small businesses. Um, those who have
concerns and issues with, ah, when it pertains to
taxes, um, you know, our, our partners at DOF, we've
been working with them and initially extending, ah,
the time and, and, and penalties, etcetera,
associated. You know, we are, ah, really in a dire
time and we do agree with you on that. And, um,
certainly that is, ah, something that was brought up.
I know it's being looked at, at multiple levels, um,
but, you know, where the city is right now, um, you
know, um, for, ah, where our fiscal concerns are,

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

where we are fiscally, you know, DOF is working, um, with, um, many of those businesses who have asked, ah, for help and assistance based upon, ah, getting a payment plan together and/or other supportive services, so I'm happy to share some of that with you, ah, going forward, but certainly, um, there is support there, ah, particularly DOF, for, for these businesses.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: All right. you for that, Commissioner, and by support you mean that we come up with a payment schedule where they still have to pay interest? Ah, that's not real support. Ah, by support you mean that if they don't pay and they, the agreement that they make, ah, that they won't be foreclosed on, that would be support. Under the current structure of the Department of Finance if these small businesses don't pay their taxes, they're given a grace period, but eventually the property will be foreclosed on. And that's my point, that we always ask others to do their part but yet we never show ourselves and we should lead by example. We need to do more. We'll continue this. I know that it's not in your hands. We've had this dialogue before, but I keep reiterating that we can't

2.2

have a double standard. We can't hold other

industries responsible and expect them to do their

share when government is not willing to make the same

sacrifices that we ask others to do. You did

mention, you brought up restaurants, and we talk

about a very volatile and extremely important

industry in New York City. What are we doing

grateful restaurants to help them reopen? What have

we done so far?

much for that, ah, question. Um, and as I mentioned in my testimony, ah, we did something that was certainly, um, you know, creative and outside of the box with our Open Restaurants Program. Ah, we were able to now sign up about 10,000 restaurants to that program. Originally we thought we would have about maybe 5000 or so restaurants who would participate and about maybe 49,000 jobs to come back. We have 10,000 businesses there and about 90,000, ah, jobs, ah, who came back, ah, because of that program. Ah, so we've been supportive of our restaurants and we have, ah, you know, did, um, virtual compliance checks with them, also to make sure that they're setting up accordingly. Our team at SBS, ah, we have

2 instituted our hotline, which you know, ah, 35,000plus calls, ah, significant portion of them with our 3 restaurant and, ah, industry and guiding them, 4 5 helping them to understand how they can come back. 6 And, and so that 10,000 is really a lot of work that 7 we've put in, ah, to, ah, assist in our, ah, restaurants to get the support they need. We've 8 also, ah, did outbound calls and, and onsite visits, 9 10 myself, ah, going to corridors all around the city to speak to restaurant owners, understanding the 11 12 challenges that they have. We've given, distributed, ah, PPE to those restaurants, ah, spoke to them and 13 14 understand, ah, their challenges in getting the 15 necessary PPE even for their customers who would come 16 in that may not have a mask, give them extra so that they have it. So, ah, we've done that, just the 17 18 technical support, the training, but also created a program which brought some life back to our city, so 19 20 many of our restaurants that we love dearly are open, ah, and are, are beginning to, to come out and 21 2.2 beginning to, ah, really, ah, take a turn, ah, based

on availability of this program.

24

23

2.2

2 CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you. So by 3 creativity you're saying the Open Sidewalks Program,

5 COMMISSIONER DORIS: Yeah, the Open

obviously?

Sidewalks and, and the street, right? I mean certainly the processes that we've had to those programs were lengthy, ah, we were able to do this very nimbly, ah, the restaurants self-attest. That, that's coordination with DOT, um, and their work that they're doing. Um, certainly our work, making sure that restaurants' voices are being heard at the table and also we're training the restaurant owners on, on some of the regulatory environment so that, ah, everyone is on the same page, and also those restaurants who are not participating that they have an opportunity to participate.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So I believe the number is 27,000 restaurants for New York City [inaudible]?

about 27,000, ah, food establishments [inaudible] also including food establishments and hotels and other places, but, yes, about 27,000.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So roughly a third of them have taken you up on this creative thinking, which allows them to reopen outdoors? At their own expense, of course, not that we provided them with anything more than a waiver of fees.

the, what we've done was, um, we allowed them to open outdoors. Um, also they can utilize, ah, their existing furniture. Um, so we didn't, the cost, I believe, most of the restaurants mentioned that the, the cost was just to acquire some, the barricades to make sure that they're compliant, if they are in the street outside of that. Restaurants are utilizing their own, ah, equipment, existing equipment, um, and the city, again, ah, did not, ah, there's no cost there associated with that transaction, it's a self-attestation.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: But, again, there was an expense on the restaurants to have to invest in these barriers, which they put up originally and then thereafter had to replace them, many of them were, according, um, ah, were not conforming to the city's requirements, after they were approved and installed. And they were then again hit with a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16

17

18

1920

21

22

23

24

25

second expense of replacing the existing barriers that they had to put up which were originally approved in one manner or another. Commissioner, I'm grateful for, for what you're saying. But it's only a [inaudible] of the businesses, and my understanding that's roughly 25% of the total business that these restaurants do.

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Absolutely. we, we understand, um, look, we're, we're in a pandemic, as you know. Um, and the challenge that we have is to balance both the health components and if given a, really a, ah, simple and a low cost, ah, way to get our restaurant communities back up and running for all of us to go back and, and patronize those restaurants and go back to our local restaurants and make sure that those jobs come back and those, that industry and that supply chain, um, is engaged again. So, ah, Mr. Chair, I agree with you. I mean, we, we, we certainly, ah, understand the limitations of the outdoor, um, you know, we wanted to make sure that we get something going, the restaurant industry, I believe, was extremely, um, supportive and appreciative of our efforts here, and we are of them, and, you know, they're resilient. Our New York City

2	businesses are resilient. They're doing everything
3	they can to survive and we were there with them and
4	are there with them making sure that this program,
5	again, remains simple and low cost in order for our,
6	to get our restaurants back up and running, and
7	certainly they, a third of them are participating at
8	the moment. Ah, we did outbound calls, um, to those
9	who were not yet in the program, ah, several
10	thousands of those, ah, to reach out to them. Some
11	restaurants, or some, ah, establishments are take-
12	out, ah, only or they do, ah, orders only, um, you
13	know, and, and, and delivery only, and, and that's
14	just how they, their business, ah, operates. Ah,
15	others, um, you know, were happy to hear from us and
16	said, yes, we're going to sign up. And so we
17	continue to reach out to the corridors and areas
18	where we're not seeing some activity and particularly
19	in some [inaudible] communities and we want to make
20	sure, ah, that they have the information and what it
21	takes to actually do this program, about five to 10
22	minutes, ah, attestation and they can actually go and
23	start utilizing the program.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Well, thank you for that, Commissioner. The winter months are upon us

24

25

25

2 and for those restaurants to now invest in those barriers and whatever other investment is needed is 3 not going to pay for itself, let alone produce any 4 5 profits. And I bring up the restaurant industry aside from all other industry because we refer to 6 7 this pandemic that we have that is a health concern for all. But yet we hold our restaurants to a 8 standard that no other industry is being held to. 9 And it's very difficult for me and for New Yorkers, 10 as well as those businesses to understand the logic. 11 12 Our subways are open. There's no social distancing. There's no cleaning routine. There's no oversight of 13 14 mask and PPE. Ah, no one knows what those riders are 15 being exposed to. We opened up retail outlets. You 16 want walk into a mall now and go shopping, get your hair done, your nails done, seek other services, and 17 18 at a gym you can even get a workout within that same But if you're a restaurant, as of right now 19 you cannot dine indoors under the same rule being 20 utilized by the same customer at the same opening 21 2.2 hours. We put an unfair restriction on restaurants. 23 And if it wasn't for a recent lawsuit, the mayor said not until well into 2021 will our restaurants be able 24

to open for indoor dining. It took a lawsuit for

2 this city to wake up and acknowledge that [inaudible] wrongfully so they were not allowing for indoor 3 dining. There was no scientific metric behind it. 4 5 There was no reasoning or rationale. It was more 6 like a form of punishment than anything else. 7 that same industry that you're referring to that we've done so much for, we've undermined their very 8 existence without reason or understanding. 9 indoor dining capacity and more forced regulations. 10 Our restaurant industries, our food and beverage 11 12 industries, will not be able to survive and when those businesses close down they will not reopen. 13 And the double standard that we've imposed on them is 14 15 immoral, illegal, and unjustifiable. So when you 16 have your meetings, as you regularly do, with this administration, let's stop the double standard. 17 18 50% capacity is permitted throughout the state with higher infection rates, New York City restaurants 19 20 should have the same affordability to survive. is no reason for the double standard or the other 21 2.2 regulations that are being imposed. And I know that 23 we've been joined by several other committee members, we have Council Member Rosenthal as well as Council 24 25 Member Levin, um, and I have one last question before

2.2

I turn it over to the other council members. recent small business committee hearing in response to one of my questions you said the administration would consider adding more funding to the COVID Small Business Grant and Loan Programs past the initial 49 million allocated earlier this year, which we all understand is not nearly enough. What is the status of this issue? Should struggling small business expect to have additional grant and loans relief from City Hall? And will it be equally dispersed amongst the outer boroughs versus the initial phase where Manhattan benefitted overwhelmingly?

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Thank you, ah,

Council Member. Um, certainly first on, on the

restaurant question, um, you know, we, we've seen,

ah, I believe, around, ah, the country and the world

that restaurants really being the only location in

which, um, the requirement to keep the face covering

is, is different when you're indoors and you're able

to sit and take the face covering off. Um, and so

it's a bit of a different of a health challenge that

we've from the health experts, um, why it's unique,

ah, for indoor dining. Um, certainly we support our

restaurants. We want to make sure that we do get

25

2 indoor dining going. The, the, governor, as you mentioned, did give the go-ahead for New York City to 3 4 do indoor dining at 25% capacity. Um, certainly that was [inaudible] because of a lot of work. For about 5 30 days now we've seen infection rates down. 6 7 we've seen, ah, that the virus, as much as we can, we're doing everything we can to control the spread 8 [inaudible] the 1%, and so we're, we're very excited 9 about the 25%, um, added with what we have now with 10 the outdoor dining. Um, we, we feel that our 11 12 restaurants, and we've heard from our restaurant community, particularly, ah, and the excitement of at 13 14 least having the opportunity to start on the indoor 15 dining, particularly as we get into the colder 16 months. As it pertains to, ah, the loan, ah, the grants and loan, ah, funds, ah, yeah, we are 17 18 certainly, um, ah, you know, um, concerned about, you know, the number of, as you know, the number that, 19 20 ah, went to certain communities or certain boroughs and, again, our five-borough strategy, as we continue 21 2.2 to say, is that everything we've done since I became 23 commissioner have, have been a five-borough 24 strategies in the sense that we're going to every

borough, I've been in every borough multiple times

2 dealing with all the businesses and communities and, ah, community partners and those, ah, very 3 4 deliberately, ah, in the outer boroughs, making sure 5 that we're addressing their concerns and needs and 6 we'll continue to do that. Um, we understand that 7 right now the city does not have, ah, the financial, ah, ability right now to, to feed that, ah, loan and 8 rent program with additional funds, as mentioned last 9 time, and this is why we've asked to lobby really 10 hard on the, on the stimulus that's, ah, from the 11 12 federal government. And then also, ah, to get a long-term borrowing from the state, ah, the ability 13 14 to do that. I think that will then give us an 15 opportunity, ah, to do more programming, additional 16 resources, funding, etcetera, ah, for our small businesses. And so, ah, we appearance the council's 17 18 support for long-term borrowing at the state level, and certainly I believe that's gonna help us to get, 19 20 ah, to where we need to do, ah, to get some additional support. And also, lastly, I say we are 21 2.2 working with other groups, um, and, and we'll 23 probably be making some of those, ah, you know, more public. Ah, but other groups, other organizations, 24 25 um, you know, really to think about what we can do

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

12

14

13

15

16

17

1819

20

21

22

23

24

25

when it comes to funding, um, other financial institutions trying to come up with some additional resources and solutions, ah, for our small businesses at this time.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Thank you, sir.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: But we have to [inaudible]. We did not properly, ah, the, the limited funding, which was, ah, crumbs, at best, were not evenly distributed to the outer boroughs. can't let this go. The outer boroughs are not ready to let that go. And it's a wrong that has to be righted and the only way you can do that is by showing them how much you really care and that's by putting up the money. You need to relook at this, and I'm disappointed that you don't have an update on, on this, when you last said you would be looking into it, and relying on the state and federal government for help that may never come is not an answer. Our outer boroughs businesses were not afforded the same assistance as Manhattan. some gross numbers. So I'm gonna continue to hold you on this issue, and I'm gonna ask you to figure

7

9

25

2 out where we can find that funding and who we have to

3 | take it away from, and to give it to those that

4 | rightly, rightfully deserve it. And I'm gonna call

5 on Council Member Rivera, who has a few questions,

6 and I'll pass it back to Stephanie Jones, who will be

asking other members for questions. I warmed him up

8 | for you, Council Member Rivera.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: I know you did.

10 | I just wanted to make sure, usually someone yells

11 | time, but, um, OK. So I thank you so much, ah, Chair

12 Gjonaj. Thank you to the commissioners, of course.

13 | So, um, clearly you stated that you are, ah, your

14 | position is in support of the bill and I thank you

15 | very, very much, ah, for supporting the extension.

16 | Correct me if I'm wrong, but that's what I heard

17 pretty clearly. Have you heard from any landlords,

18 | um, any stories related to landlords violating the

19 current prohibition, and how are you working to

20 enforce the one that is in place today?

21 COMMISSIONER DORIS: Well, thank you for

22 | that, ah, question, Council Member. Ah, we've heard

23 | from business owners, um, who have, ah, appreciated

24 \parallel the current bill and certainly how it's constructed.

Ah, we have not heard, um, from landlords, um, who

this. Ah, we've heard, ah, quite the opposite, ah,

24

3

4

5

6

/

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

24

25

which is landlords actually trying to work with tenants now, um, to help them, ah, during this time.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: That's great, and that was absolutely one of the intentions of, of putting forward this bill, was to not just protect our small business owners who are really just such important New Yorkers to us, they keep the city moving, that are the lifeblood, but also to show to some of these landlords that, um, we really are trying to do everything we can to support a fair and effective negotiation. We realize everybody's in hard times, ah, but that increase in landlords looking to negotiate new lease terms was absolutely a positive side effect of the bill that I put forward that we're hoping to extend today, and of course [inaudible] compliments that is something that the city, ah, did restore after much advocacy from myself, from a number of advocates, which is the Commercial Lease Assistance Program, which is that city program to help people negotiate legal lease terms and so I'm so glad that that was restored and I hope it continues, ah, to be restored and looked at for even an increase going forward. Um, it's a really, really important piece, especially for

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

2 minority- and women-owned businesses and

3 entrepreneurs, which I know you have a heavy, heavy

4 focus on, even pre-tenure as the SBS commissioner.

5 So do you know how many businesses have contacted

6 your agencies concerning potential financial exposure

from a personal liability clause?

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Um, no, we do not have an exact number of, of, ah, businesses who have contacted us for that specific, ah, question. again, you know, I think we were supportive and are supportive now because the general consensus is and we, you know, we, we talk to small businesses all the time, ah, either in our Commercial Lease Assistance Program or even those we are, um, [inaudible] into our pro bono, ah, partners and/or through our hotline, etcetera, but, you know, certainly we do not have a list. Um, on the Commercial Lease Assistance Program, if I just may, you know, we did, the mayor did increase, ah, the annual allotment there from 1.2 to 1.5 mil, so additional \$300,000 was put in the program to further assist our small businesses and, you know, you're right about, you know, um, those who receive assistance through that program historical have been 52% are, are women, um, 70% are minority-

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

2 owned businesses, 52% are immigrant businesses, and

3 62%, really to, ah, Council Member Gjonaj's, ah,

4 question around borough diversity, ah, 62% of all

5 cases are from the outer boroughs, and so this

6 program is an ideal program, um, and we look to

7 continue, um, you know, advancing that program now,

8 | even in this critical time.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Absolutely, and, and I thank you and, and I'm sure all of the nonprofits involved...

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Oh, they were amazing.

were fighting, ah, pretty voraciously on, on this one. So I guess my, my last question and, and, and Chair Gjonaj did ask this, um, in a way, ah, for sure, ah, but I wanted to ask again because I do have many, many constituents who ask me this question and I want, I want to answer with them directly. I prefer to answer them in a list form, in a comprehensive email that I could send them about resources. So in the wake of the city shutting down its loan and grant programs, what are SBS and DCA doing to support small businesses impacted by COVID?

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

1112

13

14

1516

17

18

19

20

21

22

24

25

We have the Commercial Lease Assistance Program, I know there is a hotline for questions. Can you just list very quickly some of what your agencies are doing separately and collaboratively, specifically to help, ah, these businesses impacted by COVID?

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Yeah, absolutely,

ah, so, you know, you said a few of them. So, ah, resources, ah, that we have, ah, for our small businesses, we do have the hotline, ah, which is our clearing house essentially for our small businesses, making sure that they have all the resources they need and connecting them to the various places that they need to go to. Um, then we also have, ah, you know, our guidance that we give and technical assistance and support. And, you know, sometimes we hear that and we don't understand what it really means to say, well, technical assistance and support. Well, it helps a business make, ah, critical decisions as to, you know, how to pivot and what to do during this time. We do that [inaudible] over 115, ah, webinars and 3500 attendees. Ah, again, with the digital resources helping these businesses to understand the new world we're in. We're also giving out, ah, PPE, um, face coverings, etcetera,

2 over five million distributed, 7.5 million we have on hand to assist our, ah, small businesses. We also do 3 4 reopening compliance, ah, consultations. Um, again, 5 free, ah, consultations to, with one-on-one, with the 6 business owner and, ah, SBS, um, to assist them. 7 also are doing, ah, things for employees of those businesses. For instance, we launched our career 8 discovery portal. Ah, that has launched. We already 9 have 700 [inaudible] last month 775 people looking to 10 sign up to get training, additional skills around 11 12 coding and web development, which will then help their, ah, particular businesses that they're gonna 13 14 work for, um, to pivot and to do, ah, what they need 15 to do and advance it forward. We're also, again, um, 16 we have not, you know, stopped, ah, working with, um, our, ah, partners, our 40 lending, ah, partners that 17 18 we have here at the city, um, to get financial assistance into the hands of our small businesses. 19 We've already done 78 million, over 4000 of those 20 businesses already. And so those are some of the 21 2.2 programs we have. Um, and lastly, ah, where the, 23 Council Member Gjonaj mentioned the PPE, and so we, 24 we created a marketplace, online marketplace, ah, 25 that you can go to, um, and we brought the resources

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

1819

20

21

22

23

24

25

to, ah, the businesses to make it easy for them to find, ah, those particular, um, ah, PPE that they may need. And so, yeah, you know, we're doing quite a bit and, and that and a lot more, ah, but that's somewhat of a summary. We're happy to send you along all this information, but, um, you can certainly go to nyc.gov/business. All the opening resources are there for, for those, um, small businesses out there.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Well, thank you so much. I, I'm, tomorrow I'm having, ah, a meeting, ah, it's really just a Facebook live hour that I do on certain topics, bringing in a small business owner, bringing in Pace University small business program, and I want to make sure that we're highlighting some of the things that you're working on, so I just wanted to give you this opportunity to list the eight or so things that you're trying to offer small businesses. I realize we have to ramp it up and I agree with my colleagues that there are a few things that the city can do. I know that you're not an enforcement agency, but you do work collaboratively with DCA, who is, who institutes a number of fines in some of these business that we should explore. Some of them seem a bit punitive.

1	COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS 38
2	And then the other is just to, um, you know, make
3	sure that we're planning for a federal government
4	that clearly has left us behind. So I want to just
5	thank you for your time and for answering my
6	questions, and to Chair Gjonaj for being, ah, so
7	gracious with allowing me to ask these questions.
8	Thank you very much for all your work.
9	COMMISSIONER DORIS: Thank you, Council
10	Member.
11	CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Council
12	Member. Um, Commissioner, I'm not sure if there
13	anyone, ah, the other members here to ask questions.
14	But were you alarmed by the statistic that a third of
15	our small businesses may not open? A third?
16	COMMISSIONER DORIS: Yeah, look, you
17	know, it is, ah, it is our work every day to try to
18	beat back that prediction. Ah, it is our drive every
19	day to make sure that, ah, that does not come true,
20	right? Um, you know, SBS was created for this
21	moment, ah, really, to make sure that our small
22	businesses have a way forward. And so alarm, yes, we

alarmed at, you know, what we are hearing, based

were extremely alarmed. We are every single day

upon, again, no fault of the small business owners 25

23

25

2 themselves, but the fact of we do have a pandemic that in [inaudible] city and world, um, which 3 4 constricted markets and stopped folks from actually 5 having to engage in business in the way that we have. 6 So one of the things that we want to do and we've 7 been doing, and that's why I've been out and about as 8 much as possible really is bring some consumer confidence back, you know, consumer confidence is 9 10 Ah, we want to bring the consumer confidence back to shop in your local area, shop with your local 11 12 businesses, work with your small businesses in your area to make sure, ah, that you support them, um, not 13 14 just, you know, beyond online all the time, you know, 15 buying from, you know, large corporations, um, you 16 know, support your local business, support your local, ah, you know, book store, your local art 17 18 store, your local coffee shop, your local retail 19 establishment. Ah, you know, we're promoting that. 20 We're pushing that. We want to build consumer confidence because we know, ah, to lose a third of 21 2.2 our business is unconscionable. We can't think about 23 that. There's something that, ah, you know, really 24 hits at the core of what New York City is, and, and

that will be taken away. So we certainly are with

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

you on that. And that's why we're here. That's why we do the work we do.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I look forward to working with you, Commissioner, on the consumer behavior changes by educating them of the importance of shopping locally.

COMMISSIONER DORIS: Absolutely.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: We've begun the conversation. We're gonna be dealing with the other commissioners, ah, including the EDC. I'm getting that message out. Um, the sooner the better. It takes a while for consumer behavior changes to adjust, ah, and to make them understand that every dollar that is spent locally stays locally and the benefit is threefold and fourfold. Ah, we have our work cut out in that regard. And given the wherewithal what do you think the top two things that we can do for our small businesses to prevent a catastrophe of 30% or a third of our businesses not reopening. And just to put that thing in perspective, during the same period of the 52 largest American cities, New York City is ranked 40th. That's where we've stooped to. So it's no longer we don't want to think about it, it's there. And the

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS 1 2 rest of the country is somehow muscling through this. What is it that we're not doing and given the 3 4 wherewithal what would you want to do? And don't go 5 back to the state and federal government. What can 6 New York City do today besides consumer behavior 7 changes? 8 COMMISSIONER DORIS: Oh, yeah, no, thank 9 you so much. Ah, hello? 10 CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Yep, we're here. COMMISSIONER DORIS: OK, sorry, I'm 11 12 tired, something popped up and said that I was not, no longer on. Um, no, thank you so much for that 13 14 question, ah, Council Member. Ah, look, there's, 15 there's, there's so much that we can do and I think 16 are doing it. I think we have to deepen that. 17 Certainly, ah, you know, in size and scale and scope 18 we have 240,000 businesses, um, compared to other cities, ah, you know, who certainly have that 19 20 challenge that we have, the, the fact that we were the epicenter of this, ah, [inaudible] continues to 21 2.2 [inaudible] challenge that other cities are not faced 23 [inaudible].

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Commissioner, I think we're losing you. I think we lost the

24

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

commissioner, um, so I have to turn it back to

Stephanie Jones, ah, as she stars, oh, he's back.

COMMISSIONER DORIS: [inaudible]

connection. Are, are you able to hear me, sir?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: We are, and it's perfect.

COMMISSIONER DORIS: OK, sorry about I'm not sure what's going on with the connection here. Ah, but, but I was just saying that, that, ah, you know, we have several, ah, differences, as you know, with, with these other cities. I mean, you know, the fact that we were at the epicenter, the fact that we have 240,000, ah, small businesses here that we're working with on a daily basis. Ah, certainly the challenge is unique in the City of New York. Ah, but the things that we can do, um, I, you know, there, there are two big things. One is we got continue to get resources into the hand of small business and you're right, it's not just the federal government or the state government. But we are doing that, um, with connecting them to the financial resources. One way that we can do that is for all of us to come together around the business interruption insurance challenge. I mean, that is

2 something that we, if we can fix that, um, you will save more small businesses than any loan or grant 3 4 program can initially do, ah, right now. We have, 5 ah, these insurance, ah, companies sitting on 800 6 billion dollars, ah, of revenue and that we're unable 7 to tap into right now because of, of that. Um, and, 8 ah, we want to make sure, ah, that we are able to, ah, get to, ah, these, ah, you know, business 9 10 interruption insurance, um, you know, so that we can actually get these businesses running again. That is 11 12 something big. We just heard, ah, you know, Century, ah, 21, ah, being able to now have to actually shut 13 14 down, file for bankruptcy because of the same issue. 15 Now if they're having that challenge what about a 16 small business? What about our small businesses? So that is something that we need. That is something 17 18 that we need, OK, ah, to get the support on. it's a state issue, it's a federal issue, we need 19 20 that, ah, ASAP. And then lastly I, I believe, you know, what else do we need? Ah, you know, yes, we 21 2.2 need to build consumer confidence. Yes, we need the 23 business interruption insurance. Ah, but we also need to think about regulatory reform, and it's 24 25 something that we're thinking through. You know,

2.2

what do we do? How can we make the, our world in the city, our small business world, um, you know, more, ah, attractive to our small businesses. What do we need to do from a regulatory standpoint, ah, to take care of a lot of the things that you've been saying, sir, and, and also we've been hearing from our small businesses, how do we streamline our processes? we're looking into all these pieces to make sure, ah, that our businesses stay afloat and they survive this time.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you,

Commissioner. My follow-up to that, and I agree with you that business interruption insurance is significant. I'm out there every day talking to consumer and to small business. Consumer says I can't shop locally. I'm afraid to shop locally.

Look at my commercial corridor. I feel threatened.

I don't feel safe based on what is happening. My small businesses, I can't stay afloat, look at the illegal vendors that are outside of my location competing against me, where they're not paying income tax, sales tax, or any tax, have no regulation. That inspector walks by them and he showed me on a video, the inspector walking by a number of illegal street

2	vendors, absolutely no compliance, and into a brick
3	and mortar establishment to make sure that they're
4	complying. So, Commissioner, we have a lot more to
5	do. And it's more than consumer behavior changes and
6	more than business interruption insurance. Let's
7	clean up our streets. Let's give these businesses a
8	fighting chance by cracking down on the illegal
9	activity that is competing against them by making our
10	streets safe so consumers don't have to shop online,
11	that they feel comfortable walking into an
12	establishment and purchasing and patronizing that
13	small business. I am happy to discuss this with you,
14	provided that we can come up with a concrete solution
15	to this problem that is fixable. It is fixable and
16	addressable immediately. You don't have to respond,
17	Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER DORIS: [inaudible].

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: If you'd like to,

I'd love to hear your response.

absolutely we would like to continue that conversation. You know, we work with our, our BIDs, um, you know, around the city, um, who, ah, we support, ah, you know, ah, with grants, with, with

2	governance, assistance, and, and etcetera, ah, to
3	make sure that their corridors and corridors, even,
4	by the way, a lot of our, our BIDs have went above
5	and beyond, um, even now working with, ah, areas
6	outside of their, their corridors and, um, making
7	sure during this time that they're being assistance
8	to other, ah, business communities. So, look, I hear
9	you. This is a real concern. Um, we want to, we
10	want to continue to address it and so, um, happy to
11	have those conversations, um, and to work through,
12	ah, your thoughts and, and certainly what we're
13	hearing from our BIDs and our other, ah, commercial
14	corridors, merchants' associations, etcetera, what
15	we're hearing from folks and how we can be better,
16	ah, you know, better assist them during this time.
17	CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you,
18	Commissioner. Ah, I'm gonna pass it back to

Commissioner. Ah, I'm gonna pass it back to
Stephanie Jones, ah, to call on those that want to
testify.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, Chair. We will now turn to public testimony. I'd like to remind everyone that unlike our typical council hearings we will be calling individuals one by one to testify. Council members who have questions for

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

particular panelists should use the raise hand
function in Zoom. And I will call on you after the

4 panelist has completed their testimony. For

5 panelists, once your name is called a member of our

6 staff will unmute you. I would like to now welcome,

7 ah, Andrew Rigie, followed by Karen Narefsky, and

then Robert Bookman. Andrew?

ANDREW RIGIE: Yes. Thank you, good afternoon. Thank you, Chair Gjonaj, council members, Council Member Rivera. Ah, you know, when this legislation passed, ah, earlier this year to suspend the enforcement of personal liability quarantees, ah, in leases, this is one action the council took that has helped saved countless small business owners, you know, people who put their livelihoods into these small businesses and the fact that they cannot only lose their business, but then their landlords can go after their personal assets, their savings, their homes, just created so much fear and uncertainty. we at the New York City Hospitality Alliance, which is a nonprofit organization representing restaurants and nightlife venues throughout the five boroughs strongly support, ah, the extension of this, ah, law. We conducted a survey and we've been doing it

ever recovers unless our restaurants and our

nightlife are at the core of that recovery. And this

24

2	law helps them do that while they figure out how they
3	were ever going to work so hard to have their
4	business recover. So, again, we strongly support
5	this legislation. It's going to protect small
6	business owners from financial ruin personally and
7	give them the opportunity to do what we need them to
8	do - focus their efforts on rebuilding their
9	restaurants so when the time is right we can
10	hopefully have them here, not only for the immediate
11	time, but really during the long-term recovery and
12	for years and years into the future. So I want to
13	thank you all for your consideration. My colleague,
14	Robert Bookman, is also here, and he is able to speal
15	on some additional issues, but I'm happy to answer
16	any questions at this time, but we urge the committee
17	and the council to pass this legislation and urge
18	Mayor de Blasio to enact it into law, because we need
19	to support our small business owners. This bill does
20	exactly that. It takes action, critically important,
21	I can't stress it enough, and I want to thank you
22	all.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Andrew.

ANDREW RIGIE: Thank you.

23

2.2

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Ah, Council Member Rivera has a question for you.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Hi, hi there.

ANDREW RIGIE: Hi.

here time and time again. Um, I know that you mentioned you've been, you know, reached out to, and I mentioned in my opening testimony, I can't really count how many people have counted, have, have reached out to me about this issue, whether like on Instagram or, you know, justice social media DMs, ah, emails, etcetera, etcetera, and a lot of that is because of the advocacy, ah, of the alliance. Do you know who many of your members have been impacted by personal liability clauses during COVID-19? And how many [inaudible] have you heard from since my bill took effect?

ANDREW RIGIE: Well, so I don't have a, a hard number for you. But what I can tell you is I am bombarded with phone calls, text messages, everything you can imagine, same way, you know, direct messages, you know, by hundreds, I'm sure it's thousands. I mean, you, you look at the 25,000-plus eating and drinking establishments pre-pandemic, the vast

2	majority of them are small business owners, meaning
3	that there is a likelihood that they do have one of
4	these personal liability guarantees in their leases.
5	So, I mean, I expect the number is in the thousands.
6	I can just tell you from my experience, it's almost
7	everyone I've spoken to tells us how important this
8	law is. And without it they would probably just have
9	to toss back their keys now, um, which would be
10	horrible for the city because then we know no matter
11	what we do we're not gonna get these restaurants
12	back. Um, but we also know the underlying issue is
13	that people's personal assets are on the line and
14	when we talk about people, particularly living here
15	in the city, we need to keep our New Yorkers here and
16	to do that they're gonna have their, need their
17	resources and resources. So, um, again, I expect the
18	number is in the thousands. Um, I've heard around
19	the clock, and I've been continually asked, you know,
20	this is getting extended, right, this is getting
21	extended? So, um, you know, that's the best answer I
22	can give you. I hope it's somewhat sufficient.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: No, I, and, it means a lot to know that people have reached out to you. I mean, that was the point of the bill, right,

2	is, is to help our neighbors and to help our city on
3	a road back to recovery. Um, again, when the federal
4	and, and state level governments haven't really done
5	as much as we'd like. So I guess my, my, my last
6	question is just what else should the city and state
7	be doing to support your members? I mean, we've
8	mentioned business interruption insurance. Ah, there
9	is, you know, the rent relief that's desperately
10	needed, or maybe just extending outdoor dining. I
11	think there's like small fixes and extensions, um,
12	that we could start with and then the bigger things,
13	which is like finally waiting for some sort of
14	package to pass in Congress. Short of waiting for
15	that, which I always prepare for, for doomsday,
16	that's more my style is to prepare for the worst
17	possible scenario, you know, I, I wrote a letter to
18	Cuomo and the mayor back in March asking for some of
19	these things. So are, what else can we be doing to
20	support your members now?

ANDREW RIGIE: Thank you. So good question. There is a list. Certainly, you know, more locally the state does have the business interruption insurance bills. I think giving people a plan I think giving people a plan for outdoor

2 dining, what it's going to look like post October 31 3 going into next year, using heat lamps, giving them 4 confidence so they can plan. Um, allowing cure 5 periods and, ah, warnings for any violations that don't pose immediate hazards, um, to the public. 6 7 think, although I know there's a cost involved with it, there's also a cost not doing anything. A lot of 8 these small business owners, they pay a portion of 9 the property taxes, um, as part of their lease 10 agreement. Finding a way to reduce those payments, 11 12 um, would be so important because they are going to literally pump those savings right back into the 13 14 local economy and wages, purchasing from local 15 vendors, including, you know, the farmer upstate. 16 That's a way that we can help reduce those expenses, 17 things like the commercial rent packs. Um, also 18 allowing, ah, restaurants to add a clearly disclosed, ah, COVID surcharge to a bill is going to be very 19 20 important. Um, I know there's legislation, ah, to do that, help them cover the cost of PPE, ah, help them, 21 2.2 rent, all these other expenses that they have, 23 employee wages, um, we need to save these small 24 business owners. Ah, currently restaurants, believe 25 it or not, are the only industry in the City of New

2 York I'm aware of that are prohibited from adding a clearly disclosed surcharge, um, to their checks. 3 4 mean, every other industry can do it. In fact 5 everyone other restaurant throughout the rest of the 6 state can also do it. So I think that's an option 7 that could help many of these restaurants, um, ah, you know, Rob's gonna speak a little bit later. You 8 know, there are some additional issues with permits 9 10 and licensing to speed up the process. Um, and I can send you, we have a list of probably about 40 or 50 11 12 policies, ideas, that could be done at all levels of government. Some of them will have immediate help 13 14 like the surcharge issue, like a reduction in taxes, 15 um, like allowing cure periods for violations. 16 but I think part of it is really looking at this long term, is how can we kick this crisis and make long-17 18 term changes to operating a restaurant here in the City of New York, um, and how do we reduce them and 19 20 enhance the experience, and I think things like the outdoor dining is a perfect example, where pre-COVID 21 2.2 you needed to go through an expensive and lengthy 23 permitting process to get outdoor dining. But, look, we were able to stand up the process really quickly 24 25 and take out so much of that bureaucracy, um, so I

2.2

think where there's a will there's a way, and those

3 are just a handful of, ah, ideas, and there's

4 certainly a whole bunch more where, ah, they came

5 from.

I know you all have an extensive list. I mean, I think we've all been writing letters and compiling reports of all these different great ideas out there that are being championed by so many, and so, but just hearing you say it with the clear urgency that is needed is just something that I think is always important for us to just ring the alarm in these spaces. So thank you for all that you do and for your team, and, ah, thank you, Mr. Chair, for allowing me, ah, to ask these questions.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Assembly Member. I will hand it back to CJ now, who is gonna go down the list of those that are testifying.

Thanks, Andrew.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, Chair. My name is CJ Mario. I'll be taking over as committee counsel for the remainder of the hearing. Ah, I would now like to welcome Karen Duresky to testify.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

2 After Karen I will be calling on Robert Bookman,
3 followed by Jane Lock. Karen Duresky, you may begin.

KAREN DURESKY: Great, thank you, um, and thanks Chair Gjonaj and, um, members of the committee and Council Member Rivera. Um, my name is Karen Duresky. Ah, I'm the senior organizer for Equitable Economic Development at the Association for Neighborhood and Housing Development. Um, ANHD is a nonprofit whose mission is to build community power to win affordable housing and thriving equitable neighborhoods for all New Yorkers. Um, as part of that work, we're a member and a [inaudible] of United for Small Business New York City, Coalition of Community Organizations, um, across the city, fighting to protect especially owner-operated, minority-run small businesses from the threat of displacement. Um, and, ah, you know, we want to testify in support of this legislation. supported, um, Local Law 55 when it was first introduced, um, and we certainly believe that it should be extended through March 2020, as proposed. Um, of course, some of the businesses that have closed in April have been able to reopen in a limited capacity but, um, the public health requirements of

2 operating during a pandemic have increased financial strain, um, and many of the businesses that we work 3 4 with and, and nonprofit cultural and other spaces, 5 um, rely on public assembly and on people coming 6 together, and they may not be able to be fully 7 operational for long after, um, the period ends. so the challenges to small businesses are really 8 numerous and they have been touched on very 9 10 eloquently in this hearing, um, so this is an important way to, ah, to ensure some protection, um, 11 12 for the individuals who are running those businesses and ensure that their livelihoods are not ruined 13 14 along with the potential risk to their business. 15 we do believe that the legislation would benefit from 16 some additional clarity, ah, making sure that it 17 includes, um, personal guarantees that are executed 18 simultaneously with leases but aren't actually a part of the lease document. Um, this is a fairly common 19 20 practice in signing commercial leases and we would want to make sure that business owners that have 21 2.2 signed a separate guarantee, um, of personal 23 liability would also be protected. Um, and to make 24 sure that some small businesses actually sign leases in the name of DBA, doing business as, or in the 25

2	business owner's name rather than in the business's	
3	name, um, and while these business owners have not	
4	signed personal guarantees they still face	
5	substantial financial risk, um, and we think they	
6	should be protected from personal liability as well.	
7	Um, but overall, ah, we're very supportive of this	
8	legislation and if the council's intent, ah, to	
9	continue providing this really important relief to	
10	some of the city's most vulnerable small businesses	
11	and their employees, um, we have heard from	
12	businesses that our members work with, um, that, ah,	
13	you know, are relying on this relief and it's really	
14	important to them, um, in a time when they're not	
15	able to operate their business, um, and we also just	
16	want to encourage the council to really continue to	
17	pursue, um, measures of rent relief and other	
18	financial support for small businesses to ensure that	
19	[inaudible] still here can weather the long-term	
20	effects of the, of the virus as much as possible.	
21	Um, so thank you very much for the opportunity to	
22	testify.	

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. Unless there are any questions from the members, we will move to the next panelist. Seeing no hands raised, I

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

2 would now like to welcome Robert Bookman to testify.

3 After that, I will be calling on Jane Lock, followed

4 | by Iyong Kim. Robert Bookman, you may begin.

ROBERT BOOKMAN: Good afternoon, um, Chairman Gjonaj, Council Member Rivera, two of my favorite council people. Thank you for doing this today. Ah, listen, personal liability clauses, or as we call them, good guy clauses in the, in the industry, were never intended to apply to this unprecedented situation of government shutting down businesses for months on end. In fact, personal quarantees like other, ah, documents like that and it got a lot of scrutiny lately, um, mandatory arbitration clauses, ah, and nondisclosure agreements, are really intended to get around the law. I mean, our corporate laws in the State of New York are designated to protect individuals. They form a corporation. The corporation goes into business. It's supposed to protect their personal assets. That's the whole purpose of corporate law. Um, these, ah, personal guarantees are at their root designed to get around the law. Um, and in normal times it's not, you know, you can deal with it,

because you have opportunity, if your business is not

25

to turn in their keys, ah, and close their

2 restaurants permanently 'cause they could not take the additional risk of the personal liability. And 3 4 yes, ah, we were all shocked that indoor dining has, 5 ah, did not start on July 6 when we originally passed 6 Local Law 55, as we thought it would, and it's taken 7 three full months for it to happen, and then at only 25% capacity. But it has gotten the attention of 8 landlords, who have been waiting for us to open and 9 10 open at full capacity, um, but given that that didn't happen this law is necessary to bring more and more 11 12 landlords to the table and say, listen, you know, let's work out something 'cause it's better to have 13 14 that tenant who's always there for years, who didn't 15 miss rent at a reduced rent, um, than an empty space, 16 ah, and you do not have the opportunity to go after us personally now. Um, the bankruptcy lawyers are 17 18 going to be very, very busy. Ah, so all this, the, the bill is very important. The law is important 19 20 and, and this intro is extraordinary important. it could be the single most important thing right now 21 2.2 preventing that one-third, you know, number from 23 happening, and it's something we could do locally. We don't need state and we don't need federal 24 25 approval for it. [inaudible] larger, you know,

2 overall issues that you were talking about. do need a Marshall Plan for small businesses, ah, in 3 4 order for us to get back to where we were pre-COVID. 5 Um, you know, Dr. Fauci has basically warned us we're 6 not gonna be norma this year and we're not gonna be 7 normal next year. It's probably not until January 2022 that we're gonna see a level of normalcy. 8 had 65 million tourists who came to New York in 2019. 9 That's not happening in 2020, ah, until there is a 10 worldwide, effectively distributed, ah, vaccine. 11 12 we, we do need a Marshall Plan. Um, I think we're going to need new, ah, new leadership in Washington 13 14 to effectuate that Marshall Plan, ah, but there are 15 thing that we could do here locally, and things that 16 we can do here locally now. Ah, Andrew touched on some of them. Um, I want to reiterate, ah, some cost 17 18 money to the city, but some don't. Ah, clearly, suspending all fines that are not safety-related, um, 19 20 a regulatory review. That may cost some money, but it's something we should do and we should do it now. 21 2.2 Ah, we should eliminate the commercial rent tax for 23 those businesses in Manhattan who are particularly, 24 ah, struggling, um, because they are tourist-related 25 businesses. Times Square is a ghost town. Midtown

25

cafe process. Um, I don't know that we're going to

2 permanently go back to having sidewalk cafe licenses. My guess is some day we will. But that process needs 3 4 to be reformed so that people can open faster. 5 mean, right now if you have the mistake of opening a 6 business, and I put a mistake in quotes, in April or 7 May you can't get your sidewalk cafe for the first season that you're open historically. That's silly. 8 I mean, we have to have a process where people can 9 10 operate on a pending status. Um, we need to have winter outdoor dining. When we did outdoor dining 11 12 and the city was great with that, Polly Trottenberg, DOT, I give them all kudos, the mayor, ah, you know, 13 14 you guys pushed it, pushed them into it for sure, but 15 they responded, you know, no question about it. 16 responded, you know, aces. Um, but, you know, understand that we anticipated that we would have 17 18 months of, ah, indoor dining at 50% capacity along with the outdoor dining and together that would get 19 20 us through the winter. We didn't anticipate having only outdoor dining until the weather got cool, and 21 2.2 now only 25% indoor dining. Um, so all these things 23 we can do, and then there's some things that we could as, as a city. Council, mayor, going to the governor 24 25 and saying we need some reforms of the SLA that

2	discriminate against New York City. I'll give you
3	one quick example 'cause I know I'm taking up too
4	much of your time. Ah, one quick example is outside
5	of New York City if I apply for a liquor license, I
6	can get a temporary to, to start operating my
7	businesses within about 30 days after I file with the
8	Liquor Authority, if they reviewed the application
9	and seen that everything is there, ah, while it takes
10	them four or five months to review the application.
11	The law does not allow that for New York City. It's
12	absurd. Even if I'm taking over a space that is now
13	vacant but used to have a liquor license, still not,
14	still no, no opportunity for a temporary. And, and
15	the temporary is not issued until after you've had
16	community comments, so you're not cutting anybody
17	out. So there are a number of things like that which
18	the governor could do, by the way, merely with, by
19	executive order that I think we, we all need to start
20	lobbying. But together we need to start thinking
21	about a true Marshall Plan, which will clearly
22	involve the state and federal government and a lot of
23	money. Thank you. Pass this bill.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. Unless there are any questions from the council members

24

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

we'll move on to the next panelist. Seeing no hands
raised, I would now like to welcome Jane Lock to
testify, followed by Iyong Kim and then Edward Klein.

5 Jane Lock, you may begin.

JANE LOCK: Hi. Um, so I'm, ah, our small business, I mean, uh, and I really appreciate, um, ah, Chair Gjonaj for mentioning this, but we're a small property owner and our family is also a small family business. My siblings and I, like, and my father, shovel and salt the sidewalks during the wintertime. My sister and I do the billing and accounting, and even now when our tenant hasn't been maintaining the sidewalks because he's been closed my dad goes out once a week to go pick up the garbage and the litter on the sidewalks from the outdoor dining nearby that's been happening. And this, a bartender of ours who has owed rent since February 2019 and has received PPP money, but has not paid any rent since April, or opened, or attempted any outdoor seating at all. We've tried to negotiate with then and say, you know, how about we work out with you a discounted rent for this year, maybe a one- to twoyear extension on the lease to make up for the fact that this year is probably going to be a terrible

25

2 year for you and it's at the last year, um, you know, something like that, and he just completely shot it 3 4 down and said I'm not paying a single dime during 5 this pandemic because I can't operate as normal and 6 so the only thing that he was open to was unless we 7 wrote off a majority of his arrears from, all the way from 2019 to now and then to give him a permanent 8 rent reduction along with an additional 10-year 9 lease, he said he would just return the PPP money to 10 the government rather than paying any rent he owes. 11 12 And the thing is I understand that the business is difficult. I run myself another small business and 13 14 for us our revenue dropped 80% from April to June, 15 and even now our business is roughly 50% of what it 16 is at [inaudible] this year. It has been a huge I get that. But I haven't gone and assumed 17 shock. 18 that rent is free because it's difficult now, and it boggles my mind that like the assumption is that a 19 20 small business owner, you know, it's been five months since all this happened and like you should be 21 2.2 working this stuff out. Either you work it out with 23 your landlord with deferrals, discounts, figure out something that's acceptable to both parties, because 24

the honest answer is most landlords know that if you

2 kick a tenant out now, which you can't do, um, but if you do there's probably not very many people coming 3 4 to fill that space. And so there is a ready incentive to move to the table. And we have a huge 5 6 property tax bill coming up and we're already using 7 borrowed money to help cover the recent July billion. We're already going into debt to cover our insurance 8 bills and, really, we have a risk of losing our 9 assets if we don't, even though our business income 10 has been zero since the lockdown started. Our tenant 11 12 won't even use super-low interest government aid that is completely forgivable, essentially free money, to 13 pay his bills to us because he is untouchable, thanks 14 15 to the protections that the New York City Council 16 thinks his small business deserves, but our small business doesn't deserve. To us that, that's a 17 double standard and really to me it's like a kind of 18 discrimination. And this is what I think Chair 19 20 Gjonaj pointed out earlier that was actually really moving, because nobody seems to acknowledge that. 21 2.2 mean, for anyone who claims to support minority- and 23 women-owned businesses, who say they support small business, want to avoid displacement, our family and 24 25 our business fit all of those things, but somehow we

25

2 don't deserve any of that. Like, our family has been in this neighborhood for decades. We've always 3 4 wanted to stay. We've always said no again and again 5 to developers who want to buy our property over the 6 years. My parents are immigrants to the US who came 7 with nothing. We spent, you know, worked six or seven days for decades paying for this property, and 8 because of this kind of targeted like discrimination 9 against our family's business we're being pushed 10 further and further into debt that we can't afford 11 12 and we probably, we're thinking about selling our assets to get out of the hole because we can't afford 13 it and there's no protection for our assets, and even 14 15 though we're undoubtedly going to be shortchanged. 16 literally have a meeting this evening to maybe discuss the sale of the property with, ah, with a 17 18 developer because we, we aren't even able to borrow more money from the bank to keep ourselves afloat, 19 20 because the banks have told us because of the laws that the council and everybody has passed you, we 21 2.2 don't believe that you have ability to pay any sort 23 of mortgage or anything, so that we can't even stay 24 afloat. And the sad thing is at the end of the day

if we have to sell, and sell our business to a

2	developer, ou
3	either, becau
4	so they can b
5	because of the
6	just of our s
7	business. So

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

r tenant isn't going to stay around, se the developer wants a vacant property uild whatever they want to build. So at you're gonna get displacement not mall business, but also their small , for those reasons I am not in support of the personal quarantee bill passing.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. there are any questions from the council members we'll move on to the next panelist.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, Ms. Lock, and I understand. You said from 2019 your tenant has not paid rent? Did you begin legal proceedings at that time?

JANE LOCK: Hello?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Yes.

JANE LOCK: OK. So it's not that he's completely not paid rent. He's fallen short and we've, we've tried to, you know, it's not our intention that when someone drops off a little we just kick them out right away, and that's what everyone wants to believe, but that's not the case, and this is an example of that. He's fallen short and we said, OK, you know, would you catchup? He

2.2

says, yes, yes, yes, and then we say, OK, you know, it's been some time now, I don't want this to keep snowballing or, you know, kind of rolling around. He's like, oh, we're, we're working on it, we're gonna get this, and it's been a year, and we've given a year and now it's now.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Ms. Lock.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: And now I'd like to

welcome Iyong Kim to testify, followed by Edward

Klein, and then Kathy Reilly. Iyong Kim, you may

begin. Ms. Kim?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Ms. Kim?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Ms. Kim, you're on

IYONG KIM: Does that work?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: You're good.

IYONG KIM: OK, thank you. Thank you,
Chair Gjonaj and the Committee on Small Business for
convening this hearing. My name is Iyong Kim. I am
the assistant director of small business programs at
the Asian American Federation. Our mission is to
raise the influence and well-being of the pan Asian
American community through research, policy advocacy,
public awareness, and organizational development. In

2 our rapid respond, ah, rapid response efforts in the 3 face of this pandemic we have facilitated the distribution of over 320,000 masks and hundreds of 4 thermometers to small business owners. We also set 5 up a resource center for policy change and government 6 7 assistance programs in language and continue to provide direct services for business owners who need 8 marketing and administrative assistance. 9 In the past money we have also conducted a survey to assess the 10 impact of the pandemic on Asian small business owners 11 12 across the city, which was tied to a \$100,000 grant. Um, I'd like to thank, um, Council Member Rivera for 13 the preconsidered bill, the good guy clauses, an 14 15 especially pressing issue for immigrant small 16 business owners, as well, and as we welcome this 17 effort to extend this protection I would also request 18 for an ample outreach to the immigrant communities to make sure that all small business owners are aware of 19 20 their rights. I also recognize that there are difficulties that other small property owners face, 21 2.2 such as the story we have heard from Ms. Jane just 23 now, and we want to, ah, we want to recognize this difficulty for the small property owners, and also 24 encourage the council to facilitate an assistance for 25

2 the smallest of the small property owners as much as 3 possible. But we need more protective measures to 4 serve as a safety net for the most vulnerable small 5 business owners with little access to meaningful assistance. And I'm here mainly today to talk about 6 7 the way that the SBS and the current administration is failing to meet the demands of the small business 8 owners that do not speak English and that do not, ah, 9 10 that are not part of the big wheel or the system of lobbying and talking to the, um, main government, um, 11 12 agencies. We have seen that the SBS employer 13 retainment grant was closed in just two weeks without 14 meaningful effort to assist those unable to apply due 15 to a language barrier. Since then, the SBS has been 16 guiding small businesses owners to seek assistance 17 through federal programs, such as PPP. What do we have as a result? We see ZIP codes with the highest 18 concentration of Asian small businesses, such as 19 20 Flushing, but the lowest approval rate for SBA loans in all of New York City. Even the Commercial Lease 21 2.2 Assistance Program, which we support and we, we are 23 welcoming the refunding of, we must say, we must 24 point out that there is not any language assistance there, either. And our small business owners, even 25

2 when I do connect them to the program itself, can't get any meaningful assistance because they are not 3 able to speak and communicate with the attorneys in 4 this program. Immigrant small business owners with 5 limited English proficiency are lost at the lack of 6 7 language access because they don't understand what kind of policies are coming up, or what kind of 8 policies have changed, and what their obligations and 9 penalties that they will face will be before they are 10 actually given that penalty. The SBS webinars that 11 12 we heard about today, those webinars with language access are only available weeks after a new policy is 13 introduced, during which time our small business 14 15 owners are left to scramble for their own whatever 16 means possible to get information out of desperation. We have requested for webinars that focus more on 17 18 what to expect during inspections and to advise on the cure processing language if it's not possible to 19 20 give this kind of webinar in time, in real time when all the other English-speaking small business owners 21 2.2 are getting the information. We're still waiting to 23 hear from the SBS and look forward to working together to bring more, more relevant content to the 24 immigrant small business community. Outreach to 25

2	immigrant small business owners from the SBS also						
3	leaves immigrant small business owners out. In our						
4	survey of Asian small business owners in New York						
5	City over 90% of our respondents have answered that						
6	they are not a member of a BID or chamber of						
7	communicate. Yet, we see very little opportunity f						
8	small business owners to directly engage with SBS						
9	other than the hotline system that the SBS talks						
10	about, which, again, is not given in language access.						
11	Immigrant small business owners are also falling pre						
12	to corporate greeds that targets them for easy						
13	revenue. For example, Con Ed is billing exorbitant						
14	demand fees to charge them for the same or higher of						
15	[inaudible] as last year this time, despite the fact						
16	that businesses are right now operating at like 30%						
17	capacity compared to pre-COVID times. To whom						
18	they're supposed to ask help for is still unclear,						
19	again, because there's not enough outreach to						
20	immigrant small business owners from this						
21	administration. We have repeatedly pointed out from						
22	the federation's testimonies in the past that there						
23	are hostile inspections that are resulting in tickets						
24	and fines for small business owners and that are						
25	causing logistical and financial burdon on already-						

25

2 struggling businesses. We have pointed out that there are [inaudible] complaints that automatically 3 4 trigger inspections and that needs to be in check. We have not seen any effort from the SBS to work with 5 other agencies to decide what's going to happen with 6 7 this. Our small business owners are frustrated with hostile practices and lack of will to communicate 8 during inspections. They are left with tickets and 9 fines that they don't know why they got it. They are 10 left with tickets and fines they don't know how to 11 12 cure. New regulations that don't make sense are also putting our small businesses in jeopardy. The Korean 13 14 Cleaners Association expects that hundreds of their 15 members will be closing business this year because of 16 unreasonable fire safety regulations, not because of COVID. Yes, COVID has made their businesses very 17 18 difficult, but it's not just because of COVID. city is also making it impossible for their business 19 20 to survive and the city is not helping them to cure any problems that they can work out. With this, we 21 2.2 recommend the City Council and SBS to increase 23 language access, to mandate same-day release of inlanguage material introducing new policies and 24

regulation, fund the community-based organizations

working with you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. Unless there are any questions from the council members we'll move on to the next panelist. Seeing no hands raised, I would now like to call on Edward Klein to testify, followed by Kathleen Reilly, and then Louise Favier. Edward Klein, you may begin.

opportunity to testify today, and we look forward to

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

EDWARD KLEIN: Thank you very much. Good							
afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. My name is Edward							
Klein. I'm a real estate owner in this lovely city							
of ours, a managing member of a law firm, and I'm a							
promoter and founder of a higher education initiative							
to several hundred adult members of the Jewish faith.							
I have close to a hundred people in line for my							
various endeavors. Suffice it to say, and this might							
come out a little but harsh, but suffice it to say							
that the original passage of the guarantee law and							
the proposed extension of the law, I do believe that							
many business people are coming to the conclusion							
that New York City is no longer a place to conduct							
business. Now, of course, before I continue to							
explain that sentence, my sympathy and the sympathy							
of all my members							

UNIDENTIFIED: Mr. Klein, you're not very audible. If you could speak a little closer to the microphone.

EDWARD KLEIN: Sure, sure, sure. Thank you so much. I appreciate that. Um, thank you for bringing that to my attention. Is this better?

Yeah, OK.

UNIDENTIFIED: Yes, it is a little better.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

EDWARD KLEIN: Thank you very much. my, my sympathies go out to the thousands and thousands of New Yorkers who have suffered pain and death. Our community actually has suffered very, very badly in March, April, and May of this, of this year, as much as any other community throughout the city. So the sympathy is there and the understanding of all the problems, of all the people in the business world is high on our agenda. So what I'm about to say is not intended to diminish or degrade or downplay the pain and suffering being suffered by many New Yorkers, financially especially, as well as physically. Um, you know, by the grace of God we should get out of this, ah, this muck, this plague, as quickly as possible. But when the official legislative arm of this great City of New York abrogates contracts that have been entered into consensually between members of the business world, we're talking about business people, not talking about residents, like residents, and this is essentially focused on the business world, then the time has come to reconsider New York City. The council's wholesale cancellation of tens of thousands of contracts, maybe even hundreds of thousands, in

25

2 the form of leases and quarantees is a massive rewriting of most of the commercial real estate 3 relationships in this city. It's simply wrong. 4 5 not, it's, you can't just tear contracts up and try 6 to start over again, notwithstanding the better, the, 7 the negative outfall, fallout, of the, ah, of, of 8 COVID. You know, property owners, large and small, all types, all stripes, all colors, have financial 9 obligations to maintain our buildings. We have to 10 maintain the buildings for the tenant's benefit. 11 12 have to maintain the buildings to comply with federal, state, and local laws by the hundreds. 13 14 have to pay taxes, real estate taxes, payroll taxes, 15 insurance, upkeep, superintendents, staff, on and on 16 The City Council, by having the passed the law six months ago, the original cancellation of 17 18 guarantees, and by considering this extension of guaranteed cancellation, is interfering with every 19 20 landlord's constitutionally protected contract rights. They're reallocating the risk of all these 21 2.2 losses from tenants to owners by suspending payment 23 obligations of dependent guarantors. You're suspending hundreds of millions of dollars of tenant 24

obligations. It's not a, a temporary cancellation.

2 That's a misnomer. It's not even true. You're 3 suspending hundreds of millions of dollars of 4 obligations that's being done at the expense of 5 depriving all owners practically, of a critical form of security for their lease obligations, and their 6 7 own ability to pay their own expenses of their properties. Many of the speakers who have come 8 before you, Mr. [inaudible] and all the others, have 9 stated that 80%, 70%, are not paying their bills, and 10 where do you think that leaves the landlords? How 11 12 are they supposed to pay their bills with 70% of the 13 tenants, commercial tenants are not paying their, 14 their obligations. The council members, also 15 respectfully, need to understand that the pummelling 16 of this one industry, the real estate industry, 17 through various statutes, because this has to be 18 taken into context of all the other, ah, statutes that have been passed by the state, ah, even though 19 20 the New York City Council doesn't have direct responsibility for the state, they're causing much of 21 2.2 the real estate industry to flee New York. 23 if you have to lose money on your investments, you're not going to stick around, you're not going to stay. 24 We're not talking about break even. We're talking 25

2 about losing money when laws like this are passed. You can't survive losing money. You're gonna lose 3 4 your building for foreclosure. You're gonna lose 5 your building because you can't sell it, because you can't afford to feed the building when it's have a 6 7 negative cash flow of 10%, 20%, 30%. Nobody has that 8 kind of money, with the exception of some of the really bigger landlords. But that's not what we're 9 10 talking about here. You've already seen sales activity and leasing activity and any other type of 11 12 activity decline in 2020 versus 2019, not just because of COVID. Of course, COVID is part of the 13 14 responsibility. But also due to the New York State, 15 again, this is not the city legislature, but in New 16 York State legislatures total rewriting of the law in 17 2019 to the benefit of tenants and to the detriment 18 of landlords, and also because of Governor Cuomo's essential [inaudible] legal system in terms of 19 20 freezing evictions for over a year and, and freezing the system. The system is still not even working in 21 2.2 terms of getting tenants to pay their rent in court. 23 Make no mistake. I'm not looking here to be critical 24 of those trying to support COVID victims. You know, 25 most of my staff got COVID. Many of my friends lost

25

two units or 2000 units, to the exclusion of any

25

2 other industry. You haven't done this to any industry. You haven't told the banks that they have 3 4 to stop taking, ah, payments [inaudible]. There was 5 a short moratorium, but that's over now and you're and of the stopping the banks. You haven't required 6 7 the insurance companies to pay the thousands of claims for lost rent. That affects landlords also. 8 The reason it hasn't been done is beyond me. I'm not 9 10 sure exactly why not. But you have to look back, look at yourself in the mirror, and, yes, does that 11 12 suggest that there is an animus to real estate owners, whatever that might be? Whatever the reason 13 14 is, I'm not going to claim racism, anti-Semitism, 15 that's nonsense. It just seems there's this, this, 16 this left concept of an animus for anybody who owns anything. If it's not an animus [inaudible] please 17 18 tell me why not. I'm happy to hear why not. Ladies and gentlemen of the council, it's time to wake up 19 20 and smell the roses. Your statutes such as the guaranteed law extension are doing extraordinary 21 2.2 damage to the entire fabric of business. Yes, you're 23 helping the tenants, ah, some of the commercial 24 tenants stay in, but not all of the tenants would go

out of business. Many of the tenants that are using

this as a club against their landlords are not going							
out of business and are doing OK. It's not only							
restaurants that are affected and, and benefitting							
from this law. Read the statute carefully. It							
affects many, many other classes of tenants. As a							
matter of fact, so much so that it was [inaudible]							
into law with several others over the federal court							
action against the original law, of which arguments							
of two hours were, were heard on Friday, which I							
listened to, and the judge was not terribly happy at							
the fact that it's really an extraordinary over-broad							
law. It wasn't carefully crafted. It's not a							
carefully, ah, understood or carefully acknowledged							
law. It's very broad in its scope and affects							
hundreds of thousands of people, much more than those							
that really need it. Please understand, please try							
to understand the extraordinary damage being done to							
the commercial fabric of business in the city.							
Please reject the extension of this bad law. Thank							
you for listening, and thank you for understanding,							
and God bless everybody.							

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. Unless there are any questions from the council members we'll move on to the next panelist. Seeing no hands

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

1819

20

21

22

23

24

25

raised, I would now like to welcome Kathleen Reilly to testify. After Kathleen Reilly I will be calling on Louise Favier and then Graham Robinson. Ah, Kathleen Reilly, you may begin.

KATHLEEN REILLY: Thank you. Ah, good

afternoon, everybody. My name is Kathleen Reilly, with the New York State Restaurant Association and coming up on six months since the stay-at-home orders were imposed in response to COVID-19. The restaurant industry is still one of the hardest hit by the pandemic. Ah, we know how much the restaurant industry means to the city and the culture and its economy, and we have to believe that all levels of government will find a way to support this industry. With that goal in mind, we're testifying today in favor of extending the personal liability protections until March 31, 2021, and on the overall state of our industry grappling with COVID-19. First, to address the preconsidered introduction. NYSRA is wholeheartedly in support of extending the provisions of Local Law 55 until March 31, 2021. This law, which prevents personal liability provisions in commercial leases from being enforced against COVIDrelated defaults has provided both protection and

25

comprehensive relief package specifically for

25

2 restaurants, 63.6% said they're likely to close by the end of the year. Of those who indicated they are 3 likely to close, 54.8% said they will be forced to 4 shut their doors before November. In our earlier 6 August survey we asked whether restaurants expected 7 to be profitable in the next six months, and a whopping 89.7 said they did not. Asked what relief 8 measures would be most critical to survival, the 9 operators identified commercial rentals, business 10 interruption insurance claims being paid, and an 11 12 increase in indoor dining capacity as their top three priorities. For additional context on how this 13 14 impacts employment, our survey from the first week in 15 August found that 91.8% of restaurant operators had 16 been forced to furlough or lay off employees since 17 the COVID-19 outbreak began and a majority, which is 18 54.7%, had to lay off or furlough 90% to 100% of their employees. 74.2% of operators reported no 19 20 plans of hiring additional employees in the next 30 These numbers are stark and they paint an 21 2.2 extremely worrying picture of an industry in a fight 23 for its life. They also reveal an industry that has 24 always been a cornerstone of the community, and even

in its darkest hour is continue to act like it.

25

2 Nearly every restaurant that is open right now is operating at net mutual or a loss, but still striving 3 4 to provide what jobs they can and taking every necessary precaution to ensure the health and safety 5 6 of their employees and customers. [inaudible] 7 pressures on our restauranteurs whose steadfastness in complying with state mandates has been laudable, 8 with Governor Cuomo's own task force reporting 9 anywhere from 90% to 99% compliance in their 10 inspections. All of that said, and acknowledging 11 12 that the city is not in a position to provide the 13 immense financial relief the industry needs, I'd like to briefly touch on a couple of areas where the city 14 15 can provide assistance. First, we need clarity and 16 foresight on outdoor dining. While Governor Cuomo has now granted New York City restaurants the ability 17 18 to open their dining rooms starting September 30, it will be at just 25% capacity until at least November 19 20 1, if not later. This additional option for seating was greatly needed and we appreciate it as a starting 21 2.2 point, but outdoor dining will remain a critically 23 important avenue to supplement that limited indoor capacity. We need, as soon as possible, to get clear 24

guidance from FDNY and DOT about exactly what will be

25

definitively say whether or not he will extend the Open Restaurants Program beyond October 31. We would encourage him to do so, but either we just need a clear answer. We also need all the support we can, whether through SBS or otherwise, to make sure we reach every corner and every community in the city and every language, as was mentioned earlier, with the regulations for indoor dining. We have the month of October to prove that New York City can reopen indoor dining safely and successfully, and if any segment of our city's restaurant operators is left behind in education and outreach efforts it could be devastating both for their individual businesses and for the industry. In conclusion, NYSRA is grateful to the City Council and the Small Business Committee for discussing Council Member Rivera's preconsidered introduction to extend Local Law 55. We're in support of this measure and we appreciate the committee taking the time to revisit the ongoing concerns of our small businesses across the city. hope the dire situation of the restaurant segment has clear come through in this testimony.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

2 industry fighting for its life, and we thank City
3 Council for keeping that in its consideration of this

4 and other relief measures. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. I'd now like to call on Louise Favier to testify, followed by Michael Brady. Louise Favier, you may begin.

LOUISE FAVIER: Hello. Ah, thank you so much for listening to me today. I'm here to support the extension of this legislation. Um, in my particular case we reopened after our forced closure and, you know, we're still losing money. Ah, we're still struggling. But we know if we close our doors that everything we've invested and all the jobs that the lovely we work with will all be, ah, it will all be for nothing. So we'd love to try and keep holding on, um, you know, hopefully not losing huge amounts, even though we expect to continue to lose money throughout the winter, but if we get an extension of this it would give me a little breathing room to decide whether or not I can, ah, how much we can tolerate, ah, a slow winter, and it would give me a moment to decide whether or not I need to, ah, really sadly throw in the towel. If, with this September 30 deadline it feels very pressured, where I could be on

personal guarantees being kind of an end run around

25

2 corporate law, ah, that really just impacts small business owners because big corporations don't sign 3 these personal quarantees, felt very true for me. 4 5 When we were signing leases it was one of those 6 things if you want it you have to do the personal 7 guarantee. So we'd be very grateful to know there 8 was an extension. I do want to say thank you very much to the city, ah, for the Open Streets Program. 9 10 Ah, we're, we, it's made a huge difference in terms of, you know, we're still losing money, but the 11 12 amount we're losing is more tolerable. Um, we've appreciated the reduction, the elimination of 13 14 sidewalk fees. Um, I would like to appeal for 15 programs that gives small targeted grants to small 16 restaurants and small businesses. I feel like all our businesses, ah, all the information about us is 17 18 all transparent, in our bank accounts and through the city or the sales tax we've always paid. 19 Everyone 20 can see what rent we pay. So it would be, it would take a lot of work, but I feel it would be very 21 2.2 worthwhile to offer small targeted grants. I have a 23 small bar out in Washington State and we got a \$5000 24 emergency grant from our county, um, to put towards

inventory reopening, and we got an \$8000 grant from

25

2 our city, and those amounts seem so small in the big picture of things, but they have transformed our 3 4 sense of like we can do this, we can come through 5 this, you know, with in addition to using our PPP 6 money it's like OK, we're still losing money and, ah, 7 but, you know, if we could just hang in using our SBA loans who knows how many years we'll be paying them 8 off, but we can only pay them off if our business is 9 still open to do it. So I would appeal for small 10 targeted grants, as many people, ah, mentioned, a 11 12 reduction in many of the onerous fees, whether it's all the taxes and city fees, ah, it would mean so 13 14 much to, for our landlord to be released from some of 15 those so he doesn't have to pass them on to us, his 16 real estate taxes, etcetera. And, ah, and for us to be released from a lot of them. Ah, we appreciate 17 18 the support. We have no idea how we're gonna get through the winter. Um, even with open streets, I 19 20 mean, I'd love to put heaters, but we know in the New York City winter, um, I just don't know how much 21 2.2 money we can afford to put into it. We will, of 23 course, continue to invest, you know, already we 24 spent a couple of thousand on each of our, ah, open

street structures to try to make them compliant with

2	DOT because we'd heard from so many other restaurants							
3	that the awful fines, ah, that they were getting,							
4	we're very afraid of the SLA. Um, at this point							
5	we've hired extra staff 'cause we're so fearful of							
6	getting our liquor license revoked. We're so fearful							
7	of someone standing up accidentally while they have a							
8	drink that we spend a lot of time making sure we're							
9	keeping people safe, but also fearful of undue							
10	punishment, ah, from the state. So this to finish							
11	up. I just want to say thank you so much for, ah,							
12	having given this law. It gave us a sense of							
13	security for a few months, that at least we wouldn't							
14	be in a state of ruination and, and chased for the							
15	rest of our lives, ah, because we're already going to							
16	be paying off these SBA loans for the rest of our							
17	lives, um, and so an extension of this we'd be, we'd							
18	be most grateful. I'd be particularly grateful if,							
19	ah, the good guy, ah, clauses were actually, um,							
20	eliminated. Ah, that would be a wonderful thing for							
21	small businesses. And I appreciate your time, and we							
22	look forward to more support from all of you. Thank							
23	you.							

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Louise. We've been joined by Council Member Rodriguez and I

24

25

2.2

2 want to call on Council Member Rivera, who has a 3 question for you, Louise.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Louise, are you still there? OK.

LOUISE FAVIER: Yes, I [inaudible].

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you, and hi. I'm, I'm Carlina. Um, I just wanted to ask just two quick things. One is where, what are your bars called? I know they're in Brooklyn and Queens. But what are the names?

LOUISE FAVIER: Ah, we're in Ridgewood.

We're on Onderdonk Avenue in Ridgewood. So one of
them is called Onderdonk and Sons. They're kind of,
you know, old school type places, and we, ah, are in
the lovely community of Greenpoint, Brooklyn, um, at
the corner of Greenpoint and Franklin, the Pencil
Factory Bar. That's almost 20 years, ah, old and,
ah, Onderdonk has been there about five, six years.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Excellent, always looking for a long bike ride and where to, a destination. OK. I also wanted to ask you how, how, I just want to say that I'm sorry because I realize how stressful this is and I have personal experience with my husband, who's involved in the restaurant

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

2 industry, and that's the first time I had ever heard of a good guy clause and what it means, and how it 3 4 could really ruin someone in, in so many ways. 5 just want to say that I'm, I'm sorry that, for the 6 anxiety that this has all been putting you all 7 through, and, and to thank you for putting it into the perspective of regardless of, of what happens, 8 um, you know, you have debt and you could be paying 9 debt until you're well into your eighties, and I just 10 feel like that is something important for people to 11 12 understand right now, when we're talking about survival. You mentioned an SBA loan. Was that easy 13 14 to apply for, all things...

UNIDENTIFIED: Yes.

LOUISE FAVIER: Yeah, I, I thought they were quite, I mean, it was a lot of paperwork initially, but, um, you know, we, we applied for all the city loans, the \$75,000 that was a possibility, but none of those came through, even though we applied, you know, within the first 24 hours. But all the SBA loans came through, which, you know, is a really, is the only reason why we're still operating, because, you know, we, we have no assets to be putting into it, but we're, have no illusions that

25

streets having get started in May, you know, I mean,

3

even if it goes through the winter it'll only be good to us in May, that we might actually start to

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

recover.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Absolutely, and I think that was a good vision for open, open streets, was to explore open streets dining and, and permanent solutions, and I know that people sit outside during the colder months all over the world in other cities, and maybe not January and February 'cause the parking spaces are filled with snow, but we can certainly figure out how to extend it, um, in a responsible way. And, and thanks for your recommendation on, on small targeted loans. We're certainly gonna try to advocate for that. So that way you can get actual assistance instead of being kind of laden with more debt. So thank you for your recommendations and, of course, um, I'm glad it was easy to apply for the loan, and I think that's what, you know, this kind of chorus of making it as easy as possible, especially for those who might speak English as a second language, um, to make sure that, that people can, can access those opportunities. So thank you so much for your testimony today. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

LOUISE FAVIER: Thank you.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

2 COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Looking forward 3 to going to the shops.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. I'd now like to welcome Michael Brady to testify. Michael Brady, you may begin.

MICHAEL BRADY: Wonderful, thank you. Ah, Chair Gjonaj, members of the New York City Council Committee on Small Business, specifically Council Member Rivera, ah, thank you for this convening on the state of New York City's small business community. I want to thank you both specifically, ah, because I'm really disheartened by the lack of participation in the hearing by other members of the council. Um, it appears that small business may not rate among the other members, but I am really grateful for you both being here. Ah, as I said, I'm Michael Brady. I'm the chief executive officer of Third Avenue Business Improvement District and the Bruckner Boulevard commercial corridor, located in the South Bronx. Collectively, these organizations represent a thousand South Bronx largely immigrant-owned mom and pop businesses. work of, ah, these organizations address the barriers for the district's small and micro business owners

25

2 and build robust and equitable economic development 3 tools by demanding equitable city resources, safer 4 and cleaner streets, and responsible emission-driven development. I'm also from the borough where the 5 6 unemployment rate hovers at around 30%, and as a 7 result of COVID-19 and a lack in equitable resource deployment in the, in the boroughs by New York City. 8 I was able to be a part of a small group of 9 individuals that have deployed roughly 20 million 10 dollars in grants and other resources to borough 11 12 businesses and organizations. Our organization is helping drive systemic change needed to support 13 equitable economic development in the Bronx. 14 15 organize and build coalitions, provide strategic 16 community services, provide research and data 17 analysis, and support targeted advocacy efforts in 18 strengthening community voices, building community power, and helping to win economic development 19 20 policies that invest in people as much as they invest in places. For the purpose of this hearing we are 21 2.2 supportive of the preconsidered extension of Local 23 Law 55 to assist small businesses and landlords in 24 navigating the very murky waters that exist in New

York City by addressing the personal liability

25

2 clause. As noted in our prior testimony, when the legislation was first, ah, passed, we would recommend 3 that the City of New York investigate the legality in 4 terms of contracts that may be modified as a result 5 of this legislation. Much like the Commercial Lease 6 7 Assistance Program, this is one step that must be accompanied by many in order to one, make New York 8 City, ah, make New York City make sense for small and 9 10 large businesses, and two, provide a road map for the future of equitable economic development and 11 12 neighborhood stabilization. These are steps which are good and we are so very grateful. But this is a 13 14 piecemeal approach and does not represent a serious 15 plan on the order of magnitude of us being the City of New York. New York's small business community is 16 precariously close, close to becoming extinct. 17 18 Sadly, New York City and the state did not mobilize early enough nor have sufficient resources have been 19 20 deployed to assist small businesses. This is a failure that we knew was coming. It's a failure that 21 2.2 many of us wrote in letters in early March. 23 administration has sacked small businesses for both terms, introducing legislation that has raped the 24

coffers, closed small businesses, jeopardized the

25

2 work force, and now when the tax base, the base that is generated by property owners and small businesses, 3 4 when that is in jeopardy the administration is shocked and horrified by the reality. This is sadly 5 6 associated with politics. And our city deserves 7 better. We need real programs and resources to get New York City back on track. Unfortunately, just 8 handing out PPE and referral services are not enough. 9 10 And quite frankly hearing, quote, we need to wait for federal assistance, is not an answer, nor is that 11 12 assistance coming. Additionally, New York City agencies need to stop finger pointing and playing the 13 14 proverbial hot potato and be very clear and direct 15 about the challenges New York City faces and the 16 solutions that they can implement. There is a path forward and here are some of the elements that we 17 18 think are needed. Long-term lending in New York City under the direction of a robust financial control 19 20 board. This requires both the state and the city to put ego aside and encounter the real difficult 21 2.2 realities of governing. It also requires New York 23 City to bring, ah, bring about a pause on pet 24 projects and take a look at a year of austerity

measures. Quite frankly, from a business

25

2 perspective, we don't trust this mayor with deficit spending and we need the assurance that the financial 3 control board has the power needed to assist our city 4 and maintain our long-term fiscal health. We cannot 5 6 kick the debt can down the road. Secondarily, we 7 must manage our city. We need to address quality of life in systemic matters like housing. In addition 8 to addressing cleanliness and the safety of our 9 neighborhoods, we must meaningfully address housing. 10 There are currently over 13,000 empty units in New 11 12 York City right now. If New York City were innovative and creative we could acquire them through 13 eminent domain under a state of a new emergency and 14 15 address homelessness challenges in real time. 16 our city fails to do this. Number three, no more debt programs. Businesses need grants and cash 17 infusions, not more debt. Businesses, unlike New 18 York City, cannot kick the debt can down the road. 19 20 We must engage with philanthropy in a very real, very targeted way to provide resources to vulnerable small 21 2.2 businesses and organizations. Number four, create a 23 clear path forward for restaurants, nightlife, and hospitality. We have had six months to develop a 24

plan and now we have an extraordinarily weak program

25

have not seriously addressed this boggles me every

25

really do appreciate it.

2 day. Where is our lawsuit against insurers? is the attorney general on this? Why have we not 3 4 called the question in the courts? This is literally 5 a 900 million dollar path forward for our businesses. 6 And lastly, number 11, handle property taxes. 7 known for years that the property tax structure in New York City is broken. We've had commission upon 8 commission to create a plan to address it and we 9 10 still haven't. We must appropriately address property taxes to be adjusted due to the pandemic and 11 12 similarly address a long, or create a long-term strategy to create a fair and equitable system, not 13 14 just a city piggybank. Nationally and locally, both 15 the healthcare system and the government were poorly 16 prepared for COVID-19 and have been in crisis response ever since New York's first, ah, case was 17 identified on March 1. We have the power and we have 18 the brains to create a very clear and smart path 19 20 forward for our future. It is my hope that this council and the extension of Local Law 55 will be a 21 2.2 piece of that plan. But I must underscore that we 23 need a real plan. The piecemeal approach just 24 doesn't work. Thank you again for your time.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

one to me.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I want to thank you,
Michael, ah, you touched on so many issues there that
I'm going to stay in touch and want to continue to
stay in touch, as we have over the years. But,
Michael, tell me a little bit about the 20 million
dollars in grants in New York City, ah, explain that

MICHAEL BRADY: Sure. Um, when, so there's a, there's a small group of organizational leaders in the Bronx that created the Bronx Community Relief Effort, and the relief effort was created, ah, as a result of understanding that the Bronx wouldn't get resources, at least not equitable resources, from New York City or from, from our state or federal partners. So we mobilized very early on with philanthropy and among an organizational network to raise and deploy roughly 20 million dollars. Ah, you know, to small businesses, organizations, to justice initiatives, to really make sure that we could deeply touch as many Bronx businesses and organizations as possible, and now because of those efforts we've actually pivoted to creating the, the Bronx Foundation. And some of the efforts, you know, very specifically, ah, another panelist had, had

2	referenced the cost of doing outdoor dining. Um, you							
3	know, we, just two weeks ago for Labor Day weekend,							
4	we, ah, launched our first open streets, ah, program							
5	on Alexander Avenue in the Bronx, where the Bronx							
6	Foundation actually paid for the creation of the							
7	outdoor dining, to the tune of about \$125,000. I							
8	could not imagine if all those small businesses had							
9	to pay for that. And because of the success of that							
10	program we're now expanding the open streets dining							
11	with the Rockwell Group, the Foundation, and the							
12	Third Avenue BID to Melrose and then to Westchester							
13	Square.							

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: That's incredible, Michael, and I just, I'm a little taken back by the number of 20 million dollars. And this is all grants?

MICHAEL BRADY: Yeah, it's, it's really astonishing when you look at, um, New York City allocated 49 million dollars to the entire City of New York, which is disgusting and gross. Ah, with a small group of literally rag-tag people who are working full-time jobs, um, we're able to mobilize 20 million dollars for our borough.

2.2

Michael. And these are no interest payment grants,

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: That says a lot,

4 correct?

5 MICHAEL BRADY: Correct.

6 CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: No loans? These are

7 just...

MICHAEL BRADY: No loans. This is you're a business, you fill out a very simple application form, it's vetted, and you have a check in your hands within three weeks.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: That is incredible, Michael, and maybe you should be sharing this a little bit with City Hall and this administration on how you did it and how to get it done within three weeks.

MICHAEL BRADY: We, ah, we've tried. Ah, a lot of colleagues in government and in, ah, philanthropy have, have written letters to the mayor and appropriate commissioners and the governor. Um, but as I stated earlier, um, I don't think small businesses win votes, um, so I don't think folks pay attention to all, us all that much, except for when they want our taxes.

2.2

thank you for that. I couldn't have said it better myself. But, yes, it's a, it's a big concern and the irony that we fight for small business, allegedly, in words and put no resources or real time and energy into it, and we'll continue this, as well as something that I'm working closely on, which is the marketplace third-party fees that are paid to Amazon, which would help, ah, our small businesses. So, Michael, thank you.

MICHAEL BRADY: Thank you very, Council Member, appreciate you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. At this time if your name has not been called and you wish to testify please raise your hand using the Zoom raise hand function. Seeing no hands raised, I will now turn it over to Chair Gjonaj for closing remarks.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, CJ. Um, as we all heard today, the difficulties that our small businesses are having, ah, that their very existence is being undermined, the only thing that's certain when it comes to small business is incertainty. And we have all failed. Ah, I am gonna continue to fight with my colleagues to give every

-		-		-	ı
	L		L		L

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS

small business a fighting chance to survive this crisis. And I truly believe that if we wanted to we could focus the time and energy to get that done. So I want to thank all of those that testified of the duration, ah, the City Council staff, and all those that helped put this committee together. This will conclude our hearing on the state of small business.

[gavel] Thank you.

${\tt C} \ {\tt E} \ {\tt R} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt F} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt C} \ {\tt A} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt E}$

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date ____October 12, 2020