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7	COMMITTEE ON RULES, ELECTIONS	PRIVILEGES AND	
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9		ecember 16, 2019	
10	R	tart: 11:16 a.m. ecess: 12:28 p.m.	
11		ommittee Deem City Hell	
12		ommittee Room - City Hall	
13	BEFORE: K	aren Koslowitz, hairperson	
14			
15	COUNCIL MEMBERS:		
16	M	drienne E. Adams argaret S. Chin	
17	V	afael L. Espinal, Jr. anessa L. Gibson	
18	R	orey D. Johnson ory I. Lancman	
19	D	teven Matteo eborah L. Rose	
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1	COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 2
2	APPEARANCES
3	Kenneth Knuckles
4	Appointed to serve on the City Planning Commission
5	Commitssion
6	Francis Henn Appointed as President of the New York City Tax
7	Commission
8	Thomas Nichols
9	Appointed to serve on New York City Tax Commission
LO	Christopher Bastardi
11	Appointed to serve on New York City Youth Board
L2	Melanie Kruvelis
L3	Appointed to serve on New York City Youth Board
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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 3

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: [GAVEL] Good morning and welcome to the Committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections. My name is Karen Koslowitz [INAUDIBLE 00:59-01:16] Steven Matteo, Council Member Deborah Rose and Council Member Adrienne [INAUDIBLE 1:26-1:45] Chuck Davis Chief Compliance Officer and Andre Johnson Brown, Alicia Vassell[SP?] and Julius Coranda, Investigators.

Today, the Rules Committee will consider the nominations of Kenneth Knuckles for reappointment to the City Planning Commission, Thomas Nichols and Francis Henn for appointment to the tax commission and Christopher Bastardi and Melanie Kruvelis — I hope I'm pronouncing your names okay, for appointment to the Youth Board.

If the Council gives its advice and consent, Mr. Knuckles, a Bronx resident will be reappointed to the City Planning Commission and will serve the remainder of a five year term that expires on June 30, 2020.

The Chair receives an annual salary of \$214,413. The member who was designated as Vice Chair receives an annual salary of \$65,271. The other members receive an annual salary of \$54,150.

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS

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Pursuant to the New York City Charter, the City
Planning Commission must consist of thirteen members
with seven appointments which includes the
appointment of the Chair made by the Mayor, one
appointment each made by the Public Advocate, and
each Borough President. All members except the
Chair, are subject to the advice and consent of the
Council. According to the Charter, the members
should be chosen for their independence, integrity,
and civic commitment.

CPC members serve for staggered five year terms, except for the Chair, who as Director of Department of City Planning, serves at the pleasure of the Mayor.

The CPS member, other than the Chair, are not considered regular city employees and there is no limitation on the number of terms a CPC member may serve. However, CPC members are prohibited from holding any other city office while serving on the CPC.

Responsibilities of the CPC has several responsibilities, some of their duties include:
Engaging in planning focused on the City's orderly growth, improvement and future development, which

involve considerations concerning appropriate
resources for housing, business, industry,
recreation, and culture; assisting the Mayor and
other officials in developing the ten year capital
strategy, the four year capital program, as well as
the annual Statement of Needs; overseeing and
coordinating environmental reviews under the City
Environmental Quality Review CEQR, mandated by the
states Environmental Conservation Law; every four
years, the CPC must also prepare and file a zoning
and planning report with the Mayor, the Council, the
Public Advocate, the Borough Presidents and the
Community Boards.

The report should contain their planning policy along with a proposal for implementing that policy, including any associated recommended amendments, if any, to the Zoning Resolution. The report must also include the plans and studies CPC undertook or completed in the previous four years; CPC must review and either approve or deny any City Proposal involving the City's request to make acquisitions for office space and requests for existing buildings for office use.

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1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 2 Rules and Standards established by the CPC, the 3 CPC also establishes various rules, some of these 4 rules consist of establishing minimum standards for certifying the Uniform Land Use and Review Procedure, 5 also known as ULURP applications, which includes the 6 7 creation of a specific time period for precertification reviews; establishing criteria 8 associated with the selection of sites for capital projects; establishing minimum standards for the form 10 11 and content of plans for the development of the City 12 and boroughs and adopting rules that either list 13 major concessions or establishes a procedure for 14 determining whether a concession is defined as a 15 major concession, as it relates to the act of City 16 Agencies granting concessions. 17 I want to welcome the candidates and welcome Mr. 18 Knuckles. It's very nice to see you again. Mr. 19 Knuckles was in charge of DCAS in the 90's for a very 20 long time and did a very great job doing that and would you like to raise your right hand please? 21 2.2 KENNETH KNUCKLES: Should I stand? 2.3 COUNCIL CLERK: Do you swear to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth? 24

I do.

KENNETH KNUCKLES:

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Do you wish to make an opening statement?

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KENNETH KNUCKLES: Yes. Thank you very much and good morning Chair Koslowitz and honorable members of the Committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections.

My name is Kenneth Julius Knuckles and I would like to thank you for the opportunity to appear before you today to speak about my nomination to serve on the City Planning Commission.

Since my graduation from Law school in 1977, public service has been a focal point of my professional career, specifically in the areas of land use and community development.

In 1985, after several years as a city government attorney, I was appointed an Assistant Commissioner at HPD during the Koch Administration. During this period, the city was grappling with the issue of more than 60,000 units of abandoned in rim housing, 40 percent of which were located in the Bronx.

In 1987, I was appointed Deputy Bronx Borough

President by then Borough President Fernando Ferrer.

And under his leadership, I worked closely with the

Koch Administration to steer a significant portion of

\$5 billion that the city had allocated to the most

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 8 critical areas of the Bronx in order to halt the decline and begin the renewal of my beloved borough.

As the Chair kindly indicated, in 1990, I joined the Dinkins Administration as Commissioner of the Department of General Services, now known as DCAS, where a major portion of my responsibility was management of the city's real estate portfolio.

Accordingly, in September of 2000, when nominated by Borough President Ferrer to serve on the City Planning Commission, I relished the opportunity to bring to bear the experience and perspective I had garnered during my very roles in city government. I was appointed Vice Chair of the Planning Commission in March of 2002 by Mayor Bloomberg and with the exception of a four month hiatus in 2011, continued in that position until December 6, 2019.

I cite this crinology not so much to make the obvious point and that is, I've seen and done a lot during my time in and around city government, but to hopefully underscore my commitment and devotion to the City of New York. I have served on the City Planning Commission under the present and previous mayor's. Always as an independent voice drawing on

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 9 decades of experience in economic and community development.

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I believe that public service when done honestly and done well, is the highest of endeavors. That is the standard I have always maintained and will continue to seek if I should be so privileged as to be reappointed.

Thank you for your time and consideration this morning and I welcome any questions you may have.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Can you please describe how as a member of the City Planning Commission; you balance the city's needs for more affordable housing with concerns in certain neighborhoods that increased development could lead to gentrification?

KENNETH KNUCKLES: That is obviously the most pressing issue I think that the City Planning Commission has at the moment. I balance it Chair based on the knowledge that I have that the demand for affordable housing for the most part is coming out of neighborhoods, many of which that have not undergone a major rezoning since 1961.

So, when we look at rezoning, we look at a number of criteria. We want to look at proximity to mass transportation. You want to look at the density

committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections 10 levels in those neighborhoods, in particularly those neighborhoods that have not undergone rezoning since 1961. There is generally a capacity for more density. You want to look at the opportunity for affordability and now under the mandatory inclusionary housing requirement, any time there is an enhancement in terms of FAR or the amount of units that you can build, mandatory inclusionary housing is required.

So, my formulation is to look at the particular parcel in question and to evaluate whether or not it is a parcel or a set of parcels that are appropriate for more density and whether or not that parcel, or those parcels are in need of public transportation.

Where citizens, particularly citizens of moderate income can travel and I balance those equities and if I think that it's appropriate for a rezoning, I vote accordingly.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Okay, INUAUDIBLE 17:3017:56] but at the same time, I'm very concerned about you know, what is going on, I mean, they are taking away businesses and building buildings and it's very concerning to me.

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 11

KENNETH KNUCKLES: Well, I know that the

Department is currently reevaluating the SEQRA

document at the moment and particularly looking at

impacts around demographics and infrastructure and I

think it's appropriate. Obviously, where your going

to add large numbers of new residents, there's going

to be a proceed impact on schools as well as

transportation, as well as businesses.

I believe that most of the development that's happening now is mixed use and that there is ground floor retail as well as residential above. So, there also has to be a concern about the ability for local businesses to in many cases, relocate where they might have been displaced into these new properties.

So, it's an ongoing balancing test, but I think in order to address what we all know is a pressing issues of affordability, we have to look at opportunities where there is an option to build but build appropriately and not out of scale.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you. Thank you very, very much and I look forward to working with you.

KENNETH KNUCKLES: Thank you.

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 12

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Any questions? Council

Member Rose.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Good morning.

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KENNETH KNUCKLES: Good morning Councilwoman.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And I'm impressed with your very extensive service to New York City and the fact that you're not a novice at City Planning.

Having gone through several major ULURP, I find that the process is quite convoluted. It takes an awful long time. The Council Member winds up engaged in sort of a song and dance with the Administration and the SEQRA addresses like the minimal level. The lowest level at which a standard is excepted and I know I'm not saying this very articulately but in my rezoning, it was found that the negative impact on traffic say, was found at the lower level instead of the realistic level which was highly you know, impactful of the community that was going to receive this new housing.

Is there some conversations that process SEQRA and looking at numbers more realistically in terms of the impact that it's going to have on communities?

Is there any conversation about the process in which a Council Member has to actually fight with the

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 13 2 Administration to put the infrastructure in place 3 that should truly be in place and not minimized? 4 I hope I'm making sense to you. KENNETH KNUCKLES: No, I think the issues that you are raising underscore the need for a 6 reevaluation of SEQRA in a possible and updating of I can't go into great detail because the 8 Department is actually doing the analysis, but I would assume that a part of that is certainly 10 11 outreached to the Land Use unit of the City Council 12 and ultimately there should be an opportunity for Council Members and the City Council to have its 13 input into the formulation of criteria and the data 14 15 sets around it. 16 So, I think there's a recognition that it's time to revisit the metrics that are currently in SEQRA. 17 18 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: I would appreciate that. 19 Not that I'm looking to go through another ULURP before I leave, but I would appreciate that. 20 21 And, is there any plans to revisit the affordable 2.2 housing formula? Is there any plans to revisit the 2.3 MTH. KENNETH KNUCKLES: MIH, well, that is 24

legislation, which means you know, it emanates from

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 14
the City Council. So, you will probably know before
I do.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Okay, thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: I would just, before I call on Margaret Chin, I would like to recognize Council Member Espinal and Council Member Gibson.

Council Member Chin.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you Chair. Good morning.

KENNETH KNUCKLES: Good morning.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: And thank you for your public service. And you know, in my district, we go before City Council, I mean City Planning quite a bit.

So, I wanted to ask you a question about the two bridges area. I know that the City Planning you know, told us that it was minor modification. That the project, the three humongous project that was going to come into that area did not have to go through ULURP and then we ended up filing a lawsuit against the City and City Planning. And so far, we have kind of halted the project but I guess my question to you in that scenario where a site you know, was an urban renewal site and when you look at

that number of units being inundated into an area that's already oversaturated and don't have all these essential services like public transportation. You know, one subway station and with limited entrance and no accessibility. But then like, all of a sudden, you're talking about three huge projects that's going to ask a humungous number of units and what they're offering in terms of affordable housing is voluntary, it wasn't even mandatory and is minimal.

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So, with City Planning, when you look at a project like that, even though technically I don't think that the staff and Commission say, oh, it's technically there's a minor modification, so we don't have to go through a full ULURP. So, how do you sort of rectify that looking at you know, the impact, the negative impact on the community?

KENNETH KNUCKLES: That was a tough case and we know it's currently in litigation and obviously the Commission will be bound by the findings of the court. I think that underscores as I said to Council Member Rose, a revisiting of SEQRA and you know, the Commission was bound by the precedent that this was not a rezoning. The bulk, which we understood was a

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 16 2 lot more than what was existing in that neighborhood 3 was permissible under the zoning but I understand 4 from your vantage point and the vantage point of many 5 of the community, much of the community that it was nonetheless the introduction of a lot more density 6 than was there. So, I think in hindsight you know, we'll have to 8 look at SEORA and we'll have to look at situations. Hopefully, there won't be many, but situations in 10 11 which you know, dramatic density is introduced into a community and if a rezoning is appropriate or a ULURP 12 13 is appropriate, then it perhaps should be required. 14 COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Because relating to that 15 is, I guess, I mean, Department of City Planning. 16 So, my question is around the planning part. 17 KENNETH KNUCKLES: Right. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Because this area was 19 originally an urban renewal site. 20 KENNETH KNUCKLES: Right. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Right, and the renewal expired and the community weren't aware that it was 2.2 2.3 you know, expired. So, we had to, the City Council, we had to pass 24

legislation. Now, you know, when an urban renewal

committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections 17 site is about to expire, they have to inform

Community Board Council. So, at least the community can prepare to see whether how we can still you know, protect the area, rezoning or whatever, but in that case, we were not prepared. But with the City Planning, I guess my question is that looking ahead, is that one of City Planning's responsibility should be really looking at some of the area where there's an urban renewal site or some area that the zoning should be changed.

So, more of that planning perspective to see how we can meet the need for affordable housing. Maybe some area could rezone to allow more density. So, a more broader picture of the whole city, because the other concern I have is all these as of right developments. Because in that area, at the two bridges area, we have this humungous 80 story Extell building and it was built on the former Pathmark Site because the urban renewal expire and they were able to do something as of right, and then they got a tax abatement to build a poor building next door and they have this humungous tower and they took away an affordable supermarket in the area. And there was

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 18 nothing we could do because they could do it as of right.

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KENNETH KNUCKLES: Right, right. I understand your concern. I think the Department will and I'm not speaking for the Department but personally I will be looking to the ultimate outcome of the litigation to see what lessons can be derived from the decision, I'm sure there will be many but moreover, I think the Department will obviously be looking at the experience around the two bridges site and look to ameliorate if you will, the concerns that I think justifiably and appropriately were expressed by the community.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you, I mean, I look forward to working with you continuously and I think we really, the City Planning, should really, really look at it comprehensively because we desperately need affordable housing.

So, like, we you know, expect the Department to really help us in that effort.

KENNETH KNUCKLES: I believe the Department is willing, ready and able to do that.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Great, thank you. Thank you Chair.

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 19 2 CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you and thank you 3 Mr. Knuckles. We're not voting today, we'll be voting on December 19th, this coming Thursday. 4 KENNETH KNUCKLES: Thank you. CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you very much. 6 7 KENNETH KNUCKLES: Any other questions. CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Alright, the second 8 topic. If the Council gives its advice and consent, Ms. Henn; a Queens resident will be appointed as the 10 11 President of the New York City Tax Commission for a six year term that begins on January 7, 2020 and 12 expires on January 6, 2026. And Mr. Nichols; a 13 14 Staten Island resident will be appointed to the Tax 15 Commission and will serve a six year term that begins 16 on January 7, 2020 and expires on January 6, 2026. 17 The Tax Commission is charged with the duty of 18 reviewing and correcting all assessments of real 19 property within the city of New York that are set by 20 the New York City Department of Finance. Any Commissioner shall exercise such other powers and 21 duties as the President of the Commission may from 2.2 2.3 time to time assign.

The Commission has the President and six

Commissioners all of whom have at least three years

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1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 20 2 of experience in the field of real estate or real 3 estate law. The President receives an annual salary of \$221,151. Commissioners receive an annual salary 4 of \$25,677. I want to welcome the candidates and if you can 6 7 please raise your right hand to be sworn in. COUNCIL CLERK: Do you swear to tell the truth, 8 9 the whole truth and nothing but the truth? PANEL: I do. 10 Thank you. 11 COUNCIL CLERK: 12 CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Ms. Henn, would you like 13 to make an opening statement? 14 FRANCIS HENN: Thank you. Good morning Chair 15 Koslowitz and members of the New York City Council 16 Rules Committee. Thank you for considering me for an 17 appointment as President of the New York City Tax Commission. 18 19 It's a privilege and an honor to be considered. I've been a New York City resident my entire life and 20 was born and raised in Queens. I'm a homeowner and 21 my family has lived in our home in Queens for the 2.2 2.3 past 24 years. My two children are proud graduates of the New 24

York City Public School system. I have had the

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 21
pleasure of working in city government and serving
the people of the city for over 37 years as a Tax
Attorney. During that time, I was recognized by the
New York City Law Department and the New York City
County Lawyers Association for my public service. I
hope to continue that service as President of the Tax
Commission and I believe my experience qualifies me
to do so.

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As the Council is fully aware, annual property tax assessments are the basis for the real property tax levy. The city's largest single source of revenue. There are over one million parcels of real property in the city and under New York State and city law, each property owner has the right to an independent administrative review of the assessed value of its property before the Tax Commission.

The Tax Commission's mission and my mission if appointed as President, is to ensure that determinations of real property assessment appeals are made fairly, efficiently and in a transparent manner.

I know how daunting the Tax Assessment challenge can be, particularly for unrepresented taxpayers. I have attended many outreach sessions as a

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 22 representative of the Tax Commission where I explained how the assessment and tax were calculated, walked taxpayers step by step through the calculation and further explained what needs to be established in order to challenge that assessment.

I found that experience extremely gratifying. In addition to outreach sessions, as President of the Tax Commission, I hope to continue the considerable efforts expended by the current President, Ellen Hoffman toward annually reviewing the Tax Commission's forms, instructions and procedures, as well as information provided on the Tax Commissions website with a view towards providing even greater clarity and transparency.

In addition to helping property owners better understand their assessment, when a property owner challenges their assessment, I hope to make their experience at the Tax Commission as satisfying as possible. By that, I mean while I might in all cases get the reduction they want, they will be informed as to how best to present their position and will have an opportunity to be heard before impartial and respectful forum.

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2 Since 2016, I've been a Commissioner of the New

3 York City Tax Appeals Tribunal, which hears appeals

4 involving city administered taxes other than the

5 property tax. During that same time, under a

6 delegation from President Hoffman, I have conducted

7 thousands of Tax Commission hearings on applications

for review involving evaluation, classification, and

9 exemptions.

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As you know, the Tax Commission and Tax Appeals
Tribunal are combined under umbrella of the Office of
Administrative Tax Appeals, which jointly administers
the two agencies. Together the Tax Commission and
the Tribunal provide independent administrative
review of all city tax assessments.

Prior to joining the Tribunal, I worked at the

New York City Law Department, Office of the

Corporation Counsel, Tax and bankruptcy division for

over 34 years. Serving initially as a staff attorney

and later supervising staff attorney's and support

staff, as well as handling significant tax

litigation.

I also helped develop tax policy reviews,
proposed tax legislation and advised various city
agencies regarding their tax issues. In addition, I

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 24 worked closely with the divisions Chief on issues connected with our divisions administration including budget and personal.

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The real property litigation I supervised at the Law Department necessarily involved an in depth analysis of complex real estate appraisals, as well as an examination of how real property is held and used.

I'm a veracious reader of anything related to real property terms and issues. The tax issues I addressed while at the Law Department also included those arising in cases involving other city taxes that require a comprehensive understanding of real estate ownership and related transactions including leasing, transfer and financing.

In conclusion, I believe my experience well qualifies me to administer the tax appeals process in a way that is as fair, transparent and efficient as possible. I again thank you for your attention this morning and am happy to answer any questions you may have.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Before we continue, I want to recognize Council Member Ritchie Torres has joined us. Mr. Nichols, opening statement please.

time Commissioner for the New York City Tax

8 Commission.

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I started my career in Civil Service with the New York City Department of Finance in 1987, where I worked for almost three years as an Assistant City Assessor assigned to various districts in the borough of Queens, Queens, I'm sorry, I had to do that. I'm getting to you; I will get to you in a minute.

This entry level position allowed me to acquire the fundamentals in evaluating real estate for tax purposes in the City of New York. It also allowed me to interact with the tax the taxpaying public, clarify for them the complex property tax system and assist them in obtaining senior citizen and veterans exemptions.

I joined the New York City Tax Commission in 1989 as a Level One City Assessor and have been fortunate enough to have a successful 28½ year tenure with the commission. During my career with the Tax

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 26

Commission, I was promoted to a level two and later a level three City Assessor. Before retiring in 2018 as the Deputy Director of the Appraisal and Hearings Group, level four Assessor. And with the designation of certified City Assessor. Coincidently, part of my duties as Deputy Director was to train newly hired part time Commissioners, Administrative Law Judges and Assessors regarding policy, procedures and valuation methodology for the New York City Tax Commission.

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I've also worked with other city agencies during my time at the Tax Commission. Most frequently with the Department of Finance and the New York City Law Departments and condemnation division on specific issues or cases.

I've also been a part of the Tax Commissions efforts over the years to reach out to the property owners through individual borough briefings, to better help them understand the assessment and appeal process.

During my years of service, I have personally conducted, decided and reviewed between 75,000 and 100,000 property tax cases. As Deputy Director, I was one of only four people entrusted with conducting

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 27 hearings on the highest valued parcels in New York City.

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I believe my experience and my continued desire to help property owners better understand the city's assessment and review process qualifies me for the responsibilities of part time Commissioner for Staten Island.

Finally, being a lifelong New Yorker born in Brooklyn and currently a homeowner in Staten Island, I feel that I have a better understanding of the challenges Staten Islanders face, such as the longer commute into Manhattan with no direct train service, infrastructure problems, storm sewage for drainage in Staten Island Expressway and the newer housing stock resulting in a lower benefit from assessment caps compared to the Class one properties in the outer boroughs.

I look forward to using my 30 plus years of experience and my understanding of the property tax system to continue serving my fellow New Yorkers.

Thank you again for considering me for this position.

I'm happy to answer any questions you may have.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Ms. Henn, based on your experience with the Tax Commission, what changes

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 28 would you make if you are confirmed as President of the Tax Commission?

FRANCIS HENN: I would look towards migrating away from paper to a greater use of technology.

Right now, this current year, we had 57,000

applications. That's all on paper, all of our files are on paper and I believe that migrating to a greater use of technology would certainly make the process at the Tax Commission of managing those files and reviewing those files more efficient but could also translate to a more efficient and user friendly mechanism for taxpayers to challenge their tax assessments.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: So, you're for digitizing?

FRANCIS HENN: That's correct.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Okay, Mr. Nichols, many property owners file a tax appeal as a matter of course every year. Seemingly, without regard for whether they have good cause hoping they will receive some relief. What do you think about the practice in any potential overburdening it does to the Commission? Do you think steps should be taken to

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 29 discourage the practice and if so, what would you do to address this issue?

THOMAS NICHOLS: That's a very good question. know there are firms that do handle rather large real estate clientele and actually they protest on their entire portfolio, whether they are over assessed or not. And with the intention being, I can always file a writ against the city and maybe it's more of a protective route where in case the assessment ratio drops, they have an argument in court but we do give the representatives an opportunity to not ask for a personal hearing for those cases. And hopefully we can persuade them to do that as Ms. Henn said, we get 57,000 protests a year. We don't actually have a personal hearing on everyone of those cases, we allow the representatives to pass on certain cases that they don't feel that they can reach the burden of proof.

So, if we can encourage them to that more and pass on cases that really, according to valuation methodology, there's really nothing there in the case. I think we can streamline a little bit better and hopefully not have as many hearings each year.

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Island especially with the disparities. Are you

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 31 planning to do more outreach to homeowners, not just in Staten Island but do you see any value in reaching out to homeowners to explain the process?

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THOMAS NICHOLS: Well, each year in January when property owners receive their notice of value, that's usually probably when your phone starts ringing off the hook, all of your phones start ringing off the hook. And the Department of Finance sets up these briefings and we go along with them to each borough. I think I was at one at the business center in Staten Island at Saint Marks Place with you and we usually have them upstairs on the fourth floor in that building but we have a morning session and a night So, anybody that's working can come to the night session. We can actually help them personally and I think that's the key because I've helped hundreds, maybe thousands of people explaining that especially one, two, and three family homeowners, the assessment process, what they have to do. What forms they have to file. Where to get the evidence and the information to prove their case and the actual number that they have to disprove because I know there's always some, you know, the Department of Finance gives a market value, an effective market value and

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 32 assessment and we have to explain what each number means and what they need to do to reduce their taxes.

As far as briefings go, you know, given that direct customer service to people, I mean, sometimes it's like you see a light switch go on where they finally get it and they're only going to get that with somebody taking the time and explaining things to them.

You know, we could put things online and we could put it in our instructions but I think it helps when we're actually making that contact with the public.

I actually enjoy doing that.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: So, you wouldn't be adverse to more outreach?

THOMAS NICHOLS: Not at all, not at all, I think it would help tremendously.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Yeah, I do to and we did appoint a commission right, and they did a study and we haven't heard from them yet. And so, I don't know who should be pushing whom but it would be interesting — I would like to see the Tax Commission sort of encourage the Commission that was set up to study the property tax issue. If we could kind of

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1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 33 2 make that happen so we can see some movement on the 3 tax structure. 4 THOMAS NICHOLS: I'm actually anxious to see what 5 they come up with also. FRANCIS HENN: As well. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Okay, and you're willing to work with them? 8 9 THOMAS NICHOLS: Definitely. FRANCIS HENN: Definitely. 10 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you. 11 12 CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you very much. now, our third topic. If the Council gives it's 13 14 advice and consent, Mr. Bastardi a Manhattan 15 resident, yeah for Manhattan and Ms. Kruvelis, a 16 Brooklyn resident will be appointed to the Youth 17 Board and will serve an undefined term and the 18 position does not include any compensation. 19 The Youth Board serves as an advisory body to the 20 Commissioner of the Department of Youth and Community Development with respect to the development of 21 programs and policies relating to youth in the City. 2.2 2.3 The Board consists of 28 members appointed by the Mayor, 14 whom are appointed upon recommendation of 24

the Council. The Board must be representative of the

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 34 2 community and include persons representing the areas 3 of Social Services, healthcare, education business, industry and labor. The Board meets quarterly and 4 members serve without compensation. Welcome Mr. Bastardi and Ms. Kruvelis, would you 6 7 both raise your right hand to be sworn in? COUNCIL CLERK: Do you swear to tell the truth, 8 the whole truth and nothing but the truth? PANEL: I do. 10 Thank you. 11 COUNCIL CLERK: CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Okay, Mr. Bastardi, do 12 13 you wish to have an opening statement?

CHRISTOPHER BASTARDI: Yes. Members of the Committee, I would like to thank you for taking the time today to consider my nomination to the Youth Board. As someone who has been active in New York Public Affairs matters for their entire career, I look forward with your approval, to serving on the Youth Board and bringing my perspective ideas and passion forward to work to make New York City a better place for our young people.

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Society has too often, even with the best of intentions neglected our youth. The Department of Youth and Community Development has been working

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 35 tirelessly to help some of the most vulnerable members of New York's population. I hope that my past experience would be a value as we work together to do even more.

I've worked with LGBTQ Youth and the conversations I had with teenagers at the Hetrick Martin Institute mattered so much more in shaping my perspective than the slew of studies I've come across about their wellbeing.

According to the Center for American Progress, upwards of half of the youth homeless population identified as LGBT. We know many come from emotionally and physically abusive homes and feel that they have nowhere to turn.

We know that young immigrants, especially in the current political climate feel so threatened that many are not accessing services in our city and state, despite not having to fear their data being used against them here. And our young people still are not making enough money to afford to live in our city whether due to lack of opportunity, crippling student debt post-graduation or because they don't have the foundational support at home.

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I hope that my years of activism in New York

Public Affairs of understanding how government works,

believing we can work with the private sector to make

necessary improvements when the government cannot

handle the burden and I truly believe the young

people know when they are being listened to and when

they are not and that we must listen, make me a

worthy candidate for your consideration.

I do not think that I have all of the answers but do think I can use my seat on the Board to make this city a little bit better for New York young people.

Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Thank you. Ms. Kruvelis.

MELANIE KRUVELIS: Great.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Am I pronouncing your names right?

MELANIE KRUVELIS: You did, yeah, so thank you for that and good morning. My name is Melanie Kruvelis and I'm Senior Manager of Policy and Advocacy at Young Invincibles.

I would like thank the Members of the New York
City present today, as well as the members and staff
of the Committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections
for allowing me to speak before you today.

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS

It is a great privilege and an honor to sit in consideration of membership to the New York City

Youth Board and for the opportunity to join the conversation on how New York can affirm its

commitment to our city's younger generations.

To give you a little background on the work that

I do here in New York City. I work again with Young

Invincibles; we are a policy and advocacy

organization that's dedicated to elevating young

adults in the political process.

As a part of my work with Young Invincibles as well as my history working in local government, both here and in Washington DC, I've spoken with young adults across the City of New York. So, in all five boroughs including Staten Island. I know we've been talking about that a little bit today and I work with young folks on a variety of issue areas including their access to higher education.

So, considering how things like access to housing and counseling and the conditions of our college climate encourage folks to persist in college. We also focus on thinking about how young adults are able to access healthcare, as well as workforce

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 38 development and the nature of work and civic

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engagement.

So, I've held focus groups across the City of New York, focusing on the intersection of homelessness and higher education. I've worked in collaborations with young people across CUNY, the student governments out of school and out of work, homeless youth and really a large cross section of young people across the City here.

And from these conversations and as well as the research that I do, I can tell you with certainty that young people like myself face a world of instability and uncertainty in both the long term.

So, thinking about the catastrophic reality of climate change. To the more immediate, so having a safe and stable place to stay at night.

The Department of Youth and Community Development along with its nonprofit and cross agency partners as well as the folks here in the City Council play a pivotal role in connecting the next generations with the programs that both research and young people will tell you work.

If selected to join the New York City Youth

Board, I will bring my experience collaborating with

young people across the five boroughs to reimagine the programs and supports that serve them. I will bring insights collected from our partners, our research and our network of young people to shape these programs and make sure they're reaching folks appropriately. And I will bring a commitment to equity and an eye towards the redistribution of resources and power for those who have long been shut out of policy making, including New Yorkers who are

Thank you again for the opportunity to speak before you today and I look forward to answering your questions.

Black and Brown, LGBTQI, young folks, immigrants

and/or those young folks who are housing insecure.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Council Member Adrienne Adams.

COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Thank you Madam Chair.

Thank you both for being here this morning. This is a very, very critical part of the work that we do surrounding youth.

So, I just have a general question for the both of you and you can answer. Can you give us the top two in your estimation, the top two critical issues

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 40 facing youth today and how you would tackle those top two issues?

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MELANIE KRUVELIS: Alright, I'll go first. So, thinking about the top two issues that are facing young people in the city today. My head space is thinking about affordable housing and more specifically thinking about how young folks are able to ensure that they have stable housing.

So, again, as part of my work with Young
Invincibles, I spent the last year holding focus
groups with more than 70 young people who have had
some experience of housing insecurity or homelessness
over the last year. And as part of those focus
groups really highlighted for me, you know, as I was
sitting here and thinking about other folks who were
testifying for some of the other boards including
some that were more directly focused on issues of
affordable housing. I believe my experience also
shows the way that you know, even though we tend to
think about you know, stable housing is purely an
issue for folks looking at housing.

My work really highlights and what I heard from young people, also highlights the way that housing sets folks up for future success. And so, for again,

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 41 part of my work, I talked with folks about the intersection of housing and security and how that impacts college access.

And to me, that intersection is really critical in thinking about the future stability of young folks, particularly when we know that for young people who are you know, working to increase their education attainment, not having a high school GED or the TASC here in New York, that makes you four in a half times more likely to experience homelessness.

So, as part of my work, I want to make sure that you know while there is a lot of important work happening with housing, housing is also a tool — or education is also a tool to stopping the cycle of homeless in New York City and I think some of the conversations I had with young folks really highlight that issue as well.

In terms of other major issues that are impacting young people, I'm struggling to think of an exact category for this, but I'm thinking about some of the substantial structural issues that I know many young folks are really grappling with, right and how to access you know, institutions such as the one that

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 42 we're in today and make sure that their voices are heard.

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And so, navigating complex systems and knowing that you know, we have young folks today who take time to go out of school to make sure their voices are heard on issues on climate change and I think that's been incredibly moving and powerful to hear.

But I know that from my work again, across the five boroughs here that knowing how to access these spaces and how to make a change is really intimidating, especially when you consider the history of young people really being shut out of decision making power and again, particularly different groups of young people.

So, in my work, I think you know, I can think of particular issue areas that have of course you know, have a lot of impact for young people, but also thinking about how they are able to access and influence you know, some of these decisions that are truly impacting not just their day to day but their long term.

And so, again, if I were nominated for this

Board, I would take my experience in elevating those

voices and teaching folks how and really teaching

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 43 together. There's so much that we learn when we talk with one another. So, I think if I were nominated to this Board, I would enjoy the opportunity to take some of that insight and make sure that folks are more connected with the decisions that are impacting their lives.

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CHRISTOPHER BASTARDI: Homelessness I think is number one and I don't think it's just about getting people in shelter. Obviously, that is the number one issue, is to make sure that somebody is safe and not on the streets and get them out of a dangerous circumstance but you know, beyond that, we have to take homeless youth and better set them up for success in life because if we don't, we're going to have a homeless young person that turns into a homeless person in their 20's and 30's. And that's only going to perpetuate a long terms cycle of you know, bad decisions, some that they're forced into.

So, I think that we need to set young people up from a structural educational standpoint and then access to actually good paying jobs. It's not enough as a city that we just give people shelter. We have to make sure that we are giving them education and access to college, so that when they leave shelter,

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 44 they can get their own apartment and that they can get a job you know, that they can pay for it.

For the first time in American history, we're seeing a decline in people going to college because it's so expensive. Because people are making a decision of, I am not going to take on this massive debt because our jobs aren't paying enough.

And that brings me to you know, point two, which we need to address and put pressure on companies to pay young people more. We cannot expect young people to graduate college with debt anywhere from \$80,000 to \$300,000 and pay them \$35,000. It's just not fair and we are going to lose people in this city. We have the best companies and you know; best talents and we're going to lose them elsewhere.

So, I think those are the two biggest issues for $\ensuremath{\text{me}}\xspace.$

COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Thank you both and I especially thank you both for connecting the dots.

We know that the expediential number of children who are homeless, who right now are sitting in elementary schools and high schools is devasting for the City of New York and connecting the dots, homelessness, the

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 45 path through education to creating those that are in homes safely and more importantly profitably.

So, thank you both for your testimony. Thank you very much.

CHRISTOPHER BASTARDI: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Council Member Rose.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Hi, how are you both? I was impressed with both of your resumes and I think it's really important that the people we have on the Advisory Board are people who have actually had experience working with young people.

It's interesting to know in theory and from a distance. So, I was pleased to see that you have actually worked with young people and give an ear to some of their issues.

My colleague Adrienne Adams addressed you know, one of my questions and you said that homelessness was something that is really important and you know that DYCD has youth runaway and homeless youth programs and that I feel like we're not able to meet the need that we have. What would your recommendation be to DYCD in regards to addressing the homeless youth issue?

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3 worked with the Hetrick Martin Institute, what I was 4

able to see firsthand were kids who a lot who were

previously homeless and were able to find people like

them and were given support. And I think giving it 6

7 is a stigma to be homeless, whether you're an LGBT

8 kid or a straight kid. No one wants to go to school

and be you know the homeless kid and we've all read

the articles that there are so many kids that are 10

11 leaving school and going to shelters. And in the

12 other hearing, I was listening to you know, how we

13 can't even rely on this hotel system anymore.

That it's just this burden of you know, you leave school or work and you go into a hotel and your in a hotel room with like four people and to live there for more than year, it's just cramming and it's demoralizing. I think that we and I alluded to some of this in my responses. You know, we offer companies in this city a slew of incentives. get tax breaks for you know various things. They get incentives to create jobs here. There are big debates about whether or not that should be continued or not and I think it's time that you know, we turn

to them and say, how are you going to put up and give

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 47 support to you know people. Like, give them internships that you know, lead to actual jobs and give them actual support.

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I think that's a way that the private sector can come to the table in a very meaningful way and you know, mentioning them in you know a press release. You know that will help their you know CSR efforts and everything. So, that's one idea that you know, I would have is you know, go to them and I know that companies are looking for ways left and right to get involved and many don't know how to and they have internal committees that come up with ideas. We can go to them and say, we have this problem. What can you do? Do you have five internships?

If we can get every bank and every top company to offer five internships to a homeless kid in high school, that's an amazing thing for their resume.

MELANIE KRUVELIS: Thank you, I'm glad that my colleague here pointed out those issues and I feel like we should talk after this. I think we have lot to cross over in our work as well, hopefully on the Youth port as well.

So, in addition to some of those job elements which I think are so critical for thinking about

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 48

youth who are experiencing homelessness. I also

again want to sort of double down on some of the ways

that I believe the education system can play a

pivotal role in supporting these youths and the way

that DYCD can sort of bridge connections both between

DOE as well as CUNY.

So, you know, I think a lot of us in this room are very deeply disturbed by the numbers of students in temporary housing that we see and deal. We know the one and ten number and that is far too high and a much higher number than anyone in here would like to see.

But one thing that I think is also important to note, that as young people complete high school or age out of high school, we also still see that issue in our college systems here as well. So, in CUNY, it's about 14 percent of young people experience homelessness while enrolled in CUNY. So, actually a higher statistic than we see in DOE. And of course, in college, that is actually when you are expected to pay for education and you're paying for your textbooks, you're paying for your housing. You are paying for all of these other pieces.

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 49

We also know that that CUNY students are
experiencing food insecurity at very high rates.

Well above 50 percent according to the studies that have come out in March 2019.

So, I think there is a lot that can be done here. Again, as part of my work, I went to seven different runaway and homeless youth drop-in centers in temporary with DYCD over the last year and again, spoke with a lot of young people there and these were really, really tough conversations. There's you know, as my colleague here mentioned, there's a lot of different issues that come up when you talk to folks about housing and security. It can be related to someone's financial situation. It can also be related to a history of trauma and family instability and I think there's a lot ways in which our systems could be strengthened to better address some of those issues that are coming up.

So, again, I keep thinking about that connection between education, knowing that role that education can play in terms of putting someone on a path towards economic stability and some of those jobs that my colleague here recommended.

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS

And so, in terms of thinking about the work that

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DYCD can do, I think there's a lot that can be done

to strengthen the connection between some of the

5 services that are provided to young folks through

DYCD and then some of the great educational 6

opportunities that are provided through the city and

8 through the college system. That's known for

propelling more students than any other university

system to the middle class. 10

> And so, we heard from young folks that you know, when they're in some of these shelters that you know, they're getting support around finding housing and getting sort of the next step, but there's often that space to think about okay, what beyond the next step? And I think that young folks who are experiencing homelessness absolutely deserve the opportunity to think ahead and think about what their futures are.

> And so, I think there are ways that our systems can align better with one another. We actually just released a report that's talking about the ways in which the DOE, DYCD, CUNY, DHS, and HRA could all sort of work together and align some of these efforts to make sure young folks have access to a higher

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 51 education and a college pathway that leads them to economic stability.

But one thing that comes to mind for me is thinking about the flexibility that folks have or don't have in some of these programs.

So, you know, one thing that comes to mind is you know, we spoke to a young person who after six years finally graduated from Hunter College this last year after experiencing homelessness for again, over six years and she was able to stay in a dormitory with CUNY, which is not necessarily the norm for our system. Which is a particular challenge when thinking about these issues.

But the day after she graduated, she was not able to really celebrate her degree because she was out of the dorms and didn't have anywhere to stay. And that's not acceptable, right, like, that's not what our systems are here for. And so, I think again, if there are ways to facilitate conversations to ensure that it's not just you know, one particular system that's thinking about you in crisis mode, but systems that allow you to think about you know, your pathway, your career, your dreams.

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there is some strong opportunities there. You know

whether it's making sure that in DYCD shelters we're

I think that is really critical and so, I think

5 advertising CUNY ASAP and some of these great

6 programs that really do help students succeed. I

think there are some great opportunities for linkages

there that will long serve these students.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you. I'm really kind of excited because both of you have a grasp of you know, some of the issue that our young people are facing and I'm happy to hear this because I feel like there will be real advocates on the Commission.

DYCD however, is primarily a contracting agency and so, often times their not able to impact directly. And so, sometimes it sets up situations that are not the most advantageous.

Every year during budget time, I find myself trying to encourage DYCD to request adequate funding to meet the needs and you've expounded on some of the needs but there are others. You know, we talk about workforce, there are young people who are vulnerable who are living in housing projects that — there just aren't opportunities and DYCD usually tries to

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I can't quite seem to get them however, to fight for the amount of money that they need to try to fill the needs that exists. So, would you be willing to be a voice on the Commission to actually try to pair up the monies that are requested with what the actual need is, so that every year Council Member Chin and I aren't fighting with the Commissioner to increase the amount of funds that are needed to meet this. You know, every year SYEP you know, Work, Learn and Grow, SONYC, COMPASS, you know there's a whole plethora of programs that are working to fill the need but we're not getting enough monies to the programs.

I'm just asking you to be really vocal advocates, especially around budget and need. So, thank you,

I'm excited that we'll be able to work with you, I hope.

CHRISTOPHER BASTARDI: Thank you.

MELANIE KRUVELIS: And to answer your question, yes, happy to play that role.

CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: Okay, anybody else?
Thank you very, very much.

MELANIE KRUVELIS: Thank you.

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS CHAIRPERSON KOSLOWITZ: And, I don't believe we have any comments from the public. Correct me if I'm wrong; it doesn't look like we do. With that, I want to thank everybody. This hearing of the Committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections now stands in recess to be continued on the morning of Thursday, December 19, 2019. With that, this meeting is recessed. [GAVEL]

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 1, 2018