CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

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May 14, 2019

Start: 10:10 a.m. Recess: 1:13 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

B E F O R E: Francisco P. Moya,

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Costa G. Constantinides

Barry S. Grodenchik

Rory I. Lancman Stephen T. Levin Antonio Reynoso Donovan J. Richards

Carlina Rivera Ritchie J. Torres

APPEARANCES

Frank St. Jacque, Akerman LLP Representing Merrick Capital Corp

Dan Egers, Land Use Attorney at Greenberg Traurig, representing Court Square 45th Ave LLC

Nick Silvers, representing self

Anita Laremont, Executive Director of the Department of City Planning

Chris Hadwin, the Director of City Planning Staten Island Borough Office

Simon Kawitzky, Assistant Commissioner within the Office of Neighborhood Strategies at HPD

Joe Helferty, Urban Designer at NYC Department of City Planning

Kethia Josepha, Director of Neighborhood Planning at the New York City Department of Small Business Services

Captain Joe Notaro, Commanding Officer Facilities for the Police Department

Nick Molinari, Chief of Planning and Neighborhood Development

Cecilia Kushner, EDC Development

Tom Cocola, New York City DOT

APPEARANCES (CONT.)

Angela Licata, Deputy Commissioner with the New York City Environmental Protection

Kelly Vilar, Let's Rebuild Cromwell

Veerle Arts, Municipal Arts Society of New York

Michael Harwood, Member of the St George Civic Association

Reverend Faith Togba, Bethel Worship Center

Reverend Gloria Lavine,

Kevin Michelus, volunteer for Make the Road New York and a Staten Island resident

Chris Walters, Rezoning Technical Assistance coordinator at the Association for Neighborhood and Housing Development, ANHD

Ivan Garcia, Neighborhood Rezoning Coordinator for Make the Road New York and a member of the Housing Dignity Coalition

Reverend Gloria Lavine, speaking on behalf of Staten Island Council of Churches

Bernice Alley

Mary Boorne, Deacon at First Central Baptist Church in the Stapleton area

A P P E A R A N C E S(CONT.)

Reverend Janet Jones, Pastor of the Rossville AME Zion Church

Marilyn Megibow, representing herself

Taneqwa Steed, representing herself

Lee Kalman, Community Organizer with the New York State Iron Workers District Council

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: [Gavel] Good morning and welcome to the meeting of the Subcommittee on Zoning and Franchises. I am Council Member Francisco Moya, the Chair of the Subcommittee and today I am joined by Council Member Ampry Samuels. Today, we will hold hearings on a number of applications. If you are here to testify on an item for which the record is not already closed. Please fill out a speaker slip and give it to the Sergeant at Arms indicating your full name, the name and the LU number of the application you wished to testify on and whether you are speaking for or against the item.

I would like to announce that for those of you who are here to witness or participate in the Bay Street Public hearing, please note that our hearing on the Bay Street application will start no earlier then 10:30. Please also note that we will be laying over LU's 424 through 427 for the Brook 156 applications in the Bronx.

And our first hearing is on pre-considered LU's items for 2 Howard Avenue Rezoning in Council Member Ampry Samuels district in Brooklyn. The application seeks approval of a Zoning Map amendment to rezone the project area from a R6B. C2-4 District to a C4-

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 6
4L District and a related zoning text amendment to
map the site as mandatory inclusionary housing area
utilizing options one and two. As proposed these
actions would facilitate the development of a new six
story mixed-use building including retail use on the
ground floor and approximately 30 residential units
of which approximately eleven would be affordable
under the MIH program.

I know want to open the public hearing on this application and we will be calling up Frank St. Jacques.

Whenever you are ready Council, if you can please swear in the panel.

COUNCIL CLERK: Please state your name for the record. Do you swear or affirm that the testimony you are about to give will be the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth and you will answer all questions truthfully?

FRANK ST. JACQUES: Frank St. Jacques, I do.

COUNCIL CLERK: Thank you.

FRANK ST. JACQUES: Good morning Chair Moya,

Council Member Ampry Samuel and Subcommittee Members.

My name again is Frank St. Jacque from Akerman LLP,

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 7 and I am appearing on behalf of the applicant Merrick Capital Corp.

The applicant is seeking a Zoning Map amendment to change the existing R6B C2-4 Zoning District on the block front along Howard Avenue between Monroe Street and Madison Avenue to a C4-4L Zoning District which is an R7-A equivalent.

The applicant is also seeking a Zoning Text Amendment to establish a mandatory inclusionary housing area with Options 1 and 2.

The proposed actions would facilitate the development of a new six-story, approximately 36,000 square foot mixed use building with approximately 7,000 square feet of commercial space on the ground floor and 30 residential units on the upper floors including nine permanently income restricted units at 2 Howard Avenue and in the Bedford-Stuyvesant neighborhood of Brooklyn within community district 3.

The rezoning area situated at a three-way intersection with Howard Avenue, Monroe Street and the 80-foot-wide Broadway, which is an important transit and retail corridor in the Bedford-Stuyvesant and Bushwick neighborhoods.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

The rezoning area is about 20,000 square feet.

In 2007, the current R6-B C2-4 District was Mapped in the Bedford-Stuyvesant South rezoning. The rezoning area is the transit zone and the Gates Avenue J/ZStation is just north of the rezoning area which can

be seen on the right-hand side of the screen.

The surrounding area is improved with predominantly residential buildings in the R6B which is shown shaded in yellow and public facilities shown in blue. The elevated tracks again for the JMZ lines run above Broadway. The Broadway corridor is characterized by active; commercial; retail; and service uses. In entirely commercial buildings which are shown here in red and in mixed use buildings which are shown in a light orange on the screen. approximately 17 block stretch of Broadway directly adjacent to the rezoning area, is currently within a C4-4L District.

The development site shown here, is an 8,000 square foot corner lot with 100 feet of frontage on Monroe Street and 80 feet of frontage on Howard It is located at the intersection of Monroe and Howard with Broadway. It has been vacant for over 20 years.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 9
Here are additional photos showing the Monroe

3 Street Frontage which is 100 feet. Two non-

4 applicant-controlled properties are included in the

5 rezoning area. The development site is directly

6 adjacent to Lot 39, which is shown on the right. An

interior lot with a four-story mixed-use building.

8 This building is slightly overbuilt at 2.09 FAR.

Further to the South is Lot 43, shown on the left.

10 | It is a corner lot with a four-story residential

11 | building with eight units. This building is

12 | significantly overbuilt with a 3.83 FAR. The

13 underlying R6B Zoning District allows a 2.0 FAR.

An approximately 17 Block stretch of Broadway directly adjacent to the rezoning area again, is Mapped with a C4-4L District, the rezoning would

17 extend the existing C4-4L District across Monroe

18 Street to the rezoning area. The rezoning area does

19 not have a built context that is typical of R6B

20 Districts, instead it relates more to the C4-4L

21 District as mapped directly to the North.

Development in the rezoning area with the C4-4L

23 District, would be subject to a transition

24 requirement containing the zoning resolution that

limits the height to 65-feet within 25-feet of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 10

R6B District, creating a transition toward the lower scale mid-block. The overbuilt buildings within the rezoning area will be brought into compliance by the

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rezoning.

The proposed development is a new six-story mixed-use building again, with 30 units. It would be 65-feet tall, approximately 3,600 square feet or 4.5 FAR. The maximum FAR in the C4-4L District is 4.6. About 7,000 square feet of ground floor commercial floor area would be divided into three smaller units, likely tenants would be local businesses such as food and beverage or retail businesses, creating active uses on the ground floor at this corner.

Approximately 29,000 square feet of the building would be residential floor area on the upper floors. That is 30 units including 9 permanently income restricted units under MIH. This is MIH option two and the unit distribution for the entire building would be five studios of 17 percent, 10 one-bedroom units or 33 percent, 10 two-bedroom units. Again, 33 percent and 5 three-bedroom units, 17 percent.

There is also an 1,800 square foot outdoor recreation space on the roof of the first floor. The nine MIH units would comply with the zoning

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 11
requirement that they are either proportional with
the non-MIH units with the bedroom mix or 50 percent
of the MIH units would be two or more bedrooms and 75

5 percent would be one or more bedrooms.

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The roof plan shows that the building will have a green roof and also have solar panels. The building will also provide storm water recovery, water conserving plumbing and energy efficient appliances and lighting. And in this roof plan, you can also see the recreation area on the first-floor roof.

This rendering shows the proposed development and context with the elevated rail line in the four ground with the JMZ lines and the building at the forefront is the Brooklyn Highschool for Law and Technology, which is six-stories in context with the proposed development.

There is one more rendering showing the building in context viewed from the North. In this image, you can see the green roof and solar array.

Finally, the proposed rezoning activates and revitalizes the unutilized development site, which has been vacant for 20 years. It is in a transitoriented location adjacent to Broadway, a major neighborhood corridor. The proposed development

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 12 would include 30 new units including nine permanently income restricted units under MIH, new locally oriented commercial space adjacent to Broadway.

And that's my presentation. I am happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Great, thank you so much.

Just a quick couple of questions here. Can you just walk me again through what the rational was for the C4-4L zoning?

back a few slides to show the current context. So, this is the blue, sort of triangular shape line is a C4-4 zoning district that's mapped along Broadway immediately adjacent to where the development site is. You can see below that, that sort of jagged blue shaded line is the proposed rezoning area with the development site. So, it would simple extend the C4-4L zoning, which was created and mapped along Broadway, just one block south to this area that is at the intersection of Monroe, Broadway and Madison.

We believe that the context at the rezoning areas is similar and comparable to the zoning that was mapped immediately north.

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 13 2 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you and what income bands will be mapped for this project and what MIH 3 option are you looking at? 4 FRANK ST. JACQUES: So, the applicant has 5 selected MIH Option 2, which would provide again, 6 7 nine permanently income restricted units at an average of 80 percent AMI. 8 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: And what types of retail will 9 rent the commercial space? 10 11 FRANK ST. JACQUES: So, there is not an intended 12 retail tenant at the moment. The applicant is 13 looking and thinks that it would most appropriate for 14 locally oriented retail. The space is flexible, but 15 the intent is that it could accommodate three smaller 16 commercial spaces more appropriate for local 17 businesses. 18 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Great, thank you. I am going to now turn it over to Council Member Ampry Samuels 19 20 for some questions. 2.1 FRANK ST. JACQUES: Thank you. 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Thank you Chair 23 Moya and thanks for your presentation. I just want to I guess just state for the record and for the 24

Chair, the option 1 you know, clearly provides deeper

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES affordability that more closely matches the incomes of the surrounding community and both the Community Board and the Borough President recommended MIH option 1. And so, just because of what is happening in our community and in particular what is happening in the area. When you look at the surrounding buildings there is one across the street that does not have any level of affordability. And so, we are seeing an increase in luxury apartments along Broadway and just throughout the Bed-Stuy community, so it would be my strong consideration to limit the application to Option 1, in order to ensure deep affordability in line with you know, just the other recommendations as well with the Community Board and again, the Borough President. So, I just wanted to put that out there just so you can have it because I see that you have mentioned several times about Option 1 and 2. And so, Option 1 would be the preferred Option for the District and this project. The development site is near the elevator tracks.

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Do you intent to include building materials or construction methods that would absorb the sound from the elevator train, and have you had any discussions at all about the entrance of that particular train

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 15 2 station? Because I know where that is located, the train station entrance is closed and there have been 3 some concerns about the development in the area and 4 looking to see if we can have conversations with 5 developers around a conversation and all with TA and 6 other stakeholders to see if we can discuss if there is going to be increase in the usage of that 8 particular subway station and that stop. Have you 9

11 opening of that particular station entrance and exit?

FRANK ST. JACOUES:

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COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: So, it is two separate questions. One about the materials and then one about -

Sure.

had any conversations with anyone at all around the

FRANK ST. JACQUES: Right, right. So, the answer to the first question is, this site is subject to an E-designation for noise. So, it is part of the environmental due diligence for this project. Noise was studied, it was determined that in order for anyone to build on this site, they would have to incorporate window and wall attenuation to ensure an acceptable interior noise level.

So, prior to pulling plans to build a new development, any developer within the rezoning area

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 16 would have to incorporate that attenuation into a new building to protect residents from noise.

As far as the second question related to the existing station, I know that it is again, part of the environmental assessment statement. It was determined that the proposed development here and any projected development wouldn't have an adverse impact on the station. I don't believe that there has been any direct conversation with any stakeholders with respect to — I think you are asking as a practical matter, what the effect of this development would be. I think the applicant is happy to have that conversation with your office or with the Community Board and we are happy to facilitate that discussion.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay, so it would be the Community Board, Members Community Board 3, Transportation Committee, that would be very helpful.

Now, going back to the unit sizes, you mentioned in your presentation a breakdown of the bedrooms, can you go back to just the breakdown of the units within the affordability?

FRANK ST. JACQUES: So, the breakdown within the affordability.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Because I see the five studio, 17 percent, 10 one-bedrooms, 10 two-bedrooms, 5 three bedrooms. Can you break that down further based on the affordability if you did Option 1?

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

FRANK ST. JACQUES: So, we haven't broken it down further. What zoning requires is that the MIH unit mix either be proportional to the market rate units. So, roughly 17 percent, 33 percent, 33 percent and 17 percent, or there be more than 75 percent one bedroom and larger units and more than 50 percent two bedroom and larger units.

You know, sort of a rough breakdown of that, this could vary but I think that's about one to two studios, two to three ones, three twos and one to three's. And again, that is just sort of an illustrative. There is a number of ways to do that, we haven't really worked through all the different options but that's a possible distribution. Again, we are talking about a relatively small number of MIH units. So, there is some flexibility there.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay. Will you partner with a local nonprofit organization as the administering agent for the affordable housing?

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 18

FRANK ST. JACQUES: Yes, the applicant intends to work with a local nonprofit impact as the affordable housing administrator for the MIH program.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay, and you mentioned that there is going to be proposed ground floor commercial space. What will be the uses of that particular space and have you made any commitments at all?

FRANK ST. JACQUES: So, no commitments have been made as of yet. I think the applicant is thinking that the most appropriate uses would be again for local retail or food and beverage uses, either restaurant, coffee shop, that type of thing to serve the local area. This is intended as you know, larger destination retail. It would be more kin to the commercial uses along Broadway that again serve the needs of the local community.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay, and it's been difficult to find retail in that immediate area along Broadway if you look at the commercial space, just two blocks to the right and left, they have had a difficult time with finding someone to come in and they have been vacant for a while. Would you be able

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 19 2 to set aside affordable space for community serving use or a nonprofit organization? 3 FRANK ST. JACQUES: At this point, the applicant 4 has not made a commitment to do that. 5 COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay, and can you 6 7 describe your plans for ensuring MWBE and locally based contractors and subcontractors to participate 8 in the development? 9 FRANK ST. JACQUES: Yes, do again, this is a 10 relatively small project and would be a relatively 11 12 small construction job. There is not a general 13 contractor in place, but the applicants intent is to have the JC try to hire locally and we would be happy 14 15 to report back to either your office or the Community

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay, and that was for the MWBE. What about the local hiring?

Boards office with respect to those efforts.

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FRANK ST. JACQUES: I am sorry, I intended that answer to cover both, both local hiring and MWBE.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay, and last question. Will you be able to pull together progress reports to submit to the Council as well as the Community Board in reference to your attempts or you know just your progress in making sure that you are

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 20 doing your due diligence with hiring locally as well as partnering with MWBE's? Will you be able to provide us with like a more consistent and like

committed progress report?

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FRANK ST. JACQUES: I don't think that should be a problem. I think the applicant can work towards doing that.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay, and this is the last question. What sustainability and resiliency measures are incorporated into the buildings design and construction? I did see some green space on roof, but can you just talk us through?

FRANK ST. JACQUES: Sure, so I just pulled the slide back up with respect to showing the green roof and a solar panel array. These are two aspects of the project that would certainly contribute to a sustainability of measures. In addition to the green roof and the solar panels, the building will also incorporate storm water recovery, water concerning plumbing, energy efficient appliances and low-energy and daylight sensor lights.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay, and that is solar panels bottom right?

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 21 2 FRANK ST. JACQUES: Yes, exactly. So, those rectangles are solar panels and I can actually show, 3 it's a little nicer looking on the rendering. You 4 can see sort of in the upper corner of the building 5 that solar panel array and then the green roof as 6 shown here. COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY SAMUEL: Okay, alright, so, 8 this is a start and I look forward to working with 9 the team for 2 Howard. Thank you so much. 10 FRANK ST. JACQUES: Thank you Council Member. 11 12 Thank you Chair. 13 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. Thank you for your testimony today. I want to acknowledge that we have 14 15 been joined by Council Member Donovan Richards and 16 Antonio Reynoso. Oh, and Council Member Rose as 17 well. 18 Are there any other members of the public who wish to testify on this item? Seeing none, I now 19 20 close the hearing on this application, and it will be laid over. 2.1 Our next hearing for today is on LU number 419 2.2 23 for the Court Square Block 3 Text Amendment in

Council Member Van Bramer's District in Queens.

Application seeks approval of a Zoning Text Amendment

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1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 22 2 to modify the height and setback regulations applicable to Block 3 in the Court Square Sub 3 District of the Special Long Island City District. 4 As proposed, the Amendment would facilitate the 5 development of a new approximately 45-story mixed-use 6 7 building. I now want to open up the public hearing on this Application and I want to call up Dan Egers 8 9 and Nick Silvers. Council, if you could please swear in the panel. 10 11 COUNCIL CLERK: Please state your name for the 12 record. Do you swear or affirm that the testimony 13 that you are about to give will be the truth, the 14 whole truth, and nothing but the truth and that you 15 will answer all questions truthfully? 16 DAN EGERS: Dan Egers, I do. 17 NICK SILVERS: Nick Silvers, I do. 18 COUNCIL CLERK: Please make sure your microphone 19 is. 20 NICK SILVERS: Nick Silvers, I do. 21 COUNCIL CLERK: Thank you. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. You may begin. 23 DAN EGERS: Good morning Chair Moya, Dan Egers 24 Land Use Attorney at Greenberg Traurig, representing Court Square 45th Ave LLC. The owner of the property 25

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 23 is at 2310 to 2316 45th Avenue and 4503 to 4509 23rd Street in Long Island City. This is an Application for a Zoning Text Amendment to change the height and setback regulations applicable to the properties block.

Under current height and setback regulations and as of right 70-story building would be built, while under the proposed text amendment, a 45-story building would be constructed. The developer actually wants to make building shorter and I will explain how and why we want to do that.

Both the as of right and proposed buildings would contain 15 FAR with a certification from City Planning regarding construction of a subway improvement.

I am joined by Nick Silvers of the developer.

Also, here to answer any questions you may have are

Chris Fogarty of Fogarty Finger Architecture and Mike

Curley of Philip Habib and Associates.

The property is in the C53 District in the special Long Island City Mixed Use District. It is in the Court Square subdistrict and in particular it is on Block 3 of the subdistrict.

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The development site comprises the seven lots outlined in red, having approximately 11,000 square feet of area. The green lots on the east end of the block are air rights parcels from which about 90,000 square feet of development rights would be transferred as of right.

The black dash line shows an area within 60 feet of 23rd Street that has an 85-foot building height limit, which is one of the height and setback regulations the Text Amendment seeks to change.

Here is a view of the block and the site. of the seven lots comprise in the development site is improved with a 3-story building. As mentioned, 15 FAR is permitted as of right in Court Square for zoning lots over 10,000 square feet with a certification from the Chair of the City Planning Commission that a subway improvement will be constructed in accordance with these special districts regulations.

So, a 15 FAR building containing approximately 256,000 square feet is permitted as of right on the development site. The Zoning Text Amendment seeks to change the buildings configuration to make it shorter, which I will show you now.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

The building on the left is the building that can

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3 be constructed as of right. It is 70 stories, 716

4 | feet tall. The typical tower floor plate is about

5 3,400 hundred square feet. The height and skinniness

6 is a function of the application of the existing

7 height and setback regulations, which the Text

8 Amendment seeks to change.

The building on the right is the building that would be constructed under the proposed Text

Amendment. It will be 45-stories, 524 feet tall, and it would have tower floor plates of about 6,300 square feet. It would have the same floor area as the as of right building; what we are doing is

Our client would prefer to build the shorter building whereas the floor layouts would be better, and it would be a more efficient building.

shifting floor area from the tower to the base.

This slide shows the existing height and setback regulations and the proposed changes and the effect on the buildings floor plates. First, the 85-foot height limit I mentioned before within 60 feet of 23rd Street is replaced with a maximum height of 125 feet at which height, the building would setback 20 feet.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 26

We note the 125-foot base height is less than

150-foot base height in our ten equivalent districts

in Long Island City and elsewhere and the 20-foot

setback is more than the 10-foot setback often

required from wide streets, such as 23rd Street.

Second, on 45th Avenue, which is a narrow street, the 85-foot maximum base height is maintained. However, under current regulations, the underlying tower encroachment provisions apply which would result in a set back of 20 to 30 feet and you can see the odd configuration on your left.

The Text Amendment would instead apply just the underlying 15 foot required minimum setback. The building would have ground floor retail, offices on floors 2 to 8. So, seven stories of office use and apartments above. This shows the improved layouts of the residential tower floors and this shows the layout of the commercial floors.

And lastly, here is a contextual massing showing the 70-story as of right building on the left and the 45-story building that could be built with the Text Amendment. You see the 45-story building relates to the proposed Toyoka[SP?] building on the same block.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

2 And here finally, is another contextual massing

3 showing the 70-story as of right building and the 45-

4 story building with the Text Amendment. Thank you

5 | for your time and I welcome any questions.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Great, thank you. Just a couple of questions, but can you just walk me through again sort of besides a more efficient floor plate, what was the rational for reducing the setback on the 23rd Street frontage of the building?

DAN EGERS: So, it's a more efficient floor plate as mentioned and also, there is less space devoted to building corp and it's a more regular shaped floor plate. As you can see with the current height limit, there is a 60-foot setback from 23rd Street. That would be replaced by a 20-foot setback and the floor plate would be increased from about 3,400 to 6,500 square feet.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Got it. Will there be any noise impacts for the tenants in the buildings that face the elevated train line on $23^{\rm rd}$ Street?

DAN EGERS: As part of the environmental review that was studied and there is not anticipated to be any adverse impacts from noise.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Is the applicant proposing to

provide any onsite parking?

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DAN EGERS: Parking is not required, and no parking is proposed.

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Can you tell me what is the affordability that is proposed for this site?

DAN EGERS: So, no affordability is required. Ιt is not a Mandatory Inclusionary area or an involuntary inclusionary area, there is no up zoning. Condos are proposed, so there is no affordable component required or proposed.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: And are the residential buildings in the project area still occupied?

DAN EGERS: So, on the site, there are seven buildings. There are six occupied, one by a commercial use. So, there is five occupied by residential uses. There is a total of 13 tenants. Those are all market rate; none are rent regulated. They are not long-term tenants, they have been in place only since 2016 or 2017, when my client purchased the property and I don't believe any of the leases lasting beyond this year. They have 30-day demolition clauses and when the leases were signed,

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 29 it was with the understanding that they would have to vacate once the development process commenced.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Can you tell me where you are in that process. So, like the plan for the tenants in those building. Like, have they already committed to leave or what is the status?

DAN EGERS: Nick.

NICK SILVERS: Some of them have already committed to leave. We are offering renewals but in the same vein that they are fully aware that it is only temporary and that they will be more than likely vacating within the next 12 months at a minimum.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Okay, thank you. What are the required subway improvements for this site?

DAN EGERS: So, there is a scope of work that's been formulated with the MTA and currently Department of City Planning Staff is considering potentially an additional improvement. But the improvement is primarily an elevator for the Manhattan bound EM Train from the transformesanine[SP?] to the platform level. And that improvement in conjunction with an improvement being implemented by another developer from street level to the transformesanine would make that Manhattan bound line completely ADA compliant,

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 30 handicap accessible. Whereas now, it is not accessible at all.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: That was my next question about the ADA accessibility. And the last question is, the Community Board requested that 10,000 square feet of the proposed development be leased to the Queens Public Library or another local not-for-profit at a reduced rent. I know that you have been having conversations with the library, could you kind of give us an update on where you are with that.

DAN EGERS: Sure, and we want to be responsive to the community and our client is open to including in the project a not-for-profit use. We would love it to be the Library, we had a good meeting with the library back in February and we look forward to continuing discussions. We look forward to continuing discussions with the Council Member about getting a not-for-profit in the building at a below market rent and doing something that would make the project better for the community and better overall.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Great, thank you so much for

DAN EGERS: Thank you.

your testimony today.

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Are there any other members of the public who wish to testify on this item? Seeing none, I now close the public hearing on this application, and it will be laid over.

DAN EGERS: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. Please note that we will be laying over LU's 412, 403, and 404 preconsidered LU's 413 and 414, pre-considered LU's 397 and pre-considered 411 for a future vote. We will pause for just one minute. Thank you.

Okay, we are now going to get started. Our last hearing for today is on pre-considered LU numbers 420, 421, 422 and 423 for the Special Bay Street Corridor rezoning in Council Member Rose's District in Staten Island. The Department of City Planning, Department of Housing Preservation and Development and Department of Citywide Administrative Services seeks approval for a set of related Applications constituting the Special Bay Street Corridor in Council Member Rose's District.

I know we have many people interested in this proposal and I would like to begin the process and open up the public hearing on this Application.

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Beginning first, I would like to turn it over to

Council Member Rose who would like to read a

statement before we begin.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you Chair Moya. Good morning and thank you for holding this hearing on Special Bay Street Corridor District Pre-LU 420 through 423.

From the beginning of this community planning and rezoning process, my number one priority has been the creation of affordable housing and the preservation of existing affordable housing.

To many residents in my district are facing rising rents and the threat of displacement. When the Administration approached me about the rezoning process, from day one, I have prioritized the creation of affordable housing. However, we cannot add additional density without the necessary infrastructure to make the Bay Street Corridor a functioning community. We have to get this balance of density and infrastructure right in order to move forward with this rezoning.

I have heard feedback from my community that there is not enough affordable housing and the affordable housing is not serving those who need it

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 33 most. At every meeting with the Administration, I have reiterated the need to prioritize the use of city owned property for affordable housing, that reaches residence at 30 percent and 40 percent AMI.

Publicly owned sites provides the best opportunity for ensuring the affordable housing in this rezoning are reaching residents of all incomes. I am pleased that the Jersey Street Garage is under HPD jurisdiction and will provide over 200 units of affordable housing including 90 units of senior affordable housing. This is welcomed news and I look forward to the public engagement process to ensure the amenities and other quality of life issues are addressed before construction begins on this site.

However, the Administration has not made any commitments around the affordability on the remaining phases of development along the Stapleton Waterfront. I have called for the housing along the Waterfront to be 100 percent affordable at a range of incomes.

Again, at a range of incomes, that serve all income levels in my district.

The Administration will need to demonstrate what kind of affordability is proposed on the Waterfront

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 34 and that determination will be a critical factor for my vote on this rezoning.

On privately owned sites, the MIH program is our only requirement for providing affordable housing. That is why it is so imperative that we maximize the required affordable housing for those who need it Market rate units in an offshore are renting at rates deemed affordable to families making approximately 120 percent of AMI. The so-called workforce option, which I have to take issue with. That implies that the people at the other AMI's are not working and that's a misnomer.

An MIH program only requires a private property owner to provide 30 percent of the residential development on the site for households earning an average of 115 percent of AMI. Households earing incomes at 115 percent and above will be well served by the roughly 75 percent of units of market rate housing that will be created as a result of the rezoning. Not to mention, the other market rate residential development that is occurring in and offshore.

This rezoning is unlocking residential development in an area where no residential

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2 development was previously allowed. This

3 Administration needs to find more opportunities for

4 affordable housing in and around the rezoning area

5 | and I expect HPD and other city agencies to conduct

6 aggressive outreach to property owners within the

7 rezoning area to secure more affordable housing at

8 deeper affordability then what the Mandatory

9 Inclusionary Housing program requires.

As it relates to the necessary infrastructure for this rezoning, I share with my constituents concerns about the lack of clarity of what kind of infrastructure improvements are planned for the Bay Street Corridor. The planning process for this project has taken several years and we have almost no answers on what the city agency's plan is to mitigate the significant traffic and public transportation impacts. The open space impacts, the school impacts and necessary sewer infrastructure to accommodate this growth.

We have a long way to go in this process, but we don't have much time. We have talked enough. We need answers and I expect to hear some today.

I want to thank the Land Use Staff Rogue Man,

John Douglas, Ami Levitin, Arthur Hah[SP?] and my

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 36 staff Chris Johnson, Isa Rogers and Vince Gronary[SP?]. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you Council Member Rose.
We now would like to call up Anita Laremont, Chris
Hadwin, Joe Helferty and Simon Kawitzky.

COUCIL CLERK: Please state your full name for the record. Do you swear or affirm that the testimony you are about to give will be the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth and that you will answer all questions truthfully.

ANITA LAREMONT: Yes.

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. Will you just state your name and then you can begin your testimony. Thank you.

ANITA LAREMONT: Good morning. My name is Anita Laremont and I am the Executive Director of the Department of City Planning. Thank you, Chair Moya, Council Member Rose, and members of the Zoning and Franchises Subcommittee, for allowing me to testify today.

As you will hear today, there is over a billion dollars in investment underway in the Northshore of Staten Island from the Empire outlets, which are opening tomorrow to the redevelopment of the Navy

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 37 2 Home Pier at the new Stapleton Waterfront. middle of this investment is the Bay Street Corridor. 3 Where current manufacturing zoning has not changed 4 since 1961. This zoning depresses direct investment in the corridor and fails to capitalize on the 6 7 surrounding investments. It prohibits the creation of housing and the types of jobs we've heard are 8 important to the north shore. The community has a 9

vision for a connected downtown Staten Island
extending from St. George through Stapleton and

toward the harbor. Bay Street is the missing link in

13 realizing this vision.

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The plan before you is the combination of more than four years of outreach and coordination with sister agencies, community partners and elected officials who have helped shape this plan and guide our conversations about what is needed to reinvigorate this neighborhood. While our conversations in the Ulurp process have been challenging, they have been almost entirely focused on the associated infrastructure investment and not on the rezoning itself. Which is a testament to the thoughtful and tailored set of zoning rules we have crafted to implement the communities land use vision.

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2 On infrastructure, we have made initial

3 investments in transportation and public rail

4 improvements to respond to the communities priorities

5 and we continue to work with our agency partners, the

6 Administration, and the Council Member to deliver

7 more. All said, City Planning believes that the Bay

8 | Street Corridor and neighborhood plan will deliver

9 | much needed change and allow it to participate in the

10 north shore renaissance that Islanders have long

11 talked about and that is finally here.

The zoning changes proposed will for the first time allow the creation of new housing including much needed affordable housing through mandatory inclusionary housing and bring new jobs to the area while also bringing significant investment to the community. If adopted, this plan will mark the first MIH neighborhood rezoning in Staten Island, my home borough, expanding the reach of these rezoning's to all five boroughs.

With that, I will turn it over to Staten Island
Borough Director Chris Hadwin to walk you through
more of the plan and the supporting strategies we are
working toward with our agency partners to help

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 39 realize this vital and important plan for the north

shore of Staten Island. Thank you.

CHRIS HADWIN: Good morning, I am Chris Hadwin, the Director of City Planning Staten Island Borough Office, as Anita just mentioned. Thank you, Chair Moya and Council Member Rose and Members of the Zoning and Franchises Subcommittee, for having us here today.

I would like to walk us through some additional context to what Bay Street is about and how we developed the framework as well as the various strategies that we continue to work towards to implement it. As you just heard, this project is the result of over four years of work with the community and many city agencies to understand existing conditions, issues, and their vision for the future of this area.

From the onset, we worked with Council Member
Rose to establish a local advisory committee of
stakeholders and local groups, including Staten
Island Community Board 1 that advised on their
priorities and helped assist with outreach to reach
the broader community.

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Backing up for just a second, as we discussed why

Bay Street was chosen, it is important to highlight

the previous planning efforts the City has undertaken

over the past several years.

First the St. George in Stapleton Special

Districts were adopted in 2006 and 2008 respectively
to foster mixed use development extending from the

Staten Island Ferry through to the former Navy Home

Pier site, now known and Stapleton Waterfront.

In 2011, DCP and EDC partnered to release the North Shore 20/30 report. Which amongst other things established a vision for a downtown Staten Island with mixed uses supported by access to alternate forms of transportation. Bay Street lays in mid these efforts and is the link between the St George and Stapleton neighborhoods.

At the same time, the current manufacturing zoning which has been in place since 1961, doesn't allow it to capitalize off of its strategic location between these neighborhoods, or its direct access to some of the greatest transit options in the borough. With the Ferry, Staten Island Railway and many bus routes all within proximity.

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Projects like Empire Outlets, new affordable housing, office spaces, and a hotel at Lighthouse Point and the ongoing development of the Home Pier site at Stapleton Waterfront are bringing significant investment to the area but today zoning precludes the residential affordable housing and commercial uses that would help connect these surrounding areas together and help realize this vision for a downtown Staten Island.

To give some context, these images show the existing conditions in the St George neighborhood immediately to the north with office uses and mixed residential and commercial developments that are today allowed up to 20-stories. This is also the location of many civic functions including Staten Island's Borough Hall and a satellite campus for the College of Staten Island.

In Stapleton to the south of Bay Street, we see traditional town center development centered on Village Hall and Tappen Park which is shown in the bottom left image. The zoning here today allows mixed uses up to 7-stories. In the bottom right, we see the first phase of the Stapleton Waterfront or Urby which has ground level commercial uses,

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 42
residential above and when complete, will provide
nearly 12-acres of publicly accessible waterfront

4 open space.

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As you move Inland from these neighborhoods, you see a more traditional low-density character and a mix of detached, semi-detached and attached one- and two-family homes particularly as you move upland to higher elevations along Staten Island's hillsides.

By contrast, the Bay Street Corridor consists of many vacant or underutilized lots and open storage.

Overall the area is out of context with the surrounding residential uses and commercial corridors that we just saw and does not draw people between these neighborhoods or towards the transit opportunities at the Staten Island railway or the active uses being developed along the waterfront.

Responding to these existing conditions and building off of these previous planning efforts, we worked with the Advisory Committee to establish four guiding principles to help implement the communities vision for the future of this area and guide our process. From the onset, we saw it to foster a walkable downtown environment with new housing and job opportunities to meet the diverse range of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 43 communities needs. We've also heard the importance of infrastructure to support the future community and have been working towards strategies to support the Land Use plan along with our sister agencies.

To that end, the plan proposes four Land Use actions to help realize these principles. The first is a rezoning that would allow medium density mixed uses along the Bay Street Corridor and a portion of canal street that would better align with surrounding zoning.

The second is a Text Amendment that would establish mandatory inclusionary housing in these areas and bring much needed affordable housing to the area as well as create the special Bay Street Corridor District to tailor the zoning controls to respond to local needs.

Additionally, the Special Stapleton Waterfront District would be modified to increase the minimum height for the future northern phase and provide a floor area exemption that would allow for a new school on the site in conjunction with the ongoing development.

Third, disposition of a former Department of Health office building in St George that has been

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 44 vacant for many years to EDC, would allow it to be repurposed as a commercial office building to bring

And finally, disposition of the current DSNY sanitation facility on Jersey Street to HPD would allow them to facilitate affordable housing and housing for seniors. The community have long advocated for the relocation of this facility and they are in the process of relocating by 2023.

As mentioned, the new Bay Street Corridor Special District will create custom zoning and rules that were developed in concert with the community and based on their feedback. For example, height and density will be limited throughout much of the corridor to six to eight-stories on average to preserve light and air at the street with higher densities and heights located on larger sites around the train stations to ensure that we are maximizing opportunities for affordable housing. Heights above a four to six-story base would be setback and oriented perpendicular to Bay Street to maximize the preservation of use towards the harbor.

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in new jobs.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 45
Additionally, three visual corridors will be
protected to service open spaces and provide access
to parking.

We have also provided flexibility for commercial uses to ensure that zoning is an impediment to small business or job creation. Together, we believe the stop framework reflects the feedback that we heard during our outreach. In total, the rezoning could create over 1,800 new residential units on private property. 20 to 30 percent of which would be permanently affordable in an area where today no housing can be provided.

Over 200 affordable units could be created through the disposition of the Jersey Street Garage, including a set aside for affordable housing for seniors and the proposed zoning could create 1,000 new jobs and up to 150,000 square feet of new community facility uses including the future school at Stapleton Waterfront. Together we believe these actions will be transformational and provide much needed housing jobs and services to the area.

As I mentioned, the framework was developed over the course of four years with a significant outreach effort including workshops, public meetings and open SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 46 houses. We began our public review in late 2018 and the results of the Ulurp process to date have been buried. With general support for the disposition actions. On the zoning actions, while issuing negative recommendations, both the Community Board and Borough President did provided a thoughtful list of conditions that were almost entirely related to

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infrastructure need.

The City Planning Commission voted to approve the Applications in April. So, understanding that the supporting infrastructure is critical to the community and as part of our larger neighborhood planning efforts, many city agencies have been working to develop supporting strategies to the Land Use Plan, which include both zoning interventions and other investments. Some have already been announced, including capital projects to improve the public realm and create safer streetscapes around the Staten Island Railway and others are still under active discussion.

While city agencies continue to work with the Council Member and Administration to advance these strategies for the north shore. The next series of slides will speak to some of those strategies that we

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 47
have already began implementing or that have been

announced.

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Related to small business, the Department of
Small Business Services released a commercial
district needs assessment to identify challenges and
opportunities along the Bay Street Corridor to
support the local business community. They have also
partnered with local groups including the Staten
Island Chamber of Commerce and Staten Island Arts to
roll out their neighborhood 360 program to provide
improvements throughout the area to support small
business and attract more shoppers to the area,
including beautification and district branding
efforts.

On Parks and open space, Staten Island's

Community District 1 contains the seventh highest

proportion of open space per capita citywide. With

important regional parks like Silverlake Park and

Snug Harbor located very close to the rezoning area.

Immediately adjacent to Bay Street, Stapleton

Waterfront will as I mentioned provide nearly 12

acres of publicly accessible waterfront open space.

Including comfort stations and sports courts.

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48 Over \$8 million is being invested in the Stapleton playground to provide new equipment and

These are significant investments in open space in the area that will service both current and future residence and we continue to work with parks and other agencies to explore additional open space improvements throughout the north shore.

We know that transportation is a top priority for this community, and we recognize that the area has a limited road network that is older and difficult to expand. We also recognize that it has the best access to transit arguable in the entire borough.

To support a multi-middle transportation network, we have focused on strategies that improve the existing network and increase pedestrian cyclist and commuter access and safety to promote alternate forms of transportation.

To that end, temporary improvements were undertaken at the intersection of Bay Street and Victory Boulevard to improve traffic flow and minimize conflicts between cars and pedestrians where longer term solutions were being studied. Bike lanes were recently installed along Van Duzer and St.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 49
Paul's Avenues and more are planned along Front
Street.

EDC recently announced the expansion of the New York City Ferry System into Staten Island with new service from St George to Battery Park City and on to Midtown beginning in 2020. This will give Staten Islanders more choice and faster access to their jobs.

Building off these efforts the city together with Council Member Rose, recently announced over \$30 million in investments to transportation and public improvements in the area. This will help make permanent the improvements to the Bay Street and Victory Boulevard intersection to better improve traffic flow but will also create three new public spaces at this gateway to Bay Street Corridor.

In this slide we see a new public space at the foot of victory boulevard where it dead ends at the Staten Island Railway. New lighting, benches and planted aerials will make this area more inviting.

Across from Tompkinsville Park, underutilized space adjacent to a surfaced parking lot will be transformed into a public space at a major hub and transfer point for many Staten Island bus roots.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

This will make the area safer and more inviting for

3 people waiting to take transit.

And finally, across the street and also at this meter transit node, a new public space will convert an underutilized paved area adjacent to Victory

Boulevard into a stepped public area at the entrance to the Tompkinsville SIR station. Together these investments create significant new public spaces at this gateway to the corridor adjacent to sites where most housing can be accommodated and at a major transit hub that encourages people to walk, bike and take transit.

I mentioned previously that the disposition action that would facilitate the redevelopment of the DSN Jersey Street Garage for affordable housing. In response to feedback from the community which advocated for more housing for seniors, HPD amended their original application to take advantage of a zoning bonus under existing zoning granted for affordable housing for seniors that would allow over 200 units of permanently affordable housing to be produced on this site.

DSNY plans to relocated by 2023 and HPD would engage with the Council Member and the community on

this specific programmatic and affordability levels as they move through their process. We know that schools are another top priority for the community.

To that end, the city has invested heavily in schools throughout the north shore. Under the current capital plan that has seemed to expire, over 1,000 school seats have come online or being constructed in the immediate area including a new school on Charge E Street with 750 seats just south of the rezoning

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area.

Additionally, the Fiscal 2020 plan will fund over 1,700 new seats for the area that will be sited over the next five years. As Bay Street is a long-term plan, the need from the rezoning will not materialize for many years. But the city has committed to holding a site in a future phases of the Stapleton Waterfront to accommodate a future school.

SCA and EDC are coordinating on planning as the site preparation and future phases of that proposed development proceed. The proposed text amendment included in the Land Use actions would enable the future school to be located at that site.

In summary, the Bay Street Corridor neighborhood plan is intended to create a walkable transit-

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framework.

oriented community that provides much needed affordable housing, jobs and local businesses to the community. It will fill the gap between the existing St George and Stapleton neighborhoods and enable the area to participate in the change and investment that are already underway throughout the North shore, while responding to local interests and concerns. The zoning framework is the result of extensive and multi-year outreach with the community and we continue to work with agencies. Council Member Rose and the Administration on the supporting strategies that will go hand and hand with this Land Use

We thank you for your consideration and in particular, I would like to thank Council Member Rose for her leadership and her input over these last several years and I will now turn it over to my colleague Simon Kawitzky from HPD to walk you through the associated housing plan.

SIMON KAWITZKY: Thank you Chris. Good morning,
my name is Simon Kawitzky. I am an Assistant
Commissioner within the Office of Neighborhood
Strategies at HPD. Over the past several years, HPD
has been closely involved in the Bay Street planning

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 53

process and I'd like to give you a little more

detailed overview of the housing strategy we have

developed and are continuing to refine for this area.

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As you may know, the building stock in Staten Islands Community District 1 is primarily made up of low-scale 1-4 family homes. Many of which are unoccupied. While there are a greater number of renters in this area compared to other parts of the borough, only about 15 percent of all homes here are regulated by a government agency and protected from sharp rent increases. Renters in this area describe months long searches to find available apartments and a lack of quality options at affordable prices. While under Housing New York, the city has made historic strides in creating new quality affordable housing. The North Shore has seen very limited investment. So, since 2014, more than 40,000 affordable homes have been constructed across the city but only 280 homes or about one percent of all new construction has occurred in the North Shore.

As our city and neighborhoods grow, we are looking for every opportunity to create new affordable housing. While we are not seeing the same degree of rent pressures here as in other parts of

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 54 the city about half of all renters in the North Shore are still paying a disproportionate share of their income towards housing costs.

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As you can see in this chart, there is a diversity of incomes in the area however, over half of all households and about a quarter are low income and about a quarter are considered extremely low income earning about \$26,000 a year or less.

To respond to these needs as well as the issues raised through conversations with residents, we have created a set of housing strategies for the Bay Street Corridor and the surrounding areas. First and foremost, as always, we want to preserve what is already here and keep people in their homes. But we also need to ensure we are pursuing opportunities for the creation of new stable affordable housing in the North Shore.

And lastly, we are continuing to make improvements to the way we do business to ensure residents are better able to access and benefit from these investments. While only a small portion of the housing stock in this area is regulated, we do continue to offer loans to property owners to make repairs to their buildings in exchange for

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 55 affordability, preserving affordability for existing tenants.

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Since 2014, we financed the preservation of about 1,500 apartments in the North Shore. One of those projects was Fox Hill, shown here in 2018. Where 362 apartments were renovated, and affordability was extended for another 40 years.

We are also piloting new tactics to reach owners of large buildings who have not traditionally worked with the city or are unfamiliar with the help that we can provide. For example, we contacted landlords in this area through mailers and phone calls including those with potentially expiring affordability restrictions and we make referrals through our monthly clinics in our downtown office so they can sit down one on one with our finance specialists.

We also launched the neighborhood pillars program to finance the acquisition and rehabilitation of existing unregulated or rent stabilized buildings by mission driven or non-profit organizations.

HPD continues to improve housing quality through the enforcement of the Housing Maintenance Code.

Last Fiscal Year, we conducted over 5,000 inspections and issued over 5,400 violations in this area. We

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 56
also spent half a million dollars to go in ourselves
and make emergency repairs where conditions were

endangering the health or safety of residents.

In addition to owner assistance and enforcement, the city has launched a number of programs to provide tenants with the resources that they need to protect themselves from deregulation and displacement. The City through HRA is providing free legal assistance to tenants facing harassment or eviction in housing court.

Since 2014, city funded legal service providers have assisted 9,600 tenants in the North Shore. And the city's tenant support unit is also canvasing the area. They go door to door in rent stabilized buildings to inform residents of their rights, connect them with free legal services or benefits such as the Rent Freeze program, report cases of disrepair or harassment wherever it is found.

Here in the North Shore, they have knocked on over 12,000 doors and assisted over 1,300 tenants so far. HPD also hosts tenant information fairs and coordinates with other agencies to provide information about tenants rights, legal services,

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 57 rental assistance programs, the affordable housing application process and other topics.

On March $27^{\rm th}$ of this year, we held a resource fair at the Staten Island Museum where about 120 people attended.

Lastly, if these zoning changes are approved in the Bay Street Corridor, certain buildings with high levels of distress where recent ownership changes would be included in the certification of No Harassment Pilot program. As part of this pilot, buildings would be required to apply for a certification from HPD before any permits can be granted for substantial renovations or demolition of a rent stabilized building. This would ensure that any redevelopment activity is not facilitated by the harassment and displacement of lawful tenants, which we know is a very real fear.

Finally, because of the nature of the building stock here, homeowners have also been a big focus of ours. In addition to neighborhood resource events, property management classes, and monthly building owner clinics at our office, we work closely with the center for New York City neighborhoods to provide

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 58 free foreclosure prevention, financial counseling, and legal services to vulnerable homeowners.

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One new program that is particularly relevant for the North Shore is called Home Fix. Which we launched later this year, will help low- and moderate-income homeowners and one to four family properties fund home repairs for themselves and their tenants.

We have also done work combating the impact of Zombie Homes. Which are vacant and abandoned small homes such as the one shown here on the slide. As part of our focus on the North Shore, we surveyed 51 Zombie Homes and referred 23 properties onto DOB, HPD code, and Sanitation for inspection. We are currently in the process of reviewing which properties weren't follow up actions against the mortgage servicer.

Shifting gears now to new construction, as I mentioned, one of the major goals of this effort is to encourage the construction of new affordable housing in the North Shore, where we have had very limited success in recent years. First, through the application of the Mandatory Inclusionary Housing program, any new development along bay and canal

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 59 shoots would be required to set aside at least 20 to 30 percent of all homes as permanently affordable.

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MIH alone could generate approximately 450 permanently affordable apartments on private sites within the rezoning areas. However, MIH is just the baseline. We will meet with and encourage owners in the rezoning area to use the city's financing programs which require higher and deeper levels of affordable housing.

We recently updated our financing programs to require even more apartments for those earning extremely and very low incomes as well as formerly homeless families. And in addition, any MIH project receiving HPD subsidy must set aside an extra 15 percent of apartments as permanently affordable. That's on top of existing MIH requirements.

Lastly, we are prioritizing the redevelopment of city owned property in the area. As part of this rezoning, we are seeking approval to redevelop the Jersey Street Sanitation Garage after DSNY relocates in the next few years. We plan on reengaging with the community and the Council Member prior to the release of an RFP but we anticipate the site could accommodate approximately 220 new affordable

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 60 apartments including about 90 homes for seniors and 15,000 square feet of retail and community space. We are also exploring affordability options for future phases of the new Stapleton Waterfront.

Residents of the North Shore and across the City have expressed interest in us creating more affordable home ownership opportunities. HPD launched the Open-Door program last year, which finances the new construction of affordable homes for first time home buyers earning a range of incomes. We also recently expanded our home first down payment assistance program, which provides first time home buyers with up to \$40,000 towards the down payment or closing costs of a one to four family home.

Finally, we are continuing to support community land trust models. A land trust is a non-profit organization that maintains control and oversight of affordable housing through land ownership and whose primary goal is the creation and/or maintenance of permanently affordable housing.

The Staten Island Base North Field LDC is participating in our community land trust learning exchange and always, we welcome development proposals that incorporate community land trust models.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

We know that the lottery process can sometimes be time consuming and difficult to navigate and we

4 continue to take steps to help residents become

5 better prepared to submit complete and accurate

5 Decter prepared to submit complete and accurate

6 applications.

Our new Housing Ambassadors Program trains local community groups to help residents submit application for the lottery. CAMBA Home Base and Project Hospitality are our partners on the North Shore here. We created an affordable housing guide for applicants with disabilities and we also have a new step by step video and print guide to help with the lottery process.

Finally, we are working to remove barriers to qualifying for affordable housing. So, for example, we recently updated the rules that developers have to follow when interviewing perspective tenants. The new criteria do not allow tenants to be rejected based on their credit score alone, or because they were taken to housing court by a landlord. There are additional new protections for domestic violence survivors and the mandatory employment history requirement for self-employment and freelance income has also been eliminated.

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Last but not least, we are committed to ensuring that our investments in affordable housing create jobs and strengthen small businesses.

Through Hire NYC, all developers are now required to post available construction jobs with the local Workforce One Center and interview qualified candidates. In our public site RFP's, we now require developers to create a targeted hiring outreach plan as part of the competitive review.

And lastly, we are continuing to expand opportunities for minority and women owned businesses. We recently announced that going forward all developers using HPD subsidy will be required to spend at least a quarter of all costs on certified MWBE construction and professional service firms.

Before concluding, I'd like to thank the many

North Shore residents and community leaders who

participated in the Bay Street Planning process and

advocated on behalf of their neighborhood. Many of

the strategies and policy changes I've just described

have come directly out of conversations just like

these. As always, I welcome your feedback on how we

can be even more responsive to community needs and I

am happy to take any questions. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. Thank you so much
for your testimony. A couple of questions before I
turn it over to Council Member Rose. What has the
city learned from the Inwood rezoning regarding

speculation in secondary displacement?

SIMON KAWITZKY: Thank you for your question. I think as part of the Inwood rezoning, which was recently adopted, we don't have data right now, because as you know, these projects are very long timelines. As the zoning is put in place, it takes many years for a development to occur. We don't have at this moment an analysis of any secondary displacement that may have occurred in that area.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Do we know how many residents may be displaced as a result of the Bay Street rezoning?

SIMON KAWITZKY: So, the North Shore as you know, thank you for the question. The North Shore contains very limited amounts of rent stabilize and protected housing as I mentioned and that's precisely the reason that we want to pursue the implementation of MIH here. Which would bring a much-needed resource to this community.

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We have a number of resources in place to protect existing rent stabilize tenants from the free legal services that it provides, if adopted CONH would be applied here as further disincentive and the Tenant support unit is going door to door also to make sure that housing quality and harassment issues are addressed.

But we also want to make sure as part of this push to be more proactive and strategic in how we reach out to property owners. Ultimately, we want to get more building owners to work with us and utilize our financing and bring them into our portfolio. That's the best way to preserve affordability over the long-term. Finally, I'll just say that homeowner support here is going to be important for stabilizing housing, not only for owners but also for tenants. lot of building here are owned by somebody who maybe lives on the first floor and rents two or three units above. And we want to make sure that the apartments that are inhabited by tenants but also the owners are in the good state of repair and are not at risk of being displaced. So, we partner with the Center for New York City Neighborhoods to provide free

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 65 foreclosure counseling, legal services to any homeowner who maybe at risk of displacement.

We also, as I mentioned, have a new program called Home Fix, which will be launching later this year to provide low interest loans to home owners to not only make repairs to their units but also to their tenants and that's an opportunity to stabilize housing for homeowners and tenants alike and make sure that we are preserving quality stable affordable housing.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. But just something because in the Seeker Manual when it talks about secondary displacement, it is really not factored in for rent regulated apartments or tenants when they are part of a rezoning. So, when you are telling me right now that you are looking to put some pieces in place, my concern is that looking back at some of the rezoning's that we have done already, there has been real displacement that has taken place and mostly communities of color. And not just for myself but for this body, it is extremely important that when we are doing neighborhood wide rezoning's we are not displacing the very people that we are seeking to help.

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And that is critical when we are looking at Bay

Street here. I know I am not the only one that

shares that concern, but it is a big concern not just

for the residents of Staten Island, but I think for

all New Yorkers as we move forward.

My next question is, is the Administration willing to commit to responsible contractor policy for a development on publicly owned sites?

CHRIS HADWIN: I can take that question, thank
you. I know you recently raised this Commissioner
Carol and we agree; it is a very important issue. We
have strong systems in place to ensure affordable
housing developers meet their obligations, but we are
happy to continue the conversations as well.

I will just describe what the process looks like today. So, it begins with the project proposal phase where we have a formal integrity review process to vet developers and contractors who want to do business with us. So, we do background checks, we look at any existing violations or arrears, their performance on past government project. If approved, we have a technical construction team who works with the developers to vet and approve their construction plans and then they actually monitor on site to make

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 67 sure that progress is being made in accordance with those documents.

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During construction, we also have a labor monitoring unit which oversees compliance of any wage or labor laws, and they can without payments until violations are resolved.

Lastly, we have a new dedicated team at HPD whose responsible for fielding and investigating complaints after construction has been completed, whether it's with the quality of the construction or any unresolved labor disputes. That's a general view of our work. This approach has become more robust over time but again, we are happy to continue the conversation about how we enforce and oversee construction.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. What is HPD doing to ensure contractors with a record of wage theft,

OSHA violations, and other judgements, or not working on public leave funded projects? The enhance review list just doesn't go far enough because contractors have been placed on the list and they continue to receive projects from HPD. As I have said before, I do not believe that the City of New York should be engaging with any type of contractor or vendor that

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES has been found guilty or has been accused of wage theft and severe safety violations. So, if you can

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4 just tell me where?

> CHRIS HADWIN: Absolutely, thank you for that. So, the enhance review list is a list that we put contractors on who have a history of construction quality issues or any violations. For these contractors, we review each project on a case by case basis to evaluate whether we would allow them to move forward and participate in the project. If they are allowed to proceed, their projects are subject to a much higher level of scrutiny prior to closing as well as practice of contractual procedural measures during construction. Again, we are happy to have further conversations about how that work can be further enhanced.

> CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. Let me just go back to housing again. So, the Administration has set some lofty goals for affordable housing. question is, why are we handing over publicly owned land that will create market rate apartments when the city has the opportunity to create 100 percent affordable housing on the city owned sites?

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 69
CHRIS HADWIN: Thanks for the question. Is this

in reference to a specific site?

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Yeah, so the Stapleton site that we were talking about which was 50 percent market rate, 50 percent affordable. You know, we have this opportunity now to create 100 percent affordable housing on city owned sites. I know that we have had conversations regarding this. But I think it's important that the ask why we are not building 100 percent affordability on city owned property?

CHRIS HADWIN: So, at Stapleton, the Northern parcels are included as part of this package to allow for flexibility and redevelopment. We are still working with EDC to understand exactly what levels of affordability we can provide here. As you know, the sites along the waterfront are severely constrained in terms of infrastructure challenges. Being a waterfront site, there are additional resiliency measures that have to be taken into account.

There is also going to be a publicly accessible waterfront promenade and open space available to the community as part of this redevelopment and it's envision that the project redevelop. The development

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 70 itself would help pay for the maintenance and operation of those spaces. So, unfortunately, I don't have a good answer on what exactly we would be

5 able to do.

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The analysis are still underway, but we expect to be able to provide a significant amount of affordable housing at that site and if there is anything that my colleagues at EDC want to add, they are here as well.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Why are we relying on private developers for affordable housing? Isn't their focus more their bottom line? Which leads to the creation of higher AMI's and some of the highest AMI rates that we see in the city when we are doing these rezoning's. So, I'm just wondering why we are relying on the private developers to dictate where that affordability comes in from.

CHRIS HADWIN: So, thank you for that.

Affordable housing across the country and in New York relies on public/private partnerships. The models that we have are largely based on the low-income housing tax credit, which is a federal program. And developers utilize that to help finance these projects. HPD is a critical gap financer and is in that role where deeply embedded in these projects.

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As we do underwriting for any project that comes in our door, we are looking very closely at all the assumptions. Everything that developer is making,

5 where that money is going, how it is spent.

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So, we feel very confident that we are getting as much as we can given the resources that are provided. And as I mentioned earlier, we have made many changes over the course of the housing plan over the past few years to go even deeper and provide even more capital to make sure that we are not only addressing what the low-income housing tax credit program requires but providing opportunities for formerly homeless families, extremely low-income, but also moderate and middle income households as well.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. Has Option 4 ever been mapped on any other neighborhood rezoning and can you just walk us through?

CHRIS HADWIN: Sure. Thank you for that question. To my knowledge, Option 4 has not been mapped in any other neighborhood rezoning. The reason that we included it in this package, was that through our outreach, hearing very divergent opinions from the community on the wider ray of needs in this particular community for affordable housing. We

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 72 certainly saw the need at the deepest levels, but we also saw it at a variety of other levels.

Given the varied feedback that we were hearing, we determined you know to allow that conversation to continue through the public process understanding that ultimately the City Council would make the decision on the ultimate options that would be included in the package. I would also just say that when we look back at why Option 4 was developed as part of the MIH program, it was developed for softer markets that perhaps needed to provide an option that didn't need to rely on public subsidy in the near term for development to recur. So, that was our rational understanding that there would be further conversations as this process continued.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: I am just very concerned about the mapping option for and the adverse impact it is going to have on the city because that will set a precedent for the future rezoning's that we will go through. And I believe this really opens the flood gate for future development at much higher AMI's that could possibly accelerate gentrification. And so, I am very concerned about that and I hope that we will

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2 continue to have that conversation as we move

3 forward.

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Is it fair to say that there is a massive profit margin between zoning for residential use versus manufacturing uses?

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. I would imagine that the profit margins are greater when you are getting that much residential development. With that said, Mandatory Inclusionary housing is the program and the tool that we have available to capture affordable housing on private property.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: So, if a property is rezoned from residential to residential, the city through MIH gets 25 to 30 percent affordable units. If it is a property that's rezoned from manufacturing use to residential units, the same percentage applies but the profit margin is much greater. Do you think that makes sense and shouldn't the city get a better deal especially when we are looking to help working class New Yorkers on affordability.

ANITA LAREMONT: So, Chair Moya, I will take that question and thank you for it. This question goes to sort of the philosophy and underpinnings of how we

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 74 established Mandatory Inclusionary Housing which we did as a program abroad applicability. We looked at various market sectors and what was appropriate in terms of affordability that could be securely assessed across the broad sectors.

This is not a program that would be characterized as an exaction, which is a program where you look at what the city can actually get out of developers in connection with the development of housing. And so, because of that, we make no distinction between when we are rezoning from one R district to a higher R district versus rezoning from manufacturing to residential. And we did that very specifically and knowingly to avoid legal challenges.

When we looked at all of the case law around mandatory housing programs in the country, we learned that we would have to be very careful in that regard and that was why we developed a program this way. So, we couldn't do it the way that you are suggesting.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Just a quick pause, I want to give a big shout out to the Westchester Square

Academy in the Bronx and Ms. Wagner. The 12th

Graders are here today. Welcome to the Chambers and

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 75 2 welcome to the Zoning and Franchise Committee hearing that we are having here today. So, welcome. 3 Let me switch gears really quick. So, what 4 changes have been made to the HireNYC program to 5 ensure that this is actually working, and careers are 6 7 being created via the up zoning and low-income communities? 8 CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. 9 colleagues from the Department of Small Business 10 11 Services are here who may be able to answer that 12 question. KETHIA JOSEPH: Kethia Josepha and I am the 13 14 Director of Neighborhood Planning at the New York 15 City Department of Small Business Services. 16 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Great. Do you want me to ask 17 the question again? 18 KETHIA JOSEPH: Yeah, do you mind repeating the question Councilman? 19 20 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Sure. So, what changes have been made to the HireNYC program to ensure that it is 21 2.2 actually working, and careers are being created via 23 the up zoning in low-income communities?

KETHIA JOSEPH: Well specifically for downtown

Staten Island, we do have our workforce One Center

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1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 76 2 that is located at 120 Stevenson Place and at that location we are making sure that local residents are 3 having access to the various job opportunities that 4 are coming online. And so, through our neighborhood 5 360 program, we are partnering with the Staten Island 6 7 Chamber of Commerce who is working directly with people in the community through various engagements 8 9 to make sure that of that. CHAIRPERSON MOYA: And this is through HireNYC? 10 11 KETHIA JOSEPH: Not through HireNYC. 12 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Okay. I want to go to 13 HireNYC. What changes have been made to HireNYC? 14 KETHIA JOSEPH: At this moment, I don't have that 15 information, specifically about changes that have 16 been made more recently but I can go back and get 17 those responses and circle back with you. 18 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Great. How many individuals have applied? Do you have this information? How 19 20 many individuals have applied to jobs through HireNYC 21 program? KETHIA JOSEPH: So, specifically since March of 2.2 23 2016, we've had about 854 businesses who have submitted about 1,578 HireNYC contracting enrollments 24

through March of 2019.

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 77 2 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: So, from 2016 to 2019 a little over 1,000 individuals have been hired through 3 HireNYC? 4 KETHIA JOSEPH: Those were specific contract 5 enrollments and about a quarter of which about 27 6 7 percent have been enrollments through the HPD program. But how many people have been specifically 8 employed, I do not have that number. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: How many individuals have been interviewed or considered for hire by employers 11 12 through the HireNYC program? KETHIA JOSEPH: I do not have that number today. 13 14 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: How many individuals have been 15 hired on jobs through the HireNYC program? But you 16 say you don't have those numbers, right? 17 KETHIA JOSEPH: No, I do not have those numbers 18 regarding the specific number of hires, but I can get that information. 19 20 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. How many employers 21 have participated in the HireNYC program? 2.2 KETHIA JOSEPH: Employers, that was 1,578. 23 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Employers, 1,578 you said?

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KETHIA JOSEPH: I do not have the zip codes.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: So, HireNYC has no wage requirements? How does the city plan to ensure the creation of good paying jobs without a set requirement?

KETHIA JOSEPH: Yeah, that's a really good question and so, I will definitely have to go back and get the specifics on that.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: So, I just want to say, and thank you, it's not to you but this is now the third rezoning. I asked the very same questions for Jerome for Inwood and now Bay Street and I am still getting the same answers.

So, to me, there is a real disconnect here. It can't be that every time we have a neighborhood rezoning, we have these conversations, we will get the information back, it never comes back. Ask for specific numbers, can't get the specific numbers. To me, that's just not acceptable but I am hoping that we can really work together and partner on making sure that programs that are going to help the very people in the communities that are being rezoned, mostly people of color. That we can improve on how the program effectively works in hiring the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 80 individuals from the neighborhoods and putting them to work.

So, I hope that this is the last neighborhood rezoning that I ask these questions. I hope that we will be able to sit down, I know that Deputy Mayor Thompson is involved, and he is a wonderful individual. I admire very much, and I hope that with him being at the home helm, we will be able to make extensive improvements to the HireNYC program. Thank you for your time.

KETHIA JOSEPH: Yeah, and although we didn't come prepared today to discuss that, I would definitely like to touch base to make sure that we could circle back within a reasonable amount of time to get those answers to you. But I will also pass it to my colleagues HPD who can also help answer some of the questions that you had earlier.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Great, thank you so much.

Thank you for sitting in the hot seat for a minute.

I appreciate it.

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CHRIS HADWIN: Chair Moya, I do have some data on HireNYC enrollment and HPD projects that I can share with you.

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 81 So, from March 2016 through February 25th of this 2 3 year, there have been 739 contracts subject to 4 HireNYC. CHAIRPERSON MOYA: 700 and? 5 CHRIS HADWIN: 39. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: What was the dates again? 8 CHRIS HADWIN: That's March 2016 through February 9 25, 2019. And through those projects that have 10 enrolled, we've hired about 87 individuals, making an 11 average wage of \$17.60 per hour. 12 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: So, I just will say that from 13 2016 to 2019, the numbers that we're producing in 14 total is \$739. Is that correct? 15 CHRIS HADWIN: The number of contracts that are 16 subject to the requirement. So, that includes the 17 universe of contractors and subs that have to post 18 open positions with the Workforces One Center. CHAIRPERSON MOYA: I would just like to know 19 20 exactly how many individuals were hired through the program. 21 2.2 CHRIS HADWIN: Oh, yes, 87 individuals. 23 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: 87? CHRIS HADWIN: 87 individuals have been hired. 24

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Since March 2016 to 2019?

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2 CHRIS HADWIN: Correct.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Again, why I think we need to have massive improvements to this program. When the Administration is looking to do these neighborhood rezoning's and tout local hires. We really have to have a better approach at this to make sure that we are actually getting the people who need the jobs to get hired and be able to stay in the very neighborhood that is being rezoned.

So, I am looking forward for us to have further dialog from now until the vote and I appreciate that and thank you for getting back to me.

CHRIS HADWIN: I want to now turn it over to Council Member Rose for questions and I will be coming back for some more. Thank you.

Want to thank you for your very thoughtful questions. You have a depth of knowledge about this particular rezoning. Especially the fact that affordable housing and protecting residents from displacement have been a primary goal of mine and so, I was particularly interested in your answer regarding why Workforce MIH Option 4 had been mapped for this application.

And so, I would like to know how do the market rate rental prices and new development in the other rezoning area compared to the highest tier of rentals in the Workforce MIH Option?

SIMON KAWITZKY: I can answer that question. So,

SIMON KAWITZKY: I can answer that question. So, based on recent developments in the community that have produced market rate apartments, we estimate the current rents would be around 100, 110 percent of the area median income, which is about — for a three-person family, someone earning a little over \$96,000 a year. The rents for that type of apartment would be just under \$2,000 for a one bedroom and over \$2,000 for a two bedroom, about \$2,300.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And why do you think that the Workforce Option is affordable for the residents that could potentially be displaced? 1,700 could potentially be displaced and 75 percent of them are making less than \$75,000 and are rent burdened.

SIMON KAWITZKY: I can speak a little bit to that, and I can ask my colleagues at DCP to add anything. But you know, as Chris had said earlier, the goal with introducing the Option 4 was really to provide flexibility in terms of what could be developed in markets like this where you know,

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development doesn't necessarily proceed in full force

without levels of subsidy from HPD. We wanted to

make sure that we are providing options for

developers to realize development while also creating

affordable housing. All of that being said,

absolutely we recognize the authority of the City

Council in determining which MIH options are

ultimately mapped here and would defer to you.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And why would that thinking apply to the city owned properties also?

SIMON KAWITZKY: Oh, so, for the city owned properties, we do not anticipate mapping or requiring developers to comply with Option 4 of MIH. They would be required to utilize our financing programs which in addition to being 100 percent affordable would target a whole range of incomes from the very lowest to moderate income if that's so desired by the community.

And those levels would be determined through and the case of Jersey Street, a public engagement process that we would run prior to the release of any RFP. So that we make sure that community priorities are incorporated into the RFP before we ask developers to submit proposals.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

2 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And in regard to Jersey

3 Street, when are you going to release the RFP? Wher

4 is that process going to begin and especially

5 interested in when the community engagement portion

6 would start. Especially, you know, that's a pet

7 peeve of mine, the Jersey Street garage.

So, speak to us in context of when the garage is going to be moved and you know, your timeline for affordable housing.

SIMON KAWITZKY: Thank you for that question.

So, Sanitation has communicated to us that they would be relocating the vehicles in the garage by 2023 at the latest.

We would like to begin the process of predevelopment to make sure that as soon as they are relocated, we can get in the ground and start building this project.

So, we anticipate starting our engagement around 2020, 2021 and we have piloted this workshop that we do now in very many of our RFP sites where we host community workshops to really understand what levels of affordability are desired there. What the design of the buildings should be, how tall, any environmental public realm improvements, open space,

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 86 2 and what other kinds of uses we want to see that are 3 not residential. So, we would look forward to collaborating with 4 you to do that process. We also obviously want to 5 hear you thought on what makes sense there and the 6 7 goal would be to be able to move forward with construction pretty quickly after the garage is 8 relocated. 10 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And being that EDC has already released an RFEI, are we moving forward with 11 12 that plan or will a new RFP be issued? 13 SIMON KAWITZKY: This is in regards to the 14 Stapleton Waterfront? 15 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: To the Sanitation Garage. 16 SIMON KAWITZKY: So, they had released an RFEI, 17 as I understand it. Thank you for the question. A 18 number of years ago. I think the intention is now that HPD would manage that process and begin it under 19 20 their programs. 2.1 CHRIS HADWIN: Yes, we would start a new and do 2.2 our own RFP process. 23 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And the other city owned property which was 54 Central Avenue. It was 24

discussed for potential disposition but is not

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 87 included in this application. Why not? And who has control of the site today and what is the timeline for release of RFP and eventual disposition?

SIMON KAWITZKY: Sure, thank you for the question. It was included in the environmental analysis and we were looking at a number of different options there. One was an affordable housing component and the other was for more office uses. We also through our environmental analysis determined that there was an unmapped extension of Victory Boulevard on that site, that required more environmental analysis and further Land Use work to de-map that before that site could be developed.

It is currently under the jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation used as surface parking as you know. And so, I think you know we heard very clearly through our outreach process what the communities priorities were for that site and it's a conversation we would like to continue with you in order to move forward with you know realizing something on that site and understanding what the options are there that you would like to see realized as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Affordable housing.

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question.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

2 SIMON KAWITZKY: The environmental review for

3 this project estimated that over 1,700 residence

4 could be displaced as a result of this rezoning.

5 Will this Administration commit to providing vouchers

6 for the 1,700 residents who maybe displaced?

SIMON KAWITZKY: Thank you for the question, I

8 | will turn it to my colleague at HPD.

UNIDENTIFIED: I am not prepared to answer that question right now. You know the voucher programs are managed by HRA if we are talking about CITYFEPS. HPD has their own Section 8 program which is fully enrolled at this point, as far as I understand but I would defer to my colleagues at HRA for that

COUNCIL MEMEBR ROSE: Well, it's very important in terms of displacement since we have the least number of rent regulated housing in New York City and privately owned. So, I believe that this conversation should have already been had because we already know that 1,700 is a real number and so, I'd like to see this happen sooner than later since the clock is almost run out.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 89
SIMON KAWITZKY: Absolutely, thank you. We can
circle up with our colleague and get back to you on
that.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: One of the problems that were not mitigatable was traffic. And there were some provisions made in the other Ulurp to keep two southbound lanes of traffic on Richmond Terrace between Wallstreet and Hamilton Avenue clear and unobstructed by police vehicles that are double parked or perpendicularly parked in front of the 120th precinct.

Why haven't we mitigated the on-street parking conditions in front of the precinct? What solutions are you looking at and why haven't you given more thought to moving the precinct as a part of traffic mitigation?

SIMON KAWITZKY: Thank you for the question.

There was discussion around this as you mentioned under the development of the wheel and mall sites.

And there was an agreement made to resolve that as those developments came online. It is certainly a conversation that we continue to have with PD around how to resolve that issue. I know it is something that they are discussing internally with the people

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 90 who work in that site. We do have colleagues here at PD that can come and speak to that question in a

little bit more detail. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: If you can just make sure the red light is on and just state your name and then you can begin.

CAPTAIN JOSEPH NOTARO: Sure, Captain Joe Notaro,
Commanding Officer Facilities for the Police
Department.

So, I understand your concern about the parking in front of the command. But as you know, we are a mobile response agency and the ability of the officers. I understand.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: I hope we can copies to you of these photos and that's like an everyday occurrence.

CAPTAIN JOSEPH NOTARO: So, yes, as I was saying, I do understand your about the parking in front of the command but being that we are a mobile response agency, and the ability for the officers to be able to get to their vehicles quickly and actually leave unobstructed quickly, it is imperative that they combat park in front of the command.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 91
COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: I understand that, and I
respect that and that's one of the reasons why the
relocation seemed to be the only viable solution.

Because we have been discussing this for years, since we did the Waterfront, the Empire Outlet and the Wheel Ulurp, we've been discussing that location and none of the measures that PD has put forward has mitigated that situation.

And so, being that traffic is very important especially in light of the Empire Outlets opening on Wednesday, and the Bay Street Corridor becoming vastly populated, we really need to come up with some solutions in terms of traffic. And to say that you know, that you are an immediate response when NYPD owns land on Hill Street. It was previously even budgeted to be a new precinct, which would mitigate all of those issues that we have, and I really need you to consider how you are going to mitigate that.

Because traffic is going to be a problem.

CAPTAIN JOSEPH NOTARO: So, in terms of relocation, I am aware of the Hill Street location.

I was not around when these studies were done, but I do know that the department does not at this time, is not looking to move from the location. As a matter

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 92 of fact, I think we feel from an operational standpoint, where the command is right now, is actually more conducive for everything that is going on at the Waterfront and obviously, we just feel it is a better location for us. I don't know really what was done back in you know, so many years ago.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Can you just speak into the microphone.

CAPTAIN JOSEPH NOTARO: Oh sorry. So, there has been no discussion of relocation to my understanding or at least with my ten year in facilities.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: So, what are we going to do about that situation on Richmond Terrace?

CAPTAIN JOSEPH NOTARO: So, again, like I said, the combat parking is important for the operation. I don't know that it obstructs the traffic if the combat park properly. If they keep it as close to the curb as possible. And I know that the commanding officer is committed to ensuring that they don't obstruct that lane and he has looked for other options when they are available, and I know that there is a space where the Faris wheel is supposed to go and I think he worked out something where they are able to get some private vehicles to that location.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

2 But when it comes to Department vehicles, they

3 have to be you know, by the Command and there really

would be no where else to put them.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: They currently now, it's a two-lane roadway in each direction, east bound and west bound and they take up an entire lane coming east bound.

CAPTAIN JOSEPH NOTARO: Again, when I am looking at the photo, or when they combat park, I do not see that second lane being obstructed. If they double parked at the location, that would be an issue. Then they would obstruct the lane and I do know that I have spoken to the Commanding Officer and this message constantly gets out to the officers not to double park at the location and if they do, then there is corrective actions that are taken internally.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Again, when they park, even perpendicularly, they obstruct an entire lane limiting Richmond Terrace to one lane of passable traffic.

CAPTAIN JOSEPH NOTARO: Yeah, that's what I mean by double parking. And they have been instructed and they are instructed at the roll calls that they are

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2 not allowed to park that way. It is only the combat

3 parking and I understand that you have it in the

4 photo that they are double parked here, but in

5 conversations with the CO, this is a constant

6 reminder to the members of the command.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Okay, thank you. I am not done with that idea. So, we will have a conversation offline.

CAPTAIN JOSEPH NOTARO: Okay, thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you. What kind of interagency coordination needs to be conducted to ensure that a school is built on a portion of the northern site?

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. So, I would say that that interagency coordination is underway. You know as I mentioned in the presentation, we, SCA and EDC are actively working together as they work through site planning for that site to both make sure that SCA's needs are understood and accommodated. And that EDC's overall timeline and the overall preparation of the site for development is coordinated that way.

There are significant upgrades to infrastructure that are needed to prepare that site for development.

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There is also relocation of existing facilities there as you know that needs to occur before that site can be developed, but we want to make sure that we are holding that site and those conversations are ongoing.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: So, the realignment of

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: So, the realignment of Front Street is in process?

CHRIS HADWIN: The planning for that is underway.

My colleagues from EDC and DOT are here that can

speak more to that, but the plans are in process for that.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: The schools are overcrowded in this district and so, have any other sites been identified as optimal for new schools?

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. That is a conversation that is ongoing. So, as I mentioned, the sites that come online or coming online such as Targee Street, which I know that you are well aware of. And then there are the 1,700 funded seats that will come into the capital plan that begins in July.

So, obviously the goal is to find sites and get those built within the next five years. That's a 2020 to 2024 plan and SCA is working very actively

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 96 with a number of different agencies including my own at City Planning to identify those sites.

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I know that you have provided a thoughtful list of sites yourself that they continue to work through. So, those conversations are ongoing.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And how much funding is available for new schools in the North Shore?

CHRIS HADWIN: I don't know the dollar amount, but it is over 1,700 seats in the plan that is set to begin in July. And I don't know if SCA is here to speak to that in more detail? They are not.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: The redevelopment of

Cromwell Center has to happen. There is no

conversation about that. So, has it been determined

that the redevelopment of Cromwell Center is going to

be built at Lions Pool and what kind of amenities are

being proposed for the new facility? And will any

additional approvals be necessary to rebuild Cromwell

Center at Lions Pool?

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. It has certainly been something that we have heard throughout all of our outreach about the priority to get Cromwell Center rebuilt and something we've heard very clearly from you.

As you know, Parks undertook the feasibility study a couple of years ago, which did identify Lions Pool as the site for a future Rec Center. My colleagues from the Department of Parks are here and can speak in more detail to the process that's underway to work towards the question that you asked about what kinds of programming and things like that would go into it. That's a conversation that is certainly underway.

NICK MOLINARI: Good morning. I am Nick

Molinari; I am Chief of Planning for New York City

Parks. Thank you, Councilwoman, for the question.

As you know, Cromwell was an important facility on

the North Shore and it's an important facility that

we rebuilt on the North Shore. And Lion is a

preferred site. We did receive from you program that

you would like to see incorporated into the new

facility and we will work to incorporate as much as

we possibly can onto rebuild site.

The actual amenities will be contingent on you know, the site itself and the funding that we have available for it and in terms of approvals, it is a landmark facility, so we will have to work with LPC primarily funding to design the facility.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: So, what is the timeline?

When do we see Cromwell start to be developed, to be built?

NICK MOLINARI: So, the Mayor has said that we see a North Shore facility as part of this process, and we envision those conversations proceeding and a decision being made in the next couple of weeks.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: We've been planning and discussing Cromwell a very long time. So, I am really looking for an answer that says that we will be doing whatever, getting whatever approvals. Are we in the process of getting their approvals now?

NICK MOLINARI: As was mentioned, the pre-scope study was done, and it has been identified as the preferred site. Next step is getting the funding to advance a design of the site.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: So, then I guess it would be you know, breaking news if you could tell us that the funding's available is going to be made available to move forward.

NICK MOLINARI: The conversations are proceeding as we speak, and we hope to have a decision on Cromwell in the next couple of weeks.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 99

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: With Cromwell, in the EIS,
the DEIS, there was some potential for shadows in
terms of the pool?

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. So, just to clarify, the environmental analysis that we undertook, did not identify any impact to the pool as a result of the shadows. What it did show was an increment of some portion of shadow extending across the Lions Pool property late in the day.

So, I just want to clarify that the pool itself on the portion of the Lions Pool property that it is on, is in unobstructed sunlight for the majority of the day and a small portion of the Lions Pool itself would be subject to a small shadow beginning at 4:30 in the afternoon or so for a period of around 90 minutes.

So, we took another look at that even though the environmental review said that wasn't an issue and determined that the solar heating that is occurring throughout the majority of the day and the fact that the pool is in full sunlight for almost the entire day would have no impact on the heating or the enjoyment of the pool itself. And again, it's just a

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 100 small portion of the pool for a small amount of day at the height of the summer.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: So, then there is no look back at the height of the buildings proposed for that area?

CHRIS HADWIN: So, we did take a look at that as well just to make sure that we were being entirely responsive, and you know, this is a housing plan and we are trying to find the tradeoffs here in terms of making sure that we are producing housing and affordable housing here.

Because of the change in demography as you know, as you know, going up to Bay Street from the shore, the heights that we would have to look at to completely avoid the shadow would be such a great reduction in height that we would really start to not see the housing on that largest, most critical site to the rezoning, where we think we can produce the most affordable housing. So, it starts to become at odds with the overall objectives of the plan.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And please discuss the open spaces and whats the plan for the open spaces on the waterfront property?

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CHRIS HADWIN: Sure, so thank you for the question and as I mentioned, the Stapleton Waterfront development being all of the phases once they are complete will provide over 12 acres of public accessible waterfront open space.

My colleagues from EDC are here who can speak to it in more detail, but just before I toss that over to them, we are also working toward strategies to improve and activate Tappen Park through repurposing the Village Hall there as you know, and as you know, there is work underway at Tompkinsville Park to look at improvements there. Now that the Comfort Station has been removed to address some of the safety issues around that park and I mentioned some of the ongoing other open space improvements that are being made.

So first, I think I will have EDC come and speak to the specific plans for the Stapleton Esplanade and then perhaps we will call Parks back up to speak about some of the other things that they are doing.

CECILIA KUSHNER: Good afternoon. My name is

Cecilia Kushner, I am from EDC Development. So, as

Chris mentioned, the new Stapleton Waterfront is

about 12 acres. A little over 5 is already built

surrounding URBY. The rest of the spaces will be

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 102 delivered to south of URBY and to the North of URBY and it's going to be a combination of kind of passive open space, a continued lawn and seating and places to walk, as well as a lot of active open space.

We will have courtyard and new bathrooms as well, which is something that is very needed in the neighborhood. The project went in front of EDC and community board for approval. We are now in the final stage of design and our goal is to start construction in 2020.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And can you speak to improvements at Tappen and Tompkinsville Park?

CECILIA KUSHNER: I can talk about Tompkinsville a little bit.

CHRIS HADWIN: We will call Parks back up. Thank you.

NICK MOLINARI: Thank you Councilwoman. So, at Tappen, as was mentioned Village Hall we think is a good opportunity for providing an amenity that would help to improve the park. The uses that were in that facility have vacated and it is now a vacant building. It does need some repair work to the roof and the structure itself before it can be occupiable,

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 103 but we do see that as a positive influence on the park generally.

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So, improving that facility would be able to provide you know, concession space, restrooms for the park, and programming space within the building.

We are also working within park to fix the fountain that was down during Hurricane Sandy and that product is procurement now. We are looking to bring out a contractor to fix that fountain to sort of restore that portion of the site along Bay Street.

At Tompkinsville Park last summer July, at City
Hall new borough, the announcement was made that we
would be demolishing the closed Comfort Station that
had been closed for a number of decades there. And
we worked to demolish that structure and replacing it
with an expanded plaza space for programming. The
construction fence is still up, and we are working on
the plaza component. But we think once the fence is
down, it will be really transformative change the
Park, that will help to provide clearer site lines
and an opportunity for additional programming,
farmers markets and such in that more open area.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you. I just have another question about transportation. DOT, what

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 104 have you done to try to mitigate the issues of traffic and that the new density will bring to that

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last week.

corridor?

TOM COCOLA: Thank you Councilwoman Rose. I am
Tom Cocola with New York City DOT. From the
transportation perspective, we have done several
things working in concert with our sister agencies.

You know, including but not limited to participating in the Bay Street rezoning and the reimagining of Bay Street to be better accommodating for pedestrians and cyclists as well as vehicles. We are also involved in the Front Street reconfiguration which you know will include a protected bike lane. And now, we are as per our meeting last week, involved in some of the mitigation with the Empire Outlet site. We are also in contact with the MTA regarding a potential BRT.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Are you looking at dedicated bus lanes in the Bay Street Corridor?

TOM COCOLA: Perhaps, you know that's sort of very early in the conversations with where the MTA turns out. They're still trying to figure out some various options as you know from their open house

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 105

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And have we made any
headway with the MTA in terms of the Stapleton

Station and some of the issues that we have discussed around that station and making it accessible?

TOM COCOLA: Yes, I will defer to Planning.

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. It is certainly an active conversation that we have had both with them, the Department of Transportation and a number of other agencies to see what we can do around those stations and I know it's a priority that you have long raised.

We continue to have the conversations and we are working towards some solutions there to improve the access and the safety. MTA is also looking citywide at accessibility throughout the whole city in terms of their station. So, that's work that is underway and we would imagine that they would identify potential improvements to make the stations throughout Staten Island ADA accessible, but we are working very closely with other city agencies to make sure that we are improving access to the stations.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Is DOT and the Administration committed to widening Bay Street to

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 106
it's mapped width as development occurs in the
corridor?

CHRIS HADWIN: That's a good question, thank you, and another priority that I know that we have discussed for a number of years. Bay Street is actually as you mentioned, mapped to be much wider then it is actually built today and there are a number of underbuilt buildings in the bed of the map street.

One of the things that we envision this rezoning doing is incentivizing the redevelopment of those underbuilt sites. So, that as they redevelop, they will be required to set back to where they are supposed to be to allow ultimately Bay Street to be widened out to its full width. There is a process that one can go to the BSA and seek to get a waiver to allow them to build in the mapped street, however, DOT and City Planning and BSA are working together to make sure that we are you know, very clearly indicating that we would not support this application as much as we can.

So, over time, we hope that that will be realized that Bay Street would be widened to allow bus bays,

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2 additional travel lanes, etc., as it happens over

3 time.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And is DOT committed to

5 providing whatever number of TEA's to help mitigate

6 or to address whatever isn't mitigated by the

widening or any of the other measure you are taking?

TOM COCOLA: Yes, thank you for the question.

9 You will start seeing TEA's as early as tomorrow with

10 the opening of Empire Outlets. So, we are committed

11 to doing whatever mitigations we can for

12 improvements.

13 COUNCIL MEMEBR ROSE: And so, I quess this is an

14 | offline conversation about EDC and the property Phase

15 | 2 and Phase 3 properties? Or is that something we

16 can talk about? The disposition of Phase 2 and Phase

17 | 3 on the Waterfront in DCHPD.

18 CHRIS HADWIN: Sorry, to clarify is the question

19 around the affordability levels and those

20 | conversations?

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Yes.

22 CHRIS HADWIN: Right, so I mean I think that we

23 | are committed to continuing that conversation

24 offline.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 108

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Okay, that's an offline

conversation but we are talking about it in the

context of 100 percent affordability.

SIMON KAWITZKY: So, I'm sorry, just to clarify the question is about future redevelopment of the Northern sites at Stapleton and what levels of affordability we could accommodate there.

I can answer and feel free to add to anything that I may have missed but we are still working with our sister agencies to understand exactly what level of affordability can be accommodated there.

As I mentioned earlier, there are a number of challenges associated with redeveloping the properties. It is a waterfront site; it is vulnerable to flooding. We have to create pretty extensive open space along the waterfront as well and so those factors all need to be kind of considered and we are still actually evaluating what that would mean in terms of the level of affordability we can accommodate there.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And I am actually talking about the acquisition. The acquisition of those sites.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 109
CHRIS HADWIN: I see. In the means in which it

3 would be disposed?

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: EDC, would you like to address that?

CHRIS HADWIN: So, I think what you are referencing is the actual method of disposition, whether it is subject to a 384 B4 process that we have been talking about recently.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Yes.

CHRIS HADWIN: So, I think that the legal team's between EDC and HPD have been evaluating that question. I don't know if you have anything to add.

CECILIA KUSHNER: That's right, just for clarification. So, with our agencies go through different processes for disposition. So, when EDC disposes of land, we go through the 384 B4 process that brings us to board for an approval. When HPD disposes of land, they go through a UDAP approval which requires a Ulurp process. So, and just to piggy back on what Simon was saying, we understand that you are looking for maximum affordability on the North Stapleton site and like our agencies are under active conversation to understand all of the public goals that these sites have to fulfill including open

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 110 space maintenance that is meant to be paid for by these sites themselves and we want to make that as we are building open space, we are providing for adequate maintenance for this generation and the next

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one.

So, we are in active conversation and we expect to come back to your office fairly soon. So, based on the level of affordability that at the end of the day, we will agree upon, then we will decide what is the right process for disposition. Whether it is an EDC process or an HPD process.

And so, the level of affordability really determines what the appropriate process to move forward with it.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you and Chair, I just have one last question and it is in terms of schools. Do we have a commitment from SCA that the school that will be built on the northern site will be a DOE school or are you looking to have a developer develop that?

CHRIS HADWIN: So, we don't have that SCA here today and thank you for the question. But my understanding is that the work that we are undertaking between SCA and EDC is assuming that it

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 111 would be a DOE school. With that said, there is no commitment as I mentioned earlier that the plan for the school is beyond the current capital plan that is about to start. And so, we are thinking of it in a bit of a longer-term horizon. So, there is no firm commitment in terms of seats allocated to it, but the planning is that we are undertaking is assuming a DOE school.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you. Thank you Chair.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. Just a couple of questions to follow up on the DOT questions. Will the MTA or the DOT commit to installing bus shelters in our around the project area?

CHRIS HADWIN: I will toss it to my colleague Tom Cocola, DOT.

TOM COCOLA: Bus shelters in the area, we certainly would take a look at that. You know, I am thinking of like for example, on Bay Street we do have shelters already, but we would be more than interested in trying to add some more.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: And then also, will you identify portions of the north shore that would be

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 112
optimal for sort of dedicated right of ways for buses
along the north shore area?

TOM COCOLA: Right, I mean, absolutely because as

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TOM COCOLA: Right, I mean, absolutely because as Chris outlined before, we were able to widen a segment of Bay Street that turned out to be very successful for us and we put a dedicated bike lane there and it really helps traffic going to the Ferry.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: And is the DOT and the MTA willing to install transit signal priority technology along the Bay Street Corridor?

TOM COCOLA: Yes, I mean we already have some and they are working great. In fact, on that intersection that I talked about we just widened, we have them there.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: So, my other question is along that area, for a number of years it has been flood prone, we know that area was effected by Hurricane Sandy. Is the DOT or DP, anyone here that can talk about what is going to be done to ensure that flooding doesn't continue to become a problem in that stretch?

TOM COCOLA: Right, I'd have to defer you.

CHRIS HADWIN: So, a couple things in there. I think the first thing I would say is these buildings

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 113 will be required to be built to resilient standards, but I think you are talking a little bit more about the infrastructure around them.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Correct, yes.

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CHRIS HADWIN: So, I know that we have had conversation with the Council Member and also with Borough President Oddo around some of those specific issues in and around Bay Street and that DEP was committed to following up on that. I think I have a colleague from DEP here who can speak to that in more detail. If they want to come up an add anything to that. But they are certainly aware of the localized issues and we are committed to working towards finding solutions to those.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Make sure the red light is on. There you go. If you could just state your name.

ANGELA LICATA: Of course, my name is Angela

Licata, I am Deputy Commissioner with the New York

City Environmental Protection. And would you mind

just restating the question?

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: So, there has been a lot of flooding in the last several years, from storm drainage to the sewers backing up. Is there anything that DOT, the DEP, are putting in place to rectify

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 114 those problems now given that this area is looking to be rezoned?

ANGELA LICATA: Yes, thank you very much. I appreciate the opportunity to testify on this. We have been looking very carefully at the general maintenance throughout the city. We have looked into all of the complaint data that we have received for this area and we have continuously maintained our catch basins when we review them yearly, we see that there are approximately 50 percent that need attention and we have continuously maintain them.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Along that corridor?

ANGELA LICATA: On this corridor within this rezoning area and that is one of our best ways in which we can maintain our infrastructure that we have under current conditions.

What we are also doing is we have expedited our drainage planning efforts here, so that we are producing an amended drainage plan which will reflect the very latest zoning that we have proposed for the area and we will also incorporate the latest design guidelines that the City of New York has adopted for drainage infrastructure.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 115
CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Great, thank you. Thank you
so much for that. I just wanted to go back to 55
Stuyvesant Street. So, what was the current plan for the use on 55 Stuyvesant?

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CHRIS HADWIN: Sure, thank you for the question.

So, 55 Stuyvesant is a vacant former Department of

Health Office in St George, so it's an older

structure that was constructed for office use. The

plan under the proposed actions is to dispose of that

to EDC, who would repurpose it for commercial office

uses to bring jobs into the area.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: And is EDC planning to issue a new RFP for that site?

CHRIS HADWIN: I can have them come and speak to that.

CECILIA KUSHNER: Hi, so I think there is two ways in which the DC can bring back or bring some kind of commercial and creative tenants into this abandoned building.

One is food direct tenancy and making it into an asset. The other one would be for an RFP. We are having internal conversations at EDC to decide what we think based on the market within the types of tenants we can have and the state of the building.

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What is the best path moving forward. But the
disposition gives us the ability if it turns out that
through an RFP we have best changes to put the
building back in use, that's what we will do, but we
are looking at both.

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Okay, and will there be any future community engagement around the future use of that site?

CECILIA KUSHNER: Yeah, I think once we have determination of the best like tool and path forward, we would definitely want to talk to the community, talk to the elected official to try to find the mix of uses that is both kind of market compatible that we can actually bring in but also kind of fit a niche or a gap that may exit in the commercial and creative market in the North Shore Staten Island.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Okay, and how will this be able to support local businesses and entrepreneurs in the area?

CECILIA KUSHNER: I think it really depends what we through kind of market analysis and talking to brokers and other uses in the area determine is the best kind of long-term use. We've heard that there is a lack of kind of small-scale office space in the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 117 area in general and so, it may be something as simple as you know, like a doctors office that wants to expand or a local lawyer office. But we also heard that there is a bridging kind of like take incubation and kind of like media type of businesses in the area. There is also an artist community and interest in creative space.

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So, I think we will try to find the right mix.

It's not a very large building. It has a set of small floor plates, so I think we will try to find the right mix of uses, the right mix of tenants that both can kind of support the ecosystem that is bridging in the North Shore. And also, be kind of a compliment to kind of other assets we have in the area. So, we are looking at all of these options and it will be a part of ongoing conversation as we move the project forward.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Okay, and what kind of programs does SBS have to help local businesses remain in the rezoning area and prevent displacement?

CECILIA KUSHNER: Sure, I will pass it back to my colleague at SBS to talk about 360.

KETHIA JOSEPH: Thank you Council Member for you question. So, one of the key services that we have

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 118 to help support existing businesses along the commercial corridor is through our commercial lease assistance program and through that program we will be able to assist existing small business owners with either existing leases that they have, renewing their leases or even if they are having issues with back rent, that's something that we would provide.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: What was the name of the program? I am sorry.

CECILIA KUSHNER: The Commercial Lease Assistance Program.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: And has SBS done any outreach work to identify the areas in the North Shore that would be appropriate for maybe a business improvement district at all?

CECILIA KUSHNER: So, not specifically in North Shore, but we have been funding merchant organizing throughout the Bay Street Corridor. And so, through that effort, we are providing funding for merchant organizing and to putting together various stakeholders across the community in order to explore that opportunity with technical assistance and from that process, potentially a formation could come out

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 119 of that or even the formalization of a merchant association.

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. What are the agencies current policies on MWBE and the local hiring in that area? We touched a little bit upon this.

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question, I can speak to HPD's requirements for hiring minority women owned businesses. So, we recently instituted a new policy that requires that 25 percent of all funding that the city provides to affordable housing development goes to minority women owned business firms. And that can be firms that are involved in the development itself, contractors, subcontractors, and professional service firms that are involved in the work.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. I want to acknowledge that we have been joined by Council Member Constantinides and I now want to turn it over to Council Member Richards for a few questions.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Thank you Chair, and I want to thank City Planning for yet another neighborhood rezoning. I did want to voice and back up my Council Member here, Debbie Rose's concerns

around the affordability on this specific project, especially on city owned sites and I think right now the proposal is looking at a 50/50 somewhat deal and I feel you should go further in this plan and ensure that the local residents of this neighborhood could actually live in the developments and benefit from the new development happening.

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So, as of now, I couldn't support this plan without seeing more of an investment from HPD and reaching those lower depths of affordability especially when we are dealing with a crisis here in the city.

I had a few questions, so I know the Chair touched on infrastructure a little bit and I know the drainage plan is being finalized I think I heard. I didn't hear a number, so after the plan is finalized, is there a specific number or investment number DEP is looking to put into to address the flooding issues?

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. I can call DEP up again to speak about the process coming out -

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: You have done such a great job in South East Queens and I don't want you

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 121 to take any of my money. But Staten Island deserves flood free streets to.

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ANGELA LICATO: Thank you Council Member Richards, we appreciate that. Yeah, so, we are in the process of finalizing our amended drainage plan and we would then put a capital budget together. drainage plan for the area is actually in very good The sewers meet a current five-year design shape. storm, which will certainly not reflect potential climate change realities but certainly provides for a very ample level of service by today's standards. And the other very fortunate thing is the intercepting sewer that runs to our treatment plant is proximate to Bay Street. Which means that the flow or storm flow can avail itself of the ample capacity in that interceptor sewer and then has the advantage of being located next to the Hannah Street Pumping Station which lifts the flow and sends it directly to the plant.

So, the rezoning in this case is very well situated to our existing infrastructure.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Okay, I wanted to go into healthcare a little bit, and I know once again, Staten Island shares many of the challenges that the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

2 Rockaway community has as well. So, I didn't hear

3 anything about healthcare unless I missed it. Is

4 there any plan to ensure that we are increasing

5 opportunities to strengthen the healthcare network

6 for the community?

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. So, there is no specific plan for healthcare facilities to be part of the rezoning. However, one of the things that we looked closely at and the flexibility that we built into the plan was to allow for nonresidential or community facility uses to be located throughout the corridor including on the second floor of some of these buildings.

So, we heard very clearly that service is including healthcare facilities were needed in the community and we wanted to make sure that the zoning was inviting and attracting those uses and by creating flexibility.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: And has Health and Hospitals Corporation been at the table during these discussions?

CHRIS HADWIN: They have been in the conversations over the years.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 123

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Okay, alrighty, so this would certainly be something important for the

community there.

In terms of resiliency, I didn't hear a lot of discussion around green infrastructure. So, solar panels and other amenities that could benefit the community, address storm water runoff. I don't know if DEP wants to come back up for this.

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. I think on the resiliency side, at least from City Planning's perspective as I mentioned earlier, these buildings will be required to meet resilient design standard, so they would have to build above the flood elevation and make sure that they are protecting health and safety. You know, through building design given that they are proximate to the harbor.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Right, but in the event of a storm like in Rockaway, even if they are above, let's imagine the electricity goes out, how would it be building state powered?

be building state powered?

answers to that question. I don't know, does DEP

CHRIS HADWIN: Right, I don't have any specific

have anything to add?

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COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: That's alright, that's the purpose of the hearing to make us think these things through a little bit more.

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CHRIS HADWIN: Sure, and if we don't have those answers today, we can certainly circle back. The question is around green infrastructure.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Yeah and being able to incentivize that. So, I know DEP has pots of money I think, for this as well, am I correct?

ANGELA LICATO: Yes, we actually do have a green infrastructure grant program that frankly has not been very well subscribed, but there is money available for private properties that would like to voluntarily retrofit utilizing city funding.

So, we would certainly make that available and should and probably could do some more outreach in this area to describe that program.

In addition to that as you may recall in 2012, the city passed a rule that would require additional detention on sites in the combined sewer areas and so, this is a combined sewer area and with the 2012 rule, we are requiring about 90 percent of detention on rebuilt lots. So, they would be required to set a release rate which would have approximately 90

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 125

percent of the storm water detained and let out from

the site to the sewer system slowly over time.

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Having said that, we are also looking into a proposed new rule which you may hear about in the coming months, but we have been spending some time thinking about how we could even potentially tighten those requirements.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Okay, great. Just last question on the affordability again. I am sorry, because I had to step out. How many city owned sites or how many units are you projecting?

CHRIS HADWIN: I can speak to that. So, there are a number of different sites, depending on how you slice it. The Stapleton Waterfront has what could be several separate developmental phased development projects on the Northern portion that's most close to the Bay Street Corridor. There is another site at the Jersey Street Garage which is currently occupied by Sanitation which we would redevelop in the coming years for affordable housing.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: And you are going with the Workforce Option currently correct?

CHRIS HADWIN: No, currently the actions that are before the committee is inclusive of all Options, but

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 126 2 it is up to the City Council to select which options ultimately get approved for publicly owned sites. 3 These would be 100 percent affordable projects that 4 utilize our term sheets. So, they would be required 5 to meet a whole range of different incomes. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: So, you are looking at Ella I am sure or mix and match which program? 8 CHRIS HADWIN: Yes, I think depending on what we 9 hear from the Council Member and the local community 10 in terms of the affordability levels that would like 11 12 to be accommodate, we have flexibility on what we can do. I will also just point out MIH doesn't actually 13 apply to Jersey Street or to the Stapleton Waterfront 14 15 sites. They are not technically receiving an 16 increase in floor area under the proposal. Jersey Street would be redeveloped under existing zoning. 17 18 COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: For the city owned sites. 19 20 CHRIS HADWIN: For the city owned sites exactly. COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Those are city owned 21 2.2 sites? 23 CHRIS HADWIN: Those are city owned sites, yes. So, we have a lot of flexibility on what we can do 24

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there.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 127
COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: So, why not push. Is
there just not enough to push for more FAR there so
that mandatory would kick in?

CHRIS HADWIN: We have other tools to preserve affordability for city owned sites. We actually have a new requirement as part of our RFP that gives the city control of the underlying property.

So, if the developer or the owner ever tries to opt out of our affordability programs, we are in a good position to prevent that from happening. So, even though mandatory is not typically being mapped there, we have other ways of preserving affordability

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: And you are going to request a tax abatement then?

CHRIS HADWIN: Correct. Typically, our projects do have financing and a complementary tax benefit that is associated with that.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Okay, I am just not seeing why we are not using an MIH tool which we created in a case to make sure we are creating permanent affordability. I do hear you on the toolbox scenario, but I am not understanding why we can't push the envelope a little bit more here to

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 128 ensure that permanent affordability is put in place here.

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So, I look forward, I will certainly be following my colleagues lead and the Chairs lead on this project, but I just wanted to voice my reservations in support of this until we get more affordable housing in this plan.

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CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Thank you Chair.

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you Council Member

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Richards for your questions. I want to turn it over

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quickly back to Council Member Rose for some

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additional questions.

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the Administration commit to funding the necessary

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seats that we need for 72 additional daycare slots as

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: I just wanted to ask; will

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a result of this rezoning?

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think it is a question that we will need to follow up

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question.

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with you on because I am not sure that we have anyone

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here to speak to that today, but we are aware of the

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need and will get back to you.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Okay, and did FDNY confirm how they are going to handle the additional population growth along the Bay Street Corridor?

CHRIS HADWIN: So, we had conversations with them. Thank you for the question and they did indicate that they have you know, several facilities in the immediate area. As you know, that are all

well equipped to handle the kind of density and

population that we are talking about.

So, I know one of the questions that came up through public review was you know, are they able to respond to the types of heights that we are looking at? Well, in St George we have existing buildings that are higher today. So, FDNY's response was that they have the equipment, the expertise and the knowledge to service those buildings; the proposed development and that they are well equipped from their existing locations to do so.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Why were FDNY, PD, and our healthcare systems left out of the DEIS?

CHRIS HADWIN: Thank you for the question. I would say that they weren't left out. The analysis was undertaken, and it was included, and it was

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 130 determined that there were no impacts in those categories based on the analysis that was undertaken.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And the same held true for NYPD?

CHRIS HADWIN: Correct, for emergency and health services.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: I am speechless, okay. We will discuss that. So, there is no detailed analysis was done of PD, FDNY, and the healthcare impacts, right?

CHRIS HADWIN: Correct. It was determined that none was warranted based on the projected growth and the existing services in the area based on city and state environmental law.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Okay, thank you Chair.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you Council Member Rose.

I want to thank the panel for being here today and giving your testimony. We really appreciate it and we look forward to continuing the dialog on a number of issues that were raised by Council Member Rose and some of the members here and myself as we go forward. So, thank you very much for being here today.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

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I want to now call up the next panel. Kelly Vilar, Veerle Arts, Michael Harwood and Reverend Faith Togba.

So, thank you very much for being here. We are on a tight schedule and we will allow two minutes for everyone to give their testimony. If you can just, please state your name and then you can begin your testimony. Make sure that the red light is on.

Yeah, you push the button and if the red light comes on, that means your microphone is on.

KELLY VILAR: Okay, sorry. Thank you so much

Council Member Moya and Members of the Zoning

Committee of New York City Council. My name is Kelly

Vilar and I am representing the Let's Rebuild

Cromwell Community Coalition which has convened and

discussed the Bay Street Corridor rezoning with

hundreds of individuals and many community and church

groups throughout the North Shore since 2016 and I

want to share with you some of our most urgent

recommendations.

One is that if we are to rezone, it must be worth it to the community that exits here and now and be able to accommodate future residents and businesses.

We believe that this rezoning unlike no other in the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 132 city is set to deliver in one fell swoop, one of the most valuable waterfront communities to private development in the history of New York City development.

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With that being said, the exchange of community benefits outside of affordable units being produced need to be equal in caliber. If we are giving up billions in waterfront value, then there should be billions in investments in the targeted area and surrounding communities.

In summary, we recommend if this rezoning it to approved, it needs to do so with the following conditions: One, is that there be the deepest affordability to match neighborhood demographics and the targeted area; two, that there be no private development on city owned properties and reserve those properties for projects that provide public good; create a plan for new economic industry like our proposals for a MERC which is Maritime Education Recreation Corridor with opportunities for an unprecedented number of new jobs and careers; Four, build a state of the art public aquatic center in the footprint of the formal wheel. Investments in existing a new school serving the Bay Street Corridor

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 133 area of course, and substantial investments in transportation around the North Shore to include many options of travel and way finding. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

VEERLE ARTS: My name is Veerle Arts with the Municipal Arts Society of New York.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Just make sure that the $\label{eq:chair_model} \mbox{microphone is } - \mbox{thank you.}$

VEERLE ARTS: MAS cannot support the Bay Street rezoning proposal due to significant shortcomings in mitigating expected adverse impacts. The rezoning could lead to the direct displacement of 1,753 low income residents when in a study area who live in unprotected rental housing.

The FEIS leave open the possibility that newly created affordable housing units could serve displaced low-income households. We urge the City Council to request a plan that prioritizes these residents and to continue to advocate for MIH Options that will produce the most affordable units aligned with the areas existing income level.

Considering the astounding deficits in school seats in the project area, North Shore families need

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 134 more than the identification of potential school side.

By 2030 the deficit is expected to increase to over 4,000 school seats. To address this glaring deficiency, we urge the city to work with the school construction authority and local officials to select additional sites for the construction of new schools.

Under the rezoning, open space in the areas expected to decrease to 1.41 acres per thousand residents, well below the city average of 2.5 acres. MAS urges the creation of additional quality open space within the rezoning area.

For additional comments on MIH, shadows, climate change, and resiliency, direct businesses placements and transportation waiver refer to our extensive written comments.

But lastly, we have found with other seeker evaluations, very few concrete mitigation measures have been identified to address the adverse impacts the rezoning will have on public infrastructure. Before the rezoning can be approved, the city must commit to more specific and significant mitigation measures.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 135 The agency is responsible for monitoring an implementation. We further recommend that no certificates of occupancy be issued for new development within the area unless mitigation commitment and conditions are met.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on this important project.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

MICHAEL HARWOOD: Hello, my name is Michael Harwood. I am a member of the St George Civic Association. I am active in the community and a homeowner in the neighborhood. Again, I join in the comments that were just stated.

I feel like it is déjà vu all over again. heard all of these very same question. We had three to four years of public comment and asked all of these questions. Virtually every question that Council Member Rose asked today has been asked over those three to four years and what we still hear today is conversations are ongoing.

Those conversations should have been completed. We heard many of these same questions during the wheel and the outlet hearings about transportation and we told they were deal it after the projects come SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 136 online. That time has long passed to have these problems solved now. The answers that I have heard here are surprising.

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I know that the Council Member will deal with the affordability, so I won't touch on that, but the open space issues is crucial to this neighborhood. To be told that there is 12 acres of accessible open space, of which 5 acres are already built. That's 7 acres of new open space which is less than 3 percent of the entire amount of area that they are building on. This is property as Ms. Veerle just said on the waterfront that's the most valuable.

I think Council Member Moya, you asked the exact right question, which is isn't there a massive profit potential difference between manufacturing zoning and residential commercial zoning, clearly this is.

There is a gift to these private developers in this area that is not being returned in nearly in equal amounts to this community.

There is ample space for public access. Right now, they are creating a 10-foot wide pedestrian plaza along the waterfront. That's nothing to allow access to the people who are already there much less, the new people that are coming in.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

To hear that HRA hasn't been involved, there is

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3 not a single public hospital on Staten Island to

4 serve this community. The schools are already

5 overcrowded, they jerrymandered the figures here.

6 So, they said that there is no material adverse

7 impact on our public schools. To say that it's just

8 under 5 percent when 5 percent is the trigger.

9 Again, that's clearly a mistake here. There is

10 | flooding going on at Front Street, which is the main

11 street here, every single day even in a light rain

12 and that has not been mitigated.

None of the issues that Council Member Rose raised have been mitigated over the past 5 years since we started talking about the Empire outlets or the four years of public comment and therefore St George Civic Association opposes it and Community Board One voted unanimously to oppose it unless certain of these mitigation factors have been taken care of and none of them have been done between the DEIS and the FEIS. Thank you.

22 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

REVEREND FAITH TOGBA: I am a senior pastor of Bethel Worship Center on Bay Street for the past 17 years and also a member of the HDC.

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We currently as a church group are feeling the negative impact of the rezoning. Since the rezoning was proposed, the church members, most of them that work along the Bay Street Corridor, do not make the salary that is proposed here. And church members are being displaced right now. We have a lot of church members that can not afford the rent on Bay Street. Landlords are already raising rent. The church, our rent has gone up. We had the opportunity to purchase the property but since the rezoning kicked in, the landlord is holding on until he can cash in the maximum that he can.

We have church members that relocated into Jersey. My church is almost empty because my church members can not afford the rent around the Bay Street Corridor and the rezoning has not even taken place yet.

We have church members right now, that have to move to relatives, and we have limited apartment, one-bedroom apartment that is overcrowded. We seriously oppose the rezoning unless we have deeper affordable homes.

Public properties should be reserved and should be used for owned represent affordable homes.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 139

are the only properties that the city has and

disposing it to private developers does not help

Staten Islanders. Especially those that live on the

North Shore. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. So, just to let you know that I have legislation that has been introduced to deal with secondary displacement that we'll start looking at several rezoning's that the city has already done to see if there is a change in the percentage of the folks that have been displaced. If it goes over 5 percent, that would trigger the city to do a look back on these rezoning's and also to the schools. We have massive overcrowding; the second bill would look at how that impacts the school districts in the areas that are being rezoned. the local Council Member, Council Member Rose, who has been working tremendously hard to advocate for deep affordability in schools. The Committee here is committed to making sure that we can get the best possible affordability to the members of Staten Island and as we do rezoning's throughout the city, to all New Yorkers given that we do have an affordability crisis on our hands.

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1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 140 2 So, thank you very much for your testimony today. I truly appreciate you taking the time to come down 3 4 here and testify today. MICHAEL HARWOOD: Chair, can I just add on that 5 displacement issue. In addition to the 1,700 6 7 families that are going to be displaced, there is also the only supermarket in this Bay Street 8 Corridor, the Western Beef will also be displaced in 9 a food desert that has already been identified on the 10 11 North Shore. 12 So, we also need protection for the availability 13 of services to this community as well. 14 CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. I would like to 15 thank you very much for your testimony. I'd like to 16 call up the next panel. Reverend Gloria Lavine, 17 Kevin Michelus, Ivan Garcia and Chris Walters. 18 Reverend, we will start with you. Are you ready? No, okay. We will go to the next one. Okay, Chris 19 20 are you ready? Yeah, thank you. 21 CHRIS WALTERS: Good afternoon. Thank you for the 2.2 opportunity to testify. My name is Chris Walters and 23 I am the Rezoning Technical Assistance coordinator at the Association for Neighborhood and Housing 24

Development, ANHD.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

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2 I'd like to echo the vital concerns raised by

3 community members as well as Council Member Rose and

4 Chair Moya, regarding who this rezoning will actually

5 serve. This is a concern born out by looking at the

6 numbers.

So, as we know, the EIS identifies an at-risk population of over 1,700 tenants vulnerable to the increase in rents this rezoning may bring. But the EIS airs in assuming that the new affordable housing will be enough to offset this displacement risk.

First and foremost, this assumption is wrong, because as we know DCP is proposing a map, the highest income MIH options as part of this rezoning. Both the Workforce Housing Option, and Option 2, which set affordable rents at an average of 80 percent AMI or over \$75,000 a year.

Yet currently, 58 percent of households on the North Shore earn less than \$75,000 a year. Once an MIH option is mapped, it is the developers discretion as to which option to choose and our analysis for the Bay Street Corridor has shown they are more likely to chose the higher income options here.

Mapping Option 2, and the Workforce Option would mean there is no guarantee that almost any housing

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 142 below 80 percent AMI would be built as part of this rezoning. Putting both the affordable and unregulated units out of reach for over half the district.

These numbers are even more alarming when you consider race. Two-thirds of households of color on the North Shore earn less then \$75,000. As was stated earlier, these are the same households facing the highest rent burden in the district. 70 percent of families earning less than \$75,000 a year are rent burdened as opposed to just 3 percent of families earning more.

So, these are the households that stand to gain to gain the least and lose the most from this rezoning. And this is especially of concern in an area like the North Shore where the vast majority of renters live in unregulated units without tenant protections.

So, I will again echo what we have heard today but in saying that the steps that must be taken is to ensure that just Option 1 and the deep affordability Options for MIH are mapped as part of this rezoning and that public land is used for maximum public good.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

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If Stapleton Phase 3 and Central Street along with Jersey Street were 100 percent affordable, that could mean over 900 units of affordable housing with

Taking together that community rezoning that gets close to 50 percent affordable housing when you look at the new units that are created, a 50/50 rezoning. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

this rezoning on top of MIH.

IVAN GARCIA: Good afternoon. My name is Ivan

Garcia and I am the Neighborhood Rezoning Coordinator

for Make the Road New York and a member of the

Housing Dignity Coalition.

I have been doing outreach about the very rezoning for over a year now and I have presented at different clubs, organizations, and churches throughout Staten Island.

After every presentation every tenant in the room is upset that this is the plan the city has presented. It is upsetting that the city's plan has not changed much since the draft scope. The EIS claims that over 1,700 people will be indirectly displaced, and they have said that this is a worst-case scenario.

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As I testified last week, we know that Seeker is on very accurate, so I don't even believe that.

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The sad reality is that this is already happening. There are tenants who have given up and believe that this rezoning is a done deal and the city will do whatever they want.

They are looking to move out of state or risk being homeless. The displacement of these tenants is not a matter of whether it will happen, it is a matter of when it will happen. 43 percent of the district makes less than \$50,000 a year. Of those 43 percent, 75 percent are either rent burdened or severely rent burdened. This means they are paying more than 30 to 50 percent of their income on rent and are possibly one rent increase away from being homeless or displaced.

It also does not help that 85 percent of the housing stock on the North Shore is private. None of these tenants are protected by any laws. They do not have the right to a lease renewal and the rent increase does not have to follow the Rent Guidelines Board.

According to New York City's Human Resource

Administration report on universal access to legal

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 145
services, 67 percent of tenants facing eviction who
received legal services in Staten Island were allowed
to stay. Although this may sound great, it is a very
low number compared to Manhattan which has 93
percent, the Bronx at 90 and Brooklyn at 83. The

7 report states that this maybe because Staten Island's

higher volume of owner occupied and single- or twofamily properties in Staten Island.

Even with an attorney, 32 percent of tenants in housing court were evicted from their home. A rezoning will only speed up the displacement of

13 | tenants who have no protections.

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A rezoning should protect existing tenants who call Staten Island home and should build affordable housing for the neediest families in Staten Island. The Housing Dignity Coalition has traded a path to get a responsible rezoning and have spoken with the city numerous times on how to get there. A responsible rezoning that is truly affordable and is as close to a 50/50 deal as possible.

We feel as if we have been ignored and our recommendations were not taken into consideration.

Therefore, we are here against the rezoning. Thank you.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 146
CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

KEVIN MICHELUS: Okay, my name is Kevin Michelus,

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I am volunteer for Make the Road New York and a

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Staten Island resident and it seems not much has

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changed in Staten Island.

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could get two or three sheets for each borough. But

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I can only find three or four apartments in Staten

2009, when I looked for affordable housing, I

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Island and it seems like that is the case today.

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My landlord will most likely raise the rent and

chase people out because he has done it before.

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I know from looking on the web, a lot of developments

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owned, a lot of buildings on Bay Street is most

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likely to chase the businesspeople out, so they can

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build higher rise buildings.

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problem with transportation because I remember when

I think Staten Island has definitely a big

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the New York City Ferry started from far Rockaway to

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Manhattan. That wasn't so bad, but every other

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borough was getting new Ferry service except for

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Staten Island. Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens got theirs,

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but it took us two years to get service on the New

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York City Ferry.

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 2 If the population in Staten Island does go up,

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that's most likely going to cost the Staten Island 3 Railway to run more often which could put an end to 4

the Express Service. 5

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Staten Island Railway only has four cars. cannot transport more people. The trains are not big enough and neither are the stations and it's worse enough now that people have to go from Tottenville and Travis to St George just to go to Manhattan, when we should have had our own Ferry service a long time ago.

The over development is going to create congested streets and seeing that this is the part of the plan that never is made. I see Police and Fire Department every day trying to get through a call, and they can't go anywhere because the streets are congested, and cars have nowhere to pull over.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

REVEREND GLORIA LAVINE: Good afternoon. is Reverend Gloria Lavine and I am speaking on behalf of Staten Island Council of Churches. I am a Co-Chair of Social Witness and I did have a letter for some strange reason, when I got up here it disappeared off my phone. The President Dr. Elaine

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Barrett, she is the President of the Staten Island

Churches, Council of Churches. And I guess I just

have to speak from my heart here because her

statement, I also noticed a lot of other churches are

experiencing it.

It has to do with people that come to our church for feeding and also for service. They are being displaced or they can't afford the rent and they are sleeping, especially my church, the Reformed Church at Staten Island on the South Shore. We are having a problem, people breaking in our sheds to sleep in there. We have a problem with people sleeping on our porch and also in their cars in our driveway.

And this is going on through Staten Island. We don't know what to do. We have people come in, especially my church and other churches three days a week to sleep at night and to be gone in the morning.

And it's just getting to the point we just lost because what do we do? We can't bring them home with us. And we give them clothes and we are talking about people, not just homeless people, people that have jobs, and they can't afford the rent.

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 2 You know, and especially, it hurts my heart when I see a family with their children and no place to 3 4 go. CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. Thank you all for 5 your testimony today. I am going to call up the next 6 7 panel. Lazzara Lawrence, Bernice Alley, Sylvia Smith, Deacon Mary Boorne. Okay, thank you. 8 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: You can begin. State your 9 name and your affiliation. Talk into the mic okay. 10 11 LAZZAR LAWRENCE: Oh, I am sorry. Good morning. 12 My name is Lazzara Lawrence and I am today in a position of the [inaudible 4:19:42] on Bay Street. 13 14 We need deep affordable housing for the need and the 15 families of Staten Island. Families are already 16 struggling; rents are too high, and it is in bad 17 condition and we need a better plan for people with disabilities. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: 19 Thank you. LAZZAR LAWRENCE: And senior citizens houses. 20 21 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you. Thank you so 2.2 much. 23 LAZZAR LAWRENCE: You are welcome. Have a nice

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day.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: I have never been told at a hearing to have a nice day. Thank you.

BERNICE ALLEY: Good afternoon everyone. All respect to our Councilwoman Debbie Rose this afternoon. I have attended numerous Town Hall meetings, sat in offices of our Councilwoman, our State Senator Savino's office who have always graciously accommodated us and our coalition and listened, and I say she always listened.

My request and my concern is very simple. That the people of Staten Island be considered in this rezoning and above all, the affordability of the structures. Taking into consideration the graduating generation that is coming forward who are looking for affordability. I have a granddaughter who will be graduating, and I would like for her to have after she leaves college to have affordability. After getting her degree to get a job and to get what she deserves to have as an indication of all the hard work that she has put forth and the dedication that she has put forward into her college, obtaining her college degree.

I want to thank you for the consideration that you have given us this afternoon and allowing us to

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 151 express ourselves. I know our Councilwoman has our interests at heart and our demands are simple to consider the public land for public good, real affordability on Bay Street. We are asking for real affordability and a relocation plan for displacing our tenants. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. Can you just state your name for the record again? I am sorry.

BERNICE ALLEY: Bernice Alley.

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

MARY BOORNE: Hello everyone, good afternoon. My name is Mary Boorne. I am a Deacon at First Central Baptist Church in the Stapleton area. I am also with the Housing Dignity Coalition. I have been a resident on the North Shore on Staten Island for over 44 years.

The Housing Dignity Coalition is a faith-based organization that believes that we have a moral obligation to hear, protect and support the concerns of our membership. To many of us and our neighbors are put in desperate situations by rising rents and by landlord neglect. There are many families in our churches that are worried about being priced out of their homes as a result of the proposed rezoning.

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2 High rent already burns many families on the

3 North Shore and people seem to think that

4 homelessness is primarily caused by substance abuse

5 or maybe mental illness but that face of homelessness

6 has changed and now it involves many working families

because they cannot afford the rent.

For decades there has been a gap between high housing costs and low wages, and it continues to fuel the affordability crisis and expose many of our loved ones to displacement. The tiny supply of housing for the poor has been shrinking at the same time that the need has grown. We have to make sure that the rezoning is equitable and reflects the need of the entire North Shore community.

I cannot support a rezoning that leaves the most vulnerable at risk. It is immoral and unjust and as I mentioned before, the rents for the Option 4, if you look at the rents that are in the current market rate at the URBY location there, they are very similar. So, I can't see how that rent is adequate for the people that live in our area. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you. So, are we

24 missing?

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Yes, she is not going to be able to -UNIDENTIFIED: Silvia Smith. CHAIRPERSON MOYA: And Lazzara? COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: She spoke. CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Oh, she did, okay. Thank you. Thank you so much for your testimony here today. And this is our last panel for today. We have Reverend Janet Jones, Marilyn Megibow, Tanegwa[SP?] Steed, and Lee Kalman. And Reverend, if you are

ready, we can start whenever you would like.

REVEREND JANET JONES: Okay, I am Reverend Janet Jones, Pastor of the Rossville AME Zion Church and second Vice President of the Council of Churches and one of the founding members of the Staten Island Housing Dignity Coalition which was founding in 2004 to advocate for housing affordability on Staten Island in the wake of Hurricane Sandy.

I testified at the first public hearing at the beginning of this process and I am here today, and my message is the same. We cannot support this plan as it is written. My faith commands that I name in justice and seek justice in all facets of life.

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When the city puts forth a rezoning plan that increasing the vulnerability of current renters, the 753 that the city projects could face displacement. When the city puts forth a plan that ignores the 50 percent of North Shore families that earn less than \$75,000 per year. And when the city ignores the 43 percent of North Shore families that earn less than \$50,000 per year, 75 percent of whom are already rent burdened and when public land is not used for the public good, I call that injustice.

And so, the Housing Dignity Coalition of Staten Island rejects MIH Options 2 and 4 and urge you not to move forward for the Bay Street rezoning plan without including the real needs of the community that have been stated here today.

Do not move forward with a plan that does not do justice to the Staten Island community. That's it.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

MARILYN MEGIBOW: I am Marilyn Megibow and my rent including rebates right now is more than 50 percent of my income.

I know that is going to change if the plan that's proposed right now goes through, it will have tremendous impact and I oppose the current proposed

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 155 plan. It really needs to be revised to help us.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

TENEQWA STEED: Hello, my name is Taneqwa Steed.

The good cause eviction would bring the right to a renewal lease at limited rent increases set by Local price index to all tenants. The Good Cause Eviction legislation would give my family and I a basic tenant protections. Many families in the North Shore do not have these basic protection. I would be offered a lease renewal when my lease expires, and I can have some piece of mind knowing that I have basic protections.

I just wanted to say also that I just exited a shelter due to domestic violence. The only reason why I am staying there is because I just found an apartment for me and my two kids in January and this could really effect my landlords. You know, he might not to renew my lease and I would really hate to go through the process again you know, with my kids.

So, I am opposed.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you so much for coming here to testify.

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1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 2 LEE KALMAN: HI, my name is Lee Kalman, I am a

Community Organizer with the New York State Iron 3

Workers District Council. I appreciate the concerns 4

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that you raised about HireNYC Council Member Moya and 5

I just wanted to add a little bit to that. 6

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I echo community concerns about displacement and want to highlight additional problems with construction practices and job creation that the City Council and the Zoning and Franchises Committee must address before approving this rezoning plan or any further rezoning's.

So, this plan to develop over 1,800 units of new housing without first establishing standards for safety and skill training, local hire, and responsible contracting practices is irresponsible.

The Bay Street rezoning as it currently stands, still does not contain adequate protections for vulnerable workers and tenants who are at risk of displacement and of exploitation by low road contractors and developers.

So, the main things that I want to focus on are responsible contracting language, public subsidies should not go to developers and contactors who have been debarred, convicted of wage theft, or Workers

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Compensation fraud, have excessive OSHA violations

and bad safety records. And that should especially

be true on the public land sites.

Public subsidies should also not go to developers and contractors with records of major accidents, low safety rating and records of discrimination or anger family of companies that have worked on projects in Staten Island and on other city rezoned HPT and EDC sites.

Local hire and good jobs; Staten Island residents should have access to high quality construction jobs that provide trade specific apprenticeship and safety training, pay prevailing wages, and include employer provided health insurance.

I think you already got the concerns about
HireNYC, but the city has not shown data showing
positive results of this initiative and the current
approach could get residents hired into temporary and
dangerous construction jobs with no safety training
but these positions do not create an opportunity for
skill safety training, high paying career and a
consistent pipeline of work.

These jobs pay poverty wages, offer no health insurance, create dangerous work environments for the

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entire Staten Island community and considering the
high number of deaths this year and serious injuries,
even just this past month, I hope that you will
really take these concerns seriously.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you.

LEE KALMAN: Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you so much. Thank you all for coming here today and for giving your testimony to this committee. The panel is dismissed.

Are there any other members of the public who wish to testify? Seeing none, I want to now close the public hearing on this application, and it will be laid over, but I just want to turn it over to Council Member Rose for some closing remarks.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: I want to thank all of you who came here today to testify. I want you to know that I have heard you. We have been through this process; it has been a long time. I share your frustrations that we are near the deadline for this rezoning and we have no more deliverables or answers then we did starting out.

So, I want to thank you for your perseverance and for your patience. I want you to know that there will be no rezoning if there is no resolution or

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 159 deliverables. We are continuing to negotiate, and we will see the Committee back for a vote of whether the rezoning will go forward or not.

So, I thank you for taking your time.

CHAIRPERSON MOYA: Thank you Council Member Rose and thank you again for your leadership on this issue and how you have consistently been working to make sure that all Staten Islanders are accounted for and their voice is heard throughout this process. So, thank you for your great work.

This concludes today's meeting and I would like to thank the members of the public, my colleagues and of course the Council and Land Use staff for their incredible work throughout this process. My co-pilot Arthur here who has been diligently helping me throughout. I want to thank you all for being here today. This meeting is hereby adjourned. [GAVEL]

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 1, 2018