	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTION
2	CITY COUNCIL
3	CITY OF NEW YORK
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5	TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES
6	Of the
7	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND ADDICTIONS
8	February 27, 2019 Start: 1:11 p.m.
9	Recess: 4:21 p.m.
10	HELD AT: Committee Room - City Hall
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12	B E F O R E: DIANA AYALA Chairperson
13	COUNCIL MEMBERS:
14	ALICKA AMPRY-SAMUEL FERNANDO CABRERA
15	ROBERT F. HOLDEN JAMES G. VAN BRAMER
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	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND	
1	ADDICTIONS 2	
2	APPEARANCES (CONTINUED)	
3	Susan Herman Senior Advisor to the Mayor's Office of ThriveNYC	
4	<del>-</del>	
5	Hillary Kunins Acting Executive Deputy Commissioner at the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene	
6	-	
7	Erin Drinkwater Deputy Commissioner of Intergovernmental and	
8	Legislative Affairs at the New York City Department of Human Resources	
9	Patrick Joseph Reading for Manhattan Borough President Gale	
10	Brewer	
11	Jason Lippman Executive Vice President at the Coalition for	
12	Behavioral Health	
13	Dawn Yuster Advocates for Children of New York's Director of	
14	The School Justice Project	
15 16	Colleen King Senior Staff Attorney in the Mental Health Team	
10	Brooklyn Defender Services, BDS	
17	Maureen Curtis Vice President for Criminal Justice and Court	
18	Programs at Safe Horizons	
19	Yu-Kang Chen Clinical Psychologist at Hamilton Madison House	
20	Samuel Molik	
21	Director of Policy and Legislative Advocacy for The New York City Veterans Alliance	
22	_	
23	Rama Issa Executive Director of the Arab American Association of New York	
24	110001401011 Of 110W 101K	

Assistant Clinic Director for Northside Center

Hazel Guzman

For Child Development

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS 3
2	APPEARANCES (CONTINUED)
3	Jo Park Clinic Director at Korean Community Services of
4	Metropolitan New York, Inc. Mental Health Clinic
5	Joo Han Deputy Director at the Asian American Federation,
6	AAF
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CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Alright. Good afternoon we're going to be calling this meeting to order. Okay. Good afternoon everyone, I'm Council Member Diana Ayala, Chair of the Committee on Mental Health, Disabilities and Addiction. I'd like... see there is an echo in here, hold on I'm sorry, I'm trying to... I knew I kept hearing it before I even turned on the mic. I'd like to thank my fellow Committee members and Council Members for being here with me this afternoon. Today we will be holding an oversight hearing on ThriveNYC, a three-year update. The topic of mental health is one that we as a city have only seriously begun having in recent years. It is a topic that effects every New Yorker directly whether it be a family member, neighbor, friend or co-worker and it is a topic that is crucial for all of us having an order... for all of us to keep having an order to remove the taboo that has historically surrounded mental health. According to a recent study, mental health issues are increasingly throughout... are increasing throughout New York City and throughout the entire state. Here are some alarming statistics; the number of emotionally

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2	disturbed persons called calls responded to, I'm	
3	sorry, I'm I have new reading glasses so I'm	
4	adjusting. The number of emotionally disturbed	
5	persons calls responded to by the New York City	
6	Police Department has risen every year since 2014.	
7	The number of seriously mentally ill inmates in New	
8	York City jails is now higher than it was in 2014. In	
9	recent years the number of seriously mentally ill	
10	homeless New Yorkers increased by over by about	
11	2,200 individuals or 22 percent. Rikers Island is now	
12	counted as one of the three largest providers of	
13	psychiatric care in the entire country with	
14	approximately 40 percent of its population diagnosed	
15	with a mental illness and ten percent diagnosed with	
16	serious mental illness. Spending on mental health	
17	shelters has grown every year since 2014 and	
18	currently stands at about 150 million. There are now	
19	more beds in mental health shelters in New York City	
20	than combined than the combined total number of beds	
21	in state psychiatric centers and psychiatric beds in	
22	New York City Health and Hospital facilities. In	
23	response to the city's mental health crisis, Mayor De	
24	Blasio and First Lady McCray announced ThriveNYC in	
25	2015 describing the initiative as a mental health	

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2	road map, map road, road map for all. The plan	
3	identifies 54 initiatives, 31 of which are already in	
4	existence prior to the announcement of Thrive.	
5	ThriveNYC aims to provide direct services and	
6	training across all five boroughs, across multiple	
7	agencies and working with various community partners.	
8	Thrive, Thrive has been priced at approximately 850	
9	million over the course of four years. In January of	
10	this year First Lady McCray announced the creation of	
11	the office of ThriveNYC and named Deputy Commissioner	
12	of NYPD, Susan Herman to head the office. At today's	
13	hearing we're hoping to shed light on some of the	
14	work that Thrive has done over the past three years	
15	and on their vision for the future. We also have a	
16	lot of questions about ThriveNYC, how it is	
17	structured and how it is budgeted. We want to	
18	understand the relationships between the Thrive	
19	initiatives and the newly announced Thrive office and	
20	we want to understand the relationship between	
21	ThriveNYC and the various agencies in which Thrive	
22	initiatives live. We want transparency and who plays	
23	an oversight role over Thrive's programs,	
24	administration and budgeting. We want to understand	
25	how community partners are selected, vetted and	

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review contracts and we also want to understand
Thrive's budget because 850 million is a large price
tag and transparency is especially crucial here. We
are thankful to the administration and the First Lady
for starting the conversation about mental health in
New York City and we are looking forward to working
with Deputy Commissioner Herman on these initiatives.
Mental health is an issue that effects my district
very seriously and I am grateful that we are having
this conversation together. I want to thank the
administration and the advocates here today for the
commitment they have made to making mental health
services and resources available to New Yorkers in
need. It is a crucial issue and we thank you all for
the work that you're doing. I also want to thank
Committee Staff Counsel Sara Liss; Policy Analyst
Christy Dwyer; Finance Analyst Lauren Hunt; my Chief
of Staff Mili Bonilla and my Legislative Director
Bianca Balmedina for making this hearing possible and
I want to recognize Council Members Cabrera, Samuel
and Holden are in attendance. Thank you. We will now
administer the oath.

COMMITTEE CLERK: Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth

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2 in your testimony before this Committee and to 3 respond honestly to Committee Council questions?

SUSAN HERMAN: I do. Good afternoon Chair Ayala and members of the Committee on Mental Health, Disabilities and Addiction. My name is Susan Herman and I am the Senior Advisor to the Mayor, Office of ThriveNYC. I'm joined today by Dr. Hillary Kunins, Acting Executive Deputy Commissioner at the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene and colleagues from Thrive and several other agencies. In 2015, First Lady Chirlane McCray decided to embrace a big challenge; to change New York City's entire approach to mental health. Working with the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, she set out to identify key ways the city government could foster more widespread ownership of this issue and address many of the problems she was hearing about across the city, that there was too much stigma associated with mental illness for people to seek help, that even when people, especially people in underserved neighborhoods, decided to seek help, it was hard to find it, and that there were enormous gaps in services to address mental health problems. And this

was true for all people of all ages and

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circumstances. There were also far too many missed opportunities for prevention. A team of people, with tremendous community input, created a realistic, but ambitious agenda. Then, with the Mayor's support, all of city government and all parts of the city came to the table, to promote mental health and address mental illness in a way that is commensurate with the powerful and deep impact these issues have on all of our lives. Clear and compelling goals were established from the outset; overcoming the stigma of mental illness so that New Yorkers would both recognize problems and seek help to address them; increasing wellness and resilience among New Yorkers; ensuring that mental health care could be found where people live, work and learn. As a city, we were going to actually face mental illness and address it, rather than simply putting a band aid over its symptoms. Since it's inception, this work has been inspired by the vision of First Lady Chirlane McCray who has an unwavering commitment to promoting mental health for all New Yorkers. She called this new approach ThriveNYC. And ThriveNYC has become one of the Mayor's top priorities. As you know, ThriveNYC

has been guided by six principles that underpin our

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2	initiation mhosa muinainlea hana hana in mlasa	
2	initiatives. These principles have been in place	
3	since Thrive's inception and continue to focus and	
4	ground our work. They are; change the culture, act	
5	early, close treatment gaps, partner with	
6	communities, use data better, and strengthen	
7	government's ability to lead. With significant	
8	resources and evidence-based strategies, informed by	
9	dozens of listening sessions, town halls, and focus	
10	groups with hundreds of New Yorkers, ThriveNYC set	
11	out to change the way New York City approaches mental	
12	health. Just over three years later, change is	
13	starting to take hold. Thrive has dismantled some of	
14	the barriers that prevent people from getting help.	
15	To date, even without counting all the callers to NYC	
16	Well or students now served in schools, ThriveNYC has	
17	served over three quarters of a million people	
18	through discrete interventions and touched the lives	
19	of countless more. In the first phase of our work, we	
20	took a hard look across the mental health system and	
21	expanded our understanding of who is best fit to	
22	provide support and treatment; where services can and	
23	should be delivered; and what mental health support	
24	could look like. We sought the best opportunities to	
25	change our cultural understanding of mental health,	

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2	create new pathways to care, close particular gags in
3	services, and enable more people outside of the
4	formal treatment system to be helpful. This kind of
5	innovative, comprehensive approach enabled us to
6	develop community based mental health solutions that
7	address the diverse needs of New Yorkers. The second
8	phase focused on the implementation of these
9	strategies. A large team was created and Thrive began
10	to grow. We partnered with every sector of society to
11	develop programs and services that put the Thrive
12	approach into practice. New Yorkers can now see and
13	experience the benefits of Thrive all over the city,
14	on the subways and buses, in Pre-K to 12 <sup>th</sup> grade
15	classrooms, in homeless shelters and health clinics,
16	in police stations, social service agencies and in
17	houses of worship. I joined ThriveNYC as Senior
18	Advisor to the Mayor in February, having been asked
19	to oversee the third phase of the implementation of
20	Thrive. I'm pleased to join a strong team working
21	with over 20 city agencies to implement dozens of
22	Thrive initiatives. We will continue to increase
23	access to care and move beyond traditional
24	interventions to make sure every New Yorker can have
25	the care they need, when and where they need it. the

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2	new Mayoral Office of ThriveNYC reinforces the
3	administration's commitment to embed mental health
4	across city government. The Department of Health and
5	Mental Hygiene will continue to serve as the key
6	technical advisor as we develop, implement and manage
7	ThriveNYC. The Health Department also oversees the
8	majority of the Thrive initiatives, including NYC
9	Well and Mental Health First Aid. The Office of
10	ThriveNYC works collaboratively with city agencies
11	and partners to deliver mental health services to
12	everyone, but particularly to vulnerable and
13	traditionally underserved populations including
14	immigrants, victims of crime, young people, homeless
15	people, and seniors. We work to ensure agencies are
16	able to maximize the potential of their work.
17	Performance management and cross agency collaboration
18	are necessary tools to achieve this goal.
19	Additionally, we develop public awareness campaigns,
20	work with strategic partners to advance the work of
21	Thrive and implement outreach efforts to ensure New
22	Yorkers are aware of the range of services available
23	to them. As we work to maximize capacity, we also
24	strive to ensure program sustainability. In a very
25	short time, Thrive has grown from a great idea to an

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2	ambitious initiative and in the next phase of this
3	work, our goal is to strengthen the interventions,
4	evaluate key initiatives and move towards
5	sustainability so that New Yorkers will continue to
6	benefit from this work. As we build out our capacity,
7	we are mindful of the need for both accountability
8	and transparency. As you know, we have a chapter in
9	the Mayor's Management Report and are held to the
10	same budget standards and oversight as other Mayoral
11	Offices and initiatives. To further ensure proper
12	oversight and evaluation of this work, we are
13	collaborating with experts at city agencies and
14	academic institutions to continue to assess the
15	progress of these initiatives. It is essential that
16	there are tools in place to measure the short,
17	medium- and long-term impact of our work. Thrive now
18	has a presence across the city. While New York has
19	always provided behavioral health services, Thrive
20	has both re-imagined how mental health can be
21	promoted and how care can be delivered. I'd like to
22	take a few moments to describe some of the good work
23	Thrive has undertaken thus far. Let's begin with;
24	mental health first aid, taught by Health Department
25	trainers, is changing the New York culture by

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2	teaching people skills to be mental health first
3	responders. The mental health first aid training is
4	modeled on training which began in Australia and is
5	offered in many jurisdictions across this country.
6	Over the past three years, we have trained more than
7	100,000 New Yorkers in mental health first aid,
8	including nearly 48,000 front line city workers. This
9	means 100,000 New Yorkers are now more comfortable
10	talking about mental health, listening to others and
11	helping point people in need to relevant services.
12	Going forward, the Department of Homeless Services
13	has now mandated this training for all homeless
14	shelter staff. We have also made it easy to find a
15	mental health first aid workshop in any neighborhood
16	throughout the city. All you have to do is go on the
17	ThriveNYC website, and you can select a training when
18	and where it's convenient for you. If you are
19	interested in a class taught in Mandarin or Spanish,
20	we offer them twice a week. With mental health first
21	aid, everyone can learn how to better support their
22	co-workers, their neighbors, and their loved ones. As
23	you know, our goal is to train 250,000 New Yorkers by
24	2020, a figure comparable to the number of New
25	Yorkers trained in CPR and we're on track to meeting

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2	that goal. NYC Well builds on LifeNet, the city's
3	former crisis line. NYC Well provides a free, central
4	point of entry to local behavioral health services.
5	Available by call, text or online chat, NYC Well is a
6	safe and easy way for New Yorkers to quickly get
7	connected to care no matter where they are and what
8	emotional state they are in, or what signs and
9	symptoms they express. Our counselors strive to
10	provide the least invasive intervention possible by
11	supporting callers through safety planning, teaching
12	coping skills and connecting them to resources. In
13	2016, LifeNet, which only handled immediate crisis
14	calls, answered 92,000 calls. With support from
15	ThriveNYC, in 2018, NYC Well answered 256,000 calls,
16	texts and chats from people who were seeking help,
17	including those in crisis. To date, NYC Well has had
18	more than half a million interactions with New
19	Yorkers. Runaway and homeless youth often struggle
20	with mental health challenges. With ThriveNYC's
21	support, more than 3,700 evaluations have been
22	conducted for youth served by runaway and homeless
23	youth drop in centers, crisis service programs and
24	transitional independent living programs, increasing
25	opportunities for young people to be connected to

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2	mental health support. Schools are another place to
3	reach children in need. Many schools lack capacity or
4	expertise to develop comprehensive mental health
5	plans to address these needs. With ThriveNYC, over 50
6	percent of New York City public schools have access
7	to professional mental health experts to build the
8	capacity of school staff through training and
9	customized mental health plans. Theses experts also
10	connect schools to a range of mental health resources
11	to benefit individual students in need. Now, all
12	public schools in New York City have access to mental
13	health support. Homeless shelters serve some of New
14	York's most vulnerable families. Before ThriveNYC,
15	families residing in shelter did not have ready
16	access to staff specifically focused on providing
17	social work services. With ThriveNYC's support, the
18	Department of Homeless Services has placed 312
19	licensed social workers in shelters for families with
20	children. Since the inception of the program in 2016,
21	these social workers have served thousands of
22	families in need consisting of more than 9,800 New
23	Yorkers. Crime victims have often been forgotten and
24	their mental health challenges are quite real. Before
25	Thrive, three police precincts right before Thrive

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2	started, the number of policing's had gone down to
3	one on site victim advocate each in three precincts.
4	Now, with the crime victim assistance program or
5	CVAP, each of the city's 77 precincts has two victim
6	advocates, one specializing in domestic violence and
7	one for every other crime category, except in six
8	precincts where one advocate manages both roles. With
9	Thrive support, CVAP advocates have served nearly
10	100,000 victims of crime, mitigating their trauma and
11	connecting them to critical resources and services.
12	Maternal depression is common. Before Thrive,
13	however, a large percentage of new and expecting
14	mothers in New York were not screened for maternal
15	depression before and after the birth of their
16	children. We partnered with 29 public and private
17	hospitals and within only about six months after this
18	new maternal depression collaborative launched in the
19	spring of 2016, almost 63 percent of women in these
20	hospitals were screened at prenatal visits. Last
21	month, 86 percent of women in these hospitals were
22	screened, and the percentage continues to increase.
23	The city's public hospitals are leading the way here,
24	last month, they screened 98 percent of new patients
25	in prenatal clinics. The department of Health's

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2	newborn home visiting program previously did not
3	serve mothers in homeless shelters and did not
4	conduct post-partum maternal depression screenings.
5	As a result of Thrive, the newborn home visiting
6	program has expanded and has been able to provide
7	health education, resources, and maternal depression
8	screening services to over 3,800 mothers residing in
9	DHS shelters and has conducted over 3,100 maternal
10	depression screenings. It's worth noting that these
11	resources and services were offered to all new
12	mothers in shelter. Connections to care is changing
13	how social service providers do business. Before
14	Thrive, mental health was primarily seen as the
15	responsibility of clinical mental health providers,
16	who didn't always have the reach, capacity or
17	cultural competencies to meet the city's tremendous
18	need. As a result of ThriveNYC, connections to care
19	has demonstrated that we can augment our traditional
20	mental health system with mental health supports, out
21	of clinics and in communities. Since 2016, C2C
22	community-based organizations and their mental health
23	providers have trained more than 1,400 community-
24	based organization staff to recognize mental health
25	problems in clients and engage them in a way that

2	promotes conversation and when appropriate, helpful
3	referrals to care. Older adults also often suffer in
4	silence. Prior to ThriveNYC, the city did not fund
5	services for homebound older adults at risk of
6	profound social isolation and loneliness. Now, the
7	Department for the Aging's friendly visiting program
8	supports 15 sites across all five boroughs. [clears
9	throat] excuse me. Volunteers have made over 35,000
10	visits to seniors' homes, donating more than 52,000
11	hours of service. In addition, prior to ThriveNYC,
12	DFTA did not have an ongoing mental health program
13	embedding licensed mental health professionals in
14	senior centers. Now, DFTA's geriatric mental health
15	program offers mental health services in 25 senior
16	centers and to date they have served over 20,000
17	seniors. Substance misuse is often associated with
18	mental health challenges. Before ThriveNYC, assertive
19	community treatment teams, or ACT teams, did not have
20	the expertise to assess clients with substance use
21	needs, they were focusing on mental health needs. As
22	a result of ThriveNYC, a master's level substance use
23	specialist was added to each of the 40 ACT teams,
24	which together serve more than 2,700 individuals
25	annually. These clinicians enhanced ACT teams'

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2	ability to serve people with co-occurring disorders.
3	These are only a few, I know they seem like a lot,
4	but these are only a few of the many examples of
5	Thrive's work on the ground. In the last three years,
6	Thrive has sown the seeds for a new citywide approach
7	to mental health and long-lasting change. But
8	radically re-imagining mental health is a job for
9	everyone, every city agency, every service provider,
LO	every community-based organization, every school and
L1	every family. In the years ahead, we must work
L2	together to acknowledge the importance of our
L3	individual and collective wellbeing. We must also
L4	work together to address barriers to accessing mental
L5	health care and promoting the mental wellbeing of all
L6	New Yorkers. These barriers include stigma, poverty,
L7	homelessness, racism, and violence, and an inadequate
L8	mental health workforce. This is our chance to build
L 9	the culture and infrastructure we need to support
20	healthy communities. Thrive has initiated a seismic
21	shift in our culture and in our mental health system.
22	We appreciate First Lady McCray's guidance in this
23	endeavor and the sincere collaboration of so many
24	agencies who do this work every day. We also
25	appreciate the support and strong partnership we have

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2	had with City Council. And now, I would be happy to
3	answer any questions you may have.
4	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you, I think
5	the first question is how do I appropriately address
6	you, are you… not… you're not a Commissioner, I mean
7	Deputy Commissioner anymore or… [cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN: Well I'm a Senior… [cross-
9	talk]
10	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:are you [cross-
11	talk]
12	SUSAN HERMAN:I'm the Senior Advisor to
13	the Mayor and you can call me Susan.
14	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay, that is very
15	helpful, thank you so much and I, I, I want to
16	acknowledge that, you know since I've, I've been
17	heading this committee for a year and a half and I'v
18	done a lot of the Thrive mental health work in my
19	district and it's, it's actually one of my favorite
20	parts of this entire initiative. I think that the
21	idea that we're having a conversation about mental
22	health at a time when, when we desperately need to b
23	having a conversation around mental health is

critical and it's very much appreciated I think by

this council, by I know my constituents but I think

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that Thrive is a big initiative and I think that it creates a lot of confusion and... amongst providers, amongst even, you know some of, of my colleagues. There's not... it's, it's difficult to kind of assess what type of program it is, is it a referral-based program, is it a direct service program. How, how would you describe what Thrive is, what is the, the simplest, you know explanation of what... you know the Thrive program?

SUSAN HERMAN: I mean the, the very simplest explanation is that we are re-imagining mental health and want to make sure that every New Yorker who needs help gets the help they need, that's the very simplest and what that involves when you break that down is trying to work on both the stigma and the cultural barriers that prevent people from recognizing that they may be facing mental health challenges and the barriers that prevent them from seeking help, so that's the first part. The second part is making sure that everybody gets the help they need and some of that can be in non-traditional ways. So, if we look at what Thrive is doing, what's big and bold about it is we're looking not only at prevention and changing attitudes about mental health

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2	and mental illness, we're also trying to not be all
3	things about mental health for the city, there's
4	plenty of work that was done and is being done that's
5	outside the work of Thrive but we're trying to, to
6	fill particularly strategic gaps in services and test
7	out some innovative ideas for delivering support in
8	different ways.
9	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, prior to, to the
LO	inception of Thrive… [cross-talk]
L1	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
L2	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Well [cross-talk]
L3	SUSAN HERMAN: Certainly, we've had
L 4	health mental health care in New York.
L5	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Yes [cross-talk]
L6	SUSAN HERMAN: Right?
L7	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: No, I, I agree but
L8	when, when, when the… when Thrive was announced 31 of
L 9	these initiatives I guess were already part of an
20	agency, what was the benefit of taking those
21	initiatives and making them part of the Thrive model
22	like what, what was the benefit to the agency if the
23	work was already being done?
24	SUSAN HERMAN: I think there are there

are several benefits to that, one, one is that Thrive

in many respects serves as a serves as a catalyst,
serves as a way of keeping this conversation going
across all city agencies and encouraging everybody to
do their part in not only promoting wellness, where,
where they can do that but also in providing mental
health support so by showing people at the beginning
the breadth of that vision and saying all of these
things are part of what we mean by promoting wellness
and promoting more and a wider variety of mental
health support we got that message across, it
encompasses many ways of approaching it, there are
lots of pathways to this. So, some agencies when you
say what was the benefit to the agency, some agencies
are at the same funding level that they were at
before, some of them have enhanced their work through
their connection to Thrive and some of them have
gotten slightly more funding for it but there, there
the… our value… their… the value to them of being
associated with Thrive is that we are able to share
lessons learned across city agencies, we're able to
say you're facing a situation that another agency
that another may have already faced and we can help
you with that and we're here to help and provide

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	whatever guidance we can to help you maximize your
3	potential.
4	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, it kind of sounds
5	like Thrive is really a hub of information or some
6	sort of like you know central respiratory [cross-
7	talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN: You mean the office?
9	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Yeah.
10	SUSAN HERMAN: The office is both
11	conducting outreach so that the public understands
12	what Thrive is all about, the office was coordinatin
13	a lot of the mental health first aid training but no
14	that's shifted to the Department of Health, the
15	office is creating strategic partnerships that can
16	help agencies implement their work outside external
17	partners that can help any given agency to do that
18	and the office is [cross-talk]
19	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, can you give me
20	[cross-talk]
21	SUSAN HERMAN:also [cross-talk]
22	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:I'm sorry Susan can
23	you give me an example of how, how that how that
24	would look like I mean I know that for instance the

Department for the Aging didn't have... they didn't

1	ADDICTIONS
2	really offer we don't you know it's, it's one of
3	the… has one of the, the Department has one of the
4	smallest budgets as any other city agency and they
5	don't have they don't have the capacity to hire
6	social workers and so mental health, you know often
7	is not an issue that is discussed in the senior
8	center setting, right and now [cross-talk]
9	SUSAN HERMAN: Right [cross-talk]
10	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:through, through
11	this initiative we have social workers at 25 senior
12	centers that's a direct benefit but then [cross-
13	talk]
14	SUSAN HERMAN: That and that's a new
15	initiative… [cross-talk]
16	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: That's a [cross-
17	talk]
18	SUSAN HERMAN: That's right [cross-talk]
19	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:new that's, that's
20	a new initiative but then how does it look like for
21	an agency, which would be an agency, an example of a
22	agency… [cross-talk]
23	SUSAN HERMAN: So, I'll give you… [cross-
24	talk]
25	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:that [cross-talk]

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Department of Health and Mental Hygiene is now not only setting up the mental health first aid trainings but conducting the mental health first aid trainings, we looked at who's attending those trainings, we looked at who seems to be absent from those trainings and the Thrive central office in conjunction with the Department of Health said we need to do targeted outreach to Spanish speaking communities and mandarin speaking communities to make sure that they know that mental health first aid is being offered and is being offered in their languages so that's looking at what's happening and offering assistance to enable the Department of Health to do their work better.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, how do you... how do you measure success, I mean considering there's 54 initiatives how do you... how, how is that even possible?

SUSAN HERMAN: So, you measure... you measure success both at the program level and ultimately at the macro level looking at what's the sum total of all of this accomplished at a population level. So, each of the initiatives have performance metrics to make sure that they are on target, that

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they have implemented well what they said they were going to do, many of them have, many more of them are shifting to outcome measures so that they know that what they are doing is having an impact that is appropriate and we also are engaged in very active discussions, it's not that they're starting now they have been ongoing about a macro evaluation for the entire Thrive initiative.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Who, who are those metrics reported to and how, how do... how does the general public access, you know information on the successes of these programs like where is that information... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: So, so... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...stored?

SUSAN HERMAN: We have a chapter in the MMR as you know, we have performance metrics that we can talk about with any of you if there's anything in particular that you want to know about but we will be asking... we have... we have several agencies that are already engaged in long term outcome evaluations, a few more to come that will be started and then there will be an evaluation of Thrive itself and all of those will be reported on.

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CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay. Okay. On mental

health... on the mental health awareness piece, so one of the self-described signature objectives of Thrive was about changing the culture by making mental health everybody's business and having an open conversation about mental, has this goal been achieved and if so, can you give some examples?

SUSAN HERMAN: Well we hear from many of our providers, Fountain House is a great example, that they now have wait lists for people seeking their services and they attribute that to Thrive building awareness and promoting mental health and encouraging people to seek services. Our Thrive talks that our office does in the community that's something else that we do, I think we've done several at your request, we engage communities and community based organizations in conversations about what the different services are, the range of services that are offered across agencies and that includes community based agencies as well as city agencies. We have an increasing demand for those Thrive talks, so we know that we are not only building awareness but that more and more people are seeking those talks. We've also surveyed people who have taken the mental

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### ADDICTIONS

health first aid training and 80 percent of the people who took the training said that they are using the skills in their conversations and their relationships with others on a regular basis. We also have a public opinion... a public health opinion poll that DOHMH will be rolling out this spring that we'll get a sense of, of what... how people are doing, what they feel they're experiencing and so we'll get more data to compare.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Yeah, I think one of...
one of my issues with... the, the only I think
complaint that I have about the mental aid first aid
or one of the... I think one of the complaints that I
have about it I think that what I'm been trying to
change and locally in my district is ensuring that
regular people are also benefiting from the training.
I think that, you know a, a lot of providers; school
staff, support staff at senior centers, at, you know
variety of different city agencies they... they're very
eager to take the, the course but how are we getting
that information to the mothers and the fathers and
the sisters and the brothers of individuals that are
living with someone that is suffering through mental
illness and may not even be able to recognize that

1	ADDICTIONS
2	they're living through mental illness. So, while I
3	recognize that it there is a you know it, it has
4	been beneficial to some you know to a large degree
5	there is still a subset of individuals that don't
6	really benefit from that program and I would love to
7	hear how, you know this if there's any conversation
8	to kind of change that dynamic a little bit maybe
9	[cross-talk]
10	SUSAN HERMAN: There is [cross-talk]
11	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:you did you came up
12	yesterday at the hearing that that is an eight hour
13	course, people have to work, it becomes very
14	difficult so if you're at if you work if you're a
15	provider, right then you can take it as a staff
16	[cross-talk]
17	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah [cross-talk]
18	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:you know [cross-
19	talk]
20	SUSAN HERMAN:while you're working
21	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Exactly [cross-talk]
22	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah [cross-talk]
23	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: But you can't just
24	you know if you're a mother you and you take the day
25	off you may not get paid for that day, alright, you

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### ADDICTIONS

may have to take it as a... as a vacation day that, you

3 know you could have used to take some time out with

4 your children... [cross-talk]

5 SUSAN HERMAN: So, so we have... mental

6 health first aid is currently taught not only during

7 | the week but on weekends and we are actively

8 exploring other ways of offering it because I agree

9 with you, we need to have people who aren't doing

10 | this work for a living taking the training. To try to

11 reach more New Yorkers though we have not only

12 | focused on particular populations of people,

13 particular ethnic groups for instance have their own

14 | ways of reaching through service providers, we have ...

15 | we've worked with the Arab American Coalition to... I

16 | think I got that name wrong, the Arab American... oh I

17 | know that but what's the name of the organization

18 | that I'm talking about? We have at the Department of

19 | Health we have Brothers, Sisters Thrive, we have the

20 Latina X Thrive, we are trying to reach special

21 populations of New Yorkers through other

22 | organizations that already serve them. We also are

23 | focusing on neighborhood-based work by reaching out

24 to local community-based organizations in those

communities to try and encourage them to encourage

1	ADDICTIONS
2	people to take mental health first aid. It's, it's
3	part of a growing awareness that this is something
4	that's useful but as I said we've got 100,000 people
5	who have taken it, we, we brag about 48,000 of them
6	being city frontline staff the rest of them are New
7	Yorkers, just New Yorkers who have taken the
8	training.
9	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Any, any thought to
LO	incorporating resources for the Asian community
L1	because… [cross-talk]
L2	SUSAN HERMAN: Yes… [cross-talk]
L3	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:I think that that's
L 4	been kind of you know… [cross-talk]
L5	SUSAN HERMAN: Yes… [cross-talk]
L 6	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:some criticism
L7	[cross-talk]
L8	SUSAN HERMAN: Actively being developed.
L 9	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: That's, that's,
20	that's actually great news.
21	SUSAN HERMAN: Yep.
22	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, Thrive has said
23	that they wanted to act… [cross-talk]
24	SUSAN HERMAN: We actually… again I just…
25	[cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Yeah, yeah... [cross-

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SUSAN HERMAN: ...sorry to interrupt you

but we... twice a week I believe we offer trainings in

Spanish and train, trainings in mandarin so we are...

we're trying to reach everybody. I was trying to say

the Arab American Family Support Service that was the

organization that I was thinking about and they have

trained everybody in mental health first aid in that

organization.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, we all know that

13 Thrive is really meant to be preventive and I think

one of the criticisms that we hear is that there are

individuals that are chronically mentally ill that

are, you know sometimes street homeless and that

we're not doing enough to really address the needs of

that population as well through this initiative, has

there been any thought to that, are we expecting now

through the new office to maybe start having that

conversation or is that part of another initiative?

SUSAN HERMAN: So, let me... let me address

that in a number of ways. First there's plenty of

work that the city does to address the seriously

mentally ill and that work pre-dates Thrive and it is

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2	still ongoing so everything about mental health and
3	mental illness we don't want and never intended to be
4	happening within Thrive, Thrive is to serve as a, a
5	catalyst to have work that isn't being done, done and
6	to fill particular gaps not only in service but in
7	public awareness and cultural shift, right, change
8	the conversation around this. In terms of the
9	seriously mentally ill, there are a number of Thrive
10	initiatives that do address the seriously mentally
11	ill and I'm going to ask Dr. Kunins to talk about
12	that but I'd also like to ask her to talk a little
13	bit about what the city's doing generally, it's not
14	it doesn't and shouldn't all rest within Thrive. It
15	is also true bottom line that one reason why we are
16	focusing so much on not just prevention but early
17	intervention is that people don't become seriously
18	mentally ill overnight and if we don't start not only
19	working more on prevention and intervening earlier in
20	many ways then we're only going to be working on
21	crisis situations so we're trying to prevent many
22	crisis situations from occurring in the first place
23	and that's what's that's what's one of the things
24	that different about Thrive that we're actually
25	saying this didn't need to go that far, let's try and

ADDICTIONS

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work upstream a little bit as well as providing services to people who are already in serious shape.

Dr. Kinins.

HILLARY KUNINS: Should I be sworn in?

COMMITTEE CLERK: Do you affirm to tell
the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth
in your testimony before this Committee and to
respond honestly to Council Member questions?

HILLARY KUNINS: I do.

COMMITTEE CLERK: Thank you.

out that you can also call me Hillary. So, thank you

Council Member Ayala for that question, I think as

the Committee knows the Department of Health and

Mental Hygiene has been long responsible for

contracted and some direct services that are

primarily focused on people with serious illness both

mental health and substance use disorder and that

represents more, more... hundreds of millions of

dollars in contracts and historically the mental

health system and the substance use treatment system

have been very focused on one end of the continuum

that is both for people who are undomiciled as well

as people who are housed providing serious

## ADDICTIONS

psychiatric rehabilitative outreach and engagement
services and what in the context of Thrive those
services absolutely continue and are absolutely a
central part of, of the Health Department portfolio
particularly in the division of mental hygiene. What
Thrive has afforded I think in a number of, of
examples is the ability to enhance and compliment
already existing services. As, as Susan mentioned in
her testimony I think a really good example is that
is that of the ACT teams which were primarily funded
and constructed to think about and address people's
mental health concerns even though we know that many
people have both a mental health disorder and may
also have a higher risk of having a substance use or
addictive disorder, what that additional funding from
Thrive allowed us to do was build, enhance an already
existing program with substance use services as well
as actually expand the services that we're able to
deliver. So, at the Health Department the Thrive
oriented work is not separate from the other mental
health work that we're doing but in fact has enabled
us to enhance it strategically to build more
comprehensive programs and approaches.

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#### ADDICTIONS

2 CHAIRPERSON AYALA: I'm sorry, I've had 3 this conversation a million times with like a different people about, you know the... and I think... I 4 5 think that we're making some headway and I think that 6 we're doing better, a better job because of the 7 Thrive initiative to better connect people to services even individuals that are suffering from 8 some sort of chronic mental health illness but 9 there's still a gap in services and I don't think 10 that it's really related to stigma to be honest, I 11 12 really think that it's because we don't have enough mental health providers to go around and I think that 13 people are waiting sometimes, you know months before 14 15 they're able to, to see someone or are forced into 16 the emergency room unnecessarily, you know for something that could have been treated on an 17 18 outpatient basis. I... you know my family has been the recipient of, of this, I have several members in my 19 20 family that as you know and I've been very, you know open about suffer from bipolar disorder and you know 21 2.2 it... the experience with each has been very different, 23 there's no consistency in the level of services that are being provided and this is not a Thrive critique, 24

this is pretty much just my personal assessment of

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## ADDICTIONS

2	how this, this works outside of, you know City Hall
3	is that there's really no coordination of efforts and
4	everybody is receiving a different treatment
5	depending on where they go. I you know moved my mom
6	from Beth Israel to Metropolitan Hospital which I
7	love and couldn't get her… I tried, I attempted to
8	put her at Metropolitan but couldn't so I ended up
9	having to go to another clinic in the neighborhood
10	that was able to take her who didn't have they, they
11	prescribed her the wrong medication and for about two
12	weeks she was walking like you know talking as if
13	she was about to have a stroke, scared the bejesus
14	out of me and it ended up that they gave her they
15	overmedicated her, she needed, you know her
16	medication to be adjusted but they didn't have a
17	they didn't even have a psychiatrist on staff for two
18	months so I don't know if, if there's a shortage of
19	psychiatrists in the city, what are what is the city
20	doing to address that, is that is that something
21	that Thrive is addressing directly?
22	SUSAN HERMAN: So, so you know Thrive is

SUSAN HERMAN: So, so you know Thrive is...

Thrive is working in a number of different ways to

address the inadequate mental health workforce, that

is... you are absolutely correct, we have an inadequate

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## ADDICTIONS

2	workforce. One way that we're working on that is the
3	mental health service corps trying to place people,
4	new clinicians into both primary care environments
5	where we can marry together primary care and mental
6	health care so that people are getting treatment and
7	getting someone to look at them in as an entire
8	person rather than just parts of them so that's half
9	of what they're doing and we're also trying to get
10	them into other places that already provide mental
11	health services. So, we have a several hundred
12	people who are now out in New York City providing
13	clinical work that we didn't have before Thrive,
14	that's one effort. Another effort though is the
15	connections to care where we're saying to people
16	community-based organizations that are working with
17	people by providing legal service, housing
18	counseling, substance abuse counseling, employment
19	counseling, you are working with people because of
20	the stressors in their lives who are particularly at
21	risk of mental health problems. We want to train you
22	to see them when you're working with somebody, talk
23	to them, interact with them in a way that you can
24	either just understand how to help them better so
25	that they can succeed or where appropriate refer them

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## ADDICTIONS

2	to care. So, we've partnered with mental health
3	providers and these community based organizations to
4	try and it does two things, it not only gets people
5	to mental health care that they might not have
6	accessed otherwise but it helps them succeed in
7	their client identification in those social service
8	agencies, right, they're in an employment training
9	program, program and they can't succeed because
10	they're suffering from depression or anxiety, let's
11	put a pass on that, let's get them some care, let's
12	get them in care and perhaps they'll be able to
13	succeed not only in life but also in that particular
14	agency. So, we're doing it in a number of ways. We're
15	also embedding clinicians in runaway youth drop in
16	centers, transitional housing environments, we have
17	much more access to mental health support in all of
18	our schools, all over New York City so we are trying
19	to reach people where they are not just say the only
20	way that you can experience mental health care is to
21	go to a psychiatrist in a clinic for this number of
22	minutes in that office. People, all of us can do
23	something that's good and it's on a spectrum by
24	taking mental health first aid you and I can probably
25	be a whole lot better than we were before but if I

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	have a social worker in a police precinct who can
3	interact with a crime victim who's just experienced
4	something traumatic I may be able to mitigate that
5	trauma and have that victim who is more likely than
6	the general public to suffer from depression,
7	anxiety, suicidality we know that through research
8	that intervention may help keep them on track rather
9	than have them go down that path.
10	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, I have a
11	gazillion other questions regarding the structure and
12	the budget of Thrive but I want to allow some time
13	for my colleagues to also ask questions, I don't kno
14	if that's Jimmy but… okay, Cabrera is actually first
15	and he was here first, I wanted to acknowledge that
16	he was here first, he was here early, he asked me to
17	acknowledge him.
18	SUSAN HERMAN: He was here first.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you Madame
20	Chair and thank you Susan, it's good to see you.
21	SUSAN HERMAN: It's nice to see you.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: See you in a
23	different role…

SUSAN HERMAN: Yes...

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#### ADDICTIONS

2 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...from the other 3 committees that had the opportunity to be with you. So, I got so many questions, let me work backwards. 4 5 In terms of ... you just mentioned Madame Chair a psychiatrist and the lack of mental... licensed people, 6 7 we actually have, and I know a little bit about this because I was... I used to be the Program Director for 8 one of our colleges for the masters of mental health 9 10 counseling program, we actually have many, many unemployed mental health counselors in this state, 11 12 licensed, that are looking for a job and yet I see 13 that and... a tremendous need for more direct services ... 14 [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...counseling services, therapy and so forth and also when it comes to Spanish, I mean just this week in other languages; Chinese and so I, I don't know if I misunderstood what you mentioned in terms that are we lacking from your... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: I think it's both... I think it's both, I think we're lacking a workforce that speaks as many languages as we need, I think we're lacking a workforce that might want to work in

	ADDICTIONS
2	neighborhoods that are traditionally underserved and
3	try and help people where they are and I think in
4	some cases we're lacking the funding to pay them, I
5	think it's many things but… [cross-talk]
6	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: I think it's the
7	second one, I'm going to tell you why, you can go to
8	Mercy College, you can go to Long Island University
9	and they have young people graduating there and
10	adults with a master's degree by the dozens every
11	semester, very qualified as a matter of fact you do
12	more practicum hours of mental health counseling than
13	you do with social work, they're super qualified to,
14	to do the job and I think that we need to look at the
15	funding piece to be able to have more services
16	throughout this city. Which leads me to the other
17	question… [cross-talk]
18	SUSAN HERMAN: Let me just say I'd be
19	happy… [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yes [cross-
21	talk]
22	SUSAN HERMAN:to work with you on that.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Oh, that would
24	be beautiful, thank you Susan.

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh.

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: So, the, the
3	other thing was I'm, I'm still trying to
4	conceptualize ThriveNYC, how many people work just
5	for ThriveNYC?
6	SUSAN HERMAN: So, ThriveNYC my office
7	currently has 21 people.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: 21 [cross-talk]
9	SUSAN HERMAN: And how many people are
10	working on Thrive throughout the city, unknowable
11	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Unlimited
12	SUSAN HERMAN: Unknowable
13	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: So
14	SUSAN HERMAN: Not only because we do
15	have budgets for each of the Thrive initiatives but
16	what's unknowable and I want to be really clear about
17	this because I can see everybody going what does that
18	mean, we are trying very hard to ask agencies to step
19	and do more work in this area and in some cases these
20	are people that are just layering on Thrive work onto
21	what they were doing otherwise.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: So, I, I get
23	that [cross-talk]
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SUSAN HERMAN: That's a good thing.

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1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:piece so I get
3	that piece so, what I now so, you're like a
4	clearinghouse at the same time, I almost see you
5	like government operations but a specialized
6	government operations for the Mayor's Office is, is
7	that… [cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN: I think [cross-talk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:a good way to
10	describe you?
11	SUSAN HERMAN: In some ways, we, we do
12	provide a layer of oversight, there's no question
13	[cross-talk]
14	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay [cross-
15	talk]
16	SUSAN HERMAN:we also promote the
17	Thrive message, we promote Thrive activities, we help
18	these initiatives succeed… [cross-talk]
19	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay [cross-
20	talk]
21	SUSAN HERMAN:we promote public
22	awareness about Thrive so that people are engaging in
23	those initiatives.

1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: So, and, and
3	this is what I'm getting at so it's 21 people, what's
4	the budget for the 21 people?
5	SUSAN HERMAN: About two million dollars.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Two million
7	dollars because when I first heard this, I heard
8	about 850 million dollars…
9	SUSAN HERMAN: So, that's a really
10	outdated and almost irrelevant number
11	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay
12	SUSAN HERMAN: Our annual budget for
13	Thrive that we are operating on right now for Thrive
14	throughout the city is about 250 million dollars
15	which when you say that out loud and you look at the
16	work that's being done is pretty incredible.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yeah, I don't
18	question the, the impact… [cross-talk]
19	SUSAN HERMAN: The 850 [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yeah [cross-
21	talk]
22	SUSAN HERMAN:million dollars was a
23	four-year projection at the outset of Thrive [cross-
24	talk]

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2	ADDICTIONS
	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Right [cross-
3	talk]
4	SUSAN HERMAN:this is what we are
5	likely to spend on Thrive but when you look at the
6	budget year to year and where we are now,
7	first of all it's appropriate to be talking about
8	annual budget, we are not, you know you don't you
9	don't talk about how much the… any given agency has
LO	over a four year period, we're operating at a 250
L1	million dollar a year budget.
L2	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Which is good
L3	and very fair, you know and you… [cross-talk]
L 4	SUSAN HERMAN: I think so, you might
L 5	[cross-talk]
L 6	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:we're just
L 7	getting started [cross-talk]
L8	SUSAN HERMAN:ask why it's not more
L9	[cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:and so forth
21	but what I'm trying to get at is that 200 million
22	dollars, right… [cross-talk]
23	SUSAN HERMAN: 250 [cross-talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: 250 million
) 5	dollars is that now monios or is wore those menios

## COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND 1 ADDICTIONS 2 that were already, already... what's, what's added that was not already organic... [cross-talk] 3 4 SUSAN HERMAN: Right... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...to the... [cross-5 6 talkl 7 SUSAN HERMAN: It's a combination... 8 [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...agency... [cross-9 10 talk] 11 SUSAN HERMAN: ...some of the initiatives 12 as we've discussed some of them are brand new and 13 that's new money, some of them are not, we're not 14 counting the money twice in the budget, it's counted 15 once... [cross-talk] 16 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay... [cross-17 talk] 18 SUSAN HERMAN: ...and we can lay that out for you if you'd like, I don't have that with... 19 20 [cross-talk] 21 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yeah, I think 22 that will... [cross-talk] 23 SUSAN HERMAN: ...me, some of it is...

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[cross-talk]

	COMMITTED ON THENTIAL MEASURE, DISTRIBUTION AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:be I think
3	that's something [cross-talk]
4	SUSAN HERMAN:new and some of it is
5	not… [cross-talk]
6	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:that our, our
7	staff here were wondering about if you were to
8	separate… if, if there was no ThriveNYC and they
9	would have been functioned in, in the normal course
LO	as they were how much did it get out of [cross-talk
L1	SUSAN HERMAN: We can talk about things
L2	[cross-talk]
L3	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:50, 100
L 4	[cross-talk]
L5	SUSAN HERMAN:that preexisted, I'm not
L6	sure I would go as far as you just did though to
L7	think what would have continued, I'm not sure what
L8	would have continued [cross-talk]
L9	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay [cross-
20	talk]
21	SUSAN HERMAN:without the support of
22	Thrive and without us saying this is an important
23	part of this of this work.
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	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL REALITY, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: So, I guess the,
3	the… we'll be interested in seeing what was new, what
4	came into being… [cross-talk]
5	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah, we can tell you
6	that.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yeah, so if you
8	could if you could give us that later on you don't
9	have to do it right now because… [cross-talk]
10	SUSAN HERMAN: I can't but I will.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: I know okay,
12	actually go for it, go for it.
13	SUSAN HERMAN: No, I can't do it now
14	[cross-talk]
15	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Oh, you can't
16	[cross-talk]
17	SUSAN HERMAN:but I will do it, yeah,
18	yeah… [cross-talk]
19	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay, I thought
20	I heard… you can't, I'm sorry… [cross-talk]
21	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah, I can't do it now.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: I, I'm, I'm
23	okay, good, good.
24	SUSAN HERMAN: Right.

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#### ADDICTIONS

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COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Also really quickly here, you, you said that and I, I love the, the word that you used culture change, do you have... do you have an assessment tool that assesses cultural attitude changes that you've been using in order to quantify if indeed there have been cultural changes?

SUSAN HERMAN: Well so, so… [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Attitude

changes?

SUSAN HERMAN: Cultural change is many things, right, one is do people feel more comfortable to talk about mental health, to talk about and to seek help, right, so the, the surveys that we're already engaged in for the people who are trained in mental health first aid whether they're using it, whether they feel more competent and confident that tells us that something is happening and as we get to that 250,000 mark if we still have the same level of people saying they feel more confident and competent to talk about mental health that's a cultural shift right there. In addition we have the survey that I mentioned at the Health Department that is going to be launching in the spring which talks about what you're experiencing but cultural shift is, is partly

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#### ADDICTIONS

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[cross-talk]

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about how we talk about it, right, we didn't ... we didn't say breast cancer in polite company 50 years ago, we just didn't say it ... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: True, true...

SUSAN HERMAN: ... now we're starting to talk, we... anybody can mention the words breast cancer in conversation, I think we need to get there in talking about different kinds of mental health challenges, you know to, to be able to say I was suffering from depression, I'm feeling anxious, I have this so that's another kind of shift and that's important because it enables people to say it's okay to acknowledge it, it's okay to seek help and it's okay to talk about it, it's common that people experience this... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: And, and I... what you just mentioned right there that could be a measure and so what I'm suggesting Susan is if, if you guys could come with some metrics... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Well that is what we're looking at when we look at the macro evaluation, are there more people in treatment, are there more people

## COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND 1 ADDICTIONS 2 who feel able to seek treatment that's part of that, 3 and we will be... [cross-talk] 4 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: If you could have that... [cross-talk] 5 SUSAN HERMAN: ...looking at it... [cross-6 7 talk COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...you could have 8 that, look I met with a guy in the street yesterday 9 10 and, and I could tell that he was ... you know he needed somebody to talk to, to start with... [cross-talk] 11 12 SUSAN HERMAN: Okay... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...so I just 13 engaged, and he told me I, I, don't want to go back 14 15 to the hospital... [cross-talk] 16 SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...so... [cross-17 talkl 18 SUSAN HERMAN: He may be able to get 19 20 help... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...for mental... 21 2.2 [cross-talk] 23 SUSAN HERMAN: ...outside of the hospital. 24 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yeah but the, 25 the point that I was making and I know this is

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	ADDICTIONS
2	anecdotal is that though we service that we need to
3	measure how people perceive that, you know do they
4	celebrate it, do they fear it and do we have heroes,
5	really that's when it comes down to culture… [cross-
6	talk]
7	SUSAN HERMAN: Yes and… [cross-talk]
8	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:and how you do
9	culture change… [cross-talk]
10	SUSAN HERMAN:and we will be looking.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: So, if you if
12	you could come it's just a suggestion it's not a
13	criticism really, I'm I really mean that
14	SUSAN HERMAN: It's exactly the right
15	suggestion, this is [cross-talk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: And so [cross-
17	talk]
18	SUSAN HERMAN:we are right at that
19	place… [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay [cross-
21	talk]
22	SUSAN HERMAN:where this is what we
23	should be talking about… [cross-talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Fantastic

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### ADDICTIONS

2	SUSAN HERMAN: I think you need to think
3	about Thrive as a startup, right, it's this really
4	great fabulous, ambitious idea, it turns into this
5	great initiative and then all of a sudden you realize
6	that it's caught on fire and everybody is thinking
7	about it and talking about it, interested in it, we
8	didn't have to coax agencies to work on this, people
9	wanted to join this effort and now we're looking at,
10	okay, when you start to do something sometimes you
11	have in all the data collection tools in place to do
12	it and then you realize you better put more in place.
13	We have lots in place, but we will be putting more ir
14	place.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: And, and since...
[cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...I'm going to close with this, since you are serving like Sudo government operation for all the mental health services... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: I don't think we're Sudo, are we Sudo?

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay, you are...
[cross-talk]

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN: I think we are, yeah.
3	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: I was I was
4	[cross-talk]
5	SUSAN HERMAN: You can call me Susan, but
6	I work for the government, right.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay, so I, I
8	didn't want the government operations people to get
9	offended… [cross-talk]
10	SUSAN HERMAN: Right, they won't get
11	offended… [cross-talk]
12	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:I was trying to
13	be too, too politically… [cross-talk]
14	SUSAN HERMAN: They won't get offended
15	[cross-talk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:correct.
17	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah, yeah.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Can I just make
19	a suggestion regarding since I have you here, the
20	mental health providers especially all those case
21	workers working with young people in the shelters,
22	they're burnt out, I, I could tell you first I know
23	many of them working in that field they're really
24	burnt out, we need to come up with a system I mean
25	that is consistent that could be measured, that we

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	could see outcomes that will provide a level of help
3	to them because they're suffering from secondary
4	PTSD, they're working with some of the hardest most
5	difficult population, it's not like you have one eas
6	case and then another difficult case and that's how
7	caseloads should be [cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN: Are you… are you talking
9	particularly about people working in shelters for
LO	youth?
L1	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yeah, like you
L2	know Covenant House, any you know and the like they
L3	have high turn overs and they pay to be honest with
L 4	you very little so there's almost you know burn out
L5	does not happen because they're tired, it's because
L 6	they see little inherent rewards [cross-talk]
L7	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah [cross-talk]
L8	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:and the cost is
L 9	very high and so if you could, you know give
20	attention to that I would really, really appreciate
21	it, they're doing as phenomenal work as they can
22	[cross-talk]
23	SUSAN HERMAN: Thank you
24	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Susan thank you,

I know I had a hard question I wasn't even planning

1	ADDICTIONS
2	to ask these but as the Chairman was as Madame Chai
3	was speaking, I was just prompted to do so and you
4	came up with good answers, thank you so much.
5	SUSAN HERMAN: Thank you, thank you for
6	calling attention to that issue, it's a very
7	important issue.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Indeed, thank
9	you.
LO	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Council Member
L1	Holden.
L2	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Thank you Chair.
L3	Susan I, I really appreciate the testimony, does
L 4	Thrive New York NYC, I'm sorry, ThriveNYC is so
L5	important, long overdue, I want to thank the First
L 6	Lady, an amazing, amazing program and under I mean
L7	huge task this is, this is a, a task like this
L8	[cross-talk]
L9	SUSAN HERMAN: Yes… [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:will not happen
21	overnight, I know trying to solve the mental health
22	issue that's really you, you make you make a, a
23	claim here that New Yorkers can now see and
24	experience the benefits of Thrive all over the city

[cross-talk]

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh… [cross-talk]
3	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:and then you
4	mentioned the first one, subways [cross-talk]
5	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh… [cross-talk]
6	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:which it's not a
7	coincidence though that we have the most complaints
8	in the subways of actually homeless taking over
9	entire cars and harassing commuters, riders and
10	threatening their lives and I had three cases this
11	week of one homeless individual coming in the face o
12	all the riders and threatening to stab them in the
13	eye because he thought they were CIA, I have other
14	seniors getting harassed, I have women getting
15	harassed constantly on the M line, this is the M lin
16	that serves… it's the only one that really serves my
17	district essentially is in Middle Village, we called
18	Breaking Ground… [cross-talk]
19	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh… [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:we called the
21	NYPD NCOs to try to do something, you name it we hav
22	it going on, on the… on the subways so I'm not so
23	sure people in New York City would agree that the

25 any of my colleagues can say they are and I don't

24

subways we're seeing a difference, I don't know if

1	ADDICTIONS
2	know if we can make those claims this early because
3	ThriveNYC needs to be you know it needs this is
4	going to… this is going to take… [cross-talk]
5	SUSAN HERMAN: So, I'm not claiming
6	victory, I'm claiming that we've moved the dial and
7	how we've moved the dial in the subways is that we
8	now have outreach workers who are on the subway who
9	were not there before.
LO	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Right [cross-
L1	talk]
L2	SUSAN HERMAN:and we now have trained
L3	offices [cross-talk]
L 4	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: I want I'm
L5	getting to I, I know I know that, I know that
L 6	because we do but tell me on a practical term if
L7	unless a, a police officer sees the… somebody being
L 8	harassed… [cross-talk]
L 9	SUSAN HERMAN: Yes… [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:can they
21	actually take the individual off the car off the
22	train and put them in a program or unless if they
23	don't want to go, they stay on the on the train thi
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24 is what we're experiencing...

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#### ADDICTIONS

SUSAN HERMAN: Depends on what they're

behavior is and I'm no longer going to speak for the

police department, but I will say it depends on what

someone's behavior is whether they can eject them

from the subway or not.

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: But if they don't go, if they don't want to go and if the police officer... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: It depends on what they're doing... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: ...this is what we're being told... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: ...right, depends on what they're doing... [cross-talk]

but the Break... Breaking Ground can only do so much and if they don't want to go, they just let them go and it... and see what I'm seeing in the last probably two or three months is... the... it... the situation is not improving, it's actually getting worse so I think we need some other... I mean there... I don't know if there's anything that you guys can come up with to... if, if we're getting enough complaints from a certain line... [cross-talk]

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#### ADDICTIONS

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SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: ...that we just

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bit more aggressive because we see people all over

sweep that line and we try to do something a little

6

the streets, I mean you... if... to be out in 15 degree

7

weather the... we really have to reevaluate that we're

8

allowing human beings to be on the street in this

9

kind of weather because they chose, chose not to go

10

into a, a facility or, or a hospital so I, I... there's

11

a fine line I know that with the law so... [cross-talk]

12

SUSAN HERMAN: There is a fine line...

13

[cross-talk]

14

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: ...can you explain

SUSAN HERMAN: I can... I can say that ... and

15

a little bit of that?

16

17 when you're raising weather I can say that when

18

someone is dressed inappropriately or appears to be

19

suffering they're not dressed appropriately for the

20

weather or they appear to be suffering if someone

21

appears to be in danger that they can be brought

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weather emergency when the city has that and I can

24

tell you that in the winter there are many more

involuntarily to a hospital be... just in a cold

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homeless people who are brought to hospitals as well

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#### ADDICTIONS

as shelters and they're just there temporarily, they're warming up, they're getting coffee, they're getting a shower, they're getting a meal and they're off the streets at night where they're safe, right, but I can also tell you and we can hear from people from DHS if you'd like who are here, we have more work being done through the Health Department and their outreach teams through the Police Department and I shouldn't be going like this anymore but through DHS, the non-profits that they contract with, there is more work being done and I... and I would agree with you completely that more needs to be done but there is more that is happening.

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Okay, so if I'm... if, if somebody is... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: But if you are a private citizen and you observe somebody and you think somebody needs help you can call NYC Well and say what you saw and they can either transfer the call to the police department if they think it's an urgent need or they can connect with the Health Department's range of services to send out the appropriate team to that person. So, the private citizen does have

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	something to do, they can call NYC Well and say what
3	they observed and what they saw.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Okay, so are we
5	so the outreach that your, your office is doing is
6	that in, in the subways?
7	SUSAN HERMAN: No, the outreach that my
8	office specifically is doing is outreach events to
9	raise awareness about all of these initiatives but
10	[cross-talk]
11	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: How [cross-talk]
12	SUSAN HERMAN:the Department of Health
13	well we, we give what we call Thrive talks in
14	community organizations and houses of worship and
15	YMCAs all over the place
16	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Yeah but that's
17	only reaching a small percentage what I'm saying is
18	do a massive campaign in the subways because I think
19	we're seeing a lot of, of this the really there's,
20	there's being confined in a subway car by the way
21	when it's you know and you can't get out and
22	somebody is in your face and… [cross-talk]
23	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah [cross-talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:threatening you

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: ...threatening you and screaming at you and whatever else is happening

1	ADDICTIONS
2	it my, my daughter won't take the, the number seven
3	line anymore, my wife will not take the subways,
4	she'd rather take the express bus and, and it takes
5	it's a longer commute but she will not she just
6	feels threatened and many people feel threatened in
7	the subways what we need is outreach that means ads
8	in the subway cars, Thrive New York, here's what you
9	can do, here's how to identify this, this is what we
10	because people are frightened and [cross-talk]
11	SUSAN HERMAN: So, it is [cross-talk]
12	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:people are
13	scared and [cross-talk]
14	SUSAN HERMAN:it isn't just [cross-
15	talk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:rightfully so
17	[cross-talk]
18	SUSAN HERMAN:it isn't just NYC Well
19	it's 3-1-1, it's also 9-1-1, what you want is some
20	response to that person and the challenge is exactly
21	what you named earlier… [cross-talk]
22	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Right [cross-
23	talk]
24	SUSAN HERMAN:depending on that
25	person's behavior, it's either their choice whether

	Committee on management provided and
1	ADDICTIONS
2	they want to not only get off the subway but engage
3	in services or if their behavior is otherwise they
4	may not have choice, if they're doing something
5	criminal or they're problematic in another way,
6	right, but it depends on their behavior and that's
7	where we are in New York City.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: I think I think
9	[cross-talk]
10	SUSAN HERMAN: That's our laws [cross-
11	talk]
12	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:you're I think
13	we have to change the mindset of people who call 3-1-
14	1 because they don't really I mean in questioning my
15	constituents they feel they call 3-1-1 it's just
16	it's not I mean I, I, I believe you that something
17	will happen, and we'll get a little bit more
18	attention but it hasn't been getting better so if we
19	had some outreach and, and I don't know why with the
20	budget… [cross-talk]
21	SUSAN HERMAN: So, let me… let me tell
22	you some things [cross-talk]
23	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN:that what that
24	we can't put a, a really public service campaign out

## COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND 1 ADDICTIONS 2 there and say here's how you identify the problem... 3 [cross-talk] SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 4 COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: ...here's what's 5 6 going... you know if you see this please report it 7 right here or 3-1-1 and, and we'll... and you'll... and we'll get some kind of reaction, we'll get some kind 8 of answers... 9 SUSAN HERMAN: I'll look at that, I'd be 10 happy to work with you on it and I'll... [cross-talk] 11 12 COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Okay... [cross-13 talk] 14 SUSAN HERMAN: ...look at it. 15 COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Alright, I'll 16 even help you design it because I'm a designer. 17 SUSAN HERMAN: We'll fight over that. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Thank you. 19 SUSAN HERMAN: Yep. 20 CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Council Member Samuel. 21 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: Hi, it was 23 just a, a follow up just a point of clarification because when Council Member Holden mentioned the 24

subways and the increase in like homelessness and

1	ADDICTIONS
2	mentally ill homelessness you said that there are
3	outreach workers now and there were not workers
4	before?
5	SUSAN HERMAN: No… [cross-talk]
6	CH AMPRY-SAMUEL: I just wanted some
7	clarification [cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN:just both there were
9	outreach workers there are now more outreach workers
10	that are actually on the trains not just on the
11	platforms, there are more police on the trains not
12	just on the platforms and there are more outreach or
13	teams of people that go out and engage with people
14	that are in the, the toolbox that the Health
15	Department and the Police Department can call when
16	they see somebody so there's just more services, more
17	resources available.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: So, are you
19	able to tell us how many like or like contracted
20	agencies or how many like organizations actually work
21	inside the subway systems now?
22	SUSAN HERMAN: So, BRC, the Bowery
23	Residence Committee works on… [cross-talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: Yeah, for
25	years… [cross-talk]

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN: …our subways.
3	COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: Uh-huh
4	SUSAN HERMAN: Sorry?
5	COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: They've
6	been doing that for years.
7	SUSAN HERMAN: Yes, but they're doing it
8	more
9	COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: Okay
10	[cross-talk]
11	SUSAN HERMAN:not, not even through
12	Thrive, I just happened to know through other work
13	that they are doing it more than they were before, I
14	also know that they are patrolling with police
15	officers and they're on subways, they used to be and
16	what they've been doing for years was on the
17	platforms now they are actually on trains as well
18	because they go now with officers. For the outreach
19	workers they experience much of what Council Member
20	Holden was saying, it's an enclosed space, it's not a
21	space that they all felt comfortable going without
22	police officers but there are now outreach teams of
23	clinicians and officers going together.
24	HILLARY KUNINS: If I can just add a

HILLARY KUNINS: If I can just add a little bit to what Susan is saying and I appreciate 25

## ADDICTIONS

what Council both Council Members just pointed out
about subways, I think what's important to know about
Thrive and generally both the Health Department and
citywide work is that we have expanded an approach
that's active engagement finding people offering them
services, in the context of Thrive there is something
called Safe NYC which is really a, a as we've called
it a suite of services to reach people who have not
otherwise been engaged in care that could reduce
behaviors that some of which you're, you know
rightly pointed out so the ACT teams which we've
already mentioned there's other, other approaches
something called intensive mobile treatment or IMT
teams and these teams provide broad mental health
approaches for people in need of care, I'm looking at
my notes and there's also something called forensic
ACT teams. Additionally, support expansion of
supportive housing under NYNY 15/15 is also a way to
engage people in alternate places and to connect them
more fully to care. The other program I just want to
mention that Susan alluded to is something called co-
response teams or CRT teams, these were expanded
under ThriveNYC, these are instances in which police
and a clinician respond together to an, an instance

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#### ADDICTIONS

of somebody who seems to be having a behavioral health condition so police officer is there for safety, for both people around the situation as well as the person, the clinician is there to help with inform a clinical response. Most recently, in November the Health Department launched something called HEAT, Health Engagement and Assessment Teams, these are health only teams that work with people in streets, in parks to form both relationships to offer and engage and promote whatever services the person seems like they need; mental health, substance use... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Housing... [cross-talk]

HILLARY KUNINS: ...housing and is a way to establish more of a health presence on the ground where people are in order to pull them into care in order to establish trust and engage them so this is not in the subways but again thinking about the subways as part of the larger context of reaching people with serious mental health conditions both within Thrive and across the portfolio of work I would say both at the Health Department and beyond.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: This... this is just a quick statement and then I'll end there.

#### ADDICTIONS

Guided Riverside project reach out and I used to be a

So, and I know people know that I used to work for

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SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh...

case manager on a mobile ACT team ...

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: ...and that was my job to go around and engage mentally ill homeless individuals that was my job and when I was working for Guided Riverside and my area was Central Park... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: ...in the Upper West Side in that area and after that I was a discharge planner on an inpatient psych unit so like I know the field...

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh...

I'm noticing now is I see more mentally ill homeless people in the street and on the subways then I did when I was actually working directly in the field and when I hear the numbers and all of the different programs with Thrive and it seems like... I, I kind of say the same thing over and over and over and I was like Groundhog Day but I just... it's... I'm... it just baffles me like with just so much attention and focus

# ADDICTIONS

and financial resources allocated to this specific
issue like why do we see an increase in like just so
many people like I can walk 15 years ago, ten years
ago I, I couldn't walk down a street and see along an
entire block ten people literally sleeping on a
mattress in, in front of a store, I didn't you
didn't I didn't see that before, you know we had to
go into the into the like hills within Central Park
and, and look for individuals and offer them a
sandwich, offer them a bag of food to engage them to
come into the van with us but now you, you don't
even have to walk a block and you see it and so to me
it's just it's just baffling that, you know here it
is we're spending 250 million dollars, whatever the
number is but we're seeing so many more people every
day, it's just very interesting to me. That's all.
CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Council Member
Deutsch.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Thank you Chair, thank you. So, you did mention that your annual budget is 250 million dollars and it's not 850

24 SUSAN HERMAN: I'm sorry?

million dollars...

1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: You said it's
3	not 800… the, the number 850, 850 million is not
4	accurate?
5	SUSAN HERMAN: 850… [cross-talk]
6	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Right [cross-
7	talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN:million dollars was a
9	was the number that was projected to be the four year
10	budget and that's a number that the, the city gave at
11	the very, very beginning of Thrive as what was
12	projected to be the budget, as each individual year's
13	budget was actually created that number went down and
14	the more accurate number for all of us to really be
15	working with is where are we now annually, annually
16	we've spending 250 million dollars on the Thrive
17	initiatives, it doesn't in any way mean that's all
18	that we're spending on mental health in New York,
19	that's what I wanted to make clear.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, if you take
21	250 over four years… [cross-talk]
22	SUSAN HERMAN: But there wasn't 250 over
23	four years, we are now… [cross-talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Oh [cross-talk]

# COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND 1 ADDICTIONS 2 SUSAN HERMAN: ...operating at... [cross-3 talkl COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...on the... on 250 4 5 so... [cross-talk] 6 SUSAN HERMAN: ...at 250. 7 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...250 over the next four years, right? So, is, is, is one billion 8 9 dollars, right? 10 SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh. 11 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, over the 12 next four years so it's actually more than 850 13 million because if you're looking at over four years 14 it's... it comes out to a billion dollars. 15 SUSAN HERMAN: Right... [cross-talk] 16 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, it's 17 actually... [cross-talk] 18 SUSAN HERMAN: ...they're, they're very... [cross-talk] 19 20 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...the 850 is kind of wrong but it's actually a lot higher which is good 21 22 because we should... [cross-talk] 23 SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah... [cross-talk]

# COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND 1 ADDICTIONS 2 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...be spending a 3 lot of... we should be spending money on mental... 4 [cross-talk] SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah... [cross-talk] 5 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...on mental 6 7 health. SUSAN HERMAN: And many people think 8 it's... [cross-talk] 9 10 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: But... [crosstalk 11 12 SUSAN HERMAN: ...an annual budget... [cross-13 talk] 14 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yeah, but I 15 have... [cross-talk] SUSAN HERMAN: ...which is not... [cross-16 17 talk] COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...problem with, 18 with how it's being spent so firstly I just want to 19 20 start off by saying that my budget in the City Council for my office is 500,000 dollars... 21 22 SUSAN HERMAN: Is how much? 23 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: 500,000 annually 24 so it's 500,000 dollars, I have approximately nine employees and I do case... we, we do direct contact

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# ADDICTIONS

2	with constituents who come into the office one on
3	one, everything gets logged in, right, it's called
4	council stat, every case that comes into my office
5	gets logged into a system so if you come over to me
6	today and or now and you ask me how many open cases
7	I have for any category of services that we provide I
8	would call my Chief of Staff right now because I
9	don't have a computer here and ask her to look at the
10	category and I'll give you the numbers in five
11	minutes of how many cases I had throughout the year
12	or thus far on each category, if you choose a
13	category… [cross-talk]
14	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh[cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...whether it's

Department of Transportation, potholes, mental health
issues, anything... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...and I'll give

you the exact number of how many cases I have.

Yesterday I Chaired the Veterans Committee and I

asked ThriveNYC what the stats are, how many cases

they have, there's no such type of statistics of what

cases they have, how many call in, follow ups, I

could tell you all my cases and what's open up until

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#### ADDICTIONS

today, what cases are closed because they was... that

was satisfied... [cross-talk]

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SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...I could give you exact numbers on the 500,000-dollar budget that includes staffing, that includes everything else in my office... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...I could give you... give me five minutes I'll give you any, any information you need. My issue is... I'll start from the beginning, beginning from yesterday, so I had in my... in my district I had three Asian Americans who were killed, they were killed only because they were Asians, they were killed going to work, being at work, providing for their families only not to come home that evening of January 15<sup>th</sup>. I wanted to get mental health training for the people in my district because honestly, I have ... I have to tell you that I have not learned as much about ThriveNYC of what they do and what they don't do until yesterday and today. In my district, 40<sup>th</sup> council district I could tell you right now that I haven't seen anything about ThriveNYC whether it's community based organization,

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#### ADDICTIONS

I cover probably I would say 100 percent of my meetings that means after I leave City Hall I go straight to civic meetings, community board meetings, precinct council meetings, I cover almost 100 percent of my meetings I have not seen ThriveNYC in five years at, at the meetings I go to. So, what I did was on January... on January 28<sup>th</sup> I decided to go on ThriveNYC on the online portal to request a mental health training which is called what they mentioned before... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Mental health first aid... [cross-talk]

mental health, yeah so I waited, waited, waited, I finally got a response about a week later acknowledging my message to them and I went on the portal Council Member Chaim Deutsch, I gave my address, my phone number, my cell number, everything only to get a, a call back about a week later. If I had a budget of 250 million dollars annually and I know that there's a mental health crisis here in, in New York City then that email, that means once I receive a message on the portal I would send an email back within five minutes acknowledging that I just

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#### ADDICTIONS

received the email then I'm just telling you what I would do, then within 24 hours that mental health training would be set up. Today is, is February 27<sup>th</sup>, they did get back to me and you have a few people in... who you do employ who are very responsive but today... as of today I don't have that mental health training set up yet, why? They told me that... at first a week later, it's an eight hour program, I told them that people work for a living and they don't have time to sit eight hours a day, I would like to have it spread out over four weeks, two hours a week and this way I can make a mental health program out of it and it's two hours a week just like the citizens police academy Susan you come from the NYPD that's a... I think an 18 week program.

SUSAN HERMAN: 16 I think, yeah...

and I was there I think in 1994, I was one of the first graduates and so all I wanted is... or four weeks, two hours a... two hours a day it might be a little shorter, it might be an hour and a hour because there's no lunch if we do it in the evening but whatever the case is it should have been set up

ADDICTIONS

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within 24 hours. As of today, I received two days,
three and a half hours... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...right, almost a month later, why, why can it be that an email comes back to me within 24 hours saying whatever you want, you want one hour a week over eight, eight weeks let's do it, the purpose is, is to get this training out to the community, that's number one...

SUSAN HERMAN: Can I... can I respond to that one first?

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yes, you could, yeah.

SUSAN HERMAN: So, so I don't know everything about your case, I've heard a little bit about the interaction and I think that we are... we are very mindful of the fact that mental health first aid is a... is a class that has a certain amount of learning that needs to be done and the experts that have shaped it around the world believe that to certify somebody you teach it a certain way, you have... the size of the class shouldn't go above a certain number and you certify them to... that they have graduated from this class. You asked for a

1	ADDICTIONS
2	modality that hadn't been offered before, it doesn't
3	mean that it can't… [cross-talk]
4	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Oh, so let them
5	keep the certification, I don't need the
6	certification… [cross-talk]
7	SUSAN HERMAN: Well that's, that's a
8	conversation… [cross-talk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: I just want the
10	training… [cross-talk]
11	SUSAN HERMAN:exactly, that's, that's
12	exactly the conversation, can we offer something else
13	in shorter times, does it change too much if you do
14	it just an hour at a time or can you do it two hours
15	at a time, what works so that's a conversation and
16	that's… [cross-talk]
17	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: But this
18	conversation is already a month but I'm just telling
19	you even now, even today if it has to do with the
20	certificates, right, the certification then they can
21	keep the certificate, I just want the training.
22	SUSAN HERMAN: It's not just the
23	certificate… [cross-talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: But, but
25	[cross-talk]

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN:it's what it represents.
3	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yeah, but if,
4	if… [cross-talk]
5	SUSAN HERMAN:if you're saying you're
6	offering… [cross-talk]
7	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:there's I
8	don't understand if there is training if, if, if
9	everything has to do with training people what's the
LO	difference if it's done… [cross-talk]
L1	SUSAN HERMAN: Oh, what's the… [cross-
L2	talk]
L3	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:over eight
L 4	weeks or 12 weeks?
L 5	SUSAN HERMAN: There's a there's a big
L 6	difference in whether you believe that some of the
L7	conversations that take place in a classroom build or
L8	each other or and, and whether people kind of forge
L 9	what you did from one week to another, you can do
20	you want to talk about… [cross-talk]
21	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Okay, so I, I'd
22	like to talk about it offline… [cross-talk]
23	SUSAN HERMAN: We're happy to.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:because none
25	of… because… [cross-talk]

1	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN: Happy to… [cross-talk]
3	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:yeah, because I
4	have more questions.
5	SUSAN HERMAN: Okay
6	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: But I'd like to
7	talk about it offline that if the conversation has to
8	go when it doesn't make sense to me still but I'd
9	like to have it offline conversation, so no you don't
10	have to answer, I'd like to have an offline
11	conversation about that to explain that to me so this
12	way I understand add then because this isn't this
13	was not explained so one second, that's let's,
14	let's, let's… [cross-talk]
15	SUSAN HERMAN: Fine… [cross-talk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:go further
17	we'll have an offline conversation on that. Second
18	secondly is the way ThriveNYC the way you do
19	outreach. So, I haven't heard anything about
20	ThriveNYC in my district, I did hear when I go to the
21	Mayor's press conference, he tells everyone to call
22	1-800-WELLS, right
23	SUSAN HERMAN: NYC Well
24	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: NYC Wells
25	SUSAN HERMAN: Right

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1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: It's only
3	because… [cross-talk]
4	SUSAN HERMAN: Just Well… [cross-talk]
5	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Well, okay so
6	I'm just telling you it's only because I hear him say
7	it, I don't even have the number right because I have
8	nothing in paper, I have nothing [cross-talk]
9	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh… [cross-talk]
10	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:it's all on,
11	you know an announcement that's made somewhere during
12	a conversation whatever the case is. In my office
13	like I said I attend all my meetings, why, because I,
14	I look at things like, you know something there's no
15	computers, there's no social medias, there's no
16	phones, nothing and for me to do outreach especially
17	to my constituents who don't speak English as a first
18	language… [cross-talk]
19	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh… [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:the way I do
21	outreach is to go physically out to them one on one
22	and to offer them what services I have [cross-talk]
23	SUSAN HERMAN: Right and those are what
24	Thrive… [cross-talk]

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#### ADDICTIONS

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...as, as if they don't have phone, they don't have internet, they have

SUSAN HERMAN: Right... [cross-talk]

no way to communicate... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...with me so I physically go out, I'm not saying you're not but I'm just saying that with a 250 million dollar a year budget I should already be sick of ThriveNYC and say get out of my district, I have not seen anything for 250 million dollars I have not seen anything so I don't know... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: May I respond?

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yes.

SUSAN HERMAN: Okay, it's... much of the work that Thrive does, the vast majority of the work that Thrive does is done by other city agencies and contractors, community based organizations, over 200 organizations that those city agencies contract with, we have never asked people when you are providing this service, when you are for instance, I know you're well aware of the crime victim advocate program, CVAP, that's a Thrive initiative, we have never said answer the phone Thrive or wear a Thrive t-shirt, what I care about is that people in your

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# ADDICTIONS

2	district know that there's a crime victim advocate in
3	their precinct, that's a Thrive initiative, what
4	matters to me is that they're doing the work. I've
5	got 100,000 people in New York who have all taken
6	mental health first aid, they don't have little
7	stickers that say graduated from mental health first
8	aid nor does it say Thrive, I just know that I've got
9	100,000 people who have done that and I bet you some
10	of them live in your district. I know that with
11	mental health service corps I'm placing people in
12	clinics and health care providers all over the city
13	including your district probably, chances are good.
14	I'm not asking them to call themselves Thrive
15	clinicians they work for a particular community-based
16	organization and they're doing their work. The people
17	who are engaged in social and emotional learning in
18	all of our schools, all Pre-K, Thrive initiative
19	wasn't happening before, senior centers, I think
20	you've got one in your district, we've got 25 senior
21	centers that now have clinicians because of Thrive,
22	they're not wearing a t-shirt that says I'm the
23	Thrive clinician, they work for a senior center. So,
24	if you want to know what's in your district, I'll
25	tell vou what's [cross-talk]

# COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND 1 ADDICTIONS 2 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: I'd love to 3 know... [cross-talk] SUSAN HERMAN: ...in your district... [cross-4 5 talk] 6 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...yeah, I would 7 love to know... [cross-talk] SUSAN HERMAN: ...but I can tell you... 8 9 [cross-talk] 10 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...but can you give me a breakdown... [cross-talk] 11 SUSAN HERMAN: ...Thrive is there and it's 12 13 intentional that we are not asking people to double brand, why would we do that? We are supporting the 14 15 work that they're doing. 16 CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Chaim I think ... 17 [cross-talk] 18 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Do you... yeah... [cross-talk] 19 20 CHAIRPERSON AYALA: We also... what... 21 [cross-talk] 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yeah, I'm almost done… [cross-talk] 23 24 CHAIRPERSON AYALA: No, no, no. Susan and I also met recently, and I did... I did put in a

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	request for each member to get a breakdown of the,
3	the services… [cross-talk]
4	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Right [cross-
5	talk]
6	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:that are being
7	provided by district because I think it's, it's
8	easier for members to process and to, you know have a
9	better understanding of what it looks like for them.
10	SUSAN HERMAN: Well I can tell you though
11	that some of it is as I said, mental health first aid
12	I can tell you where it's being taught, I don't know
13	how many people in your district I can tell you
14	whether it's in your district that it's being taught,
15	it doesn't mean that many people in your district
16	haven't taken it, doesn't mean that there aren't
17	clinicians there, it doesn't mean that of the 500,000
18	interactions with NYC Well that there haven't been
19	people in your district… [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: And that's and
21	that is… [cross-talk]
22	SUSAN HERMAN:that haven't called
23	[cross-talk]

1	ADDICTIONS				
2	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:great but if				
3	someone reaches out to NYC to ThriveNYC [cross-				
4	talk]				
5	SUSAN HERMAN: To NYC Well?				
6	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:that we should				
7	to… [cross-talk]				
8	SUSAN HERMAN:or to [cross-talk]				
9	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:to ThriveNYC				
10	then we should get a response about the training so,				
11	that we'll, we'll work with now				
12	SUSAN HERMAN: Well I should tell you				
13	right now that function has been shifted and that				
14	happened right around the end of January, that				
15	function is now it's not just that the mental health				
16	first aid is being taught by the Health Department				
17	they are also scheduling those classes but I will				
18	work with the Health Department to make sure that you				
19	get a good training in your district.				
20	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Great, thank you				
21	and one on one… [cross-talk]				
22	HILLARY KUNINS: And Council Member if I				
23	could just also [cross-talk]				
24	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yeah [cross-				
	1				

talk]

_	ADDICTIONS			
2	HILLARY KUNINS:just acknowledge that			
3	when very serious things happen in community, the			
4	your the loss of the, the folks in your district is			
5	of course extremely concerning and it's we just wan			
6	to say that mental health first aid may not be the			
7	only strategy there and we're happy to speak with yo			
8	to think about what a… what other ways we can help			
9	support you… [cross-talk]			
L 0	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Thank you			
L1	[cross-talk]			
L2	HILLARY KUNINS:to meet the needs.			
L3	SUSAN HERMAN: A range of clinicians and			
L 4	I would say Thrive initiative, CVAP, Crime Victim			
L5	Assistance Program should be talking to those			
L 6	families and should be working with them, Thrive			
L7	initiative, I don't care that they know its Thrive			
L8	but if you need help like that we'll get you the			
L 9	resources that they need.			
20	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Okay, so all I			
21	was asking is that when someone does go on the onling			
22	portal… [cross-talk]			
23	SUSAN HERMAN: Yep [cross-talk]			

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...then those

answers should come right away not a month later.

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	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL REALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN: And it's a suggestion
3	[cross-talk]
4	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, so that's
5	why… [cross-talk]
6	SUSAN HERMAN:we'll look at [cross-
7	talk]
8	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:I'm glad we're
9	here today and I had a hearing yesterday so now
10	hopefully now I'm be able to get it done. So, I just
11	want to mention that part of the 250 million dollars
12	is that from that funding does some of that funding
13	like you said you have other providers and community
14	based organizations who you refer out [cross-talk]
15	SUSAN HERMAN: That's in that [cross-
16	talk]
17	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:some of the
18	case… [cross-talk]
19	SUSAN HERMAN: That's in that.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So because
21	yesterday at the Veterans Committee there was a, a
22	non for profit who said they get phone calls from,
23	from ThriveNYC to do some mental health and I asked
24	them do you get any money from ThriveNYC and they
25	told me no, absolutely nothing.

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#### ADDICTIONS

SUSAN HERMAN: Well I'd like to look at

that, I'm not sure what kind... I'm not sure what

they're being asked to do by... when you say ThriveNYC

that's my office... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: That means your office... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: ...or the NYC Well who's referring them... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...they told... they told me... what they told me is that ThriveNYC refers a case over to them like... I said how often, not often, maybe once a month, so I said do you receive any funding from them and they said absolutely nothing.

SUSAN HERMAN: I, I have a feeling that what they're talking about is NYC Well refers a case to them.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Is it... is it possible to get... to give us a breakdown of the 250 which organizations and non for profits and community based get funded part of this 250 this way my office knows so this way maybe we could contact them directly if they're funded by, by ThriveNYC?

SUSAN HERMAN: Let me just say that there are many community... there are many clinical providers

1	ADDICTIONS				
2	that NYC Well refers people to who don't necessarily				
3	get Thrive funding that are serving [cross-talk]				
4	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, but yeah,				
5	but so what is [cross-talk]				
6	SUSAN HERMAN:the community, they get				
7	other funding [cross-talk]				
8	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, what is it				
9	where is the… [cross-talk]				
10	SUSAN HERMAN:they're serving people				
11	[cross-talk]				
12	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:250 million				
13	dollars going to, it's two million for staffing,				
14	right, you have two, two million annually for				
15	staffing, right… [cross-talk]				
16	SUSAN HERMAN: Now [cross-talk]				
17	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:and now so				
18	where's the rest of the money?				
19	SUSAN HERMAN: I think you have a				
20	breakdown of which agencies have funding and if not,				
21	we'll get you that but I think we distributed that to				
22	you, there's a breakdown… [cross-talk]				
23	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, so that's				
24	funded… [cross-talk]				
25	SUSAN HERMAN:of agencies [cross-talk]				

# COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND ADDICTIONS

SUSAN HERMAN: Thrive initiatives, all of the Thrive initiatives... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Thrive

initiatives so it's 40... like 47 I think, right?

SUSAN HERMAN: No, there's... I think there are 54 initiatives that are in the... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: 54, okay...

[cross-talk]

12 SUSAN HERMAN: ...in the budget that you've 13 seen.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, that's where the funding is going so it's going to other agencies and... as well as non... [cross-talk]

 $\label{eq:SUSAN HERMAN: Who, who either use that} % \[ \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)$ 

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: And the... as well as non for profits?

SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah, they contract out with non-profits.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: And we have the list, is it... [cross-talk]

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN: I don't have the list of
3	non-profits… [cross-talk]
4	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yeah, so
5	[cross-talk]
6	SUSAN HERMAN:we got the list of the
7	agencies, the city agencies that manage that money.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yeah, so I'd
9	like to see also the non for profits this way I know
10	which non for profits [cross-talk]
11	SUSAN HERMAN: But, but you see what I'm
12	what I'm trying to say is that when, when somebody
13	from NYC Well and you can talk about this, when they
14	refer to an agency it doesn't mean that that agency
15	gets Thrive funding, it means that they serve people
16	with mental health problems and they already are
17	funded and set up to do that.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yeah, so they're
19	funded otherwise, no but I still want to know where
20	that 250 million dollars is 248 million annually
21	because two million is for staffing so the other
22	additional 248 million so which agencies they go

they go to and which non for profits get, get funded

24 from... [cross-talk]

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#### ADDICTIONS

saying... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: I understand what you're

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...there and what the breakdown is so this way we know that exactly where the money is going to because when you're mentioning... when, when I go back to my, my district and I say yeah, ThriveNYC 250 million dollars a year they'll go crazy so I just want to know for myself, I, I go crazy...

SUSAN HERMAN: See you're going crazy because you're not counting all these things that you can't see like mental health first aid.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, that's what I'm saying, so if... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Can't say... [cross-talk]

if I know where the funding goes in as well as my colleagues here then we know, we understand... you know until this day we don't understand why a bathroom in a park costs three million dollars, we still don't understand it but I'd like to understand this, you're telling me that I could understand it so I just want to know for myself this way I could better understand where that funding is going and how it's being

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	ADDICTIONS
2	utilized, that breakdown of 248 million dollars and,
3	and also when you refer someone to a non for profit
4	for example the one I spoke to yesterday that either
5	gets reached out to, to ThriveNYC or, or Well or
6	Well… [cross-talk]
7	SUSAN HERMAN: Well [cross-talk]
8	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:I'm not sure
9	which one how do they get vetted before you send the
LO	a mental health patient or someone with mental healt
L1	issues, how do you vet that non for profit because
L2	it's a very sensitive… [cross-talk]
L3	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh… [cross-talk]
L4	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:issue
L5	SUSAN HERMAN: I'm going to ask Dr.
L6	Kunins to talk… [cross-talk]
L7	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yeah [cross-
L8	talk]
L9	SUSAN HERMAN:about that.
20	HILLARY KUNINS: So, I think one of what
21	I believe you're referring to is the service NYC Wel
22	which is a crisis help and referral line, we… they
23	refer to licensed treatment providers, the state
24	function is to license mental health substance use

providers through a certification process so that is ...

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and that ensures credentialed providers, certain standards are met, typically those providers bill insurance for their services and so the referral is a way to connect a New Yorker who might not know where to get help to a non for profit, treatment program that's convenient to them; work, home, whatever and so that is the connecting function of NYC Well.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, when someone calls NYC Well does NYC Well because they received the initial call, do they follow up with that...

[cross-talk]

offer a couple of things, they offer to help make the connection to connect them telephonically, they also offer, gee would you like us to follow up with you to see if you were able to make that appointment, so there's an offer made, it's not done routinely and it's only done with the person's permission. The other thing I'll point out is one of the ways in which ThriveNYC has enabled the expansion...

establishment and expansion of this service is often people don't actually know what kind of help is out there or they might need and so trained masters level counselors who answer the phones are able to help the

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#### ADDICTIONS

individual calling whether it's the person who themselves needs help or a friend or a family member to help sort that out and advise about what might be the best kind of help you need.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, if you call 3-1-1 do, they connect you to, to 1-800-WELL?

HILLARY KUNINS: I'm... I, I missed your question I... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: If you called... if someone calls 3-1-1 do, they connect you to... [cross-talk]

HILLARY KUNINS: Yeah, so 3-1-1 can then refer to NYC Well if, if it's a mental health problem that the person is calling about or has a crisis that they want to get on the phone counseling about so Susan's just pointing out also that sometimes the phone call is enough, brief counseling, brief advice is all that the person needs at that moment and that service is available as well.

GOUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, why do you give out the number 1-800-NYC-WELL when yesterday at, at my hearing the... Commissioner Sutton said that people who have a mental health issue might not remember that especially when it comes to a crisis

1	ADDICTIONS
2	but they should 3-1-1 so why wouldn't you just direct
3	them to 3-1-1 as opposed to giving them this number
4	which I forgot and I'll probably forget in five
5	minutes from now because I didn't write it down
6	[cross-talk]
7	SUSAN HERMAN: You can call either one
8	[cross-talk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: What no, no
10	yeah, but why you are giving out this first number
11	when people could just call 3-1-1 because yesterday
12	when we had I had a hearing and Commissioner Sutton
13	said it's better to give the 3-1-1 because when
14	people are in a crisis you want them to give an easy
15	number, 3-1-1 because they already know that.
16	SUSAN HERMAN: Actually, we're finding
17	that you can you can call 3-1-1 if you're in
18	immediate crisis, if you're in immediate crisis you
19	should be calling 9-1-1, right, immediate crisis
20	[cross-talk]
21	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: If it's not if
22	it's not… [cross-talk]
23	SUSAN HERMAN:but [cross-talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:immediate
25	crisis and they want to call

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	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN: We're, we're you know we
3	have 500,000 interactions with New Yorkers who, who
4	are remembering NYC Well and the counselors who
5	answer that phone are especially trained and as Dr.
6	Kunins said they are they are trained to a differen
7	level of expertise… [cross-talk]
8	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: It's 24 hours,
9	right… [cross-talk]
10	SUSAN HERMAN:than 3-1-1 24 hours a
11	day, they are trained, they are they're doing not
12	only the suicide prevention work that LifeNet was
13	doing but a whole range of other kinds of problems.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: How many phone
15	calls do they does 1-800 1-800-NYC-WELL receive
16	annually?
17	SUSAN HERMAN: Well I think [cross-talk]
18	HILLARY KUNINS: I didn't hear what he
19	said.
20	SUSAN HERMAN: How many phone calls
21	annually, I think we… what is it?
22	HILLARY KUNINS: So, NYC Well answered
23	200 and more than 250 calls in, in fiscal year '18
24	so last fiscal year.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, 250 calls...

# COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND 1 ADDICTIONS 2 HILLARY KUNINS: Thousand... 3 SUSAN HERMAN: Thousand... HILLARY KUNINS: 250 thousand... [cross-4 5 talk] 6 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Oh ... okay, wow. 7 Okay, you said... you said two... like... [cross-talk] 8 SUSAN HERMAN: You remember 250 billion, 9 you get the ... get to the ... [cross-talk] 10 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Yeah, well it's not the... [cross-talk] 11 SUSAN HERMAN: ...250,000... [cross-talk] 12 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: ...yeah... [cross-13 14 talk 15 SUSAN HERMAN: ...you know, right... 16 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Okay, finally 17 one last question because I want to give it over to ... 18 give it back to the Chair. Does... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Well it's welcome to 19 20 the committee ... 21 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: I have a lot 2.2 more, I have like three pages here, but we'll do it 23 offline. One last question, next door we have a

25 SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [Cross-talk]

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hearing on marijuana legalization... [cross-talk]

1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:I gave my
3	position there, it's on my twitter because I just
4	retweeted… [cross-talk]
5	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh… [cross-talk]
6	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:for the
7	reporters, I have a lot of issues there. What is
8	ThriveNYC's position regarding in legalization of
9	marijuana?
LO	SUSAN HERMAN: I, I mean I'll be glad to
L1	refer that to the Health Department for a health
L2	analysis of it, ThriveNYC doesn't take a particular
L3	position on any legislation that's different from
L 4	the… [cross-talk]
L5	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, I'll hear
L 6	from [cross-talk]
L7	SUSAN HERMAN:administration, no but
L8	she's… [cross-talk]
L 9	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:I'll, I'll hear
20	from… [cross-talk]
21	SUSAN HERMAN:she's not going to give a
22	legislative answer, she can tell you about the
23	scientific research around marijuana, but we are all
2.4	city agencies and we have one position as a city.

#### ADDICTIONS

HILLARY KUNINS:

that one part of marijuana which is we are aware that it can... it can produce a... it, it is associated with an addiction similar to other legal substances like nicotine and alcohol and as such licensed substance use disorder treatment providers and prevention

I just want to mention

of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse services as well as some of the contracts that the city Health Department

programs which are funded through the state, Office

manages are all prepared to address and integrate the

care of people with a, a marijuana addiction into

their routine care.

SUSAN HERMAN: Council Member can I... we can also talk more offline about your other questions and I look forward to doing that but I'd like to give you just one update from what I understand a question that you asked yesterday which was how many veterans have taken the mental health first aid that is designed specifically for veterans, there were 251 of them who were hosted by DVS and DVS has its own trained... specifically trained trainers to offer mental health first aid but there were also 218 who took the mental health first aid also for vets that is offered through DOHMH so we know that 469 people

1	ADDICTIONS
2	have been trained in the vet's mental health first
3	aid, we have… we don't know how many other vets took
4	the mental health first aid that is offered in the
4	the mental health lirst and that is offered in the
5	community, I imagine many as well but I just wanted
6	[cross-talk]
7	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Thank you
8	[cross-talk]
9	SUSAN HERMAN:to give you that fact
10	with your… [cross-talk]
11	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:so, I would
12	like to expand that, you have 210,000 veterans in New
13	York City… [cross-talk]
14	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
15	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:so I would like
16	to work with your office to bring in to offer the
17	mental health… [cross-talk]
18	SUSAN HERMAN: Happy to do that [cross-
19	talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:treatment
21	because… [cross-talk]
22	SUSAN HERMAN:be happy to do that
23	[cross-talk]
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	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:as you know
3	veterans every day, we have across the country 20
4	suicides a day
5	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh
6	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:20 suicides a
7	day so… [cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN: Be happy to do that
9	[cross-talk]
10	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Okay [cross-
11	talk]
12	SUSAN HERMAN:I also want to say as you
13	know because I know this is a special interest of
14	yours that veterans are being screened for mental
15	health problems by the veterans administration at a
16	much higher rate than they used to be so veterans who
17	are experiencing significant mental health problems
18	are not only being screened but are also getting more
19	assistance than they were before, mental health first
20	aid isn't necessarily the only thing that they should
21	be we should be looking at [cross-talk]
22	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Right, it's a
23	start.
24	SUSAN HERMAN: It's a start.

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1	ADDICTIONS
2	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, we have to
3	start from somewhere
4	SUSAN HERMAN: Be happy to work with you,
5	yep.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Okay, thank you
7	[cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN: Yep [cross-talk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH:thank you very
10	much.
11	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you Council
12	Member Deutsch. Alright, so I have some questions,
13	I'm going to go back to your testimony a little bit
14	because I, I have some questions about some of the,
15	the, the newer initiatives. So, regarding schools and
16	the mental health services that we're providing there
17	when you say mental health providers are these
18	individuals that have been trained in mental health
19	first aid, are they actual therapist licensed
20	therapist
21	SUSAN HERMAN: When I say mental health
22	providers, I'm talking about licensed providers
23	[cross-talk]
24	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Licensed [cross-

talk]

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	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN:of different levels but
3	when I'm talking about providers, they have much more
4	than mental health first aid.
5	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay and these
6	experts are also connecting schools to a range of
7	mental health resources, are those community-based
8	resources, do you… [cross-talk]
9	SUSAN HERMAN: Likely, likely they are,

Likely, likely they are, yeah.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay. In regard to the homeless shelters so we're providing services there but is the same happening at the safe havens, are you familiar with the safe havens?

SUSAN HERMAN: Yes, I am.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Are we providing licensed social workers, a therapist to provide services to active drug users that are currently living in safe havens?

SUSAN HERMAN: So, so my testimony was talking about how we added 312 social workers to the shelter system, I know that the shelter system... that's not the total that they have, that is the Thrive filling in gaps again but I'm going to turn to

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2 Erin Drinkwater from DHS who's going to talk about 3 the whole picture for a minute.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: You didn't think we were going to call you up Erin, couldn't resist.

ERIN DRINKWATER: Do I need to... [cross-talk]

COMMITTEE CLERK: Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this Committee and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?

ERIN DRINKWATER: I do.

COMMITTEE CLERK: Thank you.

the 312 social workers are for in our family with children shelters so it does not address your question in regard to the safe havens but as you're aware from other hearings that we've participated in DHS and this administration has made an unprecedented investment in terms of looking at the provision of social services across the system to ensure that we are treating our clients and meeting them... meeting them where they are at. To your point around the safe havens which are one of our lower threshold engagements with our clients, so we do have

1	ADDICTIONS
2	additional resources there as well for clients who
3	are experiencing mental health issues and need that
4	type of assistance.
5	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Uh-huh, do you know
6	how many safe havens we have citywide, there aren't
7	that many, I know there aren't as many as there are
8	shelters
9	ERIN DRINKWATER: I would I off the top
LO	of my head I don't know that number, but I can get
L1	back to you.
L2	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: But do you know if,
L3	if, if all existing safe havens have a mental health
L 4	provider on site?
L5	ERIN DRINKWATER: Again, I would get back
L6	to you. In regard to the Thrive associated services
L7	they're not associated with [cross-talk]
L8	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay [cross-talk]
L9	ERIN DRINKWATER:the, the Thrive
20	initiative.
21	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay. Alright, thank
22	you. I have a question around the maternal depression
23	because it seems like the a lot of the focus is
24	given to new mothers and right immediately after

delivery...

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SUSAN HERMAN: Before and after.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Is before and after

so I wonder because of the... when, when I... when I had my first... my first baby who is 28 now, he's no longer a baby but when I had him I was a teenager, I was 16 years old, his father had been murdered a few months before and I remember everyone telling me how, how in love I was going to be with this little person as soon as I saw him, I was going to lock eyes with him and I was going to know no love greater than the love of a mother and a child and I remember giving birth and it being a very traumatizing experience for a 16 year old and I remember looking at my baby and there was nothing... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...and he was really cute and I wanted to get to know him a little bit better but there was nothing and I felt so tremendously guilty about that, I still carry guilt about that, it wasn't until many years ago as an adult in college that I was reading a... it was a book, I think it's called By a Woman Born and the author describes her experiences with parenting and not always liking her children and she kind of humanized

ERIN DRINKWATER: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

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2	it and humanized the experiences of postpartum
3	depression and, and I, I it, it really
4	alleviated a lot of the guilt that I had been
5	carrying for many years because I immediately bond I
6	bonded, you know eventually, it took me about two
7	weeks but I, I understood since then that I was
8	probably experiencing some level of postpartum
9	depression that was probably also the, the fact that
10	I had such a traumatic experience prior to the, the,
11	the arrival of my son having contributed to that but
12	I left the hospital and there was no real after care
13	and so I wonder if it most of us don't know that we
14	are suffering from postpartum depression until maybe
15	a few weeks sometimes a few months after delivery,
16	how are we are is there a way to capture and to
17	screen those, those mothers who we may not have
18	necessarily been able to, to screen properly or maybe
19	we weren't there was no there was no issue, right
20	at the time that they were discharged?
21	SUSAN HERMAN: We're going up to two
22	months?

HILLARY KUNINS: While we're getting the exact answer just Council Member you are the model for being willing to talk about difficult issues and

1	ADDICTIONS
2	really raising awareness of this and, and really
3	breaking some of the stigma and I generally 28 years
4	later overall, we are doing a better job screening.
5	In our current program which is happening both
6	health in Health and Hospital systems as well as in
7	some of the voluntary hospitals across a total 29
8	hospital systems, we are doing screening both pre-
9	natal while the mom is pregnant and post-natal during
10	follow up and it goes up to
11	SUSAN HERMAN: Up to six weeks. So and
12	well-baby visits, they're doing [cross-talk]
13	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: The well-baby visit
14	[cross-talk]
15	SUSAN HERMAN:they're doing post-natal
16	screening for maternal depression.
17	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay. I'm actually
18	really excited about this program.
19	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah, me too. Yeah, me
20	too.
21	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: And I think that
22	there was one more on the older adults, it's my
23	favorite subject.
24	SUSAN HERMAN: Okay.

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CHAIRPERSON AYALA: I was a senior center

director for many years and I actually interned at

Bronx Community College with a program called Project

SOS which was a homebound program and a lot of the

seniors that I was responsible for visiting suffered

from sort of mental health... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...issue and so I was very fortunate in that I was trained with, you know social workers who had masters degrees and whose livelihood, you know depended on... revolved around this type of work and so when I started working at the local senior center as a... as an intake worker of case assistance I was pretty able to identify symptoms and some of them were pretty evident, right, like the, the lady that stood in front of the, the ... you know in the middle of traffic every morning blessing all of the vehicles as they came by, there was a woman who dressed all in black and had carried this humongous cross who had, you know suffered a tremendous loss in her family, her husband and her children had been murdered and everybody was, you know afraid of her but she was suffering from some sort of post-traumatic stress... [cross-talk]

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SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...there was the, the woman who was convinced that her next door neighbor who was a drug dealer was, you know coming into her home while she was there with a master key and injecting her every night with HIV and, and, and we were not doing anything to address that and it was very eye opening but also very sad for me to, to realize that we really were not equipped with the resources necessary to adequately identify and refer these individuals. In Manhattan specifically in my district we're very fortunate because we have the SPOP program... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...so when I heard that through Thrive there were 25 new social workers that had been introduced to senior center settings I was very excited about that and then after reading the information I think there was a, a published report through DOHMH that, that corelated the need for mental health services specifically in communities of color and communities of extreme poverty then I was even more excited because I knew that that was my community. I have one senior center I believe Covello

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Senior Center might be the recipient of one of those workers but in the South Bronx where I... you know I represent the, the poorest congressional district and we're, we're lacking in resources it was very difficult for me to even get through initiative funding a program that will come out and provide a direct service and so I wonder how... what was the process for identifying these 25 sites and was there like a criteria that had be, be met in order to qualify?

SUSAN HERMAN: So, the, the process of identifying those sites as... is similar to the process of identifying any organization that we work with, sometimes there's an RFP process but we generally... we follow the city's rules, the procurement rules, the contracting rules and when appropriate an RFP process so we can look at anything in particular that you want to look at but we can tell you the process for anyone of these initiatives, how the vendors were selected and, and what we'll be doing going forward. I look... I want to... just for a second, I'm sorry, it's a, a tangent but I want to correct or add to the answer that I gave you about the screenings, I think that we're talking about up

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2 to six weeks in the entire collaborative but H and H hospitals are also screening up to two years in H and 3 H pediatric visits so that's a... that's a really good thing for the maternal depression... [cross-talk] 5

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: That is a really good thing... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: ...program. In terms of the, the seniors though let's go back, I want to be clear they needed to have the space to do the work in the senior centers, they didn't have prior services that we were building on, we wanted to be really creating work that wasn't there already and they had to have an interest and they had to have a need that they demonstrated. We, we talked about two different kinds of programs though in my testimony and one was the senior center work where we have a clinician and the other was maybe comparable to what you were doing but even more community member, visiting homebound seniors that are particularly at risk for social isolation that leads to depression, right, so they may or may not be suffering from it at the moment but they are at risk, all those volunteers are trained not only to be just engaging those seniors but when they see signs that somebody needs more sophisticated

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#### ADDICTIONS

level of help they're referring them back to the

Department for the Aging to connect them with those

services so we are in places, we're also in people's

homes.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Yeah, I'm, I'm always really just concerned about how, how these individuals are accessing that, that, that help, how they're being connected to these services because it isn't... you know it, it isn't... it's, it's difficult when you are working in an under resourced program such as, you know many of our senior centers are and things that happen so quickly and you're multitasking to really, you know have the, the ability to measure, right, is this like... is this a consistent pattern, is this normal behavior in this individual... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]
CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...something seems, you

know to be off... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...and often times like

I, I, I'll tell you have a... I had a client who I

still visit, you know my local senior centers quite

regularly and they know me because they've seen me,

you know grow up and I, I had a senior who was... there

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#### ADDICTIONS

was a couple her... she was the caregiver and eventually, you know she became... she, she had a, a... she came down with... she didn't come down with, she was diagnosed with advanced dementia and so now the husband who was very ill became the caregiver for her but the, the senior center wasn't really dealing with that and they didn't know what to do with her and so... which is why I'm, I'm... you know introducing legislation, I've introduced legislation to require that all intake workers at senior center settings are trained in mental health first aid because I think that identifying is, you know the first step... [crosstalk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...and then, you know referring obviously is critical but who are we referring to and in a community like the South Bronx where we are lacking in, in, in services I can't... I cannot depend on referral-based programming because I don't know, there's no guarantee and there's no metrics to measure whether a person actually was connected or not.

SUSAN HERMAN: I think... I think that mental health first aid is successfully helping

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	people feel more confident making those kinds of
3	referrals, engaging people in those conversations an
4	making appropriate referrals.
5	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Understood. See I
6	wasn't going to has this question next but because
7	you, you mentioned that most of the programs are
8	selected through an RFP process [cross-talk]
9	SUSAN HERMAN: No, some RFP, some through
10	standard procurement [cross-talk]
11	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay [cross-talk]
12	SUSAN HERMAN:processes and some
13	through our contracting [cross-talk]
14	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, that's what I
15	wanted to kind of understand is how the, the, the
16	community partners identified, vetted or selected fo
17	the contracts, is that
18	SUSAN HERMAN: It's those ways; standard,
19	city procurement methods.
20	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay. Could you so,
21	we're going to I, I want to go into the, the budget
22	a little bit, could you explain what the OMB budget
23	codes for ThriveNYC programs are other than Thrive

mental health first, Thrive mental health services

	COMMITTED ON THE VIEW METALLIN, BIOLOGISTICS AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	corps and ThriveNYC Well call center, is there like
3	some clarification… [cross-talk]
4	SUSAN HERMAN: I'm sorry, you're asking
5	for the budget for those particular programs?
6	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: The, the budget codes
7	for… [cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN: The budget codes I don't
9	know what the OMB budget codes are.
LO	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: These are budget
L1	codes, right and they, they I don't and I'm not
L2	I'm not the, the… I'm not the, the finance… [cross-
L3	talk]
L 4	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah [cross-talk]
L5	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:specialist here but
L6	I am told that if you look up by code in the city
L7	budget it'll give you a breakdown of what exactly
L8	how much money has been allotted per agency and for
L 9	what services but they're when we when [cross-
20	talk]
21	SUSAN HERMAN: I can I can give you a
22	breakdown… [cross-talk]
23	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Could you [cross-
24	talk]

1	ADDICTIONS
2	SUSAN HERMAN:of how much money I, I
3	don't know the budget codes, I can give you a
4	breakdown of how much Thrive money went to which city
5	agency.
6	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay, do you think
7	that we can get that information [cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN: I think you already
9	[cross-talk]
10	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:prior to the
11	[cross-talk]
12	SUSAN HERMAN:have it actually but we
13	can some of you got it and some of you don't but I
14	don't know what the budget codes are.
15	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay, but we, we will
16	be getting a breakdown?
17	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah, I don't believe that
18	in most city agencies there's a separate budget code
19	for Thrive, I can tell you how much money went to
20	them.
21	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: There, there are,
22	there are actually ten that are listed that are
23	specific to Thrive on the budget.
24	SUSAN HERMAN: I'll, I'll look let's

[cross-talk]

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay [cross-talk]
3	SUSAN HERMAN:talk about this [cross-
4	talk]
5	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay. Is there any
6	detailed delineation between that new funding and
7	existing funding, this is all I mean I'm sure that
8	some of it you may have to get back to us on but
9	[cross-talk]
10	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah, yeah, as I think we
11	will… if you want a breakdown of what was new as of
12	2016… [cross-talk]
13	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Yes… [cross-talk]
14	SUSAN HERMAN: As of 2016 and what pre-
15	existed we can tell you that.
16	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: And could you tell us
17	who oversees the budget, who's the, the point person
18	to ensure that the funding is being used
19	appropriately?
20	SUSAN HERMAN: So, this is [cross-talk]
21	HILLARY KUNINS: At all [cross-talk]
22	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: The new office?
23	SUSAN HERMAN: Budget oversight is it's a
24	collaborative process, it's OMB, it's the ThriveNYC
25	office.

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay
3	SUSAN HERMAN: The agencies themselves
4	they have great ownership over it.
5	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, you mentioned
6	that in the… and again this is also part of the
7	budget, you mentioned that there were 25 ThriveNYC
8	staffers but in the budget we only… [cross-talk]
9	SUSAN HERMAN: 21 [cross-talk]
10	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:see 21, sorry
11	[cross-talk]
12	SUSAN HERMAN: 21
13	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: But there are but,
14	but the budget only reflects two, are these new hires
15	or are these just haven't… [cross-talk]
16	SUSAN HERMAN: So… [cross-talk]
17	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:been updated?
18	SUSAN HERMAN: So, the Thrive team is
19	being folded into the new ThriveNYC office, the
20	Mayoral office of ThriveNYC and everybody who was on
21	technically on the Deputy Mayor Thompson's staff is
22	being moved over and we will they will report to me
23	and they will I ultimately report to Deputy Mayor
24	Fuleihan.

	COLUMN THE CONTROL OF
1	ADDICTIONS
2	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, under the new
3	office there's an umbrella under, under your umbrella
4	you would have 21?
5	SUSAN HERMAN: That's what I have now.
6	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: That's what you have
7	now, is there a plan to grow?
8	SUSAN HERMAN: Yes.
9	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Do you know [cross-
10	talk]
11	SUSAN HERMAN: No.
12	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:how much okay.
13	Okay, I had to ask. I had to ask. Alright, so in, in
14	your testimony you mentioned that ThriveNYC is
15	working with over 20 agencies however, the chapter
16	that provides metrics in the Mayor's Management
17	report only includes 13 [cross-talk]
18	SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
19	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:do you know why some
20	would be missing and how do you decide what the
21	metrics are for each agency staff or mayoral staff
22	or
23	SUSAN HERMAN: So, the mental health
24	counsel which is overseen by my office has over 20
25	agencies in that counsel, doesn't mean that every

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### ADDICTIONS

single agency on that counsel has a designated Thrive
initiative it means that all of them have been
encouraged to do work that both promotes mental
health within their employees, within city
government, promotes mental health generally in their
work. We're trying to get across a notion that across
every city agency all relevant city agencies we
should be thinking about mental health in all the
work that we do. so, that's why some of them are not
in there because they don't have specifically funded
Thrive initiatives that doesn't mean they're not
doing work that promotes mental health or they're
thinking about providing mental health support in a
new way.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: And then how do we...
how do we create a, a point of clarity because I
think that that's where the confusion lies, right
because they're not included in the metrics... in the...
in the documents but you, you count them as part of
the Thrive initiatives so I think that's where people
kind of get... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: It doesn't mean they get funding... [cross-talk]

	COLUMN THE CONTROL OF THE COLUMN
1	ADDICTIONS
2	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:confused, they
3	don't… [cross-talk]
4	SUSAN HERMAN:there are a lot of people
5	doing work… [cross-talk]
6	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: But even if that was
7	even if that was the explained I think that that is
8	either… [cross-talk]
9	SUSAN HERMAN: But they wouldn't have a
10	budget code, I mean you're, you're [cross-talk]
11	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Yeah [cross-talk]
12	SUSAN HERMAN:looking at a budget code
13	and asking me why don't we have 20 agencies, 20
14	agencies don't get funding.
15	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: I, I understand that
16	but I think that that's where the… why some of the
17	members are confused is because they don't see it
18	and right and so you need to even if I see that
19	it's it that there's a zero, you know attached I
20	know that this program is being counted as part of
21	the Thrive, you know… [cross-talk]
22	SUSAN HERMAN: See, whet's, what's,
23	what's challenging about this is we're not creating
24	widgets, right, we're not it's not a factory and we
25	can't say we, we made X number of widgets this year

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and now we have 20 agencies making Y number of
widgets, some of this is work that we hope through
conversations for instance that the mental health
counsel that we are encouraging and promoting the
work of agencies to do things on their own, I hope
that there's a lot of work being done in agencies
that continues to grow and that I don't actually have
to know everything about it, I'd like to know more
about what agencies are doing and that's what we talk
about in the mental health counsel because I've been
a part of it for the last several years but I, I on
my way out of the police department I saw, saw pieces
of information that were given to police officers
that had resources, places for them to call, talk to
POPPA, the internal agency if you're suffering from a
particular problem, you have personal issues, you
want to talk to somebody and it had the name of
POPPA, it had the name of various helplines and there
it was NYC Well and I thought okay, does the
ThriveNYC office know about that, no, am I glad the
police department's doing it, absolutely. So, when we
say it's hard for the counsel to wrap your arms
around it it's because we are encouraging a lot of
independent work and not requiring branding every

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	ADDICTIONS
2	time somebody does something that either is directly
3	related to Thrive or is just has been fostered by
4	the conversation that's going on across city
5	government, this is a mark of success as far as I'm
6	concerned.
7	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: I [cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN: I understand why it's hard
9	to get your arms around it but it in part it's a
10	mark of success.
11	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: So, how do you decide
12	what gets called a Thrive initiative and what is just
13	an agency mental health project but isn't Thrive, who
14	makes that decision, I know you're I know that this
15	is a new role now, is that… [cross-talk]
16	SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah [cross-talk]
17	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:something that
18	[cross-talk]
19	SUSAN HERMAN: So, so in week three on
20	the job I can say that we're… [cross-talk]
21	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Congratulations
22	[cross-talk]
23	SUSAN HERMAN:looking at that, we're
24	looking at it.

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CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay, I appreciate it. I have one final question and I don't know if Bob has anything else to add but I just... I wonder and I think that this is going to... we're going to have this conversation several times, how does Thrive outlive this administration, how do we continue this work beyond the First Lady?

SUSAN HERMAN: Well it is certainly grown already way beyond the First Lady because we've just now taken a big step in that direction by institutionalizing the central role of Thrive into a mayoral office of Thrive that reports directly to the First Deputy Mayor. Mayor De Blasio has embraced ThriveNYC as one of his top priorities, I think we demonstrate the success of Thrive, we, we help Council Members understand where it is and that you are seeing it you just don't necessarily know it's Thrive all the time, maybe we need to get jackets that say Thrive I don't know but I do think that we demonstrate the success of the initiatives and we work towards sustainability over the next few years and that's a conversation between our office and the City Council and I really do look forward to having

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#### ADDICTIONS

2 them, we need to be looking about... looking to 3 sustainability now.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: I, I agree, I'm, I'm really concerned that beyond the new initiatives that those that are considered unfunded mandates if you will would not necessarily be the next administration's... you know on, on their list of priorities and so I would love to be able to work to ensure that some of that work is kind of codified which is why I'm working on the, the Aging... [crosstalk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Yeah... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...but even then, I can... I can... I can put in a mandate that require that, you know intake workers or case workers at senior centers be trained but where is the funding going to come if we lose the funding for the mental health train... you know first aid training... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: ...because it hasn't been codified, you know or you know included as part of the, the official budget.

SUSAN HERMAN: Okay, so we, we have an executive order for the mental health counsel which

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is a step in the right direction, it means that there is a body that convenes regularly that's in an executive order that is... it's goal is to promote mental health and creative and innovative ideas across city agencies, that's a step in the right direction, having an office of ThriveNYC is another way of ensuring that there at the mayoral level, at the City Hall level we're looking to make sure that these policies are promoted citywide.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Would, would you... I lied that that was my last question, I'm sorry, would you think that it would be helpful to have an official Thrive Coordinator at each agency?

SUSAN HERMAN: It's worth thinking about,
I think each, each agency, I don't know that they
need a Thrive coordinator, but we need to know who's
thinking about it, it might be lots of people.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: And are the Thrive agencies so that I understand because of the announcement, it was announced that it would be headed by Susan and... [cross-talk]

SUSAN HERMAN: That's me... [cross-talk]

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL HEALTH, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:by Dr. Belkin but I
3	believe that was there a change, is it now Hillary
4	[cross-talk]
5	SUSAN HERMAN: Dr. Belkin is a key player
6	at… [cross-talk]
7	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay [cross-talk]
8	SUSAN HERMAN:at ThriveNYC, he's the
9	Chief of Strategy and Policy or Policy and Strategy
10	but I'm the head of the… [cross-talk]
11	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay [cross-talk]
12	SUSAN HERMAN:office.
13	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: I got I, I thought
14	that there was some confusion somebody mentioned that
15	maybe that Hillary was now going to be the new Dr.
16	Belkin at… [cross-talk]
17	SUSAN HERMAN: Hillary is the new
18	[cross-talk]
19	CHAIRPERSON AYALA:the new office
20	[cross-talk]
21	SUSAN HERMAN:Dr. Belkin at the
22	Department of Health and [cross-talk]
23	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: At the Department of
24	Health… [cross-talk]

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SUSAN HERMAN:Mental Hygiene but she's
actually not the new Dr. Belkin she's the Executive
[cross-talk]
CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Hillary, Hillary
[cross-talk]
SUSAN HERMAN:Deputy Commissioner,
right, right.
CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Okay, thank you guys
so much, this was [cross-talk]
SUSAN HERMAN: Thank you… [cross-talk]
CHAIRPERSON AYALA:very informative,
thank you, have a nice day and we will now call our
first panel. It was really nice seeing you Dr.
Belkin. Patrick Joseph; Maureen Curtis; Jason
Lippman; Colleen King; Dawn Yuster. Okay, let's
settle down. I know it's been a long day, sorry about
that guys. Okay, we're going to start with Patrick
Joseph and then we're going to work our way
PATRICK JOSEPH: Great. Thank you. The
testimony I'm reading is on behalf of the Manhattan
Borough President, Gale Brewer. So, when it says I
it, it, it's Gale not, not me. Good afternoon Chair
Ayala and members of the Committee on Mental Health,

Disabilities and Addiction. I am Patrick not... it says

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2	Gale but I'm, I'm Patrick. Thank you for the
3	opportunity to testify about ThriveNYC. I am here
4	today to offer my support of the ThriveNYC action
5	plan to change the way our city thinks about mental
6	health as, as well as offer my input on how the plan
7	can be improved. As many of you know, I am a long-
8	time advocate for improving mental health services in
9	New York City, especially when it comes to schools.
10	Since New York City schools serve more than one
11	million students, at least 180 days per year, school
12	based mental health services should be an essential
13	part of any systemic effort to educate the whole
14	child. One component of ThriveNYC action plan
15	recognizes this logic in creating the school mental
16	health consultant program for schools without on site
17	mental health services. It's my understanding that
18	each of these consultants, some of whom may be social
19	workers, are tasked with facilitating mental health
20	consulting at ten schools. I support the intention of
21	trying to expand access; however, this ratio is
22	tremendously overwhelming, and I believe the city of
23	New York can and should do more to address the mental
24	health needs of students and their families. The
25	primary method for improving services should be

increasing the number of licensed social workers in
schools. While consultants and coordinators may be
helpful in connecting families with resources, there
is simply no substitute for professionally delivered
professionally delivered direct services that meet
students where they are, in school. At the very bare
minimum, there should be at least one social worker
in every school. Research on mental health indicates
that social workers are particularly adept at
supporting vulnerable students and improving school
climate. However, in 2017, when my office released
the report, "Who's Caring; The State of School Based
Mental Health Care in New York City Schools," one of
the key findings was that New York City Department of
Education social workers have overwhelming caseloads
and are stretched far too thin. In fact, we found
that there was a ratio of just one social worker to
every 800 students in the borough of Manhattan. That
ratio was far below the recommended one to 250 ratio
suggested by the National Association of Social
Workers. For the sake of time I'm going to skip you
sure? Okay. The, the dearth of social workers in
schools is a critical issue that needs immediate
attention. Recent data on New York City schools

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2	suggests a great need for radical improvements in
3	mental health services for students. Last year, the
4	Times reported that one in every ten students in New
5	York City sleeps in temporary housing. Based on the
6	Department of Education's Demographic Snapshot Data,
7	the percentage of students facing economic hardship
8	is over 70 percent. According to the most recent
9	NYCDOE Student Survey results, bullying remains
10	pervasive. Eighty two percent of students who were
11	surveyed in 201e7 reported that students harassed,
12	bullied, or intimidated others in schools, that's 17
13	percent higher than in 2012. In addition, suspensions
14	and removals topped 46,000 during the 2016/17 school
15	year. If the NASW's suggest, suggested ratio is met,
16	New York City schools will make great strides in
17	supporting youth and families. By increasing the
18	ratio of social workers, we can expect suspension
19	rates, arrests, and summonses in schools to decrease.
20	Conversely, we can also expect increased attendance,
21	student morale and academic performance as school
22	climate improves and mental health needs are met.
23	Even though it is a critical need, I understand that
24	meeting the one to 250 service ratio will take time
25	and considerable resources. As a matter of the fiscal

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2	year as a as part of the fiscal year '20 executive
3	budget, the city should commit to establishing a
4	floor of school based mental health services by
5	funding at least one social worker in every public
6	school to work directly with students. There are also
7	several other steps that ThriveNYC can take in
8	coordination with the New York City Department of
9	Education in order to improve mental health services
10	for students. So, community schools. restructuring
11	the community school funding is critical for
12	improving mental health supports. Whereas the
13	community school model is typically oriented around
14	providing social and emotional supports for students,
15	the independent budget office found that in the
16	2018/2019 school year most community school funding
17	in New York City was actually allocated for academic
18	services, that was 118 million dollars while only
19	18.4 million was allocated for health, mental health,
20	counseling, and dental care. The funding distribution
21	must change. New York City students deserve community
22	schools that prioritize the right supports for their
23	needs. Social work graduate school students. The DOE
24	should rethink how social work graduate school
25	interns can play a role in supporting more students

Schools that have a licensed social worker on staff
can provide supervision and support to social worker
interns. The expansion of this program would have a
dual benefit, more students would have access to in
school mental health services plus those graduate
students graduate school interns who need the
clinical practice would also be engaged for future
careers in school based or youth based mental health
services. Response to crisis reform. Stop the
practice, we, we must stop the practice of relying on
school safety agents to respond to in school mental
health crisis. According to the NYPD's 2018 SSA
report for school data, 32 percent of all incidents
reported in schools were child in crisis incidents.
The preponderance of such incidents is alarming but
even more so because the current first responders,
SSAs, are not trained mental health professionals and
do not have comparable clinical experiences to social
workers. School based mental health prevention and
intervention program for high needs schools or the
SMHPIP. The DOE should increase, or we should
increase the NYCDEO Office of School Health funding
for the SMHPIP so that high needs schools can afford
the services of full-time social workers provided by

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quality service providers. SMHPIP currently has maximum reimbursement of 90 dollars per student with a cap rate of 157,751 per school per year. So, for a school with 500 students the... students this means the maximum reimbursement would be 45,000 dollars which is less than the average salary of social workers in New York City and of course the short fall was greater for schools with fewer students. So, if ThriveNYC is able to successfully implement these recommendations I'm confident that more than one million students attending public schools will have greatly improved socio, emotional supports and better access to the resources they need to live and thrive in New York City. Thank you to Chair Ayala for convening us here to discuss this most important issue. Thank you to the First Lady Chirlane McCray for her leadership in this work and I hope that we can all continue to work together to further the goal of providing appropriate, culturally responsive social and emotional support for every child in New York City. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you. I just want to remind everybody that we do have the written testimony so if we could maybe summarize it a little

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bit because some of them are a little bit longer than three minutes that would be great, thank you. okay, so we're going to go this way and then we're going to come back to you because you got in last, alright? I think we were... we were going to go Patrick and then this way so... yeah, go ahead.

JASON LIPPMAN: Good after... good afternoon Chairperson Ayala and distinguished members of the Committee. Thank you for the opportunity to testify at today's hearing. My name is Jason Lippman and I am the Executive Vice president of the Coalition for Behavioral Health. The coalition is a true partner with the city as we continue to work with ThriveNYC to enhance partnerships with community providers and address gaps in the behavioral health service system. Our members participate in Thrive programs, including the Mental Health Service Corp, New York City Well and other programs. Additionally, the coalition offers our own mental first aid trainings through our robust training department. Moving forward community-based providers should be fully engaged by Thrive as much as possible to better inform policy decisions and ensure access to services and outcomes data and benchmarks for ThriveNYC

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2	programs need to be more fully established or made
3	more readily available to better assess for program
4	planning that supports a healthy life cycle for
5	children to aging adults. Regarding children's
6	behavioral health services, in January of this year,
7	New York State began to implement a broad reform of
8	the children's behavioral health system to improve
9	access for children and their families and to
10	streamline the evaluation and diagnosis process. It
11	provides enhanced start up rates for the providers in
12	transition which will cover the cost of services
13	however, it does not offset expenses incurred by
14	providers for delays in the transition or the
15	required health information technology needs that is
16	required which can get fairly expensive. This is an
17	area where the city and the coalition can work
18	together to support the children's behavioral health
19	providers in the city that are in the midst of this
20	overhaul. For old, older adults who are living longer
21	and with less family care giver support available too
22	many behavioral health services for older adults are
23	tied to place and time. There is a great need for
24	more in-home services to reach people where they are
25	and access to services outside of standard office

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hours. In addition, adequate responsiveness to crisis
episodes is also important. Furthermore, funding
models need to be adapted. For example, dually
eligible adults that's adults that are eligible for
both Medicaid and Medicare are excluded from many
programs and services just because there's not a
funding mechanism established to pay for it. This is
another area that needs focus. With regards to the
behavioral health workforce, behavioral health
providers continue to face significant workforce
recruitment and retention challenges including high
turnover rates. In a study that was conducted by the
coalition and a group of statewide behavioral health
associations, 42 percent there's a 42 percent
turnover in New York City and a 20 percent vacancy
rate that is that is pretty significant numbers.
There they also face challenges regarding licenses
and of practice issues as well as only being able to
offer non-competitive wages. Without an adequate
work and adequately funded workforce waiting lists
and burn out will persist impacting access to
services. We look forward to continuing our
partnership with the City Council and ThriveNYC.

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Thank you for your time and interest and I'm happy to answer any questions that you may have.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you.

DAWN YUSTER: Good afternoon. My name is

Dawn Yuster, I am Advocates for Children of New York's Director of School Justice Project which focuses on helping students excluded from school due to unaddressed emotional behavioral and mental health needs. AFC values the significant investment that this city has made through Thrive New York City in building awareness around mental health issues. However, there continues to be a gap in access to direct mental health services and behavior supports for the students who need help the most, students with significant mental health needs. Week after week, AFC and others advocates get calls from parents of students with significant mental health issues who are not getting the targeted interventions and services they need in school and instead are removed from class, suspended, handcuffed, arrested and unnecessarily transported by EMS to a hospital. This breaks my heart as a lawyer and an advocate and also as an individual with significant psychiatric conditions myself. I know firsthand the trauma from

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2	being excluded from school without supports to keep
3	me in school and the trauma from being handcuffed by
4	police when in emotional distress and carted off like
5	a criminal to a hospital only to be discharged
6	without appropriate mental health services. This
7	happened to me 30 years ago as a child, before the
8	enormous advancement in medical and evidence based
9	therapeutic treatments over the past couple of
10	decades. This should not be happening now. Yet, AFC's
11	experience and the data and the data illustrates
12	that this is still happening. For example, according
13	to New York Student Safety Act data in the 2017 to 18
14	school year, NYPD interventions involving students in
15	emotional distress sent to the hospital for
16	psychiatric evaluation increased by more than 31
17	percent from the prior year and the NYPD continued to
18	handcuff children in emotional distress including
19	some as young as six years old. Also, students with
20	disabilities comprised about 20, 20 percent of the
21	student population, but nearly half of the students
22	removed from class were suspended multiple times were
23	students with disabilities. At the launch of Thrive
24	New York City three years ago, a Thrive New York City
25	white paper described a key problem throughout the

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city; "people are not connected to the right care
when they need it." Three years later, this problem
remains for students with significant mental health
challenges. For the vast majority of students with
considerable mental health needs who do not attend
community schools with mental health programs or
schools with mental health clinics, Thrive New York
City is failing them. Instead of using Thrive New
York City funding for clinically trained mental
health professionals to work directly with students
in schools to prevent and address emotional crisis,
funding is going to the school mental health
consultant program and the 100 schools project which
focus on assessing school needs instead of assessing
student needs and training school staff to increase
student referrals to mental health supports outside
of school instead of providing direct mental health
services to students who need them in school. Despite
their despite their qualification as licensed
clinical social workers, school mental health
consultants do not provide assessments and evidence-
based treatments to students in school. We urge
administration and request the City Council's support
in pressing the administration to provide funding to

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2	implement recommendations in the Mayor's leadership
3	team on school climate and discipline to expand
4	mental health supports for students by first
5	investing in a mental health continuum to provide
6	direct services to students with significant mental
7	health needs in high needs schools so they can remain
8	in school supported in learning. We recommend that
9	the fiscal year 2020 budget include and baseline at
10	least 15 million per year to launch and sustain a
11	mental health continuum involving school partnerships
12	with hospital based mental health clinics, call in
13	centers and school response teams to help 100 high
14	needs schools with students in crisis. We also
15	recommend that the fiscal year 2020 budget include at
16	least 20 million to add 150 full time social workers
17	for high needs schools as well as supervising social
18	workers to move the city to phase in a plan that will
19	provide at least one full time social worker for
20	every 250 students. Unlike decades ago when I was a
21	child, there are now evidence based mental health
22	treatments that can help students directly in school.
23	Now is the time for the city to make a real
24	difference by investing the resources to deliver
25	these critical services to the students most in need.

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Thank you so much for the opportunity to testify, I'd be happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you.

COLLEEN KING: Hello, my name is Colleen

King and I'm a Senior Staff Attorney in the Mental Health Team at Brooklyn Defender Services. I'd like to thank the Committee and Chair Ayala for this opportunity to testify today regarding ThriveNYC. As a Senior Staff Attorney in the Mental Health Team, I represent indigent Brooklyn residents with serious mental illness in Brooklyn mental court, competency proceedings, hearings and regular court appearances. It is our team's mission to ensure that these clients receive quality legal representation and also the best care and treatment possible for their mental health. We applaud the mission and intention of ThriveNYC, we recognize there's a continued need for additional services for New Yorkers living with serious mental illness, who are living in poverty and involved in the criminal legal system. For too long the city has relied on policing and jails to address the needs of mental illness and substance abuse. Individuals experiencing a mental health crisis are more likely to be engaged by police than mental

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2	health professionals. Jails and prisons have become
3	the largest provider of mental health care, New York
4	City is no exception, jails are not a therapeutic
5	environment for providing mental health care for New
6	Yorkers. In my limited time I'd like to offer the
7	following recommendations to strengthen ThriveNYC to
8	meet the needs of court involved New Yorkers living
9	with mental illness. First of all we have found
10	little change in our client's ability to access
11	mental and behavioral services since the rollout of
12	ThriveNYC. We ask the Council to continue to fund
13	more ACT teams, we have found that since in the past
14	three years there has been a longer waiting list for
15	ACT teams and for FACT teams, the forensic ACT teams.
16	We've also found that there's been high turnover on
17	some of the ACT teams that we directly have clients
18	participating in. The residential programs are
19	improving but there are still sub-populations that
20	cannot access them, these include persons with arson
21	and persons with recent suicide attempts. We
22	absolutely need more crisis beds, the crisis bed
23	center that is frequently used is actually a detox
24	center and they don't hold beds for individuals who
25	need an alternative to incarceration. The majority of

the beds are for individuals who are homeless not
those who are incarcerated. Many of our clients would
not have become court involved if there was a safe
place they could go to stay, access medications and
get the support of mental health professionals while
addressing a short-term crisis or meeting mediating
a concern with a family member. We are aware of the
respite centers and I have actually had success with
several clients being afforded respite, however, you
must have an address to return to, so the respite
centers are also limiting. We recommend funding to
increase the number of mobile crisis units citywide.
Families of person's living with mental illness often
feel they have nowhere to turn when their loved ones
are in the midst of a mental health crisis. The
mobile crisis also takes up to 48 hours to access the
individuals and most families can't wait that long,
the person is in immediate crisis. Finally, we also
desperately need more housing for persons with
serious mental illness who don't have substance
abuse. The HRA 2010E does not work for forensic
populations and they have basically been shut out of
accessing OMH housing when they are incarcerated. We
recommend setting up residents specifically for

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forensically mentally ill clients. We thank the

Council for the continued attention to the challenges

New Yorkers with mental illness face. We believe an

expansion of ThriveNYC that targets the needs of

those with serious mental illness could help avoid

many unnecessary arrests. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you.

MAUREEN CURTIS: Thank you. Thank you for the opportunity to testify, testify before you today. my name is Maureen Curtis and I'm the Vice President of the Criminal Justice Program for Safe Horizon. Safe Horizon is the nation's leading victim services agency and New York City's largest provider of services for victims of crime and abuse. Our mission is to provide support, prevent violence and promote justice for victims of crime and abuse, their families and communities. We believe that it is essential for New York City to have a strong network of mental health services. Crime victims often have a variety of mental health needs in the aftermath of a crime and access to trauma informed services can help a victim recover. We applaud the De Blasio administration for recognizing the need to strengthen the city's network of mental health services and for

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creating the citywide Thrive New York City plan, NYC
plan. Safe Horizon has been fortunate to participate
in several Thrive New York City initiatives and our
testimony today will focus on how this initiative has
bolstered our response to victims of violence and
abuse and I'm going to talk about the CVAP program
that Susan Herman mentioned. CVAP is the cornerstone
of the NYPD's efforts to improve interactions with
victims of crime. It started under ThriveNYC and it's
a groundbreaking initiative developed by NYPD and
staffed by Safe Horizon. It was modeled after our
domestic violence police program commonly known as
DVPP; a 30-year partnership with the NYPD that placed
advocates specializing in helping domestic violence
victims alongside police officers. I actually started
my career in the 52 precinct in the Bronx back in the
1980's just to give you a little fun fact. CVAP has
expanded DVPP services by placing two victim
advocates in each of the NYPD police precincts, one
who specializes in domestic violence and one who
works with all other victims of crime. It's been
rolled out over three years and as of summer of 2018,
we're now in all 77 police precincts and all of the
housing precincts, the police service areas. We know

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that crime can have can leave victims confused,
angry and feeling isolated, they often are unaware of
the services and resources available. CVAP advocates
provide crisis intervention, immediate safety
planning, referrals to community-based service
programs and advocacy to support victim's
interactions with the police and other components of
the criminal justice system. The sooner the victim's
needs and concerns are addressed the sooner victims
can feel safe, recover from their trauma, regain a
sense of control and ultimately if they choose to
participate in the criminal justice system. Every
morning the advocate we have we're we staff in the
precinct from eight in the morning, eight to four and
then the second advocate is 12 to eight, when they
come in, they review all the police reports the, the
domestic violence advocate reviews all the domestic
incident reports, the DIRs and the other advocate
reviews all crime victim reports and they do outreach
and the beautiful thing about this is we have the
ability of reaching more victims of crime this way
because they're not seeking services, we're reaching
out to them, we're saying we're here to help, we know
that you were a victim of crime and a report was

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2	filed and some of the things that we provide is
3	safety planning, safety assessment, we'll explore all
4	their options with them, our staff are trained in
5	doing client centered work, we advocate for them
6	within the police department, within the criminal
7	justice system, housing, public benefits, anything
8	their need may be, you know either directly or
9	indirectly connected to that victimization we're
10	going to help them with. Just to give you a couple of
11	numbers, since 2016 when we rolled this out, we've
12	reviewed almost 200,000 police reports, we've
13	provided almost 100,000 services for I'm sorry,
14	contacts with victims of crime, we've provided safety
15	assessments and safety planning with all of the
16	clients and advocacy almost 20e,000 pieces of
17	advocacy and advocacy is where we've actually written
18	a letter, picked up the phone or in person spoke with
19	an agency to help them access services. We're proud
20	to be part of this effort with the NYPD to implement
21	this program and we feel that its an essential part
22	of the city's response to crime victims. Thank you
23	very much for your time and I'm here to answer any
24	questions that you might have.

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2	CHAIRPERSON AYALA: I actually do you
3	have any questions Bob, okay, so Bob has some
4	questions, I don't… I don't have any questions right
5	now, I'm, I'm processing a lot of what I've heard, a
6	lot of it is actually, you know familiar… some of it
7	is familiar, a lot of it is new. I want to thank you
8	however for coming and staying and testifying because
9	your testimony it, it does influence, right, the way
10	that we approach government legislation, budgetary
11	priorities and so some of these, these asks
12	and some of these recommendations I think are part
13	are some of the things that we're working on with
14	some of you separately so I want to thank you for the
15	collaboration and for the input, right, because you
16	have the institutional memory that and, and history
17	that we don't have or at least I don't have as a as
18	a new member of this, this body but I take this work
19	very seriously and I wanted to thank you for staying
20	and for testifying, I will allow Council Member
21	Holden to… [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Yes, I too want to thank you all for testifying. Just, just quickly, have you seen an improvement in, in the mental health services since the roll out of ThriveNYC, I know... I

1	ADDICTIONS
2	ADDICTIONS mean would you say ask all of you yes or no have
3	has there been a an improvement, have they moved the
4	needle like Susan said, I mean you can just whoever
5	wants to volunteer?
6	DAWN YUSTER: No, that's an easy no
7	[cross-talk]
8	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Okay [cross-
9	talk]
LO	DAWN YUSTER: Yeah
L1	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Yeah, anybody
L2	else?
L3	MAUREEN CURTIS: I mean I think that you
L4	know what we've seen is I mean having a program suc
L5	as CVAP in every single police precinct to help
L6	mitigate the trauma that the person has experienced
L7	really think is a groundbreaking program and, and
L8	can and can be preventative in helping that person
L 9	to manage, you know the victimization that they've
20	just experienced.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: So, more money is
22	good to put toward mental health obviously but are w
23	putting it in the proper areas and, and I think
24	that's the question that I that I think we have to

look at and... or you know more money is needed

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obviously and it's not going to happen overnight but you know are we moving the needle that's, that's the question, anybody else? Have you seen from year to year an improvement?

JASON LIPPMAN: I just want to add a comment on that, it's important for Thrive to work with the existing community based system that's there, it, it was there before Thrive, the community based system is on the ground in the neighborhoods and actually provides the services and it, it would be good to coordinate more instead of having parallel tracks.

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Okay, good, thank you. Anyone else?

COLLEEN KING: I don't believe we would be able to quantify whether or not it was a Thrive initiative but... that our client services received, I can say that we have had some clients that have been part of NYC Safe which was referred to by the other individuals who testified but we wouldn't be able to say exactly these... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Okay... [cross-

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COLLEEN KING: These services were due to

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Thrive.

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COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Yeah but you...

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you so much and

5 because you guys are on the front lines and that's,

6 that's why I respect your opinions and that's why we

have to get more people to weigh in on this but thank

you so much for your testimony. Thanks again.

now we'll hear... is this the final panel, oh man... the next panel Dr. Hazel Guzman; Yu-Kang Chen; Joo Han; Rama Issa; and Samuel Molik. Samuel Molik with the New York City Veterans Alliance; Rama Issa with the Arab American Association of New York; Joo Han with the Asian American Federation; Yu-Kang Chen with the Hamilton Madison House and Dr. Hazel Guzman with Northside Center. And this will be the final panel. And you can start either side and just state your

YU-KANG CHEN: Hi, good afternoon, my name is Yu-Kang Chen, I am a Clinical Psychologist at Hamilton Madison House. We are a nonprofit settlement house located in the Lower East Side. We are also the largest outpatient behavioral health provider for Asian Americans on the East coast. Currently we

name and the organization first.

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2	operate five mental health clinics; a PROSE program,
3	a supportive housing program for individuals with
4	severe mental health issues in two locations,
5	Manhattan and Queens. Our staff are all bilingual and
6	we provide services for the Chinese, Korean,
7	Japanese, Cambodian and Vietnamese community. In the
8	last decade, Asian Americans continued to be the one
9	of the fastest growing populations in the New York
10	metropolitan area. We at Hamilton Madison House have
11	worked tirelessly, tirelessly to increase the
12	capacity to this underserved population through
13	active education, prevention projects and providing
14	culturally specific services. Currently in our mental
15	health program 20 percent of our client population
16	have severe symptoms with high risk factors many with
17	passive suicide ideations and often requires
18	psychiatric interventions. Asians are often the most
19	difficult to engage in services due to the stigma
20	associated with seeking help and lack of culturally
21	competent providers. Research shows that the majority
22	of the… of Asian Americans do not seek behavioral
23	health services until they are in a crisis or
24	referred by a medical provider this is due to several
25	different factors such as lack of knowledge about

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2	mental health services, a cultural lack of
3	recognition of mental health problems, feelings of
4	stigma and fear related to mental illness. In New
5	York City, there are a few Asian psychiatric units in
6	the public hospitals and fewer than a dozen mental
7	health clinics that provide linguistically services
8	to meet the needs of the growing Asian community. In
9	order to address these challenges and increase mental
10	health services for the Asian community, providers
11	like Hamilton Madison House and the Asian American
12	Federation which is going to provide their testimony
13	later, makes the following recommendation to the
14	city, state, and funders; providing funding support
15	to invest in Asian serving organization to hire
16	culturally competent mental health providers and
17	train mainstream mental health providers to develop
18	their cultural competency, support programming and
19	collaboration that integrates mental health services
20	through other services, increase funding research
21	opportunities in obtaining data and increasing access
22	for the Asian community. By providing vital services
23	for these underserved populations in the tri state
24	area, Hamilton Madison House is often looked upon as
25	a mental health safety net, net for the Asian

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American community. We strongly urge NYC's Committee on Mental Health, Disabilities and Addictions to address these issues and allocate the appropriate funding to organizations that provide services to a growing, yet under served population. Thank you.

SAMUEL MOLIK: Good afternoon and thank

you to the Committee, Chair Ayala for the opportunity

to testify today and also nice to see you again. My...

[cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: It's been a really long time, we saw each other yesterday, which... we were with each other for hours.

my name is Samuel Molik, I'm the Director of Policy and Legislative Advocacy for the New York City

Veterans Alliance. We're a member driven, grass roots policy advocacy and community building organization that advances veterans and their families as civic leaders. So, I'd like to start today by applauding the ambitious approaches of ThriveNYC in addressing mental health in our city. The inclusion of veterans and their family members as key underserved population requiring programmatic focus to close... specifically to close gaps in care. ThriveNYC is a

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2	needed initiative and we are optimistic about it's
3	potential for tremendous positive impact on the
4	veteran's community as well as New York City as a
5	whole. Mental health must be an ongoing topic of
6	education and conversation in all of our communities
7	and it is one… it is on all of us, excuse me, to make
8	routine mental health care just as high a health
9	priority as exercise and good nutrition and to build
10	strong bonds of support and compassion within our
11	communities. Mental health care is a top concern of
12	our membership, especially related to the worst
13	possible outcome for those who have been failed by a
14	culture of stigma and barriers to mental health which
15	is veteran suicide. Last year the United States
16	Department of Veterans Affairs issued its latest
17	statistics of on known veteran suicide, revealing
18	that 20 veterans a day across the country are
19	committing are dying by suicide, a rate more than
20	twice that of our civilian counterparts. Rates for
21	younger veterans and women veterans dying by suicide
22	are spiking, while generations of aging veterans
23	continue to make up the largest population in sheer
24	numbers dying by suicide. In New York, rates of
25	suicide are overall lower than the rest of the

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2	country, yet the statistics remain alarming, veterans
3	in our state are still dying by suicide at nearly
4	twice the rate of our civilian counterparts. Veteran
5	suicide is a national crisis, and also a local one.
6	We urge this Committee to ensure that ThriveNYC
7	continues to improve and refine targeted programs and
8	outcomes to keep our city's veterans alive and
9	thriving. Back in 2015, we were proud to work with
10	Commissioner Sutton and her team on our community's
11	recommendations to integrate the city's 3-1-1 service
12	with the VA's Veterans Crisis Line to provide veteran
13	specific support to any New Yorker expressing
14	concerns about a veteran in danger of self-harm. As
15	this is a critical tool in the prevention of veteran
16	suicide, we urge ThriveNYC and this Committee to
17	ensure that reporting out of metrics is made publicly
18	available for how many people are accessing veteran
19	crisis line through NY through 3-1-1. We have hosted
20	a day long mental health mental health first aid
21	training provided by ThriveNYC, certifying 20, 20
22	veterans, family members and people who work with
23	veterans on this training. We appreciate that veteran
24	specific content is included in this off the shelf
25	curriculum and that veterans are employed as trainers

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2	for the program. Yet we received feedback from
3	participants that the curriculum remained at a loss
4	for specific places to refer veterans and their
5	caregivers for preventative care. It is also unclear
6	on what takes place when someone calls the city's 9-
7	1-1 system to intervene for a veteran in crisis,
8	would there be responders with veteran specific
9	competencies? Would they be met by law enforcement
10	or medical providers? Mental health first aid
11	training would be vastly improved by offering
12	information specific to how our city's agencies and
13	medical community can prevent and treat the
14	conditions discussed in the curriculum. We have also
15	been proud to host a discussion event on the city's
16	response to the opioid crisis, another crisis
17	disproportionately impacting veterans, that included
18	that included certifying more than 40 event attendees
19	on Narcan kits that were available… that were able to
20	take home with them because of ThriveNYC's investment
21	to make this free and available to save lives. If any
22	other veteran's organization wishes to host this kind
23	of training, we would be glad to share with what we
24	did so that it can be replicated. Keep in mind that
25	veterans are also twice as likely as civilian

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counterparts to pass away due to an overdose, to die
due to an overdose. We further recommend more robust
direct outreach by ThriveNYC to veterans and
community organizations as they know this is
available. We also recommend that this is a possible
addition to the mental health first aid training. We
applaud ThriveNYC's initiative to reach veterans and
their family members and broach important subjects of
mental health and in suicide prevention through arts
based cultural initiatives. The NYC veteran's
community includes robust programs that have done
tremendous work toward training veterans in the arts,
literature and performance including a growing
community of working actors and performers. A
priority within the vast majority of these programs
is broaching mental health subjects and building a
vibrant and supportive community. the first iteration
of this C1 initiative has included Theater of War,
an, an innovative program presenting military themed
ancient Greek tragedy and audience discussions to
areas across the city, we have discussed with DVS
that this program does not hire or employ veteran
artists is a missed opportunity to engage with the
already robust community efforts at work. We

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2	recommend that going forward ThriveNYC seek to engage
3	with and support existing arts and cultural programs
4	and organizations already at work within the New York
5	City veteran's community to maximize connectedness,
6	resources and overall positive impact. Back in 2015,
7	we applauded the inclusion of peer social support
8	coordinators as part of the staffing of DVS. We have
9	been pleased to watch the growth and outreach of
10	these coordinators that make now make up a
11	consistent, welcoming and helpful presence at
12	numerous outreach events, including our own, held in
13	veteran community across the city. These coordinators
14	are important connective tissue between veterans and
15	the city services available to them. We recommend
16	further development of these important ambassadors to
17	the veteran of veteran community, to include robust
18	connections with the full spectrum of city services
19	available to support veterans and families, from tax
20	exemptions to city employment, to business
21	development programs and more. This should be fully
22	integrated and aligned with the city's VetConnectNYC
23	network, mirroring in person connections with the
24	digital referral network. We further recommend
25	refined reporting metrics of their meaningful

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2	outreach, differentiating referrals from brochures
3	distributed and initial touch contacts and so on.
4	Also, back in 2015e, we applauded the inclusion of a
5	one million dollar veteran mental health holistic
6	treatment fund in the ThriveNYC roadmap, and we
7	understand that philanthropic funds have been raised
8	toward making alternative treatment modalities
9	available to veterans and their families. Yet it
10	remains unclear where these funds are being used
11	under this city program. We urge ThriveNYC and this
12	Committee to make information about this fund
13	transparent and accessible to the veteran's
14	community, which includes a number of veterans led,
15	led organizations offering modalities that would
16	welcome the opportunity to place a bid in any public
17	RFP. We hope that the future that future NYC
18	reporting includes the progress, broken out by
19	population subset, towards securing 15,000 supportive
20	housing units for veterans and families and other
21	vulnerable New Yorkers as promised in the original
22	roadmap. Stable housing is a key component addressing
23	mental health needs and information on the progress
24	towards these ambitious and critical initiatives for
25	veterans and families should be made public as well.

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And I also want to bring attention to the testimony that I gave yesterday as this relates to veteran homelessness and mental health, veterans who have experienced homelessness or an eviction are eight times more likely to die by suicide than veterans who have not, housing should be a top priority especially considering it was a part of the original roadmap.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify today.

Pending your questions, this concludes my testimony.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you.

RAMA ISSA: Hi, thank you for having us today. My name is Rama Issa and I am the Executive Director of the Arab American Association of New York and we are a grass roots service and advocacy organization located in the heart of the Arab and Muslim communities in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn. We are one of the lucky organizations to have been awarded connections to care, it's an initiative tied to ThriveNYC and through our connections to care aka C2C contract we have been able to hire our first ever social worker. For the past three years we have provided free counseling to those struggling with depression, anxiety and trauma. C2C has enhanced the way we deliver services, our entire staff from the

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2	front desk to immigration navigators to ESL teachers
3	to myself are all trained to screen clients for
4	mental health related issues. The program has really
5	shifted the mindset of the staff and the community
6	about seeking support specifically related to mental
7	health. It also helped cultivate a sense of
8	acceptance about creating the concept of staff
9	shifting which means that non clinical staff can also
10	support someone who's experiencing either a mental
11	health crisis or a mental health related issue. C2C
12	has been very beneficial to our organization but we
13	have had our shared challenges especially around data
14	collection. As a small grass roots organization, we
15	have struggled with the administrative burden of the
16	program. It is an all-encompassing program that
17	requires a lot from an already stretched thin
18	administrative staff. We have also struggled in the
19	early implementation phases because one size doesn't
20	fit all. Every community is different and each of our
21	needs are specific to the history and the makeup of
22	our communities. For the Arab community specifically,
23	we know that most folks we serve struggle with some
24	sort of trauma whether it's generational, historical,
25	collective, political trauma or trauma associated

with war or migration or trauma tied to living under
an Islamic phobic federal administration. This
compounded trauma is the reason why many of our
community's struggle with mental health related
issues. For us it has been challenging to screen all
members who enter our association because we run the
risk of opening the floodgates without having all the
necessary tools and resources to serve the community
adequately. We don't want to re-traumatize folks when
we know that resources to support them like Arabic
speaking social workers, culturally sensitive and
low-cost therapy are in short supply. Our community
has unique challenges when facing mental health
issues, stigma to access resources is huge within the
larger Asian community. There's a dire need for
Arabic speaking social workers. It took us over five
months to hire our new social worker, who have also
had to translate all screening tools and training and
our staff speaks over five different Arabic dialects
for example. The reality is that we need more, there
needs to be more investment in the Asian and API
communities especially around mental health, and we
urge the city to consider investing more in our
communities who many times are overlooked. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you.

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HAZEL GUZMAN:

Hello, I'm Dr. Hazel

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Guzman, I'm the Assistant Clinic Director for

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thank the Committee for allowing us the opportunity

Northside Center for Child Development. We'd like to

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to testify regarding the Thrive New York City

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initiative. Northside greatly appreciates our

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continued partnership with Thrive New York City,

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which allows us to continue to pursue our 70 plus

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year mission of helping children rise up and thrive

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by providing much needed early childhood mental

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health services to 100 plus children annually through

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this partnership. Pioneering psychologists' doctors

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Kenneth B. and Mamie Clark founded Northside Center

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in 1946, offering Harlem youth much needed social

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work and psychological services. The Clarks'

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groundbreaking research, including the black and

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white doll study, showed how racial inequality

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negatively affected the self-esteem of young children

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and was critical to the 1954 Brown versus Board of Education Supreme Court decision legally ending

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segregation in public schools. many of our services

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are still being provided in the same building in

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which this agency was founded in 1946 and we're

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2	excited to continue to provide these services in our
3	new location in mid to late 2020, just a few blocks
4	away from our current site. While we have grown and
5	innovated over the years, our mission has remained
6	constant; Northside Center provides children and
7	families the support they need to overcome adversity
8	and thrive. Our high-quality outcome driven
9	behavioral, mental health, and education services
10	propel struggling children forward, away from the ill
11	effects of poverty and racism toward a future limited
12	only by the scope of their dreams. We offer a
13	continuum of mental health and educational services
14	for youth ages zero to 18. Our initiatives include
15	behavioral health clinics, home based crisis
16	intervention, preventative services, clinics in
17	schools, creative arts trauma therapy, a therapeutic
18	early childhood center, pre-school and school age
19	special education programs, early intervention, head
20	start, early head start centers, one on one remedial
21	education, homework help, and after school summer day
22	camp programs. In 2016, we were happy to join the
23	Thrive New York City network as the sole early
24	childhood treatment center serving Manhattan. As a
25	recipient of the Thrive New York City ECTC grant,

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2	Northside was able to expand mental health services
3	to include young children age zero to five in
4	addition to their siblings and caregivers.
5	Additionally, Northside was able to implement mental
6	health consultation which was a new service for this
7	agency. Mental health consultation aims to build the
8	capacities of staff in early learn sites as well as
9	the caregivers of the children enrolled in early
LO	learn sites. The goal of mental health consultation
L1	is to promote social emotional development in
L2	preschool settings. By supporting staff in this
L3	regard, children will be better equipped to focus on
L 4	developmentally appropriate tasks such as learning.
L5	In addition to consultants being in the classroom and
L 6	providing live support, consultants conduct workshops
L7	on topics such as early childhood trauma, to help
L8	teachers and administrators have a better
L9	understanding of signs to look for and how-to best
20	support victims. Over the course of the nearly three
21	years that Northside has been running an ECTC, we
22	have seen an increase in demand for clinical services
23	for young children. As the community becomes more
24	knowledgeable about service availability and the
25	benefits of intervening at a young age, referrals

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### ADDICTIONS

2	have progressively increased. Similarly, many of our
3	mental health consultation sites we work with have
4	asked us to remain beyond the period covered by our
5	partnership agreement and at times, return following
6	our beginning work with a new cohort of sites. The
7	Thrive New York City ECTC grant has been instrumental
8	in allowing us to train the workforce to be better
9	able to serve young children, training which does not
10	typically occur during schooling. Additionally, the
11	network provides the ongoing training and support
12	that is vital to this work. For furthermore, without
13	Thrive New York City funding, mental health
14	consultation services at early learn sites would not
15	be sustainable as this is not currently a
16	reimbursable service. We continue to be very excited
17	about being a part of the Thrive New York City
18	network and to be able to provide our clients with
19	much needed early childhood mental health services.
20	The ongoing support of the Department of Health and
21	Mental Hygiene, Thrive New York City, and partners
22	like the Coalition for Behavioral Health have
23	positioned us to best serve our youngest clients and
24	their families. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you.

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2	JO PARK: Hello, thank you Chair Ayala
3	and the Committee for convening this hearing today.
4	my name is Jo Park and I'm the Clinic Director at
5	Korean Community Services of Metropolitan New York
6	Mental Health Clinic. We're the first New York State
7	licensed outpatient mental health clinic operated by
8	a Korean nonprofit organization. Our licensed
9	professionals have been providing culturally and
10	linguistically competent mental health services in
11	Korean and English since November of 2015. According
12	to the Asian American Federation's 2017 report oh,
13	okay. Okay, sorry. Hi, I'm back. Should I start over
14	again or should I just continue okay. According to
15	the Asian American Federation's 2017 report,
16	Overcoming Challenges to Mental Health Services for
17	Asian New Yorkers, Asian Americans are the least
18	likely of groups to report, seek, and receive medical
19	help for depressive symptoms due to a lack of
20	knowledge, cultural stigma, insurance limits, and a
21	dearth of linguistically and culturally competent
22	service providers. Moreover, the United States
23	national mortality records show that suicide rates
24	among Korean Americans nearly doubled from 2003 to
25	2012 surpassing those of all other Asian subgroups

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In its initial stages, the resources and services
that Thrive New York City offered were not culturally
relevant to our mental health clinic. We have an art
therapist and outreach coordinator who took the
mental health first aid training and then she had to
translate the entire program into Korean and also
cater it to serve the community. we are also the only
organization as of now that provides the mental
health first aid training in Korean usually it's done
by two different instructors throughout the course of
the day but she's not able to do it all day and we're
open on Saturdays so what happens is she does half
day, goes back to the clinic and then does it another
week as well so it's exhausting and I need her at the
clinic to actually provide services. Also the clinic
was not able to benefit from the New York City mental
health corps because initially they didn't have a
Korean speaking clinician and then the solution that
was offered was to get a translator which of course
is not appropriate in a mental health setting and so
we also didn't have the resources to hire a
translator for that. Also, at the time I know it's
changed now, we weren't able to bill for services
for from some from the mental health service corps.

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So, we're asking the City Council and Thrive New York to invest at the community level, to the communitybased organizations who are already doing the work and have the expertise and cultural knowledge to provide the necessary mental health services for our respective communities. One of the biggest challenges we're experiencing is recruiting and retaining talent with the cultural and linguistic skills. We're a small community-based organization, there's no way we can compete with the private hospitals and larger organizations and certainly not Thrive New York. We are already struggling to recruit talent from a limited pool and now we're running the risk of losing our clinicians to the city and so we feel like we're in competition. So, we look forward to working with the Committee on Mental Health, Disabilities and Addiction to address these needs and thank you.

JOO HAN: Good afternoon Chair Ayala and the Committee on Mental Health, Disabilities and Addiction and thank you for convening this hearing today. I'm Joo Han, Deputy Director of the Asian American Federation. Our mission is to raise the influence and wellbeing of the pan Asian American community through research, policy advocacy, public

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2	awareness and organizational development. We
3	represent about… over 60 Asian non-profit groups that
4	support our community through their various works in
5	health and human services, education, economic
6	development, civic participation and social justice
7	and three of them testified today with us. We're here
8	today to highlight the mental needs mental health
9	needs of Asian New Yorkers, who are the fastest
10	growing racial and ethnic group in New York City. We
11	make up we it's made up of 18 ethnic groups and 36
12	Asian languages from the Pan Asian community which
13	doesn't include all the various Chinese and Arabic
14	dialects. The Asian population in the city grew by 50
15	percent from 2000 to 2016 and we now comprise of over
16	15 percent of the city's population, we're at 1.3
17	million. Along with that growth we've had a 44
18	percent increase in the number of Asians living in
19	poverty which means that 25 percent of Asian New
20	Yorkers live in poverty and this is significant
21	because poverty in the community brings a whole host
22	of challenges that impact mental health. Our 2017
23	report on Overcoming Challenges to Mental Health
24	Services for Asian New Yorkers highlights the fact
25	that Asians are the only racial group for which

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2	suicide is consistently one of the top ten leading
3	causes of death in New York City from 1997 to 2015 is
4	the… which is when the latest data was available. As
5	the committee considers the three-year progress of
6	ThriveNYC we recommend that you take into account the
7	systemic gaps in mental health services for Asian New
8	Yorkers that still exist. While resources like mental
9	health first aid is an important first step in
10	identifying mental health needs among Asian New
11	Yorkers, there's just not enough in language,
12	culturally competent mental health services to which
13	them to which to refer them to due to due to a
14	historic lack of investment in Asian serving, Asian
15	led community based organizations. From fiscal year
16	2002 to 2014, the Asian community received a mere
17	zero-point two percent of total contract dollars from
18	DOHMH. This rate of investment has not significantly
19	changed since the launch of ThriveNYC. For example,
20	one key component of ThriveNYC is connections to
21	care, which aims to spend 30 million dollars over
22	five years to integrate evidence based mental health
23	support into social service programs for low income
24	New Yorkers. Of the 15 community groups that got
25	selected, only one serves the Asian community, which

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2	is the Arab American Association of New York despite
3	the high rates of poverty in our community.
4	Furthermore, the mental health corps which is another
5	initiative by Thrive has limited Asian language
6	capacity on staff. New York City Well, another
7	initiative mentioned by the Thrive team is something
8	that does not work for the community, there is a deep
9	cultural stigma, so people are not be calling a
10	number to access mental health services. In addition,
11	there's 70 percent limited English proficiency rate
12	in the Asian community so there's, there's no way
13	that they will be able to access services even if it
14	was available. Interpreters as a third party really
15	would stymie people from wanting to access those
16	services. Our greatest challenge in working with the
17	city, with Thrive has been to create investment in
18	culturally competent models for mental health service
19	delivery that comes from and has been developed by
20	Asian led organizations, it takes into consideration
21	the deep cultural stigma surrounding mental health in
22	our communities and have implemented integrated
23	approaches to effectively address our particular
24	mental health needs which is different from community
25	to community such as trauma in the Arab community as

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2	well as the Southeast Asian community. This bottom up
3	approach we feel is the only way that we can
4	effectively tackle mental health needs in the
5	community and not the one size fits all approach that
6	we've encountered time and again with New York
7	Thrive New York New York City and it's really
8	stymied our common aim to increase mental health
9	services for underserved communities. So, we ask that
10	the City Council to make an initial investment of at
11	least one million dollars in pan Asian nonprofit
12	organizations to develop community-based capacity and
13	mental health services. We have come up with
14	recommendations based on a report with research a
15	year long research effort that included 25 Asian led
16	Asian serving organizations so this bottom up
17	approach that we are recommending is really coming
18	from the organizations themselves that serve the
19	fastest growing population in New York City. So,
20	these the investment would support these following
21	services; to develop a training program for Asian led
22	organizations using models of non-clinical service
23	delivery that utilizes existing services and programs
24	such as parenting skills, leadership development for
25	youth and wellness programs for seniors. To create a

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#### ADDICTIONS

network of non-clinical mental health service providers serving the Asian communities to share resources and knowledges about best practices and resources that are available. To provide culturally competent training to mainstream mental health service providers so that they take into account the various challenges that impact the community and to develop a shared database of mental health service providers which does not exist in New York City. We plan to launch a program in partnership with our member groups to enhance mental health services in the Asian community and we look forward to working with the city to address the mental health service needs of New York... Asian New Yorkers. Thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON AYALA: Thank you so much,
Alicka did you have some... did you have questions, no.
Thank you guys so much for your testimony today. I
think... we, we don't... we're kind of wrapping up
because we have an event next door that are about to
throw us out but I will be calling on, on, on several
of you to better help inform some of the work that we
are doing specifically around the Asian Americans
social work needs because it's something that I've

	COMMITTEE ON MENTAL REALITY, DISABILITIES AND
1	ADDICTIONS
2	been hearing, you know for well over a year and it's
3	something that I have been speaking to the
4	administration about. I was excited to hear that they
5	are also, you know having conversation internal
6	conversations but I would like to know what those
7	internal conversations are because I don't have the
8	specifics so I, I hope that in the next few weeks
9	we'll have some more clarity and some more
10	information for you as well as the, the veterans
11	association. Thank you so much for coming to testify
12	yesterday and today, you really shed a, a light on,
13	on, on what's happening and not happening. So, thank
14	you guys and this meeting is adjourned, thank you.
15	JO PARK: Thank you.
16	HAZEL GUZMAN: Thank you. (30704)
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date

April 6, 2019