CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND
CONCESSIONS

February 11, 2019
Start: 1:14 p.m.
Recess: 2:45 p.m.

HELD AT: 250 Broadway - Committee Rm.

16th Fl.

BEN KALLOS Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Chaim M. Deutsch

BEFORE:

Ruben Diaz, Sr. Vanessa L. Gibson

Andy L. King

A P P S E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Genevieve Michel, NYC Housing, Preservation and Development

Nina Plomchok (sp?), NYC Housing, Preservation and Development, HPD

Erica Benson, NYC Housing, Preservation and Development, HPD

Kevin Powers, NYC, Housing, Preservation and Development, HPD

Thomas Yu, the Co-executive Director of Asian Americans for Equality, Affordable Housing Developer

Lacey Tauber, Housing, Preservation and Development, HPD

Christine Retzlaff O'Connell, Director of ANCP, Housing, Preservation and Development, HPD

Emelio Dorcely, President, Bridge Street Development Corporation 2 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Are we good to

3 start?

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MALE SPEAKER: You're good. [gavel] CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Good afternoon and welcome to the Subcommittee on Planning, Dispositions and Concessions. I am Council Member Ben Kallos. You can Tweet me at Ben Kallos. I'm the Chair of this subcommittee. We are joined by Council Member Inez Barron, and Council Member King as well as Council Chaim Deutsch. Today we will be holding hearings on three projects. Before we begin our hearings we will be voting to approve two projects we heard on January 30th, Land Use Items 326, 327 and 328, 461 Alabama Avenue and 40-and Land Use Item 329 East Village Housing ANCP. Approvals of Land Use 326, 327 and 328 461 Alabama Avenue will facilitate the development of a proposed 7-story mixed-use affordable and supportive housing development containing 70 apartments and community facility space, 60% of those units will be supportive housing for formerly homes and 40% of the units will be affordable housing units at or below 60% of AMI, which is one of the lower bands. It is actually one of the affordable housing bands, and Council Member

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Inez Barron is a vocal advocate for affordability and for affordable for whom, and with the importance of member deference, it is good to see council Member Barron leading on this. HPD seeks approval of a Special Permit to allow community facility bulk regulations to be applied to a non-profit institution with sleeping accommodations. She also seeks approval for Urban Development Action Area designation project approval, disposition approval, Block 3803, Lot 6 and an amendment to the East New York 1 Urban Renewal Plan. Council Member Barron is supportive of this project. I'd like to invite her to write some remarks.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you, Mr.

Chair. I'll be very brief. I just want to say that
I always try to make sure that the projects that come
into the district are finally reflecting what it is
that I always talk about, which is providing adequate
housing for homeless and to make sure that the
housing that's coming in is affordable to the
community that lives there so that they are not
displaced, and as you have indicated, there are
supportive units for people with formerly—formerly
homeless people as well as those with mental issues,

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and it is housing for people who presently live there
who haven't—the neighborhood needed income of only

4 | about \$40,000 or less. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you, and for those who are interested, 60% of AMI is a band of a single individual making \$43,060 to a family of six making \$72,600. So, this is affordable for many of New Yorkers where our average income across the city is about \$55,000 a year. Approval of Land Use Item 329 East Village Housing ANCP will facilitate two fully accessible buildings containing approximately 21 units of affordable housing and commercial space. Out of the 21 units, 10 will become affordable cooperative units and 11 will be affordable rental units. HPD seeks approval for an Urban Development Action Area designation project approval and disposition approval for Block 406, Lots 6 and 47 located at 204 Avenue A and 535 East 12th Street. For those have been vacant due to structural issues since 2008. Council Member Rivera is supportive of this project especially because thanks to this approval ten of the original tenants who were relocated a decade ago will be able to return to their homes. I'd like to now ask the Committee

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Counsel to call the roll on Items 326, 327, 328 and 329 to approve.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Chair Kallos.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Aye on all.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Council Member Deutsch.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Aye on all.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Council Member King.

COUNCIL MEMBER KING: Aye on all.

LEGAL COUNSEL: The Land Use items are approved by a vote of 3 in the affirmative, no negative and no abstentions and will be referred to the full Land Use Committee.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you to the committee members for their votes. Thank you again to Council Member Barron for her leadership, and I hope that we can work together to see similar levels of affordability. I think one of the things you will notice, and I think you have noticed in this committee is we tend to ask folks: Are the levels of affordability at or near what the community is or are they set higher than the community because I am often concerned that the affordable housing we are building is actually gentrifying the communities where it is being built. So, no thank you. We will now move

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onto public hearings. Our first hearing today will be-give me one moment. [pause] Okay, the first hearing today will be on Land Use Item 333-67-69 St. Nicholas Avenue in Council Member Perkins' district in Manhattan. HPD is seeking an Article XI pursuant to Section 577 of the Private Housing Finance Law. Approval of a new real property tax exemption and termination of a prior exemption for this site. building is a 27-unit low-income coop. It was carved out of the recent Article-recent round 10 of the 30third-party transfer program. This 40-year tax exemption will be retroactive for 10 years, and forward for 30 years the current HDFC will retain ownership for this building. I now open the public hearing on Land Use Item 330 67-69 St. Nicholas Avenue. I'd like to invite HPD to present testimony. If you could please state your names, and if the committee counsel would administer the oath.

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: Genevieve Michel.

NINA PLOMCHOK: Nina Plomchok (sp?).

LEGAL COUNSEL: Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this sub committee and in response to all Council Member questions?

2 GENEVIEVE MICHEL: I do.

NINA PLOMCHOK: I do.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Before you testify, I just want to proactively say thank you to HPD. Last year during a third-party transfer, there were a number of properties that were coming before this committee not for the approval for the transfer, which had been granted by a different committee, but for approval for the tax benefits. At the time I raised concern about moving properties from homeownership to rental, and had suggested being able to use processes like this to provide some of the same benefits that would be afforded to real estate developers to the existing owners of properties, and to see an HDFC, a tenant-owned building, that was pulled from the Third-Party Transfer Program, and where they are seeing their tax arrears forgiven andand being offered very similar terms to what developers would is-is really a step in the right direction. I appreciate HPD for hearing me on that and so many of my colleagues in the City Council on that issues, and so, I-it's a-when-when one is as critical a I can be from time to time, it is

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important to acknowledge and say thank you. That being said, please begin your testimony.

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: Land Use No. 330 consists of an exemption area containing one privately owned building located at 67-69 St. Nicholas Avenue, Block 1823, Lot 56 in Manhattan Council District 9. 67-69 St. Nicholas Avenue was taken into city ownership on May 1, 1993, and subsequently entered—entered into the tenter-Tenant Interim Lease Program. On June 19, 1997, HPD conveyed the property to the existing tenants as a low-income cooperative with household AMIs capped at a 121-120% in accordance with the TIL Program Guidelines. The building contains two occupied commercial units and 26 residential units of which four are vacant and the remaining 22 are occupied. The unit mix comprises 20 3-bedroom and 6 4-bedroom The AMIs for the existing shareholders apartments. ranges from up to 30% of AMI to above 165% of AMI and maintenance charges are \$515 for the studio, \$782 for a 3-bedroom unit and \$924 for a 4-bedroom unit. Under the new Regulatory Agreement, new buyers will be subject to 120% AMI income requirements. rental units will go for \$1,870 for a 3-bedroom and

2 \$2,210 for a 4-bedroom. The building was a Third Party Transfer Program candidate in Round 10. 3 4 However, given the shareholders who are working with 5 HPD and the HDFC Coalition to come up with a strategy 6 to address some municipal arrears and develop a 7 capital improvement plan to save their building, the Council passes local legislation disapproving 8 transfer to new ownership. Components of the plan 9 included the election of a new board of directors by 10 the HDFC in 2018, and renewal of a 2012 defaulted 11 12 payment agreement with the Department of Finance for tax arrears dating to 2008. The HDFC also entered 13 14 into a payment agreement with the Department of 15 Environmental Protection in order to address water 16 and sewer charges. Additionally, the HDFC sold two units in order to bring in revenue, and have made 17 18 progress addressing non-payment by tenants and other shareholders. Rehabilitation of the property 19 20 includes the regular maintenance of the elevator as well as its replacement within the next three to five 21 2.2 years, the installation of a new roof in the spring, 23 and the purchase of a new boiler in 2020. Currently, the cost of these up-upgrades total approximately 24 \$80,000. In an effort to maintain continued 25

1	CONCESSIONS 12
2	affordability and stability in the building, HPD is
3	before the Planning Subcommittee seeking retroactive
4	tax benefits that will replace the current partial
5	Article XI tax exemption. The new Article XI tax
6	exemption will be retroactive to 2008 and be in plac
7	for a total of 40 years. The current estimated cost
8	of the tax benefit is \$5,029,380 with a net present
9	value of \$2,324,035. Thank you. [pause]
10	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you. The net
11	present value is high because you are counting the
12	arrears as a full payment up front?
13	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: How much were the
14	arrears?
15	GENEVIEVE MICHEL: [pause] The retroactive
16	arrears were \$692,213.
17	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Good. What are the-
18	in terms of the upcoming repairs, is there anything
19	else beyond the upgrades in the 80,000 or are there
20	additional violations that need to be cured or
21	anything else beyond that \$80,000 that is necessary?
22	GENEVIEVE MICHEL: They—I think they
23	currently have 59 violations that need to be cured.
24	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And that \$80,000

will cover those 59 violations?

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GENEVIEVE MICHEL: The \$80,000 is what they've spent to date. So, there will presumably be more that they are going to turn to.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. So, you are suggesting a new boiler—sorry, a new roof in the spring and the purchase of a new boiler, and if you may bring the mic closer to you, what would the cost of those be?

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: This from the Buildings Board. They have a new roof scheduled for May of this year at a cost of approximately \$20,000 and they're planning for this new boiler in 2020. They did not provide an estimated cost for that.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: In other preservation projects that I have seen HPD has made funding available for those types of repairs. Was funding being made available from HPD for these repairs?

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: We, you know, we looked at that with the HDFC and looked at I think our Green Preservation Loan program, which would provide a subsidy to do those repairs. Ultimately the HDFC decided they were not interested in that,

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and so that's why we are just here before you with this action today.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I appreciate it, but the good news that the—the resources there anyone watching at home if they have an HDFC they—this Green Preservation Program is available to do roof/boiler type repairs and different boards are free to make different decisions. In terms of the AMI, are you familiar with the—the levels of income in the surrounding area?

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: Yes. Hold on. I think I have that. [pause] I think approximately in the area based on some rough math. We think it's roughly 60 AMI for a family of three.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you. That is helpful and so in your testimony you indicated that your—that this program allowed for AMIs up to 120%, which is twice the surrounding area. It was something that we've discussed with Council Member Barron previously. Is there an opportunity to have a—a lower threshold in the Regulatory Agreement for this project?

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: Unfortunately, no. I think our thinking here is we want to sure that the

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building is actually able to maintain its fiscal health and financial health particularly given those issues identified. So, I think, you know, we're comfortable going up to 120 AMI just in order to ensure that there is actually a stable cash flow in the building.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, 120 AMI would be an individual making \$87,720 a year to a family of six earning \$145,000.

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: Correct.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And so, I guess if somebody is seeing this ta home, and they are interested in either the rental or homeownership opportunities, where should they apply?

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: At all of the—you know, I think this opportunity as well as many others are available on Housing Connect.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you very much.

Are there any members of the public who wish to
testify? Seeing none, I will now close the public
hearing on Land Use Item 330, and it will be laid
over. The second hearing will be on Preconsidered
Land Use Items East Village Homes Phase 1, East
Village Homes Phase 2, East Village Homes NCP, which

1	CONCESSIONS		
2	we will hear together. The applications will		
3	facilitate the new construction of two mixed-use,		
4	mixed income residential rental buildings with 54		
5	units in total that we built on two non-contiguous		
6	vacant city-owned lots. This project will be built		
7	in two phases. Phase 1 is located at 302 east Second		
8	Street and Phase 2 is located at 276 East Third		
9	Street. HPD is seeking an Article XI tax exemption		
10	pursuant to Section 577 of the Private Housing		
11	Finance Law for the two sites; an amendment to		
12	previously approved UDAAP project. The original		
13	UDAAP project was approved by the New York City		
14	Council on April 29, 2010 under Resolution No. 214		
15	and July 19, 2006 Resolution No. 450. I now open the		
16	public hearing on these applications. I would like		
17	to invite HPD to present its testimony. If you could		
18	please state your names for the record.		
19	GENEVIEVE MICHEL: It's still Genevieve		
20	Michel.		
21	ERICA BENSON: Erica Benson		
22	THOMAS YU: Thomas Yu.		
23	KEVIN POWERS: Kevin Powers.		
24	LEGAL COUNSEL: Okay. [background		

comments/pause]

1 CONCESSIONS 17 2 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Before we administer 3 the oath, we will ask the Committee Counsel to call 4 the roll on the previous items. LEGAL COUNSEL: A vote on Land Use Items 5 326, 327, 328 and 329. Council Member Gibson. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: I vote aye on all. 8 LEGAL COUNSEL: The final vote stands at 9 4 in the affirmative, no negatives, no abstentions 10 and the items will be referred to the full land use 11 12 committee. And as for the oath, Genevieve Michel you 13 are still under oath and for the rest of you: affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing 14 15 but the truth in your testimony before the 16 subcommittee and in answers to all Council Member 17 questions? 18 THOMAS YOU: Yes. ERICA BENSON: I do. 19 20 KEVIN POWERS: I do. 21 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: You may begin. 2.2 GENEVIEVE MICHEL: The preconsidered 23 items are related to a project known as East Village Home, which-homes, which consist of two non-24

contiguous vacant city-owned lots originally approved

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1	CONCESSIONS
2	for disposition in 2006 and 2010 for development of
3	two separate projects. No. 20195394 HAM is related
4	to the disposition or 302 East Second Street Block
5	372 Lot 49 and 276 East Third Street Block 372, Lot
6	11 in Manhattan Council District 2. While 20195392
7	HAM and No. 20195393 HAM are in reference to an
8	Article XI tax exemption—exemption request for the
9	project, which is slated for redevelopment under
LO	HPD's New Construction Program. In 2019, HPD added
L1	the sites to the NYHP NYPC Request of Qualification
L2	and the development team was selected in 2017 to
L3	develop the sites. Under the NYPC Guide-under the
L 4	NCP Guidelines, city-owned properties are conveyed to
L5	sponsors in order to create affordable rental—rental
L6	housing on in-fill sites. Construction and permanent
L7	financing is provided through loans from private
L8	institutional lenders and from public-
L9	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: [interposing] May I
20	have a copy of the testimony?
21	GENEVIEVE MICHEL: Oh, yes. Sorry. I'm
22	just trying to get through this. [laughter]
23	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I like to follow

along.

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GENEVIEVE MICHEL: [laughs] Oh, fair enough. Additionally, funding will be provided from the syndication of Low-Income and Housing tax credits. The newly constructed buildings provide rental housing for low-income, moderate income, and middle income families. 276 East Third was originally approved by the Council in 2006 to be developed as a eight bed facility by New York State Office of Mental Health. 302 East Second was approved by the Council in 2010 to be developed as part of an assemblage, which would have included a total of 166 units of which 34 units or roughly 20% would be affordable to families with incomes up to 40 and 50% of the area median income. However, due to project financing issues, neither project moved forward and, therefore, the sites remain city-owned. Given that 302 East Second Street and 276 East Third Street were previously approved—approve for separate projects is seeking an amendment to the prior approvals in order to develop the two sites for new construction through The construction will be completed in two phases and under the proposed project, the city will sell 302 East Second Street to East Village Homes Housing Development Fund Company and 276 East Third

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2 Street to Lower Side (sic) a homes housing development fund company for \$1.00 each. 3 proposed project comprises of the 44 units at 302 4 East Second street and 10 units 276 East Third Street 5 for a total of approximately 53 rental dwelling units 6 7 plus one unit for a superintendent. Additionally, the project will include 1,799 square feet of 8 commercial space at 276 East Third Street and 9 approximately 714 square feet of community-community 10 11 facility space at 302 East Second Street, which is 12 tentatively programmed a social services for the 13 surrounding community. The total development costs 14 is estimated to be \$29 million. Across the building 15 there will be a mixture of unit types including 23 16 studios, 17 1-bedroom, and 13 2-bedroom apartment. 17 The percent of the project's units will b set aside 18 for formerly homeless households. Other units will have rents that are affordable to families earning 19 20 between 27% and 130% of the area median income so as to serve a wide range of households in the 21 2.2 neighborhood. Both buildings will be accessible with 23 two elevators and 302 East Second Avenue and one elevator in 276 East Third Avenue. As mentioned, 24

Preconsidered Items No. 20195392 HAM and No. 20195393

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HAM see Article XI tax benefits for both phases that 2 will coincide with the regulatory agreement for a 3 term of 40 years. The cumulative value of the tax 4 benefits total approximately \$9,870,402 with a net 5 present value of \$2,603,325 for 302 East Second 6 7 Street. The cumulative value of the tax benefits total approximately \$2,629,197 with a net present 8 value of \$710,163 for 276 East Third Street. 9 order to facilitate continued affordability, of the 10 East Village Homes project, HPD is before the 11 12 Subcommittee seeking approval of these three preconsidered items: No, 20195394 HAM, No 2019292 13 14 HAM and No. 20195393 HAM. Additionally, I think that 15 may be given to my testimony, but we are very 16 appreciative t have Reso A funding in this project 17 from the Borough and the Council.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Do you know the amounts.

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: Okay, bear with. I can pull it.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, please continue with the visual presentation while that is being pulled.

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2 THOMAS YU: The amounts are—it's \$500,000 3 from Councilwoman Carlina Rivera and then \$300,000

4 from Gale Brewer.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay.

THOMAS YU: I'm just going to go briefly through the Power Point presentation. Hi. is Thomas Yu, the Co-executive Director of Asian Americans for Equality. We're a 45-year-old nonprofit civil rights organization that in the last 20 years we also do a lot of affordable housing and small business and homeownership development along with our Social Service programs throughout the city and server over 1.3 billion residents of Asian descent, and all those in need in New York City. thank you for the opportunity for us to present our project, and thank you for your continued advocacy on affordable housing issues. Here's a brief slide. It's our history, and I don't go too much into it. The Architect is LeRoy Street Studios. They're also the founders of Hester Street Collaborative who also is a non-profit working on a lot of civic engagement via public design. This is an overhead view of the lot. The two pink lots are the non-contiguous lots on this block in the East Village that we're

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proposing to develop, and there's the current conditions. This is the one facing East Houston and East Second Street. This one is the larger of the two, and then I'm not going to go over the-the Yake (sic) House. You have that in front of you. This is roughly the ground and typical floor layouts here. The Third Street one is a very difficult lot. very narrow in between two existing buildings. Quite a regular lot. The most we could fit there were studios, and so that will be the second phase of the project, and this is the one with the commercial space. Then this is-along with what AAFE does we do a lot of small business technical assistance for small business owners, and so we're looking to work with a lot of the neighborhood retail to put a mom and pop retail stores that we will have a survey and work with the local community board, and other stakeholders to see what's the best type of retail to fit in that space, and then here are the next steps. We are seeking approval this quarter from City Council and then looking to close on construction financing and beginning in June/July of this year.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, I appreciate the transparency and the opportunity honesty relating to

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delays. This project appears to have been delayed for at least 13 years for one of the sites. How can we avoid this moving forward and how many similar projects are still in the pipeline that have been stalled for 10 years or more?

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: I mean I think that the entire idea of the NCP program, maybe not the entire partner, part of the idea of the NPC program is trying to actually have a term sheet and a program at HPD that does allow sites of this size to move forward. You know, I think as I mentioned, the, you know, one of t he sites the East Second Street site was only going to work as part of an assemblage where for an 80/20 building and so I think, you know, from our perspective this is actually very positive. think this is a, you know, better term sheet and a better project for this site. You know, I don't know exactly how many are in the pipeline, but I think as you can see based on how we've-how many of these projects have come before the committee. HPD is very focused on bringing these projects that might have stalled out to fruition.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: When was NYHOP and NCP created? [background comments/pause]

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GENEVIEVE MICHEL: 2015.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, so this is just a matter of it was created a part of this new Administration one or two years in, and this went into an RFP almost immediately, and so it just took— Is there a way to speed up how long that RFP process takes so that it's not a 4 or 5-year turnaround?

know the reality is we have a lot of projects in this pipeline that we are trying to move as fast as possible, but at the end of the day we can only mover so many projects at once. So, I think you have seen a lot of them. You will continue to see a lot of them. I certainly understand that it can be a frustrating sign that there are so many projects that have stalled. I consider actually a good thing, and I find that we are moving forward.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: In terms of the space that is commercial, is there any commitments in the Regulatory Agreement or from the developers that it will have an affordable rate. I think you've seemed already inclined and so generally I tend to ask folks who come here who are very different developers than yourselves whether or not they will

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2 make this space available for community uses and mom 3 and pop shops.

THOMAS YU: That's our full intention, and that's part of the organizational mission. So, all our rents are in every one of the 40 or so buildings in this area that we run as affordable housing with ground floor retail. They are all at the low market rate rents.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: That—that makes me happy to hear. I'm going to run through a whole bunch of quick questions. Who is the developer—you've indicated the Design Studio. Who is the developer—who's going to be doing the construction?

THOMAS YU: We're using AAD Construction

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Do you—do you happen whether or not your general contractor or any of the other subs or in terms of LeRoy Studio, whether or not they are MWBEs.

as our general contractor.

THOMAS YU: AAD themselves are not an MWBE, but we have been working with them so that we will meet the MWB3-MWBE threshold via the subs and then we also operate a local hiring network so that

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we want to get a lot of community folks lined up for job opportunities.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: You're—you're skipping ahead of my—[laughter] and so what is the

7 commit to over and above the local hiring

8 requirement?

THOMAS YU: I forget the exact number we pledged on this project. Do you have that offhand?

local hiring requirement or what are you willing to

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: I don't, but we can certainly get it to you.

THOMAS YU: Yeah, but we would always seek to exceed, and we can call our office, Asian-Americans for Equality for access to the network. We generally have a job placement and training so that folks who come in not only for this project, for a number of other different types of employment options throughout New York City come in. We work with folks. Maybe they're not skilled yet. Identify ways that they can level their vocational training and then work with all our general contractors to hire folks.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Yeah. If somebody is watching at home right now and they would like a job

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at this site building it or working on it and maintaining it they can as part of this network what number should they call?

THOMAS YU: Our general office line is 212-964-2288 and they can ask for the AAFE Job Placement network. [pause]

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I'm going to stick on that. Why? One of the best ways we can deal with the affordable housing crisis if to pay people sufficiently so that they don't necessarily need the lowest levels of affordable housing, and this is just to the developer. So far I'm liking everything you're hearing-I'm hearing. Are you able to ensure that the contractor that you are working with and that in running the buildings that people will be paid the right, the wages commensurate with the type of work that they are doing that they will have health insurance so they can go to a doctor if they get hurt either constructing of maintaining that they'll be able to one day retire because they have access to a retirement plan. If they get disabled that they will have more than workers comp but disability insurance. Are-are those-will those be available?

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THOMAS YU: Yeah, we'll work with our general contractors and make sure that their workers are paid fairly and they're one of the more active general contractors in the city and with a lot of city contracts. So, they work above board, and which is why we're careful in selection of our general contractor. And even in our building operations when the buildings are in place we run in-house our own property management office, and all workers full-time have all the benefits that you—you listed.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Wow. Okay, thank you. This is going better than—than normal. The—will the buildings be accessible?

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: Yeah, as I mentioned in my testimony, one will have two elevators, one will have one elevators.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Let's just—can we just bid the projects out to—can you just make sure to bid on all of the projects, please [laughter] because this—this does not usually go this well. In terms of the—there's a \$29 million total project cost. What are the hard costs associated with this project and what are you soft costs?

THOMAS YU: So, altogether if we combine the buildings about 21-I'm sorry. \$20 million are for hard costs; \$6.3 million roughly is for the soft costs.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay in this HPD testimony they had \$29 million for the total development costs. So, I'm still missing \$3 million.

THOMAS YU: Can I see your version?

There—there's—there might be some late changes

because we're still negotiating with the general

contractor to see if they get lower.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: You might have just gotten an additional \$3 million. [laughter] In terms of the developer fee, what is your developer fee?

THOMAS YU: That's still in flux, but we're hoping to get 42 million, half of we will not get at closing. It's through maintaining the project well for 15 years and we'll derive that from—only from net cash flow.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I appreciate the set-aside for formerly homeless. We've been pushing for a goal of 15% set-aside. Would you be open to a

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15% set-aside for formerly homeless? I-I need you to say a word into the record. 3

THOMAS YU: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Would HPD be open to additional financing to reach our 15% set-aide goal?

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: I think in order to make the financing work on this project, we'd probably then have to raise the AMI for some of the units.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, that goes to the next piece to the developer. Currently, you're setting AMI at 27% of AMI to 130% and because I like to try to say things in real numbers, that's about for \$21,930 is 30% of AMI for a single individual and 130% of AMI is 155-\$157,300 for a family of six. So that is a large range. Do you—are you familiar with and this is for the developer or HPD the AMI for those living in the surrounding area.

THOMAS YU: Yeah, so we looked at the Furman center state of New York City Neighborhoods Report, and roughly you have the-the-what we call Community Board 3 of Manhattan split into five quintiles, and if we were to take that, it's-it's almost like more or less even along the lowest four

1 CONCESSIONS 32 2 quintiles and the smallest in the-folks that make 20-3 \$250,000 or more. And so, our AMI mix does reflect 4 as closely as possible each segment, and so we were 5 very cognizant of trying to create apartments for 6 each housing band in the-what we saw in the census 7 tracks. 8 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: What is your 9 breakdown? 10 THOMAS YU: We have here a mix-I've got the number here. Combined we have 11% homeless units; 11 8% of 30% AMI; 13% for 50% AMI; 23% for 80% AMI; 12% 12 for 100% AMI; 17% for a 130 and then there's a higher 13 14 bracket also 17% for 165 underwritten in that 130. 15 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you. Do you-16 so-so you're-what is your role in Asian Americans for 17 Equity? 18 THOMAS YU: I'm the Co-Executive Director. 19 20 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, how much of your portfolio is-relates to advocacy and while the other 21 2.2 parts of your mission versus development?

THOMAS YU: I don't have the exact number. Development does play one of the larger roles, but I would say maybe a third of our

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND 1 CONCESSIONS 2 activities are about development. We have a lot of micro lending for entrepreneurs, a Home Repair 3 Lending Technical Assistance Program getting folks 4 educated about financial literacy. We do a senior 5 care youth services job placement and your regular 6 7 immigration social services and entitlement help. 8 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, you've now gotten a lot of the questions I've been asking in the 9 committee relating to the amounts of financing, the 10 amounts of subsidy, MWBE status, accessibility 11 12 status, commercial affordability for commercial space 13 comparing the area median income to what you're 14 building. Do you think those are—are the right 15 questions to be asking those developers before the 16 committee? 17 THOMAS YU: Yeah, and I hope you continue 18 [laughs] to grow every average welfare. (sic) 19

[laughs] As a former housing advocate, we do a lot of that type of advocacy, too.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Is there anything I'm missing that I-I should be adding?

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THOMAS YU: I would say [laughter] - you're doing to kick me if I say this, but sometimes language access. We work with a lot of immigrant

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND 34 1 CONCESSIONS 2 populations and sometimes even amongst when Buildings are in Operations, is it a responsible property 3 4 manager dealing with the tenants. So--5 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I -- I will accept 6 that. So, tell me about the languages spoken and 7 your census area or-or neighborhood, and what type of 8 language access is available. THOMAS YU: In this neighborhood it's 9 10 primarily English, Spanish and Chinese. So, within our staffing and property management personnel, they 11 12 cover all of those languages, but throughout the city we have a lot of developments in Queens and Brooklyn 13 14 as well. That can tally up to dozens of languages. 15 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: What languages or 16 marketing materials be available in? 17 THOMAS YU: All three languages. 18 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Great. Anything else I should have asked with regards to language access? 19 20 THOMAS YU: I think that's it. [laughs] CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. 21 Thank you. 2.2 I-I will tell you that this-this really [laughter]

I-I will tell you that this—this really [laughter] that this has—this has been the most positive experience for me as a Chair I guess. I'm not sure how it went for you, but usually these go a lot

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2 differently. So, I appreciate it. Thank you and if you have specific language in terms of questions 3 4 you'd like to see other developers get asked, I-I 5 will actually accept your recommendation and start 6 asking people about the accessibility. And in terms 7 of the current Housing Connect site, which we are working at, I am proud to be working closely with HPD 8 and HPD is very open and transparent and-and working 9 10 well on this. How can we improve Housing Connect to make it more accessible and easier for you to work 11 12 with in terms of for marketing your materials? Is it available in enough languages right now, and also 13 from the Administrative side of-of using it to do the 14 15 offering? Do you have any quick feedback? 16 THOMAS YU: Yeah, we would welcome any

THOMAS YU: Yeah, we would welcome any robust translations for the online portal. One of the things that we helped on aren't on aren't processes for another HPD funded development in Flushing for 232 units and we received a staggering 85,000 applications for that, and the the—it—it basically all of the applicants' when we received came from every language and background you can think of in terms of residents of New York City. And one of the things we found that in especially the lower

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income spectrums, they have difficulty getting computer or Internet access to access Housing Connect. So, to the extent HPD or the City Council can look towards in the future funding a lot of different particularly non-profit or resident groups to help with that providing that technical assistances. Maybe as someone that that the community residents trust to work with them to help them fill out something online would be very helpful, and expand accessibility for all applicants.

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: Well, I was only going to—I mean when—I think HPD is absolutely happy to always look at ways to improve upon our Housing Investment Program, but I also thought I would be remiss if I didn't point out that—that number of applications received for that number of units speaks to why it is so important that we continue to produce as many units as we are particularly all the ones that are coming through this committee.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, I—I'm—tell me something. You said there was a Housing Ambassador program, and I guess is that available for this specific development or how can we—what money is available as part of the marketing for this project

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other side of the Digital Divide? GENEVIEVE MICHEL: So, so what I mean by

to ensure that we're reaching out to folks on the

our Housing Ambassador Program is we work with community groups throughout the city to help us with them the marketing process. I think you guys might even be a housing ambassador.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Uh-hm.

GENEVIEVE MICHEL: So, I think that would cover it on this project, but I certainly, you know, think there is room for us to have further conversations about that program.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, I guess to Asian Americans for Equality, would you be able to do the same type of community outreach that you've done? Is that something that should be reflected as part of the budget? Is that question --? I should be asking in terms of marketing to do grassroots and technical assistance with completion of 85,000 applications. [laughter]

THOMAS YU: It certainly helps. have a marketing budget for this project. Generally we would exceed the budget because we want to cover more people and sometimes it's just not eligible

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costs or within the budget. So, we would use kind of limited unrestricted funds form our non-profit budget to cover that since that's mission oriented, but to the extent we can always increate the support for groups all over the city do is really great.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. Is there—
anyone else have any questions? Do we have any
testimony from the public? Seeing none, I—I will now
close the public hearing on this application, and
they will be laid over and give me your card because
I—I look forward to having more of this conversation.

THOMAS YU: Sure. Thank you.

appreciate it. Thank you. [background comments/
pause] Our third hearing will be on Preconsidered
Land Use 32-34 Putnam Avenue Cluster. This, which
consists of a group of buildings in Majority Leader
Cumbo's district and Council Member Cornegy's
district. The project includes six partially
occupied city-owned buildings that will provide 51
affordable cooperative dwelling units, five
affordable rental dwelling units, and four storefront
commercial spaces. HPD is seeking to pursuant to
Article 16 of the General Municipal Law and Section

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- 2 577 of Article XI of the Private Housing Finance Law
- 3 approval of an Urban Development Action Area Project
- 4 and real property tax exemption. This property
- 5 located at 32 Putnam Avenue, 34 Putnam Avenue, 550
- 6 Dekalb Avenue, 55 Carlton Avenue and 374-76 Prospect
- 7 Place and 1216 Pacific Street. And I will now turn
- 8 to my-to the Majority Leader to see if she has any
- 9 comments she wishes to make before we begin.
- 10 MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Thank you so
- 11 | much, Council Member Kallos. I don't have any
- 12 questions at this time. I'd rather hear the
- 13 testimony and then pose questions that my
- 14 constituents have proposed for me. Thank you. If you
- 15 | could please state your names for the record.
- 16 LACEY TAUBER: Lacey Tauber, HPD.
- 17 CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Christine
- 18 Retzlaff O'Connell, HPD.
- 19 EMILIO DORCELY: Hi. Emelio Dorcely, the
- 20 President of Bridge Street Development Corporation
- 21 | Emelio Dorcely, the President of Bridge Street
- 22 Development Corporation.
- 23 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you and I'll
- 24 ask Committee Counsel to administer the oath.

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LEGAL COUNSEL: Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this subcommittee, and in answer to all of Council Members' questions?

> LACEY TAUBER: Yes.

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: I do.

EMILIO DORCELY: Yes.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Thank you.

LACEY TAUBER: Okay. This preconsidered item consists of the proposed disposition of disposition of six city-owned multiple dwellings and the approval of Article XI Tax benefits for the buildings located at 32-34 Putnam Avenue, 55 Carlton Avenue, 550 Dekalb Avenue, 374 Prospect place, and 1215 Pacific Street located in Brooklyn Council District 35 and 36. Known as the 32-34 Putnam Avenue ANCP Cluster, the six buildings centers city ownership through in rem-in rem foreclosure action between 1979 through 1983 for non-payment of real property taxes, and all except for 1216 Pacific Street opted into the Tenor-Tenant Interim Lease or TIL Program, between 2000 and 2002. As a requirement of the TIL Program, tenants from-form tenant associations to manage their building and collect

1 rents under a net lease from the city of New York. 2 Currently, the tenants in the partially occupied TIL 3 4 buildings have met the threshold requirements and are 5 ready to move forward with the next steps in cooperative conversions under HPD's Affordable 6 7 Neighborhood Cooperative Program or ANCP. As part of the ANCP Program Guidelines, the City-owned multiple 8 dwellings are conveyed to restoring communities HDFC 9 for \$1.00 per tax lot, and then rehabilitated by 10 private developers selected through a competitive 11 12 process to create affordable cooperatives for low and 13 moderate income households. The developer Bridge 14 Street Development Corp or BSDC, will sign a site 15 development and management agreement with Restoring 16 Communities that will be in a site until co-op 17 conversion occurs and title transfers from Restoring 18 Communities HDFC to a tenant form HDFC cooperative. From the time of the cooperative conversion, the 19 20 developer will remain the property manager for at least one year. After the first year, the co-op will 21 2.2 have the choice of keeping the developer as property 23 manager or hire a new company approved by HPD. 32-34 Putnam Cluster has a total of 56 residential 24

units of which 32 are occupied and 24 are vacant.

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The Cluster also contains four vacant commercial 2 spaces, two at 550 Dekalb Avenue, and two at 55 3 4 Carlton. The household incomes for the existing 5 tenants range from 11% to 119% AMI, and the co-op 6 interest attributable to occupied apartments will be 7 sold to the existing tenants for \$2,500. Additionally, the maintenance is anticipated to be 8 approximately 42% of AMI for existing tenants, which 9 is roughly \$846 for a 1-bedroom unit; \$1,026 for a 2-10 bedroom unit and \$1,179 for a 3-bedroom unit. 11 12 cooperative interest attributable to vacant 13 apartments will be sold for a price affordable to 14 families earning no more than 110% of area median 15 income. 1216 Pacific Street, which is a vacant 16 building that has been sealed since 2001 is in HPD's 17 Division of Property Management and Client Services, 18 This division manages and maintains City-owned properties until they can be transferred to 19 20 responsible private ownership. 1216 Pacific Street will become a rent stabilized property with 5 units 21 2.2 under the ownership of the developer. Initial rents 23 will be set at 100% of AMI. Roughly, \$1,899 for a 1bedroom unit. Each building will undergo substantial 24 rehabilitation, which will include layout changes in 25

Τ	CONCESSIONS 43
2	order to conform to DOB building codes and handicap
3	accessibility. The scope of work includes
4	replacement of structural joists, work to angle of
5	the building as well as work to the electrical,
6	plumbing and heating system. Interior work will also
7	include new bathrooms and kitchen fixtures, entry
8	doors, new flooring, and upgrades to the public
9	hallways. During the construction, the existing
LO	tenants will be temporarily relocated to units
L1	provided by the sponsor in nearby neighborhoods.
L2	Post-rehabilitation the mixture of unit types will be
L3	21 1-bedroom, 33 2-bedroom, and 2 3-bedroom
L 4	apartments. Fifty-one will be cooperative units
L5	while the five units at 1216 Pacific Street will be
L 6	rental units. The total development costs is
L7	estimated to be \$24,566,731, which is subject to
L8	change. In addition to seeking disposition approval,
L 9	HPD also requests a 40-year Article XI tax exemption
20	in order to help the HDFC maintain affordability.
21	The term of the tax exemption will be coterminous
22	with the Regulatory Agreement, and the total tax
23	benefit is approximately \$10,721,516 with a net

present value of \$2,995,283.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: [off mic] You must have this for sure. (sic)

LACEY TAUBER: We provided a one-pager with some background on—on Bridge Street. You're welcome to give some background if you'd like on the organization, but we don't have a formal presentation.

EMILIO DORCELY: And good afternoon. name is Emilio Dorcely. I'm the Presidency of Bridge Street Development Corporation. Bridge Street Development Corporation often known as BSDC was founded in 1995 and was created by the members of the oldest continuing African-American congregation in Brooklyn, which is Bridge Street Residents, African Methodists, a physical church. We basically have a mission of trying to create partnerships to help benefit and create a higher quality of life in neighborhoods in Central Brooklyn with a focus on low to moderate income individuals. In addition to the affordable housing work we do, we have a number of program areas. We do work in homeownership services, which is primarily focused on preventing foreclosure and helping first time home buyers become buyer ready. We have our Community Engagement Programs,

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2 which is focused on a number of different areas in youth development, which currently we have a program 3 that provides both in-school and out-of-school youth 4 5 with civic engagement and with job training through 6 the NDA program. We also have the working that we do 7 with Economic Development. These folks just primarily on small local mom and pop businesses 8 primarily storefront businesses. Last year we had 9 over ten businesses graduate from our Small Business 10 Boot Camp, which was an opportunity to help increase 11 12 the capacity of small local storefront businesses to make sure that they can continue to both survive and 13 14 hopefully become better as the neighborhoods continue 15 to change. We also do work with helping to make sure 16 that we can get people in the neighborhood to know 17 and to shop locally. So, we've had a number of 18 different special events with over 5,000 people attending to help promote them, the local businesses 19 20 whether they be on Tompkins Avenue, Bedford Avenue or Malcolm X Boulevard. We also have the work that we 21 2.2 do under community engagement, which is around tenant 23 advocacy, and community organizing that focuses on 24 primarily two areas: (1) Helping to promote and

develop, and support Tenant and the Block

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2 Associations. We provide them with technical assistance. We help them start. We help them keep 3 4 going, and we make sure that they can speak to the 5 issues in their neighborhood, and we actually helped 6 to create a coup of years ago the Bed-Stuy Workers' 7 Alliance, which is an alliance of block and tenant associations that gets together on a regular basis to 8 be able to discuss and identify issues of concern to 9 the neighborhood. We also have the work that we do 10 with seniors, which is based out of 625 Chrissy (sic) 11 12 Street, which is a new construction building that we developed almost 10 years ago, and we provide a whole 13 14 range of services for seniors ranging from being able 15 to assist them with aging in place primarily 16 providing them with case management, educational and social recreational activities, everything from 17 18 helping them get on Facebook through our computer center to making sure that they activities such as 19 20 line dancing, and Chair Yoga. The idea that we want to make sure our elders have an opportunity to age in 21 2.2 place in the neighborhood that they've always call 23 as—as home. So—so that's some of the programming 24 work that we do, but we also have a pretty robust

affordable housing development pipeline. We've don't

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both new construction and substantial rehabilitation, this project is something that is doing-dear to our heart because Bridge Street Development Corporation started in 1995 as a way of being-to make sure some of the abandoned brownstones in Bedford-Stuyvesant found new owners, and we were able to make sure that we-we revitalized the neighborhood, and this is just, you know, another opportunity to make sure that we can increase affordable homeownership in

neighborhoods that really need it.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: To the Majority Leader for any statement to end questions?

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Thank you so much, and I just have a few questions about how this process will happen. I'm very well aware of the work of Bridget Street, and have been following and participating in your work for over 20 years now. So, happy to have you here and part of this process. So, my first question goes to for the developments that are in my district, how long are we anticipating the renovation time would actually be?

EMILIO DORCELY: Sure. Currently, we're anticipating that the relocation period should be up to about 22 months, but we're targeting somewhere

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between 18 to 22 to be able to complete the construction period and be able to get people back into their original apartments.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Okay. Now, would all of the construction on let's say the three sites in my district, would they be happen-happening simultaneously or at different periods of time? I ask that question to determine do you actually have the ability to house that many tenants related at the same time or are you going to space it out in order to be able to accommodate the number of people that would be relocated at one particular time?

EMILIO DORCELY: Currently, the project only has one actual phase, but the relocation process is somewhat staggered, and so, as of right now, we are working with two buildings that have completed the relocation documentation process, which means they sign all the forms and are in the process of actually relocating. We have at least two individuals-to units from I believe at least one of the buildings in your district that has already relocated, and another two are scheduled to relocate next weekend, and we hope to have on building fully vacant before the end of this month, and are in the

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process of working to-and schedule another six people from other buildings, and the hope is that we will have at least three buildings actually fully relocated prior to closing so that those buildings can begin construction immediately. And then, within the first month of construction be able to relocatecomplete the relocation process for the last building so that all or the buildings would be under construction about the same time.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Have you relocated and done a renovation, and have tenants move back in? Have you completed a process like that/

EMILIO DORCELY: Yes, as in-in fact, we are currently in the process of completing a-a project where it was nine buildings located in three neighborhoods. The neighborhoods were Bedford-Stuyvesant, Crown Heights and Park Slope and about 74 units where about half of them were occupied, and we had to relocate at least two-thirds of the tenants and be able to bring them back to their original units.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Lessons learned from that project.

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EMILIO DORCELY: Lessons learned is that relocation is difficult, and then we try to build in as much cushion time for the reality of the variation of people's individual lives and concerns so that we can do our best to meet their needs, but the reality that we're not going to be able to meet every single need, but there are certain minimum requirements. (1) We try our best to make sure [coughing] that we provide them in an apartment that is in a fairly similar neighborhood and close by. (2) We try to provide them with a unit that is a fairly similar size, and if not, we then try to pay attention to the household size, and then we try to deal with special concerns like if individuals have mobility uses, and whether they have special requirements where they need to be on a lower floor and we try and take all these variables, and work with them and then at the same time try to make sure that people have realized the real schedules to try to work within the construction schedule, but still trying our best to accommodate any type of schedule that may prevent them from moving in the ideal time that we would like, and work with them to try to find some type of

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mutual time that works, but still not in creating excessive delays for the project.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: And who pays for the move-in costs and handles that?

EMILIO DORCELY: That is all part of the project budget.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Okay. So the residents do not have to incur any move-in costs. They don't actually have to move their belongings themselves?

EMILIO DORCELY: Yes, what we tell them is that (1) We hire the movers. We work with them to select the date. We ask them if they need storage, and if they do, we coordinate with the movers.

We've also actually added an additional because some tenants have already told us or residents have told us where they have things that they may not want to bring to the Relocation Unit, and we've worked it out with the moving company that they will dispose of items that they no longer want, and so so—and we also provide moving boxes, and moving materials. And so we do our best to try to accommodate them, but as you can imagine, people who have lived in a unit for

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2 sometimes well over 20 years, it's a-it's a bit of a 3 a--

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: [interposing] Uhhm.

EMILIO DORCELY: --difficult process, and we do it the best we can to hold their hand, but it's still a very difficult process to deal with it.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: So, walk me through the process a bit because there seems to have been some miscommunication or confusion on the part of residents in my district in terms of them seeing ads where their buildings are going to be sold for a dollar. So, there's the discrepancy or the confusion that residents have that their buildings are being sold for a dollar, and giving them the impression that, and I want to read and quote actually. "A tenant states that the city is selling the building to a developer for \$1.00, which is completely nullifying the TIL agreement, and the TIL Program enables tenants to manage and collect rent to deposit into a bank account and do repairs. So, can you explain to me the dollar sale and now tenants can understand that they are not being displaced or moved from their homes?

So,

1 CONCESSIONS 2 CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: 3 I'm Christine Retzlaff. I'm the Director of ANCP 4 that's facilitating the development with Bridge 5 The-the tenant body we've been meeting with 6 them since the project was assigned in late 2016. 7 We've provided a number of written materials, as well as in-person meetings, and-and the talking point has 8 always been that at construction loan closing, the 9 property is transferred to Restoring Communities 10 HDFC. They're our non-profit partner, and they're 11 12 sole role is to own the buildings during construction and also to apply for the New York State Affordable 13 14 Housing Corporation Grant. The HC Grant. At no time 15 will the develop-developer ever own the building 16 because we want to make sure that the tenants have that secure feeling that the developer is coming in 17 18 to do a job. The job is to work on behalf of the resident to facilitate the renovation and then to 19 20 walk away once the conversion to the cooperative happens. And so, that is what we are-that's what 21 2.2 we're asking for today is actually the approval to 23 dispose of the property to Restoring Communities HDFC

for the price of a dollars, which is sort of our

historical transfer costs. It's-you know, it's-it's

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not. Usually, a proprietary lease, which is the

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2 legal document that connects the tenant to-to the ownership in-in the building usually has a term of 99 3 years, which again is sort of symbolic versus a real 4 end or a conclusion to an ownership term. 5 6 intended that in 99 years the lease would be renewed, 7 the proprietary lease, and that's the same across the all HDFC co-operatives. The-the shareholders will 8 remain as owners of their building, and we have put a 9 lot of thought and policy decisions into ANCP so that 10 we can make sure that these are buildings that will 11 12 be created under this program, and they will exist as co-ops long into the future, and they will be 13 14 protected from concerns about mismanagement, lack of operating funds, any kind of repair issues down the 15 16 They will—they will be saving all the while 17 making sure that their co-op can last long into the 18 future. 19 MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: So, they have a 20

co-op so three I guess rapid fire questions would be-

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL:

[interposing] Sure.

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MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: --can this co-op transition from family member to a family member

the value of the co-op?

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particularly in death can it transition and in an estate from one family member to another family member? The other question is can they sell their co-op for market value? And the third would be can they take out a mortgage or a loan based off of the-

Okay. So, for the first EMILIO DORCELY: question, ownership can be transferred-you-you-they own the shares, right? So, they have the right to transfer those shares to a family member or to a friend. Basically, we recommend to residents that they-they get a will. They're going to have something of great value that they want to ensure that there's a process codified so that if they want to do that transfer, they can do so. So, yes, there is the right to transfer the shares to a family member and through a will. Something like that. the tenant wants to sell the unit, if the-the shareholder wants-wants to sell the unit, they also retain the right to do so. We do restrict the amount of profit that an owner can-can realize from the sale. Basically, the longer that a tenant or a shareholder lives in the unit, the-the more profit they recognize. So, it's-it's incentivizing long-

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term homeownership, and it's also ensuring that folks aren't buying in at \$2,500 or the vacant apartments are buying in at—at the lower prices that we're setting for the initial conversion, and then the next day flipping—

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Right.

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: --for-for a higher price. So, the longer that they live in the unit, the more profit they realize, and-and just to confirm of to state it, profit is over and above what they paid, and it's over and above closing costs. So, we don't want anyone to be out of pocket, right? We want them to be made whole when they sell, but the profit will be subject to a flip tax. So, the amount of the profit that is not taken home by the seller it's-it's retained by the cooperative for the benefit of the cooperative, and the third question you asked-- Oh, you had also asked about market. These are not market. Our initial sales are going to be at 100% of area median income, which is about 50 to 60% less than market now, and then the income restriction will be at 110% of area median income. And the third question that you mentioned-

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2 MALE SPEAKER: [off mic] If they can take 3 out a loan.

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Right, if they can take out a loan. So, we do expect that the buyers of the vacant apartments will have to obtain a mortgage to purchase their-their apartments at 100% of area median income, and so-but we do expect that with the fully gut renovation that will occur as part of this process, and the reserves that we'll set up for the co-op that they won't need to take out individual loans for renovations in the building. Ιf an individual shareholder wants to make upgrades to their apartments beyond what we're providing as part of the renovation, they could take out a loan against the equity that they've built up in their-in their apartment. But it would be subject to the individual apartment, and not the entire cooperative value.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: So, if you wanted to utilize—if you wanted to take out equity based off of the fact that you wanted to purchase a home somewhere else, could you do that?

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: That's a great question. So, for the purposes of this program, the Regulatory Agreement states that for the

1	CONCESSIONS 59
2	outsider—the outside purchasers, they actually have
3	to be first-time home buyers. So, they cannot have
4	owned property anywhere ever before. For existing
5	families or says someone wants to take out—wants to
6	get a summer home or something like that
7	MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: [interposing]
8	That sounds nice.
9	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: It is
10	nice, or a time share
11	MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: [interposing] Oh,
12	wow.
13	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL:it has
14	to be within 100 miles of New York City. So it's
15	further up in Philly, it's further up thanthan
16	Montauk.
17	MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: So, the other
18	question that I have about that is if you—it was
19	about the mortgage. I wanted to know about the
20	mortgage, but then I wanted to know if-it's going to
21	come back to me. [pause] You'll have to come back
22	to me, but it's-but it's an important point, and I

want to definitely bring it back to that. So, I'm

going to put a pen on it right there because I asked

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about the-Oh, so, this is what happened. So, if someone does not want to move--

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Uh-hm.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: --and you're doing this gut rehab, what—what do you do? What happens there?

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: So, it does happen. This is not the only project that we're working on right now. So, we've-we've seen that scenario. In most cases we have a majority that want to move, right so you-you may have out of 10-a group of 10. Maybe one person says, No, I'm not going anywhere. Because there is a, you know, publicly sponsored process, because there's-there's money that's been laid out because there's, you know, orders show that the renovation is necessary that the conditions warrant the renovation. The resident may be forced through court action to actually vacate the premises. If they-if they refuse to sign a relocation agreement, and we-we do our best to-HPD does our best in partnership with our developer to ensure that the requirements are in writing, the entire time that we go through pre-development that the relocation is required, that we-that we really

1 CONCESSIONS 2 stress it during meetings. We have a separate meeting tenants to talk about relocation because it 3 4 is such a big responsibility. So, we want to make sure that throughout the entire process folks are 5 thinking about this that their ready. That they're 6 7 thinking about the boxes coming, and what they want to keep or what they don't want, what they want to go 8 in a storage, and for folks at the end of the day. 9 If we're going to pre-development for 2 years -2-1/2 10 years and they say I'm still not moving, we-we may 11 12 have to-we start a legal action. MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: I remembered my 13 14 question. 15 CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: 16 MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: They say I'm not 17 old enough to claim senior moments. So, I claim 18 mommy brain. [background comments/laughter] But, the two worlds are starting to collide faster each 19 20 day. About ideas around Airbnb? 21 CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Uh-hm. 2.2 MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: So, co-ops from 23 what I understand are often very particular about

So, if someone chose that they wanted to-maybe this 25

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people or individuals Airbnb'ing their spaces out.

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- isn't their primary living space. If they decided
 they wanted to Airbnb it, could they? Or not even—
 let's take a--Airbnb is on the extreme.
- 5 CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Uh-hm.
 6 Sublet.
 - MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Yeah, I'm subletting. My cousin is coming in. She's going to stay there. She's going to college, she'll live there--
- 11 CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Uh-hm.
- MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: --because in many
 co-ops they won't even allow your cousin--
- 14 CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Right.
- MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: --and you're
 paying the rent to just live there and you don't
 liver there.
 - CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: So, that is part of the policy that we've implemented for ANCP. So, we do not allow any kind of Airbnb situation. Residents must certify annually that this is their primary residence. They must stay there 270 days out of the year, reference the address on their tax returns, driver's license. It has to be their primary residence. There are some extreme situations

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where somebody may want to sublet if they're active military, and—and we would recognize that. It would have to be approved by HPD first, but subletting and Airbnb are actually not allowed, and the—the owner, the individual shareholder at that point could be subject to a fine or worse, and it the co-op is, you know, becomes a pervasive problem in the co-op, HPD would—would intervene and seek legal action. It's—it's a lesson learned.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Got it.

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Uh-hm.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Thank you. This on paper sounds like an incredible opportunity for the residents to have homeownership within their community, and that's such a rarity at this time. We are hopeful, prayerful that this transition is one that is beneficial to the community, that it doesn't disrupt people's everyday lives, and-and as you testified, I'm confident that you're making all provisions to make sure that families are kept in place, and parents that have to get to work and drop their kids off at school and drop them off at daycare and pick them up, that a change in a dynamic like this can be very difficult and challenging. So, we

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are-we are hoping that this will be one that you have enough infrastructure and support in order to provide that for our constituents. So, thank you.

> EMILIO DORCELY: Thank you, Councilwoman.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you. [pause] So, I have a new set of questions that I haven't ever asked before relating to the languages in the community-surrounding community. So, what are languages spoken in the surrounding community, and what languages are available-materials available andand so, what is the language-language accessibility for this project?

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: The-the majority of the residents in this cluster are English speaking. I believe there are a couple of Spanish speaking residents, but predominantly English. Every communication that we have put out is always dual lingual whether it's needed or not. So, always in English and Spanish, and where we have recognized that residents have language needs other than English and Spanish, we always opt for translation, and every meeting that we do with tenants, we also bring interpretation services.

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EMILIO DORCELY: And as part of the marketing process that we work with HPD Marketing Department, the marketing materials are required to be provided in multiple languages in order to make sure that the widest number of community members can access the ability to complete the marketing materials and also enter the lottery process.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And do you provide technical assistance with completing the applications?

Generally, what we do as part of this process we sometimes have done these processes ourselves. Other times we've hired a third party, and generally what happens is that we are required to do advertising in both a local paper, a larger city paper, and then we do multiple community meetings in order to make sure that the surrounding area residents understand the process and it's usually set in a convenient location near public transportation to be able to encourage and inform people what the process is and how they can be engaged and involved.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I want to take a moment to thank HPD again in this hearing. Don't-

2	don't let it go to your heads, but I really do
3	appreciate that this testimony included a lot of
4	specific numbers about what the rental rates would
5	be. I find AMIs very hard to assess. So, that is
6	helpful. Do you happen to know the incomes of the
7	surrounding neighborhood, and whether the 100% AMI
8	level is appropriate for the five-for the initial
9	rents at 100% of AMI, which translates to \$73,100 for
10	a single individual, \$221,000 for a family of six?
11	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Yeah. So,
12	I have some-some data that's a little out of date.
13	It is—as referenced earlier, the -the State of New
14	York City Neighborhoods from NYU Furman Center, I'm
15	looking at data from 2016, which says that the mediar
16	household income is about \$76,000. I can get you a
17	more updated number.
18	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So-so, therefore,
19	you feel that the number you have said is—is on
20	track?
21	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: I feel
22	like it's on track, but it's probably—I hope that

it's gone up since 2016.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Alright, and-and so I will look—if you can send me the link to the Furman Center, I-

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL:

[interposing] Yes.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: -- I've been using the New York City Planning Population Fact Finder, which shows census data indicating the median household income of \$72,770--\$72,770-70--\$762, it is yes. [laughter] Let the record explore something in the-let the record reflect, and if my colleague gets to say mommy brain, I hope to say daddy brain--

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: [interposing] Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: --but the mean household income is actually \$94,000 to 24 with interestingly enough about 30% of the community hadin households earning more than \$100,000 a year. So,

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: I want to say that we're looking at a bunch of different neighborhoods here and it—it varies kind of widely across the neighborhoods. For that we're looking at the--

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2 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: [interposing] I was

3 looking 32 Putnam.

LACEY TAUBER: Yeah. I mean we're looking—we have properties in Bed-Stuy and—and Clinton Hill and Crown Heights, Prospect Heights. So, it varies across those neighborhoods.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: The New York City

Population Fact Finder allows you to select multiple

census tracks.

LACEY TAUBER: Yes, I—I did that [laughter] and yeah, we're looking at probably an average of around—between 60 and 70% AMI for a family of three, but again it's a broad range across these neighborhoods.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I—I want to appreciate HPD for—for hearing my concerns and whether or not my concerns had anything to do with it, it seems like today both multiple projects have been on track. For Bridge Street Development Corporation, which contractor have you selected to do the repairs?

EMILIO DORCELY: We will be working with Notias Construction. Notias Construction.

1	CONCESSIONS 69
2	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay and do you know
3	if they are an MWBE?
4	EMILIO DORCELY: Notias Construction is
5	not an MWBE, but we are in the process of working
6	with them to make sure that subcontractors are
7	sufficiently enough MWBEs to make sure that we can
8	meet our goals, and also as part of the project, our
9	project architect is an MWBE, and that will help to
10	bring us to the goal that is set for this particular
11	project for MWBE.
12	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: What are your
13	expected hard costs on this project?
14	EMILIO DORCELY: I believe the hard costs
15	are at \$14,785,275.
16	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: What are your soft
17	costs?
18	EMILIO DORCELY: The soft costs are about
19	10% of that at \$1,478,528.
20	LACEY TAUBER: And I just want to say
21	those numbers are pretty specific. So-
22	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL:
23	[interposing] Yeah.

LACEY TAUBER: --since we always like to add that those can change after project closing, and I think Christine has a clarification.

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Yes. Just a clarification on the soft costs. We're expecting that the soft costs are \$8.3 million or about 34% of the total budget. Hard cost is 66% and HPD is going to finance 57% of the budget.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. Thank you. So there seems to be—can somebody help explain the discrepancy between the developer's—because it seems that the total—the developer's costs look at like \$1.6—\$16 million and yours look like \$24 million. So where is the \$7 million discrepancy?

CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: So, we have a little cheat sheet, and it it's—it's more detailed than—than what you usually ask for. So I did a little tally beforehand. Our hard costs are \$14 as President Emilio mentioned and our soft costs are \$8.3.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, what are theokay, where does the—where are your seven—additional \$7 million in—in hard costs going, and that's still only gets us to \$22 million versus \$24 million.

1	CONCESSIONS 71
2	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: So, our
3	hard costs are \$4.7 but we also have contingency that
4	we-we don't reference, which is-you were going to say
5	something.
6	LACEY TAUBER: It's \$14 million.
7	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Oh, our
8	hard costs are \$14 million
9	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: [interposing] Okay,
10	and-[laughter]
11	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: Sorry and
12	our-our contingency for hard costs is \$1.4 million.
13	So, we always have a little set-aside just in case we
14	run over.
15	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay.
16	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: And then
17	in addition to that we have the \$8.3 million soft
18	costs, which is for the architect, environmental, DOB
19	fees, Regal Co-op Conversion, the marketing, and also
20	the developer fee.
21	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. In your
22	testimony you shared \$24.5
23	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL:

[interposing] Correct.

1	CONCESSIONS 72
2	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, that's-there's
3	still numbers—there's still money in that same I
4	think.
5	LACEY TAUBER: Contingency?
6	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: It would
7	be the contingency of \$1.4 million.
8	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, what is the
9	developer fee?
10	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: The
11	developer fee in this project is \$1.6 million, which
12	is in line with ANCP term sheet. We allow for up to
13	10% of total development costs that we pay to the
14	developer.
15	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: In terms of the
16	commercial units
17	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL:
18	[interposing] Uh-hm.
19	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS:my-my colleague
20	the Housing and Buildings Chair Robert Cornegy is
21	actually the first member to ever negotiate
22	affordable commercial space. Is this another Robert
23	Cornegy special?
24	CHRISTINE RETZLAFF O'CONNELL: So, we

25 will have three spaces after renovation. What we've

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Is—is-is Bridge

Street Development Corporation an MWBE or does it
have leadership that is MWBE?

EMILIO DORCELY: Well, Bridge Street

Development Corporation we're a 501(c)(3) non-profit

organization, and so I don't believe we qualify, you

know, as an MWBE, but as far a racial makeup, our

board of directors is 95% African-American, about 50%

women, and 50% men, and our staff is extremely

diverse matching what our board looks like.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: If—in terms of on the job site, will the people who are doing the work and operating the buildings have a—a wage that is commensurate with other people doing similar work in the area? [coughing] Will they have health insurance if they get hurt on the job they can go to a doctor without going bankrupt? Will they have disability insurance so that if they can't continue that they will be able to go on with their lives without having to rely just on workers compensation? Will they be able to retire?

EMILIO DORCELY: Well, I'll take that as a two-part question. The first part [coughing] currently we use a third-party property manager and

2 because these buildings will be for homeownership, there's a slightly different structure, but 3 4 generally, the way we work with our third-party 5 property manager, and obviously this will be the same for Pacific Street, which will remain a rental 6 7 property is that all full-time superintendents and others are provided with all of the benefits that you 8 described, and we make sure that they have those 9 options available to them. As far as the work with 10 the contractor, we do try to work with the contractor 11 12 because we do believe in equity. Part of the mission 13 of Bridge Street and the work that we do outside of 14 the affordable housing development is to advocate 15 both on the affordable housing, but also on the 16 community level to make sure that individuals and 17 residents who live in the communities that we work 18 with are able to find sustainable employment, and are able to find employment that can actually help them 19 20 sustain themselves in the neighborhoods as they change. Again, these are significant challenges. 21 2.2 It's something that I know myself and other non-23 profits would love to continue to work with you to try to find that delicate balance that helps to allow 24 25 affordable housing to happen, but at the same time

making sure that we're protecting the interests of

the community residents.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Great answers. Yes, if you want to give me your card I will—I will bring you into my group of developers who we are trying to push those wages up. In terms of these positions, we are trying to make sure people have health insurance, and disability, and be able to save and retire, and get paid enough to—to stay a part of the communities that they live in. Do you have any local hire requirement, and my favorite part of these hearings is what number would they call if they'd like a job on these buildings or with Bridge Street Development projects?

don't have a specific local hiring requirement, but we do work with all of the various contractors and other professionals who help do—in one of our particularly the development projects and we're particularly concerned because we try our best to identify as many local individuals. For example the architect is a local architect who is only several blocks from some of the buildings that are being

renovated, but we do try to encourage and have people

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know.

give us a call, and we try to make sure that we put them in contact with the contractor.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Great. So, if somebody would be interested in these projects, what number should they call to be put in touch with the contractor or architect or any of the other folks on the project?

EMILIO DORCELY: Yes, they can call our general number, which is area code 718-399-0146, and speak to someone in our Real Estate Division.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Great, and I think that takes me through all the questions that I typically ask. I would normally ask about accessibility, but these are TIL buildings. Is there any opportunity to bring any accessibility to these whether it's adding ramps or replacing staircases with at-grade entrances or what have you?

EMILIO DORCELY: I know we're currently working with our architect who is interfacing with DOB now to make sure that where appropriate that if there are additional opportunities for that, that we will be doing that.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: That is good to

Is there anyone from the public who wishes to

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testify? Seeing none, I will now close the public hearing on this application, and it will be laid over. This concludes today's hearing. I'd like to thank the Counsel and Land Use staff for preparing today-Oh, hold on. Sorry. One thing. I didn't get a chance to ask you: It sounds like your development corporation—almost made it out—like your organization does a lot of work. Is there a question I should be asking all the developers who come before this committee [laughter] that I didn't ask you that I should have?

EMILIO DORCELY: I think the previous testimony hit it right on the head as far as, you know, one additional question. I think, you know, another additional question is looking at opportunities where non-profits specifically because of the fact that non-profits have a vested interest in not only being in the neighborhoods for long periods of time, but also reinvesting their profits that they make through developer fee and other income generated by the real estate development back into the communities that they serve that it might interesting to have an idea of how other developers that are non-profit whether they have a similar

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equation to be able to see not just the total value of the development, but the total value of how their income generated by the development has been put back into the communities and serve them.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: This project will have a developer fee of \$1.6 million. How will Bridge Street Development Corporation reinvest that into the community?

EMILIO DORCELY: Generally, the way our operating budget works is that we have grants from private foundations and other philanthropic organizations, including financial institutions, and we do have a significant amount of-of government contracts where we provide services and then the remaining amount comes from our earned income, which is the unrestricted dollars, and so the developer fee that will be over X number of years will be provided to be able to support the programs I spoke about earlier, which is Homeownership Counseling, which helps people who are in foreclosure, and helps prepare first-time home buyers, helps support the youth development work that we do around helping them to get employment and be job ready. Helps provide additional services for seniors to make sure that

they can age in place, and make sure that we're promoting small local businesses on the commercial corridors in the neighborhoods that we work in.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you. I have no further questions. That was a good one, which we will accept and continue. I'd like to thank the-the developers. Also a first time. Today, I will thank the developers for coming to this hearing and participating, and getting honest answers to questions. I'd like to thank HPD for very complete testimony that has allowed us to get through a lot of items very quickly. I'd like to thank the Counsel and Deputy Counsel and Land Use staff for today's hearing, and members of the public and my colleagues for attending. This meeting is hereby adjourned.

[gavel]

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date March 12, 2019