CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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April 18, 2018 Start: 10:08 a.m. Recess: 12:29 p.m.

HELD AT: Committee Room - City Hall

B E F O R E: PAUL A. VALLONE

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Adrienne E. Adams

Inez D. Barron

Robert E. Cornegy, Jr.

Peter A. Koo Brad S. Lander Mark Levine Carlos Menchaca Keith Powers

Donavan J. Richards

Carlina Rivera Helen K. Rosenthal Jumaane D. Williams

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

David Hopkins, Director of Aviation NYC Economic Development Council

Alexander Brady, Vice President Asset Management Division NYC Economic Development Corporation

Justine Johnson, Vice President Government & Community Relations NYC Economic Development Corporation

George Mirtopolis, Vice President We Love Whitestone Civic organization, Queens

Warren Schreiber, Co-Chair New York Community Aviation Roundtable, NYCAR

Justin Connor, Field Representative for Congressman Tom Suozzi, Third Congressional District Member, La Guardia Roundtable & JFK Roundtable

Sam Goldstein, Deputy Director Helicopter Tourism and Jobs Council

John Dellaportas, Stop the Chop NYMJ

Joseph Schwartz

Jeffrey Moskin, Trustee, Riverside Park Conservancy
Mike Gannon, President, Douglas Manor Association

I'm Marie Chanel, West 88<sup>th</sup> Street Block Association
John Granico, Battery Park

2 [sound check] [pause]

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3 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Alright. Good 4 morning everyone. We are going to call to order the 5 Committee on Economic Development. [gavel] So, this 6 is an issue near and dear to-to many of us. 7 Obviously those in the room, one that's been tackled 8 in the past by my-by EDC and by the Council, but it's good timing to look at what's going on again the 10 State of the City especially after our most recent 11 tragedy, but this hearing was scheduled prior to 12 that, and we wanted to take a look at safety 13 regulations throughout the city. So, I will start 14 with our statement, and then we will swear in our-our 15 members of the EDC. So, good morning everyone. Today is Wednesday, April 18<sup>th</sup>. My name is Paul 16 17 Vallone, and I have the privilege of chairing this 18 committee. Today, right now I'm joined by Council 19 Member Peter Koo. Some of our other members--there are many hearings going on today—will be popping in 20 21 and out. The purpose of today's hearing is to call 22 on the EDC and the city to create an updated 23 Helicopter Master Safety Plan for the tourism and 24 charter helicopter industries that operate in our city. We must re-examine the safety protocols that 25

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are in place, operating guidelines and operating agreements with the FAA and control of operation and maintenance of our existing helicopter system. most recent tragedy occurred on March 11th involving the Liberty Charter Company that killed five people and left us all with unresolved and unanswered questions. Basic safety standards must be reexamined and determined what agency is supposed to enforce them. In fact, the entire helicopter industry that does business in our great city must be called into account for their existing operating quidelines and safety protocols. We understand that the NTSB is still conducting their investigation, as to the exact cause of the crash. But what we must sure that tragedy like this never happens again. Just today, the City's Economic Development Corporation, who is here, in conjunction with this hearing in our office has announced new safety standards prohibiting the use of doorless flights in the down-from the Downtown Heliport. We applaud as everyone else this great first step and look forward to working with the EDC on creating and overall safety plan for helicopters that fly in and out of New York City. However, more needs to be done.

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2 Everyday our residents must endure the constant onslaught of helicopter and aviation traffic and 3 4 noise over their homes while their quality of life is continuously eroded. Particularly in Northeast 5 6 Queens in my Council District there's been growing 7 and a seemingly endless attack by low altitude charter helicopters flying just above residential 8 rooftops just about every three minutes at all hours 9 of the night. Frustrations with the 311 and the EDC 10 complain systems have led our residents to create 11 12 private websites such as Stop the Chop, which tracks complaints about helicopters, and identifies where 13 14 the complaint occurred. It is a shame that we need 15 to rely on local residents for this information when 16 the city is more than capable of collecting it. 17 These complaints are by no means confined to my 18 district and this is most certainly not a new problem. Since at least 1999, the city has made 19 20 sporadic attempts to address the quality of life issues created by persistent helicopter noise. 21 2.2 that time, former Mayor Giuliani commissioned a study 23 that ultimately determined that sightseeing flights should be prohibited from all city-owned heliports. 24 At that time, the city's power to regulate

While the FAA have approved route changes for

sightseeing helicopters in the city for the charter,

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The committee will

and for charter flights over Long Island, it is not addressed beyond growing concerns from residents who live in the areas of New York City who suffer from noise produced by those same charter flights. Senator Chuck Schumer, former representative Tim Bishop have worked with the FAA to amend to amend the so-called North Shore Helicopter Route in 2008. Since then, charter flights between New York City and Eastern Long Island must fly over the water at White Point near Huntington in Suffolk Country, roughly 20 miles east of La Guardia Airport. This is simply unacceptable for the residents of Queens and Brooklyn who still deal with the loud low flying aircraft at all hours of the day and night. For these reasons, we've sponsored Resolution 178 along with my fellow Queens Council Member Costa Constantinides calling on the FAA to amend the North Shore helicopter route to extend the water requirements further west to cover all of Northeast Queens. I do not believe the FAA is in attendance today, but I hope they are willing to come to the table in order to alleviate the concerns raised by all of the residents of Northeast Queens, and may I add with Northern Nassau County who deal

with this noise on a daily basis.

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also hearing a Preconsidered Introduction sponsored by Council Member Menchaca and myself, which would require the EDC to develop and continuously update a helicopter safety and sightseeing plan. This plan would create clear objectives for reducing noise, improving air quality and public safety in relation to sightseeing helicopter tours and regular progress reports for furtherance of these goals and charters. We recognize that the EDC's direct authority with respect to achieving these goals is restricted. However, we hope the EDC will work with the community advocates and consult with the FAA, the Port Authority and the operators near the city in their efforts to develop these goals particularly in light of what happened on March 11<sup>th</sup> with the Liberty helicopter crash in the East River. We hope the EDC will take this opportunity to conduct a complete safety review with helicopter operators on their choice of safety gear when developing the sightseeing helicopter plan required by this legislation. Again, while the NTCP-the NTSB has not concluded its investigation, all signs point to this being a preventable tragedy, and we implore helicopter operators across the Tri-State area to take note, and

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2 reconsider the safety equipment and procedures. With

3 that, I would like to thank the committee staff,

4 Legislative Counsel Alex Paulenoff; Policy Analyst

5 Nadia Johnson; Finance Analyst Alia Ali for all their

6 hard work in putting this together. I think we've

7 also been joined by Council Members Lander, Richards,

Menchaca, and Chin and with that, if you could swear

9 | in, and Council Member Menchaca with an opening

10 | statement. He's here.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Yes. Thank you, Chair. I just want to say a few words as we start and just really thank the leadership of Chair Vallone. His statement really opens the conversation of our many chapters of saga in this helicopter policy conversation here in the city, and I'm happy that we're having this conversation. The public deserves answers, information, understanding and to be heard, and that's what we're here to do. I understand that there might be workers in the room, the helicopter industry folks. We welcome you in this discussion. We are not starting this anew.

This is something that we've been talking about in

this last session with multiple piece of legislation

that the New York Post false-falsely claims that
failed. In fact, I think we went forward in some of
the things that we're going to be reviewing today to
see how much forward me must be-we actually took. The
last thing I want to say is that part of what I want
as a Council Member and a New Yorker is a real sense
of collaboration partnership with everyone. We as
the city, as the Chair said don't have-don't have too
much in the wake of-of what happened with the
helicopter crash. A lot of power, which means that
we need to bring more partners to the table, and that
requires the federal government. This requires all
of us to come to together to collaborate, to
partners, and what I feel like it's been before is
more like a negotiation, but we can't necessarily
feel like negotiation is going to answer the issues
around noise and pollution and safety, and so that's
what I'm hoping this hearing will get us to, and I'm
really proud to be with Council Member Chin and
Rosenthal and now Vallone in this effort, and there
are others who will be joining us. So, I look
forward to the testimony for EDC and—and look forward
to the conversation ahead of us. Thank you.

2	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: And thank you for
3	your legislation, Council Member Menchaca. We're
4	happy to co-sponsor that. So, with that, I'd ask the
5	members of the EDC to raise their right hand. Do you
6	swear to affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth
7	and nothing but the truth in your testimony today, to
8	respond honestly to Council Members' questions?
9	DAVID HOPKINS: [off mic] I do.
10	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you very
11	much. If you'd like to begin your testimony.
12	DAVID HOPKINS: Good morning Chairman
13	Vallone. I'm David Hopkins. I'm the Director of
14	Aviation at the New York City Economic Development
15	Council. I'm pleased to speak. Closer? I'm please-
16	I'm pleased
17	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: [interposing] Pull
18	it closer.
19	DAVID HOPKINS:pleased to speak to you
20	and our Council colleagues today about the helicopter
21	tourism industry. I'm joined today by Alexander
22	Brady who's our Vice President of our Asset
23	Management Division and by Justine Johnson, a Vice
24	President of our Government and Community Relations

Department. I want to give a brief overview today of

2 NYCEDC's oversight of the tour helicopter industry, and it's management of two city-owned heliports, and 3 then touch on Intro 3470, which will require that EDC 4 5 produce an annual sightseeing plan for tour 6 helicopters. After my testimony we'll be glad to answer any questions that you might have. important to begin any conversation with an overview 8 of the regulatory structures of the helicopter 9 industry. The Federal Aviation Administration, the 10 FAA really has sole authority to control all U.S. 11 12 non-military air space and determines the rules and requirements for its use. This means that the FAA has 13 sole authority to determine aircraft manufacturing 14 15 standards, operations of maintenance, flight paths 16 and altitudes as well as designating airports and heliports and finally the regulation of aircraft 17 18 noise. Aircraft noise is regulated through standards that are promulgated internationally through 19 20 organizations such as the International Civil Aviation Organization, established by regulation by 21 2.2 the FAA and applied when an aircraft acquires its air 23 worthiness certification certificate. The standard requires that aircraft meet or that aircraft meet 24 designated noise levels. For helicopters there were 25

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two stages that existed. Stage 2 aircraft and stage 2, but in March of 2014 the FAA adopted the new Stage 3 standard. New helicopter models that are certificated after that date must meet this quieter Stage 3 standards. The aircraft that currently operate out of our heliports are almost exclusively Stage 2 helicopters and Stage 3-heli-helicopters are not yet in the fleet as they are going through the certification process with the FAA. EDC per agreement with the City of New York manages the lease for the city-owned JKF and La Guardia Airports, and also oversees the operations of the two heliports owned by the city, the Downtown Manhattan Heliport and the Heliport at East 34<sup>th</sup> Street. The heliport at West 30<sup>th</sup> Street is actually under the purview of the Hudson River Park Trust, the state entity. We see the three heliports in Manhattan as critical components of our transportation infrastructure. They really operate as a system. East 34<sup>th</sup> Street is really focused on corporate traffic, the Downtown Heliport is focused on tourism, and West 30<sup>th</sup> Street really on both corporate and Charter traffic.  $34^{\rm th}$  Street is open from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on week days, and is closed on the weekends.

2 Downtown facility is open for tours from 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday. No tour Monday 3 through Saturday. Sorry. No tour flights are 4 allowed on Sunday. Corporate and Charter flights are 5 allowed downtown from 9:00 to 5:00. The Downtown 6 7 Heliport is also unique in that it's the only facility that can accommodate the military 8 helicopters used for presidential visits. I have 9 recently got some updated statistics from the West 10 11 30<sup>th</sup> Street Heliport. So, I wanted to update my 12 testimony, but last year there were about 57,000 total helicopter landings at those three facilities. 13 The Downtown Heliport at Pier 6, which is the largest 14 15 facility accommodated about 33,000 of those 16 operations. Compared to 2015, which is the year 17 before the Helicopter Reduction Plan went into 18 effect, total helicopter traffic has been reduced by about 30%. At the Downtown facility that reduction 19 20 is almost 50%. So, EDC oversees the facilities, but the day-to-day management of those facilities is 21 handled by our concessionaries. Atlantic Aviation 2.2 23 runs the East 34<sup>th</sup> Street Heliport; Saker Aviation runs the Downtown Heliport. The agreement we have 24 with Saker Aviation expires in April of 2021. 25

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agreement with Atlantic for East 34<sup>th</sup> Street actually expires at the end of this Year. So, we're going to be issuing a request for proposals this spring for a new operator for East 34<sup>th</sup> Street. These concession agreements define the terms and conditions for how the facilities will be operated, hours of operation are established, insurance levels set, terms of payment are-are noted, and the terms of the Tour Helicopter Reduction Plan have been incorporated into the agreement with Saker Aviation. Also, the terms of the Special Permit that the Council Approved last year for East 34<sup>th</sup> Street will be incorporated into the RFP for a new operator. I'd like to then provide a brief overview of the modifications that have been made to the tour flights, and that really takes me back to 2010. In 2010, West 30<sup>th</sup> street eliminated tourist flights, and since that time all of the tour flights in the city have operated out of the Downtown Heliport. The increase in volume caused by that transfer of flights to Downtown led EDC to convene the operators, the FAA, and local elected officials in revising the tour routes. We eliminated tours of areas such as Central Park and established just two mandated tour routes and I'll give a brief

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description. Both the tour routes leave the Downtown Heliport. Departing they go on the Buttermilk Channel between Red Hook and Governor's Island. They circle the Statue of Liberty, and then go up the Hudson River. The shorter route, which is called Tour Alpha, turns back about 79th Street near the boat basin, and a longer tour known as Tour Bravo continued across Manhattan at 155th Street and provided a view of Yankee Stadium. Both these tour routes were generally above water, and the altitudes range from 900 to 1,500 feet except when they're landing or taking off. In 2016, as noted by the Chair, Mayor de Blasio and the Council announced that we were going to reduce the number of tour flights by 50%. We also made some modifications to the routing including elimination of any portion of the tour flights over land, including Governor's Island, Staten Island and a route over Yankee Stadium, and perhaps most importantly, we prohibited Sunday operations. Together, these combined efforts eliminated almost 30,000 annual tour flights. also tracks complaints about the helicopter activity through our 311 system. Most of the complaints the city receives are actually not related to tour

2 flights. Instead, they tend to be about helicopters that are hovering or flying over other areas of the 3 city. In 2014, 1,299 complaints were made about 4 helicopters through 311. 162 of those related to tour 5 operations. Contrast that to 2107, 988 helicopter 6 7 complaints were made, and 76 of those related to tours. So, there's been a 24% reduction in overall 8 complaints, but that's contrasted against a more than 9 50% reduction in complaints related to tour 10 helicopters in the first full year after that 11 12 reduction plan took effect. As the Chair noted on-on Sunday, March 11<sup>th</sup> tragically a photography tour 13 14 flight crashed into the East River. The helicopter 15 involved in that flight flew out of New Jersey 16 Heliport, and not from an EDC facility. That 17 helicopter was operating doors off with passengers 18 tightly strapped in. Initial reports indicate that one of the passengers' personal items may have hit 19 20 the emergency engine shut-off causing the helicopter to go down. The National Transportation Board 21 2.2 continues to investigate that accident and should 23 release its finding several months from now. As a result of that tragedy and in partnership with the 24 Council, we proactively reached an agreement with 25

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Saker Aviation to ban all doors off sightseeing tour flights. We think our partnership with you as the City Council is important as we work to ensure that any resident or tourist that wants to take a helicopter tour does so in the safest manner, and with minimal impact to the residents below, and we understand that the only way to make strategic adjustments to that tour [siren] plan into flight paths and heliport operations is through the collection of accurate data. Our heliport operators Saker Aviation sends a report to the Council each month that summarizes the number of flights, identifies whether the pilots were taking appropriate routes over water, and summarizes finding from the 311 complaint system. In cases of non-compliance, EDC has the authority to make a further reduction in allowed flights and/or impose a fine of \$1,000 per infraction. Recently, we've also begun to share a report that details air quality at the Downtown facility, and lastly, in accordance with our agreement, the operators are researching available technologies to further mitigate noise, emissionreduce emissions and promote fuel efficiency. So, I spent the majority of that testimony really focused

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on the-the tour industry and the operations from the Downtown Heliport. [coughs] Excuse me. I'd be remiss if I didn't acknowledge the work and the issue about Western and Norther Queens residents faced from charter helicopters flying generally over Long Island to the Hamptons. The routing of these flights over La Guardia Airport means that helicopter fly over neighborhoods such as College Point, Whitestone and Bayside. These flights move over waters as they travel further east along the North Shore near Nassau and Suffolk Counties. As I stated previously, EDC does not have the ability to regulate the path of any charter flight. The FAA actually mandates—mandates that the city heliports be open for public use, and our concession agreements reflect this, but we've advocated and will continue to advocate to the FAA that they re-evaluate the allowable flight path for these charter flights, and we would welcome participating in any working group that might be convening with the FAA and the Council on that issue. On now to Preconsidered Intro T2015-3470 [coughs], which would require that EDC produce an annual helicopter sightseeing plan in consultation with community, industry and advocates. We feel that the

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sightseeing plan called for in the legislation is mostly captured in our Concession Agreement with Saker, and as you know, we recently extended that agreement, but we look forward to discussing with the Council in greater detail what additional information could be useful and a reporting time frame that makes the most sense. We look forward to working with the sponsor and with the Council to ensure that this legislation accomplishes the goals of reducing the impacts of helicopter on communities and the residents. So, I would thank you for your attention, and we're happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you, David.

We've been joined by Council Member Adrienne Adams,
and we also—we also have Brad Lander and Margaret

Chin and Carlos Menchaca with us. Your testimony is
right on point. I think it—it takes us to the—I

guess the success story that you worked out within

the last year or two with Council Members Menchaca
and Chin and Helen Rosenthal on the tour operators.

It shows the path that we have to take for the
charter flights and I—I think for those who are
listening for the first time were—especially those
communities that are suffering with what was heard

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and say how does that relate to us? Why don't we
just talk real quick-we've joined by Council Member
Powers. The agreement that was-we worked on today I
think that's a big step, and I think it's timeline
important, and I think based on the tragedy that
happened on March 11 <sup>th</sup> I don't want to under-estimate
the impact of that. So, would you just once again
explain to us what was actually put in place today?

DAVID HOPKINS: So, the agreement that was put in place today bans doors—off tour flights from operating from the Downtown Heliport, and it was developed in consultation with Saker Aviation, and it's in accord with the FAA prohibition against such flights for tours.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, that's a wonderful step, and that was in conjunction with this hear and our office and working that out with you.

What would the next step? So that was with Saker.

We have other operators. So, can we expand that?

Could we take it to the next level?

DAVID HOPKINS: So, the agreement with Saker then flows down to the tour helicopter operating companies. So that provision applies to them under the terms of our concession agreement with

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2 Saker. So, no tour flights are authorized to operate doors off as a result of this agreement.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: And now, this incident was not a New York based helicopter. This was a New Jersey based.

DAVID HOPKINS: Exactly.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Is there any hope or any conversation that we can get our friends in New Jersey at the table to mirror what we've done here?

DAVID HOPKINS: Well, we're hoping obviously that the FAA develops additional safety protocols as a result of the accident, and does a further investigation that leads to safety standards for all operators operating in the region.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, with the Safety Protocols that the FAA have in place, and the Safety Protocols are agreeable. Council Members are asking to be looked at. Is the EDC involved in any way with the FAA and—and creating some of the basic standards of the helicopter aviation industry?

DAVID HOPKINS: So, there—Council Member,

I'd say there's sort of two parts to that answer.

The first is that the FAA has certain mandates that

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come as a result of regulating the tour helicopter industry. Tour helicopters are actually regulated under what's known as Part 135 Certificate, and all the companies that operate out of the Downtown Heliport have to conform to the safety regulations associated with that operating certificate, and that includes things such as ensuring that the helicopters come with pontoons so that they can land in the water in case of an emergency. It ensures that the helicopter passengers have to carry with them life preservers in the even of a water landing. It includes mandatory pilot safety review of the aircraft. What—what in addition to those safety requirements there are—

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: [interposing] Is this just tours or it's all helicopters?

DAVID HOPKINS: That relates to the tours because those—those operators those are the requirements of that Part 135 requirement. For example, the—the—the life preserver requirement I do not believe applies to the charter operations, but generally most of the charter operators have those available, and also have the pontoons on the—on their aircraft.

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: And so, with those guidelines in place, and with the operators that use our heliports, does the existing operating companies ever file with the EDC that they are in compliance with these standard regulations?

DAVID HOPKINS: So, they have to certify to the FAA that they're in compliance with those standards, and the FAA has the ability if they are found out of compliance to either-to either revoke their operating certificate or suspend their operating certificate. Obviously, the tour operators have a great incentive to ensure that they're in compliance and I wanted-if I could follow on the answer to your previous question. Saker and EDC have gone beyond what the FAA requires in terms of safety protocols for passengers that use tour helicopters. So, there is a security system in place at the Downtown Heliport so that all passengers coming into the facility have to be wanded to ensure they're not carrying weapons. There is also a requirement with the tour operators that passengers can only carry small personal items. So, you can only carry a camera or a small purse. All other items such as backpacks or larger items have to be checked in

2	lockers	at	the	facility,	and	Saker	Aviation	also
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3 requires that all passengers to and from the-the

4 | tarmac, the landing pad have to be escorted at all

5 times by Saker employees. There's also a safety

6 video that all the tour helicopter companies have in

7 place that is required to be viewed by all passengers

8 on the tour flight. So, we think that the

9 combination of the FAA mandated safety requirements

10 and the tour helicopter company requirements are a

11 good match of safety regulations.

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, those safety regulations are in place with Saker. Is that bound just to Saker or is it going to be bound for any and all future contractors and operators?

DAVID HOPKINS: Again, those regulations that Saker imposes flow through their permit agreements with the tour operators to all of those companies—those five companies that operate out of Downtown, and those are the only companies that are allowed to operate tour flights.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, we're confident that we can going forward that those combined, any future RFPs or operators that come out of the Downtown Heliport?

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DAVID HOPKINS: We-we'd be-yes, we want to ensure that those protocols are reflected in any future concession agreements that we execute.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: And that's one of the bills that we've been talking about is to make sure that those type of regulations are not-not modifiable by a-by a con-by a contract or a concession agreement. Those need to be mandated and set, and that's one of the bills that we'll be cementing together as a team here, making sure that anybody who-who's seeking to operate a helicopter are bound by a set of standards by the FAA and by us and I think that's where a future hearing and/or conversations with the FAA and the Port Authority to talk about how we get to that point will be the next step. So back to the FAA Guidelines that are in place. Is there any requirement that those certificates be filed with the EDC specifically once they're obtained by their FAA?

DAVID HOPKINS: I don't believe there's requirement that they be filed with the EDC. could obviously reach out to the FAA and ensure thatask them that we receive copies of those certificates. [door bangs]

2	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well, that's-that's
3	the other pending bill that we have coming. Is-is
4	just to make that also a requirement. A lot of this
5	happened do quickly, the timeline didn't allow us to
6	have those bills in front of us, but these are what I
7	believe, and I think we all believe in this-this
8	committee are some common sense filling of
9	information that even though FAA and the Port
10	Authority may trump us on certain things, filing the
11	certificates that you're in compliance I think should
12	be a-a-a requirement from every operator. And what
13	about the-the flip side? What if there's an actual
14	violation issued by the FAA, do we have any record of
15	existing violations issued to the tour companies that
16	operate in New York City by the FAA for them
17	violating any FAA standards?

DAVID HOPKINS: Chairman, I'm not aware of any, but again, we'd be more than happy to work with the operators and the FAA to investigate that issue.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: You're not aware that any were actually created, or not aware that any existed in the first place.

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DAVID HOPKINS: That any were issued recently.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So this is—this is the type of information that we want to work together with you. I think this-this is how we're going forward. As a city we're going to create some new devotees that don't really require FAA permission. think this is-if you have-just like if I was a driver and people know if I had a violation for something from my driving record. I think the same thing is going to apply with our helicopter whether it's a-a tour operator or a charter operator, if they've received any violation or in any bad standing for any procedure, especially with the new RFP coming now. Right? You said spring for the 34th Street heliport. This is the type of information I think would be critical before we were to hand out any RFP to businesses. What is your track record? Do you have a safety plan in place? Are you in compliance with the FAA? Do you have any existing violations and what have you done to rectify those violations. Those are the type of things that I want us to work on that at least we know we don't have to go to a table from somebody in the Port Authority or the

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Northeast Coast of the port or the FAA to say, Hey, do we need your permission on something on this? I think those are where Council Members Menchaca and Chin and Rosenthal started the conversation with the tour operators, and now with the direction that we're taking, we're going to bringing in charter flights because they kind of had a free pass up until today, and now we're going to have them also at the table. I think--

DAVID HOPKINS: [interposing] So—so,

Council Member we certainly agree that—that safety is

paramount with the operations of our facilities, and

we'd be more than willing to work with you, and the

FAA to explore areas in which we can ensure that

those certifications are up to date.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you. I think these are great steps. That's what this hearing is all about is to bring forward this conversation, and have us—have us get—— Now, I always start off by looking at the testimony. So, we've been—your testimony mentioned the wonderful concessions that Council Members Menchaca Chink and Rosenthal worked out on advising the tour routes out of Downtown. So, what were some of the considerations that were used

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when the two tour routes were finally decided that are being used and Point Benton now? (sic)

DAVID HOPKINS: So, I think the-the key consideration especially with respect to the modifications that were made two years ago is we had certain elements of the tour that-that ran over land. In particular the longer tour included a segment that went across 155th Street and provided an overview of Yankee Stadium. The-the-I think the first thing we said, let's make the tour routes be completely over water and, therefore, the impact to the communities is reduced particularly those where the over flights were taking place. So, the first two were, as I mentioned, goes out the Hudson and turns back at the boat basin. The second tour as opposed to now, as opposed to previously going to Yankee Stadium, now continues up the Hudson to-just biting the whole-and on the Henry Hudson Bridge before turning around. So, the other thing is that we—the FAA had worked to ensure that that particular operating corridor was available to tour helicopter, and so it's clearly delineated on the FAA's Helicopter Route Map, and pilots are aware that helicopter tour traffic is operating in that vicinity, and there are protocols

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that lay out the operating standards and requirements. For example, at a certain point all along the longer tour, helicopters are asked to request a higher elevation, but you're entering and area in which the La Guardia Airport Control Tower is controlling the air space. So, the tour helicopter operators reach out to the La Guardia Tower and ask for permission to climb to that—that higher level. Generally, they're granted it, but sometimes they're not. So—so when I said that the—the tours tend to operate 900 and 1,300 feet, that's the standard, but we ask them to go to 1,5000 if La Guardia gives them permission.

that. David, you just said that in working with the community groups and the Council Members were able to reduce or mitigate flying over land, that way to reduce the air traffic impact of the noise on our residents in the city that it was the least impactful route that we could do, that we reduced time and additional regulations out of the heliports out of 34<sup>th</sup> Street. Every one of those arguments is exactly what every one of the advocates and the groups that

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are sitting behind us are saying what we need to do for charter flights. So, since we've done it, we need to now do it across the board for all the rest of the flights, and I think that's the importance of today's hearing. With the advances that we made for the tour agency are now going to be what we want implemented on the charter industry, and we're-we are not really going to rest until that happens. exactly the path that you just took, and that's why I wanted you to over it is exactly the path that we need to take with the FAA and the Port Authority and La Guardia Tower and the residents of College Point, Whitestone base like Queens and Brooklyn and place else that they're being affected by. Someone who decides to jump on a charter flight for Manhattan to go make it to their homes in the Hamptons. meantime, it's killing every one of us. That's what we want to work on. So, can we have I guess some type of agreement or conversation in the future as to bringing in the charter flights to the same type of voluntary, but now regulations that exist for tour flights?

DAVID HOPKINS: So, again we-we certainly understand the impact that those-those tour-those

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charter flights are having the communities in

Northern and Western Queens, and we'd be more than

willing to sit down with—with your office, with the

other Council Members and with the FAA to talk

through options for reducing the impact of those

flights and routing issues associated with them. I—

I'd be remiss going in and saying that ultimately

that—that we're not the decision maker in that arena.

It really will be up to the FAA to ensure that any

operating modifications to—to routing accords with

overall aviation safety, but—but I think we need to—

we are more than happy to sit down and have that

discussion.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Is there an opportunity now with the fact being that there's a new RFP being—about to be issued that we can start to include some of this conversation into the future RFP out of 34<sup>th</sup> Street?

just wanted to add onto David's point. I hear you definitely in terms of it being a collaborative effort here, and, you know, I think we also, we share the same view in terms of making sure that, you know, we can have a system that works for everyone here,

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and so, we just wanted to-just re-reinstate our commitment to working with the Council with the community with the FAA and a variety of our other partners to make sure that we are truly thinking through a plan very similar to how you identified with the tour operators that we can get something very similar with charters as well.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Yeah, and I see that Council Member Rosenthal has walked in and-and part of your leadership and guidance got us to the agreements with Council Members Menchaca and Chin. So, now we're trying to emulate that and-and extend that, and so I think since those agreements were put in place. David, if we could, I think I'm going to let--the Council Members all have very specific questions as to -as to some of the past legislation, and know-and we're going to come back to 311 complaints and we're going to come back to talking about the future of these past. The RFP, though, we have an opportunity here to engage in this [sneezing] in this-God bless you-into our question of creating the new guidelines obviously with FAA, and with the Port Authority, but we as the owner operator of the city, about to issue and RFP, I think the agreement

into them into our charter flights.

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that you just sanctioned into Saker, the conversations that we're having, and a lot of this can be voluntarily gained. If somebody wants to do business with us, and these are the things we're asking for, it should be part of the RFP. I just wanted to get your thoughts on the ability to maybe amend or re-look at the RFP before it gets issued to include some of these conversations about safety flight paths—paths and having a future look at what was just gained our tour operators and now putting 

ALEX BRADY: So, Alex Brady, EDC. We would be happy to continue the conversation with the Council about appropriate measures to incorporate into the RFP to make sure that we're addressing concerns as we move forward.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you. That's—
that's wonder news. Now, for questions Council

Member Lander. I believe you were the first to ask
some. So, we'd like to turn it over to you.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you very much, Chair Vallone and thanks to EDC for being here for the hearing and thanks, of course to Council Members Menchaca and Chin and Rosenthal for their

2 leadership. I-I really-I mean I appreciate the collaborative tone in the sense of progress, but I 3 4 quess I want it into question. I-I don't think there 5 haring we're having is the right place, and I certainly don't believe that extending what we've 6 7 done around tourist helicopters is exactly the right path. And I quess I'll start [applause] well, we-we 8 do-we-we can do our fingers here because we take 9 noise pollution seriously at the New York City 10 Council, and I take it seriously. So, let me-let me 11 12 ask you to-I'll start with this. I asked at the 13 hearing that we had last term whether EDC had some sort of misery index because there's no doubt 14 15 whatever else these tourist helicopters do, that when 16 they take off and land and, of course, when they fly 17 over neighborhoods, too, but certainly when they take 18 off and land, they really cause misery for people and that's hard to factor into like how much-what's the 19 20 economic value, what are the emissions? What are the noise levels? So, I asked the question and, you 21 2.2 know, beyond just 311 complaints, which become a not 23 very useful method of reporting if it happens every single day. Again, let do this, and I was told at 24 25 the time EDC would take it seriously, and would go

out on the ground and do some research and talk to
people and develop some measures for figuring out
whether, in fact, misery was being reduced by the
path we took. I haven't seen that. So, do you do
something beyond track 311 complaints just to know
how miserable people are made by their proximity to
tourist helicopters taking off and landing? Which
should be one factor others, and considering whether
this tourist industry, tourist helicopter industry is
worth it all?

DAVID HOPKINS: So, Council Member, I think the actions we took two years ago were motivated by reducing the impact that tour helicopters have on the residents of New York City.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: So, that's what I'm asking. Are we-did we develop a measure to know whether that's true beyond 311 complaints?

DAVID HOPKINS: Well, I—I think the 311 complaints are emblematic of that reduction in that we have seen significantly in the—those reduction flights has been led by a corresponding decrease in 311 complaints, and so we think that moving the—moving the helicopter routes over water has

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significantly reduced the impact of the tourhelicopters on New York City residents.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: But you—that sounds like no you did not develop an index for check—for—for evaluating. My belief is that the people who live near the heliport on the Brooklyn side or the Manhattan side have essentially given up. They know what the plan was. The helicopters continue to take off and land. Calling 311 to complain about something that's part of our policy and endemic. [applause] No, please, folks, come on, come on, come on.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Keep it down. Talk. (sic) No volume.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Please don't make

these. Do this. (sic)

council Member Lander: I'm toing to move on and—and just take that as a now that we don't—we did not, in fact, try to put something in place, and it's hard to measure. What I learned at that hearing is different people can block out. Different people hear it more or less, but that we have not taken seriously just how much misery it causes and really

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consume.

weave that into whether this industry is worth it at all. Let me ask a couple other questions. So, could you just tell me First Stage 1, 2 and 3 helicopters what the decibel levels of take off and landing are, and what the emissions are. Like are we moving to electric—electric powered helicopters, and if not, what are they burning and how much per hour does each of the Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 helicopters

DAVID HOPKINS: So, Council Member, I'mI'm not an expert. So, I'm not going to be able to
answer all those questions in terms of emissions,
and—and—and things like that. What--

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: [interposing] Who's the expert?

DAVID HOPKINS: --what I can tell you is that the Stage 3 helicopters are quieter than the Stage 1 and 2 helicopters, and the Stage 3 helicopters have a better emissions profile than the Stage 1 and 2 helicopters. Those—those standards that the FAA established should reduce the decibel level of the largest helicopters by three decibels, which is—which is a significant reduction. They should reduce the—the decibel level—

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: [interposing] I'm sorry. Can you—can you—you—you can either answer the question about what the decibel levels of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 and Stage 3 helicopters are like you can't get credit for the reduct—the potential reductions without giving me any information on current reality.

DAVID HOPKINS: So, so again, the—the decibel levels of specific helicopters vary. There are maximum established levels with respect to Stage 3 helicopters. The FAA has provided a little bit of information about what that level will be, and if I can find the answer here I believe it was—

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: [interposing]

Don't tell me about the Stage 3 helicopters if you can't tell me about the Stage 1 and Stage 2 ones, which are the ones that are currently flying above my constituents. You don't know.

DAVID HOPKINS: I came prepared to answer the question about Stage 3. I'd be more than happy to get back to with information about Stage 1 and Stage 2.

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2 helicopters?

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COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Just so I'm

clear, what's flying currently are stage 1 and stage

DAVID HOPKINS: We believe that almost all the helicopters serving our heliports are Stage 2 helicopters. In reviewing the fleet mix associated with the operators at our facilities, I-I don't think that any Stage 1 helicopters are operating in our facilities.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Alright. Well, then I would appreciate it if you would get back to me on both the—the decibel levels and the emissions levels that you believe the Stage 2 helicopters are subjecting our—our city to.

DAVID HOPKINS: Okay. So, I—I do have some information on Stage 2. It looks like that they were allowed—the heaviest Stage 2 were allowed a decibel level of 106 on takeoff, 109 on landing and 104 during flight, and these limits are lower for lighter aircraft, and that the Stage 3 would reduce those by about 3 decibels, as I mentioned. Sorry. I didn't realize I had that information.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Okay, that would reduce it from-by 3 from 106. So, still, you know,

2 more than train. Anyway, I'm not gong to-I'll-I'll let my colleagues, there's other colleagues. 3 4 what I would just say is this: The core question it seems to me should have been then and should still be 5 now, Is it worth it to have the tourist helicopter 6 7 industry in New York City, and it doesn't sound to me like we have evaluated the question in an honest way. 8 Like we're not measuring misery it causes people. 9 10 We're not honestly looking at the impacts of the decibel levels. We're not honestly looking at 11 12 emissions. Like how can we continue to burn fossil fuels when we want to reduce our fossil fuel 13 14 consumption? I'm not aware that people are promoting 15 renewable electric charging tourist helicopters 16 although you could tell me if there, and that that level of misery and emissions against the-the ability 17 18 of a few wealthy tourists to get a view of our city, it's just not worth it, and I join Congress Members 19 20 Nadler, and Valazquez and Maloney, and obviously there are issues of what have to be done by the FAA. 21 2.2 What has to be done by the city, but while I 23 appreciate the attention to regulation and again, respect the work my colleagues did to get significant 24 reductions in tourist helicopters, I just think the 25

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evidence is clear it's not worth for our city. modest benefit of the economic activity gained, which I'll grant exists. Like I don't want to be cavalier about the jobs or the economic benefit. They exist, but to me, they are far, far smaller than the misery created, and the environmental harm, and the safety risk, which I'm not going to spend any of my time on, and it just doesn't feel to me like the administration is just taking that question seriously. Given the harms against the benefits, is it worth it? I feel like if you do, you'll come to the same conclusion that most of us have that the answer is no, and that what we're mostly doing here, though productive, is tinkering at the edges. I'll leave it there. Thank you.

Member for that information as well. I just want to also be very mindful that banning tour helicopters from operating out of New York City does not necessarily mean that there will not be noise experience and helicopters. As you may know, helicopters can depart from New Jersey or any other Tri-State region or municipality. So, we do not have the authority to have juris—have infor—have

That's where it doesn't matter if you change the	
flight path or the route, and we do control that, an	ıd
we're putting this unnecessary thing right in the	
middle of hundreds of thousands of people. So, it's	;—
sure your true-I mean yes they might go to Jersey,	
and we might lose a few jobs and little economic	
value, and still have some of the headaches	
associated with it, but for the hundreds of thousand	ls
of people that live close to the Downtown Heliport,	
we would immensely increase their quality of life,	
and for a set of people for whom they really hear it	.,
and this is why I started with that misery index. I	
don't think we're really under it. I'll be honest.	
Personally, I'm able to block it out a little more.	
Like I don't notice it, but I know from talking to	
people that there are a lot of people who's like-	
whateverthe wiring in our brains is all different-	
who can't block it out, and whose lives are in	
immiserated by this unnecessary thing, and we could	
change that, and I just don't feel like we've taken	
seriously whether we should change that, and-and I	
for one think we should. So, thank you.	

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, thank you, Council Member Lander and we have other Council

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- Members. I would like to invite you on working on
  the negotiations that we worked on by Council Members
- 4 Menchaca, Rosenthal and Chin in the past.
- 5 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: [interposing] And
  6 I really do praise their work. I hope that's clear,
  7 right? I made that clear—
  - CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: [interposing] A lot of work.

Of work, and reaching those agreements to extend going forward is what the purpose of today's hearing is, and to bring it to like the concerns. I think earlier the Council Member brought up the 311 system is not working. The ability for someone, a senior anyone to navigate the 311 system to log in a complaint to say this helicopter is making too much noise, it doesn't exist. There are only three breakdowns—drop down categories when link onto helicopter noise. It's either flying too low, it's hovering or it's passing by, and then the other subcategories are whether it's NYPD, news gathering or other. There's no tracking device like we have

with planes flying in and out of La Guardia and JFK. There's no ability to make a simple, 'There is loud noise and I can't live in my house because of this helicopter.' You can't do it, and that's why these secondary sites have been created by average citizens here in the city to log it, and their numbers are astronomical compared to the numbers that are here. We're talking about over 12,000 have been logged since 2018, and your numbers have like 3,200 since 2014, and without any breakdown of whether they're charter, whether they're tour, whether they're even over Queens or Brooklyn and Manhattan. We have asked even at our pre-meeting whether EDC would be able to revamp the 311 system. I just want to get your thoughts on that.

DAVID HOPKINS: So, Council Member, we feel that the 311 system is a critical component of assessing the impact of helicopters on residents, and we really want to ensure that that system operates well for all residents in New York city, and that all residents in New York City have the opportunity to file complaints. Working with you office I know we've made a minor correction to the—the intake

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2 information that's established on 311 to make it 3 clear that all helicopter complaints are welcome—

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: [interposing] Yeah.

DAVID HOPKINS: -- for the 311 system. So, we'd be more than happy to continue to explore things that can improve the quality of that 311 system and the complaint process. I-I will give you a little overview of what happens when a tour complaint comes We do ask that people who complain to 311 if they can give us a specific location and the time as a specific time, it really assists our consultant in examining and trying to find a track, a flight track associated with that complaint. So, the Port Authority operates a system called Web Track thatthat keeps track of all fixed wing and all rotor aircraft, and so our consultant tries to associate that complaint to a specific tour flight track to ensure and verify that that-whether that tour flight was operating in compliance with the rules of the tour helicopter sightseeing plan. So, every tour complaint is measured against that standard, but as I mentioned, we'd be more than happy to-[background comments 1 --

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wherever it is, Manhattan, California, Whitestone,

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Bayside, this 311 system doesn't prove that relief.

We just did it with the—the goat operators coming out of City Field. The noise complaints coming last year are now you can actually track the boats coming out of City Field, and we're going to say it's that boat—

7 JUSTINE JOHNSON: Right.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: --at 11:30 at night that is destroying my quality of life. Guess what? That boat operator has to answer to us now and say how the heck did you have Mrs. Smith at 3 o'clock in the morning with a tour. They shut the music off--

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: --because we were able to track it.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: Uh-hm.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: And so they can't hide any more. I mean this is—this what we're talking about.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: And Council Member, we hear you loud and clear on that particular point. I also want to work with you in terns of as we think about the 311 prompt system and as well as the categories of filing complaints. I'm happy to work with you in terms of looking at what potential

social media, online as well.

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solutions that are available, whether that's looking at other websites as you mentioned that may have better tracking and—and categorizing system of complaints, seeing how we can work with 311 to make sure that some of those items are implemented into the 311 system and whether that's over the phone,

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you. Council Member Koo, I know you came early. So, if you have some questions, and if we could do five minutes for the Council Members because we still have some Council Members who want to speak.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: [coughs] Thank you,
Chair Vallone, and thank you to EDC for coming her to
testify. You know, I—I live in same Downtown
Flushing, you know, which is really noisy. You know,
we have La Guardia Airport and JFK Airport only five
minutes from La Guardia and maybe 20 minutes from

JFK. So, it's already really noisy with a lot of
airplanes taking off and landing. So, my question is
like why do we need to have helicopter tours in New
York City? I mean we have enough noise already, and—
and I mean I can see we need helicopters for like
emergency, for the news, for medical reasons, but we

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are not Grand Canyon here. We don't need to take a helicopter to-to do a tour in Manhattan. So, I think those tours should be in a van or cut down as much as possible so that the residents can have a quieter like we already have too much noise with the ambulance, the bus, you know, the-everything else istoo much. This affects our quality of life very So, my question is like how many helicopters above Queens you have-we have every day or everyespecially a lot of these because even I was in Downtown Flushing. We have a big portion of residential area. It's Northeast (sic) Queens, which are-Flushing is part of it, and people from over there they always call and complain about the noise of the helicopters and about the airplane noise. how many helicopter tours they have in Northeast Queens?

DAVID HOPKINS: So, Council Member, as

EDC and as the Administration we are very concerned

about the impact of these flights and we think that

we've—we're working to achieve the balance between

the economic development activity and the—and the—the

residents concerns, and that's why we're—we were

pleased to work with the Council in terms of reducing

the helicopter tour volumes by 50%. That-that
reduction has led to a total helicopter flight volume
in the city that actually is below levels that were
in effect ten years—in effect ten years ago. So, we
think-we think that action was-was good, and reduced
the impact. We-I don't know exactly how many flights
are running over Queens because we-we track the
number of flights that take off and land at our
facilities. However, there are no designated tour
routes over Queens because the only tour route, the
only tour flights that are allowed out of our
facilities are the two I mentioned that run up the
Hudson River. There may be-there are-most of the
flights that are probably over Queens are charter
flights or some corporate traffic that could be
headed up toward New England.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So, all of those flights are of the helicopter, do you classify whether they're tours or medical or anything else?

DAVID HOPKINS: We keep a classification of whether they're tours or they're no tours. That's the—that's the distinction we have in terms of the—the way they're logged.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So, how much revenue you generate from-from those tours? I mean how much royalty they give to the city?

DAVID HOPKINS: I'll let Alex answer that question.

ALEX BRADY: [coughs] The Downtown

Manhattan Heliport where the tour flights are

concentrated and generates, you know, it fluctuates

over time, but between \$2 and \$3 million a year

directly to the city from the Concession Agreement as

well as supporting the 250 jobs of the folks that

work there.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Thank you.

[background comments] Can you say it one more time?

Yeah. Say it closer to the--

ALEX BRADY: Sorry, the answer was the—
the tour flights question was the concentrated the
Downtown Manhattan Heliport, that generates between
\$2 and \$3 million a year. That has gone down since
the flight reductions were implemented, and
supporting 250 jobs as well. [pause]

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Yeah, that's not—
that's not a sufficient amount of money for the
people to tolerate yeah. That's not sufficient

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2 enough I mean for us to tolerate all this noise. So,
3 I'm asking you if you have to charge them more or cut

4 | it town tremendously more, you know.

ALEX BRADY: Yeah, I think I would echo what David said earlier that we're trying to strike the balance between economic impact and the—and the residents' concerns, and again, you know, it's fair to continue that conversation.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Thank you.

Member Koo, it's a very critical point, and when we're balancing the economic impact versus the life—the quality of life we're suffering on, if we're looking at numbers that are going to create new homeless shelters and create new economic relief and we're going to get new schools and then we're going—then you start thinking about okay, what's the sacrifice, but if we're talking about an impact so great as this versus and economic benefit so low as that, it—it makes those arguments very ordinary.

(sic) So, the—Mark—Council Member Levine was here, but Council Members Menchaca, Rosenthal and Chin we're going to have the questions asked together since they were the authors of the success of the

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previous bills. So, however you want to handle the
questions amongst the three of you.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: I will go first. Again, Buenos Dias. Again, thank you for coming today, and I think you're seeing and hearing a vanguard, a real vanguard for change. The system is broken. Everything from 311 to the environmental data that we're capturing that just started. some of my colleagues are going to ask about that. The system is broken, and when we think about what's happening in our neighborhoods, we're hearing complaints about noise, air pollution. I myself take the ferry often and get off at Wall Street and such the fumes from the helicopters every day that I get In fact, we're inviting you to have a meeting and discussion there so we can all be at a peak moment [coughs] to witness and-and have our own testimony of the impacts it has. But what I want to do is really elevate this discussion beyond-beyond just the siloed discussions we're having in your neighborhoods from Queens to Brooklyn and Red Hook, and really look at it through a new lens. And, my first question is how-how are you balancing this contract and other contracts of the industry for

- 2 economic development sake under a sense of
- 3 principles? What principles, what values are you
- 4 bringing to the table to help make the decision from
- 5 EDC. Can you describe that for me?
- 6 DAVID HOPKINS: So, I-I think I mentioned
- 7 | balance, and I think that balance includes that
- 8 economic development issues associated with-with both
- 9 corporate traffic and—and—and charter traffic and
- 10 | that includes the tourism--
- 11 COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: [interposing]
- 12 Well, I'll pause you there.
- 13 DAVID HOPKINS: --and tourism traffic.
- 14 COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Let me just
- 15 help to frame it. What values are driving your
- 16 decision about this another contracts. Let's stick
- 17 to this contract to make a decision. So, I'm looking
- 18 for values.
- 19 DAVID HOPKINS: So, the first value is
- 20 operating an aviation system that is accessible to
- 21 those who need to use it. That includes corporate
- 22 and charter traffic. The second is ensuring that we
- 23 also meet the needs of the tourism industry in New
- 24 York City, and I think the concern that we have is
- 25 | that-that-that--

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COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: [interposing]

I'm not looking for concerns yet. I want to—I want
to unpackage the values. That's where—I want to stay
here.

DAVID HOPKINS: I hear you.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: I'm going to spend some time here.

DAVID HOPKINS: Alright. [laughs]

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: So-because I-we-we need to make some decisions, and if the values are not aligned, we're going to have some problems--

DAVID HOPKINS: [interposing] Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: --and we have some solutions that we're discussing today through legislation. So, right now the values that I heard are: Tourism, industry is important, and--

DAVID HOPKINS: [interposing] And also-COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: [interposing] and the need for jobs associated with it. Great.
What else?

DAVID HOPKINS: [pause] Yeah, and—and so, other values include operating a first class aviation facility, and having the resources available to ensure that those facilities are first class.

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- Ensuring that those facilities are operated in a safe
  manner sot that we protect the safety of all those
  who use it--
- 5 COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: [interposing]
  6 Okay.

DAVID HOPKINS: --and obviously ensuring that the impacts on New York City residents are minimized to the greatest extent possible. So, those are some of the values Council Member.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Okay, and-and so I'm-I'm-I'm happy that—and we're—we're going to spend more time offline to really design that understanding--

DAVID HOPKINS: [interposing] Uh-hm.

actually have alignment, but those are—we have a lot of conflict here. Everything you presented, and I guess what I'll—the lens that I want to proposed today as we move forward in this new City Council with this new committee with the incredible leadership of—of Chair Vallone, is that we move into what advocates call just transitions. We have to say no to industries where the balance is not necessarily clear when we bring questions about the future of the

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plane, the future of our neighborhoods and quality of life and whether or not this is a necessity for thethe everyday lives of New Yorkers. EDC is a-is in service to New York City residents, and you are hearing us speak and lift the voices of our residents including the workers, and so I-I really want to champion the work that we need to do as a city economic development to protect our workers and transition them out of this fossil fuel noisy, dangerous industry that you're hearing from us now is just not going to be acceptable, and yes heard that New Jersey might have helicopters in the air, but this does not preclude from and you should be at the table to negotiate in regional conversation so that we can advocate with our congressional members and come up with a plan, and I think EDC needs to be driving that with the lens if we are aligned under a just transition needs model where we can move our industries away from where we need to be instead of protecting a sense of bottom line in a contract of X millions of dollars. It might not be worth it. this is an important place to hang out, and understand as we forward in discussion for these The 311 complaints offer me some questions bills.

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about what we can do with [bell] helicopters to identify them right now. As we discuss the future of the industry, can we-can we tell NYPD and their helicopters to have a very particular kind of identifiable color underneath so that we don't have to get too much of a burden for our people who are calling 311 or our local news stations or our tourist industry. So, they are at least color coded where I saw a red helicopter above me, and now I can report a red helicopter that has a connection so we can make the system better. These are the kinds of things and the collaboration I'm speaking about that we haven't yet seen, and we're going to need EDC to either align with us or-or we align you. And that's I think the message that I want to send today as we continue to work through these issues on legislation, contracts and the future of this industry not just here in New York City but beyond.

DAVID HOPKINS: And Council Member, I think we're always willing to engage in that conversation, and I definitely participated in the past with regional forums that involve residents, elected officials, the FAA and—and the operators.

So, I would be more than happy to continue.

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Than you, Council Member Menchaca. Council Members Chin and Rosenthal.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you, Chair, and thank you for holding this important hearing, and I just wanted to get it on the record that the tourist helicopter industry the problem has not gone away. Two years ago when we worked with EDC and the city, the main reason we agreed to the negotiations was to bring immediate relief to our residents in the city and workers who have been suffering from the noise and pollution, right. We have introduced legislation. We demanded change, but in order to bring immediate relief, we had to sit down with EDC and we worked out some negotiations to decrease the number. Even with that, just imagine I live right near there. Okay, right near the Downtown Heliport, and I agree finally, you know, on Sunday there is some peace of mind because there's supposed to be no tourist helicopter flight on Sunday. That was one of the major agreements. It was good for a while, but all of a sudden they're able to find some loophole, charter flight is okay. So, if the tourists get together and do a charter, they could do it on Sunday. We thought there was no helicopter flying on

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Sunday, but somehow they found a loophole, and we asked for the environmental report of the pollution, right. We finally got that, but there's no detail.

All I see in the report is yeah, we—we're within the guideline of permitted exposure level. Yes, we're within the guidelines, but if you stand near, the gest place to take a view is at the—on Water Street

DAVID HOPKINS: Uh-hm.

we have the-the park on the upper level.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: I've been there. took pictures. Imagine 10, 11 helicopters waiting to take off, and they're all-their propellers are going. Why do they need to do that? I remember when we were doing the discussion, the negotiation back then, I said, you know, they're waiting to take off, but they're already getting read, and you could smell the fumes, and it's not just the residents. The people who work close by our own agencies the Department of Transportation talked to some of your colleagues about the fumes. Okay, so in the report that we give, yes, you know, 50% reduction sounds great, but there are times. Imagine just the report that we got last October, Chair. There were 3,226 flights, and they're, Oh, but we were permitted to do 3,490.

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we actually did less, but just imagine that and do by math. Okay, no flights on Sunday. So, 25 days out of 30 days, right? 129 flights a day, 10 hours they're open average. Five-one flight every five minutes. Can you imagine going up, going up, comingand this is not count the one coming back, right. mean if you look at that scenario, and this is what we're facing every single day. Even when in the freezing cold winter, it's still over a thousand flights a month. Okay, so they don't off five They take off every 15 minutes, but that's minutes. happening every single day. Okay, excluding Sunday, Sunday only this charter or whatever. This is not the kind of life for our residents-that we want for our residents. Imagine if you lived down here or in Battery Park City. This is what is happening to them every day, and it's not worth it. When you talk about the amount of money the city generates in the tourism industry that is something, Chair, that we have never got from the industry the exact number. They're talking about oh, we generate this amount of jobs, this amount of money for the city tourism industry. Tourists come to New York to watch a Broadway show. Okay, they stay in a hotel. You

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2 | don't add all that and include that in your

3 helicopter. Not everybody needs to take a helicopter

4 to visit New York City. They come because of the New

5 York City experience by walking. That's how you

6 experience our city. It's not worth it. Okay, so,

7 | we get the-we try to cut down the number of flights

8 so that could get some immediate relief for our

9 residents and our workers in the city, but it's not

10 enough. So, we got to find a way to really deal with

11 | this, issue. [bell] It's not worth the money.

12 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: And Council Member

13 Chin, I [applause]

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you.

15 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: --I believe what

16 | you're hearing now today is that it doesn't matter

17 | which Council District it is, it doesn't matter what

18 part of the city, the city is done. The frustration

19 | is there, and we really don't care about the tourists

20 | day when they think they'll fly over. They're not

21 | coming to New York City like Council Member Chin said

22 | to take a helicopter ride. So, that the only impact

23  $\parallel$  or benefit that the city is receiving is a small \$2

24 to \$3 million when every city residents is being

impacted by this extreme quality of life infringement

that makes people just want to leave, is—is not
acceptable, and I think the more that we talk about
this, and I believe that he Council members and—and
Council Member Chin, that's why we've been thanking
the first steps were what you did two years ago.
That's in no way an answer to everything, but you got
to start somewhere, and that was a start, and even
with the-the victories that were received through
tourists none of that was done through charter. So,
there's many ways for our operators to abuse what's
in place and I think what we're seeing is that we
have the ability as the greatest city in the world to
make regular. If you're going to do business in this
city, and you're going to use our heliports, then
you're going to answer to the EDC, to the Council and
to the people of this city because we can't take it
any more, and that's what's happening.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: Yeah, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, Council Member Rosenthal, I know you're there and I believe that Council Member Powers and then we can get to then next panel.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: Yeah, and I just want to issue a clarification in terms of the \$2 to \$3

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, I'd rather

talk about the loss of all the tourists who no longer

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go to the South Street Seaport because when they're standing there, they're watching 10 helicopters

4 taking off, and they're inhaling the fumes--

JUSTINE JOHNSON: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: -- and you know, I would ask each of you before you come before this Council again to spend an hour downtown on a Saturday. You can't breathe, and it's-there's no question in my mind--I do have a public health degree-we are killing people every day, and they may not die today or tomorrow, but the effects on people's physical health I'm sure can't be good and what's so frustrating to me is that where we left it last time around, was that you agreed to do a serious analysis of the impact. The two things that you are not addressing today, which are noise pollution and the-the effects of the air pollution. Now, the fact that you contracted out to some company to do this analysis gives me no assurance mainly because the results back are that there's no problem. That just doesn't pass the smell test. We asked you to do two things: Work toward having electric helicopters to eliminate the noise and the fumes, and tell us what the real impact of these fumes and the noise is.

You've not done either of those things, and I don't
understand how you can continue in good faith with
your franchise agreement Downtown Heliport and with
the thought of redoing or doing an RFP and a new
contract at the $30^{\text{th}}$ Street with such an embarrassing
record. I-I don't-I-I don't know how. We've gotten
mad. We've gone through the five stages. We've
gotten mad, we got mad again. Some people are
crying. We've-you're denying it. What-what can we
do to move the ball forward to get these helicopters
to move to the next stage in technology. I-I love
the way Council Member Menchaca worded it, just what-
just transit. Just transition. You're-you guys are
doing great stuff with green jobs. Why are we
falling down in this industry? What—what are the
hurdles?

DAVID HOPKINS: So, Council Member, I think that those two concerns are our concerns as well. We could—we care about the noise impacts. We care about the emissions impacts. We're—we're—

JUSTINE JOHNSON: [interposing] Just—
you're-we don't want to go through the anger again.
So, that's only like please don't do a preamble like

that hurdle.

1	COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 72
2	DAVID HOPKINS: We do not.
3	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
4	Now what tool in the toolbox [bell] does EDC have
5	DAVID HOPKINS: So
6	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:to address
7	these concerns? You. I'm not talking about the FAA.
8	DAVID HOPKINS: So, EDC and the city
9	advocated that Stage 3 helicopter technology should
LO	become the law of the land. It became the law of the
L1	land, and EDC advocated that Congress mandate phasing
L2	out of Stage 1 and Stage 2 helicopters.
L3	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, does your-
L 4	DAVID HOPKINS: [interposing] So, I think
L5	would be
L 6	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:does your
L7	contract reflect that? Does your Franchise Agreement
L8	reflect that belief?
L 9	DAVID HOPKINS: Our Franchise Agreement
20	cannot prohibit those helicopters from operating
21	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
22	Is it a timing toward the model Stage 3 helicopters?
23	Do you have a-a timing that says okay, we're going to

DAVID HOPKINS: Right.

give you two years industry--

1	COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 73
2	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:to get there
3	or are we going to do what Trump's doing, which is
4	saying ah, maybe not?
5	DAVID HOPKINS: We would welcome phasing
6	out those-those types of helicopters. However, we
7	are precluded from doing so by federal law. So,
8	we're more than happy to advocate on that behalf,
9	and—and
10	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
11	Why not use other financial tools like incentivize
12	them to say that you're-the-you're allowed to lease
13	our space. The cost to you is \$100 million today,
14	and as you move towards Stage 3 helicopters, the cost
15	to you will be \$2 million. So, you know, that can

take as long or little as you want, but the Franchise
Agreement, the RFP makes a financial incentive

18 because you're EDC. How about that?

DAVID HOPKINS: I think we're more than willing to explore options that allow us to incent--

DAVID HOPKINS: --to incentivize without—without running into federal preemption issues. So,
I can't begin to discuss it with you today because I

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And--

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## COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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just don't know where that boundary is, but again
that's-that's a conversation we're willing to have.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: And I just-just want to add, I hear you loud and clear on that particular point.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Thank you.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: And just want to make sure that, you know, we are working together in terms of to your point there are incentives that whether we can look at different strategies or solutions, I'm happy to work with you on those particular areas. So, I hear you loud and clear in terms of what incentives can we—can we make sure that we can look at and—and really consider as we have an opportunity as part of a new RFP to think through some of these items. So, I think this is an ongoing conversation, but I think what I'm hearing is very clear that looking at incentives could be one potential solution here, and I think there are many more that we can continue to discuss.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: I think what's so disheartening is that your willingness in this room to say we're happy to work with you is just hollow, and we know that because of the negotiations

1 COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 75 2 that ended before where it specifically said in the 3 agreement--4 JUSTINE JOHNSON: Uh-hm. COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: --in addition 5 the reduction in flights included a requirement to 6 7 "actively research available technologies to further mitigate helicopter noise, reduce emissions, and 8 promote fuel efficiency, and to implement such 9 technology as it becomes commercially feasible. Now, 10 11 look, the reports we get on a monthly-I apologize, Chair. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: No, this is an 14 important stuff to learn. 15 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: But the 16 reports we get back and what you showed us at a 17 meeting prior to this hearing don't reflect any of that. 18 19 JUSTINE JOHNSON: Okay. 20 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: They reflect a 21 silly outside contractor. I'm really nervous how 2.2 much we're paying these guys, and I'm-because 23 whatever that is, we should put that money to taking

care of the homeless because they're clearly not

## COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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capturing what any human being is experiencing down
at the seaport.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: Okay.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, I appreciate your words, but today they're hollow.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: Okay, understood, and David, if you could talk a little bit about the emissions monitoring at Downtown, I think that's what else we have for this one.

DAVID HOPKINS: Yeah, so we have put in the Emissions Monitoring Protocol Downtown. Again, we're more than happy to work to see if we—there are ways we can enhance that protocol so it provides better information to you as—as decision makers so—

tell me. Don't come to me with your problems. All I know is that you gave me a report that said there's no problem with emissions. You know, I'm sure you figured that out after a month or two noticing that it didn't have any value. So, what did you do about it, or are you waiting until I need to say something?

DAVID HOPKINS: Well, we upon getting those initial reading, which—which showed very low levels of criteria pollutants associated with jet

fuel, we reached back out to our environmental consultant and aske for the reason, and they are largely weather related and volume related that in the winter months the—the

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]

I-I, please. I mean if you want to say it on the record you're on oath, and you're, you know, I want this administration to shine, but continue with your answer.

DAVID HOPKINS: No, in—in the winter months the likelihood of exceeding those OSHA EPA standards are much less than they are in the summer months because of the—the conditions there, and the heat associated, and how it affects the emissions, and the volume of helicopter noise. [sneezing]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Bless you.

DAVID HOPKINS: So, we think—I was—I was concerned about the readings, and reached out to try to understand why they were low, but as I mentioned, we're more than happy to have a conversation about how we can enhance protocol.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, again, I'm not paid to do this work. You are, but that answer

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    COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
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    doesn't pass the smell test. Have you gone there and
    looked at where they put the—the monitors?
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                DAVID HOPKINS: It's on the roof of the
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    heliport.
               So--
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               COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
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    Do-have you looked to see exactly where?
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                DAVID HOPKINS: Yes, it's on the roof of
    the heliport. So, I--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
    On the roof of the heliport? Where?
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                DAVID HOPKINS: That means it's--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
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    How many? Is it the right number?
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                DAVID HOPKINS: There's one monitor, and
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    it is-we just-we determined it--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
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    Sounds like it's a weak monitor. Is it up to code?
    Is it up to the standards of what monitors should be?
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    How much are you paying the contractor to do this
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    work?
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                DAVID HOPKINS: I don't have that number
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    with me so--
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               COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
    Is it $100,000? Is it $500,000?
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DAVID HOPKINS: I'm sorry. I don't know
what the contractor--

This is really disappointing. So, Chair, again, I want to thank you for holding this hearing. I want to warn you because I know you're looking at what to do with the charter flights over your district. Buy beware, you know, this is a group, this is an agency that promised me pretty much in the first year of my job that they would be requiring painting the under bellies of the helicopters so they would know whether it's tour, charter or whatever. That has not been done. What we get from them in terms of reports are inadequate and not satisfactory. So, I—I just want to share with you. I just want to calm down and take a deep breath.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: [laughs] Breathe it out.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: It's just really, really disappointing and I—on behalf of New York City residents and in my oversight capacity, I want to let you know how deeply, deeply disappointed that we are. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, Council Member Rosenthal, now you know why I fought so hard to be the Chair of EDC. The Northeast Queens and the rest of the city that has not had any conversation is now having a conversation, that has never had that before, and to bring that passion that you have with Council Members Menchaca and Chin for what happened in Manhattan, need to be applied in all five boroughs so that everyone has a seat at this table to talk about this onslaught of helicopters and that there'sit's providing no benefit to anyone sitting at this table or at the city. So, even to just call for a complete new look at helicopter safety protocols and standards, which is what we're doing. That's what this hearing is about. It's a complete it hasn't What can we do? What can EDC do in their worked. capacity as the owner-operator? What can we do as a Council do as a Council to bring in accountability for the community impact that we are suffering. That's what this is about, and to bring Northeast Queens and our Queens residents to this table that has not been heard before is why I'm here today because we were too long forgotten, and I-I thank the advocates that made their way throughout the rest of

the city. We will get to you part of this testimony, and I know EDC is going to stop and listen. We also

4 have Council Member Powers, and we've been joined

5 Council Member Cornegy.

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COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Thank you, and I can't follow Council Member Rosenthal so passionately partially because I'm under the weather, but thank for being here and for your testimony. I'm sorry I missed the beginning of it. I actually represent the 34th Street Heliport, which I think has some different usages than-uses than the other ones, but I quess it's the-the first question I had was you were talking about-I think that Council Member Lander and others really talked about how to balance between the economic impact and the economic value of any item. I mean this is what we do all the time as Council Members and make these decisions about economic impact and value relative the community and the community's concerns and that's I think the balance, and I've not been for-for much long-for very long. So, I don't have the frustration that others do, and I will mention I think 34<sup>th</sup> Street has less issues than the other others. I don't actually get many complaints about it, but-but it might be.

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question is that economic impact that we talked about whether it's around tourism, corporate charters, I heard something that Council Member Rosenthal brought up, but this the Economic Development Committee so I should ask what is the economic value or development value of the—of the those three different charters, tourists and—and—and what's the third one? There are charter tours and the corp—and the corporate. For those three, I think the \$30 million number was named earlier, but do you guys have a study? I mean we talked about that, but what is the—how do we present the value of the industry.

DAVID HOPKINS: So—so Council Member, we have not done a recent study of the economic value of the heliport system. The studies that were done back in 2011 or 2012 really did focus on the tour helicopter industry. One was done internally at EDC and one was done by the Rudin Center and that's where that \$30 million comes—figure comes from. It includes obviously some—some tourists associated spending. The bulk of it, though, is the direct expenditures of the tour helicopter operating companies themselves in terms of fuel maintenance, employees' salaries, stuff like that. That being

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said, we don't have a study that I'm aware of that looks at the impact and the value of the corporate and the charter traffic. I think the Council in its approval of the East 34<sup>th</sup> Street Special Permit last year recognized the value of the heliports to the corporate community in New York City, and that these facilities are relied upon by those corporations for transportation, and that there is a—there is obviously a value associated with that, but I really can't tell you what that is, but it's been—

I would certainly recommend. I mean as—as we did they—and we're hearing a lot of passion about whether to change or do something, and we have some of that legislation before us, and we will be debating more legislation I'm sure in the future. It would be helpful I think for the EDC to have an economic study (a) to talk about the value that it provides, and what I mean by that is we can then evaluate that exact conversation that I think folks are—are asking, which is how do we find the balance. You have folks from Queens and other—downtown and other places that feel like it's—it's too much, and—and I think the argument in favor is around or—or in some

preservation of is around the value, but I don't
think we have anything today that actually provides.
So, I think that to come to a hearing and to-to tell
the economic value of something, it would be-it would
seem to me be, you know, not wise or-or something
else to actually numbers to us about that economic
impact. The second question what-what does EDC-I
think Council Member Rosenthal asked this question,
but what is F-the FAA has control over the routes it
sound like and some federal preemption on helicopter
standard, but EDC has control the site—the two of the
three facilities, and so I have two questions. One
is if we made changes to the two $34^{\rm th}$ Street in my
district and Downtown does that—at the city level—
does that leave 30 <sup>th</sup> Street absent whatever changes
we make, and second what is within your control?
Obviously, the RFP process is within your control
determining what types of-of flights are-fly out of
any single facility.? What-else is directly under
EDC?

DAVID HOPKINS: So, Council Member, the
West 30<sup>th</sup> Street Heliport is under the purview of the
Hudson River Park Trust and is run similarly under
and agreement between the Hudson River Park Trust and

Air Pegasus who runs that facility on their behalf.		
Obviously, standards that we would apply to our		
facilities would not necessarily apply to HRPT and		
their oversight of that facility, but they can be		
part of the conversation. With respect to what is		
within our purview, these facilities operate as		
public use heliports available to anybody who's		
flying a helicopter [bell] subject to-to protocols in		
terms of notifying about landing and take-off. So,		
we have limited authority in terms of restricting the		
types of helicopters that use that facility. What we		
can do is, as you know, is we've established		
operating powers for both—both the heliports that		
seek to limit activity at night, and at East $34^{\text{th}}$		
Street on the weekends. So, again, that's part of		
that balancing. So, we have authority there. We		
don't have authority to-as I mentioned to restrict		
the types of helicopters.		

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Are there going to see changes in the RFP coming up that would impact any of the concerns that folks are brining up here or whether it's related to--? I know you can't talk on an RFP, you know, publicly, but I mean what are—what-

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what changes should anybody anticipate in terms of concerns or comments that have been raised to date.

DAVID HOPKINS: Some one of the—what we have incorporated so far in the drafts of the RFP are the standards that the Council asked for as part of the Special Permit for East 34<sup>th</sup> Street. So, for example, the operator will be required to report on the number of operations monthly and the number of complaints—and then we will also report on the number of complaints that are filed from your Community Board district in terms of East 34<sup>th</sup> Street. There are other protocols in the RFP associated with the safety of operation, the financial terms and all that stuff that are standard in—in both our agreements.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: And-and I just want to—I know I used—I know I used my time up, but just how many flights are out of 34<sup>th</sup> Street per day?

DAVID HOPKINS: I don't have per day, but for last year, I just got the updated numbers from the operator, there were 9,200 flights year out of 34<sup>th</sup> Street obviously Monday through Friday since it's closed on the weekends.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Right, right, yeah, and on Stage the transition to Stage 3

here it's today.

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helicopters I think you said Stage 2 is what
everybody is using right now. It sounds like Stage 3
is something that is being requested in terms of
different standards. Has the—what would—what would
be a timeline in terms of actually moving to State 3
and what—what is—what does the EDC feel like is the
timeline, what does the industry feel like is the
timeline to get there? I mean I think my colleagues

DAVID HOPKINS: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: So, what is the actual--?

DAVID HOPKINS: I—I wish I could answer that question, Council Member powers because it really is up to the industry in terms of developing helicopters that are certificated under that standard. We're obviously—would hope it would hope it would be sooner rather than later. We think as I mentioned in—in the previous remarks to Council Member Rosenthal, we think it would be very helpful if Congress would mandated a phase—out of Stage 1 and Stage 2, and require operators to—to move their fleets. A similar phase—out was required for fixed wing aircraft by Congress many years ago. So, that

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Stage 1 and Stage 2 fixed wing aircraft had a dead—a sunset date by which they could not be not in the air or their engines had to be retrofit to new noise and emissions regulations associated with Stage 3 fixed wing aircraft. We think something like that would be a—a great thing for instituting at our heliports, but again, we can't take that action unilaterally.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: You can't do-you think EDC has no power to regulate?

DAVID HOPKINS: No, because--

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: [interposing] or inside device?

DAVID HOPKINS: --because as a public use facility, we—we are open to those aircraft that are allowed to fly in the sky, and that includes all three states.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Got you, and I'll finish with this: Would—would be willing to—I might ask you to commit under oath anything that I—I think it would helpful for me if you would be willing to work and obviously those—the—the districts that are impacted, industry and others to come up with some snapshot around economic development of the—of the different industries that ones that are impacted that

are flying out of $34^{th}$ Street, the tourism industry.
So, we can find out what out what that balance looks
like, and I support—I certainly support my colleagues
representing their neighborhood, their communities
around noise and noise issues. I think that Council
Member Lander was I think pretty responsible in his-
in his comments about how do you construct a balance,
and think to be here and not have the actual economic
numbers around what is the being provided doesn't
actually let us argue the-argue the value and, in
fact, leads to-to-to believe that we don't have the
numbers or we're not willing to share it. And—and
certainly as you talked to Council Member Vallone,
council Member Chin and Council Member Rosenthal,
they're-I think they're doing a-a good job
representing their constituents who feel under the
stress and so we have to find a-a pathway here, but I
certainly would-would welcome seeing the actual
numbers that you guys are talking about in terms of
the value.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you, Council Member Powers.

DAVID HOPKINS: I'd be glad to take that request back to our leadership. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, before let the
EDC panel go, I mean part of today's hearing, talking
about frustration, was the comment and our call to
extend the North Shore Helicopter route. So, just
for those who aren't even aware, could you imagine
the level of frustration we in the city have when a
regulation is passed in 2008 that says yep, those
charter flights coming out of Manhattan and they're
going down to the Hamptons. So, what we're going to
do is mandate those charter flights to fly over the
water, but only in Nassau County and east. So, guess
what? They could fly straight over Queens, right our
houses, right over George Mirts house where he's got
a landing of a Apocalypse now every three minutes in
his back yard. All he needs is the music coming out
of the speakers, and it was never even considered for
Queens. So, our resolution is calling on the
extension of the North Shore Helicopter Route to say
get over the water. So, flying over the land. So,
that's what our call is today on that resolution is
to ask for our in Albany and Congress to make sure
that that's addressed. Does EDC have any point in
support or a comment on the extension of the route?

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2	DAVID HOPKINS: So, Council Member, I
3	think I mentioned earlier we'd be more than happy to
4	participate in discussions about that because we
5	realized that the residents in your district are
6	adversely affected by the mandated
7	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: [interposing] A

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: [interposing] A little bit.

DAVID HOPKINS: --routing on the North Shore route.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: [laughs] Just a little bit. It's alright.

JUSTINE JOHNSON: Again, we're happy to-

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Alright, and I'll think the EDC for almost two hours of testimony.

There's a lot of work to be done. Clearly, the safety of the city is on the line here with a complete overlook of the helicopter industry today is a step in that direction, and I think you for your conversation. So, our first panel will be from Congress Member Thomas Suozzi's Office whose district comes right through into North East Queens, Justin Connor, Sam Goldfin from the Helicopter Tours and Council, George Mirtsopoulos from We Love Whitestone

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- and Warren Schreiber from the New York Community Aviation Roundtable amongst many of his tables and Council Member Barron has joined us. Thank you very much, Council Member Barron. That will be our first panel. [pause] I would ask everyone to keep their comments to a limit of three minutes because there's a few panels that are going to speak. [pause] Council Member Menchaca is going to take over this
  - may begin. [background comments] Awesome and make sure the—the red light is on.

panel for two minutes. I'll be right back.

- GEORGE MIRTSOPOULOS: Okay. I got it. Thank you.
- COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: I can hear you loud and clear.

GEORGE MIRTSOPOULOS: Thank you. Hi.

First of all, my—I want to thank you, Council Member

Menchaca because you hit it right on—the nail on the

head earlier collaboration and partnership. In our

experience we've met with the FAA and others on this

whole issue. We get a lot of talk, but we get no

partnership, no collaboration. So, having said that,

I'll read my statement. My name is George

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2 Mirtopolis. I'm the Vice President of We Love Whitestone Civic organization in Queens, and I'm a 3 resident of Whitestone for 32 years, and I'm just 5 going to jump to the-the issue is the sea planes and 6 the helicopters. For us it's the helicopters. One 7 of the things that was said earlier is the misery level. We have 25 to 30 helicopters flying over your 8 house in an hour, that's misery. When you're mowing 9 your lawn and the sound of your lawnmower is drowned 10 out by the helicopter flying over your head, that's 11 12 what you're experiencing in Whitestone. In our 13 community we-we sort of dread the upcoming Memorial 14 Day Weekend because once Memorial Day hits, the commuter helicopters it's a onslaught to our senses. 15 16 They just fly over constantly. It's become really 17 intolerable for us to deal with this, and it goes on 18 from Memorial Day to Labor Day. It really goes on all year now, but that is the peak time that we-you 19 20 can't go outside, you can't sit in your back yard, you can't enjoy yourself. The kids can't play 21 2.2 outside because, you know, there's so much noise. 23 They can't go in the pools. It's just crazy. 24 [pause] So, what we're-what we think is, you know, 25 the people that are taking these flights are the

- 2 people that are going to the Hamptons for a vacation.
- 3 They're having a good time. We're miserable. Okay,
- 4 and it's got to-something got to come to a head.
- 5 We've been meeting with FAA with other people, with
- 6 our Congressmen with our Congressman with our new
- 7 | Congressman, the Mayor, everybody you can think of,
- 8 and we're still here. I was here 3-1/2 years ago,
- 9 and we're still at the same point. Nothing.
- 10 COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: And so, with
- 11 | the last minute, is there any recommendations you
- 12 want to give us, any-any specific ideas,
- 13 recommendations that you want us to hear?
- GEORGE MIRTSOPOULOS: Well, I think the-
- 15  $\parallel$  the issue of reporting with 311, the 311 system is
- 16 very flawed, okay. We have an app that we use that
- 17 one of our residents developed, and when you talk
- 18 about getting information, the helicopter pops up on
- 19  $\parallel$  the map. I tells you what the altitude is, it tells
- 20 you what the speed is. You get the tail number. If
- 21 | it's an NYPD helicopter, it knows it's an NYPD
- 22 helicopter. The information that, you know, they're
- 23 getting from 311, it's just not-it's not accurate
- 24 | all. The number I wanted to tell you real quick, I
- 25 know I'm limited here. I'm sorry, but I wonder if

GEORGE MIRTSOPOULOS: Absolutely.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: --at the 3 committee level.

GEORGE MIRTSOPOULOS: Whatever is needed I'm here.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Thank you so much.

GEORGE MIRTSOPOULOS: You're welcome.

WARREN SCHREIBER: Good morning Council Member Menchaca. I'm going to veer a little bit from the written testimony. My name is Warren Schreiber. I'm currently the Co-Chair of the New York Community Aviation Roundtable also know as NYCAR. We represent over four million residents of Brooklyn, Queens, Manhattan, the Bronx and Nassau County, and we were created under a director from Governor Cuomo. today you heard a lot of testimony about details ofdetails about the aircraft, and it doesn't have to be that difficult. It's about noise. It's about noise and we all know noise when we hear it, and that's what's happening with the helicopters. The noise that comes from the helicopter are greater than the noise that comes from aircraft for a couple of reasons: Helicopters fly at a lower altitude, they fly at a lower speed so that the noise stays in that

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one particular area for a longer period of time, and these charters that are going out east to the Hamptons, they offer no benefit whatsoever to the city of New York. This is solely for recreational purposes. The passengers on these flights they pay anywhere from \$650 to \$1,500 per seat to be-to be on these on these flights. The-there's there was a report from the United Kingdom Civil Aviation Authority, which is showing aircraft noise to be a major stressor impacting cardiovascular disease, children's learning abilities, sleep disturbance, nocturnal patterns, psychological matters with pregnancy and obesity. These helicopters they go over residences, schools, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes, place of worship and recreational areas, and all of those places are negatively impacted. Our solution is to have the FAA mandate that these helicopters fly a water route. They don't have to fly on the land-over land. They could fly a water route. Also, EDC has to accept some responsibility in this, and one of the solutions would be that if there were really bad players in the industry maybe their-their ability to depart and arrive at the heliport should be suspended. They

to that level of noise. Thank you.

2	should no longer be allowed to operate, and I just
3	want to-just one-one last thing that I-I heard the
4	mention of a DB level of 100, and the FAA, which is
5	somewhat behind at times, and not mucked up with
6	other countries, they consider a threshold of 65 DNL.
7	[bell] So, 100 DB-DB, that's-that's totally off the
8	charts. I can't even imagine people being impacted

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Thank you. A really quick question before I hand it back to the chair, is there and EDC representative in the—in the room? Can you raise your hand? [laughter] [background comments]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: You're on a great team. Go ahead.

JUSTIN CONNOR: [off mic] Good morning everybody. My name is Justin Connor. Oh, sorry. [background comments] Thank you, Warren. Good morning everyone. My name is Justin Connor. I'm a Field Representative for Congressman Tom Suozzi who represents the Third Congressional District.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: [interposing] Thank you for being here.

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2 JUSTIN CONNOR: -- of Northeast Queens.

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you for being here. 5

JUSTIN CONNOR: Actually, no problem. Portions of Nassau County and Suffolk County and as per Warren Schreiber right here, I am also on the La Guardia Roundtable as a member, and the JFK Roundtable as a member. We do quarterly meetings regarding the different airports, but one of the biggest issues that our office has been dealing with this the constant helicopter assault of Whitestone, Bay Terrace, Bayside. It seems to be non-stop. gentlemen that's in back left here his name is Albert Moraishi. George Mirtsopouls, his wife Carmen is over here. There's a gentleman by the name of Harry Savartis, who is not here today. However, he was in the hospital four weeks ago, five weeks ago with chest pains, potential stroke, potential heart, high blood pressure, stomach issues, mainly because of post-traumatic stress disorder due to the amount of helicopters that are flying over his house at all hours, 500, 600, 700, 800 feet, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00 in the morning. I have visited his house. I have been

addressed to the Honorable Daniel K. Elwell, Acting

Administration, FAA, to develop long-term strategies

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to alleviate unreasonable helicopter noise. established the North Shore Helicopter Route in 2008 first as a voluntary path pilots could take over North Shore, Long Island. Then in 2012, it mandated helicopter pilots utilize the route when flying to and from Long Island. In July 2016, the FAA ruled to keep the route active through August of 2020, an unacceptable byproduct of the current helicopter's pilots fly directly over Northeast Queens and shift to flying over Long Island Sound, once they reach the residential areas in Long Island. The current arrangement complies with North Shore Helicopter Route, but forces Queens residents to suffer constant disruptive helicopter noise. The FAA and New York elected officials must come together and build upon the existing agreement. I propose the FAA amend the current rule that requires helicopter pilots to use the North Shore-the New York North Shore Helicopter Route to include Whitestone, Malba Garden and Bay Terrace in the designated area shielded from excessive helicopter traffic. City Council Member Paul Vallone introduced a resolution on February 14, 2018 to the New York City Council to call on the FAA to address the North Shore Helicopter Route to extend 2 to cover Northeast Queens. I'm in full support of

3 Council Member Vallone's resolution, and I call upon

4 | the FAA to seriously review our proposals. I look

5 forward to your response and thank you in advance for

6 working with us to achieve this important goal.

7 Sincerely, Thomas R. Suozzi, U.S. Congressman, Third

8 District of New York.

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you.

10 SAM GOLDSTEIN: Thank you, Council

11 Members for hold this. My name is Sam Goldstein. I

12 | work with the Helicopter Tourism and Jobs Council.

13 We represent the employees and the customers who fly

14 | the tours out of Downtown Manhattan. I came

15 | specifically today to speak on the oversight of

16 | modifying helicopter routes as well as the

17 | Preconsidered Introduction regarding setting up an

18 annual helicopter plan. Air tour operators in New

19 | York City are very familiar with annual plans as our

20 | tours are the only helicopters operating under a

21 | structured set of regulations that ensure community

22 | concerns are alleviated while providing customers

23 with an unforgettable viewing experience. These

24 regulations include: One designated heliport to

25 conduct air tours from, set hours and days of

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operation including no tour flights on Sunday, an established route that keeps tour flights over water, and does not permits flights from crossing over any area of land. Monthly caps on flights allowed to operate out of the Downtown Manhattan Heliport and monitoring of air quality. Measure in place ensure flights to not deviate from the above restrictions. They also limit noise, which is supported by the fact that air tours constitute a very small percentage of total noise complaints to the city related helicopters. Other helicopters, the news gathering charters, emergency services have none of the same restrictions and are most often a source of residential complaints. Contrary to some public statements by proponents of today's and other legislation, operators do not fly off route or operate at greater volumes than permitted. consequences of even one flight in violation of these rules are strict and effective in quaranteeing operator compliance. As the Helicopter Tourism and Job Council has been with our partners with the city and EDC, we're happy to be a partner in any working group with community members and elected officials to alleviate concerns that still exist.

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well, Sam, it's 2 almost like you-you should be in a separate hearing 3 4 because everyone from the helicopter industry be here to have—answer the same question from every Council 5 member and every person that's lodged a complaint. 6 7 You have your agreement in places. We're not happy with the terms of the agreement. We're looking out 8 for voluntary concessions. We're looking for 9 mandatory changes to helicopter safety and procedures 10 in the city, and whether that's done voluntary or 11 12 not, we are going to achieve that. We're looking at everything, and the groups that are here, the 13 14 residents that are here, the Council members that are 15 here it's not working. It's not working, and it's 16 not benefitting the city. So, all of this is going to be looked at. Congressman Suozzi can't tell you 17 18 how important it is to have our congressional support form everyone of the congress members that are now on 19 20 board with this. In fact, there isn't anybody is actually on board with what we're asking for. 21 2.2 is yet to be someone to come up to me and say, you 23 know what, that's not a good idea. There-there really hasn't been anyone that's come up to say 24 changes can't be made. George Mirts and to Dan and

everyone that we know (sic) at Whitestone. [bell] If you didn't volunteer. I got my own beep. Look at

4 that.

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SAM GOLDSTEIN: Yeah. [laughter]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: It's just the frickin' Chair right here. [laughter] [background comments] But if—if you were voluntarily doing that, we wouldn't have either data, right? If we didn't' have that website that so clearly showed to everyone for the first time and then you go to EDC and say, can't we do that, and then you go we have a 311 system. [laughs] It doesn't work, and Warren you-you hold so many titles we thank you. Just before the panel goes, what has the Aviation Roundtables dealt with regarding this issue? Has it come up? Have we had conversations with FAA and Port Authority about helicopter safety?

WARREN SCHREIBER: Sure it's—Council

Member, it's been-it's been an important issue for

us. At our last meeting of the La Guardia Committee,

I believe it was back in October, we actually had

representatives of the Eastern Regional Helicopter

Council at the meeting, and they made a presentation

about their Friendly Skies—

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2 MALE SPEAKER: [off mic] Initiative.

WARREN SCHREIBER: --initiative. Yeah, which we didn't feel was very friendly, but—but—but at least we were able to open a dialogue with them, and I know George has met wit them. He's gone to some of his—to some of his meetings. As far as I know, the FAA has not taken an active role in this issue. The reason now a new—a Regional Director, Director Solomon, and I—I think that she's looking to back away from what was at one time an adversarial relationship with the community and I—I—I think she would be open to working with people.

that sense also that there's—there is—these conversations are happening because there's more of an ability to take these common sensed asks and almost be impossible to fight because we're asking—some of the things were two years ago could clearly immediately go into effect in the charter flights, and now the reason why the timing of this hearing was so perfect is you have an RFP about to be extended to the 34<sup>th</sup> Street Heliport. Now, is exactly the time that we—every that every advocate and every person in the city to say hey, don't issue another contract t

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anyone until we talk about that, and make sure it's embodied in the contract, or we lose three, four, five more years, and then we're going to wait. It's going to be a whole other Council and it's who othersometimes the arguments against, they just wait us out, you know, and sometimes that works and the airports wait us out. We get annoyed, we get pissed off, and then life goes on just like unfortunately with our school tragedies, that's what the NRA has done. They just wait us out, and nothing has been done, and that's just not acceptable. So, we have other panels. Let get to them. Thank you everyone else for making up this one bit and one bit of comments here. One minute, last minute of comment sir.

one last comment. I have spoke with the FAA within the past two weeks and Robert Gartell (sp?), the President of the Eastern Helicopter Regional Committee, and they have promised to George and the just—they promised in front of 60 people that they will be having a meeting with We Love Whitestone, the FAA and the Eastern Helicopter Regional Committee some time in May at the FAA headquarter in Jamaica.

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well, you may want to inform them if they don't have the meeting with EDC and this committee, it's really not going to have any weight. So, we have to make sure that all the parties--because we don't want to reinvent wheel and over and over again -- are sitting at the same time so we can this done so we can get this done.

> JUSTIN CONNOR: No problem.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you everyone. So, the next panel will have four-four members, and we'll keep it going the same way, will be John Dellaportas from Stop the Chop; Jeffrey Moskin from Riverside Park conservancy I think; Mike Gannon from Douglas Manor Association. Welcome Mike and Joseph Schwartz from the residents of Lower Manhattan. You're going to need more people if you're representing all the residents of Lower Manhattan. [background comments, pause] And then we have for those who are left just so you, and you already had set up, we have six people left. Those six I'll do real quick. Ms. Campbell, Ms. Timmel, Ms. Juno, Mr. Granick and Michael Wychek and Stacey Shell, you're going to be on the last panel. So hang around then. Okay, if you want to start from maybe left to right.

2 JOHN DELLAPORTAS: [off mic] Thank you 3 to—is this on? [on mic] Thank you—thank City Council 4 Member Vallone. My name is John Dellaportas. I'm 5 with Stop the Chop NYMJ. We're a community group. We have about 2,000 members. We represent a lot of 6 7 different folks who are very negatively affected. represent-we have veterans back from Afghanistan who 8 say it's worse than Afghanistan, and triggers their 9 PTSD to always have the helicopters. We represent 10 elderly people who told me that it sets off their 11 12 hearing aids when these helicopters passes and sets a 13 tinging noise. We have new-new mothers that say 14 their babies can't sleep because of these 15 helicopters. We have people trying to work from home 16 and earn a living who say that they can't work from 17 home because of these helicopters. We have people 18 whose pets go crazy because of these helicopters. We have everything under the sun. It's-it's really just 19 20 the amount of human misery is-is incredible, and so we thank you for taking the time. I think that we're 21 2.2 very thankful that you're taking the time to do this. 23 If I had one critique, it's only that the EDC in our view is just hopelessly corrupt, and they're never 24 going to do anything about, and the fellow from the 25

2 EDC almost everything he said was a lie. So, I only

3 have three minutes, but I'll through as many of his

4 lies as I can in the three minutes. [background

5 | comments] Let's see, he says FAA is the decision

6 maker, Lie, lie, lie, lie, lie. The city--

7 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: I think we

8 established that today.

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JOHN DELLAPORTAS: Yeah, the city-the city's contract with the helicopter operator says that the mayor at any time without cause can terminate the contract if the mayor determines it's in the best interest of the city to do so. So, at any time the City Council can pass a resolution directing the Mayor to terminate that agreement and we're done. We don't have to deal with the EDC. We don't have to deal with the FAA. We don't have to have any more studies. We can just be done with this, and that's the answer. As far as the-the-the raise the bar (sic), you know, there's still going to be helicopters. The EDC's own studies show that 97% of the helicopter over the city are their tourist flights. So, yes, there will still be 3% of the helicopter traffic that there was before. They-they left that out. They said they worked with community

groups. We're the biggest community group. We've
been around for five years. We have 2,000 members.
We've-we've-we've begged them for a meeting. They've
never met with us. They've never even responded to
our multiple requests for a meeting. What community
groups is he working with? I'd like to know. 311 I
think it's obvious. There are 200 helicopter who
pass by my window every day. Am I supposed to report
200 times a day to 311, and when you do report it
they say, what's the number on the helicopter? And I
reported it a couple times and they say oh, the
helicopter was doing what it's supposed to be doing.
So, the problem isn't-the problem isn't the-the-the
problem is the plan. They problem isn't violations
for the plan. The problem is the plan itself. The
plan is horrible. The plan was drafted by the
industry with no community input and it's horrible.
We do think the City Council Members who got it cut
in half go bless them. [bell] They did a great job,
but it's-it's not nearly enough. Thank you very
much.

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district that will happily join Stop the Chop. So, they will have more than 2,000 members after today.

Well, thank you. My name is Jeffrey

5 Moskin. I'm the Trustee of the Riverside Park

6 Conservancy. Last Saturday, a glorious spring day,

7 during a walk in Riverside Park from 59<sup>th</sup> to 87<sup>th</sup>

8 Street the noise from tourist helicopter was

9 continuous. At times four tourist helicopter were in

10 | view chopping up and down the Hudson River. I

11 | reached out to friend and neighbors who I discovered

12 were equally disturbed, but did not have a voice or

13 | plan of action about this. We at the Conservancy

14 | have begun to organize the park organizations, park

15 users and resident from Brooklyn Heights to Hamilton

16 Heights. This will include the Hudson River Park,

17 | Battery Park, City Park, Highline and the new park on

18 | the Brooklyn Waterfront. We have gotten energetic

19 responses from residents of Lincoln Towers and other

20  $\parallel$  co-ops along the waterfront. It was only by chance

21  $\parallel$  that we learned yesterday of this hearing. You can

 $22 \parallel \text{be sure that if we had more time you would be hearing}$ 

23  $\parallel$  from many other angry and upset-upset constituents.

We urge the Council to take all necessary measures to

25 | insist that Mayor de Blasio cancel the license on

## COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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2 this obnoxious and dangerous use the skies of New 3 York City. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you.

DOUGLAS GANNON: Good afternoon. My name is Mike Gannon. I'm President of Douglas Manor Association, and we support Resolution 178-2018. Douglas Manor Association is a home owner association representing 595 families in Northeast Queens the Community of Douglas Manor, the Peninsula of land jutting out into Little Neck Bay in Long Island Sound at the Queens and Nassau County border. We're all troubled by helicopter noise. Our community receives the brunt of the traffic as helicopters enter and leave the FAA's North Shore route a the Nassau line, but the noise and disruption to our quality of life peaks on Friday and Saturday or Friday and Sunday, during the summer vacation time period and it also remains a year round problem. We support the resolution, which extend the North Shore route westward to include Queens County. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you.

JOSEPH SCHWARTZ: Thank you very much,

Council, for giving me an opportunity to speak today.

My name is Joseph Schwartz and I've worked and lived

2 in Lower Manhattan since 2003. The family is simply shocked and outraged their son drowned to death in 3 this manner and what was supposed to be a pleasurable 4 sightseeing helicopter tour said Attorney Gary Robb 5 regarding the death of 26-year-old Trevor Cadigan. 6 7 Richard Vance, the Liberty Helicopter pilot failed to keep control of the helicopter causing it to crash 8 into the East River killing all five passengers. 9 pilot Mr. Vance was the only survivor. In 2009, a 10 sightseeing helicopter of the same model and operated 11 12 by the same company as the one in Sunday's wreck 13 collided with a small private plane over the Hudson 14 River killing nine people including a group of 15 Italian tourist. A crash in October 2011 in the East 16 River killed a British woman visiting our city for her  $40^{th}$  birthday and two other passengers. A 17 18 helicopter on a sightseeing tour in Manhattan crashed in the Hudson River in July 2007 shaking up the eight 19 20 people but injuring of them. In June 2005 two helicopters crashed in the East River in the same 21 2.2 week. One injured eight people injuring some banking 23 executives. The other hit the water shortly after take-off on a sightseeing flight injuring six 24 25 tourists and a pilot. On this latest crash, Brian

2 McDaniel a firefighter, and first responder from Dallas who understood emergency situations was 3 4 killed. While the passengers were not able to remove their harnesses and were still strapped in when found 5 at the bottom of the river. It's very likely most or 6 7 all would have perished even if the harnesses had 8 been disengaged. The recent ruling banning open-door helicopters is a travesty, and won't prevent further 9 deaths from future helicopter crashes. They city and 10 its residents are vulnerable as the helicopter pilots 11 12 violate FAA regulations consistently by numerous violations that I've even noted flying directly over 13 several buildings in my neighborhood. I also noted 14 15 pilots fly very at low levels when it's overcast due 16 to low cloud ceilings. They practically hover above the buildings they flow so low, much lower than the 17 18 900 minimum requirement. A noise at that level is deafening. I've seen Liberty helicopters hovering in 19 20 place on many occasion allowing for more photography at the World Trade Center, which I believe is also a 21 2.2 violation. I'm seen tourist helicopters on returning 23 on their flight coming down south of the river to fly to east side of the river to allow tourists to get 24 25 additional pictures of the Word Trade Center.

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counted as many as 106 flights going by my building in a 60 minute interval, those flights going both north and south up the Hudson River. Please understand residents in Battery Park City and Lowe Manhattan can hear those loud helicopters when they're flying on the east and the west sides of the river both ways. Think about it, a 106 flights in 60 minutes. There wasn't one minute, one second of I heard the noise of helicopters for that silence. entire hour. I'm forced to close my windows as the noise is sometimes so deafening. [bell] We to prohibit all tourist helicopters from flying over the city. Mayor de Blasio received \$205,000 in campaign contributions from Liberty Helicopter and the Helicopter Association. Follow the money. How many more deaths will it take? I'm not talking about noise Council people. I'm talking about deaths, people dying because of tourist helicopters out of Pier 6 and campaign contributions and jobs it may cost are not even close to be worth the lives of so many. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you, Joe and thank you everyone to the panel. What I want to just say is I think unified is the message. So, matter

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you.

2 where our complaints are coming from whether it's Queens, Manhattan, Brooklyn, part of the goal today 3 was to unify the opposition from all sides so that we 4 5 don't just tackle one side of this problem. It's a problem that's affecting whether we're living in 6 7 Downtown Manhattan, whether it's Brooklyn or it's Queens, whether it's Hoboken or the residents of 8 Manhattan, this is a plague that we're looking at 9 10 right now. So, thank you. So our last panel is. [background comments, pause] So, if we can all kind 11 12 of see if we can grab two more chairs for the-for the 13 panel. It's Sherry Campbell from To ban Tour 14 Helicopters. A good title; Marie Timmel from the 15 West 88th Street Block Association; Lana Tonel (sp?) 16 from 70 Battery Place; and John Gronick (sp?0, right, and Michael Wychek. Sorry. Is that everyone? 17 18 Stacey Schub. Sorry Stacey. [laughter] I kept flipping over one more. Thank you and thank you to 19 20 Council Member Menchaca for staying and Council Member Chin for making it through the whole hearing. 21 2.2 Thank you very much. So, maybe we'll start with 23 Stacey and we'll work our way over. I think we lost 24 two. So, maybe we can slide into the middle. Thank

## COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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2 STACEY SCHUB [off mic] Thank you. I glayed with the

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Just make sure your red light is on there.

6 STACEY SCHUB: That's light is on. Thank
7 you.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: There you go.

STACEY SCHUB: I've lived at the South Street Seaport for over 20 years. I hear them, I see them, I feel them, and my family breathes their fumes. Council Member Chin, thank you for negotiating a trial of reduced flights. It served the purpose the purpose of showing that even cutting flights by 50% was imperceptible. It's still miserable. Our challenge the operators even further on the supposition regarding the incremental financial benefit to the city, even the few millions of dollars. It seems that tourists came with money in their pockets specifically earmarked for only helicopter tours. I guarantee that if they stop, they'll hit you with a taxi, go to Governor's Island, go to the top of the Trade Center or maybe got to TKTS, and conversely, it also supposes that the money that was spend with them couldn't have otherwise been

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spent on some other safer tourist attraction. to be a naysayer. I solve problems for a living, but tourist helicopters are incompatible in a densely populate city of skyscrapers. Even with the all of the suggestions that I was listening to sitting here going electric, monitoring, social media, reigning roque pilots, Stage 3, government mandates, fly only over water. There's still too much inherent misery and risk will persist that outweighs the small perceived financial benefit. As I was sitting here in the back listening to the back and forth, it reminded me of trying to figure out a safe way for a baby to play for a baby to play in traffic. Should we put up signs, construct a barrier, Tweet when an oncoming car is coming? They're the wrong questions to ask. How about just pick up the baby and don't let them play in traffic. Here's why. Because even if you were able to do everything that were suggestion, we'll still have unnecessary noise, unnecessary carcinogens. If we could eliminate the noise and get the fumes down, which is a huge if, we'll still have vibrations. I feel the helicopters. Even through my windows I feel them reverberating off of the buildings. It kills me. We have still a

danger to the passengers as evidenced by the recent
crash, but even more important is the danger to
people who didn't choose to be on the helicopters,
the non-passengers either by an accident or what
hasn't been mentioned that I heard of, intentional.
Is a helicopter not more vulnerable than the cockpit
of a closed airplane? Do you know that on the roof,
on Peck's Slip, there's a school where school
children play everyday Monday through Friday in
shifts? They are only a half a block off of the
water. Even quieter less polluting helicopters with
a path over the water would still take their lives if
it veered a half a block instead of going down in the
river. Would the injury through inhaled fumes act as
an intentional downing of a helicopter be worth this
unnecessary tourist attraction? I was here September
11 <sup>th</sup> . My daughter was walking home from school the
day the van intentionally went up on the sidewalk
downtown. I'm acutely aware of the risks I choose to
[bell] take by living here, but I go back to you.
Is this unnecessary risk worth it? Thank you.
CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you and what

you were doing all day, back to your.

2 Hi, I'm Marie Chanel. I represent the 3 West 88th Street Block Association, and also myself. I'm a long time resident of the Upper West Side, and 4 5 I've long enjoyed our parks. The best thing that ever happened in Manhattan was Hudson River Park. Before 6 7 9/11, when it first opened, I was one of the first people out on that bike path. Now, all of Hudson 8 River Park has a helicopter running up the coast 9 every six minutes, every six minutes and I want to 10 make it clear about noise. Noise has two components. 11 12 First is decibel and second is vibration. 13 vibration that is killing us. If you feel it going over your house, it's scary. Hudson River Park not 14 15 only is an oasis for New Yorkers who are weary of 16 construction and noise, our parks are the only places 17 where we have serenity. Our parks a being ruined by 18 air tourism and our parks are one of our tourist attractions. People come from all over the world to 19 20 see Central Park. I mean I complain that it's overrun with tourists, but why are the tourists in 21 2.2 the air more important than the tourists in the park 23 on the ground? They're being disrupted, too. Hudson River Park has people driving in from out of town to 24 25 The second point I want to make is there is-

2 I don't know if it's air tourism or charter flights. There is a de factor air helicopter corridor right 3 now between 86<sup>th</sup> and 90<sup>th</sup> Street running from west to 4 east, and a lot of it is the draw of the Central Park 5 6 Reservoir. Again, a place that's a tourist draw, and 7 a place of serenity, and there are helicopters over the reservoir all the time now, and they're running 8 over my house all the time, and I think they're 9 charter because they tend to be Friday evening and 10 Sunday evening. Finally, these pilots are roque. I 11 12 see them over the land. I observe them. I've been looking at this issue since early 2014 when I wrote 13 Bill de Blasio and all my representative to stop air 14 15 tourism. I'm concerned about the dangers of air 16 tourism as well. When I wrote Bill in April of 2014, I wrote, I noted that the NTSB, the National 17 18 Transportation Safety Board wrote a white paper in January 2014 about the dangers of helicopters. 19 20 the white paper they stated that helicopter accidents were at unacceptably high levels. Since 2004, more 21 2.2 than 1,600 accidents occurred involving helicopters, 23 and there were more than 500 casualties and, of course, since 2014 that has gone up. The NTSB called 24 helicopters in that white paper inherently unstable 25

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2 | vehicles, and they're running right over my house.

3 It's like terror from the air, and, you know, when I

hear this stuff [bell] it scares me. So, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you.

JOHN CORNICO: I appreciate the opportunity. John Granico, resident from Battery Park for the last seven years. I'd really like to say, you know, in terms of the helicopter issue, I haven't noticed any meaningful changes over the last several years. It continues to be a significant issue from a noise perspective, a pollution perspective and from a safety perspective. And I think one of the things that's a little bit of a misconception is we continue to talk about, you know, the issues with the-a helicopter or the noise from a helicopter, but in reality, if you sit out there on the park it's usually four to six at any one point in So, you know, it's really this, you know, combination of living next to an aerial highway or a war zone depending upon the way you look at. I think the other thing that is often raised is really the economic impact, and I think, you know, some of my friends here have raised similar points. You know, I think one of the things that really needs to be

studied is what is the true economic value of this as opposed to these individuals spending money at One World Trade, a museum, a dinner, a variety of other I feel like the economics always assumes things. this is the sole purpose of the visit when in reality that's probably slim to none of the individuals that come to New York City. So, any analysis that comes from the Economic Development Group should really highlight what is the incremental money that New York City is going to lose, and what is that relative to the value of the residents that continue to have safety, noise, pollution issues, you know, over the next several years as its contract continues to go despite, you know, concerns of the residents because my opinion we're the ones who truly matter. We provide more economics to the city than all of these tourists. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: I think that was probably one of the most stark points that came out of today's hearing was hearing that \$2 to \$3 million number. We all looked at each other as if what the hell are we talking about? Is this—this is what we're fighting over?

JOHN CORNICO: Right, and I did hear it.

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1 COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 2 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: I mean I was 3 waiting to hear that they're constructing the west-a 4 new West Side Highway with the money. Not with this type. I think when you mentioned parks, too, and I 5 6 know you're going to speak, George can tell you when 7 you go from MacNeil Park and College Point to Third Avenue to Francis Louis Park, to Kosher Lawn (sic) to 8 Fort Totten to Douglaston Bay, every one of those 9 communities feels the exact same pain that you are 10 and-and, you know, we chose the city to live in. 11 12 We're paying the highest taxes in the world to live 13 here, and you-you start feeling the frustration of 14 everything, buildings and how much more can we take? 15 And when we're willing to take our fair share when 16 somebody puts a plan in front us and says there's a reason why we need to do this, and here are the 17 18 reasons. We didn't get that today. We didn't get anything to make me feel like going home saying 19 20 alright we can work out a plan. I mean because of the passion in everyone that came forward, we as the 21 2.2 Council Members are—are hearing that even with the 23 plans that we're talking about, it's-it's not even

enough. We got to start because I don't anybody have

to walk form any industry to think that they're not

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is because this point means so much so much to me.

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closing comments.

last--I don't know how many years it's just a constant drone of the helicopters as other people have attested to, and I had heart surgery a little while ago, and even at home you still want the windows shut. You still hear and feel the helicopter, and then you're like you're like okay, well, I want to get outside. So, you have the promenade that you go down to the Brooklyn Bridge Park and somebody just said war zone. It really

feels at points like it's a war zone down there.

work on doing this, and I really think the only

tourist helicopters. So, thank you so much.

I just wanted to say I empathize and appreciate your

I've lived in Brooklyn Heights for 30 years, and the

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Okay, and it's all fine when we do that. (sic) Council Member Chin, any

solution is just to really, you know, ban the-ban the

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you, Chair, really, and thank you all for coming out today. I mean the amount of frustration in the past couple of years, we feel it because we also lived down there, and as I said earlier, two years go in a way we were forced into a position where we got to get some

2	immediate relief, but I think as this issue is
3	expanding it's—it's not just Lower Manhattan. It's
1	all over the city. So, we can all ban together. I
5	think we have enough to say that it's not worth. It's
5	not worth it, and even still, Chair, they have not
7	give us the economic impact because they try to lump
3	everything together. I mean we have a very, very
9	strong argument to really force the city enough is

enough, not worth it. We got to stop it.

Very, Chair. Thank you, everyone. I think we all gave one—one giant applause for that, and—and I think when we were in that, we were also unified, and that was purpose. Really, I wanted to do this. It wasn't just about tourism and charters. It was all of us saying, hey, the work that was done two years ago let's expand it, let's grow it, let's ban it if we can, but let's take the steps to get where we need to go. Thank you everyone. We are adjourned. [gavel]

## ${\tt C} \ {\tt E} \ {\tt R} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt F} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt C} \ {\tt A} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt E}$

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date May 10, 2018