CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES

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February 6, 2018 Start: 12:11 p.m. Recess: 12:44 p.m.

HELD AT: 250 Broadway-Committee Rm, 16th Fl.

B E F O R E: ADRIENNE E. ADAMS

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

INEZ D. BARRON
PETER A. KOO
I. DANEEK MILLER
MARK TREYGER

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Kate Lemos McHale Director of Research from the Landmarks Preservation Commission

Ali Rasoulinejad Director of Community and Intergovernmental Affairs at the Landmarks Preservation Commission

Rachel Scall
Land Use Lawyer with Greenberg Traurig LLP

Robert Joseph Municipal Arts Society of New York, MAS

Simeon Bankoff Executive Director of the Historic Districts Council

Andrea Goldwyn New York Landmarks Conservancy

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[gavel]

3	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Good afternoon
4	everyone, welcome to this meeting of the Subcommittee
5	on Landmarks, Public Siting and Maritime Uses. I am
6	Council Member Adrienne Adams, the chair of this
7	subcommittee, we are joined today by Council Member
8	Peter Koo. Today we will hold public hearings on
9	three individual landmark designations by the
10	Landmarks Preservation Commission. The first item LU
11	20 concerns the designation of 827-829 and 831
12	Broadway as an historic landmark. This landmark site
13	consists of two four story commercial buildings
14	located on the West side of Broadway between East
15	12 th and East 13 th Streets in Manhattan. The site is
16	located in the second council district represented by
17	Council Member Carlina Rivera. The second item is LU
18	21 concerning the designation of the Samuel H. and
19	Mary T. Booth house as an individual landmark. The
20	house is a wood frame house designed in the stick
21	style and constructed between 1887 and 1893. The site
22	is located at 30 Center Street on City Island in the
23	Bronx. The third and final item we will hear today is
24	LU 22 concerning the designation of the Stafford
25	Osborn House at 95 Pell Place also on City Island in

1	MARITIME USES 4
2	the Bronx. Constructed in 1930 the house is an
3	example of a factory produced craftsman house offered
4	in the Sears Roebuck catalogue. Both the Samuel H.
5	and Mary T. Booth House and the Stafford Osborn House
6	are located in the 13 th council district represented
7	by Council Member Gjonaj. Representatives of the
8	Landmarks Preservation Commission will present all
9	three items today, we will then hear testimony from
LO	the public on each item individually. If you would
11	like to testify on any of these items, please see the
12	Sergeant at Arms and fill out an appearance slip
L3	indicating the item on which you intend to speak. Our
L4	speakers today from our Commission Ali Rasoulinejad
L5	and Kate McHale. Welcome and please raise your right
L 6	hand, do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole
L7	truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony
L8	before this committee and in response to all council
L9	member questions? Thank you very much. Before you
20	begin please identify yourselves for the record.
21	KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Good morning. I'm
22	Kate Lemos McHale.
2.3	ALT RASOULINEJAD: I'm Ali Rasoulineiad.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Okay, you may begin.

1	MARITIME USES 5
2	KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Thank you. Good
3	afternoon Chair Adams and subcommittee members. Thank
4	you for having us today to present these three recent
5	designations. The first we'll be looking at was
6	designated on October 31 st , 2017 to designate the 827
7	to 831 Broadway buildings as an individual landmark.
8	This followed a public hearing held on October 17 th ,
9	2017. The 827 to 831 Broadway buildings are twin
10	civil war era commercial palaces designed by Griffith
11	Thomas in 1866 to 67 for tobacco heir Pierre
12	Lorillard which are significant for their
13	associations with the prominent abstract
14	expressionist artists, Willem de Kooning, Elaine de
15	Kooning, Paul Jenkins, Larry Poons, Jules Olitski and
16	Herbert Ferber, they represent the pivotal era in
17	which New York became the center of the art world
18	after World War II. The commission received written
19	and verbal testimony from 22 people supporting this
20	designation including then Council Member Rosie
21	Mendez, Borough President Gale Brewer, Senator Brad
22	Hoylman, Assembly Member Debra J. Glick, the
23	Greenwich Village Society for Historic Preservations,
24	the Municipals Art Society of New York, the New York

Landmarks Conservancy, the Willem de Kooning

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Foundation, Victorian Society of New York, Historic Districts Council Society for the Architecture of City, and Landmark West. The owner's representative and architect took a neutral position and there was no opposition to the designation. The building's architect Griffith Thomas is known for stores in the SoHo, NoHo and Ladies Mile Historic districts and the 827 to 831 Broadway buildings capture his transitional work combining stone with cast iron elements. While the ground floors have been sales rooms for a number of retail tenants, tenants the adaptable lofts were ideal studio spaces for artists and in the 1950's they began to attract artist tenants as part of a low rent artist enclave between Union Square and Washington Square. At this time New York City became the epicenter of the art world as focus began to shift from Europe and the New York school, an informal association of abstract and expressionist artists including Willem de Kooning,

Jackson Pollack, Mark Rothko and others rose to

prominence. Willem de Kooning was a defining figure

of the New York School and one of the most re-nound

abstract expressionists in the history of art. 831

Broadway was the last of his New York City residences

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before his permanent move to East Hampton and this is a photo showing him in his studio in that building. It was here that de Kooning began to experiment with vivid tones, a shift his biographers attribute to the quality of light in his studio and to deviate in his work from dense urban landscapes to abstract pastoral scenes that anticipated his move from Manhattan. And here we have a photo of him paining a painting called 831 Broadway in 831 Broadway. On the third floor from 1962 to 63 Elaine de Kooning completed a portrait of John F. Kennedy commissioned by the Truman Library. De Kooning continued to paint and sketch Kennedy from memory here for months until shock at the news of his assassination made her unable to paint for a year. Paul Jenkins acquired the loft from Willem de Kooning in 1963 and painted here until the year 2000. Here Jenkins created notable works including Phenomena 831 Broadway shown on the right which is... oh sorry, shown on the easel in the 831 Broadway in the center image. Across the hall MoMA curator William S. Rubin hosted artists and their work in the loft designed by the architect Richard Meier. Here in addition to pieces by Jackson Pollack, Mark Rothko, Franz Kline and

others the apartment held works by Willem de Kooning,

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Paul Jenkins, Larry Poons, Poons and other residents of the building. The Landmarks site includes the original footprints and historic lot configuration of the Broadway buildings and reflects their exceptional cultural significance. These buildings represent the pivotal era in which post World War II New York City became the center of the art world. The 827 to 831 Broadway buildings are culturally significant for their association with the abstract expressionists art movement because of the succession of a significant artist who lived and worked there and that symbolized an important moment in New York City history in the history of art. Should I just go straight into the next one?

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Yes, please.

the next two properties were identified as part of an extensive survey of City Island in 2009 to identify the best examples of its historic development and architecture. This resulted in the prioritization of several houses for consideration as individual landmarks. The two properties I'll be presenting, the Booth and the Stafford House represent the 19th century and 20th century development of City Island

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2	and are fine and remarkably intact examples of their
3	respective architectural styles and periods. They
4	were calendared and heard in 2011. Due to local law
5	76 of 2016 they were set to Sunset from the
6	commission's calendar without further action by the
7	commission by the end of 2017. The agency felt it was
8	important to move these two properties forward and
9	the commission voted to designate both houses on
10	November 28 th , 2017. The Samuel H. and Mary T. Booth
11	House shown here was constructed between 1887 and
12	1893 most likely by Booth himself who had a prolific
13	career as a house builder on City Island. The house
14	is a rare and notable example of the stick style in
15	New York City, a late 19 th century style of wood
16	frame house construction that combines the
17	picturesque character of A.J. Downing's cottages with
18	the more modern technology of balloon framing. The
19	landmark site is the tax lot shown here. At the June
20	28 th , 2011 public hearing three people spoke in favor
21	of designation including representatives of the
22	Historic Districts Council, the New York Landmarks
23	Conservancy and the Victorian Society of New York, no
24	one testified in opposition. Samuel Booth moved his
25	family to City Island by 1880 and by 1887 and 1889 he

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2	purchased several parcels of land on Center Street
3	from William Scofield a member of one the island's
4	oldest families. The Booth House was constructed
5	between this time in 1893 when it first appeared on a
6	Sanborn map. The two and a half story wood frame
7	house was designed in the stick style popular at the
8	end of the 19 th century. Characteristic features
9	include its asymmetrical plan and varied massing,
10	cross gabled roofs with deep eaves and use of wood
11	clapboard shingles and decorative saw tooth pattern
12	boards. The house passed out of the Booth family in
13	1959 but remained unchanged until the late 20 th
14	century when it was renovated by new owners all with
15	minimal effect to the historic character of the
16	houses two most physical facades. The Samuel H. and
17	Mary T. Booth House is a distinctive example of the
18	19 th century development of City Island and the stick
19	style which retains a high level of integrity and
20	contributes to the historic character of the island.
21	And finally, the Stafford Osborn House was also
22	designated on November 28 th , 2017. This one-story
23	craftsman style bungalow and its accompanied garage
24	at 95 Pell Place is an unusually intact and
25	increasingly rare example of a mail order building

1	MARITIME USES 11
2	from Sears Roebuck and Company, 95 Pell Place was
3	erected on this site in 1930 for Captain John H.
4	Stafford and his wife Bertha. The Stafford House is
5	located on the Southern end of City Island in the
6	Bronx. At June… at the June 28 th , 2011 public hearing
7	representatives of the New York Landmarks Conservancy
8	and the Historic Districts Council spoke in favor of
9	designation. A second public hearing was held on
10	October 25 th , 2011 at the owner's request however no
11	public testimony was offered at that time, but the
12	commission received a letter from the owners opposing
13	designation on the morning of November 28 th , 2017.
14	The house is related to the maritime and history and
15	character of City Island as well as a strong
16	contributor to it's architectural heritage. It's
17	owner John Captain John H. Stafford was the yacht
18	captain of the Corisond [sp?], a fifty-foot commuter
19	yacht owned by Marshall Fields the third, the heir to
20	the Marshall Field's Department Store fortune.
21	Captain Stafford was employed to drive the Corisond
22	from its birth on City Island at the Nevins Shipyard
23	to Fields estate on Long Island and ferry Field and
24	any of his guests between the estate and the New Yorl

Yacht Club dock at East 26th Street. After a number

MARITIME USES

2	of years on City Island, Captain Stafford and his
3	wife chose to buy an empty lot at the Southern end of
4	the Island close to the shipyard. This area was
5	undergoing development as a middle class residential
6	community that emphasized the charm and small town
7	feel of City Island. The Stafford's selected a home
8	from the Sears Roebuck and Company catalogue of
9	prefabricated house kits. Sears is one of the many
10	mail order companies that sold homes to budget
11	conscious middle class and was also the most
12	successful. Sears most popular home type was the
13	American bungalow, the Osborn model chosen by the
14	Stafford's which was typical of a craftsman style
15	bungalow has low hanging cross gabled roofs that
16	shelter deep porches and was advertised as from the
17	golden West to evoke a warm California climate and a
18	strong link to the outdoors. The Stafford house has
19	been has seen remarkably few changes in its 87-year
20	history and remains and retains a high level of
21	integrity. As a remarkably intact Sears mail order
22	house on City Island, the Stafford Osborn House
23	represents an important period of technological and
24	social innovation in the history of American housing
25	and reflects the pattern of suburban style

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1	MARITIME USES 13
2	residential development that occurred on City Island
3	and in the outer boroughs during the early 20 th
4	century. Thank you.
5	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much.
6	I must admit the thing that I love the most about
7	chairing this subcommittee is hearing the history of
8	these amazing locations recited, I can read about it
9	myself which I do but to hear it recited again is
LO	just fascinating for me so I, I really do appreciate
L1	the wonderful history whenever I enter this room and
L2	begin to chair this committee so thank you very much
L3	KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Thank you.
L4	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Are there any
L5	questions Council Member Koo? Another colleague has
L6	just walked in, I would like to recognize Council
L7	Member Miller at this time. Okay. Alright, if there
L8	are no questions from the committee at this time I
L9	thank you for your testimony, you may step down.
20	KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Thank you.
21	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: And we will call on
22	members of the public to testify on any of these

items at this time. Again, if you wish to testify

please do see the Sergeant at Arms to fill out an

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1	MARITIME USES 14
2	appearance slip. We'll ask first to come up oh
3	absolutely, you got a question.
4	[off-mic dialogue]
5	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Put the squeeze
6	on them and ask them something really tough there so.
7	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you Council
8	Member Miller. Okay.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Had me worried.
10	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Yes. Alright, at this
11	time we'll ask Miss Rachel Scowl (16:21) to please
12	come up. Okay, please identify yourself for the
13	record.
14	RACHEL SCALL: Rachel Scowl (??).
15	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much,
16	you may begin.
17	RACHEL SCALL: My name is Rachel Scall,
18	I'm a land use lawyer with Greenberg Traurig, we
19	represent the owner of the buildings known as 827,
20	831 Broadway which were designated as individual
21	landmarks by LPC on October 31 st , 2017. Our client
22	B.H. Broadway owner LLC purchased the buildings as
23	well as 47 East 12 th Street in August 2015. They paid
24	60 million dollars for the property in anticipation
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of redeveloping it with an approximately 70,000

2	square foot 14 story retail an office building.
3	During the following two years and then additional
4	considerable expense their architect designed this
5	14-story building, filed the plans for the new
6	building at the Department of Buildings on June 10 th ,
7	2016, worked through all of DOB's objections and
8	received approval of the plans for the buildings from
9	DOB on June 13 th , 2017. The first our client heard of
10	any potential interest in the Broadway buildings by
11	LPC was a phone call they received from LPC staff
12	shortly before the Memorial Day weekend in 2017 about
13	two weeks before DOB issued its approval for the new
14	building. This, this designation could have
15	disastrous financial consequences to our client as
16	they can no longer construct their DOB approved
17	building. We are now working with DXA Studio to come
18	up with a design for an addition of sufficient size
19	to mitigate any financial loss resulting from the
20	landmark designation of the Broadway building. We
21	presented our time our design at the commission's
22	January 9 th public hearing and received their
23	comments, we will be returning to LPC soon with a
24	revised design to address their concerns. Thank you.

1	MARITIME USES 16
2	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much
3	for your testimony. Colleagues do you have any
4	questions? Okay, you may step down, thank you very
5	much.
6	RACHEL SCALL: Thank you.
7	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Okay, Mr. Robert
8	Joseph you may step up. Mr. Simeam Simeon Bankoff
9	and Andrea Goldwyn you may step up. Okay, thank you,
10	you may begin.
11	ROBERT JOSEPH: On the Booth House or the
12	Stafford House, which one?
13	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: We're looking for
14	both together.
15	ROBERT JOSEPH: Okay [cross-talk]
16	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Yes, thank you
17	[cross-talk]
18	ROBERT JOSEPH: Sounds good. The
19	Municipal Arts Society of New York… I'm Robert Joseph
20	and, and I'm from the Municipal Arts Society of New
21	York. MAS supports the designation of the Samuel H.
22	and Mary T. Booth House as an individual New York
23	City landmark. We find that the distinctive stick
24	style home is emblematic of the transition between
25	gothic revival and Oueen Ann architectural styles

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landmark.

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constructed between 1887 and 1893 the home is one of the best representative examples of the stick style from the late 19th century on City Island. Samuel H. Booth who likely dedicate... designed and constructed the house was a local carpenter on City Island who served what were likely workers in the oyster farming industry and then later the ship building industry. The home itself is known for its asymmetrical massing and gabled roofs with... roofs with deep eaves. The landmark designation would preserve this late 19th century architectural treasure for, for future generations. We believe this building warrants protection therefore to preserve the Booth House MAS requests that the city council approve the designation of 30 Center Street as an individual NYC

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

ROBERT JOSEPH: And on the Stafford House we support the designation of the Stafford Osborn House as an individual New York City landmark as well. The craftsman style bungalow from Sears Roebuck and Company is a stunningly well-preserved example of the Osborn House model advertised by Sears between 1916 and 1929. Although Sears sold approximately

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50,000 homes in 400 styles between 1908 and 1940 this
particular home is an authentic intact example of the
model that would symbolize the, the suburban style
residential development that occurred in New York
City and across the rest of the nation during the
$20^{\rm th}$ century. The house was constructed in 1930 for
the family of yacht Captain John H. Stafford and is
recognizable by its front and side porches, low
pitched cross gabled roof and its deeply overhanging
eaves, exposed rafter ends. In addition to the home
itself the Stafford's also purchased a garage from
Sears that sits to the rear of the main structure.
Designation of this well preserved early 20^{th} century
craftsman style bungalow would be a testament to the
history of mail order homes in the beginnings of
suburbanization in the New York City area. We believe
this building warrants protection. To preserve the
Stafford Osborn House MAS recommends the city approve
the designation of 95 Pell Street as an individual
New York City landmark. Thank you.

22 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much.

SIMEON BANKOFF: Good afternoon Council Members, Simeon Bankoff, Executive Director of the Historic Districts Council, pleasure to be here and

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2	welcome you to your new position. I'm sorry that I
3	didn't come last week. The Historic Districts Council
4	is the advocate for New York City's designated
5	historic neighborhoods designated historic districts
6	in neighborhoods meriting preservation. When the
7	Landmarks Preservation Commission turns its attention
8	to the historic resources of City Island in 2011 we
9	proudly supported that initiative which had been
10	earlier proposed in 2008 by the Bronx Borough
11	President Landmarks Task Force although in that
12	instance the suggestion had been for a small historic
13	district in on the Island. The LPC surveyed the
14	community and came back instead with a handful of
15	proposed individual landmarks of which these, these
16	two are the last to be considered. In truth we felt
17	that was a this was a compromise that did not
18	adequately represent the unique architecture and
19	distinctive sense of place of City Island but that
20	does not mean it was a bad proposal nor did we regard
21	the buildings considered to be less than meritorious.
22	The two buildings before the subcommittee today
23	present distinct and different eras of City Island's
24	history and development. The Booth House built at the
25	end of the 19 th century is a rambling house filled

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2	with charming Queen Ann style details including
3	multiple gables, decorative verge board, turned
4	columns and brackets even with its later additions it
5	remains a handsome example of stick style
6	architecture in the community and has a long
7	association with the Booth family who could honestly
8	be said to have built much of City Island. Similarly,
9	the Stafford House was the home for almost 60 years
10	to Captain John Stafford, one of the pillars of City
11	Island's maritime community. The house he built for
12	his family was a Sears Roebuck Osborn bungalow precut
13	and assembled on site by local carpenter not Booth.
14	Although many lay people may regard the idea of a
15	prefab house having historic significance as absurd,
16	the top the topologies enormously significant to the
17	development of housing in America. The Stafford House
18	is especially intact example of the type which is
19	oddly rare in New York City. The house has a striking
20	resemblance to the catalogue illustration speaks
21	well to it's well preserved state. HDC understands
22	the sense of burden which individual landmark
23	designation can bring to property owners especially
24	owner occupants whose home may represent their
25	greatest single financial asset. The dread of

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2	government oversight with its specters of cost
3	inflation, elongated schedules and bureaucratic
4	gumminess can be daunting. It's hard enough to be a
5	homeowner to begin with much less the owner of an
6	older home with added responsibilities. However, the
7	Landmarks Preservation Commission has decades of
8	experience in working with the private owners of
9	historic properties to make their stewardship as easy
10	as possible and to ensure that owning a historic home
11	is a benefit not a burden. There are loan programs
12	available from our preservation colleagues like the
13	New York Landmarks Conservancy and even governmental
14	grants if you qualify. More importantly there's a
15	deep well of knowledge and expertise in caring for a
16	historic home which the LPC can and will provide free
17	of charge. No one is born knowing how to re-shingle a
18	roof or repair a wood window but the LPC and the
19	organized preservation community can provide
20	expertise to help maintain and enhance your
21	investment in your home. In this complex world I do
22	not like to speak about salutes but sometimes one
23	must, the most important aspect of landmark
24	designation is not to ensure the regular maintenance
25	of a historic property but to ensure it's continued

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existence. By designating a property as a landmark, the city is saying that the continued existence of this particular site is important to the story of New York and that New Yorkers as a community would be lessened by its loss, that the retention of this building is important not only to us today but to the people who will follow us in the years to come. The best way to understand history is to physically encounter it and it's our responsibility of the future to have these buildings present and not just as an old postcard in a picture book. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

Alright, good day Chair Adams, welcome to the Subcommittee, Council Member Miller welcome to the world of landmarks and Council Member Koo, good to see you again. I'm Andrea Goldwyn speaking on behalf of the New York Landmarks Conservancy. Ten years ago, the former Bronx Borough President's historic preservation task force recognized the historic significance of City Island and recommended that it be designated a historic district well that goal is still very far off. The designations before you today represent the buildings that instills to the island with its special sense of place. 30 Center

2	Street and 95 Pell Place recall different eras in the
3	island's development and parallel trends seen across
4	New York. the Booth House at 30 Center is a turn of
5	the century Queen Ann stick style residence. The
6	Stafford House is a fine model of the Sears catalogue
7	craftsman bungalows of pre-war suburban style
8	development, both possess a picturesque quality that
9	signifies City Island's charms with their original
10	massing and many intact decorative details each
11	exhibits a high degree of architectural integrity and
12	certainly merits landmark designation. City Island
13	sometimes feels to the rest of us as though it's an
14	idealist world away yet it's buildings connect to the
15	larger narrative of our metropolis. These houses are
16	worthy of the guidance and protection of the
17	landmarks law and we urge the council to affirm these
18	designations. Several years ago, the conservancy
19	provided a loan and project management assistance to
20	the owners of 175 Belden Street to undertake the
21	award-winning restoration of their Victorian gothic
22	cottage at the Southern end of City Island, we would
23	be happy to discuss those services with the owners of
24	the buildings heard today. Thank you for the
25	opportunity it presents the conservancy's views.

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much.

Thank you for your testimony. I know that you all do amazing work and I already know the answer to this but just for the record how are your services usually accepted or... how are they received or not by the homeowners of these wonderful buildings?

ANDREA GOLDWYN: In terms of how do we communicate with them, you know we do outreach to owners of historic buildings speaking for the Landmarks Conservancy across the city in historic districts and individual landmarks. We would be happy to speak with the owners of the building under discussion today to see if any of our services would be helpful to them. In terms of talking about loans for kind of a larger restoration project, helping project management, providing references of architects and contractors and even just answering simple questions about their historic buildings.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Wonderful, thank you. community members, any questions? Okay, hearing none. You may step down and thank you. Are there any other members of the public who wish to testify at this time? Okay, seeing no further witnesses on today's items I will now close the public hearings on LU's

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20, 21, and 22. Land Use Items 20, 21, and 22 will be laid over. I now call for a vote to approve LU 7, the Huberty House on which we held a public hearing on January 23rd. Since our last hearing on LU 7, Council Member Reynoso whose district includes Huberty House has submitted a new statement of support for the designation of that site a portion of which I will read into the record. Quote, "my office has connected with Miss Virginia Giovinco, the legal landlord of, of the Huberty House several, several times both with and without the Landmarks Preservation Commission to ensure that not only she be informed of what it means for a site to be historically landmarked but also to provide information on financial programs and resources that can facilitate any future renovations. Although Miss Giovinco and I have opposing views on this designation, I continue to be open and accessible to Miss Giovinco and assist where feasible when the times comes for renovations or work done to the exterior of the building. Generally, Miss Giovinco has been more inclined to meet with my office than with LPC to discuss such opportunities and so I would like to include the caveat that should

LPC need to reach out to Miss Giovinco our office be

1	MARITIME USES 26
2	present. I strongly support the designation of the
3	Huberty House and I urge the Subcommittee to approve
4	this landmark so that we can ensure that this unique
5	and important building remains in the community" end
6	quotes. With that Council please call the roll.
7	COMMITTEE CLERK: Chair Adams?
8	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Aye.
9	COMMITTEE CLERK: Council Member Koo?
10	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Aye.
11	COMMITTEE CLERK: Council Member Miller?
12	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Aye.
13	COMMITTEE CLERK: By a vote of three in
14	the affirmative, zero in the negative and zero
15	abstentions LU 7 is approved and referred to the full
16	land use committee.
17	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Okay, we will hold
18	the vote open for about ten minutes. I would like to
19	thank the members of the public, my colleagues,
20	Council and Land Use staff for attending today's
21	hearing. This meeting is we're open we're still
22	open. Thank you.
23	COMMITTEE CLERK: Continued vote on LU 7,
24	Council Member Treyger?

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: I vote aye.

1	MARITIME USES 27
2	COMMITTEE CLERK: The vote stands at four
3	in the affirmative, zero in the negative and zero
4	abstentions. Continued vote on LU 7, Council Member
5	Barron?
6	COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: I vote aye. I vote
7	aye.
8	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: And with that the
9	hearing is closed.
10	[gavel]
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C E R T I F I C A T E

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date

February 15, 2018