CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

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October 11, 2017 Start: 12:27 p.m. Recess: 4:35 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

B E F O R E: DONOVAN J. RICHARDS

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

VINCENT J. GENTILE DANIEL R. GARODNICK

JUMAANE D. WILLIAM RAUDENBUSHS

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BARRY S. GRODENCHIK

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Purnima Kapur
Executive Director of the Department of City
Planning

Erik Botsford Acting Director of the Manhattan Office of City Planning

Calvin Brown
Team Leader and the Project Supervisor for the
East Harlem Initiative

David Quart
Deputy Commissioner at the New York City Housing
Preservation and Development

Leila Bozorg
Deputy Commissioner for the Neighborhood
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And Development

David Pristin Executive Vice President for External Affairs at NYCHA

Gale Brewer Manhattan Borough President

Kimberly Libman
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At the New York Academy of Medicine

Juan Peralta Harlem Native, Justice Center in El Barrio

Marina Ortiz
East Harlem Preservation

Xavier Aluser Santiago Resident of East Harlem, Member of Community Board 11 (Housing Committee, Chair and now Budget Committee Chair
A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Michelle Kohut Resident of Inwood

Kathy Benson Haskins Representing Landmark East Harlem

Daria Fane Representing Fane Organization

Bryant Brown Union Member of 32BJ SEIU

Emily Parkey Resident of East Harlem, Director of Family and Community Engagement and Government Affairs at DREAM

Esther Devore CEO of the Harlem Drummers, Steppers and Flag Team

Alexander Adams
Executive Director at CIVITAS

Paula Crespo Planner at the Pratt Center for Community Development

William Raudenbush Candidate for City Council in District Six, Community Advocate and Development Advocate

Linda Corselus Resident of Franklin Plaza

Maria Walles Member of Picture the Homeless

Yanina Calderon Representing the Justice Center in El Barrio a People's Congress for Resistance
 A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Pearl Barkley
Long-term Resident of Jefferson Houses in East
Harlem

Jose Rodriguez Member of Picture the Homeless

Ecatadina Desperatco Resident of Queens and a Member of Queens Neighborhoods United

Evan Blum Business Property Owner on South side of  $125^{\rm th}$  Street between  $2^{\rm nd}$  and  $3^{\rm rd}$  Avenues

Ray Rogers
Resident of East Harlem

David Eisenbach Runner for Public Advocate in the Democratic Primary

Pilar DeJesus Housing Paralegal with the Urban Justice Center, East Harlem Resident

Tom DeMott
Coalition to Preserve Community

Jim Shelton
Representing the Municipal Art Society of New
York

Gianina Solano Movement for Justice in El Barrio

Jennifer Hyman Social Economic Justice Activist with the Organization Picture the Homeless

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Daby Carreras
Assembly District Leader in East Harlem

Robert Thibault Non-Profit Professional, Resident of Chelsea

Jordan Press From HPD's Government Affairs Office

Lymaris Albors
Representing Acacia Network

Fred Harris
Representing Jonathan Rose Companies

Debra Moelis Senior Associate, AIA, Certified Passive House Designer at Handel Architects

Gonzalo Cruz Landscape Architect at AECOM

Valin Ranelli Representing the Northern Manhattan Not For Sale Coalition

Lynn Elsworth Economist and Member of Human Scale New York City

Denise Rickles Opposes Rezoning

Ashley Hamos Representing Movement for Justice in El Barrio

[gavel]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Alright, good afternoon everyone and welcome to the second day of our back to back Zoning Subcommittee hearings and this afternoon we are joined by Council Members Gentile, Garodnick, and Grodenchik and also Chair Greenfield, I'm sorry and our Speaker Melissa Mark-Viverito. Today we have two items on the agenda, the Department of City Planning's proposed East Harlem rezoning which includes several land use actions which would affect a large section of El Barrio roughly between East 104<sup>th</sup> Street to East 124<sup>th</sup> Street from 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue to Park Avenue and from East 124<sup>th</sup> Street to East 132<sup>nd</sup> Street from Park Avenue to just East of 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue. The second hearing on the agenda

is on application submitted by the Department of Housing Preservation and Development to facilitate the redevelopment of city owned land roughly bounded by East 111<sup>th</sup> Street, Madison Avenue, East 112<sup>th</sup> Street and Park Avenue by Jonathan Rose Companies, L

and M and Acacia. Most of the people signed up today

hearing first and when testimony on that item is

are signed up on the first item so we will do that

closed we will do a hearing on the second item. If

anyone wishes to testify on both items we will
welcome comments on either application during the
public testimony portion of the hearing. Having
served as the Chair of this Subcommittee through many
difficult projects I certainly understand how much
fear and uncertainty there is in communities across
the city about what their future holds. In my office
and I know the Speakers office and Council Member
Perkin's office hears every day from constituents in
search of affordable housing. The reality here is
that there's no one simple answer to address every
challenge, we're going to need to use every tool and
invent a few more to put a real dent in this
affordable housing crisis. I know the Speaker in
close collaboration with then Council Member Dickens
and now Council Member Perkins, the Borough
President, the Community Board, the Steering
Committee and many others have worked tirelessly for
months to build a consensus around a plan to figure
out what should be done at the local level to address
the citywide challenges. So, I think one of the big
challenges, challenges in front of us is how we align
the work of the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan with
the proposal in front of us today. So, with that I

Thank you

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would like to turn it over to Speaker Melissa Mark-Viverito who will set the stage for us and I want to thank her for her tireless leadership not only on this issue but for everything she's doing for the city of New York, Speaker Melissa Mark-Viverito.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO:

Chair Richards and thank the representatives from the city agencies that are here. So, good afternoon we're here to review and solicit public comments on the administration's rezoning proposal for East Harlem, El Barrio, the district I have represented for almost 12 years. I want to acknowledge my colleagues here today particularly Council Member Perkin's whose district is also part of the rezoning area as well... as well as former Council Member Inez Dickens who was a partner in this process before she left to the New York State Assembly. Before I continue I want to review how we've arrived at this moment as we also look ahead to the next few weeks when I will be voting on the final outcome. In spring of 2015 more than two years ago I convened a steering committee of neighborhood stakeholders made up of Community Board 11, Manhattan Borough President as well as a lot... a large number of local community based organizations,

so basically neighborhood stakeholders. We convened
at the Steering Committee to broadly evaluate the
needs of our community including its zoning and
develop a comprehensive plan for its future which I
committed to fighting for. Engaging over 1,500
participants through a series of inclusive public
workshops, subgroups and Steering Committee meetings
we developed a series of thoughtful recommendations
across a wide variety of topics and created the East
Harlem Neighborhood Plan. I believe and can safely
say something that has never happened in any other
community across the city of New York. While we
consulted with our city agency partners our plan was
community based and its recommendations were voted on
by the Steering Committee. This included specific
requests to develop affordable housing at deeper
levels of affordability on city owned properties,
investments in local hiring, vocational education and
training, public health and cultural preservation
among many other recommendations. The Steering
Committee also included a balanced rezoning proposal
applying a very simple principle, advance a modest
up-zoning to trigger the city's mandatory
inclusionary housing program or MIH thus requiring

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the development of affordable housing on all privately owned sites moving forward something that is not happening as we speak most if not majority of the development we see in the neighborhood is private and does not have to include any affordability and as the current zoning stands there's nothing we can do about that, that's why we're having this conversation. So, MIH would require the development of affordable housing on all privately-owned sites moving forward while at the same time preserving the character of the community. While the Department of City Planning has responded to the community's proposal with similar zoning districts in several areas there are key exceptions. City Planning has proposed significantly more density which would allow for bigger and taller buildings on Park and 3rd Avenues. City Planning has also excluded large areas of the district from the rezoning proposal which the Steering Committee identified for a more modest upzoning that could benefit from MIH. Since the release of City Planning's rezoning proposal public comments at previous hearings have expressed serious concern and fear about the scale of the proposed rezoning especially on Park and 3<sup>rd</sup> Avenues. We are here today

to continue that public discussion about the rezoning
of our community, it is important for the public to
know that the council will consider their feedback
closely as we determine what changes need to be made
to the Department of City Planning's rezoning
proposal and again as I've indicated and there may be
people here who are opposed to the planning and the
rezoning and are misrepresenting my position
particularly, I am committed to the East Harlem
Neighborhood Plan and the recommendations that came
out of that so that's a very clear statement on my
part. It's also important to emphasize that it is my
intention to continue to advocate for specific
commitments and investments in the priorities that
the Steering Committee has identified because the
future of our community will not only be shaped by
zoning but how we invest in the lives of our existing
community residents and again this was a very
inclusive process, a very thorough process that took
over a year of community feedback, engagement,
conversations, public forums, dialogue again
something that has never happened in any other
neighborhood and I'm very proud of the result and
that the stakeholders signed onto the recommendations

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that is what we're pushing here today. So, I look forward to hearing from the City Planning the presentation that you have and then we'll have some questions afterwards. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you Speaker.

As always, we look forward to hearing from a diversity of perspectives and keeping the hearing open as long as is needed. We ask that everyone remain respectful of, of people's time to testify as per our normal rules please hold a pause... applause or disruption during others testimony. We will hear first from the administration then from panels of five speakers alternating panels in favor and in opposition and due to the number of speakers we have signed up we will be limiting testimony to two minutes per person. I will now open the public hearing and we'll start with the first panel and I also ask them to identify themselves before they speak. Calvin Brown, Department of City Planning; Erik Botsford, Department of City Planning; Purnima Kapur, Department of City Planning; David Quart representing HPD and Leila Bozorg representing... Leila Bozorg representing HPD as well and with that you may begin.

2	PURNIMA KAPUR: Thank you, thank you
3	Chair Richards, Madame Speaker, Chair Greenfield and
4	members of the City Council. My name is Purnima
5	Kapur, I am the Executive Director of the Department
6	of City Planning. I am joined here by my colleagues
7	both from City Planning and HPD and a team of senior
8	representatives from many different agencies who will
9	be available to answer questions. With me at the des
10	are Erik Botsford the acting Director of our
11	Manhattan Office, Calvin Brown who's a team leader
12	and the project supervisor for the East Harlem
13	Initiative, David Quart, Deputy Commissioner for
14	Strategy, Research and Communications at HPD and
15	Leila Bozarg, Deputy Commissioner for Neighborhood
16	Strategies at HPD. Also available for question and
17	answers is a team consisting of Fiona Akins, Deputy
18	Director of Planning from Parks; Jordan Dressler,
19	Civil Justice Coordinator, HRA; Anne Brewer, Policy
20	Advisor Mayor's Public Engagement Unit; Blaise
21	Backer, Deputy Commissioner Neighborhood Development
22	at SBS; Kevin Cummings, Assistant Commissioner of
23	Workforce Development; Ashley Putnam from the Office
24	of Workforce Development; and joining us will also be
25	David Pristin from NYCHA. With that I will start. We

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are really, really pleased to be here today to present and discuss the administration's East Harlem Initiative. The initiative includes a package of land use actions that are complimented by an extensive effort that involves, involves a host of city agencies working together to serve the residents of East Harlem, improve quality of life and provide needed programs and services. Our work in East Harlem has been done in concert with an extraordinary community driven process led by Speaker Mark-Viverito that brought together community members and stakeholders to discuss local issues and develop proposals to address these challenges. This process and the city's continuing engagement with the Steering Committee has allowed us to benefit from the wealth of local knowledge provided by the Steering Committee members. The committee's report, the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan together with the ongoing work we are doing with the Steering Committee and its subgroups has provided an invaluable and a very solid foundation for our proposal. We have striven throughout the process to create a plan that is responsive to and builds off of the East Neighborhood Plan that is balanced providing opportunities for

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growth as well as measures to protect sensitive and vulnerable areas. The reason we are acting here today and now and the reason that the Steering Committee came together to do their extraordinary work is to proactively manage change in East Harlem and obtain the best outcome for its residents. East Harlem is changing as we speak with market forces at work in the neighborhood that are bringing about change. Fortunately, many East Harlem residents have been able to remain in the neighborhood due to the large share of government regulated housing which includes the New York City Public Housing that provides secure housing for residents with the lowest incomes but we are starting to see new market rate housing coming to the neighborhood and to date there are no requirements for provision of any affordable housing in these buildings. We want to change that and require for the first time in East Harlem permanently affordable housing for any new development. Not acting at this point and turning our backs on East Harlem would not be a good outcome and it would do a disservice to the strong and vibrant community. Our zoning proposal is a targeted approach that addresses the challenges and opportunities head on and achieves

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the following; it allows for new housing on East Harlem's wide avenues that are approximate to the rich public transit options in the neighborhood, it protects side streets and areas of the neighborhood with existing strong character, allows for East Harlem's businesses to expand and requires job generating areas in appropriate locations close to transit, weaves careful design controls to create safe and walkable streets with ground floor uses that provide services for the residents of East Harlem. During the extensive East Harlem public review process, we have heard many voices opining on our proposal, we have heard concerns and fears about the effects of rezoning and the change that it may bring to East Harlem, we acknowledge that these are difficult discussions and a complex set of issues that need to be addressed through this process in making decisions about the future of East Harlem. However, we have listened and we have modified our proposal, the city is coming to the table today with a wide range of tools and programs to address the issues of affordability and concerns about the changing neighborhood. One of these tools provided by zoning is mandatory inclusionary housing that was

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adopted by this body last year. It is the most extensive and aggressive affordable housing requirement in the entire nation. Our rezoning puts MIH in place whenever and wherever we anticipate new housing requiring private developers to fit the bull... bill for over 1,500 permanently affordable apartments in East Harlem as part of this plan. This makes our public dollars go further and allows the city to focus our resources on getting more and deeper affordability on public sites and more housing preserved through HPD's programs. To compliment the Department's zoning efforts HPD has created a housing plan specifically targeted at protecting the existing affordable housing stock while creating new opportunities for permanently affordable apartments on the corridors included in our rezoning area. Taken together new development with MIH paired with aggressive requirements on the public sites will bring nearly 4,000 units of affordable housing to East Harlem but the city's efforts in East Harlem are not just about zoning. We believe that new housing must be complimented by many other investments in this neighbor, neighborhood. We will discuss these in more detail but they include programs to connect

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residents to good jobs and training programs, parks and open space improvements, transit investments and preparation for the anticipated second phase of 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue subway, health care services, schools and education opportunities. Overall, I think you will see that we are bringing forward a balanced, thoughtful and responsive approach that respects this unique neighborhood and puts in place measures to preserve and enhance it today and into the future. With that I'm going to turn this over to Erik Botsford who will go into some detail on our zoning proposal which is just one component off this much larger city initiative to bring needed resources to East Harlem and following that you're going to hear from the rest of the team on other aspects of the plan.

ERIK BOTSFORD: Thank you Purnima. Good afternoon Chair Richards, Chair Greenfield, Speaker Mark-Viverito. My name is Erik Botsford and I'm the Acting Director of the Manhattan Office at the Department of City Planning. I'm going to walk you through the zoning and land use proposal for East Harlem with a look at existing demographics, the opportunities and the challenges posed by the

existing zoning in East Harlem and our proposals for
land use actions in the neighborhood. Starting with a
look at East Harlem from the air, this was the area
we studied in the development of our proposal
extending from 96 <sup>th</sup> Street in the South up to
approximately $132^{\rm nd}$ Street and from $5^{\rm th}$ Avenue East to
the rivers. It's the entirety of community district
11 excluding Wards and Randall's Island and is a
highly varied neighborhood. Many of the mid blocks
contain low residential buildings such as those you
see here on the upper left ranging from, from four to
six or seven stories in height, there are numerous
taller towers throughout the neighborhood that are in
the 25 to 35 story range. NYCHA's Public Housing
campuses are located throughout the neighborhood and
have multiple buildings between 14 and 17 stories in
height and then there are many underutilized sites
with one story tax payers or vacant lots or as you
see here on the lower right buildings with vacant
upper floors. This highly varied community
necessitates nuanced and carefully thought out zoning
to respond to each area's unique conditions. Turning
to the East Harlem community and its demographics
East Harlem is home to approximately 126,000 people

and more than 90 percent of East Harlem's residents
are renters. A large share of East Harlem's
households earns 30 percent or less of the area
median income. Fortunately, as Purnima mentioned a
large portion of those households live in public or
publicly assisted housing that is are therefore
permanently affordable or covered by long term
affordability measures. Most significantly East
Harlem is changing, over 50 percent of East Harlem's
residents are rent burdened and rents are increasing
faster than the city average. The current zoning in
East Harlem is a poor fit for the neighborhood since
it has no requirements for affordable housing
something that we intend to fix with this proposal.
Looking more closely at the existing zoning there are
some key takeaways, first the zoning is for the most
part half a century old dating to the zoning
resolution of 1961. The existing zoning presents
challenges for growth in East Harlem and continued
affordability but also significant opportunities for
a fresh approach. You can see here in yellow that
most of the neighborhood is zoned R7-2, rather than
focusing on the specific district name it's important
to note that this zoning found throughout the

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neighborhood today is a housing district with no height limit that permits towers including many towers in the Park developments such as those you see in the photo here. It's not a bad fit for some portions of East Harlem like the NYCHA campuses for example but in other areas it's very out of sync with East Harlem and the existing built context and most significantly no affordable housing is required in any of the areas shown in yellow. The area along Park Avenue outlined in red on this map is the Millbank Frawley Urban Renewal area, the important thing to note about this portion of the urban renewal area is that it prohibits housing along much of Park Avenue, again this something we'd like to fix with today's land use actions. Other zoning districts found in East Harlem also prohibit housing including manufacturing zones and commercial areas that are limited to auto related uses shown in yellow on this map. The districts along Park Avenue in particular are areas where we see opportunity for new mixed use and economic developments. In 2003 portions of East Harlem from 3<sup>rd</sup> Avenue East to Pleasant Avenue were rezoned to contextual districts with height limits. The major avenues were up-zoned to higher density to

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permit 14 story buildings with lower density seven to eight story building districts on mid blocks and while that rezoning certainly helped preserve many East Harlem mid blocks from out of context development the avenue up-zonings did not produce new housing. As with other zoning districts in East Harlem these districts also did not require affordable housing. As you'll see in a moment we're maintaining the 2003 zoning with its height limits along the mid blocks and along 1st and Pleasant Avenues while putting into place new zoning with height limits on 3<sup>rd</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenues along with requiring affordable housing through mandatory inclusionary zoning. Finally, East Harlem has two special zoning districts; the Transit Land Use district was mapped in the 1970's in anticipation of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue subway now that that subway is finally on the horizon it's time to update this district to match the MTA's current plans for station locations and best practices for safety and operations. And the second special zoning district runs along 125<sup>th</sup> Street and was approved by the council in 2008 to bring economic and mixed-use development to this corridor. In 2015 the administration's Housing New

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York Plan identified East Harlem as one of the neighborhoods where zoning could be put to use to address the housing crisis. In response Speaker Mark-Viverito convened the East Harlem Neighborhood Steering Committee which included a wide range of local residents, stakeholders and elected officials that you see listed here. the Steering Committee and its various issue specific subgroups held many meetings and public workshops to discuss issues and develop recommendations for the neighborhood and for city agencies within a variety of subject areas from open space to schools to seniors to housing preservation and others. City agencies participated as well attending subgroup meetings to hear concerns and discuss agency initiatives within the community. The product of the Steering Committee's work was the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan, the yellow cover of which you see here which laid out over 200 recommendations across various subject areas. In a few minutes my colleague Calvin will discuss how city agencies continue to work with the Steering Committee subgroups and respond to many of the recommendations. One of the subject areas looked at by the Speaker... by the Speaker's Steering Committee was zoning and land

use. Here you can see the three zoning objectives put
forward by the Steering Committee which include the
preservation of East Harlem's character with zoning
that protects the areas with consistent context,
allowing for increased density and larger buildings
in targeted areas such as closer to 125 <sup>th</sup> Street and
along major avenues and ensuring that new development
contributes to East Harlem with ground floor retail
and other measures. The plan included a wealth of
information which gave us an excellent starting point
for our work. Here you can also see the rezoning map
which was included in the plan as well as a diagram
of a tower building that showed the type of building
that would result from the Steering Committee's
recommended zoning. The land use and zoning
objectives put forward by the plan were very much in
line with what we took away from our work with the
Steering Committee and from our own analysis of the
neighborhood. Again, our proposal is built off these
objectives laying the foundation through zoning for
new permanently affordable housing, putting into
place zoning that will result in job generating uses,
ensuring that new and existing transit is capitalized
upon, preserving East Harlem's strong built character

and using zoning tools to ensure that East Harlem's
buildings and sidewalks are safe and inviting. Now to
run through the proposed zoning, let's start by
looking again at the Steering Committee zoning map or
the left that was provided to us in the East Harlem
Neighborhood Plan. The Steering Committee started by
looking at all of Community district 11 before
zeroing in on targeted areas for rezoning changes.
You can see in red the areas for increased density
through up-zoning and in yellow the areas where the
plan called for lower density preservation zoning.
The grey areas are NYCHA campuses. On the right you
can see our proposal, we also started wide like the
Steering Committee looking at all of Community
district 11 and doing a block by block analysis
before arriving at our rezoning proposal. I think you
can see many similarities between the two proposals
with which are both targeted and nuanced in their
response to local conditions. Let's go area by area
to discuss how we propose to change the zoning and
what it will accomplish. First to the areas shown
here are where we propose to allow new housing at
greater densities. As you can see this is generally
along the major avenues in East Harlem; Park,

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Lexington,  $3^{rd}$ , and  $2^{nd}$  as well as the  $116^{th}$  Street Corridor all of which are well served by transit. These are also some but not all of the areas where we would put into place mandatory inclusionary housing zoning requiring permanently affordable housing in East Harlem for the first time. Then there are the areas where we propose zoning that would promote economic development and bring new jobs for East Harlem's residents. These include areas close to the intersection of 125<sup>th</sup> Street and Park Avenue where the Metro North Station provides a vital connection to the central business district as well as the region as a whole. Mixed use zoning with required commercial uses would create a jobs hub at this intersection and would East Harlem's existing businesses to grow and expand. The Northern portion of 3<sup>rd</sup> Avenue is already mapped with commercial zoning and our plan would continue that approach. As I mentioned earlier we're updating this transit land use special district to match the updated locations of the  $2^{nd}$  Avenue subway stops at  $106^{th}$  Street,  $116^{th}$ Street and 125<sup>th</sup> Street. Our proposal will ensure that the subway will have generous access points within new buildings and that subway infrastructure

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such as vents can be incorporated into new buildings. Finally, our proposal builds off the 2003 rezoning that mapped contextual zoning East of 3<sup>rd</sup> Avenue. Our proposal maintains the existing contextual districts with height limits throughout much of the area rezoned in 2003 shown here in light yellow. We've responded to the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan by proposing new preservation districts with height limits in the areas shown in bright yellow. This will ensure that these areas with strong cohesive character are protected by height limits that ensure that new buildings would remain between seven and 11 stories in height. Now looking at all these zoning moves together on one map this, this time showing our proposed densities, the purple areas show where we are proposing higher densities that would result in taller buildings. The darker purple being higher density than the lower... than the light purple. These are located along Park, 3<sup>rd</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenues, the neighborhood's widest streets and those with the richest transit access. As you can see the higher densities, the darker purple is located closer to 125<sup>th</sup> Street and also along 3<sup>rd</sup> Avenue. The orange areas are where we are proposing lower densities that

would result in lower buildings, these are located in
areas where the existing buildings are generally
consistent and lower in height and would generally be
limited to between seven and 11 stories. Excuse me
taken together we think the higher and lower
densities, the orange and the purple areas are well
balanced and locate density and new development in
targeted areas on East Harlem's major North South
corridors with ready access to transit. At the same
time the proposal adopts the Steering Committee's
recommendations for Lexington Avenue, 116 <sup>th</sup> Street
and many mid blocks with lower density zoning. When
the East Harlem zoning proposal was certified into
public review in April of this year we had proposed
height limits in a number of areas outlined here in
orange. This included height limits in our
preservation zoning districts again seven to 11
stories and in the mixed-use areas of Park Avenue. We
did not propose height limits in other areas because
our analysis showed that new building heights would
remain lower than many existing buildings in the
neighborhood today and would be of an appropriate
size for East Harlem's major avenues. However, we
heard clearly during the public review process that

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people were concerned about the possibility of taller buildings; 40, 50 or more stories. As a result, we engaged with the Speaker and the Steering Committee further and took a close look at the corridors that did not have height limits. The City Planning Commission in its approval of the land use actions earlier this month and at the recommendation of the Department of City Planning took these concerns to heart and modified the proposal with new height limits shown here in orange. The new height limits located in areas where higher density is proposed ensure that no new buildings would ever be higher than 28 stories in certain areas and 32 stories in others. Taken together with the original proposed height limits the Commissions modifications results in the entire rezoning area except for the intersection of Park and 125<sup>th</sup> Street being covered by height limits of between seven and 32 stories. As you can see here outlined in orange nearly every area now has height limits, this ensures that areas with preservation zoning are protected from out of context development and that areas where we want to see new affordable housing and job generating uses will be an appropriate and predictable height and in every case

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lower than existing towers in the neighborhood. The actions before you include changes to the zoning map that we've just walked through, several changes to the zoning text including the creation of a new special district, the East Harlem Corridors district, the modifications to the transit land use district I described earlier and the introduction of mandatory inclusionary housing to require permanently, permanently affordable housing within East Harlem and finally an amendment to the Millbank Frawley Urban Renewal area to permit new housing along Park Avenue. And here is the zoning summarized but the most important result of this zoning is how it feels and how it exists for East Harlem's residents. We think this proposal is sensitive, nuanced and balanced, it will bring through zoning actions alone and mandatory inclusionary housing nearly 1,500 apartments of permanently affordable housing to East Harlem and create new jobs and prosperity for East Harlem's residents. Requirements for ground floor uses and urban design controls will strengthen East Harlem's shopping streets, lay the groundwork for the 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue subway and through height limits ensure that all new buildings in East Harlem are appropriately

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neighborhood.

sized and lower than existing buildings in the neighborhood today. It is a proposal that is directly responsive to the community's East Harlem

Neighborhood Plan with the same shared objectives and many of the same zoning recommendations. It balances growth with preservation and utilizes the strongest zoning tool in our arsenal to get as much permanently affordable housing as possible for the neighborhood.

Now I'll turn it over to Calvin Brown, City

Planning's Project Supervisor for East Harlem to discuss the ongoing work of city agencies in the

CALVIN BROWN: Thank you Erik. Good afternoon Chair Richards, Greenfield, and Madame Speaker. As you just saw the East Harlem Neighborhood Initiative is taking a very targeted and balanced zoning approach to address the current neighborhood trends that threatens the large affordable housing stock that exists in East Harlem today. However, zoning is just one component of this neighborhood initiative, the East Harlem Neighborhood Initiative is taking a comprehensive approach to address the neighborhood needs that will include investments and a wide range of city programs, services,

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infrastructure and amenities to help foster a thriving community. As previously stated there were numerous community meetings with local stakeholders, community members and city agencies leading up to visioning sessions, Steering Committee meetings and these meetings provided a valuable opportunity for residents to directly engage with community service providers, city agency's representatives to share their concerns and how they envision the future of their community. Once the neighborhood plan was issued the engagement process continued, the city through the various agencies as shown on the screen that were already working with the Steering Committee began a process of reviewing the recommendations and meeting with the Steering Committee subgroups and identifying agency actions within the neighborhood that addressed the community concerns. The amazing work that went into the community's plan provided a solid baseline for the Department of City Planning as well as our sister agencies to view our work in the neighborhood and identify areas where the programs and services could be improved or expanded. As a result, there have been many areas where the city has been able to respond to the plan and bring resources

to bear in East Harlem. In the next couple of slides,
I will highlight the work that's already underway by
each of the major agencies as an outcome of this
engagement process. Housing is such an important and
necessary component of this initiative and in the
East Harlem Neighborhood Plan there were several
objectives and recommendations under housing
preservation and affordable housing development which
focus on keeping the existing of housing stock
affordable, protecting tenants' rights and preventing
tenant harassment and ensuring new housing reaches
deeper levels of affordability. In response to the
housing objectives HPD drafted the housing plan for
East Harlem which will be discussed later in more
detail. Most of the goals articulated in HPD's
housing plan for the East for East Harlem mirrors
the recommendation and objectives included in the
East Harlem Neighborhood Plan. As HPD will expand on
later they have created a robust and aggressive
housing plan for the neighborhood with strategies for
preserving the existing affordable housing stock and
ensuring that affordable housing opportunities for
households of various income levels. HPD's HPD has
prioritized the development of over 2,000 affordable

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housing... affordable homes and has made commitments to reach deeper levels of affordability on publicly owned sites and develop new term sheets and revise their current RFP policies to achieve these goals. Additionally, HPD plans to explore new ways of preserving the existing affordable housing stock through piloting the community land trust program and conducting a study on the feasibility of implementing a certificate of no harassment in East Harlem. In response to several recommendations included in East Harlem Neighborhood Plan that focus on improving access to health care services for East Harlem residents the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene opened up a new East Harlem Neighborhood Health Action Center. Recognizing the severity of the health impacts that are affecting East Harlem this center will serve as a multiservice facility with a host of health and social related services. Additionally, the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene has provided over 200,000 in grants to local East Harlem organizations that have created programs that address the health and related recommendations included in the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan. Under schools and education, the recommendations that were included in

the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan focus on the	
quality of East Harlem schools and the compacity of	
these schools to better serve East Harlem	
neighborhoods. One of the actions the city is taking	J
is to improve the quality of school the school	
environment in East Harlem is in the 2018 Fiscal	
Year budget is to ensure that each classroom in East	-
Harlem has air conditioners. In addition to the	
existing five community schools, these are schools	
that act as neighborhood hubs where students receive	ž
higher quality education and where families can	
access social services and participate in	
neighborhood events there will be three new schools	
opened up in 2018 in the 2018 school year.	
Additionally, ACS is increasing early care and	
education opportunities in East Harlem for toddlers	
with additional head start seats. The East Harlem	
Neighborhood Plan included a number of objectives ar	ıd
recommendations related to open space and recreation	1
aimed at improving the quality and the access to ope	٩n
space and ensuring that these spaces can accommodate	ž
both existing and future residents. Parks continues	
to engage residents in the design process for the	
connection of the Harlem River Park Greenway which i	.s

2	between East 125 <sup>th</sup> and East 132 <sup>nd</sup> Streets and through
3	their community parks initiative Parks has already
4	put into the pipeline four capital projects to
5	improve local interior parks. Similar to the design
6	process that's underway for the Harlem River Greenway
7	Project Parks will engage the community once they
8	have kicked off their East Harlem Resiliency Study
9	where which is a plan that will be developed to
10	address the coastal and social resiliency issues
11	affecting the waterfront from East 92 <sup>nd</sup> Street to
12	East… [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: I'll, I'll ask you to refrain from disrupting the hearing... I'll ask you to quiet down. If you don't quiet down we'll have to remove you. Sergeant you can remove them.

[off-mic dialogue]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay. We'll, we'll ask you to cease with the disruptions or we'll have to remove you, okay.

[off-mic dialogue]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, okay. Thank you... thank you.

[off-mic dialogue]

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Right, so
3 let me say something, the people want to say
4 something...

5 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay... okay...
6 [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: This, this, this forum is an opportunity to hear from everybody, if we're not willing to engage in a dialogue and allow for all voices to be heard then, then we need to remove people from the room, we are here to have a public hearing, we are here to have a public hearing, we are here to have a public hearing. We are here... alright, we are here to have a public hearing. We are... yeah, let me... we are here to have a public hearing if we are not going to be allowed to hear all voices then we're going to remove people from the room, we're going to remove people from the room, this is a public hearing. As I've... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO:

...indicated... let me say this, if we're not going to give each other respect them we're going to clear the room.

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 38 1 2 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, okay, we 3 don't... [cross-talk] 4 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright ... 5 [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: ...we don't want to 6 7 have to clear the... [cross-talk] 8 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...so, we're 9 going to clear the... [cross-talk] 10 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...room... 11 12 we're going to clear the room now, we are going ... 13 [cross-talk] 14 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay... [cross-talk] 15 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...to clear 16 the room, thank you, we're going to clear the room. 17 Alright, clear, clear the room. 18 [off-mic dialogue] 19 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright. 20 [off-mic dialogue] 21 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, okay... 23 [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: So, we're going to clear the room and allow the hearing to continue...

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay.

[off-mic dialogue]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, okay, okay. We don't want to clear the entire room.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright, let them loose...

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright.

[off-mic dialogue]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, okay, we're going to ask everybody to be seated. Okay. Okay. Okay. Okay, alright.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: So...

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Alright, so I just want to... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright, so let me... let me be clear about a couple of things of how we're going to conduct ourselves at this hearing. This is a public hearing where everyone will be heard, we have the opportunity now to hear from the city in terms of what they are recommending,

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everyone else here who has signed up to testify will be able to speak whether they are in favor or they're not in favor that is what this hearing is about, people have their positions but they're not going to disrupt the process in which we allow for people to be... express themselves in this room, every voice will be heard and no one is going to be disrespected so we're going to continue with the hearing anymore disruptions will be handled the same way and we're going to continue, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, you may continue.

where the city is responding to recommendations that are included in the plan is that East 125<sup>th</sup> Street and Park Avenue which is a very important node in this community, a number of residents traverse this area as well as visitors because of the proximity to the Metro North Station and the Lexington Avenue Subway Station, this area is being improved to make connections safer for travelers, there will be areas dedicated for taxi pick up and make a better connection between the pedestrian and programming through the plaza program which is located South on

the South street of Park Avenue and 125 <sup>th</sup> . DOT has
also implemented pedestrian improve, improvements
along the stone section of Park Avenue viaduct and
has installed LED lighting in the tunnels and built
curb extensions to improve visibility and installed
pedestrian signals that are easier to see. The East
Harlem Neighborhood Plan also included
recommendations and objections under small businesse
and Workforce Development that focus on improving th
access to quality jobs for East Harlem residents and
improving the overall economic development
opportunities while also improving the vibrancy of
the existing commercial corridors. As part of the
actions being taken by the city SBS created the
Neighborhood 360 Grant which is a new program to
identify, develop and launch commercial
revitalization projects in partnership with local
stakeholders. The grant has been issued to a local
East Harlem organization to organize the merchants
along East 116tth Street. Also, there will be a
Workforce One Center that will located within East
Harlem to provide access to training and job
opportunities for East Harlem residents. As you can
see there are a number of areas where the city has

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Plan.

already been able to take action in East Harlem and as a part of this process the city continues to engage with the Steering Committee as the East Harlem Initiative advance through the public review process.

At this point I will turn it over to my colleagues at HPD who can elaborate more on the East Harlem Housing

DAVID OUART: Good afternoon Chair Richards, Chair Greenfield and Madame Speaker, members of the City Council. I am David Quart, Deputy Commissioner of Strategy, Research and Communications at the Department of Housing Preservation and Development and I'm here to speak about our work that my team has been doing to support the administration's efforts in East Harlem and as mentioned earlier I'm joined by my colleague Leila Bozarg, Deputy Commissioner of Neighborhood Strategies. Over the past two and a half years HPD has been deeply involved in the East Harlem Neighborhood Planning process as Purnima and Calvin mentioned in terms of attending all of the meetings with Steering Committee members and other community stakeholders. One of East Harlem's greatest assets is it's housing stock, about three quarters of all

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apartments in the neighborhood are regulated by a government agency including a substantial number of NYCHA properties serving families with extremely low incomes. Over the past decade HPD has financed the construction or preservation of nearly 14,000 affordable homes in the neighborhood including more than 4,200 since the start of Housing New York alone, that's nearly 3,400 homes preserved and over 840 new construction. However, the city's population is growing as we know, an increase demand is putting pressure on East Harlem's housing... East Harlem's housing supply, excuse me. Between 2002 and 2014 the median rent in the neighborhood increased by approximately 40 percent while rents across the rest of the city increased by 24 percent. New market rate apartments are being constructed right now in East Harlem without any requirements for affordability. In response to concerns we've heard from the community and building on the work of the community planning process HPD prepared a draft housing plan specifically for East Harlem which will guide how we prioritize investments and implement new policies in the neighborhood going forward and as I said it's a draft and, and is subject to change based on further

input. The plan is organized around four main goals,
first and foremost we want to preserve existing
affordable housing by ensuring that the housing stock
is in good physical and financial shape and that
residents are protected from displacement. HPD is
taking a more proactive and strategic approach to
preservation by piloting new tactics to reach and
assist building owners who could benefit from our
financing and tax incentives in exchange for
maintaining affordable rent. We've developed an
extensive outreach strategy to promote our programs
including through events, mailings, calls, referrals,
and surveys to owners of buildings with signs of
distress or expiring benefits. We also recently
launched our, our Landlord Ambassador Pilot Program
with Enterprise to offer technical assistance and
improve customer service to owners interested in our
loan products. The mutual housing association of New
York was selected as the Landlord Ambassador for all
of Upper Manhattan. We launched a new preservation
marketing campaign called Let's, Let's Invest to make
sure everyone is aware of all that we're doing on the
preservation and what may be available there and
we're holding property management courses and monthly

clinics at our offices downtown. And earlier this
year we issued an RFEI to identify qualified groups
interested in forming community land trusts as a tool
to preserve affordability. In July in partnership
with Enterprise we awarded among other groups 500,000
dollars to the East Harlem El Barrio CLT to acquire
and rehab properties including a cluster of city
owned properties under a land trust model. And I want
to thank Madame Speaker and Chair Richards in
particular for their leadership in this endeavor and
their ongoing collaboration. We're continuing to
promote safe and healthy housing through vigorous
enforcement of the housing maintenance code,
improving tenant education and how to use 3-1-1 and
encouraging organizations to refer problem buildings
to us. In addition to responding to 3-1-1 complaints
we began conducting block sweeps, sweeps in East
Harlem last summer where we proactively survey
distressed properties using data and community
referrals so far approximately 420 buildings have
been surveyed and about 20 have been referred for
additional action including litigation. We continue
to accept building referrals from community groups
and will monitor and return to buildings as needed

and I just want to note that this is one of our bed
bug dogs Nemo who's out hardworking today. Protecting
tenants is a critical element of our preservation
strategy, earlier this year the Mayor announced free
legal representation in East Harlem for tenants
facing harassment committing 4.6 million dollars
annually through 2021. Since October 2015 just under
1,000 households have received free legal assistance
in East Harlem under this program. HRA's tenant
support unit, TSU also continues to go door to door
advising tenants of their rights and reporting
incidents of harassment and poor building conditions.
Since July 2015 TSU has knocked on over 28,000 doors
and assisted over 1,500 tenants in East Harlem alone.
We continue to work with the Tenant Harassment
Prevention Task Force to investigate and take action
including criminal charges that have been brought
against landlords who harass tenants. A yearlong
working group was also formed to explore the creation
of a certificate of no harassment pilot program in
partnership with Council Member Lander and other
members and we are currently evaluating the potential
to include East Harlem in that pilot. Finally, we
host tenant resource fairs, distribute multilingual

information and contract with community based groups
to provide tenant education and resources that range
from financial counseling to tenant organizing. Our
second goal is to develop new affordable housing, in
order to accommodate a growing population and help
ensure that a shortage of housing does not drive
rents higher we must ensure the supply of housing
also increases and that any new housing built
includes permanently affordable homes. To compliment
the rezoning, we are prioritizing the development of
now over 2,600 affordable homes on publicly owned
land through the neighborhood with recent additions
to the 126 <sup>th</sup> Street project. We've also committed to
deeper levels of affordability at key projects, at
least 20 percent of all homes at Lexington Gardens
II, Sendero Verde which we'll hear more about later
and 126 <sup>th</sup> Street bus depot will be affordable to
families earning less than 25,770 dollars per year
for a family of three the equivalent of under 30
percent of AMI. As my colleagues at DCP mentioned
implementing mandatory inclusionary housing among
along the major neighborhood corridors has the
potential to facilitate the creation of an additional
1,500 permanently affordable homes on private sites

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all together that's about 4,100 affordable homes that we are teeing up for East Harlem. We will continue to offer financing to incentivize the creation of even more affordable housing. We recently upped the date ... updated our financing programs to ensure more housing for extremely low income and formally homeless families. Lastly our housing plan describes several initiatives to support mission driven groups interested in affordable housing. The third goal is to make it easier for residents to understand, prepare for and complete the affordable housing application process. We are training community based organizations as housing ambassadors to provide free help to residents applying for affordable housing, four housing ambassadors are now based in East Harlem alone and we're continuing to recruit more of them. We created a Ready, Set, Apply brochure which serves as a guide on how to prepare for the application process and we also recently created a video guide on how best to apply to affordable housing so it's as clear as possible to everyone in the community. We're working to better advertise open housing lotteries and ensuring multilingual information is online, in paper, and on site. Lastly, we continue to refine our

marketing guidelines to reach New Yorkers most in
need, ensuring among other things that applicants are
not rejected based on credit score alone or
involvement in housing court and are connected with
free counseling services to help applicants prepare
financially. The fourth goal is to promote economic
opportunity by leveraging our investment in
affordable housing to create jobs and strengthen
small businesses. Calvin spoke to most of these but
just to in the interest of time I will quickly list
them off, I'm happy to talk more about them later. We
have our Hire NYC Program also new and in response to
the community conversations in East Harlem and other
neighborhoods, our RFP's for city owned properties
now require a respondence to demonstrate a plan for
targeted outreach to residents of the LoHo community
district related to employment opportunities
generated by that project. We've also expanded
opportunities for MWBE's in the affordable housing
development industry through our MWBE Build Up
Program and we've expanded our capacity building
workshops series to include both not-for-profit and
MWBE's which introduces best practices in affordable
housing development from site selection to

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construction and property management. Lastly, we, we want to ensure that the affordable housing development contributes to a healthy and diverse retail environment in East Harlem and we encourage developers to consult with SBS as community district needs assessment and the Neighborhood 360 partners. Before concluding I would like to say that we continue to refine and make progress at a number of important initiatives in the draft housing plan and we are evaluating additional public sites in the area for affordable housing. We remain committed to full transparency in our work so the public can keep us accountable to what we say we are going to do and track progress toward our goals. By laying out strategies and prioritizing investment in the neighborhood we can help residents stay in the neighborhood they love and make room for their children and New Yorkers who need affordable housing while also ensuring that future development results in an even more diverse and livable community. Thank you very much for the opportunity to testify and I look forward to our continued collaboration and at this time we're all happy to take any questions you may have, thank you.

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2 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, I'll go to 3 the Speaker for questions.

first of all thank you so much, there is a lot of information that's been shared today and when it comes to any sort of land use process it's always very complicated and it can be a little bit heavy. So, where are... this... all these presentations and power points that you've presented where will they be made, made available to the general public?

PURNIMA KAPUR: We will look... put them on our website, the Department of City Planning website will have the presentation available publicly.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Both of them, the housing and the... [cross-talk]

PURNIMA KAPUR: Both... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Okay...

PURNIMA KAPUR: Yeah.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Second of all I believe they're being passed out, I think there's a, a sheet that we're handing out which is basically the East Harlem Neighborhood Plans, recommendations and some of the reporting that you've identified here today in terms of... in response

particularly to the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan
this is a, a summary that identifies how the city is
responding to the recommendations that the East
Harlem Neighborhood Plan put together. I'm going to
try to go through quickly through my questions but
because I know I do want to hear from the public but,
but for the people that are listening and although
this is something that is also being steamed online
we welcome feedback, people can send their
testimonies, the feedback is ongoing, this is a
process that's going to last several months so we can
engage. Through any, any sort of land use process,
it's not a stagnant process, I mean I think people
need to understand that what we're hearing today is
very different from the proposal that the community
board voted on, it's very different from the proposal
that the Borough President voted on, it is an
evolving process so there have been changes and
response to community input and community feedback
and community concerns and we're not done, that is
where I now have to weight in, I want to hear
additional feedback, we go back and negotiate with
City Planning, I go back to the East Harlem
Neighborhood Plan Steering Committee so it is an

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evolution, it is a process that evolves, it is not stagnant and clearly there are those in the community that don't want anything to happen, that to me is not a realistic proposition, okay, so the, the reality is that we want to hear feedback and hear how we can continue to have this plan evolve. The East Harlem Neighborhood Plan has been clear, I support it because it does ask for a moderate zoning, it doesn't ask for moderate density and height and unfortunately we're still not there 100 percent with what it is that you have presented us and obviously the issue of displacement is a very real concern that is happen... these are concerns that is city wide that's not unique to East Harlem, it is something that is a concern of every neighborhood as we proceed those are issues, right, we know that 3-1-1 is being accessed by residents who are being harassed by landlords, we have increased the level of outreach and engagement and resources so that tenants can have access to representation so that they're not going to court alone, we did pass the law, right, that ensures universal representation, there's a lot of work that we've been doing but the issue of displacement continues to be a very genuine concern. So, just

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more proactive approach to tenant protection and affordable housing preservation to really deal with these concerns, the outreach engagement, you know being proactive as opposed to having or expecting residents to come to us as a city, we need to be engaged particularly in areas that are exhibiting a lot of pressure and a lot of changes so, looking at the proactive approach to engage residents how... what's the view here and what is... how has your approach evolved and where are you heading with that?

PURNIMA KAPUR: So, I, I think as you heard we are in this plan as focused on the preservation of the extensive affordable housing stock that is available in East Harlem as we are in the production of the East Harlem Plan. Many things have already been put into place and as you yourself have noted this is happening regardless of whether the zoning happens or not happens. So, I'm going to turn it over to my colleague David here to address the proactive elements of our preservation plan.

DAVID QUART: Thank you Purnima and thank you Madame Speaker. So, I think some of the things that I can get a little bit more detailed that I

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highlighted in my testimony are, are examples of exactly that proactive approach, you know we... [crosstalk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: And actually I'm... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: ...think about... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...sorry

before you go into it further, I know in the ... in the housing plan and what you presented and I'm hoping that maybe you can update the report as, as you put it online but is there a way that you can put numbers... give me ... I'm looking for the page, give me a second... your, you talked in the preserving... when you preserve existing affordable housing on those slides, right, you're talking about proactive outreach to property owners, you're talking about... like I would like to know how many residents in East Harlem have access to legal representation, how many calls are we getting, how many people are we serving, when you're talking about being proactive and doing outreach because we've had some of those workshops in my office where you engage with current homeowners, right, the smaller homeowners and having them and knowing what... you know how we can help... work with

them, is there a way of putting numbers on those, putting statistics and updating this... you know so we have an idea of the work that's... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: Sure... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...being done... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: ...yeah, we can... we, we can certainly put into the report, you know to date obviously this is all ongoing and continuing but we can certainly put into, into the report to date where we are with all those numbers, whose been served, how they've been served.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Okay... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: ...that... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...so go ahead with what you were saying before.

DAVID QUART: Sure, so... I mean just...

again just to take a step back I think our number one

priority is to protect residents who are vulnerable

to displacement, I mean we think about preservation

and displacement and the fear of displacement sort of

all together and that's why it's, it's, it's a suite

of things that we've been doing. I think we've been

doing a lot to build on that, I mean one example is
the… is certainly the prevention… Harassment
Prevention Task Force which is I think a very unique
partnership between HPD, the Department of Buildings,
the Attorney General's Office and the State Tenant
Protection Unit and the more work that they do it's
not only about the buildings that they investigate
it's also the fact that more and more owners are
aware that those, those folks are out there and
taking a hard look and, and we've had you know we
that group has had success in terms of a number of
investigations and taking, taking action that has
gone as far as criminal charges and, and arrests and,
and with the most serious landlords so that's,
that's one piece and they're continuing to do that.
The other is the landlord ambassador program that
we've, we've, we've started recently launched this
summer with Enterprise which is to really help small
buildings with and, and owners to understand
what kinds of technical resources and research
assistance that they may need in order to in order
to best understand, you know what the options may be
in terms of preservation.

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COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Okay...

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DAVID QUART: We are also... we've, we've also recently... we, we are looking... I know one of the priorities that has come out of the Steering Committee is... and something we've talked to your office about is having a preservation coordinator for East Harlem and that's something that we have been considering and thinking about which we hope we can back to you soon on what, what that looks like and these are all proactive approaches that we're continuing to take.

that there have been a PSA, I, I'd seen it like I think on New York One etcetera talking about the legal services available to tenants, you know I, I don't... I haven't seen them lately so I'm not sure if that's an ongoing thing to again get the information out there to let people know that if you are being approached by your landlord, if you are being harassed that you have resources available to you in different languages I hope that would be considered but that's something that obviously we, we just need

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

59 1 to do citywide whether... that should be a consistent 2 3 thing. DAVID QUART: Absolutely, I, I mean I... 4 5

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part... so part of that communication comes through the tenant's support unit that's been knocking on doors all throughout the neighborhood, I think as they said about 28,000 doors have been knocked on and over 1,500 tenants have been assisted and a lot of that has to do with connecting them with legal services... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: ...and our partners at HRA are, are actively working again the... there's, there's millions of dollars in place over the next several years for East Harlem so that will certainly continue and we can make sure that the word is getting out there... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: ...in the best way possible.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright, let me keep jumping to my questions so I can get quick responses... [cross-talk]

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DAVID QUART: Go ahead... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...and then

I'm going to move it to, to the testimony. So, obviously the other aspect of the Neighborhood Plan is the issue of permanent affordability that we've been talking about particularly on the city owned sites, you've alluded to it in the presentation but I would like to hear something more concrete, you know and the issue of permanent affordability particularly on city owned sites and along those same lines, you know the incorporation, right, of, of local community based non-profit housing developers to play a more central role, right, in HPD projects, that's something that we push, we just don't want a private developer that really doesn't have a connection to the community we want though, though... an active and equity stake role played by some of our non-profit community housing developers so I know we're going to be talking about Sendero Verde, you know but that, that as an overall approach by HPD is that something that you're leaning towards, is that something that you're putting in place?

DAVID QUART: So, in terms of permanent affordability of course anything that's subject to

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MIH as a baseline must provide between 20 and 30 percent depending on the option chosen of the units in the building that are permanent. In terms of public sites that we are financing if we are providing additional subsidies or additional help to that developer, to that property in addition to the requirement of MIH we require even more permanence.

So, in addition... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Please, please don't call out, thank you... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: So... yeah, so we'll be talking about Sendero Verde later but certainly as you know Sendero Verde while the MIH option would require say 20 to 25 or 30 percent that project is committing to 40 permanent affordability and we're continuing to work with that developer to try to get it even, even higher. Another thing that I think... I mean we also have many tools in place that we've put in place only in the last couple of years to ensure that at the end of any regulatory period HPD and the city are in the best position possible to have leverage to basically reopt that affordability in terms of the enforcement mortgage, in terms accrued interest and these are things that were not in place

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several years ago and are in place now that really we believe provide a very strong incentive for folks to come back to the table and then in addition most recently we launched a... our policy for publicly owned sites that HPD issues RFP's on something called remainder interest, which in short ensures that at the end of the regulatory period that that property the city can take that property back from the developer or owner at the time if they are not abiding by or not willing to further extend affordability so it put the ... it puts the city, it puts the public in the driver's seat at the end of that regulatory period to ensure that affordability will continue and that's something that we have just started incorporating into our most recently issued RFP's that we issued at the end of August and early September and will be incorporating into all of RFP's going forward. So, those are all... those, those are pieces of, of... those are different tools that I believe do address all of ... our collective goal to ensuring that these apartments are made affordable for as long as possible and into the future.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright, I mean if I, I... I'm not going to keep asking more

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questions on it, that doesn't mean that there's not more to discuss but I'm putting you on record with a couple of things and then as we negotiate we'll get deeper into it because again I do want to get to, to the audience. Twenty-eight percent, right, of our housing stock as we know, you know is, is public housing, we have the most in the country is in this district, it's always been a priority for me at my office so any housing preservation strategy has to include our public housing and there's always the issue of the backlogs of getting repairs done and improving the quality of life of the residents that live in public housing so if you can just speak a little bit to the approach on this that's going to obviously be of concern for me and this rezoning conversation.

PURNIMA KAPUR: So, I believe we have...
[cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Press your mic Purnima.

PURNIMA KAPUR: I believe we have representatives from NYCHA present here to address that, David Pristin, come on in.

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CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: And just identify yourself David.

DAVID PRISTIN: Good afternoon, my name is David Pristin and I'm Executive Vice President for External Affairs at NYCHA.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: So, the question about the issue of backlogs as in... particularly in this area which is going to be rezoned?

DAVID PRISTIN: So, I think as you know we've been working... we've released a plan called Next Generation NYCHA which is a plan that was released with the Mayor and the Chair and we have been focusing, you know with great energy and effort on changing the way we do business and preserving our buildings for current residents as well as the next generation of New Yorkers. Part of that process has been upgrading our use of technology to make our employees more efficient, we've reduced our maintenance worker service levels from what was originally about 14 days when we... this administration first started to now below seven days which was our goal, we're approximately now at 4.5 days so we recognize that there are, you know tremendous

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challenges and you know we've... continue to face tremendous challenges from a federal budget perspective and we continue to work, you know to increase our efficiency despite those challenges through use of technology, pushing decision making from an operations perspective down to the local... the local development level, we've rolled out a program called Next Generation Operations, NGO in East Harlem which is giving our property managers more discretion to be making budgeting and operational decisions and having a little bit more discretion on when they engage, some of our skill trade workers so that they have closer access to them and hopefully can speed up a lot of the issues.

council member mark-viverito: Alright, so then obviously we will keep discussing that, so thank you for that. I have one more question and I understand you guys are going to stick around, right, there's going to be reps here so I'm going to... I want to hear testimony and then if I do want to come back for additional question I believe I'm the only one asking, asking questions obviously here then, then I would like to come back so I'm just going to allow people... okay, I have one more question for, for the

reps that are at the table, so on the issue of the
Neighborhood Plan one of the things that we
identified was that we were losing an average of 360
units of affordable housing every year since 2007 and
that's just the way things are right now with no
changes and it having happening so we're losing
about 360 units of affordable housing so our
conversation as we were having the East Harlem
Neighborhood Plan which included having extensive
briefings on what land use process is, on what zoning
is, what can zoning do, what are the plusses, what
are the minuses so it was a real thorough discussion
and dialogue to get educated on, on what zoning and
how zoning can help, right, is how do we work to
replace the units that we're losing every year,
obviously preservation is critical to that but there
is also the need for building new housing units that
can then be put into the regulatory process. So,
we've identified that in the in the Neighborhood
Plan but in the your, your recommendation of City
Planning you are proposing to up-zone blocks that are
predominantly existing rent regulated housing so
that's a concern for us that you are looking at those
blocks where they're already and that might increase

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pressure so how do you... how do you go about thinking about those blocks, is there any way to, to look at it in a different way and I want to give you an example. The West side of 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue between 111<sup>th</sup> Street and 112<sup>th</sup> Street and I literally live right around there so I'm very familiar with that block, six of the eight buildings on that block are rent stabilized and they have about 60 units of affordable housing so the idea of how to revisit the idea of looking at blocks that have a good number of, of rent regulated units and trying to minimize the amount of pressure that might be generated from a... from a rezoning.

PURNIMA KAPUR: Certainly. So, I think as you heard from our team we have tried to be as strategic as possible in looking at finding opportunities for increasing the production of affordable housing while at the same time working in close partnership with HPD on the preservation side of things. We have, you know approached this in a way that identifies areas that are wide streets, that are well served by transit and in many... most instances we have hued closely to the East Harlem Plan in coming up with those densities. I hear your concerns about

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the specific blocks and we will take a closer look at those blocks as well however really when we are looking at the zoning we are also trying to ensure that for instance on 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue as the subway extends Northwards there is likely to be pressure of redevelopment and we want to ensure that we build into the zoning today anticipating that and making sure that we can get a, a development with the new subways while making sure that the people that are there today get preserved. So, you know our rezoning approach across the board is trying to balance these two goals of providing opportunities to create more affordable housing, you know the projects that David referenced, the city owned sites that we are working on are a large beneficiary of this rezoning effort as well as some of the private sites will be and we think in partnership with looking at the preservation alongside the production of housing that we will be able to address the concerns about, about specific areas.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Okay,
thank you for the response to that. So, I'm going to...
I'm going to finish here with my questions because I
want to switch out and allow audience to, to provide

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, hold on one second so I'm going to just ask... just ask maybe two or three questions and then we're going to get right to the public. So, let's just go through you preservation strategy again so based on the documents

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that you gave, I'm looking at so... for financing I see that you financed between 2003 and '13 2,500 units then it was sort of a drop off in 2014 to '17 you... where you financed 844 units why such a drastic drop between '14 and '17 is that in light of the rezoning or, or in anticipation of the rezoning and then the other question I have is related to preservation as well between 2003 and '13 you did a lot of preservation, 7,000 units or a little bit above that and then in 2014 through '17 you did... you preserved around nearly 4,000 so can you speak to a little bit more of your preservation strategies there and then also in terms of promoting safe and healthy housing you surveyed 426 buildings in, in this district, right and HPD has only, I think according your own stats has seen action in 19 buildings so you can speak to why are we saying the other buildings are in good shape or are there any other actions we are taking before we build new housing to ensure that the local residents who are in housing can actually live in quality housing at the moment, so can you just speak to those things quick?

DAVID QUART: Sure, happy to answer those questions. So, I think in terms of the, the data we

provided... I mean in terms of a perceived drop off, I

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Right, okay...

DAVID QUART: ...preserved and then the

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Speak a little bit

second is, is the ... just in the last three years alone

so in, in fact if you were looking at a... an average

over... yeah over year we've actually increased our ...

mean the first column is showing over a ten-year

period in number of units that we... [cross-talk]

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[cross-talk]

[cross-talk]

and counting...

more into the mic.

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DAVID QUART: We've, we've actually increased, increased the, the pace at which we have

been preserving housing over the last three years so

just in three years alone we're almost at 3,400 units

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Please sustain yourself on the... thank you. Alright. Alright, you may

continue, speak a little louder too David.

DAVID QUART: Sure, so, so I think that, that explains the discrepancy I think that you're

seeing in this... [cross-talk]

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2 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: So, ten-year

3 period, I see… [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: ...and this table is just in... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: And how much more preservation do you anticipate you'll do here?

DAVID QUART: Specifically in, in terms of the overall... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: In the catchment area.

mean... you know I... it's, it's hard to predict exactly what the future will bring, I mean we always are... we have projects in the pipeline all the time, this is... again this is one of the areas where we're doing I think more preservation and more affordable housing, one of the top three or four areas in the whole city where we're doing that and we're continuing to do that, you know in terms of exact numbers or projections we don't generally track it that way in terms of having tracking for individual community districts or individual neighborhoods but it's something that we're completely committed to and, and as I said as, as any existing regulatory agreements

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expire we're always approaching those owners well in advance of that expiration and working with them and, and, and I'd say the majority of the time more successful than not in ensuring that we extend that...

[cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: So, the majority of them agreed to tie back into or are you like talking about Article 11's the majority will enter... are you seeing a majority reenter into the program or... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: Right and whether it be...

whether it be an Article 11 or whether it be moderate

or substantial rehab that may be needed in an older

building so... I mean all of that work will continue

for sure... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: ...and then I think in terms of, you know your question about, you know just being more proactive and to the strategy generally and making sure we're... they're protecting tenants, I mean it's, it's some of the things I said before which is continuing to be out there and being as proactive as we can to ensure that we're protecting everyone in rent regulated build... in buildings, we continue to

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fight and we will again for stronger rent regulation laws to ensure that we're not... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: ...seeing... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay and just get to the ... because I know we want to move this along so you surveyed 426 buildings and out of those 19 are in some sort of action plan with HPD so do you anticipate more of these buildings to enter into litigation or monitoring?

DAVID QUART: So, that was a result of something that we... was a little bit experimental but I think successful and something that we're hoping to, to do more of which what we called block sweeps whereas if we saw a particular building in some substantial distress on a particular block even though we weren't getting necessarily calls from neighboring buildings we thought well if this building on this block is having issue it would be worthwhile for our team to go out and look at the whole block, the block as a whole and so that's where we got... that's how we got within East Harlem to the 420 buildings. In fact out of those 420 buildings there was enough in those buildings that about 60 of

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them warranted us to do a full roof to cellar inspection and we sent out division of neighborhood preservation to do those, those full building inspections and then out of those 19 of them were really I would say the, the most serious offenders in terms of where we found issues in buildings that otherwise were not necessarily on our radar and we weren't necessarily getting lots of calls about but we found substantial issues and that's where we moved forward on them, I mean... you know so, so ... it's, it's, it's both ensuring that we're expanding our breadth of what we're, we're looking at and of course it's always good news to find buildings that aren't actually in distress especially if we're not getting calls but then to be able to identify a... even a... you know a couple of dozen that require significant action on behalf of the city is, is something that... you know these are buildings that we may not otherwise have identified without our proactive block sweeps.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay and then last two questions, just go through the community and land trust strategies because I know that's something that the community has been speaking a lot about so

obviously we've announced half a million dollars
which we know is to start this up, when do we
anticipate some real motion on community and land
trust and then lastly so we talked about public sites
and I don't I don't remember hearing if you're going
to finance those 100 percent affordable or will
public sites be 100 percent affordable and are we
having any discussions around ensuring that there's
financing for private sites as well and what does
that strategy look like as well and what would we get
right now so if we did nothing and we kept
everything I think what I see majority is $R7/2$ ,
correct, so what would be allowable now and would
there be any mandate with of affordable housing
without the rezoning's on these R7/2 lots as we
speak, so I think that's an important question for
the public to know that people can build now to a
great degree and not have to build anything
affordable so just speak to that? So, those are the
last three things I'm going to go to Chair Greenfield
after so once again just going back to are we
committing to ensuring that public sites are 100
percent affordable and then lastly what is the

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housing?

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PURNIMA KAPUR: Housing with no height limits today in those districts... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Then no affordable

PURNIMA KAPUR: Zero affordable housing...
[cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay... [cross-talk]

PURNIMA KAPUR: ...would be required as part of that development and so that is why we think it is really important and urgent to act in this area to make sure that as the market is catching up here that we put zoning into place that will ensure that any housing that gets built in areas that are proposed to be up-zoned here will have substantial permanently affordable requirements as part of new development. In addition to that we are looking as a city team very closely at the publicly owned sites to see how we can go deeper and wider on those sites in providing affordable housing so many of those sites today are really zoned for these mid densities where the amount of housing that was... this is produced is not going to be sufficient really to meet the demands for what we are trying to address here so up-zoning of those publicly owned sites is also critical in

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ensuring that the affordable housing production here is maximized and with that I'll let David speak to the specifics of those sites.

DAVID QUART: I, I'm going to pass it over to Leila to talk to this since she's been the closest to it.

LEILA BOZORG: Yeah, so on the public sites that we finance the vast majority that HPD finances is 100 percent affordable, there are situations few and far between where we may allow for that to be a little bit less than 100 percent if there are broader goals that we're trying to achieve with the project that we need some market rate units to cross finance those additional goals so... but for the vast... but the vast majority of what we finance on public sites is 100 percent affordable. On CLT's we... we're excited about the awards that we made through the RFEI and we're working with Enterprise to finalize the work plans for each of the grantees. In East Harlem one of the big upcoming milestones is actually working on the small city owned sites that we're working with the CLT to dispose of and we've actually been actively working with them to identify potentially some additional sites than was originally

envisioned to add, add more to that portfolio that might be disposed of. So, those are some... that's some of the... one of the main next steps for that one.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you, I'm going to go to Chair Greenfield, you didn't answer anything about the private sites though... [cross-talk]

absolutely have financing to do affordable housing on private sites, I mean the Housing New York Plan is about a balance of public and private sites and that's part of why we actually pace out our RFP's in our public sites so that we have room in our kind of annual financing of sites for private sites and we're actively working, doing proactive outreach with owners of land trying to incentivize folks coming in to, to take use of our, our, our programs for affordable housing so...

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, Chair Greenfield.

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Thank you

Chair and I want to thank the entire panel I, I have

to say that I've, I've been at this for four years as

the Chair of the Land Use Committee and it's

certainly an incredibly comprehensive group of folks

who are working together from a variety of different
agencies and the, the process was open and quite
frankly I think the, the fact that we've saw today
such public displays of protests proves that someone
pointed out to me that, you know a few years back
nobody would even know what's going on, right and
today that we've made it so processed and so thorough
and there's been a Steering Committee we've, we've
have the fact that people are here I think is great
and it shows that we've, we have people engaged in
the process and I want to thank all of you and the
Speaker and the Borough President and the Community
Board and the Steering Committee for what you've
done. I do I do just want to just the Chair
actually asked most of my questions, I just want to
dig into that one final point and then just one
technical question that the Chair raised. So, to, to
the Chair's point so, what if we just said we'll do
nothing over here so what's, what's happening, right,
I mean I and I hear this a lot as the Chair, we had
another hearing yesterday and I heard similar
criticism, why, why, why do anything at all, don't do
anything, is it just going to benefit developers is
they're going to make a lot of money, what's going to

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2 happen if we just do nothing, what's the default if 3 we don't rezone the neighborhood?

PURNIMA KAPUR: So, the default will be that as the market continues to grow as our population continues to grow the areas that are approximate to mass transit as most of East Harlem is become attractive for new housing development that is necessary for every income strata in the city by not having in place any provision for affordable housing today most of the neighborhood is zoned for residential use today at mid to high mid densities, you would see housing development come here that would be entirely market rate, there is no requirement today on any site for any affordable housing whatsoever. So, if we did not do anything today the community is going to ultimately not get its share of affordable housing that is desperately needed here, by putting the mandatory inclusionary housing provisions into place we ensure that every piece of property; private, public, not-for-profit has minimum protections in that it must include a proportion of housing as affordable housing as those sites redevelop and as you've heard on the public sites the city is committed to going much further

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beyond that. So, not acting here today means not
getting affordable housing in the community.

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Okay and I, I, I'll actually just say from personal experience in my district in Borough Park we actually have had people where they've been renting one family homes for years and because the market increased and the value increased they were forced out of their homes, they've knocked down their homes and now we have five and six story condos which they can't afford to live in because of the market prices which unfortunately the, the zoning in my neighborhood just never caught up with the market realities for something that you're trying to fix. The only... thank you for that just one technical question that I have for you David is can you just explain this remainder interest, I'm not familiar with this concept, is that a new concept and are you rolling this out in this proposal as well for your projects?

DAVID QUART: Thank you Chair Greenfield, the, the remainder interest is, is not something specifically associated with East Harlem but it's something that we have recently rolled out in association with all of... all of HPD's issued RFP's...

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: So, it's a

3 new concept?

DAVID QUART: It's a... I mean it's a new concept for, for HPD.

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Okay... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: Yes... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: ...fair enough,

10 yes... [cross-talk]

DAVID QUART: And I, I guess... I mean it is not exactly the same but I would... I would make it... I would say it is most comparable to the terms of the ground lease which of course many people are familiar with, it's what EDC and NYCHA does but the idea is that there is a hook if you will from the public over the long-term that over time or at the end of whatever period... whatever that period may be, 60 years or 75 years or longer that at the point that the remainder interest kicks in that the city then at that point in time... it's not about the city saying owner A please come back to the table we want to incentivize you to extend the affordability, it is you must come back to the table and engage with us and if the city does not like what's happening and

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the city is not satisfied and the city has, has the right to bring that property back into city ownership and then... and go from there to ensure the affordability... [cross-talk]

So, just to COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: be clear for those folks who don't follow this as closely as we do at home, essentially what this does is that right now you have a 30, 40 year agreement and we're seeing right now that many of these apartments after 30, 40 years are coming online and now you as HPD have to go and essentially beg the landlord and say please stay in the program, we'll give you incentives, we'll give you money, sometimes they say yes, sometimes they say no but that's very expensive and you're not always successful so essentially what you're doing is you're looking towards the future and you're saying well in the future you have no choice, you're... have to... going to keep this affordable if not we're going to take the property back.

DAVID QUART: Exactly right.

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Alright, it sounds like a good innovation, thank you very much.

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DAVID QUART: Thank you Council Member

Greenfield.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, we're going to... alright, thank you so much for your testimony, we're going to get to the panels now because we're here to hear from the public. Alright, we're going to start with our Manhattan Borough President none other than the fabulous Gale Brewer.

GALE BREWER: I'm ready when you are, I don't know... am I supposed to start?

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: We are all ready.

GALE BREWER: Okay, thank you. So, good afternoon Chair Richards, Chair Greenfield, Council Member Helen Rosenthal and the very special Speaker, Melissa Mark-Viverito. I am Manhattan Borough President Gale Brewer and I'm here to speak to the New York City... in opposition to the New York City Department of City Planning application to rezone East Harlem. I'm speaking in opposition to the proposal but for the Neighborhood Plan and I'm also here to voice my conditional support of HPD's application for Sendero Verde East 111th Street. I do want to thank the Speaker for her leadership and commitment to community planning and for reaching out

to my office to collaborate on the East Harlem 2 3 Neighborhood Plan. I heard Chair Greenfield talk 4 about the plan and his version of a lot of planning 5 went into it is 100 percent correct. On the application to rezone East Harlem I recommended a 6 7 straight no, the Department of City Planning proposal 8 shares broader goals with the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan on the need for required affordable housing and concentrated new commercial use along the 10 11 viaduct to better utilize that area. I am grateful to 12 City Planning and their sister agency's involvement 13 in the neighborhood process and their subsequent 14 meetings with local stakeholders to discuss steps. 15 The administration invested an extraordinary amount of agency staff in the effort. We understand... we 16 17 understood that the community's self-defying vision 18 would be central to the final plan. Unfortunately, at 19 the end of the process my office felt that too much 20 of that self-defying vision had been overlooked. 21 Planning is difficult, the process of bringing 2.2 desperate voices together is challenging and requires 2.3 trust building and a deep knowledge of constituencies. It is clear that changes to the 24 25 current zoning are necessary in East Harlem to

address the changes and pressures the neighborhood is
facing, we talked about this earlier. New as of right
development continues in East Harlem under the
current zoning framework with no requirements for
affordable housing as we know, rents go up
threatening affordability and neighborhood cohesion,
doing nothing and allowing this to continue would be
wrong but to get an already destabilized community on
board with more change we must be able to clearly
demonstrate that any final plan for East Harlem
furthers responsible growth and smart investment and
protects the neighborhood's character. The
administration's current plan calls in my opinion for
too much density, too much construction and too many
market rate units while not constructing enough units
affordable no, no, no

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Alright... [cross-talk]

GALE BREWER: Uh-huh... no, no, no...

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: To the public if you like what someone says you do this...

GALE BREWER: To the existing... [cross-

24 talk]

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CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: ...if you don't you

can... [cross-talk]

GALE BREWER: ...population... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: ...do this... [cross-

talkl

GALE BREWER: ...to offset the expected loss of rent regulated units and families who live there, what is lacking are serious up-front housing preservation efforts and investments in infrastructure, public realm, and social services. We must plan appropriately to protect the current population before we allow for significant growth. To accomplish this the rezoning plan must seek to preserve existing affordable units in two ways, first in the rental market where we face the greatest threat of displacement and second through a long-term targeted financial commitment to repair and maintain NYCHA then new development must create housing that is permanently, underline that work, affordable to residents. The key is to limit the kind and location of market rate development that increases displacement, I'm not saying this is easy. Finally, we must require that development respect the neighborhood's physical and cultural character. The

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biggest challenge in these neighborhood rezoning's and I have been through a lot, is balancing the need for new development and its promise of mandatory affordable housing versus the fears that too much new development will accelerate gentrification and hasten displacement, that is why we agree with the local East Harlem Neighborhood Plan and call for maximum density of R9 and R9A. the administration's option for height limits submitted as part of the Apex which the city planning adopted do not go far enough. However, the work done in conjunction with the Apex would also allow the council to reduce density and set appropriate heights along certain portions of Park and 3<sup>rd</sup>. I appreciate the addition of this new tool to the application and urge the council to use it for maximum benefit. Just a couple of other points of disagreement with the Mayor's proposal, these are issues that it does not address in my opinion. Number one, the narrowing of the rezoning boundaries from those proposed in the local neighborhood plan we want the full community board to be included because then we would have less density over a wider area. Number two, something that I care desperately about, more requirement in commercial corridors that support

small businesses mom and pop. Number three, a greater
allowance of as of right parking garages. Number
four, NYCHA, mapping commercial overlays on NYCHA
campuses without further study does not make sense,
make sure that they are discussed in advance and you
need to have development specific discussions with
the residents and local stakeholders before moving
forward. I was also dismayed to see that the
Landmarks Preservation Commission has not provided a
thorough response to the list of potential landmark
sites identified by the members of the local Planning
team. We know how important cultural and historic
preservation is and I want to say this is
particularly challenging because in the East midtown
rezoning Landmarks Preservation Commission came
through in the time period that we asked, this has
not happened in East Harlem. Finally, and hard to
address is a need for commitments and how we can
achieve a deeper affordability in the planned
affordable housing. The local plan called for a
minimal of 20 percent of affordable units to be
affordable to those earning 30 percent of AMI or
less, we have barely been able to meet that target in
most projects on city owned land if we cannot do it

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their success is very unlikely on private development. A plan for East Harlem must do more to preserve neighborhood context, make detailed up-front commitments to affordable housing preservation, spread new development across a wider area, and address the many other needs that were identified by this amazing community process. Finally, regarding Sendero Verde after careful review I believe the proposal put forward by HPD and the proposed development team is appropriate by support for the application however those come with some specific concerns. East 111<sup>th</sup> Street is already a location with as we know very important... great importance to the fabric of East Harlem. HPD has always planned I believe to develop affordable housing for this site and given the depth of the housing crisis especially in community board 11 I believe affordable housing is so appropriate as we all do. The applicant and the proposed developer have outlined a proposal and the concept plan as presented is a genuine attempt to achieve the elements of the Neighborhood Plan. With that said I believe more can be done to improve the project while all the residential units will be income restricted at the beginning. Let me be clear,

income restricted at the beginning, 60 percent of the
units are not permanently affordable and as someone
who has dealt with years, years with the consequences
of expiring affordability as in the program on the
West side of Manhattan city owned land represents one
of the few places where we can require permanent
affordability and we must not let the opportunity
slip away. The 60 percent will represent the tax
abatements and the regulatory agreements and they're
not permanent. Additionally, one of Community Board
11's recommendations called for an East Harlem based
mission driven organization to be part of the
development team with selection based on input from
the board recommendations that were ignored. This
kind of collaboration should not be ignored but
encouraged instead. So, I would urge HPD to heed
these recommendations and make them standard practice
as part of projects on public land. I want to thank
you for giving me the opportunity to testify and I
really do thank the Speaker Staff and Community Board
11 for an amazing partnership and a plan that has had
a great deal of input and to be taken very seriously,
thank you very much Mr. Chair.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: So, just to be clear Gale you're not opposed to a rezoning, you want it to be more aligned with the Neighborhood Plan?

GALE BREWER: Absolutely correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Okay, so that's what we're aiming for as well... [cross-talk]

GALE BREWER: Thank you very much.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: So, thank you for your testimony.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you.

alright, we're going to go to the next panel Chris

Walters, ANHD; Juan Peralta, Justice Center in El

Barrio; Marina Ortiz, East Harlem Preservation;

Xavier Santiago and Michelle Kohut Save Inwood

Library. So, I'll call you again Chris Walters I

believe, East Harlem Rezoning ANHD; Juan Peralta,

Justice Center in El Barrio; Marina Ortiz, East

Harlem Preservation; Xavier Santiago; Michelle Kohut

oh Konut I'm sorry, it looks like an H, Save Inwood

Library. Do we have all six, alright if not we're

going to go to... let's just go call two more people

up. Alright. Alright, we have two more... three more

chairs, can I get another... okay, you got another

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

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2	chair up there. Okay, I'll call Kimberly Libman, the
3	New York Academy of Medicine and also Kathleen
4	Haskins, Cavitus… Civatus, Landmark East Harlem
5	Civita. Emily Parkey, DREAM, Emily Parkey are you
6	here, DREAM, Okay. With that you'll introduce
7	yourselves and we're going to give each speaker two
8	minutes to testify based on the amount of people we
9	have signed up. So, we'll start from my right, I'll
10	start yeah and just identify yourself for the record
11	and, and don't hit your mic, press the button, there
12	you go.

KIMBERLY LIBMAN: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay.

KIMBERLY LIBMAN: Can you hear me...

[cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: You may begin.

KIMBERLY LIBMAN: Alright, my name is

Doctor Kimberly Libman, I'm the Director for

Prevention and Community Development at the New York

Academy of Medicine. The Academy was founded in 1847

to take on the critical health problems facing New

York City at that time and we continue to advance

solutions that promote the health and people... the

health and well-being of people living in cities. The

Academy was pointed appointed to the East Harlem
Neighborhood Plan's Steering Committee by City
Council Speaker Melissa Mark-Viverito and asked to
convene community members and develop recommendations
for health and aging in the East Harlem Neighborhood
Plan. The Steering Committee created a comprehensive
Neighborhood Plan that not only includes
recommendations for rezoning but also key investments
to support the growth of existing to support the
growth of the existing community. As the Neighborhood
Plan Steering Committee member, the Academy has been
engaged in the neighborhood planning process for over
two years. In our role as a member of the Steering
Committee we conducted a health impact assessment to
provide information about the potential health
effects of the plan's affordable housing and zoning
recommendations and to make this tool available to
the East Harlem community throughout the rezoning
process. Our health impact assessment concluded that
to prevent negative health impacts and promote health
equity implementation of the proposed rezoning in
connection to mandatory inclusionary housing should
prioritize maintaining existing affordable housing in
building new units as well as preventing the

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displacement of long term residents and local businesses. I would like to emphasize to the council that the public health chapter of the draft environmental impact statement in connection with this rezoning does not address the health impact of changes to what are commonly known as the broader determinants of health such as education, employment, socioeconomic status and housing. We know that residential displacement can negatively impact health, evidence shows that displacement can result in disruption of important social support, erosion of social capital and cohesion as well as increased transportation and other costs for families. We also know that some displaced residents will become homeless which in and of itself is linked to several negative health outcomes. Displacement and the threat of displacement can also lead to high levels of stress which is linked to chronic disease. In conclusion we find that the DEIS significantly underestimates the potential negative health impacts, the... as currently proposed the city council... the City Planning rezoning for East Harlem would adversely impact the health and character of this community and lower density rezoning proposed in the Neighborhood

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Plan achieves a better balance between creating new affordable housing and preserving the existing

character of the East Harlem.

5 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your 6 testimony, sir you may begin.

JUAN PERALTA: Hi, my name is Juan Peralta, I'm a Harlem native and part of the Justice Center in El Barrio. I have been to, to many of these meetings where 80 to 90 percent of the room are against the, the plans of rezoning but still votes are being passed no with conditions, yes and I truly feel that no matter how many people come out here the vote that is decided is going to... is going to pass. If... these votes directly go against the real stakeholders of East Harlem which are the, the members of the community that are at risk at... of displacement. Almost 40 percent of people living in East Harlem live under 30 percent AMI, 20 percent set aside is not enough. The Neighborhood Plan was not enough, if we are truly a sanctuary city we should be demanding for truly 100 percent affordable housing. New York City has enough vacant buildings to house up to two... 200,000 people, this is a study done by Picture the Homeless in 2012 and that's not taking

into, into consideration the, the high-rises that are
in Midtown and Queens that, that fall with 60, 50, 75
percent vacancy that have all been reported on in
different news articles. Mr., Mr. Greenfield who's
unfortunately not in the room gave himself a pat on
the back talking about how the community engagement
is what brought people out but today those people
that were up in the balcony were brought out by us,
Justice Center in El Barrio, we brought down 58
people that didn't know anything about the rezoning.
We the petitions that were dropped down from the
balcony were signatures from over form almost 3,000
people against the rezoning. We are not saying that
rezoning does not need to happen but it needs to be
truly for the people and not this so-called balance
that is being said that is really balance saying to
the developers to give a little bit and that they'll
be okay, we need real, real change and regulations
that is truly for the people, we cannot be thinking
about transplants and people coming into our
neighborhood when everyday people are going homeless
in East Harlem. Thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your testimony. Yes ma'am.

2	MARINA ORTIZ: Hi, my name is Marina
3	Ortiz and born and raised in East Harlem. Two minutes
4	is absolutely not enough time to dispute everything
5	that was said here and every single time we've tried
6	to have a conversation at the East Harlem
7	Neighborhood Plan meetings there's never been the
8	opportunity to have a real dialogue to break down and
9	debate every single point that is being made about
10	why we need to be rezoned. So, I invite the Speaker
11	to have a debate in East Harlem so we can go point by
12	point… [cross-talk]
13	COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Marina, if
14	you would ask… [cross-talk]
15	MARINA ORTIZ:to dispute [cross-talk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO:a
17	question you would [cross-talk]
18	MARINA ORTIZ:are you going to take
19	[cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO:if you
21	would ask… [cross-talk]
22	MARINA ORTIZ:my two minutes [cross-
23	talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO:no be oh

no, you get more time... [cross-talk]

lot of information... [cross-talk]

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 102 1 2 MARINA ORTIZ: That's not what I'm 3 talking... [cross-talk] 4 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...that was ... there was a lot of... [cross-talk] 5 MARINA ORTIZ: ...about, I'm talking... 6 7 [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...there was 8 9 a lot of... [cross-talk] 10 MARINA ORTIZ: ...about a point by point... 11 [cross-talk] 12 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...let me... 13 hold on a second... [cross-talk] MARINA ORTIZ: ...debate... [cross-talk] 14 15 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...let me 16 finish and then you can... [cross-talk] 17 MARINA ORTIZ: ...not a controlled conversation... [cross-talk] 18 19 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...back to 20 what you were saying, so there was a lot of information... [cross-talk] 21 2.2 MARINA ORTIZ: ...where we get two minutes... 2.3 [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...as I 24

indicated... there was a lot of information that was

- 2 | shared by the city, it was a very extensive
- 3 PowerPoint presentation which we're asking to be made
- 4 available to the public, we will then have
- 5 conversations in the community regarding what was
- 6 presented and what the city basically presented here
- 7 | today, this is not the only hearing or opportunity to
- 8 engage in this conversation so that's going to come
- 9 | back into the neighborhood, this is the formal
- 10 meeting that we're having here in the... in the
- 11 chambers, there's going to be more dialogue in the
- 12 community. So, go ahead if you want to start your
- 13 | time again... [cross-talk]
- 14 MARINA ORTIZ: Yes, could we start...
- 15 [cross-talk]
- 16 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...and speak
- 17 | directly... [cross-talk]
- 18 MARINA ORTIZ: ...the two minutes... [cross-
- 19 talk
- 20 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...to the
- 21 testimony... [cross-talk]
- 22 MARINA ORTIZ: ...again... thank you.
- 23 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Go ahead,
- 24 | of course you will... [cross-talk]

So, what I'm talking about 2 MARINA ORTIZ: 3 is a point by point debate not a controlled 4 conversation where we get up and line up again for one or two minutes and you again tell us every time I see you we don't know what we're talking about, we do 6 7 know what we're talking about, I invite you to have a 8 point by point debate about why we should not do any rezoning, okay and then I also want to take opportunity for my own time to let you know that I've 10 11 been trying to get to housing connect for over a month, I've been locked out of the website, I've 12 called, I've emailed, I've texted, no... I cannot reach 13 14 a live person, I've tried on three different browsers 15 and three different computers so that's just an 16 example of the government... the government... the city's bureaucracy and ineptitude so don't tell us you're 17 18 going to promise us housing but I'll give you a few 19 points about the rezoning. One, the housing will not 20 be affordable as been said, 30 percent is not enough 21 for the people in East Harlem, 38 percent of us earn 2.2 less than 30, 30 percent AMI. You're not providing 2.3 any housing for people who actually need affordable housing, you're not doing anything for the homeless 24 population in East Harlem except building more 25

shelters here and there. Working people are going to
be priced out, you know the, the tsunami effect of
rezoning, it's been proven in Williamsburg and every
other city in this country. Rezoning exacerbates
gentrification, you know that Melissa, you know
people in Williamsburg that are no longer there
because they can't afford to be there, we're going to
lose control of our neighborhood, 20 or 25 percent
set asides of quote "affordable housing" is going to
mean that 75 percent of the people moving into every
single one of these buildings are not going to be
people for the most part who look and sound and talk
like us. So, we're going to be displaced at the rate
of three to one, that's a civil rights issue, we're
going to lose our cultural legacy and our political
power, you know that to be true. Our cultural legacy
is fine with the wonderful murals but they're not
going to allow us to afford to live there. We need
you to stop the rezoning, there are alternatives, you
cannot give away city owned land, huge parcels of
city owned land to private developers for market rate
housing, there's no excuse for that, you can't cry
that you need to have rezoning when you've given away

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public land and you continue to do so. No rezoning,
period.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Next,

XAVIER ALUSER SANTIAGO: Dear honorable Council Members... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Just press your mic and make sure it's working.

XAVIER ALUSER SANTIAGO: Can you hear me now? Dear honorable Council Members, first thank you Madame Speaker for shining a light on Puerto Rico, many of our residents have family and friends there, I appreciate you shining that light. I just want to offer a different perspective. My name is Xavier Aluser Santiago, I am a resident of East Harlem. My business is based in this vibrant community but more importantly I'm raising what will be a fifth generation with deep roots in the district. I'm also a member of Community Board 11 of Manhattan where I've served as Housing Committee Chair and now I'm Budget Committee Chair overseeing requests on behalf of our district. You're already in possession of our position on the rezoning. Today though I speak to you as a concerned citizen to offer insight from my

studies into long into the long-term impact this
rezoning will have on our community because this has
happened before to our friends across the pond at
Notting Hill Gate, London, England. What connection
does East Harlem, Spanish Harlem have with Notting
Hill Gate, both had large populations of families
with roots in the Caribbean, they went through a
similar redistribution rezoning process and
subsequent privatization of their public housing
stock, having lived in that community and witnessed
firsthand the negative impact to those policy
decisions voting for this rezoning in its current
iteration will lay the groundwork toward not just
displacing hundreds if not thousands of people but
will enable a greater scheme to turn our beloved
Spanish Harlem into a stomping ground for
millionaires. Regrettably this isn't rhetoric, it's
fact. The famous Portobello Road where I live near
and the surrounding homes were once a place to find
young families of diversity now they are a minority
if any to be found at all. After the policy decisions
made by the leadership of the Borough of Kensington
in Chelsea the super wealthy have scooped up many
properties Balegars from Russia, the Middle East and

elsewhere have converted affordable homes into single
family compounds. I can cite many for the record
later if you so choose. Their public housing equally
has been decimated, is this the future we desire for
our district? Case and point, a town house was
flipped by speculators for 3.9 million on $101^{\rm st}$
Street, although many of you may think this is an
exaggeration the proof is in the pudding with their
privatization of land and public housing, it all
starts with a policy and a vote. This information has
been shared with all of our elected representatives
during my time here in London. Even though I could
speak at length to the board's position which is
public record my greater concern is what our
community will yield in 30 years, will we be the
family friendly community or will we be those proud
members who shaped our essence be pushed to the curb
through rising costs

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: I'm going to ask} % \end{substitute} % \end{substitute}$ 

XAVIER ALUSER SANTIAGO: I'm, I'm wrapping it up, thank you. Will our Puerto Rican day festivities slow... be slowly pushed out as the carnival in Notting Hill has, will those local

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families like mine, our businesses, artists and the like be jettison. The Subcommittee and the greater honorable body... honorable body have the singular opportunity to change the course of New York history for... history for the better but by not being a footnote but rather a chapter of significance. I implore you to vote against the rezoning and truly study the matter holistically. This is our watershed moment where we may truly right the wrongs of Robert Moses and others. Thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your testimony.

MICHELLE KOHUT: Hello, Michelle Kohut, that's how you pronounce my name. I'm here as a resident of Inwood actually to support and ally with the residents of East Harlem who are fighting against rezoning. We have the same fears for our community and Inwood and I became involved when I heard about the first project developed for Inwood which is the Inwood Library redevelopment which entails the demolition of our library without a plan for any interim library and also the use of public land being sold to a private developer for, for housing. So, I became involved and just wanted to come here today to

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share our support the other neighborhoods in the city are going to unite, this is affecting all of us. I'm really learning a lot about this process and I hope our Council Member can also work with our community, it seems you've done a lot in yours Speaker but as I can see the community is not on board with the plan and if they were there wouldn't be so much protests. So, if there is a way to build consensus because that's what Chair Richards you talked about at the beginning to build a consensus, you said that there was no easy solution and that there's a lot of fear and uncertainty and that is true but it seems that throughout the process for the East Harlem rezoning that those issues have not at all been resolved. When I got to know some of the other members sitting on the panel today they let me know that while there was a Steering Committee and a group to build the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan that it really was not a, a thorough process that was inclusive of the community's voices so thanks for listening, I'm going to be back again and we're going to continue to unite with the other neighborhoods who are going through rezoning because these solutions that are being proposed are unacceptable.

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CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your testimony.

KATHY BENSON HASKINS: Good afternoon Mr. Chairman, Speaker Mark-Viverito, Council Member Rosenthal, I think that's all... they're right here ... my name is Kathy Benson Haskins and I'm here representing Landmark East Harlem. We formed Landmark East Harlem so that the East Harlem community would have an ongoing voice in how our neighborhood is developed, we also want to support developments that preserve the unique cultural and historically significance of the neighborhood. Currently East Harlem has only 22 city designated landmarks and zero city designated historic districts. LEH has... that's Landmark East Harlem has compiled a list of buildings and historic districts for evaluation by the Landmarks Preservation Commission, we strongly urge the City Council, our local elected officials and the Community Board 11 to secure commitments from LPC that they will act to protect these endangered properties before any rezoning takes effect in East Harlem. Development pressures already threaten many of these irreplaceable properties and we cannot afford to lose any more pieces of the neighborhood's

history. Landmark East Harlem supports the zoning
recommendations contained in the East Harlem
Neighborhood Plan developed under the auspices of the
Speaker in a community based planning process. We
strongly oppose the rezoning proposal approved by the
Department of City Planning. Landmark East Harlem is
not opposed to rezoning or sensitive new development.
We do believe however that the greatest neighborhoods
are those that incorporate and celebrate older
buildings and streetscapes. Landmark East Harlem
supports up-zoning only to the extent that it will
trigger the implementation of mandatory inclusionary
housing requirements in East Harlem. The Department
of City Planning's proposed up-zoning for 3 <sup>rd</sup> and
Park Avenue's would yield the maximum residential
density allowed anywhere in New York City. We believe
the proposed rezoning gives developers license to
build as of right with no opportunity for community
input to determine the appropriateness of such large
structures. We urge the City Council to vote no on
the Department of City Planning's Plan and strongly
advocate instead for the East Harlem Neighborhood
Plan Rezoning. Thank [cross-talk]

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2 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you all for your testimony. 3

JUAN PERALTA: Excuse me, I just want to make one last remark, I'll be very quick less than ... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Very quick... [cross-talk]

JUAN PERALTA: ...ten seconds. The people from HPD were talking about secure housing in East Harlem and they were mentioning the projects but truly if you go into, into these projects you will see that it is not secure because there is leaky pipes, ceilings falling off, black mold, asbestos, how is that secure and, and... do... the people in the community truly don't know about these meetings and being... it being held at 12 in the... during the... during daytime when people are working, I had to call out of work to be here and I'm running to my second job now ... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, I'm going to have to cut you off because I have to get to the next panel...

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: So, let me... let me just say this that again as I indicated I

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was going to say this at the beginning of the panel there is going to be more conversation about this hearing, this is the formal hearing that we have to have in the city council chambers, that we have to have for the city council but there's going to be more conversation. I'm going to engage in more conversation with people, I appreciate those of you that testified on this panel, we have many more

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you, thank you all for your testimony. Alright. Alright, we're going to go to the next panel; Daria Fane, the Fane Organization; Brian Brown 32BJ SEIU.

panels to come and thank you for your time.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: And let me remind people that mandatory inclusionary is one tool in the box, it's not the end all, the city can subsidize on top of mandatory inclusionary housing which would produce more units so just something to keep in mind because we get lost in all of these terms, rezoning's are very difficult but mandatory is one tool in the toolbox not the whole pie. And are there any other members here... any other people here in favor if so you're more than welcome to come up now, we'll ask

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talk]

you to fill out a slip, any other members in favor, any other people in favor? Alright, so I'll ask you just to introduce yourselves for the record and then you may begin.

DARIA FANE: Hi, my name is Daria Fane and I represent the Fane Organization and I'm here to encourage the Speaker and the city council in favor of the proposed up-zoning for East Harlem. I know you've heard some opposition but I want to speak out about why greater density is good and why height is good in a city. We're... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: I'm going to ask everybody stay respectful if you don't agree you could... [cross-talk]

DARIA FANE: Yes... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: ...do your little gestures... [cross-talk]

DARIA FANE: I listened to you... [cross-

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: ...as long as they're respectful... [cross-talk]

DARIA FANE: ...you can listen to me. We're real estate developers and we own property along Park Avenue, we're not newcomers to the neighborhood but

we've been in East Harlem since the 1980's, many of
you may be familiar with the yellow brick loft
building on Park Avenue between East 130 <sup>th</sup> and East
131 <sup>st</sup> . During the years since the 1980's as members
of the private sector we've worked to improve the
those blocks, to improve our property from it was
burned out, graffiti covered now it's filled with
vibrant community use; Harlem children zone, we have
a, a senior day care center, a health clinic and
other community services in the buildings. If up-
zoned there will be new construction along Park
Avenue frankly, Park Avenue desperately needs it
right now it's a dismal deserted place at night,
frankly it's scary to walk between the subway up Park
Avenue corridor at night. The proposal for mixed use
will allow commercial on the ground floor and
residential up above, it's good to get residential up
above the tracks where the air is better and the view
is better, height is better for Park Avenue. The
density bringing people, residents living on that
stretch of land will be good for the neighborhood
instead of a dangerous deserted area people will be
walking home and there will people shopping in
grocery stores, picking things up before they go home

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in a normal, vibrant, residential neighborhood.

That's the kind of up-zoning that East Harlem needs and that Park Avenue needs. I encourage you to go ahead with the, the rezoning.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your testimony Daria.

BRYANT BROWN: Good afternoon, my name is Bryant Brown and I am here testifying today on behalf of my union, 32BJ SEIU. Over 1,232 BJ members live in East Harlem and over 732 BJ members work in the neighborhood. These individuals maintain, clean and provide security services in market rate and affordable residential buildings. The well-paying building service jobs they hold allow their families to live, work and succeed in this city. East Harlem is a diverse community of working people like me, I know many of my neighbors are struggling as their rents increase while their wages stay the same. New development that includes affordable housing for a mix of incomes and that creates jobs that pay decent wages is the only way working people will be able to continue to live in East Harlem. The East Harlem Neighborhood Plan recommended that this rezoning move forward with a number of provisions to help ensure it

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would create good jobs for neighborhood residents. These recommendations include; number one a quarantee from the city that any developer receiving public subsidies who are building on public land will be required to pay the prevailing wage for building service workers. Number two, a quarantee from private developers that they too will pay the prevailing wage in their industry. Number three, a local hiring plan that prioritizes offering job placements to East Harlem residents. We believe this rezoning should only move forward with these provisions. We are happy to report some progress on the second provision, 32BJ has had conversations with L and M, the developer behind both the Sendero Verde site and another site in the rezoning area and we are confident that the developer will soon make a public commitment to ensuring that the building service jobs at these sites are good jobs that meet the area standards. We believe that before this area wide rezoning is approved other developers who stand to gain from it Artimus Construction and Tall Property Equities should make public commitments to good jobs as well. Thank you.

2	CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your
3	testimony. Alright, we're going to go to the next
4	panel. Emily Parkey, DREAM; Chris Walters, ANHD;
5	Esther Devore, Harlem Drummers I think Harlem
6	Drummers… Harlem Drummers; Ben Haber, a resident it
7	looks like and CIVITAS Alexander Adams and yeah and
8	also William Rudenbush… Rodenbush… Raudenbush. So,
9	Emily Parkey, DREAM; Chris Walters, ANHD; Esther
10	Devore, Harlem Drummers; Ben Habor; Alexander Adams,
11	CIVITAS; William Raudenbush. Alright, can you just
12	give me your names quickly so I can know who's up
13	Emily Parkey if you're raise… up there raise your
14	hand; Chris Walters, Chris Walters; Esther Devore,
15	that's you; Ben Haber, Ben Haber; Alexander Adams?
16	You're Al… okay and William… is it Ben Haber?
17	WILLIAM RAUDENBUSH: What's that?
18	CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: You're Ben Haber?
19	WILLIAM RAUDENBUSH: No, William
20	Raudenbush.
21	CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okav. Oh okav, so

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay. Oh okay, so
Ben is not here, okay. So, we'll fill two more seats.
Okay, we're going to go to Valin [sp?] Ranelli,
Northern Manhattan Not for Sale and Paula Crespo,
Pratt Institute, Paula Crespo, Pratt you here, okay.

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Alright, you may begin. State your names for the record before you begin and who you're representing, thank you.

EMILY PARKEY: Good afternoon Speaker, good afternoon Council Members. My name is Emily Parkey and I am a proud resident of East Harlem. I am also the Director of Family and Community Engagement and Government Affairs at DREAM, a community based organization with more than 26 years of experience in East Harlem. Our mission is to inspire youth to recognize their potential and realize their dreams. The vast majority of the youth and families that my organization serves are extremely low income. In fact, 91 percent of our school's youth receive free and reduced lunch. This is consistent with data published about our neighborhood where the median household income is 32,677 dollars. It is these lowincome youth and families that I kept in mind as I served as the subgroup lead on pre-K, after school, and day care for the East Harlem Neighborhood Steering Committee organized by Speaker Viverito. For the past two years the Steering Committee has worked tirelessly to organize community forums and subgroup meetings to include the voices of East Harlem and a

plan to rezone our neighborhood. It is these families
that I am here for today. In recent years I have seen
far too many of our organizations long standing low-
income immigrant families many of whom have lived in
the neighborhood for more than 25 years and
contribute to the unique cultural fabric of East
Harlem be forced from their homes and into our city's
shelter system because they are unable to keep up
with the neighborhood's rising rents. That is why I
want to reiterate today what I feel to be the most
important priorities issued in the neighborhood plan.
It is critical that East Harlem's rezoning must
maximize deep and permanently affordable deep and
permanent affordability on all publicly owned sites
with at least 20 percent of units at or below 30
percent of AMI. City Planning has chosen to exclude
vast areas of our district from the rezoning
particularly the areas between $96^{\text{th}}$ Streets and $104^{\text{th}}$
Street. I would urge city council to consider
expanding the boundaries of rezoning to increase
affordable units without an appropriate density.
Finally, I want to ensure that city council is able
to make significant capital investments in East
Harlem's NYCHA developments to mitigate the 1.88

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billion dollars in unmet needs that is currently happening in community board 11 and ensure that NYCHA residents have a voice in any decision making around the rezoning. This is important particularly to the youth and families of DREAM Charter School which ensures that 50 percent of our incoming scholars come from the NYCHA developments surrounding our school.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your testimony. Drummers.

ESTHER DEVORE: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Are you actual

drummers, you actually... [cross-talk]

ESTHER DEVORE: Yes...

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Your organization drums... okay.

ESTHER DEVORE: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Awesome.

I'm the CEO of the Harlem Drummers Steppers and Flag
Team. I'm here as a resident and I was at the
beginning of this project, I went to a lot of the
meetings, I'm on the Steering Committee and
everything either way I made my... I made myself

2 available to have a stake and a say in the... [cross-3 talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Esther pull it closer to you please.

ESTHER DEVORE: Oh in the outcome of this decision, you know a lot of people walked out and want not, I wanted to be there. I live on the 16<sup>th</sup> floor in a complex where the elevators don't work that well, okay, we had no lights for two days and water, the water was off for, for two days and then we have 35 floors so density is one of my main concerns due to the fact that I had two... I have two knee replacements, how in the world am I going to get up and down into another building and I want my children to be able to move in one of these buildings and I can visit them. another thing I'm concerned about is the green space, there should be trees on, on each block so there could be fresh air so the youth and the babies won't get asthma, okay and then also I was thinking about the ... let me get the glasses now, telling my age now... the internships for jobs in the community it's where they'll be trained and be the first to, to, to work and if ... you know either way it goes they still have to be built, okay and they

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2 should be the first people there and first rights for

3 the community to get stores and businesses in the

4 community instead of outsiders. I think it should be

for the community to get first hand privileges.

That's it.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you so much for your testimony.

ESTHER DEVORE: Okay... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Esther ...

ALEXANDER ADAMS: Hello, yeah...

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Pull your mic a little closer, okay.

ALEXANDER ADAMS: Hello, my, my name is Alexander Adams and I'm with CIVITAS Organizations. CIVITAS believes that the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan that everyone has talked about here today has almost 100 stakeholders in it, is a model and should be actually formally acknowledged by the city council as a long-term community strategy. Beyond this rezoning because we can talk about the rezoning but we're concerned that this not be one bite at the apple that this a long-term investment, long term strategy. We think mandatory inclusionary housing across all of East Harlem would result actually in

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more affordable house... housing units than what this exact narrow rezoning would. We appreciate the height limits for context however we acknowledge that additional density will mean additional sewage, additional infrastructure, additional other items that's why we're advocating also for items like the East River esplanade not only as a park but to be rebuilt correctly as a resiliency item that can help with flooding and an ecological edge that can help with filtering sediment and runoff and that helps as the actual river for the residents. We're looking at individual and district wide historic preservation areas to preserve culture buildings and businesses and we're looking at areas we support like La Marqueta that can be both a preservation and a job generator, they can be an incubator of jobs. So, East Harlem needs the council to set long term priorities, long term policies beyond this rezoning and this be a start, a beginning not an end.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your testimony. You may begin.

PAULA CRESPO: Good afternoon Council

Members. My name is Paula Crespo and I'm a planner at
the Pratt Center for Community Development one of

several technical assistance providers to community
voices heard. The Pratt Center works with community
based organizations across the city to help them
achieve equitable development in their neighborhoods.
I'd like to talk about the Neighborhood Development
Fund and how a potentially rezoned East Harlem should
get access to public capital investment. In the last
several years the private sector has started to
reinvest in the neighborhood. We see this in the form
of new housing and retail however despite an
impressive resurgence since the low days of the
1960's and 70's in many respects East Harlem is still
an underserved neighborhood that regardless of, of a
rezoning needs public sector capital investment in
parks, playgrounds, schools and other key elements of
the public realm. Therefore, we are greatly concerned
about the administration's intention to tie the
amount of public capital investment to how much new
density that East Harlem stakeholders are willing to
accept. Another word the administration is planning
on breaking off a chunk of the neighborhood
development fund in an amount that is proportional to
the amount of new housing units that the rezoning
would create. This ignores the fact that East Harlem

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is already dealing with public underinvestment and it's an example of inequitable development. It also fuels the more universal complaint from longtime residents that their neighborhoods do not receive adequate public investment until they gentrify, new higher income households arrive. East Harlem deserves a more equitable formula for determining an appropriate level of public investment. I urge the city council to work with the administration to ensure that the rezoning process allows East Harlem to get its fair share of public capital investment at levels that do not merely consider the new population that will arrive after the rezoning. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you.

Raudenbush, I'm a Candidate for City Council in

District six and I'm also a Community Advocate and a responsible Development Advocate and I'd like to echo what was just stated. I think it's very important to understand that there is no infrastructure being built in advance of this plan and East Harlem already lapse behind in infrastructure so I just wanted to double down on that point. My first point is that... of my own points is that the long-term affordability of

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this plan needs to work for the existing residents of East Harlem. On the way over here, I was listening to the radio and there was a gentleman from the Bloomberg Administration who was fielding calls and someone had called from Greenpoint and they talked about how the Greenpoint rezoning had pushed out all the old Polish immigrant community and his response was that well we're still spending 29 percent of our income on housing so it's still affordable even though that's a completely different set of people that had replaced existing residents. Make no mistake that this plan as it currently is will replace many of the existing residents. I share the Municipal Arts of Society's concern that what this plan will do is expose 72 unregistered subsidized buildings because there's a four-year backlog to redevelopment that means that the legal status of the people who are in those buildings is questionable because even though the developer... even though the people who own those buildings are getting the subsidy, are getting the rent... the tax subsidy those people are not protected, that is a large concern. I think all of the market rate forces are being understated because that will be the largest displacement. In the own... in the

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environmental impact statement from this project it admits that it would result with new populations of higher income than existing residents and it would not... and they believe that it would not create significant adverse impacts through secondary displacements, I disagree on its face that is simply false. I just want to say that this plan right now offers halfhearted solutions to problems it creates of rezoned buildings and the unaffordable housing will... and the affordable housing part of this will turbo charge gentrification and all just in time for the phase two of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue subway which we all know will change the neighborhood fundamentally as it is. Thank you very much for your time.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: You may begin, okay.

VALIN RANELLI: Good afternoon. My name is Valin Ranelli and I am here representing the Northern Manhattan Not For Sale Coalition in solidarity with the people of East Harlem in their opposition to the proposed rezoning plan. In Inwood like many neighborhoods throughout New York City we are facing a similar proposal which threatens to displace many of our long time and hardworking

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residents who are already struggling to make ends meet. In order to continue being a historical city that welcomes immigrants and prides itself on diversity we must stand united in this fight so my fight is your fight, your fight is our fight. East Harlem's fight is Inwood's fight, Northern Manhattan is not for sale, East Harlem is not for sale, Jerome Avenue is not for sale, New York City is not for sale, our homes and our lives are not for sale. Thank you very much.

## [Spanish dialogue]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Gracias. Alright, thank you all for your testimony. No calling out please, gracias. Paula Segal, East Harlem Rezoning, Urban Justice Center; Lynn Elsworth and Alan Berger are you both testifying or is... Human Service Skill NYC. Yeah, this is Lynn Elsworth and Alan Berger the first... the other person is Paula Segal, Urban Justice Center; Maria, I can't understand your handwriting but Picture the Homeless, it looks like my handwriting; Toya Malino, Malino, Malino, Justice Center for El Barrio; Linda Corselus [sp?], Franklin Plaza Apartments; Yanina Calderon, People's Congress of Resistance. Do we have everybody? So, I'll read

4 Alright, so we can probably get two more people up.

5 Let me just say... Lynn Elsworth?

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6 LYNN ELSWORTH: Yes, I'm here... [cross-7 talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Yeah, that's you.

Maria, that's you? Toy... Toya? Okay. Alright, we'll

call two more individuals. Althea York, Picture the

Homeless, Althea? Alright, you're here, okay and

Pearl Barkley or Bartley, Bart... yes, come on up.

Alright, you may begin ma'am.

LYNN ELSWORTH: Okay, great.

[off-mic dialogue]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Alright, sir.

Okay, you may begin.

LYNN ELSWORTH: Okay, thank you. I have a question after my testimony that arose from this if I'm free to ask afterwards, I don't know... [crosstalk]

22 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Just speak a 23 little bit higher into your mic.

LYNN ELSWORTH: Okay, great. I do have a question after my testimony that arose during the

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presentation from the City Planning but I'll throw it in if there's time. I'm Lynn Elsworth, I'm an economist and member of Human Scale NYC, a non-profit that promotes neighborhood livability, democratic control over the built environment and human scale urbanism. First, we consider the East Harlem rezoning proposal to be too flawed to pass, it's underlying premise is unproven and destructive falsely insisting that affordable housing can only be achieved by a tower deals with developers at a ratio of 70 market rates... market rate units to 30 affordable units. The idea ignores the issue of displacement and results in a flood in the market of luxury units, where in the world has a similar plan lowered housing costs, nowhere. In fact, the evidence is to the contrary, developer led towerization causes poorer families of color to leave as reported last year in the study of Upper East Side census tracks. Second, we also object when the city tries to trick the public with fake participatory planning meetings and with the use of cooked environmental impact statements. It is odd that rezoning's are not put to real public referenda instead tightly controlled neighborhood planning workshops are used to claim that residents desire the

plan, workshops where the no rezoning option is never
allowed to surface and it is an insult to our
intelligence when the EIS pretends that there is no
significant impact on the area's history, existing
human scale, density, shadows, open space and
libraries. Third the plan is also misguided from an
architectural point of view. Not only does it ignore
the need for landmarking a significant chunk of East
Harlem instead it aims to replicate New York's worst
urban design experience, the demolition and
subsequent towerization of Yorkville. Last, we decry
that the city did not even attempt to human scale
affordable housing plan for East Harlem, in the long
run of history this failure of imagination will be
considered shocking for the destructive violence it
inflicts on a human scale neighborhood destruction
that is at the same scale of urban renewal years ago.
Therefore, we urge the council to vote no and ask
that members vote their conscious rather than follow
the lead of the speaker. I have a couple of one
question in the presentation [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: We've got to ... we have to move to the… [cross-talk]

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2 LYNN ELSWORTH: Okay, I'll move on...

3 [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: ...we have to get through, yeah but you... but you're... at, at... towards the end of the panel you're more than welcome. Press your... press your mic.

LINDA CORSELUS: I'm sorry?

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Press your mic to} \enskip \$ 

LINDA CORSELUS: Okay, my... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: There you go...

[cross-talk]

Corselus, I live in Franklin Plaza which is a
Mitchell-Lama building and we are subsidized. I did
not come here for myself, I came here because of the
residents that were not able to come here and testify
against rezoning. I was born and raised in East
Harlem, I have seen the changes in East Harlem from
day one. I'm not a spring chicken, I'm 74 years old
so spring... there's nothing spring about me, well I, I
do have spring however let's get away from that. Let
me say I'm against rezoning because I remember when
Bill De Blasio came up with rezoning and in so far as

I'm concerned when people give you money, politicians
money they want something back, they don't give you
money because you're cute, it doesn't happen like
that. Bill De Blasio was getting a lot of money from
developers and the pay back is that now they want to
put buildings in East Harlem that we can't afford to
move into. I am a I'm in complete opposition of
rezoning, hundreds of apartments are going up that
are not affordable. This rezoning plan is set to add
4,500 apartments that are not affordable, they say
they are building 1,500 affordable apartments that in
East Harlem East in East Harlem like myself cannot
afford to move into. Neighborhoods that we were born
and raised in neighborhoods that we were born and
raised in now are getting pushed out. Landlords are
harassing a lot of the tenants that live there that
have been living there for a long time. I lived on
East 91 <sup>st</sup> Street… prior to moving into Franklin Plaza
I lived on $91^{\rm st}$ Street be between Lexington and $3^{\rm rd}$
when I told the landlord I'm moving to East Harlem
the man celebrated because he wanted to refurnish the
apartment so he could raise the rent, it's all about
money and politics and in business it's all about
money. We need more affordable apartments in East

Harlem that where the income is 35,000 or below.
Without rezoning the city can truly afford
apartments affordable can truly wait a minute, I'm
sorry, without rezoning the city can build truly
affordable apartments on public land. Miss Melissa
Mark-Viverito you are good to the people in Franklin
Plaza and for that I give you a lot of lot of credit
however with rezoning the people that live in East
Harlem they're not going to get anywhere, the
they're building buildings everywhere right now. I
walked I'm 74 but I walk all over East Harlem and we
have buildings everywhere and they're not for the
people that live and if rezoning comes in that's not
going to happen either. So, I beg you to reconsider
about voting yes for rezoning, we want you to vote no
and you said that you're going to have more meetings
Melissa you're going to see me there like a cockroach
I'll be I'm going to be there, Linda Corselus is
going to be at all the meetings. Thank you for your
time.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you and you don't… [cross-talk]

LINDA CORSELUS: Thank you... [cross-talk]

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2 CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: ...look a day over

3 25... [cross-talk]

LINDA CORSELUS: Yes... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Alright, yes ma'am

6 you may begin.

MARIA WALLES: I am scared and I am

8 | nervous. I just want to... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Is your mic on?

MARIA WALLES: Yes, it is...

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: It is, okay.

MARIA WALLES: Yes, it is... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Bring it a little

14 | closer... [cross-talk]

MARIA WALLES: ...I'm just scared and I'm just nervous about this whole rezoning thing so I'll just keep it like that. Good afternoon everybody on the panel. My name is Maria Walles, I am a member of Picture the Homeless. I'm testifying today, today to impose to the current neighborhood rezoning proposal. Two years ago, I started getting involved with the East Harlem Neighborhood Planning talking to the people in the community, we helped about what we wanted in the neighborhood. They're asking everyone

who works and lives in the neighborhood to contribute

to this plan, we thought this plan was going to help
us, repeat was going to help us getting what our
neighborhood needs but I feel like all of our work
went down the toilet, nothing seems to be getting
done. As far as the rezoning is concerned instead of
talking about what we're supposed to do it feels like
these things are, are being deteriorated. I don't
like the fact that we're getting ready to decrease
our mommas and papa stores and small business in the
area, we're getting rid of retail like the local
Pathmark and of course the Rainbow shops, it's not
there. The people who used to be to used to work in
the in the stores, the people who used to live in
this neighborhood may be facing eviction or facing
entering into shelter and I don't like that word but
the building is just sitting there empty, we thought
something would go up right away instead we have
nothing, what do we have to build luxury building,
repeat luxury buildings when people in the
neighborhood are low income, they can't afford that.
We are throwing people into shelters including
cluster sites with the shelter residents and tenants
that live in the same building. The rezoning will
lead to paying tenants getting knocked out of their

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home entering the shelter system, going through the whole process over again, I repeat over and over again. The neighborhood needs real low-income housing, we need to keep our supermarkets in the neighborhood, we need community gardens and playgrounds, community centers, service for the senior citizens, after school and a lot more. I don't see how that is going to accomplish through this rezoning. We don't need for this rezoning to go any further, not at all. My name is Maria, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you so much for your testimony.

YANINA CALDERON: Can you hear me? Good afternoon, my name is Yanina Calderon, I'm representing the Justice Center in El Barrio, a People Congress of Resistance. More than 2,000 signatures collected over the new... the few weeks in El Barrio and East Harlem. A lot of these people didn't know what was going on in their area in regards of rezoning but they saw changes in their neighborhoods, why, when there is a plan of gentrification and rezoning the members that actually live in these neighborhoods are not informed or asked if they want these changes in their communities. This

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is a real act of racist rezoning, this will not contribute to the low-income families to obtain affordable housing and the small local businesses are already being affected. Not only Puerto Rico just suffered the destruction of hurricane Maria many of the residents in El Barrio is still not communicating with their families. Some have lost loved ones and yet the recovery of this colony will be a very long one. A community of Puerto Ricans in New York City is being a target of rezoning, this entire community is full of flavor, of tradition and culture the form what we call El Barrio. People of El Barrio, people of East Harlem, the elderly, people of color, immigrants, low income families are the most effected, our people it is in disagreement with Mayor De Blasio's plan. This plan is a trojan horse that will lead to gentrification and displacement. We want our voices to be heard and to be taken in account at a... at a time you are taking a decision. We want the accountability of the signing petitions done by the real community members that are being affected by this plan. We want to reverse the trend towards displacement and we want to preserve our communities and culture. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you.

PEARL BARKLEY: Can everybody hear me, I'm having a little problem with my voice, it's... well anyway my name is Pearl Barkley, I'm a long-term resident of Jefferson Houses in East Harlem and I stand here today as a descendent of Africans enslaved in the United States and I say that with pride and dignity and from that perspective I'm speaking. I think that the major problem that we're hitting on is the concepts and the definitions that we're using. I remember a time when East Harlem had gone through the process of plan shrinkage, okay, that was one thing, we were designated as being deserved of benign neglect and now we're the hot market, who determines that? Who determines now that East Harlem is quote, unquote "valuable", the real estate board of New York, that's what we're talking about, the have and the have nots. Okay, that's what we're talking about plain and simple. So, at the end of the day if you don't change the definitions of what you're talking about you're going to continue to have the same problem. Land in and of itself has no extrinsic value other than what is assigned to it. Most people are renting air space, we're not even renting land space

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and with all of that you still cannot solve a housing problem, you have people in the United States right now that are living in the woods, that is shameful for the United States, shameful. You go down to the South people are living out in the woods and on a ending note I'm... because I'm not going to talk too long, I could go on forever, right now the Lenape Indians as we sit here are fighting the Pilgrim Oil Company so what have we learned as a nation? Until you redefine these concepts what is land, what does that mean, what is it worth, how should it be distributed, you're going to continue to have these conversations?

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your testimony.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: So, I'm going to... be, because...

ASHLEY HAMOS: Just to be clear this is the testimony of Althea York, member of Picture the Homeless. So, my name is Althea York, I'm a member of Picture the Homeless and a former resident of East Harlem specifically 225 East 96<sup>th</sup> Street where I lived for 18 years. Due to a family emergency in 1979 I had to leave my home and when I came back to New

York everything had changed. I don't know what pull
my ex-landlord has but his four pre-war five story
walk up buildings on which penthouses were added are
the only ones that are still around in a two block or
more radius, everything else are high-rises and not
affordable not affordable to former residents like
myself. They got rid of all the rent controlled units
around there and I doubt very much if they became
rent stabilized before going straight to market
rates. Only one person that was my neighbor is still
living there the last time that I checked and I think
he might be going through hell. This was only
possible because where I lived on 96 <sup>th</sup> Street was
zoned for buildings much taller than the areas North
of it. While $96^{\text{th}}$ Street was zoned R10, the street
just North of 96 <sup>th</sup> and most of East Harlem was zoned
only R7. I don't want to see what happened in Lower
East Harlem happen to us to Upper East Harlem then
everybody will be displaced like I am today. I live
in the Bronx now but I want to move back to El
Barrio. What has been done to El Barrio's La Marqueta
is preposterous that market under the L used to run
from $110^{\text{th}}$ to $125^{\text{th}}$ Street and you could get clothing,
food, shoes, you name it right there, it was a big

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draw to East Harlem, people came from Brooklyn,

Queens and all over to shop there. Our Spanish Movie

Theater, our famous restaurant on 116<sup>th</sup> Street, key

food, A and P Supermarkets and so many of our little,

local, cultural businesses were all taken away from

us. To preserve our East Harlem culture and stop the

displacement of the residents who have made their

homes here for decades please ignore all these

attempts at blackmail and threats to withhold

investments in the neighborhood, funding for NYCHA

repairs, subsidies for housing and other things our

neighborhood deserves. Please vote no against this

rezoning.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you and I think you had one question ma'am?

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: If you want to just... [cross-talk]

LYNN ELSWORTH: Well just a... confusion about City Planning. When City Planning made their presentation it was a little... they are in... some clarification might be useful for the public like myself, I like numbers, went through the EIS in great detail one slide said 4,100 affordable housing units, a third slide said 1,500 another... yet another

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gentleman mentioned 2,100 and the EIS mentioned 900 somewhere and then yet another person mentioned 2,600 affordable housing units and I realize they're using different definitions and talking about different things but in such a short time span of 20 minutes all those numbers were thrown out as to... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Uh-huh...

[cross-talk]

LYNN ELSWORTH: ...how many units would be produced, it would be great to have a... [cross-talk]

can get clarification so we, we... again the, the information and the slides they presented will be online so at least you can access it and look at it more carefully and if there's additional questions, I mean we just wrote down what you asked, we can get clarification not a problem, we obviously want more information shared not less but obviously they were going through it very quickly and it was very dense so we'll try to get clarification on that but it will be online and we'll make sure that we at least from our website on the council direct people to it as well. Just a couple of things because I, I want to clarify since I know Linda and some others kind of

addressed me directly but I am you know since I am
using the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan as a
foundation in terms of pushing back with the city
again it does ask for moderate increase in density,
the moderate increase in density that would be
provided would be primarily affordable housing and
deeper levels of affordability is what we're looking
to get obviously for that. A lot of the development
and you alluded to it Linda, a lot of the development
that is happening in El Barrio right around us is
stuff that owners those are private landlords,
private owners that can build that as of right with
no mandate for affordability, it is all luxury, it is
all luxury and that is putting pressure on our
community. The $103^{\rm rd}$ those of you that live in El
Barrio you know for prime example is 104 <sup>th</sup> Street
and Park Avenue that big huge structure that's going
up there, that's private, that owner buys bought
those lots, approached some other people, bought up
lots and is building that and has absolutely no
affordability in it. So, what the East Harlem
Neighborhood Plan is asking is that, you know what
they're going to construct market rate housing
because they have the right to do that even before,

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right but that any additional density that that vast majority of that density is going to produce affordable housing, so there's a mandate and that does not exist right now. So, with that and dealing with other issues that I heard, you know the plan is very specific about open space, about improving our parks, about creating jobs that are for the community, those, those are all the things and that's what I am using, right because it was an extensive plan, it had a lot of community engagement, a lot of community dialogue that came out of it that is what the plan is calling for. So, what City Planning has presented to us, to me does not answer, it does not speak to the plan therefore that's why we're having this conversation because I'm going to have to vote on it and I'm going to be demanding some additional changes and revisions from the city. So, I just wanted to put that in perspective because that's the basis on which I'm using a lot of my... the, the ... you know quidance in terms of how I proceed is... because we went through over ... almost a two-year process of community engagement and there are those who chose to be part of the process and those that chose not to be part of the process but everybody's opinion is valid

you. Andres Perez, Picture of the Home... Picture the

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Homeless; Jose Rodriguez, Picture the Homeless; Ryan Cullen, East Harlem; Simus Coolin, Culin, New Design High School in El Barrio; Marge Othero; Acarina Bedsforco. Alright, alright. Let's see who comes up, alright. Andres Perez, Jose Rodriguez, Ryan Cullen, Simus Culin, Marge Othero, Acarina... Acaterina... okay, alright. Okay, on... are you Andres? Jose, Jose?

JOSE RODRIGUEZ: Yes, Jose, yes.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, we'll just...
as you sit... Ray Rodgers, Ray Rodgers, raise your
hand, you coming on down, okay. David Eisenbach,
okay. Mathusa Ramon Ciera Nievas, Ciera Nievas, are
you here, Ciera, no. Tom DeMott? Alright, let's get
to the next person. Evan Blum, Evan Blum, raise your
hand, okay come on down. And we'll call Pilar
DeJesus, Pilar, Pilar, you're here? Okay. Alright.
Okay. Okay, if we're overbooked just sit on the side
and then we'll, we'll call you right after, sorry.
Alright, Jose you may begin. Press your mic make sure
its lit up red.

JOSE RODRIGUEZ: Okay, good day to all.

My name is Jose Rodriguez and I am a member of

Picture the Homeless formally homeless and a Banana

Kelly Resident's Council Member. I am testifying

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today to impose the rezoning proposal in East Harlem. The city has lost over 250,000 rent subsidized apartments since 1994. The city has a chronic and extensive homeless dilemma and rezoning communities of color has not been the solution to the problem but has contributed to it along with voucher programs failing the most vulnerable. People are homeless not because of medical issues, psychological issues, substance abuse issues, or because people are lazy like the news always portrays. People are being pushed out of their homes because becoming homeless because of economics, people are not able to afford the high rents. There are solutions to the homeless crisis the city is currently facing and there is no concrete study indicating that rezoning any community has had a positive impact on reducing the over 60,000 New Yorkers who are... who, who are homeless. Warehousing people in shelters is not moral and is not the solution, Picture the Homeless is asking the city council to vote no on the rezoning to end the practice of rezoning and displacing communities of color and to hear, serve and honor the community residents and also, I would like to take the time out to thank Melissa Mark-Viverito for the East Harlem El

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2 Barrio Community Land Trust, thank you for supporting 3 it.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you.

ECATADINA DESPERATCO: Good afternoon, my name Ecatadina Desperatco and I am from Queens and a member of Queens Neighborhoods United an antigentrification group in Corona Elmhurst and Jackson Heights and we are here in support of East Harlem and El Barrio residents who are opposing the zoning plan. This plan despite the one-and-a-half-hour conversation about all the other good things that it will bring it is fundamentally an up-zoning plan. All the other services and protections for existing tenants can be provided right now without rezoning anything and it is also not true that if we do not rezone we get no affordable housing, you can demand right now that existing developers have mandatory inclusionary housing, you simply don't choose to do that, you choose to have a law that says we will give mandatory inclusionary housing in exchange for upzoning. Again up-zoning as the prior speaker just pointed out does not... has, has never prevented displacement and has always exacerbated displacement everywhere it's been done in New York City and in all

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other cities that it's been done in and again mandatory inclusionary housing is only conditioning... conditional on up-zoning because you chose to make it conditional on up-zoning and all the other protections such as anti-harassment and so forth should be there regardless of zoning. Again, we urge the council to vote unequivocally unconditionally no because it... this is a plan about up-zoning displacement and everything else that goes along with it to sweeten the deal can be given and should be given to the community without it... with, without any kind of rezoning, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you. You may begin sir. Press your mic.

EVAN BLUM: My name is Evan Blum, I have a piece of property on the South side of 125<sup>th</sup> Street between 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Avenue where I operate a business and I wanted to find out about the rezoning because the rezoning seems to include everyone else in the area except me and I don't understand why it cannot be continued and why I have to be involved with affordable housing just to benefit by the up-zoning. I'm not here to debate one side or another but I just feel it's grossly unfair that you have to be in

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housing in order to benefit by the ... in these zoning changes. It seems to be on both sides of both avenues, the proposed zoning change, both corners and right in the middle where I'm at its left out and I just want to find out how I can go get my share of benefit of the up-zoning for a commercial development that is badly needed because you have all these places of affordable housing, housing, housing... but who's... where are they going to work, no jobs, where's the jobs? Construction jobs are not sustainable, they come and go, where's the sustainability of real sustainable jobs, those jobs should be permanent jobs that stay in the community. For example, hotels, restaurants, office buildings for legitimate commercial development which really shouldn't be a high opposition. I think we really need to think about the shrinkage of retail and all those big box stores which are slowly shrinking and eroding because of online retailing and I'm think it's outdated this plan because I don't think it takes into account the correct amount of jobs creation that really should be taking place in proportion to the amount of housing that is created. So, my question is how do I get my share of the benefit... [cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: You should probably speak to the Department of City Planning.

EVAN BLUM: Unfortunately they all left.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: You can call them,

I'm sure they have a Manhattan Office and you are

more than welcome to call them, alright.

RAY ROGERS: Thank you, Ray Rogers, East Harlem resident. I want to quote from a new book called The Creative Destruction of New York City; Engineering the City for the Elite by Alessandro Busa. "When did people tell their government bureaucracies to drain city budgets to give out massive tax breaks to developers and buyers of luxury units when affordable housing is shrinking at a record pace", unfortunately the rezoning plans leading to their hypergentrification on steroids throughout New York City including East Harlem are the rezoning profit driven plans of REBNY, the Real Estate Board of New York which has been described by many as being run by a cartel of bullies and rock, rocketeers. Who are these rocketeers and bullies that are making these policies that the politicians seem to be following? Number one, tax avoider and, and union buster Steven Ross of related companies net

worth 7.6 billion dollars, Rob and Jerry Speyer of
Tishman Speyer net worth 3.9 billion dollars, they
illegally deregulated thousands of rent stabilized
apartments in Stuyvesant town in a scheme to steal
millions of dollars from more than 27,000 tenants in
order to turn those apartments into high priced
condominiums. Tishman Speyer right now is building
3,000 Long Island City and is reported that they're
receiving 200 million in tax abatements to, to
provide affordable housing yet because of a loop hole
in the 421A Law they're not going to provide any
affordable housing but they're keeping the tax
abatements. Number three, Jed and David Walentas of
Two Trees Management net worth 2.1 billion dollars,
they're also crooks, they violated rent stabilization
laws and construction safety laws. Then let's not
forget slumlord Daniel Brodsky, our Extell
Development Company head, Gary Barnett the one who
created the poor doors, thank goodness for the folks
that outlawed those, you know the in affordable
housing the poor people have one entrance, the rich
people have another and one last one we should
mention Ron Moelis who's very closely associated with
Deputy Mayor Alicia Glen, Ron Moelis he's the head of

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L and M Development and he's very close I might add

to the President of REBNY because the REBNY President

4 John Banks his wife Lisa Gomez is the Chief Operating

5 Officer of L and M Development. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you.

DAVID EISENBACH: My name is David Eisenbach and I just ran for Public Advocate in the Democratic Primary. I just want to make it clear that the disproportionate opposition that we saw today in this room versus the support for this plan is actually reflective of the sentiment in the city, I just spent the past year going to every borough and neighborhoods and meeting and talking with people from every socioeconomic, ethnic group and exactly what we heard today is what they're saying out on the streets. they saw the big... the big real estate giveaways whether it's the Inwood Library or the Bedford Armory, the Elizabeth Street Garden and they are sick of it and they see these East Harlem affordable housing plan and they know it's a trojan horse because they've been paying attention for the past four years. And I would just like to add one thing, I teach History for a living, I'm a historian and what I'm seeing right now is that we are on... in

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the last stages of a speculative bubble. This is the top, the stock market is about to crash, it's going to take the real estate market, this is the worst time to embark upon a massive real estate building project which is going to cause huge displacement and if the bubble bursts in the middle of it the city is going to be left holding the bag. So, I hope that you keep this in mind when you're making this decision and think long term not the short-term buck, not the campaign contribution for the next election cycle. Thank you.

PILAR DEJESUS: Good afternoon. My name is Pilar DeJesus, I am a born and raised East Harlem resident 36 years of my life I've spent in East Harlem, family is from East Harlem, we've had small businesses in East Harlem, I'm an advocate in East Harlem, I've worked in East Harlem, I'm also a Housing Paralegal with the Urban Justice Center but I'm here today speaking as a resident, a very concerned resident of East Harlem. I've been to many of these hearings not here in City Hall but many of the community board meeting where I've testified against rezoning and where I've heard all of my neighbors come out and testify against rezoning. I

love these PowerPoint presentations that the city
always comes with but it's not realistic. Again, as a
Housing Paralegal I spend a lot of time in court, no
one's talking about how the, the, the unified court
system is really needs some reform. We can't you
know the law says tenants should not be without gas
for more than 24 hours but when you go to court, one
you got to wait for a court date and then you go in
front of a judge and then the landlord's attorneys
they like to delay the time and sometimes the judges
allow that to happen and then the judge gives these
landlords three months to repair the issue because
they say it's unrealistic to get it done in 24 hours
so all these plans, you guys have plans. The city
cannot handle what is the, the issues that they have
at hand right now and I know this from me personally
experiencing it, personally working with tenants and
seeing what they go through and then living in my
community and seeing it every day and talking to my
neighbors because unlike some of the elected
officials in my community you don't talk to us, you
don't hear us, we, we're crying out, we don't
want it and still the decisions are made on behalf
of us because people like you and people like from

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the city think it's best for us. We know what's best for us and we're telling you no, we don't want it, it's not going to improve the housing crisis we have right now, if that were true we... why is our homeless rate still increasing and the Mayor's been the Mayor for four years now it's still... is... it's... nothing is happening and government can't even work the DMV, do you expect me to believe that they're going to make this work, this is my livelihood, this is not politics, my life is not politics, it's my life and these are my neighbor's life and I will do anything and anything to stand up for them and let you guys know we don't want it.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you, can somebody swap seats... thank you, thank you for your testimony.

TOM DEMOTT: Hi, I'm Tom DeMott from the Coalition to Preserve Community we've been... we were fighting against the rezoning of the Columbia expansion and the rezoning... a similar rezoning the equivalent on the East side a number of years back. We support the position of the rezoning that's been exposed by El Barrio, we are opposed to it. I've lived in West Harlem since 1969 in the building of

the Butts where the Columbia University expansion
began and the rezoning on $125^{\text{th}}$ Street, I've lived
through and organized against waves of real estate
manipulation would you imagine of the financial
system, the legal system and me and a number of
people have been fairly critiquing I'd say the
elected official's involvement in the whole system
here by giving liberal cover to these waves of
gentrification periods as they go along. We supported
the 197A community plan over in West Harlem, worked
real hard for it. This East Side rezoning is going to
bring it's going to get what we're getting now which
is essentially there's no concept here of the idea of
a of a working-class neighborhood having value that
of there being, you know a sense to preserve that.
Every new face now, they're not black, they're not
brown, they're not a family face, they're not a
working-class face, these rezoning's are eviction
plans they're not about affordable housing and they
need there needs to be a radically different
approach to them. My last point, over in over in
this rezoning here on, on in my area in West Harlem
President Bollinger and Councilman Jackson they came
through with a, a position about this rezoning and

2	how they needed to have a big a 17 acre they needed
3	all 17 acres in order to do their plan because they
4	were going to dig this 80-foot basement. The first
5	two buildings Columbia built there was no basement
6	built, they built a cellar in the green building but
7	nothing else, why is that important because in the
8	third phase of this expansion and rezoning of their
9	promises, this is about promises and what city
10	council tells you that, that are promises. In this
11	third phase there are four or five HPD buildings that
12	we fought for as for affordable housing [cross-talk]
13	CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Can I ask to begin
14	to wrap up [cross-talk]

TOM DEMOTT: ...and Columbia is using those... wants them in the... next year under imminent domain to, to, to get those all... no, you, you need to fight against... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Please begin to wrap up sir... [cross-talk]

TOM DEMOTT: ...that... you need to fight against both these expansions... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you... [cross-

24 talk]

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2	TOM DEMOTT:West Harlem and the city of
3	New York and East Harlem are not for sale.
4	CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, thank you
5	all for your testimony. Thank you. Alright, we'll
6	call the next panel Jim Shelton, Municipal Art

call the next panel Jim Shelton, Municipal Art

Society of New York, Jim you here, okay. Gianina

Solano, Movement for Justice in El Barrio, here... are

you here? Okay; Ashley Ramos, Movement for Social

Justice in El Barrio, are you here, okay. Tom DeMott?

11 TOM DEMOTT: That's me I, I don't...

TOM DEMOTT:

12 | [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Oh you spoke, okay... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Alright, thank
you. Jennifer Hyman, Picture for the Homeless,
Jennifer, no... Daby Carreras, Daby, that's you, okay.
Denise Rickels, Denise? Okay. Robert... oh you've

I spoke last... [cross-talk]

already spoken sir...

EVAN BLUM: No, no can you just tell me the name of this lady that's City Planning again.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Okay, you'll...
we'll get that information... yeah. Robert... or if
somebody's from the administration here who can give

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2 him the number to City Planning... Robert Thibault, 3 alright, come on down. Alright. This is it and we

4 have to get to another hearing directly after this so

5 | we're really going to be strict on time so really

6 adhere to the two minutes, thank you.

JIM SHELTON: My name is Jim Shelton I'm here representing the Municipal Art Society of New York. MAS has a number of critical concerns that we urge the city to address before we can support the East Harlem Rezoning Proposal. In the full version of our testimony we have recommendations regarding the undercounting of potential development sites, the displacement of area residents, shadow impacts, the provision and protection of public space as well as broader concerns of long term affordability and the preservation of existing dwelling units but given the time constraints I will only comment on potential residential displacement and the inaccuracy of the socioeconomic conditions evaluated in the SEIS. MAS finds that the reasonable worst-case developments in the area which frames the evaluation in the SEIS does not accurately represent the most conservative potential development projection under the zoning proposal and thus effects the accuracy of the

socioeconomic conditions evaluation. The rezoning
area has 521 multi-family residential buildings that
are underbuilt based on current zoning. By increasing
allowable density, the rezoning would put additional
redevelopment pressure on these sites. While we
acknowledge that there are reasonable arguments for
excluding certain buildings in this evaluation we
feel the city's calculation may underestimate future
development potential facilitated by the rezoning.
Twenty-eight of the underbuilt properties contain
rent stabilized units registered with New York State
Division of Housing and Community Renewal and another
72 are likely to contain rent stabilized units that
are not registered with the state agency. East Harlem
is already losing rent stabilized units at a rapid
pace having lost five and a half percent of its rent
stabilized housing between 2007 and 2014. While the
housing plan outlines strategies to preserving
affordable units, MAS believes these measures do not
go far enough to ensure that rent stabilized units
are not lost and this is not an exacerbated trend.
The SEIS asserts that the rezoning would not result
in new populations with higher average incomes in
existing populations, MAS questions the validity of

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this conclusion without a full analysis from specific MIH options. Given the gap between the MIH projections and incomes in the neighborhood we feel there's a need to establish real targets for low and moderate-income households that accurately reflect neighborhood median incomes and we thank you for the opportunity to comment today and have a more detailed testimony available.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your testimony. You may begin.

[Spanish dialogue]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright, we're going to... can we go to the next testimony?

We're going to go to the next testimony, thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you...

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Gracias.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you.

ASHLEY HAMOS: Okay, I will be doing the translation in English. Good afternoon my name is Gianina Solano and I represent Movement for Justice in El Barrio. Melissa Mark-Viverito as you know we are the East Harlem organization of long term rent stabilized tenants that fight against displacement.

The great majority of our members are women and many
of us are immigrants. We, the low income long term
residents of El Barrio are the people that will be
most impacted if the Mayor's rezoning plan is opposed
on our beloved community. We, the humble people of El
Barrio are unconditionally against Mayor De Blasio's
luxury housing plan. First and foremost, we want to
let you know that this hearing that you have convened
excludes the voices of the majority of the people of
El Barrio. You know very well that the people of El
Barrio are a working-class community, holding this
hearing in the middle of the day at the same time
that many of us are at work makes it impossible for
our neighbors to attend to let you know what they
think of the Mayor's rezoning plan. Furthermore,
holding the hearing outside of East Harlem is another
way that you impose so that our voices are not heard.
The majority of the members of Movement for Justice
in El Barrio are working women and many of us have
are mothers with kids that need to be picked up when
they get out of school. This is yet another reason
why we cannot be here at the hour you convene this
meeting. This is not what democracy looks like.
Excluding the voices of those that are most impacted

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by the Mayor's luxury housing plan shows that you are not truly interested in listening to the voices of the sector that we the most humble represent. If you're truly interested in community engagement during this time of hearing we ask that you convene another hearing that is accessible to the community that will be directly impacted by the Mayor's plan. That hearing needs to be held during the evening in East Harlem, we're going to keep you to your word. In fact... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Don't worry, I do commit to my word so go ahead, keep going.

ASHLEY HAMOS: Please don't interrupt me... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Keep going.. keep going, thank you, keep going.

ASHLEY HAMOS: In fact, all the city council public hearings regarding the Mayor's rezoning plan that you convene before you vote on them should take place in the affected neighborhoods and in the evening so those that will be directly impacted can participate. The Mayor wants to impose a plan that threatens to displace us from our beloved

back to you, I promise you. Go ahead.

2 JENNIFER HYMAN: Good afternoon, my name 3 is Jennifer Hyman... good afternoon, my name's Jennifer 4 Hyman, I am a Social Economic Justice Activist with the organization Picture the Homeless. Thank you Speaker Mark-Viverito and thank you all the attendees 6 today, I'm glad to see your presence here. This 8 important issue needs you to be present here today. I want to let you know first of all that there's a problem of representation here. Personally, I cannot 10 11 advocate as a homeless man but many of the homeless 12 men I've come across need advocates, they need to be 13 empowered to speak for themselves. The men up here to 14 suffer worse than the women from the problem of 15 homelessness, when they are displaced into the 16 streets they do not have a safe shelter to enter, 17 their alternatives and life chances are unjustly 18 limited, they are displaced onto the streets into 19 violent prisons or into violent shelters. I think 20 that the city shelter system is a temporary tax payer 21 funded mechanism to get homeless people into 2.2 permanent subsidized housing yet why is the system 2.3 inefficient in guaranteeing housing. I see long stays in shelters, I see recidivism into street 24 homelessness, there is displacement into counties 25

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outside of the New York City and there's artificially restricted access to vacancies. What we need to do city council is pass the housing not warehousing act legislation. What we're doing instead is zoning the city for luxury development and this is hastening rather than doing as De Blasio says, turning the tide on homelessness. Now you understand that the housing not warehousing act takes account of the existing vacancies in New York City and requires you as legislators to come up with a development plan to fill those vacancies to occupancy, this is an excellent plan proposed by Public Advocate Latisha James as well as City Council Representatives Jumaane Williams and Ydanis Rodriguez, it's gotten a lot of support but we need our elected officials to take action on this now. So, I want to say Harlem ought not to be sale... for sale to private developers, housing is a human right and we have to affirm this as New Yorkers.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Thank you.

JENNIFER HYMAN: Thank you.

DABY CARRERAS: Hello, I'm Daby Carreras and I'm an Assembly District Leader in East Harlem and I'm also running for City Council, I'm running

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for your seat Melissa Mark-Viverito, my party is no rezoning forever. I was born in the Bronx, I run a community garden and years ago in 2008 my neighbors and I saw that our greenspaces in the district were overpopulated so we decided to restore a dilapidated garden. Today we have 20 to 30 people mostly children enjoying this small space daily. In Business I'm a Financial Advisor, recently I've been called the Wall State Politician which I completely own but I'm a financial advisor. What I do is I meet with and have ... do business with CEO's of publicly and private chain traded companies as well as non-profits every single day. Non-profit organizations are so important in the solution making body in a hybrid complex community like ours. It's disgusting that we're not listening to them. these organizations and myself are looking to grow community based jobs, local jobs for the community because it's about accountability and that is what's simply lacking here, accountability. I'll help this entire community become independent, live a healthier lifestyle and become our own boss. This is just one of the many reasons why I became an Assembly District Leader and as well as a Vice President of Manhattan and our next City Council Member in the  $8^{th}$ 

Τ							
2	District, my home El Barrio. It's time for real						
3	change because year after year our elected officials						
4	and their staff can be found neglecting us in the						
5	community, it's evident when you look around and see						
6	the subways run so poorly, the increased garbage, the						
7	increased homelessness and poverty and the decades						
8	upon decades upon decades of neglected mold						
9	infestation in our… [cross-talk]						
10	CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: May I ask you to						
11	begin to wrap up.						
12	DABY CARRERAS:homes along with the						
13	countless other promises that never get kept but only						
14	for the select few that are closest to the elected						
15	politician, paradoxidly a promise these politicians						
16	[cross-talk]						
17	CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: I'm going to ask						
18	you to begin to wrap up [cross-talk]						
19	DABY CARRERAS:are hell bent [cross-						
20	talk]						
21	CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS:sir, got to						
22	[cross-talk]						
23	DABY CARRERAS:on keeping [cross-talk]						
24	CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS:got to move on						

because we have another... [cross-talk]

DABY CARRERAS: I will win... [cross-talk]

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Go ahead,

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the next testimony... [cross-talk]

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DABY CARRERAS: ...and I will stop rezoning

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and I'll stop you... [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright,

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sure, the next... [cross-talk]

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DABY CARRERAS: ...and Bill De Blasio...

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[cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...please ...

DENISE RICKLES: Is Denise... Hi, my name

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the next testimony and then we have to go to the... to,

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to Ashley, go ahead.

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CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: We have another

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hearing after this so we really have to be strict on

is Denise Rickles and I am here because I oppose

rezoning the way it's being done in a time when

persecution and have nowhere to go, we are displacing

people are being displaced because of war and

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time.

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communities, raised families, built family

people have... who have grown roots in your

Redevelopment is another name for displacement,

businesses, where will they be displaced to?

managed change as you call it. I haven't heard

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residents pining for people to come in from outside their community and redevelop it not in their image but in an image of other people foreigners. During the planning period you asked for dialogue, feedback and recommendations and then you come back to the community with nothing of much consequence changed. All the forums and community meetings are a rouse, a well-choreographed dance, each decade or era the city formulates new and improved programs that they say take community residents into consideration. In the case of the West... the West side urban renewal area East of Broadway Helen Rosenthal and Gale Brewer's neighborhood, I used to live there but was priced out, housing was demolished with the promise that every family would be able to move back into affordable apartments, East of Broadway was working class mostly Hispanic families from Puerto Rico that is not the ethnic and economic composition of the community today. Another great promise that was never realized. Nothing has changed, you control the narrative, you give options, your options not ours. Jackson... under President Jackson under manifest destiny who sent Louis and Clark out to pacify the native Americans. To soften the poison of manifest

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destiny they gifted alcohol. In East Harlem you give 1,500 units of permanently affordable housing, this is not what democracy looks like and you know it.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Young lady I'm going to go back to you, thank you and state your name for the record again and who you're representing.

ASHLEY HAMOS: My name is Ashley Hamos
[sp?] and I represent Movement for Justice in El
Barrio. Our East Harlem community is currently
fighting against, against both Trump phonophobia
policies and De Blasio's displacement policies. We
ask that you stand with the people of El Barrio in
our fight to put a halt to these two major threats
that our community is facing. Mayor De Blasio's
rezoning plan or what we call his luxury housing plan
benefits developers, landlords and the real estate
industry. This is why the Real Estate Board of New
York supports this plan. We, the low-income people
of El Barrio cannot afford any of the new apartments
that will be built under Mayor's plan. Neither the
market rate units which are a vast majority nor the

20 to 25 percent so called affordable units that are 2 3 for the people who make more money than us. 4 Developers will get to build apartment buildings 5 higher than ever before allowing them to reap huge profits. Our greedy landlords already use illegal and 6 7 underhanded methods to try to displace us their rent 8 stabilized tenants and permanently remove our homes from rows of rent stabilization and HPD does not enforce the local housing code the way they're 10 11 supposed to. With the Mayor's massive up-zoning plan 12 the pressure will drastically increase because landlords will want to rake in even more profits 13 14 which will lead to the secondary displacement of low ... 15 long term low income rent stabilized tenants. When 16 the market is flooded with thousands of the Mayor's 17 luxury units it will cause rapid rent increase in 18 East Harlem thus potentially displacing long term low 19 income residents from the rent stabilized units just 20 like what happened in the rezoning of other hot markets like Chelsea and Williamsburg. In fact, 21 Melissa despite major opposition from residents and 2.2 2.3 small business owners throughout Harlem you rubber stamped Mayor Bloomberg's destructive river to river 24 125<sup>th</sup> Street rezoning plan, the Columbia University 25

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expansion plan and the East 125th Street development plan that has gentrified and displaced low-income people of color across Harlem. That is now part of your legacy. If this plan is enacted our local businesses and street vendors will be displaced and workers will lose their livelihood and new luxury tenant demands luxury stores and amenities. We will no longer be able to afford to shop in our stores in our community, the mayor's plan will destroy the beautiful culture that makes East Harlem El Barrio by replacing it with a culture of money. We are not asking for crumbs in exchange for the rezoning plans because we have dignity. We want the New York City Council to roll 100 percent against any rezoning of our beloved East Harlem... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: I'm going to ask you to begin to wrap up... [cross-talk]

ASHLEY HAMOS: I will, a noble with conditions if not accessible to us because that would essentially be an approval of the Mayor's destructive rezoning plan with a few cosmetic changes. We ask that you, Melissa Mark-Viverito save our beloved East Harlem by voting unconditionally against the Mayor's rezoning plan this will prevent the displacement of

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2 low income people of color of El Barrio from becoming
3 part of your legacy...

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: I'm, I'm...

let me say this, I'm more than happy because I've

made attempts in the past to reach out and to address

your organization and it's been rejected, I'm more

than happy to come to a meeting of your members as

opposed to a larger meeting that involves other

members and engage in a conversation and present my

position on this issue and present... and present the

work that we've been doing, if you want to take me up

on that that is fine, I would hope that you do, you

can take that back to your organization, if you

reject it then that's your... that's on you as well.

ASHLEY HAMOS: We have... [cross-talk]
COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: So...

[Spanish dialogue]

ASHLEY HAMOS: Excuse me, we have met in the past Melissa and we asked... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: How many years ago was that?

ASHLEY HAMOS: Yes, but we asked... [cross-talk]

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 180 1 2 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: How many 3 years ago was that... [cross-talk] ASHLEY HAMOS: Can I... [cross-talk] 4 5 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...maybe nine, ten years ago... [cross-talk] 6 7 ASHLEY HAMOS: Excuse me... excuse me? 8 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: No, no, 9 hold on a second, you said that you've met with... that we met that was about nine or ten years ago... [cross-10 11 talk] 12 ASHLEY HAMOS: And also... [cross-talk] 13 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Since then 14 I've made... [cross-talk] 15 16 ASHLEY HAMOS: ...broken promises... [cross-17 talk] COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...attempts 18 19 to meet with your organization and it's been... [cross-20 talk] ASHLEY HAMOS: ...that you promised during... 21 22 [cross-talk] 23 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: ...rejected, okay... [cross-talk] 24

ASHLEY HAMOS: ...that meeting and the letters we never received... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright...
[cross-talk]

ASHLEY HAMOS: ...and how many times we tried to contact you after for those same letters, please tell the whole story before you... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: That's not

accurate but we'll move on... [cross-talk]

ASHLEY HAMOS: Thank you... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Thank you.

There's been attempts on my part and they've been

rejected to me so... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Alright, alright... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: It's unfortunate that that's not... that's... you would hope you people would want to engage in a conversation and a constructive conversation with your representative if people choose not to do that then that's your decision, okay, so I appreciate it. Thank you. Thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Sir you're the last person to... [cross-talk]

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: The last...
3 [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: ...testify... [cross-talk]

ROBERT THIBAULT: Hello, my name is Robert Thibault and I'm a non-profit professional, I live in Chelsea. I'm here in solidarity with the people of El Barrio, I'm noting that this hearing regarding the rezoning of El Barrio is taking place during the day when many residents are at work. This public hearing should be held in the evening in the neighborhood of El Barrio. Rezoning equals gentrification, gentrification is violence, gentrification is racist, gentrification is colonialism, El Barrio is not for sale. El Barrio is a living, breathing document of Puerto Rican and Latino culture, gentrification tries to minimize this fact. The medium household income is 30,972 in El Barrio, the lowest level of affordability under the city's plan is 31,000 for a family of three, this is unacceptable. Your plan is a land grab for the superrich with a few crumbs for the poor. Mayor De Blasio

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright,

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thank you.

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ROBERT THIBAULT: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you, thank you for your testimony. Alright, are there any other members of the public who wish to testify on this rezoning, the East Harlem Rezoning?

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Again as I've said in the past there's going to be additional conversations in the community regarding what presentation was made today and also to give a status update on the conversations and negotiations and again to be clear because people want a say, the development that is happening, the vast majority of the development that his happening in El Barrio is luxury market rate housing that we have absolutely no responsibility for, that is not something we approved of, that is not something... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Please no calling out... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: supported... yes, it's true Marina, you know that so ... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Please no, no controlling, no... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: We... I'm talking about the private lands. So, we have... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Please, please no calling out ma'am, no ma'am, no... [cross-talk]

will engage in conversations so I want to make sure that that's clear, we'll talk about what it is that the city is recommending and people can give feedback, more conversations will happen, this is not the beginning... this is not the end of the conversations it's the beginning so I appreciation everyone for having come today and I know that we have another land use application that's in East Harlem in my district so we're going to take a five-minute break and then we're going to get into that hearing next.

members of the public wish to testify? Alright, seeing none I will now close the public hearing on the East Harlem Rezoning, we'll take a five-minute recess. Okay, we're going to begin again, going to ask everybody to have a seat. Alright, okay. We're ready NYCTV, okay. That's my constituent back there.

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Okay, we will now open the hearing up on the second item on the agenda, application submitted by the Department of Housing, Preservation and Development to facilitate the redevelopment of city owned land roughly bounded by East 111<sup>th</sup> Street, Madison Avenue, East 112<sup>th</sup> Street and Park Avenue by Jonathon Rose Companies, L and M and Acacia and I don't know if the Speaker has a statement she wants to read and so we'll go to her and then we will hear from the administration, thank you.

so very quickly the redevelopment of the publicly owned parcels along 111<sup>th</sup> Street has been a goal of our community for a number of years. Today we'll hear details and solicit public comments on the Sendero Verde Project which proposes to develop this site as 100 percent affordable housing, public open space including community facility space many of our most accomplished community based organizations. The development team which includes a local non-profit development partner has proposed a project that has the potential to help the community through a wide variety of community centric services and uses. I look forward to ensuring that this project also meets

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all the development and housing affordability goals outlined in the East Harlem Neighborhood Plan. So, that's my statement and we look forward to the presentation.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Mr. Jordan.

Alright and we'll ask everybody before you begin just state your name and who you represent, you should know the drill by now.

JORDAN PRESS: Thank you, my name is Jordan Press from HPD's Government Affairs Office. I'm joined by Asher Freeman from HPD. I will read into the record the land use items we're considering before the council on and then turn it over to the development team to present on the project. The following pre-considered land use items are related ULURP actions regarding a project known as Sendero Verde which will be developed on 26 city owned parcels located at block 1617, lots 20, 22, 23, 25, 28, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 121, and 122 in Manhattan council district number eight and is within the East Harlem rezoning area. The first item CPC Number C170361 ZMM consists of a zoning map amendment to change an existing R7-2 and R7-2/C1-4 district to R9

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and R9/C2-5 district. This amendment will allow for residential and other uses to be developed across the entire site. The next action relates to a zoning text amendment to designate a mandatory inclusionary housing area. CPC Number C170363 HAM specifically relates to the UDAAP designation project approval and disposition of the parcels mentioned above in order to facilitate the development of three mixed use buildings with commercial and community facility uses as well as community gardens. Under our new construction finance programs, the sponsor is proposing to create 655 100 percent affordable dwelling units including three superintendent's units. The Sendero Verde Project will be marketed towards households with incomes ranging from 30 percent to 165 percent of AMI. Building A will be comprised of 365 units with a bedroom mix of 90 studios, 131 bed... 130 one bedrooms, 87 two bedrooms, and 58 three bedrooms with initial rents anticipated to range between 30 and 130 percent of AMI. The community facility space totals approximately 10,311 square feet and the commercial space will be 32,194 square feet. It is anticipated that the community facility space will be occupied by a medical office

from Mount Sinai. Building B will be comprised of 211
units with an expected bedroom mix of 51 studios, 78
one bedrooms, 52 two bedrooms and 30 three bedrooms
and rents are anticipated to range from 30 to 60
percent of AMI. The community facility space will be
approximately 120,934 square feet. Currently the plan
is for the space to be used by a charter school in
the YMCA. Building C will be comprised of 79 units
with a bedroom mix of 11 studios, 35 one bedrooms, 21
two bedrooms, 12 three bedrooms and rents are
anticipated also to range to 30 to 60 percent of AMI.
The community facility space in building C is 10,941
square feet and will be made available to union
settlement, a non-profit organization that offers an
array of community services. The agency anticipates
that the proposed development will be built to pass
surpass standards by utilizing superior building
materials and sustainable features such as storm
water retention tanks for the garden irrigation,
bioswales and street trees on the sidewalk
surrounding the site, green roofs. CPC Number C170364
PQM consists of the acquisition of block 1617, lots
22, 35, 121, 122 and parts of lots 23, 25, 28, and 37
by the city to be utilized as recreational space and

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community gardens. The community gardens will be operated under licensed agreements with the Department of Parks and Recreation. Also in order to facilitate the Sendero Verde Project several, several special permits are required. As such CPC Number C170365 ZSM will modify the height setback and yard requirements within a large scale general development. We also have a special permit that will allow commercial use above the 2<sup>nd</sup> story within a mixed-use building within the large scale general development another that will modify parking requirements within a large scale general development in order to allow for the development of affordable units. Thank you and I'll turn it over to the Development Team.

afternoon. My name is Lymaris Albors and I'm here representing Acacia Network and Raul Russi the CEO.

Acacia Network is a non-profit organization founded by Puerto Rican and led by Puerto Ricans and I am also here as part of the development team. Our organization has a 15 percent ownership in this development and as part of the things that we negotiated with the Sendero team was to allow us to

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bring a new architect... landscape architect to work with the gardeners and also to revamp what they call a path, I... we thought that a plaza was more in alignment to what the community asked and I... so we were able to, to become part of the ownership structure and also to bring Gonzalo who is here with us today and is working diligently to redesign the path and also to work very closely with the gardeners and I'm very involved with both processes. In addition, the art and culture space that we felt it was missing from the first schematic has been added and we're working diligently to design the purpose of that space and how it could be an incubator that can work with other local organizations and do different things at this space and also to bring the initiative that's been going El Marqueta for four years so we can make an alignment between that and Sendero Verde with the initiatives that are already going on very close to where this building is going to be built. In addition the cultural space is going to be close to the open space, we want that communication to be open so while you have an event going on in the space you also can have la plaza engaging with the cultural space and I have to say that since the day I've been

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at the table as a non-profit representative we do

have a say in the design and in the programming of

this building making sure that the rich culture of El

Barrio does not get erased by this building and every

single element that is being proposed is being vetted

by everybody including Acacia Network. I think I'm

now going to pass the mic to you.

FRED HARRIS: Thank you Lymaris. My name is Fred Harris, I'm here representing Jonathan Rose Companies another partner along with Acacia Network and L and M Development partners in, in the development group and I'm going to just try to take you through quickly our... what we were trying to accomplish in the end in our proposal and, and allow the architect and the landscape architect just a few minutes to talk about what they're up to as well. Jonathan Rose Companies firmly believes that, that developments like this should really strengthen and, and create stronger communities not just for the residents that move into the new... the new buildings but also for those around. We looked for to create what we call a community of opportunity blending jobs, walkability and transit, arts and culture, access to fresh food, open space, community gardens,

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health care, affordable housing, education, recreation, community and social services, we try to bring these all together and, and you'll see in our program that we've tried to get all of these elements put together in a way that they'll be very available to the people in the building but also open to others from the neighborhood. When our first community partner is Mount Sinai, Mount Sinai is going to have a neighborhood medical clinic and it's going to ... we're going to seek to use this in a way that will provide better health outcomes for people that live in the neighborhood and it's going to partner in a unique way with the YMCA. The YMCA facility won't be a typical YMCA membership facility, it's going to be a facility that will focus on wellness and wellbeing for people of all ages and will work closely with the medical folks at the Mount Sinai facility so that people can use the medical, medical advice and treatment along with the other aspects of healthy living that they can get from exercise and therapy at the YMCA. Union settlement is well known to the people of, of East Harlem, they... they've for a long time provided services for, for seniors, for, for young adults, for, for children, they will do this in

a in a wonderful new facility in Sendero Verde like
the others it they will all surround the open space
and be able to both serve the neighborhood through
front doors on the street in an active way as well as
allow for the use of the open space that would of
otherwise been the rear yards of all these buildings
which will be, you know created into a wonderful
outdoor environment. Last but not least the Dream
Charter School which is which we worked with just a
few years ago building the East Harlem Center for
Learning and Living which is the which is pictured
here which is the home of the existing Dream Charter
School which will not going to go anywhere we're
just adding another one. It's place you know it will
enable Dream to reach 1,700 boys and girls, it will
we hope to enable high school to be part of their of
their system in East Harlem as, as you may know DREAM
really focuses on serving people in the neighborhood
and especially NYCHA residents and the first Dream
development that Jonathan Rose partnered with them on
is actually located on the campus of Washington
Houses. I'm now going to turn this over to Debra
Moelis from Handel Architects and she's going to
describe the program of the buildings.

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DEBRA MOELIS: Sure. Hello, my name is Debra Moelis from Handel Architects here in New York City. I want to talk a little bit about the massing of the project, what we tried to do here is pull as much of the building away from the South as possible to give the most light for the gardens and the plaza and so we put the, the mass of the building on Madison Avenue towards the North, towards the, the wide Madison Avenue side and then the, the shortest portion of the building is on the South side to allow for as much light to be flooded in. As Fred described we have a, a program that is extremely diverse and rich in its... in its uses, there will be a Mount Sinai facing onto Madison Avenue with a retail frontage on Madison Avenue as well. On 112th Street you'll have entrances to residential units as well as resident... the, the YMCA and the community space and the Dream High School and then on the South side on 111th Street you'll have the entrance to the Union Settlement as well as Building C. And so here's the organization of the ground floor, the, the plaza is raised a story so that's why you're seeing a sort of cut through the plaza here, you're seeing what's below the plaza which, which will support the Dream

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High School, the gym and auditorium and so at the ground level coming off of the street you'll see all this... all these entrances, all these ways to access into the building, glass store fronts, a lot of activation on the street frontage as well as the four community gardens which Gonzalo will talk about shortly. And then this... now you're up at the second floor and you're seeing how the program sort of hugs around the plaza and starts to... and show you how to... how every... the different users will engage with the plaza. And now Gonzalo will...

GONZALO CRUZ: Hello. Hi, hi guys, my name is Gonzalo Cruz and I'm a landscape architect by training and I'm a relatively new addition to the... to the team, I was actually brought up by the Acacia Network. So, we've actually... have had a few... a series of meetings with the Acacia team and also the Jonathon Rose team to go over the logistics about sharing program on this plaza. One of the primary spaces sits on the second level which should be and will be a shared landscape by, by all users. Currently the plan or the plan that you previously saw it's, it's very choppy and it's very compartmentalized meaning that it kind of creates its

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own little rooms for the people immediately across from the buildings in which they're sitting. What we're after is more of an open shared space that can function on a number of ways depending on the time of day. So, we're looking into sort of more options and concept ideas about how to achieve that, have an... have an open plan for the... for the upper publicly accessible plaza. One of the things that you should note is that for example the stairs that you're looking into from the street we're working really hard about making that entry way even more accessible or more welcoming to the passer byer community. So, that's... like that's just to give you an example of how we want to make this a little bit more broader and not so compartmentalized in the way that I kind of adopted the plan. Not to say that they were not good things but we can do a lot better by introducing more sort of engagement with the community. And secondly, the second challenge that I've had so far is the configuration of the community gardens both the ones facing Park Avenue and the ones facing this ... the... these... on Park and also primarily speaking really the ones on 112<sup>th</sup>... 11<sup>th</sup> Street and Madison Avenue. We saw that there was a lot of opportunity

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for improvement here particularly in the way that the path was separating these two-community garden sort of agents. What I was able to do very shortly and we got some really good sort of positive feedback with the... with the garden team members, we actually met at the end of last week to, to walk over some of the future changes and what I've done is basically I've pushed that path all the way to the edge of the building releasing a frontage for all... for both of these two community gardens and that was pretty well received. So, now everyone has an equal frontage to both Madison Avenue and 112th Street and we don't have this condition of sort of separating both, both gardens. It, it would be more... it would have a more sense of community now that everybody has the same sort of capacity to see the street. So, one important thing and I know that I'm not going take too much into it but to mention is that I am an advocate of great public space obviously and I have worked with communities in the past, I am bilingual so I can speak to them in the... in a language that they can understand, if there's... there are issues of sort of communication but what's important to me is that we do the right thing for the community that we're right

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now shuffling a building. So, so far we've had conversations about holding workshops in the coming months where we are going to bring a few ideas, precedence just examples of things that have worked really well around the city and also internationally and what we want to do with that is then take a lot of feedback, you know we got some initial feedback last week, it... during the workshop we'll get more specific and come back in... sometime in January or in the middle of to the end of January with a... with a proposed concept plan from which the community will have yet another time to sort of advocate for what they want and what they need and get their final feedback from which we can go back in the early to late spring with a final design plan. So, I think that kind of summarizes is, if I missed anything just... thank... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you.

FRED HARRIS: And just to finish up I wanted to review the, the affordability of the apartment homes. The... there... you know the, the apartments are all, all... every single apartment is proposed to be income limited, 20 percent are affordable at 30 percent AMI or below and we've shown

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on this sheet what that translates to in rents from studios to three bedrooms from 327 to 582 a month and we've also given the percentage of the total apartments in the... in the complex added up for each income band and we've taken that through the affordable 30 percent to 60 percent, 40, 80, 50 and the most... the most expensive apartments constituting about a quarter of the total apartments in the development are capped at 130 percent of AMI. We've aggregated that in this chart just to give folks... it's a little complicated to go through each income band but basically almost 50 percent of the apartments, 48 percent would rent for less than 1,000 dollars per month. A quarter are less than 600 a month, 262 which is 40 percent of the apartments are permanently affordable, the remaining 60 percent is currently planned would be affordable for at least 40 to 60 years depending on which, which program there, they're part of. This is just a chart. The... this diagram just indicates the portions of the building that are subject to the special permit waivers which were, were listed at the very beginning. There is a, a... you know that there's tower portions above required street walls that are shown in pink, there's

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a setback between an... essentially early set back shown in orange. A, a non-conforming use allowed below the courtyard in the middle that's, that's, that's shown in green and there is an absence of a street wall obviously in front of the community gardens and a street wall that's set back on the corner of Park and 112<sup>th</sup>. And this is... I... this is just... really just repeats the land use actions that were... that were listed in the beginning. Okay, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you, yeah.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO: Alright, thanks for your presentation and I'm not going to... I think a lot of what I was going ask... was going to have been answered in terms of the public space and access and how it relates to other things. Obviously, the issue of the community gardens that we're preserving and those that, that were, were not but could be part of the conversation, hopefully everyone's being included in those discussions. In terms of the gardeners and the amount of space that we are going to allocate to community gardens and open space that is important to me personally and definitely... I know we've engaged in a lot of

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conversations and the issue of the affordability and the permanent affordability piece which is going to be a continued source of conversation. Those are issues that I know that right now as it stands its 40 percent permanent affordability and we have to have further conversations on that. I do, you know support the concept of mixed income housing, you know but, but there's going to be more conversations about the spread and how it looks right now but those are the key things. The issue of the open space, access to it as well by the community and how it, you know interrelates and I know Lymaris was speaking to that in terms of the Marqueta proposed vision there and the issue of the, the affordability levels and the permanency. Those, those are the key items for this proposal so I don't know if you want to speak to those.

JORDAN PRESS: Thank you for all of that,

I think, you know we think that HP selected a, a

great proposal, it always has room for improvement as

it goes through the land use process, working with

your office and, and your representation of the

community we, we look forward to getting it even

better.

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JORDAN PRESS: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you Madame

Speaker and just one last question so on the waiver

for the requirement for the commercial ground floor

that's technically because you're putting community

facility in or... what is those purposes, well I mean I

obviously know the purpose of you waiving it but just

give a little bit more rational?

FRED HARRIS: I think the, the, the requirement was for commercial frontage... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: For 50 percent...

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me just... I'm just trying to see... right, the... so the, the... that's what the waiver is, there can't... there, there wouldn't be room for all the... all... of all the different uses if we... if we had commercial usage on 50 percent unless you're exactly what percent we have but it's not... it's not insubstantial, we do have... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: And then lastly just on jobs, you'll be working with a local

organization, is Acacia handling that portion for jobs, tying in jobs to local residents, okay.

LYMARIS ALBORS: We are in conversations, we have had a couple of brainstorming meetings identifying local organizations, put together a proposal for the team to, to... so explore but that right now in pre-development if you will, I have to put together all the organizations that we think we can work with to develop the local hiring and also the workforce development before, during and after construction. Does that answer your question?

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Yes, great, thank you. Thank you all for your testimony, are there any other members of the public who wish to testify on this issue? Okay, yes? Come on down. Now's your moment, are you... oh you're Emily, hi Emily you're back, alright. Alright.

EMILY PARKEY: Thank you so much as the non-profit partner with this project I just wanted to be able to express my support. I'm Emily Parkey, I'm both an East Harlem resident and the Director of Family and Community Engagement at DREAM who's been in East Harlem for 26 years. DREAM's mission is to inspire youth to recognize their potential and

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realize their dreams and we provide academic enrichment and sports programming to more than 2,000 East Harlem and South Bronx youth during after school and summer hours. DREAM works tirelessly to prepare 638 scholars for high performing colleges and beyond through a rigorous pre-k through 9<sup>th</sup> grade charter school that develops critical thinkers who demonstrate a level of learning, strong character and a commitment to wellness and active citizenship. Before opening Dream Charter school in 2008 in a temporary space provided by the DOE, Dream recognized the need to find a permanent home that welcomed, celebrated, honored and inspired our community of scholars and youth. As a result, Dream forged what has quickly become one of our most valued partnerships with Jonathon Rose Companies to create the East Harlem Center for Living and Learning, an innovative mixed-use community facility that provides East Harlem families with the educational health and economic resources to lead empowered lives. The project includes a beautiful school building that inspires learning, 89 units of low-income housing, a public park for community members and community meeting rooms and facilities that are utilized by our

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local community board and elected officials. Jonathon Rose Companies has proven its commitment to the community landscape of East Harlem as evidence by their significant financial support backing and partnership in negotiating and acquiring the development site of this project which has cemented Dreams ability to solidify 25 years. The children of East Harlem deserve beautiful spaces to play, learn and grow and Dream is excited to partner with Jonathon Rose to bring another such space to East Harlem.

CHAIRPERSON RICHARDS: Thank you for your testimony. Alright, are there any other members of the public who wish to testify? Alright, seeing none we are going to layover all the items on, on the agenda for further consideration and I want to thank the Land Use Staff, I want to thank the Speaker for her leadership and all of her staff and my team as well and we look forward to continuing the work to make this plan a better plan. Thank you, this hearing is now closed.

[gavel]

## $C \ E \ R \ T \ I \ F \ I \ C \ A \ T \ E$

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date

October 23, 2017