CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

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HELD AT: Council Chambers-City Hall

B E F O R E: DANIEL DROMM

Chairperson

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A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Laura Feijoo

Senior Supervising Superintendent for the New York Department of Education

Stacie Evans

Literacy Advisory in WKDEV, the Mayor's Office of Workforce Development

Ron Zang

Senior Director for Adult Education at the New York City Department of Youth and Community Development, DYCD

Vernon Kellman

Director of Data Management at New York City Department of Education

Patricia Crispino

Special Representative for the Adult Education Chapter of the United Federation of Teachers, UFT District 79

Sterling Roberson

Member of the New York City Career and Technical Education Advisory Council and sits on the New York State United Teachers Board of Directors

Betty Gottfried

Co-Founded the Adult Education Chapter

Roberta Pikser

Taught as an Annualized Teacher for 16 years at The Office of Adult and Continuing Education

Donna Carroll

Teacher at Office of Adult Continuing Education, Master Teacher, Curriculum Developer, Instructional Coach

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Tilla Alexander

ESOL Teacher for Office of Adult and Continuing Education and Mid-Manhattan Adult Learning Center

Marcia Biederman

Retired Teacher of English as a Second Language In the Office of Adult and Continuing Education

Nancy Simon

Recently Retired Teacher who Worked for New York City Department of Education Teaching ESL in Adult Education Program, OACE

Katie Naplatarski

Retired Teacher, 27 year DOE Teacher, 25 Years With OACE

Herbert Hodge

Resident of New York City, formerly Homeless, ACE Student

Luz Rojas

Senior Manager of Adult Literacy at Make the Road New York

Stephanie Vona Maneri Retired Teacher of OACE

Diane Jankins
Retired Teacher of OACE

Lisa Miller

Former OACE Teacher

Lorene Cunningham

Former OACE Educational Officer

Martha Bordman

Former ESL Teacher in the New York City Office of Adult Continuing Education, OACE

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

David Douglas Co-Director of Policy and Advocacy with United Neighborhood Houses of New York

Elaine Roberts Director of Catholic Charities ESOL Program, the International Center

Ira Yankwitt Executive Director of the Literacy Assistance Center

Amy Torres
Representing the Chinese American Planning
Council Inc., CPC

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[gavel]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, good morning 3 4 and welcome to the Education Committee's oversight 5 hearing on Adult Education Programs and Adult 6 Literacy. We will also hear testimony today on Intro 1195 sponsored by Council Member Menchaca. I'll talk 8 more about this bill shortly after some opening 9 remarks and then I will read a brief statement from Council Member Menchaca. Today's hearing topic is 10 timely as next week, September 24th through the 30th 11 12 is National Adult Education and Family Literacy Week 13 when providers and advocates around the country come 14 together to host events and raise awareness about the 15 importance of literacy and more awareness on this 16 issue is certainly needed particularly in New York. 17 according to a March 2017 report by the Center for an 18 Urban Future, 1.6 million New York State residents 19 age 16 to 64 do not have a high school diploma. 20 Further 20 percent of state residents and 25 percent 21 of New York City residents are functionally 2.2 illiterate. Without a high school diploma or the 23 ability to read and write adequately these adults 24 will never reach their full potential which may also 25 have a negative impact on our state and city economy.

Statewide thousands of adults enroll in adult
literacy and adult education classes but many more
could benefit from these programs. Such programs
include English for speakers of other languages,
adult basic education, high school equivalency, and
career and technical education courses. In 2014 New
York State replaced the general education diploma or
GED exam with the test assessing secondary completion
or TASC exam largely because of the doubling of the
cost of the GED exam to about 120 dollars per
student. In the years since the TASC was adopted
fewer New Yorkers are taking the HSC exam and the
passing rates of those who do have of, of those who
do have significantly decreased. While this decline
mirrors a national trend, it is important to note
that even before this latest decline New York already
had one of the lowest HSE exam passing rates in the
country. New York City's performance is among the
lowest in the state. In 2015 the city had an overall
TASC passing rate of only 46 percent and four out of
the five counties that had the lowest passing rates
in the state were New York City boroughs. The Bronx
had the lowest passing rate in the state at 40
percent and Manhattan was the only borough with the

passing rate above 50 percent. In addition to the
decrease in the number of adults passing the TASC
exam the city is also experiencing a decline in
individuals taking the exams. The city which
represents more than 50 percent of all TASC text
TASC test takers in the state saw a decrease of 43
percent in test completion from 2010 to 2015. In New
York City, adult literacy and education programs are
provided by the Department of Education, Adult
Office of Adult and Continuing Education, OACE as
well as by CUNY, public libraries and non-profits
funded through the Department of Youth and Community
Development or DYCD. According to the DOE's website
OACE is the largest provider of adult literacy
education services in the state and offers more than
900 day and evening classes at more than 175 sites in
all five boroughs. Despite being the largest program
in 2015 only 316 OACE students took the TASC exam and
299 passed it. In comparison, other New York City HSE
programs operated by non-profits, libraries and CUNY
had 4,900 students pass the TASC that year. We hope
to learn more today about the reasons for this steep
decline in the number of OACE students taking and
passing the TASC exam. Some faculty members site

problems with the administration of OACE claiming
that administrators lack experience in adult
education and thus do not provide appropriate
support, curriculum and books for adult learners.
Teachers who have sent anonymous complaint letters to
DOE officials have also complained of low morale with
veteran teachers being disrespected and pushed out.
These teachers also report that they have been pushed
to test students excessively before they've had time
to make progress which takes away from instructional
time. I was contacted by some of these teachers and
met with them along with the committee staff and
heard firsthand some of their concerns. We have
received written testimony from adult education
teachers some of it submitted anonymously and we'll
also be hearing from some retired OACE teachers
today. Today's hearing will provide an opportunity
for the DOE to respond to the concerns raised as well
as for educators, advocates, unions, adult learners,
and other stakeholders to share their concerns and
recommendations related to adult education and
literacy with the committee. As I stated earlier we
will also hear testimony on Intro 1195 today. Intro
1195 would require the Mayor's Office of Operations

to submit to the council an annual report by June $1^{\rm st}$
of each year with information on adult literacy
programs offered by the city or pursuant to a
contract with the city. The report would include the
number of adult literacy programs offered, the number
of people who applied to such programs, the scoring
method of any literacy intake examination used to
screen applicants, the number of applicants who were
denied admission to programs based on the result of
an examination, and number of applicants who were
denied admission to programs due to an adult literacy
program's capacity limitations. I would like to
remind everyone who wishes to testify today that you
must fill out a witness slip which is located on the
desk of the Sergeant at Arms near the front of this
room. If you wish to testify on 1195 please indicate
on the witness slip whether you are here to testify
in favor or in opposition to the bill. I also want to
point out that we will not be voting on Intro 1195
today. To allow as many people as possible to
testify, testimony will be limited to three minutes
per person and please note that all witnesses will be
sworn in before giving testimony. And I'd also like
to ask the administration to please stay to hear some

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of the teacher's complaints so that they can be taken
very seriously by the Department. So, we hope that
you'll be able to stay for part of that testimony.
Now Council Member Menchaca's statement; obtaining a
quality education is a basic right of every New
Yorker and the cornerstone to an equitable and just
society. I thank Council Member and Chair of the
Committee for Education Daniel Dromm and I thank
everyone present to provide to, to provide
testimony. Education is a lifelong process for all
age groups, it is critical in the successful
development of individuals and for society. Mahatma
Gandhi once said, adult education can be said as
education for life through life and throughout the
life, adult literacy in particular is an essential
tool for individual's eager to advance in one of the
most competitive job markets in the world. A higher
proportion of adults with low literacy proficiency
hinders job readiness and weakens our local economy.
Many job opportunities remain vacant for lack of
prospective personnel who are not adequately trained.
Additionally, the inability of individuals to
understand societal and city issues reduces community
involvement and civic participation. Intro 1195

	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	requires the Mayor's Office to issue an annual report
3	to the speaker on adult literacy programs offered by
4	the city. This bill will provide data to better asses
5	the demand for adult literacy programs and their
6	programmatic effectiveness. It helps us prioritize
7	agency and council resources to further eliminate
8	disparities in under resourced communities. I look
9	forward to reviewing all the testimony and feedback
10	on Intro 1195. Thank you and that is the statement of
11	Council Member Menchaca who is the sponsor of that
12	legislation. And before I swear in the administration
13	I'd like to say that we have been joined by Council
14	Member Mark Treyger from Brooklyn, Council Member
15	Antonio Reynoso from Brooklyn and Queens, Council
16	Member Chaim Deutsch from Brooklyn, Council… [cross-
17	talk]
18	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: I just noticed
19	that it's all Brooklyn…
20	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: All from Brooklyn is
21	in the house, Council Member…
22	[applause]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yes... no, go like

this, Council... [cross-talk]

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Where's the

3 rest... where's the rest of the city?

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: They're coming... they're coming. Council Member Vincent Gentile from Brooklyn as well, Council Member Alan Maisel from Brooklyn and I'm sure that other members of the committee will be joining us shortly. I myself also have been back and forth between both rooms because I have test... I have legislation that is being... two pieces of legislation that's being heard in the Aging Committee so at some point Margaret Chin who's the Chair of the Aging Committee may come in and take over while I go over there to, to hear that and thank you very much Council Member Treyger. Now to the Administration, we have been joined by Laura Feijoo who is the Senior Supervising Superintendent for the New York City Department of Education. We have Ron Zang [sp?] with DYCD, we have Stacie Evans I believe, the Mayor's Office of Workforce Development and is Vernon Kellman here, New York City Department... are you going to give testimony now as well? Oh, oh he's for Q... he's here for Q and A, okay. Alright, so if we need you then we will swear you in at that time. May I ask those who are on the panel now to raise your

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right hand please. Do you solemnly swear or affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth and to answer council member questions honestly? Okay, Miss Feijoo are you going to start? Okay.

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STACIE EVANS: Good morning Chairman Dromm and members of the Committee on Education. I'm Stacie Evans, Literacy Advisor in WKDEV, the Mayor's Office of Workforce Development. My job is to coordinate and support the integration of adult education in New York City's Workforce System and to support the strengthening and expansion of adult education services. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today about the city's approach to adult education. as a former adult literacy instructor and program director with 25 years in the field I thank the council for its ongoing focus on adult literacy. WKDEV is tasked to work with agency partners, employers, labor, education and training providers, philanthropy and community stakeholders to reshape the city's workforce system into one that more effectively meets the education, training and employment needs of city residents and employers. WKDEV's goals are to build skills employers seek,

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improve job quality, and increase system and policy coordination. A strong adult education system in critical to both the skill building and coordination goals and the goal of creating a more coordinated system is critical to the delivery of a strong adult education service that meets the very needs of adult learners and job seekers. The adult literacy landscape in New York City includes programs and services offered through the Department of Education, the city University of New York, the three public library systems and the many community based programs that contract with the Department of Youth and Community Development. Funding to support these programs comes from city, state, and federal funding streams as well as private foundations. We gratefully acknowledge the council's long history of supporting adult education particularly the allocation of six million dollars for adult education programing in the FY '17 budget matching the city's level of support. That funding enabled the system to serve more learners and to extend its reach to parents and community schools. We appreciate council's renewed matching allocation in FY '18 and look forward to continuing our partnership with council to support

<pre>include English for speakers of other languages, ESOL; young adult literacy and adult basic education</pre>
ESOL; young adult literacy and adult basic education
ABE, these are classes providing basic skills
instruction for youth and adults with reading and
math levels below the 9 th grade and high school
equivalency or HSE classes for youth and adults with
10 th to 12 th grade reading and math levels which
prepare students to earn their HSE diploma. Adult
literacy plays an important role in the city's
workforce system vision. Research of middle skilled
jobs in key industry sectors show that nearly 90
percent of those jobs require a high school diploma
however a large share of customers served by city
workforce development programs lack basic literacy,
numeracy and or English proficiency skills.
Therefore, many of these New Yorkers do not qualify
for the vast majority of jobs. Adult literacy
programing then is the first step of the career
pathways framework for these New Yorkers providing
access to the training and credentials needed to
obtain good jobs. At present the city serves roughly
70,000 adults or older youth in its adult education
programs. Adult literacy programs are critical

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support helping prepare New Yorkers for high, higher wage jobs by providing education programs to job seekers with limited levels of educational attainment, building necessary foundation skills for youth and adults who are not yet ready for college, training, or careers. Turning to the proposed Intro 1195 we very much support the goals of the bill and we will work with the council to align the text with the data we can capture. Our career pathways and common metrics databases will facilitate the compilation of the system wide data needed. In closing thank you again for the chance to testify today, WKDEV looks forward to working with the council on our shared goal of supporting adult education to help New Yorkers develop their skills. Once my colleagues finish their testimony I'm happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Miss Evans do you have written testimony to submit, we don't have it... [cross-talk]

22 STACIE EVANS: Yes... [cross-talk]

23 CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...here?

24 STACIE EVANS: I do have it.

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CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, very good.

Sergeant can I ask you to get that for us please?

Okay, who's going to go next? Okay, Miss Feijoo.

LAURA FIJOO: Thank you. Good morning Chair Dromm and members of the City Council Committee on Education. My name is Doctor Laura Feijoo and I am the Senior Supervising Superintendent at the New York City Department of Education. I am joined here by Vernon Kellman, Director of Data and Accountability at the DOE's Office of Adult and Continuing Education, OACE. We are pleased to be here today to discuss our work, to provide high quality adult education programming to city residents and Intro Number 1195. I thank the city council for your work to support adult education and I thank the council's Education Committee for this opportunity. OACE's mission is to empower adults in their roles as parents, family members, workers, and community members through a continuum of services. Last year we offered 700 tuition free classes to over 50,000 adults 21 and older at over 200 sites in all five boroughs. The majority of OACE programs are funded by a prescriptive New York State employment preparation education, EPE, EPE grant from the New York State

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Education Department. This grant provides
approximately 30 million in annual funding. By law
the majority of EPE dollars must be used to serve
students 21 years old or older who do not hold a US
high school credential. Students 21 years or older
who have a high school diploma from another country
may also be served by EPE funded programs. Federal
funding for OACE includes a five-year workforce
innovation opportunity act, WIOA grant and a 440,000
vocational and technical education act annual award.
We also received nine million dollars in city funding
this year to support adult education services, that's
from the city. We are particularly proud of the
diverse student population served by OACE's
programming, last year we served students
representing more than 182 countries. The average age
of an OACE student is 39 years old, 60 percent of our
students are women and 80 percent are low income. To
meet the varying needs of our students OACE offers
classes weekdays, in the morning, afternoon and
evenings and on Saturdays. These options are
available on a year-round basis, adult learners can
participate in classes at any of our sites regardless
of their borough of residence. Student admission to

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most of our programs is forfing and program
applicants participate in a registration process that
includes an overview session, intake interview,
assessment and orientation. Perspective students can
register by visiting any of our adult learning
centers. The majority of the students we serve seek
English for speakers of other languages, ESOL support
and most enter our program performing at the lowest
English proficiency levels. While ESOL instruction
teaches students basic language skills and the
academic skills they will need to successfully
complete higher education or job training adult's
basic education and adult secondary education classes
prepare students for the high school equivalency
test. Each year roughly one percent of OACE students
enter at or above the 9 th grade math and reading
level required to access the high school equivalency
curriculum. OACE has a career and technical education
program serving over 3,000 students at seven sites
across the city. Our CTE program has a workforce
development focus, many students complete our classes
and gain industry knowledge and state certifications
allowing them to pursue meaningful employment and or
post-secondary education. Our CTE course offerings

range from basic computer literacy to certified
nursing assistant, automotive and construction
programs. All OACE classes are taught by certified
teachers and use high quality standards aligned
curriculum. OACE teachers receive ongoing high
quality professional development through a
collaboration with the New York City Regional Adult
Education Network, RAEN. The RAEN is an NY NYCID
contracted entity funded to provide professional
development training and other support to all
federal, stated funded adult literacy programs in the
city. In addition, since 2014 we invested in
additional intensive professional development for 400
ADE and ASE teachers and hired additional math
teachers to work with students and teachers. Over the
past five years OACE has seen a steady increase in
student performance. The percentage of our students
showing one or more years growth for the federal
national reporting standards increased from 50
percent in 2012 to 71 percent in 2017. The number of
OACE students receiving their high school
equivalency, HSE since New York State introduced the
test assessing secondary completion TASC in 2014 has
declined as it has across the state. In Fiscal Year

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2014 the last year of the previous assessment, 565 OACE students took the high school equivalency exam. This number has decreased to 316 test takers in Fiscal Year 2015, the first full year of testing under the new assessment. However, the past rate improved in Fiscal Year 2015 with 95 percent of OACE test takers earning an HSE diploma as compared to 89 percent in Fiscal Year 2014. To ensure that the services of OACE are widely known OACE hired eight full time community liaisons last year, their primary responsibility is to engage with community leaders, elected officials and other city agencies, to attend events throughout the city advertising class availability. Additional flyers advertising classes availability are distributed five times per year with supermarket circulars across the state and the DOE placed paid ads in subways, ethnic and community print outlets and online promoting adult education program locations throughout the city. We also maintain literacy, literacy zone drop-in centers at OACE learning centers in Manhattan, the Bronx, Queens and Brooklyn that connect students to OACE's classes and other city resources to assist them with housing, legal, medical, employment and other needs. OACE has

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established numerous collaborations with community and faith based organizations. Within the DOE itself OACE partners with other divisions, family engagement and collaboration are top priorities for OACE as 44 percent of OACE students are parents with a total of approximately 15,000 children in city public schools. OACE works regularly with the DOE's Division of Family and Community Engagement, FACE and participates in many of the family engagement activities held across the city. For example, OACE staff presented and distributed materials to parent coordinators during their quarterly conference and professional development workshop. Additionally, OACE staff participated in the citywide native language family engagement conferences. With support from the city council OACE is also a part of the community school's initiative, one of the key educational initiatives of this administration. The collaboration has enabled community schools and community based organizations and OACE to work in tandem to deliver free accessible high quality adult education services in 22 community schools across the city serving over 400 adults. I want to thank the city council for the funding initiation, this year we are expanding the

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initiative to additional schools. At this time, I'd like to briefly address the proposed legislation. Intro Number 1195 requires the Mayor's Office of Operations to report on adult literacy programs offered by the city or pursuant to a contract with the city. We support the goal of this legislation to ensure transparency however we would welcome the opportunity to meet with the city council after the hearing to ensure that the reporting parameters the council establishes aligned to existing reporting systems and those of NYCID's funding program database so we have one streamlined set of reports and data systems as opposed to overlapping duplicative systems. We are committed to ensuring that New York City residents have access to a high-quality education, we know we have more work to do and look forward to our continued partnership with city council. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Next please.

RON ZANG: Good morning Chairman Dromm and members of the Committee on Education. my name is Ron Wang and I'm the Senior Director for Adult Education at the New York City Department of Youth and Community Development, DYCD. Thank you for the

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chance to testify today and for the city council's strong support of adult literacy programs over the years. For over 30 years DYCD has been administering adult literacy programs through community based organizations across New York City. DYCD funds and supports a broad network of CBO's to ensure our city's diverse communities have access to a range of reading, writing, English language and high school equivalency programs. With services and locations in your local neighborhoods CBO's have strong roots in local communities and have established trust with community members. Adult students and older youth who struggle to succeed in traditional school settings are attracted to academic programs in their communities. By attending neighborhood based adult literacy classes they take the critical next steps toward raising their literacy levels and completing their education while becoming better positioned for employment and economic opportunities. CBO based literacy programs also offer the benefit of being located in multi service organizations with cultural and linguistic competence enabling them to provide services and supports in a wholistic manner under one roof, this is especially attractive for immigrant New

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Yorkers. In Fiscal Year 2017 90 DYCD funded adult literacy programs served over 40,000 New Yorkers. Instructional services were offered to students at least 16 years of age and not enrolled or required to be enrolled in secondary school under state law. Students who lack sufficient mastery of basic educational skills, lack a high school diploma or who are unable to speak, read, or write the English language to participate in education, training, or employment. Programs assist adults to become literate and obtain the knowledge and skills necessary for employment and self-sufficiency and to pursue further education. adult basic education, ABE and high school equivalency, HSE programs provide instruction in reading, writing and mathematics and prepare students for the HSE tests. English for speakers of other languages, ESOL programs provide instruction to increase basic English language communication skills. All programs provide classes that meet a minimum of six hours a week, classes offer flexible, flexible hours and are available in the morning, afternoon, and evenings to meet the needs of participants. We thank the city council for working with the Mayor to add 12 million dollars in adult literacy funding in

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Fiscal Year 2017. With the portion that DYDC received we expanded adult literacy program slots and strengthened program capacity and quality so that students can achieve better learning outcomes. Literacy assistant center... our literacy technical assistance provider offered increased professional development trainings for DYDC community based literacy providers. Due to the strong support of Council Member Menchaca and the city council the adopted Fiscal Year 2018 budget included again a oneyear allocation of 12 million dollars for adult literacy programs. Given the tremendous demand and need for adult literacy programs in New York City it is vital to maximize existing resources. Towards this end we work with DOE and HRA to increase access to existing adult literacy programs. For example, we have worked to connect DYDC's... I'm sorry, we have worked to connect DOE's adult literacy programs to DYDC's beacon and cornerstone programs. DOE's programs provide teachers while DYCD's beacon and cornerstone community centers offer space to house classes. DYCD and the HRA staff provided joint orientation sessions to adult literacy providers, HRA's employment services programs and their clients.

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Our program locations and capacity are shared with HRA programs to facilitate referral, collaboration and coordination of services. To conclude my testimony today I'd like to briefly, briefly address Intro 1195, while DYCD is in a process of upgrading its program databases we are prepared to work with the Mayor's Office of Operations, the Mayor's Office of Workforce Development or, or... and other offices of the Mayor to provide the info for this annual adult education report. However, we suggest that the release of the date of the annual report is pushed back from June 1st to allow for a full fiscal year to be prepared to be reported on. We welcome the opportunity to meet with the city council after today's hearing to further discuss this bill. Thank you again for the chance to testify today, we look forward to our continued partnership with the city council to support adult literacy programs, I'm ready to answer any questions you might... you may have.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much for your testimony to this panel. Let me start first by asking Mr. Zang you mentioned in your testimony that in Fiscal 2017 90 DYCD funded adult literacy programs served over 14,000 New Yorkers of that

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14,000 can you tell us how many were prepared to take tests or what did that program break down look like, what are they being prepared for? I think... I think your mic is off. Yeah.

6 RON ZANG:

RON ZANG: We served... FY '17 we served over 14,000 people and the breakdown would be... let's see... alright, the bulk of the students are in our ESOL programs that's about... that's over 8,000 people enrolled in the ESOL programs, ABE programs a little over 2,000, HSE we have about 1,400 that's the breakdown of the enrollments and specifically I think you asked about the... how many people actually took the test, we... out of the 1,400 people we referred about 750 people to take their high school equivalency test and out of that 389 people obtained a high school diploma certification, that's about 52 percent.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: And that was in Fiscal 2017?

RON ZANG: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: So, that seems to me... because for... according to the New York Post Story of 2015 that 4,900 students passed the test it seems to

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	have dropped somewhat if it's 750 in 2017 that
3	passed.
4	RON ZANG: We'll be happy to take a look
5	at the previous year's data, I'm not aware that we
6	had 4,000 people.
7	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: 900 can you get back
8	to us on that because that's really an important
9	distinction and I'm wondering if that was the year
10	that the test changed, would you know that offhand?
11	RON ZANG: Well the year the new test
12	took place, I think it was two beginning of 2015.
13	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: 2015, okay so
14	[cross-talk]
15	STACIE EVANS: Can I just clarify that
16	the 4,900 is for DYCD for the libraries and for CUNY
17	not just for DYCD.
18	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, that's
19	good. Alright, thank you. So, let me go over to DOE,
20	how many teachers are currently teaching under OACE?
21	LAURA FIJOO: I'm going to have to
22	[cross-talk]
23	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: While you're looking

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: While you're looking for that let me just also say we've been joined by

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
2	council Member Debbie Rose and Council Member Rafael
3	Salamanca and Council Member Dan Garodnick.
4	LAURA FIJOO: Yeah, I'll have to get back
5	to you on the number, I may have it in here but I'm
6	not sure that I do.
7	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, can you put
8	your mic on.
9	LAURA FIJOO: Oh I apologize, I'm not
LO	readily able to find the number of teachers in the…
L1	Vernon's going to answer the question for me.
L2	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay
L3	LAURA FIJOO: Thank you.
L 4	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Uh-huh, I do have to
L5	swear you in before you answer.
L 6	VERNON KELLMAN: Okay, let me just find
L7	the relevant numbers on these
L8	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, so can you
L 9	raise your right hand? Do you solemnly swear to or
20	affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing
21	but the truth and to answer council member questions
22	honestly?

VERNON KELLMAN: I do.

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CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, thank you and then state your name for the record please.

	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	VERNON KELLMAN: My name is Vernon
3	Kellman.
4	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, thank you and
5	that number?
6	VERNON KELLMAN: Can you repeat the
7	question please?
8	LAURA FIJOO: The number of teachers.
9	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yeah, is your mic on,
10	the red light should be on?
11	VERNON KELLMAN: I just put it on, sorry.
12	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, good.
13	VERNON KELLMAN: Could you repeat the
14	question?
15	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: The question is how
16	many teachers are currently teaching under OACE?
17	VERNON KELLMAN: We have a total of 147
18	full time teachers and 379 procession teachers.
19	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Now can you give us
20	an a number for the teacher turnover rate for the
21	past ten years, would you be able to give us that
22	type of information?
23	VERNON KELLMAN: No, I would not.
24	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: How about for the

last year?

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LAURA FIJOO: We could send you teacher turnover data, I just want to clarify the difference between a full-time teacher, we could give you turnover data, procession is an application process every year and so we might have a different range of people that apply for the program but we could provide you... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: But the program has, has it been renamed?

LAURA FIJOO: No, it's all... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: So, basically, you'd still have a core group of people who'd be applying for those jobs and who would be receiving those jobs under the UFT contract, am I right?

LAURA FIJOO: Absolutely, the 147 remains fairly consistent but we will get you the turnover data on the full-time employees, I'm just making a distinction between the 379 processions... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

LAURA FIJOO: ...teachers which we probably can also tell you how many have retention rights under the contract... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	LAURA FIJOO:and who return or not but
3	there's a distinction between those
4	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yeah, sometimes they
5	don't reapply for it but basically mostly many
6	teachers do reapply for that so… [cross-talk]
7	LAURA FIJOO: Yeah and the full time
8	[cross-talk]
9	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:if we could get
10	those number I would appreciate that and we want to
11	look at that very carefully. And in and in terms of
12	those numbers as well those who retired, resigned, or
13	who were terminated would be important to us.
14	LAURA FIJOO: Sure.
15	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, what is the
16	total number of staff working under OACE?
17	VERNON KELLMAN: 729.
18	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: 729 and what about
19	administrators?
20	VERNON KELLMAN: 23.
21	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: 103?
22	VERNON KELLMAN: 23.
23	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: 23, okay and can you
24	give us the turnover rate for that as well?

LAURA FIJOO: We'll get that to you.

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CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay. We have... as I mentioned in my opening testimony, a number of advocates and teachers who have raised concerns about the administration of the adult education literacy programs, does the DOE track filed complaints against administrators?

LAURA FIJOO: Absolutely, any complaints we receive are either depending on the nature of those complaints are either reviewed by the Special Commissioner of Investigation referred to the Office of Special Investigation or referred as a school based investigation, some of which we engage in and some of which depending on the nature of the case who would review those.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Do you know the number there?

LAURA FIJOO: I would... there would be no way for me to know in a Special Commissioner of Investigation because those are confidential cases, they're only... when they referred but I would have to ask the Office of Special Investigations how many had been referred to that office.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, those... and, and so if it went to the Office... the Special

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to OSI?

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Commissioner's Office for Investigation or OSI that would be for more serious type complaints?

LAURA FIJOO: Ones that we receive that we would escalate to SCI would be more serious complaints and often times they make the determination whether to hold the case or refer it to OSI but we have no knowledge of how many would be in their database since they're a city agency not... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Would harassment go

LAURA FIJOO: Harassment, it would depend, typically if it had to do with OEO complaints, Office of Equal Opportunity they are very confidential, we would not get numbers on those, that office holds those confidential in the highest regard and so they would handle any complaints like that. Those can either come through the same referral system, SCI to OEO or some go directly to OEO.

another complaint that I've heard is the use... the

materials being used in the classrooms... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yeah, the, the...

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CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...some of the teachers that I met with complained that the materials were mostly for children rather than for adults, what materials are you using for adult education classes?

LAURA FIJOO: So, without naming subject area material I want to raise your attention as I did when I met with you and the committees of teachers you brought together to meet with us to talk about this. There are a couple of different things, when the test changed we had to all... obviously select curriculum that aligned with the HSE test so that we would be preparing students in that continuum but in order to select those materials we used committees of teachers and committees of principals and we had a curriculum fair much like the rest of the department does to have the people doing the work, look at those materials in order to make the decision about which were the best ones for either the ESOL classes or certainly the HSE classes at each level but there was a curriculum committee that made those decisions. If you're looking for specific titles I would have to send to you for each of the content areas and for each of the subjects what titles we're using, I don't know if that was the intent but all... [cross-talk]

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
2	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: No, no [cross-talk]
3	LAURA FIJOO:classes have [cross-talk]
4	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:I how was that
5	committee formed?
6	LAURA FIJOO: I believe by the chapter,
7	the union chapter as well as the principals coming
8	together to, to do this.
9	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Do adult ed. Teachers
10	receive a survey similar to the survey the teachers
11	in regular Department of ED. Classes receive, the
12	annual survey?
13	LAURA FIJOO: That is a good question,
14	I'm not sure that they do.
15	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: They do?
16	LAURA FIJOO: I'm not sure, do they
17	receive the satisfaction survey? We're going to
18	check, I'm sorry, I don't have the answer.
19	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, that's really
20	also very important and if they don't let me state of
21	the record I would certainly hope that in the future
22	they will… [cross-talk]
23	LAURA FIJOO: I will certainly [cross-

24 talk]

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CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...I think that that survey was very helpful to me as a teacher in terms of learning about the, the atmosphere and school environments as well as issues of trust with administrators as well. So, in 2014 this... I have the answer here... okay, in 2014 the state transitioned from administering the GED exam to administering the TASC what efforts were taken by the DOE to support educators with this transition?

LAURA FIJOO: Well we provide professional development to teachers especially in those areas as the test was transitioning, I mean we knew well in advance that the state did not continue to adopt the GED test and so we did provide professional development to all of the teachers in both the transitioning curriculum materials as well as the changes in the test. The format of the test as well as the sections of the test as you know have changed and so that was provided to teachers over the course of the school year.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: How is the professional development delivered, when is it done, how are teachers given the, the training that they need?

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2 C 2 LAURA FIJOO: So, I would say ... just like 3 to take one step back, we have eight principals 4 responsible for the regional centers and the 5 principals are responsible for figuring that out and providing professional development, we also use the 6 7 RAEN network to be able to provide professional 8 development that's funded by the state so that there's aligned professional development for teachers but I want to make the distinction that the 10 11 principals are responsible for figuring out the plan 12 because there are a lot of challenges, there's a lot 13 of procession teachers that you heard us just report 14 out on as well as full time teachers and to be able 15 to make sure that people could get to opportunities 16 both at their site or to travel to a site provides a 17 challenge so principals to be able to do that and we 18 had to do that as we transitioned the test to make 19 sure that our procession providers are equally adept 20 at providing instruction over smaller chunks of time 21 as our full time providers have during a regular day. 2.2 So, I would say both push in and pull out

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Just to get the, the, the order of, of, of supervision in, in... [cross-talk]

opportunities for that professional development.

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
2	LAURA FIJOO: Sure… [cross-talk]
3	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:the department; it's
4	you who then oversees Superintendent Mills?
5	LAURA FIJOO: I, I oversee all of the
6	superintendents in the Department of Education all
7	46.
8	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: All, all of them
9	[cross-talk]
LO	LAURA FIJOO: So, Superintendent Mills is
L1	one of the Superintendents and programs that I
L2	oversee, I would set aside that I've been involved
L3	with adult ed. a little longer in terms of Tim
L 4	Lisante in District 79 and adult education both when
L5	it was Jan Coles and Rosemary Mills over a period of
L6	years.
L7	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: So… but for, for
L8	adult education it would be Superintendent Mills,
L9	right?
20	LAURA FIJOO: Yes, for… [cross-talk]
21	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay and then
22	Superintendent Mills oversees the principals, did yo
23	say [cross-talk]

24 LAURA FIJOO: Yes... [cross-talk]

25 CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...seven?

	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	LAURA FIJOO: Eight.
3	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Eight, eight
4	principals
5	LAURA FIJOO: Yes
6	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:and then those
7	principals are responsible to get the professional
8	development out to the teachers?
9	LAURA FIJOO: Yes and they also receive
LO	professional development so I want to share that it'
11	a coordinated effort in terms of what professional
L2	development we give principals to then figure out the
L3	best ways to do that with teachers in the regions so
L 4	it's not each person does their own thing, there's
L5	certainly a coordinated effort, I don't want to make
L6	it sound like that but how they figure out
L7	specifically where people are going at what time.
L8	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, so let's go
L9	back to the New York Post again, I can't believe
20	[cross-talk]
21	LAURA FIJOO: Okay [cross-talk]
22	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:I'm quoting the New
23	York Post so often but this is where we got some of

25 students but only 316 passed and I noticed that in

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our data. In 2015 OACE served more than 27,000 adult

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your testimony you did say that... let me just go back to it... that the rate was improving...

LAURA FIJOO: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: So, but still it seems to me that there are few test takers compared to the overall number of students who are enrolled in the programs... [cross-talk]

LAURA FIJOO: Right... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...can you describe for me the reason why there are still so few test takers?

agencies reported most of our students that come through the program are very interested in ESOL programs. We serve whatever students come to us and we create classes based on the student need and that is by far probably two thirds of our student enrollment is for ESOL classes and then the next largest chunk I would say probably another portion of that third that's left are for adult basic education, we take students at a very low level of education in order to progress them in the direction of the high school equivalency exam. So, as they progress through the classes and through the levels there is about one percent which is about the average students that are

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ready to access the curriculum for HSE, the curriculum is written at a 9th grade level as you would imagine because it's a high school equivalency exam so in order for them to access the curriculum materials we have to prepare them for that and so the preponderance of the people are coming in at other levels. So, it's a very small number in those classes, the numbers and the percentage that we represented in terms of passing the exam we do very well with students who get to that level, stay with us or come in at that level and then take the test after taking our program.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, so what criteria do students need to achieve in order to be eligible to take the TASC exam?

DAURA FIJOO: So, in order to... there's a 9th grade level, we have to test them and they have to test in at the 9th grade level to be able to access the curriculum. Once they do that we put them in classes at the adult secondary education level and we prepare them for the test, the decision of when in that range they take the test is a conversation between the student and what their goals are because I will add that the goals of the student play a big

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role in how we make decisions about where they choose to take classes and what classes they choose to take so it's a decision that's made by the student but certainly the student would consult with the teacher about what... readiness to take the exam.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: So, one of the complaints that I've received deals with the, the, the number of tests that teachers have to give...

[cross-talk]

LAURA FIJOO: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...during the course of

13 | their time in the classrooms... [cross-talk]

14 LAURA FIJOO: Sure... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...and a number of them complained to me that it's difficult to give the test, I think they have to be given individually if I'm not mistaken and then they have a whole bunch of other students sitting in the class that are not being serviced, can you describe how those tests... what those tests look like that the teachers are required to give, I think it's monthly if I'm not

LAURA FIJOO: No... so, there's one required... so, we have to pretest them as a

	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	requirement of the state and then there's one
3	requirement on the first post, post-test that we have
4	to give depending on the number of hours the student
5	is in class, the first post-test is required by the
6	state after that it is up to the student and the
7	teacher to make decisions about that, I don't know
8	Vernon if you want to describe the firm format of
9	the test but as with all classes you can imagine that
10	there are things students can do as a part of the
11	test or as the class independently at the same time,
12	I mean we expect that we have a differentiated group
13	of people we wouldn't want to test the whole class at
14	the same time who… some of them may not be ready to
15	take the test or it may be too… [cross-talk]
16	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: How long does it take
17	for the teacher to give the test?
18	LAURA FIJOO: How long is the test
19	administered?
20	VERNON KELLMAN: We're talking ESOL
21	tests?
22	LAURA FIJOO: The post I think the post-
23	ready.

VERNON KELLMAN: Well... [cross-talk]

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2 CHAIRPERSON DROMM: The, the test that...

3 [cross-talk]

VERNON KELLMAN: ...the... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...is used to determine

6 whether they're ready to move to the next level?

VERNON KELLMAN: For ESOL students it's a computer based test and the test is adaptive so the time varies depending on the answer sequence the, the student gives so that's the... for ESL instruction. For BE instruction, the test is a written test...

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: So, at what point is the teacher involved in administering the test?

VERNON KELLMAN: The state guideline for the first post-test depends on the intensity of the class, how many... the weekly hours but the average among all classes about... is about 40, 45 hours before the first post-test needs to be administered.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: So, when does... what I was trying to get at is when does the teacher administer the test to individual students, how long or how often does that have to happen in a classroom, like if I have 30 kids in my class and I have to give one test to each kid every day that means every single day of the... you know of the month or more I'm

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having to sit with the kids and then there's no time
for me to give, you know whole group instruction or
directions or anything that's what I'm looking for?

LAURA FIJOO: Well... while the teacher is monitoring the student taking the test they can still be teaching, it's not that it would take the whole test period and the rest... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: So, that... so, what does it... what does the test require the teacher to do?

LAURA FIJOO: Vernon.

VERNON KELLMAN: For ESL test the test would require the teacher to ask the student a series of questions.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: To ask the questions?

VERNON KELLMAN: To ask and then grade

the answers based on...

to me that it would take a good deal of time to administer that test and then the question that I have is how often are we doing that testing and how does that take teachers away from the work that they need to do with other students in the classroom and that is one of the complaints that I'm getting from

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the teachers is that it takes an awful lot away from actually working with the other students in the classroom because of the frequency of the testing?

LAURA FIJOO: So, just the first one is required after that it's a... there's no requirement on the number of hours to take the test before the readiness, I think that that's a determination also of the teacher of the student's readiness to go into the next level of classes or to get from ESOL into adult basic education but we'll get back to you on the timing of the test, I do not believe it's a full amount of time but we can get back to you on how many minutes it takes to ask the specific questions for that portion of the test.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, so let's just move on. How... what efforts is the DOE taking to institute to increase the number of TASC test takers, you mentioned that you were successful in getting more test takers what have you done?

LAURA FIJOO: So, as I provided in the testimony we work closely FACE, we went to the parent coordinators meetings so we'd make sure every city school can refer adults to us, we put flyers in the newspapers and in supermarkets five times a year,

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there is a subway ad as well that goes out, we provide information at the places where we have adults education classes and recently we hired one person in each region whose responsibility it is to make local partnerships, faith based organizations, elected... people that we can... our partners in the community to be able to hold this information and share this information, we use regular city places like the libraries to provide information and there's some amount of referral in, into programs from our other city partners.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: I just want... thank
you for that I want to just go back a little bit to
what I was asking you before as a matter of fact. Is
the process the same for all the agencies in terms of
how students are evaluated and tests are given and
how the teachers... you know give the test, distribute
the test, is... do, do all the DYCD programs operate in
the same way as the DOE programs?

RON ZANG: In terms of administering BEST Plus for ESL is very similar, students come in, you give them... ESL students you give them pre-test using BEST Plus, ABE students you give them pre-test using the TABE test and then what DYCD does is that we

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require each class that is established will have about 120 instruction hours and at which time you, you give the post-test so it's, it's around 100 instruction hours then you'll give a test. It's... and I would have to say that it's, it's, it's really necessary and important to assess the student's progress after a period of instruction.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, you know I'm going to let some of my colleagues ask questions because they have questions as well so... we have Council Member Treyger followed by Rosenthal and then Rose who have questions. Council Member Treyger?

much Chair Dromm for this very important oversight hearing. I just wanted to provide some brief context before I go into my question is that as, as many of you know I, I represent an, an area that was devastated by Superstorm Sandy and we worked hard to bring with, with the help of the administration, a workforce one center into Coney Island to help connect residents with recovering employment opportunities, speaking with workforce One staff we learned that a number of, of residents from Southern Brooklyn were walking into the office lacking a high

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school equivalency diploma which was an issue for
many employers because that's, that's a base basic
requirement so we partnered up with a great
organization OBT, opportunities for Better Tomorrow
which it which is a great organization to provide
free on-site local high school equivalency classes in
the Coney Island community. So, I've received some
feedback and some information after their, their
first year and I think it's important that I share
that with you and get your feedback. First of all, I,
I think you note even noted in your testimony that a
number of applicants, students are parents themselves
so daycare was an issue, daycare's an issue
especially if the classes are during hours where they
have to care for their child that became a barrier, I
also heard that a number of the applicants I, I
believe that in order to take the classes and take
the test, now it's called TASC you need to have a
certain reading level, certain math level, some folks
are not there so the non-profit is suggesting that I
work to get pre-high school equivalency classes even
before we get to the classes. So, I, I do want to
hear about what are we doing to make sure that we are
building up the capacity and the skills of, of the

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applicants, also there are some folks... I, I read in your testimony that... I'm not sure if the state tailored it this way but you have to be 21 and over to take the, the course or, or... and... because some, someone might be 19 or 20 are we weeding them out so I just want to get clarity on that but I just want to hear your feedback and thoughts on some stuff that we're seeing already in, in my district?

LAURA FIJOO: So, let me try to address the daycare issue first. So, a lot of our families are school aged children but many of them are in school, I would say the majority, there are definitely... one of the challenges of adult's education is for adults that have young children, we have pre-k centers, we're starting 3K, not in Coney Island but certainly 3K to get more and more students able to do that, I'm happy to partner with a community organization and figure some of that out and be able to provide you with the locations of adult ed. programs in Coney Island because I know we have a number of them and so the challenge you're talking about is not being able to access the 9th grade curriculum which is really what prepares you for the test is one of our biggest challenges and an

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area that we're focused on because a good number of
our students are in that category and so to partner
to get them ready to go into the program that you've
created a partnership with is something we'd be happy
to do because we are strong in our ABE programs and
can provide you with locations that they can go to
and then come back to this program if they'd prefer
to take the HSE program here. So, there is a number
in Staten Island I, I want to clarify the 21 and
older situation, so the way the Department of
Education is funded and it would be a different
answer for DYCD or some of the other city agencies is
that up to 21, the year that you turn 21 you are the
responsibility of the Department of Education and
that is funded through District 79 and Tim Lisante
this I believed was adult education hearing how we
referred to it in the DOE that's above 21 no longer
mandatory education required and so we use majority
state funding to be able to support adults 21 and
older but if you wanted to take a high school
equivalency exam and you were under 21 we would just
refer you to a District 79 program, try to encourage
you depending on the number of credits and how old
you are to complete your high school program and we

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have transfer schools and we have alternative schools, we have some transition centers where you don't have to decide right away you can take classes in math and English and science and social studies so that we get you ready for either passing the regents or taking an exam but we support students straight through 21 but particular to what my testimony was about was adult education and OACE above 21.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Okay and I... and I appreciate that and I would like to follow up with the DOE with regards to what we can provide to build up capacity to prepare them to take the classes and, and meet them where they are and one last thing Chair just be aware that one of the things that we also heard feedback on which my office addressed through grants is a lack of technology because a lot of the ... a lot of these courses and actually I think the exam... I think it's, it's tech based as well if I'm not mistaken and, and so we... I use the digital literacy initiative grants to provide computers for students in, in the program but I just want to make sure that there's technology access for all sites, making sure that they have functioning, working computers and someone's there to help them with those basic skills

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as well, that they should be not just preparing them for a test but preparing them for life skills in general.

LAURA FIJOO: I know... I will say that while it was intended that this test would be fully online test based it is still not yet there, we still do plenty of paper and pencil and while I'd like to say that OACE has a very strong initiative focusing on technology and building the technology instruction not only to one day maybe support the test but to support instruction in CTE classes like medical billing and some of the other course work the students are taking when it's appropriate for that class we have a growing technology, I won't say in every single classroom or every single student having it but we do have a growing program of technology where we're focused on it and we know that it's an imperative skill for today's employment.

RON ZANG: And just to add to that building up technology is really an ongoing effort and I'm glad to report that last year Fiscal '17 with the additional funds received we actually, DYCD essentially purchased 20 laptops for each of our funded literacy programs and, and also our TA

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provider provided a series of digital literacy and integrating technology into instruction trainings so it has been very, very useful and beneficial to the students to... especially for those who needs to take the computer based test.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much, Council Member Rosenthal?

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Thank you Chair Dromm and thank you for sponsoring this Committee hearing, thank you all for coming today. I'm the Chair of the Contracts Committee and one of the things that I've been looking at over the last three years is how adequately we fund our contracts and whether or not they are sufficiently funded to do the work that we're asking them to do and the administration really made a terrific move in this last budget by increasing funding for contract services in several areas, adult literacy was not one of them and I've heard from providers that the contracts are severely underfunded compared to the work that these organizations are being asked to do so Mr. Zang actually if I could start with you how many contracts, let... just some basic information, how

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2	many contracts does DYCD have for adult literacy and
3	what's the reimbursement rate?
4	RON ZANG: We across the program areas we
5	have 90 programs I said earlier that's pretty much
6	the 90 contracts.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: 90 contracts?
8	RON ZANG: Yes.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay [cross-
10	talk]
11	RON ZANG: Last year and [cross-talk]
12	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Is each
13	contract for a single provider at a single site?
14	RON ZANG: Not necessarily, some
15	providers have multiple, multiple contracts [cross-
16	talk]
17	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay [cross-
18	talk]
19	RON ZANG:for example they may have an
20	ABE and an ESL
21	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay.
22	RON ZANG: So, they may have two and we
23	have as I said we have different program areas. For
24	example, we have ESL programs, we also have ESL
25	civics programs [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Uh-huh...

RON ZANG: So, a little bit different so one agency might have both of these and reimbursement we... at CYCD from our last RFP was basically settled on a per student cost of 850 dollars to 950 that's a range that we have been using.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And when was that RFP issued?

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{RON}}$$ ZANG: The last RFP was issued for 2015.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: When do you plan on issuing the next one and will you do a review of... sort of a, a model, you know actual... you know cost based model in order to come up with the reimbursement rate?

RON ZANG: Well that's... you know that's always the case, you know whenever we have a new RFP we will... we review the, the cost too, that's what we did last time.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Uh-huh, so when are you going to have a new RFP?

RON ZANG: We recently renewed the current contracts...

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
2	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, it's like
3	a three year [cross-talk]
4	RON ZANG: Yes, it's a three… [cross-
5	talk]
6	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:and then a
7	[cross-talk]
8	RON ZANG:year renewal [cross-talk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:three-year
10	renewal… [cross-talk]
11	RON ZANG:so, there will be probably
12	another I would say year and a half [cross-talk]
13	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So [cross-
14	talk]
15	RON ZANG:to begin to look at another
16	RFP.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: May I continue
18	for just a moment Chair?
19	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yes.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, you
21	already you so, in the renewal you didn't I'm
22	going to guess, you did not take the opportunity to
23	update the rate structure?
24	RON ZANG: That's true, we didn't we
25	well, well this was it has been an ongoing

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2 conversation with this but at renewal we, we did not 3 make any changes to the contract.

consider starting to go through that exercise? Here's why I say it, you know for three years I, I've been hearing about organizations that are really living, you know on the edge, you know and being held together by spit and glue so specifically on adult literacy I'm told that the actual rate that they do because often these programs are mission based providers so they don't want to underserve, it's part of their mission so at the risk of the organization going down they're providing services really at 1,500 dollars per student...

RON ZANG: We're certainly open to reviewing the, the cost the next time when we have an opportunity and I would have to say that with the additional funds, you know thank... you know thanks to council we try to help agencies for example we bought agency computers, we bought... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Yeah, I... [cross-talk]

 $\label{eq:RON_ZANG: massessment materials} \mbox{ for }$ them... [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Right, it's not the city council's responsibility, I mean I'm grateful to my colleagues and of course that's terrific but why... what's the downside... I've been working with the Mayor's Office of Contracts on this model based budgeting and they're starting to do this now for other agencies where they're having a very interactive dialogue with providers about the services that they're providing and modalities of course get updated all the time, why is there anything in law that prevents you from doing a model based budgeting now of these contracts and modifying the contracts for real cost because we're talking about people learning today, I don't understand why we would wait for, you know sort of this... the... you know sort of false, if I can be so blunt narrative of the contract doesn't get renegotiated for three more years, contracts can get renegotiated every year so ... at any time the administration wants, right, I mean I can give you three examples of it so let's just assume it's true would you be willing to go back and start the model based budgeting today?

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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
2	RON ZANG: Well points well taken, I'll
3	take it back and it's a discussion with, you know
4	our with our legal and so
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	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And when they
6	[cross-talk]
7	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Alright [cross-talk]
8	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:get funded
9	[cross-talk]
10	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:Council Member we
11	have to wrap it up a little bit.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Sorry, last
13	question when they get funded is it 100 percent city
14	funds or do you get state and federal reimbursement?
15	RON ZANG: Our contracts have mixed
16	funding sources
17	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Yes [cross-
18	talk]
19	RON ZANG:with city, federal CSPG and
20	federal CTBG.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, if you
22	could send back information to the committee on what
23	percentage is city and the other and then do city

funds draw down additional other funds, right so if

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you invest more city tax levy does that bring in more federal or state funds?

RON ZANG: We don't have that.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: You don't have that, okay thank you very much. So, just the percentage.

RON ZANG: Sure.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much,

Council Member Rose?

Office of Adult and Continuing Ed. is the largest provider of adult literacy services in the state and you offer more than 900 day and evening classes

Monday through Saturday at more than 175 sites

throughout the five boroughs and every individual has to apply... has to partake in an in, intake interview, right? So, of the eight regional offices that you operate in New York City there is not one in Staten

Island and if every individual is supposed to go through this intake process that means that everyone on Staten Island has to travel somewhere which is region eight, could you please tell me why that is that there's no regional office in Staten Island,

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what the numbers are of people who participate in our adult ed. programs and how the distribution of staff or resources in District Eight, region eight are distributed and how it impacts my, my... not only my district but Staten Island as a whole?

LAURA FIJOO: Sure, so I'm going to make a few comments and then I'm going to ask in the meantime Vernon to look up the information about the number of programs or ... that we have in Staten Island. First the Staten Island students would not have to go to a regional office, it is mostly aggregated so that we have eight schools one of which covers part of Brooklyn and Staten Island and so students can go to the regional walk in center but they can also go to other offices and we could provide you with a list of those offices so they would not have to go to Brooklyn for orientation or intake or for classes, to get started or to be tested, there are plenty of places, I mean I can name off the top of my head that we have one at New Dorp and something in Saint George and some places that we... they can go to and we can provide you with a list of those places for them to be able to access the intake... [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: So, no one has to go off of Staten Island to access the interview... the intake process?

LAURA FIJOO: That is correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And when... and so they can go to some other borough based program?

LAURA FIJOO: They can go... [cross-talk]
COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And it meets...

[cross-talk]

LAURA FIJOO: ...to programs... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: ...the requirement?

LAURA FIJOO: Yes, they can go to programs on Staten Island, we have those programs, the region encompasses part of Brooklyn but that does not mean that we don't have the programs or the availability of all the services on Staten Island. I think that one thing I'd like to say to you is we certainly would like to grow our Staten Island program, I know that there is an opportunity now with the community school's partnerships to grow some of our Staten Island programs and increase... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Because what are our numbers because I'm sure that our numbers

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indicate that we should have a, a regional office in Staten Island?

talking about are where the... the facility is almost entirely adult education, I won't say entirely because it's also shared space but there is a large hub of classes that happen at the Brooklyn Adult Learning Center or the Manhattan Adult Learning Center and we could possibly... we could look into it and... happy to have a dialogue further, we can provide you with information on where the principal is and where some of the courses are and where students can go for both registration and intake but a facility hub that requires a lot of space to be able to run one is something we don't have on Staten Island.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you Chair.

much. We do have a lot more questions but we're going to ask a lot of them by letter but just to wrap it up with a couple more. We've heard reports that there's been a reduction in the number of classes offered by OACE as well as the elimination of some programs such as practical nursing, automotive, and distance learning programs, why have these specific programs

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been closed and has there been an overall reduction
in the number of classes offered?

4 LAURA FIJOO: I don't believe there's a

reduction in the number of classes offered but Vernon is going to look into that. The practical nurses program was both privately funded in partnership with an organization and at one point in the past we were utilizing state funding incorrectly to be able to provide this program, once it went to fully privately funded we were no longer able to fund it because a requirement of a nurse is to have a high school diploma and one of the requirements of receiving EPI funds is not to have one so it was in contradiction so we moved towards privately funded and then that funding stream dried up with the closing of the hospital on Randall's Island so, that's one. The distance learning I'm not sure that we closed nor the... what's the third one you mentioned?

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Automotive.

LAURA FIJOO: No, the automotive program we definitely have an automotive program, I'm certain of that and distance learning...

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: It hasn't... it hasn't been reduced?

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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	LAURA FIJOO: No, I believe there are
3	students enrolled in the automotive program.
4	VERNON KELLMAN: I think the what
5	happens with, with, with programs like this like
6	automotive is if we lose a teacher sometimes it's
7	very difficult to replace that teacher because of the
8	state requirement of having the proper certification
9	so there are certain areas like medical billing and,
10	and let's say heating and HVAC you lose a teacher
11	it's very difficult to, to, to get a, a certified
12	replacement so that contributes to sometimes scaling
13	back on, on classes in these specific areas.
14	LAURA FIJOO: But they're not closed
15	programs.
16	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Just in general can
17	you give me a number, how many folks in your programs
18	are immigrants?
19	LAURA FIJOO: I wouldn't have that number
20	off hand so
21	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: I would imagine a
22	large number though?
23	LAURA FIJOO: We don't well we don't

25 CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Right... [cross-talk]

track information... [cross-talk]

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2 LAURA FIJOO: ...on immigrant status at all... [cross-talk]

LAURA FIJOO: ...as students come in, we do ask the country of origin as a part of, you know gender, age, some things that we ask on intake in terms of the state database but we do not ask questions about immigration or immigration status or anything to that nature...

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Right... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Well I answered because I think a large number of the folks that are the in the programs are probably immigrants.

LAURA FIJOO: Well I would just say to you that likely ESOL students are likely people who have a native language from another country so I would make that assumption.

I was really going to get at is that the Center for Urban Future ranks New York as 18th in terms of per adult funding for adult education and so I think that's something that we really need to look at moving forward is to really find ways to continue to provide funding to ensure these programs particularly in light of what's going on in Washington D.C. and

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providing those services to our immigrant communities is vitally important to them. So, I'd like to really encourage that we, we look at that together a little bit further down the road.

LAURA FIJOO: Absolutely, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Alright, so we have a lot of people who want to give testimony so I'm going to... I'm going to stop here and we'll... [cross-talk]

LAURA FIJOO: Thank you... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...follow up with other questions by mail, by letter to the agencies but I do want to thank you all for coming and providing testimony and we hope that you'll stick around to hear some of the other testimony as well.

LAURA FIJOO: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much.

And with that I'd now like to bring up Patty Crispino from the United Federation of Teachers and Sterling Roberson from the UFT as well. Okay, can I ask you to raise your right hand? Do you solemnly swear or affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth and to answer council member questions honestly?

[off-mic acknowledgement]

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2 CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, very good. Who
3 would like to start, okay Mr. Roberson.

STERLING ROBERSON: First of all good morning Chairman Dromm, it's good to see you again and it's great to be here to talk about an important topic around adult education and the Intro to... 1195 in terms of reporting and having the Mayor's Office of Operations report around adult literacy programs. That becomes extremely important and obviously for us and the members that we represent particularly in adult education it is important with regards to the conversation but thank you and the council for having a, a leading voice in advocating for access in equity for our public schools and in this case having the conversation about the issues concerning adult education. So, in my testimony I'm going to take ... without reading the testimony verbatim, copies are being circulated, I'm going to take it into the three areas of focus why adult education matters is number one, why listening is key and the only way to move adult education forward is through collaboration. So, I'm going to take those three aspects and then following my testimony my colleague Patty Crispino who represents the adult education chapter will

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conclude in that testimony but very quickly when we
think about why adult ed. matters you heard the
Department of Education about the demographics of the
number of students, adult ed. students in the
population that they serve. Number one there are 60
percent of the students, ESL that are below the level
in terms of reading of grade six, 50 percent that are
beginning in terms of literacy, 80 percent folks of
color, African American, Hispanics, 80 percent low
income, average age 39, those are some recaps and
highlights that we see in terms of the demographics.
We also talked about some of the labor which is
included in my testimony with respect to the rate of
pay, why it's important that the adult education
exists that is an extremely troubling but, but
knowing that we have to repair our adults. Also,
these are individuals in New York and New Yorkers
that have kids in our public-school system and they
deserve the, the best quality education and they
represent not just their families, they represent
their communities and the city of New York as well.
Listening is being key, there's no secret that at
times we disagree with the Department of Education on
several different matters. When it comes to adult

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education and many of its policies that has been
instituted some that has been highlighted today in
terms of changing and testing, we have disagreed
around how do we refer or council students out of
programs especially to other providers other than
that, making sure that there's access to quality
programs that's what we want for all of our students
that are delivered by certified teachers that have
the skill sets because it's not just having a
teacher, it's a teacher that has the skill set to be
able to deliver adult education just like adolescent
literacy, adult literacy it requires a much different
skill set but let me just talk about our members,
many of them have submitted testimony anonymously,
many of them are going to testify today. The
difference between just the idea of teaching, this is
not just for them teaching it's a calling. The idea
that the, the conditions of their students is, is, is
coupled with the work conditions that they deal with
every single day. So, the passion that they bring to
the table and the skill sets that they bring it only
shows that these are important issues around what it
is that they feel around what's going on and their
voices needing to be heard. So, with that in mind

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when we think about the shifting of student
populations, altering admissions criteria,
transitioning students to other programs, these kind
of issues are issues that are passionate for those
that have been doing this work for a very long time
and if they're not included in the at the table you
are going to get many of the responses that you have
in terms of the passion that they bring about the
input that they feel that is there and I think it's
important that these concerns matter and the only way
that we resolve those matters is through consultation
with the Department of Education. So, I just want to
make sure that we I put that on the table so that
folks actually understand that that becomes the case.
Last but not least the category of collaboration,
yes, there is a lot of work to be done, there's a lot
of the testimony that was from the Department of
Education and others in the city knows that with that
work there's a lot of things that need to be done.
Prior to our contract one of the things that's the
highlight of our contract that was bad was educator
voice. Educator voice is primary to our collective
bargaining and through that we did convene meetings
with the Department of Education some issues were

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resolved but there's a lot of other issues that are
outstanding. What we did in that convening we also
made sure that now we're going to make sure that we
fast track some of the concerns from the adult ed.
chapter. The DOE agreed that they wanted to move in
the right direction and expand the programs, there's
a lot of complexities we highlighted in the CTE, if
you move the teacher what happens, so there's
complexities all the way around but the only way that
we're going to do this as well and negotiate on some
of these things is that we have to work together but
primarily it has to be a solution driven approach to
many of the issues. We talk they we heard about
curriculum, we heard about changes in the test, we
heard about all of those things, it requires the
educator voice especially many of the, the teachers
in the adult ed. chapter whether they are the full
time that were highlighted or the ones that come in
part time. No one should be left out of that
conversation so I am glad to be here to provide that
particular the this portion of the testimony so
that we have the context on what it is that we deal
with in terms of some of the challenges but also what
we need to do in terms of moving forward. So, let me

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just turn over to my colleague Patti Crispino for her
testimony on this important matter.

PATRICIA CRISPINO: And I'm not as versed at doing this so I'm going to read from my testimony. Good day Chairman Dromm and members of the Education Committee. My name is Patty Crispino and I'm a Special Representative for the Adult Education Chapter of the United Federation of Teachers. I want to thank you for this opportunity to offer, offer supplemental testimony to what you've just heard from Vice President Sterling Roberson on the city's adult literacy programs. The Department of Education's Office of Adult and Continuing Education runs more than 900 tuition free classes in adult education; basic education, high school equivalency and ES ... English for... I'm sorry, English for speakers of other languages, career and technical education for adults 21 and above. The Department of Education's funding stream for an adult education program is largely dependent upon money from the state's employment, preparation, education program currently... commonly known as EPI. Through EPI the state provides funds to public school districts as they can provide ed... adult and... with education opportunities leading to high

school diploma or high school equivalency diploma.
The EPI formula is based on valuation of property in
a school district meaning New York City has a much
lower reimbursement rate than other localities and a
cap on funding that limits services to high needs
population. This cap negatively effects the ability
of the city to serve the, the adults who need to earn
high school equivalency diploma or acquire English
language skills to become contributing members to the
community as taxpayers and consumers. We urge city
council to use its influence with the state Education
Department to press for a greater equity in EPI
funding for the city's adult education programs.
Recently at a UFT Executive Board meeting one of our
adult education chapter members spoke passionately
about provident services to adults in the community
and I quote Roberta, "they need our help, they need
someone who is able to help them get from point A to
point B, this is is this any more important mission
in education than helping someone advance towards
their goals regardless of their age". We know we're
all in the same… we're all on the same page when it
comes to helping our communities, with more equitable

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funding from the state we can make dreams come true for more neighbors... for our neighbors. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much.

I'm not going to ask too many questions, it's just really an observation because we are a little bit pressed for time, we're supposed to be out of the room by one p.m. but number one, thank you and the UFT for your support, you know I was a 25-year union chapter leader and then we're always very grateful for the work that the UFT does and I did not know about this... what did you call EPE funding formula and that is... [cross-talk]

PATRICIA CRISPINO: EPI... [cross-talk]

Would like to... I would like to talk with you more about as well because I, I ended my comments with the DOE about increased funding particularly because of the communities that are effected by the services that are provided through adult education. So, that is something I'd like to, to look at a little bit further down the road. And also, just to continue to press forward with the consultation items, I think some of the issues that I've mentioned to you as well and

	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
1	70
2	that it they're issues of major concern and
3	importance to me as Chair of the Education Committee
4	and I know that you're working on many of those
5	issues. So, I just want to thank you for coming in
6	and giving your testimony.
7	PATRICIA CRISPINO: Thank you.
8	STERLING ROBERSON: Thank you.
9	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much.
LO	Okay, our next panel is Roberta Pikser, Pikser, I'm
L1	sorry, Pikser, Tilla Alexander, Katie Naplater…
L2	Naplatarski [sp?], Donna Carroll [sp?], Donna? And
L3	Betty Gottfried. The Sergeant okay, I have to ask
L4	you to raise your right hand please so I can swear
L5	you all in. Do you solemnly swear or affirm to tell
L6	the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth
L7	and to answer council member questions honestly?
L8	Okay, who would like to start? Okay, down here,
L9	everybody wants to start first well we'll start over
20	here just make sure that mic is on and make sure you
21	say your name. Push the red button
22	BETTY GOTTFRIED: This one?
2.3	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yep.

BETTY GOTTFRIED: Is it on now?

25 CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yeah.

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BETTY GOTTFRIED: Yeah, I can hear. Okay, thank you. my name is Betty Gottfried, I Co-founded the Adult Ed. Chapter nearly 50 years ago and I served as its Chapter for over 40 years. My statement aims to give some historically perspective to the testimony you are about to hear today. OACE evolved from a group of great society programs that were formed in the 60's and 70's in response to the demands of the Civil Rights Movement. The mission of these programs was to educate the disenfranchised; African Americans, Latinos, immigrants, school drop outs and the poor. Working in conjunction with the teacher's union these programs merged to form an adult education program that provides teachers with a salary, licensure, and benefits commensurate with that of the K through 12 teachers. Licensure and benefits stabilized the program with qualified personnel and enabled the teachers to develop curriculum, fight for their student's rights and expand its full-time teaching staff. OACE's doors were open to all New York City adults aged 21 and above, non-readers, new language learners, high school equivalency candidates, and those seeking technical career training. Teacher's administrators

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state ed. officials and the literacy assessing center
worked together to create curriculum that was
suitable for the diverse populations OACE serves.
Today all of these projects have been scrapped by the
current administration which someone else after
following me will discuss further. The importance of
certification, to create an effective literacy
program OACE set a policy with the approval of the
union of interviewing teachers from its certified
staff to be assigned to the lowest level readers. Our
certification which is determined by our employer not
by our funding which Miss Mills has suggested
operated to ensure that these students got the best
teachers, because state law protects seniority rights
of certified teachers, the director could not use
these interviews to protect teachers he favored from
lay-off. Conversely these protections discouraged the
teachers from applying for these assignments in order
to bypass seniority. Certification is a protection
against cronyism and patronage. The current
administration's position that EPI funding does not
require a license or certification and hiring is open
to supervisory whim has set the clock back 50 years,
it's not only an unfair labor practice it sends a

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disgraceful message to the students, you are not
worthy of a qualified teacher. In a more pernicious
move the administration decided to move the lowest
leveled students out of the program to the libraries
because their gains were not advantageous to the
program, what a message to send to the population of
the city, the DOE is more interested in statistics
than it is in people. At the other end of the
spectrums the high school equivalency diploma, the
GED exam replaced by the TASC has its origins in the
second world war, it was instituted to educate
African Americans who were victims of the Jim Crow
law so that they could help in the war effort. When
there is a will to educate a disenfranchised
population, it does get results. Today access to the
TASC is limited, the adult community believes that
free access to the exam should be open to all.
Finally, this body has a history, the, the council of
working with the union to support adult education. in
2006 the former Chair of this committee, Robert
Jackson, a recipient of the UFT's John Dooley award
and a strong supporter of adult education worked with
former teacher David Green and Calvin Miles and I say
with a heavy heart the late Bob Ostrowski whom we

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2	just lost on, on December 3 rd who was a great union
3	member and, and, and supporter of adult ed. to pass a
4	resolution that entered the adult education Bill of
5	Rights into the permanent record of the city council.
6	I put it before you today, I gave you copies of the
7	Bill of Rights, the items speak for themselves and
8	ask you to reaffirm your support for the rights of
9	these students and the rights of these teachers.
10	Thank you very much.
11	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much
12	and thank you for recalling the memory of Bob
13	Ostrowski as well, he was a good friend and supporter
14	so
15	BETTY GOTTFRIED: Yeah [cross-talk]
16	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you, yeah.
17	BETTY GOTTFRIED: His death leaves quite
18	a hole in our, our union… [cross-talk]
19	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yeah. Thank you, next
20	please, let's go right down the, the, the row here.
21	ROBERTA PIKSER: Okay, good morning. My
22	name is [cross-talk]
23	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Is the red light on?
24	ROBERTA PIKSER: Sorry.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: There you go.

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2 ROBERTA PIKSER: Yes. Good morning still. 3 My name is Roberta Pikser and for 16 years I taught as an annualized teacher at the Office of Adult and 4 5 Continuing Education. My purpose today is to give you an overview of the problems besetting the Office of 6 7 Adult and Continuing Education. My written testimony 8 deals with these matters in detail and my colleagues will deal with specific matters in detail. The first thing to understand and keep in mind is that teaching 10 11 adults is a very different process from teaching children. Points in common do exist but the adult 12 13 learner is a formed individual with life experience 14 and entrenched habits and perception. Additionally, 15 returning to school can be very delicate and complicated psychologically. Under Superintendent 16 17 Rosemary Mills the programs are being so badly 18 mismanaged that one could characterize her 19 administration as one of dismemberment. There is 20 mismanagement of the teaching staff and of support 21 staff, there's mismanagement of class schedules so that students are denied access to the education for 2.2 2.3 which their taxes pay and so the teachers especially experienced teachers are obliged to work 12 hours 24 split shift days. There are continual attempts to 25

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remove lower leveled students from the program though it is mandated to open to anyone over 21 years of age. There is refusal to deal with the pressing problems of immigrant students who are asked for their social security number or their work permit authorization at intake and who disappeared in droves from classes after January 20th of this year. There's at minimum an eight percent contraction of a program for which there is increasing need, there is misrepresentation of testing data which may suggest fraud and there is tremendous financial mismanagement and an opaque budget. If the goal of the program is to serve the students one can truthfully say it is being dismembered. If the goal of the program is to create an expanding system then perhaps it is a success. This program was established to serve the citizens of New York, many immigrants documented and undocumented who have lived here, worked hard and pay taxes for many years have improved their lives and the lives of the rest of us do their studies at the program, many have become US citizens but all of our students, immigrant and native born are citizens of New York City, they deserve the best that the city can give them as they give the best of themselves to

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it, they deserve more classes not exclusion from the program, they need a proper education so they can help their children with schoolwork, they deserve experienced teachers and staff so they can get a quality education, they deserve an education arising from respect for what they know and who they are, they do not deserve to be treated as numbers in a database, a mere source of money which is then squandered. It is impermissible for the Department of Education and the Chancellor to allow this mistreatment of students and staff to continue, experienced staff must not be harassed and fired, the program must be expanded not dismembered, we must have free adult education for all who desire it. If Superintendent Mills and her superiors are unwilling to serve the people of the city of New York they must be replaced by those who will do so.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much, next please.

KATIE NAPLATARSKI: I'm going to read quite fast actually and I have other documents as evidence of some of the things I say. Dear Council Members and Councilman Dromm thank you for holding this hearing regarding adult literacy in New York

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City and seeking to ensure the accountability of New
York City literacy providers. A 27-year DOE teacher I
was with OACE for 25 years, the last five as an
instructional facilitator which deals with curriculum
and materials, books and staff development. I
transferred out of OACE two years ago, I currently
work with another DOE division as an academic coach
itinerant. I would like to shed light on the
following issues which I know through personal
experience and keeping my ear close to the ground for
the past two years. TASC test numbers, only 316
diplomas were earned in 2015 out of 30,000 students.
I taught the TASC test from my current program and
the excuse that it this new test is harder is not
valid as a reason for this low number. In fact, last
year the program I am currently with earned 1,700,
1,700 diplomas out of 7,000 enrolled, it's an ESL
program and a BE program. OACE severely lacks TASC
fund staff development, it lacks staff development
for the TASC test or a process in place or
implemented in order for students to progress through
the TASC process or up through the class ranks. To
quote a teacher from Susan Edelman's post article,
"there is no feedback, no support, no curriculum, we

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are left to our own devices and that is still true". Case and point, in 2015 I witnessed that the principal at Brooklyn's Adult Learning Center had the mandatory TASC practice test locked in her office cabinet until April of, of the school year. She took them out only when the Saturday class threatened mutiny. In addition, according to current staff the scheduling of these mandatory tests often goes by the wayside and students languish in class or leave. Students, students learn that OACE no longer has the TASC test as priority, if they are applying on their own their applications are pulled, pulled by the TASC, if they apply on their own they're pulled by the TASC department which is run by OACE, they pull their applications. Standardized testing policy, I'm not talking about the standardized... the post-test that the students take NESL and BE. OACE is out of compliance with federal and state testing policy. Uhoh, I'm missing a page... here we go, sorry. State and federal guidelines, state and federal guidelines state that students should not... should take the test after a minimum of 40 instructional hours at yet program wide OACE systematically, systematically post-test students at 12 hours including

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instructional intake hours and I have... I have evidence right here of a memo from this year. Numerous teachers have stated that this is common practice for the past two years, all one needs to do is look into this to find evidence clear as day. OACE, OACE success is questionable. The present administration, a large part justifies its leadership practices by its success on this testing but the ratings are... that... OACE does not follow the testing guidelines, the testing data is not legitimate. Mismanagement, teachers and other staff, staff are not respected, valued or supported. Virtually all focus is on standardized testing in order to get a good rating. Teachers teach to the test and are hounded by data trackers, I just spoke to somebody last night who daily and relentlessly order for students to be tested in the classroom during instruction or the teacher has to give the test... best test while the students who knows what they're doing. Part time and full-time teachers that have left in droves often mid-year and institutional memory is gone, community building is nearly non-existent, retention is not focused and students are tested after just 12 hours, there is little motivation in

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retaining students. The students are often frustrated
because they have no chance to progress to a higher-
level class due to OACE arbitrary rules, once they've
tested in math and shown gain they might not take
another test, reading test for a month and can't
advance, advance to a TASC class. Rank and file is
not consulted not consulted on educational matters
and materials. Hundreds of thousands of dollars were
wasted in the administration's first six months on
the purchase of useless materials which are still in
the basement of the learning centers. One teacher
told me last night that the books and CD's are still
hanging around five years later they can't even be
given away and we were not consulted and I was part
of the team that should have been consulted and there
was what we once we once had what was once an
excellent learning institution is now a mill, years
of complaints and cries for help have gone unheard,
DOE passes the buck of blame to the state saying OACE
is under the state's guidance. It has so far
protected the administration, ignoring the writing on
the wall and damage. The administration's leadership
style may be characterized as abusive, disrespectful,
mean and non-collaborative, arrogant, dictatorial and

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
2	tyrannical. One might say it lacks creativity,
3	innovation, vision, and one might say heart. If one
4	is unlucky enough to be in the cross hairs of this
5	administration one might call it a reign of terror,
6	seriously it's that bad.
7	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: If, if you… [cross-
8	talk]
9	KATIE NAPLATARSKI: I yes [cross-talk]
10	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:could just wrap it
11	up a little bit… [cross-talk]
12	KATIE NAPLATARSKI: Okay, so that's,
13	that's it, I'm just my last points are the council
14	members please would further investigate and also
15	partner with the state to look into those the
16	testing practices because it's right in there.
17	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Alright and Katie
18	thank you… thank you for your testimony… [cross-talk
19	KATIE NAPLATARSKI: Thank you very much
20	[cross-talk]
21	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:it's very powerful,
22	as you know we are doing this at, at because you
23	folks came to us and that's… [cross-talk]
24	KATIE NAPLATARSKI:I'm so [cross-talk]

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
2	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:the beginning of the
3	process and I just want to state though also some of
4	the charges that you make are very serious and I
5	think that you should report them to OSI if you have
6	not already… [cross-talk]
7	KATIE NAPLATARSKI: I would [cross-talk]
8	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:done so [cross-
9	talk]
10	KATIE NAPLATARSKI:love to do that and
11	if the council could help us or steer us in how to do
12	that and there are many people who can speak to this
13	because I've spoken to many people and many of the
14	people sitting here know these things, I think that
15	would be just fantastic and I really, really
16	appreciate… [cross-talk]
17	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: And some of the
18	[cross-talk]
19	KATIE NAPLATARSKI:you having this
20	[cross-talk]
21	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:things that you did
22	[cross-talk]
23	KATIE NAPLATARSKI:hearing [cross-

24 talk]

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
2	CUAIDDEDCON DOMM: bring up I did ack
	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:bring up I did ask
3	DOE, some of the things they were not able to answer
4	today… [cross-talk]
5	KATIE NAPLATARSKI: Yes… [cross-talk]
6	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:some of the things
7	they will get back to us on and [cross-talk]
8	KATIE NAPLATARSKI: Yes… [cross-talk]
9	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:we will make that
10	public as well.
11	KATIE NAPLATARSKI: Yes and I very much
12	appreciate the questioning that you did, I do have
13	and I will give to you this is the memo which is
14	about testing schedules… [cross-talk]
15	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yes [cross-talk]
16	KATIE NAPLATARSKI:for one whole region
17	and shows that it's not 40 to 60 hours, we have some
18	other memos available too.
19	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, thank you very
20	much.
21	KATIE NAPLATARSKI: Thank you very much,
22	I very much appreciate it.
23	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, next please.
24	DONNA CARROLL: Good morning Chairman

Dromm and members of the Educational Committee. My

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name is Donna Corell, I have been teaching for the Office of Adult and Continuing Education for 30 years. I have been a master teacher, a curriculum developer, an instructional coach providing professional development of teachers and administrators and lately if have represented teachers of their chapter leader in our program. Thank you for allowing me to speak to you today and to bring some of my concerns regarding administrative decisions made by OACE leadership. Did you know that our current principals, all of the newly hired assistant principals and instructional coaches none of them have any experience working with adult learners? It is their responsibility to make decisions that impact our students and the quality of classroom instruction they receive. For example, a decision to eliminate low level literacy students out of our program is particularly disturbing. Such a decision could have only made by those who have never had to look in the eyes of a desperate scared adult student, one who knows this is his or her last chance to learn to read and write. No teacher should ever have to say to their students sorry but you cannot stay in my classroom, my boss doesn't allow me to

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teach you. I implore you do not accept our administrator's argument that the state doesn't provide the funds for nonliterate students or that there just isn't enough money or time that a less expensive adult ed. program in the city can serve this population, demand that OACE redirects its funds from a top heavy administrative staff back to the students who need us the teachers the most. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much,

I did know that the principals do not have a... [cross-talk]

KATIE NAPLATARSKI: None... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...background in adult education so... that's very interesting, thank you, next please.

TILLA ALEXANDER: Good day Chairman Dromm and committee members. My name is Tilla Alexander. After 20 plus years of teaching ESOL to adults for the Office of Adult and Continuing Education, the last 16 at the Mid-Manhattan Adult Learning Center which was a showcase for our formerly esteemed program I decided to retire partly due to my age but also because I have found it demoralizing and

oppressive to remain. I will share from my
perspective the many positive aspects of our program
as it used to be which proved to be so beneficial to
both teaching and learning. I will then contrast tha
with how our program has declined in quality
specifically over the past five years and the
negative impact this has had on teachers and
students. We have had previously a lot of support
from both administrative and central office staff
teaching and administrative. I would not have been
able to accomplish all that I had and become be a
successful teacher to my intermediate ESOL students
without the support from both administration and
other staff at OACE. We previously had collaboration
within and without our program, we collaborated with
LAC and we had a large representation in All Write
Symphony Space writing program and the NYU literacy
review. So, what has changed? We now have non-
existent or low-quality support at best. In fact, we
sometimes feel like we're going it all alone. We hav
inadequate professional development offerings, mainl
focused on data given by incompetent or unlicensed
professionals with no teacher involvement which used
to make them enriching. We have no encouragement to

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reach out of the box and collaborate with other educational groups. Now, now very few teachers are involved in the All Write Symphony Space Project and I was... this year I was the only teacher represented at literacy review, the activities at our school became very top down where our assemblies and programs were truly collaborative and teachers could self-select, now the administration chooses the program agenda and the teachers and students to be selected for that program. Whereas before teachers were encouraged to develop activities and flexibility based on student needs now the administration is dictating topics as well as a pacing schedule. Whereas before quality of instruction and creativity were most important now data and testing are paramount to the administration. Whereas before the OACE professional community met together three times a year for stimulating all day workshops where there was much collegial sharing of ideas, methods, materials, and experiences now by contrast we are divided by our eight regions for such all-day professional development where we are fed narrow and rigidly designed instructional mandates from the top down. Whereas before we had a cohesive program where

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teachers and students felt valued now teachers come to school apprehensive and battle fatigued, the students sense all of this while not understanding what is behind it. Whereas before all ESL teachers were licensed by the city and state now main... many new one's lack ESL certification. I conclude in the last five years Miss Rosemary Mills has taken over... since she has taken over as Superintendent OACE has been in professional decline and deterioration. Experienced, licensed, innovative teachers have been denigrated and unsupported by the administration. What was once a stellar program, one that used innovative forward-looking methods is now a shell of its former self. Our students deserve more.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much and I appreciate all that you've said, your emotion in this is clear and evident and as I said before we are just beginning to look at this issue and we will be following up on it very, very soon. Thank you again for coming.

TILLA ALEXANDER: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, our next panel will be Herbert Hodge… yeah, it's going to be a combination of some teachers and other providers and

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recipients. Herbert Hodge from ACE New York, Luz Rojas from Make the Road New York, Stephanie Vona Maneri, and Diane Jankins. So, we have two additional panels after this, if you have not... if you want to speak and have not turned in your form please make sure that you've done that. Okay, so I need to ... we're missing someone... oh okay, good. Okay, if I could ask you to raise your right hand. Okay, I'm sorry. Do you swear... do you solemnly swear or affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth and to answer council member questions honestly? Okay, I also want to state that we have been joined by Council Member Ben Kallos as well. Who would like to start on the panel? Yes. You just need to make sure that red light is on.

LUZ ROJAS: Okay. Good afternoon, I am

Luz Rojas, Senior Manager of Adult Literacy at Make

the Road New York. With over 20,000 members Make the

Road is the largest grassroots immigrant organization

in New York City. At Make the Road we work every day

to build the power of Latino and working-class

communities to achieve dignity and justice. Thank you

to our members of the... of the Education Committee for

allowing me the opportunity to speak today. First, I

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want to thank you for investing 12 million dollars for adult literacy in this fiscal year. Adult literacy is important for full participation in our society. Literacy is connected to everything to employment, school performance, health, integration and very important to community involvement. Without adult literacy classes, many immigrants are unable to reach their full potential in our communities and our city suffers. We are grateful to you for introducing this bill which aims to... for adult literacy services in New York City. We understand that in order to get more funding for adult literacy we need to demonstrate the need for our services in a way that DYCD has, has done a good job to help us with this. We were not surprised to see that DYCD's community needs assessments from this past June found that across the city adult literacy services were ranked as one the areas of greatest need. Based on our experience this is not at all a surprise. Major roles New York currently grants over 25 classes a week for 500 students a cycle at four offices with a combination of city, state and private funding. We enroll students quarterly and maintain waiting lists in all our, our offices to try to maintain a sense of

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the need. At any given point, we can have waiting lists between 50 to 400 potential students depending on the location of their office and the kind of class. Keeping waiting lists can be challenging for programs because we don't want to give people false hope that we will have chance for needed classes in the near future. Sometimes we just don't have a class at a level or time that works for them. we believe that together we can best demonstrate the need for classes by looking at assistant practices like DYCD's own community needs assessments as well as samples waiting lists, and surveys of program administrators. We also encourage this council to work to establish an adult literacy task force and the Mayor's Office for Adult Literacy again which could gather information and needs but to also work to enforce the adult literacy system in a long term and a strategic way. We are eager to work with you to come out with a simple and effective way for capturing and sharing the info about the need for adult literacy classes. Our hope is to engage in a data gathering process desperately needed and makes a strong case for these services but doesn't create a large additional administrative war for programs. Thank you again

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Education Committee members for your time today, we at Make the Road New York look forward to working together with you this year.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much and I hear you very loudly about the administrative burden that might be placed on you because that was an issue for me when I was a New York City public school teacher as well. Thank you and thank you to Make the Road for coming in.

LUZ ROJAS: You're welcome.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Mr. Hodge would you like to start?

HERBERT HODGE: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Just... if you make that red light is on, on your mic.

HERBERT HODGE: Test...

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: And pull the mic over to you, to your mouth, there you go.

HERBERT HODGE: Good morning... good afternoon. My name is Herbert Hodge, I'm 64 years of old... I'm 64 years old, I'm from Newark, New Jersey. I came from what you would call a dysfunctional family, I have problems and I didn't know how to cope. I went to school until the 10th grade but by that time I was

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making all the wrong choices and I paid a heavy price. I won't go into too much detail but from the time I left school I was moving around on the streets, I was homeless a few times, sometimes by choice and sometimes because I had nowhere to go. Eventually I made up my mind to get some help and give myself a break. I've been living here in New York since the end of 2013, I came to New York to receive treatment for a drug problem... a drug problem. At that time, I needed some help and encouragement to continue to try and be a better person. Through the treatment center I heard about ACE, they offered me different classes and encouraged me to find employment, to save my money and to get a roof over my head. The courses I took at ACE consisted of math, reading and computers and it brought a lot of what I had forgotten when I was in school. When I was in the computer class we were learning about punctuation and grammar to help us on our resumes. I still have a lot to learn but I am better than I was before, back then I didn't know what button to push to turn the computer on now I use the computer every day to update the sanitation trach and spreadsheet with what I did and where I was and when I'd show on the

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different sanitation routes. You have to know how to read in order to get around, you have to understand how to navigate the subways and the bus routes, I learned some of those basic skills at ACE like reading a map and how to pronounce and understand words and their meanings, I use these basic skills every day. I'm glad that I used a lot of the services at ACE, it gave me the tools to be satisfied and to be a productive... and to be productive and that is what I have always wanted to do. I wanted to make an investment in myself and improve my education. After a few months in ACE's program I got hired by ACE to do sanitation, working started to become the natural thing to do. I let my supervisor know that I liked the work which consisted of cleaning the streets and providing maintenance after that I got hired full time and I couldn't believe it. I never thought it would be this easy, I now have to work... I know I have to work for everything I have but I could never have imagined that in three years I would be in a position where I am the supervisor working with the staff in the field and reporting to the organization. I am helping other guys giving their suggestions on how to do a better job in sharing my experience. Right now,

I work five days a week, within the last three months

I have received a promotion to supervisor, I have

4 been employed going on four years. Everything I

5 learned in the classes I use every day to some

6 degree. In addition to work I continue to go to

7 school to get my GED and I'm going to get my high

8 school diploma even if it takes me three to four

9 times to pass the test. That will open more doors and

10 | there is no telling how far I could go. I feel that I

11 am on the right track and I am going in the right

12 direction, don't ask me what direction that is but I

13 know it's the right direction. ACE opened up a lot of

14 doors for me, they gave me hope, they showed me that

15 | I can do it and that I have to choose to make it. I

16 graduated from ACE's project come back over three

17 | years ago and now I have money in the bank and

18 positive people in my life. I have regrets but I know

19 that is what I had to go through to get where I am

20 today. I am a better person and I am satisfied with

21 who I am, it's a beautiful thing. Thank you to the

22 council for allowing me to share this today.

23 CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much

24 Mr. Hodge you are... yes, let's...

[applause]

inspiration and a powerful example of how people can turn their lives around and I know that firsthand because you worked in my district and I'm very appreciative for all that you did and the only thing that I can say is that I think it's a shame that you got a promotion because that meant that they took you out of my district but now as the supervisor of some of the men in my district you're doing even a bigger job and ensuring other people get the same benefit that you had so congratulations to you and you are, as I said a powerful example of the power of learning to read and become a literate and what it can do to change people's lives...

HERBERT HODGE: Yeah... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you again for

coming in today.

HERBERT HODGE: You're right.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Next please.

STEPHANIE VONA MANERI: Okay, me?

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yeah, whatever, who...

STEPHANIE VONA MANERI: Okay, yeah. I'm

Stephanie Vona Maneri, I'm a retired teacher from

OACE, I worked... I, I started as para in 1976, I left

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and came back in 1982 as a full-time teacher and I retired in 2014. I presently work as a volunteer too for some of the ... some of the former OACE students, why because some of the students have not... been constantly complaining to me... I do some of my old students and some... and some of them brought their friends that all they see is TABE test. These are motivated students who want a high school diploma for advancement, for post-secondary vocational training, for college admissions and for personal satisfaction. Most of my students left OACE because they wanted to take the TASC test instead they were given the TABE test, the TABE test didn't bring them any closer to getting their TASC diploma. While the TASC can provide some assessment information the TABE score is no substitute for a high school diploma. Over-testing is a waste of time when, when testing overdone. Most of my students... most of the students who I am presently tutoring have passed the TASC test but they're not part of the OACE total because they stopped attending classes at OACE locations. I think it's sad because a lot of us who retired they've made it difficult for us to return and work as ... work in the program. Instead of having... and I don't want to

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be negative towards my colleagues, teachers who don't have any high school equivalency experience, you have people who work in other areas. I started working in OACE when I was very, very young and I just want to say is that it's a disservice because I still get calls from students who... because I basically... I volunteer every other Saturday and, and I can only take a small group at a time because I'm in volunteer space. I think something needs to be done also to rectify what has been done to some of the older teachers. Some of ... some of the ... our spirits have been crushed and we want to contribute but who wants to go to a building where you're going to be humiliated, talked down to and really made to feel like a piece of crap. I love OACE, OACE has provided a lot for me but also, I've... I'm... my students... the thing that really touched me was some of my OACE students and now colleagues, they're teachers now, some of OACE students are registered nurses, I see them at Kings County Hospital, I see them at the city hospitals, why can't we continue to do this? Why must you choose... why must, must... why must you choose to be treated like crap, my focus is please do something, look at... look at the administration deeply, look who ...

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look, look at the people supervising us they don't know anything about us, it's a paycheck for them, for me it wasn't a paycheck, it was a living that's why I give up my Saturdays, my every other Saturday to, to the students and if you need a list of them I can get you a list but they left OACE and its sad because some of my colleagues here contributed... well they were lower level ABE students and some of them have reached the TASC level but because of what's going on they can't continue, some of my colleagues deserve the... from bringing these students to that... to where they are now.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much and I want to assure you we're listening and we're hearing it and we're going to act on it and as soon as we get those numbers we'll have more information for you as well. Thank you, next please.

DIANE JANKINS: Good afternoon everyone, how is everybody feeling? I don't hear you, how you doing?

22 [off-mic dialogue]

23 DIANE JANKINS: You feel good?

[off-mic dialogue]

2	DIANE JANKINS: I feel good because
3	finally we're getting this mess out in the open.
4	Thank you very much Mr. Dromm, thank you very much
5	Education Committee for having me. I'm going to look
6	at the mission of the adult ed. program and how it's
7	not reaching its goals because of the Mill's
8	misadministration. Adult education needs true
9	accountable andragogic leadership of the largest
10	state for education program in New York State.
11	Leadership who actually brings the same type of
12	compassion, dedication, experience to a program
13	that's as dedicated adult education teachers have
14	demonstrated for decades. Now you may ask me well
15	why, why because of the population we serve, 1.6
16	million people in New York City do not have a high
17	school diploma. Most of our, our, our students come
18	in and they're reading on a very low level, many of
19	our students come in they cannot speak English
20	properly, they don't know the, the ins and out
21	workings, okay. When you have a population like this
22	the things that you are supposed to provide is
23	sanctuary and only the way that we can provide that
24	sanctuary if we are able to do what we're supposed to
25	do and we're not allowed to do that, okay. The Office

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of Adult and Continuing Education mission is to empower adults in their roles as parents, family members, workers, community members, etcetera and we promote lifelong learning, we never stop learning, I hope you never did, I keep learning every day, alright and the development of problem solving skills through the continuum of services including adult basic education, ESOL, high school preparation, and career and technical education programs. Now how can we do this without providing qualified, experienced adult education administration? How can we do this if our program consists of mean spirited K through 12 administrators who know absolutely nothing about adult education? How can we do this if a teacher demonstrated that kind of insensitive, selfish, narcissistic, unilateral behavior in their classroom their students would have long walked out and given them a U rating. The 40,000 students per year deserves better than an arrogant, incompetent, and dishonest administration. How do I abuse thee let me count the ways? On my first day, I came and I said it's my way or the highway, I have a central office made up of numerous administrators with substantive salaries with many of them doing absolutely nothing

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about adult ed. How are you going to administrate what you don't know? An administration who cuts hours and classes while ordering principals to give unsatisfactory ratings to their teachers, who loves, I love you. How do we do this if I make you cringe every time by having my administrators call your students children when the average age is 39? How can we do this when administrators are an unwelcome combination of inexperienced, incompetent, and program damaged. How can we do this when the meaning of andragogic is confused with pedagogy? How can we do this when as soon as new hires understand how they were bullied and mistreated they're out there. I can't even count Mr. Dromm over the last three years how many people came in, they saw the horizon and they left? How can we do this when administration forces senior staff to train the new hires, how can we do this when students are placed incorrectly in classes levels one through four because the person placing them does not know the difference because they have not been properly trained and they have not been in the program, know nothing about adult ed. How can we do this when the administration forces, forces non-certified staff to administer TABE and BEST, BEST

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Plus tests, do new student's intake, score tests, interview and place students, prescribe tests, all of this has to be done by a certified person who knows adult education and that's not what's happening. How can we do… [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: If I can just ask you to wrap up, okay?

DIANE JANKINS: Okay, how can we do this when the administration indulges in nepotism and favoritism and lastly, how can we do this when community coordinators and community assistants are allowed to do payroll when they should be doing outreach. This program is mismanaged by K through 12 educators who know nothing about this program and it's dying as we go.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Alright, which is unfortunate. Thank you again for coming in, we look forward to continuing to work with you on this issue and we appreciate your testimony.

DIANE JANKINS: Thank you...

STEPHANIE VONA MANERI: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Alright, our next panel is Marsha... Marcia Biederman and Marcia's also going to be showing a video of some students I

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believe, yeah okay. Nancy Simon, Lisa Miller and
Lorene Cunningham. Oh, I'm sorry and we also want to
announce that we've been joined by Council Member
Mark Levine and Council Member Ydanis Rodriguez,
thank you for being here. And we were joined by
Council Member Inez Barron but she has now left to go
to another hearing. Okay, can I get you to raise your
right hand so I can swear you in? Alright, do you
solemnly swear or affirm to tell the truth, the whole
truth and nothing but the truth and to answer council
member questions honestly?

[off-mic affirmatives]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Marcia, would you like to go Marcia?

MARCIA BIEDERMAN: Yes, Marcia. So, good day Chairman Dromm and committee members. My name is Marcia Biederman and I retired one year ago from teaching English as a second language in the Office of Adult and Continuing Education. Many of my ESL students had never gone to school in their native countries, I taught them not only English but also how to read and write. In June 2014, my colleagues and I became aware of a new policy that would have shunted the students away from the OACE sites to

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classes in the public libraries and I have an exhibit which was one of the colleagues... the case managers had the evidence principal's... its exhibit one, principals please recommend your low-level students to these adult education classes at New York Public Library and it was the same in Brooklyn and probably the same in Queens and the DOE never, never denied this. So, I contacted the Brooklyn Public Library where the Director of Adult Education programs told me that no one at the DOE had discussed this seismic shift with him. Moreover, he pointed out that although the Brooklyn Public Library offers learn to read classes they're designed for native speakers or those with native like English proficiency, they're not for students struggling with both the language and... as well as basic literacy. Hence the students were not so much being referred as being rejected and then... this is addressing Council Member Menchaca's bill, how are nonliterates, ESL students identified, it's actually not through an exam. In some cases, their low skills become evident as soon as the teacher writes on the board. The intake exam for ESL, I just wanted to part from the, the script for a minute, is purely oral, it's all reading... it's all

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speaking and listening so it's not immediately evident in some cases that the student is nonliterate. Some other students request ABC classes or they struggle to sign their names and intake workers ask about years of school attended. In the case of my students the answer was often zero. In the past OACE teachers would find a way to work with them ideally in a specialized class now they are being shown the door. In correspondence with Chancellor Carmen Farina's office and I have exhibits two and three and discussion with OACE Superintendent Rosemary Mills we were told that state funding requires nonliterate students to be served not by our program but by the libraries which receive ALE or adult literacy education funding. So, those are exhibits two and three. We were very disappointed, we, we... you seen exhibit two that the council... the Chancellor's strategic response book just said that's how it is, they get AL Funding but if you'll jump to exhibit four... in fact the libraries did not get AL funding and... at least not as reported by the state so this, this was the pre-text or excuse given both by our Superintendent and unfortunately to our great disappointment by the Chancellor's office which... and

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2	there seems to be some sort of contradiction here
3	because in the reporting I have I can't show it to
4	you but you know there's a school report card for
5	adult education, it says AL funding no for the New
6	York and Brooklyn Public Libraries
7	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: It, it [cross-talk]
8	MARCIA BIEDERMAN:eventually [cross-
9	talk]
10	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:it could be that
11	they get city funding and that's what the DOE might
12	be referring to.
13	MARCIA BIEDERMAN: But they wrote AL
14	funding
15	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: They wrote what?
16	MARCIA BIEDERMAN: They wrote A this is
17	from the Chancellor's I have to go by the evidence.
18	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Uh-huh
19	MARCIA BIEDERMAN: Exhibit two is
20	precisely what we received from the Chancellor's
21	strategic response group.
22	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: I, I see, okay
23	[cross-talk]
24	MARCIA BIEDERMAN: If you see the
25	circled [cross-talk]

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2 CHAIRPERSON DROMM: ...I got it... [cross-

3 talk]

MARCIA BIEDERMAN: ...you know exhibit two the areas I've circled they stated AL funding several times, it was also... this was repeated to us in meetings that we had with, with the Superintendent so I don't think it was a slip of the tongue Council Member Dromm. Eventually Miss Mills agreed to let me continue with my existing nonliterate students provided they were making educational gain. Sympathetic staffers enrolled or kind of snuck in additional new students but access to education should be a matter of policy not empathy. I don't know what happened after I was gone and I can't count the number of students who were turned away because there was no tracking of the students who were turned away and that would be useful and I think that's what the... what Council Member Menchaca's bill is, is, is proposing. And even as all this was happening the OACE stated on its website and this is exhibit five that the classes were open to anyone over age 21 with no additional requirements. Now my... let my students speak for them... speak for themselves here, they knew that they were under threat and I asked them if they

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want to record something and I hope the sound is on...
and... if we can get sound... okay, I'm going to have to
turn up the volume, I'm sorry... very sorry... here
perhaps... okay, I also have the sub... I also have
subtitles so... they're just little speakers.

[playing video]

MARCIA BIEDERMAN: Okay, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much, very powerful, next please.

Miller and I am a former OACE teacher, I was discontinued in 2016 and I want to just talk a little bit about how the observation reports are used to, to denigrate and U rate and fire teachers and they are irrational and nonevidence based. Okay, so what happens to a teacher who is sensitive to her students... her student's needs in OACE, what do you think, class, what happens to her? Okay, I'll tell you, she gets fired that's what happens to her. I was faulted for not differentiating for the single student that was in my class, not differentiating for one student, how do you do that? I was U rated and scolded because I didn't say turn and talk to your partner and I have been given a list of demands and

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expectations for one lesson so as to make the lesson so convoluted that it would make the lesson completely unmanageable and incoherent. I was falsely accused of not having a lesson plan for a formal observation. A specialist has come into my room who herself was U rated to remediate me, another one who had no experience with either adult education or ESL demonstrated an appallingly bad model lesson that lacked any coherence whatsoever and did not address my alleged deficiency. She did not group the students appropriately nor did she differentiate, she did not check for comprehension or say turn and talk to your partner. Not only did she not know how to construct and deliver an ESL lesson but I suspect she found it just as unmanageable to satisfy all the demands that the principal required in one lesson. I was supposed to model my lessons on this. I have been demeaned and harassed mercilessly by, by hostile supervisors and have... who have brought me to tears but mine is not an isolated case. Similar irrational observation reports non, non-evidenced based were used against other senior teachers to order... in order to justify U ratings. The clear targeting of OACE senior teachers by Superintendent Mills began in 2013... '12 and '13

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when she came on. Miss Bernard, who is a was a, a
principal in, in who is a principal in the Bronx
where I work meted out U ratings to the majority of
senior teachers with decades of satisfactory even
exemplary experience in adult education, ESL and BE.
One of the U rated GED teachers covered her walls
with copies of GED and ESL and the U rated group and
ESL teacher in the U rated group had mentored new,
new teachers in how to teach basic literacy skills to
ESL students yet all Bernard could do was denigrate
their skills. This past year the hostile work
environment was drift has driven a number of Bronx
teachers to leave before the end of the school year.
The revolving door of teachers is harmful to our
students, it is, is as harmful to our students as the
loss the revolving door of teachers is harmful to
our students as is the loss of experienced teachers.
The U ratings of senior teachers has become more
widespread with each passing year of the Mills
administration. This year 24 teachers who were U
rated for the '16, '17 school year came to the
Manhattan… [cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON DROMM: I have to ask you to wrap it up a little bit because we have to be out of here in ten minutes.

LISA MILLER: Okay, I just have like a little... just a tiny bit left about that. The ... came to the Manhattan Office of the UFT to file appeals. The youngest were in their 40's and the majority were in their 50's and 60's. More teachers in other boroughs were U rated as well. The number of U ratings in our relatively small program compared to the K-12 schools is shocking. Furthermore, the preponderance of U ratings are reserved for the most experienced teachers. Some PK-12 teachers gave up their tenure to work in OACE and were especially vulnerable as senior teachers without tenure. A number of these senior teachers got letters of discontinuation, the targeting and loss of experienced teachers does great damage to the student population OACE is supposed to serve and that's it.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you, I want to assure you we're going to look at the issue of the senior teachers being pushed out, we're going to look at that issue, thank you, next please.

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NANCY SIMON: Okay, good afternoon 3 everybody. My name is Nancy Simon and mine is about excessive unsatisfactory ratings for OACE teachers. I 4 am a recently retired teacher who worked for the New York City Department of Education for many years. I 6 7 taught ESL in the adult education program for the latter half of my career, OACE. It was truly a 8 stimulating and pleasurable experience teaching this subject to these students. I will be focusing on 10 11 teachers here but that always implies students. At 12 the very core of this mammoth educational system is the teacher student relationship without this duo 13 14 there is nothing to which the rest can be attached. 15 Given that teachers are half of this core, I have to 16 ask why are they treated so badly under 17 Superintendent Mill's leadership? I am at this 18 hearing to speak to the alarming and demoralizing 19 increase in unsatisfactory annual ratings that have 20 been unfairly dealt to many experienced and effective 21 teachers which began when Miss Mills became the Superintendent of OACE in 2012. These unsatisfactory 2.2 2.3 or U ratings have risen far beyond passed norms. They have also far exceeded the ineffective ratings given 24 to our teacher counterparts in the PreK through 12th 25

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grade system. The following is a comparison of the ratings for these two groups of teachers for the school years 2013 to '14 through 2016 to '17, that's four years. For... first the annual ratings of PreK through 12th grade teachers are taken from a New York State Education Department Report and there's a copy here, anybody can see on their website, it's all published, this is page 13 of the report. So, the report shows that one percent of New York City teachers received an ineffective rating for the 2013 to '14 through 2015 to '16 school years. The 2016 to '17 ratings are not yet available but I have heard that ineffective ratings seemed to have diminished therefore I've estimated an across the board ineffective rating of one percent for the past four years for PreK through 12th grade teachers. Unfortunately, data on OACE teacher's unsatisfactory ratings is more difficult to obtain. The numbers for 2013 to '14 and 2014 to '15 were finally obtained by a freedom of information act letter, oddly a freedom... the, the… this carbon copy type Freedom of Information Act or F... FOIL requests for the same information for 2015 to '16 was denied, okay, so there's a copy of the denial as well for the same

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information but there is a new request pending. However, our understanding of the 2016, '17 number is well informed, at the end of June most of the U rated teachers attended an emergency meeting at the UFT to file their appeals. Word got around of the high number of U ratings because it was so shocking. Now this is where I'm going... I was a little shocked at this hearing to hear, I think it was Vernon site the number of full time teachers as 147 because I took the directory that was sent to us in May, I was still teaching up until, you know the summer and we've went through it and called through it and got rid of all the procession people and all the duplicates, these were teachers that had classes, full time, I... my count is 189 and I include teacher line because they are teachers and they get U rated too, those are case managers and instructional facilitators so what I'm going to say here my numbers... then I did the quick math on his numbers which makes the U ratings even worse but okay, so to get the percentage I took a count of full time or non-procession OACE teachers based on last year's class directory adding in all full time teacher line personnel, case managers and instructional facilitators this came to a total of

2	189 teachers. This number should closely approximate
3	the previous three years so it is used to calculate
4	the percentages of U rated teachers. Okay, here we go
5	with my figures, 2,000 these are the percentages of
6	OACE teachers rated unsatisfactory are as follows:
7	2013 to '14, '13 teachers seven percent were rated
8	unsatisfactory, you remember PreK through 12, one
9	percent, 2014 to '15 school year, FOIL result again
10	nine percent of OACE teachers were rated
11	unsatisfactory, 2015 to '16 not available, FOIL
12	rejected another one is pending, 2016 to '17 school
13	year 14 percent of teachers were U rated, that was 27
14	teachers got unsatisfactory. Now with the numbers
15	that I got from Vernon I just quickly tried to do,
16	2016 to '17, 27 U's if we indeed have 147 full time
17	teachers that makes it 18 percent were U rated, okay
18	and then 2014 to '15 we had 17 U's, you know and my
19	figure said what that was nine percent U rated well
20	it's 12 percent so, you can see… I guess we got to
21	get those numbers figured out because they never
22	okay, just a few more… couple more… [cross-talk]
23	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Alright, just if you
24	could… [cross-talk]

LISA MILLER: Okay... [cross-talk]

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
2	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:wrap it up because
3	[cross-talk]
4	LISA MILLER:yeah, I worked hard on
5	this… [cross-talk]
6	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:I [cross-talk]
7	LISA MILLER:and people [cross-talk]
8	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, I know I just…
9	I, I'm being… [cross-talk]
10	LISA MILLER:alright, I, I try to give
11	[cross-talk]
12	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:pressed [cross-
13	talk]
14	LISA MILLER:hard data and you know
15	these numbers especially last years are in stark
16	contrast to one percent ineffective ratings for non-
17	OACE teachers. What these numbers do not tell are the
18	many stressful and painful experiences endured by
19	individuals throughout the year in such a hostile
20	work environment. Although the negative impact is
21	probably felt most by those who were given an
22	unsatisfactory rating, it is certainly not limited to

24 had a lot of this... you know a lot of us do. Along

that. My... I did not get a U rating but I felt... I, I

25 | with the annual U ratings there have been an

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excessive number of observations that are rated unsatisfactory throughout the year given both to teachers who end up with unsatisfactory and satisfactory annual rating. The harsh and sometimes absurd critiques that follow often seem to have no rhyme or reason and do not reflect the reality experienced by the teacher and students, not the enthusiastic participation and learning activities or the student's demonstrable achievements. I will close by saying that I hope these words and those of others on this topic will have a meaningful impact, such poor treatment of teachers is not healthy for the teachers, the students, or anyone working in the program. OACE leadership truly needs change.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, thank you very much and we'll look at your numbers too if you want to give us your numbers.

LISA MILLER: I, I attached... I had... of course I had many copies of the testimony and then you should have... if you have five sheets that you have everything.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay... [cross-talk]

LISA MILLER: I, I ran out so then some people just get the testimony.

	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Well give me your
3	quick numbers too, I want the numbers that you were
4	doing while you were here on [cross-talk]
5	LISA MILLER: Oh sure… [cross-talk]
6	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:what he was saying
7	[cross-talk]
8	LISA MILLER:yeah [cross-talk]
9	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:as well, okay
10	LISA MILLER: Absolutely.
11	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Yep. Yeah, put the
12	put the numbers that you were figuring too so I can
13	work off of those numbers.
14	LISA MILLER: Yes, yes [cross-talk]
15	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay. Alright, thank
16	you.
17	LISA MILLER: Okay.
18	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Next please.
19	LORENE CUNNINGHAM: Good afternoon, my
20	name is Lorene Cunningham, I was a OACE Education
21	Officer, I recently retired, I retired this past
22	February. I have been a part of OACE for 24 years an
23	have gone through many administrations and this last
24	one has been a real challenge in terms of the

workload and what we are seeking to get. Speaking on...

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just as a point of reference here you had questioned that... you said you never... you weren't aware of the EPI, the EPI... each one of our students garners \$8.43 per hour that they sit in a classroom so that there in there for a morning class of three hours it's 25 dollars and change and for a three day 227 and for a five-day class 379. So, it's like they've gone to work and that's how we're garnering and getting our money. What we are asked to do as Education Officers and with our data team is to take the pre-test that come in and the post-test and get this all into surmised reports for the teachers some of which plays for or against the teacher depending on the demographics in their class and their test. Many times, the students are tested before they've had 12 hours of realistic instructional time because the 12 hours can encompass the intake hours and class time. So, we do have students who have walked away because they did intake on Friday and their class starts Monday and they walk in and they're told I need to post-test you. So, they've not seen a teacher to even say what is my range or what do I have to work with so I know my improvement, then it comes to data and we're told to enter this in to create the reports

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which are done by schematic and mapped within the software and sometimes the reports are dismal because this is what we have given to us. So, it's a loaded gun in terms of its weighted more for whom is what and how you have to ask it. The data teams are to be the magicians in terms of trying to get this done but it's unrealistic for the students, the students get discouraged because it's a test and it's a test and it's a test and what we have to do is we have to save our program, we have to realistically be more accountable so that we look at our students not as just the number that's going to get us the EPI dollar because they sit in that class but we have to look at the students as that person striving trying to create and reach a goal and that's what we're there for. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Very good and very distinct and very informative, I appreciate it and those were some of the, the... there was some of the information I was trying to get from the DOE earlier was on that testing, right that's what I was referring to.

LORENE CUNNINGHAM: Yeah.

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CHAIRPERSON DROMM: So, thank you for that, it was very, very informative and thank you to this whole panel, I wish we didn't have to rush as much as we do but I do have one more panel I need to bring up but I appreciate all of you coming in.

LORENE CUNNINGHAM: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, our next panel
Ira Yankwitt, Literacy Assistant Center; Kevin
Douglas from United Neighborhood Houses; Elaine
Roberts, Catholic Charities Community Services; Amy
Torres, Chinese American Planning Council and Martha
Bordman, OACE ESL teacher. Why don't we do Martha
first, where's Martha, okay because then you... it'll
be with... consistent with what the other teachers were
saying and then we'll go into service providers.
Would you all raise your right hand please so I can
swear you in? Do you solemly swear or affirm to tell
the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth
and to answer council member questions honestly?
Okay, Martha.

MARTHA BORDMAN: Okay. Good afternoon

Councilman Dromm and Educational Committee members.

My name is Martha Bordman and I want to thank you for giving me the opportunity to testify on Adult

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Education in New York City. I was an ESL teacher in the New York City Office of Adult and Continuing Education until I retired in June 2014 with over 30 years of experience in the field of ESL Adult Education. I am here to testify... today to testify how the mission of the OACE is being undermined under the stewardship of Rosemary Mills, the Superintendent of the New York City OACE. OACE instructional staff understands that funds for the program are based on test score data gains but for superintendent Mills the extraction of this data has little to do with improving educational outcomes instead this so called good data is used to embellish her profile. Superintendent Mills continuously... teachers and support staff to produce these data gains another words to basically squeeze good data out of students by testing them over and over again. This of course has demoralized students. The principals and assistant principals are also under pressure to show test score gain so they in turn harass teachers about test scores. I have a 2013 email from my principal that exemplifies the kind of threats and pressure teachers receive then but have heard from my inservice colleagues that this pressure has greatly

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intensified, it's in my packet, you'll receive it. at the end of sprint 2014... at the end of the spring 2014 term Superintendent Mills decided to cut low level literacy basic education and ESL students from the program since these students contribute to so called bad data. As evidence, I have a memo from Superintendent Mills directing principals and assistant principals to send low level students to adult education classes at local libraries. Never before had the OACE turned away low leveled students. The administrative excuse for this decision was that library classes could better serve low level literacy students. As an ESL low level literacy teacher, I decided to follow up and was shocked to find out that the library where I was to refer my students did not even offer classes for low level literacy students. On July 22nd, 2014, the online educational news publication Chalkbeat reported on this egregious directive in an article called Adult Students with Poor Literacy Getting Short Shrift and I have a copy for you in here. Superintendent Mills and her expensive layer of elementary and middle school administrative appointees have tried to impose an elementary school curriculum for the teaching of

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adult ESL students. In fact, during the two... 2014 school year large sums were squandered on children's textbooks with inappropriate elementary themes for example multiple picture books on animals. Instructional staff with a wealth of experience in ESL adult education had absolutely no input in selecting these materials and Superintendent Mills told teachers that these elementary materials satisfied the goals of common core. Consequently, boxes and boxes of unused children's books were warehoused in adult education closets throughout the city that year while teachers were left with the dearth of appropriate materials. At a 2013, '14 OACE staff meeting I attempted to ask Superintendent Mills a question about ESL materials but was shut down. Superintendent Mills said all questions concerning materials should be directed to principals therefore I emailed my questions to my principal, my principal never wrote back but Superintendent Mills did. I'd like to read you her email to me, I have my email to her you can read it later but here's her email to me: Miss Bordman, it is clear that your agenda is not in the interest of the program rather it is to ensure that the status quo continues please know that I am

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responsible for the leadership of OACE and will not tolerate anyone trying to undermine the program, your contact yesterday borders on unprofessionalism and I caution you to desist and focus on providing instruction to your students, you are not a leader in OACE so don't try to make leadership decisions. A couple of days later my principal stopped my... by my room to give me a warning, she said there could be consequences for asking the Superintendent questions. I strongly advise this committee to take a deep look

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Well very powerful.

Is your memo relating to the libraries the same as the one that Marcia had in her packet?

at what is going on in the OACE.

MARTHA BORDMAN: The, the, the... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Can you... have... do you have... do you have the, the memo on the library funding?

MARTHA BORDMAN: I don't have the memo on the library funding but there was a, a library set up for teachers before...

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2	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: No, I mean in and
3	Marcia mentioned that there was a memo, I think it
4	was in Marcia's
5	[off-mic dialogue]
6	MARTHA BORDMAN: Yes, I have that memo.
7	Yeah, that's… [cross-talk]
8	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: It's in your
9	testimony?
10	MARTHA BORDMAN: Yes, it's in my
11	testimony… actually… [cross-talk]
12	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay [cross-talk]
13	MARTHA BORDMAN:it's attached to the
14	article from Chalkbeat.
15	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, alright, very
16	good… [cross-talk]
17	MARTHA BORDMAN: Okay… [cross-talk]
18	CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, good, I just
19	want to be sure that I have that as well. Alright,
20	thank you very much [cross-talk]
21	MARTHA BORDMAN: You're welcome [cross-
22	talk]
23	CHAIRPERSON DROMM:and I think that
24	that is the end of our teacher and let me say this
25	as well, I have never had a hearing where so many

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teachers have turned out on an issue as we have had here so we are definitely going to be looking at this issue more thoroughly as we move forward so thank you to the teachers who have turned out for this.

MARTHA BORDMAN: You're welcome.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Now let's go to our service providers and where should we start? Kevin, you want to start?

KEVIN DOUGLAS: Sure. Good afternoon, my name is Kevin Douglas, I'm Co-Director of Policy and Advocacy with United Neighborhood Houses of New York. I want to thank the Chair and members of the committee for convening this important hearing on Adult Education in New York City. I just want to quickly off, off my formal testimony commend the teachers that testified this morning, I'm not in a position to weigh the, the validity of the claims but it's really inspiring to see such passionate educators come out and advocate for their students and I think we all share the same goals of wanting a quality education system for adult learners in New York City. So, my network is non-profit settlement houses that are in the five boroughs, we have 30 agencies that serve three quarters of a million New

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Yorkers every year, over two thirds of those agencies are providing adult literacy services to about 10,000 students, that includes ESOL, ABE, HSE as well as testing. We are long time members of the New York City... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: If I may just interrupt you, Cultural Affairs hearing has been moved next door just to make sure that everybody whose here in the room knows that this is the Education Committee hearing, Cultural Affairs has been moved next door, thank you. Go ahead Kevin, I'm sorry.

folks were interested in Adult Education. So, like I said I'm, I'm a member of the New York City Coalition for Adult Literacy, we've been a long-time partner and leader in that group which is consisting of teachers, program managers from the CBO sector as well as CUNY campuses and library chapters are our branches and we're committed to seeing a system of adult education that's high quality and accessible for the 2.2 million New Yorkers who need those services. We are really grateful thanks to your leadership as a long-time supporter of IOI as well as

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Chair of the Immigration Committee Carlos Menchaca, Speaker Mark-Viverito and Finance Chair Ferreras-Copeland for really putting adult education back on the map in city council discussions and in particular for the 12 million dollar investment that's made in each of the last two years, that's made a huge difference in terms of capacity for the system although we know we're still seriously underfunded in terms of where the actual need is. For today, I'm not going to focus so much on the need questions as much as the bill that has been presented by Immigration Chair Menchaca and I quess I would say we support the idea and the concept of the bill, we know there's a huge unmet need in the city and there's not a lot of good data to really mark progress in terms of if the city makes an investment how far are they moving the needle. As a field, we've done self-surveys over the years and our most recent survey we found that at any point in time there is over 15,000 students who are on waiting lists to get into classes which was consistent with a survey we done two years prior and found 14,000 students on waiting lists. This was an anecdotal survey responded to by a portion of the field so we know it was only scratching true demand

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so for that reason we really support the goal of this legislation which would to be do a, a more comprehensive data capture on the number of people trying to access services. The one concern we have is, is really around the administrative burden that this would place on programs. We know that programs are seriously underfunded as is, we, we heard Council Member Rosenthal talk about the 850 dollars that programs are getting to support their students which is really well below what it needs to be and so there's a concern that if we add on additional data reporting capturing without appropriate funding it's going to be a nightmare really for the programs to administer and so we support the idea and would want to work further with this committee and, and the bill sponsor to find ways to reduce that burden or and a... and a more preferable solution actually work to increase funding rates for programs they can actually capture the data as requested. The last two things I will say is part of the challenges that we've heard this morning and I've articulated are due to the fact that there's no coordinated central leadership in the city on adult literacy, we have a variety of different providers whether it's OACE or CBO's or

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libraries or CUNY or WRK DEV or HRA each doing their own piece of adult literacy and there's no central coordinator. We've been advocating for a long time that the Mayor's Office of Adult Literacy be restored and, and renewed with the mission of bringing together all of these stakeholders including teachers and students to really create a vision for the system that would include comprehensive funding access and high quality for students. At... last thing, going back to the 12-million-dollar investment we are very grateful for that. The biggest challenge for us is that it wasn't baselined which means it's one-year funding which makes it incredibly hard for programs to expand and not know if they're going to be able to retain those teachers in the, the following years to support students so we'd ask that this council work with the administration in the next budget to at a minimum baseline that funding and actually negotiate a new RFP. We heard DOACD say that they extended the current RFP for three years which makes it very difficult to enter into negotiations for rates. We can't wait three years for the new rates and so we want the funding baselined and new RFP's to be able to address that concern. Thank you very much.

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CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much, next please?

ELAINE ROBERTS: Okay. Good afternoon. My name is Elaine Roberts, I'm the Director of Catholic Charities ESOL Program, the International Center. We serve as an important resource for all the clients at Catholic Charities, we work with refugee resettlement clients, help them obtain employment, we work with clients from Immigration Legal Services, help them obtain citizenship, we work with parents in the Alianza Dominicana after school programs and we provide English practice for children in the Unaccompanied Minors Programs. Our goal is to provide the language skills and the confidence necessary for English language learners to communicate effectively in their personal professional and academic lives in New York City. Our programming includes ESOL classes at multiple proficiency levels, citizenship preparation classes, computer skills classes, individual conversation practice and then specialized off site programming for vulnerable communities in Manhattan and the Bronx. We are also an active member of the New York Coalition for Adult Literacy. We are honored to testify today at the hearing alongside

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education advocates and colleagues and before the New
York City Committee on Education whose commitment to
adult literacy we appreciate. Just a word about
Catholic Charities, we serve all New Yorkers Catholic
and non-Catholic alike throughout the five boroughs
and seven counties in the Lower Hudson Valley. Our
work is broad diverse and focused on responding to
individual needs. Some of the services that we
provide to New Yorkers include eviction prevention,
case management to help people access benefits and
solve financial and family issues, emergency food,
specialized assistance for the blind and the visually
impaired, after school, dropout prevention, and
employment programs for low income at risk youth,
sports and recreation programs, and supportive
housing for adults with mental illness. We provide
these programs throughout the city in our own centers
and then in partnership and collaboration with other
community resources. We our department the ESOL
Department is part of the division of immigrant and
refugee services which includes immigration legal
services, refugee resettlement, unaccompanied minors
and then the new American's hotline. About
Introduction 1195. I just wish to say thank you again

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for your time and attention to this issue. As you know there is a great unmet demand for adult literacy classes, we do truly appreciate the 12-million-dollar investment this year as Kevin mentioned, there are still students that cannot find seats we based that on a, a survey that was done a few years ago by NYCAL. Continuing to support adult literacy and baselining the funding would be helpful for programs to strengthen their services. We support the goal of 1195 to more clearly show the demand and the need for adult literacy services and again to echo what Kevin said we feel strongly that the reporting mechanism must include data that is easy for programs to access and to report on especially if there's not going to be additional funding to support the data collection. Our recommendation is to increase and baseline the adult literacy funding and to develop the proposed report. The collaboration... the report should be developed in collaboration with the adult literacy programs ideally through a task force drawn from providers and advocates in the field. And this would help us to include the most useful information... most ... many identified in the proposal and also with people in the field. In addition, we feel that an accurate

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report on adult literacy must include data about students who have not yet come into contact with the programs because of lack of awareness, fear about their status or other concerns. Information from other city agencies such as HRA and MOYA and others should be considered and... as well as the Neighborhood Advisory Boards that are mentioned in DYCD's community assessment... needs assessment. And thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you very much also, next please.

IRA YANKWITT: Okay, good afternoon and thank you Chairperson... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Good afternoon... [cross-talk]

IRA YANKWITT: ...Dromm and members of the committee for giving me the opportunity to testify.

My name's Ira Yankwitt and I'm the Executive Director of the Literacy Assistance Center, a 34-year-old non-profit organization dedicated to strengthening and expanding the adult education system and to advancing adult literacy as a core value in our society and a foundation for equal opportunity and social justice.

As this committee is well aware and as Kevin

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mentioned earlier today in New York City there are approximately 2.2 million adults who lack English language proficiency, a high school diploma or both yet funding for adult literacy education is so limited that fewer than four percent of these adults are able to access basic education, high school equivalency or any English classes in any given year. This is nothing short of a citywide crisis and I wish to express deep appreciation to the city council for recognizing the urgency of this crisis over the past two years and championing a significant increase in funding for programs. New York City has historically been a national leader both in its vision for adult literacy education and in its level of investment. Your commitment over these past two years and the bill before us today demonstrates that this council once again wants to place New York City at the forefront of the movement for adult literacy and is striving to create a city that truly provides equal educational opportunity for all. The field of adult literacy education faces two acute challenges, one a chronic shortage in funding and two, the complexity of meeting an overwhelming need. Intro 1195 is an important step in beginning to address the ladder.

With stronger data, we can better understand gaps in our adult literacy system particularly how many individuals are being turned away from city funded programs each year and why. One way to facilitate this process would be for the city to fund a citywide adult literacy hotline as it did from the mid 1980's through the early 2000's which could track interest and demand and make, make referrals to programs that have seats and maintain a centralized waiting list that could direct potential students to programs when space becomes available. However, without additional funding for programs both the ability to meet the added burden of Intro 1195's data collection responsibilities as well as the ability to serve more of those adults seeking classes will be severely limited. For this reason, I'd like to focus the remainder of my testimony on some of the critical funding challenges based by the field understanding these challenges at the start of this process will help to inform the city's vision for strategic investments and better ensure the success of this legislation's intent. When it comes to funding for adult literacy education there are really three issues. The first is the posit of the funding itself

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which shuts the door to over 95 percent of those adults in need. The second is the short term and unreliable nature of the current funding streams which pose a continuous threat to program stability, staff continuity and the ability to fully achieve program and policy goals. The third is the inadequacy of the fund... in... is the inadequacy of the funding formulas and rates which undermine programs ability to provide the full ray... a full array and levels of service that students need and it's this third issue that I'd like to discuss a bit more. The Literacy Assistant Center, my organization is currently in the process of completing a report entitled Investing in Quality, a Blueprint for Adult Literacy Programs and Funders. The report was funded by DYCD as part of the LEC's contract to provide technical assistance to the field and is designed to answer two questions and really two questions that were posed to us by the budget committee last year when it was looking at the increase in funding. First question, what are the defining features of a quality community based adult literacy program. Second question, what does it cost to run one. After reviewing the literature and engaging in extensive discussions with program

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leaders and other stakeholders the report identified 14 components of a comprehensive high-quality community based adult literacy program as well as the resources needed to implement them it also includes a sample budget for a hypothetical but realistic program. Based on our cost model we found that community based adult literacy programs would need to have their current funding rates increased by three to six times in order to fully implement the components and services outlined in the report. While this might sound like a big leap we know that at the current funding rates many of the critical program components that we identify in our report such as full-time teachers, counseling, referral networks, workforce transition services and in-depth data analysis are often compromised. The mayor and city council have shown a principled commitment to the children of New York City and have rightfully made necessary substantial and meaningful investments in our K 12 system. However, for the one in three New Yorkers in need of adult literacy education we need to make sure that New York City does not become a tale of two education systems. At the Literacy Assistance Center, we envision a future in which

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every immigrant, every parent and every adult in this city has the full range of knowledge and skills they need to secure employment, achieve economic security, access quality health care, support their children in school and actively participate in the civic lives of their communities. We look forward to working with the city council and in partnership with NYCA which we're also a, a partner and member of over the weeks and months ahead to secure increased funding to serve many more of the 2.2 million New Yorkers in need as well as to baseline more adult literacy and funding to ensure greater programs stability and continuity and to increase the funding rates for programs in order to guarantee that every adult who gains access to a program is given the comprehensive, high quality services they deserve. In a city committed to equal opportunity and social justice we can do no less. Thank you again and I'm happy to take any questions.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Just curious to know if someone were to call 3-1-1 and ask for adult literacy what would they... what would happen?

IRA YANKWITT: So, that's an excellent question. So, as I mentioned from the late 80's through the early 2000's there was an adult literacy

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hotline, it was multilingual people who called specifically to access services and they'd be directed by knowledgeable operators to programs, that ended with the creation of 3-1-1 under the Bloomberg Administration. I have to say I've not called 3-1-1 to ask in a while, I know that early on 3-1-1 would direct to the Office of Adult and Continuing Education but I think the problem there is that they don't necessarily have knowledge of the full range of programs and they're also maybe more significantly not trained in how to actually talk through someone who's taking the very big step of calling and enquiring about programs whether they're an immigrant who speaks very little English or whether they're someone who just barely reads and writes. So, it's not just an issue of making sure that they're referred to the range of programs but really the quality of the interaction with the call.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Uh-huh, thank you, Council Member Rosenthal?

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Thank you and thank you for coming to testify today and sharing your information. It was interesting I asked the representative of the DYCD today about whether or

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not... you know just sort of getting to the point of your study and I'm glad to hear that they asked you to do a study, I didn't see any indication from this particular representative that they're interested in changing the contracts that they've just renewed but perhaps let's assume he's not representative of being able to make that decision. I just want to confirm, I'm hearing three things from your testimony. First that we're not... first that we're addressing the need of five percent of the population?

IRA YANKWITT: Fewer than that but... yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Second that despite the fact that these are three-year contracts, DYCD seemed to indicate there's still problems with program stability?

IRA YANKWITT: Yes, in so much as, as, as you asked and are alluding to that the funding... the current funding rates for those programs really don't cover even the full cost of what they're doing now...

[cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Got it...
[cross-talk]

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IRA YANKWITT: ...much less the full cost of really providing the kind of comprehensive program that they seek to find and provide.

about... and your findings are extraordinary in the idea that it's three to six times that 850 dollars per student they currently give is meaningful, what's the nature of your contract with DYCD in terms of moving... them taking... when do they get your findings and have they talked about their commitment, any commitment, any interest to change?

IRA YANKWITT: So, this is a very timely question so, the way... and I just want to go back for one moment to the five percent question so I... it's more like four percent and that's an, an estimate based on data we have of all the adults who are being served through the wide range of programs that you've heard about today; the CBO's, CUNY, the libraries, the Department of Education and we're saying four percent of the 2.2 million adults that we know or in need and we have hard data to support that 2.2 million. In terms of DYCD so the way this, this report was funded is that as DYCD's technical contract, the technical assistance provider to the

	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	Adult Literacy Programs with the increased funding
3	that you secured for the programs last year part of
4	that came to us to expand our technical assistance
5	services and I think it's worth noting that it was
6	DYCD itself who saw value in having us engage in this
7	process knowing that the overwhelming likelihood
8	would be that we would come back to them with the
9	report that stated that funding is grossly inadequate
10	so I, I do want to recognize… [cross-talk]
11	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Yep [cross-
12	talk]
13	IRA YANKWITT:that and Ron Zang who was
14	here earlier is our principle partner at DYCD
15	[cross-talk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Sure [cross-
17	talk]
18	IRA YANKWITT:the, the, the report is
19	currently in the process of going through
20	finalization, we're actually meeting with DYCD
21	leadership on Monday so to be fair, you know it has
22	not been finalized and released [cross-talk]
23	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Sure… [cross-

talk]

	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION
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2	IRA YANKWITT:yet nor has DYCD
3	leadership had a chance to, to comment on it but you
4	know I think that I, I appreciate DYCD for their
5	willingness to open up this conversation to, to
6	subject themselves to the finding of this report and
7	you know the, the presumed pressure that will be on
8	them certainly we as part of NYCAL plan to share more
9	of this with you in the budget process to argue that
10	it's not just about baselining the 12 million dollars
11	but dramatically increasing the reimbursement rates
12	so programs can provide the services that they need
13	so
14	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: I appreciate
15	that I'll definitely include me on your mailing
16	list.
17	IRA YANKWITT: I'd be delighted [cross-
18	talk]

19 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: ...for that...

20 [cross-talk]

IRA YANKWITT: ...thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: The only thing... other thing I would ask is... sorry, I forgot middle age muddle...

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2 IRA YANKWITT: That's alright, I

3 understand.

IRA YANKWITT: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Thank you, okay and next please, Amy Torres.

AMY TORRES: Hi everyone, thank you Chair Dromm and members of the Committee on Education. My name is Amy Torres, I'm representing the Chinese American Planning Council Inc, CPC's Education and Career Services. On behalf of CPC thank you for today's invitation and thank you for hearing the importance of adult literacy programs and the introduction of 1195. Founded in 1965, CPC's mission has been to promote social and economic empowerment of Chinese American, immigrant and low-income communities. As the largest Asian American social services agency in the United States, CPC provides culturally sensitive programs for all ages. CPC currently serves over 8,000 people per day through 50 plus contracted programs and 30 more locations in Manhattan, Queens, and Brooklyn. CPC serves over 800 English first speakers of other language students per

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year in our adult literacy program. Adult literacy is key to our mission's promotion of social and economic empowerment. Our students are parents and grandparents, they are perspective college students or on their way toward gaining their high school equivalence, they're entering the workforce for the first time or they're making the next step in their career and they are recent immigrants and aspiring citizens and longtime voters. Each student enters our program with a different goal but every student depends on adult literacy programming in order to achieve it. we're thrilled and grateful that the city's inclusion of 12 million dollars for adult literacy programs this year recognizes how integral these services are to New Yorkers achieving their dreams and we're grateful to see the introduction of a bill like 1195. Introduction 1195 would compile and report the number of adult literacy programs offered by the city, the number of people who applied for those classes and the number who were denied admission due to entrance exam score or program capacity. CPC's happy to see the introduction of a bill that recognizes the need and demand for adult literacy programs across the city and we support

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introduction 1195's broad goal of capturing, validating and addressing that need. Each year CPC's wait list exceeds the total number of students we offer in a year, last year the number of people on our wait list has nearly doubled the amount that we have capacity for and in the last six months our demand has been so high that nearly all of our enrolled students have come either from our wait list or via word of mouth referral from existing students. While we recognize the value, and need for formally capturing this unmet demand for adult literacy programs and the number of services addressing that demand we raise concern over the phrasing of the message proposed. Specifically requiring programs to report on the methods of any literacy test and number who were denied admission based on a literacy exam seems to shift the focus of the bill's goal away from capturing unmet demands toward additional reporting from programs. Capturing methods of literacy tests suggests that a standardized entrance method could further meet demand however as you heard in testimony earlier today programs are already required to use standardized test like BEST Plus or the test of Adult Basic Education, TABE to enroll a student in a

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contract. Additionally, students are rarely waitlisted or turned away because of exam scores rather these preliminary benchmarks assess whether or not there's an available class at the schedule that they'll need. CPC reiterates its support for this bill's goal of capturing the number of students offered by the city and the number of people who applied but were unable to enroll, we have seen the, the demand in our program and fully support a mechanism that captures how the need is being met across the city. To address our concerns, we would like to see the bill's language amended to exclude denied admission based on literacy exam and the testing methods of any literacy test used to evaluate applicants. CPC in coordination with other providers under the New York City Coalition for Adult Literacy is happy to consult on reporting that would be least burdensome to both the program and student alike while still accurately capturing that unmet demand. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, thank you very much and Council Member Rosenthal I know has some follow up questions.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Two quick questions, are you folk's members of the non-profit Resiliency Committee.

AMY TORRES: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, your issues are... you're part of the working group, okay and...

adult literacy is not a, a major topic of conversation within those committees because you talked about the module budgeting earlier, adult literacy isn't on the immediate schedule so, we're part of the committee and we appreciate your questioning and would encourage further questioning that adult literacy had greater prominence in the work of that group.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Good, the next steps. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DROMM: Okay, alright that's it. I appreciate all of you coming in, I especially appreciate you, the last panel waiting to give testimony I much appreciate it and very... we look forward to reviewing the... what has been said here and bringing these, these issues to the attention of

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Council Member Menchaca in particular regarding his
legislation. So, with that I'm going to say that this
meeting is adjourned at about 1:37 in the afternoon,

[gavel]

thank you.

$C \ E \ R \ T \ I \ F \ I \ C \ A \ T \ E$

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date

September 26, 2017