CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES

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May 2, 2017

Start: 11:55 a.m. Recess: 1:07 p.m.

HELD AT: 250 Broadway - Committee Rm,

16th Fl.

B E F O R E:

PETER A. KOO Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Annabel Palma
Deborah L. Rose
Rosie Mendez
Stephen T. Levin
Inez D. Barron

Ben Kallos

David G. Greenfield

Mark Levine

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Lauren George
Director
Intergovernmental and Community Affairs
Landmarks Preservation Commission

Kate Lemos McHale
Director
Research
Landmarks Preservation Commission

Victoria Mason-Ailey Associate Vice President Planning and Community Affairs Columbia University

Gregory Dietrich
Morningside Heights Resident,
Principal
Gregory Dietrich Preservation Consulting

Larry Schwartz Member Morningside Heights Historic District Council

Laura Friedman
Morningside Heights Resident,
President
Morningside Heights Historic District
Council

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Daniel Victor
Congregation Ramath Orah

Clifton Daniel
Dean
Cathedral of St. John the Divine

[sound check]

[gavel]

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CHAIRPERSON KOO: Good morning. I am

Council Member Koo, Chair of the Subcommittee on

Landmarks, Public Siting and Maritime Uses. We are

joined by Council Members Palma, Mendez and Levin.

Today we are holding a public hearing on five

designations by the Landmarks Preservation Commission

submitted to the Council pursuant to Section 3020 of

the City Charter. The designations include four

individual landmarks and a historic district.

We are also joined by our Chair of the Land Use Committee, Council Member Greenfield.

The items we will consider are as follows:

The first item is LU 602, the People's

Trust Company Building located at 181 Montague Street
in Council Member Levin's district in Brooklyn. The

Council Member has indicated he supports this
designation.

The second item is LU 603, the National Title Guaranty Company Building at 185 Montague Street, also in Council Member Levin's district in

Brooklyn. The Council Member has indicated he supports this designation as well.

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The third item which we are hearing to consider is the Morningside Heights Historic District in Council Member Levine's district, consisting of approximately 115 residential and institutional buildings in the [inaudible] area generally bounded by 108 Street, Amsterdam Avenue, 119 Street, and Riverside Drive. Once one of the most remote parts of the city, beginning in the late 1880s, it became home to a long list of religious, educational and medical institutions, including Barnard College, Teachers College, Union and Jewish Theological Seminary, and St. Luke's Hospital, earning the neighborhood the nickname "the acropolis of New York."

The Morningside Heights Historic District
[inaudible] for its [inaudible] apartment buildings
designed by some of the most prominent residential
architects of the day in a range of revival styles
popular in the late 19th and early 20th centuries.
The district is also notable for its many row houses
which in addition to the apartment buildings
illustrate the rapid evolution of the middle classes

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES living in Manhattan during the early 20th century. 2 3 According to LPC, there has been very little new construction in the district since the 1940s. 4 The fourth item is to consider individual landmark designation, The Cathedral of St. John the 6 7 Divine and Cathedral Close located at 1047 Amsterdam, also in Council Member Levine's district in 8 Manhattan. The fifth item is also to consider 10 11 individual landmark designation interiors of Waldorf-Astoria, located at 301 Park Avenue in Council Member 12 Garodnick's district in Manhattan. The Council 13 14 Member has submitted a letter in support of the 15 designation that I will now read into the record. Council Member Peter Koo 16 17 Chair, Committee on Landmarks, Public 18 Siting and Maritime Uses 19 May 1, 2017 20 Dr. Chair Koo, 21 "I write in support of the landmark designation of selected interior spaces in the 2.2 2.3 Waldorf Astoria New York Hotel at 301 Park Avenue. The Waldorf Astoria is one of our city's great 24

architectural jewels, and was appropriately

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES designated an individual landmark in 1993. 2 3 interiors presented for review today include such 4 beautiful spaces as the Main Lobby, the Grand Ballroom, the Silver Gallery, the Basildon Room, the Jade Room, and the Astor Room, each of which presents 6 7 unique characteristics, and is well deserving of 8 preservation. On view of these spaces are unique and historic murals, mosaics, and reliefs, along with distinctive period elevators, doors, balustrades, 10 11 paneling, and other finishes. 12 I proudly offer my support to granting 13 landmark designation to the hotel's breathtaking and 14 worthy interior spaces. I hope that the Committee, 15 and ultimately the Council, approves this 16 designation." 17 Sincerely, Daniel R. Garodnick 18 19

Now Council Member Levin will make a statement on LU Item 603.

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Thank you very much, Chair Koo. So I
wanna just quickly express my support for the
landmarking of People's Trust Company Building and
the National Title Guaranty Company Building at 181
and 185 Montague Street in Brooklyn Heights. These

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES two properties, these two buildings get it so that we 2 3 are very, very close, if not all the way there, at 4 the full Brooklyn Heights completion for landmarking in what is the first landmark district in New York City and it's taken all these years, since 1965, to 6 7 encompass these two exclusive buildings. So I'm in 8 full support; I wanna thank Brooklyn Heights Association for all their hard work; particularly I wanna thank Otis Pearsall, Otis and Nancy Pearsall, 10 11 who hopefully they're watching either on television 12 or online, so I wanna acknowledge their diligence and their hard work and working with LPC staff and 13 commissioners to make this happen, and so I wanna 14 15 indicate my full support. I wanna thank all the LPC 16 staff who worked on this as well. Thank you very 17 much, Chair. 18 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you Council I will now open the public hearing on Items 19 Member. 20 602, 603 and the Waldorf-Astoria Interior Design. 21 LPC will present on these items 2.2 altogether in one presentation. We will then hear 2.3 testimony from the public on each item individually. We have Lauren George and Kate McHale from Landmarks 24

Commission. Please... [crosstalk]

LAUREN GEORGE: Good morning.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Please identify yourself and start.

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LAUREN GEORGE: Good morning Chairman Koo and Council Members. My name is Lauren George from the Landmarks Preservation Commission. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today on the Commission's designation of 181 and 185 Montague Street, both designated by the Commission on January 24th of this year. I'd like to briefly describe the context of these two buildings before going into detail about each.

These adjacent properties are located in downtown Brooklyn, just outside the Brooklyn Heights Historic District, as Council Member Levin alluded to, to the west and the Borough Hall Skyscraper District to the south and east.

For nearly a century, this section of

Montague Street, between Clinton and Court has been
known as "Bank Row," with banks, insurance companies
and real estate agencies locating close to Borough
Hall, which providing services to the growing
population of Brooklyn Heights. The Brooklyn
Skyscraper Historic District includes several bank-

related buildings on the south side of Montague Street.

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The Brooklyn Trust Company, the leftmost building in each image, was the first of these grand Bank Row buildings to be designated a landmark in 1996. Montague Street has historically been a connector between Civic and Residential and these latest two landmark designations anchor this block of Montague and are critical to the distinctive historic character of Bank Row.

Though they were built a quarter century apart, both the People's Trust and the National Title Guaranty Buildings rose during banking booms and are stunning examples of the optimistic architecture of their times, one looking to the past in the neoclassical style to convey civic pride, wealth and stability and one Art Deco style skyscraper looking to the future of growth and success.

The People's Trust Company Building at 181 Montague was designated unanimously by the Commission on January 24th.

At the public hearing on November 29th, seven people spoke in favor of designation, including representatives of Council Member Levin, Historic

2 Districts Council, Municipal Art Society, the New

3 York Landmarks Conservancy, and the Brooklyn Heights

4 Association. The Commission also received a letter

5 of support from Community Board 2. No one spoke in

6 opposition to designation.

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The landmark site is a lot in part, you'll note, as shown here with a solid red line, and reflects the footprint of the People's Trust Building as constructed prior to a 1929 annex built on two off-access rear lots.

The People's Trust Company Building is an imposing neoclassical bank constructed for the Brooklyn-based People's Trust Company, from 1904-1906. Designed by architects Mowbray and Uffinger, it skillfully blends Greek, Roman and Renaissance elements and exemplifies turn-of-the-20th-century bank architecture, linking ideas of civic pride, wealth and stability. The City of Brooklyn grew rapidly in the decades following the Civil War, creating a high demand for banks, real estate agents and insurance companies locating close to Brooklyn City Hall.

The completion of the Brooklyn Bridge in 1883 and construction of elevated rail lines and the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES 12 expansion of the streetcar network further influenced the evolution of Brooklyn Heights. People's Trust Company was erected in 1904, at the height of the transformation of Montague into a major commercial artery.

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As one of the first financial institutions built in this section of Brooklyn Heights, it was essential to the development of Bank Row. Each of the four columns in this façade is made from a single piece of marble and were reportedly the largest blocks of marble ever quarried; each weighing 28 tons. Resting on these four columns is a richly carved and detailed pediment.

As one of the first commercial banks in Brooklyn Heights, the People's Trust was a critical part of Bank Row and again today the building continues this tradition by housing a Citibank branch. Accordingly the Landmarks Commission urges you to affirm this designation today.

The National Title Guaranty Building at 185 Montague was designated unanimously by the Commission also on January 24th and at a public hearing seven people also spoke in support of this designation, including many of the same

USES 13
representatives -- Council Member Levin, Historic
Districts Council, Municipal Art Society, the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME

4 Brooklyn Heights Association, the Conservancy, and

5 Community Board 2.

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Constructed from 1929-1930, this

limestone and brick building is notable for its

strong massing and decorative details. The 16-story

Art Deco style building was designed by Corbett,

Harrison & MacMurray, led by senior partner Harvey

Wiley Corbett, a major proponent of the skyscraper as

a modern urban form. The firm is responsible for

many notable NYC landmarked buildings, including

Rockefeller Center. The design emphasizes

verticality, with a slender brick shaft that rises 13

stories before the central bays extend for another

three stories in a series of setbacks.

The central feature of this building is a pierced limestone screen designed by the noted sculptor Rene Paul Chambellan in which stylized elements indicative of security and industry are incorporated into the buttresses and around the building's entrances.

Chambellan was an important architectural sculptor, whose work embellishes many designated

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES landmarks, including the Chanin Building and also 2 3 Rockefeller Center. 4 Over the years, the National Title Guaranty Company Building has been remarkably well 5 maintained. Significant for its strongly defined 6 7 massing and elegant pierced screen, the Art Deco 8 style building, along with the neighboring People's Bank and the previously designed Brooklyn Trust Building on the corner, form an important ensemble of 10 11 early 20th century commercial buildings from the 12 period when Montague was the center of Brooklyn's 13 financial services industry. Thank you. 14 And now we'll move, as we've indicated, 15 to the Waldorf; is that correct? Actually... 16 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Chair Greenfield wants 17 to read some remarks. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: I have ... Yeah, 19 I have a question, actually; I'm genuinely curious 20 about... Can you pull up the photos of the ... [interpose] 21 LAUREN GEORGE: Yes. Alright. The Art 2.2 Deco building? Which building would you like ...? 2.3 [crosstalk] COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Yeah. 24

Montague Street. The last one.

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                LAUREN GEORGE:
                                There you go.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Yeah, right
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    before... right after that. There you go. There's a
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     very distinctive, interesting feature over here,
     splash of blue in the front of that building; can you
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 7
    tell me what that blue coloring is in front of that
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    Art Deco building?
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                LAUREN GEORGE: Are you referring to the
     Citi Bike?
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: I am indeed,
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     yes, thank you very much... [crosstalk]
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                LAUREN GEORGE: facility...
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Yes.
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                LAUREN GEORGE: installation?
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Exactly.
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     actually seriously curious about this. Do the owners
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     of Citi Bike, Department of Transportation, do they
     consult with you before they decide to plop down one
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     of those in front of a historic building?
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                LAUREN GEORGE: There is actually an
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     agreement; I believe a citywide agreement; so it's
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    not a site by site consultation, as far as I'm aware.
                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: What is the
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25
     citywide agreement?
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LAUREN GEORGE: Again, I would have to...

not again; I think DOT is better suited to answer

these questions, but in terms of our role and our

understanding of where DOT selects their sitings, we

have to respond [inaudible]... [crosstalk]

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: No, I ask it very seriously, because obviously it has... I mean if you have a building that is landmarked and you're trying to retain that landmark feature of the building, by flopping in front of it a new structure of a bunch of, you know, rather blasé blue bikes, you're not exactly contributing to the scenic visual of that particular landmark, so I'm curious as to whether there is an agreement or not and how that would be impacted, specifically by a landmarking that took place after those bikes... [crosstalk]

LAUREN GEORGE: So as an indi...

 $\label{eq:council_member_greenfield:} \mbox{have already}$ been installed there.

LAUREN GEORGE: Right. So as an individual designation, our regulatory jurisdiction does not cover the street and it does not even cover the sidewalk [inaudible]... [crosstalk]

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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: No, I'm well
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     aware, but you... [crosstalk]
                LAUREN GEORGE: In historic districts
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     it's different, I think...
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Yeah.
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                LAUREN GEORGE: for an individual we
    would not have any say.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Your agency
     is part of the de Blasio Administration; is that
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     correct?
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                LAUREN GEORGE: Yes.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: And the
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     Department of Transportation; are they part of the de
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     Blasio Administration as well...? [crosstalk]
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                LAUREN GEORGE: Indeed.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Okay.
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    my point, you guys, if you're not talking, you should
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    be talking about these issues.
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                LAUREN GEORGE: Thank you.
                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: You're
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    welcome, but I'd like a follow-up, so can you send us
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    a note and let us know, and if not, have the DOT send
    us and let us know what is the official or unofficial
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rule in regards to both historic districts and

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME
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     individual designations as to changing the
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     streetscape, including by making changes that impact
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     on the visual appearance of these historic buildings?
                LAUREN GEORGE: Will do.
                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: I'm looking
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     forward to that. Thank you.
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                CHAIRPERSON KOO: I wanna recognize
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     Council Member Barron on our committee and then...
     [background comment] yeah. Sure, yeah. And then
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     Council Member Mendez wants to ask some questions.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: No.
                                              No; I... I
13
    have... I can answer his question... [crosstalk]
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                CHAIRPERSON KOO: Well you can ... go ahead.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: So I'm sorry,
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     Council Member Barron, but I... [crosstalk]
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Thank you for
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     taking the fun out of my hearing.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ:
                                         I... I have...
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: It's
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     cheating. There's no passes, there's no like hand-
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     off, tap, say uh call a friend. Isn't like, you know
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     dial a buddy; I need some help over here on a
    millionaire show.
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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME
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                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Yeah, but I can
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     answer your question... [crosstalk]
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: I'm... I'm...
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     I'm... I'm joking, Council Member.
                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: And ...
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Lifeline,
     exactly.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: So I've dealt
     with these Citi Bikes a lot, either removing them or
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     adding extra ones, and it always comes down to -- my
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     community boards are very active and so if the
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     community boards and other people raise an objection
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     -- we've raised it with DOT -- and if you raise an
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     objection like a landmark building exterior,
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     interior, whatever; DOT will take that into
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     consideration, but if no one raises it, they would
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     not know that they are putting something in front of
19
     a landmark exterior. So I've been successfully able
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    to remove Citi Bikes... [crosstalk]
                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: From
21
     landmarks?
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                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: and put... yes, in
     front of...
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COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD:

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES 2 COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: landmarks or in 3 front of a gate that looks closed but really opens 4 into a community garden... COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Yeah. COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: and I've been 6 7 able to put more Citi Bikes in other places and sort 8 of switch them around, so... 9 COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Good suggestion... [crosstalk] 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: But I think the 12 agency should really... DOT should be reporting to the 13 agency or giving you some kind of list so that you 14 can double-check, sort of like the way DOB has an "L" 15 when it's a landmarked building on their website; DOT should have something similar, because it is kind of 16 17 an eyesore, not kind of; it is an eyesore... 18 [crosstalk] 19 COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Disgusting, 20 actually. Yeah. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: And I'm sorry, 2.2 Council Member Barron, but I thought it was important 2.3 just to... [background comment] Thank you. CHAIRPERSON KOO: Any more questions from 24

members? Seeing none. Are there members of the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME
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    public who wish to testify on these items?
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                                                 Seeing
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     none. This public hearing on these three items is
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    now closed. I will now couple LU 602, 603 and the
     Preconsidered LU relating to the designation of
 5
     Waldorf-Astoria Hotel Interiors for a vote to approve
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     these items.
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                LAUREN GEORGE: Uh Chairman...
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                CHAIRPERSON KOO: Go ahead.
                LAUREN GEORGE: We haven't presented yet
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11
     on Waldorf.
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                CHAIRPERSON KOO: Oh okay, yeah.
13
     sorry... [crosstalk]
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                LAUREN GEORGE: We will now though.
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                CHAIRPERSON KOO: Please go ahead, yeah.
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                KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Good morning Chair
17
     and Council Members. My name is Kate Lemos McHale
18
     with the Landmarks Preservation Commission.
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                The Waldorf-Astoria Hotel is one of New
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    York City's most prominent and culturally significant
     hotels, its exterior was designated an individual
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     landmark in 1993 and a collection of significant
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     interiors were designated as an interior landmark on
    March 7, 2017. At our public hearing held on January
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24, 2017, eight people testified in support of the

2 designation, including representatives of the New

3 York Landmarks Conservancy, Art Deco Society of New

York, and Historic Districts Council. Council member

5 Daniel R. Garodnick, State Senator Brad Hoylman,

6 Community Board 5, and Historic Park Avenue submitted

7 testimony in support of designation. The Commission

also received 33 pieces of correspondence, as well as

a petition signed by 826 people, all supporting

10 designation.

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The hotel occupies a full city block, seen here between Park and Lex and 49th and 50th Streets. It was designed by prominent hotel designer Schultze & Weaver and construction began in 1929 and the hotel opened in 1931. More than 600 feet tall, the Waldorf contained more than 2,000 guest rooms, including numerous suites for long-term tenants.

The designated interior spaces represent the most significant interiors and the corridors that connect them. Entering the hotel from Park or Lexington Avenue, these connected spaces flow seamlessly without interruption, expanding and contracting, from the ground floor to the ballroom level on the third floor.

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The processional roof through the hotel's great publicly accessible spaces begins in the Park Avenue and Lexington Avenue entrance foyers, shown here, these introduce many of the decorative motifs and finishes found throughout the designated interiors; in particular, the distinctive nickel bronze metalwork.

The designated first floor interiors include the primary processional route through the hotel, the Park Avenue Lobby and colonnade, the West Lounge, which was originally called Peacock Alley, the west elevator lobby, the main lobby, the main lobby, the main lobby hall, the east arcade, and the Lexington Avenue stairs and landing.

The Park Avenue Lobby is a gracious twostory entrance hall volume with monumental columns,
decorative metalwork, murals, and a floor mosaic by
the French artist Louis Rigal. The focus of the
first floor is the main lobby, located at the center
of the block. This dramatic interior features dark
marble columns and a stunning plaster ceiling. At
the east end of the first floor near Lexington Avenue
we find historic elevators and the beautiful
Lexington Avenue staircase ascending to the third

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES floor, which includes the Grand Ballroom, the ballroom foyer, the ballroom entrance hall, and a series of smaller ballrooms. These interconnected spaces were designed to provide flexible use for any size event. And some of these finer rooms -originally the Silver Gallery, the Ballroom Entrance Hall, is a mirrored corridor with a black and white mosaic floor that links four ballrooms; it contains murals that were brought to this hotel from the original Waldorf-Astoria. The grand ballroom is one of the largest event spaces in New York City; it can accommodate more than 1,500 quests. Arranged on three levels, it has two tiers of projecting balconies and an elaborate ceiling. This fabled room has hosted countless dinners, banquets, galas and events, including the annual Alfred E. Smith Dinner, a fundraiser for Catholic charities that traditionally attracts major presidential candidates, as well as ceremonies associated with the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and the Friars Club. The third floor also contains the Basildon Room from a 1770s housing Berkshire, England, as well as the more understated Jade Room and Astor Gallery.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES Many of the hotel's memorable interiors 2 3 have had alterations and exhibit new finishes. 4 Nonetheless, most retain their original dimension and share such distinctive elements as gilded 6 plasterwork, nickel bronze metalwork, glazed doors, 7 mirrored walls, and various types of exotic marble 8 and wood paneling. The Waldorf-Astoria is one of only two major early 20th century hotels in New York City that 10 11 have preserved most of their original interiors. While the Plaza Hotel features renaissance revival 12 13 style decorations, the Waldorf is unique for 14 containing some of the finest and most varied Art 15 Deco interiors in New York City. Thank you. 16 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. This is 17 really very beautiful and indeed we should landmark all these interior items. Thank you very much. 18 19 So I will now close LU 602, 603 and 20 Preconsidered LU relating to the designation of 21 Waldorf-Astoria Interiors for a vote to approve these 2.2 items. Counsel, please call the roll. 2.3 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Council Member Koo. 24 CHAIRPERSON KOO: I vote aye.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Council Member Palma.

1	SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES
2	COUNCIL MEMBER PALMA: Aye.
3	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Council Member
4	Mendez.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Aye.
6	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Council Member Levin.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Aye.
8	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Council Member
9	Barron.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: I vote aye.
11	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: With a vote of 5 in
12	the affirmative, 0 in the negative; with 0
13	abstentions, the items are recommended for approval
14	by the Full Land Use Committee.
15	[background comments]
16	CHAIRPERSON KOO: We will leave the vote
17	open for another 15-20 minutes. Thank you very much.
18	[pause]
19	CHAIRPERSON KOO: I will now recognize
20	Council Member Levine to give a statement about the
21	designations in his district.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Thank you very
23	much, Chair Koo, it's wonderful to have my maiden
24	presentation of a landmarks district in your
25	committee, I'm very excited about this. We're

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES considering today the Morningside Heights Historic District. This is a community that probably as much as any other in New York City is defined by its history, by its connection to the built environment; it's a neighborhood that largely sprung up in a very concentrated period of time from about 1900 to 1915, as the subway arrived, and it's given the community a really cohesive architectural identity, which is really quite spectacular, particularly around Riverside Drive, Cathedral Parkway, along Broadway where apartment houses sprung up at that time, and also not too far away in places like Morningside Drive and adjacent side streets where more middle class housing was built. But this is a community that's really under threat because of rising real estate values and ever-increasing demand for space. There is real pressure for development in Morningside Heights, as much as anywhere in the City, and to give us a sense of the risk, you need look no further than two very modern buildings which have emerged on the campus of the Cathedral St. John the Divine, known as The Close, two very, very modern, out of context apartment buildings and we fear that that could be

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just the beginning of many other such developments in the neighborhood.

So I'm very excited about this district which has come very far, thanks to great partnership by LPC and really 20 years of advocacy by community leaders, it's just amazing how strategic and relentless they have been -- some are here today; you'll hear from them -- we wouldn't be here if it weren't for that 20 years of work, but I'm pleased at the prospect of preserving what I think is well over 100 buildings; perhaps you all can give us the exact number, but a very, very significant piece of preservation. There is more work to do in Morningside Heights; I hope this won't be the end, but this is a great first step and again, I truly want to extend my thanks to the Commission, who has been tremendous partners for us throughout this very windy, curvy process, at least during the three years that I've been here. Thank you so much, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you Council

Member. Now we will proceed with the presentation.

Wait, wait. We are also joined by Council Member

Kallos, who's going to make a vote.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: On items 602, 603 and Preconsidered LU related to the interiors of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, Council Member Kallos, how do you vote?

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Proudly vote aye, especially for the Waldorf-Astoria interior.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: By a vote of 6 in the affirmative, 0 in the negative and 0 opposed, the items are recommended for approval by the Full Land Use Committee.

KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Okay. Thank you.

On February 21, 2017, the Landmarks

Commission voted to designate the Morningside Heights

Historic District. The district consists of

approximately 115 buildings that represent both

architecturally and historically the development of

Morningside Heights as a cohesive neighborhood of

apartment buildings and row houses in the early 20th

century.

AT the public hearing on December 6,

2016, 33 people spoke in support, including Council

Member Mark Levine and representatives of Assembly

Member Daniel O'Donnell, Representative Jerrold

Nadler, and Borough President Gale Brewer. Barnard

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES

College, Columbia University, which owns a larger percentage of properties in the district, and REBNY supported the district. Columbia, however, and REBNY, and three property owners raised some questions about inclusion of specific buildings.

Additionally, the Commission received correspondence supporting the designation from then State Senator Bill Perkins and four petitions in support and four letters concerning the inclusion of specific buildings, and the Commission was very grateful for the collaboration that we had over the past many years with the Council Member and with the community advocates in Morningside Heights.

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The boundaries in Morningside Heights
Historic District extend from West 109th Street to
West 119th Street; Riverside Drive to Amsterdam
Avenue. It was drawn to encompass the greatest
number of intact residential buildings representing
the most significant period of development within
Morningside Heights from the 1890s to the early
1930s. We thought to exclude intrusions along and
adjacent to Broadway -- which you can see here in our
map -- intrusions were defined as more recent
buildings, heavily altered or commercial buildings.

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Known as the acropolis of New York in the early 20th century, Morningside Heights remained largely undeveloped in the 19th century, except for two large institutions — the Leake and Watts Orphan Asylum, which is on the site of St. John the Divine, and New York Hospital's Bloomingdale Insane Asylum where Columbia University is now located.

Residential development began with row houses and small multiple dwellings in the 19th century in the district.

Twenty-two buildings of this period are included in the historic district, constructed in the 1890s; the row houses were all designed in popular revival styles of the time and represent a late phase of row house development in the city. They have all retained their historic appearances and contribute the character of the district.

The arrival of the subway in 1904 spurred large-scale development in Morningside Heights and by 1910 the area was rapidly transforming into a dense urban neighborhood with apartment buildings marketed to the middle class. After this initial burst of development, 18 residential and institutional buildings were built between 1911 and 1931.

During this early 20th century development, apartment buildings in a variety of styles by some of the city's most prominent architects line the avenues and streets of the district, including Cathedral Parkway, West 116th Street, Riverside Drive, and Broadway. Residential buildings were also joined by clubs erected to serve the needs of the academic community, as well as institutional buildings. Among the district's three institutional buildings, two are houses of worship built during the primary period of development to serve the community and contribute to the architectural and cultural significance of Morningside Heights. Houses of worship have regularly been included in similar residential historic districts.

In summary, the proposed Morningside

Heights Historic District reflects a period of

remarkable residential development in Manhattan with

its array of well-maintained apartment buildings,

houses, clubs, and places of worship designed in the

popular styles of the 20th century by some of the

city's most prominent architects. Thank you.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES 2 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Any members wanna ask 3 questions? Seeing none. 4 KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Thank you. Should we do St. John the Divine or do you wanna... 5 [background comments] 6 7 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Yes. Yes. 8 KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Okay. 9 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Is there one more. KATE LEMOS MCHALE: One more. 10 Sorry; 11 it's a lot. 12 CHAIRPERSON KOO: I have a cold [inaudible]. 13 14 KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Alright. One of the 15 great religious complexes of the world, the Cathedral Church of St. John the Divine and the Cathedral Close 16 17 serve as the seat of the Episcopal Diocese of New 18 York and constitute one of the outstanding 19 ecclesiastical ensembles in the city. 20 The Cathedral and Close were designated as an individual landmark on February 21st, 2017. At 21 the public hearing on December 6, 2016, eight people 2.2 2.3 testified in favor of designation, including New York City Council Member Mark Levine, the Dean of the 24

Cathedral, who gave enthusiastic support, as well as

2 representatives of the New York Landmarks

Deanery, and the Bishop's House.

Conservancy, the Historic Districts Council, and the Morningside Heights Committee.

The complex consists of the Cathedral

Church and six buildings that form the Close,

including the Leake and Watts Orphan Asylum building,

St. Faith's House, the Choir School, Synod House, the

The entire site of the Cathedral and Close was originally occupied by the Leake and Watts Orphan Asylum which sold the property to the church in 1887. Built in 1838-42, the Leake and Watts Orphanage (shown here) is the oldest building in Morningside Heights and one of the most significant examples of Greek Revival style institutional buildings surviving in New York City; it has served a variety of cathedral functions over the years.

The first building the church began constructing on the site is the Cathedral itself, which is the centerpiece of the complex. In 1888, the architectural firm of Heins & LaFarge won a major architectural competition for the new cathedral. The first phase of construction began in 1892 and

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES 35 continued to 1911 when the crypt, choir and crossing were completed -- as shown here.

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Changes in taste and the death of Heins in 1907 brought a new fresh Gothic design for the completion of the Cathedral by Ralph Adams Cram and his firm Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson.

Work resumed in 1916 according to Cram's design. During this period, which continued until 1941, when Bishop Thomas Manning donated the remaining iron and steel to support the war effort, the nave was completed and joined by the choir by a rough-finished crossing, the imposing west front was added, and the north transept was begin. After a decades-long hiatus, work resumed in 1979 on the towers of the west front. Although the Cathedral remains unfinished, it nevertheless is one of the largest religious buildings in the world, it's monumental size, lofty location above Morningside Park and the fine stone detailing creates one of the most impressive architectural statements in the city.

Other buildings included in the designation are the Collegiate Gothic style St.

Faith's House, designed by C. Grant LaFarge and built in 1909-11 as home for the New York Training School

for Deaconesses. The Choir School of 1912-13 was designed by the firm of Cook & Welch and housed a school to educate boys who would sing in the Cathedral choir. Synod House, built 1912-14, was designed by Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson and built to host the Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church. This auditorium has been the site of many events for the church over the years. The Deanery, also by Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson, was built in 1913 and served as the home of the Dean of the Cathedral. And finally, the Bishop's House, built in 1912-14, also by Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson, is the residence of the Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of New York City.

The Cathedral of St. John the Divine and the Cathedral Close form one of the great and most well-known religious complexes in the world. In seeking to protect this ensemble of buildings, the designation recognizes the Cathedral and Close's significance as an interconnected complex that has grown organically and will continue to evolve over time. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Council Member Levine, you wanna make a statement?

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Sure, thank you, Chair Koo.

So this is also in my district. I think the landmarks law was probably written to preserve an incredible structure like this, it's spectacular, world-class; it's really kind of the center of gravity of the community; it's so deeply woven into the identity of the surrounding neighborhood, so this approval is a slam dunk. I will say though that I have a twinge of sadness in approving this because of what we couldn't do, which is preserve the entire -they call it the Close or Campus -- and if you were looking at the outline -- Could you maybe flip back just one? You'll notice there's cutouts on the north and in the southeast because of two areas that now have large, modern apartment buildings that are not consistent with the historic character of the neighborhood, so -- and for people who are wondering why it took till 2017 to landmark such an obvious beautiful building and the Cathedral and the surrounding buildings, it was that dispute which tied this up I think for, I don't know, a decade or two maybe, certainly long before I got here.

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So having acknowledged my regret on that front, I will close by saying my appreciation to the Commission and to the Cathedral for being willing to landmark the remaining buildings and grounds it's a very, very important designation for our city. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Chair Greenfield has some questions.

just have one quick question. Why aren't we doing the Cathedral St. John the Divine as part of the district; it seems like it's right on the border and perhaps be relatively easy to sort of include it from that perspective; is there some particular reasoning for that?

KATE LEMOS MCHALE: There are a number of reasons and I think one is just the idea of this as an individual landmark of an extreme level of significance, but also, the district really is about the residential development of the district, which is a bit of a different character, and then also, as you know, when we designate districts we have to be careful about where buildings are contributing and where buildings are considered to be intrusions

because of alteration or sort of a difference in character, and so it was difficult in this area to extend the boundaries all the way to the Cathedral.

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Got it.

Lauren; did you wanna add something?

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LAUREN GEORGE: I think she covered it quite nicely.

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Okay. you very much. I do want to thank Council Member Levine; I do think that one of the things that we've been frustrated about for many years prior to this administration is that areas that were outside of the core of Manhattan were ignored when it comes to landmarking and I think it's a very significant achievement that under this administration or this Council Member to be able to successfully finally landmark this really incredible Cathedral as well as create a brand new landmark district, and so I wanna thank the Landmarks Preservation Commission for working with Council Member Levine; I know this has been a priority of his since he arrived and I would say even since before he arrived to the City Council and he's been advocating for it and to his credit, many have tried but he was the first one who actually

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES got it done, so thank you Council Member and 2 3 congratulations and this is really a wonderful 4 permanent addition and it's one of those great things that regardless of how long our terms are here in the 5 City Council, you know that this is a permanent 6 7 change and a preservation for the community that will 8 be felt your kids and your grandkids, so thank you very much and congratulations for that. CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Are there 10 11 any more questions from Council Members? Seeing 12 none, yeah. Thank you. 13 KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Thank you. 14 [background comments] 15 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Victoria Mason-Ailey, 16 [background comment] Harry Schwartz, Robert Stern,

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Victoria Mason-Ailey,

[background comment] Harry Schwartz, Robert Stern,

and Gregory Dietrich. Yeah. Can you just go to the

table? [background comments] [pause] Please

identify yourself and you can start, yeah.

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VICTORIA MASON-AILEY: Good morning. My name is Victoria Mason-Ailey and I thank you for the opportunity to speak before you on behalf of Columbia University. Given time constraints, I'd like to summarize key elements in testimony we have provided in previous stages of this process.

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From the beginning, Columbia University has been agnostic on the designation; while we have admiration for the work of the Landmarks Preservation Commission, we have expressed specific concerns regarding the properties located at 604-616 West 114th Street at the eastern edge of the proposed district. We have long considered the Columbia-owned properties located at 604-616 West 114th Street, combined with the parking lot located between 605-615 West 113th Street to be a site appropriate for university housing or other uses that would be created in compatibility with the neighborhood. We would not be able to proceed with this development if the 114th Street properties are included in the proposed district.

In addition, the subject buildings are not architecturally significant; we concur with Dr. Andrew Dolkart, who, in his 1998 book Morningside Heights: A History of Its Architecture and Development, described these buildings as "exceptionally narrow and particularly banal." As you know, Dr. Dolkart is an internationally recognized authority on historic preservation in New York City.

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We believe that the properties' location along the edge of the proposed district, along with the noncontributing vacant lot at 618 West 114th

Street diminishes their capacity to contribute to the district's overall cohesiveness and integrity. Based on our land use concerns and the lack of distinction of these structures and the fact that they are situated at the edge of the district, we have requested that the eastern boundary on the south side of West 114th Street be moved to the western edge of 618 West 114th Street. Thank you.

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON KOO: Okay, anybody else can} \\ \mbox{start [sic].}$

GREGORY DIETRICH: Good morning. My name is Gregory Dietrich and I reside at 615 West 113th

Street, within the proposed district. I am also the Principal of Gregory Dietrich Preservation Consulting and an advisor to the Morningside Heights Historic District Committee.

I am pleased to support this district's designation and my building's inclusion in it. I believe that this district captures the prevailing architectural style and building typology of the early 20th century apartment house as manifested in

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES mostly upper middle class apartment houses along the avenues and more solidly middle class apartment buildings and flats buildings along the cross streets. It also captures the smaller scale residential buildings along the cross streets that are so indelibly linked to the development of the Upper West Side, from the row of elegant townhouses at 621-627 West 113th Street, which were designed by C.P.H. Gilbert in a style evocative of Charles Bulfinch's work in Beacon Hill to the more modest and quirky late 19th century row houses at 604-616 West 114th Street, designed by Frank A. Lang in the Neo-Renaissance style.

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But beyond these residential buildings, this district captures the authentic fabric of the New York City neighborhood as emboldened by it religious buildings, the former West Side Unitarian Church, now Congregation Ramath Orah, designed in the Neo-Federal style and Broadway Presbyterian Church and its associated commercial building, designed in a Collegiate Gothic style. These institutions not only tell the story of the neighborhood's ecclesiastical development during the first decades of the 20th century, but also of the people who lived and

worshiped there. It goes without saying that these buildings' inclusion are as essential to the understanding of the historical development of Morningside Heights as the dozens and dozens of religious buildings found in so many of our other

I thank City Council for supporting the Landmarks Preservation Commission in this important first step in recognizing Morningside Heights' historical and architectural legacy and I look forward to future designations.

residential districts across the city.

I also have testimony regarding St. John the Divine that I would like to read. Alright? [background comment] Thank you.

I am still Gregory Dietrich and I am still a resident of Morningside Heights and Principal of Gregory Dietrich Preservation Consulting, and an advisor to the Morningside Heights Historic District Committee.

I am testifying in support of the proposed designation of this landmark site. As a twenty-plus-year resident of the Heights, today's hearing is bittersweet to say the least. So first,

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let me touch on the bitter before I touch on the sweet.

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LPC's interest in designating the Close dates back to 1979 and again in 2002, before being thwarted each time by a high-powered board of trustees who successfully prevailed over the City. The last debacle occurred in 2003 with the proposal to designate the footprint of the Cathedral, which not only generated volumes of testimony supporting a larger Close designation, but also was ultimately rejected by your council on the basis that the larger Close merited designation. In it place, the board of trustees drafted a restrictive covenant that led to the more limited designation that is the subject of this hearing.

Today, the experience of the Cathedral has been severely marred by a 20-story glass tower in the southeast parcel of the former Close, which looms higher than the Cathedral itself when viewed from the south; and more recently, by two 15-story Brutalist towers in the north parcel of the former Close, whose combined mass obscures the majority of the Cathedral's French-Gothic-inspired north façade when viewed from multiple angles. These out-of-scale

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES 46

developments on the historic Close are a testament to the destruction that can be wrought in absence of local landmark protection.

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As for the sweet, today's designation recognizes that, in spite of these intrusions, there is still a "there" there. This includes the Heights' oldest surviving building: Ithiel Town's Leake & Watts Orphan Asylum from 1843, to the iconic Cathedral, and its' eye-filling ensemble of mostly early 20th century, period-revival buildings designed by a cadre of distinguished American architects.

Together, these buildings, with their landscaped courtyard and an exquisite open-air pulpit by Howells & Stones, convey a distinct sense of place that is unrivaled of anywhere in New York City.

I thank City Council for its enduring support of this effort, and I look forward to future designations to ensure that Columbia President Seth Low's vision for the "Acropolis of the New World" is not further debased. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you very much. Next speaker.

ROBERT STERN: Hello, my name is Robert Stern. I am testifying today on behalf of the

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Morningside Heights Community Coalition (MHCC), we're neighborhood residents, co-op owners and tenants who have come together in recent months to ensure that rapidly-increasing luxury housing development does not destroy the architectural and social fabric of our community. Hundreds of community members have united out of a common love for our neighborhood and a shared concern for its future. We have won the support of our elected officials and have drawn the attention of City agencies.

The MHCC includes residents of all Morningside Heights, from 110th to 125th Street, from Morningside Park to Riverside Park and we join together today in enthusiastically supporting the proposed designation of a historic district in the southern part of our neighborhood.

We support the designation because it recognizes the unique character of Morningside

Heights -- its cohesive grand scale along the avenues and drives, and its intimate scale along the cross streets giving it visual interest -- its European architectural character evoked by its signature

Beaux-Arts-style buildings. This rare urban environment is invaluable not only to long-time

residents, but also to visitors, including tourists from all over the world and students and scholars drawn to its various academic institutions.

Approving the proposed historic district designation is an important step in preserving our neighborhood as an international treasure.

We congratulate the Morningside Heights Historic District Committee on 20 years of tireless advocacy on behalf of our neighborhood. MHCC looks forward to more phases to come in recognizing this distinctive and essential part of New York City's history, the character of which is now threatened by uncontrolled real estate development. Members of MHCC living north of 116h Street look forward to the time when the distinctive architecture of the northern section of Morningside Heights receives official recognition from the Landmarks Preservation Commission, but in the meantime, all members of MHCC join in enthusiastically supporting the proposed designation, and we thank the Land Use Committee for considering this proposal and thank you for the opportunity to testify.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES 2 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Can we stop this for one minute? We want to recognize Council 3 4 Member Rose's presence and she wants to make a vote. COMMITTEE COUNSEL: On land use items 5 602, 603 and the Preconsidered LU related to the 6 7 interiors of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, Council 8 Member Rose, how do you vote? COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Aye. COMMITTEE COUNSEL: By a vote of 7 in the 10 11 affirmative, 0 in the negative and 0 abstentions, the 12 items are recommended for approval by the Full Land Use Committee. 13 14 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Sir, you may begin. 15 Identify yourself and begin... [crosstalk] 16 HARRY SCHWARTZ: Yes. I'm Harry 17 Schwartz, a member of the Morningside Heights 18 Historic District Committee. We've been working, as you've heard numerous times, for 20 years to achieve 19 20 this designation. Might note; one of our founders is 21 now our Assemblyman Danny O'Donnell; strong supporter of this district. 2.2 2.3 Morningside Heights was essentially developed when the IRT line came up through the 24

Heights between then and World War I. It's the

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buildings.

largest collection in the city of middle-income,
broadly defined apartment buildings built in such a
concentrated period; a very unique collection of

The proposed district would protect a large share of those buildings; notably, it will extend these protections along 11 blocks on Riverside Drive, one of the great boulevards in New York City; it will also include Claremont and Cathedral Parkway, stately and distinctive streets in themselves.

So what do we have in the district? What I would say is consistency and with variety. We have apartment buildings on the major streets -- Riverside Drive, Claremont, along Broadway -- and in-between lower buildings, many of them row houses, as we've seen in the illustrations. The architectural variety also gives consistency, the heights of the buildings are more or less the same, building materials of stone and brick are the same, the street line and all the buildings has been maintained, we have some large and rather distinctive canopies on some of the buildings, the building entrances are intact, and the cornices have been maintained. So we have a high degree of architectural unity and some variety, mix

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES of housing types -- apartment buildings on the 2 3 corners, some mid-block, but row housing and smaller 4 buildings between them; also, strong cultural associations. Many of the city's renowned designers 5 of apartment buildings worked there -- Schwartz & 6 7 Gross (no relation) and others worked there. And I 8 should note, the pioneers of the country's movie industry almost all lived in this neighborhood once -- Carl Laemmle, Jesse Lasky, Cecil B. DeMille --10 11 they went west, of course, left the Heights, they found the industry, but this area has strong cultural 12 13 associations with the people who live there. We also have a distinctive church, 14 15 Broadway Presbyterian, which forms a very important link in the district and definitely is part of it. 16 17 So we urge you to approve the district as 18 it's been offered by the Landmarks Preservation 19 Commission and that will help preserve an 20 architectural, historic and cultural treasure of the 21 City. Thank you very much. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. 2.3 speaker.

LAURA FRIEDMAN:

Friedman and I have been an owner and resident of

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My name is Laura

Morningside Heights for 40 years. For half that time, 20 years, our committee has been working toward achieving an historic district in our beautiful neighborhood.

As we stated in our request for evaluation before the Landmarks Preservation

Commission, Morningside Heights' special character is derived from its cohesiveness as a neighborhood bearing multiple imprints of Beaux-Arts city planning, its diversity of historic buildings encompassing world-class and neighborhood institutions and middle class apartment houses, and it's elevated topography. Added to that is the cadre of esteemed architects working in the neighborhood from the late 19th and early 20th centuries.

People from all over the world come every day to visit Morningside Heights, one of the jewels in the crown of our proud city. It is a neighborhood that represents, through its architectural splendor, beautiful parks and many institutions, a unique community in the midst of a thriving city. The amazing thing about Morningside Heights is how this neighborhood exists in the current moment on so many

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES historic and architectural levels. It has exquisite 2 3 beauty, which is both manmade and natural. 4 As President of the Morningside Heights Historic District Committee, I would like to take 5 this opportunity to thank Council Member Mark Levine 6 7 for his leadership and guidance, Commissioner 8 Srinivasan, Executive Director Sarah Carroll, Lauren George and the staff at LPC whom we have been working with to complete the first phase -- I can't say that 10 11 loudly enough -- the first phase of a historic district in our community. 12 13 We look forward to working together to 14 complete the final phase of preserving our 15 neighborhood for generations to come. 16 Thank you so much. 17 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Next we 18 have Daniel Victor from Congregation... 19 DANIEL VICTOR: Ramath Orah. 20 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Ramath Orah. Okay. 21 Sure, you can begin [sic]... [crosstalk] DANIEL VICTOR: I'm a member of the Board 2.2 2.3 of Trustees of Congregation Ramath Orah, which is located at 550 West 110th Street; it forms the east 24 southern border of the proposed district. Our 25

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES 54 congregation was founded in 1941 by Jewish refugees from the country of Luxemburg who fled that country after the Nazi invasion in 1940 and we are approaching our 75th anniversary.

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At the outset I'd just like to say that we do not, the Congregation does not oppose the proposed Morningside Heights Historic District, but we do object to the inclusion of the synagogue in the borders of the district.

The overall purpose of the district is to protect the architectural integrity of Beaux-Arts residential buildings built between 1900 and 1915.

Our building is not only non-residential, but it was completed in 1922; it was built as a community religious building for the Unitarian Church, but in 1941 it was converted to the synagogue to serve as the religious center for Luxemburg Jews and other Jewish refugees from Europe.

It's been suggested that buildings like ours should be included in the district because they tell the story of the ecclesiastical makeup of the neighborhood in the early 20th century, but that's really not the case with respect to the synagogue.

The synagogue was 20 years a Unitarian religious

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES 55 center, but for 75 years it has really been integrated in the neighborhood as a home for both Jews from Europe but also Jews from the neighborhood. Its story and its significance as a religious institution really begins in the latter half of the 20th century and for that reason — that's one reason why we believe it's inconsistent to seek to conform its appearance to early 20th century Beaux-Arts residential buildings.

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Our congregation is a small one, we have only 100 core members, we employ a part-time rabbi, we have no full-time administrative staff, it is totally serviced by volunteers; in the past five years we've barely achieved the break-even budget. We are in the middle of a capital campaign to complete critical infrastructure repairs to the building, the roof, systems -- electrical, boilers -and we are \$250,000 short of our goal. In fact, the proceeds of further fundraising will be devoted to rehabilitating the Congregation's historic stained glass windows, a third of which we were forced to remove in March because they are falling into the courtyard in the rear of the building. imposition of restrictions on our ability to complete SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES 56

these critical repairs and the related increases and expenses and delays will make achievement of that goal even more difficult.

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Most of our congregation lives in the proposed district; we're in favor of it, as I said, and we also understand the need to halt -- rapidly-increasing luxury development I think was the term that was used. But Ramath Orah is uniquely positioned in the sense that it is unable, as a matter of prior agreements, to undertake any development of the building beyond its current dimensions.

We were party to a 1996 agreement with Columbia University pursuant to which we covenanted in perpetuity not to develop the site higher than its current height, which is two stories tall; it is therefore economically infeasible to develop the site if the edifice that can replace it is limited to two stories. Accordingly, the Congregation is not and will never be in a position to orchestrate a new development of the property that would be at odds with the architectural character of the neighborhood, and therefore we submit that our inclusion in the border is unnecessary.

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Finally, we believe that the inclusion will impair our ability to institute security protections that we are currently in the process of doing. We received a \$75,000 Homeland Security grant intended to harden the perimeter of the synagogue which includes hardening outside doors and installation of electronic security measures, such as alarms and cameras. If we're included in the district, these steps will require review and approval by the LPC; the \$75,000 funding is barely adequate to effect the minimum improvements we feel are required and if we're included, we believe it would further induce the amount of funding available for these very necessary productions.

I just want to point out that we are two of I think three institutional buildings included in the district; there are scores of institutional buildings of the major players in Morningside Heights — Columbia, Barnard, JTS, Union Theological, The Interchurch Center, Riverside Church, the Church of Notre Dame — many of these institutional buildings, although residential buildings of some of these places were included, the institutional buildings were not included and we don't understand why we,

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES 58 along with another small religious institution, were included.

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Our proposal is that by moving the 110th Street east of Broadway border one building probably 120 feet east would create a carve-out of our institution without interfering with the contiguous nature of the proposed district along 110th Street and we respectfully request that you consider exempting us from this border. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Any questions from members for the other speakers? No?

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: I'll just make a brief statement on the panel as a whole, which is to acknowledge the incredible leadership of Laura and Harry and Robert and so many others who for two decades have mounted a grassroots campaign, drawing on the expertise of Gregory and others. This simply would not have happened if this grassroots group had not put so much brainpower into this project; you have an infectious love for the neighborhood, which I think has won people over and is why hundreds of people have joined the cause, so you guys probably don't thanks enough, but I do want to acknowledge how much I admire the work you've put into this and how

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME 1 USES much of a joy it's been to partner with you on this 2 3 phase one of the Morningside Heights Historic 4 Preservation project. CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Now we have Clifton Daniel and Gregory Dietrich. [background 6 7 comments] Oh, they already spoke? [background 8 Oh. Okay. So are there any more members commentl of the public who wish to testify? One more? 'Kay, we have Clifton Daniel? 10 11 CLIFTON DANIEL: Yeah. 12 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Okay. Please identify 13 yourself and start. 14 CLIFTON DANIEL: Good morning; I'm Clifton Daniel... Good afternoon; I'm Clifton Daniel; 15 I'm the Dean of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine 16 17 and I have come to say first, thank you for the 18 consideration you're extended to the Cathedral and 19 supporting its designation as a landmark property. 20 So much has been said already about it, I 21 mean a great history of the Cathedral -- you stole my 2.2 speech, so I'm going to be short. 2.3 The part, for me, that this Cathedral offers, it offers so many things, both to the 24

neighborhood and to the City of New York. It is a

cultural center, almost daily, certainly weekly,

there is a concert, there is an orchestra playing,

there's a group singing; we are getting ready to host

the New York Philharmonic in May for their concert; I

6 mean it's a rich cultural resource center for the

7 City and for the area.

2.2

2.3

A patron of the arts, certainly; a house of faith and worship, the very charter of the Cathedral of St. John, says that this is a house of prayer for all people and as a friend of mine says, "sometimes all means all," so all are welcome to come to St. John the Divine to pray and to worship, to take part in the life. It also contributes heavily to the economic vitality of the neighborhood, with over or right around a million visits every year, so the neighborhood is enriched not just with people and activity, but also economically.

Well thank you; that's really all I wanted to say; I just wanna say thank you for your consideration, for your support, for our Council Member support, and for the landmark designation.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. So are there any more members of the public who want to

1	SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING AND MARITIME USES
2	testify? Seeing none, this public hearing on this
3	item is now closed.
4	The designation of the Morningside
5	Heights Historic District and St. John the Divine
6	Cathedral and Cathedral Close are hereby laid over
7	for further consideration.
8	Thank you members of the public, my
9	colleagues, counsel, and Land Use staff; this meeting
10	is adjourned.
11	[gavel]
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date June 6, 2017