CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY

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March 29, 2017

Start: 11:25 a.m. Recess: 2:52 p.m.

HELD AT: Committee Room - City Hall

B E F O R E:

DAVID G. GREENFIELD

Chairperson
JAMES VACCA
Co-Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Vincent J. Gentile

Annabel Palma

Daniel R. Garodnick

Darlene Mealy Rosie Mendez

Ydanis A. Rodriguez

Peter A. Koo Brad S. Lander Stephen T. Levin Jumaane D. Williams

Ruben Wills

Deborah L. Rose

Donovan J. Richards

## COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Inez D. Barron
Andrew Cohen
Ben Kallos
Antonio Reynoso
Ritchie J. Torres
Mark Treyger
Rafael Salamanca, Jr.
Barry S. Grodenchik
Joseph C. Borelli

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Meenakshi Srinivasan Commissioner, Chair NYC Landmarks Preservation Commission

Sarah Carroll
Executive Director
NYC Landmarks Preservation Commission

Gardea Caphart
Budget Director
NYC Landmarks Preservation Commission

Marisa Lago Chair NYC Planning Commission Director NYC Department of City Planning

Purnima Kapur
Executive Director
NYC Department of City Planning

Jon Kaufman Chief Operating Officer NYC Department of City Planning

Anita Laremont General Counsel NYC Department of City Planning

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Anne Roest Commissioner Department of Information Technology and Telecommunications

Annette Heintz
Deputy Commissioner
Financial Management and Administration
Department of Information Technology and
Telecommunications

John Winker
Associate Commissioner
Financial Services
Department of Information Technology and
Telecommunications

Michael Pastor General Counsel Department of Information Technology and Telecommunications

Stanley Shor
Assistant Commissioner
Franchise Administration
Department of Information Technology and
Telecommunications

Thomas Lowenhaupt Chair Connecting.nyc Inc.

[sound check]

[pause]

[gavel]

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I am the Council Member from the 44th Council District in Brooklyn; I'm privileged to serve as the Chair of the Land Use Committee. I want to welcome my esteemed colleagues who are members of the Committee; I would also like to recognize Chair Donovan Richards, Chair Peter Koo; Chair Rafael Salamanca for their leadership and work with the Zoning, Landmarks, and Planning Subcommittees respectively. I want to welcome Council Member Gentile, Council Member Palma, Council Member Mendez, Council Member Koo, Council Member Lander, Council Member Rose, Council Member Williams, Council Member Wills, Council Member Richards, Council Member Kallos, Council Member Reynoso, and Council Member Treyger.

This hearing is being held jointly with the Technology Committee and I welcome Chair Vacca and members of the Committee who will be joining us in a little bit when we do our oversight hearing of Department of Information Technology and

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Telecommunications, or as we so fondly call them,
DoITT.

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This particular portion of the hearing will cover the FY18 Preliminary Budget for the Landmarks Preservation Commission; we will then cover the FY18 Preliminary Budget for the Department of City Planning and then the Department of Information Technology and Telecommunications. Chair Vacca will join us to speak to the issues regarding at DoITT at 1:00 p.m. After DoITT, we will hear from interested members of the public.

I'd like to remind everyone that if you would like to testify today, please fill out a witness slip with the Sergeant-at-Arms.

Before I begin, I want to thank our Finance, Land Use and Technology staff for their outstanding preparation in advance of today's hearing.

We're going to begin this portion of the hearing with testimony from the Landmarks

Preservation Commission. The Landmarks Subcommittee is chaired by Council Member Peter Koo and I want to thank Chair Koo for his outstanding work on these issues. The Landmarks Preservation Commission

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designates, regulates and protects New York City's architectural, historic and cultural resources. The Commission has granted landmark status to more than 36,000 buildings and sites since its creation in 1965 including 1,398 individual landmarks, 118 interior landmarks, 10 scenic landmarks -- sorry, every time I say scenic landmarks, Council Member Treyger comes to mind -- and 141 historic district extensions in all five boroughs.

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The Landmarks Preservation Commission's
Fiscal 2018 Preliminary Budget totals \$6.3 million,
representing less than 1% of the City's total budget.
I would say that's much less than 1% of the City's
total budget. The Department's Fiscal 2018
Preliminary Budget is \$35,000 or less than 1% more
than Fiscal 2017 adopted budget of \$6.3 million.

I wanted to take an opportunity to commend Chair Srinivasan and her staff for working together with us in the Council to clear the backlog. I was very proud to have worked with the Chair to pass a law together with Chair Peter Koo last year that requires the LPC to go through its backlog and make final recommendations on calendared properties; legislation Intro 775-A also ensures that there will

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never be a backlog again -- Yay! -- because recommendations must be made within one year for individual properties or two years for historic

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The Chair and her staff have done an outstanding job addressing the backlog of 95 properties, most of which have been calendared for 20 years or more. I'm actually excited that today, just right before this hearing, we actually voted on the final of the backlog items. I mean, I really, I just have to say this on the record 'cause I don't think people appreciate how rare it is for government to actually, a.) work together -- collaboration between the Council the Administration in the form of the Landmarks Preservation Commission; and b.) actually -- I know this is going to sound crazy to some of you folks watching at home -- but to actually keep the commitments that were made. I always joke that if government worked well I wouldn't have anything to do all day, and today I don't even have as much to do because this is my fourth year that I am engaging in these hearings and for the last four years I would have the joy and the privilege of beating up whoever sat in that chair and saying, "What's going on with

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the backlog?" And finally, working together, we've actually got it done. So thank you, Chair Srinivasan for your outstanding work and for your staff and for your diligence; I know that these were hard decisions and not easy to do, but everybody said it was impossible and you got it done and so we're very grateful for that.

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In addition, the Land Use Committee is interested in hearing from the Chair about the Commission's \$6.3 million budget including details regarding headcount, technology upgrades and enforcement efforts. We would like to thank Chair Meenakshi Srinivasan for joining us this morning; we will now turn it over to the Chair for her testimony.

I want to just note we've been joined by Council Member Barron.

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Good morning Chair

Greenfield and members of the Land Use Committee.

I'm Meenakshi Srinivasan, Chair of the Landmarks

Preservation Commission. Thank you for giving me the opportunity to testify before your Committee about the Commission and its FY 2018 Preliminary Budget.

I'd like to start by telling you about the budget and then update you on the progress of several

initiatives we outlined in our last budget hearing, as well as some new initiatives. [interpose]

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Chair, if you don't mind; is it okay if I ask if you will just identify those people who are sitting up there with you at the dais for those folks who may be watching at home...? [crosstalk]

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Of course...

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you.

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: that is my mistake.

I'm here with Sarah Carroll, our Executive Director and Gardea Caphart, who's our Budget Director.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you very much.

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Thank you.

So LPC's FY 2017 adopted budget was \$6.31 million and FY 2018 Preliminary Budget is \$6.34 million which comprises \$5.75 million in City funds and \$595,983 in Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds. This slight budget increase is due to the last round of Collective Bargaining increases that have been baselined into our budget for FY 2018 and the out years.

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Of the overall budget, 88%, or approximately \$5.57 million, is allocated to personnel services and 12%, or \$670,000, is allocated to other than personnel services. The Agency's total headcount is 81 including 73 full-time positions and 8 part-time positions. There are presently a total of 72 staff members -- 66 full-time staff and 6 part-time staff, and we are currently in the process of filling these vacancies.

Of the CDBG funding, about 80%, or \$470,000, is allocated to personnel supporting critical community development-related functions; while 20% or approximately \$115,000 is allocated for our Historic Preservation Grant Program.

In the first half of FY 2017, we completed an ambitious designation agenda that included the culmination of two major initiatives: addressing the Agency's 50-year backlog of calendared properties, and landmark designations in Greater East Midtown.

We are pleased to report that we successfully completed the backlog initiative in just 18 months that resulted in landmark designation of 27 outstanding properties. And I just want to take the

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 12 opportunity to thank the Council for affirming 26 of our designations, and we understand that the Council has to weigh many issues in its review and we thank you for your support. Among these new individual landmarks is Schofield House on City Island in the Bronx, the Van Sicklen House in Gravesend, Brooklyn, Bergdorf Goodman in Midtown, Manhattan, the Pepsi Cola Sign in Long Island City, Queens and the Vanderbilt Mausoleum in Todt Hill, Staten Island.

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Further, as part of the Administration's multi-agency initiative to plan for Greater East Midtown's future, this past December we designated 12 properties, including the former Citicorp Building, Graybar Building and the Yale Club, and fulfilled our commitment to identify and designate buildings in the district prior to the certification of City Planning's rezoning proposal.

Thus far in FY 2017, in total we have designated two historic districts (Sullivan-Thompson and Morningside Heights in Manhattan), 26 individual landmarks and two interior landmarks, including multiple publicly-accessible rooms within the Waldorf Astoria Hotel, for a total of approximately 324 buildings. In FY 2016, the Commission designated

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three historic districts (Mount Morris Park Historic

District Expansion in Harlem, Bedford Historic

District and Park Slope Historic District Extension

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5 in Brooklyn) and 17 individual landmarks, for a total of 1,411 properties.

The Agency continues to evaluate historic preservation opportunities in neighborhoods undergoing change. Currently we are analyzing the historic resources in East Harlem, as well as Gowanus and we are participating in an interagency agency as part of the Public Realm working group.

Now turning to our Preservation

Department: As you know, the Preservation Department reviews applications and issues permits for proposed work on designated properties; received 13,972 permit applications in FY 2016 and took action on 13,954 applications during the same period. Through January in FY 2017, we have received 7,715 permit applications, and have taken action on 7,928 applications.

Approximately 95% of our permits are issued at staff level pursuant to Agency rules and the other 5% require review by the full Commission.

In FY 2016, the Commission reviewed more than 442

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proposals for work on landmarked properties and took

431 actions. In the first half of FY 2017,

Commissioners reviewed 263 proposals and took action
on 245 proposals.

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In order to further streamline our regulatory process, we have been working on a package of discrete amendments to our rules to provide updated standards and codify well-established Commission practices for ministerial staff level approvals. We have begun engaging stakeholders regarding these proposed amendments and we hope to commence the CAPA process this year.

With our Community Development Block
Grant funding we also administer a modest Historic
Preservation Grant Program targeted for low- and
moderate-income homeowners and not-for-profit
organizations to restore or repair the facades of
their landmarked buildings. In FY 2017, the program
awarded three grants: two residential grants; one in
St. George/New Brighton Historic District on Staten
Island, and one in Crown Heights North III Historic
District in Brooklyn, and we also awarded one notfor-profit grant for Lewis H. Latimer House Museum,
an individual landmark in Flushing, Queens.

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My agency has also bee actively pursuing transparency, in part by using digital technology and our website to provide timely information on the Commission's work. Last May we launched a new permit application search feature that provides the status of all permit applications; this compliments our earlier feature that provides presentation material and decisions on all full commission actions. This past month we created a new internal database that will assist in monitoring the review of applications and improve the efficiency of our permit process.

Last October we introduced a new website to search and browse the City's archaeological artifacts, making New York City the first municipality in the U.S. to host a digital archive dedicated to its extensive archaeological collection.

More recently we created an interactive three-dimensional historic district model with building-level data and photographs for Morningside Heights as both an informational tool for stakeholders as well as an educational tool and fun feature for everyone. And finally, in January the Agency received an approximately \$50,000 grant from New York Community Trust to support the Historic

2 | Building Data Project. Over the next year, the LPC

3 | will create and publicly release a robust GIS-based

4 database with searchable building-by-building

information on each of the 36,000 properties and

6 sites under its jurisdiction.

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I will just end by saying it is a tremendous privilege to lead this Agency and I intend to ensure that we fulfill our mandate to preserve the city's rich architectural and cultural heritage. I would like to thank you again for all your support and allowing me to testify and I am happy to take any questions that you may have. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you very much, Chair.

So I just want to run through some of the details regarding your headcount of 73 full-time positions. Can you walk us through how the Department assesses its staffing need in each budget cycle?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Well we do that in many ways; one is that we assess what positions we already have and may need to fill, so we look at what our vacancies are and we pursue advancing that in terms of hiring. We assess increased workload in our

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 17 various divisions, so I think the three departments where we see that a lot is in our application, our regulatory responsibilities, as well as our designation agenda, as well as our enforcement. we gauge the increased workload and see if the staff that we have can manage that. We also dovetail that with our strategic plan to see areas that we want to do new initiatives, and we assess whether the number of staff people we have within these different departments can address that. So what we've seen over time is actually the Agency headcount is, in fact, one of its highest it's been since the 1990s. In the last 10 years the headcount has been increased by approximately, I think 20% for full-time and 33% for part-time, and under this administration we've also increased our headcount by 11% for full-time and by 7% for part-time. Okay, great. CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: And you're confident that this is the right level of staffing; you're comfortable that everything that you

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need you currently have?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We are very confident about that. We've been in the process of hiring, as I noted before, but even with that we've been able to

2 really advance a fairly aggressive agenda in all 3 these areas and so we are exceeding our targets. So yes, I'm confident that the staff... [interpose]

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Speaking of staffing, last year when we passed our law, Chair Koo and I, there were some folks who said, "There's no way that LPC will be able to get this done by those deadlines," respectively, the one year on the individual applications and the two years on the historic districts; how has that been working; have you found that to be a pragmatic and practical law; have you been able to meet those deadlines?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: I think that they're very reasonable deadlines and as you know, we were sort of simpatico on this, ensuring that the designation process was more efficient, and so when I came onboard we had already started that process internally to make sure that designations would move through the process in a timely manner. So what we have found is that all the initiatives that I've sort of initiated have been completed, except for one, and all of them have done within seven months. believe that these timeframes have been reasonable and we can meet our mandate.

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great. One of the things I've noticed, from looking at some of the budget documentation, is that the enforcement actions have increased over the last few years. Can you explain the kinds of violations that you're encountering and are these violations primarily complaint-driven or are they found through investigative visits on the site? What is the process and why do you believe that the enforcement actions are going up?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Alright, so it's sort of complicated, but there are a couple of things.

One is that it's generally complaint-based and so in certain neighborhood people are more active, there's more activity and we receive more complaints; we also received requests to investigate from Council Members and community boards, and in certain cases, when our staff is reviewing some of these investigations, they may identify noncompliance and bring it to our attention.

So the interesting thing again is that there may be an increase in requests to look and investigation; then we would go ahead and investigate, and just to let you know, that -- let's

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 20 say in 2016 we had investigated about 900 complaints; out of that, about a third of them did not lead to any enforcement action; two-thirds led to some kind of enforcement action, which is either warning or violations. And the other thing I just wanted to point out; that the number of violations is not necessarily related to the number of buildings, because you may have a building that has multiple So I think you know that our enforcement violations. agency tries to be very diligent and respond quickly; our first sort of action, once we know that there are noncompliances, is to work with property owners to in fact remedy those noncompliances; either that they remove those violations or they come to the Agency to seek permits to allow them to continue to have that work done. So we continue to push through that. CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD:

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mentioned that the number is not necessarily related to the number of historic buildings because some of those buildings are disproportionate. Can you tell us, who are those bad actors; are there two, three, four; five that are racking up a ton of violations and don't seem to care about the fact that you're trying to enforce the regulations?

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CHAIR SRINIVASAN: You know I would have to say that I don't think there's a pattern that's developed that one particular property owner has been doing in all their buildings, but I think that it's also that some of these violations are minor versus some that are more significant; some may be where there's a scope of work that is construction oriented; some are just the fact that they haven't asked for permits to change their windows. So it really sort of runs the gamut. But I think if you want us to give you maybe more analysis in terms of what patterns we see, we'd be happy to get back to you and give you a little more detail... [crosstalk]

that, and certainly, if you could send the Committee
-- let's call it the top ten violators, and I'm not
saying necessarily that they're all bad actors, but
it just would be interesting to know that if there
are folks out there that are not following the rules
and maybe some of them may stand out and perhaps
there's some other mechanism that we might want to
look at.

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: You know there are some cases where -- particularly what we call

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 22 demolition by neglect where owners are really not 2 3 looking after their property, and there are not that 4 many, but some of those we pursue to litigation as 5 well. So we will try... [crosstalk] CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great. 6 7 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: package a summary of 8 our enforcement. 9 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you. want to recognize that we've been joined by Council 10 11 Member Perkins, Council Member Mealy and Chair 12 Salamanca. 13 You mentioned that the Community Development Block Grant funding; I believe it was 14 15 that you gave out three grants. How many 16 applications did you receive for the CDBG funding? 17 just like saying that -- CDBG. CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We get about 16 18 19 applications... 20 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay. 21 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: and just to give you an idea about how that sort of falls out; this is a 2.2 2.3 federal grant and therefore there are requirements that you have to comply with; most of it's income-24

based and for nonprofits, only certain kind of

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 23 nonprofits may comply. So within the group of 2 3 applicants for grants there will be a certain number 4 that don't qualify at all; there are some that are related to the type of work which will be funded --5 typically it's restoration work on the facades of 6 7 buildings, so we try and identify the ones where the 8 work dovetails with what the grant is about, and in certain cases, we need additional information. while we've granted three, we've awarded three grants 10 11 for this fiscal year, we have a few applications where we've asked for additional information and 12 13 we're hoping that they will provide that to us as well. I think that sort of covers it. But we're 14 15 happy that we've got these grants and they're advancing. And similarly, the grants that we gave 16 17 last year in 2016, two of them have come to fruition; 18 one is going to be completed in the spring. 19 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay, great. 20 have some other questions, but I'm going to turn it 21 over first to Chair Koo; to be followed by Chair 2.2 Salamanca; to be followed by Council Member; to be 2.3 followed by Council Member Perkins. Chair Koo.

CHAIR KOO: Thank you. Thank you Chair

The LPC now is a much better, more

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Srinivasan.

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 24 efficient agency with your leadership. Before, when 2 3 people would talk about LPC, you know, oh, it's the laughing stock of the agency, you know takes 25 years 4 to approve a landmark, but since you came, everything 5 improved so much, so I want to thank you for your 6 7 leadership. 8 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Thank you so much. 9 CHAIR KOO: And you made LPC famous internationally too. A couple years ago I was in 10 11 Hong Kong and they were talking about landmarking and 12 decided New York City LPC is a role model for Hong 13 Kong to follow. 14 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: That's fabulous. 15 CHAIR KOO: So my question [inaudible] ... 16 [crosstalk] 17 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I hear they have 18 Chair Srinivasan's picture and it's plastered all

over Hong Kong.

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CHAIR KOO: My question is; suppose the owner of a landmarked home, right, they want to file an application to do some remodeling; how much does it cost to file the application? Because everyone says, "Oh landmarking is very expensive," it takes a lot of time and expensive to do, remodeling after a

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house has been landmarked. So what does the process cost -- applicant fee with you or with the Department of Buildings or?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Okay. Why don't I talk about the fees first and then I'll talk about the process.

So I think in the large scheme of things, the fees are not... I believe not onerous, and we haven't seen any real change in the number of applications that come us as a result of the fee. So the fees are paid at the Buildings Department; it's a fraction of what they pay for the building permit itself, so it's \$95 for the first \$25,000 of work and then \$5 for the next \$1,000 of work. The fees are only collected when in fact an application is pursuing, actually implementing the work at the Buildings Department. So when they come to us to file an application, they don't have to pay the fee and therefore if, for whatever reasons the project is not successful, there's no money that has been given to the City.

In terms of the process itself and the added regulatory review that we have, I just want you to know that about 95% of our applications are done

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 26 at staff level and therefore is ministerial and the process is much more quick and much more certain. we have a staff of 35 people approximately in our Preservation Department who work with property owners and applicants in terms of advising them how to put an application together and then what would be allowed at staff level. And so I think this works well, because in fact, most people do come for their approval at staff level. Within the staff level applications, there are various levels of expediency, so a Certificate of No Effect and a Permit for Minor Work take somewhere between 20 and 30 days -- we try to actually even speed that up. We have applications which are considered expected -- Expedited Applicants [sic] of No Effect; those we can issue in two days with a complete application. And then we have also certain projects which can go on a FasTrack and that can be done in 10 days.

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But I just want to add one more aspect, because I think that, from our perspective, it's absolutely imperative that people understand and embrace landmarking and they don't see this as something burdensome, so we try and do a lot of outreach before they are designated, to explain to

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 27 them what the landmark process is, understand the 2 kind of scope of what they're thinking about for 3 4 their property; trying to explain what that process is, and sometimes with certain, especially historic 5 districts, we would go back after it's designated to 6 7 again just give them... it's like a refresher course on how they can really find ways to make that process 8 easier. We also have information on out website which are guides and we also have instructions in 10 11 terms of our application process, and we work with 12 them to make sure that they find this easy and not so 13 burdensome. 14 CHAIR KOO: Thank you very much. 15 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you very 16 much. I am going to turn it over to Chair Salamanca. 17 CHAIR SALAMANCA: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 18 Good morning, Madam Chair. 19 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Good morning. 20 CHAIR SALAMANCA: I have a few churches 21 in my council district that will qualify for 2.2 landmark; the concerns that they have is the fact of 2.3 the cost to repairs that they will incur if they were landmarked, and I understand their concerns. Wanted 24

to know if your agency has any plans to create some

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type of funding where these churches who qualify to be landmarked can access for these very expensive repairs that they may incur because of the materials?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Thank you so much; it's good to see you again, Council Member -- we met last year, of course.

I just want to say that the Agency, first of all, understands the unique and complex issues related to religious institutions in particular. understand that they have a mission to fulfill and that regulatory process should not interfere with their exercise of religion, so we're very mindful of I think the other issue is that we're very that. rigorous and we establish a fairly high bar when we think about religious institutions and which ones should be designated. In terms of the scope of work that they have to do, I think one of the things is that we do explain to religious property is that by being landmarked you're not necessarily compelled to do work; it's when you have a scope of work that you're intending to do; then you need to come to the Landmarks Commission, and I think we are very sympathetic that they have to balance both their program needs as well as cost in proposing work that

can be approved by the Commission. So what we've seen just sort of in our practice is that we work with religious institutions for upgrades; we think about areas where they can use substitute materials, which may be more cost-effective. So sometimes you have areas where they want to fix the cornice or

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8 parts of roofs; if they're not visible; if they are

not discernable, then we can work with them to find

10 | materials that are in fact more cost-effective.

In terms of sort of our own grant program; our grant program has certain limitations, which is we do a lot of nonprofits and not religious nonprofits, but we work with partners, including other nonprofits that have money available to religious institutions specifically and to other nonprofits and to homeowners. So one of them is, of course, the New York Landmarks Conservancy; they have a fairly large fund that provides both loans as well as funding to religious institutions and very often when we are engaging in that outreach with religious institutions, we will, first of all, let them know that this kind of funding is available and often encourage that they speak with a nonprofit and that the Conservancy also speak with them to explain what

are the possible ways in which they can help them financially in preserving their buildings.

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CHAIR SALAMANCA: Alright. Now, I also have two historic districts; one of them, the Longwood Historic District...

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Yes.

CHAIR SALAMANCA: beautiful townhouses; I drive by there often; it's not too far from where I drop off my son in the morning for day care, and I see that some of these homes need repairs; I know these homeowners very well, and they're concerned too; a lot of them are seniors and they're on fixed incomes; again, access to funds, programs that will help them repair some of their homes. Now my question is, again, to have access to these funds, your agency does not have these funds, so they would have to go to a not-for-profit; am I correct?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Well we have funds for homeowners and it's not a large grant, but we do award grants every year, and one of the things that we try to do, and you know, you've mentioned Longwood Historic District, is we can do outreach to people within historic districts, especially if they qualify within the income levels, and that's something we'd

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY

be willing to do. So what we've done in the past is that we have identified areas, census tracts that have certain income levels; we'll proactively go out there, or when we're looking at new historic districts that may qualify, we will talk to them about the grant programs as well. So it's helpful to us when we hear from Council Members about particular areas where they've either seen the need for some more funding and that gives us an opportunity to reach out to them. And again, even for -- we have our own grants, but there are other nonprofits over here and we definitely educate them on other ways to

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seek funding.

CHAIR SALAMANCA: And in terms of enforcement, I mean your agency, the enforcement component or division, they don't go out and do enforcement and say hey, you need to fix your façade because it's breaking, I mean you do enforcement because some work may have been done that's not within your guidelines; am I correct?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Without a permit, yes; if they haven't... But you know, and I may have mentioned it before; I think we really see property owners as partners in preservation and we do have an

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 32
2	enforcement [inaudible], and I'm not going to
3	diminish the need for that, but we really do prefer
4	to work with property owners as our first sort of
5	approach, which is, if there are noncompliances, to
6	try and find ways in which they can comply with the
7	law. And again, very often some of this is cleared
8	through staff level approvals.
9	CHAIR SALAMANCA: My office is going to
10	have a town hall meeting with that immediate
11	neighborhood in the upcoming month [interpose]
12	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Okay.
13	CHAIR SALAMANCA: we'd love to have your
14	agency there to [crosstalk]
15	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We
16	CHAIR SALAMANCA: do a Know Your Rights
17	or dos and don't in terms of the historic district.
18	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We'd be happy to do
19	that, Council Member.
20	CHAIR SALAMANCA: Thank you. Thank you,
21	Mr. Chair.
22	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,
23	Chair. Council Member Ben Kallos.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: As Justin Bieber

once said, "Is it too late to say I'm sorry now?" and

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON
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    TECHNOLOGY
     of course we know he's referring to the statement of
 2
 3
     regulatory intent, S O R I, SORI. If you could just
 4
     share a little bit for folks watching at home and
     those who follow Justin Bieber on Instagram what it
 5
     is we're talking about.
 6
 7
                CHAIR SRINIVASAN: The Statement of
    Regulatory Intent?
 8
 9
                COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Yes.
                CHAIR SRINIVASAN: The Statement of
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11
     Regulatory Intent... [crosstalk]
12
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Can you share
13
     with us your Apple iTunes music list on your website
     or your Twitter handle so that we can learn more
14
15
     about the musical preferences of Council Member
     Kallos? I'm suddenly very fascinated... [crosstalk]
16
17
                COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: I... I... I would be...
18
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: by your choice...
19
     [crosstalk]
20
                COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: I would be happy
21
     to...
2.2
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: by your choice
2.3
     of music.
                COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: As you know, I'm
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in favor of transparency and if you want to introduce

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2 legislation requiring our elected officials to make

3 their playlist public, we'd be happy to hear it in

4 the Governmental Operations Committee.

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: But what about doing it voluntarily; it's a better... better government; we don't just do things that are required, we do things that show the way forward as the Chair of the Gov Ops Committee in the New York City Council.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: I am open to your advocacy; I don't see the value in sharing playlists, but I would love to hear more about the SORI.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I think most New Yorkers, especially those on the East Side; we'd like to know the music stylings of Council Member Ben Kallos. I'm certainly intrigued, for one. Alright, I'm sorry. Yes.

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: So the Statement of Regulatory Intent, which is incorporated in our designation report, is really just a policy statement that is used as a guide to the Commission when it thinks about regulating these properties in the future. It's a tool, so to speak, or an aspect of a designation report that has existed historically; it

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 35 may not be used for every report, but this is not something new, so Greenwich Village Historic District had a very long policy statement; we've seen that for individual landmarks as well [inaudible] and [inaudible] Seminary. And what it does is, the designation report overall is sort or encapsulating or sort of embodying the basis for a historic district or designation, based on its research and based on the process as well. So when we started doing it again recently, it really is a way to just have clarity in the report and it is meant to be a clarification and transparency. So some reports don't have it and some reports in the past may have had it incorporated in a very long prose -- I don't know if you've had a chance to look at those reports; they've very dense. So it was a way to really provide more transparency. So I'll just give an example; we wrote a Statement of Regulatory Intent for the Citicorp Building and all it says is really that the basis of this designation is not just the architecture, but also the fact that it had a very, very unusual history of being one of the first buildings to really incorporate very novel zoning incentives for public spaces, and as a result, over

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the last several decades, public spaces have been regulated by the City Planning Commission, and it just alerts the Commission that these spaces have dual jurisdiction and that we would coordinate in the

future when these places come to us.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And so does this SORI have the full force of regulation or is it just a -- so yes, does the SORI have full force of regulation and a later impact; does it bind future LPCs in any way?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: It really is... it's a guide and I think that it doesn't supersede or override our rules, which really determine staff level and Commission level approval, and it can't supersede the law as well. So Certificates of No Effect are Certificates of No Effect and those will all remain the same; it's just that the Commission, when considering changes, can think about particular aspects of these buildings.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And so I don't know if you heard any of the chatter between myself and the Chair of the Land Use Committee on Land Use Item 582; how can we work with regard to an item in Staten Island? How can we work as a Council with the

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CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We understand your concern and you know, these decisions are very hard to make for the Council and we understand and respect that process. I think from our side is that we really believe that doing outreach at the beginning of the process is really critical and so the more support we get for designations, the more successful it will be, both at the Commission and at the Council. So our outreach includes working with lots of [sic] property owners to try and get them to embrace designations. We obviously work with advocacy groups and constituents, but also with the Council Members as well and so that's something we will continue to do. I think our agency has to sometimes prioritize and we really do want to advance the projects that have very strong successes of designations at the end. So I think we are very much on the same page, Council Member, that we want our designations to be successful and we'll continue to work on that.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And I think just going back to the legislation that the Land Use Chair frequently refers to, during that hearing the most frequent comment we received from both Council

Members and the community is that folks want more historic districts, they want more landmarks and some communities felt less empowered to make it happen than others. How can we support communities that may not have the same resources and bring more landmarks and historic districts to every district in the city,

even where David Greenfield represents?

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CHAIR SRINIVASAN: As you know, people from the community reach out to us and we take that into consideration, we do an evaluation; we look at it in the context of priority. But just a point that you made, which is, with communities that may not have the resources, I think one of the things that is part of our goals and our strategic plan is to really look at neighborhoods that have not seen a lot of landmarks, and for a host of reasons, but it doesn't mean that they're not areas to preserve. Commission is informed in a couple of ways in how we can advance designations, both in neighborhoods where you may not have people who have the means to organize themselves or be able to do the studies that they bring for the Commission; that doesn't necessarily mean that we're not looking at it, we are; we're looking at areas in East Harlem and

Central Harlem, one, because there's a rezoning taking place, but also because of areas that people are asking us to actually go there and look, but we're also looking at areas where communities have had their original historic district done in the 70s and they're looking to see if there are reasons to expand that.

So to answer your question, we do devote a lot of our resources to doing ongoing survey and analysis and studies of neighborhoods to try and address people's concerns or interest in having designations in their neighborhood.

council Member Kallos: Would it be possible to, as part of the budget process, increase your budget to provide for an application-based organizing or study grant or to partner with the Landmarks Preservation Foundation to offer that support and services so that a block association or neighborhood association will say you know what; I think we have something here and let's just fill out a simple form that is hopefully a lot easier than the member item form that we have, to have these resources available?

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1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 41
2	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Council Member, what I
3	would say right now is that we have staff positions
4	available that we want to fill, so we're really
5	talking we've got seven positions available and some
6	of those are in fact going to be allocated to our
7	Research Department, so I think that once we fill the
8	vacancies, which we're hoping to do in the next
9	couple of months, we'll have resources to continue to
10	do survey work [inaudible] [crosstalk]
11	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Great; when those
12	get filled, I'm looking to do a small district in
13	Sutton; we've got a [crosstalk]
14	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We're aware of that;
15	we
16	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: So just if you
17	can have somebody touch base with us, we'd like to
18	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Oh absolutely, we
19	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: I'd like to get a
20	small historic district done in my first time, if
21	possible.
22	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We are looking at that
23	and we're happy to set up a meeting with you
24	afterwards to discuss that.
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5 COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Thank you.

2 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,

3 | Council Member. Council Member Perkins.

COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Good morning.

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Good morning, Council

Member.

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COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: So I want to first ask... I assume you have inventory or sort of listings of applications that are pending for our districts?

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We don't have applications for our historic districts or individual designations. We have done our own research or survey work in neighborhoods, so we've identified buildings are areas that are meritorious that may require more study. We do receive requests from members of the public that ask for our input on whether a building or an area is deserving of designation, so we get about, I don't know, maybe about 150 requests in a year and we respond back to them. And so the ones that we feel are meritorious, we think about that in our strategic plan and see which ones we can advance towards designation. So it's not like a pipeline of, you know, so many districts that are just waiting; I think it's really

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 43
2	about us prioritizing in our strategic plan, but we
3	are informed by both the requests that we get as well
4	as our own survey work.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay. So for
6	instance, in my district, what's pending? I mean do
7	you have applications pending to be reviewed or?
8	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Right. We don't have
9	they are not applications, but we are… [crosstalk]
10	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: 'Kay.
11	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: looking at areas in
12	Central Harlem, so… [interpose]
13	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay.
14	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: in fact, good that you
15	asked us about this, because we'd love to set up a
16	meeting with you and talk to you about some of the
17	areas that we've been looking at.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Alright. ASAP
19	is fine with me, but I also would like to know
20	beforehand what have you if you can give me the
21	latest report, if it's not too overwhelming, in terms
22	of what's been done… [crosstalk]
23	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Oh absolutely.

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 44
2	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: but also, more
3	importantly, in terms of what's pending that that's.
4	[crosstalk]
5	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We We
6	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: that's on your
7	list of applications or however you describe it, so
8	that I can see what properties or type of
9	applications are on the pipeline.
10	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Interest there. Yes.
11	We can provide you with that.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Is that
13	something you can do like easily or does it take a
14	long period of time?
15	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: I think we can do that
16	in the next couple of weeks or so.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: A couple of
18	weeks?
19	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Yes.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay.
21	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Is that too long?
22	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Well I would
23	prefer tomorrow, since you're asking [crosstalk]
24	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: [laugh] Well I think
25	we could I would say that the designations that

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 45 we've done in your district we can easily provide 2 3 you; that we can... [crosstalk] 4 COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay. 5 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: turn around very quick, and I think there are quite a few historic 6 7 districts, not very large, but there are several of 8 them and we've done a lot of individual designations as well, so that we can provide you very easily, and 9 probably by the end of the day we could get you that. 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay. 12 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: So it's really about 13 some of the requests that we've got in the past and some of the things that we've been thinking about; 14 15 that may take a little time to pull together for you. 16 COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: A little time 17 for me is like tomorrow, but I know that for you it's 18 much more realistic. So what is realistic, like a month, a week; a year? Just need to know what's 19 20 pending... [crosstalk] 21 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Definitely not a year. 2.2 How 'bout...

COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: so I can catch

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up with... [crosstalk]

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 46 2 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: So we can touch base 3 next week. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay. So when you say touch base, I just want to be clear what that 5 means, I'm sorry... 6 7 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We can pull together information on requests that we've received, some of 8 the areas that we're looking at; I know that Community Board 10 once put a report together which 10 11 talked about many things -- zoning, as well as 12 landmarks; we can provide that to you as well, so 13 this... in fact, we have been largely informed by 14 Community Board 10 in terms of some of their 15 priorities and some of our own survey work. So it'll 16 come to you as a package of addresses and areas. 17 COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Very good. Now 18 Board 11 is also a part of my district, and so... 19 [interpose] 20 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Okay. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: if you can do 2.2 the same... [crosstalk] 2.3 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We'll do it according to your council district. 24

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 47
2	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay, you will
3	know easily that that is?
4	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Right, we can Oh yes,
5	absolutely, we can do it according to your district
6	boundary.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay, very good.
8	So for those folks in my district that might be
9	interested in putting together some kind of
10	conference related to this, what is the process or
11	what who will I have to touch base with?
12	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: You can definitely
13	touch base with Lauren George, who's our Director of
14	Community Relations, and if you want us to come to
15	the Community Board to talk about something
16	[background comments] we just did that last night,
17	we
18	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay.
19	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: we were invited and
20	but if it's a more formal sort of conference
21	[crosstalk]
22	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Well you
23	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: you can talk to Lauren
24	and we can help you with that.

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 48
2	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay. So just
3	so I'm clear so generally how do you like you
4	said you were just recently at the Community Board by
5	invitation or how does that by your invitation
6	request to the Board or by the Board requesting you
7	to come? I just want to
8	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Well you know, it's
9	sort of interesting; we always seem to have contact
10	with the Community Boards on a number of issues
11	including applications that come before us, but I
12	believe they requested us to come there and talk to
13	them.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay. And so if
15	I request, you will come to me?
16	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We will.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay. Just want
18	to be sure, 'cause I don't want
19	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We'll be happy to come
20	and talk to you and your constituents.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay. And you
22	will also be able to provide me with some pending
23	landmark sites that are in the district?
24	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Yes [crosstalk]
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COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Are there pen...

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 49
2	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: requests that we
3	receive.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: I assume that
5	there are some that are pending to be designated.
6	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: There are right now
7	there is pending; there's nothing that has been
8	calendared, but there are… [crosstalk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay.
10	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: because we cleared up
11	a lot of the calendar, including… we were very
12	thrilled about the YMCA that was designated in your
13	district. So but we have properties that we're
14	looking at and I just want to sort of clarify, all
15	[crosstalk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Can I see what
17	you're looking at?
18	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Yes.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay, I'd like
20	that, if that's possible. I just want to get a what
21	has been designated; I just want to get a priority
22	[crosstalk]
23	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We can provide you
24	with that; that's very clearly.

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 50 Thank you 2 COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Okay. 3 very much. So and you mentioned that you've been in 4 touch with the Community Board related to some of this work? CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We have been in touch 6 7 with the Community Board... yes, related work, but I 8 believe yesterday's meeting -- and I'm just going to look at -- was about designation... it was about both. It was mostly about explaining our regulatory process 10 11 and responsibilities of landmarking, but there was 12 discussion by other local groups about priorities 13 within the neighborhood, so we were there to listen to what people within the neighborhood were thinking 14 15 about in terms of historic resources. 16 COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: With respect to 17 the faith-based sites, you mentioned there is some 18 faith-based funding? 19 CHAIR SRINIVASAN: We don't have faithbased funding directly, but the Landmarks 20 21 Conservancy, which is a nonprofit, they have funding 2.2 for religious sites, sacred sites. 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: And you have I know some faith-based sites that have been 24

landmarked.

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 51
2	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Yes.
3	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Please make sure
4	that they're listed [crosstalk]
5	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Right, the religious
6	properties in your neighborhood, we can do that.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: And those that
8	are pending, I guess, as well.
9	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Okay, ones that we're
10	considering; got it.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER PERKINS: Right. That'll
12	do it for now, thank you.
13	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Thank you, Councilman.
14	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you
15	Council Member. My final question for you is; as
16	Council Member Kallos alluded to Council Member
17	Mendez has a question as well, so I'm actually going
18	to go to Council Member Mendez and then I'll give you
19	my final question. Thank you.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Thank you,
21	Mr. Chair. It's a pleasure to see you again, Madam
22	Chair. Can you tell me what was headcount at LPC
23	prior to you being named the Chair?
24	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: [background comments]
25	It'll be one second. [background comments]

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON
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    TECHNOLOGY
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                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: So can I do a
 3
     follow-up question while that's going on?
 4
                [background comments]
 5
                CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Okay. [background
     comment] So... okay. So it was [background comment]
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 7
     72 and right now our headcount is 81, and we're...
 8
     [crosstalk]
                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: 81.
                CHAIR SRINIVASAN: filling some of the
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11
    vacancies.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: And how much of
13
    that, of the 81 is full-time and part-time? I don't
14
     see it in my notes right now.
15
                CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Full-time is 73 and 8
16
     is part-time.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Okay. And prior
18
     to you coming onboard, what was full-time and what
19
     was part-time?
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                CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Was 68 and 4.
                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Of the
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2.2
     individuals on your staff, is there one dedicated
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    person that works with DOB to put the landmark status
     of buildings into the BIS system or wherever it is on
24
25
     the internet?
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1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 53
2	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: There are two things;
3	one is that our Research Department immediately puts
4	calendared properties into the BIS system, so it
5	shows it immediately. We have ongoing, sort of
6	liaison with DOB on many issues, including buildings
7	that are calendared, but also enforcement and so John
8	Weiss, he works very closely with the Buildings
9	Department. So properties that we hear about that
10	have certain complex issues that particularly sort of
11	relate to the both agencies, we do a lot of
12	coordinating regarding that.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: So the Research
14	Department, anyone in the Research Department would
15	be the ones inputting that into BIS?
16	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Yes.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: And that
18	department is how big?
19	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: It's I think now 11.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Eleven.
21	CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Ten or 11, yeah; we
22	have some part-time people there too.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Thank you very
24	much. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

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much. In the interest of time and because we have the Department of City Planning waiting, I will follow up with the Landmarks Preservation Commission directly with any other questions. I want to thank you all for your testimony; thank you for your stewardship and we look forward to continue working together. Thank you... [crosstalk]

CHAIR SRINIVASAN: Thank you, Councilman [sic].

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: We are going to invite Department of City Planning to come up now and join us at the dais and then we'll do the introduction of this next part of our Land Use budget hearing. [background comments]

[pause]

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Welcome back to the Land Use Preliminary Budget Hearing. I am still David Greenfield; I still chair the Land Use Committee and I am joined by several of my colleagues; most significantly, Chair Donovan Richards, Chair Peter Koo, Council Member Perkins, Council Member Palma, and Council Member Mendez, who are still here and we -- just so the folks know who

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 55 are watching at home -- we follow the practice of other legislative bodies; we have multiple hearings going on in this body at any particular time, and so we have two other hearings that are currently happening, including a budget negotiating team meeting, because this is the heart of the budget process; this is why we're here today, so we've got members coming back and forth from different hearings and meetings, so please excuse the interruption. We also are joined by Council Member Brad Lander as well.

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We're now going to hear from the newly appointed Director of City Planning, Marisa Lago. Chair Lago is a fellow Brooklyn native who started her career in government at the City Planning Commission. She joins us mostly recently from the United States Department of Treasury, where she served as Assistant Secretary for International Markets and Development. The Chair has actually pointed out to me that she is an expert testifying in front of legislative bodies because she's got difficult Congress members who would try to catch her, so this will be easy, because we're just such a friendly bunch here in the New York City Council; if

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you don't believe me, just ask Purnima and she'll tell you that I probably just lied.

Seriously speaking, we welcome you back to New York, we congratulate you on your appointment; you obviously have a long history of working in and out of city and state government and we're excited to have you onboard and to work with you on the upcoming Midtown East rezoning as well as further the City's affordable housing efforts.

The Department of City Planning plans for the strategic growth and development of the City through ground-up planning with communities in development of land use policies and zoning regulations and is responsible for promoting housing production and affordability, as well as fostering economic development and coordinated investment in infrastructure.

I want to once again acknowledge the
Zoning Subcommittee Chair Donovan Richards for his
leadership on City Planning issues and his
partnership working together with all of us here and
myself on the Committee. In addition, I would like
to congratulate and thank Chair Rafael Salamanca for
his work as the new Chair of the Planning

Subcommittee, and we of course already, as I mentioned in our last hearing, the great work that Chair Peter Koo does in the Landmarks world.

As we celebrate the one-year anniversary of the passage of MIH and ZQA -- Mandatory
Inclusionary Housing and Zoning for Quality and
Affordability, for those of you who are watching at home -- and yes, for those of you who are watching at home, I did not come up with the names or the acronyms; in fact, maybe the Chair will explain to us how they came up with those very compelling MIH and ZQA acronyms.

We're particularly interested in hearing about how City Planning is making the rezoning process more inclusive and transparent for local residents. Recently we've had applications to change the local zoning that have come under intense scrutiny; in fact, the Council denied projects in Inwood, Sunnyside and Carroll Gardens, where local members determined that the proposals were wrong for their communities. However, as we face the housing emergency and homeless crisis, our city still needs to offer more housing to welcome immigrants, young

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people, artists, entrepreneurs, and, of course,
seniors who have made New York what it is today.

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So we're interested in hearing about Chair Lago's views on this issue and how we can encourage more involvement and more transparency. As the Chair knows, we've actually -- for the last couple of years here in this Committee, we've requested that the Department of City Planning provide to the Council the pre-application forms so that the communities have more relevant information and we've had a back and forth and so today Borough President Gale Brewer and I are actually requesting that as a determined condition of today's budget that these pre-application forms be shared with the relevant Council Member, Borough President and Council Member and would love to hear your perspective on that as well.

Additionally, the Land Use Committee is looking forward to hearing more about the new needs reflected in the City Planning's \$42.5 million budget, including details on the paperless filing system, the hiring of four employees to advance implementation of the City's Mandatory Inclusionary Housing program and proposed savings, and, of course,

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 59

we're looking forward to hearing about how wonderful your new digs are; I know that everybody's excited about the great office space that you work in and we

were very pleased to provide funding for that in past

6 years and we're happy that actually worked out.

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So we welcome you and we welcome your entire team, especially Purnima Kapur, who many of here in the Council have been working with; in fact, I actually had the distinction of... in my... when I was first elected as a Council Member and I came to the abysmal offices of the Brooklyn office of the City Planning -- and I'm embarrassed to say; they're sill pretty abysmal -- and I... I... [background comment] What's that? [background comment] That's what I said; I'm embarrassed to say that those Brooklyn offices are still pretty abysmal -- the Manhattan office has since improved -- and I made the trek up and got lost in the maze of different cubicles and I saw with Purnima Kapur and she was very kind to give me the Zoning Handbook and we are actually also excited about the possibility -- although we're a little bit late; we were told that it was going to be ready at the end of 2016 and my law students are a little bit anxious, but we made them buy the old

Dooks anyway -- we're excited to hear about when the new Zoning Handbook is going to be coming out, along with the relevant MIH and ZQA information. My students actually at Brooklyn Law School are more excited even than I am, 'cause they've got finals coming up in a few weeks, so let us know if they could use that as an inside hook, but certainly we want to thank you, Purnima, for working with all of

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well.

So without further ado, we promise, seriously speaking, we're not always nice, but today, in deference to your great public service and the fact that this is your first hearing; all of us, with the exception of Donovan Richards, will be very friendly and so we're looking forward to your testimony. Thank you.

us and also welcome Anita Laremont and Jon Kaufman as

MARISA LAGO: Thank you, Mr. Chair. And I will note; there is one difference between being here and testifying before the U.S. Congress, which is; we're all New Yorkers.

So I'll start by formally saying good morning to you, Chair Greenfield and to Subcommittee Chairs... [interpose]

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 61
2	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: But for some
3	reason the Mayor still roots for the Boston Red Sox;
4	what's up with that? Seriously. We're going to have
5	to bring him in here and have a separate hearing.
6	What do you think, Council Member Lander? An
7	oversight hearing on rooting, plus an economic
8	development on how that impacts New York City by
9	having the Mayor root… [crosstalk]
10	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: We're going to
11	fight for that in Rules, Privileges and Elections; I
12	think… [crosstalk]
13	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: 'Kay.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: it's a privilege,
15	but anyway it's uh [crosstalk]
16	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Fair enough.
17	MARISA LAGO: It may destroy the good
18	will if I admit that my husband is also a Boston Red
19	Sox fan and we joke… [crosstalk]
20	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Oh
21	MARISA LAGO: that we have a mixed
22	marriage.
23	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: You were doing
24	so well there, Chair, so well. Okay.

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MARISA LAGO: Well I also want to welcome, or say thank you to Subcommittee Chairs Richards, Koo and in abstention, Salamanca as well. Not only is this my first testimony before the City Council; I'm still within my first month on the job, but this hearing I'm sure will go swimmingly because as you noted, I'm joined by City Planning's seniormost management team, who are expert on any topic.

Given your introduction, Chair, if I might break my testimony into a few parts; one, an introduction of myself, because while I am new to many of you, I'm not new to the City; I would then move on to the budget itself; after that, the Greenfield Brewer [sic] proposal that was put forward; after that, the Zoning Handbook; and then finally, the paperless filing, so covering all of your various questions.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Sure; I'm looking forward to it. Thank you.

MARISA LAGO: So as far as myself, I was born in Brooklyn and I went to college at Cooper Union, becoming my family's first college graduate. Within a year of becoming a lawyer I started by first stint in City government at City Planning, but at

2 City Planning, before it even moved to 22 Reed Street

3 -- this was at 2 Lafayette Street -- and I was a

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4 | Special Assistant to the then Chair of the City

5 | Planning Commission Herb Sturz, who was a visionary

6 leader, and what he taught me was this passion for

7 social justice, which has imbued everything that he's

8 done, but he also taught me how the tremendous power

9 of the City government could be deployed to help all

10 of our citizens, particularly the most unfortunate.

predecessor, was the President of the EDC.

So my second time in City government was as General Counsel of New York City's Economic

Development Corporation during the Dinkins administration, at a time when Carl Weisbrod, my

During that time I worked on projects that ranged from the small to the large -- the Greenpoint Manufacturing Center that is still up and running and thriving, to the large -- negotiating the lease for the Billie Jean King National Tennis Center, along with Carl Weisbrod.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: If you have any good Carl Weisbrod stories -- now that he's not here anymore -- we love to gossip about him, so please feel free to dish.

MARISA LAGO: During my next testimony maybe.

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I've also headed the Empire State

Development Corporation and I was especially pleased during that period that construction began on Brooklyn Bridge Park, because some of my earliest childhood memories are of walking down to the piers there to pick up my grandfather as he got off of work; he was a cook on a tugboat that worked in New York Harbor.

Now in-between I've run the Boston

Redevelopment Authority, which despite its name is
the city's Land Use, Planning and Economic

Development agency combined. But at the same time, I
held the role of Boston's Chief Economic Development

Officer, which meant that I oversaw the affordable
housing and the neighborhood community development
agency as well. My point of pride during that period
of time is that we successfully competed for two
federal grants to rehab our two most troubled public
housing projects, and including public schools within
the project.

Now as the Chair mentioned, during the past seven years I've been serving the Obama

2 Administration at the Department of the Treasury, and

3 for the past three years I've been serving under

4 Treasury Secretary Lew, himself a native New Yorker,

5 but also someone who is so committed to addressing

6 inequality.

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What people may not know about the

Treasury Department is that in addition to issuing
the public debt, it is also responsible for the U.S.
government's participation in the World Bank, the

African Development Bank, Asian Development Bank, and
I had the privilege of representing the U.S.
government at these entities as they engaged in
infrastructure projects and social development
projects to alleviate poverty in the world's poorest
countries. And there are just such strong
connections between that development work and what we
are committed to here in the de Blasio
Administration.

The approach that I brought to all of these positions is to listen to and to learn from communities, the residents of the community who may have varied perspectives -- may not be speaking with one voice; the elected officials in the communities whose job it is, whose passion it is to represent

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their communities, but also the civil society or nonprofit sector, a sector that brings its varied expertise and who advocate on communities' behalf.

So with that background, I'll now turn to the Department of City Planning's FY18 budget.

I'll start with the Department's Adopted FY17 budget, which had an expense appropriation of \$46.3 million. 66% of the funding comes from City tax levy dollars, and 34% comes from a variety of federal funding sources.

of this \$46.3 million, roughly 60% of it, or \$28 million, was allocated for personal services, and this supported the salaries of 349 full-time staff, and that includes me as well as the 12 other City Planning Commissioners. 195 of these full-time employees are funded by federal and other grants, while 154 full-time staff are tax levy funded. Our remaining budget allocation, which is about \$18.2, was apportioned to the Department's OTPS (Other Than Personal Services). The single largest component of this \$18.2 million is \$6.4 million, so about a third of it, and that was budgeted for environmental consultants that were necessary to complete the City Environmental Quality Review. This review is legally

required before the zoning recommendations in our neighborhood plans can be brought forward, first, to the City Planning Commission and then ultimately presented to the City Council for a vote. These funds are used to secure services that either require a surge in personnel to complete the EIS or required specialized equipment that just wouldn't be cost effective for the City to maintain on a permanent

Turning now to our FY17 January budget; it's 2% higher than the FY17 Adopted plan, rising from \$46.3 million to \$47.1 million. This very small change of about \$800,000 is driven by a variety of changes including the fact that the federal, city and state budget cycles aren't synchronized and so funds flow at different times. The January 2017 plan also includes four new full-time positions.

Now looking forward, our budget allocation for FY18 is \$42.5 million; this is down 8%, or \$3.7 million from our FY17 Adopted budget. This is largely the result of planning reductions to our OTPS allocation. A portion of this amount will be offset by anticipated off-cycle state and federal

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basis.

grants that will flow into the budget during the first half of FY18.

There are four drivers of the planned \$3.7 million reduction, the year-on-year reduction.

The first is funding for building the paperless filing technology -- which we'll get to later -- is predominantly located in our FY17 budget, so this contributes to a reduction of \$2.8 million in FY18.

Secondly, a \$1.4 million in reduced funding for consultants needed to prepare environmental impact statements for planned City-sponsored projects. Now I do have to note, however, that this amount may need to be adjusted should additional projects be undertaken by the Department.

There is also \$700,000 in FY17 one-time projects, such as the expenses associated with the new facilities at 120 Broadway, and I do have to thank the Council for those appropriations. City Planning is now working in professional space that fits the quality and the professional work that the team does, but also the Bronx office as well. Also... [interpose]

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 69 2 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Get those 3 Brooklyn folks some paint maybe, new paint... 4 MARISA LAGO: Even if I have to pay for it out of my pocket. 5 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: carpeting 6 7 perhaps. MARISA LAGO: Another cost savings that I 8 9 am sure you will appreciate, Chair, is the reduced number of hard copies of the Zoning Resolution that 10 we need to produce. 11 Finally, our resiliency grant funding has 12 been added to the FY17 [sic] budget from our prior 13 14 year grant surpluses. This grant is going to remain 15 active until FY19, and it increases our FY18 budget by \$1.2 million in CDBG Disaster Recovery funds. 16 17 So in terms of planned headcount for 18 FY18, the Department's overall headcount is going to 19 increase [sic] by five positions in FY18 as a result 20 of the elimination of some temporarily funded positions and the addition of three grant-funded, 21 resiliency positions. So we will enter FY18, we're 2.2 2.3 planning for an FY18, with 348 full-time positions. Now the Department continues to look for 24

grant-funded opportunities to minimize our costs. We

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use grant funding for a wide variety of planning efforts, including resiliency, transportation and hazard mitigation studies. The Department is currently working on getting six grants and we're engaged in important resiliency efforts; especially important following Superstorm Sandy, but also because of the reality of climate change.

Now the Department believes that our preliminary budget will support effective integrated, and I have to emphasize, community-based planning, which will allow us to meet the needs of the people of New York.

I do want to comment briefly on the Agency work program. Last year City Planning's senior team outlined for the Council six strategic objectives that provide structure to what we do and highlight our agency's priorities. They're covered in far more depth in my formal testimony that we've submitted, but I just want to describe each of the six; they encapsulate nearly all of the initiatives that we're working on collaboratively with the City Council.

The first is to catalyze long-term neighborhood improvement through integrated planning.

The second is to encourage housing production, affordability and quality.

The third; to promote economic development and job growth.

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The fourth; to enhance resiliency and sustainability of neighborhoods.

The fifth; to ensure the integrity, timeliness and responsiveness of our land use reviews; and then finally, to supply objective data and expertise to a broad range of planning functions and stakeholders. This last function becomes especially important as we head into the 2020 census.

So with that, if I might then turn,

Chair, to the proposal that you described, with

respect to the timing of providing information about

applications to the Council, to the Community Board;

to the Borough President. Given the timing, I

obviously have not had a chance to look at the

proposal in-depth, but I do have... I would want to

correct a few misconceptions.

Applications are sent to the Council

Member, Borough President and the Council prior to

certification. When an application is formally filed

at City Planning, it's then referred out to Council

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certification.

Member, Council; Borough President, and this is in advance of certification. This morning I was only able to pull together the information for the 182 complex projects that have been filed since 2013, but for these projects, they have been formally filed and referred out to the public on average 90 days before

The second misconception that I wanted to address has to do with respect to what happens post-certification in the formal ULURP process. Projects routinely change during the ULURP process as a result of the input from the community, from the Council; from the Borough President. In technical speak, since this is the Land Use Committee, I can note that the formal process is an A-filing, a filing for an amendment of the application, in addition to the minor modification process.

A third observation would be that some of the most consequential filings that are made with the Department of City Planning are those that are sponsored by the Department itself, our neighborhood rezonings. These applications go through a consultation period, an engagement with the community that is measured not in days or weeks but rather in

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 73 months or even years. We actually at times hear that it perhaps is proceeding a little bit slowly and we're taking too much time in the pre-certification

or in the pre-filing phase.

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I want to emphasize that despite these misconceptions that I believe are embedded, the Department; myself, are committed to strong community input, strong community consultation. The Department, as an absolute matter of course, encourages applicants to reach out very early on to communities and their elected officials in the earliest phase of their project planning.

I would also urge communities that are reviewing projects put forward by applicants that have not engaged them early, to take that into account as they review the application.

Turning to the purpose of the precentification process, it's to ensure that the application, as it enters public review, is complete, accurate, clear, and provides the public the information that the public will need to judge the merits of the proposal.

Further, the initial filings are a rather imprecise tool to gather clear and accurate project

information, because projects change quite frequently during City Planning's consultation and review of the applicant's proposal.

Finally, I would note that ULURP is a time-tested process that provides a formal, predictable seven-month-long period in which to evaluate the merits of the proposal. When I say time-tested, I know that when I was first at City Planning in 1982, already there was a ULURP process. Having worked in other settings in other municipalities, I have not seen a process that is as predictable that has as many different touch points with elected officials with the community. So I would look forward, Chair, to further speaking with you about what occurs during the pre-formal filing of the application and to, again, reinforcing mine and the Department's commitment to this engagement with the community, with the Council Member and with the Borough President.

If you'd like, I could move on to the Zoning Handbook.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Do you have a copy for me?

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MARISA LAGO: I have... [interpose,
background comment] I actually have something even
better. As I was unpacking my office, which is still
partly in boxes, I found what I took with me from
City Planning when I left in 1985; this is the 1981
version of the Zoning Handbook [background comment]
and it is so simple. This was before [inaudible]...
[crosstalk]

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Available on eBay later today.

MARISA LAGO: To the highest bidder; right? Actually, were it not my only copy and a cherished one, I would give it to you, Chair. It's interesting; it's before contextual zoning; it is before the number of special districts that were created, and certainly before MIH and ZQA. With respect to the timing of the most recent, the upcoming handbook, in preparing it we realized that it was a far more complex undertaking because of the breadth of the MIH and ZQA, but we anticipate that it will be coming out later this year; I don't have the exact date that you might be looking for.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Later this year?

[background comment] We're still in March. Chair

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 76
2	Richards would like to propose, in homage to the
3	Chair, that it be a green cover, for Council Member
4	Greenfield. [laughter] But alright, we anxiously
5	await that. Does that conclude your remarks?
6	MARISA LAGO: Well the final [crosstalk]
7	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay.
8	MARISA LAGO: the final matter that you
9	had mentioned in your opening comments, Chair, was
10	the paperless filing
11	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Yeah.
12	MARISA LAGO: and on that I'm going to
13	turn it over to the architect of this, Jon Kaufman.
14	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great.
15	JON KAUFMAN: Thank you. In terms of
16	paperless filing, it is a… [crosstalk]
17	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: You're an actual
18	architect or just the architect of paper [crosstalk]
19	JON KAUFMAN: [inaudible]
20	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I mean it's the
21	Department of City Planning; I just want to make sure
22	we get the record straight. Yes, okay.
23	JON KAUFMAN: Yes, absolutely not an
24	architect.

25 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Fair enough.

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JON KAUFMAN: But I do want to just comment a little bit on paperless filing, for those of you who may have heard of it or been anticipating it for some time. This is a system that we think will bring City Planning up to speed with sort of current technology and allow a lot of benefits to both our other agencies and the public at large. Without going into the details of the entire system, or its architecture, there's really three benefits we're trying to derive from this.

The first one is just to make the spending of public dollars more efficient. Right now there are actually three different tracking systems within City Planning for every application that comes through, and those are tied together in a very loose way, but very different technologies. We're going to make that one single system so we can see it from beginning to end; that's going to allow us to manage applications more adeptly through our different divisions that comment on them; it also connects to other divisions, like the Department of Buildings. Currently they get hard copies of every application that comes through sent over them; this new system will allow them to access it instantly

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 78 electronically, which has a lot of benefit for them, in addition to the paper savings and the name of paperless filing is really what grounds this entire enterprise.

The second set of benefits is for the applicants. Again, they can submit paperlessly, whereas now, again, they have to bring in multiple copies that are distributed in different places that were often 100-page documents overall. It will also allow them to pay online as opposed to having to come to our office for every single application.

The third set of benefits is around accessibility for the public, and again, namely, the Council Members, Community Boards; Borough Presidents can access the documents from their desk rather than having to ask for things at certain periods of time or getting physical copies, which again we think will deliver a lot of benefit for some of these things that you're asking about in terms of how could we see the documents that are filed for all the public to see.

So we're quite excited about this overall; we're waiting for the contract to be cleared

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by the Comptroller, which we hope is imminent, and we'd be able to build in earnest in upcoming weeks.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great, thank

you. Are there any other portions of your testimony?

MARISA LAGO: No, but I welcome your

questions.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Wonderful.

Excellent. I'm just going to follow up on one issue and then I'm going to turn it over to Chair Richards for some questions and then we'll have some other members and then I'll save the questions that haven't been asked for myself for the last.

The only issue I want to follow up with is on the issue of what we discussed in terms of the pre-application. So certainly on this side of the table we're familiar with the system and the timing and how it works and we have a lot of respect and admiration for the Department of City Planning and especially -- and I always say this and this bears repeating -- is that in my experience it is one of the most professional agencies in the City of New York; the employees who work there, many of whom worked there for many years, are very dedicated and knowledgeable and certainly are experts in the field,

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 80 and you won't get any argument from us about any of that, even if Winston Von Engel and I do disagree on occasion. Of course, I'm right and he's wrong, but he's still a good guy. That being said, I think the concern that we have and really what we're trying to improve is that, as you well know, there is a period of time -- it could be rather lengthy between when there's a pre-application filing and when there is an informal application, and during that period of time, in our experience, there is a lot of feedback and perhaps most of the feedback that a project engages in actually does happen during that process, and correctly so, because the outstanding women and men of the Department of City Planning are working with the applicants to try to improve that application and give them feedback and suggestions and guidance. you point out, on some occasions, on some occasions -- this certainly should happen more frequently -the developers are smart enough to know that they should be engaging with the local stakeholders; however, what we've seen happen most recently is that developers do not engage with their stakeholders and in fact they -- even in the ULURP process they only come to Council Members, and even Community Boards,

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 81 at the very end of that process, and as a result, most frequently we've actually seen several applications that have actually been voted down, and the reason -- and some of them haven't technically been voted down because generally they get pulled, but just as a matter of technicality for those folks who in fact are the policy wonks watching at home, right -- and the reason for that is that there is a lack of communication and we believe that there could be improved transparency, and it's not a criticism of the Department; it's, to be frank, criticism of the developers who aren't engaging in an earlier process. And so we think, to be frank, that it's somewhat unfair that folks come and say oh wow, the Council, how could they oppose a project, and they're missing the context, which is, in many cases, the Council Member wasn't even aware of the project until a few months ago, even though the project at that point had been; let's call it 99% baked, and it's very difficult at the end of the process to engage in the kinds of changes that sometime would actually make a project accessible and then in fact what you have is an applicant who has to come back and has to start all over again or perhaps the property will just sit

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 82 there or they may sell the property or transfer the property, all sorts of options. And so our interest over here, and certainly we recognize what you're saying, but our interest over here is actually in improving the process and trying to allow the stakeholders, and this is why we didn't, as part of our term and condition, we're not saying that this has to go to the general public but those people who do have a part of the process, which is, the Borough President, the Council and the Community Board, by giving them advanced information, we think that would significantly improve the process, and more importantly, improve the likelihood of success so that these issues are addressed early on in the process and then some of those changes could in fact be made whereas later in the process we come to a project and there's not much that we can do. As Council Member Brad Lander pointed out recently at one of our hearings, it's not our responsibility how much you paid for a piece of property because you decided that you were going to bake in the cost of what you thought that you were going to get in terms of a rezoning. And if developers were in some way forced, because they would be sharing their pre-

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 83 application with us, to show us their plan; we would then be able to go to the developers early on and say hey, guess what; you're going' down a road over here where you are not very likely to be successful; that would save them a lot of time, effort, frustration, and it would save all of us a lot of frustration as well and it would be clear I think to the public in many cases, which -- and I appreciate your clarification as well -- misunderstand and they just say, oh the Council wants to vote that down. The Council doesn't want to vote that down; the challenge that we have as a Council is that it is our job in fact to balance the various competing interests that come to the table and we do that, we balance your interest and we balance the interest of community groups and we balance the interest of affordable housing and good jobs and policy interest and Community Boards, and there's a whole hose of issues that we are trying to engage in and many times, when it comes to us at the end of the process, it's just simply too late and then we're left with a project that even if we wanted to support it, we simply can't support it.

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And the final that I would make is that -- and this is actually why I'm working with Borough President Gale Brewer on this is; as a matter of law, she can and she has been FOILing your preapplications, which you have to give to her anyway, and so what we're suggesting is, rather than engaging in a dance where -- I mean certainly we could do it; I'm happy to ask Council every week to send you a FOIL request and we could do it that way -- but it seems like it would be better if we could come up with a system where in fact we do get the information once there is a pre-application -- and by we, I'm referring, of course, to the Council as a whole, the Borough President and the Community Board -- and that way we can actually work on these issues, and, of course, I think that we're all professional enough and mindful enough to understand that those applications are new in the process, but we do think that it would help the process, and certainly we're not suggesting changing or tweaking -- which as you pointed out -- the ULURP process, which is a very good process that we respect and appreciate; we just think that this would improve the overall process, because as you know, in the last two years there's a

2 lot more intense interest, scrutiny, media coverage,

3 and I would also add, participants in the land use

4 process that have made it, in my view as the Chair,

5 more difficult for projects to get approved and this

6 is really our interest in trying to compensate for

7 | that to make it a more thorough and transparent

process so that we can actually get to a point where

9 we get to yes.

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MARISA LAGO: If I might, Chair, it's very helpful to hear your explication beyond reading the article this morning, and I would very much welcome the opportunity to sit down with you, other interested Council Members and the Borough President to see how it is that we might -- since it appears you're talking about private applications principally -- how, one, we might explore opportunities to have developers act in the way that respects the community and engages them early, and then second, we'd also be glad to discuss the particular applications that you had mentioned to see where things may have gone askew. So I would welcome that opportunity.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great, I'm happy to follow up with you on that. And just to be fair, we've discussed this -- just so that you know -- the

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last two years at these hearings as well and we've actually had some back and forth in writing between us and the Department of City Planning -- I just want, for those following at home, to know that this isn't a new proposal; this is just a new twist on a new proposal, which is that we realize that we actually have a way of doing this which would be by creating a term and condition. So we're happy to engage, and like I said, we're big fans of the work of your agency and especially the hard work of all of your outstanding professionals, and with that I will turn it over to Chair Donovan Richards for a statement and some questions.

CHAIR RICHARDS: Thank you so much and welcome Chair and a privilege to speak to you last week and look forward to our continued partnership with City Planning, and it's a very, obviously, important time in our city's history where MIH and ZQA are at play and obviously there's a lot of tension in some of the rezoning plans, concerns about affordability and other things, and you know I just want to put out there very early that it's critical that we maintain a very open dialogue and clear communication as we move through these processes in

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 87 communities. And I'll start, I quess, one of the first things I'll ask you about is; what are your plans to ensure that we foster a strong working relationship, and when I say we; the Council and your agency? And one of things we pride ourselves in doing here at the Council, the Land Use staff, led by Raju, is really working with City Planning to make sure that we come up with, you know, a clear, concise way to get through some of these projects, and one thing I'll point out is that we send documents over, you know about possible changes to applications, to City Planning, which we do not have to necessarily do, but we do that to ensure that we can ensure that we achieve the best outcomes in projects. just interested in hearing a little bit more on how do you view or how do you foresee the relationship growing and strengthening between City Planning and us not getting these last-minute responses to things and as the clock plays out, as David spoke of earlier, Chair Greenfield spoke of? MARISA LAGO: Thank you. I do want to

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pick up for just a moment on a comment that I should not have overlooked that Chair Greenfield had mentioned about the professionalism of City Planning.

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 88

One of the delights of returning, and I left in 1985, is that there are still expert professional staff

working there and it is these career public servants

5 that are the backbone of the Agency.

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And to thank you, Chair Richards, on mentioning MIH and ZQA; it is appropriate that this hearing is being held almost on the one-year anniversary of the Council's passage of these groundbreaking pieces of legislation. What is interesting in doing the retrospective, the one-year look-back is that the Council has approved MIH projects in every borough except Staten Island, and Staten Island is not far behind; we have an application, with strong public support, which will soon be coming to City Planning and then to the Council for a vote.

On how to foster communication, it has to occur at multiple levels; it's not just one person. You mentioned the fact that the Council has Land Use staff; in the same way within City Planning, it has to start in the borough offices, right, because those are the eyes and ears in the community, and then extend throughout folks, including to the senior-most of management. Speaking for myself, I think we'll

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 89 continue the culture that Carl and this senior management team that Purnima has instilled, of long engagement with the community. I think that the processes that we have gone through in East New York, are going through in East Harlem and Jerome Avenue, on Southern Boulevard, on Bay Street; these are communities that are engaged with us where we are listing to -- and again, I always have to emphasize; it's not just listening to; it's learning from the wisdom of the community. Speaking very personally for myself, I would welcome an invitation from any member of the Council to go out, break bread in their district, to take a tour, to see the district through their eyes what the planning priorities are, because one of the challenges that we face within any broad rezoning but also just within our workload overall is making priorities and the Council can be very helpful in -- you know that you are confronted with more needs than you can meet and you yourself are developing these priorities.

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CHAIR RICHARDS: Thank you so much, and we don't do bread, because Chair Greenfield and I are trying to stay away from the carbs, [laughter] but we will definitely do vegetables.

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But thank you, and I appreciate that; definitely your conversation, especially around getting out to districts and seeing that, so that'll be definitely a welcoming change.

Neighborhood Development Fund, so obviously we have several rezonings either in the queue or happening at this time, and it's a conversation I have brought up with the Mayor on the billion dollar fund; we would like to see a little bit more transparency around the fund -- to this day, I don't know how much is left in the fund -- and are you confident that there will be enough dollars to get through the majority of these rezonings, being that you're saying that we've been moving slowly, I think I heard you say, and we're going to start to ramp up a little bit more?

MARISA LAGO: Excuse me; I do believe
that the creation of the Neighborhood Development
Fund is another groundbreaking feature; the fact that
there was a recognition that, as part of the
rezoning, the ability to take on priority projects
that might not appear, or that the frontline City
capital agencies might not get to for a while. I
have not yet enmeshed myself in the mechanics of the

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architect of the fund.

NDF and so I'm going to turn it over to Purnima, who was one of the architects, and she truly is an

PURNIMA KAPUR: So thank you, Chairs. As you know, the Neighborhood Development Fund, as the Chair said, was one of the real major breakthroughs that allowed the Department to really engage in planning and neighborhood revitalization in a way that we had not been able to do before in engaging the community, engaging the Council Members, engaging various stakeholders in coming up with a plan that addressed the needs of the community that is there today, even as we plan for growth and development, and we were very pleased to be able to really provide that kind of integrated planning and support in East New York, which was the first adopted plan where, you know there is a new 1,000-seat school, there are improvements happening as we speak to the streets in the area, there is engagement by Parks Department on the various open space components, there is an RFP out for the first 200 units of 100% deeply affordable housing in the area; a new community center us underway, so it's a whole sort of package. The NDF is one part of that overall package; it is not just

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 92 the NDF purely that's paying for all of this. 2 3 feel pretty confident that we can engage in a similar 4 process in all of the neighborhood planning work that we are doing currently where we are working very 5 closely in understanding the needs of the 6 7 communities, understanding what is lacking as we move forward, and that there will be funds available 8 either through the Neighborhood Funding process or, in many instances, the capital agencies have planned 10 11 for improvement; that in combination can provide the 12 sort of package that is essential. 13 CHAIR RICHARDS: Sounds great. How much money is left in the fund? 14 15 PURNIMA KAPUR: The money in the fund 16 allocated for East New York, about \$70 million is 17 coming out of the Neighborhood Fund; out of \$700 18 million, that is for non-DEP-related funds and you 19 know, we continue to... that's allocated... [interpose] 20 CHAIR RICHARDS: So \$70 million has 21 directly come out of the fund... [crosstalk] 2.2 PURNIMA KAPUR: \$77 million... [interpose] 23 CHAIR RICHARDS: at the moment... 77, so I

would deduct that from the billion?

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 93
2	PURNIMA KAPUR: Yeah. I mean you could
3	[interpose]
4	CHAIR RICHARDS: Okay.
5	PURNIMA KAPUR: Right; these are
6	allocations as projects occur, the money is avail
7	we… [interpose]
8	CHAIR RICHARDS: So there's not a
9	billion So are you saying there's a billion dollar
10	sitting in the fund right now or is not sitting in
11	the fund or are you saying as we go… [crosstalk]
12	PURNIMA KAPUR: There is a billion
13	dollars that is [crosstalk]
14	CHAIR RICHARDS: Okay, [inaudible].
15	PURNIMA KAPUR: allocated to Neighborhood
16	Development Fund
17	CHAIR RICHARDS: Okay.
18	PURNIMA KAPUR: which will become
19	available as these projects are identified.
20	CHAIR RICHARDS: Okay. And how do you
21	decide to take money out of the fund or not take
22	money out of the fund? How do you decide; is there
23	process; is there some sort of quality review done

that says we should use money out of the fund or not

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 94

use it; is there criteria is what I'm trying to get

3 at...? [crosstalk]

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PURNIMA KAPUR: It is... It is... It is variable in each case. I think in East New York we looked at... we worked very closely with all of our sister agencies to look at what projects they might have been contemplating, what is underway, what may have -- you know, a lot of the work often is coming out of what would be state of good repair, in many instances; SBA [sic] has its own process that it goes through. So in each case we are looking at what the needs are and what the best sources are... [interpose]

CHAIR RICHARDS: Of the fund. Okay.

PURNIMA KAPUR: to get that... that done.

CHAIR RICHARDS: Get it. Okay. And I hope... I'll just say this and we'll move from this quick, 'cause I want to get to questions from my colleagues who have questions. So I just want to put out there I'm hoping that there will be a little bit more transparency around when you're dipping into the fund and some level of accountability to the City taxpayers obviously first, but also to Council Members and local community, so as we move forward we would love to see some sort of reporting mechanism on

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the NDF. Would you be open to that is the question,

Chair?

MARISA LAGO: I mean on this I can state

the obvious, with respect to fiscal accountability;

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the obvious, with respect to fiscal accountability; it's something that all of us as public servants and certainly the Administration is committed to.

PURNIMA KAPUR: Yes. And as you are aware, we have been working on a mechanism to make that more transparent, both to each other and to the public... [crosstalk]

CHAIR RICHARDS: Yeah and that was part of the MIH discussion [inaudible].

PURNIMA KAPUR: and we continue to be committed to that.

CHAIR RICHARDS: Okay. Staying on MIH discussion, so the Voluntary Inclusionary Housing Program is still in place and through MIH and ZQA, when the Council negotiated the bill with the Administration, one of the things we said we would do is come back a year later and look at the voluntary program. Can you give me an update on that; where are we at; are we looking to keep this commitment and move forward soon on the voluntary program, to strengthen it?

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MARISA LAGO: Yes, we remain committed to this relook at the VIH and how it might be adapted, particularly in light of the lessons that we learned through he NIH. I'll note that the timing was not limited to a year and that the work is some...

[crosstalk]

CHAIR RICHARDS: Uhm, I don't think that's true; it was limited to a year.

MARISA LAGO: Nonetheless, regardless of the commitment, we... [interpose]

CHAIR RICHARDS: We have it in writing, Danielle.

Danielle will be having some follow-up. [laughter]
But turning to the substance, Chair, the challenge
with the VIH is how integrally it is intertwined with
421-a. The program was designed around and intended
to work with 421-a. When a new -- being an optimist,
I'll say not if, but when a new 421-a program is
adopted, that will give us an opportunity to see what
a new program, what an amendment to the program might
be that could work. I will note, however, a note of
caution, which is that as we look at the entire
landscape of creating affordable housing, the changes

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on the federal horizon actually complicate the

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on the federal horizon actually complicate the picture, whether it is reported cuts to the CDBG budget or even tax changes, tax changes that could affect the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit as well. So it's not that we shy away from complicated subjects, but this one is both a complicated subject and one that has variables outside of our control, at the state level and at the federal level. But again, I... [interpose]

CHAIR RICHARDS: But we do expect to hear something on 421-a, let's say, in a few months, right? So I'm really hoping that we are going to ramp up serious conversations around voluntary, although federal conditions obviously have changed, but still, we should not shy away, as you said, from revisiting the program at all.

MARISA LAGO: That's our shared expectation, Chair.

CHAIR RICHARDS: Okay. Last two
questions. So we've been doing some work around

FRESH -- are you familiar with FRESH? So we're

losing a lot of supermarkets, a lot of food access in

low-income communities -- food deserts -- so we've

been doing some work with the Administration; just

2 interested in hearing if you're committed to 3 continuing the work that Carl certainly started with

4 us on this issue.

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MARISA LAGO: Absolutely. The issue of addressing the inequality in our city doesn't have just one solution; affordable housing, clearly a portion of it; jobs, another; quality education, but also nutrition. Given my work in the developing world, one sees the importance of nutrition to employability to educational gains. Speaking very personally, when I was at EDC I was so proud to be involved with the selection of a developer and the opening of the 125th Street Pathmark; this goes back multiple Mayoral administrations, the recognition of the importance of combating these food deserts.

Purnima, if I might turn it over to you for more details about the FRESH program specifically.

PURNIMA KAPUR: Yes. So we have been working actually with the Council staff on that and there are ongoing meetings to understand the areas that are of interest to the Council and to find a way -- as I understand, the last meeting was as recently as last Friday...

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PURNIMA KAPUR: so we remain committee to working with you on [inaudible]... [crosstalk]

CHAIR RICHARDS: And I'm hoping we're going to speed this conversation, 'cause we're losing a lot of... [crosstalk]

PURNIMA KAPUR: Absolutely.

CHAIR RICHARDS: supermarkets in areas across the city. So I definitely appreciate the work we've done together on FRESH, but...

PURNIMA KAPUR: Yes.

CHAIR RICHARDS: we need to move a little faster. Last question — one major issue we expect to be looked at is making a developer/ community trade-off more equitable. One example of that is, parts of Manhattan are R10 districts and they provide a 20% FAR bonus with only a 5% affordable housing addition. Does that sound like a fair trade to you, so a 20% FAR bonus and only a 5% affordable housing addition? And I'm just saying this... I know you just got here, seat is still a little cold, but eventually we're going to want to have serious conversations around trade-offs and what equitable trade-off looks like as developers receive incentives and more FAR bonus as well.

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MARISA LAGO: So Chair, I appreciate the fact that even while not steeped in every detail of the activities, getting to hear directly from the Council of what the priorities are is tremendously helpful, so the chair is neither hot nor cold, as it should be [sic].

thank you and I think I've taken up a lot of time here, but look forward to certainly continuing to work with you to make this city a better city for everyone. I really appreciate you coming back from DC and Boston to really take on this big job in this metropolis, as we know it is, so I look forward to continuing to work with you to make all neighborhoods across the city better and equitable. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you, Chair Richards. As is our practice, aside for the relevant Subcommittee chair, we put a clock on members, just because we have another hearing on this afterwards, so I'm going to ask the Sergeant to put a five-minute clock on the board, right behind Council Member Kallos. Thank you very much. I also want to recognize that we've been joined by Council Member Ydanis Rodriguez and Council Member Andrew Cohen, the

newest member of the bearded caucus. I'm going to turn it over now to Council Member Brad Lander.

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Mr. Chair. Welcome, Madam Chair, [inaudible] in the long-term, but. Welcome, it's wonderful to have you here, and first, as I think you know from our earlier conversation, you know, simply by evoking Herb Sturz in your opening testimony, you know, I'm going to have a hard time today, at least, giving you any hard questions -- a true champion for so many remarkable things in this city and his spirit is a good thing to have in this building as much as we possibly can.

Your team, you'll be glad to know, from the Brooklyn office was out at a Gowanus Community Planning workshop on Saturday and a couple hundred people, very good dialogue about urban design and land use issues, five active working groups underway there, so we won't talk about that process now, but it's going well. There will be, you know, some of the challenges that arise in every neighborhood and I look forward to working with you and your team on them.

On an even smaller project, I do just want to flag a challenge that I had with the prior

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Chair were these small rezoning projects at or near or just under the MIH threshold; it created a challenge and a conflict on the last one; I have another one coming; this developer insists they will do it voluntarily, but we don't have a good mechanism together for how to implement an MIH commitment; we're going to make up our own way if we can't do it together with you, so I just want to flag that; it's early in the process, but I hope we can find a good way to land that, I'd love to support that project and get some commitment, the commitment they're willing to make to affordability.

I am also looking forward at a future hearing to working with you and your staff on the Council's envisioned proposed overhaul of the Fair Share system, which I'm not going to drill down on today, we'll have a full hearing on that later, and I thank the Chair, but I did note that you guys have put up this new capital planning platform website in beta testing or Facilities Explorer -- and let me start by saying it's great; it's much better than Zolo was, it's easier to use, it looks good, you can find a lot of information, so thank you for that work; I guess I have a few guestions about it. I

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 103 note that it has some facilities but not all facilities, and not only land use facilities; some of the Article IX contracts like child care centers and waste transfer stations are up, but homeless shelters are not, so I wonder what guided that. There isn't currently information on the capacity or size of a facility, which can obviously be relevant. third, I wonder if you're aware and made any connections between it and the Capital Projects Dashboard, which the Mayor's Office of Operations keeps; even more than we care about Fair Share, the Council Members feel passionately and frustrated with New York City Capital Projects' management, which is not your job, mercifully, but that is a good new database and map that they've put up, but it seemed like those things might want to talk to each other. MARISA LAGO: Before turning to over to Jon Kaufman, I do want to say how pleased I am, Council Member, that by putting this out in a beta form, it's attracting exactly the type of input, of criticisms, of suggestions for the next phase; rather than waiting for the perfect, we thought it made sense, with the information... [crosstalk]

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Absolutely.

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: that we had, to get it out there and we would welcome this type of input from any Council Member, because it can only help but make it better.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you.

JON KAUFMAN: Yeah, so let me echo that. Again, it is a little different to put out a beta product, for City Planning in particular, but we do think it's the kind of thing... we want to make this a useful tool. As you probably also know, Council Member, the data has been available for quite some because we are Charter mandated to have a selective facilities database. What we've gone and done here is tried to innovate to make it more accessible to the public at large to understand where these sites are located overall. The platform you're referring to is, you know a platform that actually aggregates other sources that come from other agencies and City Planning can't vet nor produce those datasets and so we're still very reliant and will always be reliant on the agencies to provide information of any sort, be it the location or the capacity, as you indicate.

As this is beta, we have not... you know there's not a... we work with datasets we have and make

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that agencies are comfortable with what they're providing, now that they're in a [sic] newly accessible format, and we posted those the best we And as you've noted, nearly every facility you can imagine is on there. There are a couple agencies where they're still verifying the data to make sure that they're perfectly comfortable with what's being public. You'd appreciate; some facilities also should not be publicly accessible; that we also want to be very sensitive to making sure there's no information inadvertently shared because people didn't realize it would be on a map, so we're taking extra steps to do that in beta version, but we do hope to have every kind of facility we can publicly share on there as soon as possible.

In terms of the capacity information,

[bell] again, that's difficult to ascertain; where

we've been able to do it, for example, with the DOE

Blue Book, we've posted it on there because we think

it will save people steps for having to find that

information; that is a much harder thing to do

because every agency has a different way of measuring

capacity, and again, City Planning is an aggregator

of these datasets, not in-depth and responsible for

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actually what is produced overall, so there will always be some limitations there, but we are

soliciting suggestions on how we can enhance the

5 platform overall.

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this conversation back up at the Fair Share hearing, but I'll just encourage you as you're looking at those bills in advance of that hearing, some of them would be satisfied with some adjustments on this platform and some of them would change sort of your power through the criteria to actually require agencies to provide information. So thank you for putting it out in beta form so we could start the conversation, and I'll look forward to picking it up. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,

Council Member Lander. As I mentioned before, we

have multiple hearings going on back and forth, we've

been rejoined by the new Chair of our Planning

Subcommittee, Rafael Salamanca, who has some

questions as well.

CHAIR SALAMANCA: Thank you, thank you,
Mr. Chair. Good afternoon. Just first want to give
a shout-out to the Bronx Director for City Planning,

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Carol Samol; we worked very close together in my prior life as a District Manager; we're going through a Southern Boulevard study now and I'm really excited about it; really hearing the concerns of the community to see how we can best change some neighborhoods that are underserved.

My question is very direct. In my prior capacity as District Manager, there were situations with the prior administration where a Community Board would make a recommendation; the Borough President will make a recommendation, let's say very similar to the recommendation the Community Board made, and the City Planning Commission will make a totally different recommendation than what the community's actually requesting. I understand that the composition of the Commission, where the Mayor has his appointees, and the Borough Presidents, and I believe the Public Advocate, each have one appointee, but the Administration has more appointees than everyone else, and so I just want to ensure that decisions that are made at the Commission are in the best interests of the community and you know, as a former District Manager, I take a community's concerns very seriously, and just want to hear from

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you in terms of when you're making decisions how seriously do you take Community Boards' and Borough Presidents' recommendations, because they are advisory, as I've been reminded by the Commission in my prior life as a District Manager?

MARISA LAGO: Thank you for raising the community perspective, which, Council Member, has been throughout the hearing a very constant theme; the importance of listening to and learning from communities. There are probably few people who have sat through more Commission meetings that Purnima, so I will turn it over to her.

PURNIMA KAPUR: So you know, we have been engaged on our own initiatives, when it's a departmental initiative from the get go with the community, with the Council Members; with the stakeholders -- you know, the Southern Boulevard is a good example of that. In terms of the formal ULURP project and the recommendations that come from the Community Board or the Borough President, Department staff presents that very clearly to the Commission at an open session; there is a public session just two days before the public hearing where those recommendations are presented to the Commission and

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 109 are debated and heard, and I can tell you, based on

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are debated and heard, and I can tell you, based on my experience, the Commission takes that very seriously. We have a 13-member body; we have an independent commission; it's the five Borough Presidents, the Public Advocate, plus the Mayoral appointees; each one of them has their own skill set and perspective; it's a varied commission, and if, you know, you come and listen to any of those sessions, there is a very broad and intense debate about issues, particularly when a Community Board or a Borough President has raised serious concerns about an application.

That said, the decision-making body at City Planning is the Commission; it's not the Department; the Chair chairs that Commission, and I think there are not that many instances that I'm aware of where there is a big divergence in what we hear from the community and the Commission sort of reacting to that. I'm sure there are projects where, you know... [interpose]

CHAIR SALAMANCA: Okay. I just want to - because my time is running out -- I just want to
make sure that I got a commitment from you, Madam
Chair, that this Commission is an independent body,

2 | you know, and really want to reiterate, please, take

3 | Community Board recommendations and Borough

4 Presidents' recommendations exactly when they're on

5 the same page seriously. At least in the South

6 Bronx, any recommendation that comes from Community

7 Boards, Borough Board and the Borough President and

8 | is different from the Commission, I'm going to side

9 with my community.

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MARISA LAGO: Thank you, Chair. A couple of observations, building on what Purnima said; one is a helpful hint, which is; these review sessions, which are simulcast live and the presentations are made by City Planning staff of their view of the application, but also the public process, what has come forward from the Community Board; from the Borough Board. Frequently [bell] applicants will come to those meetings — the public is welcome to be in the room in listening mode — and to the extent that your staff is available, it is a very helpful preview and can then help prepare what the testimony will be two days later at the public hearing.

The second is; the fact that we do need to keep a keen eye that in reviewing land use applications, the tools that City Planning can use,

TECHNOLOGY

the things that we're allowed to consider, may not cover the entire gamut of what the Community Board has asked for, and so that again could be another opportunity to engage to get a clear understanding of

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON

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what is within the land use application and which requests of the Community Board are legitimate, but may fall outside of the land use application.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you, Chair. Council Member Kallos.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Thank you, Chair Lago; nice to finally get a chance to meet you at least in person; sorry there's a desk in-between; I look forward to getting a chance to have a longer conversation; also, have a chance to work with you on some of the pending matters that I have as an applicant before you and what we can do together, and this is something I've spoken for a while about, in terms of bringing affordable housing to the East Side, which I represent; we want affordable housing, and if we could get it, I would love Mandatory Inclusionary Housing, and also, a similar [sic] refrain from anyone in the body or has [sic] been paying attention to me is just asking for school seats, and so we hope that you'll have a chance to

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 112 see an application that we've put forward that would provide affordable housing as well as community

facility that we hope might actually become school

5 seats, which we desperately need.

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I did want to touch base on a different question, because I feel like that application has been filed and we've moved forward. This one comes from a constituent named Betty Cooper Wallerstein [sp?] and she leads the East 79th Street Neighborhood Association and the question being -- and I have legislation on point -- is; we have Community Boards; they used to be called Community Planning Boards, and often they will pass resolutions, so Community Board 6 had passes a resolution asking to cap the midblock in my district, to add 75 feet; the Community Board 8, which I also represent, has passed a resolution to cap the neighborhood at 210 feet; I have legislation that would give Community Boards urban planners, however, the pushback we've gotten at hearings and other places is that the Department of City Planning are the planners for the Community Boards, so I guess moving forward, can there be a partnership so that as Community Boards are passing those resolutions there's an affirmative response from Department of

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City Planning that planners are coming in to meet with them and that the Community Boards are empowered to pursue large-scale zoning changes with the support of DCP without having to do a community-led effort such as what we've done in the Sutton area?

MARISA LAGO: I apologize for not being familiar with Miss Cooper Wallerstein's particular proposal. I will note that we have our strong network of borough offices to be able to engage with the community; now engaging with the community does not always mean agreeing with the proposal that the community has brought forward, but certainly I can commit the borough staff to listening, to engaging and then obviously we will need, as a Planning Department, to make our determination of whether the requests are appropriate in light of balancing the multiple factors that go into any zoning decision. Do you want to elaborate, Purnima?

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: I think that's fair; I think what we're seeing, just form my district, is just a concern with a lot of development and so I think that under the prior Chair that there were specific policies and would just love to work with you and being open to hearing some of the

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 114

concerns that are coming. I know that on the West

Side Gale Brewer had fought for two terms to get her

district height capped and get contextual zoning there and I hope to not have to fight as long for

similar outcomes in my district.

MARISA LAGO: Council Member, I'll extend to you the invitation that I had extended to the other members, but I would very much welcome meeting you and I was told I shouldn't say "break bread"; maybe "chomp on cheese" in your district and then take a tour to see, one-on-one with our teams, with

our eyes, the challenges that you're facing.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: That is incredible, absolutely, and if you're free during the Passover holiday, we won't break bread; we'll bake matza, and my colleague can tell you they are not the same thing. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Chair Richards

and I actually recommend a walk through of

neighborhoods; it's a more physically appropriate way

to actually get the scene and then you don't have to

deal with all of those superfluous calories from

sitting and having lunches or dinners with 51 Council

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 115 Members; that can add up after a while, so that's 2 3 just our pro tip for you as the new Chair. 4 MARISA LAGO: I appreciate it, and being 5 a bicyclist, I might even one-up and say hey, let's get out on our bikes... 6 7 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okav. MARISA LAGO: and cover more distance; 8 9 burn more calories... [crosstalk] CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Excellent. I'm 10 11 looking forward. Council Member Rodriguez, to be followed by Council Member Cohen. 12 13 COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, 14 I have like -- first of all, I would like to Chair. 15 invite you for a tour of Washington Heights; that's 16 the area that we're going to be looking for a major 17 rezoning in the Inwood area and I think it would be 18 important for someone with a lot of experience in the 19 city and the nation but also with a new role, 20 especially on how to work with the developers and the 21 community to develop the best project, to have the 2.2 opportunity to walk around the neighborhood. 2.3 I think that -- I love, you know, all the experience that someone like you brings to the table; 24

I also believe that we have to learn from previous

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 116 projects and economic development that we have done in the city and be more creative on how to create... use the land use process to get developers to not only bring retail, especially to the underserved community -- we don't need more clothing stores -you know the community, the city needs to close the gap when it comes to produce the best training or jobs that we can produce the \$70-80,000, and I think that sometimes it's all about be creative and we from the city, especially from your leadership, to get developers to think outside the box. I wasn't thinking about being elected to office when the Target project at 225th, between the Bronx and Manhattan, was built; I assumed that the developers would pool the money and saw the opportunity was unique, because if anyone will come to that part at the tip of Manhattan and think that that project, that Target there will be the one to have the second [inaudible] per square foot in the nation; it doesn't happen usually, and I think that we as a city already have made all the billions and billions of dollars investing in the Midtown area and now in Brooklyn, in the Long Island City, now we are thinking about the outer borough area. People are traveling an hour-

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 117 and-a-half to go and look for the jobs from many places, and I think that in a city where we are thinking of putting like \$300 million incentive for developers, the private sector that creates jobs in our city; even if we have to increase those incentives, but we need to create jobs in the outer borough area. And my challenges to many individuals when they come to my community is that what they had in mind that they're going to be meeting an elected official, that the trading that they get from the elected official is going to support those [inaudible] few, smallest space to rent to small businesses and to bring the Marshall's and the Targets and I think that if we want to compete worldwide, we have to get as many of those developers also to think about how can we create new jobs around health and technology. And reading your testimony, especially [inaudible] to promote economic development and growth, I would like to invite you, to work with your team and especially -- I've gotta say, I've been clear to anyone, especially this day coming to my Inwood, conversation on the Inwood rezoning -- I will support the large area of the rezoning if the jobs that we will create will be

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 118 around technology and health. I don't need more Marshall's, I don't need more Targets; I would not need more like those type of investments, but we need the City to also think, you know like, when I saw that with the whole new computer hub initiative putting in Times Square, I get it, a lot of school students go there, it's in a central location, but when are we going to be thinking outside the box and looking at opportunity, not only in my district, but in other places -- in the South Bronx, in Brooklyn -that they are not in the Midtown area; that we know that we don't have the same foot traffic, but we can bring some developer to say, we will work with you in this rezoning. But the type of economic development that we need cannot be the traditional one. So what is your vision when it comes to how to work -- take advantage of this process where you control from the rezoning process and incentivize developers to create good jobs, training jobs, especially in the underserved communities?

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MARISA LAGO: You raise such an important point, Council Member, which is that in addition to the great strides that we've taken in addressing inequality and addressing the challenges in some of

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 119 our poorer communities through affordable housing, it needs [bell] to be complimented with a focus on jobs and certainly the Mayor's commitment, his 100,000 jobs initiative is focused on good-paying jobs, is entirely in line with what you are speaking about. There's also another piece of the puzzle that you've touched upon, which is the need to diversity our economy, to not put all of our eggs in one sector of the economy, and to move beyond our traditional areas of strength into health, into technology jobs. There is no magic solution, but I'm proud that you think... I'm pleased that you think that City Planning is part of the answer. We work extremely closely with the Economic Development Corporation, with Small Business Services, and you will see that in the Inwood rezoning the community engagement process that we've spoke about, it takes all of the agencies working together, together with a community that is very clear about what its priorities are and an elected leader who is representing their priorities. think that the Inwood process, the process that we follow in our neighborhood rezoning, is a reflection of this Administration's commitment to engaging with a community, not just filing a land use rezoning

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 120

application, but rather, having a deeply understood

sense of what the community's needs and priorities are and how the multiple arms of the city; I'd extend it to the Department of Education, because to get the jobs in these cutting edge sectors that you've mentioned, one needs a well-educated and well-trained workforce. So I do look forward to working with you both on the Inwood zoning, specifically, but also

30-second recommendation on transportation -- can we stop putting priority on getting developers to provide parking space and instead using those resources to get developers to invest in mass transportation, especially, those buildings are close to mass transportation? I get it that that's different from the Queens, from places that they don't have access to mass transportation, but in many areas in Manhattan -- and I have a car and I know that I use it too, but as for me, it's not a priority to focus on the requirement of parking, but for me, the priority should be getting developers to invest in our mass transportation.

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more broadly.

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MARISA LAGO: When people talk about MIH, people focus on the fact of the requirement of producing affordable housing becoming mandatory and that is groundbreaking in the nation. There's another facet of MIH that doesn't get as much attention, but also I think reflects the wisdom of the Administration putting it forward; the Planning Commission and the Council in approving it, which is a recognition that we do have many transit-rich areas and the fact that the parking requirement is eliminated. There are few cities that would have the rich, the robust mass transit to be able to eliminate a parking requirement. I understand that you're asking for something even further, but I do think the Council should be proud of the fact that it is in the MIH focusing on the production of affordable housing rather than parking spaces.

COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Chair. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,
Council Member Rodriguez. Council Member Cohen.

COUNCIL MEMBER COHEN: Thank you, Chair.

I do just want to echo the comments of my colleague,

Council Member Salamanca, that I think the Bronx

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 122 office really does yeoman's work, that Carol Samol is incredibly accessible; we spend a lot of time talking, and I'm not just saying that 'cause she's a constituent; she is really a partner in a lot of ways

and I'm appreciative of that.

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But you know, I'm a little concerned about the resources for the Bronx office, to be perfectly honest; you know we have two neighborhood rezonings, neither of which is taking place in my district, which is maybe why I'm concerned; is that I want to make sure that when I have concerns, that we have concerns, that there are resources available; that these neighborhood rezonings are not eating up the entire budget.

I wonder if you have any idea, in terms of the budget, the resources that are devoted to the Bronx office per se, and just sort of as an agency or its commission [sic], in terms of the neighborhood rezonings, is that the... you know, I'm sure it's the lion's share, but is it all of the... what do you think is available for non-neighborhood rezoning projects?

MARISA LAGO: Couple of observations; one is, thank you to the Administration, to the OMB Director, to the Council for the significant

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increases in the City Planning budget over the prior years; I think there was a recognition, given the ambitious neighborhood rezonings, that City Planning needed more staff and it's much appreciated.

The second is to recognize that the resources available for these rezonings extend far beyond just the people who are in the borough office. The people in the borough offices are invaluable, because many of them live in the community, they work full-time in the community and they are, for those of us headquartered at City Planning's headquarters, our eyes and ears; they're the field troops. But they are backed up by a tremendously expert staff with expertise in everything from housing to transportation to resiliency and that team is also —oh, to environmental review I should note — that team that you see in the borough is buttressed by those folks.

COUNCIL MEMBER COHEN: So again, I just want to emphasize that there are large parts of the borough that are not part of neighborhood rezonings and you know, particularly I want to give a plug for Community Board 7, working very hard on trying to have zoning that sort of reflects their current

2 values of how they'd like to see development there.

3 So just, again, there are neighborhoods beyond the

neighborhood rezonings, and at some point, whenever

5 | we get a chance, I'd like an update on SNAG [sic]

6 too, which also affects my district. Thank you,

7 Chair.

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,

Council Member. I'm going to wrap up with some

questions of my own. One of the areas there's been a

lot of discussion over has been on preservation of

industrial businesses in New York City, specifically,

around industrial business zones and also in other

manufacturing areas. Can you update us on your

perspective, as the Chair and Director now, on what

your view is on industrial businesses and

specifically, the timeline for the hotel special

permit in manufacturing zones.

MARISA LAGO: Thank you, Chair. The solution to keeping manufacturing in New York has to be multipronged, and I believe first and foremost it has to start with a recognition of how manufacturing is changing and making sure that we have available space that meets the needs of today's manufacturers, and so that is why I am so pleased that my former

agency, EDC, has been investing so much not only at the Brooklyn Army Terminal, but now at the Bush Terminal. With respect to the special permits that you referenced, I assume you're also referring to the self-storage permits and then as well as the hotel special permit. They're proceeding on different

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Self-storage seems to be moving along, so I wasn't... that timing seems to be actually in real time, so that's why I was referring to the hotel special permit.

timelines... [background comment] Excuse me?

MARISA LAGO: With respect to the hotel special permit, that work is also underway, but proceeding, as you note, on a different timeline.

The self-storage special permit is focused on IBZs; the hotel special permit is focused in all manufacturing districts, so a far broader sweep, but it does make the analysis that much more complex and so requiring more time, but both are proceeding.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay. So do you have an approximate time on when you think the hotel special permit in manufacturing zones will... the application will be complete?

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PURNIMA KAPUR: So at this time we are engaged in actually looking at every -- as you know, we have to put together an application that addresses the range of the M1 districts in the five borough; our borough offices, along with our team at the center, is focused on looking at each and every one of those areas and pulling together the data that we need to complete this. We are also doing other studies to also understand hotels and hotel development and hotel industry to support the recommendations that we hope to come out with. hope is that we can start engaging with the public maybe towards the end of the summer or early fall and with some basic understanding and a set of recommendations that we can start a discussion The application itself will require an EIS; around. we will be scoping, but we would start the engagement process before that. Once we have completed the work that is needed to really be able to speak intelligently about the proposal, we will be out there.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great. Thank you. You know several years ago the Administration, led by the Mayor and your predecessor, announced that

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 127 they would be engaging in 15 neighborhood rezonings across New York City; I think, by my count, right now we've done one, and it's not a criticism because obviously there are a multitude of factors, including sometimes the communities push back and the irony, of course, of some of the conversation we've had today is that in fact that the Department is responsive, because when communities come back and they say this is a rezoning that is being pushed by the Administration; we don't want this or we want to change it; to your credit, you've pulled back. once again, it's not a criticism; it's just trying to clarify how things have actually changed. So I'm just curious; are you perhaps interested in revising that and saying okay, we're not going for 15 anymore, we're going to go for 5 or 7 or 10, and -- that would be question number one; and then question number two is; what are the next rezonings that you see coming down the pike and a priority for you as Director and Chair?

MARISA LAGO: Thank you, Chair. With respect to revising; don't see a need for that. With respect to the next coming down the line... [interpose]

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: So we're still doing 15 rezonings?

MARISA LAGO: With respect to the next coming down the line, I would say we are going to see East Harlem, a very significant and one that was preceded by very extensive community engagement, including with the Speaker. Also moving their way through the community engagement process is Bay Street on Staten Island; as was mentioned by the Council Member, Southern Boulevard; also in the Bronx, Jerome Avenue and then in the Far Rockaways, the business core. So these are all very significant undertakings that are underway.

PURNIMA KAPUR: [inaudible] note that
[inaudible] Far Rockaway is in the process, as you're
aware, so yeah.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Chair Richards would just like the record to reflect that he doesn't think there's enough resources coming to Far Rockaway, [background comment] and he needs some more resources. I'm teasing; we have actually -- it's just an internal joke and how he seems to have taken all the City's money and focused it on this one neighborhood; [laughter] I guess we'll call it

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 129 Chair's privilege. I'm not trying to nudge and I'm 2 3 certainly not trying to change a policy, but I'm 4 curious; do you really think it's practical to still get to 15 rezonings over the next four-and-a-half 5 years, if the voters are so included to return this 6 7 administration to power come September and November? PURNIMA KAPUR: I think that we are 8 9 focused on addressing as many of the community requests and as many of the neighborhoods that have 10 11 come forth and requested a rezoning as possible. 12 Beyond the ones that the Chair has mentioned, as you 13 are all aware, we are working in Bushwick, we are 14 working in Gowanus; we are working in Long Island 15 City. I think that -- you know we will do as many 16 rezonings as we possibly can in areas that are in 17 need of more housing; in need of more economic 18 development, as long as our staff can handle it. 19 move -- as you said, we are really working closely 20 with the communities; we are focused on doing them 21 right as much as we are focused on doing the right 2.2 number... [crosstalk] 2.3 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Sure. PURNIMA KAPUR: So we have close to 10 in 24

process at this point... [interpose]

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great.

PURNIMA KAPUR: and if I recall, it was up to 15 in the document that you are referring to, so.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I don't have it in front of me, but I'll take you at your word, and once again, I do note that it is a reflection of the feedback that you've gotten. I will add an 11th; I hear that the leadership of communities of Southern Brooklyn are interested in a small rezoning as well that you and the Chair and Winston and Danielle are all very familiar with, so we can add that to your list so you can get credit for it; then you can get closer to your 15 number, so that would be a win-win for everyone.

I want to just follow up on -- Jon, I believe you were talking before about the paperless filing system; when do you think the system will be fully implemented; what's the remaining timeline on that system, because it has had some setbacks?

JON KAUFMAN: Yes, we're currently -- in 2018 we hope to have completed the system. As you know, the contracting and procurement process takes some time and so again, we're hopeful to have

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 131 something public in 2018 and completed by the end of

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the year next year.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: So beginning of '18 or the end of '18 or?

JON KAUFMAN: So obviously what we're doing is what we can to deliver some of the functionality sooner, so there'll be the first release of it in early 2018 but completed by the end of 2018.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great. And then what portion of that system will be accessible to the public? So what will the public be able -- 'cause obviously that's an internal system, of course, but what will the public be able to see if they logged on; what, if any, information will you be sharing with folks from that system?

JON KAUFMAN: We haven't specified every piece of it in terms of what exactly where it's appropriate to have the privacy, so to speak, but any public document would be publicly available is the aim of the system. Again, when we get into the specifics of how it's built, that may change, but the goal would be that any that is publicly available can be accessed through the system.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay. And in similar vein, as you know, the Mayor signed a law in December, 1132-A, which is based on a commitment that was made to the Council during the MIH and ZQA process to create a tracking system to track commitments and the law is supposed to go into effect at the end of June. Are you folks working on that; are you working on that system or do you expect that it'll be up and running by the end of June so that there's that public database for folks to track the commitments that are made in rezonings?

JON KAUFMAN: Yes, we're familiar with that and we've been a participant in looking at the legislation and giving our input as to how to do it, and we want to make sure that, again, these [inaudible] of these neighborhoods are getting what they need; we know that part of the rezoning process involves that. We've been working with the Council Members who brought the legislation through and we think a solution is imminent, you know it's not a City Planning responsibility to ensure every agency is compliant, but we know that the Administration is taking that quite seriously and is trying to set the

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right mechanism so those issues can be seen by the public.

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay, great.

You know that -- just to follow up on some of my colleagues' questions on Community Boards. Community Boards engage in an exercise where they send to the Department of City Planning different recommendations in terms of needs; what happens to those recommendations? It seems to some of the Community Boards that we hear from that it sort of goes into a black hole and there isn't necessarily any follow-up. Do you share it with other relevant agencies or do you just file it away or do you folks use it for the next tickertape parade? So what exactly happens with those recommendations, because to be fair, the Community Boards tend to spend a fair amount of time on those documents where they send you their need assessments for their particular Community Boards?

JON KAUFMAN: On this particular subject of the community district need statements, I believe you're referring to overall. We have actually been working quite a bit with our partners at OMB to work on reforming that process; we have heard those concerns from the Community Boards that it felt like

they're doing a lot of work and they weren't sure what... [interpose]

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Who is... You would shred it and then use it for the tickertape parades that would come down Broadway?

JON KAUFMAN: No.

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay.

JON KAUFMAN: As you know, it is, in all seriousness, a Charter mandate for City Planning to collect all those and distribute those to the agencies, but again, with this Administration and we sort of reflected on what was happening and on the resources involved, then we did retool that process so that -- I can tell you we do, actually now have converted that process to be an online process, so community districts with lesser resources can actually submit higher quality requests that we at City Planning do distribute out to the agencies in a much more efficient format, and we've been spending a lot of time with the agencies to make sure that we can improve the quality of that and we've seen a lot more [inaudible] involvement in that. I believe if you check with the Community Boards they would comment on a much more robust process that while

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involving a lot of change, actually in some ways makes it easier for them to discuss what are the needs in the budget requests they want to put in in one process rather than having a separate process for City Planning than from OMB overall. If you look on our website in the community portal, you can see some of the newly formatted reports that again make it very clear what their needs are and what their requests are in a way that's just very easy to digest across Community Boards and for agencies themselves to understand.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: And you are getting that information both to the OMB and the respective agencies?

JON KAUFMAN: Yes, it's in an integrated format now which again, makes it much easier for anyone to understand what the Community Board is saying and for themselves to discuss it in a way that ensures the needs are actually consistent with what they're asking for so they don't have one set of needs and then they're not [sic] asking for anything else that would logically follow.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay, great.

And I guess my final question for you, Chair, is; you

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know every chair has a different imprint that they've put on the agency; what's your priority, and as long as you shall be chair, what do you hope to accomplish that may be different than your predecessors and what are you going to state and say, here's what I'd like to see get done after I leave this agency in X amount of years, however long that may be?

MARISA LAGO: Thank you for the vision thing [sic] question, Chair. I think that my message would be one of continuity. I have the good fortune of following in the footsteps of someone who I think was an extraordinarily effective Chair of the City Planning Commission, and someone who I had the pleasure of working for and learning from. And so I know that Carl, in leading the Department, valued and built up and empowered the staff of the Department of City Planning and I hope to continue that, because as you had mentioned before, it is an extraordinarily expert, professional agency that brings not just expertise, but also a long-term vision that is built on the community's needs.

Now times change and I know that we see this in the Mayor's focus on housing and now adding the element of jobs, and so I do think that my

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 137 commitment is to continue to address the issues of inequality using the tools that we have at City Planning. MIH was as creative as it gets, but it may not alone be the entire solution, and so looking for other ways that we can deploy these tools in ways that get at the fact that we are such a rich, we're such a prosperous, such a dynamic city and yet we do have such inequality and that it is certainly what keeps me coming back to public service and being proud to call myself a public servant that I think that the public sector, [background comments] working with the private sector is the single-most powerful platform to assure that we address this issue, whether it is for residents of the city who have been here for generations or whether it's for our newest immigrants. Coming from an immigrant family, I am extraordinarily proud of the fact that we are a city that welcomes and that benefits from our immigrant population, but at the same time we have to recognize that much of the poverty in our city is also a resident in long-term populations, and so it is this commitment to address inequality that keeps me coming very happily to the office each morning.

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you. When you refer to the jobs, what specifically are you referring to; what sort of more actions do you think the Department could take to help create jobs in the process of zoning applications?

MARISA LAGO: I think in that area we can work extraordinarily closely with EDC. Like my predecessor, I have not just an understanding of but a fondness for the ability of that agency to work in manners that City agencies alone can't, but I would also stress the Department of Business Services, which is newly muscular. I think that our role as a planning agency is making sure that as they identify initiatives that we make sure that our land use patterns are receptive to the changing way in which work is done, whether it is in the garment district; of being supportive of this broader initiative to make sure that we retain a garment industry, a garment industry of today in this city, or whether it is looking at new technologies, attracting life sciences through the activities that the City took.

I will end by noting the importance our academic institutions. The fact that we have so many academic institutions that train our residents for a

2 variety of careers is essential; we're not at risk

3 of, but we should never fall into the trap of

4 becoming a company town with only or two industries;

5 it is the diversity that continues to bring people

6 and keep them here in New York.

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great. I want to thank you very much for your testimony today. Anita, I feel bad; I don't think we asked you any questions; [background comments, laughter] we're certainly happy to hear from you, if you'd like, if you have a statement that you'd like to make or... [background comment] Okay. See, so this hearing went swimmingly, as we promised; as promised, Chair Richards busted your chops a little bit, so everybody kept up... [interpose, background comment] everybody kept up their end of the bargain. I thank you Chair; I thank you Anita; I thank you Purnima; I thank you I also want to thank your borough directors -in Brooklyn, of course, Winston Von Engel; in Queens, John Young; in the Bronx, Carol Samol; in Staten Island, Len Garcia-Duran; and of course, in Manhattan, Edith Hsu-Chen, all of whom really do outstanding work, and to their credit, they work very closely with our offices and even if we don't always

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agree, we certainly appreciate that they work with us
and they're responsive, and as well, I want to
recognize the work that Danielle does; she has the
unenviable task of trying to keep us and you happy
and I know that it virtually impossible, so we
appreciate her at least making that effort. And so I
thank you all for coming here today; we wish you of
course considerable success, Chair, and continued
success to your team. We thank you for your
professionalism and your diligence and for all the
accomplishments that the Department certainly should
be proud of in the last three years. So with that
we're going to conclude this portion of the Land Use
hearing and we are going to take a five-minute
coffee/restroom break and we will start at 2:10 p.m.
with DoITT. And of course, we'll be joined with
Chair Vacca for that portion of the hearing. Thank
you very much.
[pause]
[background comments]
[pause]
CO-CHAIR VACCA: Good afternoon everyone,

we welcome you to the Committee on Technology,

committee hearing on the upcoming budget of the City

2 of New York and it's being held jointly with the

3 Committee on Land Use, chaired by my colleague to my

4 right, Council Member David Greenfield.

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My name is James Vacca and I'm Chair of the Committee on Technology and today we will be holding the preliminary budget hearing for the Department of Information Technology and Telecommunications, known as DoITT.

The Department's proposed Fiscal 2018
expense budget totals \$603.1 million, including \$135
million in intracity payments from other agencies for
telecommunication services and support for which
DoITT coordinates payment. The Department's
personnel services funding for Fiscal 2018 total
\$147.6 million to support 1,741 full-time positions.
DoITT's Fiscal 2018 preliminary budget is \$23.6
million less than the 2017 adopted budget of \$626.7
million. This decrease results primarily from the
Department's citywide savings program and other reestimates that eliminate budget surpluses.

Today we examine all components of

DoITT's budget including the Department's costsavings program, which is expected to generate
savings of \$11 million in Fiscal 2018, it's contract

budget, which is projected at \$265 million for Fiscal 2018, and its anticipated revenue, the majority of which comes from cable television franchise fees. We would like to get updates on recent investments in IT security, the progress of LinkNYC rollout and the status of PSAC2. Additionally, we will talk about the cost to maintain the City's IT systems and capital investments and any plans to modernize the

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City's IT infrastructure.

In the past, we have seen how easily costs for technology projects can spiral out of control, which is why we must diligent and ensure the City makes prudent decisions in terms of building and maintaining its IT infrastructure. For these decisions, we must keep in mind the ongoing advancement of technology and ensure that when the City looks to make government more efficient it invests in agile systems.

At this time I would like to welcome DoITT's Commissioner Anne Roest and we look forward to her testimony.

I want to welcome Annabel Palma, a member of the Technology Committee, and as I mentioned,

Council Member Greenfield, who's jointly chairing the

2 Committee with me. Council Member, do you have some remarks?

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Yes, thank you,
Chair Vacca. My name is David Greenfield; I'm the
Chair of the Council's Committee on Land Use. As the
Chair indicated, we're going to be covering the
Fiscal 2018 Preliminary Budget; this is a
continuation of the Land Use Budget Hearing; we're
now joined by the Technology Committee because there
are significant land use considerations related to
building and maintaining IT infrastructure throughout
the city as well as the franchise responsibility that
the Land Use Committee has; that's why we're holding
this joint Committee.

I want to thank Chair Vacca; he is in fact the technology guru in the New York City Council and is someone who's really worked hard to make sure that we incorporate technology and efficiency as much as possible in the city, and we appreciate that.

DoITT of course provides citywide

coordination and technical expertise in the

development and use of data, voice and video

technologies in City services and operations, they

also provide infrastructure support for data

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processing and communication services to numerous

City agencies, researches and manages IT projects,

and administers the City's cable television, public

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pay telephone, mobile high-capacity telecoms

franchise agreements, and of course, the lack of Fios
throughout New York City. That was a joke.

With an operating budget of over \$600 million and hundreds of millions more in capital investments, we have to thoroughly examine DoITT's financial plan, planned projects and operating challenges to assure that we're optimizing our return on the substantial investment; because of the everevolving nature of technology, it's necessary to constantly review the City's IT operations and plans moving forward to make adjustments accordingly and in fact, Chair Vacca holds regular hearings on this issue in his committee, where I am actually doing double duty today, 'cause I'm also a member of his illustrious committee as well.

We hope today's hearing will contribute to our efforts in finding ways to use technology to make government more efficient and we look forward to working with DoITT towards that goal and we thank the DoITT Commissioner Anne Roest and her staff for

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 145 2 joining us here today, it's great to see you back and 3 we're certainly looking forward to your testimony and a line by line explanation of all \$600 million in 4 your budget -- that was another joke, Commissioner; not to worry; whenever you're ready. Thank you very 6 7 much. 8 COMMISSIONER ROEST: Thank you and good 9 afternoon Chairs Greenfield and Vacca, and members of the City Council Committee on... [crosstalk] 10 11 CO-CHAIR VACCA: Excuse me. 12 COMMISSIONER ROEST: Land Use and 13 Technology... [crosstalk] CO-CHAIR VACCA: Excuse me, Commissioner; 14 15 I have to ask you... 16 COMMISSIONER ROEST: Oh ... 17 CO-CHAIR VACCA: to be sworn in before 18 you begin [sic]. Would you please raise your right 19 hand and do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole 20 truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony 21 before this committee and to respond honestly to 2.2 councilmember questions? Thank you, Commissioner; 2.3 I'm sorry. Please proceed. COMMISSIONER ROEST: Alright, now good 24

afternoon. My name is Anne Roest and I'm the

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 146 Commission of the Department of Information 2 Technology and Telecommunications (DoITT), and New 3 York City's Chief Information Officer. Thank you for 4 the opportunity to testify today about DoITT's Fiscal 5 2018 Preliminary Budget. With me are Annette Heintz, 6 7 Deputy Commissioner for Financial Management and Administration; John Winker, our Associate 8 Commissioner for Financial Services; and Michael Pastor, our General Counsel. 10 11 DoITT's Fiscal 2018 Preliminary Budget

DOITT's Fiscal 2018 Preliminary Budget provides for operating expenses of approximately \$603 million; allocating \$147.6 million in personal services to support 1,741 full-time positions; and \$455.5 million for Other Than Personal Services.

Intracity funds transferred from other agencies account for \$135 million, or 22% of our total budget allocation. Telecommunications costs represent the largest portion of the intracity expense, which is projected at \$109 million for Fiscal 2017.

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For Fiscal 2017, the budget appropriation has increased by \$28 million from the Fiscal 2018

November Budget. The increases to the Fiscal 2017

Preliminary Budget are attributed to a few items,

including funding received from the NYPD for their

2 | ITB Mobility project, which will provide

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3 technological enhancements for police officers'

everyday use, like smartphones and tablets for every

5 patrol unit. Additional increases include OTPS

funding associated with the ongoing maintenance costs

7 required to support recently approved capitally-

8 funded initiatives, and one-time funding received for

HIPAA and other Security Risk Assessments to ensure

10  $\parallel$  the protection of the agencies' data.

For Fiscal 2018, the budget appropriation has dropped by \$3 million. The net decrease to the Fiscal 2018 Preliminary Budget is the result of savings and efficiencies programs that DoITT will be implementing.

We're consistently looking for ways to cut costs while making the City run more efficiently. That led us to develop a 30-head "insource pool," which is a roving team of City employees based at DoITT, serving in roles traditionally filled by outside consultants. This pilot team directly assists City agencies when technical expertise is required, a much less expensive alternative to consultants that also has the benefit of keeping institutional knowledge in the City and in the

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 148 agencies. To date, 21 team members have been hired and have already worked on multiple projects, saving \$2 million that otherwise would have been spent on outside consultants. Three more people are in the process of joining the insource team.

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I would now like to describe in further detail for the Committees some highlights of our preliminary budget.

So as a minder, DoITT is charged with implementing the technology needed to fulfill the goals of the Administration and its agencies. We work hand in hand with Miguel Gamino, who was recently appointed as the Chief Technology Officer, on a number of these goals, including bringing affordable, reliable, high-speed broadband to New York City's residents and businesses by 2025.

A signature element of this work is the LinkNYC initiative, the franchise to replace New York City's outdated payphone infrastructure with free gigabit speed Wi-Fi kiosks, our most high-profile effort toward this end. This public-private partnership with our franchisee, CityBridge, enables the build-out of up to 10,000 kiosks in all five boroughs over the next several years at no cost to

the taxpayers. The project is completely funded by advertising revenue, guaranteeing that the City receives a minimum of 50% of gross advertising revenue each year, and with a guaranteed \$500 million in ad revenue over the first 12 years that LinkNYC is in operation. At the beginning of March, revenue for FY17 is approximately \$15.8 million and cumulative

revenue to date is approximately \$37.3 million.

further project \$25 million in revenue in FY18.

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON

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We have continually worked to improve
LinkNYC to make it as user-friendly as possible for
all 8.5 million New Yorkers and the tens of millions
of people who visit us every year. That has included
an update to the privacy policy, implemented earlier
this month, to provide New Yorkers with even more
confidence that using a Link for super-fast free
internet doesn't mean sacrificing their privacy.

With over 600 active LinkNYC kiosks across the five boroughs, we expect the continued success of this unprecedented project.

DoITT also provides the technical infrastructure for key City programs and services.

One of the most important projects of this nature is the Emergency Communications Transformation Program

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(ECTP), the City's project to modernize and consolidate the City's 911 emergency communication system -- the most complex system of its kind. We're proud to say that since DoITT took the reins of ECTP in 2014, the project remains on time and on budget. The Public Safety Answering Center (PSAC2), a crucial component of ECTP, opened last year in the Bronx. June 13, 2016, NYPD took its first call at PSAC2, and today, approximately 30% of all 911 calls are processed there. NYPD continues to staff up, expecting to operate radio dispatch operations at PSAC2 by this December. The Fire Department is expected to start its call taking and dispatch in August, continuing to ramp up its operation through the end of the year.

Concurrent with our ongoing ECTP efforts,

DoITT has been working on a long-term strategy

towards migrating New York City's 911 system to a

new, IP-based, NextGen 9-1-1 system based on national

standards. We thank the Council for your diligence

in highlighting the importance of NextGen 9-1-1 over

the past year. Pursuant to Local Law 78 of 2016,

DoITT, in collaboration with NYPD and FDNY, released

the 2016 Annual Report on Implementation of NextGen

9-1-1. This month we will begin the competitive search for vendors to help bring NG9-1-1 to life.

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NG9-1-1 will not be fully implemented for a few more years, and in the interim we share the Council's passion and commitment to offer a Text go 911 (TT9-1-1) solution. We will be closely collaborating with NYPD so that less than one year from today, those who are unable to make a voice call to 911 -- the deaf community, the hearing and speech impaired, and crime victims unable to make a voice call -- will be able to communicate with New York City's 911 call takers for the first time ever via text.

In an ongoing effort to ensure the delivery of efficient technology services to agencies, DoITT has finalized a contract to overhaul the 311 system. As you know, 311 has been running on the same technology since its inception in 2003, and while this system continues to operate, an overall improvement to 311 is long overdue.

Through a competitive and deliberative procurement, we awarded a contract to IBM to lay the essential groundwork for the system migration and to improve 311's answers to New York City's questions.

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DoITT's main focus during this project will be to ensure the smooth transition between systems to maintain the level of service that millions of New Yorkers have come to depend on. The new system will be able to seamlessly integrate improvements across all platforms -- call, web, mobile, app, text and social media. In partnership with 311's leadership, we look forward to discussing future improvements with the Council and other external stakeholders.

March 7th marked five years since New
York City's pioneering Open Data Law (Local Law 11 of
2012) was signed into law, and we have certainly come
a long way in those few years. In close
collaboration with the Mayor's Office of Data
Analytics, we've made tremendous progress to improve
the quantity, quality and accessibility of New York
City's datasets. There are now over 1600 datasets on
the Open Data Portal, ranging from FDNY fire and
dispatch records to more comprehensive NYPD crime
data.

Over the last few months we've made a great deal of improvements to engage all users, from novices to exploring data for the first time to experts who live and breathe Open Data. Our new Open

Data website was built using human-centered design and with significant stakeholder feedback, including from representatives of the City Council. We welcome continued feedback from the Council to help make Open Data accessible to all.

Finally, I want to update the Committees on the status of the Verizon Fios agreement. As a reminder, Verizon had promised that every household in New York City would have access to Fios by 2014.

Today, they are off by three years and by millions of households, and counting. After years of trying to hold Verizon to its obligations, this Administration is done waiting. On March 13, the City filed suit in State Supreme Court against Verizon for failing to deliver on its promise. We look forward to our day in court.

I appreciate the opportunity to highlight some of DoITT's top budget priorities for the year to come, and this concludes my prepared testimony. I look forward to answer any questions. Thank you.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: Thank you Commissioner, and I want to welcome Council Member Barry Grodenchik, who has joined us.

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Let me just touch on that Verizon situation for one second. So by bringing Verizon to court, we are aiming for a court-ordered timetable, because in the past they have given us timetables that have not been adhered to; is that basically what the court case is about?

COMMISSIONER ROEST: That's what we're looking for, yes.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: Okay. I wanted to question you on LinkNYC as well, but first, you know I want to thank you for your hard work throughout the year, your agency and everybody that I've worked with, I've always had a collaborative relationship with the Committee and yourself and the agency, so I look forward to continuing that work.

Regarding LinkNYC, in Fiscal 2016 the City received \$18.4 million in revenue and revenues are going to be increasing to \$23.3 million by the end of this fiscal year and then \$26 million in Fiscal 2018. Now when will the rollout of LinkNYC be completed?

COMMISSIONER ROEST: So the rollout continues through 2012; we'll have at least 7,500 and up to 10,000 Links.

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    TECHNOLOGY
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                CO-CHAIR VACCA: By when?
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                COMMISSIONER ROEST: 2012, and let me
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    verify that... [interpose]
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                CO-CHAIR VACCA: No, not 2012.
                COMMISSIONER ROEST: Oh, I'm sorry; I'm
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    in the wrong decade. [laughter]
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                CO-CHAIR VACCA: No, I...
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                COMMISSIONER ROEST: Thank you.
                CO-CHAIR VACCA: I had to check too;
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     don't worry.
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                COMMISSIONER ROEST: I have a hard ti...
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     [background comment] 2022.
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                CO-CHAIR VACCA: By 2022 you expect total
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    rollout... [crosstalk]
                COMMISSIONER ROEST: 7,500 Links and up
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    to 10,000, at our request.
                CO-CHAIR VACCA: And that is the
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     contract; that is the completion of the contract?
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                COMMISSIONER ROEST: How many?
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     [background comment] I'm sorry; I'm going to ask
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     Stanley Shor to come up... [crosstalk]
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                CO-CHAIR VACCA: Of course; that's okay.
                COMMISSIONER ROEST: to speak to the Link
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     franchise.
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1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 156
2	CO-CHAIR VACCA: Commissioner, just
3	identify yourself, please. Don't swear in again; I
4	know you tell the truth.
5	STANLEY SHOR: Stanley Shor; I'm
6	Assistant Commissioner for Franchise Administration.
7	CO-CHAIR VACCA: Yes.
8	STANLEY SHOR: So we have it's an
9	eight-year build-out, so the first two years expires
10	this July, so then there's six more years afterwards,
11	so what does that bring us to [background
12	comments] 2023, yeah. So… So… [interpose]
13	CO-CHAIR VACCA: And that And that will
14	be finished?
15	STANLEY SHOR: And then then So at that
16	point we have the opportunity to negotiate with the
17	franchisee for an additional 2,500, mutually agreed
18	upon. So the contract provides for a required 7,500
19	and then 2,500 is a possibility after that, but
20	[interpose]
21	CO-CHAIR VACCA: But the additional 2,500
22	would be an option that you have to negotiate with
23	the existing franchisee… [interpose]
24	STANLEY SHOR: Yes.

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 157 CO-CHAIR VACCA: or would you have to go 2 3 back out to bid or that's an option that... [interpose] STANLEY SHOR: That's an option within 4 the contract with the existing franchisee. 5 CO-CHAIR VACCA: Alright. The revenue 6 7 projections are on track at this point, the revenue 8 projections? 9 STANLEY SHOR: Yes. So the revenue was a little bit reduced initially because a number of the 10 11 public pay telephones that they were supposed to 12 receive from an existing franchisee were held back 13 due to a lawsuit which has been totally settled at this point and so now they have all of the existing 14 15 advertising payphones, which guarantees us a minimum 16 annual guarantee each year of the full amount. 17 for this year, \$22.5 million is the guarantee versus 18 50% of their gross revenue. 19 CO-CHAIR VACCA: Okay. Now can you give 20 us some details about how much the advertisements 21 cost on LinkNYC? Does the cost vary based on location or... tell me about the advertisements. 2.2 2.3 STANLEY SHOR: They have different programs; I mean they have... for the digital you have 24

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the ability... [interpose]

COMMISSIONER ROEST: We're getting you a seat, Stanley.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: Thank you, very good idea. Come join us officially here.

[laughter]

STANLEY SHOR: So I don't have their rate card, but they can vary from \$250 for a small buy for a local business to get in the cycle on the digital ads, or they still have thousands of regular paper locations on the payphones, or they could go up; it depends on what they negotiate with a buyer. So the revenue projections that were submitted with the proposal that was ultimately successful showed quite a large increase in the revenue due to the digital advertising, and so far so good; they've been able to, as of the last six-month true-up -- in the contract they have to pay us the 50% twice a year; they do a true-up against the minimum annual guarantee that they pay monthly, and they came in a little bit above, so they seem to be making their revenue pretty well at this point.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: Does the City have any oversight over how much the franchisee charges? Do

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 159 you have guidelines you give or is the franchisee 2 3 [inaudible]... [crosstalk] 4 STANLEY SHOR: We do ... we ... we ... they can charge what the market will bear; the only thing that 5 the City has is that 5% of the advertising is 6 reserved for the City's use and that's administered 7 by NYC and Company for their advertising program for 8 public service announcements, so whatever arrangement the City has for publicity. 10 11 CO-CHAIR VACCA: Are we taking advantage 12 of that opportunity; do we have City agencies posting 13 information; using... [crosstalk] STANLEY SHOR: Yes. 14 15 CO-CHAIR VACCA: using that 5%? STANLEY SHOR: Yes. 16 17 CO-CHAIR VACCA: I thought originally we 18 spoke about the Community Boards having some type of 19 usage there; are we working with... [interpose] 20 STANLEY SHOR: The Community Board provision, that was going back to the 1980s, Verizon 21 2.2 contract; the Community Boards can, you know, go to 2.3 NYC and Company and tell them what they are

interested in as far as a public service

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2	announcement, but in the contract that responsibility
3	is with NYC and Company pursuant to the contract.
4	CO-CHAIR VACCA: But the Community
5	Boards, they're not subject to the pricing that a
6	private sector person… [interpose]
7	STANLEY SHOR: No, no, no; they wouldn't
8	have [inaudible] [crosstalk]
9	CO-CHAIR VACCA: they're under the 5%?
10	STANLEY SHOR: They would be part of the
11	5%, because they are part of the City government
12	[crosstalk]
13	CO-CHAIR VACCA: City agencies.
14	STANLEY SHOR: Yeah.
15	CO-CHAIR VACCA: Now besides the ad
16	revenue, are there other potential opportunities for
17	revenue from LinkNYC besides ads?
18	STANLEY SHOR: So in addition to
19	advertising, LinkNYC has the ability to do
20	sponsorships, with our approval, and if, for example,
21	a big company wants to say they're sponsoring all the
22	Wi-Fi in Staten Island, they can strike that deal
23	with our approval and then that goes into their gross
24	revenue, and as I said before, we get 50% of the

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 161
gross revenue, if it's higher than the minimum annual

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CO-CHAIR VACCA: But the only revenue I'm hearing is basically the advertisement; there's not much other revenue potential do you think?

[background comments]

STANLEY SHOR: Any revenue that they make from the program, so it's not totally defined; it's defined in the contract very broadly, so if somebody pays the company \$100,000 to take a Link out for two months while they're doing work on their building; that goes into their gross revenue and if there's anything that has to do... if they have some kind of publicity event that requires, you know were they rent out the use of the Link, with our approval, for some purpose or other; that would go into their revenue. So it's primarily advertising, but there are possibilities for other things. We haven't approved anything else at this point, so we're certainly involved in anything to make sure that they don't get involved with, you know, a sponsor or a program that would be contrary to the City's interest.

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 162 2 CO-CHAIR VACCA: Okay. I wanted to ask 3 about sensor data. 4 STANLEY SHOR: So currently they have 5 approval to have sensors in the Links, but only for the purpose of running the Links, so you know, a 6 7 sensor to determine if the screen is overheating or a sensor to determine vibrations; that sort of thing. 8 We don't have any other... we haven't given any approval for any sensor that's not related to 10 11 actually operating the Link per se [sic]... [crosstalk] 12 CO-CHAIR VACCA: But that's not a revenue 13 producer at all? 14 STANLEY SHOR: That's not a revenue 15 producer. You know if we were to amend the contract in the future to allow for some sensors that produce 16 17 revenue; that would be something that would have to 18 be done through the Franchise and Concession Review 19 Committee. 20 CO-CHAIR VACCA: Okay. I did want to 21 touch on MOME; I know that the Commissioner is not 2.2 here, but MOME comes under your agency, Commissioner, 2.3 and what is DoITT's role in managing MOME's budget? 24 COMMISSIONER ROEST: It is exactly...

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[interpose]

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 163
2	CO-CHAIR VACCA: For the record
3	Mayor's Office of Film I'm talking about, the Mayor's
4	Office of [background comment] Media and
5	Entertainment; I know it as the Office of Film, but
6	can you just say what your role is, Commissioner?
7	COMMISSIONER ROEST: Yes, certainly. We
8	provide administrative support to MOME, which means
9	budgeting and HR; some legal support for the agency;
10	we don't manage the programs within MOME.
11	CO-CHAIR VACCA: Is their budget part of
12	your budget?
13	COMMISSIONER ROEST: Their budget is in
14	our budget, yes.
15	CO-CHAIR VACCA: And what is,
16	approximately they're indicating \$16.3 million; is
17	that their total budget?
18	COMMISSIONER ROEST: Do we know the
19	total…? [crosstalk]
20	CO-CHAIR VACCA: Is that or is that the
21	budget of this What's the budget for the Film
22	Incentive Program? I think that's a separate budget.
23	Is that a separate budget, separate from MOME, Film
24	Incentive Program?

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON
 1
    TECHNOLOGY
                                                        164
                JOHN WINKER: My name is John Winker.
 2
                                                      As
 3
     far as the Incentive Program, that's $16.4 million
 4
    within MOME's existing budget; it's part of their
     overall appropriation.
 5
                CO-CHAIR VACCA: And what is that total
 6
 7
    budget?
                JOHN WINKER: $26 million for FY18.
 8
 9
                CO-CHAIR VACCA: So $26 million plus
     $16.3?
10
11
                JOHN WINKER: No, [inaudible]...
     [crosstalk]
12
                CO-CHAIR VACCA: Inclusive of $16.3?
13
14
                JOHN WINKER: That's correct.
15
                CO-CHAIR VACCA: Now is there an accrual
     in that money? Is that money all spent every year?
16
17
     Do we have enough companies to incentivize by using
18
     the Film Incentive Program?
19
                JOHN WINKER: There have been some
20
     accruals in the past, and those monies have been
21
     rolled over from year to year. But as far as what
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     the projection is from this year, I don't have that
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     information with me today.
                CO-CHAIR VACCA: But am I right in saying
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that film production in New York City is up; it's

COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON 1 TECHNOLOGY 165 just that we don't have enough companies who qualify 2 for the incentive or do people know about the 3 4 incentive? Why do we have money unspent at the end of the fiscal year, if I'm correct in thinking that film production is up? Why do we have money 6 leftover? 8 COMMISSIONER ROEST: That's a question I 9 would suggest we take back to MOME; it gets more into the program and how they're operating with their 10 11 constituents. 12 CO-CHAIR VACCA: Okay. Does your office 13 receive regular spending reports from them? 14 JOHN WINKER: Well the reporting that we 15 get is from FMS, which is what every agency sort of 16 uses as its system of record in terms of reporting. 17 From time to time we do get some updates, 18 particularly on the revenue that they're collecting 19 from the international programming that they run. 20

CO-CHAIR VACCA: Okay. PSAC2 you mentioned; 311; I want to ask one or two questions, and I know I have colleagues, but with all that we're doing for 311 with the technology advances you spoke about, Commissioner, I know that the capacity of 311 has to be something we are concerned about; people

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COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 166

are using it more and more, which is great, but we have to be prepared to take those calls and get people action. Do you think that with the technology advances you're proposing that we have good days

ahead for 311; that we can cope with the increased

7 utilization with that number?

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COMMISSIONER ROEST: Absolutely. So I do want to mention too that we've done some work in the meantime, while we work on this project to make the current 311 platform more resilient and be able to handle loads that we run into, in the meantime, but yes, 311, absolutely; some of the criteria we were looking for when we went out to bid was scalability and resilience, so yes, we'll be able to scale; we'll be able to add new features that we weren't able to add before; we'll be able to make changes faster. So when there's a new service someone wants to put online, we'll be able to implement that more quickly.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: And you mentioned PSAC; can you give us an overview on PSAC1 and PSAC2? I was impressed when you said that PSAC2 -- which is my district in the Bronx -- is handling 30% of the 911 calls; that seemed very significant. At this early date, I don't think that build-out is finished.

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2 Can you give us a little understanding as to where we 3 stand?

COMMISSIONER ROEST: Okay, sure. The building itself is finished; the technology, the primary technologies are implemented, and in fact, they are taking calls. So we would consider the PSAC up and running; what we're working on now is getting ready for Fire to move, and as you can imagine, we can't lose a single call, so there's a lot of testing that goes on before each phase of the build-out, but PD's in; Fire's going to be in this summer, and then again, in the fall, with their fire and then emergency management, and then PD dispatch will also be moving in at the end of the year, so by the end of 2017, they will be fully occupied.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: How many employees will Fire be bringing there; Fire Department's going to have several floors or -- tell me about their operation.

[inaudible]... So the primary call taking is all on a single floor with Fire and PD, and then they have offices on other floors. So EMD will have 250 dispatchers and Fire will have 160 dispatchers.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: Where are they moving from, the Fire Department, where are they located now that they're coming to PSAC2 in the Bronx?

COMMISSIONER ROEST: So they're in several locations... [interpose, background comment]

Pardon? [background comment] Initially, yeah. So they've had different COs or operation centers, so Manhattan and the Bronx would be the primary.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: Now PSAC1; do you have plans for PSAC1 beyond anything from a technology point of view?

COMMISSIONER ROEST: Yeah. So the idea was always to have redundant PSACs, so PSAC1 we will continue to maintain and they'll both always be up and running so that we'll know that any point in time we could shift from one PSAC to the other if we needed to, if there were a disaster in one PSAC or we had a surge. So they will be fully redundant PSACs with both agencies operating out of both at all times.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: I know you spoke about

Open Data, and I want to thank you for your hard

work, and please keep going. We have targets that we

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1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 169
2	have to meet and I'm hoping DoITT will meet the
3	targets for their data dictionary mandates.
4	COMMISSIONER ROEST: Yes, thank you.
5	CO-CHAIR VACCA: And I know you're doing
6	a good job there. Do you still have open positions
7	though that you're looking to fill for Open Data?
8	Are we committed to doing that, if there are open
9	positions?
10	COMMISSIONER ROEST: We have two more
11	positions that we want to fill for Open Data, but we
12	have ramped up; we've got seven positions now; just a
13	few years ago we only two in DoITT supporting Open
14	Data, and a lot of that was to meet the expectations
15	of the new Open Data Law, which, and you know that we
16	were supportive of all of those initiatives. So yes,
17	we are still ramping up, but we have a really great
18	team; they're really committed to Open Data.
19	CO-CHAIR VACCA: Do you have an Open Data
20	coordinator or how do you feel about well you have
21	one?
22	COMMISSIONER ROEST: So we do, every
23	agency has an Open Data coordinator… [crosstalk]
24	CO-CHAIR VACCA: Your agency does?
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COMMISSIONER ROEST: Yes.

1	COMMITTEE ON LAND USE, JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 170
2	CO-CHAIR VACCA: And then every agency
3	has one or if that person is not a specific Open Data
4	coordinator, they designate someone in their agency
5	to do that?
6	COMMISSIONER ROEST: Yes, every agency
7	has an Open Data coordinator that we meet with
8	regularly. In fact, Amen Mashariki from MODA, the
9	Chief Analytics Officer for the City, coordinates
10	regular meetings with all of those folks from the
11	agencies.
12	CO-CHAIR VACCA: I think there was an
13	issue that I questioned before about the non-Mayoral
14	agencies having one also, and if you could follow up
15	I'm thinking of Health + Hospitals, NYCHA, quasi-
16	City agencies I wanted to make sure that they were
17	online with that.
18	COMMISSIONER ROEST: We will follow up on
19	that.
20	O-CHAIR VACCA: Okay. Questions; any
21	questions, council member? No questions.
22	[background comment] Okay. I want to thank you all
23	for your testimony today… [crosstalk]
24	COMMISSIONER ROEST: Thank you.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: enjoyed having you.

COMMISSIONER ROEST: Thank you. And can

I say thank you for the complement earlier for me and

my team, it has been a real pleasure working with you

and look forward to working with you as we go

forward.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: Thank you, Commissioner; same here. Thank you again. Thank you everyone.

Now we have one speaker from the public, Thomas Lowenhaupt, Jackson Heights, Queens.

[pause]

CO-CHAIR VACCA: Please have a seat and identify yourself for the record.

THOMAS LOWENHAUPT: I'm Tom Lowenhaupt;
I'm a founding Chair of Connecting.nyc, and shall
begin. Alright.

Connecting.nyc is a New York State
nonprofit that was formed in 2006 to advocate for the
development of the .nyc Top Level Domain as a public
interest resource. For those not familiar with .nyc,
it's like .com, .org, .edu, and .gov, but just for
New Yorkers.

If New York is to succeed in developing .nyc, it must make it intuitive and trusted.

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By intuitive I mean user-friendly. So when someone wants to learn about our city's schools, they should be able to type "schools.nyc" into their browser and see a curated page that informs and guides them. The same with Hotels.nyc,
Libraries.nyc, Restaurants.nyc, Sports.nyc,
RealEstate.nyc, and 300 other category names.

Again, if New York is to succeed in developing .nyc, it must make it intuitive and trusted.

By trusted I mean that those using our .nyc domains must believe that under the content provided, and the transactions in which they engage, are under a protective umbrella. Those using our .nyc domains must trust that if something goes wrong, there is recourse, because the people and the City government stand behind it.

Success will have our city shine on the internet, drawing attention to our city's products and services from a global audience.

But today we're failing at this. There is no meaningful use of intuitive names, and trust in .nyc is nonexistent.

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Our organization, the New York Internet Society, and others have called for public hearings on this failing initiative. I urge the City Council to engage with this matter.

Finally, DoITT's preliminary budget for 2018 shows \$900,000 in projected revenue from the operation of .nyc. We recommend that those funds be used to hire professional planning staff; to develop the neighborhood names licensing program; and to repurchase vital intuitive names that have been prematurely released without any public interest commitments; for example, RealEstate.nyc and Fashion.nyc.

So I'm very glad to see that the Chair of the Land Use Committee is here as well because this matter or .nyc is more land use than it is technology. There is a technology base, but the planning of it certainly should have been undertaken by the City Planning Commission and never was. Our organization was after them for 10 years to take an interest in this matter and they refused; apparently architects can't see anything that's concrete unless it's concrete. So unless it's a building, something digital, they're unimaginative with and I think that

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the City Council needs to work with the City Planning
Commission to see that they take an interest in this,
because they have the expertise to apply it, whereas
DoITT has some expertise on a very low-level digital
format, but the more planning and more high-level
stuff is really in the realm of the City Planning
Commission.

CO-CHAIR VACCA: I thank you and I welcome back Chair Greenfield and I will now hand the meeting over to him.

much. Is there anybody else that wishes to testify on any of the items that we have discussed here today, including the Landmarks Preservation

Commission, the Department of City Planning or DoITT?

Okay, hearing none, we will conclude this oversight budget hearing, which is a hearing of the Land Use

Committee and the Technology Committee for the Preliminary FY18 Budget. This concludes the hearing for March 29th, 2017. This hearing is hereby adjourned.

[gavel]

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 27, 2017