CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

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HELD AT: Council Chambers-City Hall

B E F O R E:

YDANIS A. RODRIGUEZ

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

DANIEL R. GARODNICK

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A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Meera Joshi Chair of the New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

David Pollack President of Taxi Cab Service Association

Peter Mazer General Counsel to the Metropolitan Taxi Cab Board of Trade

Michael Keogh Committee for Taxi Safety

Robert Familant CEO and Treasurer of Progressive Credit Union

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[gavel]

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Morning and welcome to today's hearing of the city council transportation committee. My name is Ydanis Rodriguez, Chair of the committee. First let me recognize my colleagues, Council Member Chin for being with us today. Today we will be considering two important business of legislations that I have introduced. Intro 1474, a local law in relation to taxi cab license which will lower the medallion transfer tax and Intro 1475, a local law in relation to the definition of ownership and use of a licensed taxi cab which would remove many restrictions related to the transfer, transferable, transferability of taxi medallions including those related to so called individual medallions. The yellow taxi is an icon of New York City since the days of a check tier cab yellow taxi have been synonymous with New York for decades serving a vital role in our city's transportation system for those who live, work, and visit here. It is also no secret that today the industry is facing unprecedented difficulties, fares and ridership are down considerable. Daily fair box revenues for

2	yellow taxi were at ten percent lower in December,
3	2016 than the prior year and 25 percent, and 25
4	percent lower compared to December, 2012. Today
5	total yellow taxi trips per day in April, 2016 were
6	down 8.7 percent compared to April, 2015 and down
7	21 percent compared to April 2010. In the past
8	couple of years, the Mayo Credit Union that have
9	historically served the industry have been taken
10	over by the state authorities and unfortunately
11	many taxis now sit idling even at the busiest times
12	of day, they are now out on the road serving
13	passengers. TLC Joshi last year appealing before
14	this committee you described the medallion market
15	as essentially frozen and testified that you
16	thought it was important for the city to streamline
17	the medallion system and address market obstacles
18	and our rules and laws that we might lower some of
19	the administrative hurdles of owning a medallion
20	hurdles which sometimes make it very difficult for
21	new investors who want to get into this market. You
22	say that you believe we should realign the law to
23	reflect market's realities and not make our laws
24	obstacles to people who are interested in investing
25	in the yellow taxi industry. I'm happy to say that,

2	that this is precisely, precisely what we are here
3	today to discuss. It has long been my position that
4	there can be a place for everyone in our taxi and
5	for hire vehicle industry. New York is a city of
6	opportunity and innovation, we welcome those who
7	want to come here and offer New Yorkers new options
8	for transportation and for making a living but this
9	does not have to come at expense of those who have
10	invested their saving in the taxi industries
11	sometimes for generations. Taxi medallions became a
12	foothold for many newly arrived immigrants in this
13	city looking to achieve the American dream. Their
14	value was not guaranteed by the city relied upon a
15	straight regulatory environment that sometimes goes
16	unenforced. At the same time new entrance into the
17	for hire markets have found loopholes within their
18	regulations that alone with technological
19	innovations place them at a serious advantage
20	compare to traditionally yellow taxis. It is
21	important for those of us in government to
22	regulate, regularly at reassess whether the law we
23	have in place continue to remain useful as times
24	goes on and circumstances change and when we
25	discover provisions that are outdate or… outdated

2	or no longer valuable especially when they
3	potentially create an unnecessary burden it is our
4	duty to reevaluate them and make changes that are
5	appropriate for the current situation. When it
6	comes to the taxi and for hire vehicle industry our
7	role is to protect the right of and safety of
8	passengers and drivers and to ensure that the
9	public is served in the best way possible. It is
10	not our job to twist them in the way of investments
11	and opportunities so long as, as industry
12	representatives are adhering to our laws. This is
13	why Intro's 1474 and 1475 seek to help the industry
14	as a whole by allowing foreclosed or parked
15	medallions to get out of the parking lots and serve
16	riders once again. They seek to provide a bit more
17	liquidity to a market that has remained frozen due
18	to a lack of confidence. Ultimately, we want to
19	scale back some of the regulations that have hurt
20	taxis ability to compete and this is a first step
21	in that process. I would like to welcome you Chair
22	Joshi and the other representatives of the
23	administration who are here with us today. Thank
24	you for being here, I hope we would hear from you
25	and your team what way these hills can contribute

of the New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission.

2	Thank you for the opportunity to share TLC's views
3	on Intro's 1474 and 75. As always, we appreciate
4	the committees ongoing interest in and support of
5	our agency. Our partnership has produced real
6	results for passengers and for our licensed drivers
7	and I know we'll continue to work together to
8	further improve our cities for hire service. Since
9	the proposed Intros would amend long standing
10	medallion regulations I want to provide you with a
11	brief history of the medallion. The medallion is
12	the physical object placed on yellow taxis that
13	conveys the exclusive right to do street hails
14	throughout New York City. The medallion system
15	began in 1937 through the Haas Act which enacted
16	was enacted in order to address an overabundance of
17	taxi cabs on the street. The Haas Act froze the
18	number of taxi cab licenses to those which existed
19	at the time of enactment which was 13,500 and set
20	the ratio of corporate medallions which are
21	typically owned by corporations and must be owned
22	in groups of two or more with no limit on the
23	number of that can be owned to independent
24	medallions which can only be owned by an individual
25	whose limited to owning just one. That ratio set by

2	the Haas Act is 58 percent to 42 percent, 58
3	percent corporate, 42 percent independent. The Haas
4	Act codifies a definition of an independent
5	medallion and limited the purchasing to only one.
6	When authorized by the state medallions are sold at
7	an auction conducted by the TLC to the highest
8	qualified bidder. Medallion can also be sold for a
9	price negotiated by the owner and buyer on the
10	secondary market. Historically independent
11	medallions have sold for less than corporate
12	medallions as independent medallions can only be
13	sold to an individual who doesn't own any other
14	medallions. Since the enactment of the Haas Act the
15	number of active medallions has fluctuated dropping
16	down to 11,787 in the 40's to today where we have
17	13,587 medallions serving the city. Between 1996
18	and 2014 there's been several auctions and hundreds
19	of medallions have been sold some of those auctions
20	for medallion were for medallions that must be
21	attached to hybrid fuel vehicles I'm sorry, hybrid
22	vehicles and some were for medallions that must be
23	attached to accessible vehicles. In December, 2013
24	the TLC reached an agreement with disability rights
25	organizations to phase in wheelchair accessible

medalilon taxi cabs so that so percent would be
accessible by 2020. Corporate mini fleets with two
vehicles must have at least one vehicle hacked up
with an accessible and mini fleet with two or more
must have at least half of their medallions
assigned to an accessible. Independent medallion
owners were entered into a lottery that determined
when they would need to be hacked up with an
accessible vehicle. As the medallion industry, has
changed significantly in the last years the TLC has
also tried to ease unnecessary burdens on the
medallion system. For example owner, must drive
rules which set a minimum amount of hours
independent medallions can be driven by their
owners per year were established in 1990 as a
result of better driver training the rules were
revised in 2011 reducing the number of hours
required and expanding the definition of ownership
to include four people. The number or required
owners was again hours, I'm sorry, was again
reduced in 2015 and the rule was finally repealed
in 2016. Now potential buyers of independent
medallions do not have to be concerned with driving
minimum amount of hours. Additionally, the TLC has

2	amended vehicle retirement requirements for
3	independent medallions and corporate medallions.
4	The vehicle retirement schedule for independent and
5	corporates varied between five and three years
6	respectively however in the past year the TLC has
7	changed the retirement schedule to seven years for
8	all vehicles. Similarly, the rules regarding
9	vehicle partitions for independent and corporate
10	medallions were quite distinct. Independent owners
11	had the choice of either installing a partition or
12	an in-vehicle camera system while corporate
13	medallions were required to have a partition. In
14	2016 the TLC removed the differing requirements
15	allowing owners to decide whether to use a
16	partition or and in camera vehicle camera system.
17	Last year as a result of council legislation
18	originated in this committee the TLC created a
19	universal TLC driver's license which allows
20	flexibility for drivers to work across different
21	platforms and allows medallion owners to recruit
22	from the entire pool of drivers now 155,000,
23	previously they were limited to those drivers
24	qualified to drive medallions before the adoption
25	of the universal license which was about 50,000

2	drivers. So, the TLC generally supports both intros
3	as they would make buying and selling a medallion
4	more like the sale of their transferable TLC
5	licenses such as a base license or a green taxi
6	permit. Intro 1474, turning to the proposed
7	legislation Intro 1474 would amend the
8	administrative code to decrease the transfer tax
9	that is assessed on each transfer of a taxi cab
10	license or interest from five percent to one half
11	of one percent. The proposed amendment would reduce
12	the amount of the tax the seller of a medallion
13	must pay upon completing the sale. The current
14	transfer tax of five percent creates a burden for
15	sellers who may be deterred by the amount of money
16	they would owe upon completion of the transfer. For
17	example, if an owner sold a medallion for \$500,000
18	the transfer tax owed would be \$25,000 reducing it
19	to lesser percentage that would align medallion
20	requirements more closely with the requirements of
21	all of our other licensees. I note that there is no
22	other city transfer tax due on the transfer of a
23	base or a green taxi permit and while we support
24	the reduction of the transfer tax we believe that
25	the sunset provision is unnecessary and indeed

2	counterproductive. A lower transfer tax rate may
3	increase medallion transfers but if this benefit is
4	only temporary there's little incentive for buyers
5	to enter the market knowing that in a short term
6	they'll be burdened with a heavy transfer tax which
7	will depress future sales. We recommend against the
8	sunset provision that because it would nullify the
9	impact of the proposed transfer tax reduction.
10	Medallion transfer, Intro 1475, the next Intro
11	number 1475 would amend section 19504 the
12	administrative code which grants the commission the
13	authority to revoke any license after 60
14	consecutive days of non-use as long as that non-use
15	was not caused by strike, riot, public catastrophe
16	and acts beyond the control of the owner or
17	disability of the owner. First Intro 1475 would
18	change TLC's revocation of a license for non-use
19	from mandatory to permissive. The TLC recommends
20	leaving this provision unchanged, the language that
21	requires revocation helps to ensure that the
22	licensees not only place vehicles into service but
23	also keep them in service. Mandatory revocation is
24	a powerful tool that ensures licensees make every
25	effort, effort to keep their vehicles on the road.

2	Permissive revocation would not adequately express
3	the serious consequences of not complying with this
4	service requirement. Since the TLC is in the
5	process of overseeing 50 percent of the fleet
6	convert to accessible vehicles this provision could
7	play an important role in ensuring the requisite
8	number of vehicles are available. As the city's
9	transportation demands increase it is important to
10	maintain this provision so that there is a
11	mechanism by which the TLC can ensure that the
12	licensees provide sufficient level of service and
13	accessible service. Intro 1475 would also add
14	foreclosure and voluntary transfers surrender of a
15	medallion in lieu of foreclosure as instances where
16	non-use would result in revocate Would, would not
17	result in revocation. The TLC recommends that these
18	circumstances not be included, they would create a
19	loophole large enough to defeat the mandatory
20	service requirements of the regulation. 19504, the
21	medallion ratio, Intro 1475 would also repeal to
22	subdivision I of section 19504 the administrative
23	code which requires the current ratio between
24	corporate medallions and independent medallions be
25	58 to 42. The TLC supports repeal of this

subsection. The TLC's found the distinction between 2 3 corporate and independent medallions no longer 4 serves its original purpose to create a path to 5 ownership for drivers and we've taken actions to conform our rules accordingly. More recently we 6 eliminated one of the main distinctions between 8 independent medallions and corporate medallions. Prior to the change owners of independent needed to drive a certain amount of hours per year while 10 11 corporate owners could be passive investors. 12 Initially the TLC reduced the number of required 13 hours but ultimately repealed the driving 14 requirement completely. As a result of this repeal 15 independent medallion owners may now sell their 16 medallion to any qualified buyer as opposed to 17 searching for a buyer that is willing to personally 18 drive. The proposed repeal would create a larger 19 market for independent medallion owners as they 20 could sell freely to any qualified party including 21 other owners. The TLC fully supports these measures to reduce regulatory obstacles in the medallion 2.2 2.3 market. Intros 1475 would also amend subsections A and C of 19512 of the administrative code which set 24 out the requirements that must be met before a taxi 25

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cab license is transferred. Specifically, subdivision A states that a taxi cab license can only be transferred to a person whom the commission deems qualified and or either the transferee or transferor shall secure a bond to cover all outstanding toward liabilities. Subdivision B does not permit transfer of a taxi cab license where there's an outstanding judgement against the holder of the license unless the owner posts a bond. However, a bond is not needed where the owner is able to obtain written permission from a judgement creditors or if the proceeds of the sale are paid into escrow. Subdivision C allows an owners interest in a taxi cab license to be transferred involuntarily when that involuntary transfer occurs a new license to be issued to the purchaser of vendee. In the case of an involuntary transfer by reason of a tort judgement against the involuntary transferor no bond would be needed with respect to the judgement. The proposed amendments to A and C would carve out an exception for creditors of taxi cab licensees and agents whom come into possession of the taxi cab license. These parties would not be subject to the requirements of subdivision A

2	specifically they would not be required to file a
3	bond to cover outstanding tort liabilities in
4	excess of the amount covered by the bond or
5	insurance policy. Instead of these limited
6	revisions the TLC believes that subdivisions A, B,
7	and C of 1912 should be repealed in their entirely
8	because the goal they are meant to achieve, the
9	financial protection of person's involved in a
10	crash are already address by state tort law and TLC
11	insurance requirements. When tort law claims arise
12	after a crash the TLC's insurance requirements
13	which generally exceed state which greatly exceeds
14	state minimums obviate for the need for any
15	additional bond to protect passengers or others
16	harmed in a collision. Furthermore, this
17	requirement does not exist for any other TLC
18	license type. The removal of this requirement would
19	remove another impediment to transfers which the
20	TLC fully supports particularly because it provides
21	no real protection or advantage to the person who
22	had been injured. 19 19513; Intro 1475 would also
23	amend section 19513 of the administrative code
24	which allows medallions that are transferred
25	involuntarily because of a default to be operated

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the purchaser of the owner's interest. The oposed amendment to subdivision A would add ansfer by surrender of the type of transfers vered. The proposed amendment would also add the fault of an obligation secured by security terest to the types of defaults covered. ditionally Intro 1475 would repeal the quirement that a one year temporary license be sued to the purchaser. The Intro would also add bdivision B to 19513 which permits a licensed ent or purchaser of a taxi cab license that was ansferred involuntarily or as a result of rrender of kind default of an obligation to erate the taxi cab license for a period of at st three years. The TLC does not believe that the oposed amendment to subdivision A and B of 513 e necessary. The amendment seemed to address the ed of secured parties to operate multiple dallions that come into their possession however if the distinction between corporate and medallion... and individual medallions is repealed as is also contemplated by 1475. The ownership requirements that previously impeded a secured party from operating medallions specifically independent

medallions would no longer be in place. We believe
changes such as these that ease the process of
buying and selling medallions can have a positive
effect on the industry but the sunset provision
which repeals the law after two years would
completely undo this work. It would create
uncertainty for purchasers whose medallions might
be then subject to a different regulatory system
under repeal. For that reason, the sunset provision
would severely limit any positive effect of
allowing broader ownership of medallions. Moreover,
it's unclear what a temporary repeal of 19504-I
would mean to medallion owners upon reactivation of
the ownership limitations and what consequences
would result for owners of more than one formally
independent medallions. For these reasons the
sunset provision should be removed from Intro 1475.
Thank you for the opportunity to testify on these
bills and I'm happy to answer any questions you may
have.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you commissioner. I would like to acknowledge my colleague who is here, Council Member Menchaca, Vacca, Van Bramer, Richards, Greenfield, Dan

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words on his bill.

Garodnick, Rose, Miller, Reynoso, and Levin. I will pause from those two bills... the discussion of those two bills and we will take the time to vote on two bills and are providing Ney Yorker in New York transportation options. Intro A... 873-A from Council Member Levin and 267-A from Council Member Mendez will establish a car share pilot program putting safe cars, cars to go and more on our streets and municipal parking garage to the convenience of New Yorkers. The long term aim of this program will be to lower car ownership for drivers in transit rich areas when you need a car no... for longer trips you can use a car share but for all other the train is also there as buses and ferry and bicycle. So now I would like call Council Member Levin who has a few

Rodriguez for being such a strong leader on this issue and for expediting this important legislation through the legislative process. You know there are about a million and a half households in New York City that own cars and as anyone who has ever tried to look for parking in the five boroughs knows there's just... it's just getting too difficult and

2	too congested and too crowded, we need to offer New
3	Yorkers an alternative and for those New Yorkers
4	who need a car sometimes but don't need one
5	everyday car sharing is an excellent solution that
6	allows many different families to share one car in
7	effect which relieves the parking congestion
8	problem for everybody and has all sorts of
9	environmental benefits as well but for car sharing
10	to work we need to have locations all over the city
11	that are convenient to New Yorkers where these cars
12	can be parked and offering a limited number of on
13	street spaces for that purpose is exactly the kind
14	of solution that we need to expand this option for
15	New Yorkers in congested neighborhoods and New
16	Yorkers with lack of access to transit and other
17	parts of the city where people can benefit by this
18	exciting new option and I'm excited that we're
19	moving forward on legislation to establish this
20	pilot program today and again I want to thank the
21	leadership of Chair Rodriguez in helping to
22	shepherd this important bill forward. Thank you.
23	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you

Council Member and now the counsel will call for the role.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 22
2	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: Lee Martin
3	Committee Clerk, roll call vote, Committee on
4	Transportation, Chair Rodriguez? Garodnick? Vacca?
5	COUNCIL MEMBER VACCA: Aye.
6	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: Chin?
7	COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Aye.
8	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: Rose?
9	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Aye.
10	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: Van Bramer?
11	COUNCIL MEMBER VAN BRAMER: Aye.
12	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: Greenfield?
13	COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Aye.
14	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: Richards?
15	COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Aye.
16	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: Menchaca?
17	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Aye.
18	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: Miller?
19	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Aye.
20	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: Reynoso?
21	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [off mic] Aye.
22	COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: By a vote of
23	11 in the affirmative, zero in the negative, and no
24	abstentions both items have been adopted by the

committee.

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CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. I have a few questions and both of my colleague also have others. One is what, what factor do you think has contributed to the changes of the current market value for taxi medallions.

MEERA JOSHI: I think the... one of the most prominent factors is increased competition so five years ago, the black car sector was between five and six thousand vehicles and today its, you know 30 to 40, I, I'll get the exact number for you. so, the number of vehicles that, that are providing for hire service has risen significantly and many of them are providing for hire service in Manhattan where taxi cabs have traditionally provided that service so with more competition I... and ridership and trips declining the value has followed.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: And my other question is one, one alternative to eliminate the distinction between individual and mine fleet medallions is to allow a lending institution to have foreclose on an individual medallion to operating essentially as a mini fleet medallion either temporary or permanently, permanently with

the new changes how... what impact do you think it will have on...

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MEERA JOSHI: I think that the change that's in, intended by the repeal completely of I is broader than just for banks and it's for everybody so that it allows people who currently own one independent medallion could theoretically buy more of them; banks that are given the choice of operating or foreclosing on independent medallions actually have that choice and people that haven't been in the market before may have new interest in the market knowing that there's less regulation around the asset.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Great. I have other questions but my colleague also has questions. Council Member Chin?

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you. Chair

Joshi thank you for the testimony, thank you for

the lesson about the history of cabs and

medallions. I represent lower Manhattan so I have

lots of taxis down here and recently we also have a

lot of these cars that people get with the apps,

right, the... all these conveniences but what I'm

finding is that in my district it's causing a lot

of	congestio	ons, a	lot of	idling	and	the	air	quality	
so	is TLC do	oing so	mething	g to rea	ally	. to	have	e some	
pro	oper enfor	cement	becaus	se there	e are	mor	e an	nd more	
of	these veh	nicles	now on	the str	reet?				

MEERA JOSHI: Its beyond our jurisdiction to enforce the number of vehicles that you're seeing on the street but we do have anti-idling provisions that we can summons for and do summons for and they're training on that is required under the add code.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Excuse me, you said that they had to be trained when they're...

[cross-talk]

MEERA JOSHI: ...they're, they're taught through tax... through the TLC school that they're not allowed to idle that' part of the training and that's actually required under the city council law and it is something that can be enforced by TLC inspectors or the P-D.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: But that would require community people to call in complaints?

MEERA JOSHI: Or observation.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Okay.

MEERA JOSHI: Yeah.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Well we, we 3 definitely have to work on that. One of the, the 4 issue that I personally experience what I seen 5 it's, it's sort of like... when you're talking about increasing, you know competition right now the 6 7 yellow cab industry is in trouble and I think the 8 legislation... you know that Chair Rodriguez introduced... trying to help but I think that we 10 didn't look at it kind of comprehensively before 11 all this expansions of all these apps because just 12 like the green cab, right that only limits to the other boroughs and north of Manhattan and that's 13 14 been helpful to the other neighborhoods but like 15 the, the e-hail, I've seen some of my constituents, it's just a matter of convenience, right, they 16 17 could of just walked down to the corner and get a 18 yellow cab instead they want somebody to pick them 19 up right in front of their house and that cause a 20 lot more congestion in lower Manhattan and it's a 21 problem, it's a growing problem in my district especially now you know that we have increased 2.2 2.3 population and some of my other constituents are complaining about the, the congestion especially on 24

a narrow street so something is... we've just got to

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find that, you know balance on one hand yeah it is convenient but the negative effect that it's causing in the neighborhood is something that we also have to figure out whether it's... there should be some limit on this convenience and also looking at an industry that's been serving the city for a very, very long time how are we helping them improve especially now when a lot of cab drivers are immigrant, you know they're making money, they try to survive and they're having a very, very difficult time. That's, that's something that I think we really have to take a more comprehensive look and, and try to sort of tackle this issue, I think the legislation that the Chair has introduced is a step forward but I think we still got a long way to go.

MEERA JOSHI: Yeah and I, I think when you mentioned earlier the crowding on the streets, there... you know there's many factors that go into that and I think... even today there was a recent study that was made public that there is more activity in Manhattan in the for hire sector than there was even two years ago. So, it's something that... you know that TLC is one part of it but it's

2 a larger... the, the problem is larger and the 3 solution is larger.

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right now we don't, we don't have... we used to have all these black cars parking in front of the big corporations and now it's the E-hail way but it... just like... it's an area... especially lower

Manhattan, it's an area that has lots of yellow cabs and they're on the main street and they're everywhere but instead we also are getting more traffic from the E-hail so we really have to look at it seriously how do we help this industry that has served our city for so long and they also are helping, you know immigrant families who are really trying to make a living and now they're, they're struggling. Thank you Chair.

MEERA JOSHI: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Council Member Miller?

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Thank you Mr.

Chair. Good morning commissioner. So, I, I think

that we're, we're pretty clear on our objectives

here and what we're trying to accomplish but I, I,

I think from what I was hearing from your testimony

2	that you're not in a 100 percent agreement as to
3	how we achieve those goals, could you further
4	elaborate on how… [cross-talk]

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5 MEERA JOSHI: ...yeah as I was reading...
6 [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: ...some... [cross-talk]

MEERA JOSHI: ...the testimony I realized it's a little dry...

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Yeah, yeah, yeah.

MEERA JOSHI: So let me just summarize, we're... it... we... in support of the complete repeal of the distinction between independent and corporate medallions so that we should free up ownership and there shouldn't be the restriction on you can only one medallion so that's the first thing just getting rid of the restriction that only... that 42 percent of owners can only own one medallion, getting rid of that and let 100 percent of the owner, owners own as many medallions as they want. The second one is today we have the ability to revoke a medallion license if it is not... if the vehicle's not being put in service and that has to

do with our charter mandate because we are by
mandate looking at we regulate the for-hire
service as it relates to public transportation so
the fact that the public needs service is part of
something we have to look at. Historically we have
not revoked people's medallions because the cars
are not in service but we are in, in different
times now and there may come a day when we need to
make sure that those cars are in service and we
wouldn't want to give up that important tool
especially as we move to make the fleet 50 percent
accessible and we want to ensure there's accessible
service out there. The third thing is getting rid
of an archaeon requirement, two of them that there
be something called a tort letter and a bond put up
ensuring when there's a transfer that if there's
outstanding liabilities that they're all covered,
it is a protection that's really amounted to
nothing but paperwork being exchanged by parties
and probably lawyers making some money but it
hasn't actually benefited the public and that's
because there's already existing laws that benefit
the… [cross-talk]

2 COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: ...right... [cross-

3 talk]

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MEERA JOSHI: ...public...

the interest of time as we talk about public interest and we want to talk about one of the things specifically that you mentioned and, and, and this amendment in which you would like to see is, is, is multiple medallion ownerships and is, is that in terms of the industry is that counter to what we were trying to accomplish initially in having individuals entrepreneurship and is that something that you see as no longer possible under this new system?

MEERA JOSHI: So I think it... originally the independent medallion was created so a driver has a way up, a driver has a way to buy a medallion because the price would always be depressed because you had this ownership limitation. What happens and even by 2011, you know it was already well under way is the price of the independent had gotten so high that it was out of the reach, you know it was \$800,000, \$900,000, it was out of the reach of one driver to save up to buy... purchase a medallion...

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 32
2	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:so, so have we
3	conceded that notion of individual independent
4	ownership in this industry?
5	MEERA JOSHI: If the prices are as high
6	as a million dollars, yes, if the prices come down
7	an independent owner a, a single person can buy
8	[cross-talk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:buy [cross-
10	talk]
11	MEERA JOSHI:the medallion [cross-
12	talk]
13	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:buy [cross-
14	talk]
15	MEERA JOSHI:again [cross-talk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:by [cross-
17	talk]
18	MEERA JOSHI:yeah [cross-talk]
19	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:saying that we
20	want in for you to be able to own as, as many as
21	you can [cross-talk]
22	MEERA JOSHI:that doesn't [cross-
23	talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:spare [cross-
25	talk]

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 33
2	MEERA JOSHI:foreclose the small
3	business person wanting to own one at all, this
4	change… [cross-talk]
5	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:we still have
6	but we there is still a limited amount of
7	medallions available, correct?
8	MEERA JOSHI: There is a limited amount
9	of medallions available but I don't think our
10	concern right is that there's not enough
11	medallions.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: For
13	individuals?
14	MEERA JOSHI: Right.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Or or [cross-
16	talk]
17	MEERA JOSHI:should they [cross-
18	talk]
19	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:are we are
20	so are we that concerned about the industry that
21	we're willing to come back and visit that as
22	[cross-talk]
23	MEERA JOSHI:so [cross-talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:another time

	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 5
2	MEERA JOSHI: This doesn't I, I'd
3	want to make clear getting rid of the corporate
4	independent distinction doesn't mean an individual
5	can't buy a medallion, it doesn't mean that at all.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: In theory?
7	MEERA JOSHI: In theory and in reality,
8	because as the price comes down it becomes more
9	attainable for an individual person to… [cross-
10	talk]
11	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:okay, I'm
12	[cross-talk]
13	MEERA JOSHI:buy [cross-talk]
14	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:I'm sorry, so
15	and, and what I really wanted to know was what,
16	what, what has been the impact of the, the,
17	the declining industry on the city and it's
18	financing in terms of revenues and sales and taxes?
19	MEERA JOSHI: Well we haven't had a
20	medallion auction recently and that's generally
21	the, the revenue that the city gains, there are
22	some scheduled for out… [cross-talk]
23	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:recently as in
24	how recent?

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MEERA JOSHI: The last medallion auction was in 2014 but we don't, we don't generate any revenue on... what we generate... actually there is an impact, we generate a, a transfer tax revenue on the transfers on the secondary market and one of these bills contemplates reducing that from five percent to point five percent, the impact of that on the city we don't know because it depends what the frequency of transfers are but we know if we looked backwards how much we collected it would reduce the city's transfer tax intake about 1.5 million per year.

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Thank you, thank you Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Menchaca?

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Thank you

Chair and thank you Council Member Miller for those

lines of questions it just made me think a little

bit about the, the kind of outreach you're doing

maybe within the industry's itself and, and, and

kind of comparing maybe responses to these

questions, the, the kind of bigger questions and,

and, and kind of the infrastructure that we're kind

of laying out. What is, what is labor telling you

at this point and what kinds of communication have
kind of opened about some of the things that are
kind of coming from them and, and comparing those
to some of the new industries like Uber and Lyft
and others on the car sharing side?

MEERA JOSHI: By labor do you mean drivers groups...

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Well the drivers specifically the... [cross-talk]

MEERA JOSHI: ...yeah... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: ...drivers and

13 | the workers?

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MEERA JOSHI: So we... drivers you know they... they're, they're... we now have what's called a universal license so it's not as easy to categorize, categorize drivers as yellow drivers, green drivers, app drivers because they can drive anything and most of them do switch back and forth because, you know variety is helpful for increasing your income. They're most common complaints are... there, there are two, one, why do you guys ticket us so much, that's... I'll be frank... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: ...surprise,

surprise...

,

MEERA JOSHI: ...you know that's, that's honest and, and two, they're... we do get some complaints about earnings because there are more drivers now than there have been probably since the time of when we started counting how many drivers there are, we now have over 155,000 drivers so there is some sense that with that kind of saturation it, it is harder. Now we know that those are complaints that we get anecdotally.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Thank you for that and is, is there, is there an official way that, that you, you bring in that voice into, into your, into the, the commissioner's office at this point?

MEERA JOSHI: We do a lot of outreach and encourage the drivers groups to meet with us and bring individual complaints, we also do outreach through radio programs where we encourage individual drivers to contact us because sometimes drivers may feel that a group doesn't adequately represent their concerns so we want to make sure that, that the group representation isn't a barrier for them to contact us and we do a lot of community events to make sure that people understand that

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our, our outreach unit is ready and able to take in information. We also have a driver protection unit which we, we publicize that number for any driver that feels that they are having trouble with their base or garage they can contact the driver protection unit.

council Member Menchaca: And on that, on that kind of list of... it'd, it'd be good just to... maybe we can do this offline just going to get a good, good sense about what that, what that looks like and how we can enhance that conversation because we were just talking and, and we were saying how, how quickly this, this is changing for so many people and really making sure we're connected to the drivers, the workers on the ground is going to be important and things like radio for example and, and really expanding the market impact or like market saturation of the conversation in ethnic media for example and something that...

[cross-talk]

MEERA JOSHI: ...yeah, we do actually this is the... last two years is the first time we've really made a push to make sure all our notices are in ethnic media and translated into many more

2	languages	then	they	had	been	historically	and]
3	think that	-'s be	en he	-lnfı	11.			

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COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: I, I, I tend
to agree on the concept, you're right I think that
is helpful in, in how we can measure... how, how... we
got to measure success too in making sure that
we're, we're going to the right vehicles of
information both radio, newspaper and, and really
go, go where the workers are and the workers are
many of them immigrant, immigrant workers that are
going to be touched and very particular ways so
this is something that the immigration committee is
doing in a lot of ways and we'd like to work with
you and your team to think about how... [cross-talk]

MEERA JOSHI: ...we look forward... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: ...how to get that... [cross-talk]

MEERA JOSHI: ...to that... [cross-talk]

council Member Menchaca: ...outreach even more, more effective but being able to measure how much over time have you increased ethnic media investment and, and looking over time how that's actually influenced driver, driver responses and

the last couple of years because the lack of

2 interest in transfer or selling of medallions,
3 right, is that accurate?

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MEERA JOSHI: I think anything that takes away what may be seen as barriers to moving medallions... either selling medallions or new people coming in and buying them would be helpful for the market.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Great... [cross-talk]

MEERA JOSHI: ...which it... I just want to stress that there's two sunset provisions that I think could really undermine any of the benefit that you get from getting rid of the independent corporate distinction and lowering the transfer tax and there... in both bills they're both two-year sunset. When we speak to banks or, you know people that are interested in investment or have investments they're... you know they're planning and they report to regulators and they need to know what the legal landscape is if the good work that is done by these bills is set to be undone or reviewed in, in two years that makes investors and banks and, and regulators somewhat suspect that, that there's stability in the market and I don't

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blame them if you if you're an independent
medallion today to on should this bill pass
tomorrow you're a corporate medallion but in two
years maybe you'll be an independent medallion
again beyond being completely unable to track that
administratively that gives no surety to the
purchaser that their investment has the same
ability it had the day that they bought. So, I
think, you know happy to, to report out to council
how these changes are progressing but to put a
sunset on either bill would really undercut the
good work that you're doing through the bills.
CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Right. So,
let's continue the conversation and thank you for

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Right. So,

let's continue the conversation and thank you for...

me and, and my colleague has... don't have other

question so thank you and again... [cross-talk]

MEERA JOSHI: ...thank you... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: ...this is only
the beginning of our effort to a continuing working
only with TLC but we all a stakeholder of this
industry approaching something that it has been
really hurting like many great, hardworking New
Yorkers, we have more than 6,000 independent
medallion holders in our city so this is not only

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line? Okay, go ahead.

for... this would not only benefit a person or individual that has... and corporation can have a couple of 100 medallions this is about 6,000 independent medallion owners who rely on those values to apply for a loan, try to get a mortgage to... for they can buy their house or send their kids to college so thank you and we, we will continue working together. The next panel David Pollack, Peter Mazer, David Byer (sp?), and Robert Familant. Second and last panel so if anybody else wanted to testify we need to let her know.

MICHAEL KEOGH: May I begin. Alright, my name is Michael Keogh, I'm here testifying on behalf of David Byer who could not be with us unfortunately a last-minute thing came up. So, I just wanted to thank the Chair. I represent the committee for taxi safety it is the trade association of the license lease medallion agents and some other operators here in the city of New York. Do you want me to do the testimony or do you want me to...

ROBERT FAMILANT: Go down the line.

MICHAEL KEOGH: You want to go down the

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 4
2	ROBERT FAMILANT: My name is Robert
3	Familant, I'm the treasurer and CEO of I'm the
4	treasurer and CEO of Progressive Credit Union, we
5	have approximately 5,000 members many of them are
6	medallion taxi owners and operators, we have loans
7	equaling a billion one in the taxi industry in New
8	York and across the country and we're here to
9	testify on behalf of the bill today, thank you.
10	PETER MAZER: My name is Peter Mazer,
11	I'm general counsel to the Metropolitan Taxi Cab
12	Board of Trade. The trade association represents
13	the owners of approximately 5,500 medallion cabs in
14	New York City and I will be testifying in favor of
15	both bills today.
16	DAVID POLLACK: My name is David
17	Pollack and I'm the President of the Taxi Cab
18	Service Association, an association made up of four
19	taxi lending credit unions, I'm also the Director
20	of the Melrose Taxi Action Corporation.
21	ARTHUR GOLDSTEIN: Arthur Goldstein,
22	General Counsel to the Taxi Cab Service
23	Association.

MICHAEL KEOGH: Thank you Chair Rodriguez and the members of the transportation

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2	committee. We appreciate that you are taking up and
3	considering the issues raised by these Intros. The
4	Committee for Taxi Safety supports them with some
5	of the adjustments that were talked about by the
6	TLC Chair. We do think that some of those do make
7	some sense, we also think that these bills are
8	intended to, to address some of the byproducts of
9	taxi policy as it has unfolded in a competitive
10	market, market place without recognizing that it's
11	a competitive market place. So, we do think that
12	this is a, a good first step. Just for example the,
13	the yellow taxi industry has been burdened with a
14	lot of the different taxes and fees and regulations
15	that are not applicable any other segment within
16	this industry. We have the 50 percent accessibility
17	requirement which is one of the biggest drivers for
18	getting people out of this industry unfortunately
19	because we have lost the ability to offer the Camry
20	hybrid. That car is very popular, it is one of the
21	reasons why the Uber ex-product is 65 percent, a
22	Camry, a Camry hybrid and that we lost not through
23	any other reason other than government regulation.
24	The 50 percent accessibility requirement and the
25	taxi of tomorrow program has left us with less

2	fuel-efficient vehicles going forward. Drivers are
3	choosing to go to the other services that freely
4	have the cars that they want to drive that will
5	give them that fuel efficiency. So, while we do
6	think that it's important to address the issues in
7	the Intros we still have to really deal with the
8	fundamental question, we cannot freely compete for
9	drivers if we are only allowed to have vehicles
10	that the drivers are rejecting as opportunities to
11	make a living with. We're committed to the
12	accessibility program but we will not be able to
13	have a successful accessibility program which is
14	why there are over 500 medallions that are fully
15	financed, were purchased at the auctions that you
16	pointed out Chairman Rodriguez to the TLC Chair
17	that are not on the road today. The only reason
18	they are not on the road today is the drivers will
19	not drive an accessible less fuel efficient
20	vehicle. So, we are at this… where you have an
21	industry that has about a half a billion dollars
22	sitting on a shelf and then another 1,000 or so
23	cars that are parked in these taxi graveyards and
24	as you go and you see them and there are videos of
25	thom that are online and you can just go to any

neighborhood in Greenpoint or Williamsburg and 2 3 you'll see they are taxi of tomorrow's and they are 4 accessible vehicles that are sitting. So, for three years the taxi industry competed successfully with Uber in the market place because we were freely 6 allowed to offer vehicles that drivers preferred to 8 drive. The game changer happened with the accessibility... introduction of the accessibility program when that was taken away from us. So while 10 11 these two Intros do make a, a lot of sense to us, 12 they don't get at the fundamental problem that's 13 plaguing the industry going forward. We really do 14 need to have a fundamental conversation about what 15 is the responsibility for everyone in this industry 16 to provide accessible service. A lot of what went 17 on in the past was dealing with lawsuits and 18 settlements that did not bring all of the players 19 to the table. The taxi of tomorrow maker, for 20 example was not brought to the table until after 21 the city reached its settlement with the disability 2.2 advocates. The industry makers... or the industry 2.3 providers providing this transportation were never brought to the table and were told that a plan was 24 going to be instituted uh by the TLC well after the 25

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2	fact. We did all try to seek our rights in court
3	and so on like that but we understand that this is
4	a historic civil rights settlement and nobody
5	necessarily wants to undo it so then we have to do
6	some things to share the burden so that everybody
7	in the transportation industry has to pick up every
8	passenger in New York City regardless as to whether
9	or not they need a wheelchair and whether or not
10	they can transfer safely out of that wheelchair.
11	So, we do think that that's really the crucial
12	issue that we need to tackle next and expeditiously
13	because as I said you can't really have half a
14	billion dollars' worth of assets in any industry
15	sitting on a table and expect there to be

ROBERT FAMILANT: Thank you Michael. I,

I'll be short as the, as the taxi and limousine

commission made all of the important points that,

that I would like to point out, you know the

downturn in the market place has had many

contributory factors and the one we're addressing

today is, is concerning liquidity. Liquidity is, is

critical for any industry to be successful, the

opportunity long term going forward. So, with that

I'll turn it over to Robert.

2	people in an industry need to know that money is
3	available for them to be for them to be able to
4	get money for cars, that they can get money to
5	purchase medallions and liquidity is frightfully
6	low in our industry today without additional
7	confidence and that confidence part of that
8	confidence building, the active process will be
9	attained by these bills being passed, it'll show
10	the city supports the taxi industry, it's long term
11	survival and the survival of the people who owns
12	medallions that have used those medallions over
13	many generations to buy their homes, to send their
14	families to college, you know it, it's a, it's a
15	critical component of any, of any business. The
16	only thing I would add is, is that time is of the
17	essence, it, it we're it's great that we're here
18	today, these bills need to be considered and passed
19	within a, a short period of time so that all of its
20	advantages can, can go to the public and the, and
21	the drivers and the rest of the industry's
22	stakeholders. Thank you.

PETER MAZER: Good morning again my

name is Peter Mazer, General Counsel of the

Metropolitan Taxi Cab Board of Trade. We represent

2	the owners of approximately 5,500 licensed
3	medallion taxi cabs as well as agents, brokers, and
4	businesses that support the medallion industry. We
5	also provide services to the more than 22,000
6	drivers who lease taxi cabs from our members. I
7	commend the city council first of all for its
8	action of these two introductions. It is no secret
9	that the past two years have presented the
10	medallion taxi industry with extra ordinary
11	challenges. Each day on average more than a 100,000
12	fewer passengers ride taxi cabs than two years ago,
13	fare revenue has dropped by about 400 million
14	dollars per year, taxi medallion values have
15	plummeted, this means that for many New Yorkers who
16	have invested heavily in this industry their life
17	savings have been dissipated. Despite this gloomy
18	picture there are steps that can be taken to
19	protect the investments of many hard-working New
20	Yorkers who believe that taxi medallion ownership
21	is part of the American dream. These two bills are
22	a good start, Intro 1474 would reduce the tax paid
23	by purchasers of medallion taxi cabs from five
24	percent of the value… medallion value to one half
25	of one percent. When the medallion industry was

2	healthier a few years ago, this tax generated about
3	five million dollars per year in revenue to the
4	city, a small fraction of the budget. During the
5	past two years, there have been few transfers and
6	this tax has generated little or no income to the
7	city. By reducing the tax rate the city is
8	significantly lowering a barrier that is inhibiting
9	the restoration of a healthy taxi cab exchange
10	market by reducing transactional costs the city
11	will be encouraging lenders, purchasers, and others
12	to again enter the taxi cab market and invest in
13	this industry. The second bill, Intro 1475 makes
14	some significant changes to the medallion ownership
15	system, first the distinction between an
16	independent medallion that is a single medallion
17	owner and operated by one owner and corporate
18	medallions which may be owned in greater quantity
19	would be eliminated. The distinction made sense
20	years ago, when there was a vibrant market for
21	individually owned medallions which needed to be
22	protected, today statutory restrictions on
23	medallion ownership in fact distort the free market
24	and make it more difficult for owners of medallions
25	to sell their assets since the universe of

2	potential buyers is limited. The second major
3	change introduced by this bill is the concept that
4	a lending institution that acquires title to a
5	medallion either through the in voluntary or
6	involuntary sale or by some other means may have
7	the option to operate the medallion through a
8	licensed agent rather than be compelled to sell the
9	medallion at whatever price the market would bear.
10	This would prevent the sale of medallions to prices
11	well below fair market value since sales would
12	depress the entire medallion market, devalue assets
13	and represent the life savings of many owners and
14	create a liquidity crisis that would cause
15	medallions to be worth less than the outstanding
16	indebtedness. The bill would help stabilize the
17	industry by affording lenders of a method by which
18	they can avoid the for sale of, of, of sales at
19	prices below market value. While MTBOT supports
20	these bills, I would like to propose some changes
21	to the text of 1475 which we've already heard.
22	First we urge the city council to reconsider
23	section seven which would have the legislation
24	deemed repealed after two years after it becomes
25	law the nurnose of this legislation is presumably

2	to promote stability in a taxi cab market and this
3	stability would be undermined if the law is seen as
4	being only a temporary measure since amended
5	section five 513-B in its present form would
6	permit the operation of a foreclosed medallion for
7	three years, a two year sunset of the bill would
8	undermine this provision. Furthermore, the law
9	would repeal the prohibition against ownership of
10	both independent and corporate medallions by the
11	same entity. If this section were to be repealed
12	after two years, there would be owners of
13	medallions who would be compelled to divest their
14	interest. We encourage the council to rethink
15	whether the three-year limitation on foreclosing
16	entities operating medallions is necessary also.
17	Since regulators are governing banks and credit
18	unions already set limits on the period that these
19	entities can hold foreclosed as since without
20	having to sell them. Second amended 19513-B speaks
21	of a transfer of a medallion to purchaser in some
22	cases a secured lender which we envision would be
23	operating the medallion would not be the title
24	owner as implied by the term purchaser instead we

urge the council to change the word purchaser to

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secured lender to clarify that non-purchasing secured lenders would also be permitted to operate medallions through agents consistent with the requirements of the regulators of these financial institutions. While these bills alone would not fully restore confidence in the industry they are a crucial first step, they demonstrate that it's possible to confront serious issues in a positive environment and work together toward common solutions. In light of what we heard from the Chairperson I do want to address one comment that she made which was... which was not in the, in the ... my testimony which is the, the idea that the taxi and limousine commission be permitted to, to, to change in... the law that we... that is part of this bill which would make the, the divestiture of a medallion for nonuse permissive rather than mandatory. The Chairperson state, stated that she preferred it just to continue to be mandatory but noted that the TLC is not enforcing the provision at this time. By changing mandatory divestiture to permissive the TLC would have every right that it has to seek to divest a medallion ownership where a medallion is not being used in the manner in which

it's intended to but we feel that changing it to permissive divesture of a medallion would give the, the courts and whatever entities that would be reviewing whether or not the medallion should be divested or not an opportunity to craft a, a remedy that may come... be short of mandatory divestiture of a medallion so we would urge the retention of the language that's in the bill right now to make the divestiture of a medallion permissive rather than mandatory.

DAVID POLLACK: Good morning Chairman Rodriguez, Council Members. My name is David Pollack, the President of the Taxi Cab Service Association representing New York City medallion lenders. Over the past decade, the sales of New York City taxi medallions have generated hundreds of millions of dollars for the city's general fund by holding medallion auctions, that said when a purchaser buys a medallion from New York City there is no transfer tax yet when an existing medallion owner transfers his medallion the city receives a five percent transfer tax. The statistics I provided before you show medallion transfers from 2013 through 2016. In 2013 there were 258 medallion

transfers with zero foreclosures. In 2016 there
were a total of 65 transfers, 37 of which were
foreclosures. With a downturn in the market place
we need to make owning medallion more attractive,
Intros like 1474 and 1475 which help to make buying
a medallion both more attractive and maintain the
value hopefully will instill a sense of confidence
in the industry. The passage of Intro 1474 will
make the purchase of a medallion more appealing and
Intro 1475 will allow for the operation of such in
times of distress. To reinforce assisting the
industry both laws should sunset in four years as a
turnaround will not likely occur in two years. I
did not collaborate with the Taxi and Limousine
Commission but I tend to agree with them that the
repeal of the sunset provision we would totally
agree with, agree with wholeheartedly. Since the
longevity, longevity of a new taxi vehicle is seven
years for an accessible or hybrid vehicle we
believe the time allotted to lease a medallion that
has been surrendered, transferred involuntarily, or
as a result as a default of an obligation secured
by a secured interest should be allowed to operate
with a licensed agent for the life of the attached

2	vehicle with a minimum of three years. The TSA					
3	supports the passage of Intro 1474 and Intro 1475					
4	hopefully with the modifications suggested					
5	repealing the sunset clause. Thank you for the					
6	opportunity to address our position regarding both					
7	of these Intros. I also would mention that I					
8	support Mike Keogh and the Taxi Committee for Taxi					
9	Safety, there are 600 non-performing assets in					
10	storage in the city of New York's Taxi and					
11	Limousine Commission because divers can't buy the					
12	vehicle they want which is a Camry hybrid and we					
13	would love to see that vehicle approved by the city					
14	of New York as well. In general, we support these					

bills and we need it passed, thank you.

ARTHUR GOLDSTEIN: Just one quick comment, Arthur Goldstein of the Taxi Cab Service Association. Time is of the essence here and hearing the very good testimony from the Chair of the TLC we respectively request that respective councils get together as soon as possible and tweak the bill and message the bill and move towards an a version as soon as possible, we, we need the stimulus, thank you.

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1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 58					
2	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Council Member					
3	Miller?					
4	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Thank you Chair					
5	Rodriguez. Could someone… what, what is the					
6	percentage of independents as opposed to, to					
7	multiple corporate medallion holders in the					
8	industry.					
9	DAVID POLLACK: Well it's a, it's a					
10	catch 22, it's a trick question because the law					
11	says 42 percent I believe of all medallions have to					
12	be purchased by individuals what's not said is a					
13	large percentage of mini fleet corporations are					
14	also owned by individuals, there will be one owner					
15	or two owners who partner to buy a mini fleet					
16	corporation.					
17	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Okay, what is					
18	the percent that being said what is the percentage					
19	currently?					
20	DAVID POLLACK: I wish the Taxi and					
21	Limosine Commission Commissioner was still here to					
22	answer that question.					
23	ROBERT FAMILANT: Well by statute it's					
24	42, 42 individual and the balance… [cross-talk]					

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION
2	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:so [cross-
3	talk]
4	ROBERT FAMILANT:50 [cross-talk]
5	COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER:right but
6	that, that doesn't necessarily have to be the case
7	some individuals can no longer be in the industry
8	and those medallions have not been purchased or
9	vice versa, I was just trying to get at that so in
10	terms of the driver operators of, of these
11	vehicles of the vehicles owned by multiple
12	medallion holders is, is, is there a collaboration
13	with, with the drivers or the organizations that
14	represent the drivers, I, I find unusual that, that
15	there's no voice here today, is there a
16	collaboration between your organizations and, and
17	any of these around this specific issue considering
18	that obviously it would have a great impact on
19	their quality of life and their earning
20	opportunities as well?
21	MICHAEL KEOGH: Well the short answer
22	to that question is the Committee for Taxi Safety
23	members they have two customers, one is the

medallion owner, the other is the driver and in

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not only secure the purchase of a vehicle but over time help them work through the financing and the lending to help them become a purchaser of a medallion as well. In terms of the overall crisis that's facing the industry the drivers are sort of voting with their feet, it's like the minute the medallion that they had had becomes an accessible

voting with their feet, it's like the minute the medallion that they had had becomes an accessible medallion through the TLC's lottery system they throw the keys on the table and they say I want to go drive for a car service, an Uber that will give me a Camry... a Camry hybrid which is what they're

path has not been as critical to the drivers as the vehicle choice.

used to doing so I'd, I'd say that the ownership

kind of leads me to, to... and, and this collaboration if there was one is there something... and, and also, we're talking about the amount of vehicles that are unused that are being laid up currently is that because we're not attracting operator drivers is there conversations about additional compensation, amending compensation that would incentivize and attract those drivers who...

2 MICHAEL KEOGH: ...yes, currently...

[cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: ...drive those vehicles?

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MICHAEL KEOGH: Currently nobody in the industry is charging anywhere near the lease cap in order to get the accessible cars out on the road, the, the hybrids that we are allowed to put out under the TLC's Taxi of Tomorrow Program and accessibility program those are out and, and, and, and drivers are, are generally happy with those to get additional compensation is something that we have difficulty doing because unlike the other industries we are not allowed to set the level of fares and so on but the cars are trying... are... an accessible car would be given out for free in terms of a, a lease medallion just to generate some income from it as opposed to having it listed on a shelf, the drivers are choosing not to drive them because they're just fuel efficient... inefficient because it's a bigger, heavier car than a hybrid. So that's been the difficulty and the problem any other incentive programs that the city would entertain other than what they currently are which

2	their financed by taxi cab passengers would be
3	helpful also potentially sharing the burden so that
4	this 50 percent settlement is not all on this one
5	segment but is more diffuse throughout the industry
6	would allow us to offer the kinds of cars that the
7	drivers would want, have them and go back to the
8	career path that was happening in this where you
9	had somebody who was a driver they may partner with
10	another driver, purchase a medallion or two and run
11	it as a mini fleet, that had been the career path
12	for a very long period of time and many of those
13	drivers are have become licensed lease agents as
14	well. So, that was the career path that was
15	happening, it's been disrupted because of the
16	mandate of the 50 percent settlement coming at a
17	time with all the added competition from the app
18	based services.

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Yeah. So obviously, that is become more than just a real competition but an impediment to the industry and I, I just... I would feel a lot better if I were hearing from those operator drivers and, and, and... themselves here now and let me just say that I'm really, really in favor of, of, of total equity

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around accessibility throughout the whole city I, I think that there are no communities, there are no group of people that are less deserving than others and that if the city's going to provide or set policy around an industry that everybody should be held to those standards and anything that we can do to do that I'm, I'm in favor of that so thank you.

PETER MAZER: If I could just add something in response to your question as part of our service as a trade association we offer free legal representation to drivers and we provide free training to drivers so during the past year I've had the opportunity to speak to about 2,000 individual taxi cab drivers, some of which own medallions, some of which are for the most part lease medallions from other owners and so we can talk to them about what their concerns are, what they are unhappy about with the, with the state of the industry and what we can do to address their concerns. The two big concerns that I hear from drivers are number one uh they feel that there's disparate and unequal enforcement of the laws against taxi cab drivers. They feel that they are singled out for enforcement action, that drivers

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have told me that yes, I, I did something wrong, I made an illegal left turn but there were five cars that made the illegal left turn, the four black cars were let go and the one taxi cab driver was pulled over and given the summons and I've confronted the police about that and they'll say yeah that's true. The other big concern that we hear from drivers is that their income is being affected because there are large numbers of illegal vehicles operating on the streets of New York that are picking up fares that are not licensed to do so. Both legal black cars that are picking up street hails illegally and illegal cars coming into New York City to the point that our drivers say they can no longer go to the hotels, they can no longer go to the airports because the hustlers have taken away their business. Those are the big concerns that we hear from our drivers, we don't hear so much about the concerns about the operational aspects, the owner versus driver issues which we frankly did hear a few years ago that seems not to be a prevalent concern, the concern now is competition and... unfair competition, they're not saying well the green cars shouldn't be allowed

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to exist or the licensed delivery car shouldn't be allowed to exist but they really feel that there is a... an unlevel playing field in the fact that they are signaled out for enforcement and that they don't have the opportunity to get the fares that are... they're entitled to.

DAVID POTTLACK: I'd also like to add something. These bills will enable two drivers to purchase the medallion and partner with New York City with a commitment of exclusive street hail rights in New York City in an affordable way. It stops and it reduces one of the financial stumbling blocks that the small business man has and if you notice the names at the last auction in March of 2014 overwhelming majority are immigrants, this is an immigrant business, why aren't they here today, they come to me every day. Last week I had an 86year-old man in my office, his medallion is in storage, he cannot sell it, there's no market, he cannot lease it because he has to put an accessible vehicle on and no one wants to drive it and he can't drive it, he's too old and too sick, there are no more answers, the answers is, is simply we

2	need help i	n this	industry	by	the	administration	so
3	thank vou v	zerv muc	·h				

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CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Council Member
Menchaca?

COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: And I'm sorry before... continuation of roll call vote Committee on Transportation Introductions 267A and 873A Council Member Constantinides?

COUNCIL MEMBER CONSTANTINIDES: I thank you Mr. Chair, I vote aye.

COMMITTEE CLERK MARTIN: The vote on those two items now stand at 12 in the affirmative, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Great, thank you. Council Member Menchaca?

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Thank you

Chair and thank you... thank you to this panel for,

for coming here today and representing the voices

of the workers and the industry. I want to pick up

on, on, on Pollack's last remarks about this is an

immigrant industry and according to the TLC this is

a... about 90, 91 percent of the workforce are

immigrants and so it requires a very kind of

particular kind of response that's going to require

2	the city agencies to work with everybody at the					
3	table and that, that's what I keep hearing so I					
4	want, I want to acknowledge we, we acknowledge					
5	that and as the Chair of the Immigration Committee					
6	I acknowledge that too that these industries across					
7	so many different work forces are, are					
8	predominately immigrant and, and so maybe I'll					
9	start with a question that I, I, I asked the					
10	commissioner how do you feel like the lines of					
11	communication how, how, how open are the lines of					
12	communication in bringing those issues to the					
13	commission, she mentioned things like meetings,					
14	radio, and events and, and so if you can if, if,					
15	if one or a few can kind of just give me a, a					
16	touchpoint about how that is working and whether or					
17	not you've seen an evolution with it not just an					
18	evolution of tell me what's going on but a we					
19	understand this is an immigrant, immigrant					
20	workforce and we're going to bring you a response					
21	that respects that? If anybody has any strong					
22	things to say about, about that?					

MICHAEL KEOGH: Alright, well they're all looking at me so I'm going to answer it I guess.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Okay Mr.

Keogh.

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MICHAEL KEOGH: So, I think that the TLC has kept up with the times in terms of being able to communicate more with the driver community and their doors are generally open to us but I think unfortunately because of the actions of the prior administration just before it left office which quite frankly there was not a, a reasonable communication that was going on at that particular point in time. A lot of, of the TLC's hands have been tied, they have a 50 percent settlement it's been mandated by a federal court because that's what the prior administration agreed to do, they did not put any implementation ability and they left it to the current TLC and the current administration to try to figure out a way to how to do that. It's just not going to work though and it's, it's one of the reasons why we're nowhere near the level of deployment on the accessibility program of them actually being out on the road and don't get me wrong there are about 200 to 300 drivers consistently throughout the years when the accessibility program first happened about 10, 15

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years ago, that continued to drive accessible 2 3 medallions, most of the other drivers are not attracted to that. So as the TLC continues to 4 mandate the accessibility roll out the result is is that the medallion then comes off the market place 6 7 a driver who'd been used to driving it now has to go to an Uber or a neighborhood car service and try 8 to get that Camry hybrid that they want to drive and then they're at the mercy of whatever pricing 10 11 structure that that industry wants to do and they've lost a little bit of their bargaining power 12 13 by saying like well I don't like this, I'm going to 14 go back to yellow or I'm going to go drive green or 15 something like that, that's been one of the real 16 constraints that have happened but in terms of the TLC being open to listen, yes they've been open to 17 18 listen but I do think that there's a practical 19 tying of their hands that has occurred that doesn't 20 allow them to deal with this fundamental problem.

ROBERT FAMILANT: If I could add to that because I think I've been here the longest and I've seen waves of different immigration groups come into the taxi industry going way back there were Greek immigrants and Haitians and Russians

2	and, and, and there are different folks today and,					
3	and what, what brings them is the success of the					
4	industry and that's why these bills are important,					
5	you know, you know build it and they will come,					
6	they will take advantage of what the taxi industry					
7	has to offer if that offer is an offer of success,					
8	if that is an offer of fair wages, if that's an					
9	offer of respect for their, for their profession I					
10	think there was a, a, a miss, a misconception that					
11	fleets will gobble up the medallions if there isn't					
12	individual and mini fleet medallions, I think it's					
13	just the opposite. In the late 70's when the fleets					
14	were struggling those medallions were sold to					
15	individual operators from each of their garages, we					
16	financed them, credit unions led the way in					
17	financing them. Now some of those people became					
18	successful over the years and from owning one					
19	medallion or sharing two medallions, two people					
20	they bought two more, two more and they					
21	became small garages filled with mini fleet					
22	operators, it's that opportunity, it's that					
23	confidence that will build the success here. Thank					
24	you.					

DAVID POLLACK: Also as far as outreach

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I do have a radio show called the Taxi Dave Show, it's a live call in show and I urge all the council members to listen to old shows at NYC taxi news dot com but the... I mean how did... how did people find out about today, I'm on a list, I get an e-mail, there are still in this world today believe it or not hundreds if not more drivers, medallion owners who are not... do not... cannot participate in social media. Take the 86-year-old gentleman they rely on associations and people like the people sitting at this table to be their voice. When do you know there's a taxi and limousine commission meeting, there used to be a general mailing well save a tree, save postage now it's posted on their website, if you have no access to internet you're not going to know about any bills, any Intros, any meetings so I just wanted to put that out there too.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Thank you for that and that's... and that's why we, we... this is why if we want to do work with the immigrant community we have to understand it... first and foremost understand where, where they are and how to

2 communicate and it's not just a process it's also 3 language that we have to do as well and culture 4 and, and this is why, this is why I'm, I'm, I'm 5 interested in this in a big way, I don't want to take too much more time but I've been... I'm 6 7 concerned by some of the things that I've heard. One is the fact that, that some of the drivers are 8 feeling targeted, I think we need to investigate that, I think we need to really think about that if 10 11 we want to build trust with these different 12 industries, we got to, we got to deal with that. 13 If... whether or not this is true this is an alleged 14 comment and concern, we need to, we need to prove 15 it and so let's work together to figure out how 16 that happens. Second the fact that there are legal 17 cars that are coming in and essentially bumping an... 18 all our legit drivers that, that have, that have 19 access to these areas like our, our airports that's 20 of concern too and so this is where we need to 21 figure out how we get enforcement out there. These are things that are outside some of the main topics 2.2 2.3 we're talking about like disability but this is all connected if we don't solve that issue how are they 24 going... how are we going to feel like we're actually 25

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going to solve some of these bigger, bigger issues and I'll stop there but the last thing I want to say is the, the ethnic media piece I, I'm, I'm really looking forward to working with everybody to figure out how we can measure success and increases into markets that are, are going to get the message out and so it might be, might be through internet and it might be through radio, it might be through newspaper, I might be through radio shows whatever it is let the people tell us where they are and we will come to them and that's the only way that this is going to work. Thank you.

with that we come to the end. I would like to summarize saying that we will continue conversation. It is in our interest to see it through taxi industry where delivery, app company, black car, limousine exist but also where drivers most important where consumers get the best services that they demand... that they demand, where drivers make the living and where medallion owners also know that we didn't give... that we are there to support because they were there when no other sectors were providing this services. As we would

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION
2	not have a New York City without immigrants it is
3	difficult to pretend that we can see New York City

without yellow taxis and we are here to support and do whatever we can so that this industry continues

6 providing this service that they have done for many

7 decades. With that this interview is adjourned.

[gavel]

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date	March	19,	2017