CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

November 15, 2016 Start: 1:13 p.m. Recess: 4:15 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

B E F O R E: ERIC A. ULRICH

Chairperson

INEZ D. BARRON Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Fernando Cabrera

Alan N. Maisel Paul A. Vallone Joseph C. Borelli

James Vacca

Jumaane D. Williams Laurie A. Cumbo Ydanis A. Rodriguez Vanessa L. Gibson

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Christopher Rosa, Interim Vice Chancellor Student Affairs City University of New York, CUNY

Wilfred Cotto, Coordinator Veterans Services Borough of Manhattan Community College, BMCC

Vanessa Cordero, Student John Jay College of Criminal Justice

Leora Shudofsky, Social Worker Co-Director of Prove, Project for Return Opportunity and Veterans Education

Joe Bello, Secretary New York City Veterans Advisory Board

Noah Almanor, Student Veteran La Guardia College

Ricky Malone

Loren Patterson, Veteran Student La Guardia College

Yonadi Reyes, Veteran Student Baruch College

Trent Coyle, Disabled Veteran Student Baruch College Executive Vice President Baruch Student Veterans Association Melissa Sue, Veteran Student Baruch College

Jonathan Fermin-Robbins Hunter College

Sean Sterrett, Veteran Student La Guardia Community College

Kevin Chemilio, Student Veteran

2 [sound check, pause] [gavel]

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3 CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Good afternoon. I'm Council Member Inez Barron, and I am the Chair of the 4 5 Committee on Higher Education. Today, we will be 6 holding a joint hearing with the Committee of 7 Veterans Affairs, and that will start after we have the vote on Proposed Intro 119-1138. On June 16th, 8 9 the Committee on Higher Education held a hearing on 10 Local Law-of Intro 1138, a local law to establish a 11 task force to review proposals for restoring free 12 tuition at the City University of New York. 13 Witnesses testifying were from City University. 14 University Student Senate, the Office of Management 15 and Budget and Higher Education advocates, and other 16 interested parties. The university had its start 17 from the Free Academy established in 1847 as New York 18 City's first publicly financed institution of higher 19 education. Conceived by the then New York City Board 20 of Education, President Townsend Harris, as a college 21 that would open the doors to all, and that the 2.2 children of the rich and the poor take their seats 23 together and know of no distinctions say that of 24 industry, good conduct and intellect. The tuition 25 free policy continues through the establishment of

CLERK:

Rodriguez.

and then I will follow him.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: Thank you, Madam Chair. Good afternoon everyone. I am Council Member Eric Ulrich, Chairman of the New York City Veterans Committee. This month, as we do each year, we honor the men and women of our armed forces with Veterans Day celebrations across our city and our country, and it was wonderful to see so many of you at the parade participating last week. But while we take one day to focus on celebrating the service and sacrifices of our veterans, we owe service men-our former service members a duty and a responsibility to honor them all year round, not only on Veterans Day. This means ensuring that they have access to quality healthcare when they need it. This means connecting them to good paying jobs and other employment opportunities, and as we will discuss today. This means making it easier for them to get a quality affordable education. Currently, the City University of New York educates over 3,000 veterans system wide. one of the largest student veteran populations in the United States. CUNY student veterans rely on the university to help them transition from active duty to civilian life, and to lay the groundwork for a prosperous and successful career post-military.

2 Recognizing the-recognizing the unique needs of these 3 students, CUNY has taken a number of steps including the establishment of a task force on veterans 4 5 affairs, and the subsequent proposal of several recommendations as well as the university commitment 6 7 to the principles of excellences for educational 8 institutions and the eight keys to veterans' success implemented by the Veterans Administration of Department of Defense and the U.S. Department of 10 11 Education. To its credit, CUNY has been recognized 12 as a military friend institution for several years. 13 New York City has the opportunity to leverage the strength of CUNY schools to attract veterans who 14 15 live, study and work throughout the five boroughs 16 adding an incredible, knowledgeable and skilled 17 workforce to our city. Today, I look forward to a 18 hearing-to hearing from CUNY about the steps they are 19 taking to meet the principles they have committed to 20 upholding to attract more returning veterans to get 21 an education at CUNY schools, and to serve the 2.2 population of active duty reservists and veteran 2.3 students everyday throughout the year. Whether is providing them with academic support, making sure 24 that their education and skills are recognized 25

2 through the provision of college credit, helping them 3 obtain proper health and counseling services, and making them feel integrated, fully integrated into 4 the life of the university. CUNY's student veterans deserve not only a commitment of excellence, but 6 7 actual excellence from their school's performance. 8 I'd first like to thank my friend and colleague from Brooklyn Council Member Inez Barron, and the members of Higher Education Committee for joining us to hold 10 11 this joint oversight hearing. It's a very important 12 hearing, and I'd also like to acknowledge the members of the Veterans Committee on the Council who have 13 joined us today, Council Member Maisel also of 14 15 Brooklyn was here, Council Member Vallone is here, Council Member Borelli is somewhere, but he'll be 16 17 here soon, and Council Member Cabrera from the Bronx. 18 Is he her? He was here. I think he's coming back. There—there are several other committees meeting 19 20 today. Finally, I'd like to thank the Veterans 21 Committee staff Eric Bernstein, Committee Counsel; 2.2 Michael Kurtz, our Policy Analyst; James Subudhi; and 2.3 John Russel from the Council Finance Division as well as the Higher Education Committee staff, which I 24 think was already recognized, for all their work in 25

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preparing today's hearing, and I will turn it back
over to Councilwoman Barron.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you, Council Member Ulrich. Good afternoon. I want to welcome everyone to today's hearing on Veterans in the CUNY system. As I said earlier, my name is Council Member Inez Barron, and I am the Chair of the Committee on Higher Education. We are joined today by members of the Committee on Veterans, chaired by my colleague Council Member Ulrich. Witnesses invited to testify on today's topic include representatives from the City University, Professional Staff Congress, student veteran organizations, and other interested parties. First, as we're holding this hearing a few days after Veterans Day, I want to express my gratitude to the men and women who've served our country. Thank you for your service. Having said that, I need to say that I'm not a card bearing member of Grannies for Teens (sic), but I do support their opposition to military installations in our education institutions, and I did not advance a curriculum that talks about wars in foreign countries, and I do support Dr. King's position that we've got to address the issues of racism and militarism.

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New York City is home to more than 2,010-2 3 210,000 veterans, many of whom have returned from 4 active duty intending to trans-to transition to the civilian workforce. However, despite the fact that 5 military veterans are high trained, often in 6 7 specialized field that are in great demand in both the private and public sectors, many find that 8 transition difficult without a college degree. such, CUNY, the largest urban public university in 10 11 the United States with learning opportunities at every level, and particular courses for PhD at 25 12 13 campuses across the five boroughs, plays a critical 14 role in addressing veterans' academic needs and 15 facilitating that transition. In doing so, the 16 university has undertaken a number of initiatives to respond to the unique needs of prospective and 17 18 admitted veteran students. In 2011, following the 19 signif-the significant increase in veteran enrollment 20 at the university due in large part to soldiers 21 returning from Operation Iraqi Freedom in Iraq, and Operation Enduring Freedom, and Operation New Dawn in 2.2 2.3 Afghanistan, CUNY convened a task force of Veterans Affairs, to better understand and meet the unique 24

challenges of the veteran student population.

2 task force released its findings in a 2013 report 3 that recommended CUNY expand its definition of a 4 veteran, update its policy regarding out-of-state 5 tuition rates, engage the private sector in identifying career opportunities for veterans, and 6 7 improve services to veterans. I'm sure we're all 8 familiar with Harriet Tubman, and we know her as an abolitionist, and we know her as a freedom fighter. But you may not know that she was also a veteran of 10 11 the Civil War and, in fact, it has been documented that she was the first woman to lead an armed 12 13 expedition during the war. But such-even though she 14 was a veteran, she faced obstacles similar to 15 veterans today when she was denied any entitlement to 16 veteran-to benefits and a pension as a veteran. 17 she wages that battle. So, I'm all-also very 18 familiar with the Black Veterans for Social Justice, 19 an organization that I was around at their beginnings 20 when they got founded about 30 odd years ago, and the 21 great work that they have done for our society. Through its Office of Veterans Affairs located at the 2.2 2.3 central office for Student Affairs, CUNY offers prospective veteran students assistance with the 24 25 application process including an application fee

waiver, financial aid, housing, legal services, 2 3 health and wellness and counseling and psychiatric-4 and psychiatry. Other programs include Projects for Return and Opportunity in Veterans Education or PROVE, which helps veterans transition from the 6 7 military to academia, and it's offered at seven 8 campuses. In partnership the American Corporate Partners, CUNY also provides career and professional mentorship, and in conjunction with the individual 10 11 training grant, veterans are offered specialty 12 training through the New York City Department of Small Business Services Workforce 1 Program. 13 Finally, most CUNY campuses feature an official 14 15 student veteran lounge or club space, and at least 16 seven campuses have an official chapter of student 17 veterans in American. In today's hearing I look 18 forward to hearing more about CUNY services for 19 veterans and how successful CUNY has been in meeting 20 the needs of its veteran student population. 21 particular, I'm interested in learning about how veterans and military services recognize and 2.2 2.3 translate it into college credits and the mental and health services. We look forward to hearing from 24 students and veterans and learning more about your 25

experiences, and any suggestions they may have to
help improve CUNY services, and I want to acknowledg
the members of the committee. We were joined by
Council Member Vacca, who had to leave. Council
Member Jumaane Williams is here. We do have Council
Member Vanessa Gibson, and we do have Council Member
Laurie Cumbo, and we also [background comments]-I
think there as another member. We'll get that name.
So we do want to turn it back. Oh, Council Member
Cabrera. He was here earlier as well. So with that
having been said, I'm going to turn it back to my
colleague Council Member Illrich. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you, Chair
Barron, and thank you for your commitment to higher
education. I know how deeply you care about this
issue as a former educator and administrator, and I
certainly appreciate your expert—expertise and
assistance with today's hearing. [background
comments] Yes, we asked the Clerk.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. I want to ask the Clerk if he would again go to the vote so that Council Member Laurie Cumbo can cast her vote.

CLERK: William Martin, Committee Clerk.

Roll-continuation of roll call in Committee on Higher

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2 Education, Introduction 1138-A. Council Member 3 Cumbo.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: I proudly vote on 1138-A, and I congratulate Council Member Barron on this important piece of legislation to create a task force on affordability, admissions, graduation rates at the City University of New York. I vote aye.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you.

CLERK: The final vote on this item now stands a 7 in the affirmative, 0 in the negative, and no abstentions. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you to the Clerk.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay, we are going to begin with the first panel, and our first individual to testify representing CUNY Christopher Rose, the Interim Vice Chancellor of Student Affairs; Wilfred Cotto, the Coordinator of Veterans Services at the Borough of Manhattan Community College, BMCC; and Vanessa Cordero, a student from John Jay College of Criminal Justice. I'll ask the Committee Counsel to swear in the panel.

LEGAL COUNSEL: [pause] Can you raise your right hand, please? Do you affirm to tell the

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truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your testimony before the committee today, and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?

PANEL MEMBER: [off mic] I do.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Please, sir, at your

leisure. [background comments]

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: Thank you. you. Good afternoon, Chair Ulrich, Chair Barron and distinguished members of the Higher Education and Veterans Affairs Committees. I want to begin my testimony today by thank you sincerely for your ongoing support of the City University of New York, and your enduring commitment to our returning veterans. My name is Chris Rosa, and I'm currently CUNY's Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs. Thank you also for the opportunity to be-to appear before you on the topic of student veterans at the City University of New York. I'm honored to serve on this afternoon's panel with two of CUNY's most staunch advocates on behalf of the success and wellness of CUNY student veterans. My friend and colleague Wilfred Cotto, Student Life Specialist in Veterans Affairs at BMCC, who proudly served in active duty to the US Navy for 28 years, and Vanessa Cordero, a US

Army veteran student at John Jay College of criminal 2 3 justice. Welcome. Together we will describe the 4 depth of CUNY's commitment to student veterans as well as share some of the challenges we face in 5 meeting the unique needs of student veterans to 6 ensure their success. CUNY is deeply committed to making our university a first choice destination for 8 veterans. As the nation's leading public urban university, and because of our legacy of providing 10 11 higher education opportunity for generations of those returning from military service, we believe it is our 12 13 duty to open the doors wide for today's veterans. Ιn 14 addition, CUNY seeks to attract New York's top 15 students--because we seek to attract our top 16 students, it is in our interest to be an attraction 17 option for veterans. Veterans typically offer a 18 profile that is highly desirable by colleges and 19 universities. Most are mature, goal oriented, 20 mission drive, experienced leaders who work 21 tirelessly to achieve their objective, and look for 2.2 ways to make meaningful contributions to their 2.3 community. They not only understand the concept of sacrifice for the greater good, they've lived it. 24 25 short, veterans are exactly the kind of students and

2 role models we welcome on our campuses. CUNY proudly 3 educates more than 3,000 student veterans, an 4 increase of more than 250% of the last eight years. 5 While CUNY student veterans are on average older the general student population, like prior generations, 6 our veterans are typically young adults. Over half 7 are between 20 and 29 years old, and in ways 8 different from previous veteran cohorts, today's student veterans reflect the new realities of 10 11 military engagements in which they have served. 12 example, a third of veterans deployed in operations 13 Enduring Freedom, Iraqi Freedom and New Dawn are deployed multiple times. When it comes to college 14 15 costs, CUNY is by far New York City's most affordable 16 option for veterans. Student veterans who are 17 eligible for the post 9/11 GI Bill at 100% and are 18 residents of New York State can attend CUNY at no Furthermore, veterans who are not New York 19 20 State residents are charged the same tuition rates as 21 New York State residents for a period of 18 months 2.2 from their first date of attendance. Finally, 2.3 veterans are exempt from the CUNY admissions application fee. Indeed, CUNY issues approximately 24 1,100 veterans undergraduate application fee waivers 25

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to veterans from all branches of the armed services including reservists and National Guard members, which are placed to almost \$80,000 in value and waivers per calendar year. CUNY understands the transition from military life to higher education, and has put in place a multitude of services to ease this transition. In 2013, CUNY issued the report of the Council of Presidents Ad Hoc Committee on strengthening services for veterans from soldier to scholar. To address the needs of student veterans to examine our practices, and develop recommendations to improve the experience of student veterans at CUNY. This report provided several recommendations that have guided the University to better support veterans. From recruitment to admission through graduation and transition to employment the strategic plan positions CUNY well to comply with President Obama's Executive Order, and to implement the principles of excellences. Our commitment begins with the proactive recruitment of military veterans. Our CUNY welcome centers, veterans-veterans admission teams is a group of talented admissions counselors who are dedicated to serving veteran applicants. The team responds to veteran inquiries, and provides

2 basic information about CUNY's programs and 3 resources, the application process and the process of 4 using veterans benefits. Veterans can visit the CUNY Welcome Center to receive assistance in submitting 5 the online application. They can also send their 6 7 supporting documents to a member of the Veterans 8 Admission Team so the application processing can be expedited. The Veterans Admission team sends campus veterans coordinators lists of the veterans who were 10 11 accepted to that particular college. coordinators use the information to proactively reach 12 out to new student veterans and facilitate their 13 enrollment including an informed review of veterans 14 15 joint service transcripts to grant academic credit 16 for military service. The Veterans Admissions Team 17 work closely with the CUNY ROTC program to assist 18 with ePermits, information sessions, and targeted 19 recruitment. As you know, a CUNY permit is a digital 20 request, which allows a student from one CUNY college 21 to take a course at another CUNY college. Because 2.2 the ROTC program is only offered at two of our 2.3 colleges, City College and York College, we help interested students from all other community college-24 colleges register via ePermit for ROTC at all the 25

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campuses. Once here, the student veterans have access to services and programming designed to provide a supportive environment and a success academic experience. Some veterans returning from military service can face emotional, financial, academic and cultural obstacles for college transition. To meet unique needs of returning veterans, most of our campuses have full-time veteran services coordinators. These coordinators serve as a one-stop resource for student veterans. Most of our campuses also have established dedicated co-curricular space for student veterans. One of the finest examples of this is the Veterans Club space at alma mater Queens College, which used an \$8,000 grant from the Students Veterans of America and the Home Depot to purchase lounge and pantry furniture, a computer, appliances to create a welcoming space where Queens student veterans can study, relax, connect with each other as well as network with other student organizations. addition, many CUNY faculty and staff members receive military cultural competence training. Several of our colleges have cross-campus working veterans services teams comprised of key offices that impact the student veteran experience including Academic

2 Advisement, the Certifying Official, Disability 3 Services, the Bursar, Financial Aid, the Registrar, 4 and the Counseling Center. We are also fortunate to have Projects for Return and Opportunity in Veterans 5 Education, PROVE, currently on 14 campuses. 6 7 assists student veterans in their transition from 8 military life to college and civilian life, and my colleague Leora Shudofsky will speak more richly about the great work that proved those. But essen-10 11 essentially, teams of student veteran mentors, graduate social work interns, and social work field 12 13 instructors work with campus professionals to enrich existing services to veterans. Again, you'll hear 14 15 more about PROVE in an-in a few minutes. They will 16 be testifying shortly. Many soldiers, Marines, airmen, sailors join the military before their 21st 17 18 birthday, and for many, it's the only job they've 19 ever held. While this training and experience are 20 certainly invaluable, it's not always intuitively 21 translatable to civilian employment. In addition, 2.2 many returning veterans face structural barriers for 2.3 employment causing veterans to struggle in their transition to civilian-to the civil workforce. CUNY 24 is committee to helping student veterans successfully 25

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transition to the civil workforce. Career readiness, internship, and post-graduate employment for student veterans are CUNY's top priorities. CUNY partners with both public and private sectors to cultivate opportunities for our student veterans. We organize student veteran job fairs. Examples include the very recent CUNY 2016 Academic Awards and Resource Fair, which provided many of CUNY's most outstanding student veteran scholars the opportunity to network with more than 60 leading employers in our city. In addition, we connect our student veterans to valued organizational partners that through mentoring programs and career counseling, help prepare student veterans for the world of work. American corporate partners connect veterans with business leaders through mentorship and online career advice. Edge for Vets assists veterans with transitioning their military service into resiliency tools for success, and Four Block assists veterans in bridging the gap from academics to career development. CUNY faculty is keenly aware of the unique experience of student veterans. Recently, Hunter College received a grant from the National Endowment for the humanities to promote a better understanding of military service

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and promote support for student veterans. This grant will fund-will fund public events and classroom opportunities for veterans and the student veteran to have the opportunity to co-facilitate conversations about the lived experience of military service, and what it can teach us all about moral development, ethics and leadership. In closing, I'm very please to announce that earlier this year, the City University of New York became the first university system in America to be named military friendly in recognition of its programs for veterans. Members of the armed forces leading the military service, and their military spouses. The designation by Victory Media, the founder of the 13-year-old program, was given to all 17 CUNY schools. We are proud of this system wide military friendly designation as an affirmation of our incremental progress for—towards cultivating and sustaining a university that truly embraces and empowers its student veterans. Again, thank you for this opportunity, and it's my honor to introduce my friend and colleague Wilfred Cotto. Thank you. [pause]

WILFRED COTTO: Thank you Interim Vice Chancellor Rosa. Good afternoon, Chair Ulrich, Chair

Barron, honorable members of the Veterans Affairs and 2 3 Higher Education Committee. My name is Wilfred 4 Cotto. I am a retired Navy veteran currently serving as the Coordinator of Veteran Services at the Borough of Manhattan Community College, BMCC. Thank you for 6 7 this opportunity to highlight some of our program 8 efforts in support of our student veteran population. There are currently 458 student veterans enrolled at BMCC, of which 160 are new students this semester. 10 11 This accounts for 15% of the university's total student veteran population, and the largest student 12 13 veteran population amongst all CUNY colleges. has a full service veterans resource center, which is 14 15 staffed by one full-time student like specialist; two 16 part-time college assistants; two graduate social work interns; and 15 VA work study student veterans. 17 There is also a full-time licensed clinical social 18 19 worker assigned to the Counseling session-center, who 20 specializes in veteran related issues. The mission 21 of the BMCC Resource Center is to support students-to 2.2 support military veterans, active duty and reserve 2.3 personnel and their families during their transition from military life to campus life by supporting the 24 central community—by foster—by fostering a central 25

2 community among student veterans, faculty and campus 3 staff, and by working closely with community partners 4 to ensure a successful transition beyond the college experience. BMCC complies with guidelines mind-5 mandated by (1) The Executive Order 13607, which 6 7 establishes the Rules of Excellence, (2) the VA's 8 Eight Keys to Veterans' success, and (3) the recommendations made by the CUNY Council of Presidents Task Force Report on Veteran Services. 10 11 Based on these mandates and recommendations, BMCC 12 designated a single point of contact on comp-on 13 campus for all veteran related matters, created a 14 veteran specific state where veterans can gather and 15 services can be coordinated the Veterans Resource 16 Center; established a Veterans Support Team 17 throughout the campus made up of representatives from 18 Admissions, Academic Advisory, Registrar, Bursar, 19 Financial Aid, Counseling, Disability Services, 20 Career Development, and Health Services. We approve 21 all prospective student governments with the 2.2 application and admissions process. We conduct 2.3 Veteran specific orientation session. We offer academic advisement unique to the student veterans. 24 We ensure that student veterans understand the GI 25

2 Bill Educational Entitlement. We provide student 3 veterans with financial advice to ensure they 4 understand the total costs of an education program. We accommodate service members in the service when 5 absent due to military service obligations, and we 6 7 provide peer-to-peer mentoring opportunities with 8 approved program and our VA Work Study peer mentors. In-in addition, our organization for student veterans is one of the most active clubs on campus. 10 11 organization meets every Wednesday from 2:00 to 4:00 12 p.m. Every week there are professional speakers 13 scheduled to come in to speak and discuss programs 14 and services available for veterans throughout the 15 local community services, our jobs, employment 16 assistance, housing assistance, health and mental 17 health care, legal assistance to assist student 18 veterans with that experience beyond the campus. 19 organization sponsors a number of off-campus trips, 20 events, and activities throughout the semester, and 21 collaborates with other campus clubs to help foster 2.2 as sense of community and belonging to all student 2.3 veterans on campus. This is the third consecutive year BMCC has been designated as a top military 24 friend of the college by Victor-by the Victor-Victory 25

Leader Organization. With your continued support, I am sure that BMCC will continue serving the needs of student veterans transitioning from the military to college for many years to come. On behalf of all students veterans at BMCC thank you. With that, I want to introduce my colleague Vanessa

VANESSA CORDERO: Good afternoon. name Vanessa. I am a veteran from the United States Army. I serves as a combat medic. I am currently a CUNY student looking forward to graduating in 2017 with my bachelor's in criminal justice. I have had the privilege of attending two CUNY schools, first attending BMCC, where I was given an associate's degree in criminal justice, and graduated with honors. I am currently a student at John Jay College, and maintain a 3.9 GPA. I owe a lot of my success to the Veterans Resource Center. Here, I can feel at home, and I can always find someone to assist me with any matter that I have. I have to comment CUNY for its efforts in-in order to facilitate a transition from soldier to student. Never before have I felt an immense gratitude for the service that I have provided as a soldier. CUNY staff go above

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and beyond for their student veteran population and I
thank you guys for having me. [pause]

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay. Alright, thank you so much for your testimony. Did you want to add something? Okay, thank you for your testimony and to the two of you in particular thank you for your service to our great country. So I have a few questions that I'll begin, and then I'll see if any of the members of the committee or my co-chair has any questions. For CUNY in particular, I'm curious about the dropout rates for students, for veteran students at CUNY. Do you have any statistics that show if there's a higher or lower rate for certain, you know, either areas of concentration of study oror age or ethnicity or any other breakdown? I know that CUNY studies the dropout rates for all of the students here, but do you have any data on the student veterans?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: Yes. Generally speaking the—the retention rate of veterans has been improving over—over the last four to five years, but it's still—the retention rate is still below the general student population, and I think that it speaks to the—the opposite or so more challenges that

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veterans encounter, but I think that we've seen the incremental improvement in those rates, and I think it speaks to our—our growing commitment to serving CUNY veterans. And I think that you'll—you will see us begin to approximate the general retention rate of students through our commitments going forward.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: And—and perhaps, Mr.

Cotto, you could expand on this. What does your

office do to assist student veterans who are facing

failing or dropping out of the CUNY system? Do you—

do you have any type of special interventions or any

type of special counseling or outreach that you do to

sort of extend that issue?

WILFRED COTTO: Yes, we do, Chair Ulrich.

Actually, we do all of the above. So it begins with
the earlier notification that comes through the

Veterans Resource Center right then, and we turn
around and—and reach out with the outreach and
contact the student, invite him or her in to talk to
the immediate staff and myself to kind of gain what's
going on. They could be personal issues, it could be
work—related issues, it could be academic issues.

And then we try to find ways for them to speak to the
Council, the advisors or even get tutoring assistance

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if necessary on campus to help them through the semester, and—and then we—we kind of monitor them from there. Some—some take our advice. Some seek out assistance, some get through the semester and be okay, and others just, you know, for whatever reason just can't seem to get it together. But we try to help them.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: So I just have two more quick questions. The first is not the focus of today's hearing, but we did have a hearing two years ago with CUNY and SUNY, and they participated regarding the awarding of college credit, and one of the things that we discovered as a result of that hearing was that it's left up to each individual college in terms of what skills and talents that people gain while they were serving in the military, and how we transfer them over into college credit. Has CUNY considered mandating or setting a template system wide for what type of credits? For instance, if you were an MT in the Army and you get out, can you get an intro to criminal justice, three credits, regardless of whether you go to go to Queens College or John Jay? It really shouldn't matter which CUNY school you're attending. It's certainly skills or

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things that were learned in the military should translate into college credits. Has there any—been any discussion in the higher up—from the higher ups at CUNY about that?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: Yes, Chair Ulrich, thank you for asking. I'll allow my colleague Wilfred Cotto to speak to it in a little bit more granular way, but in broad strokes we've identified this as a problem, and—and I think particularly in our Admission Services team they've-they've indicated that, you know, it seems almost patently unfair that students can come to different institutions with the same information, and have the credits valued differently. So we've acknowledged this as-as a problem. Our Admissions team is working on it. gathered our committee of transfer credits evaluation coordinators to begin to work on a proposal with the university registrar, and I think that we're trending towards a solution where there would be greater parity and more equity in the way that credits are awarded. It's-it's a work in progress. Wilfred.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Certainly, every union—every veteran is unique, and we don't want to take away any flexibility for the awarding of

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elective credits. For instances there's special skills. There's specialty of training that they may have received because not all veterans are the same, and not all veterans receive the same specialty training for whatever their MOS or what their duties were in the military, but we want to make sure that, as you suggested, the parity, the equity issue is addressed and perhaps the task force that the CUNY Chancellor has convened can really study that and set boilerplate and actually list the course numbers. That if you have this particular skill or you performed this particular function while you were serving in the Navy or the, you know, the Marines or whatever branch of the service you were in, you can potentially receive credit for these courses. You know, and—and list them so that the students know. think that that's important that they know before they meet with the admissions counselor what-what they might be eligible for, and then they might even be eligible for more credits based upon their interviews and interactions with the Admission staff. Perhaps you want to expand.

WILFRED COTTO: Well, I just want to say

that in practice, it's actually done that way.

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not in policy yet, but I'm sure that a number of CUNY campuses do make up the individual and do take into account her military training and experiences into consideration, and do try to line them up with academic credit. The-the difficulty comes at the community college level when they're looking at degree time that only allows you 60 credits to play with, and you have all these other academic requirements. How does this MOS-how does this particular rating fall into the-the academic program? If it doesn't fit let's say for example if you're an MP in the Army, the Military Police, and you're going to study criminal justice, that's a good fit, right? So we can find a need for it. In you're a combatcombat medic in the Army and then you are going to study something along in the health sciences or something, then we can fit that into it. So, it-it's an academic challenge, but and-and-and, you know, I think we try to do the best we can to try to fit it where it makes sense. It's just that sometimes the academic requirements of the-of the degree program don't allow for all of it.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I think, though, when you do come with a plan, whatever the plan may

be, and it doesn't have to address every specific M-O
as in every specific skill, you know, that is in the
military and the armed forces. But I do think it's
important that you promulgate that plan, and you
don't keep it to yourself, but you put it on CUNY's
website, put it on the blackboard. Put it on CUNY
first. Put it on one of these tools that the
students can access, and the public can have access
to, to know that these are just some of the ones that
have been preapproved by the Board of Trustees at
CUNY. I think that would be a good start the fact
that, you know, it is still up to each individual
institution. It leaves room for rather arbitrary
awarding of credits. So I just-I just want to put
that out there. The last question then I-I promise
I'm done here, and I'll turn it back over to my
Chair, is what is CUNY's current budget for veteran
specific programs? Is there—is there a budget line
for specific programs or clubs for each college, or
it is—it is a system wide I think. Could you walk me
through that please?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: Sure, Chair
Ulrich, the—there's a line item in the State Budget
of \$1 million a quarter of a million dollars, which

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is allocated to all of the campuses, and in addition to that, each campus makes a—a campus commitment to building its veterans services infrastructure. I—I would have to get you and I will, the exact spend on the campus guide, but in looking just generally at the ledger, it' comparable to the state's contribution. [pause]

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Than you very much, Mr. Chair. I have a few questions, and then I'm going to ask my colleagues who are here if they have questions that they want to present as well. You say that there are 3,000 veterans enrolled. Perhaps you don't have it now, but if you could give us that information disaggregated, a degree or a school by a major, do you find that more veterans tend to select a particular major in the various campuses? that's not perhaps information you have now, but we would like to have it disaggregated by degrees, by the school, by the major, by class in year, by age, by race ethnicity, by the service era, and by student veterans as opposed to student reserves-reservists. So if you could get that to us, we'd- But do you find that there's a particular major area that there's a concentration of veterans in?

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VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: Well, first, if we comment, and I believe I have that—that information, but the top five baccalaureates are branches in which veterans are enrolled are liberal arts and sciences, criminal justice, accounting, psychology and business administration. And again, I'll get this into you in a more comprehensive report, and for associate degree programs the top five are liberal arts and sciences, criminal justice and correction, business administration, physical sciences and nursing.

been talking a lot about nursing, and it seems that the nursing standards are really quite high, and I've been told that you've got to maintain that B average in order to remain in the program. My colleague asked about what other kinds of supports are available, and certainly we know that the veterans have a unique set of circumstances that they bring when they've come from those environments. So, are there any provisions then particularly talking about the Nursing Program that would allow for veterans to have the opportunity for special consideration if, in fact, they drop below what may be required to be maintained in that program?

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VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: As you know, BMCC has an extraordinarily fine and competitive nursing program, and Wilfred mentioned. He can speak to the experiences of veteran nursing students.

WILFRED COTTO: And—and what I could say to that is that if we came across a student that was struggling in the program, we would refer the student to the Academic Affairs Department, if you will. We have an advocate in—in—in the Dean of Academic Affairs being one, and could—could really look and drill down and—and see what can be done to assist and support the students to try to retain him or her in the program. I can't speak to—to much more detailed than that, but we do have an advocate and we do have a way to address it with the—the Department of Academic Affairs on our campus.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And I would imagine that as veterans there's a quite a need to be conscious of the PTSD, Post-Traumatic Stress

Syndrome, and are you equipped or are the people on staff that address that issue or do you then refer someone who might be having those kinds of challenges to another kind of facility? Because as I'm looking at all of the situations that are occurring in the

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news today, and people who have situations that were not addressed, that they did not receive the appropriate services to help them cope with what advices—advices. So do you have that capacity on campus, or do you refer them to other agencies and departments and hospital services of the veterans organizations?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: Chair Barron, we've seen a very significant spike in the enrollment of-of student veterans with PTSD with traumatic brain injuries, and experiencing depression, and our Veteran Services Off-Officers collaborate very closely with our Office of Disability Services. most especially our CUNY LEADS program, which the Council has been such a strong champion now. And in addition to providing and working with our Mental Health Counseling Centers on campus to help students to manage the effects of-of PTSD, our CUNY LEADS Program also works with very disability specific career readiness to help students to understand the accommodations for which they might be entitled in the academic sphere, and then in the-in the world of work related to their-to their service connected disability and to be able to-to leverage that to get

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the career readiness they need to make successful transitions in disability and life. Our—our Mental Health Counseling Centers provide some—some counseling but have referral relations with community based organizations to help individuals to get ongoing treated for PTSD, and other psychiatric disabilities.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you and is there any types of training that faculty receives or any kind or orientation that faculty members are offered that might help them to be aware of any kind of differences in behavior that might signal a need to have a conference with a veteran or talk to the veteran, and see if perhaps they need to be brought to another referral agency? So is there any sensatory—sensitizing of staff that's done, faculty?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: Many of our campuses, Chair Barron, participate robustly in Cultural Confidence Training for all faculty, for members of the faculty and staff. Our sense of it is that this is clearly an areas for improvement and growth in terms of university wide commitment by faculty and staff. I think—I'm sure you—you know through your listening closely to faculty that

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faculty had very cold plates, and that any type of faculty development is—is a challenge. So we're—we're going to be looking at creative ways to engage more faculty in cultural competency training, but there are some campuses that do it very well, and I think we would emulate their best practices and BMCC is a place that does it very well.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: So is it, in fact, a part of the Cultural Competency Training that—that's embedded in there-

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: It is.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: --or is it at each school that—that's an area that they've highlighted?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: It's embedded in the cultural competency training, but the iteration of it at different campuses sort of takes different forms, and maybe Wilfred you could speak to how it happens at the BMCC.

WILFRED COTTO: So, at—at BMCC, what happened was all new faculty and the new faculty orientation get briefed and get exposed and award of federally related issues by the Vice President of Student Affairs, and she informs them of the size of our student population, what their issues are, recent

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development, challenges and things of that nature, and also introduces them to the veteran staff so that if there are any problems or any concerns, they can reach out to us. They can inform us, and have thatthat communication and it's going. So, yes, that's how it's done at—at BMCC. Oh, by the way, I do want to take a moment to say that—that some council students, most council students we do have professionals that do specialize in PTSD, and-and so, at-at BMCC we have a licensed clinical social worker who specializes in veteran services, and he is veryvery well trained, and very well versed on-on diagnosis of things along with a psychologist, and also the Director of the Counseling Services. So we do have people there that can immediately help when we need them to.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. In your testimony, Dr. Rosa, you indicated that there were four campuses that had approved programs, but I think on your website it says that there are two. So seven sites. Okay.

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: My-my colleagues at PROVE, I think will speak to this, in their testimony, but because of a reduction in funding,

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they reduced the number of sites, group sites from
seven to four and it's-it's our hope to support them,
not only to restore the level of funding to allow
them to operate at the—at the level at which they
were operating, but it's a remarkable best practice I
think in post-secondary education and serving that it
represents the very best that we do of empowering
our-our finest CUNY students to serve student
veterans.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: So what is the course of the funding for PROVE?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: My understanding is that it was grant funding. Well, we—CUNY provides funding through the State, but it was augmented by grant funding by—by through the Robin Hood, and my understanding is that—is that that was reduced.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay, and does CUNY maintain a relationship with the Veteran's Administration or with the Veteran's Hospitals, and is there ability to make those kinds of referrals, and perhaps cut through some of the red tape, or--? [background comments]

WILFRED COTTO: So the Department of Veterans Affairs, the local hospitals here on $21^{\rm st}$

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Street in Brooklyn and in the Bronx are all supporters of CUNY. They often come to our CUNY Council, Veterans Affairs leading. They—they know who all the Council's coordinators are. We connect with all the outreach people on campus. They—they do rational health. They do healthcare enrollment on site. They visit campuses, and so the relationship is—sis strong, and ongoing, and we're a big part of what they do because we gain access to a lot of new students, new veterans just returning to New York City. Often times they are not aware of their VA entitlements or the fact that they can even enroll in VA Healthcare, and we immediately turn around and connect them with the right people, and get them started in that effort.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: That was the question I was going to ask in terms of outreach so that veterans know that they can attend CUNY free of charge or at no cost. So to use the hospitals and the Veterans Administration to do that and let them know. Okay. And what happens if a veteran has to redeploy during the time that they're enrolled, and there's an interruption in their coursework? What happens? Do they come back? What happens with the

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grading? Do you find that that's an instance of that happened when they have to take a leave and they're absent from school?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: It's our formal policy to offer maximum flexibility within the existing university rules, Wilfred would you mind just speaking to this for a second?

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And does it have an impact then on their returning and actually graduating? Do you find that that interruption in their schooling and their education has a negative impact?

weteran is—is called to active duty depending upon the situation, that—that deployment could be anywhere from six months to a year to maybe 18 months long. So—so is it going to interrupt their academic pursuit? Yes it will. If the veteran gets called in the middle of the semester and, you know, it's no fault of theirs and—and there are—there are documents that are military orders that are saying the vet has to go, then we relieve the vet of all responsibilities in terms of payments or costs of tuition that may be due. We relieve them of that

to continue where they left off.

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2 responsibility based on their military obligation.

Now, once the veteran returns, then we just pick it from there, and, of course, at that time they've missed two or three semesters of academic work, but we—we admit them into the college, and we allow them

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And I need to echo the chain of questioning that my colleague asked in terms of the some type of standardization of how military service can be translated into credits so that it's not at the discretion of a particular school how that happened. But there's some kind of standardization just as we have the ability through Pathways to talk about okay this is the same wherever you're going, and it's going to be able to be transferred. So I think that that's something that would be important as well. In terms of the dropout rate for veterans, do you find that it's comparable to the general dropout rate, and do you find a particular reason that the veterans are dropping out?

Do we have any way of tracking that data?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: The—the retention rate, which is sort of the inverse of the drop-out rate, veterans—the—the gap is closing, but they still

lag behind similarly situated students, and I'll-I'll
be able to get you that data. And I-I think the
reasons for which they—they drop out are—are many and
varied. Some of them are adjustment issues even
though we're-we're making progress towards that.
Some of them are—can be financial issues, and we're—
we're working through resources like single stocks on
our campuses in order to help to mitigate some of the
financial pressures that are associated with
continuing in school, and some-there are some service
related disability issues that certainly complicate
academic momentum and progress towards a degree.
Wilfred, did you want to add to it?

WILFRED COTTO: And just one more that—in the wings. It's—it's a positive thing because sometime veterans decide they want to work full time, and they gain gainful employment, and they get—they get offered opportunities that are lucrative, and they decide, you know what, I'm going to go to work instead of continuing in school. So if that's the decision they make for their best—in their best interest to support their family, okay.

2	С	HAIRPERSON	BARRON:	Thank you.	Can you
3	talk about the	he current	staffing	for CUNY's	Office of
4	Veteran Affa	irs? What	does that	staffing	look like?

5 VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: At—at our central 6 office—

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: [interposing] At the Central Office.

Affairs, we have a vet—a Director of Veterans
Services Lisa—Lisa Beaffa (sp?). We stand to regret
she is out of the country. She couldn't be here
today, but she's a strong advocate on behalf of
student veterans. Lisa has a half time person who
reports to her, and several veteran work study
students who are—are remarkable, and enrich our
perspective, and enrich our work on behalf of student
veterans just through their insight of the lived
experience of being a veteran.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And on the campuses, the person who is the liaison or the point person for veterans, is that their sole responsibility, or do they have other functions and other responsibilities that they perform as well as at the school?

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2 VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: For—for the lion's

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share of them it's their primarily responsibility--

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay.

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: --but there are still some campuses where there are competing responsibilities, and in terms of our aspirational goal, we would like to move to a model based on our task force report recommendation that there be a professional on every campus whose sole responsibility it is to-to serve student veterans.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. I'm gong to turn it back to my co-Chair.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay. I'll ask if any of the members of the Higher Education or Veterans Committee have any questions to let—an opportunity to let the staff know. I have two quick questions, and we'll turn it over to any of our colleagues if they have any further questions. You know we just marked Veterans' Day, and I think it's an important reminder for all of us serving in government and academia to reaffirm our commitment to serving veterans, and not all veterans are the same. Veterans, as you know, in the city reflect the wonderful diversity that exists here in New York

2 City, and that diversity also happens to be when it 3 comes to matters of opinion. Not only are people 4 just making religious and political perspectives, but also matters of opinion, and in recent weeks there have-there's been a lot of chatter on Twitter and 6 7 Facebook and social media from veterans that are 8 students in the CUNY system that for whatever reason, and I'm sure we'll hear many of them later, are dissatisfied with the Administration. And I'm just 10 11 wondering if the Chancellor has offered to meet with 12 any of these students or to convene some sort of 13 round table discussion because I always thought that from my perspective at least, summit diplomacy 14 15 sometimes works best when people have the ability to express themselves directly with decision makers 16 17 rather than having to deal with people who are 18 managing veterans affairs at the, you know, middle 19 management level, if you will. So it's a 20 recommendation that I have, but it's one that perhaps 21 has already been in the works, and I don't know. 2.2 Does-does the Chancellor meet on a yearly basis with 2.3 the heads of the clubs? Does-does he make himself available to different CUNY leaders that are involved 24 25 with the veterans outreach?

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VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: it's-our

Chancellor Chair Ulrich is remarkably proud and supportive of student veterans. On his be-behalf, I've met with a group of students veterans that have raised some concerns. They're serious concerns. treat the concerns very seriously. They're-they're in the form of a complaint. So to protect the due process of both the students who have lodged these complaints and-and the people who would be affected by them. We're trying to be very deliberative in inin our approach to it, and on that same campus therethere may have been multiple campuses, but I have know on one particular campus tomorrow actually there's a town hall meeting posted by their senior administration to allow all key stakeholders who care about student veteran to be able to-to-to share their-their concerns, and recommendations, and to compliment the college when they've gotten it right all in the spirit of moving the college and our university forward to improve its capacity to better serve veterans. So, but I will share the recommendation with the Chancellor, and I know he would be honored to-to-to meet with our student veterans. We're very proud of that.

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2 CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I-I appreciate that. 3 I-I think that it's important that people feel like they're being heard, and people can disagree without 4 being disagreeable. It's not to say that, you know, 5 one side is right or that there are only two sides. 6 There may be more than two sides, but the point is 7 the Chancellor I think should institute some sort of 8 yearly round table discussions with perhaps the presidents of the clubs where they have around 10 11 Veterans' Day perhaps, or some other day that's 12 convenient for him where people have the opportunity 13 to meet with him for an hour to talk to him to say hey this is what we think CUNY is doing great. 14 15 is what we think needs improvement. I don't think it would hurt anybody, and I think it would go a long 16 17 way diffuse some of the chatter. Again, I'll call it chatter for what it is, and that's-that's ben going 18 19 Finally, another recommendation I have for 20 you before we wrap it up with my co-chair is that the 21 City Council has an enormous under this Speaker and 2.2 this Administration has put together an enormous 2.3 package of grant funding that we make available for veterans groups in the city, and we fund groups that 24 provide legal services like NYLAG and Legal Services

NYC specifically tailored for veterans. We provide
funding for mental health services at NYU Langone
because as you know, they have a-a terrific institute
there for military and former military members and
their families, and that actually is very helpful
because the VA doesn't serve everybody. So we talk
about the VA. The VA only serves honorably discharged
veterans. There are veterans who have other than
honorable discharges who cannot get services from the
VA, and who probably are in CUNY. So I hope that you
would avail yourself of that. But the point is that
we don't fund anything in CUNY, and maybe we might be
willing to consider that next year, but we would like
to have an off-the-record conversation with you about
what type of package we could put together to fill
the gaps in funding to provide services for students
who are former service members in CUNY. So the
budget process is starting. You have some funding
from Robin Hood or Home Depot or wherever. You have
some funding from the State. You have some funding
that you might put in, but there are things that we
might be willing to fund as well, and we would like
to work very closely with you on that.

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VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: We would appreciate that very much, and it gives us the advance time to engage all of our stakeholders to hear from them how they think those investments might be made most impactful on behalf of our student veterans. So we thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you for that. Thank you, Madam Chair.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. few final questions. We know that the task force published a report in 2013 regarding policies to facilitate the transition from the military to the educational environment. Does that task force still continue to meet?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: Chair Barron, itit hasn't met, and this is not an excuse or an alibi, but I'm-I'm-I'm still new to the role. My-the interim role, and I'm entering my fourth month and on my list of priorities just because I'm reorienting myself to [coughing] our key areas of service veterans being at the top, would be to, in fact, reengage the chair of that committee and-and the steering committee just to begin to look back at our progress on the task force reports, and begin to look

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going forward about the additional work that we need to do. So I appreciate the recommendation, and—and we will do this in short order. I think [coughing] President Wallerstein has now taken leadership of that task force, and—and I would look forward to—to meeting with him to talk about re-engaging in the steering committee to revisit the task force recommendation and our progress.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: So I recently had a hearing on the Master Plan, and since the task force has not been functioning, how are you working to meet the objective of the Master Plan which says identify and expand high impact practices of veteran students. How are you going to do that?

VICE CHANCELLOR ROSA: I think that to your point revisiting the recommendations would be an important first step, but from engaging our key stakeholders routinely as we do through COBA, the—the Council on Veterans Affairs was able to funnel up and identify what are the university's high impact practices, Project PROVE being one of them, and I'm—I'm eager for you to hear from our colleagues from PROVE. So it's—it's programs like that where particularly those where we're able to invest in

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CUNY's students empowering student veterans, whichwhich we would like as—as one of our priorities.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay, and finally to the student panelists, what kind of services and support did you receive as a student veteran, and what kind of financial aid would—did you need other financial aid beyond just being able to not have to pay the tuition, and how many of your experience—what type of experiences did you have were accepted for credits, if any?

VANESSA CORDERO: So I'll start with the first—there—for the funding. I was all just sort of post 9/11, which is what I've been using in order to go to school.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: I'm sorry. Say that again.

VANESSA CORDERO: The post 9/11.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay.

VANESSA CORDERO: That bill is what is helping me go to school and fund.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Is there any other financial aid that you're receiving?

VANESSA CORDERO: I currently work. So I manage my work and using the post 9/11 as well.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay.

3 VANESSA CORDERO: In regards to the help 4 that I receive, with them we're seeing the staff is incredible. I work with Master Chief Cotto, and any 5 problems that I had I would go to him. He would 6 7 refer me somebody that was specifically veteran 8 oriented, and would know how to assist in with whatever problem they had. Also, we do have like the Master Chief stated, we have somebody. We have 10 11 counselors there that when we do have problems we can 12 speak to somebody, and if they can't help us, then 13 you would always refer us to somebody. I know in my 14 instance I had a situation where I was failing 15 classes because I had to care for my father, and I 16 was able to go to Master Chief. He was able to 17 advocate for me and assist me with that, and we were 18 able to speak to my professors and get me through to 19 ultimately graduate, and maintain my degree. 20 regards to your last question can you repeat it? 21 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Was any of your 2.2 military service able to be credited through CUNY, 2.3 and if so, what was that?

VANESSA CORDERO: So at BMCC most of your credits are going to be the requirements that you

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need. SO I wasn't able to use my military experience
there. However, when I went to John Jay, I was able
to provide a transcript, which is JSP. You go online
and it pretty much breaks down your experience, and
your-whatever training you received in the military,
and I brought that over to John Jay, and they were
able to give me credits for my experience.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay, thank you so much.

VANESSA CORDERO: Thank you. [background comments]

there are no members of the committee who have signed up to testify. So I want to thank you for your—each of you for your testimony today, and we'll move onto the first panel if that's okay with you, Madam Chair. Okay. So, the second panel will consist of the following individuals. Leo—Leo Assi—Leora Shudofsky. Is that okay? Alright, pretty good. Joseph Bello, Noah Almo—Almon—Al—Almanor—Almanor. Okay, sorry about that. Almanor. I apologize and Ricky Malone. Nice to see you. I apologize if I mispronounce your name. I am—I am the victim of that myself all the time. So I can sympathize with you. [pause]

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2 [background comments] It's up to. This a a-ladies
3 first, please. Thank you. [pause]

LEORA SHUDOFSKY: Okay. [pause] Thank you. Good afternoon members of the City Council Veterans Committee and Higher Education Committee. Thank you for inviting me to testify today. My name is Leora Shudofsky. I am a social worker, proud graduate of Queens College and Hunter College School of Social Work, which is now the Silberman School of Social work. But I am currently the Co-Director of PROVE, Project for Return Opportunity and Veterans Education based out Silberman School of Social Work, and I've been part of the project since 2008. My codirector, Dr. Raja Sherwood is a Vietnam era veteran, and has worked with the veteran community and New York City for over 30 years, as well as having been a co-professor at Silberman School of Social Work, one of two veterans on faculty. He also worked for many years at the VA in Montrose where he counseled vetermans-veterans with Post Traumatic Stress. 2007, in response to the record number of veterans returning home and enrollment in higher education an initiative was launched from the CUNY Offices of Student Affairs and Enrollment Management. As a

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result of that initiative that year, Dr. Sherwood and the then university Dean of Enrollment Management, Robert Patrick, a fellow veteran and long-time veteran advocate established PROVE, whose mission is to enhance existing services for student veterans on select CUNY campuses and to support the veterans in their transition from military service to college life and beyond. PROVE accomplishes this through an innovative service model utilized in graduate social work interns, experienced social work field instructors in conjunction with student veteran peer mentors working on these CUNY host campuses in assisting their transition academically, socially and emotionally. I have a diagram attached at the end of the model-that shows the model. We're also gratified to add to our mission training the next generation of social workers to be culturally competent in serving those who serve. PROVE started on two CUNY campuses, Hunter College and John Jay College with two graduated social interns-social work interns placed at each, and with the placement at the then beginning Office of-of COBA, CUNY Office of Veterans Affairs, under the supervision of Wilfred Cotto. That office was first there. PROVE started with a close

2 collaboration with COBA, which continues through 3 today. Over the year, we've expanded to the CUNY 4 Community colleges including BCC, BMCC, Hostos, La Guardia, and QCC. That's five out of seven. PROVE 5 has been located at seven campuses with a cohort of 6 7 14 graduate student intern serving on an average 8 1,200 unique student veterans each academic year since 2012. This year, as VC Rosa said, we dropped from seven through various financial constraints. 10 11 I'm sorry. We've had to take a step back and pare 12 down to seven campuses. Our goal is to expand that 13 from four to seven next year, we hope to grow beyond these campuses because we know that the value of our 14 15 model matches up with the needs of CUNY student veterans especially at this time of leaning public 16 17 interest and dollars through veteran schools. 18 has been fortunate to have some consisting-consistent 19 financial support from CUNY, and from individual 20 campuses that we serve. And we've been able to raise 21 funds from the Robin Hood from 2012 through present, 2.2 and the Bob Woodruff, in 2014 through 2016 to help 2.3 expand our program and service delivery. But our support from Robin Hood will end in 2017, and our 24 grant was not removed from the Woodruff due to a 25

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change in their funding priorities. So, we're at a crossroads in terms of where do we go. I'm saying over the next ten years we need to change it. (sic) One of the most valuable piece-pieces of our program is utilizing student veteran care mentors both paid and volunteer as well as our graduate social work interns to help the student veterans make critical social connections with other veterans on their Their shared experience is rekindling a type campus. of camraderie that they may have had in the military and not since them with the Council role in (sic) helping transition. In shaping the project service delivery model, PROVE recognized that many veterans hesitate to seek formalized mental health services. Veterans may also be wary of what motivates civilians to offer their help. On the other hand, we've observed that veterans tend to relax in the presence of other veterans to more readily share their life experience, and to be inspired to help fellow veterans. As a result, PROVE is co-located in the campus Veteran Resource Center. Sharing the space gives us a greater chance for success with fostering engagement for the student veterans as well as for them to find the opportunity to connect with the

company of their peers. A trusting relationships 2 3 builds the platform for PROVE to provide concrete 4 services to the student veterans that aid in their educational success such as helping navigate their 5 educational benefits or offering academic support. 6 7 Trusts also allows us to offer emotional support and create the linkages to other resources when 8 necessary. We have referred student veterans to professionals both on campus and in the community 10 11 with whom we have developed relationships with over 12 the years, and we need to personally recommend them whenever possible. That's the one hand-off model. 13 We don't want to call and just send someone and say 14 15 hey go to the VA. We call and say this is the person that you're going to be meeting with, and then we 16 17 call the other end. To that end, part of our work to 18 enhancing—enhancing existing services on campus 19 relies on creating a synergy around the various 20 departments on campus and the professionals who staff 21 them such as academic advising, counseling, 2.2 accessibility registrar and the bursar, the bursar's 2.3 office. PROVE's staff develops relationships with the staff and these offices, and the veteran 24 25 knowledgeable points of contact to help to streamline

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administrative processes to serve the student veterans' needs better and more efficiently. In a fast paced academic setting, we find that our strength based approach better serves the student veterans who are likely to be busy or overwhelmed and can benefit from short-term practical support such as coping skills development and stress reduction techniques. For students with more--student veterans with more extensive needs, we ensure that our staff is informed and placed to advise. We have mandatory bi-weekly special educational and military cultural competency training for our graduate intern provirat (sic) and our field instructors. As both the literature and anecdotal experience shows, there is a continued stigma around seeking help and services for most veterans. One of the reasons that the approved model works is because it meets student veterans where they are literally at the campus Resource Center. Our student veterans have applied. They've found purpose in assisting fellow veterans, which is of the military culture, and that to help themselves in the process. Many of our graduate interns have gone on to work with veterans either in the second year internship or after graduation. Twenty percent

of our graduate interns since 2007 to 2008 now work 2 3 at the VA within CUNY or other veteran service organizations. We have about 100 students that have 4 5 graduated from-through our programs. As I mentioned before, the public interest and funding for 6 7 organizations working with veterans is on a downward 8 turn. We need to be creative in reshaping the future of veteran services at CUNY. The fact that every campus, every CUNY campus has a staff person who is 10 11 dedicated three-quarter or full time to serving 12 student veterans is a tremendous achievement. 13 can't rest on that achievement alone, and we cannot 14 afford as a community and an institution of prior 15 learning to lessen our focus and our services. key times, CUNY as in many other academic 16 17 institutions allowed its services to veterans to 18 shrink to almost nothing because of the drop in 19 identified student veterans on campus. In 2009, CUNY 20 experienced a 233% jump in veteran enrollment due in 21 large part to the new post-9/11 GI Bill, but also to 2.2 the CUNY leadership specifically COBA and strong 2.3 support from veterans within the CUNY administration such a Dean Patrick and Wilfred. Although student 24 25 veteran enrollments at CUNY may be at its peak right

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now in the post 9/11 era, we may be seeing a plateau over the next years, but not a diminishment, and with time and experience behind us, we have a better idea of what kind of services beyond the academic students need to be successful at all educational levels from the associate degree to a doctoral degree. I've been privileged over the last eight plus years to work with veterans who started at one of the community-one of the CUNY community colleges, and have successfully completed master degrees in education or social work or a business or nursing and more. I also know that some of these veterans look at their experiences on campus and the communities and resources that they found that met their need as the new population invaluable in their success. Thank you again for your time.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you for your testimony. One of the continuum in the order that we called folks up, I think Joe Bello was—who was second? Do you have those sheets? I apologize.

[background comments] Joe and then—and then we'll continue. Okay. Thank you.

JOE BELLO: Thank you for giving me the opportunity to testify today. I'm going to make two

points before I go into my testimony. As you well 2 3 know, I am a member of the New York City Veterans 4 Advisory Board. For a point of information, I am the secretary. Sam Innocent (sp?) who is also on the 5 Board is here. The student veterans at La Guardia 6 7 Community College did come forth at one point in time 8 during the year, and asked us to look into what was going on at the campus. We then referred the letter to Commissioner Sutton and her team at BDS to take a 10 11 look into it, and for information we are expecting report back from them on November 30th at our last VA 12 13 meeting in Manhattan. So, hopefully, we'll have 14 some-some further answers then at that time, but we 15 wanted to make you aware of that as well. So let me 16 start by saying thank you for giving me the 17 opportunity to speak today regarding services for 18 veterans at BMCC. I say that because that's basically what we just heard, Veteran Services at 19 20 BMCC. I think it must be pointed out that Mr. Cotto 21 was the University Director for the college, for the campus at CUNY, and he took that institutional 2.2 2.3 knowledge and the veterans model and he went to BMCC where he had a supportive administration and he was 24 25 able to create a campus that is thriving with over

2 400 veterans. That's remarkable, and that's 3 fantastic for him, but that's not what's happening on 4 the other campuses. We take a look at Baruch College for example, where they don't have—they don't have 5 such a supportive administration. They don't even 6 7 have a director or a core data for veteran services. 8 Yet, every campus in CUNY does except for them. That's an item that was listed in CUNY's Task Force Report. So that is really disappointing. So we ask 10 11 what happened with this report three years later. You know, what items have been, and we heard today 12 13 about what's happening. So what-what often gets missed is that I often like you say CUNY Central is 14 15 like a kingdom, the central part. The Chancellor the 16 King, he sends directives, policies to the princes 17 and princesses of the-of the college-of his kingdom. 18 Those are the presidents. These princesses (sic) 19 receive the directives. They acknowledge them, and 20 then they look into the areas of them depending upon 21 how supportive those directives actually-directives 2.2 actually are. So one of the fundamental problems 2.3 with instituting a policy is you need personnel to carry it out. While the number of veterans attending 24 at CUNY has increased, and we've all agreed upon 25

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that, the number of staff at CUNY central office has decreased and you heard yourself that it's basically one full-time student, a half time, I mean one fulltime a half time and work study students. That's not In 2009, there was 1,700 veteran-student veterans. Now we have over 3,000 and yet we only have a staff of one. Even Mr. Cotto had a staff of two. So that has to be addressed. That has to be addressed immediately, and because of what you heard and the lack of personnel enforcement, CUNY Colleges some they have a hodgepodge of services. Some campuses are doing well. Again, you heard BMCC. They're doing fantastic. So others have the bare minimum, and all are based on each president's regard towards those veterans. As a result, there's actually a disconnect between CUNY Central and the presidents of the campuses, and it becomes difficult for the central office to talk about what they're doing for veterans while veterans on the campuses are saying they're not getting the support, services and resources they need to survive and survive and to Without the personnel or the will to make sure those policy changes are being carried out on the campuses, the vet-to the veterans that are here

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listening or on the campuses it's nothing more than This is all optics. Now, let me just also point out that I've know Interim Vice Chancellor Rosa for a number of years now, and I recognize the fact as he's said, he's tried-he's just gotten into the Interim Vice Chancellor position for the last couple of months, and he's trying to get up to speed, but he has been in the veterans' space for a while as well, and so I look forward to working with him or trying to help him bridge these gaps and get this thing moving with CUNY that's really overdue. However, we also have to understand all of us here that we are approaching critical mass, and the more the word gets out about what CUNY is not doing, the more the veterans hear the-about what's going on campuses, the more they will not be inclined to attend, the more the veterans struggle on campuses, you say they support for often no resources, the higher their attrition rate will be, and the more veterans move to those campuses like BMCC who do provide those services. I, therefore, urge CUNY Central to put additional resources into its office, to hire personnel and start engaging the college and presidents as to why they're not carrying out the

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task force recommendations. If they cannot do this, I would recommend that the State Legislator and the City Calendar—Council hold up any money it gives for veteran services. I will need to have a conversation with its Board of Trustees. In regards to what's happening at La Guardia, in full disclosure, I worked at La Guardia Veterans Office for over 15 years with then Director Sam Farrell. I left in 2013, and I continue to help the veterans at the Upward Bound program where my wife, a Navy veteran herself, is the current director. I personally believe that the individual that we are not talking about, Mr. Clark, has had issues dealing with student veterans from the moment he started at La Guardia. One moment he could be cordial, in another he could be staring at you making you feel uncomfortable. In another he could be shaking you hand and the next minute lying to your I have witnessed Mr. Clark and Mr. Griffin intimidate student veterans in the office, and I've even had Mr. Clark confront me and give me an expletive when the student veterans suspected-corrected-correctly suspected that Mr. Griffin was spying on them and the club. As the situation got worse, the student veteran reached out to the New

2 York City Advisory Board. I became concerned about 3 my role. In my testimony you'll see a letter that I 4 sent to Vice President Baston regarding this, which is attached to my testimony. However, the rumors did not stop, and in an office meeting a few months ago, 6 7 my wife came home very upset stating that Mr. Clark and Mr. Griffin stated that she was the master mind 8 behind all of the troubles that Mr. Clark is having with the students. This is unacceptable. Needless 10 11 to say, there was so much damage done at La Guardia 12 in three semesters that it has completely overrun 13 what Mr. Farrell worked for in over 40 years at La Guardia when he retired. I find myself deeply 14 15 depointed-disappointed with President Mellow and Vice 16 President Baston. I have met and respected and 17 worked with both of them over the years and they are 18 both honorable people. However, we have to be clear They could have diffused the situation at any 19 time the students were trying to engage them over the 20 21 course of three semesters, but for whatever reasons chose not to. Therefore, from the outside this 2.2 2.3 situation seems to speak of something more, of anger, of pride going before the fall, of supporting an 24 25 individual with no regards towards other New Yorkers,

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the rights-and rights of student veteran who pay the CUNY tuition. Sadly, now La Guardia has a civilianveteran divide problem, and as a result, while CUNY's overall veteran numbers have increased, the veteran numbers at La Guardia have actually decreased. this situation is not resolved soon, the way the community-the veterans community works, and we know this Council-Councilman Ulrich, La Guardia will have few veterans left. The administration at CUNY and La Guardia seem not to understand that the military ethos about looking out for one's brothers and sisters, and they don't seem to understand that they're dealing with adults. Many of the student vets population are older than-than the regular student population. Many are in their early 30s and even have families. As to what the students will testify, as an advocate, I find myself more concerned about what will happen. Because of these confrontations one of these veterans with mental health issues commit suicide, or assaults Mr. Clark or Mr. Griffin. I want to know who's going to be liable or responsible for that. What kind of cover up are we going to move into then? And that's something I want us all to think about.

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situation needs to be resolved. Sometimes like they
say in Star Trek, the needs of the many outweigh the
needs of the few or the one. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay, thank you.

Let's move on, and we'll save questions to the end.

NOAH ALMANOR: [coughs] Chairman Ulrich, Chairperson Barron, Members of the Veterans and Higher Committee and the Higher Education Committee, thank you for having me up here. My name is Noah Almanor (sp?). I'm a recent graduate of La Guardia Community College, and I currently attend City College and still serve the National Guard as an Infantryman. I served six years of active duty as an Infantryman. I'm grateful to have this opportunity to address all of you today about my experience at CUNY as a combat veteran. I served in Afghanistan from December of 2012 to August 2013 in Kandahar Apartments where I saw the horrors of war first hand. On May 7, 2013, I was on patrol on Highway 1 going towards Attal when my truck came IED. I lost consciousness for some time and was sent to Mentleton (sp?) at Farhabazula (sp?). I received the Purple Heart from my injuries that day at TBI, PTSD as well as other disorders. I returned to New York from

active duty in January 2015, and decided to 2 3 in the CUNY system. I chose La Guardia Community 4 College because of the Upward Bound program, and after I completed the upward Bound program, I 5 enrolled in-at La Guardia and had a lot of 6 7 expectations. Unfortunately, these ex-expectations weren't met when Mr. Steven Clark and Mr. Darrel 8 Griffin had other intentions in their minds. For three semesters my hopes and expectations at La 10 11 Guardia were not met. I was a work study student at the Veterans Resource Center with the intention of 12 13 helping other veterans have a smooth transition from 14 service to education during my time at La Guardia, 15 but I witnessed Mr. Clark lie and harass other 16 veterans including myself. When I other student 17 veterans saw what Mr. Clark and Mr. Griffin was 18 doing, we asked for a meeting with his boss, Vice 19 President Michael Baston. VP Baston refused to meet 20 with us, and tried to send us back to Mr. Clark. As 21 you saw in the package of correspondence us, La 2.2 Guardia and CUNY Center, Mr. Clark harassed and 2.3 oppressed me on my role of signing our no confidence letter. He continued to oppress and harass me on the 24 I finally told him why I signed that 25 matter.

2 document, and he harassed me, and I witnessed to the 3 Upward Bound program and the people that were in the Upward Bound program, excuse me, [coughs] but he 4 5 continued to lie and harass me. I left the officeoffice in anger. I wrote a statement to Mr. Baston, 6 7 which the President of Veterans Club sent to him. 8 The Vice President not only did not address my statement, but as you saw in the correspondence he said-he stated that he had no way of knowing who 10 11 wrote the statement implying that I was lying. I 12 wrote a second email with all my information again 13 reiterating what happened. I have-I have still not 14 received a response from VP Baston or anyone at La 15 Guardia regarding Mr. Clark and his harassment toward 16 me and other veterans. Mr. Clark has violated Title 17 9 policies again and again with free reign, and no 18 one at La Guardia or CUNY including Mr. Rosa has done 19 nothing to rectify the situation. I had addressed 20 CUNY and-CUNY and Interim-excuse me-the Vice 21 Chancellor Rosa, but there has been no resolution to 2.2 the problem. Mr. Rosa's answer to this problem was 2.3 to push it back to La Guardia to the very college. He did not want to address this situation from the 24 beginning. At the moment, I am very disgusted at 25

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CUNY for treating veterans like this, and for so very long. I have seen how empty the veterans office at La Guardia is now, and how veterans are leaving the college for its lack of friendliness and responsiveness to veteran's issues at the college. CUNY and La Guardia will take our GI Bill-GI Bill money for when it's needed (sic) but fails to resolve any of the issues that veterans will bring forth to the table. It's almost as if they're treating us like second class citizens. This must change and CUNY must take complaints from any veteran at any college seriously and address-and address it in a timely manner. I'm asking both committees to hold another hearing next semester to follow up on what actions CUNY and La Guardia has taken to address these issues. I once again thank you, Councilman Ulrich, Council Member Barron and the committee for your time. I am ready to answer any question that you may have. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you for your testimony, and for being here today. We're going to save questions until the end. We have one more person, Mr. Ricky Malone who is here to testify, and then we'll follow up with some questions.

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2 RICKY MALONE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, 3 thank you Mr. Chairman and other honorable council 4 members. Thank you for your service. You know, just 5 to send that back your way. I'm confident I can speak for me and all the student veterans in 6 7 attendance here and how pleased we were that you guys 8 called this hearing. It's a pretty difficult struggle for us, and a lot of pleas for help have gone unanswered, and at this point, we've lost all 10 11 confidence in the Chancellors and CUNY's system-12 system at large to take responsibility for the-for the veterans within their institution. At this 13 juncture, to piggyback off of Noah, I'm sure that you 14 15 guys have received the correspondence packets with 16 questionable practices happening not only at La 17 Guardia and Baruch, but the complete systematic 18 failure across the CUNY's network at large. Over 19 three semesters, current and former students of La 20 Guardia have been pleading for action. We've with 21 the Vice Presidents, the Provosts and we've been 2.2 acknowledged by the President there as well. 2.3 meetings have gotten all to the level of the Vice Chancellor. He did meet with us on this matter 24

twice. So to say that over three semester that due

2 processes are being taken care of is a little 3 outlandish of the time line in my opinion. But I would like to mention that they've announced the town 4 hall tomorrow the 16th following this hearing around 5 the time the hearing was announced as well. Just to 6 7 take that as a note. I can't stress enough how 8 appalled I am with the gross injustices toward veterans, and how they're allowed to go on. Reports of harassment, intimidation allowed to sit in the in 10 11 boxes of those administrators whose very 12 responsibility is to address those, and not acting on those dishonorable acts by those individuals. We've 13 heard several or most of our institutions have these 14 15 programs and services and resources available to these student veterans. We've heard the number seven 16 17 thrown around a lot. That's not even half of those 18 institutions. The GI Bill that supplies government 19 funds to returning selfless heroes of this nation was 20 enacted in 1944, roughly 100 years after CUNY's 21 establishment. It's about 70 years with that GI Bill being in effect, and utter failure to-to enact a 2.2 2.3 standardized system that they say they've been working on, 70 years still working on it as little 24 bit of a wide time line there. [pause] As the 25

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public servants of our city and these veterans, we ask you to take action and echo to need for this protection to prevent this kind of exploitation of our veterans and their educational benefits earned through their sacrifice to this nation. In closing, if as a nation we can possess the audacity to ask these men and women to defend freedom of democracy on foreign battlefields, we must assume the responsibility to them when they return home. Let us make sure here that we don't fail this generation of veterans like we failed so many before. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you for your testimony and I'll-I'll ask if my co-chair has any questions first? I'll defer to her and then I'll-I'll wrap there.

much. I'm disappointed and surprised to hear of what it is that your testimony presents to us. I think that especially for veterans as I referenced in my questions to the first panel, there's a certain sensitivity that needs to be present for anyone who's dealing with veterans. That's why I asked was there special training for those social workers who are involved with working with the veterans and certainly

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a sensitivity that needs to be present with anyone working in that regard. Without going into what the specifics are that you cite specifically at La Guardia College, do you—are you saying then that the protocols for due process have not been followed, and that they have just been tossed to the wind or to what?

Chairwoman—I believe the three master semester mark, and how it hasn't been addressed, and how it has gotten to the level of the Vice Chancellor without the Vice President, the Provost or the President of the institution where it was reported had taken no action to get to the level of the Vice Chancellor is a true testament to itself of the lack of due diligence in the situation. As Noah has said, his emails went unresponded. So, yes, I do believe that the pre-presentation of that we're going through the due processes is—

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Are there timelines that are connected to each of these steps in the due process that are not being adhered to?

RICKY MALONE: As not being a personnel in the CUNY system, I can't answer that. I'm not

processes, I can't answer for-for CUNY.

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sure how their timeline works, how when they get a
report of something such as intimidation and
harassment for how the—a letter of no confidence
about individuals allowed to get back to him before a
proper investigation enabling him to, in fact,
question Mr. Almanor about it, but, you know, as far
as the timelines and the practices of those

any-do we know if there's any type of evaluation that veterans have in terms of making an evaluation of those who are conducting the program, and those students have the opportunity toward the end of the semester to evaluate their professors. Do we know if veterans have an opportunity to engage in that kind of evaluation? I think that might be something we might want to consider if, in fact, that's not happening.

LEORA SHUDOFSKY: I would just like to point out that much like the implementation of the credit system within CUNY, really each school operates individually. In fact, there are a number of campuses that don't have the title of a Veterans Coordinator, but have their veterans points of

contact with a different person. So, to answer that
question, I think no because there isn't a CUNY wide-
there's-there are recommendations for things, and
there are processes for things, but it really—it—it
ends up being up to each individual campus. That has
its very positives, and very negatives, and so that
there is some.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And at La Guardia, you said your wife is a—no you indicated that Baruch did not have a person on staff. Is that just because it's a vacancy or is it that they're being resistant and non-compliant. Has there been a vacancy for any length of time?

JOE BELLO: Well, my understanding is that they haven't, but I do understand there are Baruch students here or veteran students who will testify to that as well.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: [interposing] Okay.

JOE BELLO: So they might add more

information.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay, thank you, Mr.

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CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you. In the interest of time, I am going to move onto the next panel. So, it's, yes.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: You may.

JOE BELLO: I want to talk about the Veteran Friendly designation because I really want to be clear about that. The veteran desig-friendly designation is basically an application that eacheach campus puts out. They-they fill out, the sign it, and then they send it off to, you know, the media place, and then they kind of put it in. It's more like a public relations thing. I mean if that's the case, then-then the question that many of the veterans have asked is how did La Guardia get the military friendly designation with yet-with all the problems that were going on, all the letters and stuff like that? I mean, so, you know, just to be clear here, I mean we can say we're military friendly and we can have that designation. That doesn't necessarily make it so.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I'm-I'm curious to hear about-curious to hear about the experiences

students are having a Baruch because I myself am on
track to graduate in two months from Baruch, the
School of Public Affairs so-I'm in the MPA program
thee. I'm actually writing a-my capstone on the
Veteran Treatment Course, which you can all read
about in a few months when it's completer, and anyway
that's a whole other course. But I think the one
that has certainly come out of this hearing. There
are many interesting things, but there is definitely
a need for uniformity in the awarding of credits, and
the policies of how we treat and serve veterans. And
I'm hoping that as a result of this hearing, and the
town hall meeting that CUNY does tomorrow that some
recommendations or guidelines will be implemented,
but I've been advised by legal counsel not to make
any public statement about any ongoing investigation
regarding any particular complaints because people
are, in fact, entitled to due process in not only
CUNY but also in public service as well. So, you
won't hear any comments come from me with regard to
the case, but I want to thank you for testifying and
for sharing your unique experiences with us. We're
going to move onto the next.

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CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: --panel.

asked some questions to the Vice Chancellor about PROVE. If there's anything that I can answer that I haven't covered in my testimony I'm more than happy to. You asked the seven or it's—it's not, though.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Yes.

LEORA SHUDOFSKY: -- it's not, though.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. Oh, right.

You said your funding has been reduced.

LEORA SHUDOFSKY: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: How does that assess the services that you—other than——

LEORA SHUDOFSKY: Wait, the—the—the core campuses where we've maintained the same program we elected to go with the four campuses at the level that we're able to provide, which is this bi-weekly training, the—the past supervisors on campus able to really support the student veterans and the graduate interns, and we had to pull from the other three campuses, because we did not have the personnel that were qualified to supervise the social work students,

to pass it to you.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And finally, you talked about entering and that you belong to other types positions. What are some of the positions titles that you hold?

LEORA SHUDOFSKY: Oh, it's great. actually we have a couple of-of former social work interns at the PROVE program that are now veteran coordinators at some of the colleges within CUNY and also at the new school we have veterans who are-I just had lunch up at Silberman School of Social Workers with 13 veterans, two of whom were-were interns who are now working at the VA, whether it's the VA in-in Montrose, the VA in the Bronx or the VA system in Manhattan and Brooklyn. Jericho project a number of other veteran related programs or programs, social service programs that have a veteran component. And we are-the-the goal is really just to sensitize us as a profession, educators and the social workers to understand that there are-there are just some unique characteristics of the veteran population that need to be recognized. thing for the higher education institution to recognize it, and for us as social workers we need to also recognize that it's not only about very

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important issues that you GC (sic) and CBI, but it's the strength and the leadership and the resiliency that veterans bring that we need to recognize. We look at things from a trans based lens rather than a pathological one. That's just our philosophy.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you.

LEORA SHUDOFSKY: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you Madam

Chair, and again thank you for those who came. And

so far we have one last panel, is that? Oh, two more

panels. Forgive me. Okay. So, now we are going to

hear from my fellow students at Baruch College. I

brought my ID with me just to prove that [laughter]

if you ever see me running late to class maybe you

can hold the gate open for me. Melissa Sue from

Baruch College Student Affairs; Trent Coyle a Baruch

College Student Affairs; Yonadi Reyes.

YONADI REYES: Yonadi.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Yonadi, I apologize,
I-I-I-again, I do apologize. Loren Patterson from La
Guardia Community College. So we have three, Baruch
Terriers and one from La Guardia Community College.
We're missing one-where is the report?

PANEL MEMBER: [off mic] Is that mine?

_	COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION 90
2	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Oh, I apolo-oh, I
3	apologize. Okay, alright, very good, and why don't
4	we start with you, sir? Feel free to just put the
5	microphone on, state your name and—and begin your
6	testimony?
7	LOREN PATTERSON: Alright. [coughs] Good
8	afternoon, everybody. I don't know the proper way to

afternoon, everybody. I don't know the proper way to phrase everybody. Thanks for being here. [mic squawking back] So, I'm going to give a different type—type of testimony because I heard a lot of things about credits.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Just state your name. I apologize. State your name for the record.

LOREN PATTERSON: Oh, Loren-Loren

Patterson.

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CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you. Okay, for the record. Thank you.

LOREN PATTERSON: I have a lot about credits and procedural things and stuff that doesn't identify what I think the problem is dealing with the veteran community throughout CUNY. On January 3, 2002, my daughter died. On January 6, 2002, I went to a meeting. (sic) Not because I couldn't with I had to deal with, but because my Badder Brothers

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2 Union and my unit meeting, my soldier's meeting.

There was-there is a bond with such community. is a sense of belonging in the veteran community that people who do not understand, have never served, have done nothing outside, and that type community will never understand. And I-I hear about this university doing this, this university doing, this university don't know. And anybody talking about the differences and the unique situation every individual veteran presents, but what she lacks to understand is what we have in common. We volunteer to do for others. We volunteer to be a part of the community. So to ignore the sense of community as big as CUNY is, I just found out about a town hall that's happening tomorrow, and I graduated out of La Guardia. I'm still a CUNY student. The fact that I didn't know that information was happening, and my son goes to that school, there's a problem. The fact that we don't talk past these certain mixers (sic) is a problem. When I started at La Guardia I went to La Guardia because of the veterans that were a block over (sic). I did it because I thought to go to college. I was like this would be cool. Because of the phone call they gave me to come in and to go pick

2 up a certificate to say hey, you want to go to 3 school, to walk me downstairs to admissions, to walk 4 me to the guy who did my paperwork for financial services. In one day I was able to take my test, and 5 everything to be admitted to La Guardia Community 6 7 College, and because of that program is why I'm 8 currently working on my bachelor's, and next that's the hope that I will be working on my masters. the thing that brought me there was the community. I 10 11 went there. I didn't need to go there for study. I 12 didn't need to go there for-to borrow a book. 13 there to talk to my fellow veterans. I went there to 14 be around people who did what I did. Now, at another 15 school, and I go back to La Guardia, and the room it's beautiful and dark, it's nicely painted, a nice 16 17 TV. There's new computers. There's the couches, but I go in there and I don't talk to anybody. I see 18 19 Vickie. She's not here. I see Joe when we fought in 20 the war together and over there, but there was no 21 sense of community. I went there to do work. 2.2 could have stayed home. I left my house for the 2.3 purpose of being in a community environment to do work, show camaraderie or something. It wasn't 24 25 It was lacking and that got taken out of the

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room that I used to go to even if I was five minutes late to class to get a slice of pizza or get cupcake or to say what's up, or some of my bad brothers and went downstairs and we smoked a cigarette. that you can look at-for anybody listening, for anybody in power, for anybody, you know, with the idea of what you're doing. The fact that you look at this community of individuals who did more than any number can show, and you look at us as numbers is a distinct problem. Because what we represent is a better sense of the communities you want to serve. The individuals you want to graduate from your school are the people you want to go into communities and help better the communities, and these are people who do this-did this out of sacrifice for something, sacrifice of family, friends, and everything they love. And to take that and not put that as the main factor over these numbers of positive possible credits you could get for a class, I did nuclear biological chemicals or whatever in no time. I'm not doing that as the rainfall.(sic) Getting a credit for that does nothing for that does nothing for me. The-the essence of what I did and who I am is what CUNY and those representative funding programs need

to be focusing on. Because that battle buddies just
like when my daughter died and I went to my unit
because my friends needed me, my battle buddies
needed me, those are individuals you can turn to when
you're failing the class, when you're not showing up,
when you're not there every week. When we're having
a pizza, and you're not showing up for the pizza, why
are you not there? That's what makes me turn up.
That's how you get the graduation rates. That's how
you get better numbers. That's how you get more-more
return on our resume. That's how you build your
enrollees by having that community of people who bond
together beyond anything. If one person had thought
of was everybody has a dollar, and that's the thing.
You're taking out of all this analysis and all this
talking that you're doing when it comes to
identifying and recognizing who the veteran community
is. Thank you, everybody.
CHAIRPERSON ULBICH: Thank you. Thank

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you. Thank you, and please stay for questions at the end. We'll continue.

YONADI REYES: Chairperson Ulrich,
Chairperson Barron, members of the Veterans and
Higher Education Committee, good afternoon. My name

2 is Yonadi Reyes, and I'm a veteran currently 3 attending Baruch College. Today, I stand here before 4 you like every other veteran in this room who wishes 5 to address the adversity they are facing within their-within their prospective schools. It is 6 7 disheart-disheartening to see that our CUNY schools 8 have failed us. They have failed to help with our transitions by not giving us the proper guidance, inspiration and the tools to help us succeed. Coming 10 11 into Baruch, I was informed that veterans get preference to seeing academic advisors. When I tried 12 13 to utilize this service, I was only seen for five minutes. When it happened—when I came out of there 14 15 just-I came out of there just as clueless as-as I did 16 as I went in. Thereafter, I visited the Academic 17 Advisory Department several times, and was 18 unsuccessfully able to get the proper guidance I need 19 on responsiveness or the overflowing of students in 20 the office for OSHA waiting to be seen. Between 21 emailing an advisor and trying to set up an 2.2 appointment for the Department, I quickly realize it 2.3 was futile-futile because they do not set appointments, and the advisors were not receptive to 24 25 emails. Now, this may seem as an-as an insignificant

2 issue, but I can assure you that it's quite the 3 contrary. Academic advisement is like the sun is to 4 a plant. It provides that—that regiment (sic) and growth. Good advising can provide students 5 opportunity to interact with their professional 6 7 advisors, feel more connected to the institute-8 institute-excuse me institution. [laughs] I can't get it out. To clarify course selection and serve as an educate-educational checkup. Furthermore, it can 10 11 also help students to keep their degree requirements in an efficient manner. The advisor can clarify 12 13 degree requirements and make recommendations 14 regarding specific classing-classes. Academic 15 advisors play a vital role in students' success at 16 school. More importantly, though, like all college 17 at CUNY, we do not have a veteran coordinator at Baruch. We need a veteran coordinator who is 18 19 committee to recruiting, enrolling and retaining student veterans. We need a coordinator-or a 20 coordinator who understands that we-who understands 21 2.2 what we go through, and who can work in collaboration 2.3 with the various office on campus including students of fierce (sic) admission, disability service, 24 financial aid, registrar, and others to assist us in 25

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becoming acclimated to college life while obtaining not only our educational benefits, but our available resources in New York City. This is the biggest failure at Baruch, and as a student it isn't our job to do added work. Lastly, before I conclude my speech, I also wanted to mention an important issue, which you'll face at Baruch. As a student—as a student veteran who is also part of the Student

Veteran Association Club, we are receiving absolutely zero help setting up events or even getting a word out on the campus to attract more student veterans.

Currently, we are doing all the work by ourselves, and we are the ones who are growing the space. Thank you for hearing me out.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you.

TRENT COYLE: Chairperson Ulrich,

Chairperson Barron and members of the Veterans and
the Higher Education Committee. Good afternoon. My
name is Trent Coyle. I'm a US Army veteran, a
service disabled veteran, a veteran of multiple tours
of Iraq and Afghanistan. I serve as the Executive

Vice President of the Baruch Student Veterans
Association. I'm here before you today to address
two of the major issues that plague our organization

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and the attempt to perform our duties of serving the Baruch Student Veterans Association. The most pressing as our need for a veteran's coordinator, an asset that we've been in dire need of for some time. Second, and perhaps more than stressful is the rapidly decaying relationship within the student veterans themselves, and much of the Baruch staff and faculty. Due to a lack of a dedicated coordinator for Baruch SVA, they have become increasingly overwhelmed with the rate of our veterans, the proper resources available to them, as well as fulfilling our duties to selected offices and performing our requirements of students. At no point should those who have volunteered to continue serving the veteran community have to regularly decide whether to complete our daily academic responsibilities versus the assistance with the veterans. A dedicate--a dedicated veterans coordinator, an essential asset that President Wallerstein himself was made aware of in 2013 eliminates this problem. Yet, despite our overtures and the fact that we're the only CUNY school without such a position in place he has continued deny or even meet with us to discuss this This is absolutely unacceptable. Lastly, the

partnership between the veteran community within
Baruch and the staff at Baruch College itself through
the Office of Student Life, the Senate for Academic
Advisement, the Union of Students Office, the Vice
President of Student Affairs Office and President
Wallerstein's office has been an increasingly
challenged. Despite the rhetoric, very little has
been done to provide the promised services to student
veterans, and they have, in fact, become an active
road block for us to accomplish this. It has become
increasingly clear when you are being exploited when
the intent of establishing Baruch as veteran
conversation. (sic) I ask for your cooper-
collaboration in rectifying these pressing issues.
Undoubtedly, with your cooperation we can better
uphold our sacred responsibility of caring for
veterans that have already sacrificed so much for the
community. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you.

MELISSA SUE: Hello, Chairperson Ulrich,
Chairperson Barron and members of the Veterans and
Higher Education Committee. Good afternoon. My name
is Melissa Sue. I served in the United States Marine
Corps from 2009 to 2015. I deployed twice and

received multiple decorations for operations in 2 3 Helmand Province Afghanistan and supportive 4 operations Journey Freedom. However, upon coming home, I was diagnosed with PTSD, severe anxiety and 5 memory loss due to a TBI. I graduated from Bronx 6 7 Community College and followed CUNY schools in 2015. 8 I am now attending Baruch College and Recruitment Service President of the Student Veterans Association. I am here today with my fellow student 10 11 veterans to address some of the issues we're 12 currently having at Baruch. First and foremost, we 13 do not have a veterans coordinator. Currently, every 14 college within CUNY has either a coordinator or a 15 director for Veteran Services except for us. This is unacceptable. We find ourselves overwhelmed with 16 17 responsibilities of ensuring that our veterans are 18 provided with specific resources ranging from housing 19 placement in dorms, professional career services, 20 financial support, academic advisement and 21 coordination among various departments at Baruch College. Back in April of 2013, the President of the 2.2 2.3 college Mitchell Wallerstein was part of a blue ribbon panel that put together-put together by then 24 CUNY Chancellor Matthew Goldstein regarding best 25

2 practices for campus services for student veterans. 3 One recommendation outlined is every campus should 4 have a single point of contact identified as veterans coordinator. As stated in the report, this 5 individual should be highly knowledgeable about a 6 broad spectrum of veteran topics and maintain 7 relationships with each administrative office on 8 campus and foster community-continuity-excuse me-and a collective knowledge base of issues affecting 10 11 veterans. To date, the Vice President of Student 12 Affairs has dismissed our request for a Veterans 13 Coordinator despite our proposals for funding. 14 Furthermore, President Wallerstein has not agreed to 15 a meeting with our students--student veterans to discuss concerns about having a veteran coordinator. 16 17 Our next issue is a lack of space for veterans at the 18 college. Student veterans' participation on campus 19 has increased by six times since January of this 20 year. The Veterans Resource Center is really only a 21 lounge that is so small that only ten people can fit 2.2 comfortable. We have constantly asked for a bigger 2.3 space, and have been told by the Administration that they have nothing. As Key's Blue Ribbon Report 24 25 noted, the unique nature of the military experience

2 and the strong need for peer support means that the 3 veteran specific spaces are important for veterans-4 excuse me-student veterans with that. And because we don't have a bigger space, we have no location for Baruch to create a place for centralized veteran 6 7 services, i.e., a coordinator, certifying official and for the majority of our student veterans. 8 Lastly, Baruch College campus services including the Office of Student Life, Center for Academic 10 11 Advisement, Dean of Students Office, the Vice President of Student Affairs Office and President 12 13 Wallerstein's Office does not provide supportive services for our student veterans. Student veteran 14 15 participation at Baruch is increasing at such a rapid 16 rate that maintaining the appropriate resources for 17 our student veterans has become increasingly 18 difficult, which is negatively impacting the mental 19 and physical health of our club leadership, and 20 ultimately is becoming a hindrance on our academic 21 performance. Therefor, due to a lack support for 2.2 student veterans, Baruch College cannot state that it 2.3 is a military determinant. (sic) In the last five days leading up to this hearing, the school has 24 suddenly utilized social media showing support for 25

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student veterans, show the CUNY Chancellor honoring our veterans by making cards for us. Showing a slide show in honor of Veterans' Day by utilizing pictures—utilizing pictures off of our Facebook pages. All this just to claim that they support us. This is unacceptable. We all want to succeed, but Baruch needs to be a partner and more supportive. Right now, this is not happening on our campus. I would like to thank you for your time and I'm ready to answer any questions that you may have.

your testimony, again, each of you. I'm really shocked to—to be honest with you. I mean I'm a student a Baruch. I go Monday and Wednesday nights this semester, and my last semester. I've been there for two years. I—I have a deep appreciation for the wonderful education that's provided there and how affordable it is, and having been a student myself, although I am not a former service member, I was always very impressed with the level of customer service there. So, this is—this is really news to me, and I think that this is something that I will definitely be speaking to some of the folks at—at Baruch about especially with respect to the—the—you—

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2 that Baruch is the only college in the CUNY system 3 that-that does not have a-a veterans coordinator. that -- is that, in fact, true or is there one that's 4 just in the enrollment? Is there-there isn't one there?

MELISSA SUE: So, we do not have a coordinator or a director. All we have is a certifying official, but he is not fully the certifying official. He was Baruch's Registrar.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay, alright, so that-I think that's the problem, and I-I do understand the-the-the real estate is an issue for everybody, the lack of facilities. In a perfect world CUNY would have these fall-in campuses and rooms for everybody, but I do think that if the room that you're in now are you in the-the new building? You're in the bus-the business school building, the veterans resource room is it in the library building or is in the-the new building, or-or the one on 23rd Street?

MELISSA SUE: We're-we're in the Newman Vertical Campus so the new building.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: So you're-you're in the Vertical Campus?

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION 105 2 MELISSA SUE: Uh-huh. 3 CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay, where in the 4 Vertical—where in the Vertical Campus is your room? MELISSA SUE: We're-we're on the third 5 floor. We're actually separated from Student Life. 6 7 We're actually right next to the Chaplin's Office. I don't know if you noticed? 8 9 CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I don't know where the Chaplain's Office is. [laughter] I probably 10 11 should. 12 MELISSA SUE: It's on the way to--13 CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: [interposing] I went to seminary school, too, and at one point in my life, 14 15 but anyway. So, you have a-a tiny room that fits ten people on the third floor. So that's an issue. You 16 17 don't have a veteran's coordinator. That's an issue. 18 Have you met with Dean Birdsell or-or-or the 19 President, you've-the President, you as being-the 20 President of the Veterans Student Club there? 21 MELISSA SUE: So I've actually met with Dean Art King. He's also our VP of Student Affairs. 2.2 2.3 CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Right.

MELISSA SUE: Last year we used to have a monthly veterans task force meeting, which consisted

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of our certified official and myself, and I think our past president, Machete. We discussed the coordinator last year but because the task force came about so late in the semester, it was dismissed until this year. To date, I've only had one meeting with him this semester.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay.

MELISSA SUE: The President of the College, President Wallerstein has not noticed us at this time.

encourage him to do so, and I might put that in writing at some point. I think it was important not on—not for symbolic, but this is—but just for the maintaining mutual respect the lines of communication open that. The president of CUNY Colleges, the President—the respective Presidents and also the Chancellor maybe it's an annual meeting, once—once a year with all the club presidents and around veterans then. Maybe it's a breakfast. Maybe it's an informal thing. Maybe it's more formal. I don't know, but I—I think that that—that would really go a long way, but the—the—the lack of services that are being provided for veterans at Baruch is very

disturbing for me because I'm a student there, but
I'm also the Chair of the Veterans Committee, and
it's kind of embarrassing that the Chair of the
Veterans Committee is also a graduate student at
Baruch, but there is no-they're not hearing these
types of experiences that you're having and again I
am not veteran myself. My brother is currently a
Marine. He's in Camp Pendleton. He graduated MCRD
last year, but I and—and all of my colleagues have a
deep respect and admiration for the sacrifices that
veterans have made on our behalf, and we decided to
have this hearing today to discuss how CUNY is
serving veterans well, and the maybe what some of the
areas that we can improve upon. And so, I think
that's why you test—everybody is testified—every
student who came in testified today. It's meaningful
and it's important because we're staring a
conversation that hopefully will lead to changes in
policy or facilities or hiring practices because we
can always do better. So that's my spiel, but does
my Co-chair have any [off mic] similar questions or
comments?

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Yes, just a few questions. How long has there been a vacancy in the

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position of Coordinator or Director? How long has
the position been vacant?

MELISSA SUE: Well, there was never actually been any tracking of veterans at Baruch college to include the—the personnel that would assist us.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: There's never been a person?

MELISSA SUE: As far as we know the—the longest standing veteran supporter at Baruch on staff is our certifying official, and as long as he's been there for the last 6 to 6-1/2 years, there's never been a position open for it.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Has it been advertised to your knowledge that this position exists and that it should be—that they're requesting people to submit applications? Do you know if that's happened?

MELISSA SUE: So at this time, they're not accepting applications. It's not a position that is widely advertised. It's not something that the college is open to because according to the college, there is not the—there is no longer a budget to hire persons for that purpose.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And how long has it been that you have not been able to get a response to your request to meet with the President or his representative?

MELISSA SUE: For us-for us it's been this semester. We're much more active outside of the club this semester. So it's been approximately three months.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And in terms of you said that there was some posters put out or something within the last couple of weeks or the last couple of days to address-to highlight the great relationship or the fact that they appreciated veterans. Is that the first time that that kind of publicity has been given to veterans?

MELISSA SUE: Yes. So the college has never actually advertised the military funding or that we had a student veteran population on campus whether that be for Veterans Day or Memorial Day. Last year we did have an issue on Veteran's Day. The school did have blank posters that students could find and there were inappropriate messages written on it. So we did--

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: [interposing] It has

3 | what? Say that again.

MELISSA SUE: In- inappropriate messages written on there to our veterans. I'm not-I don't want to say, but the-this year we asked for that not to happen, but we did try something new this year where we-we tried a Veterans Week program rather than Veterans' Day. Student Life, the Office of the Dean, Vice President. No one came. No one helped to advertise. No one helped to set up the event, but on Friday for Veteran's Day they all posted on social media that they were at the event watching, that they enjoyed the events, that they supported student veterans. We also work very closely with another group on campus to create a video that created a spotlight on the positive attributes of having student veterans on campus. We were told that we couldn't advertise it on campus. We received the specifications on Thursday during Veterans' luncheon, and we weren't able to meet their criteria in order to have that done. So the school utilized pictures and videos from our personal Facebook pages and posted that video as their own.

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there was a veterans program at Baruch before you want, and did—if you had that knowledge, how did that impact your decision to go to Baruch? How did you come to go to Baruch? Did you know about the veterans' programs before you went or did you find out while you were there?

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Did you know that

MELISSA SUE: So I think myself like many of the other Baruch students here we chose Baruch based off the name and the programs that they offered. Nothing to do with the actual veterans' programming.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: So no outreach? You hadn't received any outreach through any of the veterans' organizations or anything that would alert you to the fact that they had the opportunity for you to go with no car, and that there would be a director. You didn't have any of that information?

MELISSA SUE: No. I—I was never notified about that.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Did any of the others, any of the others, the panels know about it before?

1 COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION 112 TRENT COYLE: As well we were informed of 2 that particularly prior to enrollment or joining the 3 4 school. Again, we're-being a business school that was largely the reason why I was attending. There was-there was some small information available on the 6 7 website about who to contact as far as enrollment, 8 but as far as outreach, there wasn't actually or outreach or anything of that nature. None of that occurred. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And to the graduates 12 from La Guardia, did you know that they had a special 13 veterans' program before you-before you want to La Guardia? 14 15 LOREN PATTERSON: I learned about the-16 that program through a VA representative. So it was a 17 personal connection. 18 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. 19 LOREN PATTERSON: It was just in 20 communication with a counselor that when I was trying 21 to go some when I back to here. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay, sir. 2.3 you very much, Mr. Chair.

Chair, and thank you again for testifying today. 25

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CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you, Madam

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you could stick around after the hearing I'd be happy to exchange business cards with you after. We're on our last panel. So we should be done in about 15 minutes, maybe 20. Thank you.

MELISSA SUE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: The last panel consists of the following individuals: Jonathan Fermin-Robbins from Hunter College; Sean Sterrett; Kevin Chemilio from Lehman College and Juan M. Cologne from Queens College. [pause] [background comments]

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. We'll ask that you get started. I'll start on my far left if you'll give us your name and your testimony. Thank you.

JONATHAN FERMIN-ROBBINS: Thank you.

Good afternoon, Chairpersons Barron and Ulrich, and members of the committee and honored guests. On behalf of the 200 plus student veterans at Hunter

College I thank you very much for your continued commitment and support, and for the opportunity to testify before you today. Before I proceed with the rest of my testimony, I want to emphasize the following points.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: [interposing] Would 3 you give us your name, please for the record?

JONATHAN FERMIN-ROBBINS: Sure, my-my name is Jonathan Fermin-Robbins. Veteran services are greatly appreciated and are not taken for granted. Hunter College sets the standard for veteran friendly application, registration and academic support. The approved program is world class, and is a concept that should be widely adopted. Improvements are not only possible but the answers already exist within the CUNY system. I recommend the following considerations:

Examine how different schools excel at their respective veteran services programs.

Develop a standardization version—develop a standardized version of these services throughout all CUNY schools.

Increase support of approved services, enabling effective coupling for the veterans resource centers and coordinator.

Provide adequate funding to make the above possible. I served six years in the United States Army. I spent the majority of my enlistment overseas, and served and additional five years as a

Senior Government GS employee working for the
Department of Defense. I started attending Hunter
College in the spring of 2015. The CUNY Central
Office Veterans representative made my application
process smooth and straightforward. This seamless
transition continued throughout the registration
process as a direct result of having an academic
advisor who was also the head of the Student Veteran
Services at Hunter College. My personal experienced
transitioning to Hunter serves as a shining example
of the great lengths the City and CUNY goes and
continues to go to in an effort to support veterans.
After having attended Hunter College for one year, I
was asked to serve as President of the Hunter College
Student Veterans Club. It is the goal of my
testimony today to bring to your attention three
Hunter College student veterans' experiences, submit
for your consideration my thoughts and the progress
made thus far, and to proposed a way forward.

I'll begin with Ashley's experience.

Ashley Robinson served seven years in the United

States Air Force, separated in May and started

attending Hunter College in the fall of 2016. The

difficulties she faced were not with admissions or

registering for classes. Hunter has successfully 2 3 made this a fairly easy and intuitive process. 4 Ashley's greatest challenge was finding an affordable place to live within a reasonable proximity to Hunter College. Though there were numerous veteran services 6 7 available to Ashley, she was unable to access them. 8 Ashley's lack of access to these services is a direct result of what many veteran students experience upon their reentry into civilian life, information 10 11 overload. Having overcome the difficulty with finding affordable housing, Ashley continues to face 12 13 challenges with making numerous VA clinic 14 appointments, ensuring her VA disability claims 15 processing, and keeping her focus on her studies. 16 Ashley's words, I just wish there was a way to bridge 17 the gap between the numerous veteran services 18 available and the veteran who is totally consumed 19 with academic studies, commuting, VA appointments and 20 all the required paperwork. I feel that there is no 21 central point of contact on the direct ties to the VA clinics to answer these questions and to be a 2.2 2.3 champion on behalf of veteran students. Ashley also points out that there seems to be no standard among 24 CUNY schools on how veteran services are implemented. 25

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She asked me: Is there a benchmark for standard bearer among CUNY schools? If so, where? And are the schools meeting this benchmark?

Patrick served in the Unites States Air Force for eight years before applying to Hunter in the fall of 2013. Like many other student veterans, he was drawn to Hunter because of its high academic standing and reputation as a top notch school. Patrick's experience applying to Hunter was also seamless and this positive experience continued through to the registration process. The transfer of his wealth of experience and formal education in the Air Force, however, did not have the same seamless transition. Of the 92 credits earned in the United States Air Force, Hunter College only accepted 11 of these, and averaged his incoming GPA to 2.6 as the Air Force was not assessing a grade for credits earned. Patrick says there quite a few other veterans who avoid Hunter because of their policy regarding credits through military experience and training. Patrick also points out that while PROVE interns are an invaluable resource in terms of their psychological and social benefit, their ability to provide sound advice in regards to VA regulations and

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services is severely limited due to their short time on campus, two semesters. And unfortunately, experience for Patrick resulted in the loss of thousands of dollars he could have potentially been afforded had he been given the proper information.

Patrick also points out that for the first year and a half at Hunter he was not college mode. I was just trying to stay above the water and couldn't use all of the services offered to my full advantage. I felt like I had to do all the paperwork myself, and was just trying to figure everything out. There was no local support to help me navigate the VA.

Megan served in the United States Air

Force for 10 years and was medically retired in 2013.

Megan says this is my first year at Hunter College.

While getting here was not without its challenges,
the majority of my administrative issues were

resolved fairly quickly by college staff once the
issues were raised. I feel that if an issue came up,
I could go to Marty, the VA Certifying official and
academic advisor to get it fixed. House hunting
wasn't much of a problem. I'm from New York
originally and I stayed with family while I was
apartment hunting. There were financial

difficulties, mainly I did not meet the salary
requirements for budgeting owner's one (sic) as I am
unemployed. I was able to have my family by way of
loan. (sic) Some of the greater challenges I faced
moving back have been about travel to my appointments
and the availability of appointments. A member of
the Special Fee Clinics are only available once a
week and often in the early morning. I'm often faced
with the choice of having to be late for class, leave
early or skip class altogether to make appointments
on time. I've also waited more than an hour to see
some doctors forcing me to skip class to keep the
appointment. As for VA bureaucracy, there have been
some issues. I think learning about programs for the
New York Harbor VA Hospital-Hospital could be vital,
but it seems I have no representation at our school.
Additionally, there was no information from the VA
about receiving the disabled rate on MTA and monthly
passes. I talked to several VA offices, and when I
first heard about it and they bounced around to
various other offices only to be told that no one
actually knows how the system works. I am currently
paying more than \$110 on transportation every month.

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2 The way forward. The experiences of 3 actually Patrick and Megan clearly demonstrate the 4 areas of the Veterans services that are extremely successful while also eliminating others that are ripe for improvement. Ashley brought up a question 6 7 that I believe holds the key because the next day the Veterans Services within CUNY and the city as a 8 whole. Her question was: Is there a benchmark or standard among the CUNY schools-excuse me-CUNY 10 11 schools? If so, where? And are all the schools 12 meeting this benchmark. As Hunter College student, I 13 cannot provide an authoritative answer to this 14 question given my limited perspective. However, I 15 travel to other colleges, and observe other veteran 16 resource centers, and can confidently say that there are benchmarks already in existence with the CUNY 17 18 system. For example, Hunter College set the 19 benchmark for admissions, registration and aca-20 academic assistance. BMCC is the leader when it 21 comes to the Veterans Resource Center and its ability to facilitate veteran services and render assistance. 2.2 2.3 From my perspective, and from the questions I posed to school officials, the discrepancy between the 24

various CUNY schools come down to monetary resources.

All CUNY schools would be able to achieve a unified 2 3 level of success in all areas from admission, 4 registration and academics for Veterans Resource Center services, which allocated the proper funding. 5 Hunter establishes superior admissions, registration 6 7 and academic advising processes for veterans because 8 that is—that is where Hunter put its limited monetary resources. BMCC excels at providing unparalleled Veteran Resource Center services because that is 10 11 where BMCC had its limited monetary resources. 12 next day, the Veteran Services, which would clearly 13 establish New York City as the national standard there is easily within reach. I respectfully submit 14 15 to these committees, the City Council of New York and 16 the Mayor's Office of New York City the consideration 17 of performing additional research and allocating 18 additional funding that will effect a clear and 19 readily achievable way to combine the proven concepts 20 already in existence within the CUNY system and, 21 therefore, effectively bridge the gap between the plethora of services available and the student 2.2 2.3 veterans who need them. As an additional point, I want to point out that Hunter College also does not 24 25 have a full time veterans resource coordinator, and

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2 I'm also ready to answer any questions that you may 3 have. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. Next panelist. [pause]

SEAN STERRETT: Good afternoon, Chairman Ulrich, Chairperson Barron, members of the Veterans and Higher Education Committee. My name is Sean Sterrett and I am currently at La Guardia Community College student. I served in the United States Marine Corps from 2006 to 2011. I deployed in support of Operation Iraqi State into Al Anbar Province in 2009, and-and received most dec-most of the decorations in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Services. However, upon coming homeupon coming home, I was diagnosed with Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder, and other service connected injuries of the U.S. Department of Veteran Affairs. As I started treatment, I enrolled at La Guardia Community College in March of 2014. I want to tell you that since Steven Clark and Darrell Griffin have arrived at La Guardia, I have been the victim of harassment and a hostile environment at La Guardia's veterans enlisting. (sic) I have had Mr. Clark, who is the Vice Chair of Veterans Services for Student Affairs,

2 verbally assault me, and then turn around and 3 immediately call the campus police to have me removed 4 from the campus. I have also been kicked out of the Veterans Resource Center, a proposed safe space, 5 while being intimidated with no provocation. I have 6 7 been-let's see [pause]. There have been many 8 altercations between myself, Mr. Clark and Mr. Griffin, and the two items I stated were issues that were brought to the attention of the administration 10 11 at La Guardia Community College, and nothing was done to address it. Mr. Clark used the Senior Academic 12 Advisor Mr. Griffin to misinform and mislead veterans 13 14 to the point where I have had to request that he not 15 handle my academic advisory sessions due to the fact 16 he could not prove that he was competent in the 17 position that Mr. Clark hired him for. While I was 18 hospitalized for PTSD related issues, it was Mr. 19 Clark who harassed my brother to pass information to 20 me that I needed to hurry up and leave the hospital 21 in his words. This type of harassment was not 2.2 beneficial to my recovery. It was counterproductive 2.3 to all I have worked for in my transition back into society. My experience as La Guardia Community 24 College has been prejudicial to my mental welfare, 25

which originally led to my hospitalization. 2 3 past three semesters, Mr. Clark has made my college 4 experience into a very negative one. Recently, my fellow veterans and I submitted a package of all our 5 correspondence along with my statement to CUNY's 6 7 Central Office after these atrocious acts were ignored by La Guardia's President Gail Mellow, Vice 8 President of Student Affairs Michael Baston, and the additional administrators. This came after many 10 11 attempts to mediate the issues, which Mr. Clark had utilized to harass and intimidate us. We met with 12 Interim Vice Chancellor Chris Rosa, but there was no 13 resolution. Vice Chancellor Chris Rosa's solution 14 15 was to push the issue back to La Guardia now saying that the President is open to us. Where was she 16 17 when-for the three semesters while I was-while I 18 continued to be harassed? On Veterans Day I was 19 blocked from the La Guardia Twitter account. CUNY 20 says its veteran friendly, but if this is how I've 21 been treated, then I wonder how-about other veterans, 2.2 and what they might be going through. I am angry at 2.3 CUNY for allowing this to go on for so long. has to stop, and it needs to be addressed. 24 asking both committees to hold another hearing to 25

2 follow up on what actions CUNY and La Guardia has

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panelist please.

taken to address Mr. Clark and Mr. Griffin, and I would ask that the Council pull any funding going to CUNY for veterans until they resolve these issues. I thank you all for your time, and I'm ready to answer

8 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. Next

any questions you may have. Thank you very much.

KEVIN CHEMILIO: Good afternoon, Chairman Ulrich, Chairwoman Barron and members of the Veterans and Higher Education Committee. My name is Kevin Chemilio, and I'm grateful to have the opportunity to address all of you about my CUNY experiences. So, a little bit about me. I served in the Marine Corps from July 2007 to July 2014, and when I got out instead of going to school, I decided I wanted to work on an oil rig drilling for natural gas and oil, probably one of the hardest things I've ever done in my entire life not just because of the physical labor but in parts of the actual color of my skin made that a very difficult job. However, I realized that if I really wanted to get ahead and do better in life for myself and my family that I needed to go to school. So I moved back to New York City, and I attended La

Guardia Community College from March 2014 to June 2 3 2016. During my time at La Guardia I became the Veterans Club President who has served for three 4 semesters where now I am actually the President of the Veterans Association in Lehman College, and also 6 7 we have an SVA chapter there as well. We just got 8 that going. So during my time in La Guardia, Mr.-Mr. Clark became the Director of Veterans Services for Student Affairs. I personally had high hopes that he 10 would make La Guardia a little bit better than it was 11 12 before. Unfortunately, that was not the cause. 13 During my time at La Guardia, I witnessed Mr. Clark 14 lie, double talk, harass myself and other veterans 15 while Mr. Griffin spied on us and followed us all 16 over campus and then reported back to Mr. Clark 17 anything that we did instead. Mr. Clark's harassment 18 towards me started immediately. A number of us were 19 supposed to have an new issues (sic) meeting with 20 Vice President Baston, and as per his open door 21 policy. Mr. Clark expressed his discontent and also 2.2 said that if he was not going to be present for this 2.3 meeting, that we would not be holding that meeting. Then Mr. Clark decided to create Battle Buddy Center, 24 and when we asked for the MOU, he refused and we once 25

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again had to meet with Vice President Baston, who then willingly gave us a copy of the MOU with no [pause] Mr. Baston then promised that he problem. would meet again-again with us the following semester to make sure that things were getting better with myself and a former member of the cabinets Ricky Malone, Sean Sterrett and Noah-Noah Almanor and a couple others. The following semester, Mr. Clark became even more emboldened. When the other student veterans and I saw what he and Mr. Griffin were doing, we once again asked for a meeting with Vice President Baston. It was then that Vice President Baston revoked-revoked his open door policy, refused to meet with us and told us to go back to Mr. Clark, the same person who-who we had these initial issues In our 42-page correspondence packet to La with. Guardia's administration, which I'm sure you all have, detailing the harassment and injustices, you will notice that Vice President Baston only responds to one of my emails after we asked for Mr. Clark to be removed from the vet-from the Veterans Office. Instead of being the Vice President and leader he should have been-instead of being the Vice President and the leader he should have been, he chose to

2 belittle, intimidate and berate me with false narratives about my intention of exposing the 3 4 grievances of the student veterans that were being harassed such as Sean, Noah and several others. Incredibly, Mr. Rosa's answer was to push it back La 6 7 Guardia, the very same situation that we just came 8 from. This is a travesty and it's unacceptable. President Mellow and Vice President Baston could have avoided this whole entire thing by just working to 10 11 address the issue. I'm angry and disappointed at 12 CUNY and La Guardia for treating us the way that they 13 did for as long as they did. We veterans share a bond, and that's something to go back to what Mr. 14 15 Patterson was saying, it's not just the place that we 16 go to for any other resources. It's the place that 17 we go to decompress. So when you take people, 18 individuals that were in a high stress situation, and 19 put them in another high stress situation, that's a 20 recipe for disaster. The Veterans Resource Center at 21 La Guardia used to be a place where all of us can go 2.2 to unwind. Even if we didn't want to go home, we had 2.3 a place where we could relax and know there was safe space. As many other veterans in this-in this 24 25 hearing have said, that place has completely changed.

2 That was a place I could go to and many others here 3 that standing next to me, and also that are sitting 4 over there could attest to. CUNY says that it's 5 veteran friendly, but if this is how they treat us, and they say that they're-they're veteran friendly, I 6 7 wonder how many other of these student veterans, 8 which we can actually see in other colleges have these same issues. Despite all the obstacles, the harassment, the lack of support from Mr. Clark and 10 11 Mr. Griffin, and La Guardia's senior administration, 12 I graduated from La Guardia, and I'm currently 13 attending Lehman College pursuing a bachelor's in psychology. Lehman has great services as well. It's 14 15 a great place. The only problem is the broom closet that we have for a lounge. There's no space there. 16 17 So there has to be some sort of dialogue with the 18 campus planning its facilities in order to have a 19 designated specific area for vets because it's too 20 small for the amount of number of student vets that 21 are enrolled. In closing, the student veterans a La 2.2 Guardia Community College have corresponded with 2.3 emails that go back a whole calendar year. Guardia Community College's administration did not 24 25 make it a priority until they were made aware of this

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hearing. Mr. Clark violated policies with CUNY agai
and again, and yet no one at La Guardia has done
anything to rectify it. We're still continuing toda
with Sean-with Sean being here. This must change.
Every CUNY institution must take complaints from its
veterans seriously, and address them in a timely
manner. I'm also asking both committee to hold
another hearing next semester to follow up on what
actions CUNY and La Guardia have taken to address
these issues. So, I just want to thank you guys for
your time, and I'm ready to answer any questions that
you may have.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you, and we'll hear from our final panelist. [pause]

JUAN COLOGNE: Good afternoon, good afternoon. My name is Juan Cologne and I just wanted to say good to see you, Council Member Ulrich. You were at our--our ribbon cutting ceremony at the college. It's good to see you again, and Councilwoman Barron, it's good to see you again. Not only are you representing my district as the East New York, I met you at Lobby Day in Albany to get that office a law update, and to see you, and I'm happy to have the privilege with you two, and represent the

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committees here on our behalf. I'm glad I was able to listen to other vets from other colleges within CUNY before testifying because the model in my school can be applied elsewhere. My experience at Queens College has been great so far. The Veterans Office has an Outreach Specialist, the Certifying Official and the dedicated advisor in the same state, and the staff is going above and beyond for us. Even though we have issues that are similar to other CUNY colleges-other CUNY schools, I am deeply concerned with what's been happening at La Guardia. Just to backtrack a little bit, I am a Marine Reservist. I served between 2007 and '06, and I served in Iraq in 2003, and I had a few attempts at different work. went back to school at La Guardia in 2014. example of how necessary community colleges are to prepare students if they're not quite ready for senior colleges. This report I received from Vicky Enzodello (sp?) David Danza at the Veterans Group Resource Center. It was crucial for getting my mind focused on the education task I put myself back on. It wasn't until I started doing work study and holding various positions in the Veterans Club when I realized how dysfunctional the relationship between

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CUNY and the leadership at La Guardia in regards to the needs of the student veterans. I did what I could with the rest of the club to make our experience at the school not only better for us, but more importantly for the veterans that come after us. After the fall—at the fall of last year, I transferred to Queens College happy for the next chapter of my educational pursuits. I was sad about what we couldn't improve at La Guardia. atmosphere and services provided by these two colleges are so opposite in so many ways, and that shouldn't be the case if they both fall under the same system. My fear is that the current and future veterans-veteran students might get so discouraged by the lack of support that they need that they might drop out or not go back to school in the first place, and I hope CUNY will take a long overdue action to tickle your thoughts again. Thank you all for your time, and I will also answer any questions that you may have. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: I want to thank this panel for coming and taking the time to bring to our attention some of the shortcomings and some of the problems that we're facing in terms of what CUNY's

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interaction has been, and their commitment to addressing the needs of veterans. It appears that it's again at particular campuses that these problems exit. It seems that some have exemplary programs, as we have heard from other panelists, but it is quite disturbing to know that it appears that there's at least one campus where it's a longstanding problem that has not been addressed and corrected. So that's why it is disturbing to know, and we will, in fact, make sure that we get in touch with CUNY and see what is going on, and make sure that there is some redress to the grievances, some resolution to the problems because certainly we want to make sure that we have an environment that everybody feels respected, and has an opportunity to have resolution to what their differences are. I want to thank you for your testimony, and I'll turn it to my co-chair.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Yes, and I-I will echo the sentiments of my co-chair and my colleague

Council Member Barron and thanking you first for being here today to testify to share your experiences and your stories with us and also again to thank you for your service to our country, and to let you know how important your voice, your opinions, your

participation in today's hearing is, and was, and
that this is just part of a larger conversation that
we are helping to facilitate to improve the way CUNY
serves the veteran student-student veteran
population. So, your testimony is a matter of public
record. In several days you'll be able to go online
and look on the Council website and actually see it
in print. So, I think that that is very important
for you that you weren't just talking to a bunch of
elected officials, but that your opinions and your
experiences and the-the things that you actually
stated today are—are matter of public record, and—and
will be able to be referenced to at a later time as
well as the comments that elected officials make, who
serves on both of the committees. So, I don't have
any questions of you. I think a lot of the questions
and points have already been made, and I don't want
to reiterate them because we actually have to clear
the Chamber for an event celebrating Diwali. In
fact, it was supposed start 15 minutes ago. So our-
our Hindu friends and folks can observe that holiday.
So again, I want to thank you, thank the fellow
students, thank the CUNY representatives who were

1	COMMITTEE ON VETERANS JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION	135
2	here today, and that's concludes today's hearing.	
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date December 6, 2016