CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS

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November 19, 2015 Start: 1:16 p.m. Recess: 6:42 p.m.

HELD AT: Committee Room - City Hall

B E F O R E: Andrew Cohen

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

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Ydanis A. Rodriguez

Andrew Cohen Mark Treyger

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Linda Johnson Brooklyn Public Library President

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Johnathan Marvel Marvel Architects

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Nina Collins Brooklyn Heights Library Board Member

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Michael Pollack Brooklyn Roasting Company

Albert Tablonti
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Nick Higgins Brooklyn Public Library on behalf of Peter Goldwasser

Sheila Schofer Brooklyn Public Library on behalf of Jessica Warwaug

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Mary Buchwald Former Brooklyn Public Library

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Doreen Gallo DUMBO Neighborhood Alliance

Stephanie Blue IMPACCT

Kimberly Grad Coordinator of School-age Services at Brooklyn Public Library

Ryan Aucha
On behalf of Jonathan Butler of Smorgasburg

Lucy Koteen

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2 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: I'm going to turn the 3 mic on. Good afternoon. I'm Council Member Andy 4 Cohen, Acting Chair of the Subcommittee on Planning, 5 Dispositions and Concessions, filling in for the 6 Chair, Inez Dickens. We are joined today by Council Members Mark Treyger, Liz Crowley, Steve Levin, and 8 our own Public Advocate Tish James. We have one item on the calendar today, the redevelopment of the 10 Brooklyn Heights Branch of the Brooklyn Public 11 Library along Cadman Plaza in Council Member Levin's 12 District. The project would result in the 13 construction of a mixed-use development, a new 14 library to be located in the base of the building and 15 affordable housing off-site, affordable housing off-16 site. The Council's reviewing two actions that are 17 required for this project, Land Use Item 301, the 18 Disposition of City Property and Land Use Item 302, 19 the Acquisition of the Library Space in the New 20 Building. As proposed, this development would result in an approximately 300,000 square foot mixed-used 21 22 development including 21,500 square feet for the new 23 library. The project would result in 114 units of 24 off-site affordable housing within Brooklyn Community 25 Board Two reserved for people making between 60 and

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 9 165 percent of the Area Median Income. We will hold the public hearing on these two related items today. We will begin with speakers representing Hudson Properties, the New York Economic Development Corporation and the Brooklyn Public Library and continue with panels of four speakers, each speaker given two to three minutes. We will alternate between panels in support of the project and panels opposed to the project. If you wish to speak, please fill out a speaker's slip and submit it to the Sargent at Arms at the desk over there. We will make sure that everyone is given an opportunity to testify. Before we start, I would like to this hearing over to Council Member Levin for a brief opening statement.

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much, Chair Cohen and to the members of the
Subcommittee on Planning, Dispositions and
Concessions and to all of the members of the public
who have joined us here today and are coming here
today to testify. I thank you very much for being
here, and I thank you in advance for your patience,
because I expect this to be a lengthy hearing. I
would also like to thank Brooklyn Public Library and

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 10 Hudson Companies and Economic Development Corporation coming to testify today. The project before us is at its core a disposition of a public asset. In any disposition it is the responsibility of decisionmakers chartered, under the Charter of the City of New York. It's the, at this stage, the New York City Council to examine the proposal carefully to ensure that the public is receiving the full and fair value of its property and that the public policy--that public policy interests are being served. neighborhoods surrounding the library on Cadman Plaza, Cadman West, Brooklyn Heights, Downtown Brooklyn, Vinegar Hill, and DUMBO are growing neighborhoods. Demand for a library and other services, including education services, transportation services are only increasing. At the same time, these communities have struggled and continue to struggle with the challenges presented by dense and rapid development. Nothing happens in a vacuum. I hope that today's hearing will provide a chance to gather more information about this project and hear what the public thinks about this deal. I know that I have heard strong opinions on all sides of this issue from my constituents, and I am sure

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 11 that we will continue to hear many of those dedicated voices again here today and in the coming weeks. Community Board Two and the Brooklyn Borough President Eric Adams have already weighed in on the project, and I thank them for their thoughtful input. These issues are complicated ones. I feel strongly that I cannot support a project unless it is a good deal for both the local community as well as the Brooklyn Public Library system and all of Brooklyn and all of the city as a whole. I look forward to hearing from all sides of the issues today and to a thorough and respectful discussion. Now, throughout the last two years plus, this has been a very controversial topic, and I say I think that this is the most controversial issue that I've seen in my district since being elected in 2009. Passions run high on this one, and what we are trying to do here is look at this as clear-eyed as possible, as objectively as possible and try to weight all of the interest. The fact of the matter is that the library system as a whole has a capital deficit. It has a big one, and this would be an opportunity to address some of that capital deficit, not all of it, not even close, but some of it. Conversely, this is an issue

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 12 that impacts the negative impacts of this, and there would be negative impacts to this -- would affect one community in particular. The negative impacts would be felt most strongly by the Downtown Brooklyn Heights Community, impact of development, the impact on the local schools, the impact on transportation, on all the things that we try to weigh carefully when we decide about where development goes in New York Those impacts hit that local neighborhood, and those things have to be weighed against each other, and we want to take, as I said, as objective point of view as possible here, as cleared-eyed of point of view as possible. I want to strip away all the rhetoric, and I want to look at the numbers. I want to examine the numbers. I want to know is this a good or is it not a good deal? And I welcome the input of everybody here to help this body fully ascertain that. So, with that, I turn it back to the Chairman. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you, Council
Member Levin. We've been joined by Council Member
Lander. I'll now turn the hearing over to our first
panel. I'm not sure in what order you're going to

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 13 testify but you can decide among yourselves. Thank you.

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LINDA JOHNSON: Great, thanks. I'm Linda Johnson. afternoon, everyone. President of Brooklyn Public Library, and I'm here this afternoon with David Kramer from the Hudson Companies, Johnathan Marvel from Marvel Architects and Jeff Nelson from the Economic Development Corporation. I'd like to thank Council Member Levin for his remarks and for convening this session with the Subcommittee on Land Use, in particular Councilman Cohen, Mealy, Rodriguez, Treyger, Crowley, and Lander. Thank you all for being here. We appreciate your interest in the Cadman Plaza project and are gratified to have reached this point in the public review process. Thank you for the opportunity to present our plans for the new Brooklyn Heights Library. We've been working in the community on this project since 2013 when we convened a community action advisory committee and went out for an RFP to sell the property at 280 Cadman Plaza, and we're grateful for the participation of all the stakeholders who attended those meetings, and in particular, Council Member Levin's office as well as

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 14 other elected officials and neighborhood stakeholders. In the spring of 2015 three library design workshops were held as well as an online survey, and in June of 2015 we certified into ULURP, and acronym I thought I would never have to use in my life, but this project proves otherwise. In July 2015 Community Board Two approved the project, and in November 2015 we had a unanimous City Planning Commission vote on the project, and so while we recognize that no disposition is easy to decide this is a rare opportunity to complete a major project that will produce significant public benefits in Brooklyn Heights and beyond. Brooklyn Public Library is the fifth largest library system in the country. We have 60 branches throughout the borough and a physical plant that exceeds one million square feet, but we have a deferred maintenance crisis. We have over 300 million dollars of unfunded capital needs, 80 million of which would reach the level of emergency repairs, 70 percent of the branches are more than 50 years old, and nearly a third of our buildings are over 100 years old. N early all of our 59 locations require at least a million dollars of capital repairs and a quarter of them require an

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 15 excess of five million dollars. We simply do not have the funds we need to address the capital challenges. Council Members have done yeoman's work to support us with discretionary funds, but never the less, we receive approximately 15 million dollars a year from the city in capital money. So we've had decades of underfunding, and we've only been able to deal with the direst of emergencies and therefore, only take of capital issues when they are at their most expensive. Nowhere are our capital challenges more evident than in the Brooklyn Heights Library. It's outdated and outmoded. It was built in 1962 to house a library and a fall-out shelter. It has too little public space and more space than is needed for staff and storage. It has in adequate tech infrastructure. It's not hospitable to technology we're using today, much less to that we might use in the future. workspaces are uninviting. The ceilings are low. There's very little natural light and there's an unpleasant streetscape. In fact, I learned recently that Landmarks Preservation Commission opted not to landmark this building when a request was made. in 2012, the cost of repairs at Brooklyn Heights was estimated at nine million dollars according to the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 16 Department of Design and Construction. Every system The HVAC in the building needs to be replaced. system does not work, and as a result we've got reduced summer hours. We open early, close early, but still can't maintain a full day's schedule there because of the heat in the afternoons. The elevators are malfunctioning. The roof improperly drains and we have problems with the boilers. You should also keep in mind that that facility at 280 Cadman Plaza houses not only a neighborhood library, but also the Business and Career Library. At the Business and Career Library, which serves job-seekers and aspiring entrepreneurs from across the borough. We've long had a plan to relocate the business and career library to the central regardless of the outcome of the Brooklyn Heights project. The advantages of relocating that library are numerous. First of all, it's -- we would like it to be more centrally located. We would like the Business and Career Library to be open for longer hours, including work nights and Sundays, and the services that we offer in the Business and Career Library dovetail with the other services that we're offering in the Central Library, including the information commons and the Deck

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 17 Center. A survey of more than 700 Business and Career Library users found that 67 percent of the users were like--were as or more likely to use the library if it were located at Central. So, as we search for a solution to the problems in Brooklyn Heights and throughout the system. We discovered opportunity in Brooklyn Heights that we do not have in any of our other branches. After one of the most competitive RFP processes ever facilitated by the Economic Development Corporation to that date we made a decision to enter into an agreement with the Hudson Companies and Marvel Architects to build a new state of the art library in Brooklyn Heights as well as an interim library located five blocks from that branch to raise funds for the repairs at the branches throughout Brooklyn as well as taking care of the issues that are facing us in Brooklyn Heights. total project worth is worth approximately 65 million dollars, 52 million dollars for the Brooklyn Heights fit-out as well as the other branches that we receive funds for capital improvements. A new library in Brooklyn Heights, a core and shell which has been valued at 10 million dollars and an interim location at Our Lady of Lords--our Lady of Lebanon Church five

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 18 blocks away which has been valued at 2.7 million dollars. The transition--I'm sorry. The new Brooklyn Heights Library will be a great improvement over the current branch. The total square footage of the existing building, both libraries, is 59,100 square feet; 23,700 of the square feet is a former fall-out shelter, which now functions as a storage and mechanical space. Nineteen thousand square feet are occupied by the Brooklyn Heights Branch, and 16,400 square feet by the Business and Career The square footage numbers for the branch Library. and the Business and Career Library are gross square feet, meaning it includes staff and utility spaces, which are not accessible to the public. So, the total public space in the Business and Career--in the Business and neighborhood libraries combined is approximately 27,200 square feet. The new library that we are proposing to build in the same location on the same block has a square footage of 21,500 square feet, and will be solely the neighborhood There will be in that 21,500 square feet a library. total of 18,000 square--18,500 square feet accessible to the public, more than any other Brooklyn branch. The Kings Highway Library, which is the next largest

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 19 library to Central, has 18,265 square feet of publicly accessible space out of a total of 25,195 square feet, just to put it in context. The new Brooklyn Heights Library will offer more, as I said, public space than any other branch. It will--we have a design in concept, which Johnathan Marvel will discuss in a bit. The new branch will be owned by the City of New York just as the current one is. will be modern and inviting with an open floor plan and flexible spaces that will be convenient for individuals to work much as they do today, but also for people to work collaboratively much as they have been in the recent past and will continue to be in the future. More public space, as I said, than any other branch library in Brooklyn and a design which will incorporate suggestions and ideas from multiple stakeholders through public meetings, which we've already begun to hold and will continue to hold in the future. We will also provide uninterrupted library service in an interim library five blocks from the current branch at Our Lady of Lebanon So, there will never be an interruption in service throughout this process. In addition to benefitting the Brooklyn Heights community, this

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 20 project will also help struggling libraries throughout the borough. It will help us reduce the 300 million square--300 million dollars of deferred maintenance that I referenced earlier. It will eliminate more than nine million dollars in outstanding capital needs in Brooklyn Heights, and it will pay for outfitting the new branch, the 21,500 square feet core and shell that the developer will deliver to the library. It will generate 40 million dollars for urgently needed repairs at other branches throughout Brooklyn, and we already have the beginning of our plan for that, which includes the Pacific Library in Boerum Hill to make that building ADA accessible and to construct a new entrance there; 3.5 million dollars will be spent on that branch. It's a Carnegie Library. We will spend six million dollars at the Walt Whitman Library in Fort Greene and five million dollars at the Washington Irving Library in Bushwick. Both of those libraries are Carnegies as well, and then we will spend eight million dollars in Sunset Park. We plan to build a library that's nearly twice the size of the existing one for a neighborhood which is in bad need of more space in their library and also a library that has

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 21 significant capital need there, and then we will identify in the near future the way the rest of the money will be disposed. So, before I turn this presentation over to my colleagues I want to thank you for your thoughtful deliberation as you consider our project. I want to stress again that this project is an opportunity for the library to build a new world class branch in Brooklyn Heights. It will give us the ability to fund critical capital improvements throughout the borough. It will give us what we believe we need for the library and for the community, and really what is best for the entire borough and for the Community Board Two, and I wish that as a result of today that you come away with the understanding because we believe this deeply that this is a path forward which will put the library on much steadier footing for the future. So, thank you for your continued partnership and for your longstanding support of the library. I look forward to working with you on this project in the future. DAVID KRAMER: Thank you, Linda. afternoon, Council Members, Madam Public Advocate. Just around this time I realized boy, I should have

had lunch first. Rookie mistake by me. I'm with the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 22
Hudson Companies. We've been around since 1986.
are residential developers. I see on the little
chart here we have J Condo on the left, which is in
Council Member Levin's district, and in the middle on
top is Third and Ballins [sic] in Council Member
Lander's district. We have either completed or in
development 8,000 units, and we're very active across
many markets from affordable housing, middle income
housing, institutional housing, and market rate
housing. There you have with the rendering the
website 280Cadman.com. We set this website up.
We've tried to be transparent. We have put our
renderings. We put our full ULURP application.
We've put the full environmental assessment statement
all on online to try and have accurate information
available to the public. I don't know if anybody
else has put their EAS and ULURP application out as
         So, if anybody has any questions,
we did.
280Cadman.com is a good place to find out information
on the project. A big part of this project is the
affordable housing we're building in the Public
Advocate's former Council District of Clinton Hill.
We have two sites at 911 Atlantic Avenue and 1041
Fulton Street and it's a combination of inclusionary
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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 23 housing we're building to generate floor area for the development at Cadman as well as additional, middle and moderate income housing that we are developing that helped make our bid as compelling as possible. We are doubling the number of affordable housing units that we're required to build through this project by providing the off-site housing, and no city capital or subsidies are at play in developing this affordable housing. The timing is that the affordable housing has to be built before the Cadman Plaza Housing can be built. We can't pull a building permit for Cadman until we pull a building permit for Atlantic and Fulton. We can't get a certificate of occupancy for Cadman until we get a certificate of occupancy for the affordable housing, and the affordable housing is deed restricted, legally binding, and the inclusionary housing units are affordable in perpetuity and rent stabilized. have, as you'll see later, we have renderings for the affordable housing, and we hired Marvel architects to design both the Clinton Hill buildings as well as Cadman Plaza, and the acquisition status is that we have purchased Fulton Street and we're purchasing Atlantic Avenue in the next couple of days. So there

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 24 we have some examples of the spread of units. this is also on our website, from 60 to 80 to 100 to 165 percent AMI, and the income limits, as you can you see there's a wide range. As an example, if it is a household of two at 60 percent AMI the income is 41,000; 80 percent, 55,000; 100 percent, 69,000; 165 percent, 113,000. So there's a wide range of incomes, which most housing studies would say that healthy mix of incomes is the best way to have a successful housing development. And again, those are examples of rents. As an example, if you look at the one bedroom rents, 60 percent is 913 dollars, 1,236 is for 80 percent, 1,500 for 100 percent, and 2,600 at 165 percent. We think the market is right about at 165 percent today, which means that all the other AMI's are below market, and five, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40 years down the road all of those AMI's will probably help create permanent covenanted affordable housing for middle income salaries. As Linda mentioned, we have an interim library. We looked high and low to find 7,000 square feet at the ground level for a space that would take a short term lease. not easy to find a three-year lease, ground floor space at retail rents that weren't crazy, and we

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 25 found at the Social Hall at Our Lady of Lebanon Church, which you can see is on Remsen Street. entrance will be on Remsen Street. The handicap access will be at their driveway on Henry Street. Breaking news, here is a rendering that we just put together to show what the converted social hall will look like as an interim library. We are at the point now of getting permits to convert the space, and our goal is to have this interim library up and running this summer instead of having the library in Cadman closed at one o'clock during summer hours, we can have a full schedule in a well-conditioned temporary space. And white 7,000 square feet is not anybody's idea of palatial, it beats a book mobile. It beats no service at all, and it was--you know, it's been a lot of work. We consider this sort of a separate project to get the interim library done. To tell you a little bit about the building besides the interim housing, interim library and the affordable housing, our building is going to have 139 units, a mix of one to four bedroom apartments, ground floor retail, below grade parking, possibly below-grade community facility. We're still working to see if we have a community facility user for the building. In terms

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 26 of the retail, it's not big box retail. It's not anything that is too retail [sic]. We have two micro retail spaces, which reach 400 square feet, which is basically take-out spaces. One is going to be utilized by the Brooklyn Coffee roasters so that we have an appropriate amount of caffeine for the project, and the other space will be a curated pop-up retail space curated by Smorgasburg so that every month there will be a different vendor in the space basically testing their operational capacity to see are they just a weekend vendor under a kiosk or can they be a bricks and mortar operation, operating fulltime in a space. And we thought it was a fun variety for our library patrons, for our residents, for our students, for our neighbors to see that there is going to be a different service on services provided every month. I'd like to briefly address the issue of construction labor for this project. Hudson currently builds with both union and nonunion subcontractors, though frankly we're more focused on the issue of local hiring, the selection of MWBE companies, and paying New York City residents who will recycle their wages in the local economy. We do however anticipate a substantial number of union

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 27 subcontractors since this is a big complicated project, but to give you a sense of our experience in some recent projects Hudson developed, we hired on average 25 percent MWBE subcontractors. Approximately 30 to 40 percent of our subs are local Brooklyn subcontractors, and 45 percent of the workers on the job are from Brooklyn, and these are projects where there were--where all the local hiring There were no actual requirements we was voluntary. were following. Let me say a word briefly about the purchase price. We were obviously aggressive bidders. We knew that it was a very full field of our colleagues in the real estate industry, and that with 14 teams bidding we had to really stretch to try and provide a compelling bid, which was our 52 million dollar number, and I should say that the evaluation of this site can be very complicated. There are issues of the cost of providing the library of 21,500 square feet, the cost of providing the interim library, the cost to demolish the existing building, and the cost to generate the affordable housing without capital subsidies to generate more floor area. So until you have a grasp of all of the nuances of the evaluation, you need to understand all

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 28 those elements before coming to a conclusion on the elevation for the project. Lastly I should say, as a ULURP, just to remind everybody, the three action we're seeking is disposition of the site, which the Council mentions, acquisition of the condo library, modification of the special permit, and that this project that we've deigned is as-of-right with current zoning. And with that, let me hand it to my colleague Johnathan Marvel. Hudson and Marvel have done seven or eight projects together. We are both local residents. We're both constituents of Councilman Levin. We both live seven or eight blocks from the site. For us, this is very personal. take this project very seriously. We want only the bets for a project we're going to be walking by for many decades to come, and Hudson has had only a great relationship with Marvel on our many projects together.

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JOHNATHAN MARVEL: Thank you, David.

Thank you, David. Thank you, Linda. It's an honor to be on this team. This is a very much of a dialogue between the library, the developer and the architect and I appreciate the Council for listening on some of the design issues. The ground floor is

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 29 over half of the entire library dedicated space. worked very hard after the three listening sessions and workshops, and in fact went to a local high school to find out what the teenagers wanted, the young adults, as they want to be called. So, we took all that information and distributed it into the envelope of the 21,500 square feet. So, over half of that is on the ground floor. you can see that the library space wraps around the core of the building, which is the tower, elevators and lobby, and that gives the library very much of a presence on Cadman Plaza, but also on Clinton Street and on Tillery Street. So, it really has a big presence in the neighborhood. The mezzanine level is again on Cadman Plaza. It's naturally lit. It overlooks the library spaces. The young adults would really love to be up here from what we've heard. It would be very much a big part of the participatory with the space and would provide that kind of ability for the library supervisors to check on them, and the lower level would also get some natural light because it has a very large staircase going down to it. It has a dedicated assembly room that will be operable after the library hours or after the library's closed, and

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 30 that space is, again, tall ceilings and we can bring the filtered light through the stairwell. building sits in this prime location on Cadman Plaza and has a very civic presence. It's going to be clad in limestone. It's nestled in height between one pier-punt [sic], which is around 400 feet, and 16 Court which is at 460 feet. So, our library is 415 tall to the rough plus another 25 feet of mechanicals. It brings it up to 440 feet in height. The library occupies that portion that faces Cadman It has its own elevation. It's 24 feet tall. It'll have a significant iconic presence on Cadman Plaza. Its front door will be monumental, recognizable and inviting. The library itself is built on flexible use of column, largely column free space so the library can adapt over time. consider this a 21st century library and that it's going to be based on a module. It'll have tons of moving capacity for the library to grow within it, and again, naturally lit throughout all of its spaces. The Tillery Street elevation shows the library on the left, the tower base with its Clinton Street four-story kind of town house façade facing Clinton Street. So it scales down to the Brooklyn

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 31
Heights neighborhood on the Clinton Street elevation
where the residential lobby is the micro units, a
library façade as well and an entrance for the
community space. The building really is a neighborly
building in that it is part of the cluster of
buildings close to downtown Brooklyn. It's part of
the civic area as well as we think participatory in
the Brooklyn Heights feeling with a townhouse on
Clinton Street, but also given that scale of
limestone from a citywide civic gesture.
Atlantic Street and Fulton Street affordable housing
component, this is the Atlantic Street, 80 feet tall.
It's nine stories, has 75 units, and we've designed
it to--out of brick on all facades.
                                     It's a very--
it's a beautiful brick. It'll be multicolored.
It's--but it picks up some of the scale, double-
height nature of the library design. So, we're
bringing that kind of civicness [sic] to the
affordable housing component. This is the Fulton
Street building. It's same height, nine floors, and
it houses 39 units, and we think that these building
are going to be very much a part of their
neighborhood as well as that reference to the library
and it's sort of Community Board Two sort of link-in
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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 32 presence. Going back to the interior space, this is something that will be designed through an RFP, but we feel that the planning process has laid the groundwork for a very successful library. So, thank you, and now I'd like to introduce the gentleman from EDC on my left.

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JEFF NELSON: Good afternoon, Council

Member Levin and all other Council Members. My name
is Jeff Nelson. I'm the Co-Head of the Real Estate

Group at EDC. EDC does not have prepared testimony,
but we're available to answer any questions that you
have, and we're pleased to be joining BPL and Hudson
at this hearing.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you very much. I'm going to, as the Chair, defer to Council Member Levin for the first round of questions. I think we have some more questions after that, and we'll come back. Thank you.

much, Chair Cohen. Thank you very much to everybody for your testimony. Just one thing to point out at the outset just for the record. In the introduction to the presentation you mentioned the Community Board's recommendation, City Planning Commission's

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 33 recommendation, did not mention the Borough President's recommendation which was to disapprove with conditions. So, just for the record, the Borough President did in fact weigh in--was not in the introduction. It's not a question. It's for the record. So, I want to start off with a point of consensus because there's not a lot of consensus on this project or this proposal. One point of consensus between the Borough President, the Community Board, Brooklyn Heights Association is that everybody is requesting a larger library than proposed. So, the first question I have is, what is your response to all three of those entities call for a larger library? LINDA JOHNSON: So, look, we'd love to have a larger library as well. It's a matter of cost. Every square foot that we add to the project costs us additional money not only to fit out, but then also to operate. We've heard loud and clearly that this is a concern, and so we are looking at the

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impact the project.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So, when I walk into this library I don't really--I see one library,

possibility and trying to figure out how that will

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 34
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     right? I don't see two separate libraries. So, what
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     is the publicly accessible space in the Brooklyn
     Heights branch with the Business Library today?
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                LINDA JOHNSON: So, it's the combined
     16,400 square feet and 18,000 square feet. So, a
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     little bit over 30,000 square feet.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: A little bit over
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     30,000. And that's--
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                LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] Gross, gross
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     square feet.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: That's -- so, that's
    where I'm at.
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                LINDA JOHNSON: twenty-seven thousand.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Twenty-seven
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     thousand--
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                LINDA JOHNSON: Two hundred publicly
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     accessible square feet.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Twenty-seven two
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     is the publicly accessible.
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                LINDA JOHNSON: Yep.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So, in your
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    remarks you said that that was--you said there's too
     little public space, and I know you said that vis-à-
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     vis the--
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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 35

LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] In other

words, relative to a 59,000 square foot building,

only 27,000 square feet.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: But do you think that 27,200 square feet is too little public space?

LINDA JOHNSON: For the business--under several circumstances I think it's too little. I think it's a bad ratio for the building, and I think it's a building which is not well-designed and doesn't deserve additional money to be invested in that building. There's no way to make that building more efficient or more inspiring. And then I think it's too little if you consider it as two branches, a Business and Career Library as well as a neighborhood library. I think it is more than ample for a neighborhood library alone or for a business library alone.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So, my, actually—
LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] And by the
way, I say that in the context of Brooklyn Heights.
That's not to say you couldn't' have a fabulous
library at 10,000 square feet in some other
community. It has a lot to do with the number of
people—

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 36

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] This is the downtown branch.

LINDA JOHNSON: Right.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: This is the downtown branch.

LINDA JOHNSON: Exactly.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: There are a number of colleges and universities within a half mile There are obviously a lot of businesses. It's near Metro Tech. It's near DUMBO. It's near downtown. It's near the courts, and I'm concerned at the outset about the idea of relocating all business services over to the main branch. So, I had this idea that I was going to check to see the commute times by public transportation for all the council, for all the district offices of Council Members in Brooklyn by train. Like, what's--how--is it faster to get to the main branch? Is it faster to get to the Brooklyn Heights branch? And before I had an opportunity to do that Mr. Kramer was kind enough to do that for me, and what it shows is that, you know, on a--so, an average time, you know, just a random time, Tuesday at 10:00 a.m., from half of the district offices in Brooklyn, it's actually quicker

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 37 to get to the current branch than it is to get to the main branch. So, 50/50. Sometimes it's, you know, it's sometimes it's a little bit less than 50/50. Sometimes it's 50/50. By taking this action we are taking away some--we're not just adding something to the main branch. We're not just adding a business branch to the main branch, because maybe that makes sense. Maybe it makes sense to have. You got the resources there. You got a bigger building. You know, maybe that makes sense to add one there. I'm not saying it doesn't, but in doing this you're also taking away something from an area that has a lot of traffic. A lot of people from all over Brooklyn are coming to downtown Brooklyn, and so my initial fear is that, you know, this is removing a resource from Downtown Brooklyn.

LINDA JOHNSON: So, two points. One is when that—when it was decided to put the Business and Career in Downtown Brooklyn life was a lot different, and the people who were using the Business and Career Library were largely downtown businesses. That's not the case any longer. In fact, the universities and the businesses that you referenced

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 38 1 in your remarks are largely online today and not 2 3 using the Business and Career Library. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: But everybody can 5 use the library. LINDA JOHNSON: No question. I'm telling 6 7 you anecdotally--8 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] 9 Everybody can use the library. 10 LINDA JOHNSON: about who is actually 11 using it? so, the fact is that if you are a burgeoning entrepreneur, somebody who's looking for a 12 13 job, you are in greater need of the services that 14 we're offering there because you don't necessarily 15 have access to the information that you can get 16 online, that you would if you're a business that's 17 already up and operating downtown Brooklyn. And so--18 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] I get 19 all that. My question is--20 LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] Most of what 21 I'm saying--COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Why 2.2 2.3 not do--why not do a second, maybe a smaller business branch, but why not do a separate business branch 24

here and say we're going to keep that type of service

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 39 1 downtown because it belongs downtown? Why not? 2 3 don't understand why. Why not do that? We have a 4 lot of space. This is a big--this a big deal. 5 are hundreds of thousands of square feet that are going into this building, hundreds of thousands of 6 7 square feet, right? Why not set aside seven--8 LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] My second 9 point--10 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] to 10 11 thousand square feet or 12,000 square feet for a business branch as part of this deal in this 12 location? I don't understand. Why not--13 14 LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] My second 15 point--16 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Why 17 move it out? LINDA JOHNSON: My second point is that 18 19 this will be one of our larger libraries, and we have 20 in process designing a hub system, and this library will be one of the hubs in the overall Brooklyn 21 Public Library system, one of seven or eight, and the 2.2 2.3 libraries are all stronger than just what happens in the four walls of each branch. We've been working 24

hard on making sure the public understands that, and

I believe that all the hubs actually will have a business librarian or consultant available to them in that branch. So, while the resources may not be-resources meaning material--may not be targeted specifically to the business community. There will be somebody in that library who will be skilled at helping people who are either looking for work or are interested in working for themselves, part of the large freelance community that works in Brooklyn.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay, but why not take--like whatever you're going to do, and we don't know what the plan is for the main branch business library. We don't--we haven't seen that plan yet, but why not take whatever some of the--physical, some of the physical space, some of like whatever's happening down there, not just a staff member that's there to like counsel people on how to get a job, but why not take some of that type of thing that's going on there physically and also add it to this deal. Like, how would that effect--if you were to add 10,000 square feet to the library so that it--so that on balance we're not losing any square footage, because as I said, I'm Joe Public, and I walk into that building, I see one--I see one library. I don't

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 41 see two libraries. So, I can walk back and forth between the two sides and it's like, for me it's one library. So, that's how the public perceives it when they walk in the door. So, what would it take, like, how would it affect the deal to--

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LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] The question isn't so much--

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] No, that is my question. My question is how would it affect the deal? I'm sorry, I'm asking the questions. How would it affect the deal to add 10,000 square feet of library space to this proposal?

LINDA JOHNSON: To add--well, regardless of how we use it, to add 10,000 square feet would change the deal with Hudson, and you'd have to comment on that, but it would then cost the library money to fit the space out, and then would actually cost us on an ongoing basis additional money to operate. So, that's the answer regardless of how the space is used. How we run our business, how the library delivers service is a different question, which you're not asking, but which I will suggest, we're trying to target where people live and work, how people live and work, and how we can most

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 42 1 efficiently answer their needs that relate to 2 3 literacy as it's most broadly defined in the case, in the context of your line of inquiry, how they get 4 support in their efforts to find work, to build their 5 own businesses, to do research, and to work as 6 freelancers. 8 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: How many programs 9

today are being run out of the Brooklyn Heights branch?

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LINDA JOHNSON: I don't know the answer to that. We'll have to see [sic].

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And how does that compare with other branches?

LINDA JOHNSON: So, the answer about--I mean, generally speaking, the number of programs that are run are in part impacted by the number of hours that a library is open. So, for example, in the summer when we were closed significantly, obviously we were able to offer fewer programs, but I will get you specific numbers on the number of programs--

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Because my staff looked at it, and it's significantly lower than say Borough Park, right? Borough Park has a lot more programs that are offered out of that

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 43
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     library. Under this proposal is there--are you--is
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     BPL proposing to add more programs? Is there a
     concrete proposal to say, okay, if we're--if there
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     are 40 programs being run out of it today, there's
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     going to be 70? That's what they have at Borough
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     Park.
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                LINDA JOHNSON: Yeah, we're not at that--
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    we're not at that stage of the planning, but--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing]
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     Because that's going to cost money, too, right?
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                LINDA JOHNSON: Well, of course, but the
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    programming--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] So,
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     that would have to be part of this deal. Right?
    would have to be--right? That--
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                LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] This gets
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     into the way we operate and it gets into the
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     operating budget as opposed to the capital budget.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Uh-huh.
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     obviously--
                LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] But yes, I
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    mean--
                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] You
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know--

LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] Here's the thing, we'll have hub library. It'll be inspiring and welcoming. We hope usage will go up as a result of this project, and then necessarily, we'll be offering more programs there.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Right, but usage, one thing that attracts usage is the number of programs, right?

LINDA JOHNSON: Absolutely.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So--

know, and also so does the space and the environment and the librarians. I mean, it's a whole mix of things which we're working hard to improve, and we're working hard to make sure that each library is doing the work that is needed in that particular community.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: If you were add space to this library, if you were to add additional library space, where would that library space go?

LINDA JOHNSON: Again, that's an architectural question. We're taking a look at that now, because of the inquiries that you've made, and we're looking at the ground floor.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 45

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Can I ask the

LINDA JOHNSON: Sure.

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architect where?

JOHNATHAN MARVEL: So, there are areas on the ground floor that are now dedicated and planned for, additional parking and for the community facility. We can probably grow into there a couple thousand square feet, but it is very limited space on the ground floor. There is a potential to because of the community facility being close to 20,000 square feet largely below grade, that lower level becomes the best opportunity. Again, we can bring natural light down through architectural glass and make it pleasant, but the ground floor is very tight as—

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Okay, but the below grade floor that's currently designated for community facility, because if you go back--can you go back to that slide? So, as it is now, there's 6.5 thousand square feet dedicated to the library on the lower level, right? Does that get natural light or is that not natural light?

JOHNATHAN MARVEL: So, the upper part of the zone is where the natural light's going to be coming from. It's the sidewalk on Cadman Plaza. You

can see here's the ground floor. so we're going to be bringing natural light through double-height spaces where the big stair comes down, and so I think that—and you can see here on this image to the right of the blue is where we have some additional parking in the community entrance for the lower level, and that's where we can probably squeeze a couple thousand square feet.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And currently the-if you go back down to the lower level, so then what
is--what's the usage for the remainder that's there?

the, on the bottom of the image, you can see there's a large empty box, that's a double-height space that was meant to house an auditorium or a gym type of use. So, there's a large double-height space there that has a mezzanine associated with it. The area to the--at the very prow of the building we were housing that for mechanicals for the building itself and some storage. So, we could probably grow into that prow. We could probably grow a little bit down. There's an egress corridor that buffers between the two sides. We'd have to rework that, but that's not unfeasible.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And that's not--so when you're counting the residential square footage of this deal, that doesn't--an expansion of the library--say you were going to do that, right? An expansion of the library is not actually coming out of residential square footage at Cadman, 280 [sic] Cadman?

DAVID KRAMER: Yeah, that's right. I mean, the--I mean, it's only money we're talking about, and if it--if the money is--if the expansion would be below grade you wouldn't be taking out any FAR, and it would be the cost of construction, and if it's above grade, it would be the cost of construction plus less land value to BPL.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay. And with the community, can you talk just a minute about the community facility space and how that is—what are the terms of community facility here? So, what happens if you don't rent it up as a community facility space, you know, at a certain point and time? I know there's some issue there within the contract?

DAVID KRAMER: So, we had partnered with Saint Ann School. It's, you know, a nonprofit school

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 48 across the street to build them an auditorium or a gym, and we were going to do it at cost to provide them with something that was very important to them, and they just finished a capital campaign, I think their first ever, and for them to basically upgrade their existing campus, they decided it was one project too many. So we had worked out a contractual plan b with EDC that should our community facility partner at Saint Ann's drop out, that we would make a best faith effort to find a substituted community facility user. We're in the middle of that process of seeing if there's anybody who's interested basically buying at cost a below-grade condominium for community facility use and that depending upon how that shook out, we were going to re-jigger the lower levels so that it was either going to be two or three levels below grade, because below grade you have the library. You may have community facility. You have sort of back of house residential uses, and you have parking.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay, so when you say at cost, what is cost? What is that per square foot?

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DAVID KRAMER: It's around--it begins with a three. It's basically a hard cost and soft cost for the square footage below grade, and it also depends upon what you're building out. Are you building out literally a concrete shell? Are you providing HVAC? But in terms--

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] But you have an HVAC system in this building. It's not like you're building, you know, you just have duct to do there, right? I mean--

DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] You know, I mean, we went through this exercise with Saint Ann's, and so there's incremental cost for--

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Well, what was--okay. So what was it for Saint Ann's?

Like, what was at cost? If they're going to buy the condo at cost, what were they going to buy it at?

DAVID KRAMER: So, then we get into all sorts of nuance, because a gym or a theater is column-free [sic] and it creates all sorts of expensive steel spans [sic].

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Oh, so maybe it's more expensive. If it were to be a for--

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 50 1 2 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Right, if 3 it's--4 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] the 5 library. DAVID KRAMER: If it's bargain basement 6 Steve Levin special, yes, we could do something 7 8 that's--I mean, we would have to get back to you on that. In fact, we're working on that right now, but just as an example, at Saint Ann's I think we were 10 11 talking about an 18,000 square foot space at a cost 12 of around 10 to 12 million dollars, and so you could 13 do the math right there about what that is per foot on--18,000, 20--14 15 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] I'm 16 spending a lot of time on my calculator. 17 DAVID KRAMER: Yeah. It's probably six 18 or seven hundred dollars a foot I'm guessing, and it 19 was because there are huge structural premiums of 20 trying to provide column-free space. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Column-free. 2.2 DAVID KRAMER: Which is not the case 2.3 here.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Right.

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DAVID KRAMER: So, I mean, the answer is, you know, whether it's Saint Ann's or another community facility space or BPL, you know, we will be open book about what the costs are and try and figure out, you know, what the best deal would be.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay. So, I'm going to like jump around a little bit, curve balls, so just--it's not like--I'm not trying to, you know, trip you guys up, I'm just, you know, it's kind of the way that I'm working here. So, what happens if something goes wrong with the deal in two and a half years? Like, what happens if--what happens to the library?

DAVID KRAMER: You're--

are the safeguards for a library, right? So, one thing that I've heard a lot over the last couple of years is the what happened at the Donnell Library and how that was a very bad negative thing to happen.

That was tied to broader economic trends and so on and so forth, but what has EDC, Brooklyn Public Library, developers, what has everybody learned from that experience, and what are you doing to make sure—and what happens if something goes wrong here? What

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 52 happens if you can't build this building? What happens? Are we stuck with a 7,000 square foot library at already at Lebanon for the, you know, ad infinitum or what's the story there?

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Thank you. And I think we all can chime in on it.

From the library's perspective we learned a lot from Donnell. The first thing is not to shut down library service before you're ready to demolish the building. So, we won't' do that. The second thing is to make sure that there's a location for interim service while the construction project is underway. So, that's part of this deal, and the third thing is that if something should go wrong during construction, and I'll let my colleagues speak more to this point, but there are clauses in the agreement that give the property back to the city, back to the library.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So, the property will go back to the city, back to the library and then what, put it out for bid again?

LINDA JOHNSON: Yeah.

DAVID KRAMER: I mean, I always joke that, you know, the best thing--it's not the best thing that could happen--if we default, we don't get the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 53 1 keys to the site until we've paid 52 million dollars 2 3 for the site. So, we pay the library 52 million dollars. The library gets relocated to the interim 4 location and we start construction. If we were to default and we get, you know, kicked off of the site, 6 7 the library can sell it again for 52 million dollars. 8 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: But you--but that 9 happens like next year. Closing's next year. You hand over 52 million dollars--10 11 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Yeah, we 12 close before anything happens. 13 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Next year--14 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] We write a 15 check. 16 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: What happens if 17 something goes wrong after you close? 18 DAVID KRAMER: I was getting to that. 19 was getting to that. So, then during construction, 20 you know, given there are no guarantees in the world, 21 the Hudson Companies provides quaranties of completion to the library in New York City. In 2.2 2.3 addition, we provide completion guarantees to the lender, and the lender is funding the project that's 24

not equity from the ownership team. So there are all

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 54 sorts of safeguards that between our guarantees and the debt from the property.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: But what does the guarantee get us?

DAVID KRAMER: The guarantee gets that you can knock on my door and say you have to write a check to complete construction of the project. You can knock on my door. Linda can knock on my door, and the lender can knock on my door, and so that the project has to be capitalized.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay, but what if you declare bankruptcy? Who's the--who's primary? Who's mezzanine?

DAVID KRAMER: I mean, I--

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] I'm sorry, I don't mean to. I'm not wishing bankruptcy. I'm saying that, you know, what happens in that instance?

DAVID KRAMER: Listen, I started by saying like there are no guarantees, but the structure is as air tight as possible to, A, make sure that the project gets completed for the sake of the city and the lender, and B, if we don't perform we get kicked out and the project gets completed without us.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 55
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: But who, who does
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     it? How does that happen? Does it go to re-RFP?
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                DAVID KRAMER: I mean, that's a good
     question for Jeff, but--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Goes
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    back to disposition, goes back before us.
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                JEFF NELSON: Need [sic] to answer that?
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                DAVID KRAMER: You get to tell it again.
                JEFF NELSON: Ultimately, we'll come back
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     to the city, and we have actually had cases in the
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    past with projects where deals have come back to the
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     city and we've re-RFP'ed them and they've become
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     great projects again.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And the city keeps
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     your 52 million dollars?
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                JEFF NELSON: Yeah.
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                DAVID KRAMER: Yes.
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                LINDA JOHNSON: The library keeps the--
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                JEFF NELSON: We revert the property and
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     we keep--well, the library in this instance, receives
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     the money. But even before getting to construction,
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     I think one of the things that we think about a lot
     at the EDC is how do we set this project up so that
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we don't run into exactly the problem that we're

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 56 1 hypothesizing about right now, and that goes to not 2 3 only getting the completion guarantee for the 4 project, but also before closing making sure that the 5 money is in place to actually build the project. So, we're not interested in closing on a deal where the 6 7 Hudson Company and its partners do not have the 8 financing in place to actually build a project, and once that project is underway and you have the money in hand, you reduce the risk that there is a problem 10 11 during construction. 12 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay, but what--13 so, then you're not going to close the deal until Hudson has all of its financing in place--14 15 JEFF NELSON: [interposing] It is a condition--16 17 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] to construct all of this--18 19 JEFF NELSON: [interposing] It is a 20 condition to closing that Hudson demonstrate it has 21 financing commitments for the project. 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And what happens 2.3 if they don't? JEFF NELSON: Then we take Hudson's down

payment and we may have to re-RFP the site.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: When this, when Hudson was awarded the RFP I saw a rendering of the property. It was a different rendering that what we see today. Can you explain what changed? Why, and I mean, I don't know if anyone—people here have seen this rendering. It was a much smaller building, or at least it looked smaller. It was shorter. I don't know. It was shorter and squatter. Was it a different FAR? Was it a different total square footage? Was it the same square footage? What happened? What happened there? Why is there is a change?

DAVID KRAMER: It was two things. One is that it's very complicated zoning. There's inclusionary housing bonus. There's the FAR that was sold off to Far City [sic], and so during the RFP, the zoning assumptions evolved and there was the insight that there was more square feet available for the library to take advantage of in terms of the sale price, and so everybody's sale price increased because the understanding was that there was more floor area available, primarily through the inclusionary housing bonus.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 58 1 2 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So the original 3 rendering was how many square feet, building gross 4 square foot? DAVID KRAMER: I don't remember. It was based on the original RFP. It was less. It was less, 6 and then on the design front what happens when we got 7 designated, the feedback was, "We like the economics. 8 We like the purchase price. We like Hudson. We like Marvel. We're not in love with the design. Let's go 10 11 back and start from scratch," which really is the right thing to do, because RFP's are not the best way 12 13 to comprehensively design a project. 14 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Maybe. Okay, 15 sorry. Going back one step there. 16 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] And all the 17 bidders got the information that don't assume the FAR is "x", assume it's "y." 18 19 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay, but Hudson 20 was selected under the previous assumption, right? 21 DAVID KRAMER: No, with the new updated 2.2 floor area assumptions. 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So when Hudson was announced, the rendering that it was announced with 24

was the current one and not the previous one?

DAVID KRAMER: I think we had done--we had done multiple renderings. We had done a rendering for the smaller FAR. We had done a rendering with the larger--with a larger FAR.

LINDA JOHNSON: I'd like to just add something here, because as we went through the RFP process, the point of the process was to pick the right partner and the right deal, not to pic the design, and we were very clear about that with everybody and at every step of every hearing, but it was just a rendering, that it was not the ultimate design of the building.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: But it was a rendering that reflected a certain amount of FAR, correct? Yes?

DAVID KRAMER: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay. So, my question is, was Hudson selected when there was an announcement between EDC, the library and Hudson that Hudson won the RFP, they'd been selected, the rendering that I think was put out there was that initial one which reflected a lower--a smaller building, an FAR, a smaller FAR.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 60 1 2 DAVID KRAMER: It was our second 3 rendering, and I think we were pretty clear in all of 4 our comments that -- and we said this very consistently that the team was selected. Now the hard work begins of designing the project. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay, but when Hudson was announced, when that announcement 8 happened, the amount that Hudson is paying to the library, to the city of 52 million dollars that was 10 11 at that time that had already been determined, 12 correct? 13 DAVID KRAMER: Yeah. 14 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So, 52 million 15 dollars for the development of this building. 16 DAVID KRAMER: And all the respondents 17 were working off the same set of assumptions--18 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Okay-19 20 DAVID KRAMER: as to what they could do. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: I hear you. you. But what I'm asking is when Hudson--when a deal 2.2 2.3 was struck between EDC, the library and Hudson for 52 million dollars, that was for a building that was how 24

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many gross square feet?

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 61
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                DAVID KRAMER: That was for the current
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     square footage.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Not the previous
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     one.
                DAVID KRAMER: Correct.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay, because the
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    rendering went out as a previous.
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                DAVID KRAMER: Okay, so there were, from
    my recollection, it's going back a year and half now,
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    there were two renderings. There was the initial
     rendering that we submitted with the RFP for the
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     reduced square footage, for the initial square
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     footage number.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And how much was
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    that valued at?
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                LINDA JOHNSON: We didn't get numbers at
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    that value. As we went through the process we got to
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    the right--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] You
     need to use--you need to speak in the microphone.
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                [cross-talk]
                DAVID KRAMER: Yeah, no--I'm guessing it
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    was a number in the 30's. I don't know if any of my
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     colleagues here remember the number. Oh, it's 36?
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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 62 1 2 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Thirty-six, well that was the -- okay, so that goes back to the 3 4 appraisal, right? So, the appraisal--DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] No, no, no. 5 [cross-talk] 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: No? 8 DAVID KRAMER: The apprai--the appraisal 9 we've been looking at is from June of 2014, long after the FAR changed, and that appraisal has the 10 11 right square footages. Just to be specific, what we're talking about is 110,000 square feet of as-of-12 13 right FAR, --14 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Yep. 15 DAVID KRAMER: which gets us to the 10 FAR, an additional 145,000 square feet of 16 17 inclusionary FAR--18 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] 19 Right. DAVID KRAMER: which can only be utilized 20 with a either 3.5 or 1.25 ratio for inclusionary 21 2.2 housing. So, what happened is we had an initial 2.3 rendering for the lower square footage where we bid 36 million dollars, and BPL and EDC had six or seven 24

renderings that they put online for everybody to see.

That was everybody's initial take, and then when as the RFP evolved, and it was 15 months from the initial RFP announcement to designation in September of 2014 when we went through two administrations and FAR assumption updates. So, we had submitted a second rendering of the larger square footage, the one we're dealing with now, which I think was what was distributed at the announcement with the caveat that this was not the final design, but you may be confusing in your memory the initial renderings for the smaller buildings.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Well, I mean, the reason why I'm asking this is I want to make sure that 52 million dollars--

DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: is reflective of the current square footage and not the previous square footage.

DAVID KRAMER: Definitely.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Question for EDC about the RFP process. Why did EDC go with Hudson versus other proposals?

JEFF NELSON: Sure. So, just backing up and maybe talking through how the process evolved, I

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 64 think that would be helpful. So, we issued with the RFP in June of 2013. We received 14 responses, and the way our RFP process works we interview those respondents in conjunction with the library. We ask a series of follow-up questions, and we ask bids to be resubmitted. We narrow down the list. I believe it was to seven and then to three finalists. Of those three finalists, we took two of them to literally final contract to get a best and final offer from them. So, at the point at which we signed Hudson we had two respondents still in the running, and Hudson, through a combination of the purchase price, the delivery of the interim library space at Lady of Lebanon, which had been identified at the time, and the commitments it had made around completion of the project and the schedule for completion of that project presented the strongest proposal for the library and for EDC, and that's how the selection was made.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Did the inclusion of "modern income affordable units" impact that decision in any way?

JEFF NELSON: In terms of--

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing]

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JEFF NELSON: In terms of how the final submissions played out, Hudson was able to offer a comparable purchase price, but a greater number of affordable units overall.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Affordable units, but I'm specifically asking about--just so everybody's clear here, there's a requirement for 55 units of affordable housing under the inclusionary housing program. That's 55 maybe 61 units, somewhere in there, that's for 80 percent or lower. addition to that, there are "moderate income units" or workforce units, 29 at 100 percent of AMI and 24 at 165 percent of AMI. So, I just--just so everybody understands what AMI is, it's the area median income for the New York City metropolitan area. So that's indexed to family of four. It's around 80 something thousand, 82,000 a year for a family of four. that's AMI. So, at a 100 percent of AMI it's an apartment of affordable to a family of four making 80-something thousand a year, and for a 165 percent of AMI, it's affordable for a family of four making 165 percent of that number. So, that's--I just wantbecause that's an important distinction, because for me, 165 percent of AMI is not affordable to--by definition, your average New Yorker. Your average New Yorker is actually lower than 100 percent of AMI because that includes Westchester County and parts of New Jersey and Nassau and Suffolk where the AMI's a little bit higher. So, just to be clear, 165 AMI is not affordable. It is "moderate" or "workforce" but by my definition it's not affordable. So, anyway, did the 165's and the 100's for that matter, that's you know, 63 units, did they in any way, their inclusion in anyway, influence EDC to select Hudson over another proposal?

JEFF NELSON: There were comparable proposals and Hudson's provided a greater number of overall affordable units.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And by when you say affordable units, you're counting the 165's, right?

JEFF NELSON: So, stepping back I think, you know--

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] That's a yes or no question.

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JEFF NELSON: If you look at the Housing New York Plan, Council Member, I know we can talk about workforce housing, but you know, there are over 30 percent of the households in the city earning what we could consider workforce housing or rent burdened as well, and if you look at the Mayor's Housing Plan, there is a goal of delivering 200,000 units either through preservation or new construction of affordable housing. So, we were fortunate in this project through the utilization of the inclusionary zoning bonus, and keep in mind this was not a stated goal in the RFP with the library, but we were fortunate that through the IZ bonus Hudson was able to deliver a number of units, and with respect to the workforce housing there were additional units that were delivered. They still count as affordable and we can discuss whether that's appropriate affordability or not, but met the--

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] So, the answer is--

JEFF NELSON: [interposing] greater number of affordable units.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: The answer is yes, you do count the 165's as affordable. That's-- was

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 68 1 there another proposal that bid a higher cash amount 2 3 than this proposal? 4 JEFF NELSON: Our final responses were within two percent of one another. 5 6 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Two percent? 7 Okay. I am--JEFF NELSON: [interposing] But when you 8 9 look at the -- again, going back to the --10 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Well, 11 your final--okay, so that's your final--12 JEFF NELSON: To the overall goals and 13 what we look for in terms of security and delivery of 14 a project, in whole we thought Hudson was the 15 strongest proposal. 16 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So, there was no 17 proposal that was more than two percent higher than 52 million. So, another million? 18 19 JEFF NELSON: In the two finalists that we 20 had. COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: That's not what I 21 2.2 was asking. I was asking were there any proposals 23 that were--any proposals that were higher than two

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percent higher than 52?

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LINDA JOHNSON: Yeah, there was one. I believe that there was one. We can confirm it, but the likelihood of getting that building built we felt was minimal at best, and the idea was not the most dollars but the project that would actually get built that would actually result in a new library for BPL.

understandable. I understand that there's a premium base for security in the proposal, but I just want to make clear that there was, and I would appreciate if it's able to be shared with us, if there's no legal reason why there's not, that you can't share with us, we would appreciate knowing what that bid was and why it wasn't selected actually? That would be helpful.

JEFF NELSON: We can follow up.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: I'm going to turn it over to my colleagues. I'm going to come back for a second round of questions.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you, Council

Member Levin. I'm going to ask my colleagues to in

the spirit of trying to get through this hearing

which is now, based on the number of speakers,

scheduled to go quite late, I'm going to ask my

colleagues to observe the five-minute clock, and if

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 70 there's a need for a second round we'll go back for a second round. So, Council Member Crowley?

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COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Good afternoon. This is a public/private partnership, so I'm very concerned about some of the issues that were raised by Council Member Levin and some of the stuff that I read, particularly in the Daily News today which said that Brooklyn was getting short-changed. It said that the property was worth 52, while possibly over 50 percent of what it sold for, and sold for 52 million but that it could have gotten more than 26 million dollars more if you look at what the square footage sells for today. So, my first question has to do with that, and I certainly don't want to be rude, but I'm going to be watching the clock too with your answers, because I have a few questions as it relates to the overall partnership here.

DAVID KRAMER: I mean, just very quickly,

I sort of alluded to in my initial reports. You

know, that report wasn't where the paper was written

on in terms of understanding the square footage, in

terms of understanding the floor area. They included

square footage that had already been sold to Forrest

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 71

City [sp?]. They didn't understand inclusionary
housing and how you have to generate inclusionary
housing to enjoy the floor area. It's 110,000 square
feet of as-of-right and a 145,000 where you have to
build a 50,000 square foot building with affordable
housing to enjoy that 145,000. That wasn't deducted.

If you look at what they thought the land price per
square foot, it's much lower than what we're paying.

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COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Right. Okay, so this partnership wouldn't be allowed if not was for the city saying you could purchase our land and then we're going to work together on what you're going to do with that land, but from what Council Member Levin said, there's some -- a lot of the folks in the community feel like the library is not large enough. The amount of residents in that particular part of Brooklyn Heights will be inundated with a lot more families needing to use overcrowded public schools, and the affordable housing while it's needed all over the city, one would think that you would give it to the area where you're making the impact of the density in housing, yet you sort of doing what the mayor does not want to happen from his current rezoning plans that he's putting forth to the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 72 Council. You're sort of building a poor door as they would say or affordable housing in another community, and all the while, although this is a private public/private partnership, there's no project labor agreement, and there are a lot of people here today that feel that there will be substandard construction in the development, and just, you know, my concern is this wouldn't happen if not for the City Council to allow it to happen. So, what type of assurance that we're--what type of assurance with the Council get that nobody will be killed while this project is being developed? Somebody was just killed yesterday on a construction site in Staten Island. It's the fourteenth death that we've seen on unsafe construction sites in this city. So, there's an alarming increase in safety hazards that I'm concerned about, and so often that goes with jobs that are not setting forth standards in regard to training for the construction workers. So, is there going to be a project labor agreement, first question, and how could you reassure the Council that you will be having people build this building, both the building in Brooklyn Heights and also your other building, with good, trained workforce?

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DAVID KRAMER: Alright. And you had a third question about the site of the housing. Let me just answer that very quickly, which is we're just following the rules, and there is inclusionary housing in the zoning resolution, and the zoning resolution treats neighborhoods as within the Community Board, and we looked throughout Community Board Two to find affordable housing and it was very difficult to find the 80,000 square feet of FAR that we bought.

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Right. Just-DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] I'll get on
to the --

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: [interposing]

Before you finish, what is the going rate of the square foot for a condo, brand new condo in Brooklyn Heights? What is it selling for? What are you imagining you'll get with your extra 144,000 square feet of condo sales that you'll be able to--

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: do with this development?

DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Sure.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 74 1 2 DAVID KRAMER: I mean, if you look at the comps, you know, we think it's somewhere around 3 4 1,500-plus a square foot. COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: You're getting 5 that for used units in Long Island City. You're 6 7 getting close to 2,000. So, I know that Brooklyn 8 Heights sells for more money than Long Island City. 9 DAVID KRAMER: There are at most a handful of comps at 2,000 dollars a square foot in Brooklyn 10 11 Heights. 12 COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: So, it's very 13 rare. It's very rare to have this development opportunity in Brooklyn Heights that the city is 14 15 giving you, for Library--16 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] I just 17 answered a different question. COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: There isn't much 18 19 development happening right there because land is 20 scarce. DAVID KRAMER: Well, I think one of the 21 reasons there's been a swirl of conversation about 2.2 2.3 this project is that people feel there is development, whether it's Pier [sic] House or Pier 24

Six or this project, so--

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 75 1 COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: This is a 2 3 substantial building. 4 DAVID KRAMER: Sure. COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: You're going to 5 have over 240,000 square feet of residential condos 6 7 that will go for sale, and all likelihood they'll sell for greater than 2,500 dollars a square foot. 8 DAVID KRAMER: No, I think what you're getting at is that for the city to get--10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: [interposing] I just really--12 13 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] the best 14 bang--15 COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: [interposing] don't want to be rude, just looking at the--16 17 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] for the buck. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: forty seconds. 19 What will be the labor standards in this development? DAVID KRAMER: Just to finish on the 20 21 condominium, you back into a land price. The land price is based upon what you think you can get for 2.2 2.3 condominiums, and the best way for the city to get a bang for the buck is to A, have a spirited 24 25 competitive bid, B, have an appraisal, and C, have a

subcommittee on Planning, dispositions & concessions 76 reappraisal before closing to make sure that you had the checks and balances to make sure that we're not getting away with a below-market bid. We stretched and really went so aggressively to try and win this bid by going with a very high number, which is much higher than the appraisal that the city got, and they gave a second bite at the apple with the second reappraisal. As for construction labor, Hudson has built numerous projects, 8,000 units you saw. We have five projects under construction. We finish projects all the time. You can check out our history. You can check out our labor standards, our building standards. We take safety incredibly seriously, and we stand by our record.

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I would encourage Hudson to do to reassure certainly myself as a Council Member who will be voting potentially on this project is that there is a project labor agreement with a level of safety standards so we will ensure not only the people who are working on that construction site will be safe, but also the community around the construction site.

DAVID KRAMER: So, we have no problem with safety standards. A project labor agreement goes far

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 77 beyond safety standards, but we're happy to talk safety.

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Usually it's just a level of training that is required, whether it be through apprentice or pre-apprentice programs, and the ability to make sure that their safety and OSHA standards tied to that training.

DAVID KRAMER: Yes, it's apprenticeship training programs that are approved by the State Department, which severely limits who we can work with, and as I said in my comments, we're very focused on local hiring and MWBE hiring, which sometimes is inconsistent with those restrictions.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you, Council
Member Crowley. We've been joined by Council Members
Rodriguez, Mealy and the Land Use Chair, Council
Member David Greenfield and Council Member Lander has
questions.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you, Chair Cohen.

COUNCIL MEMBER COHEN: I'm sorry, Council Member Lander, could the panel, could you please identify yourself again when you--as you answer a

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 78 question, just give your name for the purpose of a transcript, thank you.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you, Chair Cohen, I'm Council Member Lander. So, in his opening statement, Council Member Levin made what I think is exactly the right framing for the way to think about this. He said he can't support this deal, this proposal unless it's a good deal for the local community and the Brooklyn Public Library system, and I'm going to defer to him entirely on what's a good deal for the local community that he represents. I think that second question, what's a good deal for the Brooklyn Public Library is important to the entire council and obviously especially to the Brooklyn members, and as I've said before, the reasons for me to think it makes sense to take the value of the air rights above that branch and turn it into resources for our library are because of how dire the need for our library system is. mentioned the 300 dollar, million dollar figure. I know you've talked before about 80-plus million in essentially emergency repair needs. Those are air conditioning in branches that are supposed to be the cooling centers for seniors where the air

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 79 conditioning doesn't work, and then we know there's a lot of need throughout the system now. If we had been doing our job as a city over the last decades and putting the money that we needed to put into the library with city capital, then we wouldn't have 300 million dollars of unfunded capital repair needs, and I have taken my--even though I've doggedly fought the last six years to get more capital dollars into the system, I'll take my share of the lumps that we have not -- and that's decades of neglect, and we just maybe a little bit started to correct for it, but not nearly enough. So, I want all my share of getting us here and I hope others will as well. I wish we I wish we had put the money in, and this wasn't how we needed to fund our library system. Having said that and owning my responsibility, given how dire that need is and how strongly I feel about supporting the library system, I think that is the reason to--for us to entertain supporting this proposal are those resources, but then I do think it's important to really push on Steve's second question, or Council Member Levin's second question, which is about understanding the value that we're getting. And what I'll say is this, obviously on the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 80 one hand for us to get it this way, there has to be enough profit in it for a private developer to do it or else we wouldn't get any value at all. On the other hand, we have to ask the question how those values are being shared and distributed, and is the public getting enough of that value relative to what private value there is? And even though there was a robust bidding process, and this was up near the top of the bids, although it sounds to me like not quite at them. Those are questions that we have to scrutinize, and some of that is about is this a fair market value and is it the best bid possible, and some of it is how do we think about the share between public value and private value on a deal like this, and to me, there's meaningful public value here to be sure, but I think I share Steve's concern that it has got to be just absolutely as much as we can possibly get or we are not doing our jobs here. So, I mean, a couple of questions. First, I just wanted to understand, you say 65 million. That includes you're counting ten million for the core and shell build-out of the branch, and then there's also another 12 million of the 52 that's going to pay for the fit out

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 81 of the interior. I'm just trying to really understand where, you know, what we're counting.

million, which is essentially the condominium that will revert back to the city, and then there's the cost of fitting that building out, and Brooklyn Public Library will use proceeds from the sale of the property to then fit out the Brooklyn Heights branch. It will become one of the projects that we will undertake as a result of having raised these dollars.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: So, just to be clear then, because it feels to me like we can say three different things and they're all the same, but I just want to make sure I understand it. You could say it's 65 million dollars that's being paid of which 22 is going for the Brooklyn Heights Library Branch, two and a half for the interim, and 40 for other branches.

LINDA JOHNSON: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: You're calling that 52 because the build-out of that 10 million and the other 2.7 are being covered by the developer separate from what's being pad.

LINDA JOHNSON: In cash, right.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Okay. But even at that 65 million as you've seen, there was a story today in the Daily News that there's questions being raised about whether that's really a market value, and I think this goes to Council Member Crowley's questions, and you can't blame people for asking this question, because the values in downtown Brooklyn are That is what they are. No one who's thinking could I afford a place to live is looking at those prices and thinking, hey, I could afford them. So, that's what we're talking about is values that have hit the stratosphere of obscene, and that's just what it is. I mean, that's how real estate works. On the other hand, you know, I guess what I'm going to ask is for you to respond to the Daily News article that ran today. To me, it says you should pay more money to the Brooklyn Public Library system before we support this deal.

LINDA JOHNSON: Well, I'll start and I'll let the developer, the expert on real estate chime in, but the way you establish fair market value is you put something on the market and see what it brings, and the fact that we had such a robust process that was, you know, undertaken by the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 83

Economic Development Corporation essentially
established what fair market value was. As the
process went along, various developers came in with
bids at various different rates and the highest
bidders were--got to the end of the game, and at the
time, actually, it was well in excess of what people
anticipated we would get because it was an aggressive
and robust process. You want to talk about the--[off
mic]

DAVID KRAMER: I mean, I would just say it's a silly report that was commissioned by folks who oppose the project, and you know, they're allowed to do that. They want to oppose the project. They hired some guy who has a P.H.D. in his title to write it. You know, we'd be happy to point by point rebut all of the inaccuracies. I mean, I'm a little disappointed the Daily News thought this was newsworthy, but we're happy to point by point review all of the square footage inaccuracies, and if you look at what the report thinks the value of the land in Brooklyn is worth, our number far exceeds that, and they were wrong with all of their deductions and math.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 84

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: So, I would like
to see it. I mean, I want to support this, but I want
to support it at the most value for the public
library system--

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DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Sure.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: that we can possibly get and that is appropriate here, and exactly because it went up some. Look, the numbers have been going up in this remarkably escalating way. I think there's every reason to believe that if and when these units come online they'll sell for a lot more than the price that units are selling today, and our job is to capture as absolutely every last penny we can for the public, and it is hard not to worry. I guess what I would say is I don't think this is unique to this deal. In almost every public deal I've seen I feel like the public doesn't get top dollar. I feel like the prices keep going up, and the residual value winds up going to the developer who's taking some risk and winds up benefitting from market increases, and the public doesn't get the maximum value, and I'm not persuaded that's where we are today, and I think if you could give us the additional information it'll help us.

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LINDA JOHNSON: Yeah, I think you mentioned the risk and it is exactly that, and so there are many projects too which actually end up with the developer like the Donnell Library where things go wrong and, you know, the developer takes on risk that's--so the library's not in the business of taking on risks like this. We have a fiduciary responsibility. We're trying to actually honor that responsibility by taking care of our buildings, and as you've said, in a perfect world this isn't what we would be doing, but in the hand that we've been dealt we feel like we have really gotten a lot for the property, way more than we anticipated. We think that even now this many months after the RFP process that the property is still valued at a very high-that the value of the deal is still very high relative to what's selling, and there'll be another stage in this process where there'll be another appraisal.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: And I assume that Council Member Levin may ask a little more about that phase of the process and what happens with that appraisal and so forth. I'll defer it to the Council Member. Thank you, Mr. Chair, thank you.

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DAVID KRAMER: I mean, just to add, to give comfort to the City Council, the leverage environment of folks bidding on RFP's is completely one-sided towards EDC in that they'll negotiate up to the very end with more than one party. There's a lot of like, "I don't know. I don't know, Hudson. You're not the high bidder. Sharpen your pencil. I don't know, Hudson, let's get your best and final. Oh, let's get your best and final. Oh, let's get your best and how we doing on the affordable housing?" It was a very, very strenuous bid, and so if anybody was taking advantage of anybody during the RFP process, the City Council should know that EDC has all the leverage in these matters.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you, Council Member Lander. Public Advocate?

PUBLIC ADVOCATE JAMES: Thank you, Mr.

Chair. So, let me begin by saying the following;

downtown Brooklyn is booming, but just across the

street in downtown Brooklyn we have the lowest

census, lowest income census in the entire city,

representing Ingersoll, Whitman and Farragut public

housing, and they have been promised and given empty

promises and strung along by developers for years,

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 87 and we see the consequences all around us, unemployment, violence, health indicators, and we also see a significant number of children who are living with grandmothers because their parents can no longer afford to keep them in their homes. And so, I say all this to say that we've got to do a better job with all of the stakeholders, and this is really not against the Hudson Group, but all developers and all stakeholders in downtown Brooklyn who represent business interest and the developers, we've got to do a better job in reaching across Flatbush Avenue and providing benefits to the residents of Ingersoll, Whitman and Farragut public housing to bring them out of poverty. They are in an island unto themselves, and there are skyscrapers surrounding all of them, and it's a shame that we are not doing anything to address their needs. That being said, I'm glad that you are looking at Whitman public housing, Whitman Public Library to get some resources as well as in Bushwick, as well as the library that I care a lot about, as you know, and the library that I saved as a Council Member, the Pacific Street Library, but I hope that we would look at East New York and Brownsville as well to address their needs.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 88
way to address poverty is education, and it begins
with, again, providing resources to our libraries. I
want to again echo the sentiments of Council Member
Lander. As the Council Member, as you know, I
received minimal amount of public dollars as a City
Council Member for whatever reason and not in the
position to provide funds to the libraries that were
in the 35^{th} Councilmatic [sic] District, and I do it
through negotiations. I hope that you would provide
funds to Whitman as well as Clinton Hill Library,
Pacific Library, the Bushwick Library, and include
East New York and Brownsville. EDC, though the
gentleman indicated that EDC negotiates a strong
bargain, I disagree. I think EDC can do a better job.
I think EDC needs to negotiate for greater
affordability in this city, and that means you need
to reject the AMI and look at community AMI's, and
you need to address unit sizes. The fact that this
development only has for the most part studios and
one bedrooms is unacceptable. Two, the design of
these buildings is inferior to that of Brooklyn
Heights. This is primarily bricks and mortar, and I
think that we can do better in Clinton Hill.

[applause]

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 89 1 2 PUBLIC ADVOCATE JAMES: No, no, no, no, 3 Don't do that. You're taking away from my time. 4 Don't do that. I don't need that. We can do better in Clinton Hill. I would hope that you would consider a better design in my beloved Clinton Hill. Even 6 7 though I'm citywide, I still live not too far from 8 here, and two, I hope that we would consider retail, because we need more retail to create more activity on Fulton Street and Atlantic Avenue. This is nice, 10 but it's--it leaves a lot to be desired. 11 It's not 12 very attractive, and we need more two and three 13 bedrooms. New York City and particularly Brooklyn is booming with children. You can't walk down Fulton 14 15 Street and Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn Heights without 16 baby carriages. We need more apartments for children 17 and families if we want to make sure and keep 18 families in New York City, in particularly in 19 Brooklyn because they're relocated. I know I'm 20 rushing through my comments because we have -- we don't 21 have a lot of time. My question to Brooklyn Public 2.2 Libraries is, in the past when I was a City Council 2.3 Member you indicated to me, if I'm not mistaken, that the Brooklyn Public Library was not large enough to 24

accommodate any additional -- did not have enough space

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 90 for its current operations, and so my question to you is how can we accommodate the Business Library if in fact there are space limitations?

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LINDA JOHNSON: The Central Library?

PUBLIC ADVOCATE JAMES: Yeah.

that in the Central Library? We're actually undergoing a master plan right now, developing a master plan with architects. We've already allocated space for the Business and Career Library. We've gotten all of the back of the house operations that used to occur at Brooklyn Public Library, are now being accomplished actually in Long Island City in a joint venture with New York Public Library. So we've taken out a lot of the things that happened in Central that were not public facing, but were back of the house, and are now figuring how to use the space in Central Library in a way that has a better ratio of publicly accessible space.

PUBLIC ADVOCATE JAMES: Will there be a permanent revenue stream to maintain the capital needs of the new library?

LINDA JOHNSON: So, the--one of the beauties of the new library is that the mechanical

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 91 systems are outside of the core and shell, and that's why there is such a high ratio of space that's available to the public as opposed to space that's not, and the building itself, the mechanicals for itself, will actually be taken care of by the residential condo.

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PUBLIC ADVOCATE JAMES: My last two comments is we live in a city which increasingly is becoming more segregated than ever, and I abhor segregation, and I know that there are a number of factors. Stop the clicking, please. There's a number of factors, and one of the factors, unfortunately, is when government promotes segregation. I abhor off-site affordable housing. I believe that we should all live together and we should all live under one building, but I recognize at the same time, I've heard from the residents in They stop me in my neighborhood, and Clinton Hill. they want more affordable housing because there's a crisis in affordable housing. I can't question you on your numbers. So, if this gets us more affordable housing, then I guess there is public benefits to it, but again, it has to be in perpetuity, and again let me go back to it has to be affordable. The AMI's and

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 92 the unit size and the breakouts that I have before me unfortunately will not work for Fort Greene and Clinton Hill. I know the neighborhood is changing dramatically, but we still have pockets of working class people who are desperately looking for affordable housing and they want to make sure that those units are appropriate to their families. And then lastly, let me just say that I too want to echo the sentiments of Council Member Crowley, and I believe that given all of the accidents that we've seen in downtown Brooklyn as a result of nonunion work that really this project should be built because of its size it should be built union, but at the same time we should make sure that the residents of Ingersoll, Whitman and Farragut are included in that project, and so if you can respond to that that would be greatly appreciated. I tried to do that in five minutes.

DAVID KRAMER: Thank you for all your feedback, and you know, we are working to have a local hiring process. There is sometimes all sorts of conflicts with union jobs and local hiring as I alluded to earlier, and we're prepared to talk about

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 93 safety and construction safety for as long as we want to talk about it.

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PUBLIC ADVOCATE JAMES: And then, again,
I support Council Member Levin and will defer to
Council Member Levin, but I too joining with him in
urging that annex and/or school for PS8 be included
in the project, but again, I would hope that you
would give due consideration to all of my comments,
primarily the offsite housing, the unit size, AMI's,
local hiring, and the fact that we definitely need a
school as PS8 continues to grow. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you, Madam

Public Advocate. Just I just want to go back to a

point that Council Member Levin brought up regarding

guarantees incase God forbid this goes south. Whose

52 million dollars are you going to give the library?

DAVID KRAMER: I don't know if I have it in my wallet right now. You know, it's a mix of equity and debt, and the debt will be--

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: [interposing] Are those creditors going to want to lean on the real estate? I mean, are you guaranteeing the loans with—in other words, who has prior—if you go—if you don't pay library—if you don't pay your lenders and

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 94 you don't build a library, who has priority on the land?

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DAVID KRAMER: The lender will want the right to bring in a substitute borrower to get the approval of EDC. You know, these are always complicated matters because everybody wants their rights. So, if Hudson goes south the lender doesn't want to say, well, I guess I lose my collateral because Hud's going south, so EDC, how about you give me a certain period of time to bring in a substitute developer that approved by EDC that can complete the job so, you know, so that the lender has collateral.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: So, the lender has the right to step into your shoes?

DAVID KRAMER: Oh, absolutely, and bring in a substitute developer that's acceptable to the city.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Has there been a discussion about a bond of some kind that could guarantee that if the project goes fault [sic] that there's money put aside to make sure that the people in Brooklyn Heights get a library?

DAVID KRAMER: So, there are all sorts of ways to go on this matter. So, sometimes you'll hire

a construction company with a fixed price, general construction contract which has some more security than a construction manager who is hiring the subcontractors but doesn't have the same risk. There are payment and performance bonds or there are new programs such as a subcontractor default insurance program that sort of play the same role, and in each job it's a little different whether we have a bond, whether it's required by a lender, whether there are certain subcontractors that are more important to guarantee their performance, and others, usually that has to do with things like the façade.

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Despite the tool
basket, are we going to know definitely what tools
are going to be in place, what mix you're going to
use to guarantee, to ensure the people of Brooklyn
that they're going to have a library at the end of
this day regardless of whether the economy goes up,
the economy goes down. I don't think it can be
subject to those kind of--

DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Yeah, so I mean, those safeguards are in the contract in terms of our providing completion guarantees to both the lender and to the city, and there are certain

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 financial requirements about what kind of lender can

 lend on the project so it's defined as an

 institutional lender. I mean, in this case, you know,

 our interests are aligned. I want to see the

 projected completed. I'm the guarantor.
 - CHAIRPERSON COHEN: I understand. Thank you. Council Member Levin? We've been joined by Council Member Cumbo.

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- COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Thank you, Council Member.
- CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Oh, I'm sorry, you-I'm sorry, I'm going to go to Council Member Treyger
 first before we go back to Council Member Levin.
 Thank you.

Thank you, Chair Cohen. I want to just begin by saying that it's obvious that the input and the feelings of the local Council Member certainly weighs very heavily with us as is tradition in the Council, but I just would like to say a few things and also ask some questions as well. The first question I have is just a technical question to EDC. What is your role in this, and why is EDC involved in this process?

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JEFF NELSON: Sure. So, EDC essentially acts as an intermediary between the city and the ultimate purchaser. The--

LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] [off mic] He doesn't understand that the city owns the building.

DEFF NELSON: The city--so, stepping back, the City of New York is the fee owner of the property. It owns the land right now in which the library is situated. In a way in which the city can dispose of property is through essentially a negotiated sale that EDC handles, and so when you look at how the property actually is transferred, it goes from the city through EDC or affiliated entities and then ultimately to Hudson.

ask is because the district I represent was really promised a whole lot of different things back in 2009 by EDC in a Coney Island rezoning, and there were glitzy pictures and photographs and presentations of what Coney Island was going to look like if the rezoning went through and all these great things.

Just to bring you up to speed, the main bank, Chase on Mermaid Avenue, is closing down at the end of the year. We don't have a clothing store in my

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 98 We don't even have a bakery now in my neighborhood. neighborhood. So, for me, we have to focus on the basics of people, basic needs of people, and so forgive me that there is a trust deficit with residents on the ground and with government officials. So, that's why I do have to question, you know, EDC's role and EDC's commitment and historical inaccuracies in some parts of the city, because I see there's a lot of energy and attention being paid here, which I'm not, you know, that's for the community to decide and the members to decide, but you have to also finish what you've started in other parts of this city. You have to make sure that communities get everything that was promised them as well, retail shops, housing that meets the needs of today's workforce, not 20, 30 years from now but today. So, I just want to begin by saying that. The next thing I'd like to ask to President Johnson and I appreciate your responsiveness you had, how much did the City of New York commit capital wise to the Brooklyn Public Library system this past budget? LINDA JOHNSON: Fifteen million dollars.

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COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Fifteen million dollars, and you mention that you have a 300 million dollar capital unmet need overall, is that correct?

LINDA JOHNSON: That's correct. Those numbers are at least a year old, so--

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: So, when we hear government leaders talk about how much they love their libraries and how much they appreciate their libraries and take photo ops by their libraries, 300 million dollar need and only a 15 dollar commitment, is that correct?

LINDA JOHNSON: That's correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: So, we need to question our government leaders some more, because there's a difference between words and actions, and I have a question about how much would this--I was speaking to my--looks like an Apple store. How much would this proposal cost without this deal? How much would building something like this cost without this deal moving forward? Is there any figure to the library?

LINDA JOHNSON: The idea of knocking the library down and building something there without a residential tower above it, 22 million dollars I'm

- SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 100
 being told. I don't--again, it's not my area of
 expertise, but 22 million dollars.

 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Around 22
 - COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Around 22 million dollars. So, obviously if the City of New York--
 - LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] That's without land cost.
 - COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Right, but if the City of New York committed to its commitment to support our libraries, you wouldn't even have to do this.
- 13 LINDA JOHNSON: That's right.
- 14 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: So--
- 15 LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] Well, let
 16 me just--
- 17 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Yes.
 - LINDA JOHNSON: It's the caveat. In addition to building a great library in Brooklyn Heights, this project affords us the ability to take care of 40 million dollars of capital need elsewhere in the borough. So, it would—the 22 million dollars would take care of the problems in Brooklyn Heights. It would be fabulous, but it would still leave me

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 101 with this 300 million dollar or actually 290 million dollar deficit all over the borough.

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COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Yeah, I'm just highlighting the fact that you're dealing with, you know, what we've heard from colleagues, decades of neglect. So, this is not really an attack so much on the library system. This is really evidence of the neglect of government for many years, and the Borough President made a point in his recommendation questioning even the structure of the library system and how whether it should be a mayoral agency or city agency. Even agencies that we have today are crying poverty. So, this is something that we need to take very serious of the precedent that it sets moving forward, but also fulfilling our needs to the libraries of today, not just 20, 30 years from now, but the needs of people in the libraries of today. thank the Chair for his time.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you, Council Member Treyger. Now, Council Member Levin.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So, thank you, Mr. Chair. So, I just actually want to go back to his line of questions, just about exactly how it stacks up in terms of who ultimately has—if this deal were

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 102 1 to go belly up, whose rights are protected first? So, 2 3 like--so, is there a deed rest--is there a deed--4 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Yes. 5 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: In the conveyance of the deed is there a deed restriction that goes to 6 you and your lenders and partners that their 7 8 interests are secondary to the public's interest, or how does that work? Can you lay that out for--DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] The--10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] us in 12 very--as clear plain English as you can? 13 DAVID KRAMER: The deed requirement includes the -- the deed requirement requires Hudson to 14 15 complete the project and complete the library. COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay. If that 16 17 doesn't happen, right, then do--say there's a 18 bankruptcy, say there's something where something goes wrong where everybody has to recoup their 19 20 investment. Whose ultimately--do your lenders and your partners have first go at their debt vis-a-vi 21 2.2 the city? Who has the first right as an interested 2.3 party in that instance in the property? DAVID KRAMER: You know, so if there's a 24

problem, there's a notice of default that a lender

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 103 will issue and you have a cure period to cure the default. And so, you know, Hudson would scramble around to cure the default, and let's say we don't cure the default.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Say you don't cure the default.

DAVID KRAMER: So, then the lender has the right to kick us out, bring in another developer, get approval from the city, and the city is the one that's sitting there with 52 million dollars and with the right to have the property revert back to the city if the performance isn't completed.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And so if that remedy doesn't work, say you can't cure it, a new developer brought in--would not--cannot perform or can't meet the standards of EDC, what then--what recourse does the lender then have in that instance?

JEFF NELSON: They would have to find someone else.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And they can find--and that goes on forever?

JEFF NELSON: Ultimately the interests are aligned here, though, because--

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 104
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] Well,
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     no, no, let's game it out--
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                JEFF NELSON: [interposing] the city has a
     desire to finish the project.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: What if they just,
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    you know, their--
                JEFF NELSON: The lender has the desire--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing]
     remedy is to find--
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                JEFF NELSON: [interposing] and--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing]
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     Excuse me. I'm sorry, wait, wait. Hold on. Their
     remedy is to continue to find somebody else or they
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    have the right to recoup their money from the city?
                DAVID KRAMER: I mean, we'll share the
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     deed. I mean, it's a limited period time because it
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     can't go on forever, and at some point the city can
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     kick the lender out.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And the lender's
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     out?
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                DAVID KRAMER: Yeah.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay, and that
    ultimately would--that would be that--
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DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] And the deed reverts back to the city, and this is consistent with, you know, most types of EDC deals where there's a requirement to build something that involves the public.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: I want to ask about this issue of the union versus nonunion. from EDC's--first question's for EDC. Does EDC have a position on when there is a public asset like this, public -- this is a, you know, the development rights belong to the City of New York, and just to be clear, they belong to the--they belong--I know this is a library. The library's on it. This is a library deal, but ultimately this is a public asset. belongs to the city. It belongs to the tax payers, not just an entity that is, you know, a quasigovernment, just to be clear. Does EDC have a position across the board for when it is appropriate to require prevailing wage or union for the construction of a project and when it's not? Because like for example, eight blocks away or whatever at pier six, that is as of now, is a--that's a Brooklyn Bridge Park which is a quasi-governmental agency, right? But that deal is slated to be a union trade's

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 106 construction deal. Now, five blocks up from there pier one is not. Now, the difference between those two is that pier one was under the Bloomberg Administration and pier six was under the de Blasio Administration, but this is under the de Blasio Administration, under EDC. Does EDC have a position on whether this is--whether-- because this isn't just a private--keep in mind, like, you know, the Council when we have -- we do ULURPs right, and when oftentimes there's some private deal that happens and we'll here from the trades, and they'll say that private deal, that should be union, right? So, whatever it is, Domino or what, you know. That's something that Building Trades, Build Up NYC, what have you will say that that should be a union deal. This is different than a private deal because it's not a private deal. This is -- the seller is the City of New York. So, is there a policy from EDC on this? There's no policy. JEFF NELSON: projects that we have run the gamut based on how a

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projects that we have run the gamut based on how a
developer chooses to approach construction. What I
can say is with respect obviously to things such as
living wage, prevailing wage all of our projects
follow the laws, the law and the mayor's executive

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 107 order and to the extent that that comes into play.

Certainly Hudson would be obligated to do that just as any other developer will.

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should hope that they're not going to be building illegally. So, that's pretty low bar honestly.

You're saying they're not allowed to do like illegal labor practices. That's good to know. But I mean, I would expect that there's more consistency, because as I said, what makes this different from pier six?

Like, why is this a different standard than pier six is? Pier six is a labor deal, right? Its cost of construction can't be that much different on pier six. Maybe it's more expensive on pier six, but it can't be--certainly I don't see why it would be, you know, lower. So why--what's--explain.

JEFF NELSON: I mean, I can't speak to the details of pier six. I can simply say that EDC doesn't have a policy on union labor.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay. I would, you know, I would hope that there would be a little bit more consistency on this particularly from this Administration. I wanted to ask just--I want to get a little bit more, and we don't need to go ad nauseam

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 108 on this, but I would like to know how the number was arrived at in maybe a little bit more detail than has been put out there in terms of the purchase price, the 52 million dollars. So, and--so, just to be clear, folks, there is -- this deal can be divided into two separate chunks, right? You have your as-ofright is 110,000 square feet, and there has to be library core and shell in there and that has to be covered under the purchase price, and then in addition to that -- so, that's 110,000 square feet of developable square footage, and then on top of that you have an inclusionary bonus and that is 145,000 square feet. It's bigger than the as-of-right. It's a lot. A hundred and 45,000 residential square feet is a lot. It's big and it's valuable. And so that has an inherent value in it. Now, that carries with it a requirement to build the affordable housing. That's what we call the inclusionary bonus. now we're considering mandating inclusionary as part of every deal in select areas of New York City. there's--you know, that's right--right now there's an option to do inclusionary. Developers can take it or leave it, but this Administration has put forward is mandatory inclusionary moving forward. Now, this

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 109 wouldn't be covered under that because we're still in the optional area here, but that 145,000 square feet is valuable. It has an inherent value, and so I wanted, what I would like for you all to explain to the public how you arrived at 52 million dollars both with the value of the as-of-right FAR and the value of the bonus and how the requirement of affordable housing fits into that, because I think it's instructive for everybody to hear how you all arrived at that.

JEFF NELSON: I'll take a shot it at first from the EDC side. I think it goes back to running a competitive process, 14 bids, a number of qualified firms all working off of the same set of assumptions about what they could do at the site, and through that process people revised their bids and Hudson ultimately delivered the best value for the city. I want to amend one answer to an earlier question that you had regarding the bids. So, once we got to the conversation about the amendment to the RFP process and clarifying the amount of inclusionary that was available, so once that information was shared, Hudson's bid was—the two finalists were

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 110 1 within two percent of one another. There was not a 2 3 higher bid above that. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: There was no 5 higher bid--JEFF NELSON: [interposing] No higher bid 6 above that was among the finalists. 7 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Of any of the 8 9 bidders, not just the finalists? 10 JEFF NELSON: Yeah, once we had reset the 11 assumptions on the amount of inclusionary that was 12 available. 13 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Uh-huh, okay. So, 14 alright, I think we can follow up with that further. 15 JEFF NELSON: We can follow up with that. 16 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay. 17 JEFF NELSON: But I did want to clarify. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: But the question 19 that I asked I wanted a little more detail than it 20 was a competitive bid--JEFF NELSON: [interposing] So, I'm going 21 to turn it over--2.2 23 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] and

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that's how we arrived at--

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 111

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JEFF NELSON: [interposing] Well, but I'll say from our perspective, look, there are a variety of inputs that go in. There are assumptions about sale value. There are assumptions about construction costs and so on, and ultimately what we're looking at is what is someone willing to pay for the property, and that's where Hudson had the strongest bid, and I'll turn it over to David to talk about.

DAVID KRAMER: Steve, I think you want to know how we make the sausage, and so this is proprietary information. I hope you and I will keep this confidential between the two of us as we discuss this. You know, Hudson, we basically look at this as a 400 dollar land value, which is more than any other report or appraisal I've seen, and as I've said, we stretch to make that number. And so at 110,000 square feet of as-of-right FAR at a 400 dollar land value less the cost of the library, less the cost of the interim library, less the cost of demolishing the existing building, we gave a value of 27 million dollars to that as-of-right.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay.

DAVID KRAMER: We took the same evaluation for the 145,000 square feet of

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 112 inclusionary floor area, but from that we had to subtract the cost of buying and paying for 50,000 square feet of inclusionary housing. So we had to look in every nook and cranny of Community Board Two to find a site that was available. In fact, the site where we bought on Fulton was a shovel-ready condominium project that we purchased to have as affordable housing. We had a very tight deadline for immediacy to find the affordable -- to find the sites. And so we have to subtract from that evaluation the cost, 100 percent of the land hard cost and soft cost to build the affordable housing units. So when you subtract that, the inclusionary housing is valued at 24 million dollars approximately, and so the two together are 52 million dollars, and I should say that the difference between this transaction and most other transactions has to do with the value of the inclusionary housing. In most other transactions the seller gets the value of the as-of-right FAR. this case the seller of the city would get 27 million dollars which is based on a 10 as-of-right FAR, and then the buyer goes out and separately tries to generate additional floor area through the bonus, through the inclusionary housing, and if in doing so

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 113
the acquisition price is less than whatever the value
is that the seller received, the buyer enjoys that
benefit of a discounted lower blended process.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Just a question about that. So, if you're telling me, right, that if a--

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{DAVID}}$$ KRAMER: [interposing] And that happens all the time.

you're saying, right, that if a seller on the open market has 110,000 square feet to sell, right, and it is bonusable [sic] to 250 like it is like this is, right? So, that's an extra 145,000 square feet and bonus, right? So, you're saying under--if one seller has that and another seller, you know, for whatever reason nearby or whatever in a comparable area has 110,000 square feet to sell but you can't bonus it, there's no inclusionary there for whatever reason, you're saying that those two properties are valued at the exact same amount because that bonusable [sic] square footage no matter how much it is? This is 145,000 square feet of bonus--

DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Right, I--

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 114 1 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: that carries with 2 3 the requirement. I'm not saying it doesn't. It 4 does, but you're saying that those two properties have the same value, that they're going to sell for the same price? 6 7 DAVID KRAMER: No, first of all it's a great point, and second of all, it's atypical that 8 the ration of as-of-right to bonus is as it is for this project. 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Right, that's what I'm trying--12 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] It's usually-13 14 15 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: to say. This is a 16 big bonus. 17 DAVID KRAMER: It's a big bonus 18 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Mucho bonus here. 19 This is more than 50 percent of the property is 20 bonus. 21 DAVID KRAMER: Which is why we treated it as a mucho bonus, and that's why we gave the extra 2.2 2.3 value back to the library with our bid. In a typical deal you're absolutely right. Maybe it's another 20 24

percent that's a bonus, and you know, you make your

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 115 deal, and if it helps your acquisition price, great. I've talked to appraisers on this very subject, which is how do they treat the bonus FAR, and the appraisers have told me that their response is that they never look at the extra bonus FAR, but if there is some value that is integral to let's say the flurry of bonus, they will incorporate that into the value of the as-of-right FAR. So you might say okay, it's 110 as-of-right, but we're going to give it a premium because of this added potential. thought we were being clever in saying we're going to be really aggressive by giving the extra value back to the city, but obviously everybody else had that in mind because, you know, the numbers were comparable, and one of the reasons you should feel assuage in your concerns about bang for the buck is that you had a lot of developers who were bidding aggressively who were bunched in the same amount and had the same idea, was to give the extra value of the inclusionary back to the city.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So, I've just been informed that there are 85 people here to testify, so I thank everybody for their patience, and I will--I mean, I really do appreciate your patience. I would

ask more questions at this time, but I think we can follow up on, and I covered most of the areas that I wanted to cover, maybe if not all the questions I wanted to ask. So, I assure those members of the public that we will continue to be asking the tough questions in the coming days, but with that I'll seed my time to my colleagues.

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you, Council Member Levin. Council Member Greenfield?

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Thank you,
Chair. Thank you, Council Member Levin, for those
questions. I think this is actually an outstanding
display of how effectively the New York City Council
works, which is what our job is, is to do oversight
and to make sure in fact that all the issues are
being addressed and most importantly that the
communities needs are being recognized. I want to
thank Council Member Levin for his robust questioning
in that effect. I really just want to get some
clarity on a few issues, and as the Chair of the Land
Use committee I tend not to take positions on these
matters, but I certainly do care about clarity, and
so I just want to clarify on a few different issues.
The first issue I want to clarify is community

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 117 consultation and the process that was engaged in. you know, we're sort of hearing different things.

Community members are saying they didn't feel very engaged. I mean initially. I don't mean after the deal. I mean before the deal was struck. Obviously, you folks are saying that they were engaged. So, can someone sort of clarify both from the library and EDC's perspective what exactly the engagement process was with the community and how much input the community actually had while this deal was being fashioned?

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Went to EDC for the RFP process, the library set up a CAC and there were representatives of elected officials including Councilman Levin and others who participated in those meetings. Those meetings were held periodically throughout from the time that it was established throughout the RFP process until a final selectin was made. Throughout the RFP process, as David mentioned, there was a website that people could consult to see. I'm sorry, there was a—before David was selected, before Hudson was selected there was actually data that was put on the library website. You could see renderings from the bidders

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 118
who were in the end of the short list. And then,
after the bidder--after the process came to an end,
after Hudson was selected, Marvel Architects engaged
in a process which is ongoing but which pulled
members of the Brooklyn Heights community together to
sort of determine what they wanted to see in their
library as the library was being designed.

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COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: So, one of the big debates, of course, or one of the conversations or what I'm hearing as frustration has to do with the size of the library and the location of the, the relocation rather of the business library. Was that something that was also discussed during that time and was the community allowed to engage and sort of have an opinion on how large the library should be or whether or not the business library would stay at this location or in fact move to the central library?

LINDA JOHNSON: So, the decision about the business library was actually made separately from the decision about what's going to happen at Brooklyn Heights, and that is a function of just where our patrons are located and who's using the business library today. We did surveys and determined that,

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 119 you know, over two-thirds of the people who are using the business library today were likely or more likely to use the library if it were located in central. It's just the demographics have changed in terms of who's using that library and where those people are living in the borough. The size of the library in the proposed project is one that's been discussed widely. It's driven in part by economics and in part by need. So, we took a look at what the neighborhood library currently was comprised of and tried to replicate the services that -- the space that we would need to deliver the service that we anticipate by building what will actually be, other than the Central Library, the largest branch in the system, the branch with the most number of square feet accessible to the public. COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: So, but the community didn't necessarily have an opportunity to weigh in on either one of those issues? LINDA JOHNSON: Oh, no, everyone's been weighing in. Oh--COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: [interposing]

On the size, meaning during the beginning of the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 120 process were they able to say we'd like the following size library or we'd like to keep the library, the business library here? Those were independent decisions that were made.

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LINDA JOHNSON: I mean, these are things which were all opinions that were expressed throughout the process as we were making these decisions.

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Okay. final question relates to the affordability, and I guess I'll throw this over to the good folks at EDC. Obviously when you build affordable housing essentially the decision that is being made is that these funds that could go elsewhere, right, there is a specific cost that Hudson has mentioned depending on how you calculate it. There's somewhere between 20 and 30 some odd million dollars, the cost of actually building affordable housing. So, I'm curious, why did EDC make that decision? Why did you put on this affordable housing tax, for lack of a better term, as opposed to for example giving the Brooklyn Public Library more money or as opposed to creating a public space, or as opposed to for example reinvesting some of the money in the community in the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 121 form of a park? I'm curious as to what was that policy decision that you made? It seems like a pretty clear decision, which is obviously costing tens of millions of dollars, which is worthy, but I do want to point out at the same time that we have a separate housing plan that involves building and preserving 200,000 units of affordable housing. The mayor today announced a nearly three billion dollar plan for supportive housing, and to be clear, I want housing and I want the housing to go especially, just for the record, in Council Member Cumbo's district. I'm just curious as to that decision-making process. Laurie Cumbo deserves affordable housing in her district on her own not subject to a deal with the library, and I'm really curious about how that policy decision was made and whether or not there was input from community members as to that policy decision.

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JEFF NELSON: I think the simplest way to answer that is that eh affordable housing being delivered is a function of the inclusionary zoning.

There are some additional units--

COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: [interposing]

A portion was required. I mean, unless I'm

understanding the deal incorrectly.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 122
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                JEFF NELSON: Right.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: And a portion
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    was not required.
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                JEFF NELSON: And those--
                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: [interposing]
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    All of it was required?
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                DAVID KRAMER: No, none of it was
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    required. So, the as-of-right would have been to
     just--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: [interposing]
    No, for the bonus, you need 10 FAR.
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                [cross-talk]
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: No, for the
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    bonus--
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                DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Right, for
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    the bonus you need affordable housing.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: We speak the
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     same language.
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                DAVID KRAMER: So, the bonus--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: [interposing]
     SO you want to build your bonus, you have to build
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     some affordable.
                DAVID KRAMER: Right, so I'm confused why
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you're asking if the requirement for the bonuses you

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 123 1 have to build the affordable housing without public 2 3 subsidy. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: No, we're talking about--my understanding is that you're 5 building beyond what the bonus requires you to build. 6 7 DAVID KRAMER: That was Hudson trying to make its bid as compelling as possible. 8 9 COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: Sure, but realistically--10 11 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] That wasn't--12 COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: in their--13 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] That wasn't 14 an EDC requirement. 15 COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: In the real world, in the real world, the way these things are 16 17 calculated there's a cost involved, right, and you 18 could have easily added more cash to the deal instead 19 of building the more non-required affordable housing. 20 So, my question, if you don't mind, sir, was related to EDC, --21 2.2 DAVID KRAMER: [interposing] Sorry. 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: I'm happy to hear your answer afterwards, is whether there was a 24

judgement on EDC's level that the spare dollars,

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 124 shall we say, shall be allocated for additional affordable housing as opposed to some other project and what that process was that looked like, or for example to allow the Brooklyn Public Library to get more money to renovate more libraries?

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DEFF NELSON: I think ultimately that gets back to where we were at the time Hudson was selected, which is that we had comparable proposals in terms of the purchase price offered and Hudson took an extra step of delivering additional affordable units, and that's what put them forward. So, in the alternative we would have been in the same place with an ultimate bidder, but with fewer affordable units.

OUNCIL MEMBER GREENFIELD: I will point out, though, and I'll wrap up with this out of respect to the many folks who are waiting here today, which is that our dear friend at Hudson testified that you gave very specific direction on how it is that you wanted these contracts to look and that you pushed Hudson even further and you asked them to be more aggressive. I find it hard to believe that EDC played no role in pushing, and once again, I'm not saying it's not a legitimate role; it is. It's just

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 125

I find it very hard to believe that EDC didn't play an active role in pushing more affordable housing and that EDC couldn't have turned around and said, "Hey, give them 20 million dollars more so that they can renovate more libraries, or give them 10 million dollars for a park or 10 million dollars for a public space." And that couldn't have been a legitimate conversation as well. So, I'm a little bit skeptical of that, but I having said that on the record, I will gladly move on, and I just wanted to--just sad that I think that's a legitimate public policy question as to how do we spend these resources, and you know, what sort of "tax" the city is placing on the sale of the city property.

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Council Member Cumbo?

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Thank you, and I

want to first start off by thanking my colleague

Steve Levin. He has had many conversations and has

been looking at this issue very seriously, and I

appreciate the line of questioning that he's put

forward because it shows how meaningful this is to

him, to his constituents, and it's a difficult

position to be in at this particular time. I wanted

to ask questions about the total capital deficit, if

you will, of the library system, including all of the branches, not just in Brooklyn but beyond. I believe Brooklyn's is about 300 million. What is it for the entire city?

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LINDA JOHNSON: The number for the entire city is in excess of a billion dollars.

wanted to ask, what are the other--are there examples of what the other branches are doing? So here's what we're talking about. We're talking about this project here today. Are other branches talking about similar ideas, other ideas in terms of how they are going to address this deficit in their perspective branches?

LINDA JOHNSON: Yeah, we're all--I mean, yes, other systems are looking at projects like this. This is the first, and this is, you know, we're well in advance of where the others are in these terms, but this is a model that they are now examining as well, Queens and New York Public Library.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: So, they are also looking at potential of other libraries in terms of how they are going to address their deficit issues as far as capital improvements that need to be made.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 127

2 LINDA JOHNSON: Correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Let me ask you this question. So, in Brooklyn if it's about a 300 million dollars deficit as far as capital improvements, this would put excess of how many millions dollars exactly into the other branches?

LINDA JOHNSON: Well, if you take out the

money that we'll spend in Brooklyn Heights-
COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: [interposing]

Right.

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LINDA JOHNSON: it'll leave us 40 million dollars to spend elsewhere, and as I mentioned we're spending that at the Walt Whitman Library at the Washington-smile--at the Washington Irving Library at Pacific. Those three are Carnegie libraries, all near and dear to you, and then in Sunset Park where there's a library that's not a Carnegie, it's probably built in the 60's, which is much too small for that community and so we'll build a new library there. It has a lot of capital need. We'll build one that's almost twice the existing size.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Is the thought for the remaining 260 million dollar capital improvements that will need to be made, are we looking at similar

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 128 models, like what we're doing here in order to address that capital deficit?

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DINDA JOHNSON: This particular opportunities I won't say is unique because—but it's very, very unusual that you would have a library sitting on a piece of property that had this kind of intrinsic value, and part of the reason we're spending money in some of the other libraries that I just mentioned is because they have the need, but they don't have that kind of value, and so the idea of finding something exactly like this elsewhere in the system is not great.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: What are some of the other thoughts to address that deficit at this time?

been lobbying hard to get a better capital budget from the city, and you know, I mentioned that our budget is around 15 million dollars a year to take care of this 300 million dollar deferred maintenance, which needless to say doesn't go far enough. It is city-owned property that we are entrusted to take care of and we need better for over a million square feet of real estate. We need more than 15 million

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 129 dollars a year, and then we're looking at ways to partner. We're looking at a lot of different models with a lot of different organizations that might be willing to work together with us to address some of the need.

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this has come up a lot during the hearing, a lot of the perceived benefit of this particular project would benefit the 35th Council District, and so I would say despite the fact that a lot of the benefit comes to this district, which is certainly in need, I'm still in deferring to my colleague Council Member Steve Levin because the intricacies of this project impact his district in a major way.

LINDA JOHNSON: Of course.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: And with that, wanted to ask are there—in other instances with this, I want to understand, and I'm sure this is very rudimentary for you, but for me wanting to know when this happens, when it's all decided, what twill change in terms of the ownership of this library, in terms of it has a certain entity and designation and an understanding of ownership, when this project, should this project happen, what will be its new

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 130 ownership designation? How will it be different from what it was in terms of ownership and designation?

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LINDA JOHNSON: So, it will still be owned by the City of New York just as the Brooklyn Heights Library is today. It just won't be a freestanding, a fee-simple. It will be a condominium in the mixed-use project that Hudson is proposing.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Now, obviously there are a lot of people here that are saying and have signs and are expressing that that say, "Don't sell our library." So, in clarity in that, what's the difference between what is understood in terms of how it's owned, who controls it, what its future will be compared to then and now?

LINDA JOHNSON: Exactly, no change. In other words, the city will still own it just as they do today. I think it's a sentimental kind of notion that a free-standing building is somehow different than a condominium is, but the facts are that this ownership structure is still—the ownership will still be in the City of New York.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Is there any potential that in the structure of this deal that I don't understand the intricacies of that somehow

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 131 later on down the line 30, 40 years from now, 100 years from now that, I mean--

LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] No, the city would have to sell it in order just the way the city would have to sell a free-standing building.

ask this other question, and I apologize for the--I know I've gone over my time. Again, rudimentary to me, maybe very common to you, are there examples where labor and non-labor and projects like this have worked collaboratively together so that there is somewhat of a win/win here if that's at all possible?

DAVID KRAMER: No, absolutely. I mean,
Hudson builds union. We have a union project going
on right now. We build open-shop where we
competitively bid out every trade, and you know,
increasingly you see that in worksites that you have
union subcontractors and non-union subcontractors
working projects and we're doing that right now as
well.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Is that a possibility or is that on the table because this is a large project happening in two different districts;

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 132 has that been brought to the table that potentially there could be a collaboration on both ends?

DAVID KRAMER: We do that in every project, which is that we openly competitively bid every subcontract, and we have no prejudice when we select subcontractors.

then one final question, wanted to ask, Hudson, can you talk a bit about your past history and track record? As you know, the Mayor has been announcing quite a bit in regards to MWBE's. Can you talk a little bit about your track record with MWBE's and the projects that you've done?

DAVID KRAMER: Alright. I don't want to embarrass you Councilwoman for coming late, because I discussed this in my opening remarks.

know what, let's table that because as was said, there were 85 different people that want to testify, so I'll look back on the video for that and reconnect with my colleagues on that and I want to be respectful in the interest of time. So, thank you very much.

DAVID KRAMER: It's riveting video.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 133

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you, Council Member Cumbo. Thank you for the panel for your testimony. As it's been announced, there is a very large number of people who have signed up. We're going to limit each speaker's testimony to two minutes to give every, hopefully, everybody an opportunity to testify today or we will give everyone an opportunity to testify today, and Council will call the panels. If you can come up quickly we'll try out best to try to get everybody through this hearing in an expeditious manner. Miriam Katowitz, Alexandra Borne, sorry, Bowie, Jonathan Bowles, and Gladys or Uldis Skrodelis. So, please identify yourself before you speak and also when answering questions after you're done, and we'll go ahead and take testimony from all four of you and then we'll go ahead and the questions after that.

MIRIAM KATOWITZ: That's on, okay. Good afternoon, Councilmen. My name is Miriam Katowitz, and I've been a resident of Brooklyn Heights in Steve Levin's district for almost 40 years now. I won't put you in that age range. It's okay. In addition to being a patron of the Brooklyn Heights Branch, I

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 134 take out books, I have had three children who grew up going to the library taking out books, going to reading hours and story time, and various programs at the branch. My grandchildren are residents of Carol They continue to be patrons of both Carol Gardens. Gardens and the Brooklyn Heights Branch, and I'm also privileged to be a member of the Board of the Brooklyn Public Library, and I'm speaking in support of the application to allow the project to create a new Brooklyn Heights Branch and have 40 million dollars available to assist with the deferred maintenance challenges in the other Brooklyn branches. You know, finding enough funds to both keep the branches open and staffed, especially the hours that we'd all like to have, to support all of our patrons as well as keeping the physical buildings in good shape has been a challenge for many years, well before I became involved with the library. There are now no easy solutions, and the fact that the Brooklyn Heights Branch has value provides for a large sum of funds to be available for other communities as well. It is a challenge. There is a need to continue to make all the Brooklyn Public Library branches relevant into the new century, and

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 135 while that involves having gathering spaces, computers, computer connections, it also includes books, other media, DVD's, CD's, all of the pieces especially children's books. People still need to learn to read. And also to have programs for children, teens, adults, and senior citizens. Brooklyn Heights branch plans are created to meet all these needs and allow the branch to continue to service, to provide the services that have been provided over the years, including a respectful and welcoming space. I've spoken to a number of my friends and neighbors, and they've asked me questions about the branch project, and many are concerned about being able to have a place to go, a place to take out books, a place to be able to have community gatherings and the things that the libraries have become in this day and age, and in my view that's what this new plan provides for, and it allows us to march forward. I think it's also a benefit to have an additional 114 units of affordable housing in Community Board Two, and I look forward to having a 21st Century branch for all to use and ask your support. Thank you.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 136

ALEXANDRA BOWIE: My name is Alexandra
Bowie, and I'm reading the statement of the Brooklyn
Heights Association. The Brooklyn Heights Branch
Library is central to our community. The library
serves its community best when it is comfortable and
up to date. Features like reliable online access,
good lighting, size, and air conditioning matter.
What's true of the Brooklyn Heights Branch is true of
the rest of the Brooklyn Public Library system. This
proposal will provide funds for the renovation of
other BPL branches, and that is why the BHA and its
members support it. After the Brooklyn Heights
branch has been outfitted, the remaining money will
pay for repairs at the Walt Whitman, Pacific Street,
Washington, Irving, and Sunset Park Branches. The
experience of the New York Public Library with the
reconstruction of the Donnell Branch has been
instructive. As a result, the Brooklyn Heights
Branch project is subject to strict terms outlined in
both the original RFP and an MOU between the library
and the city. Those requirements include an interim
library, time limits on construction, completion of
the affordable housing before issuance of a CFO [sic]
for the condominium and that all proceeds for the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 137 sale go to the BPL. Of course we have concerns. Community Board Two has requested that the usable area of the new library equal the usable area of the existing branch, and we completely agree. preliminary plans show a branch having 21,500 square feet of usable space, but we would like to see this figure enlarged considerably in order to attract and house the significantly larger number of visitors the new branch will attract. Our local school is at 140 percent of capacity, and the addition of 139 apartments to the school zone will increase the overcrowding. City Council must insist that the Department of Education address the burden that surging development in Brooklyn causes. We concur with what many in our neighborhood have said, that the developer and BPL give further consideration to the configuration of the affordable housing. Sixty to 165 percent of AMI may be too high and we need larger apartments. The Brooklyn Public Library has gone far to meet and address the concerns of our community. We look forward to a spacious state of the art branch library in our neighborhood, welldesigned affordable housing in our district, substantial repairs and infrastructure upgrades in at

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 138 least four Brooklyn branch libraries. We urge you to support this proposal. Thank you.

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JONATHAN BOWLES: hello. I'm Johnathan I'm the Executive Director of the Center for Bowles. an Urban Future, which is a think-tank here in the city that writes about economic opportunity in New York. We've published a number of reports about how to improve New York City's Workforce Development System, how to expand ESOL services, how to improve graduation rates of the city's community colleges, but we've also written extensively about the city's public libraries, which we believe are really one of the biggest opportunity institutions in New York. We've shown that the city's libraries are helping adults upgrade their skills and find jobs, assisting immigrants learn English, fostering reading skills in young people, serving as an important community space for older adults, and providing technology access for those who don't have a computer or internet access at They're also serving a record number of New Yorkers today. As important as the public libraries have become, however, they are facing a maintenance crisis today. A report we published in September 2014 found that the average branch library in the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 139 city is 61 years old with a quarter of the city's 207 branches built over a century ago. It also showed that the city's three library systems have at least 1.1 billion dollars in capital needs with 59 different branches requiring five million dollars or more in maintenance work. I won't go into all the details in my written testimony, but clearly Brooklyn is facing substantial needs as well. I've testified at--I've testified before this City Council on multiple occasions over the last couple of years, urging the city to increase public funding for the city's public libraries. We advocated for a substantial increase in public operating support for the libraries so they could stay open for at least six days a week. We also push for big increase in city capital funds so the libraries could also address this maintenance crisis. I'm really thrilled that the Council led the way in increasing operating and capital support for libraries in this year's It was a major boost for the city's Thank you, but it's not enough. libraries. city's three library systems still require hundreds of millions of dollars in capital funds, and that's just to bring the branches into a state of good

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repair. A much larger investment is needed to create the modern 21st century libraries that New Yorkers deserve. That's why I support the current proposal to redevelop the Brooklyn Heights Library. Thank you.

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CARLO SCISSURA: Thank you. Good afternoon. My name is Carlo Scissura, I'm the President and CEO of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce. Councilman Cohen, thank you for hosting us, and of course, my good friend Steve Levin, always a pleasure. I'm going to let my testimony speak for itself, because there are a lot of people that have to testify, but just two I think critical points that the Chamber looked at when we really decided to support this whole heartedly, and we are a membership organization of over 2,000 members, one of the largest in New York City and New York State. One, this is a truly innovative project, something revolutionary, and something that I think all of us across the city and the country are going to have to look at, because when you hear 300 million dollars and you hear billion dollars citywide, something has to be done. Clearly, the city is not -- the city is not going to just write a check for 300 million

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 141 dollars, so libraries and other institutions, not just libraries, have to really look at what do we do to solve this critical issue. The Brooklyn Public Library is doing that with this project, and by the way, they couldn't have found a better partner in the Hudson Companies. We all know their reputation is stellar. The second point, and I know it came up earlier, was the Business Library. In answer to, I think, Councilman Greenfield's question about the process in public, we were in on the ground as the leading business group in the borough from day one. We met with the President Linda Johnson. We spoke to stakeholders. We let our Board know about it, and everyone agreed that moving the Business Library to the Central Library made the most sense. Brooklyn is a big borough. If you really want to attract people from Eastern Brooklyn and Southern Brooklyn, Central made the most sense. So, we are fully supportive of that, and one last piece, this new library although it won't be the Business Library, it will continue to allow people from all across the borough on a business capacity to continue to access a great new state of the art library. So, we really hope you support this. It's critical. Thank you.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 142

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: I thank the panel for their testimony. Thank you. Dave Ramsey, Keeshawn Labarie [sp?], Orlando Castillo, and Carole Raftrey. Just a reminder, we're doing panels of four alternating between panels in favor and panels against and two minutes per speaker, and please identify yourselves before speaking.

CAROLE RAFTREY: Hello, good afternoon and thank you for giving me the opportunity to speak on this issue. My name is Carole Raftrey. I'm a long time Brooklyn resident as well as a member of Build Up New York City. We are an alliance of more than 200,000 hardworking men and women from the construction industry, building services and hospitality industry. Together we advocate for responsible development that strengthens our community. I'm here to urge you to vote against the Hudson's Company's proposal to downsize the Brooklyn Heights Library in order to build luxury housing on the site. The developer, Hudson Companies, is proposing to buy the land for 52 million, renovate and shrink the library within a luxury building on a prime piece of downtown Brooklyn real estate.

However, based on a report released by respected real

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 143 estate expert Doctor Hugh Kelley [sp?], Hudson is only paying about two-thirds of what the land is This means that instead of paying the 52 worth. million, Hudson should be paying up to 78 million for the land based on the true market value. This is an additional 26 million that can be used going towards our libraries and contribute to other valuable initiatives like increasing affordable housing, building new schools and pre-k sites, improving transportation and other badly needed infrastructure improvements. As a tax payer, I ask you is this proposal really in the public interest? In addition to the low ball price, Hudson Companies have also decided that in the interest of high profit, they will place the affordable housing off site with none in the luxury development housing for the library. Large number of the affordable housing units are studio and one bedroom apartments. They are actually unaffordable and inaccessible to working families and elderly Brooklyn residents who are feeling pushed out at the rapidly gentrifying communities. We must be mindful of the deal that is -- thank you.

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Keeshawn Labarie [sp?]. I live here in Brooklyn for

KEESHAWN LABARIE: Hello, my name

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 144 I'm also a carpenter. I'm also here many years. representing Build Up New York City. While the Hudson Companies propose to reduce the size of our library and built off-site affordable housing, the developer also refused to commit to creating a good safe job with priority hiring for the city residents. Not only that, the Hudson wants to pay almost 26 million under the market rate value of the land. Construction of these projects can at least last for years, and without adequate safety measures in place its dangerous work environment that can put workers and the public at risk. According to 2014 OSHA statistics, 48 [sic] percent of the workplace fatalities in NYC were construction relates. Seventy-five percent of the constructing fatalities in NYC in 2014 occurred on job sites where workers did not participate in state approved training and apprenticeship program. To create the good safe jobs that a community deserves, we need developers who commit to using contractor who participate in state approved training and apprenticeship programs. Apprenticeship programs provide necessary safety training that can literally be the difference between life and death. I work on sites where developer

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 145 believe in the safety of workers and the public, from learning how to use equipment to feeling empowered to speak up when I see unsafe conditions. I have constant instruction on how to stay safe at work, proper training and the safety measures by construction employers help safeguard the public as well. While the propose project will create permanent jobs after construction is completed, but-alright. I can continue? Alright. while the proposed project will create permanent jobs after construction is completed, Hudson refused to make a commitment to good jobs with responsible wages, medical and retirement benefits, creating permanent that provide family sustain [sic] wages and benefits can create opportunities for members of the community that help support our local businesses. At Build Up NYC we believe in responsible development that provides good jobs and really impactful community benefits while the Hudson Companies is offering far less than what our public land is worth. They are also refusing to create the jobs and opportunities that will allow many of us to continue to call Brooklyn our home. I urge you to send the Hudson plan back and vote no. Thank you.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 146 1 DAVE RAMSEY: Good afternoon. 2 3 afternoon, Council Members. Good afternoon, Council 4 Members. Thank you for the opportunity to speak My name is Dave Ramsey. I am a painter as well as a member of Build Up New York City. I am also 6 7 a longtime Brooklyn resident who is working hard to 8 continue to call Brooklyn home for me and my family. I am concerned about what Hudson Companies is proposing for Brooklyn and what it means for families 10 11 like mine that are struggling to afford to stay in 12 our communities. As part of their plan for the 13 Brooklyn Heights Library, the Hudson Company proposes 14 to include affordable housing as part of their deal. 15 However, Hudson will segregate the affordable housing 16 placing it two miles offsite from the luxury development that will house our much smaller library. 17 18 Last year there were fights against wealthy 19 developers using poor doors and luxury development. 20 Hudson Company has taken it a step further. Secondly, over 75 percent of the proposed affordable housing 21 2.2 apartments are studios and one-bedroom apartments. 2.3 Brooklyn is in need of affordable housing of all sizes. Excuse me, but the sale of our public land 24

should provide us with the housing that is much

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 147 needed in our borough, real affordable housing for families. Additionally, the affordable units are simply not affordable. Most of the units are for families making 86,300 dollars to 142,395 dollars. These apartments are unaffordable and inaccessible to working families or elderly Brooklyn residents being pushed out of our rapidly gentrifying communities. Increased luxury housing often combines with our pressure to drive up rents in nearby communities. Hudson projects adds 139 more luxury condos to an area with large increase in luxury residential development. As luxury development booms near transit hubs, working families get pushed out, pushed further away from access to public transportation and retail hubs. To make matters worse, Hudson Companies had not committed to creating the high quality jobs that Brooklyn family's needs to afford continue calling New York City. Creating good jobs is necessary to combat the affordable housing crisis. Again, Hudson Companies' projects fall short. the council to stand on the side of hardworking tax payers and vote no on the project. It does nothing to help families that need affordable housing the most, and instead it may speed up gentrification and

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 148 continue to economically segregate my borough. We deserve a better deal. Thank you very much.

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ORLANDO CASTILLO: Good afternoon. My name is Orlando Castillo and I'm an elevator constructor. I am also a lifelong Brooklyn resident and I live in Vinegar Hill. I came today as a representative of Build Up New York, a coalition of working men and women advocating for good jobs and responsible development. We feel very strongly that the Hudson Companies' Brooklyn Heights Public Library project is a bad deal for Brooklyn. In addition to a growing list of concerns I want to raise some red flags about how this project impacts the infrastructure of this community. Today, we asked the committee to vote no on the plan and send this project back to the drawing board. The schools are already overcrowded in our area. In fact, the local elementary school is operating at 142 percent of capacity. We can't continue to bring more residents into our communities and not provide the necessary environment for our children to learn and grow. fact, this was a concern of Borough President Adams when we voted against this project. We need to look at the overall impact that these new developments

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 149 will have on our school children. In addition to schools and other infrastructure concerns, I am particularly concerned about the current electrical grid. The New York Building Congress reported that permits have been issued for 23,326 units of residential housing in Fiscal Year 2015. Will our electrical supply in this neighborhood adequately support all of this development? Do we need upgrades to service and equipment to ensure that our needs are met? As an elevator constructor I know that inadequate power can lead to elevator shut downs and passenger entrapments. Building the infrastructure to support this development is a matter of public safety. I strongly urge this committee to vote no and send this project back. We need a good plan that considers the long-term impact a project of this size will have on our infrastructure. Thank you.

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much for your testimony. Just one comment as I was looking to follow up on something I said earlier. In terms of what AMI is in New York City, 86,300 is AMI, 100 percent of AMI for a family of four. So, that's what a family of four has to make to be 100 percent AMI. A hundred and 65 percent of AMI, which you

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 150 referenced, is 142,395 dollars per year for a family of four. So just to put some real numbers on those percentages, and thank you very much for your testimony.

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ORLANDO CASTILLO: Thank you.

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON COHEN:} \mbox{ We thank the panel}$ for their testimony.

UNIDENTIFIED: Jim Devor, Elana Romero, Uldis Skrodelis, and Tucker Reed [sp?]. And again, just please identify yourselves before speaking.

[off mic comments]

Members. My name's Tucker Reid. I'm the President of the Downtown Brooklyn Partnership. On behalf of the Downtown Brooklyn Partnership I'd like to voice our strong support for the planned Brooklyn Heights
Library Project. As you know, the partnership is a not for profit economic development corporation that serves to foster the grown of downtown Brooklyn as a thriving business, retail, cultural, educational, and residential neighborhood. We believe that the plans to the site are well thought out and will benefit the surrounding communities tremendously through their investment in new and expanded library branches in

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 151 Brooklyn Heights as well as the renovations that will be made possible throughout Downtown Brooklyn at the Pacific Branch and the Walt Whitman Branch among others within the borough. We are equally delighted to see the addition of 114 affordable housing units coming online to Community Board Two as part of this project that offer a full spread of sizes from studios to three bedrooms, ranging a wide--a wide spectrum of AMI's, and we are pleased Hudson Companies will be partnering with Pratt Area Community Council to ensure that local residents are informed of these units as they become available. feel this project is complementary to the Brooklyn strand, an initiative that we've been helping shepherd along to reimagine and better link nearly 50 acres of disconnected park and plazas that run from Brooklyn Borough Hall to Fulton Landing and parts of the BQE. Not only will this improve public space outside of the library, enhance the experience for library goers, the café and open façade library will further activate this corridor. At a time when budget constraints are tight, we applaud the city and the Brooklyn Public Library for coming together to pursue such an innovative public/private partnership to

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 152 finance library construction and renovations that will equip residents with new technologies, ensure that our system is a great success for generations to come. For all those reasons, we're delighted to be here today to support this project. Thank you for your time.

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JIM DEVOR: Good afternoon. I'm Jim I'm the past President of Community Education Council for District 15, a Carroll Gardens resident. I come here to speak on behalf in favor of the proposal. I noticed that this year Democratic Socialism is on the public radar, and on that note, I want to come out too as a Democratic Socialist like Bernie Sanders. In fact, I have to confess that once upon a time I was a member of the Young People's Socialist League as was Bernie, although his organization and mine were very different, different period of time, but to bring this to this proceeding here I want to quote from our spiritual forefather K. Marx who said, "From each according to his ability to each according to his need." And that's really what we're talking about here and that's what this is about. As the Councilman is fully aware I've long been an advocate for Sunset Park, making sure that

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 153 they get their needed facilities even when they long been forgotten in terms of, especially in terms of capital needs for schools in that area. To the extent that this is a mechanism to redistribute wealth from the Downtown Brooklyn to places like Sunset Park, it's important and it's necessary. Look, I acknowledge that nothing is perfect, and for example, I'm not terribly happy about the idea of moving the central business--Business Library to Central, but on that note in terms of possibly fixing that I would ask that the Councilman reiterate his support for the restoration of the B71 bus, the Union Street Bus, which otherwise we didn't have any access to the Central Library. I also finally want to thank the Council. It's remarkable watching serious questioning and serious thought being given to this that were true most of the time on education, but I do want to thank the Council's forbearance and their help in adequately funding ongoing operations of the libraries. Thank you.

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CALLIOPE MATTHEWS: Good afternoon. My
name is Calliope Matthews. I'm a School Outreach
Librarian for the Brooklyn Public Library and former
Children's Librarian at the Brooklyn Heights Branch.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 154 I'm reading on behalf of Elana Romero who could not be here today. "I'd like to thank the Committee Members, City Councilman Stephen Levin and members of the City Council Committee for the opportunity to testify. My name is Elana Romero. I'm a lifelong Sunset Park resident and parent of three small children. I am also an author and professor, therefore, libraries are a critical part of my professional life. As an academic and parent I'm a frequent patron of the Brooklyn Public Libraries. The Sunset Park Library is near and close to my heart as it has become a vital resource for my community, my children and is in desperate need of renovation and resources. While our libraries' amenities feature Wi-Fi, handicap accessibility, a community meeting room, and Workforce One Career Center, we are in need of a facility that can keep up with the More computers are needed as well as space. times. The Brooklyn Heights Project will benefit several communities including mine. Of the 52 million BPL will receive, funds will go towards renovating other libraries including my home branch. Therefore, I believe it is a win/win for us all. Please approve the Brooklyn Heights Library project."

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 155

ELENA RIVERA: Good afternoon. Thank
you, Committee Members for the opportunity to testify
today. My name is Elena Rivera, and I am the
Children's Librarian at Washington Irving Library,
part of the Brooklyn Public Library system. I have a
bachelor's in Languages and Cultures and a Master's
in Library and Information Science with a specialty
in youth services. Five months ago I moved 2,000
miles across the United States from Los Angeles,
California to Brooklyn, New York leaving behind
family, friends and all that was familiar in order to
work with the library system whose mission and values
closely align with my own professional philosophy,
and that is to provide free and open access to
information for education, recreation and reference
along with innovative library services that reflect a
diverse and dynamic community and the spirit of its
communities. I have learned a lot about the people
who live in Bushwick that comprise the Washington
Irving Library Community, my new home and community
where I live. They come from different walks in live
and backgrounds and use the library as a treasured
resource where they can introduce their child to
their very first favorite book, where they can work

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 156 on their resume and search for the perfect job, where teens can have a quiet space to do homework if they can't find it at home, and most importantly, they come to the library to find hope, to find hope for themselves, for their families, and even for the world. Now, let me tell you about the Washington Irving Library as a physical building. It is one of the Carnegie libraries built in 1923 with the money donated by philanthropist Andrew Carnegie based on the belief that people deserved access to information. Surely, a gorgeous library that greatly served the needs of its community back in its day. Now, however, not so much. The building is in a state of disrepair, reasons such as limited space, deteriorating walls and shelves that are falling apart make it challenging for staff and myself to provide enjoyable browsing experience and run daily programing. It makes it difficult to accommodate 30 toddlers that have come for story time in a crowded space that only makes them feel frustrated. It makes it difficult to keep shelves neat when the only thing that is momentarily keeping a book in place is a book end that is very loudly showing its years. Washington Irving Library deserves a building that

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 157 reflects the information needs of its community. They deserve the ability to have an enjoyable visit when visiting their local library where they won't feel discouraged to browse a shelf because they fear that the child might accidentally bump into the nail that's sticking out of a shelf, or when they won't have to worry about whether the elevator has decided to stop working for the day and aren't able to access the main floor with their wheel chair. People deserve appropriate and safe places where they can work and explore information and recreational interests. Libraries are undoubtedly important and the Brooklyn Public Library is an amazing institution that offers its communities great programs and access to knowledge. With your help, my library will secure the funds we desperately need to renovate and update this crucial community resource. Please approve the Brooklyn Heights Library Project. You will not only help create a world class library for Brooklyn Heights. The residents all over Brooklyn like my community in Bushwick will benefit greatly from the proceeds of this project. Thank you again for this opportunity.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 158

ULDIS SKRODELIS: Good afternoon. Thank
you Councilman Levin, Councilman Cohen and members of
the Land Use Subcommittee on Dispositions for this
opportunity to speak today on this very important
matter. My name is Uldis Skrodelis. I am the
Manager of the Brooklyn Heights Branch Library. I
have worked for the library my entire career. My
very first day as a librarian here in Brooklyn began
at this very same branch a great number of years ago.
I have been in a managerial role at this branch since
2008 and I am a resident of Brooklyn and reside
nearby. Over the years I have served in different
capacities at the Red Hook, Pacific, Carroll Gardens,
and Park Slope Branches. I know the neighborhoods in
my reading public from years of local experience.
This branch is a basically nondescript municipal
building designed in the late 1950's, constructed in
the early 1960's with two non-public use basements
fitted as civil defense shelters for use during the
time of the Cuban Missile Crisis. The plan for this
current library as it stands is dated in design and
is not suited to the needs of modern progressive
librarianship and for a vibrant community such as
Brooklyn Heights. Our public deserves a new light-

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 159 filled, well-designed library with expansive reading rooms for both adults and younger children. public also requires flexible performance and meeting rooms so that our new building will be utilized to its fullest capacity. The exhaustive AIA guide to New York City makes no mention of this building in the comprehensive Brooklyn Heights Downtown Civic Center Chapters. Another guide, an Architectural Guidebook to Brooklyn by Francis Meroni [sp?], which also has an extensive chapter on the Brooklyn Heights, make no mention of the current branch library on Cadman Plaza. This building has also not been landmarked by the Landmarks Commission. construction of a new state of the art facility will serve the needs of all the people of Brooklyn, and especially those of Brooklyn Heights. library will be populated plentifully with books for all ages, as well as the best modern technology. monies utilized by this construction will also benefit other local libraries in Brooklyn and provide for years of reading pleasure and education for all the people of Brooklyn. Along with all of this is not to be forgotten are the many units of affordable housing to be built as result of this plan for the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 160 1 residents of Community Board Two. President Obama, 2 3 in his most recent State of the Union speech said, 21st Century businesses need 21st Century 4 infrastructure. Members of the City Council, 21st 5 Century libraries need 21st Century library 6 7 buildings. Help us build such a library for the 8 people of Brooklyn. Thank you. 9 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: We thank the panel for their testimony. Do you have questions? 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: No, no, I just want 12 to thank the panel for your testimony, especially Mr. 13 Devor, I want to thank you for providing a socialist in favor of this plan, but no, thank you especially 14 15 to the libraries because I know how much work you 16 dedicate and how much energy, and you've dedicated 17 your entire careers to educating children and people 18 in our great boroughs. So, thank you very much for your testimony and for your time. 19 JIM DEVOR: You're welcome. As Bernie 20 21 might say, it couldn't hurt. 2.2 UNIDENTIFIED: Ramon Asivedo [sp?], 23 Michael White, Maggie Cancar, Maritza Silva-Farrell, Ansley Samson. We're going to move to panels of five 24

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now.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 161 1 2 [off mic] 3 JOHN SKINNER: I'll be sitting in for 4 Maritza Silva-Farrell. My name is John Skinner. I'll be sitting in for Maritza. 5 UNIDENTIFIED: Norman Savitt? And again, 6 7 just please identify yourself before speaking. [off mic comments] 8 9 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: You can please begin. JOHN SKINNER: Good afternoon. I'll be 10 11 sitting in for Maritza Silva-Farrell for Real 12 I'm the President of Local 46 who is part of that 13 organization as well. Thank you for giving me the 14

Affordable Housing for All. My name is John Skinner. opportunity to comment on this proposed development at the Brooklyn Heights Library. I am testifying today on behalf of the Real Affordability for All Coalition. We are a coalition of over 50 tenant, faith and labor organizations working to end the housing crisis in New York City. The Coalition leverages its power to address homelessness, NYCHA, the preservation of existing affordable housing, development of new affordable housing, and good jobs. The Hudson Company proposal is to be built on top of the Brooklyn Heights Library Branch is yet another

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 162 example of giving away public land with no real community benefits. Hudson Companies has proposed to purchase from New York City the air rights to build 139 units of luxury condos and build 114 units offsite affordable housing. Our libraries and public buildings should not be for sale at bargain prices to private developers while our hardworking communities are getting pushed out. We urge the City Council to disapprove this current application. Their affordable housing plan is accelerating the economy's segregation of rich and poor rather than creating mixed income communities and real affordable housing. Hudson Companies is getting a great deal on the land and air rights in exchange for off-site affordable housing units two miles away from the library and luxury condos creating economically and geographically segregated housing. This cannot be acceptable. Nearly half of Hudson's affordable units will be too expensive for many Brooklyn residents to The Kelly Report released today points out afford. that nearly half of the affordable units were aimed at households earning between 86,300 and 142,395 annually. This may be affordable to some people, but not for the most hard working middle class or lower

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income families. According to the US Census Bureau, most families in Brooklyn do not have an annual earnings as high as 63,700 or 105,105. This does not meet the affordable housing needs of our families.

Seventy-five percent of the affordable units are studios and one bedrooms. I would just like to add in closing that this developer says they do fair labor standards and they use a company called the Oringer [sp?] Affiliated Companies. We have documentation of their abuses of workers and labor problems, so please do not accept this. Send them back to the drawing board. Thank you.

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ANSLEY SAMSON: Hi, my name is Ansley
Samson, and I'm here on behalf of the Community
Affairs Committee of the PS8 PTA. Our PTA will be
meeting tomorrow morning to approve official
testimony to submit to the Subcommittee and the
larger City Council. I want to be clear and short
today. I'm here simply to oppose the approval of
significant additional housing in the PS8 school zone
as part of this project when there is not a plan in
place to address the fast-growing and longstanding
overcrowding problem at our public school PS8, the
public school for which all this Brooklyn Library

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 164 project residences would be zoned. This is a big project with a lot of apartments. It is not the only big project with a lot of apartments in this school We are already suffering the consequences of residential development without school planning. Sort of one small point as part of that, as many of you know, the Department of Education has proposed to rezone PS8 because of this overcrowding, and the neighbor school. As a PTA we have supported this rezoning plan because it is the only plan on the table that even begins to slow the growth of our overcrowding process, overcrowding crisis, but even according to the Department of Education, even if the rezoning proposal is approved, which is not at all assured at this point. PS8 will remain between 132 percent and 143 percent of its capacity, you know, when the proposal is at scale. This is from a DOE presentation in September, "We respectfully request this Subcommittee and this Council recognize this significant longstanding overcrowding problem at PS8 and not approve additional housing in our school zone without a plan in place to address the public school needs of the families who will live in this housing as well as those who already live in this zone and

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 165 are already suffering the consequences of a rapid increase in residential development in the absence of planning to address the school needs of new residences." Thank you.

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Hello. My name is Norman NORMAN SAVITT: Savitt. I'm a retired mechanical engineer who has lived in Brooklyn Heights for more than 35 years. I've given my testimony at other hearings on the subject before, most notably between Community Board Two and before our Brooklyn Borough President Eric Adams, who as you know has come out against this proposition and with good reasons. As I said now--as I said before and now, in the very darkest days of the city during World War I, the Depression, World War II, the dot com crash, the financial crisis's [sic], etcetera, when the city had dire and perilous problems in our very darkest days, we still managed to hold onto and funded our Brooklyn Heights and other libraries. At present, our library is an extremely popular working library that has the biggest frequency of users that it's ever had in its entire history. So why are we selling it this time? Despite extensive Brooklyn Heights Library renovations in 1993 that cost the city millions of

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 166 dollars we were told that somehow we cannot now afford to fix a lowly air conditioner and do some other basic maintenance to our library, maintenance that other libraries all over the city and all over the world are able to do, and we were using this only recent lack of funding as an excuse to first curtail hours and then to sell and tear down a very popular heavily used library and build in its place a vastly smaller downgraded library without its acclaimed business and career room inside a monstrously large building which will give our local community infrastructure headaches for years to come, greatly increasing our local congestion in the streets, overcrowding in our schools, etcetera, to benefit the very few. I don't fault developers here. doing their job. If we let them, they'd put condos on the Brooklyn Bridge, Central Park and all the other properties all over the city, and I don't doubt that they believe that what is good for--what they believe what is good for them and their one percent is somehow a public good, but that trickle down mentality has not worked in our country and we all know it. I would fault, however, any public officials who have taken an oath to upheld--uphold the public

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 167 good to be our gatekeeper sent to protect us and our public assets and delineate just where the buck stops, who votes yes for this deeply flawed project, a project which will hurt many of us who actually use the library to benefit a very few who will likely be wealthy newcomers, and mind you, this is a project that goes beyond poor doors. All the lower income affordable housing in this proposed new building is to be shunted to the back of the neighborhood, just like the back of the bus. Make no mistake, this is project which people who actually live in our neighborhood who do not have ties to the developer or the library. It's a project which our residents are solidly against, and if this goes down, they're not going to forget it either. Tearing down our local public library for all these flimsy reasons is historically, politically, and morally unjust. urge our City Council and our other officials to vote a resounding no to this unnecessarily and ill-advised project. Thank you.

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MICHAEL WHITE: Hello, Michael White,
Citizens Defending Libraries. We're going to be
giving you a lot of testimony. A lot of it is going
to be coming afterwards. We have lots of

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 168 We have the answers to all the information. questions that you should be asking given the lack of transparency and a lot of misrepresentations that were made here today. This is 2,000 testimonies that we'll be giving you that we collected in just over two weeks' time, 22 reasons people don't want to see the libraries sold. We have over 24,000 signatures to our petitions, 25,000. We have a sign-on letter that is signed by -- widely signed. We sort of make a donut around the Brooklyn Heights Association, it being the hole. These are two projects that were conceived of at the same time, Donnell and the Brooklyn Heights Library. The Donnell Library a week ago Saturday reached its eighth anniversary of the announcement of its sudden and secretive sale. March, the luxury hotel, the luxury condominium where the 50-60,000 dollar apartment was opened, the restaurants where you can sit on coyote pelts to eat your dinner, but the library that's been promised, the one-third largely underground library, not in sight; won't be there till summer of '16. They keep postponing the date. What do we know about these two deals? That one's David Offensend's [sp?] deal and that one's Janet Offensend's deal. Now, there's lots

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 169 of reasons that the public has stated and that have come out in the hearings, but we--it's been clear in the hearings. We are not even getting the tear-down value of this library, not even the tear-down value That is what was testified by EDC and the Brooklyn Public Libraries. This library, it's an owner's nightmare to have to sell a library for only its tear-down value. This library, if you told someone to go out and get a new library just like it, you'd be spending over 120 million dollars, and that's going by the library's own figures. not even getting the tear-down value because they didn't take the high bidder, and because they went with extra weight for the off-site library, etcetera.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Sorry, can you explain what you mean by the tear-down value?

MICHAEL WHITE: If you own a home, it has a value to you because it's exactly what you want.

You may have renovated it the way you wanted to do.

So, in this case of the Brooklyn Heights Library, we realized back in the 80's that we needed a much bigger library. We therefore went through considerable public expense and sacrifice to expand this library. We expanded it by one-third in 1993,

building out over two wings. It is what we need.

It's not what the developer needs. It's not worth anything to the developer. All that it's worth to the developer is what he can do with it after he tears down the value. If you told this same developer that he couldn't do anything except build a new library and sell it back to us, what would that cost be? They would be spending 120 million dollars to go out and buy the land and build the equivalent of this library.

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MAGGIE CANCAR: Hi, kind of awkward. I'll show these later. I'd like to point out on top of you is a saying that I've been staring at for most of this hearing, "A government of the people, by the people, for the people. Lincoln." And actually think about that when you're actually voting. Saying yes to this project—

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: [interposing] I'm sorry, could you say your name for the record, please?

MAGGIE CANCAR: I'm sorry, Maggie Cancar,

Latinos for Library also representing Brooklyn

Bridge, Harbor Heights Association, a long life

resident of Brooklyn. Saying yes to this particular

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 171 project is saying yes to inclusionary housing discrimination. Having low income people and in this case not low income people, because 165 of AMI is not a low income, in one section and having wealthy people on the other section is the definition of discrimination. If you were to ask that to Lincoln. Now, I want to point out in one of the things, I had a whole speech, but they keep on talking about this library that is not--that it is dilapidated. This is not a dilapidated library, if you actually look at it and you've been in there, and of course both of you probably have, but those that have not, please judge for yourself. A picture is worth a thousand words. The last thing is the shelter, it's a book depository. Please call it what it is. It's a book depository. It is accessible to the public. person just has to ask and it will be brought up to I will finish this with my 11 seconds as them. saying that I met a person who actually told me that he was at the particular library in order to retrieve old 1970 yellow telephone books to prove that he resides in Brooklyn in the past 30-something years in order not to be evicted from his housing. So, this is why we need it.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 172 1 2 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you for your 3 testimony. COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Thank you very 4 5 much to this panel. UNIDENTIFIED: Nina Collins, Roxanna 6 7 Benavides, Rachel Teimann, Michael Pallock, and Eric 8 Chu [sp?]. [off mic comments] UNIDENTIFIED: It looks like we're 10 11 missing someone. Please identify yourself before you 12 speak. NINA COLLINS: Hi, my name is Nina 13 14 Collins. I'm a Brooklyn Heights resident of 15 15 years. I've raised my four kids there. I'm also 16 very proud to be a Board Member of the Library 17 Trustee for the past six years. CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Could you move the 18 19 microphone a little closer to you? 20 NINA COLLINS: Yeah, sure. Did you--do I 21 need to repeat anything? Okay. So, I'm a local resident and a Board Member, and I'm very--I was 2.2 2.3 thinking as I was sitting here listening to everyone, I think the one thing that we all agree on here is 24

that the Brooklyn Public Library is really a truly

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 173 amazing institution that provides countless urgently needed services for the people of our borough. very proud to be hear, and hearing some of the librarians testify is very moving to me. So, I appreciate the arguments on both sides and share some of the concerns that have been raised today by our public officials, but I can attest as a very involved Board Member to the integrity and transparency and high level of work and thought from every angle that's gone into this process. The bottom line remains the same, the library's capital needs are tremendous and we don't have any other answer. current branch is ugly, outdated, uncomfortable. disagree with people who say it's a lovely place to be. I find it really not pleasant at all. We have an opportunity here to have a state of the art beautiful new facility and raise much needed money, not nearly enough of course, but 40 million dollars to put into some of other branches. This won't' solve all of our challenges, but it will be a positive impact--but the positive impact will be significant. The only other thing I want to mention is everyone keeps mentioning the Business Library, and I can say that this plan to move the Business Library to Central has been around

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 174
since long before this project started. This has
always been something the six years that I've been on
the Board that we've been planning to do really
because of the way our patrons use the Business
Library. It just makes sense. It's nothing else.

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ROXANNA BENAVIDES: Good afternoon. I want to thank Chair Cohen, Council Member Levin and members of the Committee for the opportunity to testify and advocate for the support of the Brooklyn Public -- of the Brooklyn Heights Library project. My name is Roxanna Benavides. I began my career at the Brooklyn Public Library 22 years ago as a library trainee at the Williamsburg Branch. For the past 10 years I have been working at the Sunset Park Library Branch where I'm currently the Neighborhood Library Supervisor. I have seen firsthand the need to expand spaces and services to our growing and diverse communities in Brooklyn. The Brooklyn Heights Library project will have a positive impact in all Brooklyn. In addition to a new 21,500 square feet state of the art library in creating 114 units of affordable housing in Clinton Hill, the Brooklyn Heights Library project will fund substantial long time overdue improvements at other Brooklyn branches.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 175 The 52 millions in that proceeds will be used as significant portion of the Brooklyn Public Library's 300 million capital improvement needs, which will continue to grow [sic] if funds are not available. Aside from building a new branch in Brooklyn Heights, the proceeds will also fund repairs at other branches. For example, eight million dollars will go to the Sunset Park Library branch where I work. will allow for a branch expansion from 12,000 square feet to 21 square feet. The Sunset Park Library is one of the busiest branches in Brooklyn Public Library. It has long been in need of the expansion and renovation. The branch needs a new boiler, a roof and the installation of much needed self-check machines and the removal of this. Please, help us. Help us get the much needed repairs across the borough in all our dear libraries. This project will generate the funds that are much needed at all across the Brooklyn Public Library. Thank you for the opportunity.

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UNIDENTIFIED: Hi, Michael Pallock couldn't be here today, but asked that I would read this on his behalf. "As the owner and founder of the Brooklyn Roasting Company, we are proud to be

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 176 supporters of the Brooklyn Public Library project. I have been active in Brooklyn Heights for decades and began our business in DUMBO five years ago, and we now have four locations where we offer New Yorkers best quality, fair trade, Rainforest Alliance, and organic certified and sustainable coffees. We agreed to participate in the Cadman Plaza Project by opening a micro retail space on Clinton Street where we will be serving our delicious coffees, sandwiches and baked goods to library patrons, local residents, students and office workers. This project offers a beautiful new library that Brooklyn Heights deserves, funding for other branches throughout the borough, and most importantly, the most wonderful coffee in Brooklyn. To the City Council we say please support this terrific project."

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ALBERT TABLONTI: Hi, my name's Albert
Tablonti [sp?], and I'm speaking on behalf of Eric
Chu. "Good afternoon, my name is Eric Chu. I'm a
51-year-old father who lives two blocks away from the
Brooklyn Heights Library. My two young sons and I
frequent the current library almost every weekend and
check out 20 to 30 books each visit. I have thought
long and hard about this issue. I have followed the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 177 newspapers, checked out the websites, listened to all sides, and I'm decisively in favor of the new library building. If it were up to me, my dream library would be a cathedral filled with wonderful books where I could spend days browsing stacks, but I've also come to realize that the new library is not really for me as so much for my kids and their generation. My kids also like to check out the stacks, but they really enjoy ordering their books online from the library. A day or so later, the books arrive at our library where we go pick them up in a strange ad-hock space next to the entry, which is next to the enormous check-out counter which is underused because everyone now uses the little electronic self-check-out kiosks, that are placed in an odd location off the corridor. The existing library is now inefficient and poorly laid out and could be improved in so many thousands I believe the new library building will of ways. achieve this and more. My neighbors and my family will have a beautiful new library designed for the 21st century. The proposal will also provide much needed money to renovate many neighborhood Brooklyn Library branches and will also provide much needed affordable housing on Fulton Street and Atlantic

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Avenue. In particular, I am very pleased the proposal includes a newly constructed interim library at Henry and Remsen [sp?] so my family and neighbors will experience no interruption and inconvenience at all. On balance, this is a great deal in front of the City Council today, and I urge every City Council member here to vote in favor of the proposed new library building."

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RACHEL TEIMANN: Thank you for the opportunity to be here, Council Member Levin, Council Member Cohen and members of the Land Use Subcommittee on Dispositions. Thank you for allowing me the opportunity to speak today. My name is Rachel Teimann and I am a Children's Librarian at the Brooklyn Heights Library. I've lived in Brooklyn for 10 years and I'm currently living in Park Slope. library can be and should be the foundation of a community. A good library is part of the infrastructure of a neighborhood, but only if it can keep up with its neighborhood and offer the community what it needs. We need our library to take its place in the future of Brooklyn Heights, and this project will not only provide for our branch's future, but the future of other aging branches in ever-evolving

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 179 Brooklyn neighborhoods. Brooklyn libraries are more in demand than ever before, and library patrons and staff deserve more than aging buildings and infrastructure as library staff go above and beyond every day to serve the needs of residents in neighborhoods that are dramatically changing in both size and scope. I'm excited by the possibility of a state of the art facility for the kids of this community. I'm excited by the possibility of a program space that can be a fluid maker space for all of the 21st century programming that we want to do in our library, art programs, book clubs, science programs, building programs, technology programs, book author skype programs, and class visits where we can showcase our free electronic resources for research. We literally serve hundreds of children and adults each week and a better laid out space would give us the ability to do what we do best, which is serve the community we're in. Brooklyn Height's residents deserve a space they can walk into and be proud of. The library staff deserves a space they can walk into and be proud of. New York City is and has always been a hot bed of artists, writers, innovators and futurists. Brooklyn's libraries don't

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 180 want to just keep up, they want to help lead the way, and we ask your support in doing that. Please vote yes for the project and thank you for your time.

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 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank the panel for their testimony. \\$

UNIDENTIFIED: Paul Ness, David Parker,

Marsha Renter [sic] or Remler [sp?], Prudence Katze,

and Helen Covington [sp?]. Gregory Hamatus [sp?]?

Daniel Winnicore [sp?]?

UNIDENTIFIED: When the light is on, the mic is one.

PAUL NESS: Hi, my name is Paul Ness.

I'm here to testify. I'm also a member of Citizens

Defending Libraries. I want to thank Council Member

Levin for his very probing questions. I think he did

a really good job representing his constituents, but

there's a couple of things that haven't been

addressed, maybe answers that need to be answers

found for some of these questions. First of all,

there is a credibility deficit with city government

with the way new projects are organized, because

obviously we've seen it with Donnell Library, which

we've mentioned many times already today, but also

Pierhouse. There's something that needs to really be

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 181 overcome in order to, you know, get back the trust of constituents of residents of Brooklyn, but everybody's talking about how there's going to be a yield of so many million dollars from the sale of the library or the land that the library sits on, but the things is, money in a city budget is fungible. I think everybody knows that. The money that you're going to give, you're going to take out of the library, the land and put it into the system, that's going to now offset any more contributions that would come from the city in the future. So, that's not a net benefit. That's just throwing the land away, right? And now you'll no longer have that land to see in the future. That land will now belong to the developer, will not belong to somebody else. And Linda Johnson mentioned or admitted that this is, that this plan that is developed for the Brooklyn Heights Library is a model for future sales and shrinkage of other libraries. I mean, what's going to happen in 10 years? In 10 years are we going to look back and think, God, we had a whole bunch of really good libraries and now they're all gone because we sold them off? I mean, this is really a terrible situation, and libraries should not use to

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trade away for affordable housing. That's not a good trade. They shouldn't be in the same. We need both, obviously. So, also my suggestion is that we have now on the Board of Trustees for the Libraries, we have real estate people, but I don't think we have any librarians. I think it'd be a good idea to bring some librarians in to the trustees, right? I mean, we need librarians. We should also really have representatives of the public, but I'd settle for librarians. Thank you.

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MARSHA REMLER: My name is Marsha Remler. I've lived within three blocks of the site on Cadman Plaza for the last 40 years. I think it's important that we get our eye back on the ball. The library is not the ball. The real estate is the ball. Follow the money. Mr. Kramer was given a sweetheart deal for whatever reasons. A building on the next block is on the market, we just recently read in the paper, for close to 200 million dollars. That's the T.G. [sic] Bank building. So we really have to wonder what the real estate deal is, and that's really Josh Nokowitz [sp?] started it. He worked at EDC for 10 years. Then he went over to the library. That's where the puzzle is, and that's where the emphasis needs to be,

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 183 in terms of really understanding what's going on here. All the pretty pictures of the library are not the issue. That's the icing on the cake. We have to get into the cake and see how it was baked. Now, in terms of the affordable housing, I've been a social worker since 1972, and I can tell you that putting housing in an area with a school poverty lunch rate of 85 percent is not a good idea, and that's what this plan does. If the housing, the so-called affordable housing, were on site, they would be in an area where the school free lunch rate of eight percent. That's a big difference. So, we are resegregting [sic] people. We are putting them in areas where they're not going to have opportunities that they need. So, this is a bad deal socially. It's a bad deal economically. It really needs to go down the tubes, and the library needs to come up with another plan. One more thing, only 17 percent of the capital needs of the library are met by this plan. What are they going to do for the rest of their needs? How many other libraries do they plan to sell off? Thank you.

PRUDENCE KATZE: Good afternoon.

is Prudence Katze, and I am the Research and Policy

My name

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 184 Manager at Common Cause New York. We are interested in the outcome of the Brooklyn Heights Library project, not only as it relates to our mission of government accountability, but also because we are concerned that selling a public asset is only a short term solution for the continuing looming problem of how to maintain and strengthen our willfully underfunded library system, and thus, as people have said before me, sets a dangerous precedent for plugging budget holes. Common Cause opposes the sale of the library and we urge the Subcommittee to vote to reject the two Land Use Applications before the Committee today. We are especially concerned with three items, the relative hasty and uncreative decision made and disposing of the library and its land, which subtracts from our continually shrinking stock of commonly owned civic assets, that this decision was made by the Brooklyn Public Library and the New York City Economic Development Corporation out of public view, and the lack of proper monetary compensation for the sale of the property. anything can be monetized, but selling a publicly owned asset is forever. We are concerned at the process around how the decision to sell the library

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 185 is made from the inception and whether the ramification of the public steward no longer having control of the land was explored in full. Selling a public asset doesn't have to be the default way to generate money to plug a leaky hole. Our city has the potential to come up with creative and sustainable programs that leverage our public resources of the long term for the maximum community benefit. We agree with Brooklyn Borough President Eric Adams in a September 8th letter disapproving of the ULURP action when he wrote that he believes that the funding of libraries should be responsibly addressed by the tax levy and by the authority of the city, not a one-time sale of the amenable [sic] property. I also want to highlight that 44 out of the 72 people who signed up to speak during the Brooklyn Borough President's August 18th ULURP public hearing testified in opposition to the project and many people voiced their concern over the lack of transparency. I have--will briefly say also that we believe that the air rights that are being transferred from the Saint Ann's property to the new Cadman Plaza site are also not being properly taken to account of how much money and value they'll be

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 186 adding two full stories to the property and that we think that the deal should be reassessed with that in mind. And I want to close, even if development of the property as a high rise condominium with a library house at its base were determined to be the best ultimate use of the real estate and public interest, there are ways of structuring the library's interest that would not only protect the public use of a library facility, but quarantee the library as an income stream in the future. The BPL and NYC EDC's approach shows a startling lack of creativity and in addressing the real challenges faced in maintaining and preserving our public assets. Thank you.

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DANIEL WINNICORE: Good afternoon. My name is Daniel Winnicore [sp?]. I am a retired librarian. I may not be a resident of Brooklyn, but as a resident of New York City and a former librarian I'm greatly concerned about the future of public libraries in New York City, all five boroughs. That is why I'm here to speak against the proposed plan to tear down the Brooklyn Heights Branch of Brooklyn Public Library and replace it with a smaller branch as part of a high rise on the same site. The New York

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 187 City Planning Commission has approved this plan by 11 to zero vote, but is this plan good for the Brooklyn Heights communities, the Brooklyn Public Library system and New York City as a whole? Is this plan the solution to capital funding for public libraries in New York City and to creating affordable housing in New York City? The answer is no. Brooklyn Heights getting by this sale? It will bet getting a new high rise to add to the problems of its currently overburdened educational institutions. Ιt will not be getting any new affordable housing. will be getting a new library one-third the size of the present building, and the library will no longer have its business division which will be moved out of the neighborhood never to return. The new library will have a below street level children's room. at the architect's rendering, shows it will have far fewer books than it currently has. What is Brooklyn Public Library getting for this sale? It will be getting a new way of capital funding, it's system, by selling off its public assets, its buildings. Brooklyn Public Library expects to use the proceeds from this sale to make improvements on other existing library branches. It is also planning to sell the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 188 Sunset Park Branch as another source of revenue. These sales will give the system a short term infusion of cash, but should this sale of public assets be the solution to capital funding? And what is New York City getting from this sale? Is it hoping by sales such as this to exchange its public assets for very small additions to its available affordable housing? Can the citizens of New York trust the claim of the Administration of Brooklyn Public Library that the replacement building will be an improvement on the current library, even though it'll be one-third its size? I strongly urge the members of the New York City Council and Mayor de Blasio to visit the Brooklyn Heights Library now and see how well it serves Brooklyn Heights and the downtown Brooklyn business community before they approve demolishing it in exchange for a short term infusion of cash and a very small number of affordable housing units. Don't sell the citizens of New York City short by selling off their libraries. Thank you.

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GREG HAMATUS: Good afternoon, Council
Member Lander, Council Member Levin, Council Member
Cohen, and others in the audience. My name is Greg

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 189 Hamatus [sp?], lifelong resident of Brooklyn, avid library user of all three systems, especially the Brooklyn Public Library. I would like to address the 280 Cadman Plaza West application which includes the Brooklyn Heights project. Right now we're at a historic moment in our city's history that this decision must be made whether or not this Brooklyn Heights Library will be sold to a private developer or shrunk, or whether we protect and grow it to meet the needs of a growing city. I urge you to stand with a majority of library users and vote against the sale. Vote no. Who is against this sale, proposed sale? Let me tell you, there's been a petition of over 16,000 citizen signatures delivered to former Mayor Bloomberg opposing this sale of this and all libraries. This petition was delivered on October 22^{nd} , 2013 on the steps of City Hall. The group, Citizens Defending Libraries, has collected an additional approximately 8,000 signatures. We're told approximately 24,000. This Mayor de Blasio himself came out against the sale during his position of NYC's Public Advocate. I'd like to address something. In response of Council Member Greenfield's talk, question on public involvement,

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 190 BPL convened a Citizen's Advisory Committee, and I sat in on a couple of those meetings and I was appalled by the lack of transparency there and public involvement. The people they had on that board were not reflective of the diverse views of the area, and their agenda seemed to be the sell-off this library, public opinion be damned. That's my opinion. Now, also let--next, it appears also that the Brooklyn Public Library is in the process of selling off the Brooklyn Heights Branch through an AC system that doesn't work. Would you sell your house or car through a broken AC system rather than fix it or replace it? Think about it. if there's any doubt in your mind, I urge the New York City Council's Subcommittee on Planning, Dispositions and Concessions and the full City Council and Mayor to take a good hard look into this project to see if it makes sense to go forward given what I've presented you today and submit a recommendation to disapprove this application of the sale of this site with a condition of modification with the courtesy the Borough President Eric Adams who said no also. Like the commercial use to say in the old days, "Just say

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 191 1 no" to this ill-founded idea. Thank you very much 2 3 for listening to me. 4 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: We thank the panel for 5 your testimony. UNIDENTIFIED: Dennis Markell, Barry 6 7 Callahan [sp?], Ed Brown, Si Allah [sp?], Kalim 8 Neetum [sp?]? What are your names so that we can call up two more? KALIM NEETUM: Kalim Neetum [sp?]. 10 11 ED BROWN: Ed Brown. DENNIS MARKELL: Dennis Markell. 12 13 UNIDENTIFIED: Is Barry Callahan here? And Si Allah? Jason Asbury? Martin Allen? 14 15 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Please. 16 DENNIS MARKELL: Good afternoon. My name is--no, it's not on? Ah, there I am. Good 17 18 afternoon. My name is Dennis Markel. I am a lifetime 19 resident of Brooklyn Heights and an author of children's books and a father who also has a child 20 21 who goes to the Brooklyn Public Library. First of 2.2 all, I want to thank you for your patience and 2.3 forbearance in listening to all the testimony. Councilman Cohen, thank you for staying in the room 24

and listening to what we have today say on both

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 192 I'm old enough that when I was five years old the building was constructed. So, I've been going there since it was built. I know I don't look like it, but so I learned to read there. I did my school work there. I even it use it for microfilm when that was state of the art in the 70's, and I'm blessed to say that I could bring my son who is now 11 to the same library, and this was a wonderful thing to be able to do, however, during those 11 years one of the things that I learned was the library simply wasn't up to the task. As an author, I've traveled. been able to go to other libraries around the country, including for example Princeton, New Jersey which has a state of the art library, and I could see what we could have as a library, and Brooklyn Heights deserves a library like that, and obviously all of us which that we could get this money from the city and get this money in some other way, but this seems a very good way of getting the money for this library and for the other libraries in the Brooklyn system, and it seems to me an excellent way to move forward, and so I totally support this and I hope we can go forward with it. Thank you so much.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 193

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ED BROWN: Good evening, Council Members. 2 3 What happened to Council Member Levin? He had to 4 step out. Alright, okay. My name is Ed Brown and 5 I'm the President of Team Brown Consulting, and I'm the former Tenant's Association President for the 6 7 Ingersoll Public Houses in Downtown Brooklyn, and you 8 know, I'm hearing a lot tonight, you know, a lot of misinformation is going out. And I just want to say a young lady earlier said a government of the people, 10 11 by the people, for the people. We are here earlier 12 with a bus load, two busloads of people from 13 Ingersoll, Whitman and Farragut Houses and other 14 parts of Brooklyn, and for some reason strangely we 15 were stopped at the door and many of them weren't 16 allowed to come in for whatever reason. But when I 17 hear people talk about poor doors, you know, I come 18 from a poor community so to speak. The Public 19 Advocate said earlier about the people in public 20 housing in downtown Brooklyn being surrounded and 21 being left out. So when I hear these things about 2.2 the concerns about poor doors, how could you be 2.3 concerned about a door, one or two units of affordable housing when there's an entire poor 24 community in downtown Brooklyn? And every time 25

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 194 there's a developer who decides that he wants to provide job opportunities to people in those communities, there's always opposition, and mainly opposition from the union, and it's amazing that I have hundreds of union members that come to me and beg me for a job. I'm not a union delegate, but there's something wrong with the union that everyone keep lumping the construction union in with the rest of the building trades. It's a different animal, so to speak. The construction union doesn't have a good history of providing long term job opportunities for people of color. Yeah, they'll have a sprinkle here and there and it looks good when they come and do speeches like this, but we can show you hundreds, thousands of union members who go to the bench and don't never get called for jobs, and we can also walk around downtown Brooklyn and see many of these union construction sites where you don't see people who look like me. And you look at the license plates and you see Philadelphia and you see Virginia, and you see all these other places outside of Brooklyn. when I hear good job, you can't' tell a young man who's living in a low income community where there's high crime, no opportunity to wait for a union job

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 195 when any job will due to stop the bleeding. So, we could be progressive and liberal when it comes to certain issues, but we can't do that when it comes to certain people, and I hear all this misinformation about overcrowded schools in downtown Brooklyn. I'm very familiar with the schools in downtown Brooklyn. The schools in downtown Brooklyn are not overcrowded. PS8 is overcrowded, but downtown Brooklyn is just not PSA. There are other schools in downtown Brooklyn that have adequate space, but if we're talking about people living together when it comes to affordable housing, we can't also now say we're not going to send our kids to schools in the minority community, we're going to stay over here at PS8 and just stay and build and build and keep going to one There's space in the other schools in school. District 13. So we have to be very, very, very truthful with ourselves about what we're building in downtown Brooklyn. You know, to say one thing in front of a microphone and say one thing when the cameras are rolling, but live another thing when we go back in these communities, it's going to come back to bite all of us in the long run. I think David Kramer's doing a great thing, because he reached out

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to the low income community and wants to provide jobs. So, there's two trees. I understand there may be other issues, but you cannot continue to every time the low income community's gets an opportunity to feed their families come up with reasons why it shouldn't happen. So, pass this project because there's people down there that need these jobs. Thank you.

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KALIM NEETUM: Good afternoon. My name is Kalim Neetum. I'm a foreman on a construction site down in downtown Brooklyn, non-union. the working people of New York, union and non-union, we support the Brooklyn Heights Library project, because it sets the bar showing us construction workers have a chance to feed our families and ourself [sic]. I urge the City Council to allow the workforce who formerly convicted felons who are trying to re-enter into the workforce with the opportunity to build. I am not interested in going back to a life of crime. I want to--sorry. I am interested in providing for my family and myself. The people of the city are at hard times, financially ruined, and the lack of diversity in many neighborhoods and industries. If the city is serious

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 197 about joining together and keeping our streets safe, keep us in the workforce and not in the streets. Vote Brooklyn Public Libraries, an amazing [sic] change for the next generation in our community. And I want to say one thing, another thing, in a construction industry is very dangerous, non-union and union, but you cannot forget about the nonunions. We have families and everything as well. You understand? And the last couple incidents that have been happening in the construction workforce, it has been with union companies. So, you know, you can't just say, oh, because it's a union company, you know, everything's going to be safe. Accidents happen non-union and union.

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JASON ASBURY: Good afternoon. I am

Jason Asbury and I'm the Assistant Head of School at

Saint Ann's School in Brooklyn Heights. On behalf of
our Head of School, Vincent Tompkins, I am here to
indicate his support for the construction of a new

library for Brooklyn Heights. As a near neighbor of
this project, Saint Ann's School will benefit from
the refurbished branch library that has been
proposed. The new library space would be a boon to
the hundreds of Saint Ann's students, families and

alumni who reside in Brooklyn Heights and in nearby neighborhoods. Our families who live in other parts of Brooklyn will benefit from the refurbishment of other existing branches that the sale of this parcel will help to fund. We are neighbors in another sense as well. Our building at 153 Pierpont, which houses our lower school, sits on the same zoning lot as this project, and we have offered to sell existing unused air rights form that building, a portion of which will be used to increase the amount of inclusionary housing that Hudson Companies is committed to building. Thank you.

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MARTIN ALLEN: My name is Martin Allen. I represent People for Political and Economic Empowerment. I'm also a Local 79 union worker, which has never been called for a job. Union does not—when they build houses in our community, the union wants to come into our community and say, oh, these jobs can be union because they can get better wages and they can get medical, health, and all these other things, but how many people are in the union in our community? They're not. They don't have 750 dollars to pay for a union book, and if they do, all the guys that I know that got a union book and was laid off

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 199 after only working three months or four months, lost their union book because you put a fine on them. What kind of brotherly love is that? We got a more serious problem coming. They's [sic] trying to reach out into the community that needs help. All these other established don't need no help. They already get money. We got 6,000 federal prisoners getting ready to be released from prison. Where are they going to go? Who's going to give them a job? I've been in the federal prison half of my life, you understand? I came home. I made a change. So, it's possible for everybody to change, and believe me, when I say I've changed, I've changed. So, everybody else needs that same opportunity to change, but companies got to give you a chance to change. Hudson has opened up the door for people like me to get a chance to change to do something with their life other than negativity. So, right now, what we do, we work with the hard to employ. These people need opportunity. They need housing, you understand? Okay, sure some of the housing are very high, but anywhere you go in Brooklyn is very high. I went to look at an apartment for a young lady the other day. It cost 2,500 dollars for a basement apartment with

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 200
cracks and roaches running all around. So, when
people point fingers at somebody, remember that the
four other fingers is pointing right back at you.
So, I'm just saying, man, in all fairness, man, give
people the same opportunity you gave other companies
in downtown Brooklyn, and look at all the other
developments that downtown Brooklyn has putting up
the same kind of buildings that Hudson is putting up,
even though they're not giving back as much as Hudson
gave back to the community, they reaching out to
people.
        The other companies haven't reached out to
            So I'm saying, do the right thing and
none of us.
vote for this project and say yes, and remember, the
same people y'all had go out into the street and vote
for you, y'all didn't pay them prevailing wages
neither. Thank you.
           CHAIRPERSON COHEN: We thank the panel
for their testimony.
           UNIDENTIFIED: Mary Fouts [sp?], Gwen
Fishman, Michael Raymond, Maryanne Fastook [sic],
Patricia Rattigan.
           [off mic comments]
           UNIDENTIFIED: What are your names, just
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so I can call another one?

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 201
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                PATRICIA RATTIGAN: I'm Patricia
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     Rattigan.
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                MARY FOUTS: Mary Fouts.
                UNIDENTIFIED: Who speaks? I don't know.
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                PATRICIA RATTIGAN: They want to check
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    our names so they can get one more.
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                UNIDENTIFIED: Okay, they want somebody
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 9
    else. She was--
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                UNIDENTIFIED: [interposing] Yeah, we want
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    to call someone else up--okay.
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                PATRICIA RATTIGAN: Patricia Rattigan,
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    Mary Fouts.
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                MARYANNE FASTOOK: Maryanne Fastook.
15
                GWEN FISHMAN: Gwen Fishman.
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                UNIDENTIFIED: Rattigan was the last one
17
     called. They gotta [sic] go--
18
                UNIDENTIFIED: Can we-- Mary Crosby?
19
                CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Is Mary Crosby here?
20
     Okay.
                [off mic comments]
21
                CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Please begin.
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                MARY FOUTS: Mr. Chairman and Council
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    Members, my name is Mary Fouts. Thank you for this
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     opportunity to testify today before you. My topic is
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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 202 what exactly the City Council should consider the weight to be given to the decisions of the Planning Committee of Community Board Two. Community Board Two is still--

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing]

Sorry, if you could hold on one second, please.

Please, quiet.

MARY FOUTS: and the City Planning Commission, all of which approved this plan. I attended the hearings before the Planning Committee of CB2 and before the whole body of Community Board Two. Do you know what member after member of the Planning Committee stated as his or her rationale for recommending this plan? It was that regardless of the members' personal opinion, the plan should be kicked up the ladder because more skilled and knowledgeable bodies would be looking at the later stages of the ULURP process, and what did member after member of the Community Board state as his or her rationale for recommending this plan to the Borough President? It was that regardless of the members' own opinion, the plan should continue to be kicked up the latter because the skilled and knowledgeable Planning Committee had seen fit to

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 203 recommend it, and of course because there were still two levels of skilled and knowledgeable reviewers above the Community Board. Each level of review of this plan reveals a fundamental weakness, when a job is everybody's business it's nobody's business. lower level reviewers can wash their hands of the duty to look deeply into the floors of a plan by expecting more diligent review in the later levels, and the upper level reviewers can wash their hands of their duty to take a fresh look at the flaws of the plan by relying on the supposed diligence of the lower levels. ULURP does not create any reliable degree of genuine study of a land use plan. What it creates is a house of cards, each level based on flimsy and meaningless level below it, and each level is incapable of supporting any weight from above. That's why I call on the City Council to look at this plan from the beginning and do as much as you can to determine its real value and its real flaws. you.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Thank you very much for your testimony. I do want to say that that's exactly what we're doing, and if you look at the previous stages in ULURP, the Community Board

voted for it in a split vote. The Borough President voted against it with recommendations. The City Planning Commission voted for it. So, you know, there's been some split there on the kind of previous stages in ULURP, but we are really doing our due diligence here, taking under advisement all of those recommendations, but doing our own thorough review. So, we do appreciate your testimony on that matter.

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GWEN FISHMAN: Hello, my name is Gwen Fishman, and I live in Brooklyn Heights and have for 50 years, and I also lived in Crown Heights for a couple of decades before that. So, I want to challenge Linda Johnson's assertion about the location of the Brooklyn Heights Business Library and Career Development and Education Library. I'm going to ask you to do two things. Take a walk outside the library someday at noon, and you will see all the people who work in the federal, state and local courthouses in the business offices. Take a walk down Fulton Street, the resurgent retail district. It's not just Macy's anymore. It's H&M. [sic], whatever that is, and Old Navy and Nordstrom's, and T.J. Maxx. Well, where do all these people who work till six, seven o'clock at night go

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 205 to the library? They go to the Brooklyn Heights Library and the Business Library if they need to write up a new resume or check on a job search, or just get their tax forms Xeroxed. This is a vital location for downtown Brooklyn and all the hundreds and thousands of people who work there. library--when they get home, their libraries are So, this is it. One day I was sitting in one of the six bus lines that stop right outside the library, and I was all by myself, no driver. All of a sudden, this guy comes running out of the library onto the bus. It was the bus driver, and he said, "Sorry, I had to get this book," and it was a civil service exam prep book. So, that's how vital the location of the library is. One more thing I'd like to tell Linda Johnson, look at a subway map. Let me just finish this. I grew up in Crowne Heights. went to Brooklyn College. I went to Erasmus. how you get to Grand Army Plaza. You take the two or the three and you get off at Easton Parkway or you can take the four and get off at Grand Army Plaza, but there--and also the 41 bus, but there is no platform to surface transportation. So, if you're like me now, you're out of luck. Whereas, look at

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 206
the map again. Look at the Brooklyn Heights downtown
area. The two, the three, the four, the A, the C,
the F, the R, and some of those have platform to
surface transportation. Every--

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: [interposing] F2.

GWEN FISHMAN: Oh, right, I'm sorry. I grew up on the two or three. I eliminate four and five sometimes, but the bus lines go all over Brooklyn, the 25, the 26, the 38, the 41, the 52, and the 103 that comes from Bay Ridge. So, not only can you get to this library, but you also when you need to go home you have a way to get home to the library, and that's why I think she is wrong, wrong, wrong about putting this Business and Career Development Library at Grand Army Plaza. To me, I know she always talks about this being as a 21st century library. It's a 21st century swindle as far as I'm concerned.

MARYANNE FASTOOK: My name is Maryanne

Fastook and I am a resident of downtown Brooklyn, and
I have spent my entire life in what became Cobble

Hill and then in Brooklyn Heights, and for the last
45 years a block outside of Brooklyn Heights in

Concord Village, but that Brooklyn Heights Library

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 207 has been my branch library for my entire life. went there when I was seven when it was a building on the corner of Montegut Street that Robert Moses destroyed calling it urban renewal. It took us two years and a lot of pressure to try and get the building that now stands at Cadman. It is a bad deal to sell this library. Public land and public buildings belong to the public and by extension to the people of the city, and they should never be privatized, because once you lose it you can never replace it. the other thing, I want to thank you, Steve, for all the questions you asked, because you're right, there is not guarantee that this will ever come about, because you don't know if the economy may turn down or what may happen, and the city will be left holding the bag. Lehman Brothers, Bear Sterns [sic] were very big institutions, but they went down, and when they did there was a lot of There are ways they could shore up the pain. finances, but they don't want to spend the money. There's ways to, you know, build in insurance. Thev don't want to do that. It is a very bad deal. We cannot afford any more housing because there are 5,000 and more apartments that already have building

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 208 permits and that will be coming on line with more people, more kids, more this, and nothing will move there. The trains will be jammed, and where is the infrastructure for these, all these people they want to bring in? They don't care. They get the money and they run. The hell with you. And the people who live there and by extension the city are left to try to pick up the pieces. Thank you.

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PATRICIA RATTIGAN: Hi, I'm Patricia Rattigan, and I'm really sick of looking at these buildings, quite honestly, these high-rises of Fulton Street, downtown. It's a horror. It's a nightmare. There's not a tree to be had. I mean, I grew up in Brooklyn, and I never saw it like this. I have nightmares about the city now. I actually--I know, I'm a--I was born in this city, and what they're doing to this city is horrible. It's really, it's a It's a damn shame, and it's all, you know, shame. they all -- the same developer also built that atrocity under the Brooklyn Bridge in the Brooklyn Park. It's supposed to be a park. You know, someone said to me, if you stand too long they'll put a building on top of you. So, I said, yeah, you're right. And you know, I think its 21st century swindle also. Thanks.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 209

MARY CROSBY: Hi, my name is Mary Crosby
and I'm coming as a librarian, not that I'mI'm
going to try to present some ideas that are maybe a
little different than other people have brought up,
but and I may not even be the best person to do this,
but I'm retired, so I'm not beholding to anybody, and
I think it's important. I'm raising the question
first of all, I want to thank the robustthank you
all for the robust question. You're doing very good.
I also have the question about the deal, and I would-
-and just to be short about it, I'm wondering why the
deal wasn't structured as a land lease so that the
money from the leasing of the land itself would help
to provide ongoing support for the library.
Apparently, this was not considered or just brushed
off much in the beginning of the process. So, I
raise that question. But going beyond that, I have
the question of just what exactly a 21 st century
library is. There's not a lot of description, and
generally speaking when you plan a facility you plan
what goes on in it, and then you figure out what kind
of building you need to go on, to go around it. I
would point out that people are always talking about
technology and what they mean by that is computer

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 210 technology. We need more computers. I want to point out that this is a piece of technology. If you look here, you have marks on the paper, right, which your brain decodes. Just spend a minute thinking about that. That's like amazing, and it is a vehicle for you to travel and visit people that you will never meet in your lifetime, in the past or even people around the world who are, you know, very prominent people, and you're not going to get in to see them, but through a book you can. I'm disturbed by the trend that seems to be like, we'll we start out, we're going to have only 2,000 square feet. That was the beginning, and it looks like--and there are no shelf list numbers. There's no like how much linear shelving are we going to have in here. So, it looks to me like we're going to be doing away with books thinking that everything's going to be on the internet. And I just want to finish with one statement here very brief. I'm concerned that the plans for the so-called 21st century library are aimed at commercializing the act of reading. Statements in the Center for the Urban Future report point in this alarming direction with regard to tapping new revenue possibilities. The authors state,

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 211 "Library websites attract millions of visitors a month. If they could perfect an online browsing environment with recommendations in interactive capacities, libraries could sell advertisements and user data like any other digital media company. Knowing how a user landed on a particular book, for example, could be extremely valuable for publishers. We know that every clip of the internet is tracked and recorded and supported by advertising revenue which then drives the design of its offerings. Ebooks carry the same potential. Can it be called a library if you're selling the act of reading?" I'm very concerned about this, and you're not going to read War and Peace on the internet. So, anyway, thank you very much. Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

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 $\label{eq:Chairperson cohen: We thank the panel for your testimony. \\$

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Thank you, and just on that last piece, that's something we unfortunately didn't have really the time to get into, but I would like to follow up on that issue, because I am concerned as well about in terms of shelf space, in terms of the number of books, whether

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 212 1 this plan has been well thought out in terms of 2 3 having that comparable number to what is currently 4 there today. PATRICIA RATTIGAN: Right. I would appreciate that. I will be giving. I will be sending 6 7 you some further information. 8 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Great, thank you. 9 UNIDENTIFIED: Roselle Silverstein [sp?], Robert Hebron [sp?], Nathaniel Maize [sp?], Nina--10 11 Nina Collins, I think already went. Christian 12 Zabriskie, Phillip Kellogg? 13 ROSELLE SILVERSTEIN: Should I start? 14 Hello? Hi, I'm Ms. Silverstein, I come from--15 UNIDENTIFIED: [interposing] One moment, 16 one moment. Michael Crane? No? Theodore Oberman 17 [sp?]? 18 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Please begin. Sure. 19 KERWIN PILGRIM: Good afternoon. My name 20 is Kerwin Pilgrim. I'm the Director of Adult 21 Learning at the Brooklyn Public Library, and this evening I'm here to provide testimony on behalf of 2.2 2.3 Theodore Oberman who couldn't remain here with us. "I'm a lifelong resident of Brooklyn and a father of 24

five daughters. I'm here to ask that the project for

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 213 the new library to be approved. The current library is an unattractive building which has a poor and inefficient layout. It is basically unusable during the summer months because of the faulty AC system. I'm here to ask for approval for particularly my daughters and for other children of Brooklyn. At some point in their lives my daughters stopped wanting to go to Brooklyn Heights Library, calling it ugly depressing and boring. I believe strongly that libraries play a critical role in the lives of children. Libraries give them resources to create, learn and understand the world around them. This can only happen if a library is a place that children want to visit. So, I ask that this project be approved for my children and all children in Brooklyn so that they can have a library that inspires them. Thank you."

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ROSELLE SILVERSTEIN: Hello. I'm Ms.

Silverstein. I come from the neighborhood where the library is located. I'm a frequenter of the library and I've been going there since I was a child, and I would like to say that I think the library is in very good shape and serves its patrons very well. People can differ. You know, some people say it's ugly.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 214 People can have differences of opinion about things like that, but I would like to point out that it was actually designed by a well-respected architect, the same architect who designed the main branch, and it has artwork. In addition to having artwork that is very visible in the front, there's actually some-there's a very charming area in the back which is not really used at present, but could be. I would like to point out to respond to what people have said regarding a library for the 21st century. As I said, first of all, I think it is doing, you know, serving patrons very well the way it is, but if people, you know, would like a library, you know, that serves people better in terms of technology, that's something that can be added. I mean, they added computers already to the library, and they can add other things. That's not--you do not need a different building to do that. It can be retrofitted. It can be renovated. I would--I'd also would like to mention -- I think some people have mentioned a café. The current library I understand has two kitchens, which are probably not being used right now and it could be. So, and I would also like to point out that I do think there are other ways to

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 215 fund the libraries. I would like to, you know, point to the museums in New York City. There are museums that are free to the public, but people donate, maybe, you know, some of them they have a suggested donation, and I would like--I've even spoken to people outside the library, "Would you be willing to donate to the library to fix the air conditioning or for other things?" and you know, there are people who would be willing to spend a few dollars on that. I think the library and the library could have after-There could be all kinds of creative hours events. ways that the library could use to raise money. Including, by the way, I mentioned the kitchens. I think that, you know, there's a lot of potential with food to raise money. There could be food trucks outside the libraries, various libraries, and including the Brooklyn Heights Branch Library.

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PHILLIP KELLOGG: I think we've slipped into evening. Good evening everybody. Council Members, my name is Phillip Kellogg. I'm Executive Director of the Fulton Area Business Alliance. It's a business improvement district along 1.2 miles of Fulton Street in Fort Greene and Clinton Hill, and we represent over 400 small businesses and property

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 216 owners in the neighborhoods. With respect to the affordable housing component of this proposal to be located at 1041 Fulton Street in Clinton Hill, we feel this project would deliver significant benefits to the Fulton Street Commercial Corridor and the wider Clinton Hill community. In previous public hearings on this matter, FAB testified on how important it was that 1041 Fulton include groundfloor commercial uses. We were very pleased that the project's developer listened to FAB's testimony and now includes ground-floor commercial, and FAB is equally pleased at the City Planning Commission recommendation for this project also include the requirement that 1041 Fulton Street include groundfloor commercial. This mixed-use development with ground-floor commercial will provide a number of benefits. A vacant lot on Fulton Street will be developed, activating a dark and dreary stretch of the commercial corridor. The street will be energized with more people. Existing businesses will benefit from increased population density, which translates into more potential customers. Existing small businesses will also benefit from maintaining the continuity of the retail corridor because of the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 217 ground-floor commercial use. This will avoid the creation of a dead zone that you see in other neighborhoods that have so many blocks and buildings without ground-floor commercial spaces. Residents will benefit from having more choices for shopping and dining right in their neighborhood, and more people means more eyes on the street which will improve public safety for the existing businesses and their employees, residents in the surrounding communities and the people who live in the new building, and to that very important point, this corner of Clinton Hill needs affordable housing to help maintain the vibrant diversity of the neighborhood. FAB welcomes this mixed-use building at 1041 Fulton that includes affordable housing plus ground-floor commercial usage. It will be a dynamic addition to this section of the Fulton Street commercial corridor. So, I want to thank you for your consideration. Also, I delivered written testimony from another property owner and business person on the district, and they're just hungry for more foot traffic, making sure that there isn't a gap in the commercial corridor and how important it is

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 218 not only to his business but to the other businesses along that strip. Thank you very much.

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CHRISTIAN ZABRISKIE: Good evening. Thank you for allowing me to speak here today. Μv name is Christian Zabriskie. I'm the Executive Director of Urban Librarians Unite. We are an independent 501C3 not-for-profit that focuses on libraries and librarianship in urban centers. been speaking out in favor of funding for libraries here in New York City for over seven years now and follow operating and capital budgets for the three library systems very, very carefully. I, myself, have a Master's in Science in Library and Information Studies and have been a working librarian in the city for nearly a decade. In an ideal world, all our public libraries would be well-funded and in a state of good repair. Unfortunately, that is not the state of libraries in New York City, nor is the funding in place to put them into good repair without difficulty and controversial resolutions. We at Urban Librarians Unite feel that this plan as set forth by Brooklyn Public Library is the best solution to a difficult problem. Now, our working rule of thumb is, offer the best library services to the greatest

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 219 number of people with the resources currently available. Years of advocacy for New York City libraries have made us very pragmatic. We address the issue that is in front of us, not the issue as we would like it to be. Here are the benefits of the plan as we see them. Modern library service, now it's been talked about 21st century library. We are currently working in 21st century libraries. It's the one that I work in today is a 21st century library. The modern library offers far more than books. Now, we are going to have books, guys, trust me. We are not getting rid of the books. There will be books in the library, I promise you. However, now we are spaces of active education, digital exploration, patron [sic] creation, the kinds of programs that, Councilman Levin, you said you were interested in happening. These are the things that happen in our libraries. And the new library design, which will go into the space in question, would be at the cutting edge of librarianship for the people of that neighborhood and for the borough of Brooklyn in a wider sense. This sale will generate revenue for other branches. Now, this is the part of the plan that is most compelling to us. This sale will allow

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 220 for numerous other branches in lower income neighborhoods to get much needed capital improvements. Now, these improvements are mission critical for these libraries and for the people working in the libraries and the people that they We're talking about roofing and HVAC systems. These needs are not exciting. They're not sexy. They're not cool full renovations or new buildings, but they nevertheless are essential for library staff and for patrons alike. Now, I'm here to ask this City Council to give their support to a plan that will ultimately offer a great benefit to a large number of Brooklyn residents. For us, this is simple This plan offers the greatest gain for the largest number of people with the resources that are currently available to the library. We ask that you please look at this issue in a broader context and see the positive impacts it will offer in more than just one neighborhood. Thank you very much. COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Thank you. Folks,

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just want to let everyone know that we've been informed that there's been some disagreements within the audience between people that are in favor and opposed and there's been some arguments. We cannot

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 221 allow that in these chambers, and if anybody raises their voice or picks a fight with somebody else or responds to somebody picking a fight with them, everybody, you know—those people will be ejected from the Chambers. So we don't want to do that. So people please behave. Thank you.

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BOSKO STANKOVIC: Good evening. My name is Bosko Stankovic. I live in the community in Brooklyn Heights just a block away from the library, and I've never done this before, so I'm super nervous and sweating. So, I live literally behind the block from the library. I work two blocks away from the library for a small family-owned business, and I went to school three blocks away from the library at Saint Francis College, and I used the library a lot. I borrowed books, and it's great that it's there, and I love the fact that it's there that you can use it as It helped me a lot to get to where I am a student. now, but I never felt welcome in the library to stay there and do my homework and do my studying there. The library was always a dark place. It was always a dirty place. It was hot in the summer. It was cold in the winter. It was not a place where a student can go and study, and I am, as someone who is going

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 222
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     back to school soon, I'm super excited that this is
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     happening. I'm hoping that, you know, before I
     graduate the library's going to be there and that I
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     can use it and go there and spend time there, because
     in Brooklyn Heights you don't have -- you don't have a
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     lot of places where you can study. There's Starbucks
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     always packed, and I can't study where people are
     just talking and drinking coffee. For those reasons
     I'm voicing my support for this library.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Thank you very
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    much for your testimony. Thank you to this entire
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    panel.
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                UNIDENTIFIED: Martha Ramos, Diana Faulk,
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     Pearl Hotchstead [sic], Marilyn Berkon, Darius
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     Gordon, Carolyn McIntire [sp?] -- is Carolyn here?
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                MARILYN BERKON: Carolyn had to leave.
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                UNIDENTIFIED: Darius Gordon? Marilyn
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                MARILYN BERKON:
                                 I'm here.
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                UNIDENTIFIED: Pearl Hotchstead?
                                                   Diana
     Faulk?
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                DIANA FAULK: I'm here.
                UNIDENTIFIED: Judy Gorman [sp?]?
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Cristabel Gogh [sp?]? Kashan Labarie [sp?]?

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 223

Catherine Silverblad [sic]? Maria Rocca [sp?]?

Mazaia [sp?], Mazeda? How do you pronounce your last name, sorry? Is it Uddin? Uddin. Just identify yourself before speaking. You can go ahead.

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MAZEDA UDDIN: Thank you. I am the only South-Asian here today testify, and we are the largest growing population in five borough, and especially three borough is highest ranking. First is Oueens District 24. Second is honorable Brad Lander District 39 [sic] and District, City Council District 18 in Bronx. My name is Mazeda Uddin. I am New York City Campaign Finance Board Member, and South Asian Funding [sic] Scholarship. I'm founding member District 24 Taskforce Chair. I'm all-known community leader over 30 year's South Asian community, which is a minority in New York City. Due to my hard work at district, Bengali translate ballot and DMV has a written Bengali test. South Asian population more than 75 percent senior citizen, 65 percent English proficiency problem in five borough. And I'm writing today proposed library card [sic] and how it will affect my children. More than 500,000 immigrants without legal listed [sic] as New York City, and there are many poor minority children whose parents

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 224 work at least the minimum job and under [sic] the trade [sic] off [sic], and when they're working two shifts just to survive. There has not been a minimum or increase recent making to financial institution. Family always have difficult or life's [sic] are bad. For most the children of the family, a library system in their [inaudible 4:28:54] are books, computers and all information. Any cost [sic] library but it will be separately affect our children in a very negative way. There are chances to success [sic] and their school system will be greatly demised [sic]. are proposed [sic] library cards or we had [inaudible 04:29:14] poor children across the city greatly [sic]. We must protest that we [inaudible 04:29:21] library fully funded and in the great city of our education system and housing and technology advanced society. Every time you close library it is [inaudible 04:29:33]. All the bookstores have been closed. Our economy viable [sic] instead how good city [inaudible 04:29:46] in this tradition of library system. And in institution that education our city [sic] and offers product for free. It makes no logical sense. When Andrew Carnegie opened the first library in New York City, he understand the

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Value of knowledge, of necessarily [sic] sharing knowledge free of charge. Have our library official become dense of their vision is not that clear. Mr. Carnegie was over time 100 years ago, and would [inaudible 04:30:21] our city this has been promised jobs, living and shared apartment [sic] that libraries many times only place we can study and read. [inaudible 04:30:32] I'm asking City Council, City Hall to leave our library alone. Please, contact me if any further information to collect petition. Thank you.

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DIANA FAULK: I'm Diana Faulk. I thank you for letting me speak today. I'm a resident of Brooklyn Heights. I have a family history going back in Brooklyn Heights over 50 years. In fact, PS8 was the first place I ever taught. I'm a retired teacher and a clinical social worker. I also agree that we need a lot of improvement in our library system, but I don't feel that the way to do that is by selling off the land and the building to a private developer. Selling our city land and public library to private real estate developer in my opinion is a very myopic short term solution to meeting future long term needs of the Brooklyn Public Library system. Just

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 226 listening to the figures today, I'm sorry, maybe I'm not a math whiz, but the numbers didn't hold up. sounds like with the money received maybe we'd be able to put, repair one percent of the needs of the crumbling system that has been described in the Brooklyn Public Library system, 300 million dollars and maybe 30 million put into repairs. I don't know, it just doesn't sound adequate. I think that we can find a more visionary and out of the Bronx approach to meeting library funding. For example, someone raised the issue of fund raising, of donations. fact, when the library system was described in literature, it talks about being a nonprofit organization funded by government and by private donations. I know in New York City the libraries, the museums receive major funding, millions of dollars for improvement. There's a conservancy that funds Why can't we develop such a the park system. donation system for our library system in a growing and wealthy Brooklyn that where we certainly can find the resources? Not to mention, online resources. last statement is just to let's really catch up to the 21st century concept of what library should be, a community gathering place and a place for all to

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 227 come together. That's what many libraries in the metropolitan area have become, and that's what would really meet our needs. We should not be selling out and selling off our library. Thank you.

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MARILYN BERKON: Hello. I'm Marilyn Berkon. I've lived in Brooklyn Heights for decades, and I love that library. I've been out two and a half year's canvasing, and I see the community outrage against the plan to sell this library. sign our petitions rapidly, gladly because the anger stirs them on, and we have thousands signing these petitions. I think we have to respect the wish of the communities, and I put that in the plural because we're not only a Brooklyn Heights library, we serve all the communities surrounding and even in Manhattan. We're a destination library and that should be understood. Now, they can see why we have to have that tower above the library a third the size, because they're very happy with the library as it is. And the library, someone was saying before, is done by a famous architect. That was Francis Keely [sp?] who also did the Grand Army Plaza by the way. And this library, it should be noted, was enlarged somewhat, Michael White said that, in 1993.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 228 It was also completely renovated at the time. It got new HVAC, new everything, completely redone, and it was at that time 1993 rewired for modern technology. It has everything it requires now to be a 21st century state of the art library. If it needs any kind of renovation, any renewal of any sort, the city has a huge surplus according to Mayor de Blasio. aren't city funds being used to repair our libraries? We have an abundance. We want a full size library where there are not only computers, but loads of books, and Mayor de Blasio allowed 46 million dollars recently, he resorted 10 million and funding and added more to keep the libraries open six days a He gave not one penny for repair. Because he likes this idea apparently of selling them off. That does not have to be and it should not be. There's no 40 million dollars we are going to get for this at all, because when everything is subtracted, and Linda Johnson only subtracts the cost of the new library, there will be nothing left or maybe a deficit, nothing left. As for affordable housing, at the 60 percent level there are only 23 units available and only five of those 23 are big enough for families. We've got to have a full size library,

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 229 the one that is there, abundant with books, computers, whatever is needed. It's available and people love it and they want to keep it. Thank you.

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CATHERINE SILBERBLAD: My name is Catherine Silberblad and I've lived in Brooklyn Heights for 35 years. The many changes that have occurred here and in the environs in that neighborhood in the past few years have made me very concerned. The uncontrolled overdevelopment, which has occurred and is accelerating with the encouragement of the public sector and our public officials, is quickly creating a place that is less and less desirable as a neighborhood to call home. In the past, we were very underserved with active use park land. Now we have a big park down below us, but we've lost the view that we used to have of the iconic Brooklyn Bridge, and that's because private housing and a hotel were encouraged and allowed to be built on public park land there. We had a local hospital, but that was sold to build high-rise condos totally out of context with the adjoining brownstone neighborhoods, and now we are to sell our library. ask you not to support the creation of a high-rise condo land under any guise. In this case, the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 230 justification is to get some units built of what is being called affordable housing and funds for other libraries in the borough, but to accomplish that goal we will be sacrificing a well-used and loved existing library and selling the publicly owned property it sits on, and in its place allow the creation of one more truly monstrous building totally out of scale with the adjoining historic neighborhood, and which will put further stress on the available neighborhood services. In the meantime, during the construction period, the Clinton Street corridor that is now used as a short cut by traffic moving through the neighborhood will grind to a halt, and the traffic will further clog the rest of the local streets. There is so much development already in progress nearby that adjacent streets are already backed up with stalled traffic, further polluting the neighborhood. And in the meantime, library users are supposed to be thrilled to use a space in a nearby church, but what about those who can't get up the steps to that space on Remsen Street and will have to go around the corner and down a long blind alley through the cars parked there and across another large community room to get into and out of the

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interim library. That plan is just as ill-conceived as the rest of this. This is no solution for the libraries of Brooklyn. The money raised will not be enough to go around for all the repairs and renovations needed borough-wide, and when this one library is sold, what will we do next time the money isn't forthcoming from the city, sell another library and then another? Why not just use our tax revenues to pay to maintain such invaluable public assets?

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MARIA ROCA: Good afternoon. I am Maria
Roca. Happy to be here. Thank you for this
opportunity. I'm a Sunset Park resident for decades,
Founder and Chair of the Friends of Sunset Park, and
I'm here in unequivocal opposition to both the
Brooklyn Heights and the Sunset Park Library deals.
And why? Because the Sunset Park deal is being
marketed as how selling our public land to build
super expensive condos is the only way to provide
Sunset Park with a viable library branch. That could
not be further from the truth. As you have and will
hear from the testimony of others. Unlike the
appointed members of the City Planning Commission,
New York City Council Members are elected officials

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 232 whose first and foremost duty, mandated duty, is to represent the views of their constituents to advocate for the best services and conditions, best quality of life for all and for the present, the near and the future beyond. If you approve the sale of Brooklyn Heights Branch, the subsequent sale of the Sunset Park Branch and the public land these properties sit one, you approve the sale of two library bran--two public library branches that are active and fully functional and two parcels of land owned by your constituents. You approved the violation of the BPL's, Brooklyn Public Library's, own mission and vision statements to provide education and information to Brooklynites. This statement say nothing whatsoever about providing real estate development opportunities for anyone. You approve the construction of so-called affordable housing one mile away from Brooklyn Heights, which means you're approving de facto poor door segregated housing. approve the construction of hyper expensive condos while turning your backs on solving school overcrowding, on providing world class healthcare facilities as are needed right now in downtown Brooklyn and the opportunity to build extended hours

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 233 public community schools of excellence for all children and teens, which is what should be built on both of these publicly owned parcels instead of condos for super-rich buyers, who buy in large come from countries other than the United States and with money often from very questionable sources. You approve the inability of these two library branches to evolve and fulfil your constituent's future needs for continuing education and information, and I ask these present who are employed by any members of the development team of this project, Brooklyn Public Library, the Hudson Companies, Marvel, their subcontractors and consultants, how many of you would be able to afford the so-called affordable housing one mile away from Brooklyn Heights? You're here because we know you have to keep your jobs. That is what we are--CHAIRPERSON COHEN: [interposing] Thank you. Thank you for your testimony. MARIA ROCA: We understand that, but think about this project--CHAIRPERSON COHEN: [interposing] Thank

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MARIA ROCA: affects you. Thank you.

you for your testimony.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 234

2 UNIDENTIFIED: Deborah Howard? Randal

3 Torray [sp?]? Tanya Evans? Jessica Warword [sp?]?

4 Peter Goldwasser? Isabel Draves?

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Folks, we would just appreciate it if you could stay as close to the two minutes as you possibly can. Thank you.

ISABEL DRAVES: I'd like to thank Mr. Stephen Levin and the Committee Members for the opportunity to testify, and I'd like to thank others who have testified on both sides. My name is Isabel I'm an entrepreneur who has started for profit and nonprofit companies, and I'm grateful to have organized technology and media events in public library spaces. I'm a member of the Brooklyn Public Library and Sunset Park is my branch, which would benefit from you voting yes to allow this deal to go through. They do a great job with what they have, but it's obvious that more funding is needed. does money come from? You have to give something up to get it. It's not free. So, I urge you to vote yes to allow the Brooklyn Public Library to receive this 52 million. I sympathize with families that are being pushed out of their neighborhoods due to rising rent prices, and I recognize this as a real and

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 235 Infrastructure issues need to be pressing problem. addressed as well. However, I do not think these problems should be conflated with the libraries' need for funding and the deal they have reached with Hudson to upgrade their existing home in the Brooklyn Heights Library, provide for affordable housing and get 52 million dollars. Which of you would refuse this deal if it were offered to you? Change can be very tough, but cities grow. Cities must change over time. This is unavoidable. So, compromises need to be made to make cities work for everyone. I know how difficult it is for nonprofits to raise funds. also familiar with what it takes to run a profitable business, and it is a fantasy to think that any business has unlimited funds. So necessarily there is a limit to how much companies can spend making real estate offers, and tax payers are unwilling to make up the difference. I think the library and the community are getting a good deal on this offer, and they'll of course--although, of course, we all wish it could be more money. I don't believe that it's possible, which is why I urge you to vote yes and get the library funded and the new housing built as soon as possible. Thank you.

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NICK HIGGINS: Hi, my name is Nick 2 3 Higgins. I'm a librarian the Brooklyn Public 4 Library. I run our jail and prison libraries, our 5 services for immigrants and programs for older adults across the system. I'm here to read prepared 6 7 testimony by Peter Goldwasser who can't be here this evening. "Good afternoon. Thank you, Chair Cohen, 8 Council Member Levin and the entire Subcommittee for allowing me to the opportunity to testify in support 10 11 of the new Brooklyn Heights Library. I am Peter 12 Goldwasser, Chair and Founder of the Brooklyn Eagles, 13 a community of engaged young professionals who 14 support Brooklyn Public Library by fundraising, 15 advocating and raising awareness for library programs 16 and resources. We're doing our part to make 17 Brooklyn's libraries better for the people who rely 18 on them, and that is what the redevelopment of 19 Brooklyn Heights Library is all about. The Eagles 20 have many members in Brooklyn Heights and they are excited for a project that would provide the library 21 with both a beautiful new local branch and badly 2.2 2.3 needed funds to support branches throughout the system. I founded the Brooklyn Eagles shortly after 24 my daughter was born. We were beginning to visit our 25

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 237 local branch, taking advantage of all of its amazing services and feeling very lucky that we have this local resource, but not everyone does, and I felt that I wanted to in some small way do something that would make her proud eventually and would help the borough I love. The library, of course, seemed a natural choice. Along with great schools, great libraries are essential to the health and happiness of our children and to the strength of local communities. Children are smart, far smarter than we give them credit for, and they observe everything even if we don't want them to. They may not always understand how the world around them works, but when they visit a library that is stifling hot in the summer and visibly deteriorating year round, they know what that says about our priorities. Kids in every Brooklyn neighborhood deserve great libraries. We have the chance to do something extraordinary for the children and families of Brooklyn Heights and other communities throughout the borough. I urge you on behalf of my family and countless others to support the new Brooklyn Heights Library. Thank you."

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SHEILA SCHOFER: Hello, my name is Sheila Schofer. I'm a librarian and the Director of Neighborhood Services at the Brooklyn Public Library, but I'm reading today testimony from Jessica Wurwaug, a resident of Brooklyn Heights. "My name is Jessica Wurwaug and I'm a resident of Brooklyn Heights. I'm very sorry I could not be here today in person. had been planning on joining you, but I have a sevenmonth-old baby is home sick. I support the new Brooklyn Heights Library. I grew up using the local public library for studying, research and even to socialize with friends. I'm really looking forward to bringing my own daughter to the new Brooklyn Heights Public Library in the future for story time and to take out books, and I hope she also finds it a place to do work and to enjoy. A new facility with modern heating and cooling systems, community rooms and perhaps even a café would be an asset to the new neighborhood. The new library seems like it could be a nice improvement in Cadman Plaza. Thank you."

LAVONDA SHAW: Good evening. Thank you
City Council Members. My name is Lavonda Shaw. I am
with the Brooklyn Public Library. I'm the Library
Manager at the Arlington Branch. I will be reading

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 239 testimony for Michal Greenspan on behalf of Muss Development who are the owners of New York Marriott at the Brooklyn Bridge, the Brooklyn Renaissance Plaza and 345 Adams Street. Our hotel, office building and retail space is just few minutes' walk from the Brooklyn Heights Library. As owners of the New York Marriott at the Brooklyn Bridge since 1998 we have contributed to and watched the growth of downtown Brooklyn throughout the years. residential sales up 17 percent since last year in Brooklyn Heights and retail prices increasing each year, the neighborhood has seen tremendous growth. The Brooklyn Heights Library, however, which was built in 1962 does not reflect the rapid-changes taking place in downtown Brooklyn. The building is poorly designed with nearly 50 percent of its space unavailable for public use. Supporting the redevelopment of the Brooklyn Heights Library will not only help improve the library itself, but it will also generate 40 million dollars in capital funding to repair other Brooklyn library branches as well as create 114 units of affordable housing. We at Muss Development believe the new library and affordable housing units will boost the surrounding economy and

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 240 help create a safer and more attractive neighborhood. According to a study by the Urban Libraries Council, newly developed libraries attract a steady stream of visitors. This increase in foot traffic in the neighborhood benefits the surrounding retail and could help attract more tourists to downtown Brooklyn and to our hotel. Additionally, libraries contribute to safety and quality of life, which will no doubt benefit the existing residents and tenants as well as potentially attract more visitors, families and businesses to Brooklyn Heights. Despite the fact that the project might block some of our views, we believe that the redevelopment of the Brooklyn Heights Library will play a crucial role in downtown Brooklyn's continued growth and success, and we hope that you will join us in supporting this important project. Thank you." DEBORAH HOWARD: Good evening. My name's

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DEBORAH HOWARD: Good evening. My name's

Deb Howard. I'm Executive Director of IMPACCT

Brooklyn, formerly Pratt Ara Community Council, a 51year-old community based housing development

organization serving the communities of central

Brooklyn. We welcome the opportunity to offer our

opinion. Thank you so much for this Subcommittee's

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 241 hearing to offer our opinion on the proposal of Hudson Companies to develop the Brooklyn Public Library Business Library site at 280 Cadman Plaza. This proposal has many public benefits which make it an ideal solution to the development of this site. These include the 52 million dollar acquisition price, 40 million of which will go toward the renovation of several libraries in the BPL system needing major capital improvements, thus spreading the benefits of this project to many other underserved communities of Brooklyn. The brand new library on the site at 280 Cadman featuring modern technology, which when completed will be owned by BPL, plus the provision of temporary quarters for the branch library close by, a wonderfully designed condo tower which the developer has opted to not use 421A tax abatements. Therefore, these new residents will be paying real estate taxes. This is something that few other developers in the downtown Brooklyn plan have done, which resulted in having luxury rental and condo towers where owners do not pay real estate taxes, yet, with the added population there is that-there is no additional tax revenue to increase city services, build schools or improve the

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 242 1 infrastructure. Therefore, we applaud Hudson 2 3 Companies for making this choice. They also opted to 4 utilize inclusionary zoning, which is not mandatory. The project will provide 114 affordable apartments in 5 Clinton Hill, an area that has experienced severe 6 7 displacement pressures, affecting the existing low income and moderate income residents where there are 8 limited new sources of affordable rental units. believe these benefits to both neighborhoods of 10 11 Brooklyn Heights, Clinton Hill, as well as revenue to Brooklyn Public Library system make this project a 12 13 positive contribution to Brooklyn. 14 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: We thank the panel for 15 their testimony. Okay. 16 UNIDENTIFIED: Sonja [sp?] Collins? 17 Laurie Frey? Pavna Gersun [sp?]? Mary Buchwald? 18 Babs Dromm [sp?]? Michael Jankowitz? Derrick Pearl 19 [sp?]? Doreen Gallo? Margaret Ethren [sp?]? Just 20 remember to identify yourself before you speak. Thanks. 21 2.2 LAURIE FREY: Go ahead. 2.3 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Please. LAURIE FREY: Okay. Laurie Frey. 24 I'm a

Citizen Defending Libraries, and I speak in

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 243 opposition to this proposal, and I hope that you will vote no to the alienation of this public property, and instead I want you to uphold the public trust for municipal land, because I think that's the core issue here. First, just a matter, a comment on the due process of what's -- of this proposal, which is that there does not seem to be a record of the Brooklyn Borough Board having approved the alienation of this library parcel, and since the proposal says that the land would be transferred to the LDC, the Local Development Corporation, that falls under state law for the nonprofit law, and that seems to--reading that law as a lay person it seems that the Brooklyn, the Borough Board should have reviewed and approved this proposal, and that hasn't happened. wanted to comment on the idea that the -- the cannibalistic idea that somehow this would provide capital funds for the city, and I wonder why there isn't somebody here from the DDC, the Department of Design and Construction, or even the Comptroller's Office if that is seriously what is being proposed, that somehow we're going to ignore state and local finance law and begin selling our land to provide capital funds, because that makes no sense to me. I

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 244 looked up the Capital Budget Report for the libraries for the last two fiscal years, and I was shocked to see that only eight to 10 percent of the money had been committed. So, in Fiscal Year 15 about 100 million committed to broken public libraries, only about 10 percent of that money was committed in the last Fiscal Year. So, it doesn't seem to me that the issue is enough money so much as using the money that's already there, because if we have 90 percent of the funds allocated sitting there uncommitted, then what good does it do to throw another 40 million at the problem. So, then, also I guess since there goes the bell, my other point was about the inclusionary housing, which I just want to make the point that the 114 units are a provision under the zoning resolution, and they do not depend on selling the library for those units. The compensatory bonus air rights could be applied to another R10 property, the 55 units. The other units are compensating the Fulton Street and the Atlantic Avenue properties. So, you don't have to sell the library for those provision to be used. That provision is there regardless, and so it makes no sense to sell the library in order to affect the zoning resolution

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 245 because as Mr. Kramer said, he's simply following the rules and that obligation remains. Thank you.

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MARGARET AUTHRO: Hello. Thank you for your attention and your patience in the long afternoon. My name is Margaret Authro [sp?] and I live in Clinton Hill. I've been there for 50 years, and in the 1970's I helped put a new public library into Clinton Hill. It was our only available library since Pratt had closed their library to the community when the banks and the real estate industry red lined the neighborhood and started moving in black families. So, now we have our own library. I wanted to talk about this history of why the city gives land when a public facility is put up for the citizens, and I believe that they go together, that they can't be separated, that they belong together forever, and just because a previous Administration thought it was a bright idea to indulge the real estate lobby and look for a loophole and say, "Well, this is city land, we could sell this." I don't believe that that should be done. I don't believe it's legal. I don't believe that's what the people ever intended, to sell the land under our libraries. I wanted to bring up the Business Library. The Business Library belongs

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 246 in the Business District, and I know you've already heard of all the subway lines and the bus lines that go to downtown Brooklyn, and it is very hard to get to Grand Army Plaza. It doesn't belong out there in the corner of the park. The Business Library belongs in the Business District. And I wanted to say one thing about putting the affordable, so-called affordable housing which is not affordable to low income people out in a corner of our neighborhood, which is a diverse neighborhood, mixed economically and racially, and I think it's discrimination. It is people who live in luxury housing saying, "We don't want those people coming in our front door." I hope you reject this proposal. Thank you.

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MARY BUCHWALD: My name is Mary Buchwald.

I'm a retired New York City School Librarian,

formerly a librarian with BPL. The proposal to sell

the Brooklyn Heights Library is a classic transfer of

wealth from the 99 percent to the one percent. The

proposed new library will be one-third the size and

one-third underground. It will be at the bottom of a

luxury residential tower, preventing the library from

expanding in the future. The deal is sugarcoated

with affordable housing and funds to repair a few

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 247 branches. Be assured, the selling price for the penthouse will be greater than the 52 million to buy the Brooklyn Heights Library. That's what it means when you transfer the wealth of the 99 percent to the one percent. Check out the video from the City Council hearing September 30th, 2013 on the capital construction needs and potential disposal of libraries in New York City. In the hearings, Brooklyn Public Library and New York Public Library mapped out the importance of selling libraries. Brooklyn Public Library cited insufficient capital funds for repairs. Queens Library described in great detail, however, how they reached out to their elected representatives in the City Council and the State Government for additional capital funding and proceeded to make repairs plus new expansion of library construction. Comparing these testimonies at the 2013 hearings it becomes absolutely clear that Brooklyn Public Library's decision to sell libraries was a choice and not a necessity. This ill-conceived decision to sell libraries by BPL has been a 10-year project. From a FOIA request, Citizens Defending Libraries learned that BPL in 2007 paid Karen Backus from the Developer, Forest City Ratner, to create a

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"real estate strategy plan" showing what libraries

BPL wants to sell. The City Council must see this

"real estate strategy plan." I ask Council Member

Levin to support the choice of the 95 percent of his

constituency and vote no on the proposal to sell the

Brooklyn Heights Library. Thank you.

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Hi, I'm Mike Jankowitz. MIKE JANKOWITZ: I was a resident of Brooklyn Heights for 28 years, and I was born and raised in New York City. my parents were born, raised and died in New York City, and my grandparents were either born or came here when they were very young and raised and died in New York City, and I can safely say that all of them almost every single one of them would have been disgusted by this plan. An idea, the idea to take a perfectly good or at least salvageable library and tear it down, not to build a hospital or another self-standing library or a school or even affordable housing, but to build a luxury high-rise essentially for the wealthy with a miniature, non-expandable library inside. No, that's not where their values would have led them and it's not where my values lead me. As far as the money that the library needs, I'm sorry to say if this is the only thing they can come

up with, then somebody wasn't doing their job properly or with enough imagination, and I think jobs, we do need more jobs. We do need more construction jobs building affordable housing, more affordable housing. I just—if you look at the big picture, this really just comes out to be a matter of whether or not you're supporting the wealthy people of New York or the people of New York, and I think that's a no-brainer. Thank you.

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DOREEN GALLO: Good afternoon. My name is Doreen Gallo. I've lived in DUMBO since 1980. I'm here to testify on behalf of the DUMBO Neighborhood Alliance founded in 1997 to express our extreme concern over the current plan to sell off our Brooklyn Heights Branch Library to pay for this library and a couple of others. I'm their DNA representative on the Brooklyn Public Library Community Advisory Council, which was formed after the decision was made to sell off our library to a connected developer, and this decision was made by a select few. There was a lack of representation of our community on the CAC especially the underserved or anyone from the diverse community that uses this library and defines our Brooklyn Community.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 250 Regardless, the Community Advisory Committee sees [sic] to meet [sic] once the responses to the RFP's for this project were presented at a public meeting. Three people in a room chose the developer. has been a lack of transparency throughout the entire process. One thing is certain, is that both the Brooklyn Public Library and the developer chosen by the Brooklyn Public Library has spent all of his time and a lot of money lobbying this deal. The disparity between the profit the developer will receive compared to with what the libraries will receive is too great not to audit and re-evaluate other possibilities for this site. The way too tall out of human scale building at this already overpopulated area at a strategic intersection effecting many neighborhoods does not support the loss for what we're supposed to gain. The Brooklyn Heights Library building is an extremely solid, well-built building with enormous adaptive re-use potential. The current leadership for the Brooklyn Public Library has not been able to effectively maintain books in the library, and this particular branch is poorly run. The under-utilized space at the Brooklyn Heights Branch is full of storage and neglect.

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 251 underground spaces would economically cost a lot less to transform to podcast rooms and/or any number of cutting-edge library uses. The present conditions seem to have been created on purpose to present a narrative for renewed development project at this site instead of an improved, beloved, desperately needed not replaced library. It is fiscally more responsible to adaptively reuse the current building and find concrete solutions to the current ongoing problems forcing the selloff of our public land. majority of our constituents are against this sale and corresponding physical shrinkage of all our library systems as a way to pay for maintenance for the remainder of the Brooklyn libraries. community feels left out of the process because they were from the very beginning. Our public libraries used to be the envy of the world. Now we're struggling to keep branches open, shelves stocked with basic books. The Brooklyn Public Library administration should be advocating for funding, education, working with the community and not against There's a school crisis in our district because of all of the over development not planned for. upscale housing with a little affordable offsite

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 252 1 housing supposed to solve every financial process--2 3 financial issue in this city. This projects resolves 4 very little for the Brooklyn Public Library. Vote public. Vote no. 5 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you for your 6 7 testimony. 8 UNIDENTIFIED: Stephanie Blue? Rachel 9 Teimann? Michael Greenspan? Kimberly Grad [sp?]? Elizabeth White? Vonnia Marino [sp?]? Is there anyone 10 11 else here who wishes to testify in favor? CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Did you fill out a 12 13 slip, sir? Alright. 14 UNIDENTIFIED: And Michael Greenspan isn't 15 here. Rachel Teimann? 16 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Great, thank you. 17 UNIDENTIFIED: And Vonnia Marino? You can 18 go ahead, just please identify yourself before 19 speaking. 20 STEPHANIE BLUE: Okay. My name is 21 Stephanie Blue. I'm the Director of Marketing at IMPACCT, formerly known as Pratt Area Community 2.2 2.3 Council. I've worked in property management for over 15 years. Having the ability to conduct several 24

housing lotteries, I've had the opportunity to

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 253 process several applications for housing throughout Brooklyn, New York primarily Clinton Hill and Bedford-Stuyvesant Brooklyn. I just wanted to give testimony to the affordable housing component of this issue. If and when given the opportunity to market the 114 units, affordable units, we will be giving an opportunity to 114 families that are often overlooked from many of the housing opportunities that arise. Often when we process applications we have to reject these individuals because they are over income by a mere dollar, 500 or a 1,000 because they've been priced out of the low income limits. So, these moderate income families will be given an opportunity for the new housing opportunities that will be going up. Living in Clinton Hill and also working, we see that the rents on market rate are at least 3,000 to 5,000 per unit, one bedroom studio sizes. So, we are eager to get the word out to just market the units as Pratt Area Community Council and just put the word out and keep the community-based residents also, and there's a large outreach for it now, and we're just willing to help any way that we can. We hope you vote in favor of yes. Thank you.

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2	KIMBERLY GRAD: My name is Kimberly Grad,
3	and I am currently the Coordinator of School-age
4	Services at Brooklyn Public Library. I thank you for
5	the opportunity to speak today, Council Member Levin
6	and the Planning Commission, Planning and
7	Dispositions of Concessions. So, formerly I was a
8	manager at Brooklyn Heights and Bay Ridge libraries,
9	and I was a Children's Library at Windsor Terrace and
10	other libraries in the system I've worked in for
11	about eight years. I've lived in Brooklyn for 20
12	years almost, and I've raised two young children
13	here. One of the many reasons I love my work with BPL
14	is like many of my librarian colleagues, I was born
15	with the librarian gene. So, I love working with
16	children. I love assisting families and patrons of
17	all ages. Most recently I've been working with
18	training our many wonderful new children's
19	librarians, and in fact today I led a workshop on the
20	art of getting books into the hands of young readers.
21	Everyone in that room today was there because they
22	were passionate about the work they do, as we do as
23	librarians, and much of my work involves supporting
24	my fellow librarians. Working and inspiring new
25	spaces is a much more positive position than having

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 255 to boost the morale of folks who are trying to do that work that they do with kid's story time, after school programs to just name a few despite challenging conditions. As the housing development continues in downtown Brooklyn, we owe it to the public and all of the neighborhoods that comprise downtown Brooklyn to build a new library, a branch hub that we can all appreciate. I think that we're looking at a very creative opportunity to support the work that we do in the spaces that we work in. I urge you to support the Brooklyn Heights project. Thank you.

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RYAN AUCHA: Good evening, Council,
ladies, gentleman, empty seats. My name is Ryan
Aucha [sp?], Jonathan Butler couldn't be here today
so I'm reading this on his behalf. "I'm here as one
of the co-founders of Smorgasburg to speak in favor
of the Brooklyn Heights Library project which we're
proud to be part of. When Hudson first approached us
two years ago we spoke about a recent study EDC had
commissioned that discussed the challenges food
entrepreneurs faced in transitioning from weekend
food markets to more permanent bricks and mortar
stores. We hatched a plan to create a micro retail

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 256 space that would serve as an incubation space for food vendors to be curated by Smorgasburg. concept we got excited about is the idea of a rotating pop-up retail experience. Every month, a different Smorgasburg vendor will lease the space. For consumers, this rotation will provide some interesting retail variety. For vendors, it will afford them a chance to test their operational capacity in a bricks and mortar location. I'm verv familiar with the Brooklyn Heights location and as a parent of young children, I welcome the addition of a brand new library that looks absolutely stunning. urge the City Council to support this very exciting project. Thank you."

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UNIDENTIFIED: I have the honor to be the last one, and I'm sure you're all glad at this.

Members of the City Council, all two of you, thank you for the opportunity to bring my views to you.

Truth in advertising. I work for Brooklyn Public

Library for 36-plus years and till I retired at the end of 2002. More truth, I have been a library user since I was a very small child, and for the last 13 years since I retired I've been using the Brooklyn

Heights Library as my local library even though I

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 257 live in Fort Greene. I've checked out and read 1,260 books since the library began keeping these statistics, and that doesn't count the ones that I bought for myself or borrowed from my friends. been unhappy with the loss of accessibility because of the summer heat. So, I'm definitely a stakeholder in this. I like that work, stakeholder. I've attended almost every public meeting on the subject of the replacement of the Brooklyn Heights Library and I've listened carefully to the presentations of both sides and I have very seldom spoken about it because I just like to hear what they say and make up my mind later. I've also talked to both library users and the library staff, because I still do talk I will undoubtedly be inconvenienced by the to them. construction involved in replacing the library. I know there's going to be a greater demand on local infrastructure and some from--and neighborhood services as well as an impact on the already overcrowded local school if this construction goes through. It's obviously a very controversial and highly emotional subject. Can I finish?

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: You can finish.

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2 UNIDENTIFIED: I'll have to talk faster.

And frankly not all the information out there has met my standards of voracity on both sides, because sometimes I know a little bit maybe other people don't know. I'm not comfortable with the move of the Business Library to the Central Library for a couple of reasons. One is the less accessible public transportation, which the other lady already brought up, and which I totally concur with. There are no elevators in any of the subway stations anywhere near that Central Library. I'm also finding it a little odd that even after all these years of planning to move the business branch to the Central Library, which is overcrowded, and I know that because I worked there, the relocation plan has not yet been flushed out, but I also realize that with the ongoing and very welcomed support of the City Council, the city apparently doesn't have enough funds to do this. This plan won't solve all the problems, and there are many aspects of it that I do not like, but I've decided, however, reluctantly that I will support the library's plan and therefore I ask you to approve it.

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you all for your testimony. Okay. And we have--we actually have a final panel in the no camp.

UNIDENTIFIED: Rita Pearl? Ann McKay [sp?]? Lucy Koteen [sp?]? And is there anyone else who would wish to testify?

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: I hate to do this, but I'm obligated to ask, is there--please, anybody else who did not have an opportunity to testify who would like to testify. Going once, okay. Thank you.

sticking it out and listening to so many people speak. I hope you can retain all of it. My name's Lucy Koteen. I wanted to talk about a sense of place. Before I do that, I just wanted to thank everybody for their heartfelt and interesting and varied testimonies. So, anyway, a sense of place is important. Free-standing libraries like free-standing schools show that these institutions matter, that they are worthy. Libraries are the center of democracy and their importance must not be diminished. What is the significance when we can only have these institution as an addendum to a highend condo? What is the feeling that a person gets

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 260 when she walks into a basement library that lies beneath the tower of the wealthy compared with walking into a library that stands on its own with space around it and above it? There's a sense of owning that space and of belonging to it, of being a citizen member who has rights in that building. was built for you and for me, not as part of a get rich profit center for a developer. Libraries have become the center of learning and community for many neighborhood and they need to be free and independent and have the ability to expand if called upon. government's duty to maintain and fund libraries. In the past and much less prosperous times government managed to fund libraries. It is only in the last few years that libraries have been allowed to deteriorate with the apparent purpose to free them up to make real estate deals that are lucrative for the The precedent and model to sell developers. libraries was set when the magnificent Donnell Library across from MOMA was sold for a fraction of its worth, 59 million dollars. Eight years later while the rest of the luxury hotel and condo building is built at this location there is still no library open there, and the new library planned is an

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 261 underground cave, a fraction of its previous size. Even former library president Tony Marks later admits mistakes were made. We ask you not to approve the disposition of the Brooklyn Heights Library. slippery slope when government allows the sell-off of public assets that were built for public benefit. The Brooklyn Public Library Board has identified many other libraries throughout Brooklyn that they want to They should not be allowed to make the decision of selling buildings that were designated to serve the public. What does it say about the Board's ability to be a steward of these incredible institution when they allow them to deteriorate to the point that the only solution that they can imagine is to sell that which they are responsible for? This sell-off of the Brooklyn Heights Library is not about affordable housing. It is not about providing a modern library to the public. other ways to do that. It is about a real estate deal designed by a board that has made real estate their priority over their obligation of maintaining the public libraries to benefit the public and no one else. Thank you very much, and I think we can all go

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testimony. Before we conclude I just A, would like to say I really appreciate the civil manner that this hearing, the discourse of everybody who came. I really think that that was a model hearing on a very controversial issue, and everybody's passion came through in a very orderly way. I really want to thank Council Member Levin for his commitment and fortitude in taking on this matter. This will conclude the public hearing on Land Use Item 301 and 302. They'll be laid over until the next scheduled meeting which is presently scheduled for December 1st, and I'm going to—I'm going to let Council Member Levin say one more word.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Chair, I just want to say that the civility with which this hearing was conducted is a reflection upon the Chair. So, thank you very much for--

[applause]

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And thank you to the members of the public and to the Borough President Library, EDC, Hudson Companies, and everybody that was here to testify. Thank you so much for your testimony.

1	SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS & CONCESSIONS 263
2	CHAIRPERSON COHEN: This concludes the
3	public hearing. Meeting adjourned.
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date December 11, 2015