CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS

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16th Fl.

B E F O R E: INEZ E. DICKENS

Chairperson

ANDREW COHEN

Acting Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Darlene Mealy

Ydanis A. Rodriguez

Mark Treyger

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Baaba Halm

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Jiana Zhang

Director of Brooklyn Planning
NYC Dept. of Housing Preservation and Development

Carrie Labotz

Director of our Year-15 Program

NYC Dept. of Housing Preservation and Development

Richard Mazur
Executive Director
North Brooklyn Development Corporation

President of Procida

President

Construction Corp & Procida Companies

2 [sound check, pause]

[gavel]

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Good afternoon. I'm Andy Cohen, Acting Chair of the Subcommittee on Planning, Dispositions and Concessions. We are joined today by Council Members Mealy, Treyger and Revnoso. We have five items on the calendar. will be laying over three items today, Land Use 290, 291 and 292 at the request of HPD. We will be holding a public hearing and voting on two items. We're going to start with Land Use No. 293. [background comment] 294. [laughs] Sorry. I will now open the public hearing on Land Use Item 294. have to testify [pause] Baaba Halm from--the Assistant Commissioner from HPD and Lin--is it Kim? Win. Jiana Zhang, the Director of Brooklyn from HPD. All right. So I will now open the public hearing on Land Use 294, an Application for the designation of property located at 337 Berry Street and 99/101 South 5th Street as an urban development action area. Project approval and disposition to facilitate the development of an 11-story mixed-use building with 55 units of affordable housing ground floor, commercial

and community facility space. This property is

located in Antonio Reynoso's district. I'm going to-
[background comment]. Okay, thank you. Okay, so

then please. Were you going to swear them in?

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Okay.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: You want me to

do it?

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Okay, do you swear or affirm the testimony you're going to give before this committee shall be the truth?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER HALM: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Excellent. Please.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER HALM: Good afternoon, Chair Cohen and members of the Committee. I am Baaba Halm, HPD's Assistant Commissioner for Government Relations and I'm joined by Jiana Zhang our Director of Brooklyn Planning. LU 294 consists of the proposed ULURP actions for designation as an urban development actionary project and disposition approval. The city-owned property located at 105 South Fish Street, also known as LPC Warehouse. The property is approximately 16,000 square feet and proved by a 5,067 square foot one-story building, which the Landmark Preservations Commission utilized

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for the storage of architectural features under its In 2000, the program ended and salvage program. subsequently the site was identified in the 2005 Greenpoint and Williamsburg Rezoning Points of Agreement as a potential housing site. In 2012, the Landmark Preservation Commission vacated the building and moved to a new warehouse in the Bronx. year HPD issued a request for proposal for the development of the property in accordance with the points of agreement. We selected the sponsor in 2013 who will demolish the current structure and construct a new building under our Extremely Low and Low-Income Affordable Housing Program. The new building will contain approximately 54 rental units. There's going to be a mixture of unit types including studios, rooms and two and three-bedroom apartments including one unit for the superintendant. The target income limits for this project will not exceed 60% of AMI and rents will average between \$822 for a studio and \$1,200 for a three-bedroom unit. Of the 54 rental units, 19 will be permanently affordable under the inclusionary of the Voluntary Inclusionary Program and 16 of the units may be set aside for homeless families. In addition to the rental units, the

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2 project includes 1,120 square feet of community

3 facility space, a little bit over 4,000 of ground

4 | floor commercial space, and approximately 1,644

5 square feet of recreation or open space. HPD is

6 before the Council seeking ULURP approval in order to

7 | facilitate the sale and development of LU 244--294.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you. Before I ask any questions, I'm going to defer to Council Member Reynoso.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you,

Chair. I appreciate you giving me the time to ask
some questions to--to HPD, and I just want to--I
think what I'm going to be bringing up today. And I
just wanted the members of the committee to know that
I have huge concerns over HPD and their process in
this application more so than anything else. And I
just want to make sure that I do my best to bring to
light what I think are--are mishaps and missteps that
I want to make sure are cured in HPD, and I feel that
if we don't say anything, these type of processes
might continue to be--to be circumvented. Was this
city-owned property RPF'd?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yes, it was the subject of a 2012 RFP.

1	AND CONCESSIONS 8
2	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Who won the RFP?
3	COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: The RFP was won
4	by North Brooklyn and MDG as its development partner.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: MDG. Have any
6	of the developdeveloper partners changed?
7	COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yes.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Who are the new
9	developer partners?
10	COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: It's North
11	Brooklyn and Procida. (sp?)
12	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Why did the
13	development partners change?
14	COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: North Brooklyn
15	or actually MDG withdrew thefrom the project.
16	North Brooklyn identified another development
17	partner, Procida, which HPD approved.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Why did the
19	development partner withdraw?
20	COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: We understand
21	that MDG had labor related issues, and they
22	voluntarily withdrew from the project base on those
23	issues.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Did they not-did they withdraw because of any pressure from HPD?

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COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: No.

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COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So they

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voluntarily withdrew from the project?

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COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So, and just to

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put it into perspective the reason MDG fell off this

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projects was because they were part of an

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investigation by HPD--no, an investigation in which

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they were underpaying their workers? They were

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taking money from their workers. They were reporting

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one amount of money, and they were paying another.

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In the RFP did--did MDG have a--or what was the

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Brooklyn? And MDG is the original developer. What

development cost of the project under MDG and North

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was the cost of construction?

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have North Brooklyn here who again was the primary

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sponsor who can talk about the development costs

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under the prior team composition and the current

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COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: I want to--well,

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you guys are the ones that read the application--

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: We--we also

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COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: [interposing]

25 Sure.

team.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: --so you should 3 have this readily available--

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: [interposing]
We do.

I'm pretty sure North Brooklyn Development

Corporation could absolutely answer these questions,

I think it's more appropriate that you answer them

because you're the oversight and the ones that

reviewed the applications and ultimately chose who

the winners of the RFP are. So I just wanted to know

what was the cost of construction for the project

under MDG and North Brooklyn Development Corporation?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Okay so we will give you those numbers now. Again, those were projections, right. So until we actually get closing nothing was a fixed amount.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So you guys collect RFPs under a projection. So if I was to put in an application for a development project, and I project that it cost \$11 million and it actually costs \$15 million it's okay because I'm going to win the RFP. And then after closing, I'll modify my number to my \$15 and then end up getting the project.

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Is that what you're saying could possibly happen in these projects?

we RFP'd the project in 2012, our term sheets have changed. Our term sheets changed last year, and so the current project has to fit in the existing term sheets. And so that's the--primarily the difference between what was submitted by North Brooklyn and MDG in 2012 and what the ADC is considering now because we have new term sheets, and so the project has to conform to those new term sheets.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So the project from what I understand between MDG and the number that I have is information that I received from HPD, which took a long time to get. I just want to be very mindful that I asked for it quite some time ago and only received it recently. MDG and NBDC project was projected at \$17 million for the project to happen and the new project is now at \$19.6 million. So an increase of \$2.5 million for the project. Is that an accurate statement?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yes, that is the information we provided.

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COUNCIL MEMBER REINOSO: Oray. So, my
concern here, and I'm going to show youI'm going to
just explain to you why I think it's a big problem
that this happened. Is there a transparent and
inclusive process as to which another developer could
have possibly been a partner with NBDC?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Not that we selected its own partner. We did not select--

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [interposing] So you left the discretion of—the left the choosing of a development to—at the discretion of the other developing partner or the not—for—profit in this case?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yes, all of the respondents to the RFP chose their own partners. So we continued that. Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Yeah, they charged their own partners for the RFP, but after somebody withdrew, there was not another competitive transparent and democratic process with whom we choose moving forward as the new partner?

 $\label{eq:commissioner} \mbox{COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM:} \ \mbox{We did not} \\ \mbox{choose the partners, no.}$ 

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COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: It was done at the discretion--independent--it was done at the discretion of the not-for-profit that had that.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: And in do so, for example, we have here the numbers by which the original RFP had a disclosure of 73 to 71. So the original RFP was won by two points. It's--it's a--I mean if you guys want to see the paperwork that you sent me, I can also show it to you. They won by two So congratulations to North Brooklyn points. Development Corporation and MDG for winning a project by two points, but in it they got one out of five points for total hard costs of construction because I guess it was more expensive than the--than what you guys would have liked it to be. But the competitive--the other competitive application only lost by two points. My issue here is that moving forward if I'm a developer and I have a partner and that's another developer, and I get into a relationship with a notfor-profit, and tell them I'm going to say to this project that I can do it at \$14 million. I'm going to voluntarily withdraw, and I want you to choose another developer at your discretion that's actually

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going to change you about \$19 or \$20 million. Is that a--can that happen in this process?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: I'm not sure I understand your question. It would be around—

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [interposing]

All right. So I'm going to go--I'm Developer A-
COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: [interposing]

Uh-huh.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: -- and Council Member Cornegy is Developer B. I am going to put an RFP with North Brooklyn Development Corporation. going to tell North Brooklyn Development Corporation we can do it at \$13 million, the project. North Brooklyn Development Corporation is going to be like great. That's awesome. It's going to make it extremely competitive, and we're probably going to win this RFP because we're going to have the lowest responsible bid. Then I go to--and then we win. Then I go to North Brooklyn Development Corporation and tell you, well, you know what, I want to voluntarily withdraw. I'm not going to tell you why. I just want to do it. It could be because I'm stealing, but I just want to let you know that I'm going to drop out. I've got a friend here Developer B that you

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guys should really talk to about working with. They understand the project. They actually helped us through it maybe in some back room where we have some experience of working projects that are similar. And BDC (sic) knowing the relationship that they have with us, not knowing that we're stealing money, says okay we'll talk to this department. This department says yeah we can do this project, but it's going to cost \$2.5 million more. What makes this—this relationship is not a conflict of interest. What makes this is so that you guys did your due diligence in make sure that there is no conflict of interest in the next partner that was chosen, but you were not part of the process. How did you guarantee that there was no conflict of interest?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: I--I--I think you're asking us a couple of things. I'd like to go through some of the criteria that we assess when we are looking respondents to our RFP. But I do want to say that our role is not to make marriages between partners, and we don't get involved in that at all. And so we allow the partners to identify each other, and to--

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO:

[interposing]

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In the original RFP. I understand that process that you are going to reply--you look for your partner and you reply to an RFP because it's a competitive process. Thereafter, if it's left at your discretion -- the discretion of the partner that we're working with, there's opportunities there for conflict of interest and circumventing a process that existed that made it so that you had oversight as to how that moved. And now moving forward, how do you protect against conflict of interest in those cases? COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Ultimately, we approve the replacement of the development partner. We did approve that replacement, and so it wouldn't have been in any instance that they could have selected any partner, submitted any budget and the

agency could not have had any say-so. You know, involvement in that, but HPD did approve the

replacement of the development partner.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: And what is that approval process? In all of the information that I got, and in all the documentation that I got in

regards to how you guys were going to compare and

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contrast I guess between developers, how did that
happen?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: So for our RFP process, our selection process we generally evaluate development capacity. We evaluate—

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [interposing]

An RFP process. I know the RFP. I appreciate RFPs.

I like RFPs. They're competitive and fair, and you go through a process. I love process. After the process is no longer part of the issue because they get to choose at their own discretion who the developer is. After that, what process do you have that makes it so that it's transparent, it's competitive or you lose conflict of interest?

That's what I'm asking.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Well, I think the conflict of interest question any developer that we work with has to go through a pretty rigorous long-term review process. So we do look at their finances and their history to make sure, you know, in a case of MDG, you know, if that happened again, we-the city would probably not want to do business with a developer that has labor relations issues. So that is a continual process. We make sure that we work

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with developers that have the development integrity in that sense so and the--and I guess the rise in development costs that you're bringing up in this project was when the proposals came in it was over two years ago. So certain construction costs always go up, and--and I think that speaks to the--you know,

that may be a reason for why that's different.

when you guys got the application from MDG or from Procida, who's the new partner, you guys looked at Procida. You check marked as to how is this group the same or similar or remains competitive in compare—when you compare them to the original application? Was that done? [coughing] Or did you just say Procida is a good player. Their Vendex was clean. It is a person that was chosen—it is a group that is chosen by NBDC thereby—the North Brooklyn Development Corporation.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: [interposing]
North Brooklyn.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So we're good. As long as they're clean?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: It wasn't just a matter of them also being just clean. They have to

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have the capacity to perform to fully step into the shoes of MDG and to complete the project as originally designed. Here we have a change in development partners, but the project in itself didn't change. So we're able to maintain the same level of units. We're able to maintain the same level of affordability. So the project in essence was the same project even though there was a change in development team.

understand that. There's a--the change in development team is one of our biggest concerns.

There is no process that you have that you can showcase in which you did your due diligence to ensure that the projects are comparable. The second place person or group lost by two points. If MDG--if Procida would have been the partner for--with NBDC, they could--NBDC could have lost this project originally for all we know. Could that have been a possibility? And by the way, the MDG's costs of construction cost are--oh, no, sorry. Procida's cost of construction is a reasonable cost of construction that we're used to. The one that MDG proposed even in 2012 was way below the market rate. We should

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have given it--you should have give MDG everything in development in the City of New York if they were able to do it at those low construction costs. But those low construction costs obviously gave them an advantage in the RFP that allowed for North Brooklyn Development Corporation and MDG to win it. The second place only lost by two points, but they had a more fair estimate as to what construction costs are, and they lost the RFP. So we understand that when you put forth an RFP--

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: [interposing]
Uh-huh.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: --when you put forth an RFP, you guys it's competitive and it's fair and there's a process there, but if you allow for thereafter a process to exist in which that no longer is important or competiveness is--is thrown out the window, it's a huge process issue there. Do you understand? Do you even get what I'm trying to say?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: We understand the concerns that you're expressing. I mean I think we are looking. This all transpired over a span of two years where there was a change in construction costs. It's a little difficult to compare apples to

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apples because weren't in 2012. The project was

advancing. We know that construction costs go up.

We know that our term sheets changed in 2014. So the

5 | new project budget has to conform to those term

6 sheets and the market conditions and the construction

7 costs.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: And I understand that. I get what you're saying, and it's only been two years, by the way. I want you to be very mindful there was a \$2.5 million increase in the project over two years. At that rate if that's what you're saying is the cost of increases in construction of those--in that time period -- So you're saying the project at this point two years later the construction costs are at--and I don't want to say the wrong numbers here, but it's a significant increase, percentage increase in construction costs. In two years \$2.5 million. So you're saying that \$1.25 million every single year construction costs are going to increase throughout the City of New York? Well, in this--in relation to these types of construction? Is that a fair--is that what you're saying?

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COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: I'm not saying that it's the average. So I can't speak to all of the increases--

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [interposing]

It's \$2.5--

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: --but construction costs do increase, and again, as we said before, these are not the final costs. There are just where we are right now, and we determine how the project moves. We don't actually get to the final costs until we get to closing, and we're a couple months away from that.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: For a project to cost \$17 million, \$2.5 million increase over two years is the average—is a—is a—is a—that increase is only attributable to increase in construction costs, only?

not sure what the full--again, the--the--what informed that budget if it was just construction costs or there was a cost related to labor or other things. I'm not--you know, I can't speak as to that full budget and what informed that budget.

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COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: I can tell you by looking at the paperwork it's mostly blacked, by the way, because you guys I see that a lot of this information that I have in front of me I can't even read. You know, what--what value does that have for me when I can't even read what I'm trying to assess? All right, there's no--there's no transparency in what you're doing. You blacked everything out. Right, it's very hard for me to be able to get clear answers from you guys when I don't have all of the information. What I'm letting you know is that \$2.5 million is not a--relative I guess is what I want to say increase of costs for construction over a twoyear period on a \$17 million project. That's what I'm trying to say. There's a lot of extra costs there that I think are more attributable to the lowballing that was done by MDG when they originally presented this RFP. And then that process was circumvented by allowing for them to withdraw and someone else at the discretion of one developer partner to choose another, and we can't allow that to Because we RFP these things and maybe you keep the not-for-profit partner, and refer that away to have a process in which we can compete on the

2	other end, which is the developer end. But you don't
3	just don't let people choose. You have processes to
4	do it. You don't just dispose of them, and HPD
5	constantly continually figured out a way in
6	Williamsburg to circumvent processes to work for
7	political reasons. And in this case whenin this
8	case they choose a completely different process, and
9	you guys always have something that's brand new,
10	always. There's always a problem in North Brooklyn.
11	Just do everything the same. You're either going to
12	dispose of all the land or you're going to RFP all
13	the land. Just make a choice and stick with it non-
14	stop. Don't keep flip-flopping and doing whatever
15	you think is best whenever it's best. Just do the
16	same process across the board for every single
17	personfor every single developer, and that's
18	that's my statement that I want to leave with, but
19	I'm not happy with HPD, and I'm trying to build a
20	relationship because of the new Administration. I'm
21	trying to move forward. My community has lost all
22	faith and all trust in how HPD does, and this is an
23	example of what they do and process pieces that make
24	it so that we don't gain new trust. Thank you.

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СН	AIRPERSON COHE	EN: Do any	of	my	
colleagues ha	ve any other o	questions?	If	I can,	just
a couple, um,	just because	I'm curious	S.	In term	ns of
the unit miv	there's one t	hree-hedro	∩m		

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yep. Yes, that's correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: It's all new construction. How did we decide on--on-on that unit mix?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: This is--I believe this is your term sheet.

JIANA ZHANG: Yes.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: So it--it follows what our term sheet says. Kind of the requirements of our finance term sheets.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: But how did you come to the conclusion that one three-bedroom is what was needed or appropriate or as opposed--I mean there's 27 2-bedrooms, and one 3-bedroom. I'm just curious how--how was that decision made? Why is that reflective of the best needs of the--

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Um, I think I mean we have the developers here who could speak to that, but certainly the--probably the site

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constraints and the configuration of the site allows
for this number, this breakdown, this distribution of

4 bedroom mixes that is most efficient here so--

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: I mean it just--you know, like I said if you're doing 27 2-bedrooms and one, you know, why one 3-bedroom? Why not another 3 bedrooms. I'm just--whoever decided that I--I'd like to know what the thought process was.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yeah, I think we can follow up with you on that, and it's probably mostly site constraints because this is a small project. It's only 54 units, and you look at, you know, again affordability and sustainability of the rents. That may have factored in, but I think we're happy to talk to North Brooklyn about how they came up with the unit bedroom mix. It is a function also of our time sheets that requires a certain number of bedrooms based on the size of the unit. So this is I think a minimum required. Now, whether or not they could have done more, is—is a site design question.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Is that—is that how the term sheet works in other words like you—like you RFP bedrooms as opposed to bedrooms as opposed to units or unit size or—

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sheets do dictate that there be mixes that we generally do unless it's a senior housing, we're not just looking for one bedroom, but it we want it to-to meet the community's needs, and that includes for families, and that includes for singles. For we do ask for a mix--a mix of unit types and a minimum number of one and two bedrooms on our term sheets, yes.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: I mean in all fairness, I don't have the vaguest idea what's approved for--for Antonio's district, but I just know in my own district that people like to see a mix and, you know, having like I said 27 twos and it doesn't really feel like a mix if you throw one 3-bedroom on top. Um, and also just educate me a little bit. In terms of permanent affordability, what does that mean? How permanent is permanent?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Permanent is indefinite. So this is under the voluntary inclusion of the program. So those units are—are going to be permanently affordable under that program.

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JIANA ZHANG: And that is with the land I believe. So--so those units would stay permanently affordable, you know, for the life of the land.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: But the regulatory scheme is wholly contained in the deed as opposed to any other regulation or rent stabilization or anything else like that?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yeah, the--the Inclusionary Program, the--the requirements are under the Zoning Resolution in terms of the permanence of the units that are created under the Voluntary Inclusionary Program.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Did they become deregulated in the--in the same way that other-JIANA ZHANG: Uh-huh.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Okay.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: No, it gets memorialized in the Regulatory Agreement.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: That's what I wanted to hear. Does anybody else have any more questions? Council Member Treyger.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Thank you Chair Cohen. Just a quick comment and then just some--a couple quick questions. I just want to speak to the

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2 concern that my colleague Council Member Reynoso I'm a big believer in that if there's a 3 problem with process, usually the outcome becomes 5 problematic as well. And so, this is not the first 6 time I've heard concerns about process issues, and I 7 know this might date back to the prior administration 8 but I--I do want to just emphasize that the more we engage local officials and communities, the more we 9 empower them, the better decisions we all make. 10 I think that we need to strive to really improve that 11 12 process, and really to make sure that we are in constant communication with stakeholders, making sure 13 14 the rules are clear and followed. And I just wanted

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Well, they are all affordable, 100% affordable up to 60% of the area median income. I don't have the rent--I was going to pull that up for us.

just to--just to comment on that. What is the

breakdown on the affordability of these units?

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER:

[background comments, pause]

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: So for a family size of four, these units would be affordable to a family making up to \$51,780 a year.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: And these are all--all the units or--3

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Just some are I believe 30% of AMI and 40% of AMI and up to 60. So 60 is the cap.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Okay, and it mentions here as well that there's a ground level commercial right? Now, does affordability extend to that as well? How are we doing with that retail commercial space that goes into the structure?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: So the ground level would be used for both retail and community facility. I believe the community facility will be rented out at an affordable rate, and the commercial that has not been--a tenant has not been finalized yet for that site. Usually for construction projects this is too early in the process for that to happen. So that -- that is to be determined.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: But just to be clear, the commercial space will be at market value or there's a certain affordability?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: I think the commercial unit will be at market value, correct. Our term sheets exclude commercial spaces from, you

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2	know,	our	subs	sidies	and	so	we	could	d,	you	knc	W,
3	subsid	dize	the	rents	for	cor	nmeı	rcial	ur	nits	or	the
4	likel:	ihood	d it	could	be a	a ma	arke	et.				

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: I mean I'm just saying that we hear a lot from this community how they're getting priced out as well, and just wanted to be mindful of--of that. And just a question about what Chair Cohen raised about how permanent is permanent. We have to ask these questions now. You're saying it's the--it's the lifetime of the land, is that correct.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yes, I believe so, yeah.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Let's say for example, future administrations want to undo the mandatory Inclusionary Zoning, then what?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: But this isn't pursuant to Mandatory Inclusionary Zoning.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Well, you know, but you mentioned before about this is a part of a program that this administration is growing that.

Right? Is that correct?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: No, this is the

25 exiting--

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Exist
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COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: -- the existing inclusionary program.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Correct.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Voluntary.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: But can this be undone? The question is can this be undone by the future administration.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Well, it's memorialized in the Regulatory Agreement so that would have to go through regulatory processes to change that. So, you know, probably mayoral approvement—approval.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: So for example,

20 years from now the mayor says I want to undo this.

You're saying that that—that can't be done?

commissioner baaba Halm: Again, it's each project that's subject to these restrictions and the Regulatory Agreement with the agency, and so I'm not--I don't think we can speak to right now what the legal options are to undo it, and what steps would have to be taken in order to reverse something that is supposed to be permanent. That's just what this-- the Voluntary Inclusionary programs is for.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREIGER: Just for the
sake of clarity, we just need to be clear with people
about this because when we say this is for affordable
details matter. You know, the life span andand how
that works, and to define what does affordable mean.
Affordability means different things to different
people. And on last question and I'll turn it back
over to the Chair, Council Member Reynoso mentioned
that when thewhen the RFPsomeone was selected and
someone had withdrawn and then thatDoes HPD notify
the local officials when that happens? So when
someone withdraws and new partners are selected, does
HPD notify the stakeholders or local officials of
those changes?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: We--we did not do that in this instance, but we will be doing that going forward. It did not happen.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Yeah, that-that--that's an issue.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yeah, absolutely.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: And again I go back to when the process is problematic, outcomes become an issue, but the key is that the residents do

- 2 need housing, which they could afford to live in.
- 3 And so I think that, you know, that's something that
- 4 | Council Member Reynoso I'm sure factors into his
- 5 decision here that we need to make sure that
- 6 residents have an affordable place--place to stay.
- 7 But process really does matter because when residents
- 8 | feel shut out and officials feel shut out, usually
- 9 outcomes are not very positive. So, with that, thank
- 10 you, Chair, for your time.
- 11 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Council Member--
- 12 | Council Member Mealy.
- 13 COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Thank you. I just
- 14 | want to concur with my colleagues the process is
- 15 | tainted really, and I think we should really put
- 16 something in place that this cannot continually
- 17 | happen because it's going on a lot. I have my own
- 18 | issues with changing developers. So I concur with
- 19  $\parallel$  them, and I hope that we can do something about that.
- 20 | It's like--almost like HPD going roque, and doing
- 21 | whatever they feel is best for them and not best for
- 22 | the community. And with this development, I can't
- 23 understand it's only one 3-bedroom apartment. With
- 24 | society is having bigger families and this city-owned
- 25 property is only going to give one 3-bedroom

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2	apartment, I feel that something is wrong with that
3	how they did the design of it. I hope they can
4	really look back at that, Council Member Reynoso,
5	because families are bigger now, and they need space
6	just as well. And one thing I haven't heard here
7	this whole hearing what about the parking? Are you
8	going to have 14 spaces of parking or not?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: I believe the current plan is yes there will be parking on site.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: You think or there will be?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: There will be parking on site.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: There will be?

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: There will be parking on site, correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Okay, I just wanted to make sure that that was in this proposal just as well. Thank you, Chair, and just want to say I wish my colleague Inez Dickens well, a speedy recovery. She's doing much better. So can't wait until she gets back, and thank you Council Member Cohen. You're doing an excellent job.

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CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you and for the record, I spoke to Council Member Dickens and she is definitely on the mend. Okay. I think that's it for-does anyone else have any more questions? Okay, so we have another panel. Who else?

MALE SPEAKER: [off mic]

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Okay. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Richard Massick.

[background comment] Masic. Richard Masic. Sorry about that.

Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen.

[background comment]

afternoon, ladies and gentlemen of the City Council and Chairman Cohen and some other friends. My name is Richard Mazur. I'm the Executive Director of the North Brooklyn Development Corporation. We were the lead partner for this RFP. I will not speak to the process because I don't run it. I will speak to how the process worked from our end. We went to our legal advisors who do affordable house. They've done it for 40 years. That's Goldstein Hall, and asked them if they had any good partners for an RFP. Andy

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Jew (sic) who I had never met before in my life was set up for a meeting with us. We met with them. They impressed us. We put together a plan, and as far as the construct--the construct of how many units and whatever, the initial estimates on how many units could have been put into this space, was somewhere around 34 or 35. So Dattner, the architects, were the ones that were the creative ones that actually squeezed in an extra 20 units into the space, which for our purposes -- You have to understand my goal a s a life long resident of Greenpoint and Williamsburg, is to kind of slow down the gentri--the gentrification, fight, you know, for tenants' rights and--and get as much affordable housing place as possible as soon as possible. And so, the fact that we got an extra 20 to me that was a great--a great deal, and I thought that was kind of the winning kicker. As far as the financing of it, that's up to the developers, tax credits and everything else. some point, MDG contacted us and said there were some optics--there's an article in the Daily News that said there were some issues with some labor costs. They said there were no--there were no legal ramifications. Whatever it was, they took care of

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but they said--they told me that just to make it easier for us as North Brooklyn so that we would have no, you know, no--no clouds hanging over the project, they would withdraw voluntarily. And that was -- it was up to us to choose someone else. To choose someone else, I went back to Goldstein Hall and said give me a list of bona fide contractors that are well respected that can get the job done exactly the same as was proposed in the RFP with respect to HPD meaning that they go through the process. Their labor contracts are solid, the prevailing wage guys they--they--you know, end, and we went and visited sites. So we had to get -- he gave me three choices. And as it turns out, that Procida, Mario Procida and his company they came in. And again, I had never met any of these people before in my life. It was just a matter of whether or not a city agency went through the process I did. Because for me I said I can't--I can't in conscience move forward with the prop--with a project unless it's exactly the same as I envisioned it. And we needed to get it done immediately, and because we've been waiting since the 2005 rezoning for 1,600 units of housing. To date, I think North Brooklyn built 14 and that's the only

2	official housing that was built as a result of
3	rezoning. We're all against the rezoning as itas
4	it stood. Thank God we all stood arm-in-arm, you
5	know, Council Member Reynoso and I, all of the other
6	groups. We stood arm-in-arm. We marched 800,000
7	strong on the waterfront saying we needwe were
8	fighting for 40% affordable housing. The whole point
9	is that is my agenda. My agenda is to get housing
. 0	built, and get it built as quickly as possible. As
.1	far as how the process worked, for my end it worked,
.2	but III got someone that was filtered through our
.3	filters that could deliver exactly asas promised on
. 4	the RFP costs notwithstanding. I have no idea. II
.5	have a lot complaints from a lot of contractors at
. 6	this point that say oh, the sudden construction costs
.7	have gone through the roof. So the fact that this
. 8	isthat it had gone up 15% from \$17 million to \$19.6
. 9	I have no idea. And, you know, can go through the
20	details and someone canand find out that a girder
21	cost 20% more or a brick costs 20% more, or labor
22	costs another 20% more. I have no idea butbut that
23	is a comparison that can be made. The only thing
24	that, you know, that I want to see in this process,
2.5	and I'll let all of you debate, you know, how the

2	future process should work, is that these units get
3	built immediately. The closing can be done in
4	December (coughs). We can be finished within 18
5	months. If we delayed this because we're going to
6	throw it back into the pool, and I knowI know
7	Council Member Reynoso agrees with me on that. But
8	the problem is instead of moving quicker, we're
9	moving slower on a lot of these things, you know.
10	Because therethere are properties that have been
11	laying dormant for 25 years. So obviously, I'm in
12	favor of this project. I just want to see it get
13	done as quickly as possible, but I just wanted to
14	clarify what our side of theof the formula was. We
15	were the lead organization. We got to pick people
16	that wethat we thought were qualified that our
17	legal counsel recommended to us. Any questions?
18	CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you, but first
19	I keep forgetting to acknowledge we've been joined by
20	Council Member Rodriguez. I may have a question, but
21	I will defer again to Council Member Reynoso if you
22	have

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [off mic]

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: No, go ahead, please.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Hello, which

3 means how are you doing, sir?

RICHARD MAZUR: I'm fine. How are you--

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Doing good.

Doing good.

RICHARD MAZUR: --Mr. Reynoso.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: (laughs) The formalities in the hearing. I do want to say that I don't--I don't think that you had anything to do with the process issues that we're having here, and I definitely don't think that your organization or my community, to be perfectly honest, should suffer a setback because of process issues that HPD is pushing forth, right? But I just need you to know that in everything that I do I need to make sure that in the future that my community is taken care of always, and that we're doing things the right way. And you know better than I about the politics and the history of our district, and how the act (sic) of process led to a lot of lawsuits that we actually won against HPD. Now, we don't want to continue to have to sue HPD to get things done the right way. We want to do it the right way from the beginning. So, I do want to say that you should speak to the breakdown of the

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apartments. I think council members are asking regarding the 2-bedroom versus the 3-bedroom, and where did you get that from? And then, yeah, and I also thought-I think that a representative fro Procida should also be up there with you talking. Yeah, we should definitely, and just, sir, should say your name and where you're from, if someone to answer questions, please. (sic) But talk about the breakdown of the apartments, and just give you guys an example, when we talk about permanent—permanent affordability, the owner of the site is going to be who?

MARIO PROCIDA: The owner of the site--by the way, my name is Mario Procida. I'm the President of Procida Construction Corp and Procida Companies, which is partnered with North Brooklyn. The ownership structure of the site is a single-purpose entity that is owned collectively, jointly, 50--equally by North Brooklyn and a Procida entity, which is also a separate single-purpose entity. We will retain ownership throughout the life of the development process. The initial 15 years are gone and we will have a tax credit partner, a syndicator. It's a standard traditional low-income housing 4% tax

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credit deal. So we will have an investor in the project. Capital One is the--is the lender and investor in the--in the development of the project.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: But the--but the--on the deed, who's the owner on the deed?

MARIO PROCIDA: I--I don't have the specific--North Development Group.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Corporation?

MARIO PROCIDA: Something to that--yeah,

I don't--I don't remember the specifics.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So my--my opinion is that if--if North Brooklyn Development Corporation owns it, I think a lot of folks here would be very happy because of their long-term goal of, you know, collateral affordable housing--

MARIO PROCIDA: Correct

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: --and maintaining. We know that North Brooklyn is not going to sell out. So we want to make sure that--I hope that there's some--in the--in the ownership process that NBDC is--is a part of that.

MARIO PROCIDA: North Brooklyn

Development Corporation is a 50% owner in the entity

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that will own the--who owns the--that will own the
property at closing.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: And then the next question is--

MARIO PROCIDA: [interposing] As we move. (sic)

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: --what about the unit breakdown? Why did you guys choose the unit breakdown?

MARIO PROCIDA: Okay, when I came into the project, we inherited the development, but generally speaking it was a composition of—of units, but units are difficult. And I think to HPD's credit, frankly in their new programs they've managed a lot of pushing up from larger sized units because the larger sized units take up more frontage. They do take up a lot of space, and so, you know, I cannot—I can get some—I can guess as to where they came up with the distribution. But the reality is if you build a 3-bedroom apartment, you're effectively taking—would take up the space of maybe two 1—bedrooms or 2-1/2 1-bedroom units or some combinations of 1s and 2s. So I think what I've heard from Rich and what I've heard from the

architect was that they were trying to get the unit
count up. It's certainly impacted the number of 3s.
Normally, you would not in a development process even
in a market rate deal, and we do a mix of affordable
and market rate development. You probably wouldn't
end up with an equal split of 1, 2 and 3-bedroom
apartments across the board. So, you would normally
skew towards 1s and 2s, and have a smaller percentage
of 3s and in some instances studios. And so that's
about the best I can offer on that

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Council Member Mealy.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Oh, um, yes, that's

15 MDG?

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [off mic] Well, they were under MDG, but then they went with Procida.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Oh, okay. Well, Procida. Well, not Procida--

RICHARD MAZUR: Not Brooklyn Development Corporation.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Not Brooklyn. So you said you went back to your lawyers and asked them what--what construction company would be able to do

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2 it. Had--did you ever think about going back HPD and 3 see who is the second one who--

RICHARD MAZUR: [interposing] No.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: --had lost? Why

not? May I ask?

RICHARD MAZUR: Because I put in an RFP.

We won the RFP and the project was exactly as we

9 designed it. So why would I?

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Well--

RICHARD MAZUR: It wasn't my--I didn't make the selection? HPD made the selection.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Right they made the selection, but this was an outside. It's not a CBO. It's a contracting company. You couldn't--you couldn't coordinate with anyone else that the next development company only lost by two points. Am I right or wrong?

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [off mic] The last question is--

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: By two points.

RICHARD MAZUR: At--at--at that point in time, we didn't know we already had a--we actually had a partnership agreement with the--

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: [interposing] MDG
3 and then--

RICHARD MAZUR: Well, we had a partnership agreement and also a memo of understanding with Los Sudos (sp?) who did come in second. It—at that point—

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: [interposing] Who came in second?

RICHARD MAZUR: Los Sudos. They're the, um, local not-for-profit. We all--you know, we all work together in adjoining communities. So we already have--had an MOU with them, and there's not-there's no discussion actually as to, you know, choosing their contractor or anything like that. We--we pretty much went back to the law firm and say we're the best guys to do this. And that's -- and they came back with -- they could have come back with the contractor that was chosen for number two. I don't even know who it was. I just -- I just went to the people that I--that I trusted that knew--that knew the not-for-profit affordable housing marketplace and who the best contractors were, and that's what I asked for.

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why I know something is wrong with HPD where it's-it's giving people too much power to just choose
whoever, and once we have a transparency stating that
we already approve these people and then if we give
everyone a chance to just change to whatever contract
they're--or partner they want, what's the sense of
really having transparency? So, I understand he
wants this project, but I really feel we should look
into HPD in regards to that. And 3-bedroom apartments
is much needed also. So thank you for this size.

RICHARD MAZUR: I agree with you on the 3-bedroom apartments. The one thing that I want to add on this project, I've done a lot of work with the homeless and the community and the one portion of this project that's very unique in my mind is that we're putting in 16 homeless units. These are the people that are really on the edge of the cliff. And the 3-bedroom apartment is going to the homeless.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: I understand that and it's a lot of homeless--well, people who need apartments also, families that need apartments to keep it affordable. And you said it's going to be affordable apartment.

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2 RICHARD MAZUR: They're all going to be affordable.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: All of them are going to be affordable, but a lot of families cannot find affordable apartments any more, and especially wit having three or more children. So, having permanently affordable housing would have been great if there were more 3-bedrooms.

RICHARD MAZUR: I agree.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: [interposing] I'm just making a statement.

RICHARD MAZUR: The configurations are all done for size and economics--

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: [interposing]

Sometimes I would love to get a resident to help

more, too. Thank you because a lot of our families,

bigger families are going into the shelter because

they cannot afford the apartments now.

RICHARD MAZUR: Well, that's--I--I wish we could have built all 3-bedrooms for homeless people because these--these units are being subsidized where that--that homeless family for the 3-bedroom will only be paying \$500 a month in rent.

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COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And that's what we need more of to help families in need. So thank you.

RICHARD MAZUR: We--we-we concur.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Could Procida just kind of take a moment to explain to us the difference between the two--you know, ultimately you believe that the construction cost is going to be \$2.5 million more than the previous developer. Can you just explain to us what went into that?

MARIO PROCIDA: Okay, I can--yes, on several fronts. Um, first of all, over the past I'd say three years we--and--and just to clarify, we come in primarily as a developer partner or as a development partner to North Brooklyn. And secondarily, as a general contractor on like the construction company comes in as a general contractor. Like some that are in the business that-that we do, we also competitively bid a lot of work to independent third-party developers on city and state affordable housing projects as well as private construction work.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Your role as a GC?

MARIO PROCIDA: My role as a GC. So we think our numbers are competitive. We win a lot of

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work on competitive bid basis as a pure straight GC, and we think that the numbers that we have included in the budget here are on target. Over the past three years or since the -- when the RFP was submitted, my guess is costs have escalated. You know, I wouldn't be surprised if costs have gone up in excess of 30%. The market at the moment is extraordinarily tight. The market is tighter than when the back precrash the market was pretty busy. The market today for trades and for--for trades and for skilled labor is--is far in excess of--of what it was back precrash days. So, you know, incrementally I don't know that the numbers, you know, on a percentage basis are--are much higher. I think the increases are in mine. I think some of the uniqueness of the project that makes it more expensive are the small size of the site. Normally, a 55-unit building you would probably build in five to six stories. We have an 11 or 12-story building we're building here. necessitates the use of a hoist that comes with an operator. We've got the impact of the -- of the bridge right next door, which has necessitated the use of triple pane windows. We did build a -- we developed and built the building not -- I guess two blocks to the

west from the site. So we're fairly familiar with
with the location on the corner of White (sic) and
South 5th, which happens to be a market rate rental
housing development. But it'sI think the costs are
reflective of thethe hard costs are reflective of
the market, and many of the soft costs that have been
incurred are also reflective. We went through an
extensive review process with the Office of
Environmental with OER. We are doing the demolition
of the building under Prevailing Wage Guidelines.
This project happens not to be subject to prevailing
wage because of the finance of structures. But while
the property is in city ownership, the demolition and
some of the other work that has to be happen now is
being done under prevailing wages. That's added some
money to the demo costs, and the asbestos removal
costs that took place there. But we've had plans
developed. We've priced it out in the market place,
and on the construction site, and this is where we
see the costs slant. (sic)

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: And so you don't think your bid is—your bid is in line with the original bid where it's subject to the increased costs and construction costs.

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS

53 1 2 MARIO PROCIDA: Yes, and I think that 3 what you'll see if you did a line-for-line comparison 4 is yes, there are construction costs and increases, 5 but you're also going to find that there are some professional costs increases on the architectural and 6 7 engineering side, and on the environmental review side and probably some of the controlled inspections 8 and things that are required by the Building 9 10 Department. CHAIRPERSON COHEN: But what is the cost 11 12 of the property? What are you paying for the 13 property?

RICHARD MAZUR: I believe it's \$1.00.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Anybody else have any questions? [coughing] Council Member Treyger.

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COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Yeah, just a quick question. With regards to maintenance of the building, can you explain how that's going to work out as far as will there be a super or is there going to be someone? How is the -- how are the properties maintained an all that.

MARIO PROCIDA: Okay, the operating budget is set up. We will have a full-time live-in on site superintendant. We will have a third-party

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management company probably spearheaded by North Brooklyn, and, you know, we'll be maintained like every well maintained residential apartment building in New York. The 14 parking spaces are being constructed. They are only there for the benefit and use of the tenants. There will be a nominal charge. We don't expect frankly a lot of them to be least, but more to move through the approval process. kept the plans as they were gener--as they were originally developed. So Rich knows. 

RICHARD MAZUR: Yeah, I'd--I'd invite you to visit any of the properties that we manage unannounced because that's kind of an indication of how, you know, we have a few properties with live-in supers, and pretty much our motto is that every place that we build or manage should be a place where I'd want my mother to live.

appreciate those comments because I'm--in my neck of the woods sometimes there's a super who doesn't live in the building or they share like four or five different buildings and there's always maintenance issues and--and it's hard to get a hold of the person. And I think that especially any unit such as

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS

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this it's important to have someone that's really there, and readily available to the residents.

RICHARD MAZUR: So all of our properties are within half a mile of our office. I have mopped floors when I needed to.

appreciate that, and just the last word about I appreciate the comments and the, um, the empathy and the sympathy that we show for our most vulnerable families making sure that they—some families who come in let's say from the shelter system or are homeless might need additional support services being mindful of that. And that's always a critical thing that sometimes gets lost in conversations, but I just want to be mindful that they get the care, which they deserve.

RICHARD MAZUR: Exactly, and that-and that is part of what we do because as I said I've done a lot of work with the homeless--

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: [interposing]
Right.

RICHARD MAZUR: --in--in the community.

So whether it's local church support, the social services people are homeless for different reasons.

1	AND CONCESSIONS 56
2	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Correct.
3	RICHARD MAZUR: Andand just getting
4	into a home doesn't square up their lives.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Exactly.
6	RICHARD MAZUR: Then you have to feed
7	them.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: That's right.
9	RICHARD MAZUR: And we've got a lot of
10	outreach for I guess soup kitchens and other things,
11	and even we can supply them with food for a week, and
12	then there's the mental states
13	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: [interposing]
14	Yep.
15	RICHARD MAZUR:and everything else and
16	we have, you know, partners at out Project Outreach
17	as soon as you
18	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: [interposing]
19	And that's the piece that historically has been
20	missing in many cases in my opinion.
21	RICHARD MAZUR: Yes.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: And, um, and
23	they suffer and the community around them feel the
24	burden of that. So II appreciate your

understanding.

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2 RICHARD MAZUR: We--we embrace the whole 3 package because they deserve it.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Thank you.

Thanks, sir. Thanks, Chair.

MARIO PROCIDA: On that note also just so you know, I think that there was a recent add to the program to switch the percentage of homeless from what would normally be ten and increased it up to 20% and that was at the agency's request.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Thank you for your testimony, gentlemen.

RICHARD MAZUR: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Please feel free.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So I just wanted to finish off. I would also like to say that, you know, that, you know, it's not my community's fault. It's not MBG's fault. This is HPD's processes that continue to disrupt, and disrupt my neighborhood, but I'm supportive of the project. I think it should move forward. Just we should be as vigilant as possible every time HPD is moving to change something in any--after any RFP. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Okay, I have to acknowledge I don't--I don't think, you know, in my

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- 2 term serving on this, I don't recall a member being
- 3 as diligent about a project. So I think that that's
- 4 inspirational. I think you should be proud of the
- fact that you're getting 100% affordable project in
- 6 your district. So you're to be commended. All
- 7 | right, so we're going to move onto the next item on
- 8 | the calendar, and that's Land Use Item No. 293, and I
- 9 guess this is going to be no problem. There is going
- 10 to be Carrie Labotz and Baaba Halm again. [pause]
- 11 You've been sworn. So I think you're okay.
- 12 COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Did you want to
- 13 | swear Carrie in?
- 14 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Well, are you also
- 15 from HPD?
- 16 COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Yes, she is.
- 17 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: All right, well you
- 18 can raise your right hand. Do you swear or affirm
- 19 | the testimony you're about to give is the truth?
- 20 | CARRIE LABOTZ: Yes.
- 21 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Excellent. Proceed.
- 22 COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: Thank you for
- 23 | hearing us again. I'm Baaba Halm and I'm joined by
- 24 Carrie Labotz, the Director of our Year-15 Program.
- 25 | LU 293 consists of a proposed amendment to a UDAP

2	previously approved on May 2, 1996 under HPD's then
3	Neighborhood Entrepreneurs Program. The sponsor is
4	proposing to preserve seven of the multiple dwellings
5	within the exemption area located at Block 2728, Lots
6	16 and 19, Block 2745, Lot 36; Block 2752, Lot 17;
7	Block 2754, Lot 69; Block 2974, Lots 22; and Block
8	2979, Lot 2 also known as the Home Street Homes in
9	the Bronx. The project has a total of 109
10	residential units and the are seven vacancies. There
11	is a mix of one, two, three and four-bedroom
12	residential units plus two units for super. One of
13	those units is a studio and the other is a one-
14	bedroom. The existing AMI bans per our regulatory
15	agreement are that there 13 units at 50% AMI, 77
16	units at 60% AMI, and 17 units at 165% AMI. The
17	current existing rents range between \$695 for a one-
18	bedroom unit, and \$1,340 for a 4-bedroom unit. J-51
19	benefits for the buildings will expirewill begin
20	expiring in 2017 and 2018, and in order to continue
21	the affordability of these units, HPD is seeking
22	approval of Article 11 tax benefits, which will
23	coincide with the new regulatory agreement for a term
24	of 32 years. In preserving the buildings, the
25	sponsor will conduct a moderate rehabilitation that

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2	will	include	upgrades	to	the	heating	and	water

3 systems, repairs to masonry work on the building

4 | facades as well a roof and window replacements.

5 Again, we are before this committee to seek approval

6 of tax benefits in order to facilitate the continued

7 affordability of these rental units. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Are you going to testify or just--

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: No, she will answer--

12 CHAIRPERSON COHEN: [interposing] Okay.

COMMISSIONER BAABA HALM: --specific

14 questions. Thanks.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: My job as chair was to read this little tiny paragraph, and I totally blew it, but the sum and substance is that Council Member Arroyos has indicated her support for this project. Who is the sponsor currently, Ms. LaBatz?

CARRIE LABATZ: It's PRB Realty.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: And how long have they owned it?

CARRIE LABATZ: Well, since--well, currently--excuse me. The limited partnership is-the limited partnership is the current owner. PRB

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regulatory term.

Realty will be stepping in at Year 15, which is what-we're going through this financing now to step in as
the owner. So as part of the Year 15, the limited
partner, the investor will exit, and then the new
owner will step in for the remainder of the

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: I understand. Okay.

Do any of my colleagues have any questions? Okay.

Thank you very much for your testimony and now-[background comment] Oh, is there anybody else who
would like to testify today? [laughs] You can.

Going once. Okay. We're going to close the hearing.

Yes, yes, we're definitely voting and I will now
move--move onto a vote to approve Land Use Items No.

293 and 294. Counsel, please call the roll.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Chair Cohen.

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: I vote aye.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Council Member Mealy.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: [laughs] May I

explain my vote?

CHAIRPERSON COHEN: Please.

COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: I definitely feel that we should do some changes and I hope HPD think about all the permanent affordability in my district

1	AND CONCESSIONS 62
2	also, and I vote aye on all, and thanks to Council
3	Member Reynoso for being diligent and making sure we
4	get affordability for his district, which is needed
5	desperately also, and I vote aye on all.
6	LEGAL COUNSEL: Council Member Rodriguez.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: Aye.
8	LEGAL COUNSEL: Council Member Treyger.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: I just want to
LO	give a thanks to the chair who helped facilitate I
L1	think a very great and formative hearing today. He
L2	did a great job filling in, and I certainly wish
L3	Chair Dickens a speedy recovery and with that, I vote
L 4	aye on all.
L5	LEGAL COUNSEL: Land Use Items 293 and
L 6	294 are approved by a vote of 4 in the4 votes in
L7	the affirmative, 0 in the negative and 0 abstentions.
L8	They are referred to the full Land Use Committee.
L 9	CHAIRPERSON COHEN: All right. That
20	closes the hearing. Thank you.

21 [gavel]

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date October 24, 2015