CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES

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March 20, 2015

Start: 10:20 a.m. Recess: 3:00 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

B E F O R E: JAMES G. VAN BRAMER

Chairperson

COSTA CONSTANTINIDES

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Elizabeth S. Crowley

Julissa Ferreras

Peter A. Koo

Stephen T. Levin

Andy L. King

Laurie A. Cumbo

Helen K. Rosenthal

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Linda Johnson
President and CEO
Brooklyn Public Library

Tony Marks
President and CEO
New York Public Library

Bridget Quinn Carey
Interim President and CEO
Queens Library

Val Colon President of Local 1930 New York Public Library

Cuthbert Dickinson President of Local 374

John Hyslop President of Local 1321

Eileen Muller President of 1482

Joe Reese Custodial Worker New York Libraries

Tom Finkelpearl Commissioner New York City Department of Cultural Affairs

Kathleen Hughes Assistant Commissioner New York City Department of Cultural Affairs

Rabbi Ben Huda Queens Resident Carina Nieves President Friends of Richmond Hill Library Group

Linda Sailor Marshawn

Nina Manning New York Public Library Andrew High School Braille and Talking Book Library

Sherry Ann Joseph Brooklyn Public Library

Christian Alfman [sp?}
Teacher

Ann Dennin New York City Arts Coalition

Andrea Louie Director Asian-American Arts Alliance

Holly Block
Executive Director
Bronx Museum

Mohiah Lansdown [sp?]
Artist

Heather Woodfield Executive Director One Percent for Culture

Paul Otto Brooklyn Public Library Business and Career Library Downtown Brooklyn

Thomas Wynn Library Custodian Cana Wells South Hollis Library Library Computer Specialist

Dr. Maria Galvan Centro Clinico de la Americano

Tamara Greenfield
Executive Director
Fourth Arts Block (FAB)
Co-Director Naturally Occurring Cultural Districts
in New York or NFCDYNY

Kemi Ilesanmi Executive Director Laundromat Project

Stephanie Beacums Laundromat Project

Betty Yu Laundromat Project

Bismark Contreras La Puente

Andre Powell Coordinator Hospital Storytelling Brooklyn Public Library

Mel Hindko Branch Manager Jamaica Bay Branch Library

Robert Oboso Supervisor Rugby Branch of the Brooklyn Public Library

Sonya Ferrardo

Andrew Oppenheimer Stapleton Branch - New York Public Library Katy Rubin Theater of the Oppressed NYC Concrete Justice

Naji Newbold Theater of the Oppressed Concrete Justice

Nina Ziacola Russian-American Composer

Jenny Louloudes Executive Director Alliance of Resident Theaters New York

David Johnston En-Eng

Jackie Torres Girl Be Heard

Ashley Mariaccio Girl Be Heard

Guy Lawrence Elders Share the Arts (ESTA)

Guy Yedwab Managing Director League of Independent Theaters

Anthony White NY Public Library

Deborah Wynn Bayside Branch Library

Dawn Zimminer [sp?]
Wakefield Branch Library

Shantel Houston

Kathleen Chi Senior Librarian New York Public Library, St. George Branch

Ceil Khaldun Al Shakir President Friends of Laurelton Library

Eleanor Cohen

Hulan Jack Friends of Lafrak Library

Yuki Kiendo

2 [sound check, pause]

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3 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Good morning 4 everyone. How did everyone like the rally? [cheers] 5 It was a lot of fun. So if the three library system 6 heads are ready, then I think we are about ready to 7 go. So good morning, everyone and welcome to the 8 Fiscal Year 2015 Preliminary Budget hearing overseeing the budgets of our three public library 10 systems. I am Majority Leader Jimmy Van Bramer, 11 Chair of the Committee on Cultural Affairs, 12 Libraries, and International Intergroup Relations, 13 the committee with the longest name in the City 14 Council. [laughter] And I am joined by the Chair of 15 the Select Committee on Libraries, Council Member 16 Costa Constantinides, whom we will hear from shortly and with this gavel, we are in session. And we will 17 18 have council members coming and going throughout the 19 day, but we're thrilled to have our three great public library systems, the Brooklyn Public Library, 20 21 the New York Public Library and the Queens Library 22 here each on the front lines in our city's battle 23 against inequality. Located in the heart of nearly 24 every neighborhood in our city, libraries are 25 uniquely positioned to support our neediest

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residents, and are crucial to the lives all New
Yorkers. Every day libraries and library staff, the
hardworking men and women who work in our libraries
deliver life changing and life enhancing resources in
so many ways. Including after school programming for
youth; English language learner classes; senior
programs; free Internet access; immigration services;
and now IDNYC enrollment. Libraries are critical
foundations for our communities' future, and serve an
incredible role in combating inequality.

Funding libraries should not be considered a luxury. It should not be an after thought. It is a critical investment in the future of our city and its residents. The Mayor's Fiscal 2016 Preliminary Budget for Library Systems is \$313.1 million. But that is not what we need to make sure that every library is open six days a week. On the expense side, we need \$65 million. \$65 million in the budget this year to make sure that every library has the hours and days of service that they need. Last year, at budget adoption, we added \$10 million for libraries, which was a step in the right direction. Not enough, but a step in the right direction. However, the Administration did not

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baseline that funding. So we are now going back and having to fight for the \$10 million we added last year all over again. We've got to end the budget dance when it comes to libraries. We should have \$65 million added to this budget, and we should baseline it so we never have to have this fight again.

We also want to talk, and have to talk about the Capital Plan, the Ten-Year Capital Strategy for the City of New York. We had a hearing last month about that, and we just had a rally with this terrific report, Invest in Libraries, which highlights the over \$1 billion need that exists today to make sure that our libraries are in a good state of repair. And as I said outside, it is imperative that we add the expense money to this year's budget, and that every library is open when they are needed by the people who need them. But, but those libraries need to have heat in the winter, air conditioning in the summer, and they need to have roofs, and doors and windows that don't leak. they must have the technology that is required for today's society. So we are fighting for all those things. I'm anxious to hear from the three library systems, and from the unions that represent the

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2 workers at those libraries. We must invest in libraries. That is our clear universal and undivided 3 message that we invest in libraries today, every day.

I want to thank the staff of our committee Aliya Ali who put together an incredible amount of information for this hearing. Amita [sp?] Kilowan, our Counsel; Tonya Cyrus; and my staff Matt Wallace, my Chief of Staff and Cody Ryder, my Deputy Chief of Staff for Budget and Legislation. And now, I'd like to hand it over to a good friend, a great champion of libraries, and all things good in Astoria, Queens, the Chair of our Select Committee of Libraries Costa Constantinides. [laughter]

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you, Chair Van Bramer.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: [interposing] And just to--to--well, I would applaud for Costa Constantinides as well. If everyone wants to applaud, or you hear anything that you agree with, we do this in the City Council because clapping is not allowed in the City Council apparently. So, now I'll reintroduce him, and if you love Astoria, Queens and you love Costa Constantinides, do this. [laughter] There you go.

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CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you, Chair Van Bramer. I'm going from the Chair of the longest name of the committee to the Councilman with the longest last name on the City Council. But, you know, thank you for your steadfast commitment to libraries and all the great work that you do on behalf of the three systems and the people of the City of New York. Thank you for your great work, and good morning everyone. I share Council Member Van Bramer's sentiments that library systems are a vital part of our city. They provide a broad range of services to all New Yorkers. Libraries play a big role in our neighborhoods as community centers, as places where everyone comes. Which far--goes past just access to books. There are places that it increases the Internet, and it closes our digital divide for New Yorkers. Where immigrant populations can learn English. Where the under-employed and unemployed New Yorkers can go and make their resumes. Recognizing their importance to New York, I was glad to see last year that there would be baseline funding for libraries, but we know we need to do better. know that our hours, our librarians do an amazing job every single day. Our libraries do an amazing job

12 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 every single day. They do more with less, less resources, and they have to do a bit of everything 3 every single day for every New Yorker. And we 4 5 appreciate that, and we know we need to do better. 6 We know we need to have the libraries open when some 7 needs to use them. We have to have the \$65 million 8 for six-day service because we know that there are parents, and all of New Yorkers who want to use those 9 libraries on the weekends and don't have access. 10 know that we have to have hours that make sense for 11 12 everyone, and we know that when it comes to the capital needs-- I was happy to learn that for the 13 14 first time in recent history, the library system was 15 asked to submit a Ten-Year Capital Plan. However, I 16 was disappointed to see the allocation of only \$62.3 million. We need \$1.1 billion. That leaves us with 17 18 a gap, and we're talking about leaky roofs, and heat not being there. Windows not being opened, but also 19 20 ADA compliance. Making sure that every New Yorker 21 can use our library system in the same way. And 2.2 honestly, we need to go beyond that. As we talk 23 about the 21st Century. As we talk about resiliency, 24 our libraries are one of the few public spaces

equally spread out through out city making them

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2 ideally suited to be part of any resiliency and national disaster response plan. Out of our 207 3 branches, 74 are located in flood zones, 75 are 4 located within half a mile of one. We saw a number 5 of these branches used after Super Storm Sandy when 6 7 the American Red Cross and several branches such as New Dorp, Red Hook, Far Rockaway as staging areas and 8 distribution points for badly needed supplies. 9 how then can we only talk about \$62.3 billion--10 million dollars when the need goes far behind--beyond 11 12 what the \$1.1 billion is. And we have to ensure that our libraries are resilient, and can be part of the 13 sustainable future that we need to talk about in the 14 15 City of New York to meet our 80 by 50 reduction--16 emissions reduction plan. So I hope as we move through this budget process, we can have a capital--a 17 18 ten-year capital plan that is more in tune with the needs of our library system, the needs of our New 19 20 Yorkers. And give our libraries -- to be able to find a solution to plan long term for capital. And meet 21 2.2 the growing demand of all New Yorkers. We must 23 acknowledge the accomplishments of the library systems. And the significant impact that they make 24

on each and every one of our communities in terms of

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education, cultural enhancement, and a safety net for New Yorkers by providing them adequate capital funding to have them continue their amazing work that they do in our neighborhoods.

In closing, I would like to thank my staff, my Chief of Staff Nick Olson; my Legislative Director, Nick Wyzowski [sp?] and all of the staff or our committee for their work in putting this hearing together. And again, Council Member Van Bramer for leading our rally this morning in what is supposed to be spring, but not quite. [laughs] With that, I look forward to hearing the testimony of the libraries. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much, Chair Constantinides. I want to acknowledge and welcome a great colleague of ours, Councilwoman Helen Rosenthal from the Upper West Side of Manhattan who's joined us for this very important hearing. And now, I believe we will turn it over to the three systems and it looks like Linda Johnson from the Brooklyn Public Library will lead us off.

LINDA JOHNSON: Good morning. Thank you. My name is Linda Johnson, and I'm President and CEO of Brooklyn Public Library. And I'd like thank City

Council Speaker Melissa Mark-Viverito; Finance Chair
Julissa Ferreras; Majority Leader and Committee Chair
Jimmy Van Bramer; Committee Chair Costa
Constantinides; and the entire City Council for their
support of New York City's Libraries. Also, to all
the members of the staff of Brooklyn Public Library
who are here. Thank you and to the wonderful workers
of DC37 who have been so supportive through this
through this charge. Thank you. We're grateful to
the committee for giving us the opportunity to
testify about our considerable capital needs at
hearings in December and in February. And we hope
that you'll support the Ten-Year Capital Plan to
modernize our libraries, and ensure their continued
service to New Yorkers who value and depend upon
them. But today we'd like to share with you the many
great things that are happening inside our buildings,
and how much more Brooklyn Public Library could
achieve with increased support from the City for our
operating budget.

In 2014, nearly 900,000 Brooklynites attended library programs, an increase of 28% over the previous year. Many of the people who attend our programs will go on to start businesses, graduate

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2 from college, or contribute to the artistic and cultural life of the borough thanks to the help they 3 received from the staff and volunteers of Brooklyn 4 5 Public Library. Patrons logged more than two million 6 sessions on our 1,100 public computers in 2014. 7 usage of the library's free wireless Internet increased by almost 40%. Many of these patrons found 8 jobs, acquired professional certifications, or earned 9 10 United States citizenship thanks to the availability of free technology, and digital resources at the 11 12 library. In the past year, we introduced new initiatives to help immigrant communities access 13 14 legal services and gain United States citizenship. 15 We engaged a record number of children and teens in 16 our summer reading program. And we added to the many services we provide outside our branches. 17 18 example, our pop-up libraries offered specially curated collections at homeless shelters and other 19 20 underserved locations. We taught the art of comic book creation to elementary school students at New 21 2.2 York City Housing Authority community centers. 23 our Tell A Story program facilitated virtual story time, sing-alongs and other bond activities for 24

incarcerated fathers and their children. Our

1 2 outreach efforts have not gone unnoticed. Brooklyn Public Library has been named a finalist for the 3

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Institute of Museum and Library Services National Medal for Museum and Library Service, the nation's

highest honor given to museums and libraries for 6

7 serving their communities. Library usage is at an

all-time high, and demand for our services has never 8

been greater. Unfortunately, the City support for 9

10 its libraries has not kept pace. The Mayor's

Preliminary Budget Proposal for Fiscal Year 2016 11

12 provides the library with 20% less discretionary

funding than we received in 2008. These are the 13

funds that we would use to hire staff, acquire 14

15 materials for our collections, and deliver programs

16 that help Brooklynites achieve their dreams.

While the recession that precipitated the City's budget cuts has passed, New York libraries are still waiting for a recovery. Last year, City Council partnered with Mayor de Blasio to baseline our funding and allocate an additional \$10 million to New York's three library systems. Brooklyn Public Library delivered an extraordinary return on your investment. With the support of our--with your support and our implementation of numerous operating

service increased from 23 to 39.

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efficiencies, we undertook our most extensive hiring and training since 2008 brining aboard 28 new staff members most of whom are youth librarians. We train staff to ensure that all 60 of our branches would have technology resource specialists to help patrons access our free technology and improve their digital literacy. And thanks to your help, we have expanded our hours of service at branches throughout the borough. The number of libraries offering six-day 

Service increased from 40 to 47, and we added evening hours at many of our locations. While we continue to serve New Yorkers where they live, work and play, one of Brooklyn Public Library's highest priorities is that our branches be open to the people who value our collections and depend on our services. The single most important thing libraries can do for their patrons is to provide consistent reliability services. In other words, to be there when we say we will be there. And despite your support, our doors are too often closed when patrons need us the most. Only two of our branches are open seven days a week.

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to the library after work and on the weekends. That should be able to visit the library in the evening to study—to work on resumes or just to find a good book. Unfortunately, Brooklyn's libraries are only open an average of 45 hours a week. Our libraries offer fewer hours of service than libraries in cities like Chicago, Boston and Seattle.

Our patrons, your constituents, deserve beautiful, inspiring, well-maintained facilities that are open to all who need them. But the Mayor's Preliminary Budget Proposal eliminates the funds that allowed us to expand our hours, and to hire more librarians. If that funding is not restored, Brooklyn Public Library may be forced to roll back our expanded hours and to reduce our staff. We hope this is not the beginning of a new budget dance. There is a better way forward. We are asking that you allocate an additional \$65 million in this year's budget to New York City's libraries so that we may provide the level of service that you and your constituents expect and deserve. With our share of the funds, Brooklyn Public Library will finally be able to restore six-day service to all of your branches. We will extend morning and evening hours

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at branches that are currently open six days. And we will increase the number of branches offering seven-day service from two to ten.

Furthermore, patrons who visit our branches during these expanded of operation--expanded hours of operation will enjoy more robust collections. City budget cuts have forced Brooklyn Public Library to reduce its acquisition budgets by 20% since 2008. With your help, we will increase the size of our print and digital collections to decrease wait times for popular materials. And to make it easier for patrons to access practically all of humanities' accumulated wisdom. We will also make our branches safer and more inviting by hiring more custodial and facility staff. Our overstretched librarians, public safety professionals, custodial workers, and clerical staff have performed heroically under difficult circumstances. We are deeply grateful, but nonetheless, our partners at DC37 and Local 1482 have been such strong advocates for Brooklyn Public Library. Several members or our staff are here today to testify about the extraordinary challenges they must overcome to serve our patrons.

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It is because of our people, our hardworking staff, and volunteers that the library is able to contribute so much to the life of every community in Brooklyn. No civic institution in our borough serves more people in more neighborhoods than Brooklyn Public Library. Brooklynites visit our branches to learn to be entertained, to connect with their neighbors. Today, the future of our libraries is in your hands. We hope the City will honor the covenant it entered into with New Yorkers more than 100 years ago when visionary elected officials and philanthropists like Andrew Carnegie imagined a New York in which all people would have access to exceptional libraries. They were champions for libraries as you are, and we are confident that you will continue to support New York's libraries in both word and deed as they did. Thank you for your support of Brooklyn Public Library. We look forward to working with you together.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much, Linda and yes a rousing applause. [laughter]

You couldn't hear it, but it was there. I saw it. I love that photo, by the way, of that--

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LINDA JOHNSON: [interposing] Isn't that great? Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: --great grounds.

It was a great photo. I want to recognize we've been joined by two members of the committee, Council Member Elizabeth Crowley from Queens and also Council Member Peter Koo also from Queens and it looks Tony Marks President and CEO of the New York Public Library is next.

TONY MARX: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Thanks to you, to the Speaker, to Council Member

Ferreras, the Chair of the Finance Committee to Costa

Constantinides, the Chair of this Subcommittee. To

all the members of the City Council and the

administration and, of course, a special thanks to my

great colleagues who are here from the staff of the

library, from DC37. As well as the public who are

here today because everyone cares so deeply about

this set of issues. Of course, I fully concur with

what Brooklyn--my colleague Lind has already said and

what I think Bridgett from Queens will say. I have

prepared a written testimony. You have it. I am not

going to read it to you. I want to make sure you

2 have something good to read this evening when you get

home over the weekend.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: That is very generous of you, Tony.

TONY MARX: Yeah, yeah. [laughs] It's qreat.

LINDA JOHNSON: [off mic] Always providing reading material.

TONY MARX: Yes, that's what we're here for, right. So as--as was said outside, the libraries are the institution at the cornerstone of civic society in this time. Here we are in the capital of the information age, and the libraries are the foundation of that great strength of New York. It's the place where the greatest array of New York's amazingly diverse population come together. And it is the diversity of New Yorkers that is our great historic strength going back to our founding as New Amsterdam. And you combine that with access to all the world's ideas and information and books, and images, and that is the secret to the explosive history and possibilities of prosperity and vibrant democracy in this city. The libraries for over 100 years have been the foundation of that. They are

where the bottom third of New York come because they
have no place else to get access to what they need to
read to skill themselves, to inform themselves as
citizens. To get access to computers, educational
programs, quiet, heat, air conditioning, all the

rest.

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We are here simply asking for a restoration of what has been lost. The uses of the library have gone up while we have seen close to a 20% reduction in funding. We will retain the efficiencies that we have been forced through hard times to gain. But we want to rehire great staff and colleagues so that we can do more of exactly what the City Council and the Mayor of our city have said they want to see more of. So let me summarize that for you. We at the New York Public Library were fortunate. We did not have to reduce our hours much during these lean years. We actually have more branches than we've ever had. But we did because of the loss of great--positions of great colleagues on the staff, we have not been able to meet the educational program needs that so many New Yorkers depend on. So after school, we have -- we've more than doubled our after school slots in the last year.

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We've gone from 15 to 25 locations. With a full restoration we can get close to 10,000 regular after school spots, and maybe another 10,000 or so of less regular spots. We can be one of the largest providers of after school since the kids are already coming to us to stay safe after school. Let's help them in terms of their achievements.

Calvin Guzman, who you see here, is a great example. He was having some difficulties in school. He came to our after school programs, and now he's just doing so much better. The demand here is great. We joined in the City and the City Council and the Mayor's commitment to after school. In addition to our own after school programs, we are reaching out to all the providers of after school in this city to say come use the library. Come use our great librarians, our great staff, facilities, our computers and our books.

Similarly, on early childhood literacy.

We share the City's commitment to meeting the great needs in this arena. In fact, we have gone--With a full restoration, we can have programs for closed to 350,000 attendees. And we are reaching out to all of the Pre-K programs in the city in our areas to say

come in and use the library during the day. Use our books. In fact, the My Libraries NYC Program that makes available our 17 million circulating books for delivery into the public schools is now also being used by the Pre-K program. So the kids can have the books. This is not about babysitting. This is about educational enhancements so that all of our young folks can join--can go to school and have the kind of head start that we all need.

Emily Nichols, our Manager for Children's Education Programming speaks so eloquently on this. The demand is so great at Webster Library, for instance, a line begins 90 minutes in advance to get into just our Reading to Kids programs. Parents are forced to get tickets in advance. I mean this is crazy. These are people, New Yorkers who want their kids to be inspired, and to learn how to read. And come and love the library and use the library, and they have to stand in line because we don't have the resources to meet what they need. That's just crazy. I mean these are people, New Yorkers who want their kids to be inspired and to learn how to read. And come and love the library and use the library, and

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they have to stand in line because we don't have the resources to meet what they need. That's just crazy.

Technology also we--we are--we doubled since 2012 our tech training classes. We've added coding classes. As we've all talked about, we now are lending Internet at home because close to three million New Yorkers are in the digital dark. And we thought together if we don't get at this, nothing else that we provide in terms of Internet access will make difference to close to three million New Yorkers. And if nobody is going to solve it, the library is going to have to weigh in. We've been partnering with the Mayor, and with the City Council on this. We're super excited, but there's--there so much more to do.

So Nadia Paguerrero [sic] at the Bronx

Library Center for instance was having trouble in

high school. In fact, she had to drop out. She

didn't know how she was going to get the skills that

she needed. And at the same time we were hearing

from the information technology industry, the fastest

growing industry in New York that they couldn't find

enough skilled folks. And they weren't finding

diversity of those folks. So now we're teaching

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2 coding in the South Bronx and Harlem for the first time that anyone is doing that for free. And when 3 4 Nadia heard about it from a friend, she grabbed her 5 kids, put the--put the--literally put the dinner on 6 the back burner. I hope turned the burner off, and 7 ran down to sign up for her coding classes, and we just wish her well. All New Yorkers should have 8 those--should have those opportunities. We also 9 course focused so much of our efforts on the 10 immigrant community that makes up all New Yorkers. 11 12 In fact, really throughout history and such a robust part of our city. English language classes we have a 13 fourfold increase since 2011, and with a full 14 15 restoration we can get up to close to 20,000 of those 16 seats. The demand here is so great. There are 1.3 million who are foreign born in New York, and there 17 18 are only about 62,000 free seats for English language in this city. In addition, we teach citizenship. 19 20 There is so much more we can do.

The numbers that I've given you, Mr.

Chairman and colleagues, show that the library had been moving. We haven't waited for this moment to start to expand our ability to meet what New Yorkers needs. We've been blessed with private donors who

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have helped us to get started so that we can do the increases of English language, after school computer skills, coding, all of that. But those gifts will come to an end. And I can tell you--we've talked about this, the donor community that we rely on is very clear that if the City doesn't step back up in full partnership, the private support in this public-private partnership that goes back to Carnegie, will come apart. And not only--and we will lose the private donors that have helped us get jump-started. Who are waiting for the City to come back as full-fledged partners, just to restore where we were in terms of city funding in 2007.

And then as has already been mentioned, all this can only happen in facilities that are, you know, that can manage these expanded uses that we're seeing. As I said outside, it's simply incredible that in the 21st Century we're in a situation where we're not able to plan more than one year at a time. Where we can't think about how to efficiently use your resources to ensure that your facilities, and the public's facilities are well maintained. It ends up costing the taxpayers more because we can't plan. And we're doing band-aids and the band-aids come

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apart in these in some cases hundred year-old
facilities. It's--I think we all understand it. And
hats off to the Mayor and the Administration for
welcoming us to submit to the Ten-Year Capital Budget
for the first time. But let's get a fully robust
capital budget because there is so much more that

8 needs to be done.

Lastly, I just want to point out that in particular in this last year I think we've seen the libraries have this particular strength. We are everywhere. We are in every neighborhood. Everyone loves the library, and uses the libraries more than any other institution. We have the trust of New Yorkers, and they rely on us. We are at scale. Unlike any other set of institutions in this city in terms of reach, and we can move. When the City Council and the Mayor ask us to help address a pressing need, we are there, and we can respond at scale. We may be unique as a resource to the government of the City of New York. When you said you wanted IDs for the hundreds of thousands of New Yorkers who were living in the shadows, it's the public libraries that moved quickly to become the largest place for signing up. And indeed, right now

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2 we're going from three locations or sign-up centers in Mid-Manhattan to 15 because we're not satisfied 3 that there's enough. We took some of the funding 4 5 that you all helped to make possible additional last 6 year, and we hired four additional staff just to make 7 the ID program work as well as we could for you. wasn't something we anticipated, but we agreed with 8 you all that it was essential. We agreed with you 9 10 all that we have to get out of the digital divide. That we have to bring millions of New Yorkers who 11 12 live in the digital dark into the future. And that's why we could raise the money to get started a program 13 14 that we hope will become the national leader in 15 solving the digital divide. And why we are so 16 committed to working with the Mayor's Office of Immigrant Affairs, and the United States Citizenship 17 18 and Immigration Services to create new American corners in all of our neighborhood libraries. 19 20 that not only can people come in and get the respect and the services that they rely on. The books in any 21 2.2 language, the English language instruction. They can 23 also get citizenship classes, get their IDs. This is the cornerstone of the kind of civil society that New 24

York has to have. And we need your help to make sure

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that we have the funding in partnership with private donors. Otherwise, that will fall apart as well as the facilities in which we can meet all the needs of New Yorkers. It is really the future that is at stake here, and it is time that we solve this set of problems. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much, Mr. Marx and arousing applause there. I know we were joined by members of the committee, Ferreras and Levin, who may have stepped out for a moment. We're also joined by a special quest Council Member Lander to the Committee, and we welcome him. But, before we hear from the Queens Library, we have some very special guests in the balcony. We are thrilled to be joined by P.S. 149 from Queens, Jackson Heights Queens. We applaud. This is how we do applause. [laughter] We wave. We're also waving hello. [laughs] And we're here with a group of library folks representing our libraries to talk about how important our public libraries are, and how important it is to fund our public libraries. And we're about to hear from the woman who runs all of the libraries in Queens, Bridget Quinn Carey.

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BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: Thank you. Good morning. I'm Bridget Quinn Carey. I'm the Interim President and CEO of the Queens Library. And I want to thank Speaker Mark-Viverito, Majority Leader Van Bramer, Council Member--Council--Finance Chair Ferreras, Subcommittee Chair Constantinides, Delegation Leader Weprin, and the entire City Council for your stalwart support of libraries. And our--and our missions and programs throughout the City of New York. Your leadership and support is greatly and sincerely appreciated.

Our city's public libraries serve the many and varied needs of a constantly growing number of people. They function as community centers and educational hubs, and provide a broad range of essential services that are free and available to all New Yorkers including those most in need. They provide adult literacy programs, easy access to community healthcare and medical information services for non-native speakers and new citizens. Academic opportunities for children of all ages, and I could go on and on. I am sure everyone in the Council appreciates the value of libraries in every community, and I know that you've been supportive of

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libraries even during the lean years. Which have helped us maintain a level of service we were able to even in the face of the 20% reduction in funding.

We now have the opportunity and ability

to do better for the people of the City. As the economy grows, so should the investment in libraries. So that together we ensure all of our residents and communities grow and thrive. for the past several years, you've heard us talk about how vital our library services have been to our communities during the recession. You've heard about how we've provided digital access to bridge the digital divide for those who can't afford it. The pivotal role our Job and Business Academy has played in helping people prepare to go back to work. How we've helped families survive by making sure they have access to information about benefits. And, of course, serving as an access point for city services as IDNYC. during the disaster recovery after Super Storm Sandy, community wellness, adult basic education, digital literacy. We have struggled to provide this, but we have continued to provide it because we know how important it is to our communities during the bad times especially.

AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 But now, I want to tell you about what's 3

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happening. You've made an investment in the libraries, and in the first half of Fiscal Year 15 our visitorship is up. Attendance at free library programs is up 6.7% just in the last six months, and up 43% over the last five years. The demand for library programs and services continues to grow. The economy has improved, but we all know it has not improved for everyone. You can see how your small investment has already show big payoffs. So this is really indicative of what an investment in libraries can do. We know this Mayor and this Council truly believes in equity growth, resiliency, sustainability and there is never going to be a better time to invest in libraries. We need funding for a minimum of six-day service in every library in every community. And we need funding that will enable us to have the services and materials people want and need no those days as well. It's not just enough to have the libraries open. We need to have all of the range of services available for everyone. Otherwise, it's not equity of service. Thanks to the leadership of Council Member Van Bramer, Council Member Ferreras, and the entire Council we received this

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increase in Fiscal Year 15, and we are so thankful.

Most of it went to restoring staff positions, and the rest went into materials. And you can see it's had immediate results, but we need to do better. Working families need to have access to Early Childhood programs such as our new Family Place in Corona. And that needs to be on the weekends and in the evenings. Adult learners need to be able to access adult basic education, high school equivalency preparation and English classes on the weekends and in the evenings, and in the mornings and whenever they can get there. And everyone needs more access to public computers, and skilled training programs.

mentioned that in the NYCHA housing 40% of the residents don't have Internet access. And unfortunately, that's not an unusual situation.

Almost 30% of Queens residents rely on the library as their sole source for Internet access. Public computers in the library are in constant use every day. Those computers are bringing the necessity of the Internet as something—it is something that everybody has to interact with everyday. And if you don't have it at home, you need to have somewhere

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Queens residents.

Technology lending programs including the Google

Tablets that we lend out, and the new mobile hot

spots. Which are a fantastic service enable people

to take that home with them to make sure the library
impacts their lives even when we're closed. But you

can't use the computers in the library, borrow a

Tablet or take a digital literacy workshop when the
library is closed. 43 community libraries in Queens

are closed all weekend long. If we were open six

days a week, we would be able to provide the classes

to hundreds of thousands more people in Queens.

Think about how that would help change the game not
only in NYCHA and other public housing, but for all

Speaker Mark-Viverito and Council Member
Stephen Levin and Antonio Reynoso funded the Early
Childhood Literacy Initiative because they along with
all of you understand how important it is to the
future of our city to help parents raise strong and
proficient readers. Queens Library knows this, too,
and we deliver innovative services for early learners
as I know my colleagues do as well. We offer a
library based UPK program. We establish a Family

2	Place at the Corona Library, which is a research
3	based learning environment for young children that
4	teaches the value of early learning and ready to read
5	skills for families. But if working parents can't
6	come to the library with their children. And if they
7	can't use the library when it's convenient to them to
8	make sure that reading skills are a priority for
9	their children and their family, we're only
10	scratching the surface and we're not really getting
11	to all of the people that we know we can serve in
12	Queens. We need funding so our libraries can remain
13	open during more hours when families have access to
14	programs and resources. Chair Van Bramer has often
15	spoken about how he used to come to the library as a
16	child, and I would like to report that his mom still
17	brings him to the library. [laughter] As she
18	brought him to the Broadway Library recently for a
19	celebration of a new children's room there, and it
20	was wonderful to see you together in that space. We
21	need to make family library time accessible to this
22	generation of children. We need funding to keep our
23	libraries open longer, and for the programs and

services that are essential.

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Queens has the largest percentage of foreign-born residents in the New York City, and the most ethnically and linguistically diverse county in the country, the world's borough. We welcome recent immigrants and those born here to celebrate their cultural heritage, adapt to life in the United States, learn English and advance their pursuit of the American dream. Sadly, last year we had to turn away more than a thousand ESOL students because we simply did not have another chair to put them in. And those are just the people that showed up. Year after year this is the case. So we know the demand for these services. We could serve at least the number of people that we serve now, if not more. They have a dream. They have a desire to learn, to want to improve their future and their skills, but we have to turn them away. It's time to open the doors, expand our classes, and make sure that the thousands of people that need help can get it in our libraries.

I'd like to tell you about Kadijah Rashid [sp?]. She wanted to be here with us today, but I'm pleased to tell you that she can't be because she's working. She's got a job. It's wonderful. She lives in Auburn on the Rockaway Peninsula. Kadijah

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is a very hard-working college student who happened to be in the library when we first started to lend Google Tablets. She was one of the first ones to borrow one, and having that tablet allowed her to make better use of her time commuting to school. used it to complete her degree at the College of New Rochelle, and she got excellent grades I would also like to report, which is wonderful. She used it on-and now she's in a graduate school program as well as working. And following Super Storm Sandy, we had private grants that enabled us to keep the Auburn Library particularly open seven days a week. And it was so well used, but it's over now unfortunately. So, Kadijah and her family and all the families in that community need to have the access, and they need to have the city invest in New Yorkers by investing in libraries.

Thanks to the restoration of funds this year, we were able to hire more staff and serve the public with their--with their needs, and to purchase more library materials. But that was for one year only. The Preliminary Budget that was released does not include the \$10 million for libraries that you restored last year, putting us even farther behind.

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Our ranks and our team has been so dedicated, and so loyal, and I just want to shout out to all of our wonderful employees for really sticking in there, and working so hard during these lean times. They're so dedicated and loyal, and they are—they are the ones that are making this happen. But it's time to give them some relief. It's time to help them, you know, be able to deliver these services, and not always feeling that they're at their last, you know, bit of energy. Because they're giving it all to the library.

We've talked about capital funds. I've been here to testify along with my colleagues about capital funds, but it bears repeating again. While it is so important to have our operational needs met with additional funding, the need for capital funds for facilities has to be addressed as well. We recently announced, you know, the new construction that's happening at the Hunter's Point Library. We recently completed a library in Glen Oaks. We've got project all over the borough underway to improve and enhance library spaces. But even so, the needs outweigh our budget. The Center for an Urban Future is re-envisioning New York's Branch Libraries Report.

your support in making that a reality.

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It has detailed \$1.1 billion, and I know we keep saying that, but it bears repeating because it's a big number, and it's a real number. It's not something we're pulling out of the air. It is something that has to be met because that's infrastructure, but that's also improvements and expansions for libraries across our city. In Queens we've requested \$4.8 million in projects over the next ten years that will get our system to a state of good repair; replace six and expand five libraries and renovate 20 libraries to create suitable library spaces for 21st Century Library services. That plan has not been funded yet, and we certainly ask for

Queens Library, New York Public, and
Brooklyn are asking for \$65 million baselined to
increase the city operating funding for libraries,
and we're asking for a rational sustainable capital
plan so we can keep our physical spaces worthy of our
missions. I hope I can count on all of you to make
that happen. Please invest in libraries, and invest
in New Yorkers. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much to all three of our great library systems, and I

enjoyed the video accompanying your testimonies as

well. They were very illustrative. And Bridget, I

would be remiss if I did not thank you for including

my mother in your testimony. [laughs] And it's true

6 that she held my hand as we crossed Broadway in

7 Astoria.

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BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: [laughs] I'm so glad.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: And now, I like to think I hold her hand as we cross Broadway to get to the library, but the important thing is that we are still holding each other's hands. So, we thank you for doing that. To all three of you I ask two questions. One is the \$65 million, which I agree we need to do. We need to make that investment, but we also need to baseline library funding so we're not back here all over again. And there's got to be a fundamental agreement that in good times we would love to have every single library open seven days a week in the City of New York. But even in difficult times we should never fall below every single library open at least six days a week. Every single library open six days a week. So Linda mentioned the negative impact that not restoring the \$10 million we added last year would have. That's an important

3 piece. Thank you for including that, but to all

4 three of your systems, what would adding the \$65

5 million mean in terms of hiring, in terms of being

6 able to do what you do? And then talk to us a little

7 bit about the value of baselining, and the critical

piece of baselining your funding. Whoever wants to

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LINDA JOHNSON: Thank you for your question. One of the benefits of baselining the increase that we had last year and obviously continuing that as we move ahead in years to come is that the conversation would be different. wouldn't be here telling you what we'll have to do if the money isn't baselined, which is a negative. would be here talking about what we can do, you know, with the kind of budget that we need. And we think frankly, and I speak for my colleagues as well, we deserve. We've shown time and again how effective we are at spending the money that the City Council and the Administration earmarked for the library. really feel that we give you a very great return on your investment. And if, in fact, we get the \$65 million that we're requesting, Brooklyn will return

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six-day service to the 19 branches that currently do not have it. So we would have six-day--six-day service everywhere. We would create seven-day service at eight more branches for a total of ten branches. And we would provide more late days and morning hours at branches that currently have six day a week service. So, these are--our business is really about people, and about making sure that we have enough staff because that translates into hours. We basically spend money on people and material, and those are the two areas that we would focus on. would translate into more hours, higher circulation, better program attendance. Just more robust numbers in every field that we measure.

TONY MARX: Mr. Chairman, the--so the \$65 million restoration--I like that word rather than increase. It's a restoration. Would enable use to add 320 new jobs. It would allow us to increase by about 6,000 spots of after school programming in addition to other forms of after school outreach. would allow us to add about 150,000 Early Childhood literacy program spots. It would allow us to add about 40,000 tech training including the coding classes I described. It would allow us to add 7,000,

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though I suspect it would be more, English language and related citizenship, and other such classes. fact that we--we came in--we did not come into the City Council or to the Mayor and ask for the moon. We asked for a restoration. And we're being quite explicit about what the City gets in return, right. This isn't just feed us. This is here's what those dollars will get you that fit the agenda of the City Council and of the Mayor that we happen to share as an agenda in terms of meeting those real needs.

We didn't ask for twice as much so that we could be cut back and negotiate. That's true on the capital side as well. We're being honest brokers here, and as I've said before in these chambers time will tell whether that will be rewarded or not. that seems in keeping with our principles. When you get--when we received the \$10 million three-system addition last year we kept to our commitments. said we will increase our hiring and increase our educational programming. We hired I think it was 55 new staff. We can't hire quality staff and say to them, you know, this is just temporary because a year from now we don't know what the funding will look like. We absolutely can't have those folks disappear

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on us. That would be irresponsible to them and to the people who rely on them for the services that they provide. But it's an example of how difficult it is to plan. If you don't have commitments, then how do you build programs that can meet needs?

The other example of that is if you don't know what capital investment you're going to get other than year-to-year, how do you plan to ensure that the buildings are kept up well and are inspiring and beautiful spaces? We haven't been able to do That means band-aids. It means librarians and that. our great staff are spending their times worrying about facilities coming apart rather than being able to worry about meeting the educational and learning needs of the community. It's all part of the same-the City gets less for its investment if we can't have some sense of security about how that builds over time, and is maintained. We can do the capital projects for half the cost in half the time if we're able to plan. Everyone benefits from this. It's completely rational, and that's why I believe it will be completely achieved.

LINDA JOHNSON: I just want to add I didn't give you a specific job number, and just for

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the record with the restoration, the full \$65 million across the three systems, Brooklyn will add 166 jobs, for the record with the restoration, the full \$65 million across the three systems, Brooklyn will add 166 jobs,

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Bridget.

BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: The Queens Library with the res--with the \$65 million restoration we would be able to restore 250 jobs at the Queens Library. And that is, you know, the bulk of which are direct public service front line folks that we so desperately need in order to expand hours. And not just to expand hours to open the doors, but to expand hours to make sure that the programs and services that are key for people when they walk in there are there available for them. And that's what I mean about equity of hours. So that somebody that walks in on a Saturday doesn't know it's a Saturday because oh, sorry, that program is only on Mondays. That that's what's going on across the borough at all of the libraries whenever they are open. And like my colleague, the other--the other result of an increase in funding is more spaces for Early Childhood, more ESOL classes, more after school classes. Really, everything that we know that we're not meeting the needs because we have to turn people away, gets

2	increased to be able to better serve the people that
3	we are not now. And the value of basaelining I
4	thinkand Tony was eloquent, and I don't need to add
5	much. But we do spend a lot of time worrying about
6	what happens if, and creating models for well if we
7	have this funding we have to do this. If we don't
8	have it, we have to do this. And creating so many
9	what if scenarios that that staff time can be much
10	better spent on planning for staff training and
11	development. Or, really investing that in more
12	strategic thinking about how do we leverage our
13	technology better. How do we, you know, provide
14	services better. So the baselining would not only be
15	ayou know, a good thing for us on an emotional
16	level, but it really has a direct payout. Because we
17	spend a lot of time making sure that we've got all
18	the bases covered if and when something else happens
19	if we don't get the money.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you all very much for those numbers, and as you were doing those numbers, I suddenly got into my mind the Mayor's State of the City speech, which was a great speech that so eloquently spoke to the need for more affordable housing. I was remembering one of the

2	lines in his speech that behind every number was a
3	family, was a New York family. So, for every
4	apartment, every affordable apartment that we were
5	able to build or maintain that would change the life
6	of a family. And then he just sort of talked about
7	it in exponential numbers. And as Tony said, 6,000
8	additional after school spots just in three boroughs
9	represented by your system. I thought of the 6,000
10	families and the children whose lives would be
11	changed with 750 or so jobs that would be created.
12	And what changes the life of a family more than a
13	good job, and these are good jobs that you wall would
14	bewould be hiring for. And, all of the numbers and
15	the hundreds of thousands of, if not millions, of
16	additional people that you would be able to serve.
17	And us thinking about that in terms of all of those
18	children, all of those families whose lives would be
19	improved because we're able to do this. So, needless
20	to say you have my support, and I believe our support
21	in getting to both the \$65 million, and the
22	meaningful, meaningful capital plan that allows you
23	to do your work. So, with that, I want to ask our

Chair Costa Constantinides to speak and ask

from members as well.

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questions. And I believe there are some questions

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CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you,

Chair Van Bramer. Good morning. I know we've talked about this before, but what are your funding needs in terms of upgrading technology infrastructure. You know, please elaborate on what kind of--what is that investment going to mean in our libraries?

BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: Well, I can certainly address that. In our Ten-Year Plan we've asked for \$25 million for technology investments over that Ten-Year Plan. And what that enables us to do is make sure that the technology that we have in our libraries is up to--up to date, and it also performs. So making sure our wireless networks are upgraded, making sure that our--you know, our PCs have the right software on them. It also enables us to leverage new technology to the extent we can for capital funding to provide access that otherwise is not available to people at home. And make sure that all of our back office stuff runs well, the servers and that. And that is an essential piece of our capital ask. As far as the expense, we absolutely need to invest in that part for technology as well

because that is where not only do our staff learn,
but then our-then our employees can help our

4 community residents. The people coming into our

5 library learn how to use technology. They can, you

6 know, use devices. They can learn how to use

7 software. They can use--they want to have more maker

8 | spaces. So that technology is an accessible thing

9 through our libraries, and it's not a barrier to

10 somebody succeeding in their career and in their home

11 life.

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tinda Johnson: So, you know, the question about technology is a complicated one because it's--it's not a discrete separate, you know, issue for libraries. There's the technology that we use to run the operation of the library, and we're always working on doing as much as we can with as little as we can spend. Making sure that we have the technology we need to actually run the library system. But the most important thing about technology is really providing access to the digital material, and to the world beyond to our patrons. Both to those who are on the wrong side of the digital divide. Those who need to come to the library in order access public computers. As well as

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2 making sure that we have technology that is not only embracing what we already are sort of accustomed to 3 using today. But a little bit ahead of the curve so 4 5 that people can start to imagine how technology can 6 transform their lives. And that might mean, you 7 know, having a Tablet so that you can download a It might mean like in the information comments 8 that at the Central Library on Grand Army Plaza, 9 databases and spaces where people can access a much 10 higher level of our digital collections. And also be 11 12 assisted by librarians who are well trained to assist people with technology that is too expensive for most 13 14 people to have in their homes. We also have 15 recording studios, and so it's really about being 16 digitally literate, which is, you know, where we're all--they're all moving. So last year we were able 17 18 to provide over 2.1 million public access sessions on our computers. And with our share, you know, of the 19 20 \$65 million we would hope to increase those trained by another 50,000. But the real point is that we 21 2.2 should be looking at technology in terms of how it's 23 changing the way we work, and the way we live. making sure that our use of the funds are allowing 24

all of our patrons regardless of where they are on

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2 the spectrum in terms of using technology, to be able 3 to take the next step ahead.

TONY MARX: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. our ten-year capital ask includes \$89 million over the ten years for the computer needs, and that's--You know, we think that is reasonable, but also, you know, we didn't ask for as much as we might have because the needs keep growing in this arena. that will again, as my colleagues said, so many people rely on us. One of the differences between technology investments in the library, and technology investments in other agencies that come before you is the vast majority of our computers are for public use. They're not for our back office, which we try to do increasingly efficiently, and increasingly by cooperating across the three systems. But they are the vast majority for the public use, and for that portion of the public that has no alternative. also should point out that not only are we hoping to get this kind of funding that again will allow us to meet those needs and to plan rationally for meeting those needs. But we had hoped to have a conversation with the City Council and with the Mayor's side about some of the rules under which technology is funded.

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The assumption is that capital is for desktops. But increasingly, you know, the distinction of what is a desktop, and what is a mobile device is getting more complicates. The Cloud is no longer a physical place to store, but something—a sort of combination of physical spaces. There—this technology is moving, shall we say faster than the city's rules about how we can spend money has moved. That's a topic that we're going to need to get to so that we can spend these resources in the best possible way for the public—for the public's use.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: I know that, you know—I know—I know we're definitely committed to doing that as well, and keeping up with the 21st Century. And as you look to meet your mission and all the great work that you're doing in each and every one of the branches, helping close the digital divide is—You know, we've talked about our NYCHA residents. Two out of five do not have Internet access, and closing that divide for all New Yorkers. Ensuring that no matter where you are, you can come. You can use the best technology, and learn. Additionally keeping our collections being the amazing that they already are. Having that good

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balance in our libraries that you have the E-Books and the iPads and the Tablets, and all of the great things to be able to transfer [sic] but still be able to borrow a book and take it home, and enjoy that level of reading. We have to have that strong balance, and provide the opportunity to do so. So I know that we're working at doing that as well.

And just quickly a couple of other As we talk about equality and access I asked points. this last time, and I'm just going to ask you again just more for just sort of driving home the need. You can probably give me the same answer as last time. But as far as ADA compliance, you know, many of our branches just -- You know, with this \$1.1 billion it would allow our--the men and women who can't get to that second floor, can't get to that basement floor access to our libraries in a much better and larger way. And we have an amazing library staff, custodians and librarians who help those men and women everyday. But it would be just more accessible if we had that accessibility. where are we currently there and where is that \$1.1 billion? How do we--what portion of that gets us there?

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New York Public probably has the oldest in terms of capital of the three systems I believe. Therefore, we have additional challenges. So many of our Carnegie's for instance were built in an era before we were all sensitized, as we need to be to meet the ADA needs. The cost of ensuring accessibility ranges from half a million roughly. A little over \$2 million per branch. System wide we believe we have something in the area of \$19 million of ADA compliance related capital needs. And that includes making sure that the disabled but, of course, when you make that possible you also add space for all New Yorkers.

16 CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES:

[interposing] Uh-huh.

TONY MARX: So if we have a third floor, which could be a 100% or 50% increase in space by taking an old custodial apartment and making it library space, program space. It has to be ADA compliant with an elevator for instance and should be. But that also enables that space to be available to the public as a whole. So we're deeply committed to that, and I should also point out that we also are

proud to be the greater New York hub for meeting the
particular needs of the--of people who are sight
impaired through the Andrew Heiskell Braille and
Talking Book library. And that's a pivotal resource
through federal funding--we're happy to say--that's

7 meeting the needs of 82,000 visits and half a million

8 Braille and talking books and digital items. So

9 that's another example of ways in which the library

10 | is pivotal for meeting the needs of the disabled.

11 Because again, the diversity of New York's talents

12 | includes folks who have a variety of talents, and

13 challenges, and we need all of that brought to bear.

14 And that's what the library is helping to make

15 possible.

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branches that need some level of improvement in order to be completely ADA compliant, and the estimated—I say estimated because the cost today is about \$14.2 million to take care of those needs. These are all capital issues, but the problem with capital issues and the funding process is that by the time we get to these issues, the price has typically gone up. So I would say that if we were to fix the problems today it would be 14-2--\$14.2 million.

completely ADA accessible.

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BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: In Queens we have

ten libraries that are not accessible, and a number

of those we have been working on to secure funding.

So I'm pleased to say that we--we are making progress

on that. But we still need an additional \$5 million

in order to make sure that all of those libraries are

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: And that's all part of the \$1.1 billion that we've put out there--

BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: [interposing] Yes.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: --

absolutely, and I know Steinway Library is one of those that we've provided funding for.

BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: Yes. That's one break that underway, but unfortunately, Astoria is not. So we've got--we've still got work to do.

I wholeheartedly agree with you on that. [laughter]

Look, I know we're meeting very soon to talk about

that. But I definitely, you know, as we talk about

equality and we talk about accessibility to every New

Yorker I know that this is important to this

committee, and it's important to our Chair. And he

and I have spoken about it a great deal, and we're

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4 you. And lastly, I want to definitely have my

5 | colleagues ask more questions as far as how are we

looking forward to continuing that conversation with

6 doing in the ongoing struggle since Hurricane Sandy,

7 and I'm looking forward to resilience, as I

8 referenced in my opening statement with 74 branches

9 being in some type of flood zone, and the other 75

10 | being close to a flood zone. I know--I feel like I'm

11 | almost asking you about a luxury talking about

12 | additional money beyond the \$1.1 billion. But what

13 else could we do when we talk about how we're

14 recovering from Hurricane Sandy, and looking to the

15 | future in ways of resiliency and sustainability?

16 BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: Well, I can start.

17 | I'll start. I wish I could say that all of our

19 open. They're not. We have opened all but one

20 | thankfully, and restored those. The Peninsula

21 | Library is under construction, and when that reopens,

22  $\parallel$  there will be features that do address the resiliency

23  $\parallel$  and the sustainability of that building. So we have

 $24 \parallel$  made design choices to ensure that should there be

another disaster-- And let us all hope that there is

1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 nothing like that again, but we all know that there 3 4

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might be. So we have made sure that we have, you know, moved outlets. We've moved boilers and chillers up. We have better doors to hold back the flood waters should they come again. So we've made, you know, very conscious choices on those libraries like Sea Side, like Peninsula, like Howard Beach and Broad Channel to make sure that they, if not now, will be prepared for the next storm. And we do--we will open the Peninsula this year. That is the good news, and look forward to the day of reopening that because our -- I talk about our hard-working staff. The people at the Peninsula have really been working in a trailer since Sandy. And, you know, thanks to them they are just so dedicated. They want to keep the library service there going, which is an amazing thing. But, unfortunately, the trailer gets cold in the winter and we can't always be open. But that would be an amazing celebration when were can say that all of our Sandy affected libraries are finally re-opened.

LINDA JOHNSON: I'm pleased to say that within a year after the storm the six libraries that were most critically damaged by--by the floods and

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2 the wind were reopened. In many cases, Coney Island and Gerritsen Beach in particular where the damage 3 was most devastating, the branches had actually 4 5 reopened, and are more beautiful and more appealing and inspiring than they were before the silver lining 6 7 of the storm. But, yes, many lessons learned. to--where to store things within the building. How 8 to--how to create an environment that is equally 9 functional, but prepared--also prepared for future 10 storms. And my colleague from Bridget Queens--from 11 12 Queens has mentioned some of the ways to do that. Including, you know, the -- where we place things in 13 14 the library making sure that things aren't on the 15 ground. But yes as we--as we build and improve the 16 libraries, resiliency is a priority that will be

TONY MARX: Mr. Chairman, the New York

Public for reasons of where we are located

physically, we did not have the kind of destruction

that—from Sandy that my colleagues had. But that

doesn't mean that we feel singled. In fact, we're

taking close address to make sure that we have the

resiliency. To back up our operations moving things

like where we store our backups of all of our

forefront and center.

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technology. You know, because none of us can be sure as to what will happen. We also again consistent with that are working on sustainability issues that are so much the central focus of this Council and of the Mayor.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: I appreciate that, and we owe you a larger discussion on how we help you get there. So, we'll continue to do that. Thank you, and thank you, Mr. Chair. Thank you.

much Chair Constantinides. Just a little bit of housecleaning here. This is the Preliminary Budget hearing for both Cultural Affairs and Libraries.

Commissioner Finkelpearl is scheduled to testify at around 11:30, which is about right now. I believe that they are in the building. So I'm going to conclude after my counsel or our colleagues have had a chance to ask questions with this panel. Then we're going to hear from the two library union local heads. Then we're going to hear from the Commissioner of Cultural Affairs. And then we're going to hear from the public, many of whom are here on both Libraries and Cultural Affairs. And we'll

probably intersperse those two topics throughout. So

4 questions, Council Member Crowley followed by Council

with that, we have three Council colleagues who have

5 Member Koo, followed by Council Member Levin. We're

6 going to go to a five-minute clock on the questions

7 from Council members, and then we're going to go to a

8 clock on the future folks who testify as well.

9 | Council Member Crowley.

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COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Thank you to both our Chair and good morning to all the libraries. I agree with what has been said earlier about how too few of our libraries are open on Saturdays. And I want to be helpful to us getting there this year, and making sure that as many or if not as many but all can reopen for six days a week. It would, you know, a big benefit for the people who need it out in Queens and throughout the City. Now, in preparation for today's hearing, I've been requesting the capital plan, and then also the ways the Capital Budget has been spent over the past couple of years particularly for Queens Library. Because of what happened with the CEO over the past year, and concerns that I have as to whether funds were spent in a way that's fair. And serving the communities that need it the most.

I'm still not clear in what I've received. It's not organized in a way that I could look at dollar for dollar where the money went. So my first question,

Bridget, is when can I have that? Do you have that

6 information internally?

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BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: Well, I know we've provided a number when communicating with your staff. So if it's not clear, we will certainly continue to, you know, communicate with you to make sure that you have the information you need. So absolutely we'll do that until it makes—until everybody is on the same page wit that. But yes, we do have the information.

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Have you reviewed the spending and found problems with it?

BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: The capital spending for the last years we are in the process of reviewing it all. In fact, we had a robust discussion about it last night at our board meeting, and have scheduled a special meeting of the Buildings and Grounds Committee to review all of the capital spending over the last, you know, probably about five years. And reviewing all of the projects that are currently funded as well as what's been put in the

capital plan. The funding that has been allocated
typically from the exec money over the last few years
has been for a variety of projects. There have been

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funds spent to shore up cost overruns for projects.

There have been funds that have been allocated to projects, to unique projects to fill gaps. That is a pot of money that, you know, while I don't have--

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: [interposing]

Great.

BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: --the lowest history it has been a flexible pot of money for the board and all of our participants.

always seen the pot of money or believed it to have been was for maintenance, not for new projects. And it looks that certainly last year that \$3.5 million of the \$5 million set aside for maintenance was used for a new building. Most of the money the year before does not appear that way. And so, I just want to make sure that we know where that \$5 million is going, and, you know, if there are various different libraries that need certain improvements, why they have to be put on a back burner and not given the services that they need. Because what I've always

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believed that money to be was for maintenance first.

And I'm just trying to get at more transparency to

makes sure that the funding has been spent in a fair

way, and that equity is shared throughout the city,

and certainly in the Borough of Queens.

BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: Yes, well--

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: [interposing] And I'm going--we're going to meet again before the next capital budget hearing. But I want to talk about jobs. Last year there was concern that there were jobs that were not prevailing wage jobs. There were people who were working in the library. I know in Queens Library service--building service workers were being paid. They were being contracted out. How much of that contracting out is still happening? And can we as a committee be assured that everybody who is working -- Because the vast majority of the funds are city dollars, and the workers should be being paid a prevailing wage. So how could we be assured that that contracting out is not happening? Is it still happening?

BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: When I first came into my position as Interim President and CEO, the first thing that I did was to ensure that we would

end the cleaning--the contract cleaning contracts

that we had. And I'm pleased to say that at both

Flushing and Central Libraries we are completely done

with the contracts for cleaning at those two

7 clean those buildings. So that was my first priority

locations. And we were able to hire custodians to

8 was to get that done. We had existing contracts in

9 place, and we still do. They are in place until June

10 | 30th for custodial services at a few of our other

11 locations. When those contracts expire at the end of

12 this year, we will not renew them and do have plans

13 to hire custodians in order to fill those needs as

14 well.

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more about that.

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COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Just [bell] in closing, the Council passed a law about a year and a half ago. It was sued by the Bloomberg

Administration—but it's no longer in court—mandating that if an organization received over a million dollars from the City of New York that they have to pay prevailing wages to their service workers. So I want to make sure that the Library even though it's contracting out, is not breaking

this particular prevailing wage law. So, we'll talk

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much, Council Member Crowley for that question, and Bridget, I want to thank you for your commitment to ending those contract cleaning services. And restoring those jobs to the library. Council Member Levin would be next, but I think he's not around.

8 Council Member Koo.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Thank you, Chair. Ι want to thank all the administrators who are here from the different libraries. We all know libraries are really important in our lives, right because knowledge is power. Where they enable people to have knowledge, and this will enable the city to get better and more competitive for the future. My main question today is about the under service of the libraries because I live only one block away from the Flushing Library. And every day I go to the office I see lines of people waiting to get into the door. it means the library doesn't open enough hours. should open up earlier and they should open up later because people after work and some of the libraries are closed already. So they can't have access to the library system. Libraries are one of the few services that's completely free to our citizens.

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That's very important. We want to maintain it, and we want to keep it that way, but a lot of the--when I use the library, I find a lot of the infrastructure are not up to the standard. The bathrooms are disgusting, you know. [laughs] Right? And this is--this is frustrating because we live in America. New York City is the top city in the world, and we can't even have good bathrooms. That means our budget for the maintenance is not good enough. And a lot of the stuff we use for the libraries, you have to buy heavy duty stuff, the industrial strength. You can imagine a toilet in your home is only flushed a few times. toilet in a public library is flushed thousands of times a day. So there is usually a problem, or the faucets are leaking, and the bathrooms are dirty. So those things I want you guys to put a priority on those things, and we want to make sure we have enough funding--we want to make sure we have enough funding for the bathroom fixtures. [laughter]

The second thing I want to talk about is like the roof or the air conditioning or the AC systems. Those are very important. Just like your own house. We want to make sure our roof is not leaking and the AC system is good because the library

2 has thousands of people in it. We don't want people to suffer from air illness, you know, or asthma and 3 all those other things. And I agree with all of you 4 5 the budget is not enough for this. Because I just 6 noticed in this budget things the Municipal ID Card a 7 total of \$35,000. \$35,000 has been added to the budget in Fiscal 2015 for technology upgrades to 8 allow those who have Municipal IDs to use the library 9 I think \$35,000 is not enough for the 10 system. library system to use for this upgraded technology. 11 12 We have -- how many libraries do we have? Hundreds, yeah. So this is -- I guess my point of view is we 13 14 have to help--we have to help you guys to make sure 15 you have enough funding, and I went to the Mayor and 16 the Chairman here. The Mayor always says the tale of 17 two cities. We don't have the tale of two cities in 18 our library system. We want to make sure the poor laborers has more library service. So that the 19 20 citizens and these are kids who are up in those areas will catch up. Will have technology, they have 21 2.2 knowledge, just like the regular laborers. And I 23 hope the Mayor will listen to us, and we can achieve 24 all this together. So I want to ask maybe Bridget, 25 please, how do you want to fix the infrastructure in

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the library system? What's the first priority?

Thank you.

BRIDGET QUINN CAREY: Well, the first 4 5 priority is all of those libraries that have boilers 6 and HVAC systems that are 50 plus years old. So at 7 the Douglaston Library that HVAC system is literally 54 years old. And it's a credit to our incredible 8 maintenance staff that they are able to keep that 9 thing going, and we--knock on wood--haven't had to 10 see closures because of a failure there. But it's 11 12 only a matter of time. So those are the libraries that we've priorities for roofs and for HVAC because 13 14 that's critical maintenance that we have to get done. 15 And it's sad to say that the reason it hasn't been 16 done is because unfortunately, there are other libraries that have, you know, more critical needs 17 18 than that. So, we are aware of them, and we've certainly done our -- Well, we've come -- we've come to 19 20 our Council members who have been incredibly generous in providing funding. It's not glamorous. It's not 21 2.2 sexy to fund a boiler. But our Council people do, 23 [bell] and we thank them for that, and we will

continue that and it's also in our Ten-Year Plan.

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much, Council Member Koo, always a striking the right cord and hitting a nerve with good quality bathrooms. Which we can all [laughter] can agree is an important part of library service. And I love the comment the tale of two cities does not exist in our libraries where democracy and equality reign. Council Member Levin has joined us once again. He'll be the last Council member to ask questions of the three systems, and I see Commissioner Finkelpearl in the rear view window there. But we will hear from our three or four library local presidents after these systems, and then Commissioner Finkelpearl. So Council Member Levin.

much, Mr. Chairman. Thank you very much to this panel. I just have one question about City's First Readers, which is an initiative out of the City Council that we worked on the library systems with last year. We tried to get as much funding for this initiative as possible, and I just wanted to ask specifically if you could go a little bit more in depth on how it's working in terms of ramping up.

And how you would be able to use more funding? Do

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you think that more funding is necessary? And what
do you think maybe is the optimal amount of funding
for the systems themselves as part of this

5 initiative?

York Public Library, but again, thanks to you all for the City Council's Early Childhood Initiative funding. We had 211,000 attendees expected in FY15.

We purchased 15,000 Early Literacy kits. So we think this is a great partnership, but as I mentioned earlier, our hope is to reach out to—to all the Pre—K programs at least in our boroughs—I can't speak for my colleagues here—to say we want all those kids to come through the libraries. And to talk to our librarians, and we have these kinds of kits and use our books. You know, I mean that's what the library is for. We're all in this together, and this was an example of the beginnings of a great partnership.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: How much does each kit cost? Do have anything specific?

TONY MARX: Five dollars? Five dollars.

23 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay.

TONY MARX: I'll bring one to you.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: But there's--there is a -- if you could hire -- Basically, the more funding that's available, the -- you know, that's as much as you can use or is there -- is there an option on that?

TONY MARX: I think--so let me get back to you. My guess is, you know, you can always use more material, but we also need the funding for the-for the librarians to-- You know, the material by itself doesn't make it go. It's my great colleagues who make it go, and so that -- exactly what that right balance is to maximize the use of the facilities to be able to say to every Pre-K kid in town come to the library once a week or whatever--whatever it works out to. We can get -- we're very interested in that question as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay.

LINDA JOHNSON: Yes. So--and Brooklyn as We love the program. We'd love to do more, well. and, you know, like all the questions that have actually come from the Council it's a balancing act. And, you know, you spend money on one thing means that you don't spend it on something else. So more is always appreciated. In terms of specific numbers I don't have the stats for the past year, but we will

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yeah.

provide them to your office immediately. But I do
know that as my colleague from New York Public

know that as my colleague from New York Public

Library said, it's all about making sure that the

program is staffed with the right people and that the

materials get into the hands of the--of the children

who need them. Which, of course, is the

responsibility of our librarians.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: So in terms of the initiatives dollars was that used at all for staff lines, or was it specifically just for the packets?

LINDA JOHNSON: It was just for the kids,

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay.

LINDA JOHNSON: Sorry. It's the kits.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Okay.

used the funding. We received \$175,000, which is incredibly helpful, and thank you very much for it.

We have been able to implement the Family Place at Corona Library, which has been an amazing success.

And additional funding would enable us to spread that program to other community libraries. So, yes, we would like additional funding. And it's also been able to support something we're trying to kick off to

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kindergarten. So a real full suite of Early

Learning, Early Literacy initiatives that make sure

that our youngest residents are prepared and ready

for school, and I think that helps all of us make

sure. So it's money well invested in your libraries

and we're very thankful.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Good. Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much. Council Member Cumbo, you have a question?

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: [off mic] No.

With that, I want to thank all of my colleagues. I want to thank the heads of the three library systems. We can give them all a big round of applause. We are going to fight like heck to make sure you get what you rightly deserve for the restoration of the \$65 million baseline, and then fight for somewhere in the region of a billion dollars in capital over ten years, which you rightly deserve. So thank you all so much. We are now going to call the heads of the Library Local Unions, Eileen Muller from Brooklyn and Val Colon [sp?] from the New York Public Library with Joe Reese, I believe. Is Joe Reese with Val and the

1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 team? And I know that John Hyslop representing the

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Queens Library Workers is imminent. So we will go to a three-minute clock, a three-minute clock for this testimony. Eileen, why don't you start us off, and then we have Commissioner Finkelpearl, who is in the wings waiting to join us. And then we will go to public testimony alternating libraries and cultural. So who wants to start? Val? Okay.

VAL COLON: [off mic] I want to say first of all--

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: [interposing] Is the mic on? Okay.

VAL COLON: Okay. Just a quick statement. As the heads of the Four Library Locals, we want--I do want to say that we represent all the library workers, and not any particular type. You know, we try to get away from having one title mentioned, and we have a lot of representation in this room from all the titles. And as part of the clerical staff officially, you know, I want to make sure that it's library workers.

EILEEN MULLER: Understood. Okay. afternoon. It's morning so I should say good morning. I'm usually the afternoon person. Good

1 2 morning, Chairman Jimmy Van Bramer, Chairman Costa Constantinides. Thank you for giving my fellow 3 presidents and me the opportunity to testify at this 4 5 year's joint committee on Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Group Relations and the 6 7 Subcommittee on Library hearing for the three library system budget. Val Colon President of Local 1930; 8 Cuthbert Dickinson, President of Local 374; John 9 Hyslop, President of Local 1321; and I Eileen Muller, 10 President of 1482 come before you united. Our needs 11 12 may differ because of our respective size, but our goal is the same: Ensuring our members have the 13 14 financial and human resources to improve and expand 15 the library services our patrons, your constituents 16 demand from us everyday. As you heard from the three library directors, over 2,800 frontline members of 17 18 our union provide an amazing array of programs and services while maintaining a safe and inviting 19 20 environment for over--in over the 200 locations for millions of New York City residents of all ages, 21 2.2 educational backgrounds and nationalities. However, 23 over the last--or the past eight years, this has become more and more difficult because the workers 24

have lost over 870 or 21% of their fellow co-workers.

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2 Valiantly, they do more with less, but are extremely overworked and have a very difficult time meeting the 3 current mass of demands. In addition to this, every 4 5 year frontline workers are asked, and in some cases 6 mandated to become library service integrators 7 providing new and expanding services to our ever-8 expanding communities. Everyone wants us to offer more hours, more after-school programs, more adults 9 10 learner classes, more material and more programs. appreciate and recognize -- we appreciate that you 11 12 recognize libraries are an indispensible resources to New York City citizens making our city more livable. 13 14 However, these services require more funding and more 15 staff. For years, we have heard from the Union's 16 presidents. Now you need to hear from the men and women who are in the audience who do this work 17 18 everyday. In the coming testimony, New York City--Pardon me. New York Public Library, Brooklyn Public 19 20 Library and the Queens Public Library Workers, frontline workers will speak directly to you about 21 2.2 the impact this budget, or the budgets in the past 23 have had on their lives as frontline workers in the 24 libraries. Thank you very much for giving us this

opportunity, but we hope that you will consider the

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funding because there are patrons, but they're your constituents. So thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much. And John Hyslop is perhaps the best timing I've ever seen for a hearing. Impeccable.

JOHN HYSLOP: [off mic] It is pretty mic.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yeah. [laughs]

Joe, would you like to go next?

JOE RESSE: Sure. Good afternoon, Chairs

Van Bramer and Constant--

EILEEN MULLER: Costa Constantinides.

14 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Constantinides.

15 You were almost there.

JOE REESE: All right.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: That's great.

JOE REESE: Constantinides and members of the Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations Committee. My name is Joseph Reese, and I'm representing my President Cuthbert Dickinson, and my fellow members of Local 374. I have worked as an electrical maintainer for New York Public Library for the last 31 years. As

maintainers, we are responsible for the upkeep of 92

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2 library buildings. Among other things, we keep the lighting, power, and facilities working. We keep the 3 4 water running. We keep the AC running in the summer, and the boilers running in the winter. Custodians 5 6 and porters keep the bathrooms clean, mop and vacuum 7 floors. Our security guards keep the buildings safe, and protect the employees and patrons. These tasks 8 are a constant challenge under normal circumstances. 9 10 But with our budget being repeatedly cut, we are forced to do more with less, which has become a 11 12 burden on my co-workers and me. The reduction in manpower has greatly limited our ability to complete 13 14 our projects and assignments in an adequate amount of 15 time. I may visit anywhere from two to ten buildings 16 in the course of a day, and the cuts have affected all departments. The branch staff has been cut to 17 18 dubious levels. I see buildings open with only two staff members present in some of the city's tougher 19 20 neighborhoods. When I see--when I see this done, I fear leaving unless there's a male staff member in 21 2.2 the building. Additionally, everyone's job is 23 changing and expanding with the new technology 24 upgrades and the additional programs added to the

library's schedule. The library has been trying to

1 2 utilize every square foot possible in our buildings for computer labs, classroom space and comfortable 3 workspace for our patrons. The opening of additional 4 5 space, however, has increased the burden on our custodial staff as much as 100% in some cases. Where 6 7 a library only had two floors open to the public 8 [sic] in the past, and the buildings may have been renovated and now have four floors open. 9 bathrooms to disinfect. More cleaning up behind 10

> CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: [laughs]

teenagers that are always inventing new ways to make

JOE REESE: --in our new teen centers. More learning programs, and more special programs and auditorium space to clean up behind. Along with sixday service, and expanded hours, and on top of this approximately 90% of our custodians have two buildings that they have to take care of in the course of a day.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Are you about to wrap up there?

JOE REESE: Yes, sir.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: All right.

25 Thank you, Joe.

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a mess--

JOE REESE: Two more lines.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you.

JOE REESE: We have done so much with so little. I sometimes fear that the bottom will fall out of the library and the city. We desperately need more staff to upgrade and maintain what has been the infrastructure of education for the citizens in New York City for the past 120 years. Thank you.

much, and the next time I see Cuthbert I will tell
him that you delivered excellent testimony in his
stead. We've known each other a long time. He's a
great friend, and I just want to say to you and to
Val as well as some of you know, I was raised by a
custodian of a public school, a custodian, my stepfather cleaned those floors, and mopped those
bathrooms. So I have great respect and reverence for
library workers both librarian titles, but all
titles. I know how important that work is to making
sure the libraries are safe and clean and serving
people. So thank you very much.

JOE REESE: Thank you.

24 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: John, do you 25 have something you would like to add.

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JOHN HYSLOP: No, I think Eileen spoke on my behalf. So definitely fine.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Well, we thank you for your timely and brief appearance here at the [laughs] Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations Committee. is a great leader of Queens Library Guild, and a good So we thank you all so much for the work friend. that you do representing all library workers, and we couldn't agree more that we need the \$65 million. need it now, and your members and the City of New York will benefit. John looks like he's itching towards the mic but not sure.

JOHN HYSLOP: Eileen asked the question so I was responding through Joe.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Okay. [laughter] All right, well, you worked that out amongst yourselves, but thank you all so very, very much for being here. You are free to go, and now we will turn our attention to the Cultural Affairs world and welcome the Cultural Affairs Commissioner into the room, and the library folks are free to leave. those who still want to testify as part of the public session, you are free to stay and listen to the

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- Cultural Affairs Commissioner for his piece. Then we will go back to public testimony, and alternate between libraries and culturals So thank you all so very much.
- [background comments, pause]
- 7 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So we are going 8 to try and move as expeditiously as we can.
- 9 Commissioner Finkelpearl, feel free--
- 10 COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing]
  11 Excuse me.
- 12 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: -- to take a 13 seat. Commissioner Finkelpearl.
  - SERGEANT-A-ARMS: Quiet down please. We still have the hearings on.

Very much for those who are departing for their love of libraries, and for those who are arriving. And for those who are staying, we are about to continue our hearing. But move to the Cultural Affairs portion of today's hearing, and we're thrilled to have the Commissioner of the Department of Cultural Affairs here. I'm joined by Council Member Laurie Cumbo from Brooklyn; Council Member Steve Levin from Brooklyn; and I know that Council Member Costa

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Constantinides will be back after taking a brief break. And welcome to everyone here from the Department of Cultural Affairs, and from the greater cultural community. And as I mentioned in the housekeeping portion a little bit earlier, we're going to hear from the Commissioner. And then we will go to public testimony, and we'll alternate between library panels and cultural panels. So that everyone who wishes to comment on both, we would appreciate. So all I would ask is that we be respectful. Commissioner Finkelpearl is about to testify. So if folks could take their seats and we could take conversations outside of the room.

The Department of Cultural Affairs

provides support, advocacy and technical assistance

to the City's cultural community to ensure that

culture and the arts remain thriving futures of this

city's civic and economic life, one that New Yorkers

have come to expect. The Mayor's Fiscal 2015

Preliminary Budget for the Department of Cultural

Affairs is \$150.4 million. That is less some funding

that the City Council has appropriated last year into

the budget for the arts. But we certainly hope that

at a minimum it will be continued, if not increased.

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2 So we are always hopeful. Thank you very much for an increase in that budget. And, these funds support 3 the 33 city-owned cultural institutions that form our 4 5 cultural institution group. And, of course, supports 6 hundreds of non-profit cultural organizations through 7 the Cultural Development Fund. With great programs like Percent for Art and Materials for the Arts 8 through IC represented in the front row. It is 9 10 absolutely vital that we continue to increase funding for culture and the arts. Let me repeat that. 11 12 should increase funding for culture and the arts in the City of New Yorker, and--13

SERGEANT-A-ARMS: [interposing] Quiet down. Quiet down please.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Apparently, we had librarians in the room before, and they were a little bit quieter. Now, we have the cultural community. So in the Council Chambers we are not allowed to clap, but if you really agree with something very strong, we do this. And then the Sergeant-at-Arms doesn't interject. But those of you who believe we should increase funding for culture and the arts now you can do your thing. There you go. Thank you all very much. So, it's been an

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exciting year, and Commissioner Finkelpearl is approaching his one-year anniversary as our Commissioner. And we all believe in all of our cultural organizations including strengthening some of the smaller community based organizations that are equally important to those of our large institutions. And we've done some great things. I'm particularly proud of the expansion of the CASA Program, a significant expansion of CASA. A significant expansion to the Coalition of Theaters of Color; the Cultural Immigrant Initiative, which I created with my colleagues with the help of the Speaker, and so many other things.

So, I also would be remiss if I didn't say that one of the signature achievements this year for this Administration that being the IDNYC card.

Which is wildly successful beyond everyone's wildest imaginations. It could not have been, I believe, as successful, as desirable were it not for the inclusion of free memberships and other benefits from our major cultural institutions. And the cultural institutions groups members who came to the table there. We're thrilled that Materials for the Arts Continues to do amazing work. I'm also thrilled that

1	JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 90
2	they're in Long Island City, Queens. But it is my
3	pleasure to be the Chair of Cultural Affairs to work
4	with a visionary and someone who is generous with his
5	time and his spirit, and I might say a good partner
6	in a cultural town hall meeting, which we had a
7	couple of days ago. So, with that, on behalf of the
8	City Council, I want to thank you and welcome you to
9	testify here today, Commissioner Tom Finkelpearl.
10	COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Thank you very
11	much, Chairman Van Bramer.
12	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Can you hold on
13	one second?
14	COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Yes.
15	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So, as you know,
16	we have the administration of an oath that we ask for
17	Commissioner level folks. So Amita, our counsel,
18	will read to you this, and if you would agree, that
19	would be helpful.
20	LEGAL COUNSEL: Commissioner, would you
21	raise your right hand? Do you affirm to tell the
22	truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in
23	your testimony before the committee, and to respond

honestly to council member questions?

2 LEGAL COUNSEL: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Now you may

testify.

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COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Okay. So good morning Chairman Van Bramer, Council Member Levin, Koo, and Cumbo. I'm Tome Finkelpearl Commissioner of New York City Department of Cultural Affairs. pleased to present testimony regarding the Mayor's Fiscal 2016 Preliminary Budget. I am joined today by many members of my team. Today I will start by reviewing the Mayor's Preliminary Budget Proposal for the Department of Cultural Affairs. For Fiscal 2016, Mayor de Blasio's Proposed Preliminary Budget includes a baseline of \$149.7 million for Cultural Affairs, an increase of \$1.7 million over the Fiscal 2015 baseline at adoption. This is due to collective bargaining and other adjustments. These preliminary proposals -- the preliminary proposal would allocate \$28.5 million for program groups through the Cultural Development Fund and \$109.8 million for operating and energy subsidies at the CIG. The Fiscal 2016 baseline forecast also includes \$5.1 million for CASA. Overall, these figures are largely consistent with the Fiscal 2015 Adopted Budget not counting any

largest in the agency's history.

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one-time initiatives or discretionary funding that might have been added at adoption. DOCA started Fiscal 2015 with an Adopted Expense Budget of \$157.2 million, which has since been modified to protect overall adjustments. Hence, currently at \$159.4 million. The Fiscal 2015 adopted figure was the largest budget of the lat five years, and the third

Turning to the agency's Four-Year Capital Budget, we continue to work with our colleagues in the City Council, and the borough presidents to manage grants to cultural groups through the city—throughout the city. The agency's current Four-Year Capital Plan includes \$722 million for 418 projects at 218 different cultural organizations. This portfolio allows non-profits to leverage hundreds of millions of dollars in additional private investments. And encompasses a wide range of projects that improve accessibility, great equipment, reduce energy consumption, and provide New Yorkers with access to high quality cultural programming.

Some upcoming highlights include upgrades of Snug Harbor Music Hall in Staten Island; a complete renovation of Bronx River Arts Center. The

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Jim Henson Galleries; the Museum of Moving Image; the Atteborough Academy Facility; and Family Garden at the New York Botanical Garden. The opening of Saint Ann's Warehouse, a new home and at the former Tobacco Warehouse in DUMBO, and the opening of the new Whitney Museum in Chelsea next month.

By now many of you are familiar with the programs managed by my agency, and my staff keeps you up to date on the application process and deadlines. So you can inform your constituents. These include: The Cultural Development Fund, which provides grants to around 900 non-profits each year for publicly accessible arts programming. It reflects incredible diversity by city. Materials for the Arts, which you mentioned before, which collects donated supplies and provides them free of charge to non-profits, schools and government agencies with arts program -programming. And trains arts and educators how creative use can improve their programming while maximizing resources. MFTA represents a longstanding successful partnership with Sanitation, and the Department of Education.

The Community Arts Development Program, which builds capacity at small community based

2	cultural groups to improve the stability and
3	programming of these groups that are critical to
4	their neighborhoods. A Percent for Art, the City's
5	public art program that enhances our libraries,
6	courthouses, plazas, schools and other public spaces
7	with permanent art installation. SPARC, Seniors
8	Partnering with Artists Citywide, a partnership with
9	the Department for the Aging and Five Boroughs Arts
10	Castles that places artists in senior centers
11	engaging seniors with a wide range of arts
12	programming and providing stipends for working
13	artists. And the Cultural After School Adventure
14	Program, CASA, newly expanded this year, which allows
15	council members to designate cultural organizations
16	to partner with schools for afterschool programming
17	providing additional cultural education opportunities

I would like to point out that my agency manages expenses. These expenses. These expense in capital funds along with these additional programs with an agency headcount of just over 60 people and only around three percent of our Annual Expense Budget going to staff and administration. We may look like a \$150 million agency in the budget, but

in all 51 Council Districts.

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operating expenses count for only \$5.6 million of our total funding. With the rest going straight out to the constituent cultural groups. If you want updates on specific programs, I'm happy to provide more to you during Q&A. We are proud of all these programs, and proud to be the largest municipal funding agency for the arts and culture in the United States.

I would to turn now to a set of new initiatives. These are programs launched in the last year, programs that inform--programs informed by the vision of the new Administration and the City Council. They represent our efforts to find new ways to open the doors of the greatest museums, concert halls, zoos and gardens in America. To enrich the lives of the newest New Yorkers. To find new tools of assessment to better understand the value of art on a community level to see how local institutions enrich the City as a whole. And they prevent -- they represent our conviction that that we need to value artists, and look for concrete ways to address the issues of affordability in New York City. So here are the new programs.

In July 2014, I was proud to join the Mayor and many of you to announce--many of you from city, and a top for the Administration.

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the Council--to announce increased funding for the arts in our schools. Thanks to this funding allocated by Mayor de Blasio in partnership with the City Council, the city has been able to hire arts coordinators to better coordinate cultural activities, and fund additional certified arts teachers for the public schools. We look forward to continuing this work to create a quality, sequential arts education curriculum for public school students. This is the foundation for all arts activity in our

Last September, many of you joined the Mayor--Mayor de Blasio at the Bronx Zoo to announce that our partners in the CIG had agreed to offer a free one-year membership to the IDC. Here's my card. I hope everybody in the room gets one. IDNYC card holders. I think it's no coincidence the demand for the card has been off the charts, and we have received our first reports of hundreds of card holders redeeming their memberships. I would like to emphasize for everyone has yet to have their appointment to get their IDNYC card, but the yearlong CIG membership begin the day that you sign up.

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begin conversations with CDF groups for future partnerships. The Social Impact of the Arts Project, which I have updated the Committee on once before has started its work in compiling a comprehensive report on what cultural services are provided and where. And what impact they have on the communities in which they occur. This report will capture the impact not only of the 1,200 or so non-profits that are eligible for City funding, but thousands of cultural service providers that engage New Yorkers in neighborhoods where they live each and every day. Social Impact of the Arts Project measures the impact of the arts on a range of benefits for community vitality and social wellbeing, an excellent complement to the economic impact studies that we've seen in the past. We can expect early results from this report in the coming months and a full report next year.

The Fiscal 2015 Budget includes \$1.5
million for the Cultural Immigrant Initiative, a new
program imagined and funded by the New York City
Council, and administered by my agency, which
supports arts and cultural activities that serve
immigrant New Yorkers. There are total of 88
cultural immigrant initiative designations going to

2	72 organizations in Fiscal 2015. I look forward to
3	making safe visits for these programs in the spring.
4	In January, my agency announced an initiative to
5	examine the diverse city staffs, board and audiences
6	of cultural organizations that receive city funding.
7	We hosted two discussions on the topic. The first at
8	the Ford Foundation in January, and second at BRIC in
9	February. These forums were attended by hundreds of
10	cultural organizations throughout the city. I was
11	thrilled that you were able to join us at the Ford
12	Foundation, Jimmy Van Bramer. Having a culture
13	sector that reflects the community it serves is
14	critical to the future of arts in New York Cityarts
15	and culture in New York City. Following these
16	kickoff events, my staff has worked to form a
17	diversity committee consisting of representatives of
18	the field that will help design a survey that will
19	examine race, gender, disability and other factors.
20	We hope to distribute the survey this summer with
21	results expected in the fall.

In his State of the City Address last month, the Mayor announced our plan to build 1,500 affordable housing units and 500 affordable housing work spaces for artists. This unprecedented

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2 commitment demonstrates just how serious the

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4 city's creative talent, and making sure that New

Administration is about retaining the artists, the

5 York, which benefits in so many ways from its

6 cultural community retains a place where artists--

7 Remains a place where artists of all backgrounds can

8 | live and work. The program is still at the very

9 early stages, but my staff is already starting to

10 work to identify sites. And we expect HPD to issue

11 an RFP by the end of the year.

I would like to point out [coughs] that
we've been working with partners from the folks from
the philanthropic sector including Ford--the Ford
Foundation, New York Community Trust, the Landon
Foundation, the David Rockefeller Fund, the Cigna
Foundation, Rockefeller Brothers Fund and Mertz
Gilmore Foundation to underwrite many of these new
initiatives. It is important to us that we build
coalitions for more sustainable impact, and fundraise
to better serve the cultural field and maximize our
city investments.

I'm happy to report that you can follow updates no all these programs in our recently launched social medial channels. You can follow us

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on Twitter at NY Culture, Instagram at NY Cultural Affairs, Facebook where you can search for New York City Department of Cultural Affairs. And our Percent for Art at Tumblr blogs that showcases permanent public art around the city. So after this hearing if you're upgrading for more conversation on all things cultural, you can find us there. My colleagues and I have also been pleased to continue working with you on proposed legislation to create a cultural plan, which was discussed at the Town Hall meeting at MoMa PS1 on Long Island City on Wednesday evening. I think this has been a valuable process of working together to find ways to better serve New Yorkers. In closing, I would like to thank Chairman Van Bramer for his leadership, committee members, and all of our colleagues, all of your colleagues in the City Council for your continued support. I'd be happy to answer questions -- any questions you have.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much, Commissioner Finkelpearl for your leadership, and this very exciting first year that I know you've had. So speaking of the budget, there's a lot of discussion about the Ten-Year Capital Plan for Libraries this morning, and I'm wondering your

thoughts on the Ten-Year strategy as it relates to

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your department?

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Yes, it's a

little bit different in the sense that the individual institutions have capital plans. But we're a funding agency for institutions. It's different from libraries where they have a capital plan that looks at the entire system comprehensively at once. So received—we're just receiving our capital requests for this year. It's more of a year—by—year situation for the culturals. Because you're dealing—you see what I'm saying? We get the applications each year, and they—our friends in the cultural community over here are the ones that have the long—term capital plans.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So you would not turn down more money for capital in the cultural?

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [laughs] No.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: With respect to CF and the expense side, what would you do with additional funds, and do you think that we're in a place where we could envision increases both to the CIGs and to CDF?

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COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: So I mean I'm here to present the Mayor's Preliminary Budget and these are the numbers that we have--are presenting as the numbers that we support. I think that the -- you know, the proposed--if there are proposals for an increase in CDF and other parts of the budget, we could look at that. I think that the scope of the funding is -- and then the way the funding is distributed I think is really vastly improved from last time I was at Cultural Affairs. When I was there in the '90s, this was much more ad hoc I think at the professionalization of the panel process has been really excellent. So I think that there are a lot of great improvements that have occurred in that since I was--CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: [interposing] So--COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: --last there.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So given that, do you think it would be a wise investment? Do you think the money would be well spent if we were able to allocate additional funding for programs at your agency?

24 Yes.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: I can say that I have full confidence in the staff to wisely spend whatever budget we are presented with.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: That's a ringing

endorsement of an increase in funding, Commissioner Finkelpearl. To turn to a matter that some colleagues from the Bronx have raised with me, and I want to raise it with you, and ask for you to take a look at it. There's been some concern that capital projects particularly in the Bronx--there's been a need to come back and ask for additional funding. Obviously, this--it happens, as we know, in many projects because of unforeseen circumstances and changes and whatnot. But I'm wondering if you've noticed any trend--

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing]
Yes.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: --particularly in the Bronx, and if you've heard about this, and I would ask that you speak to some of our colleagues including--

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing]

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absolutely.

2 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: --the delegation 3 chair about this.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: So yes. 4 5 I'd be happy to talk. I think I am familiar with 6 some of the projects you're talking about. I will 7 say that the funding--the bidding environments that the cost estimating has, you know, a certain set of 8 figures that are sort of what we expect. And the 9 10 amount of money that it costs to build projects right now, it's a very hot environment in capital so that 11 12 we have seen a number of bids coming quite high. think that there is no question about that. That's 13 14 not a Bronx project, or an issue. That's a citywide 15 issue with capital projects, and it's sort of the 16 overheated environment of building in New York City creates this. But it is absolutely an issue. I'm 17 18 happy to talk to folks from the Bronx. I'm happy to go with my capital unit. We've had some 19 20 conversations already about specific projects in the Bronx, but I don't think it's particularly a Bronx 21 2.2 issue. Certainly, my head of Capital Units would say also it's not particularly a Bronx issue. But if 23 24 there are people that want to talk about it,

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: There--there 3 most certainly are, and I'm happy to chat and they 4 did ask that --5 COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing] 6 Yes. 7 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: -- I bring this up in the hearing today. So, you don't--you don't 8 see a variation for the Bronx so that in terms of the 9 10 capital projects?

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing] No, I--I--

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: With the cultural capital projects there's--there's a real outlier.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: I don't and more importantly, my head of Capital Units who is very on top of all of the projects doesn't see a particular pattern in the Bronx. It is a particular--it's a problem that's happening citywide right now. We've got a lot of projects that are coming in high, and we're addressing them.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Well, we'll continue the discussion, and I know the multiple colleagues in the Bronx--

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2 COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing]

3 Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: --that raised it with me that you and your colleagues will continue to meet with and talk with, and address those concerns.

We were reviewing, the staff and I the PMMR and the MMR, and I think the agency is performing extremely well across all levels. But we noticed one slight uptick in terms of the CDF payments and it takes for the CDF payments. And in the document it's doubled, and it's relative. I mean we're talking about four to eight days, but I was wondering why the change?

requirements for CDF, which for example the insurance requirements have extended the time period. So I mean we can report on that specifically, but it's not that the staff is doing things more slowly. There are more things to do, and that makes things happen more slowly. So that particular new requirement the law department for insurance, for CDF contracts.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: I think we all—all agree it's very important for these groups to get their money as soon as possible.

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COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Right, and I think it's also, you know, from the Administration's perspective also important to protect taxpayers with insurance.

Would think that we could probably do both at the same time. So, thank you for that. One of the things we were talking about also with respect to the PMMR is one of the things we rightly should be very proud of is the number of people who are coming to our cultural institutions and reporting on gate count. For example, the number of programs and things like that are not always done particularly for the cultural institution with members and others, and I was wondering if you have given any thought to that.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing]
Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Because we looked at it because the numbers are great, and they make the case. That these institutions are incredibly important and popular and doing great work, and why not shout that from the rooftops so--

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing]

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Yeah, so the way MMR [coughs] is measuring stuff that we have control of. So we make payments. So we can measure how quickly we are making payments. We are-we've been talking to operations to Mindy about different kinds of measures. And this is something we've been talking about in relationship to the Social Impact of the Arts Project to get more complex and more let's say outcome oriented measurements. Because if you think about, you know, getting a payment isn't an outcome. What is an outcome is providing excellent cultural services to the people of the City of New York. So, we are talking about. We are thinking about it. These are the same measures that have been in place for a long period of time. We have been looking at it. I can promise you that. We've been having conversations to create new Then again, they have to be things that we metrics. have some ability to have an influence on. could be something happens at a great cultural institution in a particular year that's an amazing show. We didn't imagine the show. It draws in millions of people. The next year we're down. haven't done something different. They have.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Sure. I understand that there could be variations and the reasons for that, but it's something we should

continue--

Uh-huh.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing]

in more ways to demonstrate the value of these institutions and organizations to the broader public. We've been talking an awful lot about the Cultural Plan, and this is primarily about budgets. So not that there's budget component to that, but I am pleased that we are—we are closer to a great place on that. And also A Percent for Art, which is in the news this week more than usual.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Uh-huh.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: But we've also got some great news there, and some progress. Maybe you can speak to both of those before we go to colleagues, Council Members Koo and Cumbo who have questions.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Maybe I'll say something similar to what I said at the Town Hall the other day that I think it's sometimes a really good

2 thing to be at the stage where I don't want to comment on it. I think we are making lots of 3 progress on the plan. I think we're very close. 4 5 think we're going back and forth. I think people 6 already know that. So as we approach I think there 7 are just a couple of issues to iron out. I'm really excited about it. I'm excited about the partnership 8 that we've had on that. It was a little bit sort of 9 rocky at the beginning perhaps, but this is great. 10 And I think it's going to be fantastic. So as for a 11 12 Percent for Art, I think we're also in good discussions with you and other council members. I 13 14 think that the law is, you know, many decades old. 15 But there are ways in which it could be better 16 implemented. Community input is one of those aspects. But I thought it was really gratifying. 17 18 We--for people who don't know in the audience, the Town Hall 250 people came. It was a packed house, 19 20 and there was--whatever issues it might be with a particular work of art, the general support for 21 2.2 public art and Percent for Art was extremely high in 23 the room. I think you would agree with that.

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Yes.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: I thought it was remarkable, and that it was almost universal I thought.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Yes, there was no--nobody said we shouldn't be spending public money on this. It's a waste of money. It was no we should be doing this. It's a great program. Let's talk about how to make it even better.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yeah, no I thought it was a reaffirmation of what you and I both believe, and you in particular have dedicated a significant portion of your career to it. So it's very exciting, and the feedback I've been hearing at the Town Hall has been incredibly positive about the discussion, the kind of discussion that—that we had and that we involved the community in. The more that we can do that, the better.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: And some folks suggested that we take it on the road, Commissioner, and do that in another borough and all of which I would love to do.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Yes, agreed.

I thought it was a great public dialogue. I think.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So thank you again for doing that, and I think we helped really bring the level of dialogue on *The Sunbather*, and a Percent for Art to a level where—where people felt really good about it. So with that, I want to ask Council Member Koo who has some questions.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Thank you, Mr. Chair and thank you, Commissioner Finkelpearl. First, I want to thank you for your wonderful service and your dedication to be the Commissioner of City Department of Cultural Affairs.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: I noticed in your testimony that you said every year you gave away 900 departments [sic] funding for their programs.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So in the past,

people in the outer boroughs, the so-called outer

boroughs, just not--except Manhattan, right. We

always complain that we don't have enough funding for

cultural things in Bronx and Queens and Staten

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Island. So I want to know do you have a formula of allocating these funds to the different boroughs?

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: I will No. say that 65% of the groups are outside of Manhattan. It's a panel process and the panel process means that outside professionals are evaluating the grants. There is a lot of diversity in terms of who is on the panel and where they from. But I mean that having been said, Council Member Koo, I just spent the last 12 years right between--you know, between Flushing and Carina and I want to--to get out and about into the boroughs into a multi-lingual situation where we can be a little bit more out and about talking to people. We do borough by borough training or what is it called? Seminars. So we do those--we do--we're out in the boroughs. We're having seminars for CDF. There's a lot of outreach. I think we could do more and, you know, I'm talking to staff about how to do that more. And it's not that the door is not open. The door is open. The door is--you need to go out the door and ask people to come inside. You know, I feel that that's--that's something I learned in my-actually 24 years of working in Queens. So I mean look we're out there. We have hundreds of groups.

2 You know, many hundreds of groups applying, but to get there a little bit more I think is something that 3 is--could be a goal for the next coming years.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So your agency can provide a capital funding group?

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COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So, I wanted to ask

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COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing] And so the capital funding like it says in the testimony there are over 200 groups currently with capital funding. And there's a certain level that you have to either own your space or there are restricted covenants that have to be negotiated with landlords. There are capital seminars done every year that people are invited to come to. So there is quite--and that's, by the way, one of the biggest differences in the agency from the time I was there in the '90s to now is the number of groups and the breadth of the capital funding to the entire field.

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groups.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Okay, and the reason I asked those questions is because in Queens or

But it's not just the CIGs. It's hundreds of other

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that--

especially my area in Flushing, a lot of visionaries come every year. And many of them have different talents. Some of them they are group local voices, or they want to, you know, do a chorus. Or some of them are dancing. Some of them are small groups.

They asked me about the funding, but I told them

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: So we could talk further. I'd love to talk to you. There is-also money is distributed through the Borough Arts Councils. So in your case Queens Council and the Arts. To get funding from us you have to be established as a 501(c)(3) non-profit organization for a couple of years. You have to have proven programming. To get programming money from the Arts Councils there is a lower bar to jump over. But, you know, I understand what you're saying. Look, I worked with dance--various dance groups in Queens. They weren't even established as a non-profit. Like the great dance groups that you see in each community. So I'd like to, you know, find other ways to open doors for those folks as well. The doors are open. We have mechanisms through the Borough Arts Councils. If you would like to talk further about

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2 how to get the word out in Flushing, I'd be happy to 3 talk to you.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Thank you very much,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much Council Member Koo. Council Member Laurie Cumbo.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Good afternoon,

Commissioner. So happy to have you here, and to work

with you. I have a lot of questions. So I'm going

to try and get them in as quickly as I can. The

first question goes for in your testimony it says for

Fiscal Year 2016, Mayor de Blasio's Proposed

Preliminary Budget includes a baseline of \$149.7

million for Cultural Affairs, an increase of \$1.7

million over the Fiscal 2015 Baseline at Adoption.

This is due to collective bargaining, and other

adjustments.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Yeah.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: I wanted to ask you is collective bargaining the only tool that's being used as a driver for an in crease to the CIG groups?

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COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Yes. The-the--yeah, essentially, the--the difference is the Labor Settlement and the City's contribution to covering labor settlement for the--mostly the DC37 union employees.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Okay, and that's good that that increase will happen, but then the remainder of the institution many of which are not involved or recognized by a labor union--

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing] Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: --or programming and those sorts of things. So in many ways that's remaining flat.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Right, and that--but it includes half the CIG.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Right, right.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Not '16--'16? Yes. So have the CIG has union employees, and half does not. But, I also want to say that when you think of CIG funding, I think it's important to remember that a lot of the money, a big chunk of the money is going to those union jobs at -- at the unionized CIGs.

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COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: I think that's fantastic, but at the same time, other programmatic staffing positions and anything from your curators to your educators to your information front desk workers, tour guides. They are also not receiving an increase simultaneously. And what is the administration's position on that, that these institutions are remaining flat?

the--the idea behind it is that the collective bargaining agreement is done on behalf of the CIG by the city. And so, it's not that they're not influencing at some point. [sic] So there's a labor agreement. This is a long-standing deal that's been this way for many, many generations. Therefore, that negotiation results in an increase for those unionized workers is covered by the city. That's--that's the deal, the long time--the longstanding deal.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: I know. I think that that's great that raises were given, and that those collective bargaining agreements were reached. But the challenge with it at the same time, and this has always been the case in the arts, is that for so

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many of the employees that are not a part of the union that their salaries are not growing and increasing. And many of the programs that many of these organizations are implementing are also not being funded by the City at the level that they would need to be successful.

just from my experience. In the past, Queens was known as a smaller institution. It was not unionized. Staff still got increases. It wasn't that they didn't get increases. It just wasn't mandated by a union settlement with the City.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Right.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: The City negotiated. So I mean I hear what you're saying. This is what we're presenting as our budget, and that's what I'm saying.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: I hear you. The other one goes into the Department's Fiscal 2016

Preliminary Budget. It includes almost \$34.4 million for cultural programs, and that's \$8.3 million less than planned in the Fiscal 2015 Adopted Budget. The \$8.3 million decrease is due to Council initiative,

not included in the Preliminary Budget.

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Right.

and discretionary funding in Fiscal 2015, which is

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Can you give me-and I'm confused about that in that way, and the fact
that it's going to be a reduction, but the reduction
is going to go to other places instead of that. [sic]

COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing]
No, not it's--it's a--we're showing the baseline
budget--

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Uh-huh.

are going to be these increases, or maybe there are going to be increases from the Council, the onetimes, the discretionary money. Which most likely will be added back in. We're just showing what—what we're doing with the baseline budget sets. And so it's similar to other years. If you guys put back in—You know, if you give discretionary money to individual groups, that will be reflected in the final budget. But right now we're just at the point of showing the baseline.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Okay. The other question that I have about that is in your first

25 COMMISSIONER HUGHES: [off mic]

	COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS
1	JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 122
2	COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: If Kathy, who
3	is the long-time and fabulous Director of CDF.
4	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: And then
5	Council Member Cumbo if I could just
6	COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Yes. Uh-huh.
7	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Okay.
8	COMMISSIONER HUGHES: [off MI] I am
9	Kathleen Hughes [on mic] Assistant Commissioner.
10	Thank you. Kathleen Hughes, Assistant Commissioner.
11	The Base Budget was not as low as \$3 million when the
12	previous commissioner joined us.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: What was it
14	around?
15	COMMISSIONER HUGHES: Closer to 22 I
16	think.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Oh, was it?
18	COMMISSIONER HUGHES: Yeah. The portion
19	you may be thinking of was the competitive portion.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: There we go?
21	COMMISSIONER HUGHES: Yeah, which was
22	closer to \$3 million, and then with the adjustments
23	that we made for Fiscal '08 the program funds became
24	competitive across the board.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: And did the--

1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: [interposing] 3 That was the big reform that happened. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Did the amount increase? 5 6 COMMISSIONER HUGHES: Yes, I mean--7 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: [interposing] To 8 what? 9 COMMISSIONER HUGHES: --it increased. 10 Toe approximately 30. COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Okay, that's the 11 12 one that I was talking about. COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Which is 13 14 right. So when--so the competitive part--15 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: [interposing] 16 Right. 17 COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: --was five 18 times ten. COMMISSIONER HUGHES: Correct. 19 20 COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: Yes. COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Are we going to 21 2.2 see any type of increases like that at his level? 23 COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: I'm here to 24 present the project.

25 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: [laughs]

AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 124 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: It's proposed by the Mayor. 3 4 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Tom, you are 5 remarkable for being on message, I would like to say. 6 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: That's right. Are 7 we going to do a second round or --? 8 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: We are not, unfortunately. 9 10 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: We are not. Okay. CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So, you--11 12 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: So we'll talk more about these issues later, but I wanted to see if 13 14 there were discussions about any major increases to 15 the budget in that way. Even if they're not 16 happening right now, would there be planned or 17 hopefully being planned for the future? 18 COMMISSIONER FINKELPEARL: I'm happy to talk about the future, but this is our plan for this 19 20 year. 21

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: I got you.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So if I--if I could just dovetail I think Council Member Cumbo and I would both love to see increases, meaningful increases in all areas of the Department of Cultural

probably will. [laughter]

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Affairs. And obviously, you are here to present the
Mayor's Preliminary Budget. And so you're not
necessarily going to publicly agree with Council
Member Cumbo and I, but I know in your heart that you

also and, of course, I think everybody in the room understands this. That to have a couple of years in a row without the cuts that have been experienced year after year is I think-- I know I've heard from the field and from the Council, et cetera, quite positive and it shows that this Administration cares about the arts and-- Yes?

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: I believe that, and I know that this Council and this committee believes very passionately in the arts. And we will-we will go through this budget process and seek meaningful editions to the budget, and enhancements to these incredible programs. And yes, Council Member Cumbo, I will make sure that the funding that we put in last year for CASA and for Coalition of Theaters of Color; and the Cultural Immigrant Initiative are not only back in the budget again this year, but God willing increased as well. So because

1 2 we have about 50 members of the public who have signed up to speak, and it is actively snowing as if 3 it is the middle of January, we are going to say 4 5 thank you to Commissioner Finkelpearl for his time, 6 and for all of your work. For team here who we have 7 great respect and admiration for, and look forward to 8 working with you through this budget process and beyond including some very exciting cultural policy 9 10 initiatives, which are happening. I think it's going to be an incredible year for culture and the arts. 11 12 But we thank you Commissioner and your team, and look forward to a good year. And with that, we will take 13 a one-minute break to allow for some folks to leave. 14 15 And then we're going to start calling members of the 16 public. Again, we're going to alternate cultural and libraries so that everyone gets a chance to be heard. 17 18 And we're going to go to a two-minute clock. Because we really do have about 50 folks signed up to 19 20 testify, a two-minute clock in about a minute.

[pause, background comments]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Okay, everyone.

We're going to resume --

you all very much.

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2 SERGEANT-A-ARMS: [interposing] Please 3 find seats.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: -- the hearing, and we are going to return to libraries first, and then have our first cultural panel. We're going to do panels of five, I think. Again, we're going to go to a two-minute clock because we have so many people excited to testify on behalf of libraries and cultural. And we're joined once again by our Chair of our Subcommittee on Libraries, Costa Constantinides and, of course, Council Member Cumbo here as well. So, the first panel I will ask everyone to come up and again two minutes Christian Alfman [sp?]. Is Christian Alfman from the Queens Library here? Christian. Carina Nieves, Carina Nieves from Richmond Hills Friends of the Library. Great. Rabbi Gabriel Ben Huda [sp?]. Thank you very much. Linda Taylor Marshawn [sp?] And Nina Manning from the New York Public Library. Is Nina Manning from the New York Public Library here? That one is here and I think one more. How about Sherry Ann

SHERRY ANN JOSEPH: I'm here.

Joseph? Is Sherry Ann Joseph here?

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: All right. 3

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That's our first library panel, and we will call a cultural panel right after that.

[background conversation]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: All right. All right, again I apologize. We are going to a twominute clock. So we want to hear from everybody. So if everyone could keep their comments as succinct as possible we'll get to hear from everybody who would like to testify today.

RABBI BEN HUDA: For each.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Two minutes each. [laughs] But if you wanted to really be brief.

FEMALE SPEAKER: I need to do three.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: But we're going to ask you to do two. So Rabbi, do you want to kick this panel off?

> Good. RABBI BEN HUDA:

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So thank you very much.

RABBI BEN HUDA: Yes, good afternoon, Council Members. My name is Rabbi Ben Huda [sp?] from St. Albans, Queens, and I'm here to really

1 2 support the library because especially in St. Albans Library, Cambridge Heights Library, which is in the 3 same area and Rose Library is in the basic same area. 4 These libraries do tremendous work. You know, like 5 our kids don't have any facilities in our communities 6 7 to do anything, and the only place they can go to is the library. Now, we have like for example after 8 school programs that we do in those libraries, right, 9 10 like homework help. Nowhere else to go. really support the services necessary, and I'm also 11 12 in agreement with expanding the library to the six days. Except that yes in our community you could do 13 14 Saturday service, but I want you to consider in some 15 of those communities we observe the Sabbath, that we 16 do not have those services on the Sabbath. So I am for all those services, and it's a tremendous asset 17 18 to our community. And we definitely need support. also want to thank you, Mr. Chairman, for some of 19 20 the work that you've done in the Queensbridge Houses, the public library there. Tremendous work and the 21 2.2 residents of that public housing really appreciate 23 it. And we do need expanded services there. So with that, I am for that and again I wish you in the name 24

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of peace Shalom Aleichem.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you so much, and for your work in Queens and also for recognizing the good people of Queensbridge, which is very close to my heart.

RABBI BEN HUDA: Okay, and also

[laughter] just finally I want to just thank

Councilman Richards who has done tremendous work in adding money to the library and trying to expand the libraries. And Councilman Daneek Miller, who is my Councilman.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Those are two great colleagues, and great champions [bell] of our libraries. Thank you for recognizing Council Members Richards and Miller.

CARINA NIEVES: Hi. My name is Carina

Nieves. I'm the President of the Friends of Richmond

Hill Library group and thank you for having a space

today that we could about libraries and advocacy.

The Richmond Hill Branch is 110-year-old branch

donated by Andrew--from Andrew--by Andrew Carnegie.

Just to give you some perspective about our branch,

last month we were No. 3 in programming; No. 7 in

reference, No. 14 in gate count; and No. 16 in

circulation. That's very phenomenal for a very old

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branch that has not received renovations. Though our children's library was renovated, we are in dire need of renovation for our adult reading area. We have peeling paint, broken windows and 100-year-old boiler that takes up a whole room. And we have basement that is a storage facility for Queens Public Library. That space could be utilized to serve our greater community. And we have a staff, and our staff area has broken windows as well that no don't--no longer open. And they have a piece of plywood holding up the ceiling. That goes to show like we really do need to be on the Ten-Year Capital Improvement Plan for Community Public Libraries. And Monday we had a tutoring session held in a room that warehouses snow blowers, and lawn mowers and the gas--it smells in there. It's dangerous, and we would never want people to be in that room ever. What I'm asking is six-day service is great, but renovations are needed for the older branches that haven't been renovated as of yet. So, thank you and also technology is a major factor. We did not receive new computers until our first branch was closed this past summer. So we just got Windows 7 computers. Thank you and please keep

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2 in mind the older branches that have not been 3 renovated. [bell]

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: So, I'll quickly say, Carina, it's great to see you again.

Thank you for your FYI, we certainly agree that we need to expand our Capital Plan. We have to improve technology, and great to see you go from Queens

College. And I was talking about public policy in class with you. Here you are at the New York City

Council and making policy happen. So thank you for your advocacy.

CARINA NIEVES: Thank you.

Council Members. My name is Linda Sailor Marshawn.

I'm the wife of the Rabbi, and I started in the libraries at 16 years old, and I don't want to say what year, but I worked up my way in Queens Library to a branch manager, and I took the experience that Queens provided into other cities and other states, and provided services there. And what Carina left out is that her branch only has one restroom, just to pick up on what Councilman Koo said. Restrooms are extremely important. So, in your fixing or building up that branch, we need another restroom over there.

1 2 Because facilities in the businesses where we go, where we pay our money, they don't have that. 3 4 library provides that service. Also, Richmond Hill 5 Friends of the Library representative is networking 6 at the local high schools. Joshua was just a 7 Richmond Hill High School yesterday where Mayor de 8 Blasio was. So they have a small building. They're doing a lot of outreach. I was in the building the 9 10 story time is packed to capacity. So Richmond Hill and the other numerous libraries in Queens need 11 12 Six days of service. I'm promoting seven space. days of service because of the Sabbath on Sunday and 13 on Saturday. We have to look at both of those as 14 15 well. I passed around a community City Council 16 coloring page to many of the individuals here, and I'm going to keep passing it around. Because our 17 18 children have council members who are working hard, and we want them to color their council members. 19 20 we want these sheets to be posted in the local businesses in Queens and all the other boroughs 21 2.2 because you're the ones that are deciding on these 23 funds to keep the libraries open. You're the ones 24 that are deciding on the funds that keep--improve our

schools. So this coloring sheet has Council Member

- 2 Donovan Richards who I learned [bell] was a Power
- 3 Ranger growing up at the Queens Library. So we want
- 4 all of our Council member Power Rangers to be
- 5 | colored. So I'm going to pass--
- 6 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Uh--
- 7 LINDA SAILOR MARSHAWN: --this around.
- 8 And I'm sorry. I know I have two--
- 9 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: No, you've done
- 10 | well. You also revealed something about our
- 11 | colleague that we did not know. [laughter] And we
- 12 | are [laughs] are--

- 13 LINDA SAILOR MARSHAWN: [interposing]
- 14 | Sorry about that.
- 15 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: --we are going
- 16 to have to talk to Council Member Richards about that
- 17 story. But it's--it's great and Council Member
- 18 Richards is amazing so--
- 19 LINDA SAILOR MARSHAWN: So I just want to
- 20 | say that at the Queens Library we know it's used all
- 21 over. My mother who is 80 years has an invention,
- 22 and I had to go into the Queens Library because where
- 23 | she lives in another state, there's only libraries
- 24 | that service them. She can't get to the library. So
- 25 | I was able to get to the Queens Library, get a

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2 designer in Queens Village to work on her invention.

3 | She's 80 years old and she's happy about this. So I

4 mean it's touching on not just in the United States,

5 all over the world.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much. I appreciate that. Thank you so much.

NINA MANNING: Hi. Good afternoon. My name is Nina Manning, and I'm from the New York

Public Library. And I'm currently at the Andrew High School Braille and Talking Book Library. And from what we've heard all morning, this afternoon, the libraries, Brooklyn, Queens, and the New York Public are all in need of money.

LINDA SAILOR MARSHAWN: Amen.

NINA MANNING: Money. We have a fantastic institution that offers not only Pre-K but immigration, family time, second languages. We're needed. We're needed. The library is needed. When 9-11 occurred, we had to open up so that people had a way of communicating their families. When Sandy occurred, we had to find a way to open the nearest branches so that people can communicate. So the library is really, really an institute of great need, learning, family and just being able to communicate.

JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES

Technology and so on. And speaking of technology,

even at the libraries for the Blind we have a syst

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even at the libraries for the Blind we have a system that's called BUD where you can dial all your materials. Where you can listen to them. And we have technical people that teach blind users or people that have visual disabilities how to use the computer. So we--we matter. We matter. And so I'm just asking for the support and the sustained support of funding for not only the New York Public Library, but Brooklyn and Queens as well. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you so much, and could you pass the mic? Applause from your immediate right. That's great.

SHERRY ANN JOSEPH: Hi. Good day. My
name is Sherry Ann Joseph. I'm at the Brooklyn
Public Library, and I'm representing my neighborhood
library's supervisor at the Stone Avenue Branch.
[background comments] I want to start by thanking
everyone on the panel for giving me the opportunity
to address the issues that occurred in the Brooklyn
Public Library. In the Bronx—in the Bronx community
is one of the highest concentrated public housing in
the entire country. I know the impact that the
library funding has on such a community. I know

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2 first hand that this community has a high crime rate statistic. No viable outlets for young people to 3 interact positively with each other. The library is 4 5 the next best thing to the community center for most 6 of them. The people in Bronx view the library as a 7 safe haven for their children after school and out of school time. The ones that are not fortunate enough 8 to be able to send their children away always safe 9 for these holidays. They look forward to us 10 providing programs that will keep the children 11 12 occupied, entertained and productive for the hours that they come into the branch. Libraries including 13 14 Brooklyn Public Library has long been the place of 15 first option service or information on how to get 16 services for the entire community. New immigrations wanting to learn English. People wanting information 17 18 on where they could attend classes to take the test Parents looking for homework help for their 19 exam. 20 kids. The homeless and homeless persons wanting to know where is the nearest shelter, pantry of Social 21 2.2 Service Office or just having a quiet and safe place to sit the day before going back to the shelter. 23 24 Over the years, Brooklyn Public Library has had to be

content with doing more with fewer funds year after

138 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 The impact of having minimal funds means less materials for the public to use, less staff, and at 3 times less hours of services. The library has had to 4 offer a cutback in service hours at times, as 5 6 mentioned. It has always maintained a high standard 7 [bell] of program and commitment from staff to do its 8 best. CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: I thought you 9 10 were going to finish that one line. It's the last. was reading along, and--11

SHERRY ANN JOSEPH: [interposing] Okay.

Oh, yeah, because he said the way my card to do best.

[laughter] To do best that you they can see, and do best to the best of their ability. [sic]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: [laughs] Thank

[background comment]

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you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: All right.
Thank you so much.

CHRISTIAN ALFMAN: I wrote this whole speech about all the stuff that I think we could just go over--I mean just to figure out because I don't understand. I think on the right side of my head.

But basically I have been able to do things with

1 2 those kids coming Widener--my first job in Harvard Library Widener that I couldn't do anywhere else. 3 it was outsourced, if it was environment or whatever, 4 it wouldn't work out. And the Queens Library allows 5 6 us to give these kids the things that they need to go 7 to Wall Street, to go City Hall. I've seen many of 8 the all over. And when I went to Albany they told me the reason why your kids don't have funding--the 9 10 reason why your kids don't have these things is because -- this is what they actually said -- people at 11 12 the very top don't want to pay taxes so it comes out of the city's things. I'm not saying who and all the 13 14 cities are education and everything else. And we 15 seem to think in America today that if we underfund 16 everything and make people easy to manage, basically and give them like entertainment all the time, we'll 17 18 be able to have a society of people like Steve Jobs. People like this gentleman up here, and people like 19 20 Mr. Koo who I heard before. I have two of his quotes here. and that's just not the case, and the very 21 2.2 things that maybe tomorrow they won't be in those seats. The people who are making these decisions. 23 We need this for these kids. These kids come here 24

and they have nothing else. Their parents can't

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I'm there literally afford after school programs. living in China--that's what it feels like sometimes--with all these kids that are diverse. And teaching them to be proud of their own language. Teaching them to sing songs and encouraging them to watch Chinese movies. Otherwise, they're just absorbed in all these things -- I'm sorry, nothing wrong with a Japanese soldier. I knew a Japanese soldier. But we do really great things, and we can't do them if the libraries are under-funded. So I want to encourage the libraries to stay funded. Fund education schools, libraries. It's the really important foundation of society. Knowledge is power. You know, whatever floats the boat, but that's really important. Thank you for listening to me.

much and you made it with three seconds to spare. So now we're going to call our first cultural panel. If Ann Dennin is here from the New York City Arts Coalition; Heather Woodfield, One Stands for Culture. Is Heather still in the room? She is. Eric Pryor. Is Eric Pryor with us. Eric Pryor, Center for Arts and Education. I do not see Eric. Andrew Louie I know I did see before. Andrew Louis here. Looks

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like we might also be having a performance. Everyone get ready. [laughter] One more. Let's see. And I know--is Holly Block here from the Bronx Museum of the Arts? Holly is here. We'll add Holly to this panel. And I think that's still the chair is pretty good for this Cultural Panel and, of course, we're going to go right back to libraries after panel. So why don't we start with you Ann and we will close with a crescendo. It seems like it's going to be good whatever it's going to be.

Thank you so much. ANN DENNIN: I'm Ann Dennin representing the New York City Arts Coalition Membership Group comprised of cultural groups from all five boroughs from the smallest to the largest working in all disciplines. I'm particularly focused in the city and state arena on arts policy and funding for the arts. Over the last years leadership from cultural advocacy groups from across the city have been meeting more and more regularly to come to consensus on initiatives on funding for culture in the city and other arts policy. We think that more voices in the room often seek conference call voices. We can be more effective for all artists in the organization. We're pleased with the initiatives of

1	JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 142
2	the Administration and the Council has put in place
3	in the last year, and we're looking forward to seeing
4	them roll out the facade of an even stronger cultural
5	base. We welcome the increase in the funding of CASA
6	and the Coalition of Theaters of Color, and we remain
7	enthusiastic about the cultural plan, and we're happy
8	to learn that it keeps moving forward. The New York
9	City Diversity Initiative and the Special Impact Art
10	Study recently launch. The New York City along with
11	other cultural advocacy including the CIGs are asking
12	for an additional \$30 million to the Mayor's Budget.
13	This would bring it back to the level in 2008, which
14	is adjusted for inflation is \$186,000. We'd like to
15	see that \$30 million divided equally between the CIGs
16	and the CDS. [bell]
17	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very
18	much.
19	ANN DENNIN: Thank you very much.
20	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Ann, you got to
21	theto the ask in an appropriate amount of time.
22	ANN DENNIN: [off mic] With my Southern
23	accent.
24	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: It was very

25 good.

ANN DENNIN: Right. [laughs]

2 3 ANDREA LOUIE: I'll try to speed it up. 4 Council Member Van Bramer and members of the 5 committee, please accept my deepest appreciation to 6 give testimony today regarding the New York City 7 Preliminary Budget. My name is Andrea Louie and I'm the Director of the Asian-American Arts Alliance, an 8 arts service organization that for 33 years has 9 supported individual artists and small arts group 10 right here in the five boroughs. I'm also here to 11 12 support it. But I have three points to share today. First, the Arts Alliance deeply appreciates the 13 14 support given to the arts community by the New York 15 City Department of Cultural Affairs. And we would not be able to serve our artists without this 16 funding. The funding from DCA supports our core 17 18 programs, which help create concrete pathways of access to cultural decision makers like curators and 19 20 artistic directors. And in addition, the Alliance also convenes important dialogue around race, 21 2.2 identity and art making. Second, the Arts Alliance 23 is grateful for the City Council initiative that

helps advance cultural equity here in New York. And

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2 urges the Council to continue and strengthen these 3 initiatives.

First, the Cultural Immigrant Initiative sponsored by our esteemed chair here provide \$1.5 million in new funding to arts organizations providing services to immigrant communities across the five boroughs. Second the Communities of Color and Non-Profit Stabilization Fund was championed by the Black, Latino, and Asian Caucus and the New York City Council under the leadership of Council Members Ferreras, Chin and King. This initiative provided \$2.5 million in new capacity building funding to organizations of color that provide direct services to our city's most diverse constituents. Again, the Alliance is deeply grateful to the Council for this important and critically needed support to small community based organizations, and we urge the Council to continue both these initiatives and grow them in FY16. The Alliance stands with our colleagues in the 15% in growing coalitions, and respectfully requests that the Non-Profit Stabilization be increased to \$5 million. Third, the Alliance joins our colleagues in the New York City Arts Coalition On Percent for Culture, and members of JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE (

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the Culture Institutions Group to respectfully request an increase of \$40 million to DCA to be evenly divided between the CIGs and the Cultural Development Fund. This would restore funding to the FY08 amount. So thanks for your kind attention, and I am done. [bell]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Amazing.

[laughter] I have to say, Andrea, I was following along just hoping you would make it, you know,

[laughter] because I saw how little you had left.

And you did it perfectly. Holly.

HOLLY BLOCK: Okay, good afternoon.

[coughs] I'm Holly Block. I'm the Executive

Director of the Bronx Museum and I'm a member of the

Cultural Institutions Group. This is a coalition of

some of the most respected art, science, performing

arts institutions in the world. Our exhibitions and

education programs attract New York City residents,

school children, teachers to us each year. At the

Bronx Museum alone attendance has grown from 20,000

in 2010 to 70,000 in 2014. This surge is attributed

to new partner--new programs known to partnerships

especially with our Community Advisory Council. I

also wanted to bring up that this past summer the

	OOINIBI WIII INB SOBCOMIIIIBE ON BIBNAKIBS 140
2	Bronx Museum with Transportation Alternatives and a
3	hundred other arts organizations and social service
4	came together to sponsor Boogie on the Boulevard
5	where over 3,000 people took part in outdoor
6	programming. The fist time the Concourse was closed
7	since Giuliani. Obviously, thank you for your
8	support. You've been incredible and I'm here to
9	truly advocate to ask for an additional \$30 million
10	from the Department of Cultural Affairs. We're
11	advocating both equal between cultural institution
12	groups \$15 million and the Cultural Development Fund
13	\$15 million. Cultural organizations are cornerstones
14	of the communities. We spend more than \$30 million
15	annually purchasing goods, services, and more than
16	11,000 New York City based vendors. We're a
17	critical, essential component of the city's economic
18	development goals. We support public education,
19	offer creative solutions and address social issues.
20	I really just wanted to mention that the amount that
21	the city invests in culture is less than one percent.
22	It provides a remarkable return on investment that is
23	   significant and critical to the city's long-term

economic development strategy. Thank you so much.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you and Heather and team.

Artist Mohiah Lansdown [sp?] and I'm excited to welcome Heather Woodfield, the Executive Director of

MOHIAH LANSDOWN: Good afternoon. I'm

One Percent for Culture onto the Red Carpet. Heather

can tell me a bit--Can you tell me a bit about the

hat you're wearing today?

HEATHER WOODFIELD: Why yes, the hat on my head is one of my own designs, but I'm also wearing two figurative hats today. One as a cultural advocate and one as an artist.

MOHIAH LANSDOWN: How fabulous. Is there anyone you plan to thank at today's hearing?

HEATHER WOODFIELD: Well, yes. On behalf of One Percent for Culture and over 550 coalition partners, which includes cultural organizations, small businesses and civic and social organizations throughout all 51 City Council Districts, I'd like to thank the City Council for their steadfast support of the non-cultural community.

MOHIAH LANSDOWN: One Percent for Culture advocates an increase in the city's financial commitment to the non-profit cultural communities to

one percent of the Municipal Expense Budget. Are you asking for an increase this year?

HEATHER WOODFIELD: Yes. I'm delighted to join with my arts and culture colleagues to submit testimony in support of a \$30 million increase to the Department of Cultural Affairs budget--

MOHIAH LANSDOWN: [interposing] Wow.

HEATHER WOODFIELD: --divided evenly between the Culture Institutions Group and the Cultural Development Fund.

MOHIAH LANSDOWN: Fantastic. Why is funding cultural arts a good investment for New York City?

HEATHER WOODFIELD: Well, non-profit culture makes this great city stronger, fairer, and smarter. Cultural benefits are communities that are providing access to the under-served and by helping elevate the voices and enrich the spirits of all New Yorkers. Culture is a driving force in our local economy, and vital to the success of many of our local businesses. In addition, the non-profit cultural community provides life long educational opportunities for all ages.

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2 MOHIAH LANSDOWN: So true. The vast
3 range of cultural offerings also makes our city one

HEATHER WOODFIELD: Well, that's absolutely correct, and with additional funding, DCA could support the continuation and enhancement of accessible programming that benefits families, seniors, school children, public teachers, and individual New Yorkers.

of the most exciting places to live, work, and visit.

MOHIAH LANSDOWN: I think our time is about up. Do you have anything you wish to share with our audience?

HEATHER WOODFIELD: Yes. I'd like to thank the City Council and all of my advocacy and artist colleagues who are testifying today. One Percent for Culture looks forward to continuing to build partnerships in collaboration between city governments and the cultural community in order to better serve all New Yorkers.

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MOHIAH LANSDOWN: Fantastic. [laughter]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: These hearings

are getting better and better. [laughter] I've been

doing this for a long time, and that was great. That

was really entertaining, and those hats are really

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fun can I just say. And I just want to say than you seriously to everyone. I know Council Member Cumbo

has a question for this panel, but I couldn't agree

5 | with you more. Thank you for your service.

I think that's fantast.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Thank you. That was awesome. That was fantastic. I think it's great that the CIGs and the CDS are working together. I think that that's like so empowering, and I think it creates a greater sense of the cultural vitality of New York City when it's not an us against them, but it's really we're floating our boats together. I wanted to know how you came up with the figure \$30 million, and just where did that come from? Because

HEATHER WOODFIELD: We looked back historically at the budget, and we specifically looked at the numbers for 2008. And when it's adjusted for inflation, it's about \$30 million up from last year's adopted budget, and that's where we came up with that number.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Fantastic. I'd be happy to advocate for this. I think it's incredible. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you all very much, and now we have our library panel that we're thrilled to have Paul Otto. Is Paul Otto still with us? Dean Carrington, Mike Wong, Kane Miller. I hope I'm saying that right. Thomas Wynn. How many of those are here. Mike Wong. There's Mike. Dean Carrington. Paul Otto. Thomas Wynn, and— Well, it looks like everybody is here.

[pause, background comments]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Why don't you start right there.

PAUL OTTO: Okay. Good afternoon. My name is Paul Otto. I work at Brooklyn Public Library's Business and Career Library in Downtown Brooklyn. We share a building with the Brooklyn Heights Branch. When first started working in this building in 1996, we have five full-time custodians. Now, we have only one with occasional assistance from other staff, but we now circulate many more materials, present more programs and have much more traffic than 1996. As one of the biggest and busiest braches in Brooklyn, we see people coming to borrow or return materials, participate in computer training, or one of our many speaker programs,

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workshops or one-on-one counseling sessions. In my location one-on-one assistance is a high profile and growing service. Staff and our community partners work together to provide resume and career help, small business assistance, financial counseling, free legal advice and research assistance on any business related topic. The constant flow of programs means our on custodian is often setting up a meeting room or cleaning up after an event. Yet, we have four floors and six public bathrooms that still need to be cleaned everyday, sometimes several times a day.

Technology is a crucial element of our service especially the programs and the one-on-one services. Many people visit the library expressly to use our computers or our Wifi. Yet, response time can be frustratingly slow. Crowding, rising expectations from our users and deteriorating infrastructure can create explosive situations. In 1996, we had two special officers in the building. Nowadays we have one officer about half the time we were open. The Business and Career Library prides itself on transforming people's lives at my location. Like every public library in the city, it needs an increased operating budget so that we have the

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resources to create a safe and clean environment where we can meet our users' needs.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Go ahead.

MIKE WONG: Okay. [bell] Good afternoon and thank Chairman Van Bramer and Chairman Costa Constantinides. Thank you. I got that right. So I'm here to testify here. My name is Mike Wong, and I'm a librarian at the Broadway branch, my childhood branch and I didn't get to witness what transpired upstairs in the trans room because I was downstairs at the records desk. And I am a Local 1521 member. I'm here to testify for funding for our public library staff particularly at Queens branches. Ten years ago my branch had twice as much staff. We mostly had books to deal with them, maybe some audio books, CDs and video cassettes. Now, we are running around trying to troubleshoot the computers helping customers connect to Wifi and trying to help someone find a DVD along a dozen shelves. This can be a needle in a haystack since we do not have enough hourly way to shelve materials and keep them in order. There have been instances where we had to put a sign at the first records desk and say go downstairs to say go downstairs to the other records

desk if you need assistance. Over the years, we have

3 lost 187 public service staff, 20% reduction. We

4 have wonderful facilities that were recently

5 renovated. However, our library cannot run without

6 staff. We are working more hours with less staff.

7 We are barely making our five-day service. Some of

8 us work extra hours to cover branches that are open n

9 Saturday and Sundays. Everyone including your

10 | constituents want us to provide six-day service and

11 our library staff understand that need. Please

12 provide us with enough funding so that we can meet

13 | the demand. I implore you as our representatives of

14  $\parallel$  this great city to provide us the funding for the

15  $\parallel$  things that we need and for our libraries. Thank you

16 | for your time and consideration.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you for your testimony and as the Council Member who represents the district right across the street from the Broadway Branch. [laughs] Yeah, I think we--you know, Council Member Chin and Van Bramer and I both share your commitment and appreciate all the work that all of you do--

MIKE WONG: [interposing] Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: --to make sure that our libraries run every single day. And as we said, more than once a day. You're doing much more with less, and we understand the work that you do.

MIKE WONG: We appreciate that and we're running more busier branches in the system. Thank you.

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{Constantinides: Can we have} \\$  the next--

Good afternoon, Committee. I want to thank you for letting me testify today, especially you, Mr. Van Bramer. I had a chance to work with you. I'm from Queens Borough Public Library. My name is Thomas Wynn. I'm the library custodian. You know, six-day a week funding is great. I mean opening up six days gives the chance to help people in the community and all that. But the most important thing is like we're keeping the library clean and safe for everybody, for the elderly, the children and everything. And being that there is one little kicker. It's hard on us, you know, that we had—custodians had to go and work in two and three branches when in your branch you

1 2 don't have time to do project work, the work is so strenuous. But that's why I'm here, advocating more 3 funding to cover, you know, more programs and more 4 5 things. We have to keep the library clean. So that 6 comes with more staff, and in order for us to have 7 more staff, we're going to need the funding to keep 8 it open like six days. It's a beautiful day and we can have new equipment, more proper equipment so we 9 10 can work and do our job thoroughly. Because some of the equipment we have is out of date. We're going to 11 12 need funding for that. And it's been really, really just hard this winter on us as custodians. Also, I 13 14 just want to collaborate a little bit on what I think 15 Council Member Koo had spoke on about the bathrooms 16 not being clean. That's because we're so short staffed. It's hard for us to maintain that when 17 18 you've got to go and cover two and three branches in That's kind of really rough on us. You know, 19 a day. 20 so I'm really asking and begging that, you know, we can get the funding that would help us out 21 2.2 tremendously to keep the library clean and be safe to 23 visit. And think that's the number one priority is it has to be clean and safe for everybody. I want to 24

thank you for letting me share.

That's it.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you for your testimony as well, and as far as keeping the bathrooms clean, and making sure that our libraries are in tip-top shape every single day, they're clean, they're secure. They look their best. We appreciate the work that you do, and all the men and women of the custodial staff do [bell] and a big part of that \$65 million is to make sure that we have the funding to support the work that you do. So thank you.

THOMAS WYNN: Thank you.

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES:} \quad \mbox{Go ahead}$  with the next testimony.

CANA WELLS: Good afternoon, my--good afternoon, everyone. My name is Cana Wells from South Hollis Library where I am a computer specialist. And the reason why I'm here to talk today is for a source of funding for better services for our community. I'm going to give you a quick synopsis of our branch. In the afternoons when the children come in, we could have over 60 to 80 children all vying for computers, and each of the computers are an hour each. So you can imagine it's great to have children coming in a library, but it's also the supplies meets demand. Excuse me. Because

1 2 each kid is vying for homework time, and it's one hour and 80 kids are sitting at computers. So you 3 can imagine the competitive nature between each kid 4 5 trying to vie for homework and midterms and book 6 reports and such. So we instituted a program at 7 South Hollis doing -- we have -- we call it the Homework Zone from the hours of 3:30 to 4:30 to take the most 8 critical children who have the most projects to do. 9 We have an additional ten laptops that are used. And 10 in some events you can have 30 kids all sharing 11 12 together a laptop trying to get their homework done. It breaks my heart sometimes. They come and they 13 14 can't get the proper services and they leave in 15 tears. I even use my own desktop and also, you know, 16 I have a flash drive designated for the children to help them do their homework safely so they can get 17 18 their projects done. It's very important because we are a community, and the children's success is based 19 20 on how we as a community can relate and help them. So we do our part. Their success is part of us. 21 2.2 reason why I'm here to advocate for funding for the 23 library is that ladies and gentlemen knowledge is power. And as gatekeepers of this knowledge and 24

power, we each have a vita part in the success of

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children's lives. And like a quote from Katherine Hepburn says, What would we do if we didn't have our libraries. Thank you for your time. Thank you for listening, and I hope that we can reach out and have this funding to better the kids not only in my community, all communities. [bell]

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: You made it right there on time, and thank you. And as we talked about earlier, it's not only ensuring that we can get that \$65 million, it's also looking at ways we can change the funding streams to get those, the brand new technologies into libraries to support the work that you guys get done. So we can have the computers, the iPads, the Tablets, the services that you need to ensure that we close that digital divide, and those children can use those computers. So thank you all for your testimony. We appreciate it. all appreciate it.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: And I just want to say to all of you, and particularly to my former colleagues at the Queens Library it was an honor to serve with you. And we will fight very hard for all of this. Thank you very much.

AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 CANA WELLS: Thank you. 3 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Now, we're going 4 to go back to Culture and the Arts before having another library panel. Jennifer Cook from the Field; 5 Kenny Wasami [sp?] from Long Island Project. There 6 7 she is. Is Bismark Contreras still here? Bismark 8 Contreras yes from La Puente. Dr. Mary Lou Galvant. [sp?] and is there--Oh, is Tamara here? 9 Greenfield--10 TAMARA GREENFIELD: [interposing] Yes. 11 12 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: --from Fourth 13 Arts Block. 14 [background comments, pause] 15 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Whoever would 16 like to start particularly because there's a presentation. So however you want to do that is 17 18 great. [laughter] 19 [pause] 20 KATE BROWN: Good afternoon. My name is Kate Brown. Thank you Chair Van Bramer and the 21 2.2

Cultural Affairs Committee for the opportunity to 23 talk to you today about funding for the arts. And specifically on behalf of the Field, a service 24 25 organization which I am a member and fiscally

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2 sponsored. I believe that increasing funding for the Department of Cultural Affairs and for the Field and 3 similar organizations is crucial not only to support 4 5 compelling art, but also to engage people who are 6 normally left out of programming by the large 7 established cultural institutions. I build largescale public sculptures with the public in places 8 around the world that are dealing with traumatic and 9 conflicting histories. The sculptures are called 10 cocoons, and they provide a platform for people who 11 12 stories are rarely, if ever, heard in public art forums. Over here, now you can see the portraits of 13 14 five participants from hundreds and hundreds of 15 people who participated in pods cocoons. 16 recent cocoon was built last fall in the Gudor, a neighborhood of Paris that has long been home to 17

I have also created cocoons in the Mexico City and in Jackson and in Greenland, Mississippi. I continue cocoon work in the South Bronx. The cocoon itself is quite large, about 24 feet long and 10 feet high. It is built over a four-week period. However,

immigrants from France's ex-colonies in North and

West Africa, including Algeria, Morocco, Mali,

Senegal and Devar, among others.

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deductible donations.

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that short period is proceeded by a year or two of organizing in the community by reaching out to the various constituencies that exist painstakingly gaining their trust. An convincing them that cocoon can be their project. That it can literally make visible their stories in the public space. These are normally not the people who are engaged for the large established cultural institutions in their city. And though I reach out to these institutions as well in my organizing, it is usually painfully clear that they are instinctively uncomfortable with having to share the project with others in the community. Sometimes I think bridging these gaps is my real artwork. Groups [bell] like the Field are crucial to my ability to raise money, and to accept tax

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much and these hearings have gotten much more creative. [laughter] And I encourage it. I could not--thank you for that. That was very powerful and whoever would like to go next.

DR. MARIA GALVAN: Good afternoon. want to thank the Chair and the Committee for allowing me to address the public. I am Dr. Galvan,

2	Maria Galvan from Centro Clinico de la Americano
3	[sic]. It is the oldest American organization, and
4	it has dedicated its live to preserve our culture and
5	our heritage. But also to encourage and make sure to
6	empower our community to the arts. We are immigrants
7	and we have to learn about other immigrant cultures,
8	and to also learn about this cultures making
9	ourselves stronger and better citizens. To that
10	extent, Centro Clinico de la Americano had dedicated
11	52 years of this activity. I'm here on behalf of the
12	small non-profit 50(c)(3)(1) organization that saved
13	three hushes in filling out application for minimal
14	amount of money. We feel that it should be
15	simplified, and it should be increased because we are
16	the grass root organization that is keeping this
17	community integrated into the fabric of the city and
18	of this nation. At this point in time, I want to
19	thank this committee for the hard work that they are
20	doing in providing funds to the Department of
21	Cultural Affairs. However, they should really try to
22	emphasize and see and provide the needs of the small

organizations. Thank you and I want to thank you

again.

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much.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very Tamara.

TAMARA GREENFIELD: Thank you. Tamara Greenfield. I am the Executive Director of Fourth Arts Block or FAB, a neighborhood wide coalition of 28 arts and community organizations in the East Village on the Lower East Side. I'm also the Co-Director of Naturally Occurring Cultural Districts in New York or NFCDYNY, a citywide alliance of artists, cultural and community organizations working to revitalize New York City from the neighborhood up. FAB represents small cultural groups and businesses with community connections that stretch back more than 40 years. These small cultural organizations have deep roots in our community contributing to the cultural vitality of the Lower East Side while continually integrating and connecting new artists and partners. Each year they engage more than 2,500 artist and 300,000 participants in their programming. We testify in alliance with other community based cultural organizations from across the city who play an essential role in the cultural life of New York City. The funding that we and our neighboring arts

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essential part of our core operations.

City funding helps bring stability and

organizations receive from the city comprises an

leverages investments by other individuals and funders. This funding helps our members create new work, pay artists, provide arts education in our schools, engage community residents and partners in creative and civic experience, and contributes to local economic renewal. The Lower East Side has benefited in innumerable ways from the long-term investment by the city in our community's sustained cultural vitality. However, there are many communities that have not benefitted from this support across the city. Increased funding for the arts can help bring more funding to population, artists and communities that reflect the city's diversity and cultural richness. We hope that you will strongly consider increasing for culture, and ensuring that the benefits of this investments is shared more equitably across the city. I look forward to working with you to build a just and equitable and creative city. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very

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KEMI ILESANMI: Good afternoon. My name Kemi Ilesanmi. I'm the Executive Director of the Laundromat Project. We fundamentally believe in the power of arts to nourish and transform communities. We work with over 6,000 New Yorkers every year. We particularly focus on communities of color and those living on modest incomes. We have learned and we know that one of the greatest gifts as artists is to help us imagine what could be. So I invite you to imagine and to share your imaginings on these cards. What would it be like to share your story in the laundromats or in other community settings? would it be like to take Yoga or learn English as a second language at a park, or your local library or a laundromat. And to continue these imaginings, I've invited two of our artist who you will meet now.

name is Stephanie Beacums [sp?] . I am a life-long resident of New York. I grew up in Tottenville, Staten Island. I now reside in and choose to reside in Bed-Stuy, Brooklyn. I am a member of the Board of the Laundromat Project because I believe they do unparalleled work within very local communities. And I also believe that arts and culture is a way to

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bring communities together. So I invite you guys to imagine if residents from communities across the city felt their voices mattered and were equally heard. I also invite you to imagine, as was evidenced in my project for the Laundromat Project a little girl tired of waiting for her mother to finish the weekly laundry who was engaged by the sight of a bench made entirely of books. And skipped away from the laundromat clutching a new prized book for the day. Thank you.

also a Laundromat--part of a Laundromat project. I
was the artist in residence. I am from Sunset Park,
Brooklyn and I am the daughter of garment workers. I
have to say that the reason I got involved in media
making and--and--and social--media making and art
making for social change is because in the mid '90s I
saw the negative portrayal of my immigrant Chinese
community in the media, and wanted to counter that.
And I also saw the police violence and harassment of
China--Chinatown vendors, street vendors. So I
wanted to really counter that. So, I know that the
Mayor has already shown his interest and concerns
around these issues that affect communities of color,

1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 immigrants and low-income people. So imagine the rich collaborations and dialogue that community 3 members and affected communities could have. The 4 5 City can and should invest in local arts, artists, 6 artist organizations and projects in these 7 communities. Imagine if you and your children create an astonishing mural about police accountability with 8 your artists and neighbors and got everyone to talk 9 to one another about this. And one last imagining. 10 Imagine if you could transform your local public 11 12 school gym into an art exchange day where local artists, poets and artisans and school children can 13 14 barter and make crafts and drawings based on a 15 community issue, and later have it exhibited in the 16 gym. Thank you very much for your time. 17 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you and 18 are there other speakers? 19 TRANSLATOR: Yes. 20 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: You're waiting 21 patiently. Thank you very much.

TRANSLATOR: Hello. Hi, we're here to testify on the Public Library in Corona. I don't know why we were included in this group, but can we testify in the--

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: You know, one of the things that I love about the way we're doing this is we're kind of merging culture and libraries [laughter] and there's a great deal of work that we all share in common. So I'm happy to have you on this panel.

TRANSLATOR: All right. Okay. So I'll be translating for our member.

BISMARK CONTRERAS: [Speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATORS: Good afternoon--

[background comments, pause]

name is Bismark Contreras. I am a member of La

Puente. La Puente is a grassroots community

organization that works to engage and empower

immigrant workers so that they can bring change to

the communities where they live. I live in Corona

and I am here to talk today about the need to expand

the Queens Public Library in Corona to solve the

problem of overcrowding. And expand its hours so

that it is open on Saturdays.

BISMARK CONTRERAS: [Speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: Most afternoons usually at

4:00 p.m. when I take my five-year-old to the library

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to receive help with her homework, the library is overcrowded. The problem gets so bad that the library staff has to lock the door to prevent a safety hazard. The library can only hold about 150 people, and there are only two emergency exits, the principal door and a side door. Therefore, I

8 understand why the library has to take this

9 precaution when the library becomes overcrowded.

Which makes almost--which happens almost everyday in the late afternoon.

BISMARK CONTRERAS: [Speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: This problem of overcrowding could be solved if the library had the money to expand two floors. But in the short-term, the library could relieve the overcrowding problem if it was open on Saturdays.

BISMARK CONTRERAS: [Speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: On Saturdays when the Corona Library is closed, people go to the Langston Hughes Library on Northern Boulevard, but I can't go to the library on Northern Boulevard because the staff doesn't speak Spanish. I want to learn English, but at this point I don't know enough to communicate with

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Andrea Powell, Mel Hindko [sp?], Robert Oboso [sp?]
Sonya Ferardo, and Andrew Oppenheimer [sp?].

[background comments]

ANDRE POWELL: Good afternoon. I want to start out by thanking the Finance, Cultural and Library committees for allowing me the opportunity to testify at this budget hearing. I am Andre Powell, Coordinator -- the Coordinator of Hospital Storytelling for the Brooklyn Public Library. Hospital storytelling is a literacy program in which readers go visit medical facilities in Brooklyn and read aloud to children. We see anywhere from 3,000 to 5,000 children per year. At each session, we give each child a free book to take home. We also encourage the caregivers to read aloud at home. is the only program of its kind in the country. me there are many reasons why this is an important There's a distraction from pain and program. suffering, which is a part of the healing process. There's the ability to reach children who may be unreachable by most other efforts. But if you were to talk about one important reason, it would that reading and understanding helps make children better readers, brighter and more engaged citizens.

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Not all hospitals provide education activities for children. Some in-patient wards have teachers on staff, but there are times when the whole summer goes by and the kid in the ward will get no instruction. Our program fills the gap. There are many who feel that outreach endeavors like hospital storytelling is just feel good programs and as such they aren't justifiable to the driven [sic] To them, success is encountered in the number of books a library loans. Programs such as these are, in fact, one of the most important things a library does. don't meet the same children who are disparaged in public schools. I meet children who are always curious who always take their selection of reading materials seriously, and parents and medical staff who support the effort. Teams in the clinic will often become translators and will sometimes help out by reading aloud to the younger children. This is the very essence of community engagement where people even children and teens feel empowered enough to participate in their own development. We meet kids everyday who are enthusiastic about getting books. One recent report from a volunteer from the Bed-Stuy Family Health Center stated, There is definitely a

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sweet spot for reading somewhere between ages 5 to

10. It's difficult to get children younger than that
to sit still long enough to listen to a whole book.

Often older children are surprised when they have to
put down their computer game, and listen along with
the younger students while they're being read aloud
to.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you for your--thank you for your good testimony.

MEL HINDKO: Okay. Good afternoon
honorable City Council Members, fellow Brooklynites
and library patrons statewide. Although I'm a
Sheepshead Bay resident, I've spent the last 4-1/2
years as the Branch Manager of the Jamaica Bay Branch
of my 32-year career with the library. And Jamaica
Bay is in the Canarsie section. We serve the
southern half of Canarsie. This is about 50,000
residents that we cover the needs of. Unfortunately,
right now we're only open five days a week on a
Monday through Friday basis. We seem to alternate
with our nearby neighbor the Canarsie Branch as far
as who gets to be open on Saturday and in essence I
have more detail in the handout that I was providing
for the City Council members. But in essence, what

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2 happens is when we're closed for Saturdays, only half of those computer work stations, which is a large 3 amount of what the patrons are using. In other 4 5 words, even though we have an Nexus 7 loan program 6 and some patrons, of course, bring their own 7 electronic devices, most of these people are using the hard wired work stations. And by only having one 8 of these two branches open, there are about 130 9 people that we don't get to serve between the two 10 branches. And it could be remedied. Like two 11 12 collections would be available as well as there would be the opportunity even in community meeting rooms. 13 14 So, there is more detail in what I handed out. But 15 our story and the needs of Jamaica Bay are not unique 16 unto itself. I have about 60 colleagues who are also neighborhood supervisors at their own library 17 18 branches. Please help us to re-staff for the benefit 19 of all the library users in Brooklyn. Thank you very 20 much.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you very much for your testimony and we appreciate your great work.

ROBERT OBOSO: First of all, I want to thank you. Really I mean I've seen these hearings

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them that service.

2 and seeing how much patience you have and the endurance you have to have the public testimony, I 3 4 truly appreciate it. My name is Robert Oboso and I'm 5 a neighborhood library supervisor at the Rugby branch of Brooklyn Public Library located in East Flatbush. 6 7 And what I want to do is tell you about what I do by telling you what additional funding would do for the 8 Rugby Branch. An increase of funding in the Rugby 9 Branch would that I could help more people use the 10 computers to apply for both unemployment and 11 12 employment, and to get tickets for buses and tickets for planes. Many people in the East Flatbush 13 14 community have no computers, and they don't have 15 access to the Internet, and they can't get 16 unemployment insurance properly or apply for a job or get a ticket for a bus. And the library provides 17

In an addition, with that increase in funding we'd have more story times for pre-school and more after school activities. In the afternoon, the Rugby Branch, every seat in the branch is occupied. We provide arts and crafts, homework help and a safe place. But there would be more help available if we had more for the libraries. An increase in funding

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library. Thank you.

and I won't read because I see I'm running out of time, would mean I could do a lot of other things. But one of the things I want to do is say that I've enjoyed serving the community at the Rugby Branch. find it rewarding, and I want you to know that other branches have the same problems. They need more money to do more services, not less money and provide more services like we've done in the past. This is why I'm asking you to increase funding for Brooklyn Public Library. And this is an institution that I'm proud to say serves all, the rich and the poor, learners at all levels from birth to old age. And it's so engrained in Brooklyn that the public hardly thinks of it because they think it's just like water. You turn on the tap and it's there. [bell] And the fact that we have hearings to fight over funding for the library, we don't need a hearing to fight over funding for water. We shouldn't need one for the

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you very much for your testimony. We appreciate it.

TRANSLATOR: off mic] This is Sonya

Ferrado [sic]. I'll be translating for her. She's

one of our students at the Inwood Branch Library at

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the new public library. She utilizes our computer for her computer classes.

SONYA FERRARDO: [Speaking Spanish]

that they work and we need the funds to continue our programming not just ours but libraries in general.

Not just the computer programs, but as well as the physical appearance of our libraries. And basically she says she's proving that it works. It's free, and before the program she didn't know anything about computers, and she can defend herself on the computer. Just as anyone else who has take computer courses in colleges and in universities. And she said that she is just requesting for the funds for the libraries in general. Thank you.

SONYA FERRARDO: [Speaking Spanish] [laughs] Gracias.

 $\label{eq:Chairperson Constantinides: Gracias.} \\$  Thank you.

SONYA FERRARDO: [Speaking Spanish]
Okay.

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CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you

3 for your testimony. Go ahead.

ANDREW OPPENHEIMER: Hello everyone. My name is Andrew Oppenheimer, and I work at the Stapleton Branch of the New York Public Library on the North Shore of Staten Island. And our original building was a gift from Andrew Carnegie. And we have recently had an enormous renovation extension designed Andrew Brennan. And the library is going to celebrate its 108th and second birthdays respectively in June. We receive frequent compliments and comments like, "I haven't been here in 20 years. This is amazing." Or, "This is the prettiest library I've ever been to." And while I'm slightly biased, I wholeheartedly agree with them every time. The original Carnegie building while beautifully designed was not ADA accessible. It was too small floors without an elevator or even a public restroom. roof leaked. It was barely able to serve its vibrant neighborhood. It was one of the least visited branches on Staten Island. The message that it sent was not a positive one. While the library was never unwelcoming, the building was uninviting. When the building was redesigned, it was made to be

1 2 accessible, resilient and incredibly welcoming. was expanded three times over with all the public 3 space on one wheelchair friendly floor. The new 4 5 building makes extensive use of natural lighting with floor to ceiling windows, and they make patrons feel 6 7 free. We now have more than 40 public computers, 8 which are in near constant use. Book circulation has increased tremendously from before the renovation, 9 10 and our business continues to grow even from the year and a half that we have been open again. When I 11 12 started at the library almost a year ago, officially a year this Tuesday, I was told that we are the third 13 14 busiest branch on the Island trailing only behind 15 Saint George and Tow Hill. After a year of service 16 with the library, I can see why. Stapleton Library is located within walking distance from three schools 17 18 for children ages 5 through 13, and a short bus or train ride from three public high schools. Many of 19 20 the neighborhood children come to our library as they would their own front yard or their living room. 21 2.2 When my co-workers recently got married, some of our 23 child patrons were upset that they were gone for two 24 [bell] This happened twice are there were weeks.

two recent weddings at the branch. We miss them,

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too, since it's hard for a staff eight to serve a community of hundreds even when our full staff is present. I'll be quick. I'm almost done. We have more than 50 scheduled programs and events for the month of March ranging from stop motion animation workshops for teenagers through a drawing class for a 50 plus community. There are regular readings for kids, too, and in the past we've hosted author visits for all age groups. And none of this would have been possible before the renovation. Stapleton likely would have still be an inadequate, underutilized branch that did not serve the community. Stapleton Branch is an example of what can happen when capital funding is put to use. I've been to every hearing this fiscal year on the subject about the library's future and the Capital Budget. And I have been heartbroken from the stories that I've heard. As you no doubt have as well. unconscionable that any library should have to move its computer when it rains or that a branch should need to close because they could not get their building enough -- warm enough to be habitable. my hope that the City Council and the Mayor's Office will work together to help libraries serve the

182 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 citizens of New York City in a way that they deserve. And give every community the same opportunities that 3 4 Stapleton Library has been able to provide. Invest in libraries. Invest in New Yorkers. Thank you. 5 6 CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you 7 very much and we definitely hear you about investing in libraries. We are committed to doing that. And 8 just quickly to reference your point before about our 9 10 endurance [sic]. I appreciate -- we appreciate your live for the libraries. Your--your endurance to be 11 12 here today to be part of the rally this morning. Your steadfast commitment in doing your work every 13 14 single day in improving our libraries. We thank you 15 for your great work--16 ANDREW OPPENHEIMER: [interposing] Thank 17 you very much. 18 CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: -- and 19 everything that you guys are doing. So thank you. 20 ANDREW OPPENHEIMER: [off mic] We thank 21 you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much Council Member and Chair Constantinides. have one more panel, one final arts panel and then we have three more library panels. So is Katie Ruben

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KATY RUBIN:

To stand over here? Okay.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yes, because we

have the best sergeant-at-arms in the whole world.

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2 KATY RUBIN: Okay.

3 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: That is

4 possible.

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5 KATY RUBIN: Okay. So I'll just

6 | introduce myself. I'm Katie Rubin--

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Sure.

KATY RUBIN: --for Theater of the

Oppressed NYC. We partner with communities facing

discrimination to inspire concrete action. And I'm

introducing Naji Newbold from our troop Concrete

Justice, and she's going to take it away with the

piece from Concrete Justice, Housing Circus.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: All right.

NAJI NEWBOLD: Greetings everybody. I'm juggling my schedule for housing. I got to keep up with all my appointments. See, on Monday I got to go see my psychiatrist, and I know exactly what he's going to say. He's going to say something like, How are you? [laughs] How are you? You know what, I want my--I'm going to tell you exactly how I'm doing. I can't eat. I can't sleep. I can't even think and the medication it makes me too drooly, too sleepy, and too moody. I mean I need love. I need care. I need help. Seriously, I need help. Can somebody

2	help me? Help me. Yes. Whoo, I pulled it off. I
3	got my medication. But still I've got Wednesday, and
4	on Wednesday I go to my case manager for housing.
5	Oh, how am I? I'm fine, thank you. And yes, I have
6	all my documents in order. I have my birth
7	certificate. I have my passport. I've got my Social
8	Security and I've got all my medical records all in
9	order for you. Yes, and I must say that your blouse
10	matches your eyes, and your eyes matches the sky.
11	Have a good day. Bye-bye. Whoo, I did it. Yes, I
12	made it through the week. But wait a minute, I've
13	still got Friday. On Friday that's when I go to my
14	drug rehab program. Oh, yeah, they take you in every
15	Friday. But I'm good. I'm soaking. I am so
16	prosperous. I mean I don't want no distractions in
17	my life, but guess what people, today I received a
18	letter from Housing. Well, really it was SSI, and
19	SSI told me that they're going to cut my funds. I
20	mean how am I going to live? How am I going to
21	survive? What am I going to do? You know, it's
22	times like this that I wish I could just escape and
23	run away and what? Yeah, I'll take some of that.
24	I'll choke over it. [coughs] You know, what, I'm

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enjoying it. So have a good day. Bye. [applause]

I want to thank you all--

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: [interposing]
Thank you.

NAJI NEWBOLD: --for listening, and I want to say that Theater for the Oppressed has changed my life and we're taking problems and finding solutions through theater and form theater. It functions and I've been through places and spaces, and I'm grateful for Theater of the Oppressed. Thank you.

am grateful for Theater of the Oppressed as well, and that's why I'm proud to support Katy and her work and so grateful that you are here today and you shared that with us. I think that we're going to have to have a performance at every single committee hearing from here on out. This has been tremendous, all of the three performers, and I know we have more performances coming. And this is the first time that we've had performances as testimony, but it's so right. It is so right. So thank you very much, and-

AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: --who goes next? Jenny, are you setting up? 3 JENNY LOULOUDES: [off mic] I want to 4 5 break it up a little bit. CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Got it. All 6 7 right, so why don't we have David go and then Jenny will arrange the musical situation in the back there. 8 DAVID JOHNSTON: Jenny just told me I'm 9 10 going next. My name is David Johnston. I'm the Executive Director of Exploring the Metropolis, and 11 12 we work with performing artists and cultural facilities to provide work space solutions in New 13 14 York City. And I wanted to give my time to some of 15 our composers today so that they could speak to you 16 and we have a little performance. 17 [pause, background comments] 18 NINA ZIACOLA: Okay, no problem. CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Do we need a 19 20 hand-held mic again or --21 NINA ZIACOLA: Whatever. No problem. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: As good as we

NINA ZIACOLA: Hello, everyone. My name is Nina Ziacola [sp?]. I was born in Belarus [sic],

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are. [sic] Okay.

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Minsk where I studied my musical studies. I want down to for musical profession [sic] to Cologne

Academy for Music in Germany and new hometown in Little Neck, Queens.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Great.

NINA ZIACOLA: When Demitri Shastakovich was asked by a social worker, "What do you do?" The famous composer answered, "I'm a composer." "Well" said the social worker, "But what's your profession?" I'm glad that this answer is not a question for exploring the Metropolis program and for the members of this audience. While being a resident at Flushing Town Hall [sic] I was able to complete numerous pieces acquired in celebration of 150th Anniversary of Chancey Delos [sic] in Finnish and Swedish. cycle for a recording, which will be published and for a year this spring in St. Petersburg. Two concerto pieces for violin and piano and harmonica [sic] and piano and the latter one will be coming out in Japan. And I also started a violin concerto for our renowned violinist Arturo Darmani [sp?] which I hope to be printing this very soon.

Now composers nowadays don't think we sit home and compose. We are very much involved in

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community life and international projects. So by expanding the program, exploring the metropolis, not only more composers will be able to fulfill their creative needs by having a piano, having space, having a stipend, and promotion, their music will be performed in different countries just like mine. In Japan, Russia, Germany, and Belarus, and just like I hoped for my must for many years. [sic] So by expanding the program, exploring the metropolis there will be the next step in the direction of a new trend in the spirit of American culture, which will be presented all over the world by the composers. And as a Russian-American composer, I'm proud to be a part of this process. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you.

EN-ENG: Hi, everyone. My name is En-Eng and I'm from Hong Kong. I recently graduated from New York University with a masters degree in music composition. And I just want to say that, you know, as a young artist I am sharing an apartment with somebody in Manhattan and it's almost like luxury to have a full sized instrument for me to compose. And the program is called the Metropolis who granted me access to a piano studio with a full sized grand

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piano for me to really work on the craft. And now,
I'm working with a ballerina from the American Ballet
Theater, and working on a project. We're creating a
new piece of choreography for the ABT Jake Hill
School. We will involve a lot of students, and
without exploring the Metropolis Program, I would not
have had this opportunity. And it was definitely a
huge career boost for me as an American young
composer. Thank you.
CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you. And
now.
ERIC LENNON: Hi, my name is Eric Lennon.
I'm a composer. I live in Inwood. And I just want
to say that I'm going to be playing a excerpt and
some improvisation on a piece that I didn't write
during my time during exploring the Metropolis, but
it was a piece that was created through the support
of the Department of Cultural Affairs.
CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Good.
ERIC LENNON: It was a Lower Manhattan
Cultural Council grant.
CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you. Why

don't you come forward. [laughter] Perfect.

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ERIC LENNON: [Violin performance]

[applause]

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was beautiful. For all of you, all of the artists who are here, this has been a very special hearing,

much for that piece and for being here, Eric. That

and yes we are in the fifth hour of this hearing.

[laughter] And it's so great to have all of you

But it's just picking up now. It's just picking up.

here. Jenny is next.

JENNY LOULOUDES: Hi, I'm Jenny Louloudes

Executive Director of the Alliance of

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you so

organization New City's 350 theaters, and I am giving

Resident Theaters New York. We are the leadership

my time to Jackie Torres and Ashley R. Marinaccio

Artist Director of Girl Be Heard. Girl Be Heard is a

non-profit theater company that brings global issues

affecting girls center stage by empowering young

women to tell their stories. Ladies and gentlemen,

Girl Be Heard.

[Musical performance by Girl Be Heard]

[applause]

JENNY LOULOUDES: You're sure?

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: They're great.

[laughter] Thank you so much. That was amazing.

2 even clapped, which I'm not supposed to do.

3 [laughter] So I apologize--

JENNY LOULOUDES: [interposing] Thank

5 you.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: --for that.

[laughs]

JENNY LOULOUDES: Since I have a few minutes left or one minute left, I'll just briefly say that I want to repeat and echo my colleagues who were asking for \$30 million more so that more money can go to groups like Girl Be Heard, the service to communities. I also want to thank you Chairman Van Bramer as both Majority Leader and as Chairman of this committee for all the support you've given the arts over the years. And also I want to acknowledge Mayor de Blasio for not cutting us last year because it was the first year we didn't have to do a budget dance. And not having to do that budget dance saved us time, and allowed groups like Girl Be Heard to look on their work instead of working on testimony. We are incredibly grateful to what you've done, for the CASA Program. The cultural funding new initiatives that you've done for immigrants. The arts and educations increase, the DCA's access to

- 2 | board development resources. The work and
- 3 affordability for theater artists, and all of this is
- 4 needed. And if there is anybody that can make it
- 5 | happen, it's you. So I want to say [speaking Greek]
- 6 and thank you to Jimmy Van Bramer. I am done.
- 7 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: [laughter]
- 8 | Costa, do you have any Greek there?
- 9 CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Yes.
- 10 [speaking Greek]

- JENNY LOULOUDES: We just said thank you
- 12 to each other.
- 13 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Okay.
- 14 JENNY LOULOUDES: It wasn't anything
- 15 more. [laughter]
- 16 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Well, if there
- 17 | is George is going to tell me later.
- JENNY LOULOUDES: Yes, he will. Yes, he
- 19 will.
- 20 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So we have any
- 21 other testimony from this panel? Yep.
- 22 GUY LAWRENCE: Good afternoon, Chair Van
- 23 | Bramer and member of the Cultural Committee. I'm Guy
- 24 | Lawrence and I'm an elder participant in the Arts
- 25 | Program from Elders Share the Arts. ESTA it's

1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 called. I'm here to testify because my life was altered by being a member of ESTA. After a long and 3 4 extremely very glamorous career, I have a lot of 5 voids that occurred in my life. I went through a 6 very difficult breakup. My mom became physically 7 incapacitated. She suffered a litany of other issues as well, and I became extremely depressed, and I 8 didn't know where to turn. I didn't know what to do. 9 I'm a single person. I don't have brothers and 10 sisters, and I have no children. So taking care of 11 12 her became very, very laborious and I needed an out, which I couldn't find. And so ESTA miraculously, and 13 14 I managed to find a group that cares about me through 15 its many and varied art programs. I've taken several 16 of their courses including digital photography, storytelling and collage. None of which I had 17 18 exposure ever before. ESTA's ability to combine art techniques, storytelling, and their bonding is 19 20 unique. I am now reinventing myself as a result of these efforts. Andre Matisse produced his famous 21 2.2 cutouts in his latter years. In a way, I followed 23 his lead. I am no longer lonely or withdrawn. 24 look forward to new programs from ESTA. It is never

too late to express yourself in a new way. People

1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 are interested in your story. I am proud part of our 3

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group, which is diverse, inclusive, welcoming and non-competitive. In the Wizard of Oz, Dorothy's ruby slippers revitalized her. I feel revitalized myself. The power to follow the Yellow Brick Road to a productive and happier life has been attainable with ESTA's help. I am grateful for your support, and urge you to extend funding for opportunities to the arts, especially for elders. So that all New York City people can benefit from our cultural programs. Thank you very much. God bless you and God bless my ESTA family.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you so much for sharing that very powerful story, and I'm very glad you've had this experience. And the organization was there for you when you needed it. The last speaker on this panel.

GUY YEDWAB: Great. Thank you to the Committee for the opportunity to appear today. Thank you to the excellent stage managers that are the sergeant-at-arms. My name is Guy Yedwab and I'm the Managing Director of League of Independent Theater. We're a political advocacy organization testifying on behalf of 50,000 independent theater artists. Our

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membership includes individual theater makers and performance venues from all five boroughs whose self-produced work outside of establishing confusion in venues 99 seats or less or in alternative venues. I would have brought a performance today, but about 10% of our members are able to sustain themselves on the arts. So many of them are at second or third or fourth jobs today.

Amongst our membership over 50 independent venues that we're aware of have been shuttered since 2009 and many others are in danger. Since 2008, the financial crisis has severely limited the amount of money available in the private sector to support the arts. Ticket sales have dropped as have charitable donations. Rents, which comprise 36% of our members' budgets have risen precipitously causing a severe crisis for our members. We are joining with our cultural partners to ask that the cultural funding be raised by \$30 million to account for this period of time. Losing grants that organizations have relied on for years, or facing sudden increases of rent, or losing key donors can spell the difference between continuing to practice art and having venues to practice in. Or, being

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2 forced to shutter to move--to leave neighborhoods.

It could mean cultural deserts in neighborhoods where 3

local artists have been forced out of their 4

5 communities unable to live or work in the community

6 they used to call home and leave gaps among their

7 neighbors.

> But I'm here today because I really believe that this is a moment of incredible opportunity. We're here to testify, as I mentioned, to raise those rates, and to return the cultural sector to where we were before this setback and realize a new opportunity. At an event at the CUNY Graduate Center we talked about many different strategies for supporting the arts. And we believe that with a return to that higher level of cultural funding we can have a long-term strategy for sustainable arts. Thank you.

> > [pause]

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you all for your testimony. All right, our next panel will be Deborah Wynn, Anthony White, Dawn--I can't--I can't read it. I'm sorry.

DAWN ZIMMINER: [off mic] That's okay.

[sic]

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Himler? As a 3 Constantinides I completely know. [laughs] Sean Paul Huzon, and Nathaniel Faber. 4 5 [background comments] 6 CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: I said 7 Deborah Wynn, Anthony White, Dawn Himler, Sean Paul Huzon and Nathaniel Faber. Is Nathaniel Faber here? 8 [background comments, pause] 9 10 CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Joseph Reese. Is he here? 11 12 FEMALE SPEAKER: No, he testified 13 already. 14 CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Testified 15 already. Okay, Kathleen. Okay, all right. I guess 16 we'll start right there with you and we'll go from left to right. 17 18 ANTHONY WHITE: Okay. Good afternoon. My name is Anthony White. I'm a 28-year employee of 19

the New York Public Library, and over the last 28 years I've seen user count increase year after year after year. In my location, it's a rare occasion that you walk by and you find an empty seat. Libraries are a safe haven for our teenagers, and it's also a place where adults can go to grow.

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AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 Investing in libraries makes financial sense.

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would like to add that I'm an employee of the Science, Industry and Business Library, which houses the Job Search Central and the Financial Literacy Center. Which are two vital programs or services that keeps individuals and puts New Yorkers back on their feet financially. Please secure our funding.

DEBORAH WYNN: Hi, my name is Deborah Wynn. I work for the Queens Library. I've been an assistant for 21 years. I work at the Bayside Branch. We offer an array of programs and services from the young to the very elderly. We have Zumba on Mondays. We have Chair Yoga. We have Homework Helpers Programs. We offer a lot of programs for the community that we serve, and I'm here advocating for the funding. My branch is one of the rare branches that opens up on six days, but I'm here fighting for those six days. Because if we don't get the funding that we need, we may not be open for six days. So that's why I'm here advocating and thank you for your time.

DAWN ZIMMINER: I will be brief I'm sure. My name is Dawn Zimminer. Thank you for attempting it, Councilman Constantinides. I've been practicing

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2 all day. I was promised bonus points if I got it
3 right.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: You nailed it. I'm very impressed.

DAWN ZIMMINER: Thank you. I'm here to advocate on behalf of the young adults in the public library system. I work for the Wakefield Branch. For those of you who don't know, we're the northern most branch in the Bronx. We're at the end of the 2 Train. 14.3 million young people in the United States take care of themselves after school, and 51% of those people are in grades 9 to 12. The rate of juvenile crime tripled between the times of 3:00 to 6:00 p.m. and these are more likely to become victims of crimes in those times as well. These aren't scare tactics, they're facts. And libraries create and provide critical resources to these young people, to these teen-agers, these in between people who are searching to become the adults that they're meant to be. We provide them with computer time, although not much because my branch has three computers available to adults and teens.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES:

[interposing] That's a problem.

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DAWN ZIMMINER: Three. We have one express machine that's 15 minutes long, but we have three desktop computers. That's scary to me. are teens who need access to the Internet. need--they need it not just for homework, and the things that we like to think that they're doing. They need it to play video games, to get themselves out of a stressful situation. Home lives are not always a peaceful, quiet, happy place for them. library provides a safe place for them to de-stress not just from school, but from home as well. We did not have a young adult librarian until I came. new to the system. I'm sitting next to two people whose years total almost 50 in the system. I'm brand new. I came in December. I was horrified when I walked into the branch and saw three computers, and the teens don't have their own machines. That's terrifying to me. We need to refund [bell] the budget. I'm going to stop talking now. [laughs] SHANTEL HOUSTON: Hi. My name is Shantel Houston [sic] and like Dawn I am brand new to the system as well. I am one of the few who were recently hired to work with the young adults in the Bronx. I specifically work at Francis Martin, and

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today I'm here for them, because they're in school and they can't be here to defend themselves. So I'm here. If you don't water it, it's not going to grow. It's very simple. I originally hail from Las Vegas, and we're having a very serious drought back there and in California. And it's just as simple as that. I want to tell you today about what you are investing in should you give us this money. I recently this past February hosted a Harlem Renaissance program for my teens where I brought in three different guests and artists, local, and another local writer Jason Reynolds, who was very gracious. And also a local patron who is also an musician, and during this three-course segment we talked about the Harlem Renaissance and we did these programs gave back to the community. That's what it's about. We're fighting for them. At the end of the day, that's what we're both trying to do, and that's what we need to do. We need to make it right.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Thank you. 21

2.2 KATHLEEN CHI: My name is Kathleen Chi.

24 family. I spent 20 years working in China from the end to the Mao Era to 2004 and by necessity, economic

I'm an American--Chinese-American, multi-cultural

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necessity I went back to school, became a librarian, a reason that I had studied Chinese in college back in the '70s. Grateful to my local public library for the resources that helped me get up to speed with some of the technology and things to qualify me for the career. I'm a Queens resident. I can't get to my library because it's not open on Sunday, the only day that I have to go to the library myself. But I have a library right here, and only because there is a bricks and mortar establishment behind it could I have my library right here.

Borough Library. I have a card there. I am now a Senior Librarian with the New York Public Library at the St. George Branch, the largest one on Staten Island. I've got several books on my phone. I read a lot of home section, and I'm going to try to cram in with the time remaining a day in the life of. As a public service professional at the St. George Library, a short walk from the ferry where millions of people cross the water and some of them wander up to see us. We are a community that serves—twist but come up the hill. We serve people in transit to their homes. We have a large residential area of

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mixed economic levels, ages, what have you. We have high schools in the neighborhood, and we have a lot of city services.

We have a homeless shelter where we see families. We have people that are homeless, regulars that we know by name. One of them is studying Chinese seriously, which amazes me. They come and use us a waiting room to get into the shelter next door. Sometimes they can't get in, and a couple who come together to live in that shelter [bell] -- Are you kidding me. [laughter] They told me they'll be on the subway night if they don't get in there. But one thing that I wanted to mention is that we're a branch where we move the computers when it rains. look at that picture of Andrew Carnegie over our service desk and I say, "Andrew, it's a good thing you're on that wall because if you were on that one over there, it's snowing today. When it melts tomorrow, you're going to get wet." We need help and I'm embarrassed that we really need help. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: Okay. Thank you all for all of your testimony, and for all the work that you do in each and every one of the branches. We hear you and the need to expand our

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programs for teens and get that \$65 million and to get the money for the staff that we desperately need.

And the capital funds that we desperately need to ensure that those leaks aren't happening. We won't have to go through that embarrassment any longer. So thank you very much.

KATHLEEN CHI: Thank you.

all so very, very much including some former colleagues in the library once again. And we have one more—we have two more panels to go. Is Nina Manning still here? Nina Manning or—Yes. Nellie Salazar, Nellie Salazar. Yep, you're up. Do you want to come—come up? There are some folks from the Queens still here, right. Nuevo Arquero, Nellie Salazar, Joan Young Santiago, Joan Young—Santiago. We called Nina Manning and is it Ceil Khaldun. Am I getting that name right? Ceil Khaldun from Queens Library.

[background conversation]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: All right, are there any other Queens Library speakers? Ah, okay.

Celeste Miller, you join this family. We'll just keep it all in the family together. And then we have

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one more panel after this I believe, right? So why don't we start there and then move down the table.

JOAN YOUNG-SANTIAGO: Good afternoon, and thank you for your patience. You've been here as long as I have, but it's all worth it at the end. I'm a lifelong Bronxite. My family moved from Manhattan over to the Bronx, and I am third generation, my children are fourth generation, and my grandchildren are fifth generation Broxites. The reason why I'm point this out is because I would like \$1.1 billion to be geared on a 10-year plan for the library. It is very, very important. It's not just a legacy going--look backward. It's a legacy moving forward. My mother used to take us by the hands and we used to walk to the library. My library originally was the Fordham Library, which is now closed. We have a beautiful new library. I took my children by the hand to the Belmont Library, and I would like that to continue. It is very important. It's not just for Bronxites. It's not just for Queens. It is not--its for economic and all facets of life age wise. It's not just for children. for seniors. It's for everyone, which means there is always something to learn at the library. This is

AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 1 JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 2 something that everyone can do and can learn for free, and all you need is your library card, which I 3 4 never leave home without. [laughs] Thank you. 5 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: I thought you 6 were going to say all your keys. 7 JOAN YOUNG-SANTIAGO: Right here. CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yeah. 8 JOAN YOUNG-SANTIAGO: My library card. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Nice. Thank you so much. 11 12 FEMALE SPEAKER: I am going to proceed with Spanish talking. You won't understand my 13 14 English. [Speaking Spanish] 15 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: [laughs] 16 Gracias. Larry, are you translating? TRANSLATOR: [off mic] I was going to 17 18 translate that, but she insisted on moving on it. CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Fair enough. So 19 20 I understand so I feel like I got that, and I will tell Costa what she said. [laughter] Gracias. 21 2.2 FEMALE SPEAKER: Okay, gracias.

CEIL KHALDUN AL SHAKIR: Very good--a very good afternoon, honorable members of the City Council. My name is Ceil Khaldun Al Shakir. I am

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2 President of the Friends of Laurelton Library. would like to start off by thanking you all on behalf 3 of the residents of Springfield Gardens and 4 Laurelton. Thank you for your patience and your 5 6 time, and for having me here. I've come here today 7 to ask on behalf of the residents of Springfield Gardens and Laurelton to restore our six-day service 8 that we've had at Laurelton Library. The last one 9 that we've had, the last Saturday of May of 2011 is 10 when we had our Saturdays, and we haven't had them 11 12 since. And we've kind of hobbled along, if you will, as a result of that. The Library at Laurelton use--13 14 The members of our community actually are everyday 15 hard-working citizens that need the library for the 16 six-day service. Many people that work from 9:00 to 5:00 Monday through Friday, they're lucky if they get 17 18 their Mondays and Thursdays by 6:30 or 7:00 p.m. because they work in Midtown Manhattan. And the 19 train rides say it's 45 minutes if it's running on 20 time. And then it's about another half an hour. 21 2.2 they're taking a bus, it's at least 25 minutes from 23 the train station Parsons and Archer to Laurelton. 24 So by the time they get to the Laurelton Library,

they really don't have much time. I'm also one of

the volunteers there. So I've built a rapport with
many of the people in the community, many of the
children and teens. They know me there. They know
Ceil, they know Ceil Khaldun. We've helped also

7 the management there like a Laurelton are phenomenal.

build a great rapport with the staff. The staff and

8 And we feel also for their sakes if we have our six-

9 day service back they can better serve us, and we can

10 appreciate them more for that. So, you know, I ask

11 you all, honorable members of the City Council if you

can please restore our six-day service. [bell] Thank

13 you.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you. It's a great library and I think you for helping it.

FEMALE SPEAKER: Good afternoon. I'm
here to tell you two stories. You pay for one but
you get two. My first story is a story about the
users. I represent the users today. I'm the manager
of the Jackson Heights Library and I'm an American,
but in the beginning I was the immigrant. And as an
immigrant when I came here I didn't have anybody. So
I would call the library and I asked for help. I was
going to libraries everyday. The library was my
home. So even though I was in sociology and I was

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teaching, I was so grateful for the wonderful work that libraries did for me. So I made a decision to change my profession and I became a librarian and then I became a manager. And I am doing the same for the users that come everyday and remind me of me.

The second story is the story about security. You were talking today about how libraries should be clean. How about talking about libraries being secure? So I have two questions for you, Mr. Van Bramer and Mr. Constantinidies. Do you feel safe when you come to work? We all should feel safe, customers and staff. At Jackson Heights Library we have a problem. However, working together with the management in union we've got security. We got what we wanted. However, more is needed to be done, and additional funds have to be allocated for that. So we all feel confident when we come to work, nothing bad will happen. So I thank you for your attention and think about when you don't feel safe, how some people feel. [bell]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much. Thank you for taking on librarianship and all your service in Jackson Heights working with your seat mates there in Jackson Heights. Senorita.

2 FEMALE SPEAKER: [:

E SPEAKER: [Speaking Spanish]

3 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Could you bring

the--I guess just bring the mic a little closer.

Yes.

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FEMALE SPEAKER: [Speaking Spanish]

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Gracias and we

8 agree on the importance of additional classes, and we

9 | are grateful to everyone on the panel for staying,

10 and I also want to thank all the library staff who

11 | are here and staying throughout the entire duration

12 of this hearing. Including future library staff. I

13 see in the second row there, and it's been great. So

14 | thank you all so much for everything. And we have

15 one last panel. I have one last panel I believe. Is

16 | Eleanor Cohen still here? She is. Thank you so much

17 | for staying. Is Hulan Jack? Is Hulan Jack--is that.

18 | There you go, Mr. Jack from Park City. Very nice,

19 | and great. Yuki Kiendo. Oh, that's right, and Yuki

20 Kiendo is here as well, and that concludes-- If we

21 | hit 3 o'clock, perhaps we'll be entering the sixth

22 | hour of the hearing. [laughter] Why don't you go

23 first.

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ELEANOR COHEN: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Sure.

My name

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ELEANOR COHEN: Hello everybody. is Eleanor Cohen. I am 75 years old and legally blind. I have a condition called macular degeneration, which affects the central vision. progressive. It slowly gets worse and you lose the part of your vision that sees detail. So what is affected is most essentially is reading, recognizing faces and many other things. So you can do a lot of things with peripheral vision, but there are things that are quite devastating. And when I first developed this condition, it was just a terrifying thing because I didn't know how I was going to continue to have and enjoy an adult life. And then I found the Andrew Heiskell Library, which has turned out to be a godsend. It's a lifeline for me and for many, many other people have visual problems and other physical problems. And it was at the library that I learned about the wealth of audio books. even though I can't read print, I now read 30 or 40 books year with an incredible wealth of resources. But in addition to that, there were support groups and networking. So I met other people with similar disabilities. I found out all the resources that were available, developed some technical skills and

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participated in vision fairs. And recently an oral history project that has just started to record the experiences of disabled people. And, in addition to all these wonderful experiences, it brought me hope and courage. And it was so gratifying that I volunteered and help whenever I can mostly with clerical tasks. But it was there that I saw how short staffed and hard-working this dedicated staff is. And I just implore you all to please, please fund the libraries, the Andrew Heiskell Library, the other libraries in the City. These are lifelines, and restore the—what has been lost, and bring more. So that these wonderful programs can continue in the future.

much for [applause] for being here, and for staying as long as you did. And because you mentioned that you're 75, and my mother was mentioned earlier, she just turned 75. So, you're terrific and I'm so grateful that you are able to experience what you-what you are able to experience because of this particular library, and the services there. So I know I want more of that, and we're just very, very

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grateful that you are here and that you stayed. Now, we have Lefrak City and then Hal.

HULAN JACK: Good afternoon. My name is Hulan Jack. I'm the--the Treasurer of the Friends of the--of the Lefrak Library. My appeal is for seven-for weekend hours. We have a lot--a lot of working people who during the week no matter what type of hours you have, they--well, are not serviced. With the weekday hours or with the weekend hours rather we can have--service many, many more people who can't get service right now. All the marvelous things the library does, which are absolutely fantastic. I got a real education this afternoon. So thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you forfor coming out today and for staying, and it's been
great to have so many library user from all over the
city. And it's also great to see so many active
Friends groups that coming to bear, and to see so
many advocates. And it's sort of revitalizing, you
know, the fight for libraries. So we're very, very
you're taking on especially the role of Treasurer,
which is not always the easiest role. So thank you
so much. And Yuki, I think you're the last speaker.

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YUKI KIENDO: Yes. Learning is--you cannot residents of the Jackson Heights community and members of the different levels, and members different on every public level in New York City, Long Island. At the multiple New York Public Library and the Brooklyn Library is busy library. And the New York Public Library and the Brooklyn is the two busiest libraries in the industry and business. country only New York Public are open seven days a week, and Bronx Library. And the library it just closed with the special activities, and also combining the two busiest libraries. It is not a good idea. What's happened after combining these libraries was closed and it's probably unfunded. one will go all the way to the Bronx just to return library material. Not all the libraries and open libraries. Because we must seek opportunities, and it needs to be reopened. But we have to relocated Brooklyn public library because there are many business people that depends on the business in that. And it shouldn't enforce or terminate it. Relocating the business center is not a good idea because none of the public stations have a really good associated public stations. [bell] The Brooklyn Public Library

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yuki, do you

like the New York Public Library because operations

and all the libraries have to be--stay open.

have a lot more or a little bit more?

MTA bus service operating levels, which are, operated which for many people it depends on the bus and period levels. So the bus levels are important for the community because the bus levels are for all people and ethnicity. The bus levels are important because some levels they cannot access that level.

They have a two-hour commuter access or other levels have either 45 or 60 minute estimate. It's proof that Brooklyn Heights and the Northern Queens business level. I spend more Fort Washington level just to get that, but because it's only adjacent to the New York City level. [sic]

much, Yuki, and you've been before our committee many times and I have seen that picture many times. And I know you have very strong feelings about some of the projects at the various library systems, and I'm glad that you care enough about libraries that you come here and testify before us, and continuously share

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your thoughts. So I want to thank you, and I want to thank all of you for testify. I want to thank everybody who is here in the room still. I especially want to thank the staff. We began shortly before 9:00 a.m. this morning preparing for the press conference. It seems like it was three weeks ago. [laughs] So my fellow Chair Cost Constantinides, and our staff here Tonya, Aliah [sp?] and Amita [sp?] my staff and Cody who looks really energetic over there in the corner. And, all of the folks who care about libraries. And maybe Council Member Constantinides do you want to say a few words?

CHAIRPERSON CONSTANTINIDES: My press conference was way this morning. [laughter] No, no, but in all seriousness, this has been a real testament to the love that we all share for libraries today. I mean you have five hours to have people waiting all the way here to the end. It's been a real testament to the love that we all share for libraries today. I mean to have five hours to have people waiting all the way here to the end, and still giving us a thumbs up, [laughs] and being extremely passionate, demonstrates the needs in our communities to support them. The needs of the \$65 million that

1	COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LIBRARIES 218
2	we share that we're fighting for and we need to have
3	the \$1.1 billion to the Five and the Ten-Year Capital
4	Plan. And I know we're going to be a strong
5	partnership in the for that. So thank you all for
6	being here.
7	CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you all
8	very much. Have a good weekend.
9	[gavel]
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 1, 2015