CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING

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HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

B E F O R E:

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Co-chairpersons

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A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING

[gavel]

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CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Good morning. I am Council Member Corey Johnson, Chair of the Health Committee of the City Council. I want to thank Council Member Margaret Chin, Chair of the Committee on Aging for sponsoring this legislation that we are considering today and for being a true leader and addressing this important issue. I also want to acknowledge Council Member Paul Vallone who also has worked a tremendous amount on this piece of legislation and is number two on this bill. Today the committees are holding a hearing on Intro number 358 which will regulate social adult daycare in New York City. Social adult daycare programs provide functionally challenged individuals with specialized services for older adults and a protective setting during part of the day. Social adult daycare is becoming a more important piece of our city's care system every year as our senior population grows. To a family member providing care to a loved one with Alzheimer's and dementia social adult day programs are a real life line. They're in a safe setting where trained staff work with participants to improve their quality of life not

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING just at the program but also when, when they return home. There are currently eight programs funded by the New York City Council which must follow regulations issued by the New York State Office of the Aging. I know a number of those providers are here today and I want to thank them for working with us for this process. However there are hundreds of private centers operating largely without any oversight over these services for our vulnerable population. Through a scheme the operators of these centers are able to collect Medicaid reimbursements for each participant enrolled by recruiting seniors that do not require a level of care that social adult daycare programs are designed to offer. Like many of my colleagues I am greatly disturbed by the growth of these facilities and the potential for Medicaid fraud or worse. Under introduction 358 New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene and the Department for the Aging we'll work together to regulate these centers. DFTA will appoint an ombudsman to receive complaints and investigate information it has regarding programs and will refer such complaints to DOHMH and the state. DOHMH

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 5 will then inspect these centers as, as necessary to ensure that only functionally impaired adults attend these programs and that these participants receive appropriate services in a safe environment. I am proud to co-sponsor this legislation that will protect older adults from social adult daycare operators who engage in deceptive practices. Social adult daycare programs are needed here but we only want honest providers, providers that are committed to offering the full range of required services by, by properly trained staff, not those looking to make a quick buck by draining away Medicaid dollars. No one in New York City should worry whether the program where they just dropped their mom or dad off to is actually going to provide a safe and supportive environment. Again I'd like to thank Council Member Margaret Chin, the sponsor of this legislation, Council Member Paul Vallone, and advocates for their work on this bill and for their commitment to protecting all elderly New Yorkers. Lastly I would like to acknowledge my colleagues on the health committee who have joined us. We are joined by Council Member Peter Koo and I'm sure we'll be joined by others. I also want to thank my

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Legislative Director Louis Cholden Brown, our

Health Committee Council Dan Hafetz, Policy Analyst

for the Health of the Committee Crystal Pond,

Carillion Francisco [sp?] the finance Analyst for

the Health Committee in their work for, in

preparing for today's hearing. And I also really

want to thank the aging Committee Council Telly

Kaylor [phonetic], Kelly Taylor for all of her

incredible work over a long time in getting us to

this hearing today. Now I'd like to turn it over to

Council Member Margaret Chin.

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CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. Good
morning. I'm Margaret Chin, Chair of the Aging
Committee. I want to thank Chair Johnson of the
Health Committee for holding this hearing today. We
also have been joined by Council Member Vallone of
the Aging Committee and he also Chaired the
Subcommittee on Senior Centers. Social adult
daycare programs are an essential service for
families of seniors with Alzheimer's and dementia
that has unfortunately gained an unfair reputation
as these reputable businesses have cooperated their
names in order to profit off a loophole in the
state's Medicaid program. These pop up social

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING adult daycare are exploiting seniors by promising a level of care they do not offer and billing taxpayers by taking Medicaid dollars they have not properly earned. Popups have offer free toasters, sodium loaded takeout food, and rooms with big screen T-V to lure participants away from senior centers threatening their funding as the center's attendance drop. We have given the state ample opportunity to fix this problem. We agreed to shell the bill last session. After being assured that these popups would be reined in it's been more than a year since and yet the chorus of complaints continues. Patience is not a virtue when tax dollars are being wasted and the vulnerable are needlessly put at risk. It's been now two years, five hearings, and one front page New York Times expose since we learn about this problem. These popups not only threatened the safety of seniors they are threatening the very existence of our senior center. If they can bring enough over to the popups there's a real chance the senior centers won't be able to maintain the attendance they need to keep their doors open. There more than enough room for senior centers and properly run social

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING adult daycare program in this city. But we can't stand by and let these popups push our senior centers and threaten the business model of reputable programs. At every hearing we discuss social adult daycare we all agree that these popup programs are a serious problem that should be addressed. Right now in New York City you need a license to run a game of bingo but not to take care of a person with Alzheimer? We need to fix that. Now that we are under a new administration I'm confident that we can come to an agreement with the mayor and make sure we finally put this problem to rest. And I want to thank all the advocates and all the good social adult daycare providers that are here today to testify. And I also want to thank Kelly Taylor, the Council for the Aging Committee for her long hard work on this and also my Chief of Staff Yumah Kidasay [sp?] on this issue. Thank you. COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Thank you very much Council Member Chin. Thank you for our cochairs today. As stated as the Chair of Senior Centers this is an issue that addresses every

senior in our city because of the choices that are

given and not properly explained, the resources

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that are taken away from our seniors, and for the centers that are trying to do the right thing that have to compete with these popups that are not providing the care that we would demand for our parents, our loved ones, the seniors in our city. So I'm looking forward to today's hearing and taking concrete steps to move forward with our two committees and the City Council to address this growing plague and situation on the, on our seniors who are expecting more from us and so I turn to you to step up and do that. So thank you very much.

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CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you Council Member Vallone. We're going to start with our first panel. I will call you up. Karen Resnick Deputy Commissioner for External Affairs at DFTA, Ilene Malarkey Assistant Commissioner for Long Term Care at DFTA, and Elliott Marcus Associate Commissioner for the Bureau of Child Care and Bureau of Food Service and Community Sanitation and the Division of Environmental Health at the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. So you may testify in whatever order you would like. Make sure that the red button is on on the mic and please introduce yourself, identify yourself before you speak for the record.

2 Yes, and we are going to swear you in. [cross-talk]

3 You can swear them in. We're going to have our

4 | Committee Council swear you in.

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COMMITTEE COUNCIL: Can you please raise your right hand? Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your testimony today and to respond honestly to council member questions?

[cross-talk]

COMMITTEE COUNCIL: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you very much. You may begin.

Chin, Chairperson Johnson, and members of the Health and our Subcommittee Chair Vallone, and members of the Aging and Health Committees. I'm Karen Resnick Deputy Commissioner for External Affairs at the New York City Department for the Aging. And I am joined today by Ilene Malarkey to my right Assistant Commissioner for Long Term Care at DFTA and Elliot Marcus my colleague Associate Commissioner for the Bureau of Child Care at the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Thank you for inviting us to testify about

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 11 Intro number 358 in relation to regulating social adult daycare. As you mentioned social adult daycare is a structured program that offers a protective setting to functionally impaired individuals with either cognitive or physical frailty. Generally these programs provide socialization opportunities, structured activities, personal care, meals, supervision, and monitoring. Additionally SADC services may include activities designed to maintain and improve daily living skills, transportation, caregiver assistance and case coordination. Medical adult day programs by contrast are affiliated primarily with hospitals and nursing homes and they furnish social activities as well as more intensive health and therapeutic services such as occupational and physical therapy. DFTA currently funds seven social adult daycare programs with baseline funding. These programs were previously supported by council discretionary funding and monitored by the Department for the aging. Thanks to the generous support and commitment of the older adult population three additional SADC programs were funded by the city council. And the seven original

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2 programs were awarded enhancements in their

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3 budgets. DFTA requires the SADC's funds to meet the

4 standards set forth and the New York State Office

5 for the Aging regulations. As the contract agency

6 DFTA provides oversight for compliance with those

7 standards for the 10 programs that are currently

8 funded. The environment for operating SADC programs

9 has changed with the development of new financing

10 and regulatory arrangements for SADCs and New

11 York's Medicaid program. This appears to have led

12 to an increase in the opening of new SADC programs

13 or popups as you refer to them throughout the five

14 \parallel boroughs during the past two years. Social adult

15 daycare is a covered benefit under Medicaid Manage

16 Long Term Care plans and prior to two years ago was

17 | used less frequently as a service option. As a

18 result of mandated changes by the governor's

20 of Medicaid beneficiaries into MLTCs many of whom

21 | required personal care. Since May 2011 enrollment

22 | in in Medicaid MLTCs in New York City has tripled

23 | from fewer than 30 thousand enrollees to almost 90

thousand enrollees in 2013. To serve this influx of

new enrollees in a more cost effective manner

1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING

2 Medicaid MLTC plans are quickly expanding their

3 capacity by contracting the comparable but less

4 expensive community based long term care service

5 and support services such as SADC programs. The

6 | large influx of clients... [cross-talk]

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UNKNOWN MALE: Audio test one two three, one two three. Mic check one two.

KAREN RESNECK: The large influx of clients eligible for this comparatively inexpensive service created an environment right for the proliferation of SADC programs in New York City and the potential for exploitation of a very frail population. It is reported that some are also using SADCs as recruiting sites for the manage care plans. Initially the MLTC programs were directly responsible for the oversight of these centers. In October of 2013 the state Department of Health issued a set of policy requirements for oversight of SADC programs at New York State that contract with MLTCs. Because these new SADC providers are being paid for and contracted through the state Medicaid program it falls to the state to provide oversight for ensuring the quality of the services provided and to protect the integrity of the

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 14 taxpayer funded program. The state has taken several actions in response to the reported problems in the proliferation of SADCs programs. The state Department of Health established a specific requirement that MLTC plans assess SADC entities for compliance with the minimum NYSOFA requirements prior to an MLTC plan entering into a contract for provision of service. DOH also issued a policy memo to remind MLTC plans that SADC entities must comply with the NYSOFA regulations as per their contractual requirements. Additionally MLTC plans were required to conduct initial and annual onsite visits of all SADC contractors in order to monitor compliance with the minimum requirements. MLTCs were prohibited from contracting with any entity that does not meet NYSOFA requirements. DOH also required MLTC plans to maintain documentation of compliance in their records for all related audit activities. The Department of Health contracted with the Island Peer Review Organization, IPRO to order, audit to the compliance of MLTC plans with NYSOFA regs. IPRO projected that on site reviews of the SADC programs would be completed in 2014. NYSOFA provided initial

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 15 training to IPRO staff on the use of the monitoring tool which it developed to complement the standards. The administration shares the concerns prompting the introduction of this bill and in particular the, the opening of a large number of new SADC programs in New York City and reports that some of the new programs are not providing quality services. Also there have been accounts that a number of the newly launched SADC programs have been aggressively recruiting participants from high quality providers. In light of the specific actions that have been taken by the state to address reported abuses among SADC programs DFTA believes there is a noticeable down turn in the number of reported abuses. DFTA in partnership with the city council will continue to work with this state to determine whether the state's actions have had the intended outcome of reducing and eliminating fraud and abuse among SADC providers. Recognizing that these programs are paid for almost entirely through state Medicaid manage care arrangements and that the city agencies lack the infrastructure and funding to oversee the universe of SADC programs in New York City we believe it's premature to

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 16 establish an entirely new regulatory scheme without fully understanding the scope of the current problem. This is particularly true in light of recent actions taken by the state to address reported abuses. At the present time DFTA logs reported complaints that come to our attention about SADC providers and refers them directly to a designated staff person at the State Department of Health. Intro number 358 requires the establishment of a Social Adult Daycare ombudsman at DFTA whose role it would be to investigate complaints at all SADC programs and refer them to the state, obtain an annual list of all providers operating SADC programs, make recommendations to the commissioner regarding the operation of SADCs, post signs indicating how to contact the ombudsman on the premises of SADCs, make information available on its website about how to contact the ombudsman, and provide a written report to the City Council by April one of each year documenting all of the actions of the previous year. This would require that DFTA expand from its current role of enforcing contract terms for 10 social adult daycare programs that we directly fund to acting as an ombudsman for

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CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you very much Deputy Commissioner. Is there going to be additional testimony from the other two... [crosstalk]

KAREN RESNECK: No there is not but we are prepared to answer your questions.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Great. Thank you.

Council Member Chin do you want to start? Go ahead,

it's your bill.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you.

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5 the Aging Committee.

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COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Okay in the last part of your testimony you said that this expansion would be costly. How much would it cost? Do you have an estimate?

KAREN RESNECK: We have not come up with an estimate. We did have numbers that we looked at last year and I believe that it was in... over a million? 2.6 million.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: 2.6 million last year. I think according to our record is only a little bit over half a million, 512 thousand.

KAREN RESNECK: Was that both DOH and...

And that was for this both DOH and DFTA combined.

But that was DOH.

KAREN RESNECK: Do we have it with us? We'll have to get back to you.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Okay. I mean we would like to know what the cost would be. In your

1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING

2 testimony you talked about the changes that the

3 state has implemented. To this day I mean our

4 general, our council in the committee's been also

5 trying to contact the state. To this day they still

6 haven't given the city the list of all the new

7 | social adult daycare that has started. I mean

8 anecdotally we go around in our district and we see

9 new signs you know going up and another pop up

10 center is open up. I mean we calculate more than a

11 dozen opening up down in my district. There are a

12 | lot of them in Flushing and Brooklyn and in other

13 part of the city. But we have not gotten an

14 official list from the state. Have Department of

15 Aging gotten the official list from the state?

16 KAREN RESNECK: No I, I believe at the

17 | time of last year's hearing we had a number from

18 | the state of 197 programs throughout the city.

19 COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Yeah they gave us

20 a number, a estimated number but they never gave us

21 | a list of who these centers are, where they're

22 located, who's operating them... I mean those

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23 | information are critical right? Even... [cross-talk]

24 KAREN RESNECK: Well as of, as of last

evening we had a discussion with the, with Mark

2 Kissinger who's overseeing the social day programs

3 and the manage long term care entities and

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4 apparently there is a report forthcoming from IPRO

5 who is the contact agency that has gone in and done

6 an assessment of all the programs. So I think that

7 will be a very telling report when it's issued.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: I quess one of my biggest issue or question is that the social adult daycare that are funded by the city, the ten that your talk about that we were able to provide more funding this year through the council and were happy, really happy that we could provide more funding to these program. Because basically I think they were only getting like 50 thousand dollars a year. And they were really taking care of the seniors who are really need it. They are the one with Alzheimer, with the dementia, with the special needs. And meanwhile these pop up center that we see, that we see advertisement in the local paper, they send busses to pick you up you know outside your doorsteps. You walk in there and people are having fun. I mean I visited quite a few of them. They have you know pool contests, you know shooting pool contests. They have ping pong contests. They

1	COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 21
2	have other things going on. And the biggest
3	question is that even though they don't get city
4	funding, city council funding or city funding they
5	get Medicaid dollars. That is government funding
6	right? It doesn't make sense that nobody is really
7	monitoring them. I, one of the question is, I guess
8	with the, the deputy mayor from that I have with
9	the deputy mayor who was I mean the perception is
10	that people think that because the state instituted
11	some changes that things have improved but it
12	really hasn't. It still a big problem. And I wanted
13	to ask about the inspection that the, that the
14	Department of Health does in this city. Associate
15	Commissioner Marcus, right?
16	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER MARCUS: Yes.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: When I spoke to
18	some of our senior enter I was told that the senior
19	center get Department of Health inspection on
20	their, you know in their kitchen facility right?
21	ASSOCIATE COMMISIONER MARCUS: That's
22	correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: And Department of Health also inspect the caterer that, the cater

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER MARCUS: If the

inspection is limited to food service at these

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the inspection.

1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING

2 centers we certainly can do it. We have... [cross-

3 talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: So on the food service part you guys can do that right?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER MARCUS: That's correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: I just want to get that on the record. Chair Johnson I'll, I have more question but maybe other colleagues can, can go first.

Member Chin. We've been joined by Council Member Cornegy, Council Member Koslowitz and that's it. I just want to talk a little bit more about your potential concerns with the bill. You testified that, that you're going to continue to monitor the issue, work with the state, and collaborate with us and the City Council to ensure that the State Department of Health overset initiatives are effective in monitoring and ensuring quality service delivery of these programs. So as was mentioned in the beginning I believe this is the fifth hearing. I believe this conversation has been happening for almost two years. The state has not

taken action in an appropriate way as has been outlined. And I think you've acknowledged this is an incredibly vulnerable population that exists in New York City. And it is well within of course our right as a municipality to try to regulate and ensure safety and quality services here. Is it your position that we should wait for the state to act before the city acts because of the monetary cost

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KAREN RESNECK: I think it's our position that it is the state's responsibility and not our responsibility contractually and otherwise...

[cross-talk]

associated with enforcement?

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: But then, but they're not, but they're not doing anything. So we're... [cross-talk]

of things which I enumerated in, in a phone conversation yesterday we got some further information about what they're doing. So yes it, it, IPRO who was contracted to go in and actually do oversight has gone through and inspected the manage long term care affiliated social day programs. And they have found some issues. The,

committee on health jointly with committee on aging 25 they haven't released the full report yet. And they also offer that there is contemplation of some regulatory or certification process on the state level.

State actions amount to reminders to providers of their contractual requirements, some monitoring, an independent audit, and in the face of known examples of abuse that are occurring in New York City amongst an extremely vulnerable population it is my belief this response isn't strong enough. So far we have not heard of any unscrupulous providers being shut down. It seems that these steps aren't working. Do you know of any providers that have been shut down through what the state has been doing enforcement wise?

KAREN RESNECK: I, I don't know that.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: But we know that there are unscrupulous providers?

KAREN RESNECK: I believe there are providers that have shut down but I don't have a list and I can't accurately say that.

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2 CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: So the bill that
3 we are hearing today is a complaint driven bill. It
4 is only when there are complaints...

KAREN RESNECK: Correct.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: ...that are called in? There is no requirement for annual inspections by DOHMH or by DFTA? [background noises] I apologize. We're going to hold a moment. So given that it's only going to be complaint driven I'm not entirely sure why there is a tremendous amount of concern associated with, with cost involved. There are ghosts in the department, in the chamber today, we apologize. So I, I, I, how does that affect DFTA and DOHMH's responsibility if it's only complaint driven.

KAREN RESNECK: I mean I'm going to turn it over to Elliot. But on the Department of Health side it's, there's the levying of fines which would be much more complicated process and the collecting of those fines so it, it's not just complaint driven.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER MARCUS: Our concern is that as the bill is written the, there's not enough adequate measures to, to ensure

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING enforcement of regulations. So that certainly in our experience with other regulatory areas the absent, absent permits or licenses there's nothing to compel an organization to comply with the, with the rules and regulations. Now we could refer of course to appropriate, other appropriate agencies but that still leaves the matter open.

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CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: How many inspectors do you believe it would take to potentially inspect 200 programs that are operating in the city from a DOHMH perspective?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER MARCUS: I, I believe eight is what the... Oh no I'm sorry, yeah eight is the number that, eight inspectors is the number we came up with.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: And how long do you think it would take to train eight people to be able to have the knowledge and capability to do that?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER MARCUS: It, it depends on what the program would look like, certainly we would have to create the regulations that would mirror the state's bill, state requirements. So that alone does not take a long

time. But if we're also going to do food safety
they would have to be trained in food safety as
well. Or we'd have to figure out some other way of,
of handling the food safety portion of that
enforcement. But you would also need a medical
director to ensure that if we, if we were doing
reviews of treatment plans and assessment plans,
assessments of the individual, individual
assessments would take a different set of skills

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than we currently have.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: So I'm, I want to turn it over to other council members that, that have questions and, and I'm happy to come back as I'm sure Council Member Chin wants to come back and ask some more specific questions. But I, I really feel like the buck stops with us ultimately as a city to protect our residents, especially an incredibly vulnerable population of folks. And I think that waiting for the state to finally take full comprehensive action is not good enough. And we are seeing the ramifications of it in individual districts across the city. So I fully support this bill. I know that there are incredibly talented smart people at DFTA and at DOHMH who would be able

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 29 to collaborate and work together and figure out a way to put forward a regulatory system and promulgate rules and regulations that would work to protect our most vulnerable seniors in the city. And I'm fully committed to moving this forward in, in a consultative way with Council Member Chin and with the respective city agencies. I don't think that given what we know about how quickly Albany sometimes changes or doesn't change and the machinations of the state legislature, specifically the state senate. Waiting for potential legislative action in January and then hoping that something passes in the Spring in the next uh, in the next session I'm not sure is good enough. And I don't that's a good enough answer for this council. So I hope that today some of the questions are helpful for both departments. And I know that Council Member Chin and myself are deeply committed to working with the administration and the specific agencies that this would affect to ensure that this doesn't continue to proliferate in the city and that we actually have a system that is going to bring these out of control centers into compliance and hopefully scare away some of these bad

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COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Thank you to both co-chairs. And we all stand in agreement as to what's been said this morning. I think we're faced with a large paradox here. We, we are faced with a scenario where the city has 10 and the state has over 200. And we as a city now are trying to promulgate new regulations faced on these concerns. However the growth of the Medicaid influx of these facilities and the changed in the regulations on the state side has put us in a position of what can we do. And we don't want to take away Medicaid resources by saying these popups or whatever we want to call them are creating a system that's unhealthy and unfair for our seniors with the ones that are regulated. So we don't want to reduce the Medicaid spending that the state is always looking to do on an annual basis so let's cut our Medicaid, we don't want to do that. We have to work in coordination. So what I'm asking is I appreciate the outline that you provided here on what the state regulations are. But how closely are you

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 31 working with the state Department of Health with these regulations? Are they just giving... you... to what they're doing and are you happy with what they're doing?

KAREN RESNECK: Up until... we just recently learned of the potential for putting a certification process in place which has been conversations between the New York State Office for the Aging and Mark Kissinger's long term care shop. So we have not been involved in those discussions.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Well with that certification would that be something... I, I would certainly appreciate seeing a certification standard go up. Would that be something we would stand with? And also I think we're going to have to do a dual approach to this. We had passed... pushy on the city level we're going to have to ask our brothers and sisters on the state level to go along with us especially since it's, it's their centers that are causing the problem here but yet they're serving all our seniors. So again we don't want to jeopardize what's happening, we want to make it better and safer. So this accreditation how far

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING

2 along is that? Or is that a possibility? Is that

3 something that may happen?

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think it's in the beginning conversation process. I think you're going to hear testimony on another panel that can speak to this from the New York State Adult Daycare Association.

it's, the things that you have written and testified today that the State Department of Health issued a set of policy requirements for oversight of the SADC programs in New York State that contract, do we have the full list of those requirements? I see your three bullet points but here we are trying to regulate and legislate and I would think there's a lot of information here that's not provided or is not at least with a new council... [cross-talk]

KAREN RESNECK: No essentially what the state instructed all of the manage long term care companies to do and what IPRO is going and investigating is that all of the social day programs must use the NYSOFA, the New York State Office for Aging Regulations which are in fact the

this quarter, this year? I think that would be

1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING

2 information... critical as these joint committees

3 | would want to know.

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 $\label{eq:KAREN RESNECK: ...a month? At the end of the month.} % \[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{$

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Well.

KAREN RESNECK: Is what we were told.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: I would think that would have been critical for this hearing. I think that would be information... use to work together... that would... a proper time for subsequent hearing and I also think... [cross-talk]

KAREN RESNECK: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: ...we may have to hold based on some of our information we obtained today those results have a quick follow-up and not go through seven months of trying to get this on the table. You stated that DFTA believes there is a noticeable downturn and a number of reported abuses. What is that based on?

KAREN RESNECK: At the present time we get complaints that come directly to the agency. It could be three, through 3-1-1 or directly to the commissioner's office. They come in a variety of

happens?

KAREN RESNECK: Then in theory they investigate those claims and my assumption is that those were all reported to IPRO. So... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Is there no ...

[cross-talk]

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KAREN RESNECK: ...we have noticed a, a definite downturn you know when we began our discussions over the last two years we had really a flurry of activity and you know in the past six months we've had one written complaint. That doesn't mean others aren't complaining. And I know that Council Member Chin says people come directly to her officer. But there is definitely a down tick in complaints that are coming to our agency.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: And that's through the 3-1-1 system?

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2 KAREN RESNECK: Well it's 3-1-1 or the
3 Mayor's Office or directly to the commissioner.
4 It's all the correspondence we get from a variety
5 of places.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: So in affect we're already providing a watchdog scenario for the state groups already because we're the ones taking the data on abuse but yet we're not getting any feedback as to what happened. So once again we're stuck in a scenario whereas the City Council are being kept out of the loop of what happens to our seniors and to our citizens and we're not getting the information. So we're being put into a position we have to act. So not acting is not a, not a course at all. It's how we act and what are the proper ways to act. To sit back and wait for more data is maybe temporarily for that oversight hearing coming up that Corey was talking about Margaret. But going about that. To, to just pass on 3-1 information to the state d be subject to 200 facilities out there I, I know it's an under, huge undertaking. Or maybe it's going to have to take coordination. But I like the accreditation that works with other establishments. I like the

inspectors to go out. I think they, in order, and you also mentioned contractual guidelines. Do we know what those are because I think that would be a huge help as to what the contractual guidelines for

6 opening up the centers are and if what the results

7 would be if you did not follow those guidelines?

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Manage long term care company is the one that's on the hook for whatever happens in the social daycare program. They have a contractual relationship with the SADs program and they're getting paid the Medicaid dollars for placing people in those programs so they are obligated to ensure that they're meeting the standards, the New York State Office for the Aging Standards. And my understanding is that it's a financial penalty you know if they're not following the standards they can't get reimbursed for those... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Well does the state have any auditors or inspectors to make sure that those contractual obligations are being met.

KAREN RESNECK: Well that's, that was what the contract with the Island Peer Review Organization was about. Because initially this was

2 supposed to be self-patrolled and I think the state

3 realized that was not an effective... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Well we ought

5 to... [cross-talk]

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KAREN RESNECK: ...course of action.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: But do they

actually have state inspectors that go out and...

KAREN RESNECK: They did not have state inspectors.

can audit all you want if you don't have a state inspector to enforce it it's not going to, we could have hearings all day long but if we don't do anything in the end it's going to be useless. I think that's a critical point we have to, to make. So what do the city inspectors by taking the role of a nonexistent state inspector. That's a huge issue we're going to have to face. Is there anything to the existing legislation that you would like to amend or add? Well... that's not going to not get passed so we have to make it the best it can be. So I mean your data and your help on that is there any additional, at this point... [cross-talk]

KAREN RESNECK: I mean we... [cross-talk]

1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 2 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: ...point? 3 KAREN RESNECK: We have been playing somewhat of an ombuds [phonetic] role. And we are 4 comfortable and feel it's appropriate for the 5 department to play that role so the issues come 6 7 around really if we had to do any sort of investigatory work and having no contractual 8 relationship with these other 197 programs I don't 9 know why they would even open the doors to allow us 10 in. We have no authority to actually step through 11 the door and start monitoring. 12 13 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Well... [cross-14 talk 15 KAREN RESNECK: So that's... COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: ...within the 16 17 five... KAREN RESNECK: ...one of the issues on 18 our side. 19 20 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: If they're opening up a business within our five boroughs 21 2.2 though they're going to let us in. We'll make sure 23 that happens. There's no one that's going to treat

and give facilities to our seniors and our

citizens... someone's going to say we don't have the

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2 authority to get in that's not going to happen.

Right, I'll turn it over to fellow Council Members,
thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you Council
Member Vallone. We have also been joined by Council
Member Arroyo, Council Member Deutsch, and Council
Member Eugene. I want to turn it over to Council
Member Peter Koo who has some questions.

Johnson and co-chair Margaret Chin and Paul
Vallone. Thank you Commissioner for coming. My
question is to all of you all of these adult
daycare, social adult daycare center they don't
come into existence just from nothing. There must
some big incentive for them to open these senior
centers. They don't open these centers for, to care
the, the aging population. They are there for to
make money. So do you know of the how much money
each member when they go to those centers how much
the money the state will pay them?

KAREN RESNECK: No I don't. I mean my understanding is that the way the financing works is that the, the state reimburses the manage long term care company, a capitulated rate per person. I

1	COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 41
2	don't know what that rate is. It's in the hundreds
3	of dollars per person. And then that company
4	develops a care plan so that could be personal care
5	in the home. It can be going to a social day
6	program. So I'm not sure what the exact dollar
7	amount… I mean I know estimates on our side are
8	what like 75 dollars about on average an hour for
9	our services. So that's what we reimburse.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Yeah.
11	KAREN RESNECK: I would imagine it's
12	higher than that per person per day through
13	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So
14	KAREN RESNECK:Medicaid.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO:so so the state
16	has to spend at least 100 dollars a day for each
17	enroll, enrollee right? So if a center has like say
18	100, 100 members then every day they will make 10
19	thousand dollars. That's a lot of money. And then,
20	then the only provide service for only four hours.
21	Is that true right? This is only four hours
22	Monday, three days a week they come in
23	KAREN RESNECK: The hours and the times
24	of day are up to each provider.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Mm.

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2 KAREN RESNECK: I mean I can only speak
3 to what you know the services are in our system.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: And...

KAREN RESNECK: ...more than four hours yeah. Our, in our system it's a five hour day and it does... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Mm.

 $\label{eq:KAREN RESNECK: ...it does include door to $$\operatorname{door transportation.}$$

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: And in additional to this serve, this money we spend on them the, the state also providing transportation cost. I believe it's almost like a hundred dollars a day too so they, these centers make a lot of money by just providing transportation and give them a meal and providing some little service. They make like thousand dollars a day you know... just so many opening and well it's okay know if you spend the money to get the service. But a lot of these centers they don't provide good service. And all... a lot of them they use rebates to attract these seniors to go there. They give them a five dollars or six dollars, 10 dollars a day. And this is all illegal. They're using rebates to attract people

getting medical care. My complaint from most of the seniors in my district is not that because these adult daycare centers only provide services to people have Medicaid right? If you have regular Medicare they don't take you, is that true?

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KAREN RESNECK: You must have Medicaid.

Medicaid. So a lot of people they came here long time ago. They work and they retire they have Medicare but they, they say how come we pay tax over so many years and when we get old we cannot join these senior centers but a lot of these adult daycares they cater only for immigrants. They came here... for a... couple years they have... tax... they didn't work that much, they didn't provide... but at the end they put, they get more services then the regular senior citizens who live for 20 30 40 years. To them this is not fair. [cross-talk]

talk] I mean our DFTA funded programs, and that's the beauty of our program is we accept people of any income, not Medicaid only and some offer on a sliding scale so even for people with a little more means they can pay something and be able to go. So

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COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So is it, how come these MLTCs only take care of Medicaid patients, not Medicare patients?

issues with activities of daily living.

KAREN RESNECK: Because it's a Medicaid driven program. It's a service that this, in, in part of the Medicaid redesign instead of only providing personal care and it, I mean I think the advocates would agree we were happy to see you know there was the positive side of the equation is we've been saying for how many years that social daycare is a fabulous service and it should be expanded. And it's a wonderful alternative. In fact my mom who suffers from dementia and a stroke goes to a DFTA funded program several days a week and it gets her out of the house otherwise she'd be absolutely homebound you know only a caretaker and, and being trapped in the house. So there's a tremendous value and we very excited to see the potential expansion. It's when somebody is you know taking advantage of the system and not providing appropriate services and not serving the right

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: But... Medicaid dollars are our... [cross-talk]

KAREN RESNECK: Yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: ...dollars too. We and you, everyone that pay for it. Know we... there should have been a, a, a bills of Medicaid dollars.

KAREN RESNECK: We're in agreement.

A, a lot of senior citizen complain to me is that, is that when you join these adult daycare centers you're almost forced to have home attendants.

Because even though you don't need one they say oh you have to have one, no. So this is a waste of money. I mean a lot of the people they don't need home attendants they can do everything themselves.

Now the the the, the the, they have, when they go and see them they have somebody that accompany them. I mean why waste... that's so much money to hire so many techs I mean home attendants. I mean

2 | if they don't leave but the MLTC companies almost

3 force them. If you don't have a home attendants you

4 cannot get this a benefits. So this is really over

5 a tax, a waste of tax dollars money, tax payers'

6 money I mean. And and one more thing is... so we

cannot regulate that at these MLTCs.

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KAREN RESNECK: Well we believe it's the state's responsibility to regulate them.

regulate every business in the city for cigarettes for alcohols no... and for hospitals why cannot we regulate MLTCs? We should find a way to regulate that and make sure... do oversight so that we, they don't use so much of taxpayers' money... already. I finish my questions, thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you Council Member Koo. Council Member Treyger.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Thank you

Chair... I thank you for both Chair Chin and Chair

Johnson for holding this very important hearing.

And I, what, what I'm hearing is that this is a

state issue and I, and I, I understand that. But to

my knowledge of the Medicaid system you know New

York is, city is very unique for a number of

committee on health jointly with committee on aging 47 reasons. But we're also unique because in many states across the country Medicaid is split between the federal government and the state. And in New York City we have to cover cost of Medicaid as well am I correct?

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KAREN RESNECK: That was the case but I believe that part of this redesign is that the state is taking over the whole Medicaid system.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Well for, for now I, I do think there are still costs... and we'll see the full effects of this redesign and we're still learning the impacts of all these redesigns. So this impacts locally. This has a, a major impact. And I, I believe that you know you, you had mentioned in your testimony that there'll be a report issued by IPRO at some, IPRO is that, that correct? I believe that there's going to be reports issued by our IG's office, I think there'll be reports issued by the Department of Investigations of the reports issued by probably the controller if not already. And they're all probably going to say the same thing. We need stronger, better regulations so I, I understand that the state has a significant role here to play and, on many issues,

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we have law enforcement, we have an attorney

2 general. I mean I, I do think that there are other

3 entities that I think should be privy to this such

4 information when we discuss the welfare of our

5 seniors and discuss significant waste in taxpayer

6 money.

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KAREN RESNECK: We can talk about that.

8 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Okay. I, I

9 will, I will reserve further questions or comments...

10 second round. Thank you. Thank you chairs.

11 COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you. We also

12 been joined by Council Member Mendez, Council

13 Member Barron, and I guess we're also joined by

14 | Council Member Espinal. Council Member Arroyo.

15 COUNCIL MEMBER ARROYO: ...Thank you.

16 | Thank you Madam Chair. Thank you for the co-chairs.

17 And here we are again talking about social adult

18 daycare. Commissioner nice to see you always.

KAREN RESNECK: You too.

20 COUNCIL MEMBER ARROYO: The, my position

21 on this issue is that we should license these

22 providers. I don't care what anybody has to say

23 | about it. We put the health and wellbeing of really

24 | vulnerable individuals in the hands of these

providers. And over and over and, and I've spent a

lot of time visiting the ones that have popped up in my district. Nice people, there's a lot of noise, a lot of music, not individuals that I believe meet the definition of what eligible patient or, or senior or individual for these services. They're very capable of walking about, feeding and dressing themselves so I, I'm, those are all issues that I think from a government perspective we should be very concerned about.

Commissioner Resnick you said the manage care

Medicaid dollars directly and then they subcontract with the social day provider. They're on the hook financially for both, both monitoring that the MLTC, the social day program is using the, following the NYSOFA standards and then they would be on the hook financially for not getting reimbursement if they're found to not be...

companies are on the hook for what?

COUNCIL MEMBER ARROYO: And if I recall our conversation at previous hearings the manage care company is the entity responsible for the oversight of these popups?

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2 KAREN RESNECK: Yes and subsequent to our initial hearings what the state put in place 3 was a contractual relationship with the Island Peer 4 Review Organization to come in and do an overall 5 audit and assessment of all of the... [cross-talk] 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER ARROYO: ...local agency responsible for making sure that services to our 8 seniors in the city are adequate are you 9 comfortable with what review has happened? Do you 10 know how much review has happened, whether or not 11 12 providers are experiencing significant violations 13 because of this peer review process? 14 KAREN RESNECK: No we, we don't know 15 that. Report has not been issued yet so we do not 16 know what the... [cross-talk] 17 COUNCIL MEMBER ARROYO: Where would we 18 get it from? KAREN RESNECK: The State Department of 19 20 Health. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER ARROYO: Okay. So should 2.2 we be calling our friends in the Assembly and the 23 Senat3e to ask them to push for stricter 24 regulations as it relates to how these centers are

operated whether or not they get state money.

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2 KAREN RESNECK: What we learned last
3 evening and, and I mentioned that the New York
4 State Adult Daycare Association is going to testify
5 later today as there are now compensations about a,
6 I don't think it's licensure but a certification
7 process for all SADCs operating in the state of New

York and that would be legislated.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARROYO: You know I, we license our childcare centers, Department of Health and Mental Hygiene and the city is very involved in that process. Several universal pre-k sites couldn't open because they have major, major issues with our comfort level about whether or not they were going to provide a safe environment for our children. And we should have that same level of scrutiny for social adult daycare in our city. The population involved is no less vulnerable than our pre-k population. When you visit these sites over and over again they get their food catered from the local restaurant. There is no oversight about the quality of the food that our seniors were consuming. The sodium sugar fat content of the meals that I have seen served to these really sick individuals is going to kill them. We need to be

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Madam Chair.

2 CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you

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Councilmember Arroyo. We are going to go to Council
Member Koslowitz.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: I just want to say that I agree with my colleagues of what Council Member Koo had said before is that we spend money on services that are not needed. And they should be separated and, and they should be treated as individuals not collectively, not by any law. Because maybe if we were saving that money we can put more inspectors on to monitor what is going on. So I think just to have a blanket situation and someone goes somewhere for help and they only need a certain amount of help they shouldn't be given the full package if they don't want it or need it. And this has to be looked at. And as my colleague Council Member Arroyo says there's so much money around that our seniors have to be treated in a proper way. And when they go to adult daycare I have visited adult daycare and these people are very vulnerable. These people contributed to the city of New York to the taxpayers of the city of New York. And they should be treated and properly taken care of including what they eat on the daily

committee on health jointly with committee on aging 56 basis because some of them, it's their only meal of the day. So I think we have to take responsibility for what we are not doing for our seniors and try really very hard to do it. And I just wanted to give my voice on that.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you Council
Member Koslowitz. We're going to go to Council
Member Barron.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you to the chairs for having this very important hearing. I apologize for being late and you may have answered the question already but my question is it says that the social adult daycare programs off of functionally impaired individuals suffering from Alzheimer's, dementia, and other chronic health conditions. So which chronic health conditions are a part of this program requirements? Because I can see that this is... being very broad where someone can register a person and say well they have a chronic health condition and they may not need the intensity and the level of services that this program gives. So I'd like to know which chronic health conditions are included.

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there's specific chronic conditions that are included. The actual definition is that you have to have some kind of functional impairment. So with two activities of daily living. So either difficulty ambulating or eating or toileting, bathing... the same kind of criteria that would require one to need home care. So it's, it's an alternative to home care services. So it is not meant, and this is one of the alleged abuses that we're seeing for the totally well person just because they may be 60 or 65 the population that comes to our senior center is not meant by the SOFA regulations to go into a daycare setting. So it's that... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: So ...

KAREN RESNECK: ...we're really seeing people that are healthier using that service when it's really intended for people that have either mental or physical frailty.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: So who certifies that the persons who are in this program are the ones that need the program. Because I've been told that many of our senior centers are losing

2 clientele because they can go there to the social

3 day program, not have to pay the, a minimal amount

4 that's being paid at the senior center for a meal

5 but getting free, and some of them may of course

6 need those kinds of services but who's monitoring

7 those, the population that goes to these centers.

8 What is that oversight. [cross-talk]

KAREN RESNECK: ...well that's... [cross-

10 talk]

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11 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Because I

12 | thought I heard you say... [cross-talk]

13 KAREN RESNECK: ...the very core of what

14 | we're debating here... [cross-talk]

15 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: ...that you had

16 some reservations about licensure. And I would

17 | think that licensure would be one way that we could

18 guarantee or have some way of checking as to who

19 the clientele is in these programs.

20 KAREN RESNECK: So that's, that's the

21 | crux of, of our conversation today is who's

22 monitoring. And we're saying it's a state

23 | responsibility because it's their money and it's

24 \parallel their oversight and they came up with this whole

redesign program. We do oversee our DFTA funded

2 programs and we provide that kind of oversight.

3 They too however are not licensed or certified,

4 neither are our senior centers. So that's just

5 something to note. But we would very much like to

6 be part of the conversation about this discussion

7 about certifying or licensing the, the social day

8 programs.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you. And just, I did hear you say, I thought I heard you say that you had some reservations because of the responsibility not being directly held at the local subcontractor... could you explain on it, explain that a little further?

KAREN RESNECK: Well part of what... You know I, we've been playing this ombuds [phonetic] role because...

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Mm-hmm.

KAREN RESNECK: ...clearly as the

Department for the Aging people send complaints to

us. But because we have no contractual licensure

permitting, we have no formal established

relationship with these private entities that have

popped up we have not done any kind of oversight.

We don't feel that it's, we're, have it in our

has to do with the cost associated?

similar hearing on a similar bill that has been

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING tweaked a little bit but we were having this same conversation then. And at that point it was stated in that hearing by the previous administration that things of this state are very much in Flux. But the, the administration is willing to consult with the council if they fail to act. Now I know we have a new administration but what is being said is almost entirely similar is that we're working with them, they're trying to do something, let's wait, let's figure it out, let's give them time to act, things are in flux, it's their responsibility, and if they don't take action then we're willing to consult with the council. So it has been 16 months or 15 months approximately since that hearing, the state has taken I think as you would describe some action. But as I think you've heard today not an appropriate level of action and I think that we would classify as a, as a failure to act in a meaningful way to regulate this field. So you know I am a little you know frustrated that we're sort of pretending that government operates in silos you know that we deal with things all the time that

affect our citizens, that affect New Yorkers, that

affect our residents. And that's what we do even if

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COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: I actually had a question but I just asked all of them.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Oh, I'm sorry.

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COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: I should have looked at your notes before I signed my name in. I just want to ask you Commissioner do, does, does the city, do we have a list of all the adult home cares that are state funded?

KAREN RESNECK: We don't.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: We don't even have that, okay. Alright, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: You've mentioned numerous times that you currently play an ombudsman's role but that it's limited oversight that you can do because you have no contractual relationship with the providers. Is that correct? Wouldn't this bill give you the authority to perform that role fully... what we're proposing today... I mean it would actually create a more appropriate relationship.

KAREN RESNECK: I don't know, it doesn't resolve I think the, the core issue of some kind of licensure or certification or credentialing of the, of its social day programs.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Okay. But you'd be able to issue violations if they didn't fire, if they didn't ...

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2 KAREN RESNECK: Well that's the Health
3 Department piece.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Yeah. And that would be the case.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER MARCUS: We could issue violations but we have nothing as the bill is currently written to assure that the respondents would comply with the violation, the correction of violations.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: We'd, we'd set up rules and regulations in the administrative code for the city of New York to ensure that they do. If they didn't they could lose their potential license.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER MARCUS: If we're talking about a license yes but the bill doesn't have a license.

KAREN RESNECK: And they're not licensed currently.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: But we know all, we know that when people receive a, a violation, a summons, a ticket, a fine. It incentivizes the to act and come into compliance, not all the time, but most of the time. And we don't, I mean I would hope

2 | that we're not issuing violations simply for

3 revenue's sake we're issuing violations to try to

4 incentivize people to come in compliance with the

5 administrative code of the city of New York.

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not to be too cynical about it unregulated... for example unregulated mobile food vendors don't pay their violations. If their, if they don't have a license or there's nothing to lose and even then sometimes we have to go to the extent of revoking licenses because people don't comply which would prohibit them from doing what they, what they do to earn a living. So we would need some teeth to, to make sure that places that are already abusing the system don't continue to abuse the system.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you. Council Member Arroyo has some follow-up questions.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARROYO: Thank you Mr.

Chair. We in the last session presented a bill that was structured and had an additional element. It was taken out because there was a commitment to provide to us a list of providers and some other information and that hasn't happened. And it sounds to me like you're advocating for a license system

and then they... So I, I urge my co-chairs here to

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2 rethink the registration requirement that was

3 removed from the previous bill because we were

4 anticipating some level of cooperation that the,

5 | has not happened. Thank you Mr. Chair.

Member. I think you know how the, these committees feel. We don't need to keep driving it hope. I appreciate you being here to testify today and answering our questions. We look forward to working with you to provide greater protection and oversight to this unregulated industry that exists. And I'm sure that there will be follow-up questions that we may have for you and we look forward to working together. And I'm sure there'll be a sixth hearing on social adult daycare centers in New York City and at that one hopefully there'll be a vote. So thank you very much and we're happy to call the next panel up.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARROYO: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Council Member

22 Chin just wants to make a statement.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: I just want to thank you for testifying. I know that we're still trying to work it out but I think it's so critical

2 that the city needs to act because we've been

3 | waiting for the state. I don't know what's going on

4 | up there, what their concerns are. But the

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5 Department of Aging, Department of Health you have

6 the experience, already we have the good social

7 | adult daycare program that you are already

8 monitoring. Meanwhile these are the good guys. I

9 mean these are the one that's really providing

10 | services to the senior that really need the car,

11 | seniors with Alzheimer, with dementia, you know

12 | with disability. At the same time you will see all

13 | these pop up that nobody is regulating and they're

14 | not serving the population that really are needed,

15 | you go in there, they really don't have the seniors

16 who have dementia or Alzheimer. If they do they're

17 | not really taking care of them. I mean there was

18 one instant that was reported in the Chinese

19 | Newspaper, a senior with dementia left the center

20 and got lost. That's not safe. I mean like... And

21 also the family members do not even know like which

 $22 \parallel \text{is the good one and which is the not good on. Right}$

23 | Commissioner? You were saying you send your mother

24 | to one of the social adult daycare program but

these are the good program right, you trust them?

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 70 But that family that lost the mother when she got lost they didn't know it was advertised as a social adult daycare program they thought was going to take care of their mom. So It's really critical that the city, we need to step up and really take charge. When the state is ready then they can take it over? Right? They can take back the responsibility. But when they're no ready we need to be ready. So I really urge you to share with us your experience, you know what you're able to do with Department of Health and you already providing you know the anonymous person services already. Let's work out whatever the issues are right? So that we can start monitoring this, these program and making sure that our seniors are safe and that we are getting the services that these Medicaid dollar supposed to be used for. So please bring that back to the Commissioner, to the Deputy Mayor and I will personally speak to the mayor myself. I mean we cannot let this keep on going. The next meeting you know we should have some good news that we're finally monitoring you know all of these programs because we have some really great social adult daycare program out there and we need to be

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committee on health jointly with committee on aging 71 supporting them. And the taxpayers' dollar needs to go to these program, not the one that's popping up all over our community. Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: And as a last note Corey and as soon as that IPRO audit comes in we need that ASAP. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you. Thank you Council Members Vallone and Chin. Council

Member Deutsch is here as well and we're going to go to our next panel which is Doctor Joan Pastore,

Joseph Sang [sp?], and Mathieu Lesore [sp?]. Is the Sargent here? We're going to swear you in. And then after we do that you can go in whatever order you've, you'd like. Please just identify yourself for the record each time you speak so that if someone reads this transcript they will know who is speaking. And Kelly Taylor, our Committee Council, will swear you in.

COUNCIL TAYLOR: Okay. Can you please raise your right hands? Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony today and respond honestly to Council Member questions. Okay thank you.

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2 DOCTOR PASTORE: Oh ladies first, thank 3 you. Alright good morning everyone. I'm very 4 pleased to be here and we appreciate the 5 opportunity to speak with the two chairs Margaret Chin and and Corey Johnson and of course all the 6 committee members and Mr. Vallone as well as chair on the subcommittee for senior centers. I am Doctor 8 Joan Pastore and I am the Director of Amiko [sp?] 9 Senior Center located on the boarder of Borough 10 Park and Dyker Heights Community in Southern 11 12 Brooklyn. By way of full disclosure I also served 13 as a clinical assistant professor at Stony Brook 14 Graduate school of Social Welfare in Manhattan. And 15 I am a field instructor for New York University 16 school of social work. To my right is Colonel U.S. 17 Army Retired Joe Sang who is the president of the 18 Amiko Advisory Board and who will also be providing a testimony for today's hearing. Do you want to 19 just introduce. 20 MATHIEU LESORE: I'll do it at the right 21

MATHIEU LESORE: I'll do it at the right time but Mathieu Lesore with Village Care.

DOCTOR PASTORE: Okay. Alright in the community where Amiko Senior Center is located at least 25 to 35 pop up social a daycare centers have

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 73 opened since July of 2013 when the new manage long term care policies went into effect. We do acknowledge that these policies were very well intentioned to help the frail elderly stay in their homes and communities and we applaud the governor for addressing the long term needs of the elderly. Unfortunately today we are seeing the result and the damage that has taken place because of a new system that was set up with good intentions but left unregulated. These SADs or social adult day programs, that was supposed to provide services to the functionally impaired older adults have instead... excuse me, have instead chosen to aggressively recruit the well elderly primarily out of the New York City Department for the Aging, Senior Centers no doubt for higher reimbursement through Medicaid. These programs are not providing support services to a frail elderly population but rather providing a non-supervised recreational facility for the well elderly. Typical activities include ping pong, dancing, computer instruction, and Tai Chi. As a result we now have many frail older adults still being ignored and possibly

neglected while the well elderly who could easily

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 74 go to a DFTA center are going to social adult daycare centers at 38 hundred dollars per month in Medicaid costs. Uh, these popup social adult daycare centers are commonly and openly referred to as cash cows or gold mines by local business owners. This practice of unregulated social adult daycare centers has also caused much damage to the DFTA senior center community. At Amiko there had been almost the 20 percent reduction in over, overall daily attendance of older adults. Other senior centers in southern Brooklyn report even larger percentage of older members lost due to the introduction of social adult daycare centers in this community. This phenomenon of lower, of a lower participation rate as well as the elderly can be seen in all New York City Department for the Aging senior centers where there has been an influx of popup social adult daycare centers. New or poor immigrant groups who have Medicaid which include Chinese, Latino, and Russian seem to be especially targeted through aggressive and exploitive marketing techniques that include cash incentives for joining, money for bringing in new members and attending the center on a regular basis. This

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2 practice of recruiting knew what immigrant groups

3 with Medicaid has also set up a... of resentment

4 between new immigrant groups and more, long time

5 citizens who feel new immigrant groups are taking

6 precious resources away from them and wasting tax

7 dollars.

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CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: You may continue.

DOCTOR PASTORE: Thank you. I, I don't

10 have a lot more. Because of the countless and

11 endless number of complaints which Amiko received

12 about the social adult daycare centers we started

13 | collecting information to report these popup

14 centers to local and state agencies which we

15 | initially thought had oversight responsibility. We

16 soon learned that no state or city agency had

17 | responsibilities for these centers nor are any

18 | regulations in place to oversee the operating of

19 | these facilities. Many times these facilities seem

20 | to have left no paper trail even to locate except

21 | for the numerous advertisement in Ethnic newspapers

22 and flyers which most times were written in

23 | languages other than English. Having exhausted all

24 | options we turned to New York State Attorney

General's Medicaid Fraud Division who initially ran

into similar obstacles. Do to the corrupt actions of then Assemblyman Eric Stevenson attention was now beginning to be given to the SADs in the news. Last April Nina Bernstein [sp?] the New York Times reporter broke the story of the corrupt and fraudulent practices of these social adult daycare centers on the front page of the New York Times. Amiko and all senior center providers breathe a sigh of relief, New York State was finally listening. As you probably are aware as a result of the investigation of the visiting nurse service of New York, one of the biggest monsters of these popup centers the visiting nurse agreed to pay back 33.6 million of New York's, to New York State due to improper billing or fraudulent practices. In addition some other SADs are under review. Still many others operate seemingly under the same practices, business as usual. Many SADs are now mandating clients to have at least two days of home health aide service regardless of whether or not the client needs it. To date there are still many SADs opening up. Much work needs to, still remains to be done if this concept of legitimate managed long term care is to succeed and to serve those

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 77 frail elderly adults what was meant to serve. Today we are grateful to the New York City and applaud your efforts to introduce and pass legislation that will begin the regulation process of these pop, popup SAD centers. It is our hope that with the passage and implementation of this legislation that these fraudulent centers will be forced to either provide the right services to the right population or cease to exist. After reviewing the proposed legislation I would like to make the following recommendations. First the Department for the Aging work hand in hand with all state regulatory agencies and be given adequate resources to perform all necessary functions to monitor all aspects of SADs as prescribed by New York State Department of Health. Second all screenings, all screening of potential SAD candidates be checked by qualified independent monitors to ensure reported, excuse me honesty in reporting necessity of need of the older adult and accurate level of functioning. Third, clear definitions and distinctions should be assigned to adult daycare participants by age. State regulation say adult but how is adult defined? Age 21 plus or 65 and over. Level of

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2 | impairment which would be complete assistance with

3 ADLs or IADLs, type of impairment, physical mental

4 | health issues, and/or dementia. Older adults should

5 be matched with the proper level of service needed

6 and not grouped together with adults from other age

7 groups or adults that are significantly different.

8 Four, appropriate staffing should be determined by

9 level of need of individuals and the number of

10 participants, not just assigned a random number of

11 | two staff person per center. Fifth, the term

12 | qualified person as director should be specified;

13 | for example registered nurse or licensed master

14 | social work. Six, the amount of SADs that are

15 allowed to operate within a given community should

16 be determined by the demographic needs of the

17 | community and not the desire of business men or

18 | business women to make a profit. Finally there

19 should be a central registry and database so that

20 all SADs are easily identifiable and located. Thank

21 you very much for the opportunity. Joe.

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22 CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you very

23 much. If you would please introduce yourself.

JOSEPH SANG: Alright, I'm Joseph Sang

as Doctor Pastore introduced previously. I want to

2 testify basically some of my comments from

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3 experience of members that have either... or hearsay

4 from our members that get feedback. So I'd like to

5 start basically, we're in a same, Amiko and that

6 | yeah Dyker Heights and Borough Park area of

7 Brooklyn where these unregulated pop, pop, popups

8 come up. We obviously was significantly affected by

9 our attendance. But the members that returned to

10 Amiko have explained that they were enticed by the

11 offering of free meals, gift shopping coupons, free

12 | transportation. Further they have revealed that

13 membership at these popups was limited only to

14 participants that were holders of Medicaid cards.

15 Also there appears to a limited qualified medical

16 staffing or Caregiver Service, services if any were

17 | available at these social adult daycare centers.

18 | Some of these returning members have emotionally

19 expressed concerns that their Medicaid accounts may

20 | have been compromised, misused, and misused without

21 | their knowledge. They have requested our help to

 $22 \parallel \text{close their accounts and hope, hopefully open new}$

accounts. They also reported some phone calls from

24 | the SDAs. Subsequently we questioned, they filled

25 out blank form stating that they are need of

It's also recommended that in the staffing

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2 requirement chapter 15 there must be a qualified

3 staff personnel available within the, with the

4 | cultural knowledge and language skills to

5 | communicate with each participant's unique culture

6 and language to ensure the participant fully

7 understands the program conditions. It should also

8 be a requirement that these social daycare centers

9 be open to everyone and anyone that need this help

10 regardless if they have a Medicaid car or not.

11 Alright thank you for this opportunity.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you for your

13 testimony today.

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MATHIEU LESORE: Still good morning.

Good morning, my name is Mathieu Lesore, Director of Government Relations with Village Care. I want to thank the council for this opportunity to present and I want to thank Councilwoman Margaret Chin for inviting me to testify. So Village Care is a highly regarded not for provider of high quality care for people with chronic diseases as well as for older adults and individuals in need of continuing care, rehabilitation, and medical serves. What started as one nursing home in the west village in 1977 has grown into a network of

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 82 services addressing the city's frail and vulnerable populations. With Village Care serving over 14 thousand individuals last year. Among the network of services that Village Care provides includes A stay treatment, adult day treatment, and we have a manage long term care plan called Village Care Max. It's with the perspective of these programs that village care is very supportive of Intro number 358. Social adult daycare services really are an important component of community based care that can really help to prevent nursing home placement, the need for other costly services, all while providing vital assistance to older persons and supporting the informal care givers. At the same time there exists very little in the way of oversight or regulation over these programs unless they are receiving DFTA funding or, or funding from the officer of, State Office of the Aging. As a result we have seen a very wide variance in the level of quality that was provided between different social day programs. Among village care services we operate and, have long operated a Medicaid funded and very heavily regulated adult day treatment program and an aides day treatment

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2 program. While the level of social, the level of

3 services provided at these programs is far more

4 | medically intensive than social daycare. We are

5 essentially in competition for clients as well as

6 | contracts with manage care plans with social day

7 programs. Our programs are heavily regulated on

8 staffing levels including requirements for clinical

9 staff, the type of medical equipment that must be

10 | provided, the services that must be provided, how

11 many clients can we accept, hours of operation,

12 | that our food is nutritious, and many other minimum

13 standards. In contrast social day programs have

14 | virtually zero regulatory obligations. For many

15 | frail elderly individuals some social day programs

16 may be wholly unequipped to handle the multiple and

17 | complex health needs of these individuals. Social

18 day program is alternatively less funded by DFTA or

20 | through MLTCs really do operate in a wild western

21 \parallel environment with little or no government oversight.

22 \parallel We believe this is essentially unfair to both day

23 | treatment programs and those social day programs

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are doing the right thing and marry well, very well

pose a hazard to some of our client, some of their

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because they're going to have to be, meet state standards for, for funding that somebody would have to certify that they're doing that. So we're assuming that was some sort of level playing field around regardless of who your funding source is you'd have to receive, be meeting DFTA standards or state standards. Somebody would have to certify that or they'd have to self-certify that. That from an MLTC perspective would make things a lot easier for us because we know that when we enter into contact negotiation with these providers that they've at least met minimum standards and that really does and would help all the manage care plans to make their life a lot easier. These are seniors with very complex health care needs and we really have an obligation to ensure the services meet the needs of this vulnerable population. This legislation will in many ways help to bring a little order to what is now currently a very chaotic environment. And for these reasons we support passage.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you very much all three of you for your testimony today. We appreciate you being here, patiently waiting after

2 the agencies testified. Council Member Chin do you

3 | have any questions for the panel?

2.2

thank you for coming in. I know that Mr. Sang you've been here in the last hearing last year and I know that all the seniors have been complaining and we're waiting to get something done. So hopefully we'll get the administration to really move forward on this. Thank you for coming.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you very much and I also want to acknowledge we've been joined by...

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Just may I just say thank you to, to all of you for your testimony, especially the recommendations that you've given to us. The lawyer side of me is exactly what I'm looking for so that we can make all our statutes and regulations better. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you Council Member Vallone. And I want to acknowledge we... Oh, Council Member Barron had a question. I apologize if you could just go back.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: It's, it's not a question. They don't need to go back. I just wanted

2 to comment on recommendation number three which

3 they offered which is what I was trying get at with

4 | the previous panel. Recommendation three says clear

5 definition and distinctions should be a sign as to

6 level of impairment and type of impairment and

7 match with the proper level of services needed and

8 | that's the point that I was trying to make with the

9 agency. We need a clear distinction as to who's

10 eligible and what their, what their conditions are,

11 thank you.

12 CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you Council
13 Member. And we have been joined by Council Member

14 Andrew Cohen is chair of the Mental Health

15 | Committee in the Council. Appreciate you being

16 here. Our next panel may come up. That is going to

17 | be Erin Brenan, Martha Wolf, and apologize if I

18 | mispronounce your name Barb Disum Zimmons

19 [phonetic], I said it right. Our Committee Council

20 | is going to swear you in if you would please raise

21 | your right hand.

25

22 COUNCIL TAYLOR: Do you affirm to tell

23 | the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the

24 | truth in your testimony today and to respond

honestly to Council Member Questions?

2 UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE: Yes.

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COUNCIL TAYLOR: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you. You may do it in whatever order you would like. Just please introduce yourself and identify yourself for the transcript today.

MARTHA WOLF: I'm Martha Wolf. I'm the director of Community Dementia Care at Parker Jewish Institute for Health Care and Rehabilitation. I'm also president of the New York State Adult Day Services Association. So I have a quick testimony from Parker but the brunt of my testimony is going to be from NYSADSA. I also have with me Barb Disum Zimmons whose the executive director of NYSADSA and is joining us from Albany. And hopefully we can answer and clarify some of the questions and concerns already voiced this morning. But for parker institute on behalf of more than 7,000 older adults served by Parker each year as well as Parker's President and CEO Michael Rosenbloom [sp?] I want to thank you for the opportunity for this testimony. I'm not going to go through. I mean we support the bill. We urge the New York City Council to explore strategic plan to

Alzheimer's or related dementia to be safe,

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minimal standards and regulations for SADs programs

would have access to learning and discussion with

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experienced professionals in the field. In 2013 NYSADSA received a grant from NYSOFA to conduct these trainings statewide. So far we have trained over 500 individuals including current providers, new providers, representatives from MMLTCs, representatives from home care agencies, providers of medical model daycare programs, social workers, nurses, etcetera. In addition workshops were offered on specific topics such as assessment, developing and writing care plans, and incorporating therapeutic recreational activities into a social adult day model. As a result of funding in the New York state budget NYSADSA plans to launch even broader training and technical assistant efforts in order to help ensure that existing SADs programs... SADS programs in development and other entities contracting with those programs including Medicaid manage care organizations have access to accurate information about the implementation standards and regulatory requirements for SADs programs operating in New York State. In addition NYSADSA has met with MMLT's associations and has had numerous meetings with NYSOFA and DOH as we collaboratively work towards a

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plan for statewide oversight through our certification process which is something Karen alluded to and we can talk about a little bit more after I finish. NYSADSA's grateful to the chairs and the members of the New York City Council Aging and Health Committees for their focus on developing legislation that clarifies the expectations of those who market their programs a social... services and proposing a mechanism to ensure that these expectations are met. The importance of right sizing care and ensuring that public and private dollars are spent appropriately cannot be exaggerated. SADs is not intended to serve the generally healthy senior population. Senior centers are established for that purpose. According to New York state statistics historically more than one third of those who attend SADs programs need hands on assistance with toileting, mobility, or eating. And 67 percent need constant supervision and monitoring because of a cognitive deficit. That said in New York City many neighborhoods have been underserved. Culturally sensitive SADs programs will enable those to attend them to remain at home

in the community while their family caregivers

2 | continue to work and manage family concerns. In

3 some ways the increased interest in developing SADs

4 program is a testimony to community needs. For more

5 than 35 years social adult programs have emerged in

6 response to community needs. You've got Arch in

7 Fort Washington open in the late 70s, my program at

8 Parker is 25 years old. You have a program that,

9 that specifically for HIV/AIDS. So social model

10 | programs are developed to meet specific and

11 community needs. This is because the elder law

12 | title nine section 6654.20 minimal, these are the

13 | minimal standards and regulations for social adult

14 day. Enable programs to have flexibility of design

15 | in order to meet specific needs therefore NYSADSA

16 | is especially supportive of the proposed Intro

17 | 358's mandate that all says programs operate

18 | according these regulations. And, and the current

20 programs we also support the registry, that the

21 | legislation established. We believe it will not

22 only be a necessary first step and a broader

23 | oversight plan but we'll also facilitate referrals

24 | to well-run programs throughout the city. The

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registry will ensure that no program will operate

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 94 beneath the radar and at the same time we'll support the flexibility of current regulations. NYSADSA also thinks that this will work well n tandem with the Sevenah Millman Mill [sp?] passed the State Senate, State Assembly rather, it did not pass the senate but maybe it reintroduced in, in January 2015. This bill provides use, prohibits the use of the term social adult day and social adult daycare if programs do not meet the definitions in statured. NYSADSA respectfully recommends to the city council that in the end oversight of all programs operating in New York state should be directed by the State Office for the Aging. Savenah Millman Mill will establish that requirement as we want to ensure that oversight follows and NYSOFA standards and does not medical-ize social adult programs by creating a layer burdensome requirements that are not consistent with the intentions of the social model. In 2012 when the Governor Sage Commission [sp?] issued their final report they noted that as a result of the overarching medical model of Department on Health and relay the federal law and guidance. Programs

administered by the Department of Health are

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 95 generally far more expensive and in many cases less attractive to the New York, to older New Yorkers who need services than comparable programs offered under the Office for the Aging. It should be noted that during 2013 and 2014 New York state Department of Health contracted with IPRO which has been mentioned before to audit the social adult, they programs in New York City that have contract with MMLTCs. The results of those surveys have been sent to DOH where other data is being review. And it's our understanding that the report's going to be forthcoming. We support the core concept of penalties for noncompliance because we, we think that stiff penalties would eliminate programs that do not meet regulations. The caution levying of fees uh we did, we did support efforts directed at technical assistance and corrective action so that those programs that do not meet standards will have the opportunity to come into compliance. At the same time we caution that program audits must be consistent with the New York State regulations and not overstep those requirements and jeopardize long standing community based programs that may be unfamiliar with formalized program audits and may

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 96 or may not have Medicaid or government funding of an kind. It will be a disservice to everyone if, if the result is a very burdensome bureaucratic process. Finally in the same way we agree that the New York City Department for the Aging should be the appropriate place for the ombudsman who would be the point person for any complaints, concern associated with the social model program. In closing I want to stake NYSADSA's core principals related to the operation of social model adult services. And that is that all social model programs, regardless of funding, should operate according to Elder Law Title nine, section 6654 Minimal Standards and Regulations. A mechanism for consistent state oversight must be established. Programs that inappropriately determine participant eligibility or do not deliver all core services or meet the administrative standards of the regulations should feel the effects of enforcement oversight and action up to and including forced closure. NYSADSA stands ready to assist the New York City Council and all other government bodies in their role of ensuring that both public and private funds are utilized to the best advantage of

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2 our aging population. Thank you for seizing the

3 moment and working to ensure that only high quality

4 SADs programs operate in New York City and beyond.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you very

6 much.

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MARTHA WOLF: I'll be glad later to,
both of us to clarify any questions about the
standards, the training... yeah and the
certification. We, we just met with DOH a couple of
weeks ago with regard to the certification process.
Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you. Ms. Brenan.

ERIN BRENAN: Good afternoon. My name is
Erin Brenan and I am the Director of the Self Help
Community Service's Alzheimer's Resource Program.
This social adult day program which we call SHARP
has been serving the community since 1989. Self
Help was founded in 1936 to help those fleeing Nazi
Germany maintain their independence and dignity as
they struggled to forge new lives in America. Today
self-help has grown into one of the largest and
most respected not for profit human service
organizations in the New York metropolitan area.

2 With 26 sites throughout Manhattan, Brooklyn,

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3 Queens, the Bronx, and Nassau County Self Help

4 provides a broad set of important services to more

5 than 20 thousand elderly, frail, and vulnerable New

6 Yorkers each year while remaining the largest

7 | provider of comprehensive services to holocaust

8 survivors in North America. Self Help offers a

9 complete network of community based home care,

10 social service, and senior housing programs with

11 | the overarching goal of helping clients to live

12 | with dignity and avoid institutionalization. Thank

13 you for allowing me to, the opportunity to present

14 | this testimony regarding Intro 358. Self Help

15 | wholeheartedly supports the New York City Council's

16 efforts to regulate social adult day program in our

17 community. Social adult daycare programs provide

18 | individuals and their caregivers the opportunity to

19 continue to remain living in the community and to

20 receive the care and services they need. Our social

21 | adult day program serves a population that is

22 | recently diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease. The

23 program has been receiving public funding for most

24 \parallel of its history. We have also received highly rated

programmatic assessments. As all of us know

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2 Alzheimer's disease is devastating to the entire

3 family. Programs that offer respite, socialization,

4 and caregiver support are critical and will become

5 even more so. Intro 358 will help us, will help

6 bring much needed consistent regulation to all

7 social adult day programs. This oversight is

8 especially critical at a time when we have seen so

9 many popup programs which have been randomly

10 | appearing throughout the city. These unlike... run,

11 unregulated programs have been recruiting elders

12 whose needs have been best met at the local senior

13 centers. Marketing to recruit individuals takes

14 precedence over the needs of those individuals.

15 | Well... facilities where these popups are located are

16 not appropriate to care for frail individuals. The

17 | individuals who operate these programs are usually

18 uncredentialed not known to anyone in the aging

19 community and often completely inexperienced in

20 working with elders. The individuals participating

21 | in these programs are cheated out of the

22 opportunity to attend a qualified program that

23 | could appropriately assess and meet their needs.

24 | The opportunity for defrauding Medicaid is often

25 | highly, especially high in programs that are so

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING unregulated. Thank you for the opportunity to present this testimony. We would especially like to thank and acknowledge Council Members Chin, Vallone, Johnson, Arroyo, Vacca, Dickens, Koo, Levine, Rose, Wills, Rodriguez, Mendez, Koslowitz, and Rosenthal for their initiative in presenting this bill. We recommend and hope that you consider passing it to ensure the quality integrity of all social adult day programs.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you. And all those council members thank you back... [cross-talk]

ERIN BRENAN: I hope I hit every one of them but...

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: ...for being here today and for your testimony. And I would like to say Ms. Brenan thank you for running a real social adult daycare program that takes care of individuals that need it and an appropriate meaningful therapeutic way we need to ensure that organizations like Self Help Community Services and others who are similarly well credentialed are the only ones taken care of older adults that need this type of care. So I appreciate the fact that you

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 101 were here today to lend your perspective. Thank you very much.

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UNKNOWN MALE: I can personally attest to that. Since we meet on a daily basis at the Self Help in my district. So thank you Erin and all of you for coming and shedding light on this. I also think what speaks volumes is whose not here today, whose not testifying. Exactly, any one of these organizations or groups that are going to claim to doing the right thing, nobody, so... I think these hearings... Thank you very much to our Co-Chairs for doing this today.

Could I just make one comment? It was a comment by Councilman Koo about the homecare issue and the forced home care. About a year and half ago with all, when the expose hit one of the mandates that came out of Department of Health was that the MMLTCs could not contract just for social day. The social day services could not be a standalone service, that it had to be accompanied by homecare. And we as an association and also our providers having a lot of concerns about that because as Councilman Koo mentioned there are a lot of people

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 102 there who don't need home care. Particularly those with an earlier stage Alzheimer's or type of dementia who really need to be out of the house and being stimulated and not sitting home with, with a home care worker. And it also forces a service when it's supposed to be a person centered care as far as the Medicaid redesign. So you're forcing another service which adds costs and you're supposed to be reducing costs. We have as an association again met with Jason Helkerson [sp?] and Mark Kissinger as well as NYSOFA with regard to this mandate and brought a lot of case studies. We've had people who have been denied service actually disenrolled from MMLTCs because they refuse home care. And it, they don't lose their Medicaid but then they can't attend a social model program because we, social model programs we cannot bill Medicaid directly, we can only bill through contract with the Medicaid manage care programs. So this, this is denying services to those people who don't want homecare because they don't need it for cultural reasons, for privacy reasons, there are a lot of reasons. So in our last meeting a few weeks ago it is our hope now that this is going to be relooked at as far as

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 103 this mandate is concerned and reconsidered by Department of Health and we are hoping for retraction of that mandate. Again you know we, we were waiting. As far as the IPRO results we were told at the last meeting that NYSADSA would be privy to those results as well. I was one of the programs that was surveyed by IPRO, my program back in December. And it was a very very extensive, it was an all da review and it went by the NYSOFA regs but they looked at everything from safety and environment to nutrition because there is part of the regulation that deals with nutrition. I know that's been an issued discussed today but certainly nutrition and diet as well as all the personnel and credentialing of personnel and any contract credentialing and so it was a very very extensive review. Our understanding from Mark Kissinger is that through this review there will be some programs that will be offered an opportunity to present a plan of correction with regard to deficit if they, if they are able to correct deficits then they will be re, resurveyed. There will be some programs that will not be able to do that and those are the programs that the contracts, MMLTC

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 104 contracts will be pulled from all of those programs. And quite honestly it stands to reason that if these programs are only existing through their contracts with MMLTCs. If those contracts are pulled they won't be able to be in business. We know through our training and the city and bark and talk about the state but there are a lot of people who come to the training and they're looking to open programs for profit. These are for profit businesses. They're not, not for profit like Self Help or Parker and you know a lot of the other programs that have been around for decades. These are for profit businesses and we make it very very clear that social model is, you know there should be a broad pay base, you, you look at contracts, you look at private pay, you look at a variety of pay so that you can offer these services to everyone in the community not those, just those people who have Medicaid. And that stressed quite a bit and but we, we, we've had a lot of attendance. I know Barb told me that she had a, training up in Niagara and there were people from New York City at the training in Buffalo. Niagara, further north. So you know which is just astounding to me. But we are

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planning more and more of these trainings as we go along through this grant through NYSOFA and to do more specific assessment which is a big key to all of this, not only from the social model program which is supposed to do their own assessment and care planning but from the MMLT perspective who were supposed to do their own assessment to make sure the person's eligible for their services to begin with. And that was one of the big problems with what happened back that January almost two years ago.

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BARB DISUM ZIMMONS: I would like to add some clarifying... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: If you could identify yourself for the record.

BARB DISUM ZIMMONS: I'm Barb Disum

Zimmons. I'm the Executive Director of NYSADSA. We

do have membership throughout this state. I just

want to make some clarifying statements, someone

had recommended a single assessment and, and our

conversation with Mark Kissinger and Jason

Helkerson last month. We are told that there will

be a single assessment so it will be separated from

the MLTCs to keep it pure and clean. You shouldn't

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 106 have an age qualifier for social adult day because many of our providers will provide services to people with, from the TBI waiver. And you could have a traumatic brain injury at any age. It could be veterans. It could be dementia specific and people with down syndrome get dementia much earlier so I just implore that you don't put an age restriction onto this because many of, we, we encourage our members to have a varied revenue stream. And in order to do so they are looking into other contracts. We also have some that are behavioral health centered or focused and they also do treat people of many different ages. When it came to food, food is a big issue, it is highly regulated. You either have to follow CACFP which is through Department of Health or DOH's, or NYSOFA's regulations. If they're getting it from a restaurant they will be found out, there will be sanctions after the IPRO review. The only place where I know that there is an exception that is in Schenectady County where their standards are much higher than either of those standards. There have been sanctions. There have been uh, implications.

It was mentioned that VNS was sanctioned. Center

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1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 107 2 Light was also written up. And let me tell you when we had a specific training on care plan and 3 assessments they sent about 50 people because they 4 5 did care about learning it, to do it the right way. We would be enter, would be willing to entertain 6 7 conversations to how to better monitor. We have also in our trainings provided training to State 8 Controller and uh, Attorney General's Office. And 9 oversight is mandated to Department of Health by 10 CMS centers with Medicare and Medicaid in the 1115 11 12 waiver. 13 CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you very 14 much. Thank you for your testimony today. I believe 15 Council Member Barron, do you have a question? 16 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you Mr. 17 Chair. Just wanted to thank the panel for coming to 18 present the testimony and to say that Self Help has an extensive website with lots of information, very 19 20 clear, very easy to understand. Thank you for what you do and those of you who haven't visited their 21 2.2 website you will be amazed at what they're

UNKNOWN FEMALE: Thank you very much, thank you.

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offering.

2 CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you. I, I...

3 Council Member Chin.

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again for you know coming and, and for your expertise. Now you have been having conversation with the State Department of Health. So what do you think we should do? I mean it's been two years. I mean what is the role of the city? How do you think that we can at least get a handle on this to start doing some monitoring?

could certainly do Barb and I were discussing, chatting before. We can provide the council if, if you'd like with a list of all the NYSADSA members in the city of New York. That is a social model programs that are members of the New York State, you know association. We can certainly provide you with that. We can also if you don't already have the regulations you certainly, we, you know that's easy to get to you as far as looking at those standards. And with the certification we tried to press, at least I asked timeframes on it when I was there and I didn't get a specific but I did get a month or two we're looking at. And that's something

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 109 that we're, we're constant, we have a lobbyist up in Albany whose constantly on, on them with regard to when are we going to get this information I think is very very important because that, that is going to identify those programs in the city that we may, we may not even know about. I mean we don't know about all the programs in this city we couldn't possibly. But it's going to identify those programs in the city of New York that have contracts with MMLTCs. And those are the ones we're talking about. You know that may not be up to, up to snuff. So that report should identify those programs and we can go from there. I do think you know one of the things that we talked about certification and we did submit a proposal NASADSA is we did a, a national research, oversight, research on other states and how other states were handling social day as far as oversight. And believe it or not well Connecticut had, has a very very tight certification oversight of all their social models in, you know in that state. So we looked at their model and, and we're, we're tweaking it because obviously it would have to match New York State. But we are looking for a

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING
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statewide certification which would also obviously
include the city. At, at this point you know I know
that we, we get calls as well. I get calls from
MMLTCs who've gone out to do site visits and the
rep will call me and say I went to this particular
program, here's the address, here's the name of it,
it's, it's, it's a empty room with a table and five
chairs and a pool table you know. And that
information I will send directly on, actually to
our lobbyist who sends it over to DOH. So this is
how, we're getting information that way as well
just as DFTA does, you know through, through calls.
But the calls had become more prevalent in the
last... I know you said they've diminished but by
that I mean I think there are more and more, MMLTCs
are more and more cognoscente now and know that
they, they need to be reporting these things.
Whether they contract with them or not they, if
they see something you know they need to obviously
say something just like the, for New York. But they
should let someone know where these programs are.
So we're getting information that way as well.
           CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: So, but is it your
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position, do you believe that absent of current uh,

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 111 movement and uh, full action by the state that the city should move in and the city council should seek to protect senior citizens and other adults that need this type of care?

ERIN BRENAN: I think the city council has responsibility to always protect our vulnerable citizens.

CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: So you're supportive of us taking action on this bill?

ERIN BRENAN: I, I think, we support the action with the ombudsman. I would caution against licensure. I know that's been talked about a lot.

NYSADSA... social model we've always been resistant and opposed to licensure. Medical model daycares licensed through the department of health. We, we strongly believe that certification is the way to go. Because that then will allow for the flexibility of social model. I mean my program's open seven days a week 12 hours a day. If, if I had, if I had, if I was over regulated I wouldn't be able to do that and provide the service. I think that we believe that certification is the way to go so that it can lend itself to the flexibility while

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 112 following the standard and regulations that, that are necessary.

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CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you for your support. We're going to, I know that we're going to call on you for your expertise and experience as this moves forward and ensuring that we continue to protect the most vulnerable in New York City. The testimony today has been I think incredibly helpful from you as providers and as experts in this field as well as other advocates it is an absolute outrage what is currently occurring. It is fraudulent. It is abusive. It is taking advantage of the most vulnerable just on, just to get as much money as possible. It's all about the Benjamins it seems and not about taking care of people in the most appropriate way. And we have to put a stop to it. And I look forward to working with Council Member Chin, Council Member Vallone and my other colleagues, the appropriate city agencies and with all of you in ensuring that as we move forward we do not allow this to persist in our city.

ERIN BRENAN: And to support Karen's testimony I would like to add that in surveying our members no one has had a new MLTC contract in the

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 113 metro area since late last fall and even referrals have dried up. So whether it's been IPRO's reviews have sharpened things. Are there bad eggs out there, are there potentially bad eggs out there, yes I get crazy phone calls every day. And I have a hard time being polite on the phone because when someone says they want to open up and have 100 people in their day center by the end of the year I just say I wouldn't send my mom to you. And then, only a good one will then say why and try to figure out why. And then I come back with well a teacher says they can't take care of more than 30 35 students. When I train with my board members they'll say 45 50 depending on your square footage is the maximum. And staffing ratios too. We really spend a lot of time on staffing ratios. Also to clarify another point every participant should get a bill of rights. We stress best practices is in your native language and according to regulations you do need to insert the phone number for your local area agency on aging which in the metro area is DFTA. So people do get that information and if they don't then the MLTCs and IPRO would have

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picked that up.

1	COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON AGING 114
2	CHAIRPERSON JOHNSON: Thank you.
3	Anything else? Well thank you all for being here
4	today. Thank you again to the committee staff for
5	helping us prepare for today and we look forward to
6	having a future hearing on this very important
7	matter and meeting is adjourned.
8	[gavel]
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date September 08, 2014