

## REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

## FINANCE DIVISION PRESTON NIBLACK, DIRECTOR

RESOLUTION COMPUTING AND CERTIFYING BASE PERCENTAGE, CURRENT PERCENTAGE AND CURRENT BASE PROPORTION OF EACH CLASS OF REAL PROPERTY FOR FISCAL 2014 TO THE STATE BOARD OF REAL PROPERTY SERVICES PURSUANT TO SECTION 1803-a OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW

<u>Introduction</u>. Section 1803-a of the Real Property Tax Law requires the City Council to certify to the State Board of Real Property Services (the "SBRPS") certain calculations used in the process of updating the class shares from the previous year. These calculations are made every year by the Council to reflect the following changes in each class of real property:

- a. Changes in the market value of taxable real property (as determined by SBRPS sample studies),
  - b. Physical changes as a result of new construction or demolitions,
  - c. Changes in taxable status, and
  - d. Transfers of real property among the four classes of real property as a result of changes in use or for other reasons.

Under SBRPS regulations, the Council must update the class shares by making two separate certifications. The action to be taken in the above-referenced resolution constitutes the first step of establishing the class shares of the four classes of taxable real property in the City to which the tax levy for the Fiscal 2014 budget will be applied. The purpose of this step is to give effect to the latest class equalization rates required by Article 18 of the Real Property Tax Law. Using these rates, new estimates of market values for each class are calculated.

The second step, certifying the "adjusted base proportions", is the subject of a separate resolution that takes account of all the changes that are included in the final assessment roll, after Tax Commission review of taxpayer protests. Attached hereto, as Exhibit A, are definitions of terms that are used in the analysis below.

Analysis. The class equalization rates described above produce prospective current base proportions that show increases in Classes 1 and 4 above the Fiscal 2013 adjusted base proportion, or "class shares" (as shown in column R of SBRPS Form RP-6700 attached to the above-captioned resolution), and decreases in the class shares of Classes 2 and 3. Pursuant to Section 1803-a(1)(c) of the Real Property Tax Law if the increase in any class exceeds 5 percent, the Council is directed to shift the excess (and only the excess) to any other class or classes so long as the shift does not cause the current base proportion of any other class to increase by more than 5 percent. None of the Classes exceed the cap, therefore, in the above-captioned resolution, there is no excess above 5 percent to distribute.

The chart below shows the following changes of the current base proportions of all four classes from their adjusted base proportions in Fiscal 2013. No Class sees a percent change that exceeds the 5 percent cap.

Class	Percent Change of FY14 Current Base Proportions from FY13 Adjusted Base Proportions
1	+4.12
2	-1.27
3	-16.83
4	+2.50

However, these "current base proportions" must still be adjusted for the physical changes and transfers among classes which are contained in the final assessment roll. These adjustments will be made in a separate resolution constituting the Council's second step. The "adjusted base proportions" thus derived will be the class shares used for allocating the real property tax levy for Fiscal 2014.

## **EXHIBIT A**

"Class equalization rate" represents the percentage that the total assessed value of each class is of the market value of the class, as shown in SBRPS sample studies.

"Base percentage" represents the percentage of total market value that each class constitutes in the 1989 base tax roll. The 1989 base tax roll is the one that was used in setting the tax levy for Fiscal 1990.

"Current percentage" is similar to the base percentage, but applies to the most recent year for which the SBRPS has established class equalization rates (in this case, the 2012 tax roll).

"Local base proportions" are the class tax shares used to fix the tax rates for Fiscal 1991.

"Current base proportions" are the local base proportions modified to take into account the market value changes revealed by the latest class equalization rates.