CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

of the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING & FRANCHISES

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May 7, 2013

Start: 1:07 p.m. Recess: 4:05 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers

City Hall

B E F O R E:

DANIEL R. GARODNICK

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Council Member Leroy G. Comrie, Jr.

Council Member Julissa Ferreras Council Member G. Oliver Koppell Council Member Karen Koslowitz Council Member Michael C. Nelson

Council Member Mark Weprin Council Member Stephen Levin Council Member Diana Reyna

Council Member Jessica S. Lappin Council Member Robert Jackson

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Fran Freedman
Deputy Commissioner
Department of Consumer Affairs, New York City

Sanford Cohen Executive Deputy General Counsel Department of Consumer Affairs, New York City

Robert Bookman Counsel New York City Hospitality Alliance and represents sidewalk café's

Andrew Rigie Executive Director New York City Hospitality Alliance

Nancy Plager
Manhattan Chamber of Commerce

James Versaki New York State Restaurant Association

Bob Gormley
District Manager
Manhattan Community Board Two

Manhattan Community Board Two

Maury Schott

Chair

Community Board Two, Manhattan, Sidewalk and Street Activities Committee

Alvin Burke Chair Brooklyn Community Board 14, Flatbush and Midwood

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Mark Diller Chairman Community Board Seven, Upper West Side

Susan Stetzer District Manager Community Board Three

Sondra Shirad Chair Manhattan Community Board Six

Evan Lascher Community Liaison Manhattan Community Board One

Schlomo Steve Waygoda SWA Architects

Louis Azolini Owner Paul and Jimmy's Restaurant

Bob Minor Co Chair HK 5051, a Park Association

Kathleen Treat Chair Hell's Kitchen Neighborhood Association

Stephen Belida Co Chair HK 5051 Block Association

Christine Burte First Vice Chair

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

John Lynch Co Chair Economic Development Committee Manhattan Community Board 10, Central Harlem

Leslie Johnson Representative West $44^{\rm th}$ Street Better Block Association

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CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Good

afternoon. Welcome to this Joint Hearing of the Consumer Affairs Committee with the Subcommittee on Zoning and Franchises. Today is Tuesday, May 7th. My name is Dan Garodnick and I have the privilege of chairing the Consumer Affairs Committee. I am joined today by Chair, Mark Weprin, who chairs the Subcommittee on Zoning and Franchises which does the approvals of revocable consents for the Council before they go onto the Land Use Committee and on to the full Council. We're also joined today by Council Members Karen Koslowitz and Mike Nelson and Oliver Koppell. subject of today's hearing is sidewalk café's and it is a timely one as the weather outside is nicer, New Yorkers start looking to dine al fresco But unfortunately, setting up a sidewalk café is not so simple as sticking some chairs and tables on the sidewalk. The sidewalks are public spaces and so a restaurant trying to set up a sidewalk café must go through a complicated application process. The process includes approvals from the Department of Consumer Affairs, community boards and the Council. We are here today to discuss how

2	we can improve that process to the benefit of both
3	restaurants, diners and community members. We are
4	also here to conduct oversight of how the
5	Department of Consumer Affairs deals with sidewalk
6	café's. This includes both how they conduct
7	enforcement and how they approve applications. We
8	have heard complaints from restaurants the DCA
9	fines them in an unfair manner. We've also heard
10	complaints from community boards the DCA is not
11	suitably responsive to their concerns, especially
12	when it comes to alerting DCA to the sidewalk
13	café's the may be unlicensed or operating in an
14	area where they are not permitted due to the
15	underlying zoning. We'll be hearing three pieces
16	of legislation today as well, two of these bills I
17	have sponsored and one of them is sponsored by
18	Council Member Diana Reyna. The first piece of
19	legislation is intro 875 or what I like to call
20	the brunch bill. Currently, city rules do not
21	permit sidewalk café's to begin operation before
22	noon on Sunday's. This rule, in my view, is
23	outdated, it's frequently ignored and it
24	accomplishes very little except to restrict
25	restaurants business. Intro 875 simply mandate

that sidewalk café's could not be prohibited
between 10:00 and noon on Sunday's. It would also
provide that they could not be allowed to operate
before 10:00 a.m. on Sunday's so as to allow
residents some quiet on Sunday mornings before the
prime brunching hours begin. The second piece of
legislation that I sponsored is Intro 876-A which
is designed to protect restaurants from
unnecessary violations while they have a pending
renewal application for their sidewalk café's. To
operate a sidewalk café a restaurant owner must
have a license and a revocable consent for the
right to use the sidewalk. The problem is that
while renewing a license alone would be a
relatively fast and painless process, renewing a
revocable consent is a lengthy and much more
complicated experience. We have heard numerous
complaints from restaurant owners who have
followed all of the rules, they're operating a
sidewalk café in accordance with the rules and
regs and have filed a timely application for
renewal. Unfortunately, because the renewal
process is so lengthy their licenses expire before
their revocable consent comes through. They get a

temporary operating letter from DCA. When that
expires they either need to seek renewal again or
they may find themselves fined for operating an
unlicensed café. There are two mechanisms in this
bill to solve this issue, first it establishes
that an operator should not be considered to be
operating an unlicensed café, as long as the
operator and has done everything right. That is,
he or she has submitted a timely application to
renew a revocable consent and that application is
still pending, the café was licensed at the time
the application was submitted and the café abides
by all the relevant rules and regulations. The
second mechanism would stagger the renewal periods
of licenses and revocable consents so that both
would never come up for renewal at the same time.
As a result, restaurants would never find
themselves in the unfortunate situation of having
their licensed expire because their revocable
consent application was taking too long to
process. I look forward to discussing the
relative merits of these two mechanisms for
protecting the well intentioned and law abiding
restaurant owners that are out there. The final

bill we're hearing today, Intro 1039, also
addresses the issue of revocable consents and is
sponsored by Council Member Reyna. As I mentioned
earlier, the process to renew revocable consent is
extremely convoluted and lengthy. Council Member
Reyna's bill seeks to streamline the process by
allowing DCA to waive its right to a public
hearing, eliminating the need, potentially, for
approval by the Mayor's Office of Contract
Services and reduces the amount of time allocated
for community board comment from 45 to 30 days. I
know that there are many community boards that are
interested in this bill in particular and I look
forward to their testimony. On all of the bills
we have engaged in good, constructive
communications with the Bloomberg Administration.
We certainly hope that that will continue with the
Department of Consumer Affairs specifically today.
So, at that point, at this point I'm going to turn
the microphone over to Chari Weprin and recognize
we've been joined by Council Members Ferreras and
Council Member Comrie. Chair Weprin.

CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Thank you,

Chair Garodnick. Thank you for joining me here

today for this joint hearing. I am going to be
very brief. The bills we're being discussed
today, obviously, are with the Consumer Affairs
Committee and go through that Committee but the
sidewalk café review process falls under the
Zoning and Franchises Subcommittee and it's
purview. And I thought that this was a good
opportunity and an important time for us to open
up the dialogue that Council Member Garodnick
talked about about DCA and their role in the
process. And I'll have a number of questions as
the process goes on concerning some of the issues
that have arisen in our Committee when dealing
with these sidewalk café's. So, Chairman
Garodnick, that's all I have to say at the moment.
I know you have a lot of people to testify so why
don't we just get right to it.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: You got it.

Next up and first up will be Fran Freedman, the

Deputy Commissioner of the Department of Consumer

Affairs and it looks like she will be joined by

Sanford Cohen, also of the Department of Consumer

Affairs. Please come on up. [off mic] Welcome and whenever you are settled and ready we'll be happy

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to hear your testimony.

MS. FRAN FREEDMAN: Thank you. [off mic] Good afternoon, Chair Garodnick and Chair Weprin. I wasn't anticipating your joining but how nice that you're here and that we're here. We seem to be meeting a lot lately with the Consumer Affairs Committee and I welcome all members of the Committee. I'm joined today by the Department's Executive Deputy General Counsel, Sanford Cohen, and I know that Carolyn Grossman is here and will answer from Department of City Planning and will be able to answer questions should you have any. On behalf of Commissioner Mintz and all of us at DCA, we appreciate the opportunity to comment on three bills and to talk about sidewalk café's, an iconic city industry which this administration, together with City Council, has nurtured and grown over the past 11 years. In fact, the number of café's throughout the city has risen steadily since 2002 from 700 to a high of 1,169 in 2012. And this despite a struggling economy. The number of café's in Brooklyn, for example, has grown by 137 percent since 2004, 80 percent in Queens and 71 percent in the Bronx. Such growth would not

have been possible without the well oiled and
efficient licensing process currently in place
designed to effectively enforce Council's right to
determine who uses the public sidewalks and for
what purposes, and DCA's responsibility to
maintain the public safety and accountability, as
well as ADA compliance and community needs. DCA
has done everything in our power to help as many
restaurants and neighborhoods as possible enjoy
the economic and community benefits of outdoor
café's and here is how. We collapsed a formerly
six agency, 465 day licensing process into one
agency and an average of 85 days. We made
applying for and renewing licenses as easy as
possible online and we've posted online all the
information restaurants need to complete the
process, including the sidewalk café design and
regulations guide, the street guide, consent fees
charts and all the forms, certifications,
affidavits and more. We move all applications
within five days and when challenges arise that
may delay the process as sometimes and perhaps
often occur we work with the restaurants to
resolve architect and plan issues, advocate for

them to quickly receive approvals they may need
from other city agencies. We research possible
grandfathering issues and conduct record searches,
even if that involves digging up documents from as
far back as the 1920's. We've even designed a new
mapping tool internally to help us and our
applicants avoid zoning in street areas. We issue
operating letters as a business friendly mechanism
to ensure that applicants in good standing have
minimal burdens during the renewal process. The
ability to issue such letters means that DCA does
not have to immediately deny an application just
because the restaurant neglected to pay a bill or
is late securing insurance renewal. Instead,
issuing a time defined operating letter, usually
for 90 days, means we can temporarily withhold
permanent permission to operate until the business
resolves the problem. These letters also ensure
that businesses possess all of the public safety
and accountability requirements necessary to
operate a café. The only rational, after all, for
requiring licensure, as we have said earlier.
Public safety and accountability requirements
include current revocable consent and paid consent

fees, insurance, current certificates of
occupancy, public assembly permits health
licenses, clearances from ECB and the Department
of Finance and more. We made it easier than ever
for all businesses, including sidewalk café's to
avoid violations and comply with the law by
posting our inspection checklists online and
providing an online live chat opportunity
exclusively for businesses to have their questions
answered by DCA staff every day during business
hours without picking up a phone or coming into
the licensing center. And finally, to mitigate
operational challenges for sidewalk café's in the
2 nd Avenue construction corridor, DCA conducted
dozens of outreach efforts advocated with the MTA
so that businesses could operate as long as
possible and ensured that every sidewalk café
would receive every cent coming to it in unused
consent and licensing fees. The full licensing
process for unenclosed sidewalk cafes outlined in
the attachment in the copies of our testimony and
right here on the poster starts with the business
submitting an application and fees and all
relevant documents, including plans to scale,

photographs, land owners consent, revocable
consent petitions, proof of insurance and all the
permits I mentioned earlier to DCA, which we
carefully review for accuracy and completeness and
then share with the relevant borough president,
community boards, Council Member and the Speaker's
office. Built into the process is the time needed
for each party to review the completed application
and hold public hearings regarding the proposed
sidewalk café so that community voices are heard.
The licensing process for enclosed café's is a
longer process involving additional city agencies
including the Department of Environmental
Protection, the Landmarks Preservation Commission
and the lead review agency, excuse me, the
Department of City Planning. Sidewalk café
licenses currently run for two years. This
standard timeframe allows for accountability
because businesses see the prospects of a not so
distant license renewal as a good reason to follow
public safety and consumer protection regulations.
Additionally, the ability of Council Members to
encourage compliance with community concerns is
greatly enhanced when café owners know that they

need to renew. I turn now to comments on the
three bills before this Committee, excuse me.
Intro 875 would extend operating hours on Sunday's
to 10:00 a.m. and Into 1039 would shorten the
community board's review period and provide for
DCA to waive its currently scheduled hearing
process. In addition, marks approval of petitions
for revocable consent to operate sidewalk café's
could be waived as well. Omitting these
components would significantly shorten the
licensing process. We defer to Council's wisdom
on the balance of needs between businesses and
their customers and neighbors and on whether or
not speeding up the process gives the public
sufficient time for input. DCA, however, opposes
Intro 876-A as currently drafted. This
legislation separates the license expiration date
from the expiration date from the consent term.
If it's goal was to make it easier for businesses
in fact it would have the opposite effect, making
it more difficult. The bill imposes license
renewals on a rolling basis rather than at fixed
times, current counter to DCA practice for
sidewalk café's and for all other licensed

industries. And although we support Council's
idea to have revocable consent expire every four
years the bill as written would force businesses
to apply twice at different times, once for the
license and six months later for the consent. In
addition to being confusing and time consuming it
doubles the cost of preparation fees for
businesses who may feel the need to hire attorneys
and expeditors twice. Remembering two different
sets of deadlines exposes businesses to more
liability if they forget. Further, the bills
approach to forcing the City to license sidewalk
café's to operate without completion of the public
consent process which is the only true intent of
the decoupling advocated by a minority of industry
attorneys supporting this bill, unwisely benefits
only a small number of law businesses. Those
with unpaid public consent fees or lapsed
insurance who plan to illegally operate anyway.
It is this very accountability which this bill
seeks to cripple that is the whole point of
licensing these café's in the first place. For
the vast majority of restaurants doing right by
the public, by their neighbors and by the City,

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this bill would simply make doing business more
difficult, more expensive while being unfairly
solicitous of their competitors who are not
playing by the same rules. That said, however,
we'd be pleased as always to continue discussions
with the Council on this bill. We are proud of
our commitment to helping the sidewalk café
industry flourish through more than a decade of
sensible policies and efficient and effective
practices. We look forward to continuing to work
with Council to ensure the industries ongoing
growth and success. I'll be happy to answer your
questions.

Very much, Deputy Commissioner. Before I jump in with some questions I want to acknowledge the presence today of Council Member Diana Reyna who is the sponsor of one of the three bills we are haring today and we'll hear from her in a moment and also Council Member Lappin. And Council Member Reyna, would you like to make an opening? Welcome.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Thank you,

Mr. Chair. I apologize for getting here late. I

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just wanted to take a moment to thank both you and Chair Weprin for conducting this hearing. My name is Diana Reyna, Council Member and Chari of this Committee on Small Business and I have sponsored one of these pieces of legislation being discussed today, Intro 1039. The intent behind Intro 1039 is to ensure that our business are able to operate efficiently without undo burden and ensuring public safety in the City of New York. discussions with restaurant owners it has come to my attention that many go through a prolonged and confusing process when applying for a sidewalk café permit. Two scenarios in particular concern me. Despite unanimous community support a sidewalk café application can take a minimum of 70 to 100 days for approval. And despite approval by the Department of Consumer Affairs, upon review of a sidewalk café application at the community board and City Council multiple issues are raised with the inaccuracies of the proposed plan on file. either case, both the small business owner and the community lose and, unfortunately, it is both these situations that I hear are commonly taking place. Just last week my staff at the City

Council informed that that a sidewalk café
application from my district was fraught with
errors. I had to work with a business owner who
is a chef by trade, not a land use attorney or an
architect to fix an application that had already
been reviewed by DCA. He took time off form work
and will have to revisit with his architect to
ensure the sidewalk café plans are legal and
accurate. It is this situation that I wish to
amend, compliance should be expected of the agency
reviewing the application, the architect
submitting the application, the community boards
and Council Members approving the application.
Regulations are created for the safety of the
consumers and the quality of life of the
community. Regularity laws should not serve as a
gotcha moment to our small business owners. That
is what we are here today to fix. I'd like to
thank you for, I'd like to thank you all on the
Committee, my colleagues, and I look forward to
hearing from the administration discussing this
bill before you today and hearing from the public
and their input. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you

very much, Council Member Reyna. And let me just jump in with a few initial questions here. Ms.

Freedman, on the subject--

COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL:

[interposing] Point of order, Mr. Chairman. I would, it would be helpful to me at least, and I don't know if other members are the same position, to understand a little bit more the distinctions between the license and the revocable consent.

I'm confused as a hear this testimony and maybe you could explain that to us or have someone explain it to us.

I can, thank you Council Member Koppell, and certainly that is an issue which is central to the issues that we're discussing today. And I think that it will come out in the course of my initial question here, the differences and why, actually, I have introduced one of the bills that I've introduced. So, I think that you will find that beneficial. But first, before I get to that, I want to ask you about brunch because that's the easiest part of the day, it seems. So, Intro 875 as we discussed would allow New Yorkers to enjoy

2	brunch at a sidewalk café starting at 10 o'clock
3	on Sunday. I noted no view by the Department of
4	Consumer Affairs as to whether you consider that
5	to be a good or bad idea and I just wanted to make
6	sure that I did not miss that in your testimony.
7	MS. FREEDMAN: You did not miss
8	that in our testimony, I assure you.
9	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: So, what is
10	DCA's view on whether or not brunch loving New
11	Yorker's should be able to enjoy outdoor brunch
12	starting at 10 o'clock on a Sunday morning.
13	MS. FREEDMAN: DCA remains
14	completely neutral. That's a decision for Council
15	to make, you know, in balancing what the
16	communities need, what the businesses need.
17	That's your purview.
18	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: And will
19	there be no issue for DCA for the Council were to
20	make this law go into effect immediately upon
21	passage and signature by the Mayor?
22	MS. FREEDMAN: No issue whatsoever.
23	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you.
24	Now, let's go to the harder stuff. I want to talk
25	to you about the question which Council Member

2	Koppell started to prime us for, the issue of
3	licenses versus revocable consents, which I agree
4	as it relates to renewals. And I' going to just
5	give you my thumbnail understanding of it, Council
6	Member and Deputy Commissioner Freedman can
7	correct me when I go astray. The license process
8	for getting an actual license for DCA is a much
9	simpler process than going for a revocable
10	consent, is that correct?
11	MS. FREEDMAN: Correct.
12	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: The license
13	is the process where somebody presents a variety
14	of factors, qualifications to the agency and says,
15	I believe that I have what I need to do to be able
16	to operate this business on the street, is that
17	right?
18	MS. FREEDMAN: Correct.
19	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Now, the
20	revocable consent is wehre the City is granting a
21	special permission to a business to be able to
22	actually use the physical space on the street, is
23	that right?
24	MS. FREEDMAN: Correct.
25	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay.

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2	MS. FREEDMAN: And that's within
3	your purview.
4	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: In our
5	purview and that's what you're going to hear from
6	Council Member Weprin on in a few moments and
7	that's what comes to the Zoning Committee and
8	that's what we talk about most frequently here.
9	We don't really talk about the licensing of
LO	sidewalk café's here at the Council. That is
11	something wehre they apply directly to the
12	Department of Consumer Affairs.
13	MS. FREEDMAN: Exactly.
L4	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: You grant
L5	or reject, for the most part, on the at the
16	outset.
L7	MS. FREEDMAN: But we wouldn't
L8	currently grant without revocable consent.
L9	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay,
20	right. So
21	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] We
22	couldn't.
23	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: At the
24	outset you can't grant a license.
25	MS. FREEDMAN: Correct.

2	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay. So,
3	my question for you is this, when somebody applies
4	to you for a renewal of their sidewalk café
5	license they are also contemporaneously applying
6	for a revocable consent renewal, is that right?
7	MS. FREEDMAN: Correct.
8	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: How long
9	does the revocable consent process generally take?
LO	MS. FREEDMAN: If there are no
11	changes and, you know, nothing ahs happened in the
12	environment, nothing has happened in the
13	restaurants history, it doesn't owe any fines, it
L4	has its insurance in place. It simply takes as
15	long as it would have originally in terms of the
L6	public hearing process.
L7	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: So, what's
L8	the shortest period of time?
L9	MS. FREEDMAN: So, shortest, we say
20	the shortest period of time is about 85 days.
21	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay. So,
22	somebody applies to you for both the license and
23	the revocable consent. You can't grant them a
24	renewal to their license until that revocable
25	consent is complete, right?

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 27
2	MS. FREEDMAN: That is currently
3	correct.
4	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay, got
5	it. So, it's actually impossible for you all to
б	grant them anything but an operating letter at
7	that point to be able to continue pending their
8	revocable consent approval, is that right?
9	MS. FREEDMAN: That's exactly why
10	we issue.
11	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Wait, but
12	just, but just to be clear on the process first.
13	MS. FREEDMAN: Yes.
14	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: So, the
15	answer is yes?
16	MS. FREEDMAN: Yes.
17	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Right?
18	Okay, so at that point DCA has no ability to do
19	anything else other than to say to the business,
20	look, you are okay for a period of what, 60 to 90
21	days, what, how much time do you usually give them
22	for a temporary?
23	MS. FREEDMAN: Usually 90,
24	sometimes they're longer.
25	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay.

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 28
2	MS. FREEDMAN: Sometimes they're
3	shorter depending on the issues.
4	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay, so
5	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] But in
6	the main, 90 days.
7	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK:standard
8	is generally 90?
9	MS. FREEDMAN: And they're
10	renewable.
11	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay.
12	MS. FREEDMAN: They're renewable.
13	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: So, you
14	give them 90 days in which to, in which they can
15	operate before such time as they have a revocable
16	consent. So, that's a three month period of time.
17	MS. FREEDMAN: But it doesn't
18	usually take that long.
19	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: It doesn't
20	usually take that long?
21	MS. FREEDMAN: Right.
22	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: To get the
23	revocable consent?
24	MS. FREEDMAN: Right.
25	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: But what

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2	happens if somebody gets a temporary operating
3	letter and that temporary operating letter expires
4	on them? Is it incumbent on the business to come
5	back to DCA for another temporary operating letter
6	or does DCA?
7	MS. FREEDMAN: Yes, they have to
8	renew the letter.
9	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay. So,
10	what you're saying is somebody who has applied for
11	a license and a revocable consent at the same time
12	has applied, adhered to all operable laws and
13	rules and regulations could get, find themselves
14	with a temporary letter that could expire on them
15	wehre if they don't come back to you they could be
16	operating without a license, is that correct?
17	MS. FREEDMAN: Well, it's not just
18	not coming back to us, they have to address
19	various issues, in other words, they have to make
20	sure that they've gotten their revocable consent.
21	Sometimes they have to ensure that their insurance
22	is in place.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Yeah, but

MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] Yeah,

if the revocable consent hasn't happened yet--

2 ensure that the City is getting paid for the use 3 of the sidewalks.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: It sounds like you all would love this bill because what this bill would do would be to ensure that all of the revocable consent information and filings and fees, et cetera, are done with by the time that they get to the point of filing with you guys for a license renewal. What is objectionable to that? That sounds like that is right down the fairway as to what DCA would want to achieve here.

MS. FREEDMAN: Well, in fact, we do love something about the bill, Mr. Chair. We do like the four year revocable consent, that's fine. But what the bill unfortunately has, the bill has done two things that are counterproductive. It's mandating licensing on a rolling basis instead of at defined times--

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK:

[interposing] Sorry, wait, let's just be clear with our language 'cause we want to make sure that we're consistent and know, Council Member Koppell and Weprin are going to probe you on this. It doesn't have a licensing on a rolling basis. It

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2	has	the	lic	censing	at	one	date	and	the	revocable
3	cons	sent	at	another	a da	ate?				

4 MS. FREEDMAN: Yeah, right.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Right?

Okay.

MS. FREEDMAN: But currently, for example, we have three periods of renewing licenses, three distinct periods, September 15th, I mean, just to give you a date, September 15th, December 15h, April 15th. And well before that time the renewal packets go out. I mean, it's a huge amount of operational work on the part of the Department. The renewal packets go out, the restaurants know that they have to renew and everything is put into motion. This would be staggered, in other words, the bill the way it's written it says it expires two years from the date that it was issued. That's not how we issue licenses now. That's one thing. The second thing that it does is it decouples, it separates the revocable consent in the time period from the licensing and we feel that those should always, for accountability and public safety should always be the same.

2	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: So, it
3	sounds like there just may be a difference of
4	opinion between, certainly the bill's sponsor and
5	I can't speak for the other members of this
6	Committee as to the benefit of allowing businesses
7	to wrap up their revocable consent process when
8	they're applying to you for their license. In my
9	mind it seems rational to say to them, look, we
10	want to make sure that you are legit, that you are
11	doing everything you're supposed to do, that you
12	have filed all of your fees, that you have all of
13	your insurance paperwork but not to get them
14	enmeshed in a black hole of bureaucracy wehre they
15	can't actually get their license renewed at the
16	moment that their license is due?
17	MS. FREEDMAN: The interesting
18	thing, Mr. Chair, is that the actors who, or shall
19	I say, the restaurants, who complain about
20	operating letters are those who are such bad
21	actors they just haven't gotten their act
22	together. I mean, we don't get
23	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK:
24	[interposing] Then why are you granting them an
25	operating letter? I guess, my point is, if

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 35
2	somebody doesn't deserve to have their license
3	renewed, you know, it's not clear to
4	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] We do.
5	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK:to us why
6	you're renewing the licenses.
7	MS. FREEDMAN: Because we know that
8	they're in the revocable consent process and we
9	want to ensure that they can seamlessly continue
10	to operate until that is
11	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK:
12	[interposing] Do you have the power to revoke a
13	license?
14	MS. FREEDMAN: Yes.
15	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Do you have
16	the power to fine somebody for violating a
17	license, violating the terms of their license?
18	MS. FREEDMAN: Of course.
19	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Right.
20	MS. FREEDMAN: There are licensing
21	laws.
22	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: So, it
23	sounds like you've got more than enough power to
24	be able to address bad actors in that context.
25	Don't you?

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 36
2	MS. FREEDMAN: We do.
3	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay.
4	MS. FREEDMAN: But not more than
5	enough, I would say.
6	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: You have
7	enough, just enough.
8	MS. FREEDMAN: Sufficient hours.
9	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: All right,
10	okay. Thank you. I'm going to turn to Chair
11	Weprin.
12	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Thank you,
13	Chair Garodnick. Deputy Commissioner, thank you
14	very much for your testimony. You know, we
15	enjoyed it and we do appreciate the hard work the
16	agency puts in on this process and I'm glad that
17	you do state you carefully review for accuracy and
18	completeness to share with the borough Presidents,
19	community boards and Council. So, we thank you
20	for that. I'm just curious, does DCA actually
21	conduct site inspections of the café's before the
22	issue of a licenses?
23	MS. FREEDMAN: You mean qualifying
24	inspections?
25	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Yes.

2	MS. FREEDMAN: That's what you
3	mean? Yes, sometimes we do. But remember, if I
4	may remind you, Council Member, that in fact,
5	Council changed the law and made this whole
6	process self certifying. That was the only way
7	all of us together, the Administration and Council
8	were able to collapse that cumbersome six to nine
9	agency process, 485 days, 465 days, into one
10	agency, and really about 85 days now. So, it's
11	all self certifying. So we
12	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: [interposing]
13	So, do you always just take on faith the self
14	certifications or do you ever do inspections to
15	make sure what they're
16	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] We do,
17	we do.
18	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN:what
19	they're telling you is true.
20	MS. FREEDMAN: We do, and there are
21	affidavits that every restaurant must sign and
22	deliver to us, that's part of the documentation.
23	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: They said you
24	had, you do some inspections to
25	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] We

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 38
2	certainly do inspections upon inquiry from
3	Council, upon inquiry from an elected official,
4	upon
5	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: [interposing]
6	Only at that point, not generally. You just take
7	your self certifications?
8	MS. FREEDMAN: [crosstalk] Not as a
9	routine. If a community board has an issue we
10	certainly are happy, more than happy to go out an
11	do a qualifying inspection.
12	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: How many
13	inspectors are there at DCA?
14	MS. FREEDMAN: 80.
15	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: 80? 80
16	inspectors? And what are their responsibilities?
17	MS. FREEDMAN: 80, may I just add?
18	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Yes,
19	certainly.
20	MS. FREEDMAN: I'm so glad you
21	asked.
22	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: You may, mm-
23	hmm.
24	MS. FREEDMAN: I'm so glad you
25	asked. We have 80 inspectors inspecting 79,000

MS. FREEDMAN: Or on patrol. If an inspector's on patrol they will inspect a café or,

2	in fact our inspection list, our check list is
3	online and you can see all the things that they
4	inspect for. Now, for example, if you had
5	registered a complaint with us, suppose you said
6	that a certain café didn't have, had too many
7	tables and chairs, for example. We'd send an
8	inspector to look at that but we would also do
9	what we call a comprehensive inspection.
10	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: How does DCA
11	receive their reports from an authorized or non
12	compliant café's? where do you get most of your
13	complaints from?
14	MS. FREEDMAN: Elected officials,
15	community boards, that's basically it.
16	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Do they come
17	in, like, how do you receive them? Through a 311
18	or just some call the agency?
19	MS. FREEDMAN: 311 311, and
20	many phone calls and emails.
21	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Do you, I know
22	that as a self certification process but is that,
23	do you make any effort to make sure that this café
24	is actually legally allowed under the zoning when
25	you approve it or?

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 41
2	MS. FREEDMAN: We make every
3	effort.
4	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: You do make
5	effort?
6	MS. FREEDMAN: Every effort.
7	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Okay.
8	MS. FREEDMAN: Every effort.
9	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Okay, but how
10	successful is your efforts? I just wanted, I
11	mean, do you feel like if the zoning doesn't allow
12	for a café you think you catch all of them, most
13	of them, some of them?
14	MS. FREEDMAN: No, I would never
15	say, Mr. Weprin, that we catch all of them. I
16	don't think any of us could possibly say that we
17	don't make any errors. Council makes errors, we
18	make errors.
19	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Mm-hmm.
20	MS. FREEDMAN: But, the wonderful
21	thing about this very well oiled process is that
22	there are so many points at which those errors can
23	be caught by the community board, by the elected
24	official.
25	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Right.

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2 MS. FREEDMAN: By our own staff.

3 And, of course, by Council.

CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Right. One of the frustrations we have on the Council and in our Committee is very often, you know, café's are called up, they come to us and sure enough, lo and behold and this is one of he issues Council Member Reyna talks about, this never should have been approved in the first place. The zoning didn't allow it. This small business person who has, is trying to run a restaurant, did all the applications, did everything they thought was right not realizing they were violating the zoning law. And then we, comes to us and it's already long, months later and then we tell them, you know, you really couldn't have done, you shouldn't have done this in the first place. You never should have been approved by DCA. I understand that's just an error that fell through the cracks but what could you, DCA do to try to make sure that doesn't happen more often because in the last few months alone in our subcommittee we've gotten about five of these cases where they never should have been approved in the first place.

businesses.

2	MS. FREEDMAN: I couldn't agree
3	with you more. Every single one of them is
4	regrettable. And we certainly don't want that to
5	happen. Fortunately, we have developed, as I
6	suggested in my testimony, a new mapping tool.
7	We're going to be working, in fact, we just
8	discussed that with City Planning and we are going
9	to be working on that zoning, admittedly. I don't
10	have to tell you is incredibly complicated and
11	yes, there are errors.
12	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Right, what
13	else can DCA do to try to eliminate these errors
14	because it is the source, as I said, are

frustrating not only for us but for those

MS. FREEDMAN: You mean beyond our two - - I would be very grateful, Mr. Weprin, if you have a suggestion for us. We would, you know, beyond working with City Planning on this, if you have something in mind we would certainly love to hear it.

CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: I mean, it would seem that there is ways of trying to ensure that you don't have the things fall through the

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cracks as often by doing more than just accepting
the self certification and saying, or the tech
sheet, the check off saying that this is, complies
with zoning. The person who did that might not
have realized either and there must be a way to
have someone on, at DCA inspect the site, know
where it is, actually do the second level of that
evaluation, say, you know, make sure that this is
actually a legal café to begin with. So, it
doesn't go through the whole process and waste a
lot of money for the businesses and a lot of time
for both DCA Council and the community.

MS. FREEDMAN: Honestly, I wish we had the resources, both in terms of manpower and other resources to be able to send out an inspector to 1,100 café's, but unfortunately, we don't. Absent that, we are open to suggestions. I do want you to know that we check all new applications, all new applications specifically, zoning.

CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Right.

MS. FREEDMAN: So, we are, it's not that we're neglecting that aspect, we are checking.

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2	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Right. Well,
3	as we both agree, not well enough in that we do
4	have a number of errors, and like I said, in just
5	a short period of time we've had a few of them
6	here and it really does cause, it's embarrassing
7	for all of us involved, a little bit where a
8	person came all the way down the process and then
9	finds out they weren't allowed to have the
10	application in the first place.
11	MS. FREEDMAN: Zoning is incredibly
12	complicated.
13	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Yeah, it's
14	complicated but still is embarrassing when we
15	don't do our job as well as we like.
16	MS. FREEDMAN: [crosstalk] Used to.
17	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: And that is a
18	problem. I know Councilman Garodnick talked about
19	the penalties the DCA had. In the affirmations
20	that are given out there's some strict language on
21	the penal code and on the DCA's enforcement. How
22	much, how many fines on these type of applications

does DCA give out? Do you often find these

affirmations when they are incorrect or when the

businesses make a misstatement of whether they

2	have enough sidewalk space or whether they're
3	zoned correctly?
4	MR. COHEN: We will look at
5	applications to see if there are false statements
6	when we have discovered something is awry in the
7	actual operation of the sidewalk café. But most
8	of our violations are issued for non compliance
9	with the plans or the largest category is for
10	unlicensed café's. So we do, we take a look at
11	the affirmations.
12	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: And those are
13	discovered by the inspectors who happened to be
14	passing by that you talked about before, not,
15	that's not a separate assignment for the
16	inspectors? They find out about the café's, too
17	many tables by just a complaint following up on a
18	complaint or happening to discover it walking by?
19	MR. COHEN: Well, it's not just
20	walking by. They have fixed patrols.
21	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Right.
22	MR. COHEN: That often patrol the,
23	each block of the city and
24	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: [interposing]
25	Walking by and on their patrol?

25 MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] I'm

answer before. I was just curious--

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 48
2	sorry.
3	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN:not you, I'm
4	just, I meant I was just going to ask, I asked
5	about how the violations when someone files an
6	affirmation that is incorrect does DCA fine them
7	on, a lot or rarely, ever?
8	MR. COHEN: I would say that's not
9	at the top of our categories of fines for sidewalk
10	café's. It tends to be in their operations
11	whether they've been in non compliance, what the
12	plans are, what the plans that are improved or if
13	they're operating on an unlicensed basis.
14	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Yeah, and I
15	want to, DCA, when the law was changed to allow
16	for, what you called self certification DCA was
17	not opposed to that, correct?
18	MS. FREEDMAN: I don't belie so.
19	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: No, I don't
20	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] I
21	don't believe so. I mean, I don't go back that
22	far. So, I have no idea.
23	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Well, neither
24	do I so we're even.

MS. FREEDMAN: Good.

2	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: And, all
3	right, 'cause, well, I would like, my
4	recommendations for the, to the agency would be to
5	try to figure out a way 'cause, I mean, this has
6	happened in my short time here a lot and that's
7	jus ton the ones we happened to call up. I can
8	only imagine how many are out there that we didn't
9	call up that might not actually be, have been
10	properly looked at, whether the zoning didn't
11	allow it or their sidewalk didn't allow it. And
12	it just seems like a lot of them are falling
13	through the cracks and that is an effort that the
14	DCA needs to do in order to, not waste time and
15	not waste money for these small businesses, not to
16	mention look bad for all of us for having missed
17	it in the first place.
18	MS. FREEDMAN: Thank you.
19	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Okay, well
20	thank
21	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] On the
22	other hand I do wish you would imagine how many
23	hundreds and hundreds of café's are out there
24	operating legally.
25	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: Oh, I know, I

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 50
2	know them well.
3	MS. FREEDMAN: With all of our
4	blessings.
5	CHAIRPERSON WEPRIN: And I hope to
6	be able to go to them at 10 o'clock in the morning
7	too. So… [laughter] Okay.
8	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you,
9	Mr. Chairman. We're now going to go to Council
10	Member Reyna.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Thank you so
12	much, Mr. Chair. I just wanted to understand.
13	The last statement was you wouldn't believe how
14	many illegal sidewalk café's or you
15	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] No,
16	how many hundreds and hundreds of legally
17	operating
18	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
19	[interposing] Legal.
20	MS. FREEDMAN:café's there are
21	out there. I wish I had stopped by for a little
22	refreshment before this hearing.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: I completely
24	agree. I wanted to just take a moment just to
25	understand a little of where Council Member, Chari

2	Garod, Chair Weprin had been living off as far
3	as the fines were concerned. In the year 2012
4	it's part of the Mayor's Management Report, I'm,
5	I'd imagine that there is a specific amount of
6	illegal sidewalk café's that are noted as part of
7	your report for DCA. Do you have that number?
8	MS. FREEDMAN: The number of ille
9	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
10	[interposing] Illegal sidewalk café's for the year
11	2012.
12	MS. FREEDMAN: I'm sorry, Council
13	Member, I don't have the number of illegal.
14	COUNCIL MEMBE REYNA: Can someone
15	with you
16	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] But we
17	will certainly get you that number if
18	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
19	[interposing] That, I would like it for this
20	particular hearing. I'm just trying to understand
21	how many in the year 2012, illegal sidewalk café's
22	have been shut down? And while someone is,
23	perhaps, texting away trying to get that answer
24	I'd like to understand how would the public know
25	what is illegal versus legal? How would a small

MS. FREEDMAN: We're glad you're

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 55
2	asking.
3	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: I want to
4	understand, as far as sidewalk café's are
5	concerned the revocable consent, how many are
6	revoked in the year 2012?
7	MS. FREEDMAN: Revocations are very
8	rare. What we use is the sealing and what goes
9	along with the sealing, coupled with the sealing
10	is usually suspension of the license for that
11	period of time. I can't even tell you, I think,
12	do you remember how many revocations, one? None?
13	We don't know.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Could we get
15	that?
16	MR. COHEN: It's typically not a
17	process that we pursue is the revocation of the
18	consent.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
20	[interposing] What is the reason
21	MR. COHEN: [interposing] We pursue
22	license violations and
23	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
24	[interposing] License violation based on what?
25	MR. COHEN: Based on the rules and

laws that govern the operation of sidewalk café's.
There are specific clear passage requirements,
tables requirements, passage, clear passage from
fixed sidewalk furniture. And all of those may be
addressed as license law violations. And the
other side is we pursue those sidewalk café's that
don't have legal authorization to operate through
the issuance of a revocable consent and a license.
That's our typical way of pursuing the enforcement
practice.

MS. FREEDMAN: And may I just add,
Council Member Reyna, that if's our intention and
responsibility, as I know you feel the same way,
to ensure that as many café's as possible can
operate. So, that's what we're trying to do to
help café's operate. And, if they can--

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:

[interposing] I appreciate that comment. My problem is, which was already mentioned, I'm calling up my own sidewalk café applications in the Council and there are issues that are reflecting the specifications of a plan that are submitted that are not complete. And so, I'm trying to understand why are we not seeing a

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complete application from DCA before it comes to
the final process where then the owner is upset at
the Council because he was already approved at
DCA?

MR. COHEN: We reviewed the plans, as Deputy Commissioner Freedman says, we don't do qualifying inspections for all 1,100 restaurants that have sidewalk café's up for renewal and renewal periods. When there are discrepancies that are brought to our attention we will send out inspectors and look at those and stop the renewal process to find that the streetscape is different from what is reflected on the plans. But otherwise if the plans reflect what is a legal sidewalk café according to the law and the rules, we will pass that on to the Council for its action.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: So, I just want to make a suggestion as had been asked by the Chair if he had any, why are these plans not accessible online via DCA?

MS. FREEDMAN: You mean the actual--

25 COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:

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[interposing] Architectural plans.

MS. FREEDMAN: Right. Currently, we don't have the ability to do that with our database but every plan is easily accessible directly through our - - officer, anyone in the public can get a copy of the plan.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Moving forward to 21st Century, just making sure that we are understanding technology is a great tool and we should be using it so that, you know, it seems to me that it would be even a better way to conduct business if these plans were filed electronically so that there is a real time response to those plans so that the business owner understands what is complaint or not. So that the architect is not, and there was a comment shared according to one small business owner a few years back to me that, you know, the architect happened to express to the small business owner that it is customary that only one percent of all applications get called up. So, there is this culture that's built where this is being said and understood as the normal practice because everyone is just rubber stamping. And it presents us a

2	problem to the small business owner who is
3	actually trying to do the right thing and comply
4	with the law and spending the money to do so and
5	yet there are others who are not. And so I just
6	want to make sure that we level the playing field
7	and we make sure that we're using technology and
8	applications in the agency that could allow for
9	that culture to change, to do better business with
10	the public, to do better business with the small
11	business owner.
12	MS. FREEDMAN: Rest assured,
13	Council Member, that DCA is not spreading that
14	urban legend. But your point is well taken about
15	the technology aspect and we are working on that.
16	We're going to have a whole new enterprise system
17	on
18	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
19	[interposing] Correct, I heard the mapping
20	comment.
21	MS. FREEDMAN: You heard?
22	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Yeah.
23	MS. FREEDMAN: Yes, we're working
24	on that. Those are
25	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:

2	[interposing] In addition to that there should be
3	an application where you can have everything
4	digitized so that there is a view online of your
5	architectural plans. Is that going to be part of
6	it?
7	MS. FREEDMAN: That's our goal.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: And what is
9	the timeline for that?
10	MS. FREEDMAN: Well, the first roll
11	out of our new system will be in September,
12	actually. But I can't promise as to what
13	components will be included but I will certainly
14	take your suggestion back. Thank you.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: I would
16	appreciate that and I would, I wanted to just ask,
17	as far as the community board is concerned there
18	is a process that they go through vetting the
19	application as well. What does DCA do with their
20	recommendations? How is that implemented?
21	MS. FREEDMAN: When? I'm glad you
22	asked that question. When a business voluntarily
23	consents to a change that is recommended on the,
24	by the community board or the Council and it's

usually something that limits the business from

2	what is legally required, for example, shortening
3	of hours. When that process has voluntarily taken
4	place that's an agreement between the business and
5	the Council Member or the business and the
6	community board and the purview for holding that
7	restaurants feet to the fire is in the public
8	accounting, the public review process, that's
9	exactly where those issues have to come up and
10	it's, that's what, why Council and the community
11	boards are there to hold the restaurants feet to
12	the fire. We're there to hold the restaurants
13	feet to the fire in terms of the law.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: So, it goes
15	back to enforcement being the responsibility of
16	the community board and the Council?
17	MS. FREEDMAN: For any agreement.
18	For any mutually agreed upon amendment to what is
19	legally, what a business can legally do. [off mic]
20	Oh, yes. Except, right, we do enforce the number
21	of tables and chairs. So, if you've made an
22	agreement about that we do enforce that.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: But that's
24	the only piece that you

MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] Right,

2	but not the hours, not whether you've, you know,
3	they've agreed to a security guard or any number
4	of other accommodations.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: And with the exception of tables and chairs no other details are enforced by the agency, DCA?

MS. FREEDMAN: From that mutually agreed upon agreement, yes, correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: And the number of tables and chairs reflected in the plans, I've had a situation where the plans were inaccurate according to the numbers of tables and chairs. How does one know what are the number of tables and chairs that are supposed to be in the sidewalk café? Is there a sign that is supposed to be--

MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] Yes, yes, absolutely. That appears on the license that you must post publically facing, usually on the door or the window and that tells you exactly how many tables and chairs you've been licensed for.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: And how is that enforced? How many, do you separate your finds concerning what is the number of tables and

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 63
2	chairs and not
3	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] Yes,
4	we do.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:being
6	displayed?
7	MS. FREEDMAN: Yes, yes, that's a
8	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
9	[interposing] And how many
10	MS. FREEDMAN:separate and
11	I'll tell you exactly, one 2012, for example.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Mm-hmm, mm-
13	hmm.
14	MS. FREEDMAN: So, in 2012 we wrote
15	100 and, wait a moment, wait, wait, wait Hmm,
16	that's very interesting. We didn't, we actually
17	didn't write any in 2012.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Okay.
19	MS. FREEDMAN: But I can tell you
20	that from 2008 until 2012 we wrote 447 of those.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: 447?
22	MS. FREEDMAN: Of those specific
23	violations.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: And the
25	signage, do you agree or disagree that the signage

small business owners and on sidewalk café's?

businesses.

2	MS. FREEDMAN: Absolutely. In
3	fact, we held an open house after hours for
4	sidewalk café owners. Last year we're going to
5	hold another one. This year we do this routinely
6	for our various 55 different industries regarding
7	the whole, we're going to be holding our second
8	one for sidewalk café's and we've done enormous
9	outreach in the 2 nd Avenue corridor specifically
10	for $2^{ m nd}$ Avenue for the café's in that corridor and,
11	of course, every year we hold our business
12	education day and we visit thousands of

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: To couple all the small business owners? I just want to focus on the sidewalk café's as far as outreach and education and, you know, trying to distinguish so that the owners themselves understand what is their responsibility that there isn't a gotcha moment for them.

MS. FREEDMAN: Right, which is certainly not our intent, quite the opposite. So, that's why we held the open houses so that we could walk through--

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:

2	[interposing] But you mentioned 2 nd Avenue so you
3	only had one last year and it was on 2 nd Avenue?
4	MS. FREEDMAN: No, no, no. We had
5	an open house at the Department, that's where we
6	hold our open houses in our licensing center.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Mm-hmm.
8	MS. FREEDMAN: We walk the
9	particular industry, like the sidewalk café,
10	through all the rules and regulations again.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Mm-hmm.
12	MS. FREEDMAN: And we give them
13	ample time to ask questions.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Mm-hmm. Mr.
15	Chair, thank you so much for giving me the
16	opportunity to ask these questions. And I just
17	want to reserve my right to ask questions later.
18	MS. FREEDMAN: Thank you.
19	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: You're
20	right is reserved, Council Member, thank you. And
21	before I go to Council Member Koppell I just want
22	to follow up on just two brief points that Council
23	Member Reyna just raised. So, the community board
24	spends a fair amount of time thinking about what

is proper and appropriate in the neighborhood.

2	After they review it and they send it to DCA, you
3	guys have up to 30 days to hold a public hearing
4	and act before you send it on to the City Council,
5	is that right?
6	MS. FREEDMAN: Correct.
7	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: So, do you
8	ever take the recommendations that the community
9	board is making and incorporate them into, I guess
10	it's the revocable consent at that point or the
11	license, I don't know but I know it's a
12	revocable consent. And put that into the
13	application as a requirement before you send it to
14	the Council?
15	MS. FREEDMAN: No, we don't. [off
16	mic]
17	MR. COHEN: If there's a
18	recommendation to modify the
19	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK:
20	[interposing] Yeah, a recommendation from the
21	community board, a recommendation to modify the
22	plans?
23	MR. COHEN: Yeah. It looks
24	different from the original plans, that's taken
25	into account and new plans have to be filed

2	[crosstalk] in accord with the agreement between
3	the community board and the operator.
4	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: No, I'm
5	just taking a bland scenario where the community
6	board gets the application and says, you know
7	what, we actually think that there should be ten
8	tables instead of 20 tables, they send it on to
9	DCA. Does DCA consider that, say, you know what?
10	Actually Community Board, you were right. We're
11	going to actually incorporate that into the plan?
12	MR. COHEN: Only if the plans would
13	not accord with the clearance requirements and the
14	rules otherwise.
15	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay, so
16	only if technically non complaint would you
17	incorporate those changes?
18	MR. COHEN: Right. We welcome
19	advice from the community boards about proposed
20	plans that are not compliant with the rules and
21	laws for sidewalk café's.
22	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay. But
23	otherwise you don't take that into, you don't put

that into any requirements for the café's?

MR. COHEN: There's no basis in the

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CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Right, okay. 'Cause to me that, if we're looking to save time maybe it's DCA that we should consider bypassing because it seems like the Council is doing a lot of that work itself. Okay, so, my additional question is, on the hours of operation, I think you said in response to Council Member Reyna that other than the number of tables you will not enforce any of the other agreed upon provisions that are included into the revocable consent at the Council level, is that correct? MS. FREEDMAN: Those agreements are between Council and the business or between the community board and the business. They don't necessarily get to us and we--CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: [interposing] Then how do you deal with the sidewalk? How do you deal with the number of tables issue? MR. COHEN: That would be reflected in the plans and in the license.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: So, in the

revocable, it's a change to the revocable resent -

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MR. COHEN: It's a change to the petition and when the petition is granted or approved by the Council that number of tables and chairs that have been the agreement between the community board or the elected official and the sidewalk care will be reflected in the license process.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: And the petition does not change the hours of operation in some circumstances?

MR. COHEN: I have never seen a resolution coming from the Council that reflects that agreement.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay.

We're going to, I'm a little confused on that but we're going to come back to it in a moment. I'm going to go to Council Member Koppell.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Ms.

Freedman, I think your testimony, and I know you're a constituent and we have a good relationship so I'm going to be a little bit critical, I hope you don't mind. But I think your testimony--

2	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] Why
3	would I mind?
4	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: I hope
5	your testimony, I think your testimony is
6	inconsistent with the discussion because in your
7	testimony you talk about these operating letters
8	as allowing someone to continue to operate while
9	they're dealing with a problem that may exist with
10	their license, right? That's what you talk about
11	on page one.
12	MS. FREEDMAN: Correct.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: But what
14	the bill is trying to address is not that. What,
15	I'd like the Chairman to hear what I'm saying.
16	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: I was just
17	trying to get clarity on that last question. Go
18	ahead, Council Member.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Okay, so,
20	what the bill is dealing with is not an operating
21	letter to allow someone to continue to operate
22	while they deal with some problem with the
23	license, I don't know what kind of problems. I
24	think you talk about the problems, neglected to

pay a bill or late securing insurance renewal.

2	That, I understand you if you're an operating
3	letter there. But that's not what the bill is
4	intended to deal with. The bill is intended to
5	deal with a problem that the revocable consent
6	renewal takes longer than the license renewal.
7	That's what the bills contend, not the problem you
8	address. You're not, and that, the bill deals
9	with that by saying that while the revocable
10	consent application is pending, the license is
11	automatically extended, that's what bill does, is
12	that right, Mr. Chairman?
13	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: It will not
14	deem you to be unlicensed on the basis
15	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL:
16	[interposing] Right, so
17	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK:that the
18	pending application.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Right,
20	right. So, I think that the bill in that makes a
21	great deal of sense in that way. And what really
22	is a problem here is that the license is for two
23	years and the bill now contemplates that the
24	revocable consent will be for four years and
25	there's a lack of sync. I think that as far as

2	the bill goes it makes it better because you don't
3	need to issue these letters all the time while the
4	revocable consent thing is pending. But what I
5	would recommend, Mr. Chairman, quite honestly is
6	that you do an inquiry with the department to see
7	whether these two applications can be merged. It
8	doesn't seem to me that there's a need for two
9	different applications. Now, you
10	MS. FREEDMAN: [interposing] That
11	was my point.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: You think
13	there is a need for two different applications?
14	MS. FREEDMAN: No, no, we're
15	agreeing with that.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Oh, okay.
17	Well, I think that would make life easier for
18	everybody if we made them, you want them to expire
19	at the same time.
20	MS. FREEDMAN: Exactly.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Then make
22	it one form, not two forms.
23	MR. COHEN: It currently is one
24	form and they do expire at the same time.
25	MS. FREEDMAN: Now.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: It's one
3	form but it's two different time periods.
4	MR. COHEN: License will, no,
5	currently it's, they're every two years.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Yes.
7	MR. COHEN: As I understand the
8	proposal the revocable consent will be four years
9	but you will uncouple the licensing application
10	from the revocable consent. So, you'll be
11	applying twice for licenses and once for revocable
12	consent on three different occasion and two, in a
13	four year period.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: Well, but,
15	well maybe I'm mixed up here but my impression is
16	that right now if you don't have a revocable
17	consent in effect because the renewal process
18	takes time you have to get this special letter
19	that extends your, sort of licensing authority.
20	MR. COHEN: The application for the
21	renewal of the license and for the revocable
22	consent are done contemporaneously. We will issue
23	an operating letter, a waiting action by the
24	Council and other city bodies so that there is no

lapse in the operation of the revocable consent--

COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL:

[interposing] Okay. [crosstalk] Well, I think what, but the bill says you don't need to issue that letter anymore. And that makes sense to me, Mr. Chairman, but I also think that you should consider, because they say right now they go together, they should at least continue to go together, and in my opinion should be turned into one form or one application.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Fair enough.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL: That's what I would come out.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you,
Council Member. And I think we'll hear, suspect
from the next panel in a moment on whether they
view this to be additional, this proposal to be
additionally or less burdensome on them. I
suspect they're going to find the Council's action
to be less burdensome on them than what the
Department of Consumer Affairs is doing presently.
But we'll, I'm sure we will hear from them in a
moment. And I think the important point, Council
Member, is while the renewal comes up at the same

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time, as you correctly point out, one piece of the
renewal takes 85 to however many days and the
other one takes just a couple of days. So, you
can't possibly get your license renewal from the
department of consumer affairs at the moment that
you're applying, ever. And what the bill is
trying to do is to move forward the revocable
consent applications so that at the moment that
you are applying for your renewal license, that
part is done at that DCA can act as opposed to
having these, this constant process of temporary
orders. So

COUNCIL MEMBER KOPPELL:

[interposing] Mr. Chairman, I might respond.

First of all, I apologize, I have another

obligation so I can't stay but I trust you'll

cover this. But as I say, the solution to the

whole thing is working together.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you, thank you. And thank you to the Department of Consumer Affairs for your testimony today. It's always good to see you.

MR. COHEN: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: We're going

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to call up our next panel which is Robert Bookman
on behalf of a variety or sidewalk café clients,
Andrew Rigie of the New York City Hospitality
Alliance, Nancy Plager [phonetic] of the Manhattan
Chamber of Commerce and James Versaki [phonetic]
of the New York State Restaurant Association. And
we'd like to get them started as quickly as
possible. And we thank everybody for their
patience today. [pause] [off mic] Are we missing
James? All right. Okay, all right. Well, the
panel is yours. I guess, Mr. Bookman, you're
going to start?

MR. ROBERT BOOKMAN: Yes, thank you very much. My name is Robert Bookman. I'm an attorney. I've been representing sidewalk café applicants at the Department of Consumer Affairs for 28 years this summer and I was with the agency for five years before that. So, pretty familiar with the process. I'm also Counsel to the New York City Hospitality Alliance, a trade group in New York City that, you know, represents restaurants. So, let me just get to some of my comments concerning these bills. We feel that, I feel they're an important piece of legislation

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that reforms a number of issues for small business owners and frankly, as a continuation of the regulatory form process. In April 2010, three years ago this month, the regulatory reform report was released. Many of us were part of that. remember being at the press conference at Brooklyn Navy Yard. In that report was a section entitled, simplify the application process for sidewalk café's. And it discussed earlier hours on Sunday, renewals every four years instead of two and simplifying the complex process for renewals, it says what the stated goals of restaurant owners. Nothing has changed except that we've been working with the administration concerning these issues for the last three years and so we think that these bills are right on target. They address these concerns that are not new concerns and they move the ball forward. And I think the Council and the Administration over the decades in periodically looking at sidewalk café's, seeing what works, seeing what doesn't work, you know, and addressing it. And so I think this needs to be put in that context. I frankly, you know, think Consumer Affairs and this Administration has

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been very café friendly. Part of the reason why there has been a large expansion in the number of café's was in 2005, City Planning opened up a lot of areas that previously been restricted for what they now call small café's, you know, one row of tables, and that accounted for a lot of it. So, I think their heart has been in the right place, you know, concerning sidewalk café's but I think there were changes in the laws ten years ago which have made their job much more difficult, and to answer your question, I think these bills, and I'll address it more specifically, can help alleviate a lot of the concerns that you expressed, that Council Woman Reyna expressed and give them more of the time and personnel to really do what they need to be doing rather than just pushing paper. But also to put it into historical context, the world did not start in 2002 when the Mayor became mayor, and the number of did not start expanding then. Back in 1990 when I was much younger there was 253 sidewalk café's. So, in 12 years between the number you got there was 180 percent increase in the number of sidewalk café's. so, I want to give the restaurant industry a little bit of

credit for the fact of this increase in the number
of café's because it ahs been, there never,
restaurants are opening up everywhere, not just in
Manhattan anymore and the sidewalk café, for good
or for bad, has become a critical aspect of the
operation of most small restaurants. It's, the
public really wants it. It's a real New York City
and tourist type of issue. We find that in the
warm weather there'll be seats inside, air
conditioned, and people don't want it. They want
to sit outside on the sidewalk. It's that
critical to the operations is, so we thank you for
these bills, both of you, all three of you, and
those who support it 'cause we think it moves in
the right direction. The reducing Sunday hours
from 10:00 a.m. to noon, I think, you know, that's
just a no brainer. It's the last vestige of blue
laws and I don't think there's any value,
seriously, you know, opposes that. As a matter of
fact, there's a bill pending in the State
Legislature right now to decrease on Sunday the
Legislature right now to decrease on Sunday the

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because we, it'll allow us to do both. Now, ten years ago the new café law was amended and renewals went from every five years to every two years, so let's remember that. We had renewals every five years up until ten years ago and the licenses were not always concurrent with the sidewalk café franchise and it didn't matter. Ιt wasn't a problem. Despite DCA's best efforts to keep up with the resulting increased case load it has not worked going to every two years. You instantly gave them 60 percent more work for doing renewals every five years to every two years. And by the way, it was their idea. You agreed with it over ten years when it came from them. So, that was a 60 percent increase plus they've had a 60 percent increase in the number of - - since the law went into effect so I think despite their bets efforts they just don't have enough personnel to keep up with the renewal process the same way they do with new applications. And they do put more attention to new applications. So, to me that was a failed change that this bill corrects by making the consent every four years instead of every two years. so, it'll be every other time you renewed

your license now you'll also be renewing the	
consent. So, I think that's logical and it mal	kes
sense. The five was a little odd number and I	
think, you know, I think that would work reall	У
well. And as Council Member Garodnick pointed	out
the consent renewal time is more of an	
administrative process, that should not be the	
tiem to be catching up with bad operators. So	,
I'm not concerned about oh, we're only going to	0
take a look at them every four years. well,	
you're only doing that for the public use of the	he
sidewalk. If they're bad operators there's plo	enty
of stuff in the law to go after the bad operate	ors
who are violating rules and regulations. That,	you
know, suspension, revocation, that enforcement	,
regardless of how frequent the consent renewal	is
and it's still doing the license renewal every	two
years. I don't think, you know, I don't think	
that should be a problem that any of us should	
really be concerned with. This bill also bring	gs
New York City in line with State law concerning	Э
the status of businesses who have timely filed	
renewals which have been accepted for processi	ng.
The State Administrative Procedure Act, SAPA,	

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states that businesses that have a State license, which has liqueur licenses, for example, are deemed to be licensed while their renewal is in the hands of the government agency and it's all such time as that renewal is approved or denied. Yeah, that makes sense. The ball is in your court. We've done, as a business man or woman, everything that we're required to do. We've given you the renewal. Whether it takes you two days or two years to do the renewal we should be deemed licensed during that period of time. These op letters as Council Member Koppell correctly pointed out, are not being issued because you have a problem. They're being issued because it takes six months or more to do your consent renewal and you're filing it at the time your license is expired. Everybody who files a renewal has to have an op letter, even if they are 100 percent in compliance. And what happens is these op letters that are issued 60 and 90 days at a time when renewals are not taking 90 days. I never seen a renewal take 90 days in the last decade, when they're taking six months or eight months, you know, and in closed café's could take a full two

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years. I'm just starting a renewal on an enclosed café where our license renewal from two years ago was just issued last week. It's absurd. So what you have is these 60 and 90 day letters constantly needing to be renewed. Sometimes it's, you know, they get to it and some times they don't. like I said, they're overwhelmed. Sometimes the business owner screws up and doesn't get to it. Sometimes an annual document like an insurance certificate expires during one of those 60 and 90 days and they're not aware of it. So, you get this gotcha find of unlicensed activity. I would like to know of the 200 in 2012, the 217 violations issued for unlicensed sidewalk café. And the 28 of those 217 that they sealed the restaurants, how many of those were truly bad guys, truly unlicensed sidewalk café's, as opposed to how many of them were people who had renewals pending that got caught up with this op letter expiring. Because I don't think when you gave them the authority ten years ago to go after the bad guys who twice ignore the law by putting table and chairs out there with no license that you could padlock the restaurant. I don't think you intended to have

them padlock licensed restaurateurs who do have a
sidewalk café license and have a current renewal
pending. But, and maybe you're late on paying a
fee, I mean, the penalty for being late on paying
a fee should be a late payment, a late fee. It
shouldn't be shut down your restaurant for three
or four days and put a lot of people out of work,
which has just happened. So, I think this bill
really corrects that situation in a very, very
positive way. These changes also free up, like I
said, personnel at DCA to process applications
faster and more carefully and have time to go
after the bad operators 'cause they're not going
to be handling renewals, you know, as frequently
and they don't have to worry about these op
letters. Finally, these bills will allow
applications wehre there is no opposition or
little opposition to the café applications and
will move faster by allowing DCA and by allowing
the Mayor's office to waive their commentary.
Right now you could have a non controversial
application, you know, business, has the
misfortune of going into business in New York City
or a restaurant in March or April. There is no

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way to get a café to approve you for a season. Ιt takes at least four months to get a new license approved. Even if the community board is welcoming them and the Council Member is welcoming them, you guys can't waive your own mandatory comment periods, that's silly. You know, you should, each of you, every step of the way, the Council as well, should have the opportunity of the Council Member to say, I checked with my community board, they had no opposition here, they're beautiful application. We'll waive, I'm waiving my 20 day comment period too. We waive all these comment periods on non controversial applications we might be able to get people licensed, you know, as quickly as a couple months, which is more taxes and, you know, more employment. Now, there is one thing in the bill that at the, I don't agree with and I've promised my good friends at the community boards who we do work closely with who are here today that I would mention, we don't think the 45 day comment period with the community board is a problem. They move very quickly. The only meet once a month, we're not looking to slip in an application issued in

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between one of their monthly meetings, that's not						
the goal of good operators. So, I don't think we						
need, we could save time these other ways, I think						
we don't need to move that to 30 days. I think we						
could keep it at 45 days. And as a matter of						
fact, I think these bills will encourage operators						
to work with their community board 'cause now they						
have something to offer them. They say, we come						
to an agreement and we're going to recommend a lot						
of waivers, you know, and you can get a license						
faster. So, I think it's actually a win win, you						
know, for everyone. And other than that I would						
be happy to answer questions. [laughter]						
[background noise]						

MR. ANDREW RIGIE: Good afternoon,
Mr. Chair, Mr. Chair, Council Members. My name is
Andrew Rigie. I am the Executive Director of the
New York City Hospitality Alliance in which Mr.
Bookman is our legislative counsel. We are a
broad based membership association here in New
York City representing restaurants, nightlife
venues, destination hotels and industry suppliers.
We've been very happy, the Alliance, you know, in
the past to work with the Council Members here,

the Regulatory Reform Panel and the administration
on many pro business regulatory reform bills. And
these three bills absolutely fit that definition.
The first one, Intro 875, as Council Member
Garodnick calls it the brunch bill, just makes
sense. New Yorkers love to brunch. Many years
ago I used to, you know, go to sleep a little bit
later, wake up a little bit later, so I never
thought that I'd go to brunch before noon on a
Sunday. However, recently that's changed and now
I can't wait to go to brunch at 10:00 or 11:00
a.m. on a Sunday and enjoy New York City sidewalk
café's, people watch and do everything that, you
know, diners and New York City love to do. And
this bill will allow that and not only will it
allow diners to enjoy themselves it'll really help
the small business owner. The restaurant industry
is a very low profit margin industry and any
additional hours of operation, especially on a
sidewalk café will really enhance the ability of
the restaurant to generate much needed revenue
which creates more jobs, tax revenue and helps our
small businesses succeed. So, we are in support
of that bill. The second is Intro 876-A which is

in relation to the operations of the sidewalk
café. This bill will really just close a loophole
that's allowed consumer affairs to treat the
sidewalk café licensee who has a timely and
completed renewal file as if they are operating an
unlicensed café. This obviously subjects them to
fines and penalties and this bill seems to address
that by extending the revocable consent to four
years, again, it'll give business owner who's
already busy enough more time to be in compliance
and has been discussed here, allows the whole
process to move forward in a more streamlined
manner to get the proper renewal and not penalize,
you know, honest hardworking business owners. The
last bill which I believe was, that was a number
which was Intro 1039 which is in relation to the
review and probable process of the petitions which
we just addressed which there's another bill,
again, we support it. We want to get restaurants
open quicker with their sidewalk café's. It's
great for the city, it's great for the business
and it's really just great for the city as a
whole. So, in all, the New York City Hospitality
Alliance is glad to continue to work with the

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2	Counc	:il,	the	Adr	ministrat	cion	on	these	bills	and	we
3	urge	you	all	to	support	and	pas	s then	n. Tha	ank '	you.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you.

MS. NANCY PLAGER: Hi, good afternoon. Thank you very much for holding this hearing. We are very pleased that these are three pro business bills, we feel from the Manhattan Chamber. I have been working very closely, by the way, with all the 2^{nd} Avenue merchants and I probably know more about running a restaurant and café's then I ever thought I would because it is a very special case with the subway construction. It's ten years of construction and upheaval in that area for the businesses there. So, I do want to say to the DCA's defense that their representative who is working in the 2nd Avenue corridor, as every representative for most of the businesses, I mean, most of the City agencies have gone out of their way to really try to be very helpful to the businesses. And it's a very special circumstance with narrowed sidewalks, you know, lots and lots of challenges. So, again, we are very happy to be here today and as you know the restaurants have been faced with increasing

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fines from various city agencies, most of which do not endanger workers or diners. The fines are nuisance fines in most cases with posters being on the wrong wall, a light bulb being out in a closet and they just hadn't had a chance to go screw it out, put in a new one and varying fines imposed by different inspectors, for example, one says the sign should be on this wall and he fines the restaurant and the next one comes in and then says, no, the sign should be on that wall. it's very, very challenging to these restaurant owners. And again, we're very happy to support these bills today and very thankful to Council Members Garodnick, Reyna and Weprin and their colleagues for listening to the restaurant owners comments and challenges in running their businesses and for trying to do something to ease the pain. We feel the passage of these bills are a step in the right direction, are welcome Intro 875, extending the hours of reforms. operation for sidewalk café's on Sunday's for two hours has obvious benefits for the community, for the workers and for the business owners. people who would like to eat outside on a nice day

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don't have to wait until noon. Workers have a chance to make more money and business owners have a chance to attract more customers, that's what we Intro 876-A is a fair move for both city and the restaurants to move the constant renewals from two years to four years. The DCA cannot keep up with the workload as Robin noted and 95 percent of the café's get renewed with no changes or problems anyway. The paperwork and the time it takes is burdensome and making this change is not jeopardizing the health or safety of anyone. requiring license renewals every two years is fine as that is just a one page renewal application and Diana, can be done online at this time. But the consent renewal takes six months or more, the average of 95 days we're all, like, where did that come from? Moving the process to four years wasn't good for everyone. In addition, once the business is filed its renewal in a timely fashion it should continue to be treated as a licensed establishment until which time the determination of the application is made by the DCA. business should not be treated as in limbo and thereby subject to different licensing fines. The

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State even handles liqueur license permitting as Robin noted in this fashion. An applicant that files in a timely fashion is considered a licensed business while the State is working on the renewal There's no 60, 90 day letters and you paperwork. got to go, oh, I got to file another. That's ridiculous. A business should not get penalized if they file appropriately and are just waiting for the final determination. And the final bill in this cluster, which is now 1039, makes the application process faster when there is no opposition and allows the DCA and the Mayor and the Council to waive their comment periods, again, speeding up the application process leaning to more jobs which is really of concern to all of us in this city. Quote, burdensome regulations and high regulatory compliance costs are commonly cited as among the business difficulties facing small businesses. According to the National Federation of Independent Businesses and their most recent survey says 21 percent of small businesses list government requirements and red tape as their single most important problem, a larger portion than any other difficulty including

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sales.	We need in this city to correct that. We
ask you	to pass these bills easing burdensome
paperwor	k and issues and encouraging restaurant
owners t	o continue to offer great food and service
and jobs	to our community. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you.

MR. JAMES VERSAKI: Thank you, Council Member Garodnick. To all the Council men and women today, thank you very much, Chair Weprin. My name is James Versaki. I've been asked to speak on behalf of New York State Restaurant Association. And - - question, dare I be brief, I will be, and I'll defer you my written comments on behalf of the Association. Sidewalk café's are a huge source of revenue to the industry, which you all know. We appreciate and the New York State Restaurant Association on behalf of it's almost 5,000 members in New York City encourages you to pass all three of these bills. Obviously, you are aware of, well versed in and understand the need for streamlined renewal processes. Removing obstacles such as these temporary renewal letters is obviously a huge step in the right direction. And the focus should be

being a former regulator myself with the State
Attorney General's Office is on smart regulation.

Obviously, the ability for the DCA to go after
those operators who are very few and far between
who don't comply intentionally with these laws,
they have full and ample remedies, as you noted,
Mr. Garodnick, they have ample remedies available
to go after those operators. That being said, the
only thing we request today is that you pass these
as fast as possible, particularly Intro 875, the
brunch bill. The weather is out there and people
need this for their business. So, anything you
can do to do that, even if you have to decouple
these bills would be appreciated. Thank you very
much.

Very much to all of you. And it looks like we are good on questions. So, we appreciate your clear testimony and we're going to go to our next panel as we have a number of them. First is Maury Schott [phonetic] of community board two, Bob Gormley [phonetic] community board two, Alvin Burke [phonetic] and I'm sorry, those are both in Manhattan. Alvin Burke of the Brooklyn community

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board 14, and Mark Diller [phonetic] of Manhattan
community board seven. Welcome, you can go ahead
and get started. It's all right [off mig]

MR. BOB GORMLEY: All right, thank you. Good afternoon, Chairs Garodnick and Weprin, Council Members. My name is Bob Gormley. I'm the District Manager of Manhattan Community Board Two. I want to thank you for the opportunity to testify today for this important hearing. Manhattan community board tow includes the neighborhoods of Greenwich Village, Hudson Square, Soho, Noho, Little Italy and a portion of Chinatown. Our district has about 230 licensed sidewalk café's. This is approximately 20 percent of all the sidewalk café's in New York City. It's also more than all the sidewalk café's combined in Brooklyn, Queens, the Bronx and Staten Island. I say this to you so you will understand that we have a keen and vested interest in the legislation being considered today. We have been told that the purpose of and intention of this legislation is to make things easier for the food establishments that are applying for and operating sidewalk café's. This is a laudable goal and one that we

all can share. Everyone wants to see our small
businesses succeed. Community board two has
worked hard to become an evenhanded, honest broker
between the businesses that come before our
committees that help all the constituents
including residents and businesses which are
impacted by newcomers to our neighborhoods.
However, streamlining the process at the expense
of input by the public through the community
boards is not the way to accomplish this goal.
While the rest of them are good proposals in this
package there are a few items that simply must be
reconsidered. First, Intro 1029 which amends the
approval process for sidewalk café's is, frankly,
ill conceived and harmful to public participation
in the sidewalk café approval process. Most
controversially, the legislation would reduce the
amount of time a community board has to deal with
sidewalk café application from 45 days to 30 days.
Currently, the 45 days is barely enough time for a
community board to review a sidewalk café
application. In fact, in April we received two
sidewalk café applications from DCA for which it
was too late to place them on our April calendar

for which the 45 days would experience before our
May full board meeting. Community boards as you
well know operate on a monthly cycle with the full
board meeting being the focal point of the month.
If the amount of time given to community boards is
reduced by one third that would mean that
approximately one third of the sidewalk café
applications we receive could not be heard in a
timely way. The result would be to deny the
public both the opportunity to have a dialogue
with the applicants and an opportunity to comment
on the applications. It is imperative that the
Council removes this provision from the bill. We
were also opposed to the provision that states the
community board be deemed to have waive its public
hearing and recommendation on the application if
it does not take action within a legal time
period. It is especially unfair for the law to
make this assumption when the amount of time
allotted to the community board is insufficient.
Furthermore, section 20-225E and section 20-226B
already provide an opproutnity for community board
to waive it's public hearing and recommendation
should it so intend. Finally, regarding the

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provision that would allow DCA to waive its public hearing we would like to remind the Council that under the existing law the DCA public hearing is the only time in the entire sidewalk café application process where a public hearing is required. Eliminating this requirement would be eliminating the only point in the process wehre the public would be guaranteed an opportunity to comment on an application. Having said that, we recognize that the DCA public hearings under this administration have become virtually useless. The applicants are not required to attend and the public, which is not - - the city record with the fervor of some folks in this room are rarely in attendance. Nonetheless, we fear the granting of the agency the power to waive the public hearing without even giving the reason for a waiver will likely lead to the elimination of all DCA public hearings and sidewalk café's. the second bill, Intro 876, contains provisions which we applaud and others for which we have great concerns. Let's start with the positive. During my seven years of community board two and my previous stint at the Department of Consumer Affairs where I was

the sidewalk café attorney, there have been many,
many times when I received a call from a
restaurant owner complaining that he or she had
been issued a violation because while in the midst
of their renewal process its DCA issued operating
letter had expired and an inspector appeared to
cite them for operating a sidewalk café without a
license. This has always been unfair. It is my
understanding that, you know, DCA as we know now
issues a 90 day operating letter to a restaurant
when it applies to renew its sidewalk café,
revocable consent. This often has proved
inadequate when the renewal process can take
months longer than 90 days. The amendment to
section 20.227.1 is an absolute and overdue remedy
to this problem. Restaurant owners who are acting
in accordance with the law will now be protected
from these nuisance violations. This intro also
contains a provision which would extend the
revocable consent quote for a term of no less than
four years. currently as you know the term of the
consent is two years and runs concurrently with
the license and we'll discuss today. Manhattan CB2
reviews every sidewalk café application sent to us

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by DCA. We feel that two years for a revocable consent is, strikes a fair balance between a restaurant owner interested in a streamlined process and the public's right to comment on an application that seeks to use the public sidewalk. However, there was another compelling reason for leaving the term of a revocable consent of two years assignments. Right now if a restaurant with a sidewalk café consent with the misfortune of going out of business, it can assign the existing consent to the owner of the next restaurant to occupy the space. While the consent remains at two years we know it will not be long before the new restaurant owner must appear before the community board and the public to discuss his or her operation. However, if the consent is four years the amount of time passing before a new restaurant owner must speak to his or her neighbors through the community board forum is too long. Finally, we have some reservations about the language of the provision. By giving DCA the authority to quote, to grant a consent quote for a term of no less than four years, is it the Council's intent to allow a consent to last eight

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years or ten years or longer? Regarding the third piece of legislation we recognize that Intro 875, which would allow unenclosed sidewalk café's to open at 10:00 a.m. on Sunday's is popular with restaurants that cater to a Sunday morning brunch However, so as to balance the interest if crowd. restaurants with the interest of residents who might live above the sidewalk café we think the Council should consider linking the earlier opening time with a 10:00 p.m. closing time on Sunday nights for sidewalk café's. As I stated at the outset of my testimony, we thank the committee for holding this important hearing and for giving us an opproutnity to testify. Since sidewalk café's have been a large presence in our district we have an ongoing interest to make the process more accessible for both the businesses applying and for sidewalk café's and the residential and business constituencies that may be impacted by the operation of a sidewalk café. We hope that this is the beginning of a dialogue and we hope that you will give serious consideration to the comments we have made today regarding this legislative package, thank you.

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MR. MAURY SCHOTT: Chairperson

Garodnick and Chairperson's Garodnick and Weprin and distinguished members of the committee. name is Maury Schott and I'm the Chair of Community Board Two, Manhattan's sidewalks and street activities committee. Thank you for the opproutnity to speak with you today. Mr. Gormley has already spoken to you about our concerns regarding some aspects of the three pieces of legislation currently under consideration but as this is also an oversight hearing on the management and enforcement of sidewalk café's by the Department of Consumer Affairs, and in light of the large number of café's in our district I would like to discuss our experiences with that. Just a few of the issues we continually see include the Department leans heavily on its self certification process for new and revised café plans yet we se no evidence there is any meaningful auditing of the self certifications. Secondly, consistent violations go unchecked despite our continuing efforts to flag them to They appear to not want to enforce tem and DCA. we as a community are frustrated in our efforts to

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create a level playing field for all operators. Third, when we detail non compliant conditions in our resolutions for renewals we see no evidence that DCA attempts to require that conditions be corrected before renewing a license. Fourth, DCA recently provided community board two with copies of 11 letters sent to restaurants operating café's in violation of their zoning. First, there is no doubt in my mind that the letters were sent only in response to the scheduling of this oversight hearing. And next, each letter began, Manhattan community board two recently challenged the right under zoning laws of several restaurants to operate sidewalk café's. Now, while I find it curious that DCA felt it necessary to pass the buck of enforcement to the board I also find it curious that of those nine letters two were in, two were to restaurants that were not even in community board two, two were to businesses who to our knowledge have not operated café's in at least three years. Three concerned café's in which we have been stonewalled by DCA if for at least six years, one more stonewalled for virtually two years and another's license was renewed even after

DCA had been notified about the zoning issue and
had withdrawn it from the Council's oversight.
And yet, it was renewed a month later without the
Council's approval. Next, community board two
recently did our own audit of the sidewalk café's
in the district and identified an additional six
café's which are in clear violation of zoning
based directly on the borough block lot zoning
data from the Department of City Planning. As
locations for sidewalk café's are allowed, are
established in the zoning code it would be
relatively easy to include sidewalk café
eligibility in the base BBL data at City Planning.
This would allow prospective applicants to see
before signing leases or at any point whether the
property they are interested in can have a
sidewalk café. And then also we have an issue
with the defunct and closed café's. Some of these
enclosures in CB2 have been sitting on public
sidewalk use for nothing more than graffiti and
other vandalism for two years or more. DCA claims
that as they are no longer licensed the Department
no longer has any responsibility for them.
Property owners now simply market them as part of

their own property. Community board two takes all of these issues very seriously, given the huge number of café's we have in our district we have the responsibility to balance the needs of our small businesses with the quality of life of our residential community. CB2 remains grateful for the cooperation we have often been given by DCA's community relations division but we are concerned about general oversight of café applications, particularly new one, and the small number of non complying renewals and we hope our areas of concern can be more fully addressed in the future. Again, we call for consistency, even handedness, and a level playing field throughout CB2 and the entire city. Thank you.

MR. ALVIN BURKE: Thank you Chairs Garodnick and Weprin and Members of the Council.

I am Alvin Burke, Chair of Brooklyn Community

Board 14, Flatbush and Midwood. Our community is undergoing some of the economic revitalization that's characterizing New York City generally and we're seeing greater restaurant activity and we certainly have the sense that our residents would welcome an increase in the number of sidewalk

café's. So, I'm going to turn to my able
colleagues from Manhattan community board two and
ask them to tell their restaurateurs that we have
a market for sidewalk café's in Flatbush and
Midwood in Brooklyn. [off mic] [laughter] Having
said that, we do ask that the Council maintain the
existing 45 day period for community board review
of revocable consent for sidewalk café's. in some
cases a truncation of that period to 30 days could
absolutely eliminate the ability of the community
board to notify community residents and other
merchants of the intended sidewalk café and
illicit comment to or solicit comment from the
community. That's the extent of my testimony. We
are, we just are asking that you maintain the 45
day period in order to, we feel that there is
benefit to the restaurateurs, benefit to the
Council Members, and to all parties here to get an
early vetting of any problems here and be able to
head them off before they become before they come
gotchas. That's the whole point. Thank you very
much.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you very much. And let me note, we've been joined by

Council Member Robert Jackson. The floor isyours.

MR. MARK DILLER: Thank you, Chairs 4 5 and thank you Council Members for this 6 opportunity. My name is Mark Diller. I'm the Chairman of Community Board Seven on the Upper West Side of Manhattan. And since my colleagues 9 on the panel have already made a lot of the 10 arguments that I was going to make I'll jump to 11 just a couple of focal points if I could. One is 12 the reduction from infrequency of renewals from 13 four years, from two years to four. Has the 14 consequence of limiting the ability of community 15 boards as folks who, A, have the greatest on the 16 ground knowledge of the block by block conditions 17 of our district rivaled only by our Council 18 Members in terms of people who actually know 19 what's going on in our districts, and our ability 20 to be heard and understood. If you, so a 21 reduction in frequency would mean a reduction in 22 our opportunity to rope in those few operators who 23 are consistently non compliant. Most of them are 24 compliant and our end of the renewal process 25 doesn't materially affect that and I agree with

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the panel that two years is a good balance. one of the things that we're able to do without involving violations, without involving undue process is to remonstrate with operators who from time to time have issues with conforming to their license and their permit and we are able to do that and get their attention when their renewal is coming up. So, lengthening that period means that you are eliminating our ability as retail purveyors of the sidewalk realm to have it, to make a difference there. With respect to the 45 days, I think the argument has been adequately made except that I will note that because of the way in which the applications come in reducing by one third our time to review the applications isn't just the one third app but elimination of it in many cases it would be 100 percent because our, because the timing is such that we would not have a full board. This happens to us all the time, by the way, at the Landmarks Preservation Commission. I know that's not this hearing but lots of times when you go to them with simply a committee action it does not have the proper weight and it doesn't give our full board colleagues the opportunity to

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perhaps weigh in contrary to the very pro business folks that find themselves on my Business and Consumer Repairs committee who are rightfully prone to want to grant applications and encourage small business. So, that our balance is at the risk of the matter. We visit every single site that is up for consideration by our board. do the zoning review on every single site. So, we are the error trap and if you shorten the time from 45 to 30 days you will unwittingly eliminate that error trap and it appears that we may be the only one. Finally, I'll make, I'll kind of briefly about the enclosed café's, we have one in our district that just came down after five years of inactivity, four of the five years of inactivity, it actually was a WAMU Bank. And then when WAMU went defunct it just sat there. So, some ability to reform the process with respect to defunct outdoor café's is essential to a reform movement. I know that's the next bill but something that I commend to your attention. please don't take away our ability to hold the feet to the fire of those who need our little extra nudge, especially informal process that

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enables us to eliminate violations, eliminate feesand still get compliance. Thanks very much.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you.

Let me just, one comment and then maybe a couple quick questions. First, I wanted to thank Mr. Gormley for a couple points that I think are worth our considering on the bill, one about the business that goes out of business and has the opportunity to assign the right to the sidewalk café. That's an important point and one which I think that we need to take a look at. And also, the term of the specific language in the bill of for no less than four years was not intended to be an unlimited opportunity it was just intended to be something slightly more than a four years so that they were not precisely on the same track. But I think those are very good suggestions. let me just go to the most recent comment about four versus two. I hear that point and I'm sensitive to it and concerned about it too. Obviously what we're trying to do is eliminate the situation wehre everything is operating in a temporary basis which I think is bad for everybody. We're certainly not looking to do

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anything which would inhibit a community boards
ability to weigh in substantively, especially
since it is so clear that the community board and
I would say the Council when there is a call up is
doing the lion's share of the work here. My only
question for you is this. If DCA were in fact,
and we can accept that maybe this is contrary to
that, were doing aggressive enforcement against
those areas in which community boards were raising
the concerns and asking them to take a look and
to, you know, to actually act when requested.
Would this be as important an issue of four versus
two?

MR. GORMLEY: May I? I believe it would, and I believe it would for a couple of reasons. One of which is that they just told you that they don't enforce anything that we do and they don't enforce anything that you do. So, as a practical matter you

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK:

[interposing] I got it. I was asking you to just suspend your disbelief for a moment. But I - - .

MR. GORMLEY: I have a second answer.

MR. GORMLEY: The other answer is,

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2 CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Yeah.

and it goes back to what I was trying to articulate to say about our ability to negotiate and remonstrate with folks who probably aren't intending to violate but end up violating, and I'll spare you the for instances. But lots of times we only get their attention when their renewal is coming up and if it's four years out the new operator may not even know what a community board is and by the time that we convince them that we are indeed relevant to their lives problems have persisted from a time that will address the issue that small businesses are rightly concerned about, about small businesses being the backstop to the budget for all these fees and fines that they're being charged. I think that's relevant to the consideration. CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay, thank

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Okay, thank you. That's very helpful. And the last question from me is the notion that it could be a problem to include in any language of a bill, and I'm specifically referring to Council Member Reyna's

bill, to have a waiver of a public hearing if the community board does not act. Assuming that the date were 45 days, the timeframe were 45 days, is it unreasonable to assume that a community board has waived its interest in hearing the application in 45 days. 45 days, now I'm not talking about 30 days, has come and gone? Or was that issue really specifically to the 30 day language that's currently in the book?

MALE VOICE 2: No, we would still,

I'm sorry, we would still have some applications

that we would not get to, it would be a matter of
a few days in most cases. And as Bob pointed out,
we still have the option now under current law to
waive our comments if we want to. The, what we
see the difference in the bill is that the bill
essentially assumes that if we miss the time
period, whether it's 30 days or 45 days, even by a
day, that we have automatically waived our
comments on the application.

MALE VOICE 3: If I could add to that. Here is a real life scenario that is a problem. If an applicant misses their appointment with the community board what we typically do is

2	enter a resolution to disapprove without prejudice
3	to their coming back at the next one. But the
4	timing of DCA may make that impossible. So, if we
5	have been deemed to have waived our ability to
6	hear the application we don't even have the
7	opportunity for somebody who just screws up his
8	calendar to be heard and corporately evaluated.
9	So, we put those two things together and the only
10	way that we can address that now is if they
11	withdraw their application and refile which means
12	that they have to pay another fee. We don't think
13	that's fair either. So, on balance better we
14	should not be deemed to have waived and give the
15	applicant the opproutnity to come back then to
16	make them file a second fee.
17	MR. GORMLEY: I have one word,
18	amen.
19	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Very good,
20	well done. Council Member Reyna?
21	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: So that if,
22	in order to prevent for the applicant to pay a
23	second time you give the option to come back and
24	that allows them not to start over again.

MR. BURKE: That's correct.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: But that can
3	be done, that has happened currently under the 45
4	days?
5	MR. BURKE: When we are, yes it has
6	and we are, when we are deemed not to have waived
7	our rights we can grant that opportunity to the
8	applicant whereas if we would be waiving our
9	rights by not hearing it it would not.
LO	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: And I just
11	wanted to make sure that I have a full
12	understanding. This is a rule within your bylaws
13	as a community board across the board or is this
L4	just your community board?
15	MR. BURKE: I'm not sure I
L6	understand the question.
L7	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Is this
18	particular act as far as allowing for an applicant
L9	to be deemed, the opportunity to come back failure
20	of not being able to respond with in the timeframe
21	given? That the community board all operate this
22	way or is it just your own?
23	MR. BURKE: I think, I don't think
24	it's a matter of community board bylaws. I think

the reality is that DCA has a timetable and we are

2	on it. And if we do not act within the timeframe
3	our only other option as a community board, I'm
4	pretty sure this is for all of us, is to actually
5	disapprove it.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Right.
7	MR. BURKE: And say no under all
8	circumstances and we don't want to do that
9	because, no, because A, DCA will grant it anyway.
10	[laughter]
11	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: I was just
12	about to
13	MR. BURKE: And B, because it
14	eliminates our ability to make it better. And
15	that's what we're out, that's what, we're not here
16	to say no undermost circumstances, under 99.99 out
17	of 100 times. We're here to make it better if
18	there's something that can be saved in it.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Right, but
20	under the 30 day you still have the same function
21	or you're saying you don't have the same function?
22	MR. BURKE: Under the 30 day rule
23	we wouldn't, almost all of the applications would
24	not make it to our full board and therefore we

would have no opportunity as a board to comment at

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2 all.

3 COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Whether

4 that's disapproving or approving?

MR. BURKE: Correct. We would simply have no voice. And since community board's exist to be the voice of our community that would be something of a shame, especially when most of the time amicably we make it better for everybody, including the operator.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: And Mr. Burke, you know, be careful what you wish for as far as sidewalk café's. There was a time when no one was opening sidewalk café's in my neighborhood, Williamsburg, and today it's, you know, becoming a nightmare. And I learned from our community board number two in Manhattan as to what I have to look out for. So, they're great teachers. Hopefully you are able to learn the ropes through them. As far as the issue concerning sidewalk café's in the sense of how long does DCA send the application to the community board in respect to a timeline according to their chart, they claim it takes up to five days.

2	MR. BURKE: That's right. The law
3	requires something gets to the community boards
4	within five days and they do a very good job of
5	doing that. That's not been a problem.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Do you agree
7	that they have no room to give up there?
8	MR. BURKE: I don't think so. I
9	think that five days is a pretty short turn around
10	time for when an application comes in.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: And it
12	actually does take five days or does it take
13	longer?
14	MR. BURKE: In my
14 15	MR. BURKE: In my COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
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15	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
15 16	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: [interposing] Or have you ever reviewed when the
15 16 17	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: [interposing] Or have you ever reviewed when the applicant
15 16 17 18	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: [interposing] Or have you ever reviewed when the applicant MR. BURKE:and to my knowledge
15 16 17 18	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: [interposing] Or have you ever reviewed when the applicant MR. BURKE:and to my knowledge and experience it rarely, rarely takes longer than
15 16 17 18 19	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: [interposing] Or have you ever reviewed when the applicant MR. BURKE:and to my knowledge and experience it rarely, rarely takes longer than that. They're very good about getting to us very
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: [interposing] Or have you ever reviewed when the applicant MR. BURKE:and to my knowledge and experience it rarely, rarely takes longer than that. They're very good about getting to us very quickly.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: [interposing] Or have you ever reviewed when the applicant MR. BURKE:and to my knowledge and experience it rarely, rarely takes longer than that. They're very good about getting to us very quickly. COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Okay.

2	application. And allowing them an opportunity to
3	be heard on it. It's for that reason that the 45
4	days is used to
5	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:
6	[interposing] No, I'm not referring to the 45
7	days. I mean, I am referring
8	MR. BURKE: [interposing] The five
9	day period.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA:I am
11	referring to the five days
12	MR. BURKE: [interposing] We've had
13	so few applications at board 14 that I can't
14	comment on it.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Fantastic.
16	The issue of up to five days, application at DCA,
17	does it take essentially five days for it to get
18	to, on the fifth day it's already at the community
19	board for the most part?
20	MR. BURKE: Yes, mm-hmm.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: And then you
22	as a community board have up to 45 days, sometimes
23	even more than that is necessary, but you have
24	your own opportunities to disapprove and or give
25	the opproutnity for it to be heard later? And

2	then	you	return	that	application	with	comments	to
3	DCA?							

MR. GORMLEY: Well, keep in mind that with the, even with the 45 days if the applicant tends, happens to miss the committee hearing we would do the rejection, you know, as they do. But the process then goes on at DCA and we may hear it the next month, typically we don't because DCA has already moving the application on. We will attempt to address any issues when it comes to the City Council. So, - - .

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: So, you still have a second opportunity is what I'm trying to

MR. GORMLEY: [interposing] It's not really a second opportunity. It's a work around but it's not really within the process.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Within the process as in the City Council is not within the process?

MR. GORMLEY: Well, I mean, our comments to DCA are not within the process. At 45 days we would get within the 45 days even with as many as we have, I would say 98 percent of the

2 time. With 30 days we would get within that time
3 maybe 20 or 30 percent of the time.

MR. GORMLEY: If I may also, the Council is a wonderful backstop to make sure that we're paying attention to, but if we relied on the Council to have to take up all the applications that either gamesmanship or neglect get caught in the trap.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Sure.

MR. GORMLEY: You would be doing an awful lot of, even some that are not controversial. I think the appropriate role for the Council here is when the parties are unable to map out an appropriate solution then it's great to have the Council have the back of a community on that. But to make you the front line on that would be not a great use of your time.

understand that sentiment. I do it now with every sidewalk café application to set a tone and culture that is not what I consider to be healthy for anyone. But I just wanted to understand exactly what were the realistic days that it takes for DCA to begin the process when they stamp, you

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2	know, what would be the beginning timestamp of
3	that timeline before it gets to you? Is it really
1	five days or is it 15 days?

5 MR. GORMLEY: It's always five. 6 It's always been five days.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNA: Okay. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you Council Member Reyna and before I call the next panel I just want one quick assessment from you gentlemen about the number of or the percentage of sidewalk café's for which you think there would be a necessity to have a review every two years as opposed to four years based on that fact that the community board feels like there's a need for an extra review. So, let's say we were to, you know, make this change and do a four year revocable consent? In your minds, what percentage of sidewalk café's in your various areas do you think it would be beneficial or important for you to have additional community board or a Council review in a shorter period? It could be 100 percent of them but I expect it's probably something less than that, maybe it's a much

2 smaller percentage. But give us a sense 'cause
3 it's important to the fact for us.

MR. BURKE: I don't know if I can answer the question but I'll say this. Most of our restaurants operate their sidewalk café's essentially within the law and we don't have problems with them. However, I think philosophically extending it to four years, you kind of deprive, either making it less of an opportunity for the public to kind of weigh in, 'cause we don't--

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK:

[interposing] I got it. The reason I'm asking is because, look, this is a proposal, right? And the point of the hearing here is for us to understand from you guys with your experience as to, you know, if we would work to inject additional process and procedure here which would allow for Council or community board to get their hooks into an application process sooner than four years. You know, that could all be part of this. What percentage of them do you think would be, is this a small number? 'Cause you said that maybe the vast majority are operating consistently with the

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the - .

law and no issues. So, is this a, if you can't do
a percentage give us a sense through your
descriptions, is it a relatively small number? Is
it a marginal number? Is it, like, how would you
describe it?

MR. GORMLEY: I'd say to one degree or another, and we may be talking a small degree, but to one degree or another I would say, I would like to see at least 70 percent of our operators every two years, at least 70 percent. And many that is for small things. But I say that in great part because the first thing that I learned when I took over this committee is that dealing with DCA through this process is a perfect example of if you want something done right do it yourself.

Okay?

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thanks.

MR. SCHOTT: I'm going to defer to

MR. DILLER: Fair enough. I'll say about 50 percent of the unenclosed and 100 percent of the enclosed and I think that number would go up if the, if they were, I'm sorry, that number would go down if the ability to passing to a new

operator when you change hands of the business
were eliminated but you won't make any friends in
the restaurant industry if you put that in your
bill.

Thank you very much and thanks to the panel. I'm going to call the next group which includes Susan Stetzer [phonetic], Sondra Shirad [phonetic] so, Susan is from community board three in Manhattan, Sondra Shirad in community board six in Manhattan, my home community board. Evan Lascher [phonetic] from Manhattan community board one and Schlomo Wygoda [phonetic] of SWA Architects. Susan, go right ahead since you're ready.

MS. SUSAN STETZER: Yeah. My name is Susan Stetzer. I'm District Manager for community board three and testifying for the board and I thank you for this opportunity. I think the 30 to 45 day issue is so important I am going to briefly comment on it. Community board three opposes the amendment to the timeline for community boards to review sidewalk café applications from 45 days to 30 days. And my testimony actually has a resolution on the back.

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As we are all aware community boards have monthly cycles of meetings and must comply with the open meeting law. I won't go through the details of our schedule but the open meeting law requires one week notice before the first meeting. So, the schedule that, our posted schedule with the sidewalk cafes is actually a week before. So, that is five weeks right there. Community boards were created to provide a structure for community participation and local planning decisions. So, it is clear to have, is important to have a clear description of the agenda items. Community participation is the only way to ensure that a method of operation is appropriate for specific location. 30 day schedules essentially eliminate community board hearings. We support streamlining procedures and lowering expenses for small businesses but it's not necessary to do so at the expense of the larger community. The amendment would remove the community board from the process. As far as the DCA hearings we've never attended a DCA hearing. We think they're useless so eliminating this would not impact us. City Council hearings are only on rare occasions, we

only go to City Council hearings on the rare
occasion there's a problem that cannot be
resolved. So, therefore, waiving this hearing
when there is support from the Community Board
would not have a negative impact on us. And it
might even be an incentive for applicants to come
to agreement with community boards. I would like
to make two further suggestions, one is to, one
would streamline the procedure and one would
memorialize the agreements. DCA, this has been
discussed before. DCA does not check plans,
rezoning or any other compliance before
transmitting to a community board. Identifying
problems at an early stage would be beneficial to
all. The applicant would save time and money. I
don't even think, I don't think DCA understands
the zoning issues, I really don't because there's
so many very easy and clear mistakes. One
suggestion I had for DCA is just to put on their
application what is the zoning and then if they
see an R there they know there's something wrong.
It's that easy and they won't do it. When I
became, okay, this is really important, when I
became District Manager in 2004, DCA did write

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agreements with the community boards into the contract. Now they will show revised plans with modifications of design but not hours. The way the, hours, were memorialized before and this is when Bob Gormley was actually a staff person there, he would change the contract and to show the revised hours. He would send us the Law Department. The Law Department always approved it. Why can't we do it? It was done before, why can't we do it now? Because there is no way. we talk about, it is up to the community board to enforce, how do we enforce? Okay, so it's a really easy situations. I think it would be less work for everybody in the world if licenses were online. I don't understand why this is the only agency where you can't look up and see if there's a license. We all, I think everybody acknowledges that the Community Board is vital. We shouldn't be so vital but because we are, you know, it's essential that we have time to really review the licenses. And I want to say the DCA Community Relations Division is excellent and responsive but I think it pretty much stops there.

MR. SONDRA SHIRAD: Good afternoon

Mr. Chairman, Garodnick and Weprin. My name is
Sondra Shirad. I am, I have the privilege of
being the Chair of Manhattan Community Board Six.
And I'm here today to speak against 1039 because I
find it unsettling and its effect that it would
have on the ability for public comments to be
recorded whether in favor or against for petitions
of revocable consent to operate a sidewalk café in
this city. As you know, section 2,801 as you may
know, section 8,201 of the New York City Charter
requires determinations of a community board be
done by the majority of its membership. Today I
stand before, sit before you without a resolution
from our board as this legislation was actually
brought to our attention about 12 days ago. While
it has been discussed in the boards committee
wehre the resolution was unanimously opposing it
passed. Now it awaits a debate and actual vote
before the full body to, at tomorrow's meeting.
And it is because of this haste that this
introduction seeks to permanently add to the
administrative code that I cannot provide you with
a resolution today. I point this out as it
clearly demonstrates how if my community board

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were to receive a petition for a sidewalk café, say this coming Thursday, May 9th, and the changes to the boards response period as this introduction seeks to do were enforced it would then be impossible for us to submit a recommendation in writing prior to the expiration of the 30 day limitation. Since the next monthly meeting would actually occur on the 12th and that would be 35 days after the petition was received. The, that would exceed the reduced response time like it would in seven of the 12 months that have more than 30 days in them. In fact, through no fault of the board we would have been deemed to have waived our public hearing on recommendation on such petition effectively upon receipt of the petition. While I agree it might be desirable for those seeking to open a sidewalk café to have their petitions reviewed and processed in a timely manner such need for expediency should not trump the option for public comment or prevent community boards from functioning in their chartered mandated roles. So, I wanted to implore the Committee to reject or reject 1039 or amend it to actually, perhaps some of the comments that were

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suggested by the Deputy Commissioner earlier from, it seems, that the possible amendments that the community, the Committee's should consider, should include streamlining the way for the modifications agreed to by the Community Boards and actually properly incorporating them into the final petition, the final document that's issued. So, I just want to close with thanking the Committee for the opportunity to speak before you.

MR. EVAN LASCHER: Hi there. Good afternoon, Chairman Garodnick and Members of the Consumer Affairs Committee and Zoning and Franchising Subcommittee. I am Evan Lascher, Community Liaison, Manhattan Community Board One, consisting of the Financial District, Bowery Park City, Tribeca, South Street Seaport and the Civic Center area and where we are presently. Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the proposed amendment to the Administrative Code of the City of New York in relation to sidewalk café's. Community board one addressed 26 sidewalk café's in 2012 which brings us roughly to 52 sidewalk café's within our district. I will skip over the comment on the 30 day review period proposal as

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our community board is in line with what has been mentioned already from the previous community board testimonies. I would like though to refer to my testimony regarding the revocable consent period and the proposal for the four year term because we actually slightly difference of opinion there. Extending the duration of the revocable consent permit from two to four years would severely limit the community boards ability to monitor a newly licensed sidewalk café. The first renewal application for a newly issued sidewalk café license provides a forum to discuss the operations of the sidewalk café and address any impacts on the quality of life of neighbors. Delaying this initial review by an additional two years would be detrimental to residents as well as establishments who sometimes use renewals as an opportunity to increase the numbers of tables and chairs. And having community board one request that the Committee retain the two year duration of revocable consent permits for new license can only extend it to four years after the first renewal. Additionally, I would also like to comment as this was actually not prepared in my testimony that it

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was a little disconcerting to hear that DCA
actually does not monitor hours established
between the City Council or community board or the
applicant through the whole consent. This is
actually new news to me and news to my community
board and we have been spending countless hours
negotiating a sidewalk café hours with the
applicant and we were just informed today that
that in fact was not monitored. So, I just wanted
to comment on that too which is not in my
testimony. Anyways, I'm open to questions and I
appreciate the opportunity to comment. Thank you.
[off mic]

MR. SCHLOMO STEVE WAYGODA: Thank you. My name is Schlomo Steve Waygoda. I think this year it'll be 40 years that I've been doing these sidewalk café's. I think I'm about close to 600 of them in New York City but I'm going to be careful, humble, and respectful because I'm in front of all of you all the time. So, I'm going to choose my words carefully. Having said that, I've had a lot of time to think about sidewalk café's, obviously. The brunch issue, I think it's a no brainer. It seems to make a whole lot of

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sense, open up at 10:00. I get up earlier on Sundays, open it up earlier. I'd go eat, you know? I'm okay with that. 876-A, extending to four years. and I want to preface this by saying that my office does renewals and we change money to do renewals so obviously it behooves me to have it every two years. But that's not the reason why I'm going to take that position. I feel strongly that the community boards have that opportunity and I've been to hundreds of these meetings, have that opportunity to really work a deal out with the restaurateur at that time. And the restaurateur knowing that in two years they're coming back. They're not going to play around, they're not going to do anything different, that's number one. Number two is within that two year period we've seen a lot of turn over's in the restaurant so somebody else will come in and sign it and there's a three year lapse. If it goes to four years, a three year lapse. I think you, the communication, the intent of having a good neighbor with the restaurant, the community the residents above and all should constantly be happening and the more the merrier, the more

frequently the merrier. So, I'm very much in
favor of that. However, the issue of keeping it
two years and I remember in 2004 I had written a
letter to Mayor Bloomberg to complain about the
length of the process when it was going to six to
eight months and so on. And then the Mayor
contacted our office and asked us to form a
committee and the Commissioner at that time, I
forget her name, she moved on. And we created a
committee, the Fire Department, Building
Department, us, and all, and so on. And some good
things came out, five years became two years.
small sidewalk café, very, very important aspect
for New York City. It's a wonderful idea. It was
created by the Department of City Planning, give
them, and actually who's now the Chair of the BSA
was leading that front and, of course, the Chair
of City Planning was on that. I have a few items
to talk about separate from the bill about those
kind of issues at the very end of what I'm about
to say. The problem before you is in two years
not, is about these operating letters. And we are
very frustrated in our office because we get
frantic calls from operators saying, you know,

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there's an inspector here, where's my letter? Well, get on the subway, go down there, pick up the letter. It's crazy. It's really crazy. It's not, it's really not the way to conduct life, you know? So, four years to two years is not the way to solve the operating letter issue. There's got to be a different solution to solve the operating letter issue, the continuance of, you know, letting somebody operate legally whose intentions are right. You got to be careful with the insurance. That's got to be active because you can't have an operator in there without insurance. So, that has to be, you know, addressed and thought about. So, I'm very much in favor of keeping the two year only because it gives everybody, the entire, everybody that's involved with the outdoor café's the opportunity to speak and to be heard. 1039, the review and approval process. I have sent Mayor Bloomberg a letter recently and got a response. My idea was we charted out the whole process 'cause we've been doing this for a long time. I got a response that it was forwarded to the Commissioner Mintz and that they thanked me for the idea. The idea is

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simple, it's like, let the community board have their hearing, 45 days, absolutely 45 days, okay? However, the 45 days is just a deadline to submit their findings to the DCA who doesn't look at them anyway. So, what's the point, you know? doesn't, it's useless to even have that kind of thing, you know? Not only do they not look at it but they can't legally adopt it, okay? strength of the sidewalk café's in New York City is between the community board and the City Council and there's a very good, there's always been a very good relationship with the Council Member and the community board there. They're very, very close communication and I've seen that, we've all seen that here that the community board says, I got a couple of issues, you know, from Mr., Council Member Jackson's issues with the - -Street to everybody's and we get called into the City Council office. And we sit with whichever City Council Member there is. So, this 45 day period is important only in a sense that it gives a community board the proper tiem to listen to the situation but submitting it to DCA is meaningless 'cause it doesn't really do anything, you know?

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So, but still, 45 days is good. I would give the community board as much time as they need within reason to work it out, within reason. To allow them to say, well, the applicant is not here, you know, we'd like to hold it over. That's unfair to the applicants because they do have to pay it all over again. So, there should be maybe a tweak to that where, you know, you could have it just legally held over and be heard the next time around but let the process continue. Okay? So, the idea of having the community board approve, whether unanimous, split or deny but then allow the sidewalk café operator to operate. This is kind of similar to when you're 17 years old and you get an interim driver's license, a permit, so to speak, okay? Now, it gets a little complicated but it's something to think about. If you allow them to operate but allow the process to continue to the end, now the operator is saying well, okay, I got the, and by the way, 1981, when I did an application I go to 80 Lafayette at DCA, pay \$85 for the applicant, not for me, they give me a little sticker, I go out and put the tables out. That's how it started in the early '80's.

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something to the effect, it's to everybody's benefit to have the restaurants begin operating, it's employment, it's wages, it's nice, it's outside, it's outdoors, it's green, it's a lot of good things about sidewalk café's. Make it happen quicker. So, allowing this operator to have an interim license legally so, you know, that's been the problem, it has been legal but now there's an opportunity to do that, is a very strong possibility. But if the guy knows or the operator knows that maybe it'll get denied later on because he's not really buying it, you got a little more ability to cooperate with the rules with the community board, with the City Council knowing that potentially he could get denied later on but he has the right to operate, you know? He's kind of on a little trial period but he's in business, 45 days, by the way, they're always good on that. They show up in five days, 50 days later you got a license. It's nice, you know? 50 days, it's not even two months. Or, alternatively, wrap it up? Okay, sorry. Alternatively, is to reverse the way for the way you have it in the thing, reverse it so that these, you allow it to happen, okay,

unless there's a problem, okay? Three quick
things? Yes? There's a 12 foot rule that has
knocked out a lot of sidewalk café's from
operating by an inch or two even though they can
provide the eight foot clearance you can serve
from inside and serve to the sides. Posted plans,
the New York City Department of Buildings has the
online plans, they have the, you should look into
that. You can go online and it's very early,
actually, to be scanned process. And the last
thing, which was a major thing which I talked
about years ago is the residential zones, somebody
mentioned that it's our zone. The problem is, you
have a lot of these in the outer boroughs, you
have a lot of restaurants that are grandfathered.
They've been restaurants for 50 years but they're
in a residential zone. That's usually a mom and
pop operation. It would be really cool if you
gave them the opportunity because they're
grandfathered, legally of all, the whole thing,
give them the opportunity to come and file. Right
now they are just denied flat out because the
zoning says residential, is not, that's it.
MR. EVAN LASCHER: You want to

2	submit your manila folder to the panel? It's up
3	to you? [laughter]
4	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you,
5	thanks very much to all of you. Go ahead, Susan.
6	MS. STETZER: As far as the grand -
7	- I'm sorry, as far as the grandfathered space
8	it's actually against the zoning regulation. If
9	you're grandfathered you are not allowed to expand
10	the space.
11	MR. WAYGODA: Yeah, I know
12	MS. STETZER: 'Cause you would have
13	to have a zoning text amendment.
14	MR. WAYGODA: Yeah, that's what I'm
15	talking about. [off mic]
16	CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thanks
17	everybody.
18	MR. LASCHER: Quick, can I just say
19	that the 12 foot rule, actually, we've had this
20	issue in the South Street Seaport where some of
21	our businesses were devastated by Hurricane Sandy
22	and they cannot actually open sidewalk café's
23	because they're an inch too short of the 12 feet
24	and the, obviously a sidewalk café would be very
25	beneficial right now for the businesses and the

2 South Street Seaport. So, I'd just like to add on 3 to that. [off mic] Yeah, Front Street.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thanks,

everyone. Let me call the next panel. I'm

actually going to see if everybody is here.

Cheryl Smith [phonetic]? Not here. Louis Azolini

[phonetic]? Come on up. Robert Minor [phonetic]?

9 Mr. Minor? Stephen, yeah, come on and have a

11 Belida. David Rosen I saw and I think he left.

seat, Stephen Belida [phonetic]? Okay, Mr.

12 Kathleen Treat [phonetic]? Kathleen Treat, are

you here? [off mic] Oh, she is. [off mic] Good,

14 Miss Treat, come on and join the panel here. And

great, and actually, just for my knowledge here,

are any of the following people here? Christine,

there you go, sorry, I couldn't read your last

name, hey, oh - - we got you. Larry Roberts?

19 He's gone. Leslie Johnson [phonetic]? Okay, Ms.

Johnson, and John Lynch [phonetic]? Okay, great.

21 You three will be the last panel. Welcome. My

one request is that if it has been said

repeatedly, repeatedly if you could just make note

of it and just move on that at this late hour that

would be my one ask. But we do want to hear from

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you, thank you. 2

MR. LOUIS AZOLINI: Thank you. My name is Louis Azolini and I'm the owner of Paul 4 and Jimmy's Restaurant on East 18th Street in New York. I sent a letter to Mr. Mintz on January 25th. I'd like to read it to you real quick. We reapplied for our sidewalk café license in March of 2012. In 2009 the landlord rescinded his approval due to a lease dispute which increased our rent by 50 percent. We had been waiting for 12 approval since then. The café is an integral part 13 of our business. Without the café is has been extremely difficult for us to stay in business. 14 The café was continuously upgraded from 1989 to 2009. The dispute was settled in October 2011 17 with the landlord and he immediately gave his approval for the café. Plans were submitted on 18 March 12th. We were approved by the community board on October 2012. We then found out that it 21 needs to be approved by Consumer Affairs due to a 22 zoning change. We are one of a minority of New York City Restaurants that are family owned and 24 operated and are dependent on this approval for our survival. I don't think we can get through 25

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2 another summer without it. Is there anything you
3 can do to help us?

Good afternoon, Council Members.

My name's Bob Minor. I'm one of the Co Chairs of HK 5051, a Park Association. We're in Hell's Kitchen, 50, 51st Street between 8th and the River. Agree with most of the stuff that the members of the community boards have said. I'm going to do something I shouldn't do which is kind of lecture my Council Person's. Remember, these community boards are all volunteers. They are all your constituents. They are here saying they don't have influence, they can't get stuff done, cutting them from 45 days to 30 days would be unconscionable. A lot of them are out there working trying to make money to feed their families and pay their taxes. In fact, if it were up to me and I were a Council Person I would extend their time from 45 days to 60 days, to give them the time to do what they want to do, which is protect their communities, protect their quality of life. Councilwoman Reyna, you had mentioned, if I understood you correctly, this is starting to happen in your area. It's happening in our area.

It has apparently already happened in CB2's area.
The quality of life becomes the all important
thing. These neighborhood café's expand out onto
our sidewalks. If you want to allow them to start
doing this at 10 o'clock in the morning, guess
what? Your constituents are going to be listening
to whooping and hollering and party time on their
streets at 10 o'clock in the morning on a Saturday
morning. One of the, a Saturday or a Sunday
morning, I'm sorry. One of the components of a
brunch as I understand it is generally involves
alcoholic beverage, whether you're drinking bloody
Mary's or Mimosa's et cetera. If they're serving
them inside at least it's confined. If they're
serving that kind of alcoholic beverage and
understand all these lawyers that preceded us who
are on the payroll, they're not volunteers,
they're here because they're being paid to be, are
looking to amend the laws up in Albany to allow
them to serve alcoholic beverage at your sidewalk
café's at 10:00 a.m. in the morning, why? Because
it's money, it's all about the dollar and that's
the bottom line with that. You've got to think
ahead of this. You've got to get ahead of the

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curve. We, our block association is dealing with it every single day and if it hasn't happened in your neighborhood now is the time, come visit our neighborhood, talk to the block associations, talk to the community boards where it has already happened and find out how to better protect your constituents. I'm sorry for lecturing. Carper wanted to change the time period for their renewal of their licenses from two years to four. What we've found and I'm going to use an analogy and it's not, maybe not appropriate here. only time we as a block association and even the community board gets the attention of the bad operators, we're not talking about the good operators, the good operators are good neighbors. They don't want to disturb their neighborhood, they want to have an operation, they want to make money and everybody is happy. But you have the bad operators, the only time that we get their attention that we can go to them and say, hey, you're being a bad operator, is when their license is coming up for renewal. If your not going to renew their license except every four years, guess what? They're going to be bad, bad operators for

three and a half years and then in the last six
months they're going to all of a sudden become
nice people, good operators, because they know
their license is coming up. At least in every two
year cycle we get, we the community, your
constituents, get a chance to confront these
people and say you are being a bad operator by
doing this, this and this. If you extend it to
four years we lose out on that opportunity. And
in finally, in streamlining the process,
absolutely no problem streamlining the process,
just don't throw the baby out with the bath water.
Don't cut the community boards out of the ability
to confront these operators and you're being a bad
operator, you're ruining our quality of life.
Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thank you. Go right ahead.

Is this on? Hi, I'm Kathleen

Treat. I'm Chair of the Hell's Kitchen

Neighborhood Association. I'm also a member of

our community board four's quality of life, safety

committee. The first thing I'd like to say is we

need those 45 days. There's no question about

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that. Intro 875, I think we're going to need a compromise on that. 11 o'clock seems like a perfectly reasonable time to start brunch, to sit down and have your first drink, and I'm not talking about coffee. In Hell's Kitchen we have what Albany refers to as oversaturation of liqueur serving establishments. That means every other retail is a bar, is a sidewalk café, is a restaurant. We've lost a toy store. We've lost our bakery. We've lost our family shoe store. I mean this, the reasons for all this have to do with taxes and landlords. We know why it is, we're just not happy with it. And we do indeed need those 45 days. The DCA has bent over backwards patting themselves on the back helping café owners push through their license, great, great, great. I'd sure like to know where they are when owners ignore stipulations? Who is there to enforce basic cleanliness? Wehre is the oversight, for instance, this may seem like a small thing, a lot of the restaurants on 9th Avenue and 10th Avenue put up these little sandwich boards which is street furniture, basically, on the sidewalk. Well, 9th Avenue, like Lexington Avenue

is very narrow sidewalks. So, you've got my
husband who's in a scooter, he can't walk. We've
got a lot of wheelchair people in our area, all
over the city, certainly blind people. You've got
badly placed bus stops. You've got those
pernicious little news boxes that are everywhere,
oversized telephone booths, and now we've got, I
mean, how does a blind guy, even if he's got a
dog, how does he get around all this crap? And
nobody's enforcing this, you know? Nobody,
nobody, nobody, nobody. That includes Dunkin
Donuts. There's a Dunkin Donuts on 10 th Avenue
that has a sidewalk café. It's hideous and it's
not clean. I mean, it's just not nice. So, café
owners have the hospitality industry, the DCA, the
Chamber of Commerce, everybody is in their corner.
Who speaks for the people who live in the city?
You do, obviously, and our community boards.
Thank you.

MR. STEPHEN BELIDA: Hi, thank you Committee Members. My name's Stephen Belida, also a Co Chair of HK 5051 Block Association. I'll be brief. Don't take any, don't take the 45 days away from our community board. They're the ones,

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they speak for us and they speak much better than the DCA. The DCA, in our opinion, to our community, to our members are a block association, rubber stamp everything. They gave a sidewalk café after our community board, after our other block associations besides ours asked them not to do it because we have the water tunnel project going on 49th and 9th Avenue. The garbage is asked to be brought out from all the buildings between 49th and 48th and put on the sidewalk on this corner where this bar is. Even with all that information DCA approved a sidewalk café. We're now going out into the street to get down the street. Sidewalk is non passable. So, we firmly stand in support of leaving the 45 days. I agree with Bob, bring it to 60 days. We need time to sort this out. The DCA doesn't enforce anything. I don't see how they could. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Thanks.

And thanks to all of you for your points and we certainly hear and feel your frustrations. I can [off mic] tell you, we'll have some coffee for you next time [crosstalk] and I can tell you the area which I happen to represent, we deal with a lot of

the same issues on clearance and congestion and the quality of life issues that you mentioned.

And it is a constant source of frustration. But thank you for mentioning. Okay, let's go to our last panel and I'm sorry that you had to wait as long as you have, but John Lynch from Manhattan community board ten, Christine, go ahead and come on up, and Leslie Johnson, come join us. And as soon as you're settled you can go ahead and get started. Same request, if it's been said repeatedly and you can help us streamline, we appreciate.

MS. CHRISTINE BURTE: So, after hearing anything, my first question is, why do we need DCA? [laughter] Okay. Now I'm official. My name is Christine Burte and I am the First Vice Chair of my - - . Before there are over 100 sidewalk café in Chelsea and Hell's Kitchen and these are my community. So, very narrow sidewalk. The density of sidewalk café is such that in some instance the whole length of a block is occupied by sidewalk café with no interruptions. And when we are confronted with this years lack of enforcement, either at the approval time of during

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the operation it falls to the community board to do all the diligence and to really maintain the right of way for pedestrians, the quality of life for neighbors. No objection of Intro 875. would just want to point out that the Committee should be aware, DCA refuses to enforce the clause in the 875 that indicates that the operator shall cause the boundary of the area to be marked. I want to bring it up because this is one major reason why we cannot, things don't get, the sidewalk get bled over. The operator staff in the morning do not have the guidelines of where to set the café. And very often in, you know, the owner is not there to tell them where to set the café. The guide making the marks on the sidewalk is very important. It is part of the rule and DCA refuse to enforce that. We request that this become much more enforced and it would cut down on the bleeding tremendously. The DCA does not enforce the law related to storing the furniture at night. We have all the furniture out there, 24 hours a day, 365 days a week, a month, a year, and it's ridiculous. I mean, you know, it snows and everybody has their sidewalk café outside.

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only recourse is therefore to wait two years and you have heard about the two years. I think if you were changing that and changing that after two years there is a recourse by the community board. If this is a bad operator maybe we would get 95 percent of them through except the community board could raise their hands and say, those one you have to stop. And therefore, those would be okay. But I think that the problem you are trying to resolve is really the lengths of getting the consents done. And that should be interesting to say, why is the consent so long? That's the really the heart of the problem. The consent shouldn't be taking six months. The license takes one month. What is wrong with the consent process? So, maybe there is something between those two things? Maybe the consent process is what need to be fixed rather than trying to change the rule. We have observed that DCA when approving café's into - - the rule in the, you know, most laxest way. The three feet of service space outside of the small café is not reflected. They often say, oh, the service would be from inside the French doors but the French doors are

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most often closed so it doesn't work. And the boundary, they don't enforce this boundary which is very important. So, if the rule fails us, even the rule are not accurate, I mean, you know, I would take this opportunity to bring up the absurd case that a tree is considered a non obstruction. So, have you ever seen a pedestrian walking through a tree? So, we do that all the time. So, we have to negotiate these things one by one and I think those rules should be changed. I mean, you know, a muni meter is an obstruction. It's pretty big. And then a tree is an obstruction, it's pretty big. And we are planting more trees. So, we need to be really, so, the 35 to 45 days you have heard it, this is critical. And so I would recommend that, you know, a minimum of nine feet be given to pedestrian right of way and that some of the constraints be change and adjusted and this is my testimony. Thank you. Good afternoon. I'm John Lynch.

Good afternoon. I'm John Lynch.

I'm am the Co Chair of the Economic Development

Committee of Manhattan Community Board Ten in

Central Harlem. I'll be very brief 'cause most of what we feel has been said already. We are very

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much opposed to the reduction of the community board comment period from 45 to 30 days. oppose the increase of the renewal period from two years to four years. This is somewhat new territory for Central Harlem. Unlike a lot of the other community boards we've heard from today we've had a tremendous boom in the opening of new restaurants and along with that sidewalk café's. it has literally changed the fabric of the community. In one year, I'm just doing a count to my head, in one year we've had 30 restaurants opening. We have competing restaurant rows on Frederick Douglass Boulevard, Lenox Avenue, 116th, 125th. By and large these new establishments have been welcomed. They add to the economy, they create jobs. They improve in most people's views the quality of life. They increase safety. We've had, you know, desolate corners and blocks that have been rendered much more safe by the addition of lighting, outdoor seating and the like. we've had a lot of good experience with it. With great change comes great stress, however, and as our community changes the residents of the community have fears and concerns with a very

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vocal community and when we do have hearings on liquor licenses and sidewalk café's we get great participation from the community. By reducing the community board comment period from 45 to 30 days, as it's been said many times, we will eviscerate the ability for the community board to have public foura for community residents to express their views; views on noise, on egress and ingress, no safety, on garbage, all the issues that are raised by potential sidewalk café's. What, on that other point of increasing the renewal period from two to four years, a couple things that as I, everyone has said, this is our opportunity to converse with and dialogue with the sidewalk café owners. again, I just was surprised to hear the DCA basically say that they have no concern about enforcing any agreements or consents between the owners and community boards. And they very, you know, blithely said well, you know, the community board will hold their feet to the fire. Exactly. We do hold their feet to the fire but we need to do that every two years. Another point, four years is a very long time. Memories don't last for four years. There's tremendous turnover often

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on community boards and on community board	
committees that address these issues. And you	
lose institutional knowledge over that period,	
people just don't remember what the owner said	
four years ago and it's, we need to get them in	
every two years to touch base, to do a little,	you
know, just to check up. Again, Harlem welcomes	
what's been happening in the restaurant industry	Y
but these particular piece of legislation, what	I
would remove the voice of the community, of our	
residents, which really only as the opportunity	to
be expressed through the community boards. Than	лk
you. [off mic]	

MS. LESLIE JOHNSON: Hi, I'm Leslie
Johnson and, which, this? Hi, I'm Leslie Johnson
and I live in Hell's Kitchen and I represent the
West 44th Street Better Block Association. Please
keep the comment period for the community board to
45 days or think about extending it to 60 days.
We do not want to lose our voice. And making it
30 days we would lose our voice. Also, keep the
two year renewal. And that's it.

CHAIRPERSON GARODNICK: Well, that is a good way to end. Thank you. [applause] Yes,

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see? I think she deserves a little applause. also for the conclusion of a long hearing. say thank you very much to the panel and to everybody who was here today to participate in this hearing. I think that there were a couple points which resonated very clearly, the first comes from the members of the community and community boards who have expressed some clear concerns about the 40, the 30 day from the 45 day period as well as some concerns about the revocable consent time period of four to two. Wе hear those and certainly it's not our intent, certainly, I'll speak for myself, it's not my intent to do anything which inhibits the community boards ability to act here. In fact, it's become very clear in the course of this hearing that the community board is, perhaps, one of if not the most central actor in the scrutiny and consideration of the sidewalk café's. The other issue which is clear is that there is a process which is overly cumbersome and burdensome for the restaurants themselves which has them operating on two different applications which expire at the same time but take considerably different periods

2	of time to actually get into effect. And DCA has
3	them operating under temporary licenses as opposed
4	to real licenses and that doesn't work either.
5	So, we are going to take everything we heard today
6	and we're going to see if we can find a way to
7	strike the right balance here. But we really do
8	appreciate your testimony and your participation
9	today. And with that, this hearing is adjourned.
10	[off mic]

I, Tara Juhl certify that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. I further certify that I am not related to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that I am in no way interested in the outcome of this matter.

Signature

Date 5/22/13

Tanapull