CITY COUNCIL

CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTIONS

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December 13, 2023 Start: 1:33 p.m. Recess: 7:59 p.m.

HELD AT: COUNCIL CHAMBERS - CITY HALL

B E F O R E: Marjorie Velázquez, Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Shaun Abreu
Gale A. Brewer
Amanda Farías
Shekar Krishnan
Julie Menin

OTHER COUNCIL MEMBERS ATTENDING:

Carmen N. De La Rosa Pierina Ana Sanchez

## APPEARANCES

Ryan Merola, Deputy Commissioner for External Affairs at DSNY

Corinne Schiff, Deputy Commissioner for Environmental Health at the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

Carlos Ortiz, Assistant Commissioner for External Affairs at the Department of Consumer and Worker Protection

Erin Piscopink, co-chair of the New York City BID Association

Matthew Shapiro, Legal Director of the Street Vendor Project at the Urban Justice Center

Mohamed Attia, Managing Director of the Sheep Vendor Project

Mohamed Awad, food vendor and a Leadership Board Member of the Street Vendor Project

Cleotilde Juarez, food vendor and a Leadership Board Member of the Street Vendor Project

Helen He, street vendor from Flushing and a member of the Street Vendor Project Leadership Board

Vicente Veintimilla, street vendor

María Angélica Castillo Luna, street vendor and member of the Street Vendor Project

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Rosa Baclima, street vendor

Armando Garcia, street vendor

Taisha McGriff, street vendor and member of the Street Vendor Project

Guadalupe Sosa, street vendor

Annie Xie, Staff Attorney with the Microenterprise Project at Volunteers Legal Service

Jennifer Salgado, Lead Organizer at the Street Vendor Project

Calvin Baker, street vendor

Li Wen Hong, street vendor

Won Hai Yu, street vendor

Jiang Li Jia, street vendor

Aye Wong Chin, street vendor

Ibra Diagne, street vendor

Mohammed Haque, street vendor

Fatoumata Camara, street vendor

Nazih Attia, street vendor

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Ahmed Mourad, street vendor

Nova Felder, Lead Organizer for the Evolved Harlem Merchants Coalition, a member of the Street Vendor Project, and street vendor

Lucía Maldonado, street vendor

Adelaida Simon, street vendor

Karla De Jesus Rodriguez, street vendor

Sonia Bolaresco, street vendor

Ruth Palacios, street vendor

Mame Niang, West African Member Organizer at the Street Vendor Project

Gabriel Hernandez, Community Organizer of the Yemeni American Merchants Association

Emily Lam, street vendor

Junhui Yan, street vendor

Ni Jin Fang, street vendor

Shen Hu Wei, street vendor

Yan Lin, street vendor

Irene Arizaga, street vendor

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Annie Ochoa, street vendor

Sandra Ramon, street vendor

Eliazar Campos, street vendor

Catherine Diaz, street vendor

Consuela Salazar, street vendor

Libia Jimenez, street vendor

Carina Kaufman-Gutierrez, Deputy Director at the Street Vendor Project

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 6
2	SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: This is a microphone
3	check for the Committee on Consumer and Worker
4	Protection, recorded in Council Chambers on December
5	13, 2023, by Layla Lynch.
6	SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Quiet in the Chambers,
7	please.
8	Good afternoon and welcome to today's New
9	York City Council hearing for the Committee on
10	Consumer and Worker Protection.
11	At this time, please silence all
12	electronic devices.
13	If you wish to submit testimony, you may
14	at testimony@council.nyc.gov.
15	Just a reminder, no one may approach the
16	dais at any point during this hearing.
17	There may be no clapping. If you wish to
18	voice your opinions, you may go like this.
19	If you're testifying, please stay on
20	topic. If not, we will have to remove you.
21	Thank you so much.
22	Chair Velázquez, we are ready to begin.
23	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [GAVEL] Good
24	afternoon. My name is Marjorie Velázquez, and I'm the
25	Chair of the Committee on Consumer and Worker

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 7

Protection. Welcome to our hearing on street vending

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in New York City.

I'd like to recognize my fellow Committee Members, Council Member Menin, Council Member Abreu, Council Member Sanchez, Council Member Brewer.

Street vendors have long contributed to the vibrancy of New York City's streets and to the City's food and retail landscape. Since the last 1800s, street vending has been an important entrylevel entrepreneurial opportunity for new immigrants and has often been one of the only viable employment options available to them. For as long as there have been vendors hawking goods on city streets, there have been complaints and concerns about vendors that they create sidewalk congestion, sanitation problems, and are unsightly and unfairly competing with brickand-mortar businesses. Compounding these issues, street vending is regulated through a patchwork of state and local laws and rules that have created confusion for vendors, residents, businesses, and enforcement officers alike.

In 2021, the Council passed landmark legislation to increase opportunities to legally vend in New York City as well as to bridge gaps in

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION enforcement. Local Law 18 of 2021 established a new licensing and permitting scheme for mobile food vending and enabled the city to issue 445 new mobile vending permits each year for 10 years, increasing the number of permits available for the first time since 1983. Local Law 18 of 21 established the Office of Street Vendor Enforcement, creating a specialized unit with expertise in the City's complex vending regulations as well as cultural competence to work with the diverse vending population to be the primary agency responsible for enforcement of vending regulations. In addition, Local Law 18 of 2021 established the Street Vendor Advisory Board. A multi-stakeholder body tasked with evaluating the City's vending laws and making recommendations to the Mayor and the City Council to address duplicity, inefficiency, and burdensome regulations. The Street Vendor Advisory Board released a report in May 2022 with 16 recommendations which seek to balance the needs of street vendors, brick-and-mortar businesses and consumers while expanding economic opportunity and safety.

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Over two years after the passage of Local Law 18, the Council has concerns about its

implementation. As of September 27, 2023, the

Department of Health and Mental Hygiene has issued

just 14 out of 445 potential new mobile vending

permits for the first year's batch of applicants and,

less than two years after the Office of Street

Vending Enforcement was created in DCWP, Mayor Adams

At today's hearing, we hope to hear about how the Administration aims to improve its implementation of the licensure and enforcement schemes established by Local Law 18 of 2021.

moved the agency to the Department of Sanitation.

The Committee will also hear six pieces of legislation, two of which I sponsored, aimed at further streamlining vending requirements, cutting red tape, and increasing street safety while eliminating criminal penalties for vending violations. Many of these bills emerged directly from the recommendations of the Street Vendor Advisory Board.

Intro. 1060, sponsored by Council Member Menin, would prohibit general vendors, mobile phone vendors, and vendor-related activity from occupying bicycle lanes.

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Intro. 1062 sponsored by myself, would allow mobile food venders to display or store goods on top of their carts, and it would simplify the display requirements for general vendors. This bill would also remove bookkeeping requirements for general vendors and mobile food vendors.

Intro. 1188, also sponsored by myself, would eliminate the requirement that individual employees of mobile food vending carts or trucks each have a New York State Certificate of Sales Authority.

Currently, the law requires vendors'

push carts to about the curb, endangering the safety

of vendors who must exit their carts onto the streets

and potentially into oncoming traffic. Intro. 1253,

sponsored by Council Member De La Rosa, would allow

vendors to place their push carts two feet from the

curb or as close as possible to an obstruction that

is in or on the sidewalk.

Intro. 1264, sponsored by Council Member
Krishnan, would remove all misdemeanor criminal
penalties for general vendors and mobile food
vendors. Individuals who violate vending requirements
would instead be subject to offense and civil
penalties.

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A Proposed Introduction sponsored by

Council Members Brewer and Farias will prohibit

general vending and mobile food vending on a bridge

approach, restricting all vending on bridges to

elevated pedestrian walkways that have at least a 16
foot clear pedestrian path and prohibit vending

within 20 feet of another vendor operating on a

bridge.

I look forward to hearing from the

Administration, street vendors, business and industry
representatives, advocates, and other stakeholders
about the state of vending in New York City as well
as these six bills.

I now turn it over to Council Member Menin to make a statement.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Thank you so much, Chair, for holding today's oversight hearing on street vending in the city.

Last year, the Street Advisory Vendor

Board released a report with a series of

recommendations on street vending. This board, made

up of agency officials, street vendor advocates,

chambers of commerce, and small business

representatives underwent a thorough review of the

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important topic.

As the Board's report notes, state and local laws can create a complex system for vending. The bills proposed before the Committee today are a critical step in ensuring we have a comprehensive and robust system for street vending. I want to thank the bill drafter, Sarah Swaine, and from my team, I want to thank my Chief-of-Staff, Jonathan Szott; my Legislative Director, Brandon Jordan; and Legislative Aide John Mendez, and I thank the Chair for allowing me to speak. Thank you.

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2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you, Council 3 Member Menin.

I'd like to recognize and allow Council Member De La Rosa.

COUNCIL MEMBER DE LA ROSA: Thank you,
Chair Velasquez, for holding today's hearing and for
your leadership.

I am glad to join the Committee on Consumer and Worker Protection today as we hear my bill, Intro. 1253, a public siting bill that will designate the distances from the curb in which vendors are allowed to sell. New York City is renowned for its diverse and dynamic street life with vendors contributing to the unique character and energy that defines our streets, specifically in my beloved Washington Heights. Many of these vendors, immigrants, faced with employment challenges and economic realities of living in New York City, did what they had to do, to hustle, laboring through challenging weather conditions, taking a chance on themselves when the world wouldn't, just to be able to provide for their families. In Washington Heights, a neighborhood that I am proud to represent, street vending is a cultural staple of our community. It is

Today's hearing is an opportunity for us to delve into the pressing issues surrounding street vending, explore potential solutions and advocate for

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legislative action that will shape the future of this

critical aspect of our community. I also hope to hear

from the Administration on the stagnation of issuance

of the 443 new licenses, and I thank you for being

6 here.

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Let us embark on this journey of dialogue, understanding, and positive change for the street vending community in New York City. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you, and I'd like to recognize Council Member Sanchez.

COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Thank you so much, Chair Velázquez, and thank you to the leadership of the City Council and our Speaker for having this hearing on street vending. Thank you for allowing me to make opening remarks as well.

I just want to start by sharing the framing concern that street vending in New York City is broken. Vendors who are striving to earn an honest living through hard work, they deserve our support as policy makers and they deserve a fair chance, but, unfortunately, the system that we have today lacks effective regulation as has been mentioned despite gains that we've made legislatively in the last terms. And instead of fairness, it involves officers

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 16 confiscating goods from vendors who are just trying to provide for their families. Across our city, street vendors rise early and brave all weather to make ends meet.

Neighborhood residents, however, small businesses, and brick-and-mortar, they complain about concerns with our vendors, and as street vendors work to earn their living, they face unfair regulations that also have others complaining across the City of New York. We crush hard work of street vendors in the city without giving them an opportunity to have a license.

With that, I want to say that although
Intro. 1270 is not going to be heard today, I look
forward to our leadership in the City Council working
to hear and discuss solutions that are going to
address the fundamental problems with street vending
in the City of New York.

Thank you to my colleagues in the City

Council today. I'm proudly supporting the six bills

being heard today and look forward to further

discussion on street vending in the City of New York.

Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I'd like to recognize Council Member Krishnan and allow him to give his statement.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Thank you so much, Chair Velasquez, and good afternoon to everyone here. Thank you to my Colleagues too for today's critical hearing on a package of legislation that we really highlighted the importance of last week with the number of street vendors who joined us, the number of advocates on an issue of vital importance in our city.

My Colleagues, as Council Member Sanchez just did, will speak to the different pieces of their legislation. The one I wanted to address in particular was my bill, Intro. 1264. Now in this city, we know that our street vendors are our smallest businesses. They sacrifice tremendously, many of them recent immigrants, to provide for their families, to pay their rent, to pay their child care expenses. They do so while feeding the families of our city, while feeding everyday New Yorkers, and they've done so during the pandemic, long before and long after. Yet our street vendors operate in a legal system that is, at best, confusing, with a lack of

clear rules, regulations, organization, and at worst, punitive, resulting in criminal summonses, arrests, and the consequences that can come along with that, not just limited to the criminal system, but the immigration system, the housing system, and many other ways.

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A profession like street vending, our vendors, our smallest businesses should not be treated in a way that criminalizes them simply for providing for their families. I don't know a single New Yorker that believes that an immigrant mother selling churros in the street to pay her rent to care for her child should be arrested or go to jail. I don't know a single New Yorker that believes that the work that our street vendors do should be criminalized simply for supporting their families. Poverty in this city should not be criminalized. However, the number of criminal summonses issued in 2019, the NYPD issued 377 criminal summonses for street vending. In 2023, the NYPD from January to September issued 127 criminal summonses. Decriminalizing street vending and ensuring that our street vendors are not subject to harsh punishment, arrest, conviction, and all the collateral

consequences is not anything and should not be anything controversial. In fact, it was included as a unanimous recommendation from Mayor Eric Adams'

Street Vendor Advisory Board, which included representatives from city agencies, street vendors, retail food stores, property owners, small businesses, and community organizations.

This bill, in particular, working with the Street Vendor Project and many other street vendors in our city, recognizes the truth that I mentioned before that should be obvious to many and has been far too long in being implemented, we cannot criminalize poverty. We cannot criminalize the work of those who are sacrificing so much to support our city and New Yorkers every single day, especially when many are immigrants from our communities, immigrants who are essential workers in our city, who power our city forward every single day. They are the lifeblood of our city, and so I am proud today to join my Colleagues, to join Chair Velasquez for this hearing on these critical bills around street vending in our city to provide an organized, regulated, enforceable system of vending and to ensure our

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 20 street vendors are not criminalized for their work.

Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you, Council Member. Now, Council Member Brewer.

much, Madam Chair, and also to the Speaker. By the way, I love your hats. Those orange hats are beautiful. I am talking about a Preconsidered Intro. It doesn't have a number, that's how it works with Preconsidered Intro. The issue is, under current law, general vendors and mobile food vendors can vend freely on pedestrian walkways, on bridges, and bridge approaches. This Preconsidered Intro. would prohibit vending on bridge approaches, restrict vending to pedestrian walkways that have at least a 16-foot clear pedestrian path, and prohibit vending within 20 feet of another vendor. It would take effect 30 days after it becomes law if it does.

To say another way, like I said, the bill would prohibit vending on a bridge approach. Vending would only be allowed on elevated pedestrian walkways where there's at least 16 feet of clear pedestrian path and vendors must be at least 20 feet apart. You should know that this is an alternative to the

Department of Transportation's proposal, which is an outright ban on vendors on bridges. Obviously, the best example of where this has become an issue is Brooklyn Bridge, and the DOT had a hearing in November on the topic. This Preconsidered Intro. significantly limits the number of vendors and ensures they operate where there's enough room to accommodate pedestrian traffic.

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I believe strongly that a full ban on vendors is not necessary. There are spots on bridges that are appropriate for vendors, and they are identifiable and they can be enforced. Particularly on Brooklyn Bridge, I don't know if it's more than 35,000 people walk on the bridge every weekend or more, and, a result of all of that, to the credit of DOT, they put in a bike lane. I know that tour guides, they go up to see the views with visitors. We want a lot of visitors, and some of these tour guides realize that there are too many vendors, we know that, but there are ways, and the tour guides know this, to limit the vendors but include them and to provide enforcement. This is a controversial issue like everything else in New York City, but I feel very strongly that there is an approach that includes

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you, Council Member Brewer.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: Thank you, Council Member Brewer, and thank you, Chair Velazquez. Good morning and welcome.

Before we begin, I'd like to remind everyone who is joining us via Zoom that you will be on mute until you're called on to testify, at which point you'll be asked to accept to be unmuted by the host.

I will be calling on public witnesses to testify after the conclusion of the Administration's testimony and Council Member questions, so please listen carefully for your name to be called.

Please note that Council Members will have two minutes for questions and we will allow a second round of questioning if needed. We will now call on representatives from the Administration to testify. We will be hearing from Carlos Ortiz, Assistant Commissioner for External Affairs at DCWP; Ryan Merola, Deputy Commissioner for External Affairs

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

2 at DSNY; and Corinne Schiff, Deputy Commissioner of

3 Environmental Health at DOHMH.

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At this time, I will administer the affirmation. Administration panelists, please raise your right hands.

Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth before this Committee and to respond honestly to Council Member questions? Thank you. You may begin.

ADMINISTRATION: (INAUDIBLE)

COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: Thank you. You may begin.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Thank you very much, Council, and thank you very much, Chair, for having us. Good afternoon. My name is Ryan Merola. I'm the Deputy Commissioner for External Affairs at the Department of Sanitation. Thank you again for the opportunity to offer testimony on DSNY's role within the City's vending landscape.

In March of this year, Mayor Adams announced the transition of the Office of Street Vending Enforcement from the Department of Consumer and Worker Protection to DSNY. Legal street vending is a vital part of New York City's economy, and

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 24 compliance with vending rules is essential to keeping our city clean.

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In our capacity, as the City's primary enforcement agency for street vending, we focus on the infractions that affect communities the most, things like obstructing sidewalks, curb cuts, building and subway entrances, leaving equipment and goods out overnight, and creating dirty conditions. This is a compliance-first approach rather than a license-check-first approach. When infractions are observed, DSNY starts with warnings, which can take a few forms. We post warnings in neighborhoods 24 hours in advance of enforcement, or we directly engage with vendors to explain the infraction that we observed. Once we have warned, our enforcement actions run the gamut from issuing a violation for an infraction to confiscations of vending setups and product. Vending setups and product from general vendors are stored at our facility in East New York and are available for retrieval. Any food that DSNY takes is either donated to local food pantries or placed in DSNY composting bins and brought to an organics processing site. We have 30 local food pantries with whom we partner citywide and who have received more than 100,000

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 25 pounds of produce since April 1st. The food that we cannot donate is processed as organic material.

DSNY's vending enforcement unit is comprised of 40 uniformed sanitation police officers that operate citywide daily. Since OSV's transfer to DSNY on April 1st, DSNY has conducted more than 5,000 inspections and issued 1,056 violations.

I would now like to turn to several pieces of the legislation that are under consideration today. Intro. 1060 would prohibit vending or vending-related activity in bicycle lanes. We agree with this legislation.

Intro. 1253 would allow street vendors to vend on the sidewalk so long as vendors are within two feet from the curb or within two feet from an obstruction that blocks the curb. DSNY has concerns about the current formulation of the legislation.

Today, the City's rules require that vending occur within 18 inches of the curb. The proposed expansion of the City's street vending siting rules, not to two feet from the curb, but to two feet beyond an obstruction, presents complications for sidewalk usage. Siting changes must be part of a larger

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conversation on how our public space is maintained,

and we'd like to be a part of that.

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Intro. 1264 would remove all criminal misdemeanor penalties from vending enforcement. DSNY does not engage in criminal summons issuance. We only issue civil violations for vending infractions. As Commissioner Tisch stated earlier this year, DSNY will only engage in civil summonsing when conducting vending enforcement.

At this, I'd like to thank you again for the opportunity to testify and answer questions after my colleagues have offered testimony too. Thank you, Chair.

afternoon, Chair Velasquez and Members of the

Committee on Consumer and Worker Protection. I'm

Corinne Schiff, Deputy Commissioner for Environmental

Health at the New York City Department of Health and

Mental Hygiene. On behalf of Commissioner Dr. Ashwin

Vasan, thank you for the opportunity to testify today

on the Health Department's oversight of mobile food

vending and legislation before the Committee.

The Department's mission is to protect and promote the health of all New Yorkers, including

2 by promoting the safety of food sold from food carts

and trucks. We do this by issuing permits to operate

4 a food cart or truck, issuing licenses to the people

5 who vend food, providing mandated training for

6 vendors on food protection, and conducting food

7 safety inspections.

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I want to start by providing a brief update on the Department's implementation of Local Law 18, which expanded opportunities for street food vending. Local Law 18 established a new mobile food vending license called a supervisory license and a new kind of permit, a supervisory license permit. The mobile food vending license authorizes a person to vend and a permit authorizes a food cart or truck to be used for vending. A food cart or truck with a supervisory license permit must be operated by a person with a supervisory license. The Department is charged with issuing 445 applications for a supervisory license each year for 10 years as of July 2022.

Supervisory license applications are issued to people on waiting lists in accordance with the Local Law's detailed criteria and prioritization. Vendors on the waiting list can track their progress

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Since Local Law 18 changed the license and permitting process, the Department has been conducting outreach and education to help vendors understand the new requirements. Before Local Law 18,

the cap and waiting lists were for permits, and there was a deadline for a vendor called off the permit waiting list to apply. The Council's new approach under Local Law 18 sets a cap and waiting list for the new supervisory license rather than the permit, and there is a deadline for a vendor called off the supervisory license waiting list to apply. Once the vendor has their supervisory license, however, there is no deadline to apply for the supervisory license permit.

Turning to Introduction 1188, which would eliminate the requirement that a person applying for a mobile food vending license have a New York State Certificate of Taxing Authority, limiting that requirement to mobile food vending permittees and supervisory licensees. This proposal will relieve burden on the industry without compromising food safety, and the Department has no concerns with the bill but would like to work with the Council on the effective date.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

I'm happy to take your questions, and we'll turn over to my colleague.

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2 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Good 3 afternoon, Chair Velasquez and Members of the

4 Committee on Consumer and Worker Protection. I am

5 Carlos Ortiz, Assistant Commissioner of External

6 Affairs at the Department of Consumer and Worker

7 Protection. Thank you for the opportunity to testify

8 today on issues related to street vending.

The Department of Consumer and Worker

Protection issues general vendor licenses to those

who sell goods or services in a public place, such as

the street or sidewalk. There are currently about

1,900 licensed general vendors. The number of

licenses issued to non-veteran general vendors is

capped at 853 licenses, and the waiting list for non
veteran applicants is currently closed. License

applications for general vendors are available to

veterans or the surviving spouses or domestic

partners of a veteran.

Introduction 1162 provides amendments to general vendor and mobile food vendor regulations covering display and bookkeeping requirements. The Administration supports this legislation, which is also recommended by the Street Vendor Advisory Board, convened pursuant to Local Law 18 of 2021.

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numbers?

Thank you for the opportunity to testify before the committee on issues and legislation supporting some of our smallest small businesses, and I welcome any questions you may have for further discussion. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: How many new general vendor licenses did DCWP issue in Fiscal Year 2023?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I'm not sure I have the data for the Fiscal Year, but I know generally at a license renewal period, or every year we're issuing about 150 or so licenses. I think this is a combination of non-veterans and folks who might call off the waiting list and also veterans as well.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: How long is the wait list for the general vendor license?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: The waitlist for general vendors currently has 11,000 folks on it.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: As of September 27, 2023, 151 supervisory license applications were submitted to DOHMH, and DOHMH has issued 146 supervisory licenses. Can you provide updated

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2 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: Yes. Those updated numbers are in the testimony. We have issued 3 4 all of the applications for year one and two so that is 890 that were required to be issued, and then there was another 184 applications available due to 6 applications that were not turned in or permits that 7 we call legacy permits, permits from the prior system 8 that are no longer being used, so in total we have issued 1,074 supervisory license applications in the 10 11 first two years of the program ahead of the June 30, 12 2024, deadline, and 342 people applied for those 13 licenses. We approved all of those applications and

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Why do you think so many individuals who received the supervisory license applications had not submitted the applications to DOHMH?

have issued 342 supervisory licenses.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: We've done a lot of outreach and education to make sure that vendors who are on the waiting list are aware of the opportunity to apply for the license and understand the new program that the Council set up. We have not done a survey of those who do not apply to be able to understand why they have not submitted the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 33 applications. We did do a lot of outreach including we have made phone calls so we've done a lot of outreach, but we don't know.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: You mentioned phone calls. What kind of other outreach do you do?

mailings. We've done emails. We had an information session for the first cohort that were invited to apply. Multiple languages were available for people attending that information session. We've posted the slides from that presentation in multiple languages on our website so we really have tried to make sure that vendors who are on the waiting list who have the opportunity to apply for the supervisory license are aware of that opportunity.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Do you work with any advocacy groups for further outreach?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: I'm sure you'll hear later from the Street Vendor Project.

We're in regular touch with them. You'd have to ask them about the outreach that they do, but they ask us for information and we provide that information to them.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Perfect. Do you follow up with vendors after they send a supervisory license application? I know you said you make phone calls, but is it before they submit, after submit, or a combination of the both?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: I think the phone calls are a combination of both, but I'd have to get back to you. Let me get back to you about the exact timing of the phone calls. There were also two rounds of rulemaking, and it is very important to us when we engage in rulemaking that stakeholders are aware of the opportunity to comment and that also provides another chance for us to alert the stakeholder community that rules are coming and, then when rules are finalized, we repeat that outreach so we really have taken multiple opportunities to conduct outreach to the community. As you noted in your testimony, Local Law 18 was landmark legislation making a big change, and so it was important to us and continues to be important to us to make sure that the vending community knows about the new system, which is quite different so we've done a lot of outreach and education.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: What's the average timeframe from receipt of an application for a supervisory license to a supervisory license being issued to an applicant?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: A typical timeframe is about three weeks turnaround.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Three weeks? If a vendor has questions about the process, where should they go? Online? Calling you guys?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: They can do either of those things. We have a lot of information on our website. The information is available in multiple languages. We typically translate our materials for this community into 16 languages. We also have a permits and licensing office which engages in customer service regularly.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I had an additional question when it came to the new lookup tool available on your website. If I don't have access to the internet, how can I access that information?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: You can call our office and somebody can help you with that.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Perfect. Can you

3 provide us with that number right now if you have it?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: I don't have

5 the number, but we can get you that number.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Perfect. I appreciate it. At what point will you issue additional supervisory license applications to make up for the people who received one but never submitted it?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: The local law requires us to issue 445 applications each fiscal year. As I noted, we have gone beyond that. We've met that deadline already for Fiscal Year 2024 and have gone beyond that.

What we're planning to do is issue available applications on a cadence every few months really to spread out the workload. It is only the second year of the program, so exactly, whether we do the same thing in year three, four, five, I don't know yet. We're going to see how it goes and what the uptake is. That will help us dictate the down the line workload.

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2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay. How many
3 individuals have moved from the old permit to the
4 Supervisory Licensing Permit Scheme?

that Local Law 18 sets out, as and you described in your testimony, is that in 2032, so 10 years after the launch of the program, all permits will be issued under the Supervisory License System. I don't know that any permittee renewing their, what we call a legacy permit, which I think this is what you're asking, whether any legacy permittee renewing has sought to convert to a supervisory license permit. We'll try to confirm that. I'm not aware of anyone.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: How do legacy permit holders learn about the new supervisory license?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: Our outreach materials were sent to everybody with a mobile food vending license so they would have gotten that. They don't need to convert to the supervisory license.

They can continue on the system that they are in until 2032.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Is it in multiple languages that's sent to them as well?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: Our education and outreach materials are typically in multiple languages.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Which agencies are conducting outreach to legacy permit holders to inform them of the new scheme and how many individuals within that agency are doing this work?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: The Health
Department is doing this, and we have also been
working closely with Small Business Services. The
information session that I mentioned that was
specifically for the first cohort of those eligible
for the supervisory license was a session we held
with SBS, and we have been doing a series of
trainings, outreach and education information
sessions with SBS. I don't have the staffing numbers.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: You mentioned earlier a cadence of issuing the supervisory license application so when do you plan to make the next batch available?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: I don't know. We can let your office know when we've settled on that date.

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2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: How many will be 3 made available?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: I don't know what the batching will be for how many we will issue and on what timeframe.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Will the agency provide notice in the same fashion as before?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SCHIFF: There is a process that is dictated by rules that follow the requirements of the Ad Code for how we call people off of the waiting list, and that is the process.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: During the approximately two years that the Office of Street Vendor Enforcement was in DCWP, the 14 vendors inspectors conducted more than 25,000 inspections, issued 2,800 vending-related summonses, and authorized confiscations of vendor goods 37 times. From the time that the Office of Street Vendor Enforcement was transferred to DSNY on April 1, 2023, through September 14, 2023, the Department's 40 employees devoted to vending enforcement conducted 1,568 inspections, issued 485 violations, and authorized confiscations in 423 instances. Can you

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detail how these approaches to street vendor

enforcement have been different between the agencies?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Thank you for the question, Chair. When the Office of Street

Vending Enforcement was moved over to Sanitation, it was moved over with the understanding that we would have both a dedicated staff and one that could effectuate any type of violation or confiscation issuance on site. Previously, working with my colleagues at DCWP, we would help at times engage in confiscations, but it would be long planned as DCWP didn't have the staff to do that type of work immediately. The numbers you're seeing reflect the change in agency and, of course, then the change in type of position handling it.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I would only add to that when the Office of Street Vendor Enforcement was with our agency, we encountered a number of legal and operational hurdles to perform the work and to deliver I think results. For that reason, I think the Administration identified that Sanitation be the best agency and that's shown by their work.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: What factor does

DSNY take into account when authorizing confiscation

and how does that differ from considerations made by

DCWP and what accounts for the much higher rate of

confiscations under you guys?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: When the
Department of Sanitation engages in a confiscation,
it's typically because we've encountered infractions,
we've seen the infractions not go away over a time
period, and then we are asking at that point in time
the vendor to show us whether or not they're properly
permitted to be there because our categories for
confiscations are unlicensed, unpermitted, and
abandoned setups. We have within the confiscation
numbers a breakout of abandoned setups, which is
quite significant and makes up about half of our
confiscation numbers.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: In terms of working through identifying confiscations, I don't think our process is very different from what DSNY has. It's simply that they have better legal and operational capacity to do such work.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: What types of employees are involved in confiscation? For example,

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 42
2 are NYPD officers on site, are there representatives
3 from City agencies available to speak with
4 individuals in any of the designated citywide
5 languages, and our written materials provided to
6 someone whose property has been confiscated in all of
7 the designated citywide languages.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Let me start last to first.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Yeah, that was a lot. Sorry. Let me know if I need to repeat any of them.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I need to follow up with you, Chair, on just the languages that are on the summonses. I need to bring that back to you.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: On the personnel and the languages we have when interacting with vendors, it is only Sanitation police officers that engage in this activity. Within the Department, we have fluency of Spanish and Mandarin on our staff themselves. We have a language service to call for any translation needs and, when we post flyers, as I mentioned in the testimony, in neighborhoods prior to

enforcement, the flyers are in five languages.

English, Mandarin, Cantonese, Spanish, Urdu. Online, as part of what we inherited from our colleagues at DCWP and DOHMH when Office of Street Vending

Enforcement moved over, we provide educational tips and guidance on how to be in compliance with street vending rules that are offered in 13 languages. I don't have the group in front of me. If you were to go to nyc.gov/vendingenforcement, you'd see those

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: How does DSNY engage with unlicensed vendors prior to issuing a violation to allow such vendors to correct noncompliant activity?

guides in each of the languages available as a link.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: This is part of the warning first and compliance first approach that we take. When we are first interacting with a vendor with whom we see noncompliance, we are telling them the infraction that we've seen. We're telling them they need to correct it, and we come back at a later date to see if it is corrected. Oftentimes, we do not see it corrected, but many times we do, and we have vendors on the streets who we have seen bring themselves into compliance that then become an

committee on consumer and worker protection 44 inspection the next time and we move on. So that is the type of interaction that we do to have folks understand what needs to be fixed in order for them to be on the street.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Do you perform that in the various citywide languages?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: This is what

I was saying before, Chair, and thank you for that
question. When we interact with a vendor, we
determine what language we need to speak with the
vendor. So we do that, typically speaking we're
encountering folks who need Spanish or some type of
Chinese, Cantonese, or Mandarin translation. We have
that. We've used our language services to make sure
that it actually comes to the person in their native
language because that has to come across.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: The other languages that are impacted in my district are Albanian, Arabic, and French.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: This is what we have the translation service for.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Got it. Intro.

1264 would repeal misdemeanor criminal penalties for

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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

2 general vendors and mobile food vendors. How would

3 this bill impact your enforcement approach?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Practically, the bill wouldn't impact our enforcement approach because we are not issuing criminal summonses. We understand that this is a very significant issue and has been debated through the Street Vendor Advisory Board and other panels. The Commissioner, when we took over Office of Street Vending Enforcement, made a commitment that civil summonses only would be issued by Sanitation. We've stuck to that commitment, and that's how we'll be continuing.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: We hear you and we respect that, but as administrations change and so do commissioners, and so the impact would be way beyond us so understanding that, not just now, but for the future, if we remove this, how would it impact your enforcement approach if you did have a different commissioner that did not believe in that.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: As we have a Commissioner that we have now, I can only speak to that, Chair, but I'd also be very happy to say that we would love to work with Council Member, yourself,

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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 46
2	and follow up on this afterwards. This is an
3	important issue for us as well.
4	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I appreciate that.
5	In the past year, how many 3-1-1 complaints about
6	street vendors have you received?
7	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I am going to
8	come back to you with that answer, and I apologize I
9	do not have it at my fingertips today.
10	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: DCWP, how many in
11	the past did you receive?
12	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I think,
13	with respect to this past year, I'm sorry.
14	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: No worries, take
15	your time, don't rush.
16	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I'm just
17	trying to find the right number here.
18	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: We'll be here for
19	a while.
20	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I think
21	between January and April, we had received around
22	2,000 vending complaints.
23	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: How many?
24	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: 2,000.

2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: And how does the 3 City respond to these complaints?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Sorry. I would just note that we received those complaints when we were doing the enforcement.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: It's the transition here, y'all. It's April 1st right here.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I'm happy to take the April 1st transition on that one. We use 3-1-1 to guide us as to what neighborhoods we need to put a presence in and see whether or not there are conditions that need to be corrected. 3-1-1 is one of, the data source is our primary tool for determining like where we should be planning to go, but we absolutely take community input. We receive input from electives, from community boards, from community groups. We take that into consideration as well.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. In May of 2022, the Administration announced that it was taking actions to reform and modernize street vending regulations for New Yorkers in response to the Street Vendor Advisory Board's report. Can you tell us what

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 48 exactly those actions were and provide an update on their rollout?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Yeah, I think Council Member Menin provided a good summary that we had 16 recommendations from the Street Vendor Advisory Board. That was a very collaborative process that we engaged in with multiple stakeholders that were appointed from at the time Mayor de Blasio and at the time Mayor Corey Johnson representatives from all walks of life in the terms of the streetscape, brick and mortar as well as street vendors. The process that we had for that was allowing individuals to identify issues that matter to them, that they're interested in, bringing that for discussion to the entire board, and then using a process of universal consensus to deliver the board's recommendations. And many of them are being brought up today in this hearing, which is excellent. I'm very happy to see that. I think that we provided our positions earlier on those bills as well. I think there have been other programming that's been put in place as well with SBS and DOT, but I think the City's commitment to supporting street vendors has been strong, and I also

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: It's been several weeks since the Corona Plaza Vending Market Pilot Break began. Can you give us updates on how's it going?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: That is actually something I would like to refer to colleagues who are not here and bring you an update on. This pilot is being supported, of course, by DOHMH, FDNY, DSNY, DCWP, DOT, and City Hall colleagues are the primary folks running it, and they'd be best to provide an update on that.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Would City Hall colleague, Jake Capistran, like to respond to that question? Okay. We'll skip those questions and we'll provide them. However, I'll put it on the record to have DOT respond to them going forward.

Recently, the City proposed a rule to prohibit all street vending on bridges. Can you explain the reasoning behind this proposed rule?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Again, Chair, this is one that I would refer to my colleagues at City Hall and DOT. I can offer that, as you know, in

the rulemaking process in the Statement of Basis of
Purpose, DSNY is supportive of the rule. Part of what
we've seen in our enforcement on the Brooklyn Bridge
is an incredible clogging of space, cleanliness
issues, usability for pedestrians. We do understand
and need to see some change there, and that is part
of why we have supported DOT's rulemaking process,
but we can't comment specifically on the rule or the

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language there.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: This actually came from an experience from one of my Colleagues in their District where we've heard that some business owners and/or residents are charging, charging, I am saying charging street vendors to use the sidewalk outside of their buildings. What should a vendor do if someone tries to charge them for the use of the sidewalk? I know. I know. Some people have gotten creative.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I think
it'd be valuable for us to be able to be put in touch
with that type of street vendor situation to
understand more details outside of the hypothetical.
I think there's a lot of that could be going on there
that could be looked into.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: As my Colleague

Sanchez just indicated, it also has been happening at

parks as well so if we can collaborate and it's

something where we can do outreach to all street

vendors to make sure that they know their rights as

well when they apply for their licensing.

The additional questions I have is here, in your testimony, you had said you post warnings in neighborhoods 24 hours ahead of enforcement. Is that posted in all citywide languages or just in English?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Those were,

Chair, in the five languages that I had mentioned

before which are, forgive me, let me just pull them

up so as not to do it wrong, English, Mandarin,

Cantonese, Spanish, and Urdu.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: In your testimony you also stated that you've issued about 1,056 violations, but how much in total value dollars?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I'll have to come back to you with that.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Can you give me an example of what happens to a vendor that does receive enforcement? Just guide me through it. You're saying you come to the community, issue a warning. You find

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2 someone to your statement that is unlicensed,

unpermitted, and also unavailable. What happens next?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: What we first find, if I may, Chair, is a compliance issue. Whether there's multiple tables, things bolted to the sidewalk, we see that there are dirty conditions around a vending setup. We look for that. We talk to the vendor first. We explain what the problem is. We give vendors a chance to get into compliance too in those circumstances. We have many instances in which our sanitation police will see within 30 minutes or an hour or two hours, did the vendor take the instruction and come into compliance, but that comes after we have had a warning exchange first, whether it be posting in the neighborhood where the postings say infractions have been observed, you need to be in compliance with all vending rules, or direct engagement like I discussed too. We have that. When a vendor cannot come into compliance then, our issue is determining what violation are we looking at and what summons to issue at that point. When we come to the point where we see the occurrence is unpermitted or unlicensed, yes. At that point, after those steps and those interactions that I described, you will have a

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 53 2 confiscation, and at that point, we give out a 3 summons if the person is there. If the person has 4 left their setup and it's abandoned, we do take it, but it is all retrievable. The person just has to come down to 59 Maiden Lane to ask for property. As 6 long as they can describe it, we can do this then. 8 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: How much do you 9 charge them to get their property out? The storage fee if it's with us for more than 48 hours 10 11 afterwards, I think is something around, and I'm going to get you the exact number after, I apologize. 12 13 16 dollars a day, but I need to check on that. So let 14 me come back to that. 15 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Do you think that cost is too high for folks, especially if a table is 16 17 worth about 15 to 16 bucks. 18 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: We do not 19 expect everyone to come back and retrieve property. 20 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: So what do you do 21 with the properties if they are not retrieved? 2.2 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Right now, 2.3 it's still in storage with us. We are formulating an asset forfeiture process. It hasn't been finalized, 24

and we haven't asset forfeitured anything yet.

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2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: When do you think 3 you would have it finalized?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I don't have an estimate on that, but when we do, we will come back to the Committee, and we will be speaking with our partners in the advocacy groups.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I appreciate that.

I will now turn it to Council Member De La Rosa who has several questions.

COUNCIL MEMBER DE LA ROSA: Thank you,
Chair, and thank you to the Administration for being here today.

First, I wanted to just clarify. DSNY,

Ryan, thank you for being here. In your testimony

around Intro. 1253, which is the bill that I'm

introducing, I just wanted to clarify that the

legislation that we're presenting today doesn't say

two feet from an obstruction. It's as close as

possible to that obstruction as possible, and it also

does not amend the 12 feet pedestrian crossing that

already exists in law.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Thank you for that clarification, Member. And one, I'm sorry if there was any mischaracterization on my part. I

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appreciate that. Two, what you just said as the second part was unclear to us, and that's part of what we'd like to talk to you about in the process of going through this.

COUNCIL MEMBER DE LA ROSA: Great. We're happy to talk about clarifying. It is an important legislation because we want to make sure that there's clarity as to where vendors can vend and we also don't want people so close to the curb where they are in harm's way. As many of these thoroughfares, we walked 181st together, we saw what happens there in my District, and we want to make sure that vendors are safe as well.

I wanted to ask some questions around siting. Has there been a study on the siting rules at this point from any agency, a new study, updated study, in recent history in terms of where vendors can vend, any of those type of studies?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Not since we've taken over Office of Street Vendor Enforcement, but I'd like to turn this to my colleagues as well from Street Vendor Advisory Board days and before.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: No, I don't believe there's a comprehensive study on terms of sighting in streets, no.

COUNCIL MEMBER DE LA ROSA: Okay. That would be an important suggestion. I think that one of the things we often hear is how impossible, how difficult it is to find a legal spot to vend, and so making sure that people who are able to vend at this time or in the future are able to easily find places where they can vend.

I also wanted to ask about, oh, time's up. Okay, I'm just going to ask one more question about how complex the siting rules are. Have you all engaged vendors, coalition members around education, around siting rules at this time during this Administration?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I would say when we were in charge of the Office of Street Vendor Enforcement, we certainly engaged with stakeholders and did outreach often in person directly in business corridors. We also collaborated very closely with Small Business Services. I think some of the checklists that my colleague mentioned that provide guidance on what the siting rules are, and I also

4 provided maps to New Yorkers to understand where they

are allowed to vend depending on what type of license

6 | they have in hand.

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COUNCIL MEMBER DE LA ROSA: Great. Just to reiterate, I know myself, I know a lot of my Colleagues who are here today, we want to be part of the solution, we want to help streamline and make those apps or tools better and more user-friendly for our community, language access continues to be a challenge for us, and so please see us as a resource and as part of the solution in this problem. We know it's a difficult conversation, but we are not afraid of difficult conversations, and I think, as I stated in my opening statement, these vendors are the heart and soul of our communities. We want to make sure that vendors are thriving, that they're recognized as small businesses, and we know that conversation also has to happen in our communities with brick-andmortar small businesses as well so thank you so much for being here today.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Council Member

25 Brewer.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you very much. I hope I'm clear that NYPD is not involved at all anymore. Is that correct? Because most people don't know who to call so if they're complaining, they just call NYPD.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Council Member, the NYPD still has a role in vending enforcement, and I'd like to break that out real quick.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: If you could.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: The Office of Street Vending Enforcement has Sanitation, as inheriting it from Department of Health and DCWP, doing the civil enforcement around general and mobile food vending. That does not include when we encounter counterfeit goods. That does not include when we find contraband or drugs. Those are things that we do, of course, refer over to the Police Department. The Police Department also still has the authority to enforce any civil and criminal law on the books in the city. While it does not have the Office of Street Vending Enforcement, it is not the primary vending enforcement arm, it still has the authority to engage in vending enforcement.

know the vendors complain that they see a lot of NYPD. NYPD doesn't get involved then unless you let them know that there is something that's illegal, or what would be the other instance? I don't quite understand.

observe, as they do through their precincts, conditions throughout the precinct catchment areas. It is something that is still, of course, like what precinct officers would do. Look for conditions on the street and address. I can't speak for the PD and how they operate that.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I can say that in terms of what you see with DSNY and the NYPD, we have that partnership on contraband and counterfeit, because it's not us, and we shouldn't have that.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: No, I understand that part. It's the other part of confusion for the public, but let's leave it at that. I just think that's something that has to be worked on.

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2 Number two, just bricks and mortar, 3 because obviously we all have a lot of them. Is there 4 education, because they always complain there's a fruit vendor outside when I am selling fruit. That's the normal complaint. It seems to me that, first of 6 7 all, there may be room for both. At the same time, I 8 don't want to hurt the bricks and mortar, so is there an ongoing discussion with the BIDs and with others who represent them, Chambers of Commerce, about 10 11 vending? Who would take that on, would it be 12 Consumer, you, Health, who?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Member, as the Commissioner stated at a prior hearing, DSNY is not the primary outreach and education agency for vending.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: It was all one Administration last I checked.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: We say that only because on the enforcement mechanism that we do, we stick to working on compliance and enforcement. We partner with Small Business Services, DCWP, and DOHMH, as Small Business Services in particular has led on doing work in communities with BIDs and Chambers of Commerce and vending.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay, so they're supposed to be the lead agency on education for those two entities.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: They have a very big role in that, ma'am.

obviously, the bill that I was talking about, the Preconsidered, it's to prohibit street vending on bridges. That's what, DOT, I know you're not DOT, but do you have any knowledge, can you explain why they would propose no vending on bridges, and do you have any opinion on what we're considering, which is limited vending with certain qualifications?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I'd like to tackle your last question first, Member. We don't yet have an opinion. We haven't had a chance to sit down and assess what the Intro. was that came to us, which we will be doing after this. As I stated before with the Chairperson, when the rulemaking process was begun, it was DOT, but with stakeholders like DSNY and NYPD supporting it after what we had seen as major congestion, usability, cleanliness issues on the bridge. It is something that we have enforcement out every day because the bridge, at points of it, is

just not passable and just not usable. We take this
concern very seriously for that reason.

4 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: So you look at the

5 Preconsidered Intro. and let us know? Okay.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Council Member

Thank you very much, Madam Chair.

Sanchez.

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COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Thank you so much, Madam Chair. First, I just want to thank the Street Vendor Project for all of your advocacy. [SPEAKING SPANISH] The street vendors who take their time to be here and listen and advocate for their conditions. I want to ground my questions in that instance, my mom sent me a video just last week of an enforcement action on Broadway in the Bronx that was truly heartbreaking. It was a street vendor who had her fruits and vegetables confiscated. She had a crying baby next to her. She looked like she was at the verge of tears, and it's just heartbreaking because she wants to do the right thing, but clearly that situation still occurred so in the context of just understanding how DSNY is using these goods, you mentioned in your testimony 100,000 of produce since April 1st have been donated to food pantries. Out of

that have been confiscated?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Council Member, thank you for that question. Let me try and do a denominator for you correctly just by combining the pounds of produce, 100,000, about 108, 000, and the 2.9 tons of food that we have put into the organic stream. That's the total of it. The vast majority of the weight we're getting is, of course, untouched produce, because you can't donate if it's not untouched, but I don't know how to say compare the two then, except that, know that if it is cooked food, we are making sure it gets into the organic stream in some way, but it's a large amount that's been donated, and I can provide very happily the list of food pantries we've been working with citywide, and we're always open to more if they're in the community that you'd like to make us aware of.

COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Thank you. Thank you so much. The second question is you describe a warning first and enforcement second approach. So just understanding what exactly that means, what are you warning folks about? Is it just citing regulations? What about food safety? What exactly are

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you saying to folks? Second, related to a question

that our Chair asked on language accessibility. Do

folks speak the language that our vendors are

speaking?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: On the second question first, ma'am, as I said before, we have fluency on our sanitation police staff in Spanish and Mandarin. We do use a language service call translation service to make sure that if we encounter someone who doesn't speak either of those languages or English, we can communicate with them in their native language.

On the warning to enforcement approach that was described before, yes, we do warnings in one of two ways. Some is a posting in the neighborhood before we come in for an enforcement action, which is 24 hours before. Some is direct engagement. When it's direct engagement, which is what I believe you were particularly asking about, we explain what the infraction is that we're seeing, and we give vendors notice that we will come back and look for compliance. If we come back and don't see compliance still, at that point in time, we engage, and that's when often we find out about licensed versus

2 unlicensed. If we encounter unlicensed in that

3 situation, we do engage in a confiscation. I believe

4 | that was where you were trying to have me just spell

5 | that out. I want to make sure I spelled it out for

6 you.

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COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: No, that is helpful. Chair, if I may, but enforcement of what, right? There's so many rules and regulations related to vending. What are you looking for as a Department of Sanitation?

that could apply to a general vendor, a mobile food vendor on the street in terms of how they are supposed to be cited and how they're supposed to be operating. I will offer that you had mentioned sanitary conditions before. Some things did not come to us, such as my colleague, Corinne, can speak to that. We're not qualified to say what is a sanitary cooking situation versus not. Department of Health does food inspections for that. I'm talking about the rules around how a cart or apparatus is supposed to be sited and operated generally.

COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Okay. If I may, the last question is a multipart-er. Thank you,

say to the vending community that's here and to New

Yorkers that we do see good compliance with food

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committee on consumer and worker protection 67 safety rules, and you've all commented on vendors provide a variety of foods for all of us, and we do see good compliance with food safety requirements.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Member, I would offer that the enforcement scheme is the enforcement scheme, and we're beholden to it to do that. As changes come down to it, we will adapt, of course, and we'll make sure those regulations are updated online, but our role is to make sure that if it's on the books, we're looking at that. I don't have a comment on licensing or whether that would increase or not. I don't think I'm the right person or DSNY is the right agency to comment. We continue to engage in enforcement as we do.

COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Thank you. I don't think it's fair. I think we need to lift the cap, and I look forward to more conversation on that. New York City is, as folks have heard me say, New York City is the only jurisdiction that regulates street vendors with a cap system the way that we do. It's not working for us. Nobody else does it. I just look forward to more conversation on moving street vending forward in New York City. Thank you, Chair.

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2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Council Member

3 Farías.

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Thank you so much.

Chair. Just to piggyback a little bit off of Council

Member Sanchez's questions. Has the agency or the

administration, any of the agencies in front of us,

ever looked at different ways to collaborate or to

create opportunities, cooperatives, etc., from the

street vending community. If there has been almost a

decade, if not more, of efforts to not lift the cap,

what are the ways that the Administration has done to

create opportunities in this community?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I think a good example of this is perhaps the Community Vending Marketplaces proposal that was in the Street Vendor Advisory Board report and which I feel is being implemented by our partners at DOT at Corona Plaza. I think this is an innovative way to figure out how we can maximize public space while also keeping in mind that we want to make sure that food safety regulations are there, that public safety through regulations are there but that we're working collaboratively with our street vendor advocate partners and local community-based organizations.

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Sure. In that report, there were also different responses on what reform and modernization of street vending regulations look like. Can you tell us any more other than this one example or any updates on the rollout?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I think many

of them were legislative and I think are a part of this package today. Generally, I think what we found a lot of consensus on from brick-and-mortar and from street vendor advocates was that there are unnecessary burdens. There are bookkeeping requirements that are not fair, so to speak. There are limitations on being able to have an umbrella out on a hot day. These are the considerations that I think we were able to find consensus on in the street vending landscape, and I think, as you heard from myself and my colleagues, these are certainly proposals that we support or are open to engage with.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay. I just wanted to do just a quick check on some of the logging of how we do a compliance check and the warning. When do we identify what language needs to be responded to in case we need to go back for an enforcement action, like how are we assuring that the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 70 enforcement action is going readily with people that speak the language that were given the warning.

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Member, when the interaction between the sanitation police officers and the vendor occur, so in that, when we're doing a direct engagement, we've spoken with the vendor first, we know, and we'd know when we come back. If we've posted a warning in the area and we're coming back to do enforcement, if we see infraction still at that point, that is the first touch that we have a translation for, and I appreciate the point and the question on that, and I will come back to you with a little more on that.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay, great,
because I just want to know does that mean that we
say Spanish speaker here in case we have to go back,
we go back to that original log and make sure we
assign a person that actually speaks that language,
or do we end up in a situation where we have a
language barrier and an enforcement action?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: Member, forgive me, even if I don't have the person on the team who's fluent in that, everyone has the language services application to be using.

Respectfully, as someone that uses language translation for local government, not always great so that's why I'm just trying to ask.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Got it.

My last question. In DSNY's testimony around Intro. 1264, you stated that you folks only issue civil violations for vending infractions and will only engage in civil summonsing when conducting vending enforcement. I guess my question is around removal of the criminal misdemeanor penalties. You folks received now the regulatory measures or the jurisdiction of street vending, are you saying to me that all of the previous misdemeanor penalties are now waived and you're starting new or (INAUDIBLE). In response to that, how do we then backdate misdemeanor penalties or ensure that they can be waived or removed through DSNY now?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: I don't know how to answer that question, and I'm going to have to come back to you with that. I appreciate it. I don't know if there is a backdating or waiving for things that had happened previously. I do know that from the date we took over on April 1st, no more criminal

on my future application of receiving a license?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEROLA: A license generally? I think licenses that we have authority over at the Department of Consumer Worker Protection just the mere fact of having misdemeanor will not necessarily impede you or limits you from having access to a license.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay. I'd like to talk more about that just because if we're seeing over 20,000 applications and there's going to be a variety of people with different resumes on what they're applying for doing the same type of job versus who has a civil penalty, who does not, we want to assure that everyone has equal access and opportunity to those. Thank you for the questions. We'll talk offline on the additional followups, and thank you, Chair, for the additional time.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Council Member Brewer.

a broader question about the future. The generators. That's an issue. I'm trying to think of all those ways that brick-and-mortar constituents can support the vendors more holistically, and one of the issues are that people don't like other generators. How can

colleagues, and I just appreciate you and your roles

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. It's been a pleasure and an honor working with you guys. Going to miss you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: Thank you,
Chair. We'll give the Administration an opportunity
to collect their things, and we will turn to public
testimony.

If you are here in person, please come up and take a seat at the table, and you may begin once the Sergeant has notified you that time started.

Remember to push the button on the microphone before you begin. You will have two minutes to testify, so please begin once the time starts.

Our first panel will be Erin Piscopink,
Matthew Shapiro, Helen He, Mohamed Attia, Mohamed
Awad, and Cleotilde Juarez. This panel requires
Spanish and Mandarin interpretation.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Folks, before you testify, just be mindful I'm going to ask you to put

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Thank you everyone for your patience. Give us a little bit more time.

New York City is very diverse, and we have multiple languages being translated today, which is excellent so just bear with us a little bit more so that way everyone has access to what is going on. Thank you so much.

All right. Seems like we're rocking and rolling. Once again, thank you everyone for your patience. It's going to be a long one. I started off with a bang, and we're going to end off with a bang. How about that? Go ahead Sarah.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: Erin, you can begin.

ERIN PISCOPINK: Good afternoon, Chair

Velázquez and Members of the City Council. My name is

Erin Piscopink, and I'm the co-chair of the New York

City BID Association. The Association is comprised of

the 76 Business Improvement Districts across the city

that are as diverse as the city itself. We understand

that New York City has always had street vendors,

small entrepreneurs who are trying to make a living and support their families. The same motivation drives our storefront businesses including the small shops and restaurants that make our communities unique. We welcome commonsense changes to laws that will make it easier for the street vendors to make a living, but only in conjunction with enforcement of siting criteria and other regulations meant to ensure things like clear path for pedestrians and distance from storefront businesses.

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I'll comment on each of the bills. We support Intro. 1060 and Preconsidered bill 4381, which would limit vending on bike lanes and bridges.

We also support Intro. 1062 and 1188, which provide greater flexibility to street vendors in their display of goods, bookkeeping requirements, and employees. While we generally support the decriminalization of street vending, we do want to ensure that agencies have the appropriate tools to enforce sighting, health, and other critical regulations. We therefore request further conversation on Intro. 1264.

We have significant concerns about Intro.

1253, which would allow for vendors to operate in

front of obstructions. Obstruction is undefined, but we understand it to include bike racks, planters, bollards, and other street furniture. We believe that this significant change without consideration of clear path requirements, visual clutter, and the usability of street furniture would be unwise. We hope that key agencies, BID leaders, and other key stakeholders will be consulted and that the impact of this legislation would be further studied before any action is taken. We've submitted slightly longer testimony and look forward to working together.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: My name is Matthew

Shapiro, and I'm the Legal Director of the Street

Vendor Project at the Urban Justice Center. I'm

pleased that many of the bills being discussed today

will start to correct the double standard that has

long existed in regards to the regulation of street

vendors compared with other small businesses.

For example, we strongly support Intro.

1062, which would repeal the requirement that vendors produce their records of daily sales, purchases, and expenses. Other businesses are not subject to such a requirement and there's no reason that vendors should

either. Intro. 1062 also repeals the confusing
language about general vendor stands and clarifies
that general vendors can use umbrellas to protect
themselves from the sun and the rain. Finally, Intro.
1062 amends 17-315(c) of the Admin Code to allow
vendors to store items on their carts. The original
intent of this law was to ensure that vendors do not
occupy excessive sidewalk space, and this bill will

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ensure that.

Intro 1188, which is also extremely important, we strongly support. It requires only vendors who receive a permit or a supervisory license obtain a sales tax certificate of authority and tax clearance certificate. Currently, there are many vendors who obtain a license who are just workers, who have nothing to do with paying the sales tax of the business. They should not be required to obtain a sales tax certificate of authority. Currently, they are required to, and they're required to file their sales tax returns, putting zero because they're not paying the sales tax for the business as an employee, and, if they forget to file, which happens fairly often, they're subject to late fines and fees. This bill should go a step further and also amend Admin

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Code 17-310 to ensure that only vendors who renew a permit or supervisory license are required to provide a tax clearance certificate, not just in their

5 original application.

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Preconsidered Intro. to regulate vending on city bridges. We're concerned about the 20-foot distance between vendors. There used to be a law many, many years ago in 1977 that required 20 feet of space between vendors on the sidewalk. This law was struck down as unconstitutionally vague so we're willing to work with the Council Member to come up with some way to make sure that vendors can exist on the Brooklyn Bridge but without the problematic language that It's probably unconstitutional.

Thank you all for this important work. It's so good to see legislation coming out of the Council about this. Thanks.

MOHAMED ATTIA: Good afternoon, Chair

Velázquez, Members of the Committee. Thank you for

the opportunity to testify. I'm Mohamed Attia. I'm

the Managing Director of the Sheep Vendor Project.

The Sheep Vendor Project is a member-led organization

with 2,900 Sheep Vendor members. We organize with the

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vendors community, we advocate for a fair and just

system, and we provide essential services that the

street vendors community desperately needs. For

centuries, street vending has been a platform for

thousands of New Yorkers, immigrants, people of

7 color, military veterans, entrepreneurs who are

seeking a chance for upward economic mobility for

9 themselves and their families.

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However, for decades in our city, we have been dealing with an unfair and unjust system and arbitrary laws. The bills before you today are essential to move us forward towards a fair system where vendors are not treated as criminals and to a place where they are not fined for minor nonsense and possible to follow rules.

I want to thank Council Member Krishnan for introducing Intro. 1264 to reduce the criminal liability on street vending violations. It's a bill that we believe is important to make sure that we are treating vendors as small businesses, not as criminals. As a former vendor myself, I received several criminal tickets for very minor violations such as not wearing my food vendor license while I'm working.

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Also, I'd like to thank Council Member De La Rosa for introducing Intro. 1253 that will create safer space for vendors and to make sure that they are close to the curb of the sidewalk but in a reasonable manner.

And we can't really discuss street vending without highlighting the fact that we are dealing with an outdated system that prevents vendors from accessing license and permits. Decades ago, the City placed caps on the number of license and permits, and that has been preventing the vendors from operating their business in a lawful way. The cap on merchandise vending licenses is set to 853 licenses, which is one of the most arbitrary numbers that the government can ever come up with. Look here at these waiting lists. More than 10,000 names on each waiting list. According to the rate that DCWP is going with, the person at the end of the general vendor license waitlist, their name is Shamjet Taj (phonetic), they are likely going to receive a license in 75 years from now, towards the end of the century. Probably their grandchildren will receive that letter from DCWP. The City has tremendously failed in regulating street vending, and I think that

2 | right now we have an opportunity to step up, do the

3 right thing, reform the system, and make sure we have

4 a fair system for everyone.

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I want to thank Council Member Sanchez and Council Member Farías so much for introducing Intro. 1270 and hopefully having a hearing on it in the near future. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.

MOHAMED AWAD: Thank you, Madam Chair, for the opportunity to testify today. My name is Mohamed Awad. I am a food vendor and a Leadership Board Member of the Street Vendor Project. I have worked as a vendor since 2010, the same year I emigrated from Egypt. Since I started working as a vendor, I learned that the vending system is so difficult, it's impossible to get a permit from the city, and some of the rules are impossible to follow.

First off, I want to thank Council Member Krishnan for introducing the Intro. 1264 to reduce the criminal liability because we are small businessowners. We are hard-working New Yorkers. We are not criminals and we shouldn't be treated as such. And this issue, as a person, for me as back in 2010, I was arrested, yes, I was arrested because I

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forgot my license at home and I didn't have it on me

when a police officer asked me for that so I was

detained and I had to spend a whole day in the

criminal court jail and I was arrested as a criminal

justice because I forgot my license.

Also, I want to thank Council Member De

La Rosa for introducing Intro. 1253 to clarify the

curb rule and allow the vendor to sit up two feet

from the edge of the sidewalk. It's really difficult

to find legal location on our sidewalks, and

sometimes we receive tickets from many minor

violations like this and, for our safety as a street

vendor, it's very tiny room for someone who can spend

hours working in the same spot.

that after being a vendor for 13 years, I don't have my own permit. I have to deal with the underground market to rent somebody's permits and pay for cash under the table, and the City knows about that, and they're not offering any help doing anything about that. Now after Local Law 18 passed two years ago, I finally have a chance to be on the waitlist, and my wait list number is 2,846.

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Sorry for that, but I'd like everyone to be mindful. There are about over 80 people testifying today. I think we all want to get home at some point. I'd love for you to submit that to us in written form so we do include it in today's hearing, and thank you so much for coming out and explaining your experience. We appreciate it. Thank you.

Once again, thank you so much, everyone, for your patience. Five languages is amazing.

CLEOTILDE JUAREZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: Good afternoon. My name is
Cleotilde Juarez. I am a mother of three minors, ages
between from 8 to 14 years old. I am part of a
Director Board of the Vendors of the Street Vendors
Project, and, before all, I have been an entrepreneur
of the Mexican gastronomy in Queens for more than 20
years. My chalupas are so unique that they've been
recognized by the media, such as Eater, New York One,
Resy, etc.

CLEOTILDE JUAREZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: We believe that a true reform is indispensable. Let us remember that it has

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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 86 2 been more than 30 years since the city has not worked 3 on a fair reform. 4 CLEOTILDE JUAREZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH] 5 CHAMBERS: [APPLAUSE] CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH] 6 7 CLEOTILDE JUAREZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH] INTERPRETER: I would like to thank the 8 9 Committee for hosting this hearing and listening to the discussion regarding bills 1253 and 1264, and I 10 11 want to give a round of applause to my brave 12 colleagues who came to testify today. We would have 13 really liked to have heard about Intro. 1270 because 14 we believe that real reform is imperative. Let's 15 remember that it 30 years since the City has actually worked on a fair reform. We look forward to a hearing 16 17 that includes the above bill as soon as next year. 18 CLEOTILDE JUAREZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH] 19 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH] 20 CLEOTILDE JUAREZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH] 21 INTERPRETER: Okay. It is absurd... 2.2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Sorry. Sorry to 2.3 interrupt, Diane. I know you got ... [SPEAKING SPANISH] Please submit your testimony, because I know you 24

didn't get to finish, so thank you.

Go ahead, ma'am.

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INTERPRETER: Should I translate?

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Yeah, you should translate up to where she got to.

INTERPRETER: It is absurd that a city
like this does not have a well-structured system in
place that educates, trains, and provides tools as
basic as a license or a permit to start a business. I
would like to open a local shop. While I love being a
street vendor, I don't like being chased by the City,
harassed by the agencies in charge, much less being
treated like a criminal. For many years, I have
received criminal fines for simply wanting to run a
food business. I have gone to criminal court, and I
am afraid that this will hurt me in the future. That
is why I am here today, to express my support for
Bill 1264 that would decriminalize street vending.
Again, I thank you for listening to my testimony and
for your time.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. I
think going forward if you have the written
testimony, let them say it all, and you get your full
two minutes, and then you spend the two minutes
translating, if you don't mind just so that we could

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HELEN HE: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.

INTERPRETER: Thank you, Chairwoman

Velázquez, and thank you to the Committee for the

opportunity to testify today. Hello, everyone, I am

Helen He. I am a street vendor from Flushing and a

member of the Street Vendor Project Leadership Board.

I'm here today to express my strong support for bill

number 1264.

I have two children. One is 8 years old and is in elementary school and the other one is 18 and is going to college this year. I live with my 84-year-old mother. As you can see, I have a family that depends on my work to get by. My options for work are limited. What job is there for me so that I have time to pick up the children and take care of my elderly mother? Tuition fees need to be paid, bills need to be paid. In order to reduce family expenses, my children cannot go to the school that they want to go to, the more expensive schools.

In addition, it's a crime for us to be vendors. We sell goods to make an honest living, and

started recruiting street vendors as members. We have

a bit more than 2,900 members.

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someone apply for a green cart license. He's here,

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Ahmed Murad, right there. A green cart permit, sorry. The problem with the green cart permits is you can't just sign up and get one whenever you want. Even though they're available, the Health Department has an extensive waitlist scheme so you can only get on the waitlist when the Health Department opens it. This is a problem. The waitlist should just be open because there are permits available. It's the only kind of permit or one of the only kind of permits that you can actually get so there should be some changes to that program.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: What changes do you think?

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: If a vendor wants to get a green cart permit and the number of permits are available, which they are, you should just be able to go get one. You shouldn't have to wait until the Health Department opens the waiting list was only happens every three or four or five years, and it's only open for a limited amount of time. If you don't get on or you don't know about it, then you're not able to get a permit.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Do you keep a track of the folks that do come in and are part of that waitlist so when it is open, you notify them?

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Yes, we have a list. We keep track now of everyone that comes in and what they talk to us about, but it's very rare, honestly, that the green cart waiting list is open. It's every, I don't know, every four, Health Department should know every four or five years maybe.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: What's your collaboration with not only the Health Department, but certainly now when we're talking about the shift between DCWP with enforcement to DSNY? What has that shift looked like for you guys, and the outreach with your vendors and notifying them of that change?

MOHAMED ATTIA: Starting with the Health
Department, our relationship has been I would say
tricky in a way because we have been reaching out to
them since the passage of Intro. 1116, Local Law 18,
trying to get a timeline and a sense of the
implementation of the Law. However, we were never
given any information before the announcement about
the public hearing that took place 24 hours before
the implementation date assigned by the local law,

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which happened on June 30, 2022. We have requested a
lot of information about the process. However, we
have not received that, but afterwards, every time we
reach out to them, we have to file, like submit a
FOIA request for any information we would like to

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get. So that's DOHMH.

In terms of DSNY, we have a pretty good relationship in terms of communications, understanding the processes, and especially in the first several months, we have been in constant communication with them and thankfully that was very helpful for us to explain to our members what they should expect and anticipate in terms of the enforcement shift, especially that a lot of the questions were unanswered for several months from the agency itself.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: And your relationship with DCWP?

MOHAMED ATTIA: Since the transition of enforcement, it's been pretty limited. Probably we interact only in the Street Vendor Advisory Board, which has met only once since the report was released back in May 2022, and sadly, this meeting was pretty short because we had one agenda item to evaluate

committee on consumer and worker protection 94 something that did not exist, which was the rollout of the new supervisory licenses. We had a meeting with all the board members, and the conversation was about the rollout, and the rollout hadn't happened by the time we had the meeting so there was nothing to

discuss, and that ended at that.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: When we're talking about collaboration with DOT, especially when today's conversation with the Brooklyn Bridge component, and certainly with Council Member Brewer's and Farías' bill, what kind of conversations have you had with DOT on that?

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Yeah, we've talked to

DOT several times about the Brooklyn Bridge. I

personally went to the bridge with DOT folks and

walked up and down it, that was maybe last year, and

we talked about it. We testified against the proposed

ban. We're thankful to Council Member Brewer for her

Introduction and want to talk more with her office

about how we can make that happen.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: When we're talking about a clear path requirement giving the expanded areas granted by 1253. What do you think about that?

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2 MATTHEW SHAPIRO: The 16-foot clear path 3 requirement?

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Yes.

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Yeah, we need to go back and measure many spots on the bridge. We did it once before, but we want to make sure that there's enough spots that are at least 16 feet in width. We acknowledge that there needs to be regulation there. Something that the city could also do is increase enforcement on the general vendor size rules. General vendors are only allowed to occupy eight by three feet of space. There are a lot of vendors that are taking more than the allowable space, and that's what's contributing to the crowding. If more enforcement was directed to that, then that would solve a lot of the problems.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: What's the proper form of enforcement, and who should be the right agency in enforcing?

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: It should be a civilian agency. It depends, right? For food safety, it should be the Health Department. Are you asking whether I think the Sanitation Department is the right agency?

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2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I'm just asking in
3 a perfect world when we're talking about enforcement
4 for street vendors. Not only the right agency, but
5 how would you see a proper enforcement looking like
6 for each type of vendor when we're talking about food

7 and/or general?

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MOHAMED ATTIA: Sure. Thanks, Chair, for the question. In terms of food and food safety, it makes all the sense that DOHMH is the appropriate agency to oversee that. I don't think we have any problem with them being the main agency here.

In terms of other vending rules, in terms of time, place, and manners, in terms of all of the other siting rules, it makes sense for a civilian agency to be in charge, but the only problem we have is that regardless which agency is taken over, as long as the system is impossible to comply with, it won't matter much.

I'll be very honest and very frank here.

Of course, we don't want to send police officers with handcuffs and firearms to interact with the vendors.

We don't see that in the restaurant industry. I've never seen a cop walking into a brick-and-mortar and asking the manager to hand over their ID or write

them a criminal ticket or arrest them for any violation. Sadly, that happens with the vendors, so we don't want to see that kind of enforcement taking place within the vendors community as workers, as small businesses, but also as long as the system itself is not functioning, the rules themselves are

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

impossible to follow, any sort of enforcement coming

out will be very excessive and very punitive towards

the street vendors community. 10

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Matt, earlier when we were talking about, it was Intro. 1253, in regards to obstructions, when we were talking about the bollards and putting yourself in front so that was what I meant. In regards to that, what do you think is the proper spacing?

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: I think the bill is as good as it's written. I feel like vendors need to have some adequate distance allowable from the curb. It's also to clarify the rule, because right now it doesn't say that vendors must abut the curb. It says that vendors have to be on the part of the sidewalk that abuts the curb. No one really understands exactly what that means. If they wanted to say abut the curb, they could have just written that, but they

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: When you're talking about these, are you considering pedestrians

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strollers?

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Yeah, absolutely. I'm a parent with a stroller. I live in Jackson Heights so I know all about it. I think absolutely. There needs to be enough space for pedestrians. We think the 12foot sidewalk width requirement along with the rule that you have to be near the curb is enough. Remember, we're not talking about the whole sidewalk here. We don't live in the suburbs. We live in New York City. You're walking down the sidewalk. There's going to be lots of stuff, there's going to be scaffolding, there's going to be bike racks, there's going to be Citi Bike, there's going be planters, there's going to be all sorts of things. There's also going to be spots where there's maybe 8 feet or 10 feet of space occupied by a vendor so for that space, yes, the sidewalk will be narrowed for that 8 or 10 feet. That's a reality of the city we're living in. We want to make sure that vendors aren't in the middle of the sidewalk. They need to be by the curb, but there are other things on the sidewalk besides pedestrians, and those other things, like all the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 100 stuff I mentioned, are really important for the city just like vendors.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay. Right now, how much space does DOHMH require right now from the curb?

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: I'm not exactly sure.

Different agencies have different interpretations of that curb rule. OATH has interpreted it as 18 inches.

Once I heard that the Police Department said one foot. I don't really know, wWhich leads to this bill to try to make it clear to give a distance so I don't know what DOHMH requires. We'd have to ask them.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay, and then I think back to my enforcement question, just because I want to know what works in your experience, and so what do you think is a fair but effective enforcement and what does it look like for your vendors?

MOHAMED ATTIA: Probably something that might be surprising to some people here that a lot of our members are supportive of fair enforcement. They don't want to say we want to have a free for all. They don't want to say the enforcement should never exist. Enforcement and compliance is something that our members advocate for. The only problem we have in

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 101
2	our city is that you have a set of rules that are
3	impossible to follow. For example, the lack of
4	license is the biggest piece. I can't obtain a
5	license from the City to operate my business in a
6	lawful way. However, the same city, probably the same
7	city agency, is sending an inspector or an officer at
8	the same day giving me 1,000-dollar fine for not
9	having the license that they are not providing.
10	MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Just to add on that,
11	perfect world.
12	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Perfect world.
13	MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Perfect world.
14	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Give me an
15	example.
16	MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Licenses and permits are
17	available. Vendor is vending without a license. They
18	get a ticket, and the inspector says go apply for
19	your license and the ticket will be thrown out. That
20	would be a perfect world.
21	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: That's fair and
22	effective to both of you, you would say?
23	MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Yeah. As long as the

licenses are available.

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2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Beyond that, I

have a license already. Let's say that's the perfect world. I already got my license and I, two worlds, one scenario I screw up, I'm sorry, my bad, and then in the other world, I keep on screwing up, my bad, and my bad up to when is enough.

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Right, so there's an escalating fine schedule which I think exists for other types of business regulations, and vendors who are violating those rules, we should cut them some slack in the beginning if they don't know or it's their first time or there's something that's preventing them.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Yeah, that's right. In a perfect world, there'll be like two, right? There's one who like screws up and like, kind of to DSNY's point, and this is where I'm getting at, the first time offense, they work through it, they have the conversation, but when someone continues to do it, after they know better how do you see proper enforcement in that example?

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Right. We don't have an issue with the current fine structure that exists.

There's a multiple offense schedule that starts and

goes up to 500 dollars in penalties for a certain number of violations. There's not a problem with that schedule. The problem is with the rules itself. If the rules were fair, and we have opinions on a lot of the rules that aren't addressed in these bills here, but if the rules were fair to the vending community and you were knowingly violating the law, then those civil penalties should apply.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: To my last point here, confiscation of goods afterwards.

MOHAMED ATTIA: I would like just to add regarding enforcement, which is something that already exists and taking place, and sometimes we actually have to go and fight it that at certain point with repeated violations or license and permits, the City agencies will sue the vendor and revoke their license or permit, and that should address that concern. If there is a perfect world and folks can obtain the license and permit and they can be in compliance but they choose to break the laws, at certain point the agencies will revoke their permit or license and put them out of business.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: And that to you is fair and effective?

2 MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Right. As long as it's

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3 fair. There's a double standard that exists.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: No, that's why I said fair and effective.

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: Yeah, you bring up a very good point. So let's talk about the Health Department revoking permits, the difference between restaurants and food vendors. The law, as it's written right now, gives the power to revoke a restaurant's Health Department permit for serious and repeated violations. They can bring a proceeding before OATH and revoke their food service establishment permit. Right now, for vendors, the Health Department has the power to revoke a vendor's permit for one violation of the Administrative Code. It's a huge, huge double standard. We want to see the same standard apply for restaurants and vendors so that's the difference.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I think to DSNY's final point, where I think we really want to work with you on here, confiscation of goods. What has your experience been like with your street vendors, how have you worked with your street vendors in

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 105 obtaining their goods, and then lastly, what's a fair and effective way, in your perfect world, of getting those items back and what would be a fair rate as well?

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MOHAMED ATTIA: I think going back to the confiscation of goods, it is something that sadly very detrimental to the vendors as business owners, as hard workers who probably put everything they own in that little table or that little stand that they're making a living off. However, when they are in compliance with all the siting rules, keeping the right measurements, making sure they are in a legal vending location, for the lack of license or permit, they are still subject to those fines and to the property seizures. At a certain point, they might pile up fines that are way higher than their capital that has been invested in that tent, table, merchandise, etc., and there is no way around it unless we reform the system and bring these people into the system and making sure they have a license or a permit. It is very challenging, and we understand how it could be difficult for DSNY to enforce the law right now, but that's something we heard from former inspectors at DCWP. They said we

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION can't enforce the law on unlicensed vendors. If 2 3 somebody doesn't have a license, there is no 4 enforcement that takes place. We walk to them and we ask them to shut down and leave. That has been the enforcement mechanism by DCWP inspectors in the past, 6 7 which hasn't been really effective as we are seeing because people need to go out and make a living. So 8 how can we find a way where enforcement can actually work? Because right now, it cannot. 10

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: In your perfect world, confiscation of goods, where would you see a fair and effective way?

MOHAMED ATTIA: If somebody, a vendor, is intentionally breaking the law and creating a safety hazardous situation, they should be held accountable. This is something that all our members agree on.

MATTHEW SHAPIRO: DSNY says they mostly confiscate goods when the vendor is unlicensed are unpermitted, so if the vendors were licensed and permitted then that would take care of I think a large majority of the confiscations.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Do you think the fines that they have now, when they said the storage

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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 107
2 fee of about 16 dollars per day, do you think that's
3 fair?

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MATTHEW SHAPIRO: I don't think they should have to pay an additional fine. They're already paying a fine for the ticket so we don't think there should be additional fines. The fines were set by the Council as proportional to the offense, right? That's what we believe in our society so to have an additional fine on top of that we don't think is fair.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Alright, thank you. Now on to my Colleagues.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Just a couple questions for NYC BID if possible. I'm sorry, can you, I don't see it here in your testimony. Can you, oh, here it is. Your title is co-chair, correct? Did you help draft this statement and approve it?

ERIN PISCOPINK: Correct, so I am the executive director of the Grand Street BID in Williamsburg, and then serve as the co-chair of the New York City BID Association, which is a volunteer run organization.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Got it. Over the last I guess eight years or so, NYC BID and you folks

seven days to submit something after the hearing date

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COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Thank you, Chair.

I just want to join in all of Council Member Farías'
words here. It is extremely disrespectful given
everything that Council Member Farías says but also
the expertise that there has been and exists in the
City Council, in me, in Council Member Farías as
Council Members that represent impacted Districts,
but I aged 1116. I personally have been involved in
this legislation at City Hall, working with DCWP for
years so don't come here if you want to be productive

my opinion, should not have been used.

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 110 2 and call our legislation premature, okay? Please take 3 that back and yes, in seven days, we'd love to see 4 follow up that is substantive. Thank you. ERIN PISCOPINK: We'll submit additional testimony. Thank you. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you, 8 everyone. COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: Thank you. Our next panel will be in person. It will require a 10 11 Spanish interpreter. Irene, María Castillo, Vicente Veintimilla, Armando Garcia, and Rosa Baclima 12 13 (phonetic). Please come up to the table. 14 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: So once again, I'm 15 going to ask every participant [SPEAKING SPANISH] 16 alright, and that way we get no, no clapping, but 17 yeah, there we go. [SPEAKING SPANISH] 18 VICENTE VEINTIMILLA: [SPEAKING SPANISH] 19 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH] 20 INTERPRETER: Good afternoon. My name is 21 Vincente Ventimiglia. I am a vendor, Fordham Road in the Bronx. I've been in this unofficial business 2.2 2.3 market, trade market for 46 years, and I want to thank God and Chair Velázquez and this very relevant 24

Committee for allowing us to give our testimony. It

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 111
2	is unavoidable that these bills 1264 and 1253 are
3	approved with urgency.
4	Wait a minute, sorry. I lost myself.
5	Okay. When the first one is approved, all
6	the sanctions will be de-penalized and they will
7	become violations of a civil character, and the
8	second, allowing to open new places for the vendors.
9	In the personal, I am very discontented, and I do not
10	want to transform this unhappiness or discontentment
11	into a frustration, and this is due to the fact that
12	we were expecting that the proposals or the bills
13	1270 and 1268 will be prioritized and we expect it to
14	be integrated with the Department of Small
15	Businesses, and these proposals are key.
16	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. He will
17	submit it and we will include it in the testimony.
18	Thank you so much for your patience.
19	[SPEAKING SPANISH]
20	MARÍA ANGÉLICA CASTILLO LUNA: [SPEAKING
21	SPANISH]
22	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
23	MARÍA ANGÉLICA CASTILLO LUNA: [SPEAKING
24	SPANISH]

2 INTERPRETER: Good afternoon. My name is 3 María Angélica Castillo Luna. I am a member of the 4 Street Vendor Project, and I have been a vendor for 12 years. I sell cut fruits on 23rd and 6th Avenue in Manhattan. I have always sold with my mobile food 6 vendor license. I ask you today, why won't the city allow me to get a permit to formally enter the 8 industry? I have always worked in fear of the police. I have always thought that the police exist to take 10 11 care of us, not to be afraid of them, but nevertheless, I work in fear when I see an officer 12 13 because I don't know if they'll give me a ticket or arrest me. Twelve years ago, the police came after me 14 15 just for working and took me to jail, got (INAUDIBLE) 16 for just working and they did take me to jail. I 17 wasn't let out until the next day. I have two 18 children who are now in college, but 12 years ago, 19 when they were little, they didn't know if their mom 20 was going to make it home, or if she wouldn't be home 21 until the next day because a cop took her and 2.2 arrested her. That is why today I am here to ask the 2.3 decision makers, my elected officials who make decisions for our entire city, who hold your position 24 to protect everyone in the city, including me. To 25

rice, milk, and all kinds of breakfasts in Corona, Queens. Through my job, I keep my family in Ecuador and support my family in Ecuador, and I thank Council Member Marjorie Velázquez and the Committee for this opportunity to be able to testify. I support the bills 1264 and 1253, but in all the years that I've been in this country working as a street vendor, I've paid my taxes. I got a license to sell food and when finally I have saved enough to rent a permit in the black markets, 25,000 dollar, the pandemic arrived, and I want to get up again. I had to stop renting the permit, and that is why I'm here, to support bill

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5 list in which thousands of us street vendors are

6 included.

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Again, I thank you for accepting my testimony, and I hope that you take into account my suggestion.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you so much.

ARMANDO GARCIA: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Gracias.

INTERPRETER: Good morning, my name is
Armando Garcia. I am a vendor in the Bronx, and I've
been for more than 20 years doing this activity that
has helped me to educate my children in my country. I
have kidney deficiency and I receive dialysis ever
since seven years ago, and this year I lost a leg. I
come here once again, only God knows if it would be
the last, and we ask for a change in the legislation
that provides permits and licenses for the vendors as
an act of justice to those who have given parts of
our lives to the street. Probably I won't be able to
see the changes, I don't want to be pessimist, but
every time my health is deteriorating more and more

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 115
2 but nevertheless to know that I was part of these
3 valiant fighters makes me feel proud. I want to end
4 my days next to this great family, not in a hospital,
5 alone, abandoned. The streets have been our second

home and the streets will see me leave. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: Our next panel will be in person. Taisha McGriff, Guadalupe Sosa, Dan Rossi, Annie Xie, Jennifer Salgado, and Calvin Baker.

Alright, we're going to start off with Taisha McGriff.

TAISHA MCGRIFF: Good afternoon. My name is Taisha McGriff. I'm also a member of the Vendor Project and I'm also a small business owner of Tiny's Kitchen, all you need is a tiny's taste, and I want to thank you guys for allowing me to testify today.

I'm here not to disrupt, interfere, clutter, or assault you in front of any local establishment within my community. I want to be able to stand proudly alongside my fellow small business owners to provide a good service to my community with my delicious food. It's been 15 years since I applied and sent in documentation for my vendor's license,

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION
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    also for my merchandise. It's been 15 years, only to
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    be told that they don't have no recollection of me
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     even applying 15 years ago after I waited so long to
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     say that I never did because they only give to
    veterans, and if I'm not a veteran, that is
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     impossible for me to have submitted those
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     documentations, which was very disappointing and
     depressing. I'm here because it's so frustrating when
     I take the proper steps to get the permit, get the
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     license, and do everything to only be told that there
     is no way you can even achieve it. I need to be able
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    to obtain the tools that I need to be a sufficient
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    vendor on the street, and I'm just so passionate
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     about it because I just didn't wake up overnight and
     say, okay, I'm just going to go sell food on the
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     street. I went through the proper channels.
                CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.
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     about that.
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                TAISHA MCGRIFF: No problem.
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                CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I'm really trying
    to stick to the two minutes.
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                No problem.
                CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I'm trying to give
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    everybody the same grace. I appreciate it. If you
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the next 72 hours.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: 72 hours, you may submit written testimony to testimony@council.nyc.gov.

TAISHA MCGRIFF: Thank you.

GUADALUPE SOSA: Good afternoon, everyone. My name is Guadalupe Sosa, I've been a street vendor for more than 12 years. Today I'm here to support not only me but my colleagues in this never-ending battle against us street vendors. Like many others, I have suffered being discriminated, humiliated, and many other never-ending names. It is time we finally get recognized as the smallest business owners that we are. We deserve getting properly orientated, educated, and guided in order to do the proper things the state and the city requires. We also here to talk about the amount of time we get criminal fines for vending in the street and the lack of permits and licenses New York City has a cap on till this day. We aren't criminals, just vendors trying to bring bread to our table. Also, my father was one of those who got arrested for selling in the street when I was a minor. It was a dramatizing experience to see my

heard and be seen. Thank you.

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father get taken away from me with handcuffs all because he was vending and, ever since then, people look at you like you're a criminal and not a vendor and not a proper resident of New York City. We do everything legal and we try to do everything legal, but there's always a limit. It's time for us to get

ANNIE XIE: Good afternoon. My name is

Annie Xie, and I'm a Staff Attorney with the

Microenterprise Project at Volunteers Legal Service,
or VOLS. I would like to thank Chair Velazquez and
the Committee for the opportunity to testify today.

VOLS is a legal services non-profit, and the VOLS

Microenterprise Project provides free legal services
to small business owners and entrepreneurs.

For many New Yorkers, entrepreneurship is an effective path out of poverty and into financial stability and independence. Entrepreneurship takes many forms, including street vending which provides crucial economic opportunities, particularly for immigrants, minorities, and veterans. The repeal of misdemeanor criminal penalties for food and merchandise vending will help ensure that street vendors do not face the threat or fear of arrest as

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 119
they seek to provide for themselves, their families,
and their communities.

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At VOLS, we hear from all types of entrepreneurs, including street vendors, about the challenges of navigating what seems like a regulatory maze. In our work, we recently learned about a licensed fruit vendor who had hundreds of dollars of produce thrown out by the Department of Sanitation, which issued two violations that the fruit vendor could not understand in part due to language barriers. Another fruit vendor, a black U.S. Navy veteran on Social Security, recently approached VOLS in frustration because his food cart permit decal was stolen and he could not access any information on what to do next. He filed a police report but received two tickets for operating without a permit. These examples highlight the hurdles that street vendors encounter in addition to potentially facing criminal penalties. Beyond considering the decriminalization of street vending, we believe that expanding access to licensing, as outlined in Intro. 1270, will allow street vendors to formalize and grow their businesses under a fair regulatory system. Street vendors are among the smallest of New York

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

2 City's small businesses, and yet they form an

3 integral part of our communities and our local

4 economies.

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Thank you for accepting our testimony, and for supporting the needs of New York City's street vendor entrepreneurs.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.

JENNIFER SALGADO: Hello. Thank you for providing the space to testify before you this afternoon. My name is Jennifer Salgado, a proud Bronxite and the lead organizer at the Street Vendor Project. SVP is a member-led organization with more than 2,900 members who are working to create a vendor led movement for permanent change.

Although I am here to voice my overall support for all the bills presented today, I am here to speak on the absolute need to move forward Intro.

1264, a bill sponsored by Council Member Shekar

Krishnan that will decriminalize street vending across the city. Over the past two years, I have been working with vendors in Fordham Road up in the Bronx, where folks have been the victims of constant harassment from the local precincts. Many of these vendors have received criminal tickets, which forced

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 121
them to go to criminal court, simply for not having a
license or a permit. I come to this work not only
because I believe in social justice, but because I
draw from my own experience as a daughter of a former
street vendor. When my mother arrived to this country
30 years ago, there weren't many avenues she could
have pursued to secure a job and sustain my sisters
and I so she turned to street vending as her father
in Mexico had taught her. Being a vendor granted her
the agency to be her own boss and therefore be more
available and present for us, her children. In 2014,
on Valentine's Day, she along with other vendors,
guess where? If you guessed Fordham you're right. She
and the other vendors present were harassed by the
local precincts and later arrested. Her crime?
Selling flowers and bears without a license. She and
the other mothers sat in a cold cell for 24 hours
before seeing a judge until they were finally
released. This is what outdated laws do to
hardworking mothers. I want us to take a second to
recognize that this incident happened almost 10 years
ago and we are still seeing the criminalization of

vendors today in the same neighborhoods. I hope that

2 the City Council takes actionable steps that moves

3 legislative reform forward. Thank you.

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CALVIN BAKER: My name is Calvin Baker, and while I serve as a deacon under the Apostolic Faith, I'm a dad, I'm a grandfather, I'm a restorative justice leader at Faith in New York, but today I come to you as a street vendor, and I am here to ask the City to consider a number of bills to make sure that me and the vendors like me have a just vendoring system in New York City that treats us with dignity, respect, and the opportunity to live the American dream to have my own vendor business. The current waiting list is so long and with this priority to certain population does not currently give me and the brothers and sisters I work alongside with hope. This is why I endorsed the access to business license, which will open the doors for me as it is drafted and supported expanding the amount of vendoring licenses to 1,500. So that's why Street Vendor Project and dozens of other organizations are asking for street vendor reform. We are asking the City to stop criminalizing vendors, and any infractions should be civil and not criminal cases. This city has been built on the backs of blacks and

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 123
2 brown people, people who have migrated here,
3 willingly did the jobs no one else wanted to do
4 during the pandemic. Let's not criminalize them. We
5 ask that you support the bill to decriminalize
6 vendoring. Vendors want to be well, and we ask that
7 the Small Business Services train and educate us to

be the best vendors we can be. We asked that SBS

create a division to create such an office.

Lastly, vendors want to operate safely and we propose the reform public setting rule to allow us to place our stands within two feet from where the sidewalk meets. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. And like I said before please, please, please if there's additional information that you did want to share, please submit the written testimony. You have 72 hours for that so thank you for that.

I did actually want to follow up a question you had said about street justice, and what does just mean for you, a just street vending program mean to you?

CALVIN BAKER: What does a just street vending program means to me? For me not to feel

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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 124
2 criminalized when I come out to try to make money for
3 my family and to pay my bills.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Earlier we had

DSNY testify that they are not issuing any criminal violations. They're only civil fines. Have you experienced otherwise, and this is from April because they took over enforcement in April. Have you heard of anybody receiving any penalties other than civil?

CALVIN BAKER: Yes, I have. Even though they may not be issuing it, they have police officers that are with him that are issuing it so what makes them separate? They're coming together.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: To my point. Thank you.

CALVIN BAKER: You're welcome.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Miss Salgado. You had mentioned your mom had gone through this situation 10 years ago. Have you had street vendors since April approach the Street Vendor Project about any criminal penalties that they have received?

JENNIFER SALGADO: Yes. As I mentioned, I have been working with the vendors on Fordham Road for the past two years, and it is a constant threat that actually we had to create a whole pilot program

solution. There needs to be legislative reform.

2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Are you tracking 3 this as well?

4 JENNIFER SALGADO: We are tracking.

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Unfortunately, our organization cannot represent vendors in criminal court. Unfortunately, we do tell them this is the process that you need to take. We try to encourage folks to go to criminal court because we know that the City has worked to create safer laws for folks to do but there is still a great fear from all types of vendors to go to criminal court.

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you for sharing.}$ 

Earlier you had discussed about submitting your application over 15 years. Do you remember the agency that you submitted it to and which application you applied to?

TAISHA MCGRIFF: I just know it was on Broadway by the Bull. That's how I relate to that building, right across the street from the Bull. That's the building where I applied for both my full vendor license and merchandise, they advised me to do both, because she said I might as well do both at the same time. I'm not sure what the address to the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 127
building is, I don't remember, but I just know
anytime I go to the building, it's right across the
street from the Bull.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: And you never got any of those licenses?

TAISHA MCGRIFF: No, I did receive a letter about probably like two, three years into that stating where I was on the waiting list, and then a couple of years after that when I went to inquire again, that's when she told me they have no recollection of me ever applying at all, and that I must be mistaken because they're only letting those that are veterans apply, so the miscommunication and misleading of the same people that I'm supposed to get my documentation from, it's just very frustrating, very confusing. Because if they tell me one thing and then do another, what am I supposed to do?

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: What has been your recent communication with either DOHMH because you have a food license or DCWP because you did apply for food and you did apply for a general.

TAISHA MCGRIFF: Okay, what I did was try to contact the Health Department, which I did, and

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION even they said that they don't have no recollection of nothing except for my food handling license that I had since 2007, so I don't know after the pandemic, what happened after that, but it's just like everything is lost and all the hard work that I did and all the steps that I took, all the classes I attended to, to work towards my license, it just went down the drain.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you so much. I appreciate it. Thank you for sharing. Thank you.

next panel will be in person. It will require a
Mandarin interpreter. It will be Win Long Li
(phonetic), followed by Aye Wong (phonetic) followed
by Lu Xian Shan (phonetic) followed by Jiang Li Jia
(phonetic) followed by Li Wen Hong (phonetic). Thank
you.

INTERPRETER: Sorry, excuse me. He has a speech impediment. Is there any way that he can get a little bit extra time?

I don't know if he has a speech, but in that case, it might be easier for me to just interpret after.

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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 129
2	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
3	INTERPRETER: Hello, everyone. My name is
4	Li Wen Hong. I came from China on July 16th. I was a
5	college student there.
6	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
7	INTERPRETER: I have a disability because
8	when I was born, there was a lack of oxygen to the
9	brain, so I has cerebral palsy
10	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
11	INTERPRETER: In China, I graduated with
12	my BA and I applied for graduate school and I came
13	here.
14	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
15	INTERPRETER: My father had passed away in
16	2007 due to heart disease.
17	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
18	INTERPRETER: My mother was diagnosed
19	breast cancer in 2020. I have a younger sister going
20	to college in China.
21	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
22	INTERPRETER: So here, I'm going to school
23	part time and also working part time. I also need to
24	send part of my savings back to China.

LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 130
2	INTERPRETER: After I came here, I tried
3	to find a part-time job. I tried for two weeks, but
4	nobody would hire me.
5	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
6	INTERPRETER: The reasons I gave are all
7	the same. They said that it is out safety concerns,
8	out of concern that I might affect them in some way.
9	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
10	INTERPRETER: And so I didn't have a
11	choice but turn to vending for my life expenses, for
12	my tuition, and for my family.
13	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
14	INTERPRETER: I very much hope that I
15	could complete my studies in this country and also
16	obtain my job that I prefer.
17	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
18	INTERPRETER: So if I have no opportunity
19	to do this job, what is the purpose of me obtaining
20	higher education?
21	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
22	INTERPRETER: I wish I could, with my own
23	two hands, bring happiness to my family.
24	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 131
2	INTERPRETER: So I wish the government
3	would support us vendors to be able to vend legally.
4	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
5	INTERPRETER: Because at this point in my
6	life, this is the only job that I could think of that
7	could sustain my life and my family.
8	LI WEN HONG: Thank you.
9	INTERPRETER: Thank you.
10	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Did he want to
11	continue a little bit more?
12	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
13	INTERPRETER: I can continue.
14	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I'll give you 30
15	seconds if that's okay. If you can speak to either
16	your personal experience with street vending and/or
17	the bills in front of you.
18	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
19	INTERPRETER: Thank you.
20	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
21	INTERPRETER: In August when I was
22	vending, there was a person who came seeking
23	protection money. If I didn't give it, would take all
24	my things away and even beat me up.

LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

shelter, for my food, and that's it.

2 AYE WONG CHIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: And today, the government has been so gracious to us, those of us on the bottom of society, so respectful. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.

WON HAI YU: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: Good afternoon, everyone. My name is Won Hai Yu. I have been a vendor in Flushing since the pandemic no matter if it's raining or snowing.

WON HAI YU: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: Before pandemic, there's no fear, but now when I ever see the police, it makes me extremely nervous, and then I am so fearful when I hear the police, I feel that they're going to take away all my things.

WON HAI YU: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: I'm 50 years old. I used to be a nail technician, but then my eyesight is not good anymore, and then I also used to be a sewer, but I can't do that job either. I'm also a single mother of three, and so I really just wish you to give me the opportunity to work legally.

WON HAI YU: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

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license for us to do that, for us to live in this beautiful country.

JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. So I've just given the translators some questions to translate for you all so you can all take your turn. If we can move one mic closer to the young lady at the end. So she's going to ask you questions, okay?

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 137
2	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
3	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
4	INTERPRETER: Flushing.
5	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
6	INTERPRETER: Main Street.
7	AYE WONG CHIN: Flushing and Roosevelt.
8	WON HAI YU: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
9	INTERPRETER: Me too, on Roosevelt.
10	AYE WONG CHIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
11	INTERPRETER: And 39th Avenue.
12	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: The first question
13	that they just responded to is where do you current
14	currently vend?
15	The next question is what do you sell?
16	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
17	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
18	INTERPRETER: I sell some Chinese-made
19	hats, mittens, wallets.
20	WEN HAI YU: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
21	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Wait, we're gonna
22	need you to put the mic. Okay. Thank you.
23	INTERPRETER: I also sell mittens and
24	scarves

WEN HAI YU: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 138
2	INTERPRETER: Hats, mittens, scarves.
3	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
4	INTERPRETER: I sell clothes.
5	AYE WONG CHIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
6	INTERPRETER: I sell clothes.
7	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: The next question
8	is when did you apply for a license?
9	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
10	LI WEN HONG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
11	INTERPRETER: Well, because I just came
12	here shortly before, I have not applied for a license
13	yet.
14	WEN HAI YU: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
15	INTERPRETER: Well, I've been really
16	frightened because they were really strict in March,
17	and then so I stopped working for six months and so
18	only starting in November for the last month I
19	started working there again.
20	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay, so she
21	hasn't applied for her license?
22	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
23	WEN HAI YU: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
24	INTERPRETER: I have not applied for my

license.

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 139
2	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay.
3	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
4	INTERPRETER: I applied for it during the
5	pandemic, but they already closed it.
6	AYE WONG CHIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
7	INTERPRETER: I did not apply.
8	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay. Have you
9	been put on a waitlist? I guess you're the only one
10	who applied. Have you been put on a waitlist?
11	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
12	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
13	INTERPRETER: No, it was closed.
14	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay. What has
15	your experience been with enforcement?
16	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
17	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
18	INTERPRETER: My vending, the first time I
19	was doing it on the street, and then I saw the police
20	came over. There were three of them I wanted to
21	leave, but they were pressing me down not allowing me
22	to leave.
23	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: When was this?
24	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 140
2	INTERPRETER: This year around April, no,
3	beginning of May, beginning of May.
4	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
5	INTERPRETER: In May, I was issued with
6	this really outrageous amount of fine. It was 1,000
7	dollars.
8	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
9	INTERPRETER: Since then, I was too afraid
10	to go out to do it, but I still needed money to buy
11	things for my child, to buy food, and so I would go
12	around 4 or 5:00 p.m. and then sell secretly for an
13	hour or two hours.
14	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
15	INTERPRETER: But very unfortunately, I
16	was again, arrested.
17	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
18	INTERPRETER: I'm sorry, interpretation,
19	it should be I was again found and then issued with
20	another 1,000-dollar fine.
21	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: How much have so
22	how much have you paid in penalties or fines?
23	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
24	JIANG LI JIA: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

live in Queens Ozone Park. I sell peanuts at the

INTERPRETER: Although that spot that I work at is open and I have a license permit, but I'm still facing difficulty. Please let me sit and use that spot. I request that to Chair Velázquez and City Council Members and 1264 or and 1253 to pass that bill. Hope I get support in doing it and I hope that you will sign this bill for me. Thank you, Chair Velázquez and Committee.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you so much. Does he have a written statement?

Okay, a little different. Let him read his entire statement and then you follow up with that. Each of you will have two minutes.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: I'm sorry. One second.

[SPEAKING SPANISH]

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IBRA DIAGNE: [SPEAKING WOLOF]

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. If he has any additional points that he'd like to submit, he has 72 hours to do that.

INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING WOLOF] My name is Ibra Diagne. Firstly, thank you, Chair Velázquez and the Committee, for giving me the opportunity to testify today. I want to start by saying that I have been a vendor in Lower Manhattan for 15 years. I live in Harlem and work in Lower Manhattan since I first migrated to the United States back in October 2005. I am part of a very low-income family that relies on me to survive. I have a wife and eight children, my youngest being 17 years old who is still in school and relies on his dad for his education, food and stability. My dream is to get my own general vendor license so that I can work without fear. In fact, I have been on the waitlist for six years to get my own license. My number is 7,642 on the waiting list. There are over 7,000 fellow New Yorkers before me who have the same dream. And even though I'm trying to do everything right to get my own license and run my own

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

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2 | business, I have been arrested many times just for

3 being a vendor. I want to be clear, even though we

4 | are often stereotyped, I have not once sold any

5 | illicit or counterfeit merchandise. I have been

6 arrested for not having the very license I'm on the

7 | waiting list to get. Each time my merchandise is

8 | confiscated, I lose money and it makes it harder to

9 support my family.

Why did I choose to become a vendor?

Because I'm old. I'm not strong enough to do many jobs. So when the choice is vending or being homeless, I choose to work. I pay my taxes. I contribute to the United States economy. I'm hoping that the Intro. 1264 will eliminate criminal penalties for food and general vendors passes because we vendors are worried about how it would impact our immigration status. I'm currently looking for an immigration attorney, and I'm concerned that when I want to change my status this will come back to bother me. I fervently hope that this bill is passed so that arrests can end and people will not be detained any longer.

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2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you so much.

Once again, please submit the written testimony within 72 hours.

Right now, we're going to call on a break because I think we all need a good stretching so we're going do a 10-minute break for everybody, 10-minute break, so if you need to use the restroom, get some snackity snacks, we'll be back. Thank you.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: All right, everyone. Did we all get our snackity snacks and stretch out? All right, let's do this. Instead of applauding, what do we do? There we go. All right.

I have received word that our folks that need to leave, and so if you need to leave, you can do so but please, if you have written testimony, please give it to any of these Sergeants-at-Arms, Sergeant-at-Arms if we could wave to them, those guys right there and the gentleman in the back right there so you've got four Sergeants-at-Arms right here at your disposition so feel free to give your written testimony to them if you have to leave.

If you want to join me and stick around, then you're more than welcome to. Thank you.

require an Arabic interpreter. Will be Nazih Attia,

Ahmed Mourad, Nova Felder, and Ahmed Albal Ghaffar.

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NAZIH ATTIA: Thanks for the opportunity

to testify today. My name is Nazih. I am a food

vendor for many years in New York City. I sell

breakfast and lunch in Hudson Yards. I'm here to

support Intro. 1264 that will reduce the criminal

liability. We are a small business owners, not

criminals. We hope that the Council passes this bill

very soon.

Also, I want to support Intro. 1253 to change the curb rules. It's very difficult to find a legal location and we receive a lot of tickets.

Finally, I want to share that I don't have my permit. I am waiting for a permit for many years. I hope that the Committee move Intro. 1270 very soon. Thank you so much, everyone.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you for sharing. Next.

NOVA FELDER: Thank you, Chair Velasquez and the Committee for the opportunity to testify today. Good afternoon or early evening. My name is Nova Nana Asari Felder. I am a father, a social entrepreneur, a first-generation New Yorker from Queens that vends in Harlem. My mother is an immigrant from East Africa. My father and his mother

were migrants from South Carolina that escaped Jim Crow apartheid and economic and racial inequalities of the South. I'm also the Lead Organizer for the Evolved Harlem Merchants Coalition, a member of the Street Vendor Project, and I am also a street vendor. Many laws, policies, and ideas in the history of this country have been used to enshrine classism, sexism, and racism. In that same vein, the law in particular, led by the divine wisdom of the U.S. Constitution, has been used to turn those inequities on their head with a little encouragement of the voice of the masses. The bills proposed to overhaul New York City's vending system, or lack thereof, is a step toward changing economic inequities and inequalities in doing business that tend to adversely affect black, brown, and immigrant populations in this city. I, myself, have been a street vendor in New York City in some capacity since 1986, having experienced all levels of inequity and insecurity as a street vendor. I've been arrested, had my goods taken, been ticketed and intimidated by the NYPD over the years in so many ways and times that I cannot

count. Being merchants and running markets for me and

my people is a matter of our culture, and we've done

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

9 which is usually found with street vendors, and its 10 unique culture has to acknowledge the smallest of

11 small businesses that in many respects are integral

12 part of the lifeblood of this city.

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I support these bills because they legalize and make sense and bring common sense to what has been inequity. It is a shame that in a city that is such a great city, have so many great people and ideas and has led in so many different ways that we have been pushed to the margins consistently while big businesses are allowed to flourish in this city and allowed to push us to the margins when we want a small table, 8 by 3 feet, 5 feet high to sell nominal goods and provide services to peoples. This is why I support all the bills. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. Once again, if there is part of your testimony that you

kinder neighbors and shut our phones off or let's put

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INTERPRETER: My name is Ahmad Mourad. I'm one of Astoria's Arab people, and I'm a member in the vendors organization since 2011. I can see that there is a lot of double standards happening because the police should be there to protect us and provide us safety, but what I can see is that they can only always issue us tickets, arrest us without any prior notice while they protect people if a client actually was against us or cause us a problem, they don't do anything to the customers even when we complain while not the same fairness happening when they treat us. We always get lots of tickets. We go to prison. I will never be able to manage or my own business because I don't have a permit, and I also don't want to go with the underground permits. I will always be working for someone because for me to be able to get a permit I have to pay 20,000 so I will always have to work for someone. I don't see I don't see any complete fairness or equality in what's happening. Actually, I'm right now on a waiting list. I have to wait for my permit, and I'm now on a waiting list and my turn is 1,221. My turn in the waiting list. We are

committee on consumer and worker protection 154 not criminals. We are small business owners and we deserve to be protected. I wanted to thank Ms. De La

4 Rosa for the new project of permitting the law 1253

5 for the space from the sidewalk.

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I can also use the paper he said here. I will translate quickly also what he mentioned here. He said I've been a food vendor since 2012 since I emigrated from Egypt. I've been working as a food vendor. I learned how to sell, how to be a vendor. It's impossible for me to get any permits from the City, and I will never be able to have my own business because it's very difficult to have a work permit in a legal way. Now, after Local Law 18 that was issued two years ago, I was able finally to be on the waiting list, and my number is 2,297 in the waiting list among the city. Now I will never be able to get my work permit for the coming 10 years, and even after issuing the supervisory licenses that reach the number of 1,000 licenses, I will not even now be able to have mine.

I want also to express my support to the Proposed 1264 which is helping to minimize the criminal accusation against the vendors violations.

And as we said always, we are not criminals, we are

committee on consumer and worker protection 155 small business owners, we are one of New York City people, residents, and we don't deserve to be treated as criminals or to be sent to the criminal courts.

I wanted to thank Council Member Krishnan for proposing to passing this bill. Also, I wanted to thank Council Member De La Rosa for also her proposal 1253 for changing the two feet distance from the sidewalk. It's very hard to find the legal status for me as a street vendor and also at the same time to let space for the pedestrians without being fined and pay for violations. Thank you for this opportunity and let me witness my word today. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. Just a quick question. Wanted to follow up. How much have you paid in enforcement fees? And that question goes to all three of you. Who has issued you enforcements, have you had any since April, and what are the total amounts you've paid to date? Thank you.

INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING ARABIC]

AHMED MOURAD: [SPEAKING ARABIC]

INTERPRETER: You mean since April?

AHMED MOURAD: I don't take any ticket

since April.

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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 156
2	INTERPRETER: He didn't get any tickets
3	since April.
4	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Before April?
5	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING ARABIC]
6	AHMED MOURAD: Before April, yes, I take
7	some.
8	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: How much.
9	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING ARABIC]
10	AHMED MOURAD: I think 100, 150, something
11	like this.
12	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: And this was
13	through NYPD or DSNY? Who gave you the violation?
14	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING ARABIC]
15	AHMED MOURAD: Actually, sometime we don't
16	we don't know. [SPEAKING ARABIC]
17	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING ARABIC]
18	AHMED MOURAD: Yeah, but no, sometimes we
19	forget from where, what's going on.
20	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING ARABIC]
21	AHMED MOURAD: [SPEAKING ARABIC] When you
22	come to renew your license, you go to take the
23	clearance. In this clearance, you said you must pay
24	like 250, but sometimes you don't remember from
25	where, but I think this is from Health Department.

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INTERPRETER: When we go for renewing our license or renewing our permit for us to get the clearance, we have to pay for so many fines so normally we forget exactly who issued us the fine, but I think that it's the Health Department.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. You, sir? So the questions again just in case, prior to April, have you received any enforcement actions, what have they been, who issued it, and the total, and then after April.

NOVA FELDER: Understood. So prior to April, yes, I've been fined, and as I've stated in my statement...

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Not just fines.

Any enforcement.

NOVA FELDER: Oh, definitely. Most notably NYPD. As I said, my dad was a vendor so I vended with him and then started vending on my own with him, but the fines I would say primarily at that time came from NYPD and the intimidation. It wasn't just necessarily about being fined, just the mere fact that you go out to make a living, to do something that's honest, we're not selling goods that are

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 158
illegal, and then, because you can't, mostly I'm a
First Amendment vendor, because I usually do
periodicals and books at that time. Usually NYPD
would leave you alone, but every few weeks, people
would come and just intimidate you in so many
different ways. And the fines can range, I remember
paying fines upwards to 300, 400 dollars a time,
going to criminal court right here at 100 Center
Street, even being arrested one time over ten years
ago for just simply vending and then, of course,
having our goods taken away, but since April I've
taken a leave of absence a little bit, but the months
that I have been out, I have not had any run-ins with
DSNY, but I do know the area in which I've been,
which is in Harlem on 125th Street across the street
from the Apollo, many people have said DSNY has come
by, has issued them not necessarily warnings, but
guidance on the rules and regulations, but it didn't
seem like they were under any pressure, but still
just that inherent fear that you can't really do what
you need to do without somebody breathing down your
neck and, as has been talked about previously, other

businesses don't go through that type of enforcement

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 159
2	so sometimes it's degrading and it's very difficult
3	to do.
4	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you for
5	sharing your experience.
6	NOVA FELDER: You're welcome.
7	NAZIH ATTIA: Yeah, I have my partner
8	here. He got a couple of tickets before he can talk
9	about it.
10	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I'm sorry?
11	NOVA FELDER: I think he said somebody is
12	here that has gotten a lot of tickets.
13	INTERPRETER: Yeah, one of my one of my
14	co-workers here got a couple of tickets.
15	COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: They'll come in
16	the next panel.
17	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: In the next panel.
18	NAZIH ATTIA: He spoke already. [SPEAKING
19	ARABIC]
20	INTERPRETER: He already spoke, but he
21	wanted to add more information about two tickets.
22	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Oh, he was on the
23	previous panel. Okay, yeah. That's fine. If he was or

the previous panel, he could. He was, like, on the

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Go ahead, sit down. Welcome. We're all friends. We're going to be here for a while, guys. It's totally fine.

MOHAMED AWAD: Ma'am, I believe from the beginning of the summer, we never receive any criminal tickets from our side. We've been vending at the Hudson Yards, but always the cops using the criminal as a threat, like next time I'm going to write you a criminal, but he did not. Okay.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: But it's used more, and from all three of your experiences, it's been used as something that has been brought up to try to mitigate your vending.

MOHAMED AWAD: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay.

MOHAMED AWAD: But we're still receiving tickets. This is the issue. We're not complaining about the ticket. The process for the ticket, like the customer in the line and they found out the cops came and start talking. Like you talking about in the beginning about the perfect style, I believe the civilian in civilian department can take care of this

or DCWP, how much do you think you've spent?

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MOHAMED AWAD: Our situation is very complicated a little bit because we are vending at the Hudson Yard and I believe it's people, listen about what happened at the Hudson Yards. The Hudson Yard street vendor received last year more than 25,000 from the Parks Department.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: This is why I'm asking you these questions.

MOHAMED AWAD: Yes, 25,000 from the Parks Department. We paid 90 percent from this amount, and our attorney, Mr. Matt, is right here. He can explain that if he wants. Yes. We did more than 25,000 this year, 2023.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you for sharing. Thank you, everybody, for participating. Oh, did you want to add something? I'm so sorry. Forgive me. I'm sorry.

INTERPRETER: One last thing. Ahmed wanted to add that he is a journalist in Arab Astoria in a newspaper, and that was missed when translating, and also he has one more question. You asked me since April, is there any changes took place since April. That's why you asked me about April.

2 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Yes, there was a

transition in enforcement from DCWP, the first

4 agency, to now DSNY, which is Sanitation so

5 Department of Consumer Worker Protection transitioned

6 the enforcement to the Department of Sanitation.

INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING ARABIC]

AHMED MOURAD: [SPEAKING ARABIC]

INTERPRETER: Now the police cannot issue

10 us any tickets?

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: The police could still issue tickets, and that's the reason why

Krishnan's bill is here so that's why we're talking about Council Member Krishnan's bill to understand the impact of the change of how it would affect you, and so far you've had a couple of people explain that certain police officers still use that as a way to tell them to enforce without really actually issuing the ticket, but then there's also the Department of Sanitation today testified that the Commissioner of Sanitation does not want to pursue any criminal penalties so far for general vending. Obviously, if you're selling counterfeit, that's counterfeit, but like general vendor is generally vending, but their focus is to just do civil fines and so we want to

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 164 2 make sure that we're having a conversation of if it 3 is still being applied so thank you so much for that. 4 I'm sorry, that was a lot. Sorry. I didn't stop. Next panel. COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: Thank you. The 6 next panel will be in person and will require a 7 8 Spanish interpreter. Lucía Maldonado, Adelaida Simon, Carla De Jesus Rodriguez, Sonia Diana Guali, Ruth 10 Palacios. CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH] 11 12 I'm going to translate my own self, is 13 that okay? That's what I was going to say. [SPEAKING 14 SPANISH] Sorry guys. Man, my Spanish and my English 15 is all mixed up right now. [SPEAKING SPANISH] CARLA DE JESUS RODRIGUEZ: [SPEAKING 16 17 SPANISH] 18 INTERPRETER: Good afternoon. My name is 19 Carla De Jesus Rodriguez. Thank you to the Municipal 20 Council to allow me to be here and listen to me. 21 I am here due to what is happening. I 2.2 sell food in Westchester on White Plains Road, Bronx 2.3 New York 1866. I'm a mother to my family. I have two

kids, Denise and Cesar. I am a vendor. I sell sweet

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    COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION
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     food. It's only dry food. Just a second. [SPEAKING
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     SPANISH]
                CARLA DE JESUS RODRIGUEZ: [SPEAKING
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5
     SPANISH]
                INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
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                CARLA DE JESUS RODRIGUEZ: [SPEAKING
    SPANISH1
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                INTERPRETER: Okay. I sell tortas,
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     (INAUDIBLE) and...
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                CARLA DE JESUS RODRIGUEZ: [SPEAKING
12
     SPANISH]
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                INTERPRETER: Okay, and the name of my
    business is Carla's. I sell dry food, and I want you
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    to approve these proposals that we've been having
    throughout the day. I am here because I want to get
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     justice for all of us, and I hope that you help me in
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    the most appropriate way. According to what's been
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    happening, I have not been able to work, and that
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    affects my family, and that affects me because I'm a
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     single mother. I pay for everything. I pay for the
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     food, I paid for rent, and for to support my family.
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    I don't have any other way or means of help. Only my
     job, that it is this job to be a street vendor
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selling food on the streets. This is urgent and we

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    COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION
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     require the licenses that are pertinent to us and the
     permits. I am sad. I belong to the group Westchester
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    Avenue and Bronx New York, I want to add.
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                CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
                INTERPRETER: I represent that group.
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                CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: No, I said it's my
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     District.
                INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
                RUTH PALACIOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
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                CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
                INTERPRETER: Good afternoon. Before
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     anything, I want to thank the Municipal Council for
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     allowing me to have this hearing and for listening to
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     us.
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                My name is Ruth Palacios, and I've been
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     selling as a street vendor for 10 years. I sell
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     Mexican cravings, or antojitos mexicanos. I sell
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     elotes, esquites, and fruits, fruit salads, at 37 and
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     Junction Boulevard. I come here to provide my
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     testimony because of the reason that we are working
     honorably to be able to provide for our families, and
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     lately, it's been very difficult to have a stable
     income because of the simple reason that our city is
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treating us like criminals. On June of 2021, I was

Τ	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 167
2	charged with a fine of 1,000 dollars because I was
3	vending on the streets and I was doing it without a
4	permit, and that's way too much money. Personally, I
5	believe my work, it helps me to provide for my two
6	daughters and for my husband. It helps me to pay for
7	my daughter's schooling, and she's studying to be a
8	doctor, which is a very long and expensive career. My
9	other daughter, which is working and is studying too,
10	she's a single mother of a six-year-old boy. At the
11	same time, I want to be able to provide for my
12	husband who has been diagnosed with three tumors on
13	his brain. I am one of the many vendors that are
14	fighting to get our permits and our licenses so we
15	are able to sell and to vend without harming anyone,
16	and I wish that you are able to support us. Thank you
17	very much for listening to me today.
18	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Just to reiterate,
19	you will have four minutes because you'll be
20	translating in mid-sentence, okay? [SPEAKING SPANISH]
21	ADELAIDA SIMON: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
22	INTERPRETER: Good afternoon, I'm from the
23	group of Johnson Boulevard. So today I haven't really

had time to actually write my own testimony, but I

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 168
2	come here before you today to be able to provide my
3	personal experience.
4	ADELAIDA SIMON: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
5	INTERPRETER: As equally to all the street
6	vendors that we go out every day to sell and to vend,
7	we even have to be early birds, we have to wake up
8	very early in the mornings, and actually we are very
9	respectful towards one another, and we respect the
10	vending community, and we do that every day.
11	ADELAIDA SIMON: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
12	INTERPRETER: We're very respectful with
13	our spaces and we try to keep everything tidy and
14	clean. We sweep because we don't want to raise the
15	attention or to bring the attention of the
16	authorities to us.
17	ADELAIDA SIMON: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
18	INTERPRETER: I speak personally for
19	myself. I've been a hardworking mother. I'm a fighter
20	or a warrior, and we've been working as hard workers
21	to be able to provide.
22	ADELAIDA SIMON: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
23	INTERPRETER: On November 30th at 3
24	[SPEAKING SPANISH]
25	ADELAIDA SIMON: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

ADELAIDA SIMON: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: It's okay.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: So I'd ask her to read the full amount, and if she does have time, if she reads her testimony, I'm sorry, I forgot the English word, if she reads her testimony in under two minutes, then she could ask you and she could ad lib, but I really need her to stick to the two minutes, okay?

INTERPRETER: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.

LUCÍA MALDONADO: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

Thank you so much for your testimony. If you have additional information that you'd like to share, you have 72 hours to share it with our office in writing. I appreciate it.

If you want to go ahead and translate.

INTERPRETER: Thank you. Very good afternoon. Thank you, Chair Velázquez and to the Council for the opportunity to listen to me. My name is Lucía Maldonado. I am one of the street vendors, and I am a microentrepreneur. I have a small food business in Manhattan and Queens. It's a Mexican business, and we used to have three different family placings, but unfortunately, one of them is already

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

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closed, as you already know. Two of them are still functioning as I understand, and then about the bill number 1264, that proposal, I need that you listen to us because we are the parents to our kids and we are the future to our kids. I say that because I believe that this job could be the difference in making it or breaking it in order to help my daughter to finish her nursing career, and I feel very happy because I already finished my endeavors with her and I already did what I had to do with her, but I'm still left with three more to help so I need your help and I don't have the proper tools to do or the complete tools to do so. My peers and I, we are just working aimlessly or wandering around, and I also understand that the proposal for bill number 1253, I understand that's a very important proposal and that should be part of the agenda even though you didn't put it on the agenda today. I ask you not to forget us. Even though it wasn't on the agenda, the bill proposal 1210,

LUCÍA MALDONADO: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: 1270 interpreter stands corrected, so the bill number 1270 is the most important and I want you to that I've been on the

Τ	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 1/3
2	waiting list for 13 years, so I actually want to say
3	how many more years we have to wait to be out of that
4	list. I want to say that the bill 1270 is the most
5	important for my peers and I, and I also want to be
6	sincere here and tell you that I actually had to rent
7	two permits from the black market in order to keep
8	working because I actually thought that the savings
9	that I had would be enough to carry me throughout all
10	of this, but it is not.
11	LUCÍA MALDONADO: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
12	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
13	Like I mentioned earlier, anything
14	additional, you have 72 hours to submit in writing to
15	us. Thank you so much.
16	INTERPRETER: You're welcome. I was just
17	making, sure she just repeated what I said last.
18	Thank you for the opportunity.
19	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
20	SONIA BOLARESCO (PHONETIC): [SPEAKING
21	SPANISH]
22	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
23	Can we put a stop on the clock for a second?
24	[SPEAKING SPANISH]

work in Junction and Roosevelt at that corner. I vend

source for my family that comprises of my husband and

my kids. I want to thank you for the opportunity to

fruit. It's a variety of food. I'm the sole income

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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 be testifying today. I've been selling on the streets 3 for 26 years. I've been a vendor for 26 years. 4 Currently, I am the only person that's working at my household because my husband suffered a stroke at the 5 vendor stall because of all of the suffering that we 6 had to endure daily and because of the anxiety and 7 8 because of the pressure and because we couldn't be able to get to rest or get to sleep because of all the preoccupation and the concerns that we were going 10 11 through. I support the legislation, the bill to not 12 penalize the street vendors and the proposals for bills 1253, 1270, and 1264. 13 14

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: That's it? Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: Thank you all. Next panel will be in person. Michael Phillips, Nathan Brown, Alvin Wright, Anissa Wagner, Mame Niang.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Alright, so once again, if you would like to stay, you're welcome to stay. If you are leaving and want to submit your written testimony, please, please, please give it to one of the Sergeant-at-Arms. We've got four lovely

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All right. And once again, what are we going to do with our cell phones? We're going to silence them.

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Additionally, if you could put the mic close to you because we do have translators who need to hear you. They're translating five different languages so bear with us.

We're going to call more names out because it looks like these folks did not make it so bear with us. Go ahead.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: I'm going to recall this panel. It's Nathan Brown, Alvin Wright, Anissa Wagner, Mame Niang, Michael Phillips, Belanda Jotim, Dan Rossi Malmay that's it.

Once, going twice. Did you hear your name? If you did, please join us on the Price is Right. No? Thank you. Thank you, team, for laughing. I appreciate it. Alrighty. Oh! Do we have more folks coming? Going once? Since the other ones need translation, we'll do this young lady and then we'll do the one on Zoom. All right. That's what we'll do. All righty. Thank

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 177

you so much for your patience, everyone. We're

rocking and rolling, silencing our cell phones, not

clapping, but waving, and we're going to have a grand

old time. Thank you. You may begin.

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MAME NIANG Good afternoon. My name is Mame Niang, and I am the West African Organizer at the Street Vendor Project. Thank you, Chair Velázquez and the Committee for the opportunity to testify today. Street Vendor Project is a non-profit organization that advocates for street vendors around New York City. We teach them the rules and regulations, conduct outreach every week to ensure that they are up-to-date with new information on vending, and ensure that they are safe while they are at their stand. Street vendor rights are essential to me because I have family members who are street vendors. My biological sister is an unlicensed merchandise vendor in Lower Manhattan, and she has been a vendor since 2000. Vending is all she knows. She has been arrested for not having a license. I remember about two years ago, she was arrested, and the judge asked her to pay a bond of 2,500 dollars and to also do community service. At that time, she didn't have money because she lost all of the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 178 merchandise that she bought the day before so my mom had to send her some money from Africa so that she could be released from jail.

I started to be interested in vending in 2022 when I first had a summer internship at the street vendor project. I started meeting West African vendors with so many stories to share and went through a lot just for being a vendor. I met some business owners who went bankrupt and decided to vend near their old location to keep their customers. I also met some who were old and had so many people who rely on them. I met with those who are undocumented and couldn't do any other job except vending. I want to emphasize that these are people who are contributing to the U.S. economy by paying taxes yearly and making New York City successful. I am without a doubt that New York City will be lonely and desperate without these wonderful street vendors.

As the West African Organizer, I know the African community is going through a hard time just for being a vendor. I met so many vendors complaining about business being slow and getting criminal tickets all the time just for not having a license

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: You may begin.

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GABRIEL HERNANDEZ: Good afternoon, honorable members of New York City Council. My name is Gabriel Hernandez of the Yemeni American Merchants Association. I'm here today to address a matter of profound significance to our community and to our

constituents in the cultural and communal fabric of

For far too long, vendors have been subject to undue threat and over criminalization. Our community members are seeking to make an honest living and regrettably have faced disruptions due to restrictive measures, red tape, and backlogs of applications for licenses. In the collective imagination of our city, some of the most iconic things that we think of are halal carts, fruit stands, hot dog stands. Some members of our City Council probably this morning bought their coffee outside of City Hall from a street vendor. These are an important part of the vitality in the economy and the cultural richness of the communities of our city. It's incumbent upon us to ensure that those who bring the life and culture to our cities through their entrepreneurial spirit are treated with fairness and equity. The challenges faced by our street vendors

next panel will be in person. It will require a

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 182
2	Mandarin interpreter. Emily Lam, Junhui Yan, Ni Jin
3	Fang, Shen Hu Wei, Yan Lin.
4	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Excuse me, Miss,
5	the interpreter, can we grab her for a second?
6	Ma'am, can you come here?
7	(INAUDIBLE) and then ask if there are any
8	other Mandarin speakers.
9	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
10	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Just a reminder,
11	if she does have written testimony, let her go for
12	the two minutes straight and then you translate it
13	for the two minutes straight. If she does not, then
14	you can break it up a little bit.
15	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN] We're
16	going to do consecutive then.
17	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay, so we put
18	four minutes on the clock for that.
19	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
20	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I'm going to have
21	a hard four because we still have a lot of people
22	that are going to speak.
23	You may begin.
24	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 184
2	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
3	INTERPRETER: That's the reason that I
4	chose this work to sustain my family.
5	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
6	INTERPRETER: With this bill, it could
7	change how I live, it could change my life.
8	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
9	INTERPRETER: I don't want to live in
10	fear, I don't want to be warned, be driven away, be
11	receiving high fines per the police every day.
12	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
13	INTERPRETER: And also the threats from
14	business owners, the discrimination of the passersby
15	that makes me feel like I'm a rat that's been beaten
16	by everybody.
17	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
18	INTERPRETER: I don't want to live this
19	type of life any day of my life.
20	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
21	INTERPRETER: To the point that I have
22	moved my vending from busy area to more desolate
23	places.
24	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 185
2	INTERPRETER: So there will be several
3	days when I have no income whatsoever, but even that
4	I have endured, but, unfortunately, still the police
5	will come to drive me away and demand that I have a
6	license and I will say where do you want to get a
7	license. I feel this is such a sarcastic demand.
8	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
9	INTERPRETER: So I feel that this
10	amendment of the bill is extremely important, and I
11	eagerly await for its implementation.
12	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
13	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.
14	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
15	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
16	INTERPRETER: Thank you.
17	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
18	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you for your
19	testimony. Please submit any additional testimony to
20	our inbox, testimony@council.nyc.gov.
21	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
22	EMILY LAM: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
23	INTERPRETER: Just my thought. Thank you.
24	JUNHUI YAN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

JUNHUI YAN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

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INTERPRETER: Okay I spoke to one of the Council Members, too bad I didn't catch which Council Member it was, I also spoke to the police, and then we were promised there'll be two locations in which we could vend, but up till now, there's been no word on that.

JENHUI YAN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: So with these fines, we've been chased after, makes all of us very unhappy, I hope that we can receive help from the Council Members to resolve the difficulties we're in because we're all just living based on these small incomes that we make.

JENHUI YAN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: So right now the fine's up to 1,250, so as vendors at that level is not sustainable for us so I hope that this is an issue that you could resolve for us.

JENHUI YAN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: And I hope that with the help the City Council, there could be a vendor office that can be established, that communication between the Council and police could be established, that we don't need to play this game of cats and mouse.

NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 189
2	INTERPRETER: I support the passage of
3	1264 and 1253.
4	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
5	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
6	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
7	INTERPRETER: In Flushing,
8	I vend, and that's my job and my
9	livelihood.
10	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
11	INTERPRETER: But because I'm frequently
12	chased, fined, and confiscated by the police.
13	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
14	INTERPRETER: So every day I live in fear
15	and terror.
16	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
17	INTERPRETER: And so when I see the
18	police, my first response is to run because I fear
19	that my things will be confiscated, be arrested, and
20	be fined.
21	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
22	INTERPRETER: I have to hide here and
23	there. I feel like even thieves have it better than
24	me.

INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 190
2	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
3	INTERPRETER: Because of the limited
4	strength or power that I have and not able to do
5	other jobs.
6	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
7	INTERPRETER: So I need to vend in order
8	to make a livelihood and to pay the rent, and I also
9	have children who go to school.
10	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
11	INTERPRETER: So if I'm able to earn an
12	income through vending, it is so important to me that
13	I'm able to support my two children and myself.
14	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
15	INTERPRETER: But if I am arrested or
16	forbidden from vending then I might just lose my
17	likelihood.
18	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
19	INTERPRETER: And I may become homeless
20	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
21	INTERPRETER: And that will affect my
22	whole life.
23	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 191
2	INTERPRETER: I hope that in the upcoming
3	new year that the City Council would be able to
4	resolve this most important issue for us.
5	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
6	INTERPRETER: As it was said in the 1270
7	bill.
8	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
9	INTERPRETER: Because of so many potential
10	vendors or business people have to rely on the
11	system.
12	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
13	INTERPRETER: That makes them unable to
14	work in their preferred field.
15	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
16	INTERPRETER: Some vendors through their
17	vending were able to become successful.
18	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
19	INTERPRETER: I also wish through vending
20	to be able to live respectfully and with dignity.
21	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
22	INTERPRETER: And receive business
23	opportunities through vending.
24	NI JIN FANG: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 192
2	INTERPRETER: And through vending, have my
3	children obtain a good education.
4	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you so much.
5	If you can let him know, if you did not
6	finish your testimony, you could submit it within the
7	next 72 hours to our
8	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
9	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you so much
10	for that.
11	Thank you everyone for your patience. I
12	appreciate it.
13	YAN LIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
14	INTERPRETER: Hello, my name is Yan Lin.
15	I'm very honored to be able to see you today.
16	YAN LIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
17	INTERPRETER: So I used to rent my own
18	store, but because business was poor, so I have gone
19	out to rent, and then every time I see the police,
20	there'll be five or six of them and then I get fined.
21	YAN LIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
22	INTERPRETER: And then the bank saw that
23	my business was poor, and then the police would still
24	give, I'm sorry, [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
25	YAN LIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

2 YAN LIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: After I got out of the hospital for the fine, they wouldn't gimme a receipt or any paper for that. They said that the City Council Member gave them this power for them to do this.

YAN LIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: And so after they took away the things, they wouldn't give me the list of the things, and so the things are still kept there, and I still have this 1,250-dollar fine.

YAN LIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: So I hope with your help that you allow for vending because for those of us with shops, with the vending, it will help with the rent and the convenience and gives us a little bit more.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you so much.

YAN LIN: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

INTERPRETER: So because the police in enforcement is really too powerful now, they come several times a day, and even if you take the things away, they'll still chase after you.

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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 195
2	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you, and if
3	there's anything additional that she wants to submit,
4	she could submit it in writing in the next 72 hours.
5	SHEN HU WEI: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
6	INTERPRETER: So honorable Members,
7	everyone here, thank you so much for staying so late
8	to listen to us.
9	SHEN HU WEI: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
10	INTERPRETER: My name is Shen Hu Wei. I'm
11	40 old this year.
12	SHEN HU WEI: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
13	INTERPRETER: So on October 17th at 7:40
14	p.m., three police surrounded me and issued me with a
15	1,000-dollar fine.
16	SHEN HU WEI: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
17	INTERPRETER: Demanded me to have a
18	license. I asked where can I get the license? They
19	know that I did not have a license, but yes, still
20	demanded it and then gave me the fine.
21	SHEN HU WEI: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]
22	INTERPRETER: They carry out their actions
23	very violently, very rudely.
24	SHEN HU WEI: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

SHEN HU WEI: [SPEAKING MANDARIN]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 197
2	INTERPRETER: And that's all I'll say for
3	today. Thank you very much.
4	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you. All
5	right. Thank you for this panel. I appreciate you
6	all.
7	We're going to need a Spanish
8	interpreter, and we're going to call up a whole bunch
9	of names now.
10	COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: This next panel
11	will be in person, Sandra Ramon (phonetic), Yolanda
12	Roja (phonetic), Patricia Visques (phonetic), Juana
13	Encarnacion (phonetic), Eliazar Campos.
14	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
15	Annie Ochoa (phonetic), Christina, Leticia Moreno
16	(phonetic), (INAUDIBLE) Jose Fabiana (phonetic) Diana
17	Gualli (phonetic)
18	Going once, going twice. Kathy, Jorge
19	[SPEAKING SPANISH] Going once, going twice. Any other
20	Spanish-speakers? No? [SPEAKING SPANISH]
21	Oh, Irene, we found you. We called you
22	earlier.
23	COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: But I call her
24	Irene.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Yeah, okay.

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INTERPRETER: Good evening. My name is Irene Arizaga. I've been selling for 10 years on the streets. It has been the way to support our homes, and I sell typical Ecuadorian food. Thank you, Chair Velázquez, and thank you to the Committee for the opportunity to testify today as most of my co-workers and me, and we are going through a very a bad situation of harassment on the part of the authorities as the (INAUDIBLE) city and the police for not having a permit. Today, we are pursued, and psychologically we are in a state of depression. With tickets of over 250 dollars for arts and crafts and 1,000 dollars for food aside from losing everything that we have, then we get also tickets and have to go to criminal courts. I ask that the law 1264 and the bills 1264 be reformed and that the civil courts don't charge us. Thank you for giving us this space to the Committee and to the Council and to you, President Velázquez. Pleased let these proposals, these bills, I asked them to be, and the only thing that we need and we want is to work in dignity because we are small entrepreneurs that we contribute to the economy of this country. Thank you.

INTERPRETER: Good evening. I am Annie

Ochoa. I live in Elmhurst. I'm work on Junction

Boulevard. I sell thermal clothing, and I work to

support my family, my mom, 65 years old, and my

granddad, 90 years old. Thank you very much,

President Velázquez and the Committee, for the

opportunity to testify today.

I worked three years in the market commerce as a street vendor, and I've felt a lot of fear. And this last weeks because how the Health Department started to confiscate the merchandise in my working area, and we began to run to hide the merchandise with a lot of anxiety and desperation while other colleagues, co-workers, were already being confiscated their merchandise. I have felt treated like if I was a delinquent, a criminal for only working honestly, and my nerves are on edge. We need, please, we need help from the authorities, and we need these bills to be approved so that we are given licenses and permits so that we can work legally as sellers, as street vendors and not delinquents. For this reason, I support the bills have been proposed, 1264, 1270, 1253.

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While the enforcement agents were doing their job,

Eliazar Campos. Since I came to the United States 18

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 203
years ago, I have been working as a street vendor. I
believe this is just a necessary work, and after 18
years of tickets, of arrests, we are here today to
ask the authorities for your help. We are just street
vendors. With all due respect, we are not thieves, we
are not from the mafia, we are not selling drugs, we
are simply working as street vendors in an honorable
and dignified profession for many working-class and
low-income families to survive. I personally am a
single mother, and all my expenses depend on the work
that I can do and the income I can make. I beg for
access to business licensing for myself and fellow
street vendors. We work in the cold, in the heat,
working to provide our daily sustenance. We work
every day. I come here from 103rd Corona Plaza. We
are here with you today, and we thank you for hearing
our testimony.
CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you.
[SPEAKING SPANISH]
CATHERINE DIAZ (PHONETIC): [SPEAKING
SPANISH]
INTERPRETER: My name is Katherine Diaz.
CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
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INTERPRETER: I am a vendor at Junction.

	il de la companya de
1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 204
2	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
3	INTERPRETER: I vend toys [SPEAKING
4	SPANISH] and video games.
5	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
6	INTERPRETER: I thank you, Counselor
7	Velázquez, for the opportunity to be here.
8	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
9	INTERPRETER: The only thing I can say
10	that you've already heard many of my coworkers.
11	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
12	INTERPRETER: And I thank you for your
13	time, each of you and the opportunity you've given me
14	here today.
15	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
16	INTERPRETER: The reason I came is because
17	I went through an experience when I was confiscated
18	my merchandise.
19	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
20	INTERPRETER: First of all, they
21	approached me and didn't say a word in Spanish.
22	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
23	INTERPRETER: Only English.
24	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: Oh, I do speak English.

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 205
2	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
3	INTERPRETER: But I was expecting them to
4	tell me in the respective languages as they're
5	supposed to do.
6	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
7	INTERPRETER: But the experience that I
8	went through together with my companion was that we
9	were ambushed as if we were delinquents, criminals.
10	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
11	INTERPRETER: They came from both sides,
12	the left and the right side.
13	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
14	INTERPRETER: And they just said, leave
15	everything there.
16	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
17	INTERPRETER: That we are going to
18	confiscate it.
19	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
20	INTERPRETER: Have you got your license?
21	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
22	INTERPRETER: I told them truly that I
23	don't.
24	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 206
2	INTERPRETER: But I think that was the
3	worst thing I did.
4	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
5	INTERPRETER: Because they confiscated all
6	my things in garbage bags with a heartless, as they
7	were, not being respectful at all for my work.
8	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
9	INTERPRETER: And the most incredible
10	thing is that when I looked at them, they had guns.
11	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
12	INTERPRETER: I ask myself, are we
13	criminals?
14	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
15	INTERPRETER: Are we so wrong in
16	contributing to the economy of this country?
17	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
18	INTERPRETER: In my opinion, excuse me, we
19	are contributing to the economy of this country, to
20	the moving, progressing, advancing [SPEAKING SPANISH]
21	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
22	INTERPRETER: Helping this country
23	monopoly.
24	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 207
2	INTERPRETER: I thank you profusely, and I
3	ask you please to help us with our licenses and
4	permits.
5	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
6	INTERPRETER: Can I show you a photograph?
7	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Yeah.
8	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
9	INTERPRETER: That's what we have to face
10	every day. Police with guns.
11	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
12	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
13	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
14	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
15	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
16	IRENE ARIZAGA: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
17	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay.
18	IRENE ARIZAGA: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
19	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Sorry. If you
20	would like to translate. [SPEAKING SPANISH]
21	Do you wanna go ahead and start? So my
22	question, I'll translate myself to her, which was I
23	asked her how recent was this? If this was today? She
24	said, no, it was a month and a half ago. And then I
25	asked which was the agency that was the enforcement

have gotten together, have united.

We are desperate, anxious.

## COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

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2 ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: It was the Sanitation and Police together that lifted up all the food of our colleague, our coworker in Corona Plaza.

ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: And right now we don't even know who or what we have to be watching and taking care of whether it is the Sanitation Department or the Police because they now act together.

IRENE ARIZAGA: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: And they're now on the train tracks. They are watching and they are informing the police about the movement.

CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: And I ask you now. They claim they are cleaning the city. How are they cleaning the city? If what they do is come four, five times a week, that is called not cleaning. It's called harassment.

CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

INTERPRETER: And with all my due respect, we, the vendors, the street vendors, do not want to get into a depression just for the fact of living in such a beautiful country.

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 211
2	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
3	INTERPRETER: I love this country. I grew
4	up here. I went to high school here.
5	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
6	INTERPRETER: I went to college.
7	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
8	INTERPRETER: But everything has changed.
9	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
10	INTERPRETER: There is no work.
11	CATHERINE DIAZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
12	INTERPRETER: So what's are we doing
13	wrong?
14	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
15	INTERPRETER: To vend, to sell on the
16	street is not a crime, but [SPEAKING SPANISH]
17	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
18	INTERPRETER: To sell is a job, and the
19	Police and the Sanitation Department, they also have
20	their job, but if they give us a ticket and they send
21	us to court
22	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
23	INTERPRETER: The judge asks you, do you
24	have a license?

ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 212
2	INTERPRETER: And when you say no, what
3	does the judge say?
4	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
5	INTERPRETER: You know that the Police,
6	Sanitation, and the Park do their job.
7	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
8	INTERPRETER: It is your job too, but it's
9	also their job.
10	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
11	INTERPRETER: The judge told me once when
12	Sanitation had given me a 1,000-dollar ticket.
13	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
14	INTERPRETER: I've slept in the cell in
15	court.
16	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
17	INTERPRETER: I've been with judges
18	begging.
19	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
20	INTERPRETER: Begging to help me how to be
21	able to sell legally.
22	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
23	INTERPRETER: The judge's answer was, you
24	know the risks you are taking.
25	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 213
2	INTERPRETER: The Police, Sanitation, and
3	the Park do their job.
4	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
5	INTERPRETER: And what you do is your job.
6	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
7	INTERPRETER: The only thing that the
8	judge told me. ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
9	INTERPRETER: To be careful that I
10	wouldn't be arrested because then my job will end in
11	six months.
12	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
13	INTERPRETER: His recommendation was.
14	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
15	INTERPRETER: You can sell. As long as you
16	are moving, you keep moving. If you are moving, you
17	won't be arrested, but if you stop, then you will be
18	arrested. That's what the Police Department, the
19	Sanitation, and the Park claim or said.
20	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
21	INTERPRETER: That after talking to that
22	judge, when I talked to that judge, I understood many
23	things.

ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 214
2	INTERPRETER: I understood many things
3	because he spoke clearly and made me think.
4	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
5	INTERPRETER: I can't take out so much
6	merchandise because I would lose everything in one
7	when Health comes. I couldn't get out so much
8	merchandise because, for one, I would lose everything
9	when Sanitation would come.
10	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
11	INTERPRETER: What happens to us the
12	street vendors is that we want to have for sale
13	merchandise of all kinds.
14	IRENE ARIZAGA: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
15	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
16	If you could, please, if you can translate everything
17	again.
18	INTERPRETER: I have to begin with her.
19	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: With her and then
20	her.
21	INTERPRETER: She was saying that they
22	want to sell all kinds of merchandise, not realizing
23	that it's a mistake because it's not a matter of
24	quantity but of quality of the merchandise.

Now she...

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 216
2	INTERPRETER: The last thing I want to say
3	that, okay, you know that permits and licenses are
4	stuck.
5	ELIAZAR CAMPOS: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
6	INTERPRETER: You should do something
7	about it.
8	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay. Thank you.
9	Thank you so much for your testimony.
10	[SPEAKING SPANISH]
11	You have the two ladies in the back. All
12	right. Yay. All right. There is a third.
13	All right, here we go. Final call. If you
14	want to testify, come to the front. Price is right
15	[SPEAKING SPANISH]
16	Going once. Going twice. Okay.
17	Thank you everybody. We're working on
18	hour seven of today's hearing. Yay! Way to wave.
19	Okay, cool.
20	Thank you for your patience, everyone.
21	We'll start with Carina, if you want to go ahead.
22	CARINA KAUFMAN-GUTIERREZ: That's okay.
23	I'll go last.

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 217
2	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: You sure? You want
3	to finish it out? You want to be the last one? All
4	right, good.
5	[SPEAKING SPANISH]
6	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
7	INTERPRETER: Good evening, my name is
8	Consuelo Salazar, Ecuadorian.
9	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
10	INTERPRETER: Thank you very much, Chair
11	Velazquez, God bless you, and thank you all,
12	everybody here, for their precious time.
13	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
14	INTERPRETER: I love this country, and
15	I've come here many times just to visit, to know it.
16	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
17	INTERPRETER: But life goes around, and I
18	had to stay here illegally.
19	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
20	INTERPRETER: My husband had many heart
21	attacks, and he's still alive because God is great
22	with a lot of loss of his heart capacity.
23	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

pick up my things.

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 219
2	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
3	INTERPRETER: I was so broken that the
4	police had pity on me.
5	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
6	INTERPRETER: Calm down, calm down,
7	something is going to happen to you.
8	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
9	INTERPRETER: I'm going to give you a
10	ticket.
11	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
12	INTERPRETER: But when I had the hearing,
13	it wasn't via Zoom or in-person but through a phone
14	call with a judge.
15	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
16	INTERPRETER: Therefore, they did not
17	charge me the ticket.
18	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
19	INTERPRETER: (INAUDIBLE) by saying this,
20	the first year that I came here I worked. The second
21	year I paid taxes because my nephew told me you got
22	to contribute with the taxes in this country the same
23	as you did in Ecuador.
24	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 220
2	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
3	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
4	INTERPRETER: I want to contribute with
5	something because I must be very thankful for this
6	country, but I want the authorities to give us the
7	licenses [SPEAKING SPANISH]
8	CONSUELO SALAZAR: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
9	INTERPRETER: And permits that we need so
10	very much.
11	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
12	Thank you, thank you for your testimony.
13	LIBIA JIMENEZ (PHONETIC): [SPEAKING
14	SPANISH]
15	INTERPRETER: Good evening, Miss
16	President, and thank you for the attention you've
17	given to us.
18	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
19	INTERPRETER: And all the authorities.
20	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
21	INTERPRETER: My name is Libia Jimenez.
22	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
23	INTERPRETER: I work in the Bronx on 59th
24	and 3rd Avenue.

LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 221
2	INTERPRETER: I'm a single mother.
3	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
4	INTERPRETER: I have two daughters.
5	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
6	INTERPRETER: And I have three
7	grandchildren.
8	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
9	INTERPRETER: Six years ago, my son died.
10	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
11	INTERPRETER: And I had to stay there
12	because I couldn't [SPEAKING SPANISH]
13	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
14	INTERPRETER: Coming to this country made
15	me survive the death of my son.
16	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
17	INTERPRETER: I, like the rest of my
18	coworkers, am working on the street which is my
19	sustenance to my income to pay my rent.
20	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
21	INTERPRETER: The lights, the phone.
22	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
23	INTERPRETER: My car, my daughter's food.

LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]

My name is Carina Kaufman-Gutierrez, and the Deputy

2 Director at the Street Vendor Project. I'd like to

3 thank Chair Velázquez for the opportunity to testify

4 today as someone who I've had the privilege to work

5 | with since before you were in office so glad to be

6 here today with.

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I do want to address, though, a few of the comments that were made and hopefully provide some clarifications. First off, regarding the waitlist for both food and merchandise licenses, the waitlist for mobile food vendors has been closed to applicants who received their mobile food vendor license after September 1, 2017, so anyone who go at license who pays taxes on their business still cannot be eligible to get a mobile food vendor permit. The same is similar for merchandise vendors. This waitlist has been closed to applicants since 2016.

Additionally, one of the biggest issues and misconceptions is that there is an agency that actually conducts outreach and education to street vendors. When the transition to Department of Sanitation took place this April, no agency was identified to take over street vendor compliance and education. Both vendors and organizations alike have struggled to learn about vending. As recently as

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 225
today, I had a question from a Business Improvement
District saying they've tried to get information
about street vending, and City agencies either pass

them to the next or it was incorrect.

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Department of Small Business Services has actually only conducted one single educational workshop to street vendors this year. It took place in October. It was online. It was only in English.

There were less than 20 participants, and two of them were me from my phone and my computer.

DSNY stated today, again, that they advise street vendors on how to come into compliance, but you may have seen today many vendors shaking their heads no, that's not true. In reality, what happens is enforcement agents give vendors a written piece of paper that states, and I do want to read it verbatim so it's understood, it's very short. It's three sentences. "You've been observed by NYC law enforcement personnel operating a street vending business at a time, location, or manner that violates Administrative Code in at least one of the following ways. Not having a vendor license, having a table that's eight feet or three feet or larger, or displaying items directly on the sidewalk without use

of the table. This notice serves to inform you that you are in violation of a time, location, or manner

4 vending restriction, and you may be issued a summons

5 and your merchandise and table may be subject to

6 removal." That's it. That is the education and

7 compliance outreach that our city street vendors

8 actually receive.

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Separately, regarding Intro. 1264 to reduce criminal liability, I do want to emphasize that NYPD still has a role in vending enforcement, and, as heard today from many of those who testified, they do still continue to issue both criminal and civil summonses.

I also want to flag that Comptroller

Lander has submitted a request for information from

the Administration on November 9th of this year with

a question directed to NYPD to provide the number of

criminal summonses issued this year. Answers were due

on November 30th. I'd appreciate support in getting

the Administration to please provide this

information.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: All right. Thank you. I think my last and final wrap-up for you, have you received assistance for the wraparound social

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 227
2	services that you were asking help for, that you
3	need.
4	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
5	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
6	INTERPRETER: No.
7	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Sorry. I'm like
8	translating in my brain because I want to say it in
9	Spanish so I have to say it in English. Have you
10	reached out to your local elected office for any
11	assistance?
12	INTERPRETER: [SPEAKING SPANISH] What
13	local agency, Chair Velázquez?
14	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: I'm sorry.
15	INTERPRETER: I didn't hear what
16	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: No worries. Local
17	elected, local elected [SPEAKING SPANISH]
18	LIBIA JIMENEZ: [SPEAKING SPANISH]
19	INTERPRETER: No, I haven't. You come here
20	to work, and since the first day I've arrived, I've
21	worked.
22	CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay, all right.
23	Sorry, procedural work. Sarah, take it
24	away.

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2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL SWAINE: Thank you all 3 for your testimony.

If you are still with us on Zoom, please use the raise hand function and let us know that you're here.

I'm going to call those names now. Liza
Schwartzwald (phonetic), Juan Nuñez, Ali E Al-Subai
(phonetic), Miriam Caldy (phonetic), Mira
Aldesteckart (phonetic), Jackson (INAUDIBLE), Oksana
Miranova (phonetic), Paula Segel (phonetic), Jessica
Walker, Nathan Brown, Alvin Wright.

Seeing no hands, I'll turn it over to the Chair to close us out this evening.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Alrighty. I end like I started with a very, very long hearing. It's been an honor serving with you so thank you so much, Sarah, thank you so much, Natalie. Thank you for my team. Thank you, tech folks. It's been great serving with y'all. Thank you to the interpreters in the room for the work you've all done.

There's a lot of work to be done with street vending so thank you all for having the courage to come forth and talking about your experiences but, more importantly, thank you for

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 229
2	waiting and having patience so godspeed, happy
3	holidays, and looking forward to seeing what happens
4	next here.
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date December 28, 2023