CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS

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Monday, May 8, 2023 Start: 1:38 P.M. Recess: 3:38 P.M.

HELD AT: 250 BROADWAY - COMMITTEE ROOM,

14TH FLOOR

B E F O R E: HON. KEITH POWERS, CHAIRPERSON

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Speaker Adrienne E. Adams

Joseph C. Borelli Justin L. Brannan

Gale Brewer

Selvena Brooks-Powers

Crystal Hudson Rafael Salamanca Pierina Ana Sanchez

OTHER COUNCIL MEMBERS ATTENDING:

Rita Joseph

Mercedes Narcisse

## COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Paul Bader Candidate for New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

Thomas Sorrentino Candidate for New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

Sarah Kaufman Candidate for New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

Kenneth Y. K. Chan Nominee New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

Christopher Leon Johnson Representing Self

Raul Rivera
Representing NYC Drivers Unite

## COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS [BLANK]

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Thank you. Good evening and welcome to the New York City Council Hybrid Hearing on The Committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections. At this time, please place all electronic devices to vibrate or silent mode.

Chair we are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON POWERS:

[GAVEL SOUND] [GAVELING IN]

Good afternoon, and welcome, everyone to the meeting of the Committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections. I am Council Member Keith Powers, Chair of the Committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections.

Before we begin, I would like to introduce the other members of the committee who are present.

We are currently joined by Speaker Adrienne E. Adams, and I believe we will be joined by other colleagues shortly.

I would like to acknowledge the counsel of this committee, Jeffrey Campagna, and the committee staff who worked on the appointments that we are hearing today: Pearl Moore, Ethics Counsel; Francesca Della Vecchia, Director of The Public Integrity Division; and Alycia Vasell, Deputy Director.

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By letters dated April 28, 2023, Mayor Eric Adams requested the advice and consent of the Council regarding the appointments of Kenneth Y. K. Chan, Sarah Kaufman, Paul Bader, and Thomas Sorrentino to the New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission.

Pursuant to Section 2301 of the City Charter,

Paul Bader was recommended for the appointment by the

Queens Delegation to The City Council and Thomas

Sorrentino was recommended by the Brooklyn Delegation

to The City Council.

Today, The City Council will consider whether to give these candidates our advice and consent.

Before we start, I want to recognize Speaker Adrienne Adams to offer opening remarks.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Thank you very much, Mr. Chair.

I would like to thank all of the committee staff for their work on today's hearing and our colleagues who are on the way.

The four candidates before us today have been nominated to be members of the Taxi and Limousine Commission (TLC), a body that has the power to establish rates for Yellow and Green Cabs, and has the power to establish and enforce public policy with respect to For-Hire Vehicles (FHVs), all of which are

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an essential part of the City's transportation. The
Charter provides for the Commission to have nine
members, but due to recent resignations, the
Commission has been practically nonfunctional as its
membership has dwindled down to just three members.

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If the four nominees are approved by the Committee, and the full Council, the Commission will once again be able to conduct its vital business for the City.

The Taxi and For-Hire Vehicle industry has undergone revolutionary changes in the last ten years. Just as the City established the Green Taxi system to expand the availability of street-hailed cars outside of Manhattan, and mandated the switch to be accessible taxi of tomorrow, ride-hailed technology became ubiquitous, making it possible to summon cars virtually --anywhere-- without competing with fellow pedestrians.

Companies like Uber and Lyft has assumed a significant share of business that used to go to Yellow Cab, making it particularly difficult, if not impossible, for medallion owners to make their loan payments. However, unlike street-hailed cars, which are subject to a uniform rate setting by TLC, ride

committee on Rules, Privileges & Elections 7 hail apps use surge pricing to exploit changes in demand during rush hours, rain storms, and other events. Surge pricing calculates what the market will bear at any given moment. The proliferation of ride-hailed technology appears to be unstoppable.

But questions remain about whether the ride-hail apps and their market share are promoting the transportation policy goals that have been the underpinning of the Taxi industry over the last 50 years. And, thus, whether TLC's policies need to be adjusted to bring the use of these technologies into alignment with those goals or whether the goals themselves need to change.

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I look forward to hearing from the candidates nominated to the TLC who will have to consider these issues and many others in the year ahead.

Kenneth Chan worked as an Intellectual Property
Attorney at companies like United Technologies,
Avaya, Corning, and Assess+RE from 1994 to 2020.
Since 2015, he has been the managing director of
Navistone, LLC, a real estate development company.
He has been recommended by Kevin Kim, The
Commissioner of the New York City Department of Small
Business Services.

2 Sarah Kaufman has served in various roles at

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3 NYU's Rudin Center for Transportation Policy and

4 Management since 2011. And as of July 2022, she has

5 served as the center's Interim Executive Director.

From 2007 to 2011, Ms. Kaufman was a project coordinator for Emerging Leaders in Transportation Systems at the MTA (The Metropolitan Transportation Authority). She has published extensively on transportation policy and has served on a number of boards including Transportation Alternatives, and

Thomas Sorrentino has been serving on the TLC since he was appointed by Mayor de Blasio in 2017.

The Brooklyn Delegation of the Council recently recommended him to reappointment for a new term.

TLC's Black Car & Livery Task Force.

Mr. Sorrentino was accountant with the firm  $\mbox{O'Connor Davies.}$ 

Paul Bader has held varied positions in the public and private sectors for over 50 years. From 1970 to 1980, Mr. Bader drove a taxi cab for a fleet based in Long Island, in my native Queens.

He has owned two printing companies, City Imprint from 1984 to 2002 and Nyprints, LLC in Long Island City from 2013 to the present.

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Mr. Bader has served two stints in the New York City Comptroller's Office 2002 to 2005 and from January to December of 2001. He also served in the Council as a Special Assistant to Christine Quinn.

Thank you all for your commitment to public service. I congratulate you on your nominations and look forward to hearing your testimony.

Mr. Chair?

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CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you.

And just a little bit of background before we begin. The New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission, known as the TLC, was created pursuant to Local Law 12 of 1971. Chapter 65 of the New York City Charter established the TLC with the purpose of the continuance, development, and improvement of taxi and limousine service in New York City.

It is the purpose of the Commission to establish an overall public transportation policy governing taxi, coach, limousine, wheelchair accessible van services, and commuter van services as it relates to the overall public transportation network of the City.

The Commission for establishes certain rates, standards, service, insurance and minimum coverage,

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 10 and criteria for the for the licensing of vehicles, drivers, chauffeurs, owners, and operators engaged in such services.

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The Commission also has the power to establish fines and penalties for violations of its rules.

The TLC consists of nine members appointed by the Mayor, all subject to the advice and consent of the City Council. Five of said members must be a resident from each of the five boroughs of the City, and are recommended for appointment by a majority vote of the Council Members from the respective borough delegation.

TLC members are appointed for seven year terms, and can serve until the appointment and qualification of a successor.

The Mayor designates one TLC member to act as the Chairperson and Chief Executive Officer. The Chairperson has the authority to employ, assign, and oversee the officers and employees of the organization.

Pursuant to the Charter, the Chair's position is fulltime and the Mayor establishes compensation.

Members other than the Chair serve without compensation.

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 11 2 We have already done introductions of everyone, 3 so I'm going to punt. 4 I also want to note that we are joined by Transportation Chair, Council Member Selvena Brooks-Powers and we are joined by Council Member Rita 6 Joseph, and Council Member Mercedes Narcisse. I want to thank everyone for being here today, 8 and I will now ask our counsel to administer the 10 affirmation. 11 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Please raise your right hands, state your names, and state whether you affirm to 12 tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the 13 14 truth, before this committee, and to respond honestly 15 to council member questions? PAUL BADER: Paul Bader, I do. 16 17 THOMAS SORRENTINO: Tom Sorrentino, I affirm that I will tell the truth. 18 19 SARAH KAUFMAN: Sarah Kaufman, I affirm that I will tell the truth. 20 KENNETH CHAN: Kenneth Chan, I affirm that I will 21 tell the truth. 2.2 2.3 CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you, and thank you all for being here today. Congratulations on your 24 25 nominations, or my condolences, depending on how you

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 12 want to look at it. Uhm, I'm just kidding, thank you guys for being here with us today.

We are now going to offer you an opportunity to give opening statements. We can start with Mr.

Bader, and we make our way over to Mr. Chan, thanks so much.

PAUL BADER: Thank you, and I indicated before, my name is Paul Bader. Speaker Adams, Chair Powers, and members of The Rules Committee, I would like to express my gratitude and appreciation to the Queens County Delegation, many of whom I have known for years, for selecting me as the Queens representative for Taxi and Limousine Commission. This selection represents the recognition of my many years of community service working to maintain and improve our wonderful city, and of my work experience in various jobs related to the Taxi industry, and the movement of vehicles along our roads and streets.

Madam Speaker, let me also express my

appreciation and my shared concern relative to the

industry and how it has changed -- as you indicated -
from when I drove a taxi, which is many, many years

ago. The world changes and we must adapt to it.

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I've been involved in transportation issues in

New York City much of my life, including membership

on The Transportation Committees of Community Boards

in both Manhattan -- where I was the Chair -- and

Brooklyn.

Increasingly, the For Hire Vehicle (FHV) industry is a larger part of our transportation system, and this is a way of being involved in creating a better transportation structure.

Professionally, I have been a taxi driver -yellow medallion for a fleet, a truck driver, and a
driving instructor in the City, where I have lived my
whole life. Additionally, having worked in city
government and a variety of positions dealing with
its communities and neighborhoods, I am extremely
knowledgeable regarding the streets and byways and
most importantly, the flow and rhythm of how people
move around the City.

I am aware of some of the many initiatives that
the Taxi and Limousine Commission is working on to
protect and assist the drivers -- as well as ensuring
that they are receiving their fair share of the fare
-- while improving the riding experience the
customers -- and I look forward to working with them

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 14 on these and other issues affecting the FHB industry in our city. Supporting the livelihood of our drivers is a crucial and vital part of promoting health and welfare of our drivers across the spectrum.

Thank you

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THOMAS SORRENTINO: Good afternoon.

My name is Thomas Sorrentino and I would like to thank you all for the opportunity to be here today to speak with you.

I currently serve as a commissioner on The Taxi
And Limousine Commission, having previously been
appointed by Mayor Bill de Blasio in August 2017.

I have served our City in this capacity over the past six years with commitment and devotedness, and have tried my best to address the issues at hand with care, objectivity, and thoughtfulness.

I would very much like to continue being of service to our City by using my experience and background to work and collaborate with the members of the Commission, TLC staff, and colleague commissioners -- as well various stakeholders -- in order to address the challenges and the issues facing the industry, and to formulate policies and

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 15 regulations that take into account the concerns and considerations of the parties who provide such an important part of our City's transportation system, as well as ensuring that the riding public is well served, throughout all parts of our City, in a safe, accessible, and economical way.

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I'm enthusiastic and humbled to be considered for reappointment to a full term on the Commission.

During the time that I have served on the Commission,

I've had the privilege of having worked with several

TLC chairs and acting chairs, along with the talented members of the TLC staff, to help address the many issues, challenges, and the changing landscape that the industry has faced over these many years.

Over the past years, I have sat through many TLC public hearings, and I have listened first-hand to the testimony of many individuals including drivers, medallion owners, FHV licensees, coalition groups, elected officials, TLC policy makers, industry experts, and members of the riding public. And I've heard their views and opinions on a variety of topics and issues relating to accessibility: diminished medallion values; medallion owner loan and debt concerns; FHV licensing policies; driver pay, safety

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and well-being considerations; economic and environmental impact concerns, as well as matters that impact the riding public in providing safe and reliable transportation.

I'm proud to have worked and dialogued with the professional staff members of the TLC, and with colleague commissioners to help formulate policy and the pass rules and regulations to address the many issues that have challenged the industry, and have tried to make things better for everyone.

Some of the positive achievements and results that I have seen and have been a part of include passing broader accessibility regulations; placing limits and caps on FHV licenses, considering the oversaturation of such licenses at the time; the medallion relief program; and driver pay enhancements.

I believe that the time that I have spent serving on the Commission, the experience garnered therefrom, my professional background, and my ability to work and collaborate with colleagues, policymakers, and industry participants are attributes that will allow me to continue to provide service that is meaningful, and that has value to the Commission as it leads the

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 17 charge in regulating the industry and ensuring that all of the stakeholders are well served.

One of the focal points that we must be always keep in mind is the health and well-being of the drivers. This must always be paramount consideration when setting policy. The drivers are essential in making the entire system work, and they are the backbone in providing transportation to the riding public. To ensure their well-being, it is important for us all to be mindful of both quality of life and economic considerations, including both driver pay and expenses. These considerations should be factored in while setting overall policy to ensure a proper balance for the drivers and all industry stakeholders.

Lastly, as a lifelong New York City resident, I have the desire to continue to serve our City, and I am committed to dedicating the time and energy needed to fulfill the responsibilities of the position, and to perform the work that needs to be done, as you move toward as a city, and work through the challenges that lie ahead. I want you to know that I have taken the responsibility of being a member of

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 18 the Commission seriously and dutifully, and have not missed a Commission hearing about during my tenure.

I thank you for this time.

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SARAH KAUFMAN: Good afternoon, Speaker Adams,
Chair Powers, and members of The Committee On Rules,
Privileges and Elections. My name is Sarah Kaufman,
and I come before you today seeking your confirmation
and consent to serve as a member of the Taxi and
Limousine Commission. Thank you in advance for your
consideration, and for the opportunity to tell you
about myself and why I wish to serve on the TLC.

I currently serve as the Interim Director of the Rudin Center for Transportation at NYU Wagner School of Public service. In that role, I conduct research and hold gatherings to discuss policy and planning issues around mobility.

I'm presently working on two research projects:

first, assessing the city of Buffalo's response to

the blizzard in December 2022, which I hope will be

instructive for all cities responses to extreme

weather, as it is inevitable everywhere. Secondly, I

am working on a project applying urbanism principles

to the future introduction of autonomous vehicles in

American cities. I also host panel discussions and

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keynote lectures on topics like flooding and

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3 transportation; new technologies and accessibility;

4 and the future of micro mobility in New York City.

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I've worked at the Rudin Center since December 2011, and have, throughout that time, worked as a great deal to lift up the voices of women and other underrepresented communities in transportation leadership. I have a long-standing interest in gender based travel and how cities can improve women's safety and caregiving needs. I've developed research and workshops around women's challenges in transportation. The concept under the term, "Pink Tax on Transportation" is that women in New York City and other cities tend to pay a premium for the personal safety, when possible, by turning down off hours employment and opting for more expensive transportation modes such as choosing taxis or rideshare over public transportation in the name of safety.

I have also tried to bring light to other challenges for New Yorkers. This year, I worked with a graduate student to develop a project around language access in the subways -- offering suggestions to improve mobility for New York's 1.8

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 20 million residents who are considered having limited English proficiency.

And In the Emerging Leaders Program that I have run for eight years, I train early career transportation professionals to apply innovative projects and processes to their workplaces. I have designed the program to prioritize admission to individuals who would not otherwise have such an opportunity.

Before working at the Rudin Center, I worked at
MTA New York City Transit for nearly 5 years. I
worked in the Strategic Improvements and Best
Practices Group, where we looked at comparable
transit systems abroad and considered lessons
learned. Primarily, I am a proudest of two
accomplishments during that tenure: first, I launched
the MTA's Open Data Program, which supplied subway
data to the backend of apps, and organized the
developer feedback forum. Secondly, I created a
social media plan for New York City Transit, getting
information like subway delays and weekend
construction changes out to the public. I am proud of
developing such useful tools for New Yorkers.

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Prior to the MTA, I worked at DoITT between 2006 and 2007. There I worked on the NCWiN network -- the private emergency responder wireless network that would ensure communications between first responders during a crisis.

I had taken that job right after graduate school at NYU, where I got my graduate degree in Urban Planning in 2005. During that time, in interned at both The Economic Development Corporation and DoITT, and I worked on campus with Mitchell Moss at the Taub Urban Research Center.

I am a native of New Rochelle, New York and I attended college in Saint Louis Missouri at Washington University. I've lived in New York City since August 2001, and I have lived in seven different apartments in Manhattan and Brooklyn. I am now settled in East Harlem with my family -- my husband, who is in his 22nd year of teaching middle school English, and my two children who are both in middle school.

Growing up in the suburbs, I always yearned for the city, the vibrancy, the way everyone fits in somewhere, and the chaotic order of things. I've always felt that the City just worked. I learned

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 22 throughout my career, some things are not as orderly as they seem. I have constantly worked to improve the city I love through both low hanging fruit and ambitious goals. I have called upon my background in

technology to solve some of those issues.

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This effort has often included collaborating with the Taxi And Limousine Commission, where helping to solve the organization's challenges has been a throughline in the last ten years.

Together with a previous Commissioner Meera

Joshi, I hosted a hackathon around taxi driver shift changes where we looked into how to better organize the 4:00 PM turnovers for more taxi availability in Manhattan and more localized drivers transfers.

I have served in the Data Committee assessing what information should be required from ride hail providers, and how to protect drivers' and riders' identities. In addition, Commissioner Joshi and I convened a public forum about accessibility and for-hire vehicles in the fall of 2019, especially concerning the timeline of regulating wheelchair accessible vehicles.

Finally, under Commissioner Joshi, the TLC staff provided input on my work "Bringing Innovation to

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 23 Paratransit" encouraging the use of taxis and for-2

hire vehicles to augment Access-A-Ride services. 4 With previous commissioner a Aloysee Heredia

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Jarmoszuk, I served in the Black Car and Livery Task Force, working to get more drivers back on the streets. Throughout 2020, I assisted on the TLC-led Surface Transportation Recovery Committee.

I believe that this work has had a at least a somewhat positive impact on New Yorkers' lives and the economic opportunities of drivers.

Still, while it has been rewarding to help the Taxi Limousine Commission think through pressing problems on the sidelines, I'm eager to have a stronger voice on policy. I believe I can be helpful by putting ideas into practice when grappling with the TLC's most pressing challenges. I am eager to learn from my colleagues on the Commission and work closely with the TLC staff. It will be an honor to serve on this Commission and to help to usher the organization through the next few years.

Mostly, though, I want to help the greatest city in the world move its people more efficiently, comfortably, equitably, and sustainably. I hope you'll see my candidacy as a valuable to the TLC, and COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 24

I look forward to answering your questions. Thank you for your time and consideration.

KENNETH CHAN: Good afternoon, Chair Powers, Speaker Adams, Council Members.

My name is Kenneth Chan, and I come before you today seeking your confirmation and consent to serve as a member of the Taxi and Limousine Commission.

Thank you in advance for your consideration and for the opportunity to for me to tell you about myself and why I wish to serve on the Commission.

I am a resident of Brooklyn. Having arrived in New York City as an eight-year-old immigrant, I am a proud product of New York City's public educational system. After graduating from The Bronx High School of Science, I attended Cornell University as a chemistry major, and then Syracuse University College of Law for my jurist doctorate degree.

New York City has been great to me and my family. While we experienced firsthand the challenges of being immigrants with modest means, through perseverance and entrepreneurship we were able to get by and later achieve a comfortable living.

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I have three children. The older two kids are graduating college this month, and our youngest is a

4 junior in high school.

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Currently, I am the owner of a small business called Navistone, LLC. Its primary business activities are property management and development. I have successfully developed and managed under-used and under-invested properties and transformed them into high-functioning facilities, which have housed business operations such as manufacturing, commercial kitchens, logistics, art studios, and soundstages.

Prior to Navistone, I worked at three large US high tech companies. I served as Asia Regional Intellectual Property Counsel and then as Director of Intellectual Property Strategy for Corning Incorporated. As Regional Counsel, my primary duties were to support the company's growth in Asia, build a group to provide sustained intellectual property support for the companies innovations, and helped to resolve disputes over the company's intellectual property rights. In doing so, I have helped conclude significant corporate development projects and several high-tech manufacturing investments in Asia. I also led company efforts to analyze new policies

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and regulations in the region to identify potential impacts on the company and develop plans to address these potential impacts. While in Asia, I engaged actively with other MNCs as well as NGOs to nurture relationships, share knowledge, and advance advocacy efforts. I also interacted regularly with US government agencies such as the US Patent Trademark Office, US Trade Representative's Office, and US Consulate Offices to share observations and ideas.

As Director of Intellectual Property Strategy at Corning, my primary focus there was to help revamp and improve communication and processes among groups in research, intellectual property protection, and technology commercialization, and doing so among the different product divisions. This effort required that I work with multiple functional groups within multiple product divisions in order to strengthen a company's intellectual property rights, protect its innovations, and enhance the commercial potential of research results.

Before joining Corning, I served as Intellectual
Property Counsel and Director of Trademark and
Copyright at Avaya Inc. Avaya was is a spin of Lucent
Technologies Inc. that focused on telecommunication

applications and devices. As a member of this newly formed in entity I helped to shape the company's intellectual property focus and practices, and I collaborated with product managers to develop business models for many of the company's innovations. At Avaya, I supported research and development efforts as well as led successfully and concluded numerous technology M&A transactions as well as strategic agreements with telecommunication service providers and other key business partners.

Prior to Avaya, I served as corporate counsel at the Pratt & Whitney Division of United Technologies Corporation. Pratt & Whitney is an aircraft engine manufacturer for both commercial aircraft and military aircraft.

At Pratt & Whitney, I gained extensive experience in supply management, commercial transactions, and technology development and implementation. In addition to leading the first of its kind corporate wide supply management initiatives, including the first B-2-B e-commerce initiatives, I also helped ensure compliance with applicable regulations such as FCPA, OFAC, US Export Control, and ITAR.

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Working at these three large companies has given me insight into complex organizations and structures including working within complex regulatory frameworks. It has also helped me to develop collaboration skills to work with multiple stakeholders in order to complete projects.

As I stated earlier, New York City has been great to me and my family. As a passionate and committed lifelong resident, I'm eager to give back to the community that has provided me with countless opportunities. It is this desire to contribute that has drawn me to the opportunity to serve as a commissioner for the Taxi and Limousine Commission.

I'm also passionate about serving on the TLC, because I believe, in conjunction with fellow commissioners, that we can create a positive impact on the lives of New Yorkers by guaranteeing access to safe, reliable, and affordable transportation options.

I hope to help usher in a new era of innovations in a way that protects and uplifts drivers and consumers. If confirmed as Commissioner, I hope to lean on my professional, small business, and personal work experience to work collaboratively with fellow

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 29 commissioners to continuously improve transportation for all New Yorkers.

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Thank you for your consideration of my nomination to the Taxi and Limousine Commission. I look forward to answering your questions, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you, and thank you all for your testimony.

We are now going to move into asking some questions. I will first recognize Speaker Adrianne Adams for questions that she may have.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Thank you very much, Chair Powers.

Welcome once again, uh, the three of you have such intriguing backgrounds, and I have something in common with all of you. I will just put that out there.

I am going to start with my fellow baysider, Paul Bader. You are actually the only person nominated who has actually driven a taxi. When you would a driver in the 70's, you didn't own you medallion, correct?

PAUL BADER: That is correct. I drove for a fleet, Crescent and 41st Avenue, Main Operating, I still remember the name. For those of you who don't remember, basically there were two kinds of

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medallions at that time, and they have different price structures: One was a fleet medallion that was owned by a fleet, and, then, there were individual medallions that were owned by individual people.

Those of us who drove for fleets also were members of a union at that time -- Taxi Drivers' Union. And there was a schedule, a rate schedule that you

percentage of the meter that you go. You started, if

started at and you went to, and it was based on a

I remember correctly, this was a couple of years ago,

I think we started at about 40 percent and went up to 50 percent. And it was based on a variety of

parameters that made you go up. But, for most people

they went up pretty quickly to the 50 percent.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Yes, yes. Some of us do remember those days. If you had your druthers these days, would you choose to stay in fleet driving or would you drive for Uber or Lyft or one of those guys? It's a tough question.

PAUL BADER: No, it's not, because the individual driver in those days was had more recognition and respect than I think many of them have today. It was a profession that both fleet drivers as well as

2 used to call Black Cars. And they were... The

3 largest one was a company out of Brooklyn called

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SPEAKER ADAMS: Mm-hmm

PAUL BADER: uh, that also went into Queens at the And I knew why they existed, because I was a time. fleet driver who drove in all five boroughs. unique in that. There were not that many drivers who would drive all throughout the different five boroughs, particularly in certain neighborhoods of Brooklyn and Queens. I learned, and I knew these neighborhoods, I learned; however, that, like anything else, if you are willing to drive and you understand that, there is a lot of money to be made. And there was no place that I turned over fares faster, as we used to call it -- turn them over -- as certain neighborhoods in Brooklyn and Queens. the neighborhoods. I was comfortable driving there. And, I drove nights most of the time, and I served... it was underserved communities by the medallion

23 SPEAKER ADAMS: Yeah, yeah.

owners at that time.

And thinking about your questions in your questionnaire, we asked you the questions about your

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS views about TLC policies and the for-hire vehicle industry when we sent our pre-hearing with questions. But, most of your replies consisted of needing more information. Do you come into this role having any views about what the polices of the TLC should be with respect to street-hails and pricing even in terms of normative values?

PAUL BADER: Yes. I tend to want to do as much research and get as much background information as can before making definitive conclusions, but...

SPEAKER ADAMS: Mm-hmm

PAUL BADER: clearly there should be a direct correlation between the increase that an app is charging a consumer and that percentage of that increase, which is going to go to the driver. that is, I don't have an... Hopefully we will get to that point where we will able to have more of a definitive. But, yes, clearly, it should be in a situation whereby if the app is charging more, the driver should get their fair share of whatever that increase is going to be. It doesn't make sense sometimes to have a dynamic where the price is going up, and the driver doesn't benefit from the price going up. I don't want to see that happen, so I want

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 34 to see what it is that we can do to make that equitable to do that.

I also understand that it is... You have... of the good things about the old fleet system was, there was a shared benefit. The fleet wanted you to do better. The more money that you booked, the more money they made, and the more money the driver made. With the driving apps now, that no longer exists, because they don't really care on each individual car, because they're not having any investment in each individual car. How much they get for that individual car -- they just care about how much they're going to get overall. So, which is totally the opposite view of an individual driver who wants to optimize and maximize the return they are going to get and the income that they will get from the amount of time spent sitting behind the wheel. It is... For those of you who have not done it, it is not an easy thing to sit behind the wheel of any kind of vehicle for eight, ten, twelve hours at a time. Okay? And I have done it, as you can see a variety of times. I know what it is like, especially when you have to sit in traffic. And the drivers must get

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 35 their fair share of whatever the fare is that is being charged.

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SPEAKER ADAMS: I don't disagree with that at all.

I am going to ask one more question, then, I am going to move onto Mr. Sorrentino.

Speaking along the lines of equitability and equity, what is your view of surge pricing?

PAUL BADER: Some of it is ironic. Some makes sense, and some of it is ironic. What is ironic is that you get... They have surge pricing that is going to go in at later... at certain times of the day. Well, the irony is that if you pick up a fare at 12 at midnight, it is going to take you less time to get to where you have to go then if you had that same fare at 6 o'clock. So, the idea that one has to pay a lot more for a ride that is shorter, does not necessarily... doesn't really make sense to me. But, they can get away with it. And what happens therefore also is that the... the disproportionate amount of that is going to the... to that app as opposed to the going to the driver, because if there is any additional aggravation that is going to be caused, it is going to be the driver working at night, not the app, because the app is electronic.

2 And they don't know the difference between the sun

3 coming up and the sun going down. But, for the

4 driver driving, they are the one who has to

5 understand if there is any difference and what that

6 is going to be.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Thank you very much, Mr. Bader.

Mr. Sorrentino, you have served as a member of

9 the TLC as the industry has been adjusting to the

10 changes that I discussed in my remarks. And you have

11 heard a tremendous amount of feedback from

12 stakeholders about these changes. Based on this

13 | experience, what importance do you place on these

14 policies?

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15 The first one is ensuring that that street hails

16 are always possible. And the second one is ensuring

17 | there are always standard fares for people who cannot

afford dynamic pricing.

THOMAS SORRENTINO: Thank you.

20 One of the things that I have learned over the

21 | years of being on the Commission is a lot of

22 | different issues, there are a lot of different

23 | variables that go into play, and one of the things

24 | that I have gone garnered from all of the testimony

that I have heard, all of the polices that we've

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 37 tried to pass and analyzing them, is that there is a There always has to be a balance, because there are so many stakeholders now. As Mr. was saying, when he drove in the yellow medallions basically, now with the advent of the for hire vehicles, as we know the industry went upside down basically. And with all of the cars that were on the road, certain caps had to be put in, and that impacted driver pay. It impacted value of medallions. There are a lot of interactive pieces that come into play. So, one of the things that I believe is that ,you know, in terms of analyzing any issue, you have to look at all of the factors. cannot look into a vacuum. So, with regards to the question you're asking about with fares, I mean fares with for hire vehicles, they do surge, and that puts a burden on most New Yorkers when that happens, it is hard to manage and transportation when you cannot rely in reliable and economic transportation. think setting polices in fares is something that needs to be looked at very closely and monitored. And I think you have to be flexible and monitoring. And think the TLC over the years have dealt with

many, many issues. And I think , you know, from what

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1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 2 I am seeing firsthand is that the heart of the TLC,

3 the professionals who work there is the right place.

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And I think getting information is key. With the

5 advent of technology, I think you need to analyze

that in a quicker and more comprehensive way and 6

7 change with the times. And moving into a sustainable

situation with electric vehicles, uh, is also 8

something that is going to be the next wave that we

will have to deal with. 10

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SPEAKER ADAMS: I agree.

12 So, Mr. Sorrentino, you are looking for

13 reappointment, you are a commissioner; you are

14 sitting with three individuals who could possible

15 become your colleagues over the next few weeks or so.

16 So, what have you learned from being a TLC

17 commissioner that has been surprising to you that you

can share with three individuals that could 18

19 potentially be your colleagues?

20 THOMAS SORRENTINO: Well, one of the things I

21 have learned, and I have the utmost respect for is

the TLC staff. One of the things that, coming in as 2.2

2.3 a novice, as I was six years ago, the question is,

how do you get your hands around all of the issues

and all of the information? And one of the things

that I have learned, and I have worked with various commissioners, I have worked with Meera Joshi when I first came on, who is now one of the deputy mayors. I have worked with Bill Heinzen as an acting chair; I have worked with Roy Montenegro, who is currently, he was acting chair as well before Commissioner Do came in, and the predecessor, Aloysee, who just left recently. And one of the things that I have learned, no matter who the chair is on the acting chair is, the staff is so professional. They provide you with information on a continuous basis, they prepare you, they have briefings, so you are able to have a dialogue and ask questions to make sure you have a full understanding. And not just to vote, because that is the way ,you know, that the group is going, you have the right to ask questions. So, I think one of the things I would share with this panel, is that you should be afraid to engage with the TLC staff. I think engagement and collaboration is very important. And that is really the biggest takeaway that I would share with them if they are going to come and embark on this.

none of us know it all. And I think you all have to

keep an open mind and be objective. I would say

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 40 being objective and keeping a fair mind is key. And, also, listening to the folks in the industry, I mean, I have sat through numerous hearings, and I could tell you that some of them are heartbreaking. And some of the folks who are here today, I have seen on numerous occasions, and you have to listen to everybody. You have balance. So, that is what I think would be the biggest takeaway that I would share with them.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Thank you. And thank you for your service as a commissioner.

THOMAS SORRENTINO: Thank you.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Thank you very much. And thank you for the shoutout for the staff as well.

Ms. Kaufman, I going to come to you for a couple of questions, because there is no question that you are an expert in transportation policy and that the TLC has relied on your wisdom in the past. However, some member of the taxi industry have expressed concerns about consulting that you have done for the rideshare company Revel.

So, could you share with us what Revel is exactly and the nature of the work you did for them?

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what role do you believe that rideshare apps should

have when it comes to shaping policy for the taxi

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industry if any?

SARAH KAUFMAN: I don't think that they should have a role in shaping policy; although, I do think that for many New Yorkers, that is an important mode of transportation, especially New Yorkers underserved by public transportation who need some other way to get around, and perhaps live in an area where they don't have immediate access to street-hail taxis.

So, while I don't see these companies as shaping policy, I do think that there is a balance of voices that need to go into the outcomes.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Okay. Uh, I just have one more question for you. In your question, in your prehearing questionnaire, you wrote that you are open to the implementation of dynamic pricing. While that benefits individual drivers, is it good transportation policy to allow people with more money to get a ride in the rain than people with less money?

SARAH KAUFMAN: That is a very good point. This is something that ,you know, remaining open to it. I obviously have more to learn from the Commission and from the experiences of individuals on the ground. I appreciate that context.

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for MCI... (CROSS-TALK)

SPEAKER ADAMS: It is going to be an interesting balancing act. Just ask the Commissioner there.

Thank you very much.

SARAH KAUFMAN: Thank you.

All Right, Mr. Chan, I have got a couple of questions for you. And I said, you have got some things in common with me. You were in the telecommunications business. I come from the world of MCI, Winstar, and InfoHighway, all rolled into one back in the day. So, I have a little bit of knowledge about Avaya, who we worked with, and Lucent, of course, who we worked with, and office phones and t-spans and hot cuts (sp?), and PBX's and all of that great stuff. So, I just wanted to throw that out there also.

You have almost thirty years of experience as an Intellectual Property Attorney. What in your experience, though, has informed your understanding of what constitutes good transportation planning?

And based on that understanding, what should the policy goals of regulating the for hire industry be?

KENNETH CHAN: So, let me say that I almost worked

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SPEAKER ADAMS: (LAUGHING) Did you really? It was
a great company.... until they laid me off.

KENNETH CHAN: Right, right.

So, uhm, I... Corning, Avaya, and United

Technologies are huge complex companies. And they
also work within very complex regulatory frameworks.

So, TLC essentially is a regulatory commission. So,
I think my experience operating within regulatory
frameworks will help me to better navigate issues
that will come up working within the boundaries of,
making sure that we comply and understanding the
landscape that we have to operate within.

I think particularly United Technologies and Corning, these are companies with multiple divisions, dozens and dozens of product lines, and the ability to work with people to get things done to understand issues, to understand where stakeholders are with respect to challenges to the issues that we face, I think the ability to collaborate and really filter through the issues and matrix of considerations, that is something that I hope would be helpful if confirmed as a commissioner. In hearing from... and reading about the issues that TLC faces, these are

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 45 complex issues. And I hope that my background can lend itself to help solve some of those issues.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Okay. I am just going to ask a couple of questions just to dig a little bit deeper into your answers to our prehearing questions.

You suggested that bodegas should be allowed to charge a fee in exchange for giving members of the public the ability to hail a taxi. Do you believe New Yorkers would actually support a policy that would require them to pay money for a service they can currently obtain by standing on the corner and raising their hands?

KENNETH CHAN: So, the... The context of that question is that, in a scenario where getting a ride is all done electronically, what if we don't have a smart phone? Someone doesn't have a smart phone to be able to call for a ride. So, the... Some of the options that I describe are in included perhaps, enabling LinkNYC kiosks to have a function for consumers to walk up to it and get a ride.

The second option, idea really, is to add a similar function to bus stops, which are way more plentiful than LinkNYC kiosks.

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Thinking about a situation where, in a place where this may be a little far from a bus stop, other alternatives and ideas. And what I thought could be looked into is, well ,you know, there is always a corner store. Right? And maybe could we come up with a partnership with those businesses for them to help neighbors call for a ride.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Mm-hmm?

ENNETH CHAN: Now, the fee does not have to be extravagant, because if I am going to corner store to call for a ride, there is a decent chance that I will buy a cup of coffee, too. So, there is increased foot traffic that also benefits [BACKGROUND NOISE] [INAUDIBLE] businesses. And what the fee should be, I don't have an opinion on that...

SPEAKER ADAMS: Mm-hmm?

KENNETH CHAN: But it is an idea that we could look into.

SPEAKER ADAMS: Okay, let's stick with LinkNYC for a minute and my final questions. I am glad that you brought it up.

In speaking about LinkNYC, uhm, the capability of LinkNYC, uhm, once again, in your prehearing questions, you suggested that you would be in favor

LinkNYC, because it has come up so often in my

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 48 2 district right now, and we are in discussions around 3 the construction of the towers across the city. The LinkNYC kiosks that have been constructed are 4 enormous. They are 30-foot towers, which residents in many neighborhoods including my own, have raised a 6 7 lot of objections. Where would you expand them, and how would you address community opposition? 8 KENNETH CHAN: With respect to form factor of LinkNYC kiosks, I know that you know, having worked 10 11 in telecommunications industry, they don't need to be that big. They don't need to be that tall... 12 (CROSS-TALK) 13 14 SPEAKER ADAMS: That's right! 15 KENNETH CHAN: They cannot be too small, but they don't need to be that big. 16 17 SPEAKER ADAMS: Mm-hmm. 18 KENNETH CHAN: In terms of, uh, community 19 oppositions to LinkNYC kiosks, I would have to 20 understand what those oppositions are and what those 21 concerns are... SPEAKER ADAMS: I can share them with you. 2.2 2.3 KENNETH CHAN: Yes, yes, absolutely. And, uh, but LinkNYC kiosks, from my understanding of its 24 functions, they do provide some utility to residents. 25

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SPEAKER ADAMS: Okay.

Some of the oppositions, just to share, then I will close and give it back over to the Chair.

Some of the opposition, in my district particularly, and maybe in my colleagues' districts as well. Of course it's size. That is number one.

Number two would be the lack of appropriate advisement that they were going to be constructed in the neighborhoods. So, that is lack of notice to the community -- to the community boards -- it's causing concern. The amount of whatever may be impacting the airwaves, the air, or whatever. Most of it boils down to one consistent issues, and that is the lack of communication across the board. And communication, you and I take that different ways given our backgrounds, but it is ,you know, the lack of ,you know, connection and communicating.

KENNETH CHAN: Absolutely. And that is vital. It is disappointing to hear that the construction of LinkNYC kiosks may not have been properly communicated to local residents and keeping the public informed. That is something that I cannot really speak... (CROSS-TALK)

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SPEAKER ADAMS: Understood, understood. Thank you very much. Thank you all for your testimony.

Mr. Chair?

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CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you, and I want to repeat my opposition also to the massive towers as well.

We have also been joined by Council Member

Sanchez and we have Council Member Borrelli here on remote as well.

I just want to jump into a few sort of more general questions. This has been an industry in turbulence for the last decade or two with the advent of... even predating the sort of rise of the apps.

A lot of debates about the green taxis versus black car industry, versus the livery industry versus the traditional yellow industry and there has been lots of division within the entirety of the TLC. You bring in the apps, now you have an entirely new fight and debate. And it feels like it has stabilized a little bit these days, but I still would be interested to hear from each of you, what so you see as the most pressing issue right now facing the TLC?

PAUL BADER: I think you are 100 percent right.

It has been in turmoil. And I think that the

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 51 challenge has been to kind of take a global view and try to get all of the pieces and all the information that you can together at one time, so you really can figure out how best to address... to figure out what is the role that this industry should play in the new economy, in the new transportation dynamics that we have in urban areas. And once you can... And try to, it always changing, but you want to, as best as you can, try to figure... try to wrap your arms around it and then figure out what is the best structured system that is going to work for the priorities that you establish. And to me, the two priorities are the passengers, which are the clients, and the drivers -- many of which they share. And as long as we can do that, that I think is the way to make it work best. This is a congested city, and it is only getting much, much more congested, it is much, much more congested. There is an interesting statistic that says that there are fewer linear miles of roadway in the city of New York today than there were in 1960. So, that we have more vehicles and a higher percentage of those vehicles are for hire vehicles. So, they play a larger and larger role. They move more and more people. And we must figure

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS out the best most comprehensive way to have this industry serve the people who need them and the people who provide the services which are the drivers. And it must be done in an economically, equitable way so that the people are compensated and the people are not paying too much for the fares.

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What are all of the answers? I don't have all the answers. As this gentleman said, none of us have all the answers. [INAUDIBLE]... (CROSS-TALK)

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: I understand that, but soon enough you're going to have to confront some hard questions about this... (CROSS-TALK)

PAUL BADER: [INAUDIBLE]... (CROSS-TALK)

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: So, how do you balance pay versus pay from the... How do you balance good pay against the consumer paying too much inside the vehicle?

PAUL BADER: Our job is to... We have to find a way to regulate that, which we have the power to do. And we have the right to structure this... We must find a way to structure the division of the fare such that the drivers get the fair, equitable part of that fare that they need to do without putting it on the backs of the riding public. What does that mean? Ιt

2 means in the end that the app, the riding app and the 3 people that... Look the City does this all the time. 4 You want to do business in this city, because we have this, and this, and this, and this --5 people want to do business here. Well, You know 6 7 what? You want to do business here as a private 8 company, you have to pay for that. So, I think that that the ride apps are the ones that are going to have to make the adjustments. And they are going to 10 11 be force to make the adjustments so that the other two entities have more fair equitable... (CROSS-12 13 TALK) 14 CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Okay, thank you. 15 Mr. Sorrentino? You're... You're there already, 16 but what do you see right now as the biggest 17 challenge at the TLC? THOMAS SORRENTINO: Well, as I said earlier, I 18 19 think the biggest challenge is a balance --20 establishing a balance on all levels, okay? 21 not just one issue as we know. And I think , you

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25 And making sure that the outer boroughs are all

know, right now dealing with congestion is obviously

a priority. Secondly, I think driver pay and having

a certain amount cars on the road is part of that.

Served as well. I think , you know, one of the things the boroughs, the outer boroughs seem to be the forgotten child. The green cabs are an attempt to try to help that. A pilot we just recently put out for street hailed liveries to try to get some other cars out there. I think all of those types of ideas have to be thought about. And I think , you know, the key is to try to get a balance in keeping the amount of cars within a certain range. I know we have a cap in place for our for hire vehicles. That is being monitored every six months, which I think we need to continue doing that.

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So, it is just really a matter... I think all of the issues have been identified, and it is a matter of just monitoring them, and making sure that we are making the right choices and pivoting when we have to.

SARAH KAUFMAN: Thank you. I agree what they have both said. I will add on the topic of conversion to electric vehicles, which I think will be an interesting challenge in terms of deploying enough charging stations around the city and distributing them effectively and equitably. As well as being able to identify workforce that can maintain a new

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 55
2 type of vehicle that requires different mechanical

3 skills.

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KENNETH CHAN: We just heard some very good suggestions. I think one of the issues we need to look at is to find ways to increase vehicle utilization, and; therefore, revenue for medallion taxis. But, the comments about electric vehicles and others are... those are clearly very important as well.

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Could you give us ideas and recommendations for how you would increase utilization of the yellow taxi?

KENNETH CHAN: The recent pilot program where Uber can dispatch [INAUDIBLE] to taxis, that has the potential of increasing utilization of medallion taxis. It is obviously too early to tell. But we should not stop thinking of ideas to help the medallion taxis.

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Okay.

I want to go back just to -- you mentioned electric vehicles. And there is this discussion about the cap that the City put in... The City Council put in place, I forget how many years ago now, to limit the amount of vehicles that are for

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hire vehicles on the street and to increase
utilization as well. And obviously I represent the
congested core of midtown. We have all talked about
congestion, and that was an aim to try to reduce the
amount of idling of for hire vehicles on the street.
There is a discussion and there has just been... I
think some announcements around whether the use of
electric vehicles should be in that cap or should be
outside of that cap in effort to promote more
electric vehicles -- for hire vehicles. And, so I
would just be curious about your take on that.
Should the cap stay inclusive of all vehicles, or
should there be exemptions made for electric

SARAH KAUFMAN: I think that, uhm, I think, once again, as we are talking about a balance, I think that the balance needs to be found, which is something I would look forward to exploring. I do think it is intelligent of TLC to be rolling out the green licenses slowly so that there is kind of a turnover to these new electric vehicles, uh, because we are facing that 2030 deadline. So, but, I still think, uh, I would need to explore it further before

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vehicles?

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I give a full answer on that question... (CROSSTALK)

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Could... Could... Could be a vote that comes to you early on as a commissioner. So, if presented to you as an opportunity to expand electric vehicles allowing a cushion in the cap for those or to keep a hard cap how would you vote?

SARAH KAUFMAN: I would vote to have any vehicle type as long as it is a small operator with kind of six licenses or fewer.

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: To be able to allow to... The... Okay.

Uhm, I want to talk to Mr. Bader and Mr.

Sorrentino, you guys mentioned congestion, we've heard talk about with the cap as well, the city and the state are going to be implementing congestion pricing soon; there is a big question, I think, before the panel, those in the state, about how to handle for hire vehicles and taxis. Should they be charged per trip, which would be quite expensive for the, I think should they maybe just charge a one-time fee? Can you guys... It... It comes to the TLC asking for an opinion on how vehicles should be

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 58 handled in the congestion pricing scheme, what do you guys recommend?

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THOMAS SORRENTINO: Well, as a we know, there are also charges in place already that the, uh, transportation sector pays. So, I think anything that is put on top that needs to be really thought about and analyzed. So, it is hard to come up with a real hard and quick answer, but I think we have to keep in mind that they have already contributed to many, many dollars over many years, and anything that would go on top of that, we need to be mindful of. And this is also going to affect our riding public. You know? They're going to have to pay. How will that affect ,you know, utilization of transportation as well? So, I think it needs to be thought about and analyzed.

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thanks.

PAUL BADER: So, I come from Queens, and I have lived in Brooklyn, so I have never been a fan to some extent of some of [INAUDIBLE]... (CROSS-TALK)

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: I won't hold either of those things against you...

PAUL BADER: [INAUDIBLE] thank you, I appreciate it. I have also lived in Manhattan.

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My belief in this issue and a lot of other issues and has always been that, if you are representing an industry, I want to be proactive and not reactive.

So, as I have indicated before, I think that we representing the taxi the industry -- the for hire vehicle industry -- need to figure out what is in the best interest of the people who we represent, both the drivers and the riding public, and that should be part of our input relative to how this industry is dealt with in congestion pricing.

However, so, I want to... I think should be studied, and we want to make our presentation to whomever we are going to have to make it to -- the state level -- the city level -- to enable that.

But, I do not believe that a ride from one place over to one street or a ride to another same distance to two streets further should have, uhm, should... that there should be a surcharge for that. None.

I also think that New York City was developed in a way that put a predominance of certain services on the island of Manhattan. However, the great majority of the people who partake of those services no longer are just people who live in Manhattan, but they live in Brooklyn, Queens, and the Bronx, and some live in

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Staten Island. And, so, to charge these people more
money to partake of those services than other people,
goes back to my big concern about equity and
fairness. So, if you have to go to one of the many,
many hospitals in Manhattan, and there are... most
of them are in your district...

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Outside of the congestion pricing zone [INAUDIBLE].

PAUL BADER: Many of them are, but not all of them. So, that... NYU is in the... is in the district as we know... So, and these intuitions just keep getting bigger and bigger and bigger and bigger, and they draw from further and further. So, my concern is for these people... that... to pay more for that, I don't really think is equitable.

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Okay.

I want to hand it over to our Transportation
Chair, Council Member Brooks-Powers. And then we will hear from Council Member Sanchez.

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much, Chair.

A couple of questions for you all. First of all, thank you for your comments and presentations. It

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 61 was a pleasure speaking with you, Ms. Kaufman, in terms of your experience.

And, of course, the Queens selection, uh, we appreciate the information you give us... insight that you give as a driver, and I know that there has been a push to make sure that on the TLC Commission, that we have representation for drivers to make sure that we are centering what is happening in the industry right now as we try to navigate the crisis that has been existing for the last couple of years.

I would like to know for each of you, what is your opinion on whether we should allow commuter vans to accept street hails?

KENNETH CHAN: The problem with going last is that you run out of things to say.

Thank you for the question. As we know, commuter vans play an integral part of providing transportation access to the outer boroughs. The... We should, first of all, continue the work that TLC has done to help commuter vans extend their reach to places where there has traditionally been underserved by mass transit. We should also support state level [BACKGROUND NOISE] efforts to regulate commuter vans

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 62 and work with industries to establish safe and economical operation of these vans.

In so far as allowing commuter vans to, uhm, to function as street hailed vehicles, that is something that probably needs a little more study: How it works in relationship to medallion taxis; whether they work on routes or whether they drive until the van is full before they depart. So, I think there are a lot of issues that need to be studied before adjustments can be made... A decision can be made on that question.

SARAH KAUFMAN: Thank you.

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I am well aware that, uh, commuter vans serve a population that is often underserved by public transportation, and that the ridership tends to be taking commuter vans to centrally located subway stations and sometimes more central bus stops, so I know that they are an essential daily service for outer borough commuters — especially, uh, I do, like Mr. Chan said, I do think that we should be working closely with the state to ensure the state's operation of these vehicles. And in terms of street hails, I think that further analysis would be needed in terms of how it interacts not just with street

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hailed taxis, but also how it might intersect with
public transit service, for example, serving on fixed
routes that may overlap with MTA service and how
that... And how those two would intersect. So, it
is something that I am very interested obviously
helping to provide an essential service, and I hope
that it can be continued in a safe way.

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THOMAS SORRENTINO: Hi, I believe that the commuter vans play an important role. And I think they provide a valuable service to the community especially in the outer boroughs. I live in Brooklyn; I lived in Kings Plaza, and we see a lot of, unfortunately, a lot of illegal commuter vans, which I believe is a risk to the riding public. I know that TLC's Enforcement Division, unfortunately, is undermanned to handle... all of the illegal commuter van activity in the City. But that is the by-product of the commuter vans. And there is a need for it. People want it whether they are going to a central shopping location or they are going to... or whether they are taking a van to the subway. Where I live in the Mill Basin/Bergen Beach area, there are no... there is no transportation to a subway station. So, you need to take either an

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Uber or you have to call a cab through an app and so

on. So, there is a need, and the people where I live

do utilize them. So, I think that is something that

we should continue with, we just need to make sure we

oversee it and monitor it properly.

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PAUL BADER: Thank you. So, now it's my turn to basically agree with what has been said before.

Certainly, I remember when they started, and they fulfilled an incredible need for our underserved communities, particularly and in parts in Queens. And I would say that, in their favor, that they are responsible, along with other newer and revised means of transportation in the development and the growth of certain communities where people were a little questionable about living, because they were concerned about how they were going to commute to different places. So, they played a role in the growth of New York, and they continue to be a part of... a viable part of the transportation system. They are now involved in a more complicated transportation system indicated by the fact that we now have ,you know, five vehicles that... and the whole industry, and we have ,you know, uh, plug in your... Revel now is ,you know, and, uh, rent, uh,

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS what was the other company that you could just? --You know, there are all these different ways now in which you can get around and rent a car or have somebody drive you or get on a van. So, the key again is to ensure that they are regulated in a safe and viable way that fits into the rest of the for hire vehicle transportation network that needs to go into the City. But, clearly they have played a role, they will continue to play a role, they should play role, and we just have to make sure that it is done in a safe and economically fair way.

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for the responses.

This question, again, is for the entire panel. How do you feel about the impact of congestion pricing on the for hire vehicle industry? And should taxis and for hire vehicles be exempt for the new congestion charge?

PAUL BADER: [NOT MIC'D] I thought we already answered that [INAUDIBLE]... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: I'm sorry, I missed it, I stepped out. So, if you could just let me know.

PAUL BADER: [NOT MIC'D] Yeah, I mean, indicated

3 that I thought we should be proactive [INAUDIBLE]

4 whatever the [INAUDIBLE] decide what is the best role

5 and the best way [INAUDIBLE] that for hire vehicles

6 need to operate to the parameters that are set if we

7 do ever really get the congested prices, [INAUDIBLE]

8 but the challenge really is that it must be fair and

9 equitable, and many of what I have heard is how they

10 want to do surcharges on for hire vehicles, which as

11 Mr. Sorrentino said, sometimes that is on top of

12 another surcharge that people are paying just not

13 seem fair and equitable.

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THOMAS SORRENTINO: I think I had mentioned this earlier, as Paul indicated, we currently... There is a charge already being paid by passengers, and the for hire vehicle sector and the medallions have contributed quite a few dollars over the past years in to this fund for the MTA. So, I think anything that comes down as new as congestion pricing come down and get approved eventually, that needs to be looked at, because we don't want to burden the drivers or the passengers with additional costs. I think that needs to be balanced. And I just read

over the weekend that the federal government just

came out and approved the environmental aspect of it. So, it does look like it is going to move on to the state now for their determination. So, I think at that level it needs to be looked at where there can be a balance, and I think that is the key, thank you.

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SARAH KAUFMAN: I think the purpose of the congestion pricing obviously is the fund for the MTA, but also to reduce the amount of congestion in Manhattan in the central business district. And to that effect, uh, the idea is to incentivize people to leave their private vehicles at home. And, so, I think that taxis and for hire vehicles are an essential ingredient in order to have people be able to move around the city, door to door, if they are not able to take public transit or another mode. So, I do think that... So, I do hope that the state takes that into account, that these door to door trips are essential for reducing congestion on the streets.

KENNETH CHAN: And, I would just add that, again, the taxis and the for hire vehicles already pay a surcharge into the congestion pricing. I would just like to emphasize the impact on consumers. Depending on what the toll is set at, you know, that makes the

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 68 ride potentially very expensive. So, the impact on consumers needs to be considered.

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

I wanted to ask just a few individual questions. And I am going to start with your, Mr. Chan.

First, can you walk us through what experience you have that is relevant to TLC? The Commission's mandate includes licensing and regulating the City's yellow cabs, for hire vehicles, commuter vans, and paratransit vehicles, setting cab rates, and so on and so forth. So, can you point specifically to any work experience you have related to any of these responsibilities?

KENNETH CHAN: I would say that the most relevant experience applicable to TLC is that I have dealt with very complex organizations and systems as well as very complex regulatory frameworks. I think TLC is similar in that sense, in that it operates within the regulatory framework. It is a regulatory condition. And I think my experience dealing with regulations and operating within regulatory frameworks can help me navigate many issues that TLC faces.

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2 Secondly, having worked at three high-tech -- US

3 high-tech companies, two of which still are very,

4 very large, You know, I had to navigate a lot of

5 issues working with different organizations,

6 divisions, product lines and a multitude of

7 stakeholders. I think the ability to collaborate

8 with a multitude of people and deal with complex

issues, should lend itself to help address issues and

10 challenges that TLC faces.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: Now, when you say navigate issues that TLC faces, because it is a lot of nuisance issues especially when you talk about the medallion dynamics, when you talk about the licensing of these for hire vehicles, and all of those dynamics, could you walk me through how you feel that experience will help you navigate some of these

KENNETH CHAN: Uh, sure. So, for any of those issues that you have just mentioned, there are multiple stakeholders... (CROSS-TALK)

pressing issues that TLC is faced with today?

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: Just pick one, because I want you to walk me through.

KENNETH CHAN: Oh, okay, sure. Let's take EV, right? You know, we have 2030 green initiative.

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 70 There is a pilot program for up to 1,000 EV licenses could be issued. In implementing EV for taxis and for hire vehicles, it is necessary to make electric vehicles -- taxis and for hire vehicles -financially attractive for that conversion to take place. Moreover, we cannot run electric vehicle taxis and for hire vehicles unless there is sufficient fast charging stations that are accessible and strategically located. So, the provider for that infrastructure would involve at least an Edison public/private partners. Uh, on the cost, on the [BACKGROUND NOISE] [INAUDIBLE] costs of using electrical vehicles for taxis and for hire vehicles, ,you know, we need to -- or we should -- we could consider working with federal government, state government, and private foundations for rebates, credits, and grants to make that transformation possible.

So, my ability and my experience in working with large groups of people with different interests and needs, I think could lend itself to help address, communicate, and to work with, uh, a multitude of stakeholders.

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 71

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: So, staying on the line with the electric for hire vehicle, with...

Which you know The Mayor has committed to a 100 percent of the fleet by 2030. And I am going to ask you and the rest of the panel, how can the City get

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there?

KENNETH CHAN: There are obstacles no doubt.

First of all, we have to make sure that when deploying EVs or taxis and for hire vehicles, that the transition from an owner/driver standpoint as well as company standpoints, that transition has to be financially attractive.

The second obstacle is, again, the infrastructure

-- the charging infrastructure. So, the Commission 
- and this is part of the 'Charged Up!' roadmap that

the Commission has contemplated, is to, again, work

with these public and private partners to explore

what financial incentives can be brought the bear to

make EVs financially attractive. And, on the

infrastructure, again, we need to Con Edison to work,

we need to whether it is property owners or

properties that the City that are city owned, or

fleet tech quarters, we need lots of fast charging

stations to make this happen.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: And if the rest of the panel can answer?

SARAH KAUFMAN: I agree with what Mr. Chan said.

I think that we will need fast charges distributed throughout the City that are universal to all vehicle types. And we will also need a workforce that knows how to maintain the vehicles, which have a different operating system than traditional gas powered vehicles.

And, of course, TLC is slowly rolling out EV only licenses, and, so, I believe that that will need to be continued to incentivize and require the transition to electric vehicles.

THOMAS SORRENTINO: Thank you. There is a mandate and a commitment as you have noted to move in that direction by 2030. I think obviously the infrastructure is going to be part of that equation. So, obviously that has to move in real time with the rollout. What TLC has started doing with the, uh, 1,000 vehicles is the beginning of. And I think we are going to continue to monitor that and expand it. And I think it all has to be done hand and hand to get a balance. Because, as we all know, we need to

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 73 make sure the economic considerations also are played into that as well, thank you.

PAUL BADER: Like a lot of other things, you need to have the will and the desire to make it happen. We have plenty of time to do it. This is New York City, we have some of the smartest people in the world here who have a variety of experiences. And if you put all of that together, and you get your heads together, and you figure out how to solve the problem. There is nothing that I have seen that this city cannot do if it dedicates itself and commits itself to doing. And this is not the rocket... This is not the most complicated problem in the world by far. And we have the resources across the board to be able to make this happen. And, so, we just have to commit, and we will make it happen. And this commission and this staff, which it has been indicated before it top notch, and the commissioners are dedicated and committed will do what has to be done, I think, to make it happen.

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: Okay, and I'm sorry, I do have to run to another commitment. So, my colleague is going to pick back up on that one.

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Uhm, but I have one last question, and that is what role can TLC play in improving paratransit in New York City? And this question is for the whole panel.

PAUL BADER: That is a little more complicated. Uh, I think one of the challenges for government all the time is that after they set regulations, the follow through is not always there. And a policy or a regulation in and of itself, doesn't solve the problem. We have certainly seen that with other issues in the City. So, the follow through and making sure that... especially when a government agency involves third parties that it contracts out with, there must be supervision and oversight given to those contracts to make sure that whoever is contracted is doing the job the way it needs to be done. We have an aging population across America. We have an aging population in New York, so the need for that is only increasing. And I think that we have to address in a fair way and make sure that.. And, in an oversight way, to make sure that the services are needed are done correctly, accurately, and in a timely manner.

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THOMAS SORRENTINO: I believe that this is an important area as well, knowing that there is a need for that transportation service. And I think one of the attributes of the recent pilot program with the street hails will allow carriers and livery services to be able to serve that need. So, I believe that this is something that we have identified, and that we have to continue to put recourses into and to monitor, thank you.

SARAH KAUFMAN: This is something that I see as extremely important. I do understand that TLC is increasing the number of... the percentage of vehicles or will hope to increase the percentage of vehicles to be more... to have more vehicles be wheelchair accessible. I think we also need to be thinking through other forms of disabilities, not just mobility, but also vison impairments, hearing impairments, as well as cognitive impairments. And these are all disabilities that need to be addressed through paratransit, which as you know is an unfunded mandate. But, because the City subsidizes paratransit along with the MTA, I think that it is in the City's best interest to explore other ways to provide services for people who rely on that service.

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 $\label{tennethode} \textbf{KENNETH CHAN: Yes, I think it is important that}$ 

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3 all New Yorkers can get a ride whether they have

4 | challenges or not. I think Mr. Bader's comment is

5 | very insightful. I think the TLC should work with

6 , you know, on increasing paratransit vehicles and

7 accessibility.

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you, we have also been

10 joined by Council Member Gale Brewer.

We will now hear from Council Member Sanchez

12 | followed by Council Member Brewer.

COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Okay, thank you. Thank

14 you so much, Mr. Chair.

15 And just to immediately follow up on Council

16 Member Selvena Brooks-Powers' question about

17 | electrification. Uhm, we love the enthusiasm. We

18 | can do it. But, what are some of the specific ideas

19 or contours that you think we are going to have to

20 | think about? Who are we going to have to engage

21 | with? What are we going to have to do in order to

22 | actually make it happen -- right? -- the City's

23 | vehicle fleet, and then making electric access

24 available to the public?

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PAUL BADER: I am a big believer in shared services. I think that too many times we have public facilities that are designated for only one use, when there are other [INAUDIBLE] uses that could use and opportunity. So, we are living in a world right now where it is not just the taxi industry, the for hire vehicle industry that is growing relative to electric cars, but it is electric vehicles all across. there are incentives that are going to happen, and they are going to continue happen. So, it is our responsibility to work with similarly minded folks and industries so that we can have shared services. There are many garages; there are supermarkets; there are shopping centers in different places that have decided that it is in their economic interest to provide charging services. So, as Ms. Kaufman said, we want to make sure that it is a universal one. don't want to have different ones that are don't match up. So, we have to look at what make sense, what exists, and how we as the city of New York... The great advantage that government has is that we have long term view. So, we have to use that to our advantage. So, we want to figure out who has a likeminded interest and how we can work with them

together so that it benefits the needs of the City, which is the for hire vehicles, as well as any other whether it's private trucking or whether it is delivery vans, or whether it is UPS, or whether it's Fed-Ex, or any other thing, or whether it is just a car dealership[, so that we can do it in the most efficient and cost effective way.

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THOMAS SORRENTINO: As one of the council members had mentioned, is that the mayor had mandated that, we are going to be moving to that... in that direction. And, obviously, the mandate, the commitment that the TLC has and the mandate to navigate that to 2030, obviously there is a plan to do that. And I think, as I mentioned earlier, the infrastructure is a big part of that. We have to make sure that the infrastructure build out throughout the whole city allows for what we need for the TLC to regulate properly as well as all of the other pieces that go into that.

And the other part of it, I believe, we have to make sure that it is economically beneficial for everybody to want to do that -- that the drivers want to invest in vehicles that allow them to do that.

Because, we have had so many issues, as we know, with

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 79 driver pay over the years and ,you know, we're just trying to get to a point where maybe we are getting... We were addressing those issues, we cannot go backwards. So, I think that is an important part of the equation.

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SARAH KAUFMAN: I echo my co-panelists' sentiments on having evenly distributed charging services that are universal to every vehicle type and ensuring that the licenses go out especially to electric vehicles.

In addition, we will have to work with the state more fully to help ensure that the electric grid is up to the task of charging so many vehicles at once.

KENNETH CHAN: As my co-panelists have mentioned, and they have mentioned, and they have mentioned numerous good ideas. So, along the lines of what the [INAUDIBLE] Walmart, maybe not in New York City, and Kroger supermarket, in fact have, uh, set up charging stations. And it is really, I mean, not only do they get the revenue for the charging, they also get people to stop by and do some shopping as well. So, I think the idea to share services is excellent. I think that the employing these for taxis and for hire vehicles is actually a very exciting transformation. There's going to be less pollution, the vehicles

would be quieter. And, actually, I think some of the standard safety features or safety features found in EVs could [INAUDIBLE] taxis and for hire vehicles would actually make it safer for drivers, passengers, and the public. I think the limited licenses release for EVs, up to a 1,000, I think it is a very good entry into transition EVs for taxis and for hire vehicle uses. I think that from that pilot program we could potentially learn a lot about some of the challenges that we may not now know. But, I do think that TLC's 'Charged Up!' roadmap has a lot of these suggestions.

COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Thank you. Thank you so much for your responses. Yeah, I mean, as a new owner of an electric vehicle ,you know, whose home is not able to the charge the car, it is very true, there is going to be a lot infrastructure challenges here.

So, I just have... Just have one more question.

I had the chance to speak the Mr. Chan, and Sarah, I had a chance to speak you, too, but I would love to ask you here on the record about ,you know, protecting driver pay.

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And, Commissioner, you were on the TLC during the very controversial legislation that passed in 2019, and there have been subsequent rule making processes about how you protect driver pay and ensure a minimum So, what.. For me, that is one of the pay standard. biggest issues facing the industry. I represent thousands of drivers that work Uber and Lyft and the for hire vehicle app companies. And, so, my question is, how do you... Firstly, how do you protect driver pay? [BACKGROUND NOISE] What is next for the TLC in protecting driver pay. And, secondly , you know, thinking about the cap on new vehicles on the road, new for hire vehicles on the road, a lot of my drivers... drivers in my district have talked about the creation of a black market and of abuses that the cap that has... was meant for, limiting congestion, has actually created a black market and it is hurting our folks on the ground. What are your thoughts how we can address that and protect these individuals who are the fabric of our communities?

THOMAS SORRENTINO: Thank you, and you hit the nail on the head. Those are always issues and challenges that are going to be continuous. We are at a point now where we put regulations in place, and

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 82 2 I am to say I did vote for them, so my record stands 3 for itself. I have been on the Commission for the last six and a half years, as I mentioned in my 4 opening statement. And I have heard a lot of 5 testimony over the years, from a lot of different 6 7 people, and a lot of sad stories. And we have done a 8 lot to try to address a lot of those things starting with accessibility; the medallion values; driver pay The last set of regulations that we passed 10 concerns. 11 for driver pay, I thought were fair and mindful of 12 all of the pieces to the puzzle. Because, it is not 13 just one thing in a vacuum. Everything has an impact 14 to another part of the industry if you will. So, I 15 think ,you know, all of the things that the 16 commissioners, past and present, have put in place, 17 are things that have been thoughtful, analyzed, and I 18 think we need to be mindful going forward that we 19 don't go into a path that set us backwards. 20 think , you know, we just need to vigilant and be mindful and thoughtful in our decisions, thank you. 21 2.2 PAUL BADER: Any time that you are working in an 2.3 industry that has government regulations, the only entity that can ensure that the individual worker is 24

protected is going to be that government that entity.

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 83 And; therefore, because all know that the company, it is not even at arm's length as they used to be, they're living up in the mesosphere, doesn't care about the individual driver. That driver is just another code, just another number in their electronic dashboard. So, when you have these situations, the only protection, the only entity that can protect the driver and ensure that they are going to be represented is going to the government entity. Therefore that is the responsibility of Taxi and Limousine Commission in New York City -- to protect and ensure that the workers are getting a fair shake of the work... for the work that they do. pretty simple.

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COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Well, do you have any specific thoughts on what the TLC could be doing? What kind of polices can be pursued to protect these workers?

PAUL BADER: They recently passed some regulations, which I was supportive of and it was a step in the right direction. And we have to continue in that direction. We have to ensure that if there are... We have to ensure that any time... It is almost like we have to ,you know, we have to police

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 84 the apps. We have to... They are going to continue to try to maximize their profit at the expense of the rider and the driver. That is what their investors That's what their executives want. That is what motivates them. And, so, what we... only... So, we are on the other side. We have to ensure to protect the other side. We have to protect the riders and we have to protect the drivers. And, so we are going to have to do any and all regulations. But, you're asking me... One of the reasons why I am answering this way is because, as we are sitting here, they have their computer guys trying to figure out how they can play with their algorithms, so that they can get more for themselves at the expense of the driver and the riding public. So, we have to continually be vigilant in trying to anticipate or plan, or even in my case, try to be proactive so that we can offset that and that we protect the drivers and the riding public. So, and that is all that we have to do, and we have to continue to do that... (CROSS-TALK)

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23 COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Thank you.

KENNETH CHAN: So, as we all know, most drivers are immigrants with modest means. They typically are

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 85 long... Well, as Mr. Bader shared, they work pretty long and hard hours to ,you know, make ends meet.

So, it is important that we support drivers so that they can make a decent living. I think the 2022 taxi meter rate increase, and in 2023 driver pay increase and changes in the calculation for the for hire vehicle driver pay have had positive impacts on driver pay. And those are areas that TLC should continue to be vigilant about and keep supervision on.

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SARAH KAUFMAN: Thank you, and I appreciate that this is a huge challenge, especially for residents of your district.

So, uh, echoing the sentiments of my copanelists, uhm, I think that one area that I think

TLC is doing well handling this on is by prioritizing kind of a low number of licenses -- about six or fewer licenses, to distribute smaller numbers so that there isn't this kind of hoarding problem.

I also think that there is a bit of optimism through the Medallion Relief Program as well as medallions kind of coming out of storage because of the... both because of the Medallion Relief Program, as well as the increase in demand for transportation

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 86 services as we somewhat emerge from the economic impact of COVID. So, hopefully, it is looking up in your district as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you.

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I just want to talk about yellow cabs, because I don't care about the other cabs. I'm from Manhattan.

And, so my question is, how... What are some ideas you have for making sure that that industry is whole, satisfied from driver to passenger? the... Some drivers hate Curb, hate Allure, and then... A friend of mine the other day, she got charged \$60.00 to go from one side of Central Park to the other using Curb. So, there are issues with that. And how would you address keeping the yellow cab industry more whole? How would you address Curb and Allure if they are successful? There are, I believe, thousands of cars in the garages. How would you get them on the streets? And do you think the green cars, I quess, are disappearing, what is going to happen as a result? Those are some issues, and I have more, but I am all about the yellow cabs. I do not car about those other ones...(CROSS-TALK)

THOMAS SORRENTINO: I'll start off first if you don't mind.

2 PAUL BADER: No, sure, go ahead.

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THOMAS SORRENTINO: You know, as I mentioned earlier, being on the Commission for the last six and a half years, and we have seen what has happened to the yellow medallions, uh, and all of the sad stories. You know, I think one of the things that the TLC did in capping the for hire vehicle licenses was a start. Obviously, it was a little too late, unfortunately. But, it was a start with the right goal to try to keep the balance somewhat back to normal -- even thought it is still way higher than it should be as we know. So, I think that is something that we need to continually monitor. I know every six months that we check the results of the... how that is moving, and make adjustments if we need to. So, that needs to be continued to be done. The Medallion Relief Program that we passed for the medallion owners with large debt was important and vital. And I voted for that twice -- the enhanced one as well, so I am proud of that. So, I believe , you know, we need to continue... It is iconic. yellow... I lived in New York my whole life, and I plan on staying here for a long time. So, I don't think anybody wants to see the yellow cabs go away.

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 2 So, think we need to do everything that makes them 3 stay and lets the driver earn a living that is fair and economical, and wants them to invest in a 4 medallion. So, I think we need to try to keep the 5 value of the medallion within reason. It can't flush 6 7 up and down. We need to do things that don't make that happen. So, I think a lot of the things that 8

are in place now are the right things. But, it is

like anything else, in order to keep that balance

with everything going on and the changes ahead, we

are starting to emerge in the right direction.

need to continually to monitor that. But, I think we

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: You think they're out of the garages? There are more cars out of the garages now?

THOMAS SORRENTINO: Some are coming out, and I think... I think the fact that, uh, there is more of a desire to travel... And, I think , you know, people are coming out more. I mean, I work in Manhattan, my first basically worked remotely for a long time. we are back two or three days a week, and we are trying to get people to come back more and more. And I am in Manhattan two, three, four days a week

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         COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS
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     myself, and I see it getting busier [INAUDIBLE]...
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     (CROSS-TALK)
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        COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I'm here seven days a
 5
     week.
        THOMAS SORRENTINO: And, I... No, I believe it.
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     I live in Brooklyn, so I travel back and forth. But,
    I see the change. And I think it's a good thing.
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    And I see... I personally try to use a cab when I am
     in the central business district. And , you know, I
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    hail them, and I don't use the app for that. I
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     actually try to find one... (CROSS-TALK)
        COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I'd had to be dead before
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     I used an app... (CROSS-TALK)
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        THOMAS SORRENTINO: So, but I think that does give
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     them an opportunity for additional rides. So, I know
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     the pricing could be problematic, but I think it is
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     another way that they could hopefully have more rides
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     as well, thank you... (CROSS-TALK)
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        COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay. Any other
     suggestions on yellow? And where we... And will the
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    green have any impact? And I hope you are all
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     against charging the yellows for congestion pricing.
        SARAH KAUFMAN: Sure, so, thank you, Mr.
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     Sorrentino for covering much of this subject.
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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 90 used the apps Curb and Arrow in the past, and I agree that the user experience could use an update. And that is one way to make the yellow taxis more competitive. Another is to explore more of a formal partnership with paratransit services... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Yes...

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SARAH KAUFMAN: And another is to explore the possibility of things like parcel or meal deliveries offered by yellow taxis. Those are just some of the ideas to explore.

In terms of congestion pricing, uhm, ,you know, the goal, one of the two goals, other than subsidizing the MTA, is to reduce congestion in the central business district... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I'm aware of the goal...

SARAH KAUFMAN: Okay. So, in order to reduce private car usage in the central business district of Manhattan, I think that taxis and for hire vehicles are an essential ingredient of that service. And, so think that when the state evaluates this possibility of having a surcharge on these vehicles, I hope they would take into account how necessary these vehicles are for people to get from door to door.

1 COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 91 2 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: And they already charge a lot... (CROSS-TALK) 3 4 SARAH KAUFMAN: Yes. COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Any other suggestions for the yellow cabs? And what about my green cabs? 6 love those green cabs. KENNETH CHAN: So, lots of suggestions on yellow 8 cabs. I would just say combining that question with the medallions in storage. I think we just 10 11 essentially need to increase vehicle utilization, which in part is a function of the demand and economy 12 severely impacted by the pandemic of course, right? 13 14 But, as Mr. Sorrentino suggested, about 800 15 medallions were released in the past year. And the 16 ridership, the revenue all increased, so as the 17 pandemic has come to an end and ,you know, hopefully 18 we will see ridership increase for yellow cabs, which 19 would then ,you know, drive revenue and make that 20 section of the industry more viable. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: And, Bader, [BACKGROUND NOISE] go Bader. 2.2 2.3 PAUL BADER: Hello, Gale. Having driven a yellow cab, I think that there 24 are things we can do. And one of the things that we 25

can do in recognition of the contribution that the yellow cab industry has made and its historical relevance in New York City, is that when possible, they should be given priority. This is particularly true at places like the airports where not only are they not... We had this discussion earlier... Not only are they not getting priority, they are given second class citizenship someplace, because their locations are less desirable than the... And, you're not... And the for hire people who basically think that there is no control over what they do, and so, they tend to operate sometimes in ways that are out

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of control.

So, where possible, the yellow cab should have the priority, whether it is location or positions, whether it is spots on the street, especially in certain areas, that is the easiest way to deal with it.

The idea of the green was an idea that was probably was a little late in coming about. It would have been much better to those green taxis 20, 30, 40 years ago. But, when they were rolled out, it was almost overlapping with the ,you know, the private for hire vehicle and the apps, and it kind of got

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 93 lost. And what ended up happening basically was the apps, uh, the apps endued up serving a lot of those communities that would need it that were underserved. And the apps are the ones that ended up serving those underserved communities in those areas where the green taxis were designated to assist riders. So, that was an unfortunate thing, and that is why some of the new regulations have kind of adjusted that. Because maybe we have to look at that and figure out, okay, how do we take those drivers, and what is the best use of an alternative kind of situation for those communities. But, clearly, yes, the yellow taxis should be number one, and they should be given priority where feasible and where it makes sense to use them.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I'm just saying uptown,

I'm in Harlem all of the time, and what will happen

when the green cars go, is that the app cars will

continue to be cash only. I always have cash on me,

because you can often get a yellow... I mean, a for

hire, for cash, because that's what is going to

happen. I have been doing illegal cabs my whole

life. I love illegal cabs. You pay less money, and

you get a nice ride. So, I am just letting you know,

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 94 that's what going to happen. When the green cars go, at least in Manhattan, I don't know the other boroughs. So, that will be the new way of getting around. Just FYI.

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And, just finally on electric cars, I mean, I am all for them, obviously, but in Manhattan it's a challenge. Wherever you have a street, uh, electric, then people park in that spot, so you can't plug in. It takes a long time, because it's slower than what is in the garages. And we don't have... We have one mall. I don't think it is going to work for plugins. We have no malls. We have no space. We have no parking. I don't know where you are going to find this plug-in in the borough of Manhattan. So, I just... When you keep talking about it, it is going to have to have a whole different approach if we are going to it here. Because, nobody has a house to plug into.

And, then, finally, data, uh, thanks to Meera and Bill, you have a lot data. So, my question, quickly, is how would you use this data? Obviously you would coordinate with other agencies, et cetera. But, how would you use this immense data more than any other agency, I think, in the whole city?

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you.

2 SARAH KAUFMAN: Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you. I thank everyone here for your testimony, and, once again, I congratulate you all on your nominations, and we appreciate your thoughtful feedback.

We are going to have some testimony from the public. You guys are adjourned, thanks.

PANEL: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON POWERS: We are now going to call up a panel of individuals from the public. We will have Christopher Leon Johnson and Raul Rivera.

Hi, guys, you have... We are going to give you two minutes each, which we'll [INAUDIBLE] start the clock.

You guys can begin... (CROSS-TALK)

CHRISTOPHER LEON JOHNSON: All right, good afternoon, Chair Powers, this is Christopher Leon Johnson here.

So, I am here to speak in opposition to the appointment of Sarah Kaufman. The reason I oppose her appointment is because there is a big conflict of interest that is going on. The Speaker disclosed her, uhm, her affiliation to Transportation

Alternatives that get funded by you guys, The City

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 97 Council, \$77,500 including \$4,000 from Majority Whip [Brooks | Powers. This looks more like a blackmail appointment, because Transportation Alternatives has a lot of power with elected officials where if you go against them, they will primary you, they will fund you opponent, and they will bury you in the media. That is kind of like a career ender for you. could lose your job including you, Powers. I mean, Chair Powers, you know, you have your thing with Transportation Alternatives. Uhm, I want to say this, I... I don't know what the law... Committee Counsel, can you... If you can, you have the time to explain this, Majority Whip Powers --Brooks-Powers needs to abstain her vote, because she funds Transportation Alternatives. Most likely she won't abstain her vote, she will say, yes. majority of you guys will say, because you guys are scared of them. But , you know, uhm, this needs to go to The Speaker, and if she gets appointed, if Sarah Kaufman gets appointed... appointed to the... commissioner, she needs to resign from the board of The Transportation Alternative. She sits on the board of Transportation Alternatives. She did not disclose that in her statement. None of you guys

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COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS

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2 point that up to her and say, I understand she has a

3 | thing with Revel, because the Transportation

4 Alternative, they fund trans... Oh, but she needs to

resign from the board of Transportation Alternatives

6 if she was be (sic), uhm, selected as a nominee,

like, to be appointed on the board of the Commission.

8 So, that's all I needed to say. You guys, I

9 can't say, you guys don't need to vote her. I say

10 you guys need not to nominate her. But, with Brooks-

11 Powers, she needs to abstain her vote, because

12 | Speaker Adams [TIMER CHIMES] she needs to abstain her

13 vote. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Okay, thank you.

15 We will have counsel review any conflicts, but I

16 am not aware of any that are direct conflicts right

17 | now that require [INAUDIBLE] abstain of a vote.

Thank you.

Mr. Rivera?

20 RAUL RIVERA: Good afternoon, my name is Raul

21 | Rivera, I am a New York City TLC driver advocate. I

22 am the founder of NYC Drivers Unite, the only group

23 | in New York City seeking the reform of the Taxi and

24 Limousine Commission. I am also a member of Families

for Safe Streets, and I am a crash survivor.

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The TLC regulates over 100,000 for hire vehicles and a 165,000 drivers. Their powers and duties; although, sometimes not clearly defined or carried out, are wide ranging. Their decisions will impact New York City's transportation sector, these small business owners for decades to come. considering an agency appointment it is incumbent upon this considering government body to not only uncover conflicts of interest on the part of a nominee, but even the appearance there of. It is in this regard that that I wish to testify against the nomination of Sarah Kaufman for several causes: it is well known that Transportation Alternatives on whom Ms. Kaufman sits on (sic), funded by many ride share companies including Uber, Lyft, Revel, just to name a few. How can it be appropriate for a TLC commissioner to sit on a board influenced by these ride share companies to function objectively as a commissioner? Two, Ms. Kaufman is the Interim Executive Director of NYU Rudin Center for Transportation Policy -- a powerful and influential academic body who refuses to divulge who their donors are. Do you see how this lack of disclosure is problematic? Number three, Revel is the third

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         COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS
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     largest ride share enterprise in New York City.
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     Revel is directly regulated by the TLC. Ms. Kaufman
     consulted for Revel, which casts doubt on Ms.
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     Kaufman's ability to be fair and without bias.
        It is for these reasons that I demand Ms.
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     Kaufman's name to be withdrawn from consideration,
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     thank you.
        Please feel free to ask us some questions. You
     asked the other panel, please ask us some questions.
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        CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you, I... And, also,
     we do have some... Currently, I believe that Ms.
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     Kaufman does not have any business dealings with the
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     TLC, and has sought the advice -- I am just reading
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     this -- sought the advice of the Conflicts of
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     Interest Board about her role right now... (CROSS-
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     TALK)
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        RAUL RIVERA: She [INAUDIBLE]... (CROSS-TALK)
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        CHAIRPERSON POWERS: I am reading, I'm not asking
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     questions.... And has been told to ,you know, like
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     other... all City employees are required to consult
     with the Conflicts of Interest Board were there to be
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     a potential conflicts between her current position at
     NYU versus while serving on the TLC.
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Go ahead, thanks... (CROSS-TALK)

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         COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS
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        RAUL RIVERA: Can I... Can I clarify something?
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        CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you for... No, this
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     is... We gave you your two minutes to testify, so
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     that's... (CROSS-TALK)
        RAUL RIVERA: You don't have any questions?
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        CHAIRPERSON POWERS: We have your testimony, thank
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     you... (CROSS-TALK)
        RAUL RIVERA: I know, but I'm asking if you have
     any questions? You don't have any questions?
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        CHAIRPERSON POWERS: I don't have any questions,
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     thank you.
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        RAUL RIVERA: You don't have any questions? You
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     know I'm a driver?
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        CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you...
        RAUL RIVERA: You know I'm a native New Yorker?
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        CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Okay, thank you.
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        RAUL RIVERA: You know we have a petition to
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     reform the Taxi and Limousine Commission... (CROSS-
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     TALK)
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        CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Sir, thank you, you had your
     two minutes to testify. We have your testimony...
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     thank you.
        RAUL RIVERA: You're not even curious to ask any
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questions?

1	COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS 102
2	CHAIRPERSON POWERS: Thank you, okay.
3	This hearing is adjourned, thanks.
4	[GAVELING OUT] [GAVEL SOUND]
5	RAUL RIVERA: There you have it, representation at
6	its best.
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date May 24, 2023