CITY COUNCIL CITY OF NEW YORK ---- Х TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES Of the COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE ----- Х Monday, April 10, 2023 Start: 1:18 p.m. Recess: 4:55 p.m. HELD AT: COUNCIL CHAMBERS, CITY HALL B E F O R E: Selvena N. Brooks-Powers, Chairperson COUNCIL MEMBERS: Joann Ariola Alexa Avilés David M. Carr Amanda Farías Ari Kagan Linda Lee Farah N. Louis Mercedes Narcisse Lincoln Restler Nantasha M. Williams Julie Won

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

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1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 4
2	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Good afternoon and welcome to
3	today's New York City Council meeting on
4	transportation. At this time, please place your
5	electronic devices on vibrate or in silent mode, and
6	throughout the meeting please do not approach the
7	Dais. If you have a question, please approach one of
8	the Sergeant At Arms. Thank you chair you may begin.
9	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Good afternoon and
10	thank you for joining today's hearing of the
11	Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.
12	Today's hearing is about truck city truck routes, a
13	topic that affects all New Yorkers who rely on the
14	city's expansive truck routes to provide our
15	residents with food and important goods. The
16	trucking industry is also a driving force in our
17	city's economy providing good-paying jobs throughout
18	the five boroughs, including in my own district in
19	Southeast Queens.
20	During the height of the COVID 19 pandemic, truck
21	drivers and delivery workers were essential employees
22	who worked tirelessly to provide New Yorkers with our
23	essential food, household items, and medicine.
24	Before I begin, I would like to take a moment to

25 thank all these workers for their indispensable hard

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 work and dedication to helping all New Yorkers when
 they needed it most.

4 Today, I would like the committee to bring ongoing conversations within the trucking industry to 5 the forefront so that we can provide how the city 6 7 shares its roads and trucks. While not a reflection on the individual truck drivers and delivery workers 8 9 I mentioned, trucking in the city can produce negative consequences in our communities such as 10 11 traffic, noise, and pollution. Often these problems disproportionately affect low-income and communities 12 13 of color, where high rates of respiratory illnesses 14 like asthma are common due to the emission of truck 15 exhausts in the air. This inequity is adversely affecting New Yorkers including children throughout 16 17 the city, and sheds light on the need for mitigation efforts in coordination with the communities most 18 19 affected. It is also affecting drivers themselves 20 who are forced to endure difficult and possibly 21 unhealthy working conditions.

Each year approximately 365 million tons of cargo enter leave or pass through the city. Nearly 90% of that cargo is being carried by trucks. By 2045, the same proportion of cargo is expected to be delivered

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 by trucks, but the tonnage carried is expected to
 increase by 68%.

Prior to the pandemic, and 2019 1.8 million 4 packages were delivered to New Yorkers on a typical 5 day, this number skyrocketed to 3.7 million packages 6 7 after the pandemic started, and it is likely to 8 increase due to consumer changes and e-commerce 9 shopping. Predictably, this high volume of deliveries causes considerable congestion on city 10 11 streets. Lack of space for these vehicles can create a situation where drivers have little choice but to 12 block car traffic, bus lanes, and bike lanes. 13 This 14 creates a dangerous situation for pedestrians, 15 cyclists, and drivers which can ultimately undermine 16 the city's expansive investment into Vision Zero, and 17 the Department of Transportation's traffic mitigation 18 efforts. It also creates traffic delays for New 19 Yorkers during peak traffic hours, particularly 20 residents in transportation deserts such as my own district, who often have no choice but to drive to 21 work. And yet the city's truck route has remained 2.2 23 largely unchanged since the 1970s.

24 The increase in deliveries has also exacerbated
25 the problem of overnight truck parking in residential

7 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 2 neighborhoods. While it is illegal to park a 3 commercial vehicle overnight on residential streets 4 in the city, residents in many neighborhoods including those near major freight hubs, such as JFK 5 in my own district report that trucks are regularly 6 7 flouting that prohibition. This problem is in part due to federal regulations, which requires drivers to 8 9 take mandatory tests, at which point they must pull off the road in search of parking. Since the city 10 11 has an insufficient number of designated lots in 12 which they can park, truckers have often have no 13 choice but to park on residential streets, causing 14 congestion on streets and noise pollution from idling 15 vehicles.

16 It is my sincere desire to have a healthier and 17 more equitable city, one that provides a higher 18 quality of life for all New Yorkers. As such, it is 19 my hope today that the committee explores 20 comprehensive solutions to these trucking problems 21 that the city faces. It is important to create space to see how this Council can use its legislative 2.2 23 muscle to drive this conversation along. The difficulties we explore today are not new, 24

and it will take time to solve. However, our hearing

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 8 will allow stakeholders to discuss these issues while 2 3 allowing the Committee to hear several new bills. 4 Today we will hear from the Department of Transportation, who will testify before the Committee 5 on truck routes within the city. The committee hopes 6 7 to hear what this Administration is doing to address 8 the issues I outlined, as well as updating us on the 9 city's off our delivery program, and the neighborhood loading zone program. 10

We would also like an update on how the Department of Transportation is working to improve truck deliveries in the city, including what it may have learned from former Mayor Bill de Blasio's congestion action plan.

We also understand that were joined by members of NYPD and we will have some questions in terms of enforcement and resources as well.

Finally, I would also like the Administration to address the work of the Southeast Queens Community Task Force led by Southeast Queens community leaders Bill Perkins, Barbara Brown, Gloria Bush-Hall, and too many to name quite honestly, because it's really a collective effort across Southeast Queens and in

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 the greater borough, to address environmental
 concerns in Southeast Queens.

In addition to the oversight portion of today's 4 hearing, we are hearing several bills and a 5 resolution that seeks to improve the city's truck 6 7 route infrastructure. Intro Number 708 sponsored by Councilmember Avilés, would require the Department of 8 9 Transportation to redesign the city's truck route network to improve safety increased visibility, 10 11 reduce traffic congestion and emissions and reduce vehicle miles traveled. DOT, in redesigning the 12 13 network, would be required to consult with the city 14 agencies, affected residents, and representatives 15 from business and environmental and climate justice organizations, street safety organizations, 16 17 industrial business zone administrators, and the 18 trucking logistics and last-mile delivery industries. 19 Intro Number 708 would also require that the 20 Department of Transportation implement daylighting at each intersection adjacent to the truck route 21 2.2 network, and review and replace truck route signage 23 where necessary.

Intro Number 906, sponsored by CouncilmemberBrannan, would require an agency or office designated

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 10
2	by the Mayor to, by December 31, 2023, identify one
3	location in each borough where it would be feasible
4	and appropriate to create designated off-street
5	parking for tractor trailers. Intro number 906 would
6	require the designated agency or office to create
7	such parking by December 31, 2025. Intro Number 924,
8	sponsored by Councilmember Avilés, would require the
9	Department of Transportation to report on the utility
10	and feasibility of using street design as a means to
11	limit or reduce the use of streets in residential
12	districts by commercial vehicles by December 31,
13	2023. Resolution Number 460 sponsored by
14	Councilmember Farías, a resolution calling on New
15	York State Legislature and Governor to fully fund the
16	MTA in the state's upcoming fiscal year 2024 budget,
17	in an effort to ensure that public transit riders
18	have effective affordable public transportation. The
19	MTA maintains fiscal stability in the face of a
20	looming fiscal cliff, and the MTA operate more
21	frequent buses and train service statewide.
22	We will now hear from several of the sponsors
23	regarding their bills beginning with Councilmember
24	Avilés on Intro 708 and Intro Number 924.
25	

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 11 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Good afternoon. Thank you 2 3 Chair Brooks-Powers for this hearing today on Intro 4 708 and Intro 925, and thank you for your support on these important pieces of legislation. 5 I also want to thank all of the last mile and environmental 6 7 justice advocates in the room today and online who 8 have been work-- who have worked tirelessly on this 9 issue, and whom I'm sure we will be hearing from during public testimony today. 10

11 I represent Council District 38 in Brooklyn, which encompasses a waterfront industrial business 12 13 zone. Since the pandemic our neighborhoods have experienced a rapid proliferation of last-mile 14 15 logistics facilities, flooding our streets with 16 massive uptick in trucks, traffic, and air pollution in what is already an Environmental Justice 17 18 Community.

In attempting to tackle this issue with our city agencies, I have been told by many agencies that the problems posed by last-mile logistics are too large and complex. I reject that notion that our communities must continue to suffer the ills of an antiquated and racist land use policy simply because

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 we are unwilling to untangle the bureaucracy that we
 have created.

While fixing the underlining systemic issues requires a hard look at our city wide land use policies, our communities cannot wait. There are short-term measures we can undertake now that will at least help mitigate further damage to our communities and our health, and we are here today to discuss some of those solutions.

11 Intro 708 requires that the Department of Transportation redesign the existing truck route to 12 improve safety and reduce both traffic congestion and 13 emissions. It requires that the DOT undertake this 14 15 work under advisement from impacted residents, environmental justice advocates, street safety 16 17 advocates, as well as those knowledgeable of the 18 trucking industry. In addition to this measure, we 19 must also look at how the existing network 20 contributes to unintended consequences, including oversized trucks illegally using our residential 21 roadways, threatening our infrastructure, and our 2.2 23 safety.

It is not enough to say that improper roadway--25 roadway use is a state enforcement issue. The city

13 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE must ask itself what is within our power to -- within 2 3 our power to protect our residents. It is no 4 surprise to me that the residents of Red Hook have come up with solutions before our city agencies, and 5 that they are the inspiration of Intro 924. 6 This 7 bill calls on DOT to report on the feasibility of using Street design as a means to limit or reduce the 8 9 use of residential streets by commercial vehicles. Ι look forward to hearing from the agency today on real 10 11 city-level solutions that can be implemented and that 12 will help protect our communities.

13 In closing, I would like to say that the days of simply accepting the same old model of extraction is 14 15 over. Last-mile freight significantly contributes to 16 congestion not only in the neighborhoods I represent, but citywide. Since the pandemic the rise of e-17 18 commerce has required an additional 7800 freight 19 vehicles to be on the road each day in our city 20 streets. At eight hours a day, this means that we 21 are adding 60,000 vehicle hours each day to our 2.2 collective roads, are lungs, and Amazon is reaping 23 all of the profits as we suffer.

We cannot be a green city without looking at this problem. It's all just talk if we allow large

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 14
2	corporations to continue to exploit our land with no
3	thought given to the impact on our residents. Our
4	communities can no longer bear the brunt of the
5	entire weight of rampant consumerism. We cannot be a
6	city that stands for justice and equity if we don't
7	take action now. It is time to update the policy,
8	the framework, and I want to thank you all for
9	hearing these important pieces of legislation and
10	discussing them. Thank you Chair.
11	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much.
12	And we will next hear from Councilmember Amanda
13	Farías.
14	COUNCILMEMBER FARÍAS: Thank you Chair Brooks-
15	Powers for hosting today's important hearing.
16	Currently, New Yorkers are waiting anxiously to
17	see what the fate of our city will be in this year's-
18	- for this year as we watch for the state's budget to
19	be finalized. Our neighbors and advocates across the
20	state, with the leadership of Senator Andrew
21	Gounardes and Assemblymember Zohran Mamdani have been
22	calling on the Governor to fully fund the MTA, and
23	prioritize our working-class New Yorkers who run the
24	city.
25	

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 15 The City Council is full of dedicated transit 2 3 advocates, many who are sitting with me here today. With this resolution, we are sending a strong message 4 5 to Governor Hochul that New Yorkers are in critical need for more reliable public transportation, and we 6 7 have to do everything we can to make that a reality. That is why I'm proud to be a primary sponsor of 8 9 resolution 460, and I thank all my colleagues who have signed on this far. I look forward to 10 11 discussing the importance of it more in today's 12 hearing. I'd also like to say that much of our city's 13

traffic infrastructure was built for the reliance of 14 15 cars and trucks to bring our communities together. 16 And I'm excited about hearing intro 708 and 924 17 today. With-- with the current infrastructure that 18 we have that's narrow-sighted, has made my community 19 along with many other citywide severely impacted by 20 health implications from congestion, car and truck idling, and by more trucks on our local streets. 21 2.2 Residents are not only seeing high asthma rates, but 23 see their commutes prolonged with trucks obstructing roadways, blocking visibility to crosswalks for 24 pedestrians, and taking much needed parking spots as 25

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 they continue to park on residential streets
 overnight.

We have to redesign the city's outdated truck 4 route infrastructure to improve safety, quality of 5 life and reduce emissions throughout the city. 6 We 7 cannot continue to be reactive when our trucks get 8 stuck on their train platforms and park illegally in 9 our neighborhoods. We need a proactive plan from the administration and the DOT. That is why my 10 11 colleagues and I are working to pass Intro 708 and 12 924 to redesign the truck route network, and 13 officially put an end to decades of environmental and community injustices actively committed against our 14 15 black, Latino, and AAPI neighborhoods in our outer 16 boroughs. Thank you for allowing me time.

17 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much for 18 that. And I know some folks may be wondering why the 19 MTA Reso, but it is timely right now as Albany 20 continues to work to pass its budget. And so thank 21 you so much Councilmember Farías for pushing this 22 important piece of legislation forward.

Today we are joined by Councilmembers Louis,
Farías, Lee, Narcisse, Restler, Williams, Won, Carr,
Ariola, Kagan, and Avilés.

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2	We now turn over to testimony. I look forward to
3	hearing from the city Administration, advocates, and
4	members of the public regarding regarding the
5	oversight and legislation at this hearing.
6	I want to thank my staff and committee staff as
7	well for their hard work. Samuel Breitbart, Counsel
8	to the Committee, Kevin Kotowski, Senior Policy
9	Analyst, John Basille, Senior Policy Analyst, Jorge
10	Munez Reyes, Communications, Jack Siegenthaler, my
11	Policy and Budget Director, and Renee Taylor, my
12	Chief Of Staff.
13	I will now acts the Committee Council to go over
14	some procedural items and swear in the
15	representatives for DOT.
16	COUNSEL: Thank you Chair. I'm Sam Breitbart
17	Counsel to the Transportation and Infrastructure
18	Committee of the New York City Council. Our first
19	witnesses will be from the Department of
20	Transportation: Eric Beaton, Deputy Commissioner for
21	Transportation Planning and Management, Charles
22	Ukegbu, Assistant Commissioner for Regional and
23	Strategic Planning, Diniece Mendes, Director of the
24	Office of Freight Mobility, and Rick Rodriguez,
25	

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 Assistant Commissioner for Intergovernmental and
 Community Affairs.

And we're also joined by from the NYPD, DeputyInspector Erik Worobey and Director Michael Clarke.

I will now administer the oath. Please raiseyour right hands.

8 Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, 9 and nothing but the truth before this committee, and 10 to respond honestly to councilmember questions? 11 ALL: I do.

Thank you, you may begin when ready. 12 COUNSEL: DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Good afternoon, 13 14 Chair Brooks-Powers and members of the Committee on 15 Transportation and Infrastructure. I am Eric Beaton, 16 Deputy Commissioner for Transportation Planning and 17 Management at DOT. With me today are Charles Ukegbu, 18 Assistant Commissioner for Regional and Strategic 19 Planning, Diniece Mendes, Director of the Office of 20 Freight Mobility, and Rick Rodriguez, Assistant 21 Commissioner for Intergovernmental and Community 2.2 Affairs. We are also joined by Deputy Inspector Erik 23 Worobey and Director Michael Clarke from the New York City Police Department. 24

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 Thank you for the opportunity to testify on
 behalf of Mayor Adams and Commissioner Rodriguez, on
 the administration's freight vision and the city's
 truck route network.

In recent decades, New York City has experienced 6 7 record growth in terms of population, jobs, and 8 commerce. Our complex freight network, with trucks delivering 90% of our goods has played a critical 9 role in this growth. The growth of e-commerce, which 10 11 was accelerated by the COVID-19 pandemic, has 12 dramatically increased freight volumes not only between businesses but to our residences as well. 13 14 More than 80% of New Yorkers receive at least one 15 package at home each week, and 18% receive packages 16 on four or more days per week, leading to an increase 17 in delivery vehicles on city streets.

Between January 2020 and December 2021 we estimated that freight traffic across the Hudson River increased by over 50%, and we expect that the amount of freight that the amount of freight will continue increasing. Earlier estimates projected regional freight movement growth of 68% between 2012 and 2045.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 20
2	To respond and prepare for this growth, DOT is
3	undertaking a number of initiatives with our partners
4	in and out of government to transform the way freight
5	moves throughout the city. This includes developing
6	"Delivery New York, a Smart Truck Management Plan for
7	New York City," which lays out the city's freight
8	vision. We have also identified opportunities and
9	strategies to build on EDCs Freight NYC Plan with our
10	report, "Delivering Green, a Vision for A Sustainable
11	Freight Network Serving New York City," and
12	coordinate with New York State's Freight
13	Transportation Plan. These initiatives focus on
14	managing demand, enhancing safety, network
15	connectivity, curb access, and promoting sustainable
16	last-mile delivery.
17	To manage demand, the city supports off our
18	deliveries through DOTs Off-Hour Deliveries Program.
19	Launched in 2019, the program encourages goods
20	delivery during the off-peak hours of 7 p.m. to 6
21	a.m. in busy parts of the city. Off-hour deliveries
22	reduce congestion, improve bus speeds, and decrease
23	the opportunity for conflicts with pedestrians and
24	cyclists.

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 21 With participation at over 1,100 business 2 3 locations citywide DOT continues to explore new ways 4 to expand the program. DOT also aims to manage demand and reduce truck congestion through piloting 5 the adoption of microhubs, or spaces on or off 6 7 street, where goods are loaded from larger freight vehicles to smaller, low-or-no emission vehicles, or 8 9 human powered modes such as cargo bikes or hand carts for final delivery. 10

In compliance with Local Law 166 of 2021, DOT issued a request for expressions of interest to seek feedback on challenges and opportunities for pursuing microhubs. DOT will establish a pilot program to support the creation, operation, and expansion of microhubs this summer, as detailed in our report released last week.

DOT also works to enhance safety, network connectivity, and curb access for trucks. The agency does this through truck route management, redesigning streets to reduce conflicts, expanding loading zones, and engaging on truck safety, education, outreach, and partnerships.

I want to take a moment to explain what a truck crew is, since we understand that it can be a

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 22
2	concerning designation. Our truck route rules are
3	meant to keep truck drivers on truck routes until
4	they are as close as possible to their final
5	destination. In areas where we do not have truck
6	routes, truck drivers can still travel to get to
7	their final destinations, but may do so on any street
8	that provides a direct connection without regard to
9	the size or land use on that street, and will do so
10	as they serve homes and businesses all over the city.
11	A truck route is really a restriction to minimize the
12	negative effects of truck traffic by limiting what
13	roads trucks can use to get close to the stores,
14	restaurants, and homes that need them.
15	The city's truck route network established in the
16	1970s and with small updates in 2015 and 2018, has
17	not been substantially updated to reflect changes in
18	residential and commercial land use patterns, the
19	transportation network, and delivery patterns from e-
20	commerce. The Administration supports changes to
21	update the truck route network to make sure that
22	communities are appropriately protected from truck
23	traffic, and removing designations or inappropriate
24	or redundant.

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 23 2 DOT also redesigned streets to reduce conflicts 3 between trucks and other modes, increase 4 predictability of movements, and improve visibility 5 of vulnerable road users. For example, our redesign of 34th Avenue in Queens both physically restricts 6 7 the ability of trucks to make through trips and adds 8 loading zones on cross streets. To provide delivery 9 alternatives. In another example, DOT completed a major redesign of the 20th Street local truck route 10 11 in Brooklyn by creating a new protected bike lane 12 connection, increasing pedestrian space, and calming 13 traffic, along with a one-way conversion. This reason redesign creates a safer, more reliable 14 15 connection for cyclists, pedestrians, and truck 16 drivers alike.

17 We also work directly with the trucking industry 18 by education and outreach to help keep our streets 19 Last year, DOT launched a recurring truck safe. 20 smart campaign to encourage and promote the safe 21 operation of trucks on New York City streets, 2.2 leveraging social media channels, billboards, PSA 23 videos, radio communications, reaching over 1.5 million impressions. The agency continues to expand 24 the number of designated parking spaces for loading 25

24 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 2 to reduce double parking, and to keep bike and bus 3 lanes clear. Last week DOT released the Loading Zone 4 Report required by Local Law 168 of 2021. DOT has developed the required methodology based on 5 population density, land use, and the number of 6 7 existing loading zones that we use to determine where 8 loading zones are necessary to enhance safety and 9 reduce traffic congestion.

Since the beginning of 2020, DOT installed over 10 11 2000 loading zones citywide. Going forward, we will continue to install loading zones, prioritizing zones 12 13 on transit corridors, bike corridors, and street improvement projects and other safety redesigns, and 14 15 corridors with high volumes of double-parking 16 violations and crashes involving double parked 17 trucks, as well as in response to requests from communities, businesses, and elected officials. 18

DOT also works to promote sustainable last-mile delivery through a number of programs. With the commercial cargo bike program, DOT incentivizes adoption of sustainable and efficient freight delivery by making designated loading and unloading space available for cargo bikes on the street. The program has grown to seven participating companies

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 25 and over 400 cargo bikes. Cargo bikes can load and 2 unload wherever commercial vehicles can and are 3 4 exempt from parking meter payment. DOT is also pursuing rule and legislative changes to make the 5 program permanent and remove legal barriers to expand 6 7 the use of cargo bikes, including supporting S1975, A3874, sponsored by Senator Ramos and Assemblymember 8 9 Jackson, which would increase the legal widths of cargo bikes to allow more efficient, ergonomic, and 10 11 readily available designs.

DOT and EDC have jointly launched the blue 12 13 highways program to evaluate marine-free highway 14 development, and encourage the use of New York City's 15 waterways to move goods into and around the city. 16 The city will be releasing an RFEI later this year to 17 better understand industry challenges and 18 opportunities, including ways to implement and 19 support businesses engaging in marine freight 20 operations and supporting infrastructure.

Trucks will continue to be a part of the delivery mix in New York City, and so we are committed to making sure that trucks on our streets are as safe and sustainable as possible. One example of our work here is the New York City Clean Truck Program,

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 26
2	through which DOT offers rebate incentives to truck
3	owners to replace or retrofit their diesel trucks
4	with alternative fuel or zero emissions trucks. The
5	program is focused on trucks in industrial business
6	zones located near environmental justice communities
7	that have historically been subjected to a
8	disproportionate amount of diesel exhaust emissions.
9	Another example is our work with EDC to develop a
10	citywide freight decarbonization and truck
11	electrification strategy, including developing design
12	plans to install a network of up to 100 publicly-
13	accessible truck charger stations.
14	The city has also long been a leader in requiring
15	side guards and other safety technology, and will
16	continue to work with our state and federal partners
17	to make additional safety technology mandatory.
18	Now turning to the bills before the committee
19	today, first Intro 708 sponsored by Councilmember
20	Avilés, which would require a truck redesign.
21	As I discussed earlier, the administration
22	supports making revisions to our truck routes, and
23	supports the portion of the bill that will require a
24	truck route redesign. To respond to several other
25	elements of the bill, the bill would mandate initial
I	

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 27
2	and final reports on proposed changes with public
3	comment requirements. Our current process for making
4	changes to the truck route network, however, already
5	has its own hearing and public comment process as
6	required by the City Administrative Procedures Act
7	known as CAPA. While we value public input, we
8	should ensure that the legislation creates a process
9	that comports with CAPA. The bill would also require
10	DOT to implement daylighting at each intersection
11	adjacent to the truck route network. We have found
12	daylighting valuable in some places, but not in
13	others, and it is critical that DOT retain the
14	discretion to determine where to use it.
15	Next on intro 906, sponsored by Councilmember
16	Brennan, which would require an agency or office

After hearing from elected officials and the community about overnight truck parking concerns, the city kicked off a multiagency Overnight Trucking Task Force. This task force consists of multiple mayor's

designated by the Mayor to identify one location in

appropriate to create designated off-street parking

for tractor trailers, and establish such parking by

each borough where it would be feasible and

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the end of 2025.

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE offices, NYPD, DSNY, DOT, EDC, DCAS, City Planning, 2 3 and the Sheriff's office.

4 The goal of the task force is to come up with long-term sustainable solutions to this issue, as 5 enforcement is only part of the solution. The task 6 7 force is using data analysis and mapping to identify 8 the areas with the highest incidence and potential 9 sites for truck parking. The group also conducted a community survey to better understand the problem. 10 11 Thanks in part to our partners in the Council who 12 helped promote the survey, you received over 2000 13 individual responses. The administration plans to 14 announce more detailed recommendations this spring. 15 We agree that off street parking is an important part of solving this problem, and we look forward to 16 17 discussing the bill further with the Council.

18 Next Intro 924, sponsored by Councilmember 19 This bill would require DOT to study street Avilés. 20 design as a means to limiting or reducing the use of 21 streets in residential neighborhoods by commercial vehicles. As described earlier, DOT has a robust 2.2 23 toolbox that encourages safe operation of vehicles including trucks. Part of the challenge is that on 24 25 many streets, trucks are delivering packages, picking

1COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE292up waste, delivering oil, and otherwise supporting3residential neighborhoods. While we agree with the4intent of this bill, we are concerned that the5additional effort and report writing would be better6spent focusing on solutions in specific locations.

In conclusion, I would like to thank the Council for the opportunity to testify today. We look forward to working together to create a safer, more sustainable, and efficient freight system that grows the economy, supports freight-related jobs, and delivers the goods that residents and businesses need. We now welcome your questions.

14 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. 15 Once again, I'm going to request that the 16 Administration provide testimony in advance of our 17 hearings. It's very difficult for us to prepare to 18 have a thoughtful conversation when we're getting the 19 testimony as we're sitting down at our seats, to 20 listen and digest this information. I made this 21 request before and I hope that it is heard. Thank 2.2 you.

23 So let's start with general truck and freight 24 trends. Each year about 365 million tons of cargo

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 enter, leave, and pass through New York City with 89%
 of it being carried by truck.

4 In 2045, the same proportion of cargo is expected to be delivered by truck, but the tonnage is expected 5 to increase by 68% to 548 million tons. How does the 6 7 Department of Transportation monitor truck and 8 freight trends in New York City, and are the 9 projections discussed above accurate as of 2023? DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure, and I'm going 10 11 to ask my colleague Diniece Mendes to speak to it a little bit too. 12

But we know that the current situation is already 13 problematic, and we know that growth will only become 14 15 worse. And so we are putting a lot of effort into 16 making sure that we're monitoring what is happening 17 on our streets today through -- we use -- we collect 18 data from a lot of different sources. We do public 19 surveys. We monitor what's happening on our streets. 20 And we know that we do need to make changes to make 21 sure that the future is not just filled with trucks. But I'd like to turn it over to Diniece to talk 2.2 23 about all the different ways we collect that data and use it. 24

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 31 2 MS. MENDES: Thank you Eric, and thank you Chair 3 for the question. So the stats that you pointed out 4 are accurate, and we continue to monitor and collect 5 data moving forward to make sure that were keeping 6 abreast of the changes.

As you can understand this is a very dynamic
situation, particularly after the COVID-19 pandemic,
where we saw just a more dramatic shift to
residential areas in terms of increased deliveries.

We typically look at truck volume crossings on our major bridges and highways as additional pulse, and we also look at anonymized GPS data to look at origin and destination trends to see where the major hubs in particular are attracting areas that are generating a lot of freight activity.

Our most recent reports show that about 120,000 trucks cross New York City boundaries on a daily basis, and that particularly fluctuates throughout the year. But that's a general average of truck trips.

And then more generally, the average truck trips throughout a-- in a traffic stream can average between 8% to 12% of the traffic stream.

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 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that.
 And when you say that you know changes are needed to
 be made, what has DOT done to date to be able to
 bring about these changes?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. And we've 6 7 really put a lot of effort into building our freight 8 program over the years. One that I'll highlight 9 really is our off-hour deliveries program that a few years ago didn't exist at all, and has since signed 10 11 up over 1100 businesses that have agreed to move 12 their deliveries from daytime to nighttime in the 13 busiest parts of the city. We also really put a lot 14 of effort into installing loading zones. And I think 15 our focus on loading zones has really changed in 16 recent years too. Loading zones used to be something 17 that was really limited to our commercial and 18 industrial parts of the city, which used to receive 19 the vast majority of deliveries. Over the recent 20 years and particularly accelerated by the pandemic, 21 we've seen a much larger increase in residential 2.2 deliveries, where now the majority of deliveries are 23 made on our residential blocks. And that has resulted in double parking, and other -- and blocked 24 bus stops and fire hydrants and other things that we 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 33 2 don't want to see. So with the development of our 3 neighborhood loading zone program, we've started to install those on residential blocks as well to make 4 5 sure that those deliveries can happen in ways that are not impacting the community in bad ways. 6 So we 7 have a very large and diverse program, lots of pieces 8 of which we've talked about here, but happy to go into more detail, into any-- that you would like more 9 10 on.

11 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Just 12 staying in line with the trucking freight trends: 13 How many packages are expected to engineer exceed daily this year, up or down from the 3.6 million per 14 15 day in March 20-- per day in March 22? Like is it going to be more or less than, that you feel the 16 17 packages are expected to enter to New York City? 18 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Well, the trend in recent years has only been in one direction, which is 19 20 up and up. You know there's obviously some -- some 21 limit to that, but we haven't hit it yet. I mean, we 2.2 do think that those package deliveries are part of 23 what's making New York City a livable place right now; that in a lot of communities it may be the best 24

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE way to-- to get goods and part of what makes living 2 3 in parts of the city more affordable.

4 But we know that it comes with a balance, and that more and more deliveries, even if it works for 5 an individual, don't always work for a community. 6 And that's part of what our job is, is to make sure 7 8 that New Yorkers are getting what they want and what 9 they need, but that it's happening in a way that isn't overly burdening any part of the city. 10

11 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And how has DOT factored in these projections and implemented 12 policies regarding trucking in New York City? 13 14 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. So, I mean, 15 this is what we're here to do, is to make sure that we are taking into that into account and making 16 17 changes. You know, we can't control whether a truck 18 is going to enter the city. You know, there's a large interstate commerce system, and if a truck 19 20 wants to come in we can't stop it at the border. But 21 we can provide the right rules and incentives to make sure that the trucks that do come in are doing it in 2.2 23 the most safe and sustainable way possible.

So we want fewer truck miles on our streets. 24 One of the goals of our microhub program is -- is that 25

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 35
2	trucks are not driving around and around
3	neighborhoods, going 20 feet and going around the
4	corner, and going another 20 feet to make deliveries.
5	We want the truck to arrive and stop, and then make
6	that final delivery by foot, by bike, by some more
7	sustainable mode and therefore reduce the amount of
8	total miles on our streets. We want to provide these
9	incentives to make truckers do the right thing.
10	MS. MENDES: I'd also add that, as you've heard
11	in testimony today, there's no one-size-fits-all. We
12	really have to tackle this problem across all
13	elements and really thinking about a holistic
14	approach with the different strategies. So you've
15	heard Eric also highlight the goods movement by
16	water, really trying to reduce that demand on our
17	infrastructure, while also better managing the trucks
18	that do remain on our streets.
19	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I want to
20	talk about truck routes next. How many miles of
21	roads long is the New York City Truck route network?
22	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So we currently have
23	about 1300 miles of truck routes in New York City.
24	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And when was the last
25	time the New York City Truck route map was updated?
<u>.</u>	

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 36 2 MS. MENDES: So the map was last updated 2022. 3 But the latest rules, in terms of the truck route 4 network, was updated in 2018. 5 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What were the main 6 updates? 7 MS. MENDES: In 2022, or 2018? CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: The one that had the-8 9 - the significant amount of updates to it. MS. MENDES: In 2018, the rules were to provide 10 11 expanded access for sealed ocean container terminal 12 container -- containers to come in from -- from New 13 Jersey through Staten Island to the Global Container 14 Terminal. So that was a very minor change. 15 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: And just to be clear 16 that, in our view that the truck route network has 17 not had a major change since it was created in the There have been a number of minor edits over 18 1970s. 19 the years to accommodate very specific issues. But 20 the network as it exists in our rules is very, very similar to how it was first created. 21 2.2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: That's where I was 23 going to go with this. I'm glad you clarified that, because I know by all accounts from DOT, publicly it 24 25 has been that it's been since the 1970s. But when

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 2 you talk about 2018 expanded access, what does that 3 mean exactly?

4 MS. MENDES: So particularly, there were some challenges and really on the sort of the operational 5 burden for freight coming into-- from New Jersey to 6 7 the Global Container Terminal in Staten Island that 8 really put New York City at a competitive 9 disadvantage for bringing goods into the region. So we worked across lines with the Port Authority of New 10 11 York and New Jersey as well to advance these rules 12 that allowed the sealed ocean container terminals to 13 come across the Goethals, through-- to go to the Global Container Terminal without the need of a 14 15 permit.

16 So the footprint of the rules that were advanced 17 did not add any additional miles to the truck road 18 network. But it designated a particular route that 19 the sealed ocean container terminals can access from 20 the Goethals Bridge to the Global Container Terminal. 21 And these are larger vehicles, over 80,000 pounds, et 2.2 cetera.

23 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And when that edit was made, was there any consultation with the 24 impacted communities? 25

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 38
2	MS. MENDES: We held our CAPA hearing, we worked
3	very closely with the Staten Island community.
4	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: You said the capital
5	hearing you said?
6	MS. MENDES: I'm sorry, the CAPA process, the
7	Citywide Administrative Procedural Act, which is
8	typically what we need to use for advancing
9	rulemaking, which requires a public hearing.
10	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Sorry, if you could
11	talk louder into the mic, because I was having a hard
12	time hearing you. So that's why I was asking.
13	MS. MENDES: I'm not sure, is it
14	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But I think it's the
15	construction possibly. But I heard you just now.
16	MS. MENDES: Okay.
17	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And when you said it
18	was the capital hearing
19	MS. MENDES: CAPA.
20	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: CAPA. Okay.
21	MS. MENDES: C-A-P-A. Sorry.
22	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. And was that
23	held within the communities that were affected?
24	Where was that meeting held?
25	

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 39
2	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So the hearing
3	itself was held in downtown Manhattan, but we did do
4	outreach in the area. That particular rule change
5	happens to be in a very specific industrial area,
6	immediately adjacent to the Goethals Bridge. So
7	there isn't there isn't like a residential
8	community that's directly affected, but we did work
9	with the local stakeholders in developing the
10	specific route.
11	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And then, just
12	Didn't I hear you when you spoke about it in 2022,
13	what some of those changes were?
14	MS. MENDES: Yeah. So that was specifically an
15	update to the map itself that we publish, and put on
16	our website. And the map included additional
17	information about new rules on the back of the map,
18	which is mainly our critical publication that we give
19	to truck drivers. And we also work with PD to hand
20	that out to truck drivers when they're doing
21	enforcement. We also included information about low-
22	clearance structures. I remember that Councilmember
23	Farías mentioned hitting MTA structures and things
24	like that. So we included more information for truck
25	

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 drivers to make more informed decisions about which
 routes they choose.

4 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And what types of 5 issues are-- And I'm going to come back in terms of 6 the information that the truck drivers get, but just 7 staying in line with this right now, what type of 8 issues are considered when making changes to the New 9 York City Truck route map? How are like safety, 10 equity, and health concerns considered?

11 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah, and it's a 12 good question. And it's-- it's one-- I can talk about how we will think about it, but like, the 13 honest answer is we haven't done a lot of work on 14 15 this in the past. And it's something that we-- we 16 agree we should be doing. But we use a lot of the 17 data that Diniece talked about, including, you know, 18 the looking at origins and destinations, where trucks 19 are really trying to get to, and then trying to look 20 at, which are the streets that are least impactful on 21 neighborhoods, and helping the trucks get there?

So we, you know, if there's a port facility or an industrial business zone, we know that trucks are going to be traveling there, but we want to make sure that they're on streets that are really appropriate

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 41 2 for trucks, and wherever possible through other 3 industrial or commercial neighborhoods, wherever 4 possible on wider streets, not narrower streets, in 5 trying to find you know-- not that any street wants more trucks, but trying to find the places that are 6 7 least impactful. So we will want to do that, and 8 want to do it while also making sure that we have a 9 cohesive network, right? It doesn't make any sense of the truck route is on street one on in this area. 10 11 And then street four in this area, with the trucks 12 having to travel in between. The network does need 13 to connect to itself in reasonable ways, and we just-- we want to find the best streets on which to do 14 15 that. CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And would you be 16 17 willing to work with myself and my colleagues to make 18 sure that this is happening? 19 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. Absolutely. 20 We think that local input with you know, from 21 yourselves from other community members is going to 2.2 be very important to make sure that people both 23 understand what we're doing and why. But also so that we get appropriate feedback on-- on the issues 24 25 and concerns that they have.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 42
2	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And with the the
3	change of the in those two years that you mentioned,
4	or just in general since 1970, has the map changed to
5	reflect the increase in e-commerce and the increased
6	need for trucks to move along routes previously only
7	designed for smaller vehicles? And if so how?
8	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So the answer is the
9	map has not changed very much. Now we as Diniece
10	said, we've made specific changes in response to
11	specific issues like the Global Container Terminal,
12	but the map is very similar. And we think taking a
13	fresh look in light of of changing delivery
14	patterns makes sense.
15	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What triggered those
16	changes? So you said that it was specific to the
17	need or recognizing the need, but what actually
18	triggers that action from DOT currently?
19	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yep. So they're
20	initiated by us, but they request comes from
21	different places. I don't know if you want to talk
22	about the Global Container Terminal, or Charles,
23	maybe?
24	MR. UKEBU: Yup. Let me speak to some of the
25	factors. We have to recognize that the industry

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 itself is changing. In the 50s, you had the advent
 of the containers that came in as a new means of
 moving goods in a secure way and a safe way.

Well, one of the challenges we had here is that 5 as we got into the 70s and 80s, and even as recently 6 7 as 2015, we had to reconfigure access to, most of you know, about 53 foot trailers. So it's not that the 8 9 roads had to be -- but we had to do re-designate, knowing that destinations here or there, the 10 11 destination near the JFK area is a very important 12 destination, and you have to move goods to Long 13 Island. So we had to re-designate and work through 14 the federal process that's supposed to permit 15 interstate commerce to ensure that cross-- access 16 from Long Island Expressway into JFK Airport, going 17 across all the way north to Whitestone Bridge, Throgs 18 Neck Bridge, going to George Washington Bridge so 19 that containers can come in into our area. That's 20 one industry trend.

The other industry trend we're seeing really has to do with given the nature of the vehicles themselves. We're trying to ensure that-- Diniece already spoke about the Global Container Terminal. This really is sealed ocean containers that make our 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 44 2 whole metropolitan area, our port area more 3 competitive, and save jobs in the Staten Island 4 community, and in fact all over the city. So we had 5 to accommodate that so as to remain competitive.

There are other industry changes that are 6 7 happening that relate to even the nature of the 8 breakbulk function that happens with these truckers. 9 For example, they load pods into these-- whether it's containers and sometimes into trucks, and they want 10 11 to move these as units, as secure units. Most of us 12 have seen packages that come to our neighborhood. And you have these little containers that -- they are 13 14 basically pre sorted, and they are being moved to 15 particular dest-- well, in this case, we talk about 16 zip codes for the US Postal Service. In some cases, 17 it's actually sorted on the basis of neighborhoods, 18 at the block-by-block level.

So now we have our buildings with our high density, multiple units in a particular area. That means they have to service different apartments, different-- in some cases, you have businesses at the bottom.

I've said all this to say there's the industry, but there's also the demand side, which is the 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 45 2 buildings and where the people live, and we-- our job 3 is to balance that and ensure that the routes that we 4 have will accommodate the businesses that need to get 5 to any one of these locations.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. 6 7 And Local Law 189 required a DOT report to the 8 Council, in which DOT committed to developing 9 quidance for implementing a delivery service plan and partnership with building and property owners. 10 Does 11 New York City have a delivery service plan? If so, 12 can you provide us with more information on how the 13 plan was developed and how it will be implemented? 14 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yep. So I think 15 we'll-- we'll get back to you on that. The-- I think 16 it was really DCAS that was tasked with the activity, 17 Citywide Administrative Services. We of course, 18 supported them. But I don't think we have the 19 details on the final results here. 20 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. The truck 21 routes disproportionately burden environmental

justice communities. We know that emissions from trucks contribute to respiratory illness in communities adjacent to the truck route, or where trucks frequently idle. Has DOT worked with the New COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 46
 York City Health + Hospitals to do an air quality
 study along the truck route?

4 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So we do work 5 closely with-- with Health + Hospitals. When they 6 collect data, we look at how that relates not just to 7 truck routes, specifically, but even to you know, to 8 environmental justice communities and industrial 9 business zones.

But you know, I think what we've been really focusing on is trying to get the trucks on our street to be as-- as few as possible, and then the ones that are there as polluting as little as possible. And maybe Charles, you could talk a little bit about the Clean Trucks Program that really focuses on those communities.

17 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: Yes. One of the 18 examples of -- in fact, it is actually a pioneering 19 example of where we took an initiative to target a 20 particular community that we knew, or had reports of 21 significant health impacts, that some of which--2.2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Which community? 23 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: That'll be the Hunts Point and Mott Haven communities in the South 24 Bronx. So we have the New York City Clean Trucks 25

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 47
2	actually initially was the Hunts Point Clean Trucks
3	Program, by which we provided incentives to companies
4	that are registered in that particular zip code, and
5	we used we gave them incentives, basically giving a
6	rebate for them to purchase and get rid of the older,
7	more polluting engines, and ensure that these
8	committees vehicles will access those communities at
9	the at least every two weeks, they must come in
10	there. So we know that the benefits are accruing to
11	those when we change these trucks to cleaner, burning
12	diesel engines, newer engines. Most of them are
13	2020 2012 or newer engines.
14	We also encouraged them to transition to electric
15	vehicles, you know, which are really clean burning.
16	So far, we had as of 2015 we had done 500 such
17	retrofits. At this point, I think we're at about 600
18	or so engines that we have removed of the roadways.
19	But I said as a general effort, we're also doing
20	the Cross Bronx Expressway study, which which we'll
21	call actually the reimagining the Cross Bronx
22	Expressway, which is ongoing at this time to do a
23	whole revisioning of that whole corridor to figure
24	out how best we can reconnect communities, ensure
25	that we provide incentives to clean the trucks that

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 48 2 are running on that on that highway, and at the same 3 time work with the community to ensure that other 4 health ailments-- and by the way, the Department of 5 Health is a partner on the Cross Bronx Expressway 6 with State DOT, Department of City Planning, and the 7 city DOT.

8 So there are multiple ways by which we're working 9 with the Department of Health. We recognize the 10 deleterious effects of trucks. But it's only one 11 component of those health effects. And that's what 12 we have been schooled by the Department of Health, 13 and that's the way to address the issue.

14CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And would DOT be open15to doing such a study? An air quality study?

16 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah, I think we'd 17 want to know more about the specifics of what you're 18 looking for. But we agree that air quality is one of 19 the major issues around truck traffic and 20 environmental justice communities. So, you know, I 21 think as I mentioned my testimony, we're always 2.2 inclined towards action rather than just study. But 23 to the extent that more data can help support the action--24

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 49 2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I feel the same, but 3 I know the data is what informs the actions most of 4 the time with DOT, or that's at least what you all testify most of the time. 5 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: Can I just add to 6 7 that? CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: 8 Sure. 9 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: I think--Especially to that issue, the Clean Trucks Program 10 11 really was actually following the data. We knew that 12 the Hunts Point Community was one of those areas, or 13 is one of those areas that has three times or more, 14 based on the Health Department data, of asthma 15 hospitalizations in the area. 16 So when we applied for this project, it was based 17 on that -- that statistic, working with Community Board 2 in South Bronx, and I think Councilmember 18 19 Salamanca was working in that area. 20 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yup. I was there 21 last week. 2.2 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: Great. 23 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: There's a lot of work to be done. There's a lot of truck congestion in 24 that area, as well as Councilmember Farías's district 25

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 with the major thruways that go through that
 district.

4 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: Yes. And to the data that you pointed to: We also are expanding this 5 study to -- I'm sorry, this project to all citywide 6 7 effort, because we did get VW Settlement money. By which-- It was in 2020, we expanded the whole 8 9 initiative to-- to make sure that all industrial business zones in the city, most of which are 10 11 adjacent to environmental justice communities, based on New York State Department of Environmental 12 13 Conservation EJ criteria. So it makes them eligible for this. So we are really-- This is a very 14 15 effective program. We can-- We would like to discuss 16 more if necessary.

17 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And when the truck 18 route changes, like as you're looking at this now, 19 there'll be legacy effects on those streets that were 20 a part of the old truck route? Those streets may 21 need repaving or other remediation. How will the 22 Department of Transportation make sure that such 23 remediation takes place?

24 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. It's a great 25 question, and something that that we think is 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 51 2 critically important is that as we look at the truck 3 route network, it won't just be about making, you 4 know, changes to the rules and in the rulebook, but 5 we do have to look at the specific streets and make 6 sure that they are designed appropriately.

7 Whether it's a street that we're adding a truck route, or a street that we're removing a truck route, 8 9 you know, whether it needs new safety features, whether it needs resurfacing, you know, it could be 10 that some of them need a full reconstruction that we 11 12 would pursue with DDC, that making sure that those 13 streets are capable of handling trucks, or are 14 designed to discourage trucks where appropriate. 15 Like that's-- that's part of it. It's not just about the rule. It's about the looking at the design and 16 17 the communications at the same time.

18 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Next I 19 want to talk about parking for trucks. So the 20 increase in deliveries has exacerbated the problem of 21 overnight truck parking in residential neighborhoods. Not only does it lead to unsafe conditions for all 2.2 23 road users, it can also cause increased traffic congestion, increased emissions, and noise pollution 24

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 for idling vehicles, particularly in outer borough
 neighborhoods near major freight hubs.

What type of planning is DOT doing to ensure that there's an adequate amount of parking spaces for trucks, and has DOT applied for recently announced federal grants to assist with truck parking?

8 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. And we 9 totally agree that this has become a much more serious issue in recent years, particularly with some 10 11 of the federal law changes around hours of service 12 rules. We have seen, you know, in Southeast Queens, 13 Southern Brooklyn, large parts of the Bronx, you know, not a comprehensive list by any means. And it-14 15 - We know that it goes beyond DOT, or beyond DOT and 16 NYPD, because we can't enforce our way out of the 17 issue, although enforcement is a piece of it. It's 18 why we've really brought together this citywide task 19 force that includes DCAS, and includes EDC, some of 20 these other agencies that are a little bit more 21 experienced with some of the off-street parking 2.2 issues, so that when we come back to all of you with 23 a more detailed plan, it can be a serious plan that really looks at how we provide real opportunities for 24 trucks to get off the street and park, while also 25

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 making sure that we continue enforcement, and
 continue doing what we need to do to deal with the
 day-to-day problem.

5 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Does DOT work with 6 JFK Airport and other freight hubs to ensure that 7 there's adequate parking for trucks that service out 8 of these areas? And what has been done? And what 9 can be done in the future, particularly for JFK, 10 where significant investments have been made?

11 MS. MENDES: Thank you for the question. We see 12 our partners at the Port Authority of New York In New 13 Jersey as a critical to be part of this conversation. 14 I know we testified a few months ago, or thereabout. 15 But this -- this is a critical part of that 16 conversation. We are certainly thinking about how we 17 can think about how we can address this issue from 18 the city side of things, if there are any 19 opportunities for activating sites that may be city 20 owned. We also see this as a partnership with the 21 private sector, because the city cannot do this 2.2 alone.

And more broadly, as we think about the longer term solutions, we are also thinking about supporting federal funding opportunities that we can perhaps go COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 54
 after for standing up the longer term school truck
 parking facilities.

But the short answer is yes, we are working very
closely with the Port Authority as well as others,
and city agencies to work through this solution not
just for Southeast Queens, but citywide.

8 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What has the citywide 9 taskforce on illegal parking done in terms of 10 reducing illegal parking?

11 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So the task force 12 hasn't come out with its recommendations yet, but 13 maybe I'll talk to-- just because we haven't come up 14 with recommendations doesn't mean we're not doing 15 anything either. Maybe I'll turn it over to my 16 colleagues at PD to talk about how we're making sure 17 that we are being responsive in the short term, even 18 as we develop long term answers.

DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Absolutely. I'm proud to be a member of the task force, fortunately, with DOT and many other city agencies. And one of the short term actions that have come out of it is the enforcement of the overnight truck parking in all boroughs. I am-- It's somewhat good to report that towing and parking enforcement for overnight trucks 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 55 2 that are parked in residential communities has risen 3 very substantially. What the taskforce is able to do 4 is track the 311 complaints and streamline them for 5 us so we can conduct enforcement where it's needed 6 most.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: And Chair, I just want to add, when we have finally solidified the recommendations from the task force, we will be coming to you and the Committee to make sure that everybody understands the recommendations, so that we can partner on making sure that we address overnight truck parking.

14 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So do you have a 15 timeline with that in terms of when we get expects 16 recommendations to start coming out?

17 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. I think we've 18 said spring. We don't have a more specific date than 19 that yet.

20 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What type of staff 21 and resources does the task force have? 22 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So I think that the 23 task force itself is really composed of resources 24 from the agencies involved. They haven't hired

separate staff. But I think we can say like the

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 56
2	agencies are taking this very seriously. Diniece and
3	her team have spent substantial effort from the DOT
4	side, and I know commensurate from other agencies as
5	well. To really look at how to solve this problem.
6	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. I'm going to
7	just touch two more categories, and then I'm going to
8	pass it to my colleagues to ask theirs, and then I'll
9	do a round two.
10	But in terms quickly of traffic safety, does DOT
11	track as a part of Vision Zero the number of truck
12	fatalities and serious injuries?
13	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Absolutely. A part
14	of our data-driven effort on Vision Zero is we look
15	at where truck fatalities, where truck-driven
16	injuries happen, what parts of the city. One of the
17	things that are freight team does is they focus on
18	safety projects on corridors with high numbers of
19	truck-related incidents.
20	So, you know, one thing I'll say, to be clear is
21	that trucks are not an overly disproportionate amount
22	of of the fatalities on our streets. You know, it
23	varies a little bit year to year. But trucks cause
24	fatalities about in proportion to their mix of
25	vehicles on the street. So we we do make sure that
l	

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 what we're doing is not just truck-focused, but is
 focused on making the streets safer for everybody,
 which also affects trucks.

But one of the lenses through which we look is 5 trying to make sure that if there are streets that 6 7 are seeing a particularly number of truck related 8 injuries, that we make sure we do projects in those 9 areas. So we-- we want to make sure that as we redesign our streets, we're addressing truck issues, 10 11 but addressing everything having to do with traffic crashes, as well 12

13 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Out of the crashes 14 that you have recorded as a part of Vision Zero, do 15 you have an idea in terms of what proportion of those 16 accidents are on the truck route versus off of the 17 truck route?

MS. MENDES: Our previous analysis indicated about 68% of the crashes, or, I'm sorry, injuries, were on truck routes, designated truck routes.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: And just as a reminder. Those truck routes, we again try and site on those widest corridors, so they tend to also happen to be the busiest places throughout the city.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 58
2	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: For 2022, and year to
3	date, what are the current statistics on on truck
4	fatalities and serious injuries?
5	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Alright. So for
6	2022 there were 42 fatalities that involved a truck
7	out of 259 total fatalities citywide. And there were
8	111 truck-involved severe injuries out of 2734,
9	severe injuries citywide.
10	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And when compared to
11	previous years, what type of trends are you seeing?
12	What are your estimates for future years?
13	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Well, we want those
14	numbers to come down, right? They You know, if the
15	number is not zero, then it's too high.
16	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But what are the
17	trends?
18	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So the trend has
19	been a little bit all over the place. The previous
20	year 2021 had fewer truck-related fatalities at 23
21	out of 273. But overall, they had been higher in
22	prior years. In 2019, it had been 37 truck involved
23	fatalities, in 2017, 40. So we have not seen a
24	particular up or down trend around truck related
25	fatalities in particular. But that's not the trend

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 59 2 we want. The trend we want to downward. And so we 3 know we have to lean in even harder to make sure that 4 the numbers are going down, not staying level.

5 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay, and then the 6 last category of questions that I'm asking now is 7 neighborhood loading zone program: In July of 2019, 8 the City implemented the Neighborhood Loading Zone 9 Pilot Program in response to the increase in e-10 commerce deliveries on residential streets and for-11 hire vehicles-- vehicle trips throughout the city.

In an effort to reduce double parking and 12 13 unwanted standing behavior, and to create a safer and 14 more efficient environment for all road users, the 15 Neighborhood Loading Zone Program provides space at 16 the curb during the daytime and evening hours for 17 package zone-- excuse me, for package deliveries by 18 commercial vehicles, taxi and care service pickup and 19 drop off, and active loading and unloading of 20 personal vehicles. The program was specifically 21 designed to reduce conflicts between trucks and 2.2 cyclists while also providing bus-- excuse me, 23 improving bus travel times. DOT's website currently lists 361 zones in the program. Is this figure 24 25 correct?

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 60
2	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Just for Thank you
3	for a very excellent description of the program. I
4	think you got it just right. I'll I'll turn it
5	over to Diniece to talk about the numbers.
6	MS. MENDES: Thanks, Eric. And so as of April of
7	2023, There are currently 330 neighborhood loading
8	zones installed citywide 145 of which we've installed
9	last year, just last year alone. And we also have
10	about up to about 100 50 have been installed so
11	far this year, and another 100 are pending
12	installation.
13	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Is that 50 or 150?
14	MS. MENDES: 50 have been installed so far this
15	year and 100 are pending installation as we speak.
16	So within the next few months those will likely be
17	implemented as well.
18	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Can you also let me
19	know where these zones primarily exist?
20	MS. MENDES: So these zones are
21	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: [TO MS. MENDES:]
22	[inaudible] to the new website?
23	MS. MENDES: Yeah. So we, just last week put the
24	announcement and the launch of our Loading Zone
25	Report, we have a publicly accessible map that's

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 61
2	interactive. You can go on the website at
3	nyc.gov/loading, and you'll be able to find out where
4	the the zones are installed. Generally they're in
5	more residential areas, they're spread out across the
6	city. We have them a footprint in every borough.
7	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What's like the
8	numbers per borough?
9	MS. MENDES: We can get back to you on that on
10	the details.
11	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Do you think someone
12	can find that out while we're going through the rest
13	of the questions? Thank you.
14	COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Can you have them repeat
15	the website again?
16	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Can you repeat the
17	website again, please?
18	MS. MENDES: nyc.gov/loading.
19	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How does How has
20	DOT work with communities and elected officials to
21	keep neighborhoods informed about this program? And
22	what feedback have you received from community
23	members?
24	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. So as we do
25	new loading zones, we've typically worked with the

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 62
2	Councilmember. We also notify the community board
3	and take feedback. You know, we know that these
4	needs to be where in appropriate places all over
5	the city. So we you know, we try to make it a
6	balance between not just asking, "Do you want that
7	here?" But we tried to say like, "Is this there a
8	reason this place doesn't work? Is there another
9	place that might make sense?" But we do get a lot of
10	feedback. That feedback varies tremendously from
11	neighborhood to neighborhood. I think we've had some
12	neighborhoods that have been very excited by the
13	program, and have wanted more, and other
14	neighborhoods that have been very concerned about
15	parking loss or other changes. I think as they've
16	gone in, we've tended to see people appreciate it and
17	appreciate the lower double parking. But we know
18	that it's a new it's new, and it's a change. And
19	so we try to like really work with communities to
20	understand why we're doing it and make sure we get
21	appropriate feedback on if it's problematic
22	someplace, maybe we can look someplace else instead.
23	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How does DOT balance
24	this program with ensuring that parking for private
25	vehicle does not dramatically decreased?

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 63
2	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. It's a
3	challenge because we're not not making more curb
4	space. So everything that we're doing is about how
5	we manage that curb space as well as we can. And,
6	you know, typically, when we do a neighborhood
7	loading zone, it's in effect, something like 8 a.m.
8	to 6 p.m., Monday through Friday, and then returns to
9	residential parking in the evenings when people might
10	come back from work and on the weekends. And we try
11	to balance it that way. But part of it is is that
12	we're dealing with the reality of this huge increase
13	in residential deliveries, and it's space that we
14	feel is still really serving the residents of that
15	community. It's not space that's serving sort of an
16	outside entity. So we try to make it work as best we
17	can for every community in which we work.
18	MS. MENDES: And, sorry, we have the numbers by
19	borough, if you're ready.
20	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Please.
21	MS. MENDES: Okay. So, the highest number of
22	loading zones are in Queens 115, Brooklyn 104,
23	Manhattan 81, The Bronx 51, and Staten Island 18.
24	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Staten
25	Island is 18.
I	I

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 And this question is for DOT and NYPD. How do
 you enforce the Loading Zone Program? Is it
 summonses? Is it boots on vehicles? Is it
 impoundment?

6 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Sure, they provided us 7 with the list of those locations, and we have the 8 traffic agents go there, and if they see a violation, 9 they start off by issuing a summons. But yes, the 10 vehicle would also be eligible for a boot or a tow. 11 But primarily it's enforced with parking summonses.

12 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And after you receive 13 like-- and you observe that a truck may have two 14 summonses, for example, on the windshield, how soon 15 is it that you escalate to booting or towing that 16 vehicle? And what-- what allows for that level of 17 discernment from NYPD to take that those steps?

DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Sure. I-- If I heard you correctly, you said if the truck has multiple summons on it?

21 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yeah, like if-22 because sometimes you walk past these trucks and they
23 have like one and one summonses.

24 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Right. Okay. Right.25 For the loading zones that are for trucks only, we

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 65
2	mostly focus on the cars. But for other truck
3	violations, it really does depend on the space and
4	the availability of that tow, if it's a large truck.
5	And that's why very fortunately, as we mentioned, the
6	Truck Parking Taskforce kind of coordinates and
7	groups their complaints to us, so we can really get
8	those trucks that have been there, that have two or
9	three summonses, two or three complaints, and we can
10	go to that same neighborhood and get multiple trucks
11	on the same night and bring them to a designated
12	location, rather than like you said, keep on putting
13	another summons on it, which addresses the condition,
14	yes, but it really doesn't permanently rectify it.
15	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And where are you
16	seeing most of the summonses being issued?
17	DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Sure. When it comes
18	to the trucks, it is citywide. Some of the hotspots
19	is Southern Brooklyn, South East Queens, and the
20	Central and South Bronx, as well as parts of Northern
21	Queens as well. That's where a lot of the complaints
22	and the residents are voicing it to us.
23	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And what long term
24	solutions has DOT considered for making the loading
25	zone pilot program permanent?

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 66 2 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. I think at 3 this point, we don't view it as a pilot. We really 4 do view it as a permanent program and part of our toolbox. But one of the things that we're doing is 5 we've-- we're in the process of creating a new 6 7 traffic rule that we think better describes the 8 situation.

9 For anyone who's familiar with our Neighborhood Loading Zones, the regulatory sign often says, "No 10 11 Parking." And from a regulatory perspective, that's 12 appropriate because it allows loading and unloading of goods. But people in the community don't always 13 know what that is. They say, "Why did you take away 14 15 my parking and put up No Parking." And instead, the 16 new rule will let us put up signs that say, "Loading 17 Zone," which we think is much more clear about what 18 that space is meant to be used for in a way that we 19 think our-- our legal rules can better match our 20 public communications about the program. So even as 21 it's a permanent program, we do think it can be 2.2 better than how we've done it so far, in terms of 23 making that space clear to the public.

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 67 2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Now, I'll 3 yield the rest of my questions for now on call on Councilmember Narcisse. 4 5 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Thank you. Thank you, Chair. And thank you for being here, Deputy 6 7 Commissioner, I believe, and all of you that's here. 8 I appreciate your time. 9 Um. Now by talking, since we're always talking about the waterway, I'm wondering is ferry sound 10 11 somewhere that we can do more transportation when it comes to our delivery? I-- Is that in the plan? 12 13 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes, it is. And I'll turn over to Diniece to talk details. But-- But 14 15 not every piece of freight can be moved by water, but 16 we think more can be than is today. And that's 17 something that we are actively pursuing with our colleagues at EDC. 18 19 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Okay. 20 MS. MENDES: Thanks, Eric. And thanks for the 21 question. Approximately 8% of our freight comes in 2.2 by water. We certainly think that there are 23 opportunities to reduce our over-reliance on trucking in the long term, and we've announced our program, 24 The Blue Highways Program, which is a multi-year 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE partnership with EDC and the private sector. 2 This 3 looks at in-depth practices, understanding the 4 challenges the barriers for shifting more goods to come in by water. 5

The city has also been thinking about what are 6 7 the infrastructure investments that will likely be 8 needed to accommodate those shifts by water, and 9 thinking about how do we create that network, that hub and spoke system. 10

11 So as Eric announced in his testimony earlier 12 today, we will be releasing a solicitation later this 13 year that calls on marine operators and freight 14 operators who are interested in operating marine or 15 doing -- moving freight by water to respond to that 16 that RFEI, and we will be then setting up a pilot 17 program. There are certainly more opportunities for 18 us to drive more incentives. And we're-- will be 19 thinking about what levers the city has to shift more 20 freight by water.

21 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: That's good. I just 2.2 have one question. Do you -- do you track the summons 23 that you're giving right now to the trucks that parks on our streets? 24

25 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Yes. Yes we do.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 69
2	COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: And is there a rise on
3	the summonses that you're giving to the trucks now?
4	DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Yes. We're seeing
5	this year a rise in moving violations, that means
6	when they're operating the truck, and we're also
7	seeing a rise when the truck is parked, as well as a
8	rise in towing them. So we're seeing rises across
9	the board in enforcement.
10	COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: And how much are the
11	summons is that you giving?
12	DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Sure. So the parking
13	summons is overall is a little over 161,000. The
14	moving violation is approximately 7,500. Those would
15	be the summonses.
16	COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: The trucks that park
17	the trucks that park on our street. Because right
18	now, in the Canarsie area, and I know people calling
19	me from Queens: How many in total have you towed?
20	Because I've seen them parking for for months, for
21	years, some of them.
22	DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Okay. So in southern
23	Brooklyn area, and this is more than just the
24	Canarsie area
25	COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Flatlands area?

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 70 2 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Sure. To those 3 vehicles, large trucks that are parked is 4 approximately 4400 this year in southern Brooklyn. That is not tows. That is the parking summonses. 5 The toes in that area would be approximately, with 6 7 the boots, around 21. 8 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Thank you. Please keep 9 on removing them. Because that's the most complaints I get every day. 10 11 MS. MENDES: And we're also happy to sort of field those specific problematic locations. 12 So 13 please feel free to share that with us and we'll--14 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: And it's a sanitation 15 thing too, because they're dirty. They gather all the wind that blows all the garbage on the street. 16 17 Thank you. 18 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. 19 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Thank you, Chair. 20 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Next we'll hear from Councilmember Restler. 21 COUNCILMEMBER RESTLER: Great, I didn't see that 2.2 23 one coming. I firstly-- Just, well, let me firstly, just thank our chair for her leadership and bringing 24 attention to this issue. And for the great pieces of 25

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 71
 legislation from Councilmembers Avilés and Farías
 that I strongly support.

4 I-- I also want to thank the Deputy Inspector. Ι think you are the single most responsive person in 5 the entire police department. I don't know how 6 7 you're on top of every issue across all of our districts and precincts. But, like there's no issue 8 9 too small. And you literally are on top of it in real time, every time. And I really appreciate it. 10 11 You're just--12 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Thank you--13 COUNCILMEMBER RESTLER: -- are a tremendous public 14 servants. And I--15 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: It's a privilege to 16 serve. I know how important it is to hear from the 17 community. And I appreciate you kind of packaging up 18 all those complaints as well as the other 19 Councilmembers and giving it to me so we can take 20 action. We should--21 COUNCILMEMBER RESTLER: I have an infinite number 2.2 of complaints. I do. 23 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: I wish we could do

24 more.

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 72 2 COUNCILMEMBER RESTLER: I'm a-- I'm a profess--3 my professional job is to be annoying. But you help 4 solve them, and my community really deeply 5 appreciates it. I hadn't realized you've been promoted from Captain to Deputy Inspector. So 6 7 congratulations. I apologize for -- for not catching that sooner. 8 9 There were a couple of things I wanted to ask about today, though on trucks. Oh, I'm already at 47 10 11 seconds. I was regretting nice every time. 12 So firstly-- Just can I ask for really quick answers? So on the -- I was excited about that Big 13 14 Apps Challenge, or the Apps Challenge you guys did 15 earlier this year? What's the current status of the 16 app? And how soon until DOT can require all trucks 17 to use it? 18 MS. MENDES: Thanks for the question. It's still 19 under development. And we're continuing to work with 20 our university partners, and we're thinking about 21 enhancing--COUNCILMEMBER RESTLER: Any more specific timing 2.2 23 update that you can give than that? MS. MENDES: We can get back to you on the 24 details. 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 73 2 COUNCILMEMBER RESTLER: Okay. I-- There was also 3 a previous hackathon, I think it was 2019, that led 4 to the development of an online tool. The DOT was using cameras to detect 53 foot trailers. What's the 5 status of that? All of-- I mean, all of us get an 6 7 inordinate amount of complaints about these trucks that are illegal on our streets. And it feels like 8 9 unless we're able to get the deputy inspectors' attention and that enforcement, we're not getting the 10 11 responsiveness that we need. I really strongly 12 support automated enforcement here. We're excited 13 that you all have been pursuing some of these apps, 14 but want to see more aggressive and swift 15 implementation.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah, I think we're really on the same page there. I think we've done a lot of really good testing of technology in a lot of different arenas, and the technology has gotten a lot better.

As you well know, we need permission from Albany to do anything around automated enforcement. And, you know, there's things we're pushing for this year. There'll be things we're pushing for in future years. We think more automated enforcement is absolutely the COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 74
 future of-- of how to really get at a lot of these
 issues.

4 COUNCILMEMBER RESTLER: Automated enforcement for 5 illegal 53 foot trucks on our streets requires Albany 6 legislation?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes.

7

8 COUNCILMEMBER RESTLER: And have we active-- has 9 the Administration been actively been pushing for 10 changes this session?

11 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: So, as you're well aware, we're in the midst of negotiating that 12 13 budget that is, you know, a couple of days late at 14 this point. But I think we're not opposed to things 15 like this. You know, as somebody that has had their 16 vehicle destroyed by a 53 footer, I think there's a 17 lot of energy that we can be focusing on there. 18 COUNCILMEMBER RESTLER: Okay. I know I'm over 19 time. So thank you very much, Chair. 20 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Next we'll hear from Councilmember Williams followed by 21 councilmember Lewis. 2.2 23 COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: Thanks, Chair. And

24 thanks for being here. I just wanted to go back to 25 the Overnight/Illegal Trucking Taskforce. Can you

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 75
2	provide some more details? For instance, who is the
3	main driver, like which agency?
4	MS. MENDES: Thank you. The task force is being
5	led by the Mayor's Office of Operations, and the
6	other agencies including DOT, includes EDC, DCAS,
7	NYPD, Department of City Planning, DFNY, as well as
8	the sheriff's office.
9	COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: So is it the Mayor's
10	Office of Operations that is actually, like,
11	corralling everybody?
12	MS. MENDES: Yes, we
13	COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: Who's Who's in charge
14	of that office?
15	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Daniel
16	Steinberg is the Director of the Mayor's Office of
17	COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: Daniel?
18	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Steinberg.
19	COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: Steinberg. Okay. Um,
20	another question I have in terms of like the work of
21	the task force: How are you all working between
22	agencies? As an example, I love how DOT kicked to
23	the NYPD to talk about the band-aid, the amazing
24	band-aid stuff that they've been doing. But we
25	really know that it needs more comprehensive

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 76 solutions to really get to the root of the problem. 2 3 And so how are you sort of cross-coordinating between 4 the various agencies that play a role in this, to ensure that you're taking into account a myriad of 5 things, like federal regulations? Are you also in 6 7 active conversations with the trucking association as well? 8

9 MS. MENDES: Great questions. And we certainly 10 rely on the strengths of a lot of the agencies that 11 are part of the task force, and really, what makes 12 the most sense in terms of their contributions, 13 particularly in looking at our survey of publicly-14 available assets or city, or lots that could 15 potentially be used for truck parking.

16 But it requires a lot more thinking beyond that, 17 you know, working with our partners at PD as well as 18 DSNY. They've been able to provide us with a 19 targeted information on where enforcement is 20 happening today, but also doing an analysis of 311 21 complaints, et cetera, to match our efforts for 2.2 enforcement with where the actual complaints are, and 23 really making those sort of whole and thinking about how we targeted in our interventions. 24

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 77 2 So your question about the longer-term solutions, 3 I think this is where we see the-- the opportunity for the short-term, sort of quick fixes and 4 responses, as well as the longer term planning and 5 coordination that's needed to build the appropriate 6 7 off-street infrastructure. That requires making sure that our regional transportation plan, our vision 8 9 plan, includes lists about truck parking. But we also recognize that this is a national 10 11 safety issue, and a national issue of concern. 12 Secretary Pete Buttigieg talked about this as a

13 safety issue first and foremost. We are working very 14 closely with the trucking industry to help promote 15 industry surveys, to help get the information and 16 messaging out to truck drivers about the rules for 17 operating in New York City, particularly for not 18 parking overnight.

We also are working with the industry to collect a list of locations for truck parking, off street legal truck parking facilities, and making sure that we can make that more public-- more widely available to truck drivers.

I think in creating more awareness and outreach does really help to drive the message home for the COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 78
 folks that do want to comply. We know that there are
 bad apples, and we're working with our enforcement
 agents to root those out. But it's first and
 foremost a safety issue, and we want to make sure
 that we're providing legal spaces off street for
 truck drivers to rest. Thank you.

8 COUNCILMEMBER LOUIS: Thank you, Chair, for this 9 very important hearing. And thank you all for being 10 here to testify today. Some of my questions were 11 answered. So I have followups based on testimony, 12 and I'll be really quick before the Chair, because of 13 my time.

14 So the first question: I'll just say the 15 questions and then you guys can respond afterwards. 16 So this is in response to you, Deputy Commissioner 17 Beaton. You said that DOT-- This is regarding Intro 18 708. In your statement, you stated that DOT is 19 seeking to retain discretion to determine 20 implementation and identifying daylighting intersections near truck route networks. So I wanted 21 2.2 to know what formula and tool. You did go a little 23 bit into this, but you didn't specifically state what formula and tool is being used by DOT to determine 24 viability of daylighting areas as opposed to others. 25

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 79 1 And I bring that up, because -- and I'm raising this 2 3 concern here for the record, because there are 4 different truck route areas that are not considered truck route areas where we have several fatalities. 5 So as you shared the numbers today, it lets me know 6 7 that there's something probably wrong with the formula or tool. 8

9 And the second question is in regards to Intro 924 on the study street design. Your testimony 10 11 suggested that additional efforts and reporting and writing would be better have spent focusing on 12 solutions. And I wanted to know what were those 13 14 solutions that DOT had that you all wanted to share 15 with us regarding this particular bill? Because 16 maybe that could help strengthen the bill a little bit. I think the bill is great. But maybe your 17 18 solutions could help strengthen it more. So those 19 are my two questions. Thank you.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. Thanks. In some ways, they're really related questions, because they're both about street design and how we think about street design for trucks.

So around daylighting, and daylighting is a subject that's come up many times over the years, we

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 80 2 have some concerns that if used in the wrong places, daylighting can make some intersections less safe. 3 4 And, you know, there-- there's many different types of intersections. But one example is something that 5 we found that is particularly dangerous is vehicles 6 making turns too fast, right? You know, if you're 7 8 turning very slowly, you have a good chance to watch 9 for pedestrians crossing the street. If you turn fast, you're much more likely to hit someone. And if 10 11 you hit someone, you're much more likely to cause severe injury or death. We've reduced the ability of 12 13 vehicles to turn fast in part by tightening the those corners a little bit by saying you have to turn 14 15 slowly because that corner is actually kind of sharp. 16 If we daylight the corner and do it without doing 17 other physical interventions, then it actually makes 18 it easier for -- for vehicles to turn more quickly. And in particular, on long truck routes that can make 19 20 it easier for trucks to turn off of the truck route, onto perhaps a street where it shouldn't be. You 21 2.2 know, daylighting is also something often used to 23 make it easier for trucks to make turns. And so thinking back to your other question, we 24

can do things like make corner radii tighter, so that

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 81 it's physically harder for a truck to make a turn 2 3 onto a street where it shouldn't be. We can use one-4 way conversions, so that you know, a truck or another vehicle can get on a block if it really needs to be 5 there, but it can't drive a whole length along a 6 7 block because a block goes the wrong way. We can use 8 speed humps and other speed reducers to reduce the 9 ability of trucks to travel on those streets.

In most cases, we can't totally prohibit trucks because there's a garbage truck or there's other things that need to be on that street. But we can make the street much less attractive to trucks that it's not a good cut through anymore.

And we use a lot of the data that Diniece talked about to try to identify places that are seeing particularly large amounts of these-- of off-route truck activity and use that toolbox.

19 Thank you. And I think street cushions would be 20 helpful if you could be a little bit more generous 21 and less stingy with those in the requests that we 22 make. But thank you for that information. I'll hand 23 it back over to the Chair.

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 82
 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Next
 we'll hear from Councilmember Avilés followed by
 Councilmember Farías.

COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Thank you Chair. 5 I have so many questions all over the place, so I'm going to 6 7 use-- try to use my time expeditiously. But I'll be back. In terms of the-- I'd love to hear more 8 9 explanation around the requirements for CAPA as it relates to your concerns in one of the bills, in 10 11 terms of the public notification.

12 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. And I'm not 13 the agency lawyer. So I'm not-- I can't recite 14 chapter and verse of CAPA. But basically, there's a 15 very specific process for changing rules, which 16 includes our truck routes, about how we release them, 17 how we publish them, how we have public hearings. 18 And so we're not inherently against some of the 19 suggestions in the bill about having public 20 interaction. We just want to make sure we're not 21 doing it in a duplicative way. So I think we can have a good conversation about how to line those up. 2.2 23 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: So despite being an expert, you-- you cite it. So do you think what is 24

25 currently used is robust enough?

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 83
2	So I think that for what you're talking about, we
3	need more public outreach than than what is
4	required in CAPA. I think we just want to make sure
5	that we're not, like, having two hearings a week
6	apart to satisfy two slightly different legal
7	processes. You know, if there's something required
8	by CAPA, we should make it useful. If there's more
9	that we want to do on top of that, that's reasonable.
10	We just want to make sure it's efficient.
11	COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Sure, I definitely would
12	like to make sure that public input is is
13	meaningful, and certainly we are not wasting anyone's
14	time. We have way too much work to do for a city.
15	So I look forward to seeing what the specifications
16	are, and comparison on what is more efficient and
17	robust. And yeah, and the goal that it that it
18	actually
19	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure And we're
20	happy to have a conversation too. It's
21	COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Great. In terms of the
22	We talk a lot about last miles [BELL RINGS] Dang.
23	That was very quick. We talk a lot about water
24	freight. And in particular, we have, you know,
25	hundreds of miles of coastline. We have very minimal
l	

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 84 number of actual ports that receive goods, and 2 3 yourself mentioned 8 percent of moving our goods is 4 done by the water. Can you tell me, given Red Hook Container Port's importance to the region, not only--5 and to New York City in terms of goods and services, 6 7 what specifically beyond an RFI? Is the city committed to investing in maintaining and bringing 8 9 that port to its full capacity?

MS. MENDES: So, I think for that, to have a more robust conversation on that, we'll likely need to have our partners at EDC as well as the Port Authority to be part of that conversation. We're not in the driving seat, but we are working very closely with EDC on that.

16 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Yeah. What I'm trying to 17 get at is how-- how hard is our city driving, or 18 asking for investment in that port? Given its 19 material importance to the city as one of the few 20 ports in New York City that's operational, and we saw 21 the how important that was during the pandemic, lack of refrigeration in the city, only having, what?, 2.2 23 three days of food possible, and yet our city is anemically investing, or not clearly articulating the 24 critical nature of investing and ensuring that our 25

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 ports are not only working, but we're maximizing them
 for a city of 8 million people. I don't see the
 match.

5 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. Those are all 6 very good points. I think it's just that 7 relationship is really managed by EDC. So we don't 8 have the people here who can speak well to it. 9 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: I'm going to let my 10 colleagues answer, and we'll be back.

11 COUNCILMEMBER FARÍAS: Hi, everyone, thank you so 12 much for being here today, and for testifying and 13 answering everyone's questions. I'm going to try to 14 speed through mine. If not, I'll be back for round 15 two.

How frequently have we revisited the major or minor truck routes happening locally? When we route streets, or add bike lanes, reconfigure roadways, or include any of our like pedestrian spaces? Like how often are we revising those truck routes?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So the answer is very rarely, to in some cases almost never, and there are places where we've done like a one-way conversion on a on a truck route, and having created one that

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 86 2 goes the other direction. And that's-- we agree that 3 it makes sense to take a look.

COUNCILMEMBER FARÍAS: Yeah, so they-- so we're 4 not comprehensively looking at our streets? We're 5 kind of targeting it by when an issue comes up or 6 7 revision comes up, we do that and then see down the line when it's flagged that like a truck route is 8 9 maybe like now D-mapped in a way or not connecting. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. I think our 10 11 team has a list of those types of places. But because we haven't really addressed the truck route 12 13 network, that many of them are actually just still 14 missing links. COUNCILMEMBER FARÍAS: Got it. 15 16 MS. MENDES: I'd also-- I'd also add that we, 17 through our coordination process, and we also think 18 about sort of making sure that we can still 19 accommodate deliveries, particularly on truck routes 20 that may get a street redesign. But it's still part 21 of our process to ensure that loading zones are 2.2 provided, that they are still safe accommodation for 23 delivery vehicles. COUNCILMEMBER FARÍAS: Yeah. I'm more still 24

25 thinking of like some of our minor truck routes that

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 87 2 go through local streets. Obviously, when we-- I 3 under-- completely understand, it makes sense, that 4 when we're impacting a commercial district or 5 commercial zone or anything like that, that we are 6 taking that into consideration.

7 What has been the conversation or commitments, if 8 any at all from other municipalities like Long 9 Island, Westchester County, or even State Department 10 of Transportation to help alleviate the burden of 11 knowing that New York City is taking on most of our 12 transportation and logistics outward?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I'd say we regularly talk to our colleagues. I don't think that any of them are anxious to take problems off of our hands. COUNCILMEMBER FARÍAS: [BELL RINGS] Okay. CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: We'll come back to

18 you.

19 COUNCILMEMBER FARÍAS: Okay. I'll be back.
20 We'll have Councilmember Williams, followed by
21 Avilés-- Sorry, Councilmember Lee, sorry, followed by
22 Councilmember Williams.

COUNCILMEMBER LEE: Thank you. Actually, I'll be
quick because a lot of my colleagues have already
asked my questions. But I just wanted to say first

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 88 of all, thank you so much, because we all know this 2 3 is a multi-prong approach. It's not just enforcement 4 is just -- not just the truck routes. And so it takes, it takes a village that's for sure. So I want 5 to thank all of you for your hard work and effort. 6 7 And I guess I just wanted to piggyback off of Councilmember Avilés's question about the CAPAs. 8 9 Because they thing that the thing that strikes me in the testimony is the part where it says, "In areas 10

11 where we do not have truck routes, truck drivers can 12 still travel to get to their final destinations, but 13 may do so on any street that provides a direct 14 connection without regard to the size or land use on 15 that street, and will do so as they serve homes and 16 businesses all over the city."

So I guess my question is, and correct me if I'm wrong in terms of my interpretation of that, is that they have discretion in terms of which streets to go on, as long as it's seen as a direct connection, is that correct?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. So essentially, a truck is supposed to use the truck route network to get as close as possible to its final destination, and then can use local streets. 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 89 2 But if a particular destination is far from truck 3 routes, there may be many different routes that get 4 you back to a truck route, and a trucker will just 5 take whatever looks best.

And, you know, the point of truck routes is
really to try to keep them on a more limited set of
streets as long as possible.

9 COUNCILMEMBER LESS: Right. Okay. And the only thing-- final thing I'll mention is that I know that, 10 11 you know, you mentioned you're looking-- you know, 12 you're willing to work with us on the feedback piece 13 of it. And I would highly recommend, you know, 14 because we know that the I believe the last one you 15 said was in 2018, and that was in lower Manhattan. 16 But, you know, we all know that after COVID, the 17 truck routes have -- and the amount of goods that are 18 coming in have changed drastically. And so, you 19 know, they are different parts of the city that are 20 very different. Like Eastern Queens versus Western 21 Queens is totally different. So if we can talk about 2.2 having-- Again, I don't know what the what the 23 process is in even changing the CAPA process. But if there's a way to have multiple hearings or feedback, 24 community listening sessions in each borough, I think 25

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 90 2 that would be great. Because, you know, the-- I'm 3 going to transit desert, for example. So you have to 4 use a lot of cars and trucks to get around anywhere in my district, not the railways or any other 5 transportation. So it would look different in each 6 7 district. And so if you could work with us on that, that'd be awesome. 8

9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. And to be 10 clear, I really don't mean to imply that CAPA means 11 we can't do other public outreach. It's more just, 12 we want to-- there are specific things we need to do. 13 And we want to make sure that anything aligns where 14 possible.

15 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: Let me also add 16 that with regard to that CAPA process, the rules that 17 when we present them, a lot of them are actually 18 based on the feedback we've already received from 19 various constituencies. I think we cited the one 20 with Staten Island. It was based on the input from 21 the business community, as well as the community 2.2 districts in the area. So it's not as if there is 23 no-- there is. Right. Yes. Thank you.

25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 91 2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. And next 3 we'll hear from Councilmember Narcisse, followed by Williams. 4 5 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: One of the things I forgot to ask: Do you have a special unit in the 6 7 NYPD that is assigned to take care of that, since 8 it's such a problems that we all face in New York 9 City? DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Yes. We have within 10 the traffic enforcement district--11 12 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Yes. 13 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: -- we have a towing 14 operations section that has regular duty tow trucks 15 as well as large heavy-duty tow trucks that can take 16 care of the trucks that are parked overnight. Within 17 the NYPD, we also have motor carrier safety units 18 that's really specialized in truck violations such as 19 the over-width, over-length, and especially the over-20 weight. 21 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Okay. So how many incidents -- because there's many times that I see 2.2 23 trucks pass by where they're not supposed to be understood that have low wires? So how many 24 incidents you have where you have wires coming out 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 92 2 of, and people calling? Do you have any report on 3 that?

4 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: I don't have that.5 No. Not the wires, no.

6 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Do you have increased 7 penalties for repeat offenders that, you know, for 8 the truck drivers that either parks or getting 9 tickets on the road?

DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Yes. There are 10 11 certain violations that have escalating penalties. 12 Most notably, certain codes within the overnight 13 truck parking. Code six would be the most notable, 14 as well as, I mentioned, we have some specially 15 trained Motor Carrier Safety Units. They have access 16 and enforce federal motor carrier safety regulations. 17 And there's a database that actually tracks it. So 18 if that particular driver or company got multiple 19 violations with-- for the same offense, the fine 20 scale would escalate. Yes.

COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Okay. And then I'm not going to take too long, but I have people watching, and they keep telling me-- I mean, they just told me that twice that I forgot to mention Sheepshead Bay

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 has the same problem as well, and Garrison beach. So
 thank you.

4 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Duly noted. For the 5 folks that are watching, we look forward to helping 6 out.

7 COUNCILMEMBER NARCISSE: Yes. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: 8 Thank you. 9 COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: Thank you. I want to go back to the Overnight/Illegal Trucking Taskforce. 10 11 Would it be possible to get a briefing? So I know 12 you guys are going to do recommendations, so maybe 13 I'll leave you -- only you said spring, and it is kind 14 of about to be spring. So if we could get a briefing 15 within the next couple of months, that'll be great, 16 because it's hard to ask detailed, nuanced questions 17 in a hearing. And I've asked the Administration 18 multiple times before you guys created the task 19 I suggested that you create the task force. force. 20 You created the task force, never circled back to us, 21 and there's no details on what's actually happening with the taskforce. So can we get a briefing? 2.2 23 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: So I believe we're in close enough to be making recommendations 24

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 94
2	fairly shortly. And we would love to give you the
3	full detailed accounting of those recommendations.
4	COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: Great. Great. The
5	other question I have is for the NYPD. Can you talk
6	a little bit about the sustainability of what you're
7	doing? Because I know I've had tons of conversations
8	with chiefs and inspectors at precincts, and you
9	know, from what they've told me there's a true
10	capacity issue. And I know that in Southeast Queens
11	specifically, I want to thank Chief Williams for
12	identifying a specific location where you are
13	temporarily staging trucks. But can you talk about
14	the sustainability? Because what you're doing right
15	now is not sustainable. It's great, and we love it,
16	but it's not sustainable. So could you talk about
17	how the department has been looking at doing robust,
18	sustainable enforcement? I know this is not a budget
19	hearing, but are there any like budget asks or
20	allocations of resources specifically for the
21	trucking unit? Because there's not a lot of trucks.
22	There's only a few people that are actually like,
23	have a CDL license to even drive the trucks necessary
24	to tow the trucks. It's like a compound issue. So
25	if you could share
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1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 95
2	DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Absolutely. Great
3	point you brought up about the limited capacity.
4	I'll speak to that in a minute. So we do, as
5	mentioned, have a certain amount of tow truck drivers
6	that are trained to drive the heavy duty tow trucks.
7	But of course, we're conducting enforcement to try to
8	get to the ultimate goal of 100% compliance.
9	Now, we do have three tow pounds that are
10	designated, and as the chiefs mentioned, they were
11	absolutely correct, they are at capacity.
12	So as you alluded to, we did very fortunately,
13	with some of the help of the council here, get some
14	space temporarily in Southeast Queens. I won't
15	mention the location here publicly, but we did get
16	some space. That is a temporary measure as we work
17	towards the taskforce's ultimate goal of finding
18	enough truck parking. And as we mentioned, we look
19	forward to sharing those results with you.
20	COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: And I hope also you're
21	looking at long-term solutions for towing storage,
22	because even abandoned vehicles, even when we want to
23	get vehicles off the street, capacity for tow trucks,
24	large space when cars or trucks are towed is
25	unavailable. So is the department also looking at

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 that? Because I know a lot of the tow pound areas
 were close last couple of years. So are you guys- DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: In short? Absolutely.
 Yes, we are.

COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, I just have one 6 7 very quick question about JFK. I know through the 8 JFK redevelopment, they're going to be building out 9 new cargo space. And I know you said you're working with the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey. 10 11 But if you can give us some more details on what the 12 nature of that coordination is. A few years ago, I 13 sat in a meeting. EDC was was in the meeting, not DOT. And the coordination didn't seem as robust as I 14 15 felt it should be, considering that the city owns the 16 airport property and pretty much owns a lot of the 17 space around the airport. So what is the -- the 18 coordination with the city and the port authority to 19 really supporting the truck infrastructure around the 20 airport, and coming into the airport?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. So like-like you say, because EDC is sort of the leaseholder for the airports, they do typically take the lead on those discussions. We do work-- work with them. We-- We review the environmental review. We work on--

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 97 Several of our neighborhood studies around that area 2 3 have focused on sort of the immediate environs of 4 JFK. As we think about our potential truck route changes, it's certainly an area we'll want to take a 5 look at. We've done a lot of safety work on some of 6 the major streets around the airport. So I think we 7 8 do coordinate. EDC is just in the lead for the City 9 on that work.

COUNCILMEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay. I hope like when 10 11 you guys have your taskforce, it means that you do think about it in that way too, because there might 12 13 be some current opportunities that are not being taken advantage of specifically around JFK if there's 14 15 not a coordinated effort to work not only with the 16 various city agencies but, you know, by state agency 17 that is also playing a role, or can play a more 18 critical role involving trucks. Thanks Chair. 19 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much for 20 that. Next is Councilmember Avilés, followed by 21 Farías, and then I'll go into my second round of

22 questions.

COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Great. Thank you Chair.
In In circling back to Intro 708, and the potential
of-- of looking at redesigning the-- the truck

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 network. Theoretically, let's say we pass this piece
 of legislation. Can you walk us through what the
 process would look like and a timeframe?

5 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. So I'll start and then Diniece or Charles, if either of you want to 6 add, can. But, you know, first of all, we're not 7 8 starting from zero on this right. There is -- We've 9 heard a lot of community feedback. We've also done some of our own analysis to identify some places 10 11 around the city where we-- we feel like there's some 12 need. I think, you know, we'll work with you on the 13 details, but we'll want to have a public outreach component of the process where we take other feedback 14 15 on places that we might not have heard about, or, you 16 know, places of concern. And we would take all of 17 that feedback in, and then we would come back to the 18 public with something like a draft set of changes. 19 So we would make a proposal where we think, you know, 20 we would add these, remove these, and I think we 21 would want to present that to the public for feedback. 2.2

23 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Would you expect 2 years,
24 3 years, 15 years?

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 99
2	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Well, it depends a
3	little bit on how the feedback goes. But I think at
4	the shorter end of that range. You know, something
5	like one to two years from when we get started,
6	COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: I think what I'm trying to
7	get at is a little bit of managing expectations. I
8	mean To get a speed bump takes us four years, I am
9	a little concerned that this is going to be even
10	longer. And the environment continues to change.
11	And I understand you're obviously not operating from
12	zero, you have quite a quite a bit of data.
13	So in terms of I understand the the
14	administration's concern around retaining discretion
15	for daylighting. And neighborhoods are different and
16	have different requirements. Can you walk us through
17	what some of the considerations for daylighting. And
18	if in fact, I have seen throughout my district, where
19	the exit to the highway is, giant tractor trailers,
20	not being it is the truck route, and they cannot
21	make turns. And there is daylighting there, but
22	there are cars parked in the daylighting, or it's
23	empty, and they still can't make the turn because
24	they're riding into the bike lane.
25	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right, and
I	I

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 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: What criteria is used to
 even make-- to approve that?

4 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. So-- and that makes the point very well. Intersections around 5 the city are different from each other. And we don't 6 7 have sort of one-size-fits-all. We do this at this 10,000 intersections, and do this at this 10,000. 8 9 But we do need to look at them individually. And even if we do daylighting should it be 20 feet, or 30 10 11 feet, or 40-- you know, what's the right design? I 12 think it's really safety and access. Like our first 13 concern at all times has to be: Are we designing the streets in a way that is safe? That we're, you know, 14 15 getting the benefits of daylighting in terms of 16 visibility without having a negative effect on 17 turning speeds or other things that might be 18 problematic for safety.

19 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: So like on the current 20 route, does DOT go back and assess, if their hearing 21 crashes? And they've already instituted, let's say, 22 a daylighting zone to try to improve safety, but it's 23 clearly not working.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah.

25

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 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: How often is DOT going
 back to look at these intersections and-- and adjust
 the design?

5 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. I mean, we 6 adjust tens and tens of thousands of regulations a 7 year including daylighting. So if you're seeing an 8 issue, we're happy to go back and look at that 9 particular location. But we do regularly revisit 10 places around the city when we get feedback.

MS. MENDES: I'd also add that oftentimes there 11 12 may be issues that maybe a corridor type of treatment may be needed. And so I think Eric mentioned this at 13 14 the beginning and as part of his testimony, we look 15 at corridors that have higher incidences of truckrelated crashes, and think about other types of 16 17 safety interventions to make those corridors safer. 18 That could also be a designated truck route, or it 19 could be a non-truck route. So that's part of our sort of thinking and toolkit as well. 20

21 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Sure. Thank you for that. 22 And the important element I actually wanted to hear 23 exactly on this issue of the corridor. My district 24 is home to Third Avenue, a notoriously dangerous 25 truck route in an industrial-- mixed 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 102 residential/industrial/manufacturing district. 2 3 Notorious, and I say over 30 years multiple federal 4 investments. What concrete things has DOT done to improve safety on Third Avenue, because I cannot see 5 them, and the continued amount of crashes and 6 7 fatalities on Third Avenue also bears no evidence of 8 any improvements.

9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. So-- So right now we are undertaking a, as you as you know, a 10 11 major Third Avenue study. We're both looking at 12 under the highway as well as the farther north, as 13 you get into Gowanus. And we agree that it's a street 14 where there's a safety problem, and it's in need of 15 changes.

We have done some things on Third Avenue. 16 We 17 restriped the area around the -- under the highway to 18 narrow the lanes and create better safety buffers. Α 19 few years ago, we've done a number of safe street 20 improvement projects, such as where new-- the new 21 schools are going near 59th Street. We've worked with-- on better lighting near 36th Street. 2.2

23 So I wouldn't say that we've totally ignored it. 24 But we also fully agree there's more to do. And 25 that's why we really, rather than just sort of COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 103
 treating an intersection at a time, are taking that
 full corridor look.

4 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: So I appreciate that. And 5 I realize I'm way past my time. I appreciate the paint on the floor. That is certainly helpful. 6 The 7 lighting? It feels very piecemeal. You put extra 8 lights in front of Industry City and the rest of the 9 corridor is dark. You paint in front of the school, but the rest of the corridor, it doesn't have like 10 11 visible stripes on the floor. I don't understand the 12 piecemeal implementation of any kind of safety. In 13 fact, the BQE is getting repaired by the State, which 14 took out most of the lighting under there. Nothing. 15 I don't-- I appreciate that-- this study after decades of requests from our community is finally 16 17 being implemented as is-- will be Red Hook. It is 18 the pace of these issues, and the urgency which we 19 still fail to see. And I want to see a full 20 comprehensive implementation of a corridor, not two 21 blocks here, six years later one block at the end. А full implementation that is cohesive. I-- That's 2.2 23 what I think is a lot of frustration for many councilmembers across the city. So I think with 24 that-- I'll have more questions later. 25

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 104
2	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We hear you.
3	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Councilmember Farías?
4	COUNCILMEMBER FARÍAS: And like the Terminator,
5	I'm back, y'all. Okay, really quickly. How do you
6	folks envision and this is to the PD envision
7	traffic enforcement's role in managing illegal street
8	parking that interferes with where and how trucks can
9	move, deliver, sort goods. I mean, I'm not just
10	talking about outer boroughs issues either. I mean,
11	my borough is impacted definitely by a lot of this,
12	but also, you know, coming to work when I drive, if
13	there are certain streets in Manhattan, even right
14	here down on Broadway, where there's Amazon trucks,
15	FedEx trucks that are pulled over, you know, blocking
16	an entire roadway. And I rarely see traffic
17	enforcement happening in the island of Manhattan.
18	DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: Okay. So that's a
19	very good point you bring up. Somebody mentioned a
20	little while ago about the truck not being able to
21	turn because there was a car illegally parked in the
22	turning lane, and then the truck was forced in the
23	bike lane.
24	So DOT, as we know, is doing an excellent job

25 with reengineering and making safety improvement.

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 105 2 But some of those is only as good as the enforcement 3 to make sure that they are kept for their designated 4 use. For example, a bike lane must be clear for it 5 to work for cyclists.

So this year, we've issued approximately 2.4 6 7 million parking summonses citywide with-- granted a 8 heavy part of that being in the borough of Manhattan, 9 so I can assure you that our traffic agents are out there enforcing it, but yes, more needs to be done 10 11 and we look forward to that. You mentioned about the 12 Amazon truck and UPS truck not being able to access 13 the curb, and wind blocking the whole street. That could be because a car is illegally parked in maybe a 14 15 truck loading zone. So I need to get that car out of 16 there and make sure that person doesn't go back 17 through enforcement, booting, and towing. Clearly 18 enforcement is the most forward-facing issue of that. COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Yeah. So my follow up is 19 going to be: Do we anticipate traffic enforcement 20 21 needing more resources regarding the increasing of these issues, or just to address them? I mean, I can 2.2 23 name a handful of blocks just surrounding city hall where there's no standing signs or no parking signs 24 and there are cars parked with or without permits. 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 106 2 But I know in Manhattan permits are not used in those 3 standing or no parking. So are we anticipating more 4 enforcement needed or...?

5 DEPUTY INSPECTOR WOROBEY: So I'm glad you 6 brought it up. We could use as much as we can get. 7 We do have some vacancies currently. Before I come 8 here asking for more resources, we do have vacancies 9 within our traffic agent ranks.

I could send you something to put out to social 10 11 media that maybe you can help us get, because we have 12 some great traffic agents, many from immigrant communities. And we could use more to fill our 13 ranks. But we currently have vacancies, and we do 14 15 want to fill those so we can do more enforcement. COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: And with the call for 16 17 PEGs, additionally, that the Mayor has recently asked 18 for, are those vacancies going to remain? Or are you 19 anticipating removing them? 20 DIRECTOR CLARKE: So I think that is something 21 that our budget team is still working on, how to 2.2 figure out how to get through the 4% PEGs. So I

23 can't-- Today, we can't tell you exactly how that 24 will work--

25 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Okay. TBD.

1COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE1072DIRECTOR CLARKE: Yeah.

3 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Okay. Got it. Can I ask one follow up? I'm sorry. Okay, and just a followup 4 5 to Councilmember Avilés's question: Do you folks reevaluate the corridors and intersections without 6 7 complaints or without 311 complaints, like if an accident happens does that trigger a reevaluation of 8 9 the street corridor? I just want a clarification on that, because I know we are a reactive city because 10 11 we don't have enough enforcement that can just happen on its own. And so most times when an issue comes 12 13 up, you have to call the complaint in. 14 So are we doing that? Like if someone gets hit 15 or a fatality happens, then we reevaluate, or do 16 we...?

17 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We try to do both, 18 right? We want to be as proactive as possible. We 19 want to redesign streets before there's an incident. 20 But if there is a fatality, if there is a serious 21 injury, we do go back and look at that again, to see 2.2 if there's anything more, if there's anything changed 23 that that we need to be doing. We also look more broadly at corridors that have more serious injuries, 24

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 more fatalities, and make sure that we are going back
 and redesigning those.

4 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Great. Thank you, folks,
5 for my questions. And thank you Chair for the
6 additional time.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I'm going
to go to my round two now questions. And then if any
members have any additional questions we can revisit.

So let's go back to curbside space for a little 10 11 bit. A 2016 City Commission congestion study titled "The FHB Transportation Study" asserted that traffic 12 13 congestion is significantly affected by how curb space is managed. Noting that when there's adequate 14 15 space at the curb for trucks and delivery vehicles, 16 and those vehicles double park, they can remove a 17 full lane or more from traffic service, which I see 18 often even in this area where they're double and 19 triple parked in some instances. Has DOT 20 commissioned other similar or more recent studies to 21 assess congestion and how curbside spaces managed and 2.2 utilized.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So I wouldn't say we've-- we have a new study of it, but we fully agree with those conclusions that-- that proper management

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 109
2	of curbside space is very important for congestion,
3	for safety, for business operations. You know,
4	there's for bus speeds. A lot of the things we
5	care about really do come back to how well we manage
6	the curb. And it's why we have new ideas like the
7	microhubs. And I think we're excited to get into
8	doing more active curb management, particularly in
9	the busier parts of the city.
10	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But considering that
11	we haven't really seen any impact from these new
12	initiatives, would you say it is a resource issue as
13	to why you're unable to really see a difference in
14	this? Or is there some other reason?
15	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Well, some of the
16	things are just new. So we haven't measured yet.
17	But for example, the Neighborhood Loading Zone
18	Program, when the initial wave went out, we did do a
19	lot of measurements and found that double parking
20	really did reduce on on the streets. It's not just
21	we create the loading zones, and they filled up with,
22	you know, with people who shouldn't be there. We

23 really found that when you provide the appropriate 24 space, trucks use them, you know, people picking up 25 and dropping off a person with a disability use them.

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 110 2 And they were effective. We had fewer blockages of 3 bike lanes, fewer blockages of bus stops. So that's an example of a program that's now a couple years 4 5 old, where we're able to look back, as we do the microhub pilot. We'll be measuring that in the same 6 7 way, making sure that it doesn't just work in theory, but that we really do see the changes we want to see 8 9 on the street. And with every new thing that we do, we will be measuring to make sure that they are 10 11 effective.

12 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What would you say 13 were some of the recommendation and main takeaways of 14 the study and how has DOT implemented those 15 recommendations?

16 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I guess I'm not 17 specifically familiar with -- with the study you're 18 talking about. But in general with curb management, we have I've been doing more -- more to create loading 19 zones, more to create things around the city that are 20 21 just better managing our curb. We're expanding 2.2 metering to encourage turnover in commercial areas. 23 So we-- I think we are doing a lot to try to better manage the curb with more to come. 24

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 111
2	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And And I know that
3	2016 is some time ago, and you probably weren't
4	within the agency. So I'm interested in, like, in
5	terms of continuity, when you have these studies,
6	what's happening, and why hasn't it been done since
7	then, right? Are you still going based off of Is
8	the agency still working off of the findings from
9	that 2016 study? Or are you just implementing new
10	initiatives without looking back at what some of the
11	recommendations may have been from this report?
12	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. So you know,
13	maybe I didn't quite catch the report, but there is
14	actually a lot of continuity in the agency.
15	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: It's the it was a
16	study that was commissioned in 2016, and it was
17	called FHV Transportation Study.
18	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Okay. Yes. Yes,
19	our policy unit led that under the director. The
20	policy unit is still there. We are familiar We
21	are It absolutely still informs what we're doing.
22	The FHV landscape has obviously changed a little bit
23	since then, both with the new rules that TLC has put
24	in, as well as the effects of the pandemic, and some
25	of the financial changes within the industry. So I
<u>.</u>	

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 112 2 think we continue to use that where it's appropriate, 3 but we also collect new data and update what we're 4 doing where appropriate too.

5 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But what are some of 6 the main takeaways from the study?

7 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So I think one of the main takeaways from that study was just what a 8 9 large percentage FHV traffic makes up within Midtown. That, you know, we're talking obviously, with good 10 11 reason about trucks today. But you know, there are--12 there are locations in that study, where more than 13 half or even more than two thirds of the traffic on the streets were yellow taxis and FHVs. As we think 14 15 about congestion within, you know, within Midtown and 16 some of the closer-in areas in particular, downtown 17 Brooklyn, Long Island City, it's clear that we-- that 18 we had to look at some of the issues around taxis and 19 FHVs to address that congestion. Some of that has 20 been done through working with TLC, and they've 21 implemented a number of new rules, particularly around high-volume app services. We've also 2.2 23 increasingly looked at creating pickup and drop off zones for those FHVs, so that where-- in busy areas, 24 they don't have to sort of block a second lane to do 25

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 113
2	that pick up and drop off space. We have we've
3	also been working on taxi relief standards, because
4	we know that driving those vehicles is actually a
5	very difficult business, and trying to provide places
6	where they can legally stop and take a get a meal
7	or take other types of breaks. And we've been
8	working closely with TLC on implementing those.
9	So we I think there are a number of things that
10	we continue to implement, while still recognizing
11	that the landscape has shifted a little bit,
12	particularly in midtown, since 2020. And looking at
13	the new data wherever that's appropriate.
14	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Delivery and
15	logistics industry representatives have noted
16	specific challenges they face in the city, including
17	trucks having to block bus and bike lanes while
18	making deliveries, the three-hour time restriction
19	imposed on vehicles in commercial loading zones,
20	vehicles with placards parking in commercial loading
21	zones, and construction activity in and around
22	commercial loading zones. What is DOT doing to
23	ensure that deliveries in the city are more efficient
24	in these spaces, and has DOT study the effects of the
25	

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 114 2 three hour time restriction in commercial loading 3 zones?

4 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes. So it's a 5 really good point, because, you know, again, as Diniece said, there are bad apples out there. But we 6 7 think the vast majority of truck drivers want to do the right thing. But we have to provide space for 8 9 them to do the right thing. And if you go-- go on a street, if they need to deliver something heavy, 10 11 they're going to be close to their destination. And 12 if the truck loading zone is blocked, they're--13 they're going to continue -- they're going to park 14 wherever they can.

15 So part of it is comes through design, and we 16 want to create rules and create street designs that 17 try to-- that create the right amount of space for 18 this. And then as we've talked about, the other part 19 of it is enforcement and when we create clear rules, 20 making sure that other vehicles are not blocking 21 those spaces, you know, not a construction worker with a construction hat in the in the window, that --2.2 23 and we've worked very closely with our colleagues here to make sure that those rules are being enforced 24 correctly. And we have talked about the three-hour 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 115 2 limit. You know, part of the goal is to try to 3 encourage turnover, that it's not meant to be a space 4 where trucks just can occupy it all day. But, you 5 know, if there's places where three hours really isn't enough, I think we've been open to-- to 6 7 thinking about different rules and different ways to 8 manage our curb space.

9 MS. MENDES: And just to add to that, the microhubs pilot that we referenced, that we're-- we 10 11 are hoping to launch later this summer, will also 12 sort of help to address some of the areas that have 13 high demand. We know that there are particularly 14 areas that have sort of very sort of a high vertical 15 and dense market where they aren't able to serve as 16 many customers. So locating some of these hubs in 17 areas that can help to offset that can also help to 18 address some of those broader issues, in terms of 19 dwell time and elements at the curb.

20 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Just touching on 21 congestion pricing for a little bit. How does DOT 22 expect congestion pricing will affect the truck 23 routes?

24 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. And, you
25 know, we obviously, we've been very close partners

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 116 2 with the MTA as they've been pursuing their-- their 3 environmental review, which we-- you know, we all 4 hope will finish soon. So the details of the effect 5 on the-- on trucks will depend on the plan that's 6 eventually chosen by the-- by the MTA and what 7 tolling aspects they choose.

8 Certainly we're very aware of trying to make sure 9 that anything that's chosen is has an eye towards reducing the effects of truck traffic, that they're--10 11 that we're not just pushing it into different 12 neighborhoods, that we are encouraging the off-hour deliveries the way we do through our program. 13 So I think we're excited to continue working with the MTA 14 15 on those-- those specific details.

How will DOT ensure that that congestion pricing does not merely just redirect traffic to low-income communities and communities of color? Like what--Like how are you working-- making sure that doesn't happen?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. So we're working very closely with them. Obviously, in the draft environmental assessment, in some of the scenarios, there was an increase in-- in truck traffic in areas like the South and Central Bronx.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 117
2	And so we both want to work with the MTA on the
3	appropriate tolling scheme to make sure that they
4	choose the right scenarios, and then to the extent
5	that it does shift some truck traffic, we want to
6	work with things like the clean trucks program that
7	Charles talked about, to make sure that anything that
8	can be seen as a negative effect, we really are
9	offsetting with other investments, because we think
10	that congestion pricing is a very good thing for the
11	city. But we do need to make sure that it's done
12	correctly, so that it's good for everyone. And isn't
13	just creating winners and losers. xxx
14	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you, and how
15	does DOT work with like Google Maps and those type of
16	companies to integrate truck routes in certain areas?
17	MS. MENDES: Sure. Great question. So we, so
18	our truck route map and network data is available on
19	our website, as well as open data for any companies
20	that wish to obtain that and ways to integrate that
21	within their platform. So we make that readily
22	available.
23	Just last year, we worked with Google so that
24	they can use our truck routing data to develop

24 they can use our truck routing data to develop25 capabilities to integrate that into their platforms.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 118
2	We've not seen sort of the latest of that. But we
3	are actively working on engaging with these routing
4	companies, particularly. Generally, we know that
5	commercial-grade GPS devices or software are a lot
6	more expensive, particularly for the owner/operators
7	than sort of the regular, the broader companies in
8	general. So we see that there's a need to create or
9	promote the use of commercial GPSs for routing
10	vehicles.
11	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Do you have reason to
12	believe that these companies are directing trucks off
13	of the truck route at all?
14	MS. MENDES: Not necessarily. I think they do a
15	good job at putting out their liability disclaimers
16	and everything in terms of "it is your
17	responsibility" to determine, you, know how you use
18	their their platforms. And I think that's
19	something that we can certainly try to find ways to
20	learn a little bit more about how that's actually
21	being done. But they aren't really capturing if this
22	person is identifying as a commercial vehicle
23	operator or truck operator, and that's something I
24	think we can certainly find ways to improve.

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 119 2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I think we should 3 definitely work towards it. Because I know 4 oftentimes when they get stopped in my community, in particular, they often revert back and say, "Well, 5 this is what the direction is telling me to go." 6 7 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. And we see that happening a lot. Like this often comes up with 8 9 Waze in particular, because the more aggressively route people. We-- There's a government partnership 10 11 program with them, where when we're seeing a frequent 12 thing, it doesn't mean that an individual might not 13 get routed on a particular day, but if everyone is 14 being routed down Second Avenue instead of Third 15 Avenue, then we can go to them and say, "You need to take this out of your options list." And, you know, 16 17 I wouldn't say that it's been perfect, but they--18 they have listened when we've raised frequent issues. 19 And you know, it's a little becomes a little bit of 20 Whack-A-Mole. Like, we wish the companies were more 21 proactive, as Diniece said, to push better commercial 2.2 GPS instead of just people using their phones. 23 But when we do see frequent issues, we have contacts with the companies. So if the places you're 24 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 120 2 seeing it a lot, please let us know, and we will help 3 follow up with those companies and try to address it. 4 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I wanted to circle back to a question I missed in terms of 5 parking for trucks. What type of planning is DOT 6 7 doing to ensure that there's an adequate amount of 8 parking spaces for trucks? Has DOT applied for the 9 recently announced federal grants to assist with truck parking? So the second part of the question is 10 11 the part I didn't recall hearing an answer, in terms of the federal grants. 12

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. So the answer to that is: Not yet. But we as we come up with these more specific plans, we certainly expect, just as we have in many other places, to be applicants for those federal programs.

18 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Off-hours delivery 19 In 2010, and coordinating with partners in program: 20 the federal government, academia, and private 21 industry, DOT piloted off-- piloted the off hours 2.2 delivery program. The program offers financial 23 incentives to businesses that agree to receive deliveries during overnight hours instead of during 24 the business day. When did the off-hours delivery 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 121 program become a permanent program in New York City? 2 3 What type of financial incentives are offered to the 4 businesses that are part of this program? How has DOT conducted outreach to businesses to generate 5 interest in the program? And lastly, what type of 6 7 support does DOT offer to businesses transitioning 8 into the program?

9 MS. MENDES: Yep. Quite a few questions. And 10 we'll try to answer that as succinctly as possible.

11 So yes, you were writing stating that there was a 12 pilot program where we relied on federal funding for 13 the pilot program. The program became permanent in 14 2019. There was a mayoral press conference about 15 expanding the commitments for off-hour deliveries.

16 Currently, we do targeted outreach to vertically 17 integrated chains, folks that may have a little bit 18 easier path in transitioning to the off hours. And 19 we are targeting areas south of-- south of 59th 20 Street in Manhattan, downtown Brooklyn, more busy 21 areas in different parts of the city.

22 We have leveraged a combination of in-person 23 outreach, as well as marketing campaigns. We've been 24 expensive, placing ads in advertorial-- advertorials, 25 in trade publications to really get at the leaders COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 122
 that can make decisions about making this change,
 because it is a wholesale change for that particular
 company.

So we've leveraged all parts of outreach. 5 We've also leveraged working with the trucking industry to 6 7 promote this as a critical strategy, particularly for transporters. They see the win-win here in terms of 8 9 improve efficiency for the operations. But the challenge has often been in working with receivers 10 11 who oftentimes control when those deliveries get to 12 those particular areas.

And then I think there was a last-- your last question, can you just repeat that?

15 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What types of support 16 does DOT offer to businesses transitioning into the 17 program?

MS. MENDES: Great, excellent. So we have 18 19 dedicated staff that provide sort of technical 20 assistance in helping to make that switch, whether it 21 be a transporter or a business looking to receive deliveries during the off hours, and what that may 2.2 23 look like. We go through an onboarding process. We oftentimes, particularly for companies that come to 24 us, we will also To do matchmaking. So, "Hey, you're 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 123 2 looking to do deliveries during the off hours, this 3 other business might be interested." And then we 4 also help to facilitate that connection to improve 5 efficiency as well and also more outsized impact.

We provide guidance, particularly for noise 6 7 mitigation to make sure that they are being good 8 neighbors, particularly if they are delivering 9 overnight. And then, where possible, we look to provide curb access, which is sort of one of our 10 11 bigger, bigger levers. We are looking at ways to 12 sort of add more incentives to the program. And we'd 13 be happy to sort of talk to you more details about 14 that as we advance.

15 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. How is 16 DOT implementing federal funding and increased 17 education to improve truck route rule compliance, and 18 what type of outreach is done for drivers and 19 businesses?

20 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. So this has 21 generally been a city funded program, but we do have 22 an extensive program really focused on education and 23 outreach.

MS. MENDES: So we have a multipronged approach. We use our truck route maps. We've distributed at 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 124
2 least 18,000, or upwards-- close to 20,000 maps just
3 within the last year, since the new map has been
4 issued.

But on average, we, we found out a lot of those 5 maps either working with our partners at PD, 6 7 particularly when they are doing the enforcement to 8 make sure that truck drivers are aware of the routes 9 and of the rules. We also work with our partners within the Trucking Association to help to promote 10 and disseminate that information. Our freight 11 12 webpage is also a great resource as a one-stop shop, 13 particularly for truck operators.

14 And just in testimony, Eric mentioned our Truck 15 Smart campaign, which we launched last year. We've 16 produced a truck safety guide for truck operators to 17 make sure that they have all the information about 18 how to operate safely within New York City. That--19 that guide is available digitally on our website, as 20 well as in print. We've also created different 21 languages, in three different languages to make sure this more accessible to other truck drivers that are 2.2 23 particularly operating.

24 Certainly there's room to improve. You know, we 25 have also deployed education outreach teams, as part 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 125 2 of the Vision Zero work to make sure that there's 3 increased awareness, particularly when we stop 4 drivers if it's dusk-- the dusk-to-dawn campaign or 5 others.

6 We've also leveraged our truck educational--7 Trucks Eye View, which is a public education campaign 8 working with communities, and bringing more awareness 9 to vulnerable road users about the larger blind spots 10 associated with trucks.

11 So we are really targeting drivers. But we're 12 also targeting cyclists as well as pedestrians as 13 well. It's really a wide spectrum. And I'd be happy 14 to answer any more questions. But there's always 15 room to improve. And we're looking at ways to do 16 that.

17 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: I just wanted to 18 add, that with regard to the -- I wanted to point out 19 about rental companies, truck rental companies. 20 Sometimes those could be some of the offenders too, 21 that go with over-height vehicles onto parkways or areas that have low clearances. So we-- as part of 2.2 23 that outreach and education, we also send these outreach materials. Here's a the truck route map to 24 the U-Hauls and the Penske and all the other rental 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 126 2 companies. So they're aware of when somebody's 3 renting a truck, like especially at the end of the 4 month, when they're going to move from one place to 5 the other. They tell them, "Here is the rules," so 6 that they are aware about it.

7 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you, and have 8 there been any programs to streamline deliveries to 9 big buildings and office complexes?

MS. MENDES: Not specifically. I think we have 10 11 several programs on our end, like our off-hour deliveries program that looks at sort of the high 12 13 demand areas that could potentially be, you know, a 14 large building. We see this as sort of our broader 15 approach to improve sort of efficiencies for 16 deliveries, whether it be providing a loading zone, et cetera, to help to facilitate better deliveries at 17 18 that particular establishment.

So it is really a broad approach or that were like applying with multiple strategies. We have seen opportunities to maybe better develop resources for building owners and property managers to think about how they can improve deliveries for that particular facility. And those are some things that we you've highlighted in Deliver New York as recommendations

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 127
2	for producing better resources. So that's something
3	that we can certainly continue to elaborate on.
4	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that.
5	And what is DOT doing ensure that it receives the
6	most federal funding that it can particularly from
7	the infrastructure investment and jobs at?
8	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure, we know we are
9	very excited about all the opportunities from the
10	bill and the IGA. We are applying for every single
11	program that we that is appropriate for us. And
12	we've been, I think, actually quite successful
13	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What types of grants
14	has DOT applied for in, one, related to trucking and
15	deliveries?
16	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So like, for
17	example, the Reyes Grant, where Charles mentioned,
18	we're looking at the Cross Bronx, the the ATTAIN
19	Grant. You know, I think there's a lot We expect
20	to have grant applications as well around some of the
21	new electric vehicle programs that were just
22	announced. So I think there are some of these that

22 announced. So I think there are some of these that 23 are more specifically truck-oriented. There are 24 others where trucks are an important component of how 25 we're planning overall. So it's hard to separate out COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 128
 ones that are just truck, but trucks are obviously a
 very important component of a lot of these other
 grants that we've applied for.

And one thing we've been very successful so far, 5 both writing good grants and working with our folks 6 7 in Washington to help make the case for why our 8 grants are so important. And, you know, certainly 9 our congressional delegation, and our senatorial delegate delegation has done great work as well. 10 So 11 we're going to continue every opportunity we can for 12 federal money.

13 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And how does DOT 14 leverage existing partnerships locally, nationally, 15 and internationally to improve delivery and logistics 16 systems and adapt new technology?

17 MS. MENDES: Thank you for your question. We 18 know that this issue is not unique to New York City 19 or even the US. In fact, there are forums like C40, 20 which is a network of cities that meet together to 21 talk through best practices, share lessons learned, 2.2 particularly around freight, curb management, et 23 cetera. We are an active partner and member of that coalition. 24

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 129
2	We also share best practices with other local
3	cities, like Seattle, or comparable cities like DC,
4	and have regular communications about what strategies
5	have worked, and how we can also share. I think
6	what's also unique in this space is that New York
7	City has been a leader in implementing and piloting a
8	lot of strategies and finding ways to move forward,
9	particularly in an era that has been long, sort of
10	forgotten or an afterthought in planning and
11	transportation. So this is really an opportunity
12	that New York City has taken head head on.
13	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Just want to touch on
14	some of the legislation that's being considered today
15	also. So for Intro 708, would DOT be supportive of
16	implementing daylighting at each intersection
17	adjacent to the truck route network?
18	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes. That's why I
19	mentioned this in testimony. But the answer is no,
20	we don't think that a blanket policy is appropriate.
21	I think as we designate a new truck route, we will
22	want to look at the truck route as a corridor for
23	where treatments like daylighting might be
24	appropriate. But we don't think it makes sense as a
25	as a requirement for every location.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 130
2	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Would you agree to
3	say that trucks may have limited visibility because
4	of the height and size of the vehicle?
5	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So some trucks have-
6	- have larger visibility issues. And we That's
7	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm talking about the
8	ones that's carrying most of the freight the
9	semis, the 18-wheeler trucks. Like, would you agree?
10	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So they often have
11	visibility issues. Those visibility issues are not
12	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Often? I think it's
13	pretty much factual that they do, which is
14	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So most of them do.
15	The visibility issues aren't always in front. You
16	know, the visibility issues are often sort of behind
17	and on either side, which is not something that's
18	necessarily addressed by daylighting.
19	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: When you see the
20	crashes that incorporate the trucks, do you find that
21	those accidents have been wires from the front or
22	sides, more so, or the back more so?
23	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So there's a
24	there's a mix, right? There's a type of crash where,
25	you know, if a person, particularly a shorter person

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 131 is crossing directly in front of a truck, like right 2 3 in front, there's a visibility issue there. And we there's a couple of very, very sad times every year 4 when we see that issue. I think the larger number do 5 tend to happen when a truck is either turning or sort 6 7 of changing lanes, and it's sort of in that spot 8 that's behind. And that's a real issue. It's part 9 of why we both--

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So turning, which is 10 11 why we think that daylighting makes sense, right? 12 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So it-- I would 13 respectfully disagree, because we think that 14 daylighting really helps the truck turn at a higher 15 speed. What we want to do on turns is make the turn 16 as tight as possible, so that a truck turns very 17 slowly and very obviously. And if we daylight in a 18 way that's-- that's not correct--

19 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But we're not-- we're 20 not debating in terms of what type of daylighting, 21 we're just saying to daylight so that there could be 22 increased visibility for the truck when they have to 23 make the turn.

24 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So we-- I guess, I 25 would say I don't think that that type of visibility 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 132
2 is what the lighting does. Daylighting helps the
3 visibility when a truck is looking forw-- any vehicle
4 is looking forward. And a pedestrian is stepping
5 out. It's not really--

6 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What about-- What 7 about daylighting with physical infrastructure along 8 with it?

9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So I don't think 10 that that addresses the type of crash that you're 11 talking about. We think that that is more valuable 12 than just daylighting with signs only. But it still 13 gets at the forward-looking visibility, not as much 14 to helping address the blind spot of the trailer.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Well, we understand 15 16 that like. There's not one dynamic that's going to 17 cure all of the issues, but at a very minimum, 18 putting daylighting would be addressing one form of 19 crashes that we're seeing, and increased visibility. 20 Has DOT engaged with the Trucking Association to see 21 what their thoughts are in terms of having greater daylighting to provide greater visibility? 2.2

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I just want to jump in. Just-- I think the point Eric is trying to make is that daylighting in some circumstances can 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 133 2 make worse the geometries not, not be neutral. So 3 that's -- that's one of the major concerns with the 4 mandate that is requiring for when we revisit a truck route, that if we're mandated to do something, 5 there's the possibility that it would make safety 6 7 lesser.

8 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right. And we think 9 daylighting is appropriate. And I don't mean to say 10 that daylighting is not something we would ever want 11 to do. It's the blanket requirement that we have an 12 issue with, doing it every single location.

13 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What is the average 14 cost to replace truck route signage along the New 15 York City Truck route network?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I don't think-- a couple of couple hundred dollars per location. You know, it's more efficient, if you're doing a lot in a series versus having to just send a crew out. The actual sign is probably \$40.

21 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And as we're, like, 22 looking to move Intro 708 forward, can DOT commit to 23 working with the sponsor on addressing some of the 24 concerns you may have, but at the same time being 25 able to help us craft the legislation, so we're

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 134 implementing something that can help bring greater 2 3 safety as it pertains to the trucks and where they 4 are? 5 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. So we're happy to work with you. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. Intro 906: Does DOT take into account tractor trailers and 8 9 parking areas when designating-- I guess it's kind of hard to say because I haven't really updated it -- but 10 11 the New York City Truck Route Network. Oh, I quess will you take into account? 12 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. 13 I think 14 that's actually a good question looking forward. 15 Like is something we should take into account, the recommendations from the task force. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And how are tractor 18 trailers regulated in New York City right now? 19 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So tractor trailers 20 are regulated at every level of government. We have a series of traffic rules in the city that apply, in 21 particular, as Charles mentioned, around over-length 2.2 23 trucks, often called 53 footers, so it's really end to end can't be more than 55 feet. There are also 24 important regulations at both the state and federal 25

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 levels that I think our colleagues mentioned. They
 are specially trained folks who know how to enforce
 those regulations as well.

5 So there's a lot of regulations there's certain 6 ones that we can control at the city level, and we 7 want to use those to the maximum of our ability, but 8 some of it does involve working with state and 9 federal partners as well.

10 And for Intro 924 has DOT previously studied how 11 street design can be used to deter commercial 12 vehicles from using residential streets?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So we have not come out with what I call a published study on it. I don't have a document I can send you to on our website. But it is something that that we have thought about and are using in many of our street redesigns today, both for trucks and for other through traffic that isn't appropriate.

20 So it's-- We do have the tools in our toolbox and 21 in places where we see issues we use those, and we're 22 happy to work with the sponsor or anyone else looking 23 at locations of concern.

24 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: You're right.

25 Because as you're doing Vision Zero, and you know,

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 136 2 the streets plan, there may be an opportunity, once 3 again to kind of factor in the truck route as well. 4 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yup. 5 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And then in your testimony as you were talking about the citywide 6 7 freight-- decarbonization and truck electrification strategy, what's your timeline for that? 8 9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: [TO ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU:] Charles? 10 11 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: [TO DEPUTY 12 COMMISSIONER BEATON:] Yeah, I'm actually going to 13 yield to Diniece on that. 14 MS. MENDES: Sure. We're looking to wrap that up 15 by early next year. We've done quite a lot of work in terms of engaging with critical stakeholders who 16 17 are going to be critical to -- to helping to 18 decarbonize and sort of the carbon neutrality by 19 2050, which is part of the city's sustainability 20 goals. 21 Right now, the study is focusing on what are the barriers to truck electrification and the broader 2.2 23 shift to cleaner trucks and cleaner vehicles that are operating on our streets? And how do we address 24 25 these challenges? What are the levers? What are the

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 137
2	incentives that we need to push forward at the city
3	level? And then how do we scale up with the
4	infrastructure to support that shift to cleaner
5	vehicles? So that's the broad scope. I'd be happy
6	to answer any additional questions.
7	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But what's the
8	timeline though.
9	MS. MENDES: I said within the next year. So
10	early next year.
11	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Sorry I missed that
12	part. Okay.
13	MS. MENDES: That's okay. That's fine.
14	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: I also want to
15	add that there are programs in place right now that
16	we'll want to leverage as we go forward. For
17	example, the Clean Trucks Program includes
18	significant requirements, especially using the
19	supplemental VW settlement money that we got, that
20	specifically requires us to spend it on electric
21	vehicle truck procurements and incentives. So there
22	is a way by which we can expedite this process so
23	that it's not just a long term vision, but we can
24	have some early action implementation.
25	

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 138 2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay, and then my two 3 last questions: One, when you were talking about 4 Intro 708, you just spoke about the fact that you 5 have your own hearings and public comments. How 6 frequently do you conduct these hearings?

7 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: So it's really tied to when we're doing any kind of rule change, which, 8 9 you know, our truck routes are in our rules. So those are a rule change. But so, you know, when 10 11 we're changing the loading regulations, any of these are a rule change. So it's a-- Within that-- Within 12 13 that law, there's specific timelines for when you publish public notice, when you have to have the 14 15 public hearing, and how those are conducted.

16 So the-- the number and frequency are variable 17 based on how many rules we're adjusting in a year. 18 But it's-- it's a required part of the process.

As I've said, we're happy to look at things that we can do above and beyond that, but there are just certain-- certain things that we have to do, and certain things that we can't do in close proximity to-- to those hearings. So we just need to be thoughtful about the requirements so that we're not tying ourselves in a knot. COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 139
 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Oh, okay. I'm going
 to kick it over to Councilmember Avilés for more
 questions.

COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: 5 Thank you. Thank you. I've wanted to touch base on a couple of different 6 7 In terms of the Clean Truck Program. things. Can 8 you tell me exactly how the total funding allocation 9 for this program what has been utilized today and has it reached more than just, I guess, the area of the 10 11 Bronx?

12 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: Right. With 13 regard to the Clean Trucks Program, we have spent--14 actually it is funded at about \$30 million thus far. 15 We have done about -- Up to 2015, we did up to 500 trucks. While that includes basically retrofits, as 16 17 well as new truck replacements, and then in some 18 cases they were just purchases of battery electric 19 vehicle programs. As of this year, I think we are at 20 about 600 trucks so far.

In terms of the starting location, as I mentioned before, it started in the South Bronx. But in 2020, when we got the VW monies, we extended it to a city-as a citywide initiative to all industrial business zones. And the-- the benefit, there was really these COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 140
 are industrial business zones that are also adjacent
 to environmental justice communities.

COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: 100 percent, yeah.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: So this was a bigbenefit for us.

7 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: So what-- The \$30 million 8 dollars is the total amount of the program? What has 9 been expended to date?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: I think-- I can 10 11 get back to you with regard to the exact numbers. COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Okay. And I'd love to 12 13 know a breakdown, if in my -- I have one of the 14 largest industrial manufacturing zones -- how much of 15 our industrial manufacturing partners have taken 16 advantage of that? In fact, I know Red Hook 17 Container Terminal has another port elsewhere in New 18 Jersey, and with the support of federal funding, they 19 transition their entire fleet. But has not been able 20 to do that in New York City because they have not been able to access additional subsidized support. 21 2.2 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: Understood. 23 That's a good quite a good point. Well, one of your resident businesses, Manhattan Beer[?] is one of our 24

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 big clients that has actually taken significant
 advantage of this.

4 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Okay. Well, we want to
5 encourage our entire industrial manufacturing fleet-6 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: Absolutely.
7 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: --to go green. Without
8 question. So I'd love to follow up.

9 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: But also just as 10 a point of information, just remember also that 11 sometimes there's a constraint about the replacement 12 cycle of trucks.

13 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Sure.

14 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER UKEGBU: You know, trucks, 15 they have a 12-year service life. If you just purchased your trucks, and then we require you to 16 17 give back this truck, so as to take it off the 18 roadway as it is heavier polluting, you have to 19 assess the benefit of costs. And that's what we do 20 with you to figure out what the best replacement that 21 you can do on what your cycle for doing that. 2.2 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Right in terms of the

neighborhood commercial truck, an interesting
corridor we have is our Eighth Avenue corridor in
Sunset Park. A very, very challenging corridor. We

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 142 saw the placement of quite a number of truck loading 2 3 and unloading as loans. And I can't tell you-- I 4 have never been on Eighth Avenue and have observed one truck actually using the truck loading and 5 unloading those because they're normally just cars 6 7 sitting there all day long, all night long. No one observes the truck loading and unloading zones. 8 One 9 of the most congested corridors in New York City, and probably very, very unsafe for -- for many of our 10 11 residents. Can you tell me a little bit about--12 Have you gone back to see the effectiveness of 13 hanging up all the signs on Eighth Avenue? And how 14 does the city-- how is it going to continue to 15 implement and monitor that?

16 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. No, I mean, 17 Eighth Avenue is a place we've looked at quite a bit 18 over the years. And, you know, I think the truck 19 loading zones, we agree, are not providing all of the 20 needs of that corridor. You know, we-- As you may 21 know, late in the last administration, there was a 2.2 proposal to do a more aggressive treatment that was--23 just got a challenging reception locally. I think we still feel like on Eighth Avenue as well as Seventh 24 Avenue, there are real concerns about safety, about 25

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 bus speeds, about commercial access. And, you know,
 I think we-- we welcome working together on how to
 revisit those corridors.

5 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Yeah. Or how DOT 6 coordinates with PD around how those corridors are 7 engaged, right? Those-- That specific truck loading 8 and unloading if. If there's never anyone doing 9 enforcement, ever, that doesn't change anything. We 10 haven't seen any enforcement there at all. No change 11 of behavior.

So I guess, I'd like to know, like, in those 12 13 instances, right?, we understand there's like a culture of practice that's not great here. How--14 15 What is a proactive plan that the agency takes when 16 it is trying to kind of shift a culture of practice in a corridor that is problematic? Do you just let 17 18 it be and nobody pays attention? Or is there some 19 kind of strategy that you attempt to implement? 20 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I would say that 21 that corridor is particularly problematic in part because of how the last administration left things. 2.2 23 You know, I think in general, we- we try not to just say we're going to enforce our way out. Like, I'm 24 sure, if I asked my colleagues to go, they could be 25

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 144
2	they're much, much more. But what we typically like
3	to do is work with the BID, work with, you know, the
4	local community, and try to get good information out,
5	and, you know, try to have it be education as much as
6	it is enforcement. I think there's still some bad
7	feelings there that are not totally resolved and has
8	made that interaction more challenging.
9	COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Yeah. If you if you know
10	me, you know enforcement is not the first approach I
11	would like to take. But we see no presence at all.
12	In fact, no even engagement around the fact that, you
13	know, this is a new treatment, right? There's none,
14	no engagement at all, from any agency on that
15	corridor. So I hear you about the last
16	administration. But I think it begs the question of
17	if we are going to implement a change, right?, and
18	allocate agency resources. And we know, this is an
19	important one, albeit controversial, there has to be
20	consistent engagement for residents, both to
21	understand the meaning of the treatment, and for to
22	change behavior. But putting up signs and then
23	walking away is not acceptable. And in fact, it just
24	actually does the opposite. It has a deleterious
25	effect on residents who feel like, "Well, you know,

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 the City doesn't care. They just hang up a sign and
 it doesn't-- nothing, nothing matters."

So we have to continue-- We'd love to continue
the conversation, because we're starting to see this
behavior happen in many other commercial corridors in
our district. It's the same kind of like benign
neglect, and no...

9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. Absolutely. 10 Let's talk more about it. Because I think both 11 making sure that what we have out there works, and 12 seeing if there's even more we can do for safety 13 would be really appropriate there.

14 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: And in the just a bit of a 15 meta question in terms of truck redesign. I mean, how-- how does the agency incorporate environmental 16 17 impacts around how it is looking at redesign or-- or 18 even allowing. So for instance, I've said this to a 19 number of times, Van Brunt Street is -- is one of the 20 two streets, truck routes. It was it has received no 21 infrastructure upgrades, yet the city has allowed six 2.2 last-mile facilities in the process of being 23 developed, which will introduce thousands of trucks. This street has no treatment, and will have no 24 25 treatment despite it already crumbling

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 146 2 infrastructure. How does the City proactively look 3 at an Environmental Justice Community and 4 environmental justice criteria before it allows the 5 proliferation of these kinds of facilities and 6 impacts?

7 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes. So I mean, I 8 can't speak to the land use issues. Obviously, we 9 haven't we have colleagues in the city that are better suited to that. But I think what is true is 10 11 we've seen that there's been a real change in Red 12 Hook. You know, we've done a number of studies in 13 Red Hook in the past, and there were changes. You know, there's new traffic signals along Van Brunt 14 15 Street that were not there previously, but those were 16 all before sort of these new land use changes came 17 about, and I think that's why we think it's very 18 appropriate that we're refocused on the -- taking a 19 fresh look at the transportation issues around Red 20 Hook, and, you know, without -- we're still at the 21 beginning of the study, but it's a little hard to 2.2 imagine that we'll get through it and say nothing at 23 all about Van Brunt Street. So more to come. COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Yeah. No, the frustration 24 25 is the post-- Right? It's always the post-mortem:

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 147 2 What we could have changed after we introduced 3 multiple facilities, and-- and allow the use of a 4 corridor that is wholly incapable of sustaining what 5 we are allowing to proliferate, right? That's the 6 frustration of the community.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah.

7

COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: And the fact that they 8 9 have been sounding the alarms on this, and it takes us 10 years to actually finally get to a place of 10 11 agreement to implement the study, and the context has 12 changed and become significantly worse. So -- So I 13 quess I, just as a point of comment, would love to 14 really see how, and understand how the agency is more 15 proactive and inter-coordinating with other agencies, 16 when they understand something is happening in an 17 Environmental Justice Community that it -- it have 18 clear thresholds and understanding around -- we know this community cannot suffer 15-more-1000 trucks a 19 20 And yet, you know, it's like turning a blind day. 21 So like to proactively engage and look at, eve. 2.2 comprehensively, how we become a safer and better 23 city, and how communities who have been historically neglected are looked at first and foremost in impact. 24 So just broad points. 25

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 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. Point well
 taken.

4 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay, we're now going 5 to move to public testimony. I ask that NYPD and DOT 6 leave someone behind in case we need to ask any 7 additional questions on this, and and also hear from 8 the public.

9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yup. Thank you.
 10 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

11 COUNSEL: Thank you. We'll now move to public 12 testimony. Each panelist will be given two minutes 13 to speak. For panelists testifying in person, please come to the dais as your name is called and wait for 14 15 your turn to speak. And for panelists who are 16 testifying remotely. Once your name is called, a 17 member of our staff will unmute you, and the Sergeant 18 At Arms will give you the go ahead to begin. Please 19 wait for the Sergeant to announce that you may begin 20 before delivering your testimony.

I would like to now welcome Gloria Boyce Charles, Sarah Elbakri, Kevin Garcia, and Zach Miller to testify. You may begin when ready

25 You may begin.

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 149 2 MS. BOYCE CHARLES: Good afternoon, everyone. My 3 name is Gloria Boyce Charles, I'm from the Brookville 4 Community in Southeast Queens. We are just next to-adjacent to the JFK International Airport. 5 I want to thank the Councilmember Selvena Brooks-Powers for 6 7 chairing this important Committee and for supporting 8 the legislation on this important matter.

9 I must say that, I think that it's always a good 10 thing to revisit and redesign something that hasn't 11 been looked at for a long time, such as our truck 12 routes, given the changes and projections regarding 13 truck traffic. But I have to say that I've been 14 listening all afternoon and I'm a little confused 15 about some of the things I'm hearing.

16 A lot of what's going on in our community is not 17 necessarily a matter of how trucks are-- are routed 18 it's a matter of how trucks are being monitored and 19 how enforcement is taking place. Per Section 385 of 20 the DOT Vehicle and Traffic Law, it says that a 53 foot trailer -- trailer is allowed only limited travel 21 2.2 through New York City to reach destinations on Long 23 Island using the following routes. And it talks about I-95. It talks about I-295. It talks about I-24 And we seem to be suggesting that one of the 25 495.

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 biggest problems that we have with trucking activity - trucks going up and down our streets and parking on
 our streets-- is that they're not managed.

The biggest problem is they're not supposed to be 5 They are not supposed to be in our 6 there. 7 communities in the first place. And I didn't hear 8 anybody acknowledge that today. And that's very 9 concerning. It makes me wonder if in redesigning the truck routes, there is going to be an effort to 10 11 normalize their activity on our streets, and just ignore the fact that there's a rule on the books that 12 13 says they're not supposed to be there at all. Now 14 when you hear from Miss Barbara Brown from the Eastern Queens Alliance, she'll reinforce that: that 15 16 that's something she, you know, she found because in 17 our communities we've been complaining for a long 18 time. And we were always told that, you know, the 19 trucks have a right to come up and down your streets 20 if they're trying to get to a warehouse that they need to be at. 21

But the fact of the matter is 53-foot trucks, foot trucks don't have that right. It says right here that 53-foot long trailers are not allowed to make pickups or deliveries in any of the boroughs of COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 151
 New York City. So I'm very concerned about the
 attempt to normalize that activity this afternoon.
 Maybe I'm not understanding something.

Now, there were other things that were said today. And if you'll allow me another couple of minutes, I just want to-- I just want to share a few thoughts.

9 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So you could just do 10 it in another minute. But Ms. Boyce Charles, you can 11 also submit written testimony as well.

MS. BOYCE CHARLES: Yes. I'm going to actually go out and revise my-- my testimony based on what I heard today. But I'm very happy that, you know, there's going to be some ground truthing on the part of DOT as they prepare their report, and to do the redesign.

18 I hope that that ground truthing is done in a 19 robust manner. I hope that they will come into our 20 communities not just to send somebody to look at a 21 couple of areas and, you know, click a button and say how many trucks are moving about and what sizes they 2.2 23 are, not just by having some public hearings that 50 people show up to, but I hope that they will actually 24 send people who are going to be writing these reports 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 152 2 into our communities to walk up and down our streets, 3 to talk to our people, and to see the-- the 4 disruption of these 53 foot tractor trailer trucks in our communities. They should see how people who have 5 homes are being imposed upon by truck repair shops 6 7 and trucking warehouses just on the other side of the They should -- they should see how one of our 8 street. 9 residents has a big white fence with tire tracks in it from 53 foot truck-- tractor trailer trucks trying 10 11 to-- driving into her fence in an effort to park their trail-- their tractor trailer in to a garage 12 13 bay that that really is not suited for a truck that They should see how cars are being 14 large. 15 sideswiped, and how streets are being put into 16 disrepair. And you know, the general disruption, how 17 people's homes are being compromised, cracks in our--18 cracks in our ceilings, et cetera, based on all of 19 this activity. 20 And they should take a look at the research that's been suggested here today that points to the 21 chronic illness in our communities and the high rate 2.2 23 of low birth weight and premature death, that -- that that results from breathing in polluted air that they 24

25 contribute to.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 153
2	They should come and they should see. And when
3	they do that, I hope that that will inform their
4	report and the way they route the trucks. I have
5	more to say but I will stop here. I will submit it
6	in my testimony. And I thank you so much for
7	indulging me. Thank you.
8	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you
9	Hello, everyone. My name is Sarah Elbakri. I'm
10	the Community Resilience coordinator of UPROSE!.
11	Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony
12	today on behalf of Sunset Park and the Environmental
13	and Climate Justice Communities and Advocates in
14	support of legislation, intros 708 and 924. UPROSE!
15	Is Brooklyn's oldest Latino community-based
16	organization, where black and Indigenous Women of
17	color led intergenerational grassroots, and working
18	at the intersection of racial justice and climate
19	change in Sunset Park, Brooklyn, and beyond.
20	Sunset Park is an Environmental Justice Community
21	that has endured a legacy of toxic exposure and been
22	the reluctant host to a myriad of discriminatorily-
23	sited environmental burdens. UPROSE! is part of a
24	citywide coalition, the Last-Mile Coalition, which
25	advocates to regulate last-mile trucking facilities
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 in New York City and reduce the extreme truck
 trucking issue in the city.

The explosive and unchecked growth of the ecommerce industry and last-mile warehouses in New York City is an environmental justice issue. And these facilities are not regular warehouses. They're mega in size, and bring many negative impacts to the environment, health, the local economy, safety, and traffic in surrounding communities.

11 These facilities exacerbate truck traffic that is 12 already very high in the city, and bringing them to 13 residential areas with narrow streets that weren't 14 designed for these uses, worsening air pollution and 15 asthma rates that are already extremely high, health 16 concerns, increasing congestion, and pedestrian 17 safety issues.

And these last-mile warehouses continue to be sited and built in low income working class communities of color like Sunset Park, with no notice, or environmental review, or community engagement processes.

There are at least two new mega-warehouses coming to Sunset Park. And leaving this issue unregulated and community health unprotected is unacceptable. So

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 155 2 as an Environmental Justice Community, Sunset Park 3 already deals with the cumulative impacts of other 4 polluting infrastructures such as the Gowanus 5 Expressway and BQE. And today, we continue to fight for clean air, safe and healthy neighborhoods for 6 7 black and brown people that have been historically 8 overburdened and neglected by extractive 9 unsustainable practices that value profit over 10 people.

11 So the legislation proposed by Councilmember Avilés that's up for hearing today is imperative to 12 13 protect the human rights of communities like Sunset 14 Park by redesigning New York City's truck routes, to 15 start improving safety of our streets, reduce 16 traffic, reduce congestion and reduce emissions. And 17 we believe this legislation will help start 18 addressing these negative impacts of e-commerce 19 facilities, last-mile warehouses in working class communities of color and as climate and racial 20 21 justice advocates, UPROSE! urges the City Council to 2.2 do right by the most vulnerable and pass this 23 legislation which prioritizes community health and justice. Thank you again. 24

25 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 156
2	MR. GARCIA: Good afternoon. Thank you for your
3	time for your time to speak today. My name is
4	Kevin Garcia and I'm the Transportation Planner with
5	the New York City Environmental Justice Alliance.
6	NYC-EJA is a nonprofit citywide membership network
7	linking grassroots organizations from low-income
8	neighborhoods and communities of color in the
9	struggle for environmental justice. NYC-EJA is also
10	a part of the Last-Mile Coalition, a citywide
11	coalition of environmental justice and public health
12	advocates fighting to regulate last-mile trucking
13	facilities in New York City.
14	I'm here to express NYC-EJA's support of Intro
15	708 and Intro 924. In the last decade, the e-
16	commerce market has exponentially grown, and the
17	demand for online goods has risen. Because goods in
18	New York City are transported primarily by trucks
19	last-mile warehouses tend to be sited by highways and
20	can only be sited in manufacturing and C8 districts.
21	In New York City, to meet the demand for next day and
22	same day delivery, there has been an unregulated
23	growth of last-mile warehouses that have been sited
24	in environmental justice communities. The size of
25	these facilities coupled with the demand of online
l	

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 157 2 goods has led to an increase in the number of vans 3 and trucks needed to deliver goods to last-mile 4 warehouses and to complete the trip to their final 5 destination.

6 This increase in traffic has led to an increase 7 in tailpipe emissions, noise pollution, and public 8 safety concerns and Environmental Justice 9 Communities.

While passenger vehicles make up the majority of 10 11 the tailpipe emissions in New York City, heavy duty vehicles make up 6% of the vehicle activity but 12 contribute 52% of on-road vehicle tailpipe PM 2.5 13 emissions, and 51% of on road vehicle NOx emissions 14 15 in New York City. A 2016 New York City DOH study estimated that PM 2.5 pollution from traffic sources 16 17 contributed to 320 premature deaths and 870 emergency 18 department visits and hospitalizations every year.

The same agency found that the hospitalizations for preventable asthma occurred disproportionately in the poorest neighborhoods at a rate of up to 30 times more frequent than in the wealthiest communities.

Trucks carry most freight in New York City and is expected to remain the predominant mode past 2045 on an already-constrained transportation network. Thus,

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 158
2	we strongly urge the City Council to move forward
3	with Intro 708 and Intro 924 to protect our
4	communities by redesigning the city's truck routes
5	and streets to reduce traffic in our communities and
6	reduce pedestrian safety concerns and improve air
7	quality. Thank you again.
8	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.
9	MR. MILLER: Good afternoon. Good afternoon
10	Chair Brooks-Powers and members of the Transportation
11	and Infrastructure Committee. My name is Zach
12	Miller. I'm the Metro Region Operations Manager for
13	the Trucking Association of New York. The safe and
14	efficient movement of goods and services are vital to
15	the economic vitality and growth of commerce in New
16	York City and the greater metropolitan region.
17	Trucks move goods and freight to grocery stores
18	markets and restaurants manufacturing facilities,
19	office buildings, construction sites, and residences.
20	Trucks come in many shapes and sizes.
21	The nature of communities local business and
22	industries dictate the truck traffic, which DOT uses
23	to determine whether a truck route is needed to
24	facilitate freight movement. The truck route network
25	is a key safety tool and we must ensure trucks stay

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 159
2	on route. That is why we are supportive of Intro 708
3	which would require DOT to redesign a safe truck
4	route network in consultation with city agencies,
5	affected residents, and representatives from
6	business, environmental and climate justice
7	organizations, street safety organizations,
8	industrial business zone administrators, and the
9	trucking logistics and last-mile delivery industries.
10	DOT's Office of Freight Mobility as part of their
11	best best practices engages with the various
12	stakeholders and agencies that are highlighted in the
13	bill and does so consistently. This has greatly
14	improved freight efficiency and served the city
15	especially well during the worst of the pandemic.
16	We agree that it is wise to codify these best
17	practices into law. With about 1300 miles of
18	designated roadways, nYC has one of the most complex
19	truck routes systems in the nation. We credit DOT
20	with their redesigned truck route network, outreach,
21	and map distribution as part of their Delivery New
22	Yorkers smart truck management plan for New York
23	City. It is crucial that this network be closely
24	monitored and improved, and we are delighted to see
25	the Council support DOT's efforts to do this.
	J. A State of the

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 160 2 The best way to ensure a safe and efficient truck 3 route network is not to reduce the options for truck 4 drivers to take, but to provide them with the tools they need such as overnight truck parking, 5 neighborhood loading zones, curbside access, well-6 7 maintain roads, and stronger signage in and around 8 the 21 IBCs throughout the city. It is also in the 9 best interest of all New Yorkers that we keep the truck route network and bike lane network separate as 10 11 much as possible. Too often we have seen bike lanes 12 placed right in front of freight terminals which 13 creates the potential for unnecessary conflict. 14 We also must give credit to civic groups such as 15 the Queens community Task Force for solutions to 16 illegal truck parking. In their quest to solve the 17 overnight truck parking shortage, seeks to ensure 18 that traffic flows and delivery patterns are factored 19 in to provide both clear access to truck drivers, and 20 safe streets for communities. We appreciate both the City Council and Adams Administration's dedication to 21 2.2 solving the overnight truck parking shortage and are supportive of Intro 906. 23

This commonsense legislation will ensure our hard working truck drivers will have a safe place to park,

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 161 and our communities will have safer cleaner streets. 2 3 Not only that, but it will help to facilitate even greater sustainable and efficient initiative 4 5 initiatives such as off-hour deliveries, microhub distribution centers, and electric vehicle charging 6 7 hubs, all of which need infrastructure to succeed and 8 our major goals for both DOT and TANY. 9 As always, the Trucking Association of New York looks forward to ongoing collaboration and dialogue 10 11 with the City Council. Thank you for your time. 12 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: Thank you so much. Well 13 14 done on the speed reading. 15 MR. MILLER: It reminds me I need to get glasses, 16 unfortunately. 17 COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: I have the same-- I share 18 the same issue. Thank you. Mr. Miller, can you tell 19 us-- you heard the engagement around daylighting, the 20 city's resistance to having a blanket policy. Can 21 you talk to us about it? MR. MILLER: Yeah. And I'll be honest, that was 2.2 23 the -- the paragraph I kind of skipped through here. But we are-- I'm just going to read it. 24 25

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 162
2	Lastly, we are happy to see an emphasis placed on
3	daylighting at intersections adjacent to the truck
4	route network. In providing information from fleets
5	to open plans as part of their upcoming curb report,
6	we learned how frustrated many fleets are by curb
7	parking at intersections, with some asking us to
8	request the City to remove such parking. This is yet
9	another tool that DOT can utilize to make our streets
10	safer and to increase efficiency throughout the
11	trucker network.
12	So yeah. I mean, we Again, I would
13	Engineering questions, you know, we would defer to
14	DOT and urban planners. But there is that
15	frustration, especially with some of the larger
16	trucks that deliver to job sites, construction sites,
17	that the the cars parked right there makes it
18	really difficult for them to turn. And I respect the
19	concern regarding speed. We want, you know,
20	vehicles, especially larger vehicles to move as
21	slowly as possible. But they kind of do by nature.
22	I mean, the trucks we're talking about are not going
23	to take wide, fast turns at these intersections, it's
24	almost impossible for them to do that.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 163
2	Smaller vehicles, the box trucks, the cargo vans,
3	you know, again, I would defer to DOT. Perhaps
4	that's what they're referring to. But in terms of
5	the the space to turn: Yeah, many of our our
6	members flag that for us is as they'd love to see
7	some more daylighting at these intersections.
8	COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: No. Thank you. That's
9	the experience that we see in the community every
10	single day. I have never seen a large truck speed
11	through a turn. There's just It's impossible to
12	do that given the conditions on New York City
13	streets. So thank you. Thank you for that.
14	I'd like to hear from the other members of the
15	panel in terms of what would you like to concretely
16	see or offer in terms of solutions the city should
17	truly look at moving forward in this context?
18	Additional recommendations?
19	MS. BOYCE-CHARLES: Well, if I may, I would like
20	to see more regulation around actually 53-foot trucks
21	not being allowed in in our city streets. I think
22	that these trucks should be offloading somewhere
23	else, dividing their load, and smaller conveyances
24	should be coming into our community.
25	

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 164
2	I think that there should be regulation around
3	how many trucks can go up and down any given street
4	at any point in time. And I really think that there
5	needs to be more It needs to be built into the to
6	the report and the rerouting strategy, the whole
7	issue of how we're monitoring, measuring, evaluating,
8	enforcing, and holding people at the agency level
9	accountable. Who's held accountable to address our
10	issues?
11	A lot of times when we have issues and we go to
12	DOT, they say, "Oh, well, that's we're only
13	monitoring. It's an it's an NYPD issue." You go to
14	NYPD and well, they can't help you, because they
15	don't have enough boots. And then when they get
16	enough boots, they don't have enough places to take
17	to tow the trucks too.
18	And so there's so many agencies engaged in so
19	much of passing the buck. And so there's a lack of
20	accountability and transparency. If all of these
21	all this monitoring is taking place that I heard
22	today, where is that made available to the general
23	public? You know, transparency about who's who's
24	owning these warehouses in our community? And how
25	can we as community members reach out to these

7	
1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 165
2	people, to let them know how we feel about the way
3	they're doing business in our communities. And it's
4	not just trucking warehouses that are 500,000 feet or
5	more. I live in a community where warehouses are
6	embedded. I don't know how many square feet that
7	warehouse is. I know that it supports the air cargo
8	traffic for the air cargo for the JFK Airport. But,
9	you know, that needs to be consulted with too, and
10	managed too.
11	So, you know, I'd like to see a lot more of that
12	kind of coordination and attention to detail in our
13	in our communities. Don't get me started.
14	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much for
15	your testimonies.
16	MS. ALBAKRI: Oh, yeah, I was going to add, so
17	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Oh. Sorry.
18	MS. ALBAKRI:in terms of what we would like to
19	see: Definitely less trucks overall. And we think
20	that this could be achieved by transitioning more
21	towards using the waterfront and using more maritime,
22	rail, and clean transport. And specifically what
23	we've been hearing from community members is they
24	want to see more enforcement of overweight trucks
25	that are contributing to the crumbling neighborhood

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 166 2 infrastructure, you know, that weren't designed for 3 these huge trucks to come through on a daily basis. 4 And then also more-- more monitoring and comprehensive proactive planning. So I think the 5 legislation that we're here to support today is a 6 7 really great step in the right direction to update the truck routes that haven't been since the 1970s. 8 9 MR. GARCIA: And if I may, yeah, I think we would like to see more low-traffic neighborhoods, more 10 11 daylighting, and other speed reduction measures. But 12 as mentioned by the other panelists, enforcement is 13 key, right? We can redesign our truck routes, we can 14 redesign our streets, but the enforcement of these 15 rules is also important. 16 We'd love to see more micro distribution hubs. Ι 17 know we're talking about the Department of 18 Transportation. But you know, our coalition has 19 submitted a zoning text amendment, which would define 20 and create a special permit process for these last-21 mile warehouses, which are, you know, demanding

23 facilities to make these deliveries to the facility 24 and to the destination, and our infrastructure just 25 cannot take it. Thank you.

hundreds, thousands of more trucks to these

2.2

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 167
2	COUNCILMEMBER AVILÉS: That's right. Thank you.
3	Because I think what we're also seeing is these
4	facilities are being built of, right, totally evaded-
5	- evading any evaluation of environmental impacts and
6	communities, and so something has got to change here.
7	It is unacceptable for corporations to come in and
8	build and not have any accountability or
9	responsibility for the impacts of their business on
10	our community residents. So thank you for that work.
11	COUNSEL: Thank you so much. We'll now move to
12	Lacey Tauber from the Office of the Brooklyn Borough
13	President.
14	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.
15	Hello, can you hear me?
16	COUNSEL: Yes, we can.
17	MS. TAUBER: Okay, great. Um, good morning Chair
18	Brooks-Powers and members of the Committee. Thank
19	you for holding this hearing today. As you may know,
20	environmental justice and reducing truck traffic in
21	environmental justice communities have been a major
22	priority of the Brooklyn Borough President since he
23	started his career.
24	And so we wanted to be here today to express

25 support for passing Intro 708 and 924, in addition to

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 168
2	just talk a little bit about, you know, some recent
3	successes we've had, including, you know, waste
4	equity, commercial waste zonings. But we really need
5	to build on this victory, and the next front, as
6	you've heard is really going to be regulating other
7	types of trucks, especially due to the rise of e-
8	commerce. In the last three years, the largest
9	percentage of 311 complaints about engine idling, air
10	quality, and truck activity have come from Brooklyn's
11	Waterfront Communities that also border the BQE, with
12	the largest uptick coming from neighborhoods where
13	the last-mile facilities have sprung up in industrial
14	zones. And we're working very proactively on
15	legislation about this. But in the meantime, I
16	really want to express support for the microhubs,
17	non-truck types of delivery methods, expanding cargo
18	bike delivery programs, state legislation to legalize
19	the larger bikes that can go further and hold more.
20	We really want to see these bills passed. We
21	want to see creative sign interventions, we want to
22	make sure that the planning includes diverse
23	stakeholders from within the industry and those who
24	are impacted by it, and we want to encourage the
25	council to hear Intro 721, which would explore how to
l	

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 169
2	integrate truck routes with GPS, so that private
3	drivers can plan the routes more efficiently.
4	And finally, I will just say, we're very excited
5	about the expansion of loading zone, program off-hour
6	deliveries. As I mentioned, implementation of
7	commercial waste zones is going to be huge here.
8	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.
9	MS. TAUBER: And enforcement, especially of
10	oversized trucks. Thank you so much. I submitted
11	written testimony that goes into more detail.
12	COUNSEL: Thank you. We'll hear next from
13	Barbara Brown.
14	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.
15	MS. BROWN: Good afternoon, I want to thank
16	Councilmember Selvena Brooks-Powers for holding this
17	hearing. I'm going to send in testimony, so right
18	now I'm going to react to some of the things that
19	I've heard today. We are mainly concerned about the
20	air cargo industry and how it's impacting our
21	communities in Southeast Queens. And as Miss Charles
22	said earlier, the illegal truck parking illegal
23	truck parking is a problem. But it's really a
24	byproduct of a lack of enforcement of the 53-foot
25	rule in our area.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 170
2	Since 2015, when the Port Authority was given
3	permission to receive goods from air cargo through
4	the Van Wyck expressway, the problems have increased
5	exponentially. And when we have asked the port
6	authority about making sure that those 53 footers go
7	back out over the Van Wyck, or that they follow the
8	rules, their attitude has been that that's not their
9	problem: Enforcement of where the trucks go after
10	they leave the airport is somebody else's problem.
11	It's it's NYPD, it's DOT, but it's not it's not
12	their problem.
13	So the law regarding 53 footers definitely needs
14	to be enforced. They're not supposed to be on city
15	streets. And they only are supposed to be if they
16	are given permission to deliver to a local entity.
17	It's it's supposed to be because they are carrying
18	an indivisible load which and probably 90% of the
19	time that's not an issue.
20	The It was mentioned that marine freight is
21	being considered by the DOT. And I think that that's
22	a great idea. And my question is: Have you
23	considered has the DOT considered
24	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.
25	

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 171
 MS. BROWN: integrating the air cargo at JFK into
 that marine freight ruling or provision since they're
 right there on Jamaica Bay.

5 We are in support of all of the rules that are 6 being discussed today. The daylighting: We are a 7 little bit concerned about the terms of impact on 8 residential communities. So I like some of the 9 suggestions that I heard about earlier.

We need to in terms of those, that whole intro, 10 11 we need to make sure that all of the civic 12 associations and community boards that are going to 13 be impacted are really included in the discussion. 14 And quite frankly, it talks about the Port 15 Authority and EDC. It didn't mention what -- Those 16 are part of the problem, because they're not 17 enforcing the rules and EDC holds -- has the ability to-- to decide how some of the land is used around 18 19 JFK, and more-- They keep bringing in more and more 20 air cargo.

21 So they're taking a bad situation and making it 22 worse. And this supply chain delay problems are also 23 an issue. Just skimming through the-- the parking 24 lots that the Intro 906 speaks of should not-- We 25 want to make sure that those parking lots are not 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 172 2 right across the street from people's homes or our 3 parks. So that leads to those choices about where 4 they need to be carefully looked at.

5 And unless the Port Authority opens up some of 6 its excess land to parking of trucks, there probably 7 needs to be more than one parking lot in the air 8 cargo industry area.

9 So those are just some main things. The use of 10 traffic cameras. I'm glad to see that that is there. 11 And I will put a question here: Will that include 12 issuing of tickets and fines and all the rest of the 13 things that they do to the general public, but we 14 have been talking about why trucks are not being 15 monitored by traffic cameras.

I will be submitting more detailed testimony and changing some of it in light of things that I heard today. But thank you.

19 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much. 20 And just for point of clarification. What year did 21 you say that the Port Authority received that 22 approval?

COUNSEL: Miss Brown, are you still there?
CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Please unmute her.
COUNSEL: Kevin, can you please unmute?

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 173
2	MS. BROWN: Oh, yeah. I didn't realize that was
3	re-muted. Yeah. 2015.
4	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: 2015. And who gave
5	that approval?
6	MS. BROWN: It's my understanding it was the
7	City. It was something that went before City
8	Council. They petitioned the City to allow the 53
9	footers to come into the airport through Van Wyck
10	Expressway. Because up until that point, they
11	weren't allowed in the city at all.
12	Okay, thank you.
13	COUNSEL: Thank you. We'll hear next from Eric
14	McClure.
15	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.
16	MR. MCCLURE: Good afternoon, Chair Brooks-
17	Powers, Councilmember Williams, Committee Council.
18	My name is Eric McClure. I'm the Executive Director
19	of StreetsPAC. Commerce in New York City is heavily
20	reliant on trucking with about 90% of the goods
21	transported in or through the city are carried by
22	trucks. And while truck trips have boomed over the
23	past few years driven by New Yorkers thirst for e-
24	commerce and home delivery, that number is expected
25	to increase by two thirds over the next 20 years.
I	

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 174 So we're faced with a quandary. While we 2 3 certainly need to shift significant amounts of large scale shipments to waterborne and rail freight and a 4 5 big portion of last mile deliveries to e-bikes and other smaller more nimble vehicles, it's clear that 6 7 truck deliveries, and lots of them, aren't going 8 away. 9 That underscores why it's necessary to optimize the city's truck routes and why we support intro 708, 10 11 which requires redesign of New York City's truck route network to improve safety, increase visibility 12 13 and reduce congestion, and emissions, and vehicle 14 miles traveled.

We don't expect that a truck route redesign will radically change the existing route map, but with the rapid proliferation of last-mile delivery facilities updates are almost certainly needed. And we strongly support the provision in the bill that would require visibility improvements at intersections on truck routes.

A significant share of fatal pedestrian and cyclist crashes in New York City occurred intersections. Taking steps to improve visibility's common sense, While also taking into account the COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 175
 Department of Transportation concerns that such
 setups do not enable faster turns.

4 We also need to get better and smarter at enforcing truck route regulations. With advances in 5 navigation technology, no truck should be off route 6 7 except when using the most direct last-mile path to a 8 delivery or pickup. And we should explore using GPS 9 tracking to enforce violations. We also need to adopt a zero tolerance approach to 53 foot trailers, 10 11 with finds great enough to keep them off city streets 12 period.

13 In addition, we must continue to move 14 aggressively toward off-hour deliveries, 15 consolidation of local deliveries, and expanded use 16 of microhubs and dedicated commercial and residential 17 delivery space at the curb. Councilmembers, a 18 supermajority of whom are sponsors of Intro 708 needs 19 to be prepared to support recommended truck route 20 changes with the knowledge that no constituent is 21 going to embrace having trucks on their block, and 2.2 the--23 SERGEANT AT ARMS TIME EXPIRED: MR. MCCLURE: car owners will fully propose 24

25 removal of parking spaces to increase visibility.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 176
2	Improving truck logistics for everyone will
3	require some shared sacrifice, and it's vital to
4	bettering quality of life across New York City.
5	Let me in closing just say that Councilmember
6	Avilés and I I served as Chair of Brooklyn
7	Community Board 6 share the Red Hook neighborhood in
8	our catchment areas, and Red Hook has been overrun by
9	last-mile delivery facilities. Certainly the truck
10	routes in and out of Red Hook need to be looked at
11	very closely and updated where necessary. And the
12	city as a whole needs to take a really aggressive
13	approach toward limiting the proliferation of last-
14	mile facilities, especially in neighborhoods like Red
15	Hook that in are Environmental Justice Communities.
16	Thank you very much.
17	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.
18	COUNSEL: Thank you. Thank you. We'll hear now
19	from Joseph Fama.
20	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.
21	MR. J. FAMA: Thank you very much for this
22	opportunity. Chairwoman Brooks-Powers. I appreciate
23	it. And I just wanted to let you know that we
24	support Intro 708 and the other bills as well. My
25	credentials of course, I'm a former DOT Assistant
l	

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 177 Commissioner in the City of New York, and for the 2 3 last 30 years I have been the CEO of Empire Commercial Services, which represents about 200 4 trucking companies here in the city. Everybody from 5 DHL, to Poland Spring, to Dunkin Donuts, and a host 6 7 of others. They also support 708, primarily because 8 of the daylighting provision. They all believe, and 9 we believe it's very important to move ahead with the daylighting. 10

We tend to look at it sometimes not 11 circumspectly. We-- I heard discussion today from 12 13 DOT about visibility of the truck drivers. We also see it as a problem of visibility for the pedestrians 14 15 and the bicyclists. Because when you have a large 16 vehicle parked within 25 feet of the corner, the 17 pedestrian can't see what's coming around the corner. 18 It's not just what can the driver see, but the 19 pedestrian and the bicyclist.

20 So we believe having those corners clear, will 21 make it easier for the driver, easier and safer for 22 the pedestrian.

There is a weakness though, in this program. And that is that if there are vehicles, and especially large vehicles parked in that space, and they are COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 178
 members of the Stipulated Fine Program, that parking
 violation automatically gets a reduction for the
 commercial operator.

So we believe that--

5

6

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired

7 MR. J. FAMA: --that program needs to be 8 reviewed, that the no-standing violation should not 9 receive any reduction.

And further, a lot of the complaints today were 10 11 about the residential streets having overnight or 12 late-night parking of commercial vehicles. That's a 13 Code 78 violation, which also gets an automatic 14 reduction. So whether -- whether DOT is going to 15 determine the daylighting are the Council is going to 16 exercise its powers and take control of that, we take 17 the teeth out of it if we're going to give away 18 reductions for violating those parking rules anyway. 19 So our suggestion is: We remove the reduction 20 for all the no-standing violations under code 78 21 violations. Thank you, Councilmember Powers. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. We'll now 23 hear from Christian Fama. SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time. 24

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 179 2 MR. C. FAMA: Hello. Christian Fama from Empire 3 Commercial Services. Thank you, Councilmembers for 4 having us. I'm a little disappointed that there's not more people in the room to hear this. But spot 5 I heard a lot about enforcement. And I'm going 6 on. 7 to try to be as concise as I can. 8 But the daylighting provision and 708 is by far 9 the most important provision in terms of safety for not only the truck drivers but the pedestrians and 10 11 the cyclists as well. DOT testified 260 fatalities 12 this year. But then, you know, also said that 13 daylighting wasn't an issue in terms of safety. So it was a little bit of a contradiction. 14 15 We have an amendment proposed to 708 to eliminate 16 reductions for no-standing violations issued to 17 commercial vehicles that are parked in the 18 daylighting zone. Because again, it's a bit of, you 19 know, a contradiction where you're going to try to 20 enforce, enforce, enforce, but then give automatic reductions for the violations you're trying to 21 2.2 enforce upon.

I'll touch quickly on the commercial loading zones: Same deal. The commercial loading zones get currently 100% reduction. So what you have now is

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 180
2	vehicles warehousing themselves in the commercial
3	loading zones, which is why they're not empty. So I
4	think there needs to be a hard look at the stipulated
5	fines, and the reductions being given in that program
6	that are undermining and undercutting some of the
7	proposed City Council legislation and things the City
8	Council is trying to do. And it's really going to
9	take the teeth out of the whole daylighting, if these
10	companies are receiving an automatic 20% or 25%
11	reduction on their violation. On top of all the
12	safety issues obviously.
13	The last thing I'll leave you with: The same
14	thing for the commercial overnight parking has been a
15	solid complaint from everybody that's been here.
16	That ticket received a 40% reduction in the
17	stipulated fine program. So again
18	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.
19	MR. C. FAMA:to disincentivize the companies
20	from parking the vehicles overnight, you should
21	probably start with stop giving them a 40% automatic
22	reduction on every single ticket they get in the
23	stipulated fine program.
24	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.
25	

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 181 Thank you. And we'll hear next from 2 COUNSEL: 3 Nicole Epstein Schwartz. SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time. 4 Hi. This is Oliver [inaudible]. 5 VIEWER: I'm not actually scheduled to speak on this. I work with 6 7 Nicole. We're just attending the Zoom just as a spectator here. I'm terribly sorry for--8 9 Sorry. Sorry. Can you restate your COUNSEL: name? Oh, you're not you're not testifying? 10 11 VIEWER: We're not testifying. I'm sorry. Yeah. 12 We were just -- we were just spectating here. 13 COUNSEL: Okay. 14 VIEWER: Sorry about -- Sorry about any 15 confusion. We will next hear from I.G. Don Terius 16 and Alex Stein. 17 [background voices] 18 MR. STEIN: Why does he have to-- he's homeless. 19 Yeah, he's just showing what's going on in the city. 20 So you guys have to respect him. 21 Alright, guys, my name-- My name is Alex--2.2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Excuse me. I ask 23 that you please put on your shirt. MR. STEIN: Wait. Why? 24 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 182 2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I just asked you 3 please put on a shirt. MR. TERIUS: Just to prove my point. I'm a navy 4 5 veteran. CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And I thank you for 6 7 your service sir. 8 MR. STEIN: He's my-- he's my wife's boyfriend 9 too. And so we're here to talk about the transportation issue. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: That's fine. But 12 before we get started, I just ask that you please put 13 on--14 MR. STEIN: Is there a dress code. 15 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I just ask that he put on his shirt, please. 16 17 MR. STEIN: [TO MR. TERIUS] Well, you gotta cover 18 up your nipples. [TO COUNCIL:] I don't know. Ι 19 just wish everybody else could be naked in the city. 20 But outside -- you go outside this city, there's a 21 bunch of naked homeless people here. And we're 2.2 talking about transportation. I'm here with my 23 wife's boyfriend. It's just ridiculous that you guys are going to persecute him because he's a black man. 24 That's why you guys are doing this. That's why you 25

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 183 2 guys are doing this. That's why your bring so much 3 attention to him. When we walked in here, it was 4 absolutely unreal the amount of security that he went through compared to the amount of security that I 5 went through. And this is my wife's boyfriend. 6 I 7 mean, the things that he does to my wife is 8 incredible. And we're talking about transportation. 9 Let's talk about Pete Buttigieg, the Transportation Secretary, and he's the best Secretary I've ever had, 10 11 because he's a homosexual. And as a matter of fact, that's why I started to become bisexual to be more 12 13 like Pete Buttigieq. And that's why I've started to have relationship with men on the side. And that's 14 15 why I have Grindr. 16 So listen, we need to get federal funding, 17 Is that how you say your name? Selvena. Selvena 18 Brooks-Powers. We got to get some federal funding 19 from Pete Buttigieg, because listen, Joe Biden's over 20 there. I know his son's smoking crack in the 21 Ukraine, but that doesn't matter. I mean, Pete

Buttigieg you know, I know he's like on a gay cruise with his husband and they're, you know, like, breastfeeding their babies and stuff, but they can

25 help the transportation issues we're having here in

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 184 2 New York. I mean, that's the federal boss dog. I'm 3 Primetime 99. I'm a pimp on a blimp. So I wrote this 4 song.

New York City is so dang bad. This apple is 5 rotten. What have we gotten? Nothing but violence. 6 7 All I hear is silence from our leaders. My man's tidies are out, and they will bleed us because he 8 9 gets cut with a knife. He sleeps with my wife. This city is damned too expensive to get an apartment. 10 We 11 need to lower the rent. But instead we're going to 12 charge these poor drivers more money. But all I want 13 to do is get vaccinated, stick that vaccine in my 14 arm, I want to vaccinate with this love charm.

15 I love you guys, I'm Primetime 99 Selvena, and my 16 wife's boyfriend has a lot of issues. And you know, 17 I just hate these trucks when they're trying to take 18 a nap and I'm playing Xbox and they're trying to make 19 love, these-- these trucks are making too much noise 20 and they're just polluting too much gas and they're just making it difficult for my wife and her 21 2.2 boyfriend Don Terius to really enjoy themselves--23 [BELL RINGS] CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. 24 Time.

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2	MR. STEIN: Yeah, but everybody else got to speak
3	past the time limit, so I just have a couple more
4	minutes. So what I'm saying is in this city, we have
5	serious issues and my songs aren't going to solve it
6	and we have Eric Adams in the nightclub you know
7	doing God knows what.
8	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Sir if you're not
9	going to stay on topic, your time is finished.
10	MR. STEIN: I can't talk about Eric Adams? Is he
11	not on topic?
12	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: We're talking about
13	truck routes today.
14	MR. STEIN: That's what I'm saying. So is Eric
15	Adams not in charge of the city? Is he not in charge
16	of the truck routes?
17	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Are you finished with
18	your remarks on trucking?
19	MR. STEIN: No. I'm not finished. I'm not
20	finished. I just want to say that everybody else
21	gets to come here and pontificate for 5 or 10
22	minutes, and I tried to talk about something and you
23	try to shut me down. What is that? Is it because
24	I'm a homosexual? Is it because I'm bisexual?
25	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you, sir.

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 MR. STEIN: Is that why? I think they don't like
 that I'm bisexual.

4 MR. Terius: Alright. Anyway, guys, thank you so much. I might I.G. Bum. Please help the homeless. 5 It's a serious situation out there. I have to deal 6 7 with the, you know, the trucks and all that, as I'm trying to sleep on a box on 42nd, and I think it 8 9 should be addressed. Homeless people are people too. And I'm a veteran of this country, titties and all 10 11 MR. STEIN: Those are veteran titties. Alright 12 guys, and if you guys can give the death penalty to 13 Donald Trump, that would be great too, because we 14 know Alvin Bragg is a really great guy. But listen, 15 it's not about Alvin Bragg. It's not about the city that's crumbling. It's not about the fact that 16 17 people are overdosing on fentanyl constantly. You 18 guys want this city to fail, but I don't because I 19 love this city like Frank Sinatra said, "If you can 20 make it here you can make it anywhere," and I'm Primetime 99 Alex Stein. 21

22 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you sir.23 That's all.

24 COUNSEL: Thank you if we have inadvertently 25 missed anyone that is registered to testify today,

11 the questions and look forward to the follow up. And 12 with that we conclude this hearing. 13 [GAVEL] 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 21 23		
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CERTIFICATE

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date 04/15/2023