CITY COUNCIL CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

Jointly with

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

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January 31, 2022 Start: 11:09 a.m. Recess: 2:27 p.m.

250 Broadway-Committee Rm. 14th Fl. HELD AT:

BEFORE: Eric Dinowitz Chairperson

Robert F. Holden

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Charles Barron Gale A. Brewer Oswald Feliz Inna Vernikov Joann Ariola Sandy Nurse Vickie Paladino

Kristin Richardson Jordan

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

James Hendon NYC Department of Veterans Services Commissioner

Ellen Greely
Assistant Commissioner of Policy and Strategic
Partnership NYC Department of Veterans Services

Nicole Orlando NYC Department of Veterans Services Policy Analyst

Denise Maybank
CUNY Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs

Ricardo Garcia Veteran Coordinator Hostos Community College

Leora Shudofsky
CUNY Project PROVE Director

Jessica Agatha Funes CUNY Office of Veteran Affairs

Mervins Vincent
US Marine Veteran at CUNY Brooklyn College

Lisa Carling
Director of Accessibility Programs at TDF
Veteran Theatregoing Program

Vishal Balani

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Derek Coy Senior Program Officer at New York Health Foundation

Joe Bello

Adrian Alfred [sp?]
CUNY Peer Mentor

Renee Cabrera Gonzales [sp?]
TDF Veteran Theatregoing Program

Doctor Linnea Vuario NYU Langone Health

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2 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Hello everyone.

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Welcome to today's hybrid New York City Council
hearing of the Committee on Higher Education jointly
with the Committee of Veterans. Place all electronic
devices to vibrate or silent mode at this moment. If
you wish to submit testimony, you may send it to
testimony@council.nyc.gov. Again, that's
testimony@council.nyc.gov. Thank you for your
cooperation. Chairs, we are ready to begin.

[gavel]

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Good morning. I'm

Council Member Eric Dinowitz, Chair of the Committee

on Higher Education. Welcome to our joint hearing

with the Committee on Veterans chaired by Council

Member Bob Holden, Robert Holden. We're very formal

here, Robert, Robert Holden. Today's Oversight

hearing is on support services for student veterans

at the City University of New York, and before I get

to my opening statement, I do want to thank all of

our veterans who are in audience today and on the

panels, and as well as their family members for what

they give to our city and our country. We look

forward in this hearing to learning more about the

efforts of the City's Department of Veterans Services

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS and CUNY together and separately in recruiting, enrolling, supporting, retaining, and graduating student veterans, reservists, active service members, and their families. We want to make sure that CUNY's programs are serving all veteran and active service member students equitably, including service members of color and service members with disabilities. are interested in learning about best practices and delivering services to this important population and in understanding any gaps in education programs or support services needed to serve this population more effectively. On a personal note, I am looking forward to this hearing with Council Member Holden who has given many years to our city and to CUNY as a professor, and as former Chair of the Veterans Committee I have developed a deep, deep admiration for the veteran community and veteran families. I'm very much looking forward to this hearing. of my staff members read in a news article recently that CUNY's Queens College just finished hosting onthe-spot admissions day for veterans and active service members in order to streamline the admissions process for the current spring semester. I applaud that initiative in theory, and would like to know how

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS it worked in practice. The news article noted that Queens College has a rich tradition of student veterans, including the fact that 70 percent of the pioneer class of 1941 served in the U.S. Armed Forces during World War II. A memorial to those student veterans on the campus quad reminds current students every day of a legacy of those veterans. Let me thank Queens College President Frank Wu for the following statement: "The veterans and military personnel taking courses here bring an unrivaled level of academic excellence to our institution. Their dedication to and sacrifice for our great country are inspirational and sustain our ideals. We take pride in the colleges consistently being designated as a military-friendly school and as a military-friendly spouse school, and are committed to providing support to this community through specialized services such as our Veterans Support Services Office." We look forward to hearing more about services like those at our hearing. And I want to acknowledge we've been joined by Council Member Paladino. I'd also like to thank Adam Starapoli [sp?] my Legislative Director, Jenna Claus [sp?] my Chief of Staff, Christina Yalamati [sp?] the

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 8

Committee's Counsel, Regina Paul the Committee's

Policy Analyst, and Nia Hyatt [sp?], the Committee's

Senior Finance Analyst. And now I'd like to turn it

5 over to Chair Holden to give his opening statement.

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Chair, and good morning everyone. I am Council Member Robert Holden, Chair of the New York City Council's Committee on Veterans, and today, the Committee on Veterans joins the Committee on Higher Education to conduct an oversight hearing on support for student veterans and the City University of New York-- at the City University of New York. The Committee will examine how the Department of Veterans Services and CUNY can work together and individually in recruiting, enrolling, supporting, retaining, and graduating student veterans. Our members are interested in learning about the best practices in service delivery for veterans and uncovering any gaps in education programming and support services for veterans and their families. And as a former CUNY professor myself, and student by the way-- started in 1969, so that's -- you can figure that one out. taught 44 years as a CUNY professor. So, CUNY's in my blood. So it's-- literally. And I'm looking

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS forward to this discussion, you know, that we're having today. It was always self-evident to me that our veteran students had different needs than the average student, and that was from experience. besides having the life experiencing of serving in the military, veterans were typically older than my average student and were dealing with more serious matters outside the classroom. It dates back to-- I had many Vietnam vets in my class starting in the-obviously, in the 70s. About half of post-9/11 veterans say it was difficult for them to readjust to civilian life after their military service. Veterans who served in combat are also more likely to say that their readjustment was very difficult. So, and overwhelmingly majority of surveyed U.S. service members believe that higher education is a critical component of a successful transition from military to civilian life and a vehicle for upward mobility. nearly three-quarters of surveyed service members indicated that advancing education is one of their primary motivations to serve. And with over half listing educational benefits as their top motivating factor. However, the transition to higher ed from military service can be challenging for student

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 10 veterans and can be ripe with obstacles to successful completion of the required degree coursework. many times they couldn't get-- my students couldn't get the courses they needed to finish in timely It did cut off some of their benefits. Veterans must learn to integrate themselves into, you know, socio/cultural context of the campus and its student body and learn to relate to and interact with others in a new less-structured environment and -- so you know, all of this in addition to student veterans, especially those who served in combat, many have to deal with military service related trauma, often in isolation. These challenges can lead t and manifest themselves as mental health difficulties such as depression, anxiety, the inability to focus, as well as behavioral health disorders such as alcohol and substance abuse. So given the demonstrated value of higher education for veterans and their needs, it is imperative to ensure that student veterans are supported with carefully designed, thoughtful and culturally competent services while studying at CUNY. So, you know, I-it's critical -- it's especially critical after the

COVID-19 pandemic which actually made a lot worse for

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the veterans in higher education, while the same time, you know, there was some very huge barriers to, you know, actually getting the resources and services. So I want to thank the Administration, CUNY's administrators, advocates, service providers, volunteers, and any current and former student veterans who have taken the time to join us today. So, at this time I'd like to turn it back to Chair Dinowitz.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: thank you, Chair Holden, and I can't believe I did this. I forgot to mention that I too am a CUNY graduate. I got my Master's and my father was a CUNY graduate as well. I'd also like to recognize that we've been joined by Council Members Barron and Nurse. Thank you, Chair Holden. I'd like to remind everyone who wishes to testify in person today that you must fill out a witness slip. It looks like this. It's located at the desk of the Sergeant at Arms near the entrance of the room. Please fill this slip out even if you have already registered in advance, that you will be testifying in person today. To allow as many people to testify as possible, testimony will be limited to three minutes per person, whether you are testing in

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 12 person or on Zoom. I'm also going to ask my colleagues to limit their questions and comments to five minutes. Please note that witnesses who are here in person will testify before those who are signed in to the Zoom webinar. And now in accordance with-- I'd like to read of the names of the first panel. It'll be Commissioner Hendon, of course, thank you for your service, Ellen Greely [sp?], Nicole Orlando [sp?], Denise Maybank [sp?], and Ricardo Garcia [sp?]. In accordance to the rules of the Council. I will administer the affirmation to the witnesses from the City University of New York and the Department of Veterans Services. Please raise your right hand. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this committee and to respond honestly to Council Member's question? I heard the chorus of "I do's." That's good. Thank you. reminder to all of our witnesses, please state your name prior to your testimony for the record. COMMISSIONER HENDON: My name is James

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: My name is James
Hendon, Commissioner New York City Department of
Veterans Services, and just beginning my testimony
now. Good morning, Chair Holden, Chair Dinowitz,

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 13 Committee Members, Council Staff, veterans, and advocates. My name is James Hendon. commissioner for the New York City Department of Veterans Services. I'm joined today by Ellen Greeley, Assistant Commissioner of Policy and Strategic Partnerships and Nicole Orlando, Policy Analyst. I'd also like to acknowledge my colleagues form the City University of New York who are here in attendance. I'm honored to have the opportunity to speak with you about student veterans, the unique challenges and the services and programs our agency offers to connect them with the resource and services they require to achieve academic success. Since 1944 the Service Readjustment Act, commonly known as the GI Bill, has provided educational opportunities to generations of service members, veterans, reservists, and their dependents. The post 9/11 GI Bill marks a major expansion of veterans' education benefits, which in turn has driven a rise in military connected student enrollment across the country. According to the Veteran Benefits Administration, there were more than 836,000 student veterans and beneficiaries

receiving education benefits in Fiscal Year 2021.

that total, an estimated 23,884 student veterans and

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 1.5 enrolled at CUNY institutions, receive the resources and supportive services they need to succeed. Outreach efforts are an important part of our commitment to encourage veterans' participation in higher education. Our agency works closely with local colleges and universities, both public and private institutions, through our Veterans on Campus Initiative. Veterans on Campus is a collaboration between the New York City Department of Veteran Services, our corporate partners and New York Citybased colleges and universities. The goals of Veterans on Campus include assisting academic intuitions in identifying and adopting best practices that can create a support for student veteran experience, inspiring new transitioning service members and their families to pursue their higher education goals here in New York City, catalyzing and promoting academic resources that will lead to deeper understand and innovation, and ensuring successful transition to purpose-driven lives through educational achievement and viable careers. refer student veterans to CUNY's Project for Return and Opportunity in Veterans Education, otherwise known as CUNY PROVE. PROVE offers student veterans

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 17 institutions of higher education must continue to invest in academic and social support services for student veterans that facilitates sustainable strategies to address the unique issues of returning service members and veterans. Local colleges and universities must be vigilant in support transitioning student veterans through recruitment, enrollment, retention and graduation while also building military cultural competency into the institution. In conclusion, our agency is committed to engaging student veterans and connecting them with the resources benefits, and supportive services they need. We thank you for the opportunity to testify on this important topic and look forward to answering your questions. Mr. Chair and Mr. Chair, separate from my remarks, given the timing of this hearing, I just want to use this forum to make two quick announcement to the veteran community members who may be here in-person and watching online. Number one, for all who are interested in applying to join their local Community Boards, the Community Board application deadlines are in the coming weeks. More information can be found at

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nyc.gov/vetcommunityboards.

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS nyc.gov/vetcommunityboards. Number two, for nonprofits looking to apply for City Council discretionary funding, the application deadline is Tuesday, February 22nd-- 21st, Tuesday, February 21st.

please visit nyc.gov/vetcouncilfunding to learn more.

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7 It's nyc.gov/vetcouncilfunding. Thank you.

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VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: Good morning. Chairperson Dinowitz, Chairperson Holden, it's nice to meet you and I'm so glad you're CUNY alum. And to all of the members of the Committee on Higher Education and I should have said my name first, I saw the look. Okay, Denise Maybank [sp?] City University of New York. I'm coming back to that, but to the members of the Committee on Higher Education and the Committee on Veterans, thank you for this opportunity to provide testimony before you regarding services for student veterans at the City University of New My name is Denise Maybank and I have the privilege of serving as the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs. The committee's interest in and their focus on the services and care of CUNY students is laudable, and I value all that you do and all that you pay attention to in that regard. When we think about what is to happen, I heard Chairperson Dinowitz COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

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indicate that it is either together or separately that I serve with my partner in a commitment to wonder for student veterans. I am so honored to work with Commissioner Hendon, and I don't want to go past that and make it a light comment, because it is with his energy and with his focus that we are able to accomplish so much. I'm accompanied today by those on the frontline of serving student veterans, those best-positioned to offer the narrative and insights responsive to your interest and questions, and joining me in testimony today is retired US Army Veteran Ricardo Garcia who serves as the Veteran Coordinator at Hostos Community College. The most critical voices of our panel are those of two currently enrolled student veterans, Mervin Vincent [sp?], a student at Brooklyn College, and Shakima Wiley [sp?] from Hunter College. Additionally, I am accompanied by the leaders from our staff best in the known regarding our veteran referred -- I'm sorry, our veterans-related programs, Leora Shudofsky, Project PROVE Director, and Jessica Agatha Funes who is from the CUNY Office of Veterans Affairs. These experts are here as key resource support in answering your

questions today. You will hear from them regarding

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 20 specific programs and services made available to our students and the impact of some of those supports on the ultimate success of students with disabilities and who are also veterans. As the largest urban university in the nation, the City University of New York is described as a transformative engine of social mobility that is a critical component of the lifeblood of New York City, an integral part of the University's mission is the provision of services necessary to support the accomplishment of the academic goals of each student. CUNY students deserve optimal circumstances in which to attain their goals, and we support them in having meaningful and fulfilling experiences. We have committed to our students not merely surviving, but to them thriving through the CUNY experience. Who are our student veterans? What do they -- what do we know about their needs and the things from which they benefit? Including in my written testimony is five years of student veteran enrollment data offering the numbers and percent for each of the years by ethnicity. for fall 2022 will not become available until later in the spring semester, probably the latter part of March, and so that is why it is not included.

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 21 Generally, the student veteran population has been one percent of the total university enrollment, ranging from a high of 1.24 percent in 2019 to 0.98 percent in 2021, the impacts of COVID. population is predominantly male and the-- with the gender distribution showing an increase in female veterans from 22.9 percent in 2017 to 26.4 percent in The overwhelming majority of veterans enrolled are in degree programs and the percent of veterans enrolled as graduate students has increased from 10 percent in 2017 to 13.5 percent in 2021. total enrollment for fall 2021, 3.5 percent of students were identified as students with disabilities. By comparison, a closer look at the student veteran population reveals a higher representation of students with disabilities at 5.1 percent. There are many ways in which the university serves offices -- I'm sorry, in which the Veterans Services Offices and the Disability Services Offices come together to ensure the coordination of services for student veterans with disabilities. make necessary services evident while normalizing the engagement of student veterans on the campus so as not to stigmatize. Under the Division of Student

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linking student veterans with the appropriate

resources reducing the negative consequences of

social disconnection and isolation and providing

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 24 social connectivity and a sense of belonging. regularly serves over 1,000 unique student veterans per academic year. The project was funded by the City Council from 2017 through 2021. The vast majority of CUNY campuses have a Student Veterans Resource Center or Veterans and Military Affairs or Services Office that is staffed by full and/or parttime employees. These spaces are meant to serve as a support for student veterans as well as a physical space for them to build community. Services offered by the Student Veterans Resource Centers include admissions support, identifying funding, applying for federal and state benefits, assistance with the VA certification process, help preparing resumes and conducting job searches and access to other support services as well. Our desire is to not simply meet the standard criteria for classification as a veteran or military-friendly university; we want to surpass those criteria by responding to the needs of a population of students deserving of their significance being recognized and honored through the programming and support made available. To that end, we are seeking to expand our offerings with a full complement of initiatives from admissions through to

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 25 In coordination with my partner in completion. commitment and the New York City Department of Veteran Services, we are implementing a deferred admission program under the title Veterans Promise. This offering will allow students graduating from New York City public schools to be admitted to the colleges for which they are eligible and to defer that admission for two years of an enlisted service. Upon completion of that service, the student will return and enter the program of study for which they have been receiving -- from which they have been receiving ongoing communication through the campusbased offices in CUNY Office of Veterans Affairs while enlisted. The Credit for Heroes option will allow veterans to receive credit for prior learning through a structure offering to assess the equivalency of prior learning to the coursework required for degree programs. This offering will reduce the number of courses to be completed and will accelerate degree completion. Within expansion of CUNY online course offerings, there will be an opportunity for active duty military to amass credits toward degrees. The reach of the online options expand the possibility for enrollment, course

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 27 engagement with student veterans is not merely about certification and verification for benefits, it is a-- it is-- nor is it intended to offer a thank you for your service to those who have sacrificed in so many ways to secure our democracy. Our outreach and engagement is about attracting talented and skilled individuals who want to expand their knowledge. our desire is to have veterans as a part of our diverse-as a part of our diverse environment in order to engage mature individuals and influence the development of their peers in a vibrant community of learners. Our programming and support are about responding to the needs of our student veterans in the interest of their success, and our advocacy on behalf of student veterans is bout securing the attention, commitment, and resources necessary to create spaces and environments in which veterans And ultimately become those individuals that make a difference and make the greatest contributions to our society. I want to leave you with a quote from Maya Angelou that says, "We delight in the beauty of the butterfly, but rarely admit the changes it has gone through to achieve that beauty." I believe that our veterans are those butterflies, and we need to

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testimony?

that I am a retired United States Army disabled

disenfranchised community. Hostos is the proud

recipient of the MacKenzie Scott Grant which has

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 31 allowed us to create initiatives that assisted so many of our students. A few examples of the programs that were created because of the grant are Families United, Bridge Tuition Assistance Fund, Educating for Diversity, and the Workforce Initiative just to name a few. These programs have been instrumental in helping students with economic hardships, housing, and food insecurity. In addition, Hostos is also a proud recipient of the Perkins Grant. The Perkins Grant has given us the ability to increase both career and technical education programs. increased faculty and have purchase new equipment for our students. I'm sure you're asking what this has to do with the military population. Everything. of our military members come with an array of barriers that impede their ability to obtain their degrees. From 2003 to 2019, over 4.3 million service members have transitioned out of the military back into civilian life. The United States Census records that from 2017 to 2021 over 24,000 veterans resided in the Bronx. From 2020 to 2023, my office, the Hostos Office of Veterans Affairs, HOVA for short, has proudly served over the 378 veterans, active members and dependents. Hostos was recognized by GI

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 32 Jobs magazine as a friendly school-- as a militaryfriendly school. I'm very proud of that designation. HOVA's mission is to assist veterans in achieving their academic goals by providing them with a strong support system and centralized vet-friendly services. Each veteran's degree ensures a successful transition back into civilian life. Our office provides the academic tools to achieve graduation. Our staff consists of a Veterans Director, a Veterans Coordinator, two VA School Certifying Officials, and a Veterans Internship Peer Mentoring program, which the Council here have funded. Thank you for that. The Coordinator meets individually with each students and evaluates their academic need. Once assessed, the Coordinator works with key departments to create an individualized academic plan that facilitates their academic journey. HOVA works closely with the following departments to benefit the students, and a few of the departments involved in this endeavor are listed below, as you can see on your copies there.

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I'm not going to go through all those departments.

It's quite a few. Additionally, our office has established partnerships with numerous veterans' service organizations that enhances the services we

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS provide to our military community. The Hostos Office of Veterans Affairs has created robust services and multifaceted program that aides all our military cohort. Ultimately, my goal is to strengthen the existing office and its programs to better support the needs of our population and expand on the service

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8 and resources available to our military students.

do this, we will need your continued support and

assistance. Please, be mindful that while we grow and

11 increase our veterans program, we will effectively

12 create a veterans program that will endure for the

13 college's future. Thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. like to note that we've been joined by Council Member Will the next witness please -- before you present your testimony, please state your name.

MERVINS VINCENT: My name is Mervins Vincent [sp?], and I am a United States Marine Corps Veteran. I am a student at CUNY Brooklyn College. am majoring in finance and accounting. I am a Veteran Peer Mentor and Student Veteran of American Leader [sic]. Thank you Chairman Dinowitz. Thank you Chairman Holden for affording me this opportunity to address this New York City Council for Higher

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 34 Education and Veteran Initiative. I am honored to represent CUNY student veteran's population. Originally, I was born in Haiti. I grew up here in New York City. My love for this country and wanting to serve, right after high school I decided to enlist in the United States Marine Corps. After serving in the Marines for about 10 years, I began the transition into civilian life. Many of the adjustment and barriers including starting over with a new career path and also adjusting with life back of Originally I was planning with some friends that I've served with to move to Florida, get a place together and go to college at University of South However, when I was getting out the military, that was during the COVID-19 pandemic. then decided coming back home and being closer to my family and supporting my family was a better choice for me and for my family as well. Since I've always been good with numbers and I have great interpersonal skills, I decided that to earn a degree in business was a better choice for me. Therefore, I decided to start looking into the universities with City University of New York, and I made the decision that

Brooklyn College was the best choice for me.

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Transitioning form a team environment and a regimented lifestyle into doing things on my own was not an easy transition. Since I haven't participated in a civilian classroom setting for years, my academic journey began with Queensborough Community College, and then once I graduated, I decided to transfer to Brooklyn College to major in finance and The veteran centers at Brooklyn College accounting. and Queensborough Community College played a major role within my campus experience. Each center assisted me in navigating the challenges of being a veteran attending college. Since it was my first time being back on a school campus, I received help in the following areas during my veteran's orientation. I received help with applying for the post-9/11 GI Bill, applying for financial aid and additional scholarships, applying my smart transcript from service towards my degree, receiving more information about the different types of degree within the business field, understanding the degree requirements and how to plan for academic success, how to enroll in classes, create weekly schedules, how to navigate the college spaces, staying engaged, as well as to apply for internship opportunities with COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 36 the CUNY Office of Veteran Affairs, and also professional development. In 2021, I applied for VA work study at CUNY Office of Veteran Affairs, COVA. It has been quite an [inaudible] experience for me. During my first year in college, everything was remote. Being an intern at COVA has brought so many benefits and motivating factors to my college experience. I was able to interact with fellow veterans who have similar lifestyles. Interning at CUNY Office of Veterans Affairs for Peer [inaudible] Student Veterans was a smoother transition from military mindset to a civilian sector. I was able to apply my skillset from service while also applying new skillsets. COVA veteran Peer Mentor Program initiate events related to culture competency, mental health, physical wellness, and counseling. Wednesday we hold Wellness Wednesday which challenged me to do more within my community and outreach methods to engage others who do not know how to ask or where to receive help. The CUNY Office of Veteran Affairs have built me up to become a Veteran Peer Mentor at my campus at Brooklyn College. The Veteran Peer Mentor is a program sponsored by New York City The initiative trains us to serve the

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student veterans through providing a smooth transitioning back to college, a sense of belonging through veterans on-campus fellowship and support, dependability and reassurance that the Veteran Peer Mentor would serve as a liaison, referral to mental health and physical wellness services. During my time as a Veteran Peer Mentor at Brooklyn College campus, I have been able to reach out to over 300 CUNY student veterans, and also I have helped to restore the Veterans Club at Brooklyn College. So far, 100 of our veterans can have a place to call their own. Because of COVID, the club previously was shut down. Bringing the club back has been beneficial because now I can testify today on this panel that the veteran population needs a space at CUNY to build its community. By doing so, we have a better retention rate. Being a veteran student has many challenges. Transitioning out of military has been a financial hardship. Right before I was getting ready to transition, I realized that I had to downgrade my lifestyle, pay off my debt so that I could be able to attend college and focus on my education. monthly basic allowance for housing form the post-

9/11 GI Bill has been very helpful. However,

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securing an apartment has been a nightmare within New York City due to the fact that many landlords do not accept the basic allowance for housing as income. the beginning of my school year, I had to work several jobs making difficult to balance employment and school. However, the Veteran Peer Mentor at Brooklyn College and CUNY Office of Veterans Affair income [sic] had helped me balance school and work while also focusing on my studies. COVA provides an opportunity for veterans to work and live in, learn new be mentored while being able to focus on a higher education and succeeding. I want to thank you for this time today to hear our voice. I represent many student veteran voices that need to know that they are supported in their hard work, heroism and disabilities were not in vain. Martin Luther King said, "We are not makers of history. We are made by history." New York City Council have had history made today by leaving a legacy for the next generation of CUNY veterans. Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

SHAKIMA WILEY: Good morning, Chairman Holden, Chairman Dinowitz, and all the City Council Veteran Committee and Higher Education Committee

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Thank you for the opportunity to testify Members. here today. My name is Shakima Wiley and I'm a Hunter College senior majoring in public health, the mom of an eight-year-old and an active Army National Guard Member. I'm here today to share a little bit about my experience as a CUNY student veteran. I became a student at Hunter College in 2019. This will be my second attempt at pursuing my Bachelor's Degree, the difference being 10 years. The first few semesters at Hunter were isolating because I was a part-time student, and most of my classes weren't during the day. So many activities weren't operating at the exact times that I was on campus. My first challenge at Hunter was my interactions with the different academic advisors. It wasn't clear who would assist me and in what ways returning to college after so long coupled with being a transfer student, working fulltime, being a parent to a then four-year-old, and being a soldier in the Army National Guard. I had come to Hunter with a plan to be intentional and urgently needed all the support I could get to see that plan through. When I decided to attend Hunter, I ultimately did so with the idea of becoming a nurse midwife. So that meant pursuing Hunter's nursing

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 40 program and beginning to fulfil the pre-requisites. COVID changed my professional outlook, leading me to declare Public Health as my major. Around the same time, I started to interact more on campus with the Student Veterans Resource Center. Although I knew of the center from the start of my time at Hunter, this was one of the places I couldn't access because of the times I was on campus. Being present in a center gave me a sense of belonging, whereas, being a nontraditional and transfer student had made me feel removed from other students in my classes who were fresh from high school. I started making my way to the Resource Center every chance I could, which helpfully staffed our campus PROVE team. other military students and nurturing a network of support I hadn't discovered at Hunter before. relationships overflowed into my classes and personal Many different challenges would present themselves to me during my time at Hunter. However, I found an invaluable outlet and guidance from the relationship I forged with Leor Shudofsky, the Director and Educational Coordinator of PROVE. became a counselor when needed, a resource navigator and encourager and so much more. As a second-year

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 41 public health student set to graduate this spring, I wholeheartedly believe my unorthodox journey to attaining my Bachelor's Degree landed me exactly where I was supposed to be, that being public health. The path it took me to finally realize the best career route that would allow me to utilize my skills and training from over the years make meaningful changes in my community and feel fulfilled was a challenging path. I'm beyond happy that while it wasn't the traditional route, I've reached my first higher educational goal, which sometimes seem out of Since being a public health student I have learned about many topics and issues that are meaningful to me because of the neighborhood I come from and the different communities I'm now a part of. I've learned a lot about social determinants of health. This knowledge gave me the answers to so many questions I had growing up in Brownsville and Crown Heights, Brooklyn, New York. Now I'm ready to hit the ground running, to be of service again to the places that are dear to my heart. At this juncture my goals include becoming a full-spectrum doula and a lactation counselor to directly support women who believe these services aren't for them due to lack of

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 42 understanding and affordability. This insight come from my focused studies throughout my program which has highlighted the realities, causes and possible solutions for the maternal mortality rate crisis in New York City. long term goals include opening a holistic women's health center and historically marginalized communities throughout New York City, and opening an Early Childhood Education Center to address the gaps in children from under-served neighborhoods. Being unprepared when starting elementary school. Each of these initiatives directly address a public health need and promotes the overall betterment of health for those communities. In closing, my time at Hunter has been wholesome and a supreme delight. Thank you for this opportunity.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And thank you all for serving and for your family. I know your daughter must be very proud. I want to make sure there's no one else testifying right now before I make the mistake again. Okay, we're good. So, I--my first question-- what's that? The definition of veterans, yes, how does CUNY-- thanks for reminding.

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2 How does CUNY in your application process for

3 prospective students defining veteran?

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RICARDO GARCIA: Hello?

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Hi.

RICARDO GARCIA: Okay, great. So, I'm going to clarify on the definition of veteran as far as CUNY's concerned. Any person that has served even just one day CUNY identifies them as a veteran. So if you served one day in uniform, they will consider that service, and recognize you as a service member.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: That's great. You know, one of the-- on the second part, does a prospective applicant know that? Yes?

RICARDO GARCIA: So, I keep turning the mic off. So, Agatha would just--

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Hi, I think you're going to need to be--

AGATHA FUNES: Hi, my name is Agatha

Funes. I'm an Army veteran, and on the CUNY

application when student veterans are applying for

CUNY, it does state on the top of the application

that CUNY considers a veteran at CUNY or intending to

apply at CUNY: "If you are currently serving or have

served in the US Army, Army, Navy, Airforce, Marines,

one day." It's on the application.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay, that looked a little different than what $I--\ I'm$ going to get some emails, because I started an application process for undergraduate. That looks a little different than what's on the website. I would just add that. don't know if the top of the application [inaudible] paper application. So, I would just recommend just reviewing the website. But the second reason I'm asking is because in 2021, about the end of 21 I think, New York City redefined and made very explicit the definition of the term veteran. I worked with Commissioner Hendon on this. It's actually my bill, so I'm laughing to myself. So the term veteran is-can we do something about the feedback, by the way? Is that possible? It's not-- the laptop? Alright, we'll deal with it. It's fine. Oh, they fixed it. Whatever it is they fixed it. So we redefined the term veteran to explicitly include anyone who has served a day at all, and to explicitly state regardless of discharge status, because one of the-and I think one of the important things is explicitly stating it, because as I understand there's a problem with veterans sometimes self-identifying, and part of that might be that 15 percent of veterans who were discharged other than honorable. And my other question is that it includes in New York City-veteran also means a person who serves or has served in the United States Stated Public Health Service or as a commissioned member of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Is that aligned with your definition of veteran?

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UNIDENTIFIED: [off mic]

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay. Is that a conversation that's been-- I mean, it sounds a bit, too, you have frequent meetings, DVS and CUNY. Is that a topic of conversation that has come up?

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: Not in my time [sic]. I'm certain that Commissioner Hendon will be sure to have that conversation with me following.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Right, because as we talk about student veterans self-identifying and being sure that they are entitled— that they know themselves they are entitled to the services that are provided in the first place. I think it's important to make explicit whether or not people applying can self-identified that without any question. So walk

is on the website. They check the box. They do the drop-down menu. They say they're a veteran. 6 7 happens next from CUNY's side?

> Then it prompt--AGATHA FUNES:

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: [interposing] Microphone, yes, please.

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AGATHA FUNES: Then it prompts you to request if you want to do a veteran's waiver, right? And then it would take you to the next prompt that you will be then [inaudible]

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: So, once you're admitted to CUNY, right? A veteran applies, they-the waiver, which is again for anyone who has ever served regardless of discharge status and regardless of how long they served. They get the fee waiver, and they're on campus. What happens next from CUNY's perspective?

RICARDO GARCIA: So, I can speak to the on-campus level. So, once the student is-- goes through the admissions process and the admission teams recognize that this is a veteran, then the

RICARDO GARCIA: No, there will be once

they're admitted. But we're not there yet.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: [inaudible] are you passing notes in class, is that what you're doing?

RICARDO GARCIA: Exactly.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Well, so that's my question. You help them through the application process, and then they're admitted, and then they arrive on campus. They're admitted. They're a student. They're matriculated, everything. What happens? What support then comes after that?

RICARDO GARCIA: So, once the student is admitted, I'll receive an excel spreadsheet from Admissions annotating these are veteran students that have applied, and then what I'll do is I'll reach out to the veteran population that was provided to me by the Admissions Office, and I will get in contact with them and have them come into the office, because then there's a series of documents that we need to collect, for example, DD214, their certificate of eligibility which denotes their education benefits. Then from there we go over, you know, the service members, if they're service-connected and they have a disability rate [sic] to the Veterans Administration. We do the referrals to, you know, the proper offices,

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for example, ARC for disability services and support, and we sit down with the student, look at eh major that they're looking at, and— it's a pretty robust and intense process, but there's a lot of, you know, just administrative work that's being done at the campus level on our end to make sure that the students assimilate beautifully into academia. It

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I like your qualifier, at my campus. That's your qualifier.

RICARDO GARCIA: Exactly.

can be rough sometimes.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: But let's-- I do want to zoom out for a second, because is that a standard practice throughout all CUNY campuses that students are guided through the admission process, and then they get to campus and have outreach from a veterans coordinator on campus.

AGATHA FUNES: Yes, it is. We have veteran-centered directors that also when they're receiving the information that a student has identified as a veteran or dependent or spouse, then the veteran center director conducts a veteran orientation to inform them of the benefits available and also the campus departments like for Chapter 31

2 students which is a bulk [sic] rehab employment for

disabilities, and the accessible services that are

4 available for them on campus.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: So, CUNY pol-- so this is a well-structured position that CUNY central has made clear guidelines of your job is to help veteran students through the admissions process, and then once they get to campus, proactively reach out to them to make sure that they-- to continue their support.

AGATHA FUNES: Correct.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And what do you do at the campuses that don't have that veteran's coordinator? What do they do, rather? I think it's La Guardia and Baruch.

RICARDO GARCIA: So, this is why it's integral to have one in every single campus because what happens is as a veteran that went through that, you know, I was fortunate to find other veterans that were able to guide me and help me. So, what they'll do is once a veteran comes into, you know, to a campus setting, they'll look for a community immediately. And this isn't just for veterans. This is any population. So, once they see a community,

for example, a veterans club, then they're going to go to that community and start asking for support and guidance and help, but if there is a director, a coordinator, an office that established within each campus, that is the critical piece to helping these student veterans assimilate back into academia, back into civilian life, and it really removes a lot of the hurdles that they're going to endure, because it's a daunting process going through, you know, registration, enrollment, applicant [sic] fine [sic],

getting your cla-- for someone who hasn't ever done

it, coming out of the military, it can be a little

intimidating. So that's why it's critical to have

one on every campus, and this is why we need your

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

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help.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And so what do
you-- what do they do? Meaning if you're a veteran
on one of those campuses that does not have a
Veterans Coordinator, is the sort of hope that
they'll find a student group that-- like, find that
community themselves?

RICARDO GARCIA: So, what most students ending up doing is they'll either-- they'll look for a veterans office or veterans representative or

2 | they'll look to the central office, and they'll

3 | contact them and reach out to them, or they'll look

4 for either a PROVE or a peer, a veteran peer intern.

5 Mostly, you know, they'll look for some type of

6 veteran office or veteran service to [inaudible].

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Does CUNY, or can CUNY, or have you considered doing it kind of flipped from the way you said? At these campuses, at Hostos, you have a person who's reaching out to them. At the campuses that don't have the veteran's coordinator, it sounds like you're expecting the student to reach out to administration to CUNY central. Does CUNY central fill gaps when there are, well, vacancies in these positions?

AGATHA FUNES: Currently, La Guardia has a veteran manager that serves as a counselor until there is a Veteran Director. Baruch right now does not have a veteran director. However, the mission of central is that we do engage the Baruch students and we work along accordance [sic] with PROVE also to engage, do the outreach. That's what central is there for where it's missing a veteran's director, central will contact the students.

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management.

2 CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Please state your 3 name.

LEORA SHUDOFSKY: Leora Shudofsky.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you.

LEORA SHUDOFSKY: I'm a Director at

PROVE. One thing to point out is every campus, whether they have a veteran's coordinator or not has a certifying official. So there is a designated person who deals with the GI Bill needs on campus, and that's really important. So, Baruch, for example, has a very longstanding certifying official who will do the outreach because people need to see him in order to get their veteran's benefits straight, in order to get their registration straight. So he is very well-positioned. So he can't do outreach all throughout the year, but a veteran comes into school, he is the person that is

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. I'd like to turn it over for a moment to Council Member Barron who has a question.

designated while he works for, I believe, enrollment

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I just wanted to say, I've been in the

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 55 movements in the United States. So these things have to be said. They're uncomfortable, but they have to be said. America propped up dictators, Duvalier in Haiti, Poppa Doc and Baby Doc, murderers. military propped them up. Isn't that correct? Shah of Iran, the reason why Iranians hate Americans is because when Mosaddegh in 1955 was duly elected their leader, American military pulled a coup d'etat and bought the butcherous [sic] Shah of Iran into Iran and murdered people that opposed him. Somoza in Nicaragua, a murdered, America supported him. In Haiti and Chile, you name it -- Pinochet, the general, a murdered. Chile elected Salvador Allende, a socialist president, and America supported a coup d'etat; took him out. So, you know, I'm sayin' that while we support the students, we got to tell the truth about the role of the American military and the world and stop doctoring it up, and go for the justification that they said they tryin' to stop communism from spreading. They trying to stop-well, let me finish. Don't interrupt. I didn't interrupt you. Let me finish. If he wants you to respond, he'll let you respond, but don't interrupt because you don't like what you're hearing. But the

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bottom line is that the American military had been imperialistic, has been capitalistically exploiting countries around the world supporting the murderous regimes. You're not going to like this. Even in the Middle East, America props up the state of Israel and their role in exploiting the Palestinian people, and they murder children and women and justify it as defending Israel. So, I know you don't like it, but there are different perspectives on things that as we are on the college campuses, we got to look at all perspectives. Everybody has one and that's my perspective. And while I will continue to support the City Council and what they do for students, we also got to say how about the recruit drives on the campuses? I concerned about recruitment on college campuses and even in high schools. They recruit our people into military and because our communities are suffering economically, sometimes the military is the only way out. Or they might consider the best way out. So they go into the military for economic opportunities, for education opportunities, but the fact of the matter is Malcolm X was against it. Martin Luther King was against it. Maya Angelou that you mentioned was against that kind of behavior, and

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2 most of our leaders in civil rights to black power
3 was against the role that the American military had
4 played throughout the world to exploit economies on

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: thank you, so much, Council Member.

behalf of brutal dictators. Thank you.

RICARDO GARCIA: If i--

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: [interposing] Barron, I would just remind everyone here, every Council Member is entitled to speak for their five minutes, to ask questions. I would also remind everyone here that this committee and the hearing is about supporting our students veterans who regardless however anyone feels about the American military, served with honor, and deserve our deepest respect and admiration and support, and that's what this committee hearing, this joint committee hearing here today is for. It's to support our student veterans and to work together to find the gaps in CUNY and DVS, bring to light the incredible work that you are doing that our service member's former and current do, and support them in the City any way we can. I will also note that not only did I not like many of the things you said, that were said, I also happen to

Council Member Barron. Thank you so much for your

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five minutes. I will continue with the questions

about our student veterans.

RICARDO GARCIA: Councilman, can I just respectfully--

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: [interposing] About student veterans, I'd like to keep it on topic, please.

RICARDO GARCIA: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And I understand there are a lot of feelings about what was said.

RICARDO GARCIA: No, no, this-- I-- in no way will this be disrespectful. There's a quote that says, "Love the soldier, hate the politics." And a lot of the things that Council Member discussed are policy issues, not military issues. The soldier, above all others-- the soldier, above all others, prays for peace. For it is the soldier who must suffer and bear the deepest wounds and the scars of war. And that-- for the 25 years when I walked on the grounds of the World Trade Center after the ruins in uniform searching for survivors, I did that out of love for my country and love for the City for New York. When I went to Iraq, did I agree with it?

It's irrelevant. I did what my country asked me to

2 because of my love for the country. And while it's

3 | not the greatest and while it is not perfect by any

4 means, it is definitely far better than some of the

5 countries where I've actually fought in and had to

6 serve.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. I'm going to turn-- I'm going to turn it over to Chair Holden for his line of-- for some questions.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: And so now back to the veterans that we're here to serve and to honor.

I just want to get into and if I have-- Vice

Chancellor, I have just have some questions as to-mentioned that Hostos-- you're at Hostos, and how-- I

just want to-- sorry, Ricardo, just a couple of

questions before I get to the Vice Chancellor. At

Hostos, is it you-- you're the Coordinator, the

Veterans Coordinator and the rest of the staff is
interns?

RICARDO GARCIA: So, no, we have a

Veterans Director who-- our office actually falls

under ARC, which is the Accessibility Resource Center

which is a disability office, and he's our director.

We have two school certifying officials of which I am

one, and then we have Peer Veterans Internship Peer

have it.

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VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: They have a person that is serving as a manager part-time. So the configuration is different on every campus, and they don't have an—they don't have the structure that the other campuses have, but they do have a person [sic].

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Why is that?

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: Some of it has to do with transitions associated with time and people leaving, and you know, not being—those positions not being refilled, because if I'm not mistaken, La Guardia did have an office. Yeah.

Yeah, so it's a matter of turnover and decisions being made about what can then happen going forward.

a friend who attended La Guardia. He's a fire fighter, but he served in the military, and they actually recruited him because they had an office then. That's why I was quite surprised. And he tells me that that program helped him so much in not only raising his income and getting better, you know, better position and education, but he had no intentions of going to school, but he-- because he got recruited. So it's so important to have the

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 63 office, but when I, you know, taught in CUNY the biggest complaint I got, and I did hear Shakima Wiley mention this and I think Mervin's-- I'd like to ask him a question in a few minutes. But many of the veterans couldn't get the courses that they were trying to get. Many of them were working during the day and were attending at night to, you know, obviously get a better job and they had families. they had a lot more-- just like Shakima was saying. She had a family. It was very, very difficult and her advisor, at least-- there was no veteran's coordinator or advisor available on weekends when she was attending or at night, and that was a major complaint I got. So I had to be the veteran's advisor even though I wasn't a veteran. I had to try to fight for my students in getting the course substitutions because their courses weren't available in their major so I had to figure it out. We had a lot of veterans because of the hours of our coordinator or veterans office on campus that they couldn't access, which was I thought ridiculous. said, why don't we do a straddle [sic] program like afternoon and evenings, you know, so they could reach everyone rather than 9:00 to 5:00, whatever. And I

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2 RICARDO GARCIA: I, as a school certifying official, oh [inaudible]

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 $\mbox{ \begin{tabular}{ll} VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: I'm sorry, \\ \\ \mbox{repeat the question, please.} \end{tabular}$

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So, many of the students have— they had these kind of restrictions on, you know, taking a certain amount of courses.

Let's say they had to. If they couldn't get them—let's say the course wasn't offered, and I had to try to do a course substitution, they still couldn't get the number of credits to fulfil requirements or they had to also finish their college education in a certain time limit. I know that PROVE kind of, you know, fixes that a little bit, right? But I don't know if you have to enroll in that.

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: [inaudible]

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Alright, it's

musical chairs. We should get a-- sorry.

DIRECTOR SHUDOFSKY: Sorry, just to clarify, in terms of adding any kind of time in school does not help with that. I want to just be very clear. But I think Jessica could answer the question about the time limit and the credit, full-time credit.

2 AGATHA FUNES: Okay, so as a School 3 Certifying Official, there is a time limit you--4 depending on the VA educational program that you're 5 taking, specifically with the GI Bill, and it also has to do with the student wanting to receive the 6 7 BAH. So a full-time student will require it, like 8 they would want to receive that full-time BAH. VOC Rehab, the counselor does require them to meet their degree plan in a certain timeframe. So, within 10 11 CUNY, if a student is not able to have-- like, a 12 course is not available, the academic advisors, the 13 school certifying official along with the veteran 14 director will help the student find another course 15 that will go a part of their degree program. it's not that a student is like, oh well, I have two 16 17 In their mindset, two years to complete this 18 plan, and I'm not able to get my courses. CUNY does 19 work with the students so they can find a way to 20 graduate on a timely basis. The overall objective is 21 if the student wants to finish their degree within 2.2 two years, less than that, or if they want to then 2.3 transition over to a four-year college. So, each department does service the student so they can meet 24 25 their degree.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Which I

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VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: we could get--

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3 so it's supposed to be red when it's on? Okay.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: It should be

green, right?

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: that's what I would think. But nevertheless. We will get back to you with that specific. I also wanted to address something that you said, Chairperson Holden, because you were talking about when services are not available. That's a part of why we now have a peer mentor program, because students are available to students outside of the regular times an office might be open. So the peer mentor program that's being run through the CUNY Office of Veterans Affairs is critical for that, because it puts them in relationship with someone who has access to information that is important for their engagement. The other thing I wanted to make sure I addressed is the credit for prior learning. That was difficult when you were there and that you had to facilitate and try to help people understand, no, this does What it is they did as a supply chain matter. manager for the service impacts the program that they might be studying in, and so there should be some

credit for that prior learning that happened in that context. So we are now looking forward to formalizing that with our Credit for Heroes effort, using our credit for prior learning process to focus in on what's happening in the military and to apply it as students come in, because it does matter that they get these additional credits to shorten the time. So all of these things are linked in terms of what then happens for a veteran as they come to

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fulfil that time.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So, is there an articulation agreement with the armed forces in any field? Let's say computer programming--

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: [interposing]

You see me looking at the experts, right? Not to my
knowledge, and we will check and see if there is
anything that--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Because

I think we could estab-- if one doesn't exist, I'd

love to propose that, where we could-- we can get the

armed services-- I mean, I can't see-- one student

came to me. They were doing web design, and that's

what this person was doing as communications in the-
I believe it was the Army, and he knew web design. I

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 71 taught graphic design communications. So, web designers would come to us as veterans and they'd say, "I have to take, you know, this basic class or these two classes?" And I said, no, you shouldn't, but it was a fight. But I had-- somebody had to recognize that. I found many students just attending the class were veterans or had computer programming or some other, you know, armed services-related experience. Some had extensive experience, which that's why we need kind of like somebody to evaluate. Whether it's CUNY central to say, you know, you learned this, and they show you their resume and it's a very impressive resume, but that's where we could really help our veterans.

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: And that's the process that Credit for Heroes will offer us, that equivalency and that review of the experiences and so forth to identify credit. The other place that I think it becomes important, the other initiative that I think becomes important is the expansion of our online programs, our courses and programs—

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] That's good. That's great, yeah.

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 1 2 VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: to make certain 3 that even while you're serving, you can still 4 complete credits toward your degree. CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Right. VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: And then have 6 that when you get back and, again, shorten the time. 7 8 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: I think Mervin's had 9 a-- I'd hate to have you get up again, but-- it's like-- we should get more mics over there. 10 11 MERVINS VINCENT: Yes, to answer your 12 question, like when someone join the military, we 13

receive a lot of training and one thing we do have in the military is something that's called a Joint Service Transcript, also known as the Smart Transcript, where all the training that you received, all the schools that you went to while you were serving, you get college credit for the schools.

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Is that only at Brooklyn College you're doing? No?

MERVINS VINCENT: Negative. Yeah, it covers CUNY.

2.3 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: so it covers CUNY.

And also, all MERVINS VINCENT: Yes. universities throughout the country as well. For

of college.

MERVINS VINCENT: Yes, sir. I am currently a junior at Brooklyn College.

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay. I love when he says yes, sir. It just feels—but so how could we—like, what are some of the like—because I did hear you were praising on it. What are some of the problems other than the course substitutions that you thought maybe you could have, you know, helped many more veterans? But what are some of the pitfalls you have in maneuvering through your academic career?

pitfalls was due to the fact everything was remote. I didn't know too much and I was not in touch with other veterans on campus. When I first— I just applied to go to school, and the only veteran I had contact with was the school certifying official over at Queensborough Community College, and through her, I was able to know a lot more, like how I could apply my military benefits as well as the Smart Transcript towards my education, and one of the biggest pitfalls is that a lot of veterans are attending school and they do not know some of the benefit they have

2 available to them, and they're not taking full

3 advantage of it. And I ran into one of my fellow

4 recruiters on campus and I was talking to him, and it

5 old him like, "Oh, yeah, I didn't have to take this

6 class because I was able to use my Smart Transcript

7 to skip the class." And he was telling me, "Wow, I'm

actually in this class right now." It seems like

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] And that's frustrating that you're taking a course that they didn't really -- and they're, you know, may times they're using it-- and by the way, the 36-month issue, that means you'd have to tell your veteran students front load your courses, which is I think a flaw in the GI Bill if they're doing that. Because we should try to change that where-- I mean, why wouldn't you bend over backwards for our veterans, especially someone like you ten years in the Marine Corps, and then you got to really front-load your credits. Even though it may not fit if you're working or if you're, you know, you had a family. That would be an extra burden. And that's what I always noticed, that we didn't really help our veterans enough. We went about 50 percent of the

way. So I think we need to re-evaluate the courses, the course substitutions that we could work on, because that was a major, major battle, course substitutions. I mean, I would lose battling, and I was on the curriculum committee of the department.

So I said I'm giving this person the credit for this class. "Well, we disagree, Professor Holden," they said. We don't think-- because, you know, they only worked two years and I'd hope not [sic]. Field experience versus, you know, sitting in the classroom, there's no comparison. And that's the battle we constantly have. I see you shaking your head with that.

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yeah, I couldn't agree with you more. To your point, Chair, some of the problems with the credit for prior learning is the Joint Services Transcript, depending on your military operational skill, which is the job that we get in the military, you know, for the rest of the Council Members, it gives you a list of credits that are evaluated by the American Council on Education, and then therefore it's transferred into an official transcript which is then given to the college. So, what happens is some of the students

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 78 will come in and they'll want to go into a nursing major, but in the military they were an engineer. Some of them will not allow them to [inaudible], you know transfer over. Now, if they stay within the same field, then a good bulk of the credits should be transferable, and that's where, you know, the process has to be streamlined. Just evaluating what is the student's degree plan. What was the student's military occupational skill? Can they relate and fill in for specific courses. Lehman does a fantastic job with credit for prior learning, Lehman College. They're very well known for that, and they have done a fantastic job with that, and it's a model to be emulated. Our campus does a good job of evaluating and every veteran that comes in. One of the things that we worked with them admissions now, thanks to admissions, we ask them for their joint services transcript when we evaluate their credits. Now, in one of the issues also, because we're a twoyear college, some of the credits will fall into an elective. So it'll eat up all of their electives, and then what ends up happening is when they're at the end of the academic time at the two-year level, they'll have maybe one to two courses left to take up

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Just one other question and then I'll turn it back to my co-chair.

CUNY BA, do you use that? Do they still have CUNY BA?

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: CUNY BA?

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: CUNY BA?

RICARDO GARCIA: Sorry, that's

[inaudible] we're not familiar.

think was around still in 2020, because—— CUNY BA was a bachelor's degree that you could put together your own. So that means somebody comes from the military can say, "I want to do a CUNY BA," which is a—— you guys still get a 100 and let's say 20—— you know, 20 credits, but you could put together your own, you know, program based on your experience in let's say the Marines, based on your experience in life, based on your work experience. You get some college credit. But the CUNY BA I thought was a good option where somebody had dual—— like, dual experience in different areas, whether it's health and computers,

6 AGATHA FUNES: Yes, yes--

it still exist?

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] It still exists, okay.

AGATHA FUNES: Yes, it does.

RICARDO GARCIA: It still exists, yes.

AGATHA FUNES: I did that for Queens College Sociology.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, we-- as faculty members, we had to volunteer to mentor, and you wouldn't get extra pay. You wouldn't get extra time. You just have to, you know, volunteer, and I always volunteered because I thought it was a great program for students that-- especially younger students who didn't know what they wanted to do.

Instead of, you know, going through two and three--they find out in their third and fourth year that they're in the wrong program, and we have a problem.

So, then I could say, then you're going to go to CUNY BA.

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AGATHA FUNES: So, credit for prior 2 3 learnings works-- they're affiliated. And I just 4 wanted to clarify. Sorry. So I just wanted to clarify, the central office for the Veterans Affairs 5 works with the American Council of Education within 6 7 the CUNY Department of Credit for Prior Learning that 8 we're trying to do the initiative for Credit for Heroes to inform students regarding the Joint Service Transcript. So everything is coming into fruition, 10 11 but we need your help.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: I'll help. Sign me up. Well, thank you so much. Back to my Co-chair.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: So, I just-- I have-- it's for Mervin so I don't want to-- You're the rock star today, man. I just want to clarify something. You know, so based on the testimony before, it sounds like CUNY helps veterans with the application process. There's someone on campus who then proactively reaches out to the veterans, right? That's still true? And as part of that, do they go over the Joint Service Transcript?

AGATHA FUNES: Yes.

MERVINS VINCENT: Yes. Over at Brooklyn College, when we have new veterans on campus we make

sure that we go over the Joint Service Transcript with them, and also every time they are recertifying for the new semester, we'll be sure to go over with them once more, and we also show them the website how they can go and put a JST trans-- Joint Service

Transcript so they can apply it towards there, too.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I was a little confused just-- well, from the story you said, because it sounded like you ran into someone on campus who's like, "Oh, I'm already enrolled in this class. I didn't know I didn't have to be enrolled in it." I guess my question is, if all of the steps are happening where they get that outreach, where the veteran student gets that outreach and they go over--and it's through admissions, through scheduling their courses, why does it exist that a student would be enrolled in a class they didn't need to be enrolled in, if it's-- if they didn't need to enroll in it?

RICARDO GARCIA: So, what happens, and I can speak to this because it still happens on—sometimes students don't self-identify, and for a variety of different reasons.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Right.

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RICARDO GARCIA: And they're unfamiliar with the capabilities as Marvin [sic] has stated or the services that are provided to them. And in addition that, sometimes they're unaware that the Joint Services Transcript will fill that void, because they are either undeclared or they don't go to the veterans office to seek the support. And despite the campuses reaching out and some of the veterans offices reaching out, some students are just too busy or, you know, too focused on their day-today and their particular classes they don't really kind of look at anything at the larger picture of what is available to them. And we do an extensive job of promoting this information and trying to get the veterans to utilize all these benefits, but there are some that slip through the crack unfortunately.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I want to ask to more questions, two more things, and then turn it back to Chair Holden. As part of your process a veteran student admitted helps with, you know, the beginning part, is there consistent— from the Veterans Office, not from like the peer mentor— the Peer program, but through the Veterans Office, is there consistent or recurring outreach to the veteran

orientation type thing? Here it is at the beginning.

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You're good. 5

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So, I'm going to speak RICARDO GARCIA: at the campus level and then I'll turn it over to my colleagues to speak at the university-wide level.

> CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you.

So, at the campus level, RICARDO GARCIA: we have veteran orientation at the beginning of every semester to introduce the veteran population to the services, and I am fortunate to have many of our directors participate. They're very actively involved and they really want to engage the population. So, we get financial aid, Ver-sars [sic], advisory units. Everybody comes in and introduces their office and it's kind of like a show and tell. This is who we are. This is what we're doing for you. Then throughout the semester, we engage the students through a variety of different programs that we provide. In addition to the programming, for example, like we have a financial literacy program that's coming soon. We do the Memorial Day programs, Veterans Day, whatever it is

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hours in the day.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And is that— is that process— so it's sound— it sounds like you have a process at least three times a semester, every veteran student on your list. Is that a CUNY central mandate or suggestion that the Veterans Office will reach out to every veteran x number of times during a semester for as long as they are a student enrolled in CUNY?

come every day and I love it. It's great. I just

wish I could attend to them all. There's not enough

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AGATHA FUNES: So, CUNY central Office of Veterans Affairs' vision is to hire work studies which Mervin Vincent also works [inaudible] from up here, and we--

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: [interposing] Says everything.

AGATHA FUNES: We train our work studies to do the outreach through the social media, through events, through phone calls, through emails, because we believe that one-on-one student outreach is more effective. So, in central office there's continuous training on a weekly basis. We give them a list of campuses to reach out to. We also work with the Veterans Center directors, informing them we will be reaching out to your student if they need any, you know, resources, internal resources for CUNY for mental health, physical fitness, nutrition, and outside organizations. So, on our Wellness Wednesdays that occurs every Wednesday, once a week, we send out flyers, social media information that we have outside organizations coming [inaudible]. partnering with many organizations to provide these services. So there's continuing ongoing outreach. That is the vision of central office.

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2 CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. And 3 others, what--

DIRECTOR SHUDOFSKY: sorry, I'll be very quick.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: No, it's--

DIRECTOR SHUDOFSKY: for the campuses that have PROVE interns which there are eight CUNY campuses at the moment, they have consistent outreach. That's part of the mandate of the social work interns, and they reach out on a weekly basis and entire— the entire list. They also help put together events on campus, and we aim for at least 50 percent engagement. And the campuses vary in term of size. So we're very— actually very proud to say that we are 52.4 percent engagement for the fall semester which is, I think, extraordinary, because we're talking about a lot of veterans. And we're at eight campuses, not at all of the CUNY campuses.

I turn it back to Chair Holden, I just-- I ask this I think at every CUNY hearing, and I was reminded because Ricardo said the word promoting. So, I do a lot on my browser. I obviously do a lot of searching for veterans' issues. It's my form of chairmanship,

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 88 obviously for this hearing, a lot of education issues, college issues, that's my current hearing. don't get any advertisement. I just searched, "I am a veteran in New York City applying for college," and CUNY was not advertised at all, and it also wasn't even one of the first-- one of the first hits. so -- and again, with CUNY, this is like a CUNY central thing, I think. It's -- I ask, you know, about every initiative we talk about every hearing. Is there any sort of budget for advertising, for promoting the work that you do to engage more students, more veteran students, more veteran students with disabilities? Because as what I've said, the work you're doing is extensive. obviously want to make it better, but we-- it does nothing if no one is engaged in these programs.

RICARDO GARCIA: So, to answer the question, there's-- the amount of money that you guys provide, we are deeply grateful, but there are still gaps that need to be filled. And there really is-- I can't even think of a number to put on it, because it just-- whatever you're thinking times it times two.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Well, I'm thinking you spend zero dollars. So zero times to two would still be zero. That's--

[laughter]

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I took some math classes at CUNY, so that's why I did that math real well. But seriously, like, you know, I know we have the initiatives, and I think they're great, the council initiatives, but you get varying sources of money, and to some degree CUNY central has a role in deciding where those dollars go. And is there any decision at all that some of those dollars go to any sort of, you know, campaign, public campaign to bring in and attract more students?

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: So, additional resources have been allocated for the CUNY Reconnect effort and to make certain that there is publicity and marketing, and so yes, that's on the trains, and it's general, I realize that. If you see any of that, you know that it's inviting and making the overture for people to come, but it is not specific in the way that you were asking, and we need to go back and talk about it. I think we need to really promote the idea that there are particular

wnt to look over there right now, because he's making

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[laughter]

notes. He's scaring me.

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VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: But nevertheless, I know that, you know, that I'm going to hear something about articulation agreements and making sure that we make that clear about the service -- the Joint Service transcript. I know that I'm going to hear more about how we promote what it is that happens for veterans should they choose to come to CUNY, and together, I believe that we can make that happen, that we can do it in a way that puts the information in the hands of those who need it earliest, and the earliest point possible.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And before they choose where to go.

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: Exactly.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: That's the other-- 2 VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: [interposing]

3 Exactly.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: You know, we've had—this has been brought up on our hearings here today, veterans, workforce development, disabilities of course, online learning. So this is a recurring theme. So I'm sure next year I'll be saying the same thing.

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: I'm going to hope not, because I hope by then we'll do the show you.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Yeah. I'm going turn it back to Chair Holden.

Member Paladino has some comments, but before I turn to her-- and we've been joined by Council Member Brewer. Some ideas on getting the word out, and I've always-- and I've said this in another hearing, and--we had a couple of billboards that were in my district that were peeling for months, and I brought it to the attention of the sign company. I said, you know, you got this- these two billboards on Myrtle Avenue, and I said it look horrendous and it's peeling and it's littering our streets below on a

for, you know, recruiting CUNY veterans to CUNY, or

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COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Good afternoon everybody, and thank you very much for coming. First of all, I want to say you are heroes. You are survivors. You are never give up, never give in. you are the best of the best, and the very fact that you represented our country in a time of need and when it wasn't in a time a need, you need due respect. And you have represented the very best country on this planet. So, despite what might have been said earlier today, I thank you all from the bottom of my heart. Now, we'll get back to-- we'll talk a little bit about money. I'm reading here, 180,000 dollars was allocated from the City Council for Fiscal Year 23 for COVA. Now, that's not really a sufficient amount is it?

DIRECTOR SHUDOFSKY: Not at all.

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Right, that's drops in a bucket. I deal with money. I like to talk about funding and I like to talk about how we can do better. We talked about getting the word out there for everybody to see. Everything costs money.

Nothing is for free. Bob had an excellent idea, and

2 I think we should follow-through on that. But the

3 bottom line is, I think the budget the last Veterans

4 hearing or two hearings ago, it think we said total

5 city budget was 12 million dollars for the veterans.

6 Twelve million dollars out of a 101.1 billion for

7 Fiscal Year 23 is a drop in the bucket. I think we

8 need to do better for that. We need to help our

9 young men and women or middle-aged men and women who

10 \parallel are struggling just to get through every single day,

11 and you Marvin [sic], you were amazing. And Shakima,

12 | where is she?

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: She had to go to class.

14 COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: She is

15 unbelievable. I mean, I sat here and I just wanted to

16 | like-- I wanted to squeeze you both, because I just

17 | can't believe your endurance. You see, this is what

18 ∥ our city needs. This is what our country needs. This

19 | is what our workforce needs, people like you who will

20 | lead by example, strong example. Just the fact that

21 | Bob remarked that you said yes sir. You know, that's

22 woah. People snap their heads back, but that means a

23 | whole lot. And anybody who's fortunate enough to have

you and have others like you, don't understand-- or

understand and value you. You should never be

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 95 undervalued. We have to do the best we can. Now my office in District 19 is a Veterans Resource Center. I wanted to become a Veterans Resource Center when I campaigned for this office, and Commissioner Hendon saw to it that it happened. Now, I've had in my office Tanya Thompson [sp?] and I had representative from CUNY right over here, because I'm in District 19 which is northeast Queens, so our Queensborough, it's right there. You could throw a rock and hit it. like to open my doors up to you to set it up, so this is not just for our older veterans that are Vietnam vets, and we even go back further than that. somebody come in who was 101 years old and had all his marbles. He was amazing just to listen to him But I want to do whatever I can. My office is there for you. Every other week it was arranged with Commissioner. It's every other Wednesday. Wednesday, tomorrow, will be the first one for February, and we are there from 10 in the morning. We have a representative there from 10 in the morning until four in the afternoon. You may want to use my office for people to come specifically for their needs dealing with school. And going back to the original, how do we get the word out there? I use my

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UNIDENTIFIED: [inaudible] in the Bronx.

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: It's in the I mean, we are literally right over the White Stone Bridge or the [inaudible] Bridge. We're a stone's throw. Lehman's College is right there, too. So, we got a great location, and I want you to be able to use my office and send somebody to my office, and we'll do everything in our-- you guys have it, Just let me know if you could work with that Wed-- every other Wednesday would be great. But I think if we start to localize what we can to do the best we can for our veterans who are coming out and need the time and the need the skills and need the help to get themselves on computer and figure out where to go, what to do, how to navigate. office. And I hope other City Council people, members, will be able to be given the opportunity my office was given, and if we could start to localize, I think that will help us a great deal. Thank you very much for coming today, and like I said, you move

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Council Member. Just a couple of-- let's bring up Commissioner Hendon. You're not going to get off easy.

[laughter]

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Up here because I have a line of questioning. Thank you. We're going— we might have to bring you back, but thank you so much. I'm sorry for the workout.

Thank you. Thank you. I'm sorry we have so many great panelists and we got wrapped up with— we don't want to snub you, Commissioner. I'm sorry you were delayed in your testimony. By the way, I understand that you visit other cities to try to recruit veterans to go to school here and live in New York C City?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Yep, that's right.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So you go on road

trips, and--

COMMISSIONER HENDON: We try and attract more veterans [inaudible]. In the larger picture, it's what we do to attract them to come, so they can

be able to enroll in great institutions like CUNY and matriculate and then get great jobs and ultimately

4 stay. And so Ellen went to the Council of College

5 and Military Educators.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: Yep,
sure. So, Nicole and I tabled at this Council of
College and Military Educators last January, and we
actually promoted CUNY Office of-- Special Program
for the Office of Professional Studies and their
online program. And there's a lot of competition out
there. I mean, this is not the only one. I just
wanted to just kind of qualify a little bit. You got
very much into the weeds on how things really operate
at the university--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Could you please move the mic closer?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: Yep.

But there's a whole lot of decision-making that goes on even before you figure out what school you're going to. I just want to run you through, just give me two minutes about it. So, you know, part of it is when you're preparing for transition is what do you want to do when you leave military service. Have I taken the course work to support a civilian career?

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 99 What educational credentials do I need? Do I need to apply to a two or four-year academic higher ed institution? Should I be looking a public school, a public college or private college? Is it a yellow ribbon school, a for-profit school, a foreign school, a flight [sic] school, correspondence in even going back to high school? Will my educational credentials I earned while in the military be accepted by the higher Ed institution? You got into that a bit and it was really an interesting dialogue. Would attending a technology school receiving a certification be as useful? Could I take advantage of the Vet tech provider's on-the-job training programs? Where will my GI Bill's benefit go Will my living expenses be covered by my furthest? Where will I live? Can I afford the housing? BAH? Can I afford the transportation? And as nontraditional student, will I fit into any of these institutions? Is there an active student veteran office? Is there a Veteran Resource Center, and is there a Student Veterans of America Chapter? are some of the very major questions you kind of go through even before you decide what school to go through. And it's that type of assistance that's

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 100 1 really required. You have to be quite strategic, 2 3 because you do only have 36 months and 26,000 dollars 4 to cover for tuition, plus, you know, your BAH. Might I add that one of the major issues is that the 5 BAH differentiates between the four boroughs here, 6 7 versus that of Staten Island, which makes the college of Staten Island a less-favored school because 8 they're receiving about 477 dollars monthly less than the other CUNY colleges as well as-- yeah [inaudible] 10 11 COMMISSIONER HENDON: I just wanted to 12 [inaudible] the question about being on the road. 13 There was the event that Ellen recalled to you last year where folks that is -- to get eyeballs with 14 15 education counselors at active duty military 16 installations. We have about two million people in 17 the military-- 2.1; 1.3 million are active duty. 18 800,000 like myself and those who testified are reserve. And so for the 1.3 million, about 200,000 19 20 leave service each year. So, 200,000 people leave 21 active service each year. Half of them settle down 2.2 in a place they're not from. And so there's Amazon 2.3 HQ factory trying to get these folks to come and live and work where we are, and so we're trying to be on 24

office to feel into the system of having folks come

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: And the great lure of CUNY, meaning there's so many campuses with so many different disciplines and the price is right, I

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: [interposing] No, it's the way that CUNY-- I'm sorry. It's honored-- regardless of where I'm from, I can receive that same rate as someone who's a New York City veteran would receive coming to CUNY. So it helps--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Same rate as a--

COMMISSIONER HENDON: [interposing] Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: as a resident?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Yeah, same rate.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So, if they come from Arizona to New York City, they can get the instate right away.

the issue for us is we're-- so, of the 200,000 who leave active service each year, we've now received information just a few months ago. We estimate that it's about 3-5,000 are coming to New York City, and we're learning more about them. You know, we-- a majority of them are coming to school. We believe that that majority who are coming to school likely

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 103 attend CUNY. CUNY is this -- it is the third largest university in the country. So, we've gotten them to The issue is having them stay. The comment was made earlier today about, you know, how do-- what do we do to convince them to stay? A lot of what we also do, and we talk with the Vice Chancellor, we think about at DVS everything from a fertile environment, you know, that's cultivated in schools amongst student veterans all the way to-- I as able to find a good job opportunity, too. I was able to find housing. So that's the chess that we're playing to try to-- we can easily grow our veteran population. We just got to be as compelling as possible from the live, learn and work here.

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, there are hurdles obviously with housing, the cost of living for New York City. I think what CUNY does is it offsets some of that, and just the fact that you have a lot of good choices. And they still have where you can go-- let's say if you were-- you went to Queens, you could also take course at Brooklyn. So, it was-my tenure was called Permit, the Permit. So, and we used to do that, and that was a tremendous advantage. I even utilized that as a student, because I thought

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 104 a different campus had different selections and something that suited my schedule or where I was working at the time. So I think that's a tremendous advantage. CUNY has so many options, and I sound like a commercial here, but it is-- you can recruit. If you get -- you know, how many veterans are about to leave the service, if you can get that information and go, and go to fair, and I think you're doing that. I think it's a tremendous advantage for CUNY. It actually fulfills. It's a win/win. It helps, you know, obviously helps the veterans establish themselves in private life, and then it also help CUNY with enrollment, because I know retention in CUNY has always been a problem because of the hurdles our students have, always have.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Something I want to flag, too that we're-- we're trying to solve this riddle, Mr. Chair, you know, us and CUNY side of it. It's not just the veterans, it's a veteran family. If you think about the typical person who does leave active service--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing]
Excellent point, yeah.

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2 COMMISSIONER HENDON: you got -- I 3 graduated from high school. They've done something 4 to work one or two year and I joined the military around the age of 20; did four to eight years. I'm roughly 26 years old now. I'm coming to New York 6 City. I've likely have already met my partner, the 7 person that I will start a family with, or soon meet, 8 and so how do we appeal to the entire tribe that that veteran is bringing when they come to the City. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So, the family-- you know, again, that's-- I don't see-- that's another 12 13 area that we have to advertise, the family of 14 veterans can go to school. And are the benefits the 15 same, I mean in tuition or in the length of stay and 16 so forth? The same restrictions of the GI Bill? 17 [inaudible] CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Alright, you have to-18 19 - I'm sorry. That's an important answer here. 20 DIRECTOR SHUDOFSKY: [inaudible] it just depends on what benefits they're using. So, --21 2.2 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Is the 2.3 mic on there?

DIRECTOR SHUDOFSKY: if the Spouse is using post-9/11 GI Bill, then it would be the same.

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS
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     If the spouse is using survivor's dependent benefit,
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     it's not-- it's not as robust.
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Oh, okay.
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                DIRECTOR SHUDOFSKY: So, it's somewhat
     dependent, and it's very-- that' very in the weeds as
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     Ellen was saying. There's so many permutations and
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    variations.
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, but that--
     that's a very important program to-- we could
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     utilize.
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                DIRECTOR SHUDOFSKY: they are considered
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    veterans on campus.
                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: That's great. That's
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     great.
                DIRECTOR SHUDOFSKY: In other words, we
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     count that as [inaudible]
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Alright. That's a
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     very good-- so, let me just get to a couple of
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     scripted questions that we had-- so other than your
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     testimony, Commissioner, can you discuss any other
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    projects you've worked with CUNY on or any joint
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    messaging for-- your agency has done with CUNY?
                COMMISSIONER HENDON: I'll speak to a few
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things and then turn it over to--

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2 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Okay.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: [inaudible] When we look at CUNY, back to this idea of what are we doing to attract these veterans and then what do we do to keep them plugged in and them have a strong footprint here in New York City, a foothold. The-- you heard the Vice Chancellor mention, one of the things we've been looking at is this veterans promise program where a way to say, look, if you have graduated from a New York City high school and you enlist in the military, do two years of active time and a minimum of six years Guard Reserve and have guaranteed admission preferred enrollment to CUNY. That's one thing that we are pursuing with our partners at CUNY. Another on is the tuition assistance program at elementary. This is with SBS, but largely we want any serviceman, wherever you are in the world-- you can be in Germany, you could be in, you know, California, be in the Dakotas, be in Korea-- that you can use CUNY as a remote learning option. active service member has roughly 4,500 dollars tagged to them per the tuition assistance programs. So I'm active service member, then I can spend up to 4,500 dollars in tuition assistance, you know, for me

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So, that's the only option, withdraw from the class?

RICARDO GARCIA: Well, it depends on the [inaudible]

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: You can get an incomplete.

RICARDO GARCIA: Yes, correct, they can get an incomplete, exactly, and then the professor will work--

know these things. Well, I should after 44 years.

The-- but it would seem that we could bend-- we could do a little bit more to accommodate them, because they are serving our country. So I think we-- yeah, we could-- I mean you might have some suggestions. I might have some also that we could talk about because I think we should give them every benefit possible to further their career whether it's remote at a future time, whether it's the incomplete. The only problem with the incomplete, you know, you have until the following semester, like a week or two into it. It

was at that time. I think we could actually stretch that out if we had to, and figure out something to work with the veterans. So there are— so I mean, I think there's some internal things we could do at CUNY. Not the— I don't want to give off your expertise, Commissioner, but there are things we could, I think. Because I— that was frustrating. We had a few students like that. They did have to drop the class, which was— it sets them back. You were fin— I'm sorry, I interrupted you.

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to-- I was [inaudible] keeping [inaudible] not to mention as far as attracting veterans. What we would want to do is tie more of our active service members into CUNY remotely, and the veterans promised to kind of make sure that those who enlisted here from New York City stay within the CUNY ecosystem as far as knowing I have guaranteed admission, preferred enrollment to CUNY once I finish serving my time. And then there's Credit for Heroes that the Vice Chancellor mentioned, just ways to deal with how do we account for all of that experience, all those veterans [inaudible] got in the uniform once they transition into academic environment. And then I'll

committee on higher education with committee on veterans 111 defer to Ellen to speak to this next piece of it which is, okay, we got you here. Now, how do we keep you plugged into our community? What are we doing with our mentorship [inaudible] benefits we offer or the cultural reasons [inaudible] according to [inaudible]?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: Sure. So, a couple of things that we've done just to-- just to talk a little bit about our partnership. Recently, Bronx Community College co-hosted the Veteran Bronx Crisis Suicide Prevention Crisis Management Team with us. They also -- they've also hosted a meeting of the Vet Connect NYC partners which we greatly appreciated. DVS in collaboration with the Mayor's Office, Mayor's -- New York City Mayor's Office to advance New York City. We raised money to provide scholarships for CUNY students to attend the Student Veterans of America national conference back in 2022 in LA. We brought about 26 students over to LA to attend that very special conference. We also have paid registration fee for [inaudible] was the director to attend Student Veterans of America national conference this year in Florida. We-- as we've talked about, promoted the

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So how many staffers at DVS do you have for the education component that are assigned to that?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: Se

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have Nicole who is our on-the-ground person who helps

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to orchestrate, and in fact, maybe Nicole, do you

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want to say a quick hello to your grandfather who

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happens to be a veteran who is watching the program

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and streaming at this time. So we think it's

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important.

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Pull the mic a

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little-- yeah. Thank you, okay.

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NICOLE ORLANDO: My name is Nicole

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Orlando. Like Ellen said, I'm a Policy Analyst here.

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I'm a proud grand-daughter of the United States Navy

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Veteran. I'm also am a CUNY Baruch graduate. Well,

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like Ellen mentioned, I work with the Veterans on-

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campus network, so this is student veterans from

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campuses all over the city, CUNY and non-CUNY, and we

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try-- the pandemic has halted us and now we're trying

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to bring that back, that sense of community back. So

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we put on different events like a barbeque,

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information sessions whenever we have a, you know,

private partner reach out to us, and have like a

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movie screening or something for a play. We share it

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with our CUNY student veterans as well as our other

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student veterans that we deal with. So we're just

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS
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    building up this community back to what it was pre-
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    pandemic, and just making sure we're sharing all
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    resources that we get in real-time with student
    veterans, as well.
                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you.
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    you for that. So, Commissioner, you know, I looked
    at Vet Connect. What happens after a veteran submits
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    a form to Vet Connect for assistance with the
    education. Like, you mentioned -- we have only two
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    people that are a part of the whole DVS veteran
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    schooling?
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                COMMISSIONER HENDON: So, we-- there are
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    35 of us in DVS--
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] I know,
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    I know, I know--
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                COMMISSIONER HENDON: [inaudible]
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: I just wanted it for
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    the record.
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                COMMISSIONER HENDON: Yeah, it's-- there
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    are 35 and you've got Nicole oversees the veterans on
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    campus effort, and she reports to Ellen, so yeah.
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    And then-- yeah, so when it comes to--
                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] And so
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they're the two experts.

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 115
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                COMMISSIONER HENDON: These are--
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Is your
    workload, you know--
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                ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY:
     [interposing] I wear a lot of hats.
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay. Oh, you wear
    a lot of hats. So you're not only assigned to educ--
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                ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY:
     [interposing] [inaudible]
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: That's right.
     That's right. No, that one--
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                ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY:
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     [interposing] Let's not forget about that.
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: I'm not-- you're
    carpenters, too.
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                ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY:
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     [inaudible]
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                CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So, could you just
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    walk us through like once they apply or they want
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    information on Vet Connect? By the way, I think that
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    the education component could be more prominent on
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    the Vet Connect, I think. It was a little hard.
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                ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: if you
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go into DVS--

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2 COMMISSIONER HENDON: [interposing] The 3 website is nyc.gov/vetconnect. And just-- I quess 4 the easiest way to explain it is think of us a as a pizza shop where there are different ways to order that pizza. You can either call us to order. You can 6 7 visit our website to order. You can go to our online 8 ordering portal which is Vet connect. nyc.gov/vetconnect. You can also message us on social media as far as just different ways, or email 10 11 us to be able to see the services. No matter how the 12 service comes into us, it ultimately goes to our Care Coordination Center, our Care Coordination Unit, and 13 they triage and decide what do we do with this. 14 15 the agency we do three things. We either provide 16 referrals. So if it's something where we know a 17 great group that can support the veteran with this, 18 we make a referral. It's synergies [sic]. So 19 anything where we work with stakeholders and make a 20 one plus one equals three dynamic, so if it's 21 something that involves the synergistic aspect we do 2.2 that. And the other piece is direct services. 2.3 only direct services we offer at DVS, Mr. Chair, are benefit claims, helping veterans navigate the--24

whatever benefits they receive at the VA. Working

COMMISSIONER HENDON: We have -- so we

25 got--

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [inaudible]

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Even with dealing with Vice Chancellor, it's about we're selling New York City, and so yeah.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay, Council Member Brewer, you have--

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you. Thank you, Commissioner. Thank you for being nice to my family. First of all, on free advertising— I think CUNY does this, but the kiosks for whatever they are in the streets are all free. I assume CUNY advertises there already, but I'm just letting you know, there's one thing for free and that's the kiosk because I do it all the time. So it is free advertising.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: We at DVS have used [inaudible] have used those kiosks.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Right, exactly.

So I'm just saying for CUNY to talk about it in terms of the military. Couple questions. First of all, is there an evaluation of any of these programs? This is more for CUNY than for you, but I think Ellen knows everything. I know Ellen. She knows

committee on higher education with committee on veterans 120 everything. So, is there an evaluation, do you know, of any of the programs that you're talking about that, you know, in terms of CUNY or others that you're using?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: We're actually working pretty closely these days with—

Columbia University has a separate entity that is—

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing] Pull it towards you.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: Sorry, Thank you. So there's the Center for okay. Transition and Integration at Columbia University. They are kind of our secret sauce in how we're putting together our transition assistance programs series, and they really will focus on that assistance that's needed prior before you select a school. clearly, CUNY has a clear advantage because of the tuition dollar associated with it, and the fact that you can go to a CUNY and then save some of your money to use for graduate school in New York City also. So we're real-- we're real good about trying to get that -- you know, it's that frontloading conversation that you had earlier that's really important. Part of the whole concept is how do you get our folks to

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS
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    be more strategic, okay, and really get the decision-
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    making prior to making that selection of the school
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    because you don't want to waste your money. The
    woman that I'm mentoring at this point, she's just
    about finished with a degree in social work, and I
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    turned around and I said to her, "Okay, maybe I can
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    help you figure out a job because certainly social
    workers are high in demand." She said, oh, she wants
     to be a dietician. And this is after she spent some
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     significant dollars and cents attending Fordham
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     University for that particular reason.
                                              So these--
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     so, you know, part of it is how do you get them -- how
     do you move the curb earlier to really sit and chat
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    with them, and that takes expertise, and you know,
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    again, Columbia Center for Transition and Integration
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    helps--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing] Is
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    that--
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                ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: with
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     that.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER:
                                         Is that a General
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     Studies, I know well then [inaudible]
                COMMISSIONER HENDON: I just want to say,
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    too, Council Member, I'll defer to CUNY as far as any
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evaluation question specific to CUNY. For us, we do have a military family community survey that we've now began to issue, which is something that was, you know, passed in law by the Council, I should say that. We had our first survey which was instituted this last year, and our next one will be within in the next year as far as putting that out, and it'll be in a four-year data rhythm going forward. We'll think through how we can put questions in there that can help us scratch the itch of learning more that can be of value to all of us with ways we can help the community. I just wanted to flag that.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I appreciate that. And in terms of being in New York, housing, housing, housing being a challenge. So, can people stay on any military base as opposed to trying to find an apartment in the City of New York? Is that something that has come up or an issue?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: I'll speak and if any of our CUNY counterparts want to mention—so with the housing at Fort Hamilton, it's privatized housing. And so it's—you know, so anyone can stay there. Priority goes if you have some sort of military assignment it links you to it, but right now

we can try to help triage things. Something someone

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 1 124 said earlier, something that we do, whenever a 2 3 student veteran has a incident where they feel like-and I came here to school. I remember landlords 4 saying I need extra money as far as your deposit 5 because you're a student veteran, I don't trust his 6 7 income. I didn't know at the time that I could go--8 and we tell people look, come to us. We connect them with the Commission on Human Rights so that they know what is and is not acceptable, and then CCR will 10 11 reach out to that landlord. It's nyc.gov/vetrights. 12 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I know but these 13 are harder--14 COMMISSIONER HENDON: [inaudible] listed 15 right now. This is hard 16 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: 17 stuff to try to do, and I'm just-- so there isn't any 18 other military housing except the one Port Hamilton, 19 that's is what you're saying. Okay. 20 COMMISSIONER HENDON: And even-- I have 21 some [inaudible]. It's also [inaudible]. It's So it's on a base, but it's privatized. 2.2 private. 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright. I'm just trying to think of other suggestions that something 24

that maybe as a city we should be thinking about,

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: What we get is-it's a DD214 where--

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing] Okay.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: it just says what the last address is that I want someone to know about.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: That's all we have.

And so when we say the 3-5,000, just based on the

1 past few months receiving this data, that's just 2 3 based on whose put that. So we're running these 4 seminars now that Ellen and Nicole are spearheading where we're having welcome home seminars for-- we're looking at doing four to six of these every year for 6 7 these service members so we'll learn more about them 8 and their plus one's [sic].

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: And these are the people who had New York City as an address before they went into the military or everybody who said--COMMISSIONER HENDON: [interposing] Good

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question.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I'm going to New York.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: These are people who said I'm-- these are people who said, "I want my last known address to be that of New York."

> COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I got it.

So, it could be COMMISSIONER HENDON: someone who-- my mom, this is her address, I'll put it down, or someone who, "I'm going to go to Baruch. I'm going to put it down." What's key on this, this is an internal thing with the DOD, but they are-- We pray that by the end of this calendar year, we won't

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS
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    just know who has just come to New York City. We'll
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    also know who has said, "Within a year, I'll be going
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    to New York City." And so that's some internal
     things going on with DOD where someone--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing] That
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    would be fabulous if you can-- we've been trying for
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     30 years to get that, Commissioner. That would be
     fabulous. Honorable and dishonorable, how does that
    ply and hat are the numbers? Is that an issue?
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    terms of going to CUNY, obviously, not coming to New
     York City is not a problem, but is that an issue for
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    getting into CUNY or any of your services?
                COMMISSIONER HENDON: I'll defer to my
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     counterparts as far as on the CUNY side, yeah.
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                RICARDO GARCIA: So their discharge--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing] My
    husband's a vet, so I listen to all this stuff at
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    home.
           Go ahead.
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                RICARDO GARCIA: So, Councilwoman, the
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     discharge status is irrelevant when you come into
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     CUNY.
           So, we don't look at that.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay, alright.
                CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Which they're
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going to make explicit on their website.

RICARDO GARCIA: Very possible.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Final question is

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just-- we got a lot of homeless. I think I've managed to get 135 of them in, 100 in 330 West 95th Street. So I work with them all day long. How-- I mean, when they're coming to New York, sometimes they end up homeless, right? How do we get them into your system as opposed to into the shelter and the other alternative? Is that something that you're working on? People end up homeless, veterans. We don't want them to be homeless. We want them to have an education, etcetera. Particularly, for some of the younger ones, how do we get them-- how are you focused on trying to get them into an educational track as opposed to the-- or maybe a lot of them are at Bellevue and at CUNY, just like so many others. I'm trying to see how CUNY and homeless can work together.

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: So, we have-there's a-- just to start with the data. The most
recent point in time counts 482 homeless veterans in
the City of New York, just to put it out there.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: You're talking
about in the shelter system?

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Yeah.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: As far as shelters, and that's shelters, and that's eight street homeless.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Right.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: And then the remaining balance of 472 in the shelter system. Right now we're actively -- make sure I got this name. We're working with our partners within government to see if we can identify more veterans who are in the different services and systems that the City uses. There's a portal the VA has called Status Query and Response Exchange System, SQARES. It's a VA web portal whereby you can enter someone's basic information and it comes back and says is this person a veteran or not. And so we're in active talks, you know, with our peer agencies about what can we do to enter this information. Nothing's reported to the VA, so you can maintain data integrity, so that you can know who you have out of all who may be in say the shelter system, or out of all may be using Health + Hospitals or maybe all who maybe within the ACS system.

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Who are the veterans here, because not everyone's selfidentifying? And so we want to take that data and hopefully we get to a place where we can know who's in the system and then better help them. And there's something else I had to mention, you know, on the self-identification point some things were said earlier. I just want to say that let's not forget many of our veterans do not self-identify and there's several reasons why. One of those reasons can be simply the fear of my own community looking down me, saying things that may be painful to me. And so I just want to acknowledge that as far as what we're up against with-- even the numbers with CUNY, the-- I--I don't believe they know who all the student veterans are, nor do we, because you could have someone who's not using their GI Bill benefits but going to CUNY. They can say, "Look, I wnt to save my benefits for my kids. So I'll be the typical students you see who's a-- who's working fulltime and going to CUNY, and it not show up." And so that's-- you know, as much as we may ask a question, and you couple this with knowing that roughly-- you know, you see me that two to three

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I think--

COMMISSIONER HENDON: [interposing] Not at all-- nothing at all against my friends at CUNY or any--

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing] No,
I agree. I just finally-- so I assume that the people
who are homeless, the 400 and something are leaving
money on the table essentially, if they could be
using it for education. So,--

COMMISSIONER HENDON: I'll start and then I'll defer to anybody else on it. So, it's-- yes, you know, could say that. I mean, we're running the numbers looking at the-- VA puts a gross domestic expenditures report out saying here's how much money's coming to New York City.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Right.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: From the veterans who are here. You estimate it's roughly 42,000 that each veteran brings in. It's just federal benefits.

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I'm aware.

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: by plugging in the- you know, so--

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing] I know all about those benefits.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Yeah, and so it's-that's one way to look at it. Another way to look at it is we're working hard to try to identify people so they even know about all that's available to them. We have people who are worried about taking the benefits. Another example, many of our vets don't even know there's a state scholarship program just for combat veterans with honorable discharges, where the state will pay up to eight semesters of undergrad, six semesters of grad school, or six semester equivalents of vocational training. It's a veteran tuition award program. Many of our people don't even know, and so a lot of our workers try inform vets about all these things so they can take advantage. Someone said something about, you know, my peer didn't even know about the Joint Services Transcript. You know, it's like this I something we're trying to scratch the itch on, Council Member.

may be eligible for education benefits.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: No, I understand. RICARDO GARCIA: And then in addition

that, depending on the specific veteran, they may not have access to those education benefits, because of their time of service [inaudible].

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay

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RICARDO GARCIA: And those are some of the key issues that we face in addition to that. As far as the services that are provided, the Veterans Administration has a very strict criteria to their definition of homeless. So to them you literally have to be homeless on the street, not in a car, not in someone's couch. Even though you're homeless, you have to be literally on the street, and that's their complete definition before they get involved, and it's a really grueling process. They go through the social work. So it takes months, maybe two or three months before an individuals can get something stabilized, but as far as the education benefits, most post-9/11 era veterans are recipients of this very lucrative GI Bill.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Yeah.

RICARDO GARCIA: Any one prior to that, the GI bill is not as, you know, as bulky financially as this new way is. And that, you know, is part of the problem. For those that are post-9/11 era veterans, they definitely have a significant amount of money that will be at their disposal if we could get them stabilized, you know, in secure housing. I

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 135 worked with this not only at my college level, but also in the Bronx.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright, thank you very much.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: And I just want to say, just an opinion, form what you said that exchange about homeless veterans. It isn't just about veterans, I think we've seen this echoed in the non-veteran community as well where many of our veteran female parents may be couch surfing, may be in spots where they're not in the shelter and we're not seeing them. So it's about how do we even identify this group, too, because female veterans is the fastest growing demographic in our community, and we want to be able to treat them. Yet, you know, if you've got that child and you may be staying with someone but you need the help because you are check to check and you're keeping your head above water. You literally are couch surfing for all intents and purposes. How do we find you? That's something else we're-- we're internally, you know, thinking about.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you very

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2 CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: So, I have one 3 more question, and then we'll move on to public 4 testimony, or one more set. And first, just to 5 recap, it sounds like there's a lot of confusion on the front end, right, which is veterans having access 6 7 to programs at CUNY, right? That advertising piece. 8 But then once they get to the application process, it sounds like there are some veterans who feel as though if they say that they are a veteran they will 10 11 be required to use their GI benefits. That's what it sound like you said in your testimony, Commissioner? 12 13

it-- you got two different things happening at the same time, Mr. Chair. One is, many of choose not to self-identify. I wish it weren't that way, but many of us choose not to self-identify. Then you've got folks who say look, I-- let me hold onto my-- I want to-- I'm going to give my benefits to my kids or pass it on to a spouse, something like that. And so let me just work and then go to school and someone wouldn't-- simply, we just-- it just not be on our radar because of that.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: But irrespective of-- let's say they would otherwise identify, but

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Yeah, I don't think that's it.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay.

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- yeah, I don't think those who-- that's--

COMMISSIONER HENDON:

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: [interposing] Okay.

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I don't think that-

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: They're not linked

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Yeah, no, thank

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as far as-- I understand what you're saying.

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you for clarifying that. And the-- I guess my last

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question is, I understand that there's work done

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together between DVS and CUNY. But what sharing is

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there, or are you even allowed to share information

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about students so that there's a continuum of

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services. So there's a students who identifies as a

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veteran at CUNY is not suddenly left in [inaudible]

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their degree or certification, and they can continue

after they graduate or get their-- you know, get

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to receive benefits and information from our city

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agency, the Department of Veterans Services.

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: Currently, we don't

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have a data sharing agreement in place, but you asked

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a great question. It's something we'll definitely

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discuss offline. I can tell you our main focus right

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now, we're working a data-sharing agreement with the

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speaker's office for the City Council so that all of

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2 | the City Council Members will receive the constant

3 [sic] information for the veterans who are in their

4 district and that's in real-time. So we've been

5 knocking that out. We've also been doing data-

6 sharing agreements with our peer agencies. We

7 haven't had a discussion with CUNY yet, but we will.

And I appreciate you for flagging that.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Yeah, I would-and I understand since we first met, I know you've been working with the city agencies. You know, I recognize student information is certainly a lot more complicated than otter inform ton from city agencies with non-students or adults, but again-- and CUNY's also not really a city agency, so I recognize the complication, but I think if we're truly going to support our vets, our veterans, that in that intake process, much as we do in the city agencies, there should be some sort of question about sharing with DVS, and I would imagine that if someone said they do want assist -- you know, free housing or financial support for housing, all the other wonderful benefits DVS provides, that may be incentive for some of those students to self-identify as veterans. And I would imagine who may be some students who don't know why

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them.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: so,

there are several— several CUNY colleges that are on

our Vet Connect system already, so there is a sharing

that does occur between— for those that get referred

to us from CUNY, a lot through PROVE, actually. They

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: We need more chairs, that's what we need.

are-- so that is-- it is happening.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER GREELEY: Here here Agatha.

AGATHA FUNES: Okay, so we have FRPA
[sic]. So, there's information like certain personal information that we cannot do the data sharing.

However, we can refer students to DVS if they need resources, but we cannot share students' information like social security numbers. If the student is not willing to divulge that information. So FRPA does not allow CUNY to provide that information.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: No, I certainly understand and want to obviously respect the law and the intent behind the law, which is why it was really

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 1 141 2 about putting it as a question on the application, 3 which you know, you're not going to automatically share. Which is to say are you a veteran? Great. 4 You know, what was your -- whatever -- active, reserves. Should we with your consent -- you're 6 probably 18 and older if you're in college or if you 7 8 were in the armed services, you're certainly above 18-- with your consent share this with DVS to provide you more services. And I think that is 10 11 certainly some -- I would encourage you to explore to 12 really provide our veterans with all of the benefits 13 to which they are entitled, and to provide DVS with some of that information that they're craving, which 14 15 is to identify as many of the veterans in New York 16 City as possible. Okay. With that, wrap up this 17 section of the hearing. I want to thank you all so 18 much for your testimony, and especially the students 19 and the service members who testified today. We're 20 going to move on to our public testimony.

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: I just have one gift to give. I did--

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: [interposing] It can't be more than 50 dollars.

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2 VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: Don't worry.

3 It may be five cents per page. It's a dataset.

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that.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: OH, wonderful.

VICE CHANCELLOR MAYBANK: the latest [inaudible] of veterans. I thought you might want

and a number of the committee members were asking about that. Thank you so much. Alright. I've been informed by the Ser-- from the Sergeant of Arms we'll have two minutes for public testimony, plus additional time for Council Member questions. Three minutes. Three minutes. Alright, so our first panel is Joe Bello, Derek Coy, Lisa Carling, and Vishal Balani. You can step up to the table. And again, before you testify, please state your name. Vishal? Would you like to start off? Sure. So let's go to Lisa. I read left to right.

LISA CARLING: good now? Okay. Whoa.

My name is Lisa Carling. I am Director of

Accessibility Programs at TDF. Many thanks to Chairs

Holden and Dinowitz and members of the Higher

Education and Veterans Committees for providing me

this opportunity to testify. TDF is the nation's

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 143 largest performing arts service organization dedicated to the audience. Previously known as Theater Development Fund, TDF brings the power of the performing arts to everyone, including veterans. theater going program began in 2017 thanks to support from the Committee on Veterans. Fast facts since then: distribution of 4,000 tickets, discounted tickets, to city veterans and their families; admission at no cost to 53 different Broadway and off-Broadway shows; accessibility accommodations for any vets with vision, hearing, mobility loss, or PTSD; talk backs after each performance when possible; ticket distribution partnerships with over 50 veterans service organizations throughout the five boroughs. CUNY Office of Veterans Affairs is our largest ticketing partner. CUNY has distributed 550 program tickets to some of its roughly 3,000 student vets since our program began, and giving them the opportunity to enjoy some of Broadway's most popular shows like the Lion King, the Book of Mormon, as well as Radio City Christmas Spectacular around the holidays. During the pandemic, with free Broadway HD memberships, Luis Soltero [sp?] from Lehman College and Rob Timmins [sp?] from New York City Tech

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 144 moderated discussions for us, keeping the veterans community connected, especially the CUNY events. appreciate the Committee on Veterans' support for our programs here, and I hope you can join us for one of our spring shows. But the decreased funding had direct impact on over 200 veterans, many of them CUNY vets. Their being our largest partner with its long wait list for tickets. We sincerely hope you could please restore the 22,000 cut from our allocation so we can help bring more of the healing power of the performing arts to our city's veterans, especially CUNY vets. In closing, here's feedback from one of our program participants, "My mother recently passed away from cancer, and as a female veteran, the Beetlejuice play really helped me put my emotions and thoughts into a better perspective. As a female veteran, theater is a perfect place, even on a Sunday afternoon to let go, enjoy the moment, feel like part of a community, and let go of negative emotions and grow." End of quote, thank you. CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Alright. Vishal? Alright. You're not going first, don't worry.

VISHAL BALANI: I'm not.

first anymore. Alright, I'm going to try to keep

I am not going

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 145 this as very short as possible. Thank you. My name is Vishal Balani. I'm a resident of Floral Park in the Queens section, so northeast Queens. Thank you to the Committee Chairs and Council Members, staff, and the veterans who are here today. Today's hearing on veterans hits very close to home. A valued mentor and former tennis teaching colleague of mine served in active duty during Vietnam, and asked me not to share his age during today's hearing, but completed his bachelor's degree over the recourse of six years, over 15 years after the completion of his service. cannot add insight with regards to veteran's services in exceeds of what has been presented here today by the many thoughtful speakers who have proceeded me. I'm here today to note my belief that-- and that of many others in the City of New York, that integrity and ethics must underpin debate about those challenging issues that we face. I have the misfortune of living in New York's Third Congressional District, which means that as of January 3rd, my representative in Congress has been Mr. George Santos, also known as Anthony Devoler, among many other aliases. It would not be a stretch to say that this individual who fabricated among many

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 146 other things the idea that he attended both Baruch College and New York University, would not be suited to au pine on any of the issues in front of the committee today. However, one of his strongest supporters and someone who still refuses to call for his resignation continues to sit on this panel today, an attempt at normalcy that is profoundly shameful. Councilwoman Vickie Paladino campaigned vociferously with Mr. Santos and was one of his earliest supporters. Other low lights of this parade of horribles include fictional attributions of his grandparents escaped from the horrors of the holocaust, his mother's death on 9/11 and the subsequent death of hers due to 9/11-related cancer, and the disgusting theft of 3,000 dollars from a disabled homeless veteran that was designated for life-saving surgery for his service dog. Sapphire, the veteran's longtime friend passed away, driving the veteran Richard Ostoff [sp?] to experience severe suicidal ideation and forced him to panhandle to raise money for cremation. This seemingly consciousshocking fact has not phased Councilwoman Paladino. At a meeting of the group of which she is President, the White Stone Republican Club, she doubled down on

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your -- sorry, you can start the time over. Is the mic

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DEREK COY: Check. How's that?

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: It's good.

DEREK COY: Thank you Chairperson Holden, Chairperson Dinowitz and members of the Committees for the opportunity to testify today. My name is Derek Coy and I'm a Senior Program Officer at the New York Health Foundation. I'm also a former Sergeant in the United States Marine Corps, veteran of the Iraq War, and as a proud graduate of the City College of New York, a product of the CUNY system. Understanding in addressing the health-related needs of New York's veteran population is a fundamental part of my role at the foundation, so I hope that both my personal and professional experiences provide insight to guide and inform the work and knowledge of these committees. The overwhelming majority of veterans rather transition rather smoothly out of the service and back into communities like New York City once their time on active duty has come to an end. Yet, many veterans like me do face unique challenges after transitioning out of the military that can intensify if left unaddressed, including issues with mental health, substance abuse, financial

instability, and suicidal ideation. Student veterans

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 149 are of course no exception. In my written testimony I shared more background information on the characteristics of student veterans, statistics about suicide and mental health and some of the promising programs in place to meet the needs of student veterans. I want to use my time here today to tell you more about my own experience as a student veteran at City College. There was no singular cause or solution to my challenges as a student veteran. Years of unaddressed trauma and substance abuse issues rendered on-campus counseling resources inadequate. They were simply ill-equipped for the complex services I required. Delays in the GI Bill payments that I received forced me to live my entire first semester without income. So after constantly choosing between paying rent, buying food, and supporting my substance abuse in one of the most expensive cities in the world, my mental health worsened as I teetered on the brink of homelessness. The task of seeking out individual services for each issue and navigating resources while I was attempting to further my education became an unbearable burden. Had I had access to comprehensive coordinated services in one location, my time as a student

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

2 veteran would have been drastically different.

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York City's Department of Veterans Services operates

Fortunately, things are much different today. New

5 as a consolidated resource center. There are dozens

6 of community-based organizations student veterans can

7 access at no cost to them, which simply didn't exist

8 when I was in grad school, and we have a much better

9 understanding of the unique issues that veterans

10 | face. But more work still needs to be done to ensure

11 | that student veterans have access to the services

12 | they need without feeling overwhelmed as they pursue

13 | both higher education and improved health. First,

14 | access to culturally competent services on campus is

15 paramount. We must meet veterans where they are.

16 | Second, on-campus resources need to be able to

17 seamlessly refer veterans to physical and mental

18 | health providers in the community if that's what they

19 prefer. And finally, providing access to peer

20 mentors when clinical services aren't required has

21 | been proven effective and can greatly help veterans

22 | if they need a trusted advisor who can help them

23 | navigate student life and other challenges they may

24 encounter. It is my hope that I with help the

committee and other people testifying today can make

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

2 sure that veterans who choose to pursue higher

3 education will have it easier than those who came

4 before them, and I look forward to serving as a

5 resource for the important work that you all do to

JOE BELLO: Thank you.

6 ensure that that's the case. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I didn't even need to reset the clock. You had the extra time to go.

Thank you, and thank you of course to you and your family for your service and commitment to this country. And last on this panel is Joe Bello.

Thank you.

Chairman Holden, Dinowitz, members of the Veterans and Higher Education Committee, thank you for giving me the opportunity to testify. It's good to see you all. As we know, CUNY is the third largest university system and has oen of the most diverse student bodies in the United States. Because of this, one of the primary missions of CUNY is to serve as a vehicle of upward mobility of the disadvantaged in New York City. This is particularly relevant for veterans. As we know, veterans tend to have high earnings and lower unemployment than non-veterans once their transition from active service is complete. Higher education is a major part of that

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 152 transition. This hear marks the 15th anniversary of the signing of the GI Bill into Federal Law, as well as the 10th anniversary of the CUNY Veterans Taskforce which was convened to address the needs of student veterans and examine CUNY's practice while developing recommendations to improve the experience for its student veterans. In its 2013 report, the taskforce acknowledged that CUNY was uniquely positioned to offer returning veterans an opportunity in higher education and stated that the number of veterans and military personnel applying and studying at CUNY was predicted to grow larger as the conflicts in Iraq and Afghanistan draw down. So why then doesn't CUNY today have better, equal, and a more robust support system for its student veterans? There are several reasons. As I've often said, CUNY is like a kingdom. The Chancellor sends its directors and policies to the nobility, which is the College Presidents. The colleges receive these directives, but unfortunately, dependent upon each president, we've seen over the past several years little has been accomplished depending on each campus. As a result, as I said in the Gotham Gazette article back in 2016, as a consequence, the more

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at La Guardia Community College for almost 15 years,

and I was the Director of the Veterans Upward Bound

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 154 Program at one time. This leads to one of the fundamental problems with instituting policies to provide services, the need for personnel to carry it. It was testified today that the number of veterans attending CUNY was increasing up until the pandemic, but the number of staff at CUNY Central Office of Veterans Affairs stayed at one person, not including interns, until this just past November. Now with two personnel, this continues to be unacceptable and a strain on those working to provide information regarding services and resources. I thought it was very interesting that the Vice Chancellor needed experts in the veteran's space, but she's been overseeing COVA and has been there at CUNY for over two years now. It also hinders CUNY's ability to look in on the campuses to make sure they're carrying out policies and have adequate baseline services for student veterans. So because of the lack of personnel and the lack of oversight, CUNY colleges are a hodge-podge of services for veterans with some campuses doing well and others having the bare minimum, all based on each campus Administration's regard towards veterans. This makes the Council's veterans initiative funding to CUNY for its veterans

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2 peer-to-peer across the campuses so important,

3 because you could imagine and you heard testimony

4 today what the campuses would look like without that

5 | initiative funding.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Can you try to wrap it up. The time is--

JOE BELLO: I'm wrapping it up right now.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you.

JOE BELLO: So the cost of living-again, as the Commissioner testified, the money is provided over 600 million in federal funding to the local economy through the GI Bill. however, the Pugh Research Center recently released a study that showed living costs have become the dominant component of a cost of attending college, as was said here, older veterans juggling financial institutions, higher cost of housing, caring for other family members, and even childcare. As a result the Pugh Institute has stated that many are now having to borrow or take loans to cover living expenses. As a result of the pandemic and the lack of affordable housing and the cost of living, many active duty members and student veterans are choosing to find better, more affordable, and friendly states to come home. In 2016, student

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 156 veterans came before this council to share what was going on in their campuses and what services were They wrote an op-ed in the Gotham Gazette. needed. I've enclosed it with testimony as it is still relevant today as it was then. In conclusion, as we begin the Fiscal Year 24 budget, more resources and funding need to be devoted towards CUNY's Central Office of Veterans Affairs so they can better support student veterans and make sure all the campus services meet a standard of service. I would also propose Chancellor Rodriguez create a new veterans taskforce to review the past decade, see what has worked, what has changed, and what we need in the future, and I would recommend not funding Project We funded them for five years, and as the former Citywide Veterans Director, I have some insights on that. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Joe. I have a couple of questions. now, you know, I like the fact that, you know, that we should have veterans offices at every campus, on every campus at CUNY.

That is, to me, paramount. And I think, you know, we are talking to increasing the veterans budget for multiple agencies, and I like the idea of-- you know,

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talking to the Chancellor and I would definitely commit to that from my committee, to fire off a letter saying that any increase in support from my committee for funding should have dedicated strings attacked almost, I would say, that you must create an office in— a veterans office in every campus, on every campus, and that it will increase funding only if that happens, and I think that's a very, very good idea, and I think nobody could disagree with that, especially in CUNY. If we're going to back our

JOE BELLO: [interposing] Yeah, again,
this goes back to what I-- like, recently Councilman
Dinowitz had an anti-Semitism hearing, and you know,
there was pressure on the Chancellor, so the
Chancellor made the pressure on the Presidents to
make sure that the policies and regulations regarding
anti-Semitism were in place and carried out. We need
the same thing for veterans.

veterans, then let's be consistent. Let's not have--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Just a question on my own education. On Baruch, let's say, what-- have they changed Presidents or what happened?

JOE BELLO: They changed Presidents, but even during the changing of Presidents they haven't--

2 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] It's

3 still consistent?

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What they did was—— Vice Chancellor Maybank's predecessor tried to put a leads and veterans person, leads being disabilities, and the work was just so overwhelming. That individual wind up quitting and they wound up never replacing that person in that office. And again, there should be a standard veterans coordinator and a standard person that's doing the financial aid, not some of these counselors—— some of these coordinator's directors are doing that as well.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay. Derek, I'd like to talk to you, give you my card after the hearing, and just I'd like to pick your brains, because obviously you have-- you have some very, very good insight as to how we can improve certainly helping our veterans inside the college campus. So, please--

DEREK COY: [interposing] Be happy to be a resource, absolutely.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, if you have-yeah, certainly. And Lisa, the arts saved me. I came

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS
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     from the arts, and it gave me purpose. It gave me a
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     focus, and it made me feel that I was pretty good,
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     like I was-- I had something to offer, and that's how
     I had a career in the arts, so I understand that, and
    we will focus on definitely restoring funding and
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     then some. Because I believe-- going to a play can
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     change your life, and I see you have some background
     in the theater because of your testimony, the way you
     did that. But thank you so much for your testimony.
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     We'll talk also about that. Thank you. Thank you,
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     all.
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                CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. Our
     next panel is on Zoom, and the panel is Adriana
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     Alfred [sp?], Renee Cabrera Gonzales [sp?], Doctor
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     Linnea Vaurio, and Alex Stein was signed up, though.
     I'm not sure they're on Zoom anymore. Okay, if you
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     can unmute Adriana Alfred.
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                ADRIAN ALFRED: Yes [inaudible] Can
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     anybody hear me clearly?
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                CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: We hear you great.
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                ADRIAN ALFRED: Okay, I just want to say
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     greetings to the Chairman, the Committee Chair, and
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especially Lisa, Vice Chancellor, and all the

Committee Members, and all the veteran students.

My

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 160 name is Adrian Alfred. I'm a retired Army veteran. I'm a graduate student from Central Texas College, Kingsborough Community College, and I'm currently at John Jay College. I've-- I don't want to-- what I want to say, I do appreciate every conversation when it comes towards veterans, both in the military and out of the military. And I also want to compliment Ms. Lisa for the great work she's doing an allowing me to be a part of the CUNY Central Office, the Peer Mentorship of Students. A little bit of what I do as a Peer Mentor, I'm responsible for 125 students in Kingsborough Community College. And the important work that Peer Mentors do helps these students to stay in college and feel welcomed home [sic]. As one of the gentleman mentioned, I don't remember his name, with veterans communicating with other veterans it brings a sense of welcomeness and calm to these veterans. We are on a level where we can communicate with them. We are military members. We know how to speak to them and how to articulate in certain situations. And the Peer Mentor program is very important because sometimes we don't only look at these students as just regular. We look at as one of our own, and as I said earlier, we put our life on

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23 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

ADRIAN ALFRED: Thank you. I've seen it with students. Thank you very much.

2 CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. Renee

3 Cabrera Gonzales on Zoom.

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RENEE CABRERA GONZALES: Yes, good afternoon Chairmans [sic] and Council Members. Μv name is Renee Cabrera Gonzales. I am a United States Marine Corps veteran. I would like to thank the Council today for the opportunity to testify today on behalf of TDF Veteran Theateregoing Program. I'm testifying today to discuss the impact that TDF Veteran Theatregoing Program has on the veteran community. First, I would like to start off with my personal experience and the joy this program has provided to me and my family. For one, for many years the thought of me going to a Broadway show was non-existent. It was until recently I was awarded with some tickets to see Aladdin on Broadway, that I grew in greeter interest in the overall experience. I was able to share the experience with my family. Wow, I have never -- did I experience something so wonderful. The visual sets, great acting, music, and followed the storyline to the T. It even brought my wife tears of joy. Not to forget the other veterans that were in attendance, some familiar faces and new ones to me. It was a great time thanks to TDF.

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 163 Looking around the theater, it filled me joy to see how many veterans were in attendance, their smiling faces, and how they connected with others in the I say this is an essential program for veterans to help them get out of their comfort zone and reconnect with society. It's true that veterans do have a tendency to be introverts and shy away from society because of fear of what they may do or how they feel around the general public or crowds. is usually due to the mental, physical disabilities which can be provoked by just about almost anything. Not to forget, there is a portion of the vast population of veterans that can't acclimate to civilian life so easily due to their physical and mental disabilities such as PTSD, depression, anxieties, withdrawing form society because they have the feeling of not fitting in, or being understood. These programs help to bridge the gap between veterans and his feelings, the connection one gets from another person who has the same interest as oneself. This is a great way to help veterans reconnect with the general public, get to know a different side of views on culture be a great story

I firsthand know that veterans may need

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 1 extra attention and guidance in different subjects 2 3 and life challenges. In my work, I too am a veteran 4 peer mentor at Lehman College. At Lehman College 5 CUNY, one of my main roles is to guide and help the veteran community with one-on-one sessions, direct 6 7 education assisting, mentoring, helping with 8 resources, programs, anything available to them, and my resource is given to them. You know, a fear of crowds is common within the veterans. The Veteran 10 11 Theatregoing Program can help diffuse the issue by 12 bringing people from different backgrounds together 13 with music, acting, --

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Time expired.

ADRIAN ALFRED: And thank--

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: [interposing] If you can please wrap it up. Thank you.

In conclusion, this ADRIAN ALFRED: Yes. is why programs such as the Veterans Theatregoing Program needs funding to continue the work to provide to the veteran community. It's one of those programs that helps open us veterans up to new views and new experiences. Thank you.

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2 CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you so much.

I have to jump on the bandwagon, too. You know, I taught in arts schools for high school kids, and I've seen the transformative power of the theater and the arts. So I want to thank you for your testimony, and of course, for the work that TDF does. Next we have Doctor Linnea Vaurio, and I apologize in advance if that pronunciation of your name is off.

LINNEA VAURIO: That's actually exactly right.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Oh

am Linnea Vaurio. I'm a clinical Neuropsychologist at the Steven A. Cohen Military Family Center at NYU Langone Health. Good afternoon Chairs Holden and Dinowitz and members of the New York City Committee on Veterans and the Committee on Higher Education. The Cohen Military Family Center was established just over 10 years ago with the goal to fill gaps in mental health services available to veterans and their families in the New York City area. My testimony today will aim to provide insight into the types of challenges faced by student veterans and how we at the Military Family Center serve NYC student

life-changing access to higher education

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 167 opportunities, the challenges of mental health conditions or learning disorders may present barriers to veterans' success. Often individuals who are struggling academically are told that these challenges are not mental health-related and that typically avenues for support are not available to them, leaving a gap in services. At this point, student veterans facing these challenges are often referred to private providers in the community which can be cost-prohibitive, or these individuals may not be culturally competent with veterans' experiences. Very often veterans who are not able to access evaluations in the New York City area go without such support services. With support from the City Council's discretionary funds, our center has been filling this gap in care by providing comprehensive neuropsychological evaluations and treatment to veterans free of charge. Many of the veterans seeking support through this program are students and our model lifts common barriers to this type of care and support, and therefore, allows veterans to focus more specifically on achieving their higher education goals. A comprehensive neuropsychological evaluation can serve to identify cognitive and emotional

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2 struggles that a veteran is experiencing secondary

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Time expired.

LINNEA VAURIO: to these conditions I mentioned before, and with these accommodations they are more likely to achieve their goals professionally and academically in order to remain in New York City. So thank you for the opportunity to testify today.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Linnea, and by the way, you have a marvelous program we became aware of when I became the Chair of Veterans. And I don't' want to put you on the spot, but your great work-- I know you had a waiting list, right? You still do have a waiting list? How many veterans did it grow, is it up to now?

estimate, because we have been meeting to refer out.

On my individual waiting list there's at least, you know, 10 people that are waiting to get these services and many of whom are really kind of desperate to get accommodations in school, but in our clinic waiting list they would have to defer to our clinic director. We can certainly get you those

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families.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Let's meet about funding, additional funding that you could help all veterans that request it. We'll schedule something soon. Thank you so much for your testimony.

LINNEA VAURIO: Wonderful. Thank you. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Is there anybody else on Zoom who wishes to testify? If so, please use the raise hand function. I'll turn it over to Chair Holden.

everyone, both remote and in-person here. Excellent, excellent hearing. I think I've learned a lot and I think we have certainly an agenda now that's been expanded thanks to CUNY's testimony which was extensive, and I appreciate that, and also DVS, thanks Commissioner and your staff for the great work you do. And all the advocates that are here and remotely, excellent, excellent testimony, and thank you all.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I would like to note that written testimony which will be reviewed in

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 170 full by committee staff may be submitted to the record up to 72 hours after the close of this hearing by emailing it to testimony@counil.nyc.gov. I would also like to thank DVS, CUNY for all the witnesses who testified. To my co-chair Holden for your years of service in elected life, at CUNY bettering the lives of people here in New York City, and as was mentioned, there's certainly an agenda, not just budgetary but functionally how are we going to help our veteran students. And I know we dived into that today and there's still a lot more work to do, and I look forward to working with co-chair Holden, with DVS and with CUNY to ensure that our veterans are getting the services and support that they have earned with their service to this country. With that I close out the hearing. Thank you. [gave]

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION WITH COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 172

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date February 9, 2023