CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH

Jointly with

COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS

And

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

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January 18, 2023 Start: 10:18 a.m. Recess: 1:45 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

B E F O R E: Gale Brewer

Chairperson

Marjorie Velázquez

Chairperson

Lynn Schulman Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Joann Ariola

Charles Barron Oswald Feliz Crystal Hudson

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Mercedes Narcisse

Kalman Yeger Diana Ayala Rita C. Joseph Shekar Krishnan

Rafael Salamanca, Jr. Nantasha M. Williams

Julie Won Shaun Abreu

Erik D. Bottcher Amanda Farías Julie Menin Chi Ossé

Anthony Miranda New York City Sheriff

John Chell NYPD Chief of Patrol

Kim Kessler DOHMH Assistant Commissioner for Bureau of Chronic Disease Prevention

Amr Abozaid Yemeni American Merchants Association

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Tashim Montgomery [sp?] Smoke Shop Manager

Paula Collins Social Equity and Diversity Committee of the International Cannabis Bar Association

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Liz Krueger New York State Senator

Robert Bookman Attorney

Dorian Furhman Parents Against Vaping E-cigarettes

Deepa Prasad Parents Against Vaping E-cigarettes

Cynthia Stremba Parents Against Vaping E-cigarettes

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Michael Zaytsev Cannabis Business Book Author

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Esther Lelievre CEO of Queen Mixxy Media

Floyd Jarvis Ganja War Veterans for Equity

Allie Ryan [sp?]

Kioko Shira [sp?]

Susan Lee Alliance for Community Preservation and Betterment

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Josephine Beckman Community Board 10 District Manager

Ngiste Abebe Columbia Care

Spike Babaian Business owner

Diem Boyd Council District One Resident

Jennifer Meltzer District 24 Resident

Shawn Campbell Community Board 14

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Once again, good morning and welcome to the Committees on Health jointly with Consumer and Worker Protection and Oversight and Investigation. At this time, we ask if you could please place phones on vibrate or silent mode. Thank you for your cooperation. We are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: So, good morning, I am Gale Brewer. [gavel] I am the Chair evervone. of Oversight and Investigations, and I'm joined here by-- first, I'll just mention my wonderful colleagues who are co-chairing, Council Member Velázquez who is head of Consumer and Worker Protection, and Council Member Schulman who's head of the Health Committee. And we also are joined by Council Members Feliz, Farías, Ossé, and Won. And I want to say we're really pleased to be here. The hearing is on the rapid spread of unlicensed smoke shops since the Marijuana Regulation and Taxation Act passed in Albany in March 2021, and that was a real feat by our State Legislature. We know there is an illegal cannabis store, van, or street vendor on what seems like every block in New York. The proliferation of cannabis retailers over the last 22 months has gone

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION almost unchecked by the City and State, except for our wonderful Sheriff. I want to say that very distinctly. The impetus from this hearing was a block by block canvasing of the Upper West Side in late November in my district to determine the number of smoke shops and other stores selling cannabis illegally. We found with my staff and interns 26, and since then the number has grown to 28. We think that 22 of the 28 also sell tobacco and nicotine products including untaxed cigarettes from Georgia, in particular, and flavored e-cigarettes that are banned, and some have the mushrooms. We sent a letter to the City and state officials calling for more and better coordination between agencies for enforcement of these shops. We don't have a response yet, but I'm sure we will. And in December, with my colleague Assembly Member Linda B. Rosenthal, we had a Cannabis Town Hall, and the office, the State Office of Cannabis Management, presented -- they're not able to be here today, but I know that they are working hard on this issue. Two weeks ago I had the honor of accompanying Sheriff Anthony Miranda, his deputies, the Office of Cannabis Management, and the New York Police Department on inspections of cannabis

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION shops on the West Side where there are products, untaxed cigarettes, and we took flavored e-cigarettes and all of the above from three stores. One of the stores we raided is across the street from my District office at Columbus Avenue. I think this is the experience of everyone, but two days after the Sheriff emptied the store of all of the illegal inventory, investigators from the Committee on Oversight and Investigations -- and I want to thank them-- as I did, found that they were back in business fully restocked. The project to reform our cannabis laws in New York and design a legal framework for recreational sales that avoided many of the pitfalls seen in other states was a really important years' long process. It created the best, legal cannabis law in the country, but the tidal wave of unlicensed sellers in the state's largest market threatens to undermine, I'm afraid, that laudable effort. The Mayor has said to his credit that enforcement is happening as part of a pilot program, but enforcement, it just can't be a pilot. It has to be routine and present in government. These illegal stores, seem to me, suck up revenue that should be going to licensed dispensaries that can-- that still

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION cannot open due to state delays. We know that there is one and we wish it well, but consumers are impatient for the long-delayed opening of legal stores to buy products that are inspected and that are seriously not full of any health risks from contaminants like metals or pesticides. I first got involved with this because parents are worried that underage children, their children, and also that they would be sold tobacco that is illegal, and so there's a lot of concern. As we know, there's just one store that's legal at the moment selling recreational cannabis. It's a Housing Works Cannabis in the Village. But within a 10-block radius of that store, thanks to the O&I staff office, Oversight and Investigations staff, there are 11 illegal cannabis retailers, all of which I think are undercutting Housing Works' prices. There has been a line around the block, so it is popular, but how can we expect legal shops to compete in this kind of marketplace. So, we need enforcement to tell us why they are allowed-- why so many are-- illegal businesses are allowed to set up shop in the open and how they're going to get things under control. And again, it's hard because I know the State doesn't have the

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION authority to do that yet. Have the unlicensed shops flourished because state regulators lack the legal tools to have the standard teeth? Do they have enough inspectors? We have piloting enforcement rather than our laws enforced on a regular basis. Do we need to create new city laws? And by the way, many people think that the illegal shops are legal. That's another issue. We want to hear from the businesses and the experts on the new world of legal adult cannabis about how unlicensed sellers may affect young, legitimate market ones, because we want them to be successful. We want the revenue. want to hear from the public about their concern about their health and those of their children. don't want to see unlicensed cannabis sellers enter the criminal justice system for anything less than severe criminal conduct that threatens public safety, but we need solutions that are as innovative as the law itself. It was a very innovative law and it talks about equity with other states, Massachusetts and New Jersey in particular do not. So, before I hear from our wonderful colleagues, I want to thank Senior Counsel Christopher Murray [sp?], Policy

Analyst Alex Yoblon [sp?], for their hard work, and I

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 11 certainly want to thank from my office Schuler Puder [sp?] and Sam Goldstein, and from the O&I staff in particular, Zach Maher [sp?] who has been doing yeopersons work, going from place to place in terms of these shops. Now, I'll turn it over to Council Member Velázquez.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Good morning. name is Marjorie Velázquez, and I am the Chair of the Committee on Consumer and Worker Protection. I along with my colleagues on the Committee on Oversight and Investigations and the Committee Health, both Chair Brewer and Chair Schulman, would like to welcome you to our Oversight Hearing on the proliferation of unlicensed smoke shops. I'd also like to recognize my fellow Committee Members Ariola, Farías, Won, Ossé, Feliz, and Abreu. The Marijuana Regulation and Tax Act was signed into law on March 31st, 2021. It legalized recreational cannabis use in New York. Unlike in other states where the recreational sale of cannabis is dominated by large corporations, the State carefully designed its initiative to grant the first opportunity to sell cannabis to those impacted by the war on drugs. In November of last year, the New York State Cannabis Control Board approved 36

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION Conditional Adult-use Retail Dispensary licenses, or CARD licenses as they're known. Twenty-eight of those licenses were granted to individual business owners who have a previous cannabis conviction or who have a family member with previous cannabis conviction. The other eight licenses were granted to nonprofit organizations with a history of serving current or formerly-incarcerated individuals. December 29th, 2022, the first legal state sanctioned dispensary for recreational marijuana opened up in lower Manhattan. This dispensary operated by the nonprofit Housing Works which provides direct advocacy to support those who suffered from the war on drugs. The second, a state sanctioned dispensary scheduled to open in Greenwich Village shortly. Currently, retail dispensary license holders demonstrated the ways in which they or their families were directly impacted by the disproportionate enforcement of the prohibition of cannabis. initiative aims to benefit the most harmed individuals. However, this proliferation of unlicensed smoke shops seeks to thwart that opportunity. The viability of licensed operators is threatened by the illegal operation of unlicensed

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION smoke shops. Those operating without a license are devaluing the hard-fought licenses earned by individuals and nonprofit. The City intends to advance the State's initiative and build a more equitable and inclusive market that rectifies the harms of the past. This requires enforcing state and local laws and ensuring that no businesses are skipping any steps before operating a smoke shop. I'd like to thank the Committee Staff as well as my team for their work on this hearing, and I'm going to turn it over to Committee Counsel to administer the oath. Oh wait, and excuse me. Scratch that. We're going to turn it over to Council Member Schulman. CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Thank you, Council Member -- Chair Velázquez. I want to thank the Chairs this morning, Chairs Brewer and Velázquez. Council Member Lynn Schulman, Chair of the Committee I want to thank you all for joining us at on Health. today's joint hearing. Before I do my opening remarks, I want to welcome Council Members Yeger, Feliz, and Ariola to today's hearing. Oh, and-- I'm sorry, and Joseph. Sorry, she's behind me.

purpose of today's hearing is to examine the

proliferation of unlicensed smoke shops across New

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION York City. These shops, many of which sell products that are not tested or regulated, present a clear danger to the health and safety of all New Yorkers, but particularly children, young adults, and teenagers. Unlicensed smoke shops are disregarding state regulations on where cannabis and tobacco retailers can be located and they package and advertise tobacco and marijuana with colorful signage and flashing lights to attract young customers. need to shut these places down. Unregulated tobacco and cannabis products must not be allowed to get in the hands of our city's children. Separately, tobacco use continues to be the leading preventable cause of disease and death in the United States. Cigarettes and e-cigarettes contain nicotine which is highly addictive, harmful to adolescent brain development and unsafe for pregnant people and developing babies. Research has also shown that vaping delivers cancer-causing chemicals into the body and that popular fruity flavors appear to have the worst carcinogenic effect. While all cigarettes are dangerous and are known to cause disease, some unlicensed shops are selling counterfeit cigarettes which often have higher levels of tar, nicotine, and

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION carbon monoxide than genuine cigarettes. have contaminants such as sand and packaging materials. With the influx of unlicensed shops it is easier than ever to purchase cigarettes and vapes. New York City has made tremendous progress in the fight against tobacco. We cannot let all that progress go up in smoke. Sorry about the pun, folks. The illegal sale of cannabis products in these unlicensed shops is a bigger crisis for consumers who do not know what is in the products they are buying and for the licensed cannabis retailers that are following the rules. Recent lab tests found prohibitive levels of E.coli, salmonella, nickel, and lead in about 40 percent of smokable marijuana, edible candies, and vaporizers purchased from 20 unlicensed smoke shops and dispensaries in the City. Many of the products tested contained THC levels inconsistent with what was advertised on the labels. Other products were packaged with colorful labels that appeal to children, imitating candies such as Rice Krispies and Skittles, posing a further risk of accidental and negligent consumption, especially by children and non-English speakers. The sale of illegal cannabis undermines efforts to launch a

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2 regulated marketplace that offers tested and

3 accurately-labeled products to adult consumers, and I

4 want to say that again, adult consumers, not

5 \parallel children. For the health and safety of all New

6 Yorkers, we have to step up enforcement, and I just

7 | want to thank, before his testimony, Sheriff Miranda

8 and his team because they have been out there doing

9 the work for us in helping to keep our communities

10 safe and get these unsafe and mislabeled products off

11 of our streets. I want to conclude by thanking the

12 committee staff for their work on this hearing,

13 | Committee Counsel Sarah Suture [sp?] and Chris Pepe,

14 | Policy Analyst Menur Butt [sp?], as well as my team,

15 Chief of Staff Jonathan Bouche [sp?], and Legislative

16 Director Kevin MacClear [sp?]. I will now turn the

17 | mic back over to my colleague Council Member

Velázquez.

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19 CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you so

20 much. I also like to recognize Council Member

21 \parallel Williams and Menin that have joined us today. I'd

22 | like to now turn it over to Committee Counsel to

23 administer the oath.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: I just want to also

25 mention that Council Member Holden is on Zoom.

and Mental Hygiene, and the New York City Police

Department. I'm here today to testify on behalf of

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transition and more recent proliferation of visible

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION the City, and the Taskforce was formed to determine if combining resources across agencies was a more effective use of resources as opposed to each agency acting independently. The Taskforce gathered information on suspected illicit shops by complaints, intelligence from various agencies such as NYPD, DCWP, OCM and the Sheriff's Office, elected officials, and community organizations. Locations inspected were issued safety tips from NYPD, cease and desist letters from OCM and referral to the New York City Cannabis for assistance to join the legal market. Due to the unrelenting work of the Cannabis NYC Interagency Enforcement Taskforce we have seized over 200,000 packages of cartons including unlicensed cigarettes, flavored vapes, cannabis-infused edibles, and many of the look-alike marketing targeting underage consumers. The estimated retail value of items seized was approximately six million dollars. on these efforts, both civil and criminal violations have been issued. The Sheriff's Interagency Taskforce will continue to collaborate with all relevant agencies to protect their health and safety of all New York City by focusing on compliance with all existing laws. Multiple interagency teams will

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be dispatched to all five boroughs on different days of the week and on different times for compliance and enforcement. We are conducting long-term and shortterm investigations, not only focusing on seizures to ensure product safety, but focusing on tax compliance, trademark infringement, and public education. Having said that, on cannabis, New York City has an opportunity to be a global hub of cannabis industry excellence in education and equity, and we must protect that opportunity. Administration will continue to support New Yorkers and justice-involved individuals who want to build and operate legitimate thriving cannabis businesses. I appreciate the opportunity to testify at today's hearing, and I am looking forward to hearing your thoughts and questions. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

I want to also say we've been joined by Council

Member Menin, Paladino, and Bottcher. Thank you very

much. So, I think I want to start by just focusing

on the Taskforce. Certainly, I know your incredible

work that you did on the West Side, but I want to

know the current status of the Taskforce. I know you

said it's ongoing, but could you be specific as to

2 how you are going to proceed in the future.

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Locations, obviously not specific, but ways that we could be convinced that this taskforce is ongoing and that there will be a fierce oversight of the situation that you have also outlined. So can you talk more about the taskforce? Who's on it? What your-generally, what your agenda is.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, we continue to collaborate with both NYPD, DCWP and OCM in our operations. We are incorporating other city agencies as well as we continue to do inspections of physical buildings. The taskforce has continued so it did not stop there after the two weeks. We regrouped. We analyzed the information that we've received, and now we continue to go out. We have collaboratively with the information received from all the agencies probably identified over 1,200 locations that are going to be inspected or a focus of target of our investigations, and like I said, we're conducting both short-term and long-term investigations into these stores or these—

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. Two questions. One, we all have these trucks. I want to know if you could talk a little bit about how you

2 handled that, and also have there been illegal

3 cannabis home delivery operations? Obviously, that's

4 something that will be legal once that is set up

5 legally for the legal shops. But could you talk

6 about those two entities.

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SHERIFF MIRANDA: Okay, so the -- for the cannabis trucks that are selling in front of locations, we have begun working both independently and collaboratively with the other agencies. has seized-- and they'll speak about the vehicles that they seized. The Sheriff's Department independently has seized 15 of those vehicles on the streets. We issue violations and then we tow the vehicles and seize the property that are on these vehicles. So as we receive complaints, they're So analyze the complaints that re received, mobile. and then we go out and locate those vehicles and issue summonses and take corrective action. the home delivery process, that hasn't begun yet, and we haven't been directly involved in that process yet.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. The issue of the state, so when you talk about the Taskforce is the state involved? I know that they were really

2 helpful when we did the shops on the West Side, but

3 how is the Cannabis Office and the state involved in

4 your Taskforce?

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SHERIFF MIRANDA: The state has been working with us collectively. They have gone out to doing the inspections with us as well. We have initiated inspections that were led by the State Office of Cannabis Management, also. So they have investigations into the City and they've asked us for assistance. We've assisted them, and they are working collaboratively with us now on doing the inspections that were conducted.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Obviously, they need some legislation to be more effective, but that's a different story. How many sheriffs do you have, and do you have vacancies? We have a slight vacancy problem in the City of New York, as you know, but I want to know how many folks work in the Sheriff office, how many vacancies you have, and I assume that everyone is trained to do this kind of enforcement.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: Yeah, so we currently have-- we currently have 225 personnel. It's 140 deputies and investigators. We have an examination

INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 25 that finally it just opened up. It ends on the $24^{\rm th}$. So we encourage everyone listening to the hearing to

4 join the Sheriff's Department. Come out and apply.

5 And we have I think 45 vacancies currently.

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT &

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Forty-five

vacancies, okay. And then the issue of NYPD, we know

that there was a-- I mean, I've had robberies on 71st

Street. I know there was in the-- I believe the

village either yesterday or this morning. So can you

talk a little bit NYPD about your role in all of

this?

CHIEF CHELL: So, as far as the Agency goes, we're assisting the Sheriff when he has operations by his request is to keep the peace. We have electronic equipment that we go on name and databases that he doesn't have in case he needs that, but also in terms of property seized by the Sheriff, we use our property clerk to voucher those who will help voucher larger amounts of property seized from the Sheriff. In terms of what we've done, especially over the summer. We did a survey by each borough, each precinct to see how many smoke shops were actually out there, you know, in our universe, about 1,200-plus. We also took a look at the smoke shops,

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION who is selling tobacco products, about 768, about 63 percent. We gave that to the Sheriff in his enforcement efforts. We also have seen an increase in robberies of smoke shops. It's really alarming. I can give you some numbers. In 2022, commercial robberies of smoke shops 593 in comparison to 250 last year. That's 137 percent increase, a raw number of 343. So, in November, we went to each smoke shop again and we offered them services to how to protect themselves, whether it be a crime prevention survey which is very detailed, and if they turn that down for a reason we also gave them literature how to protect themselves, vis-a-vis cameras, lighting, buzzer systems, requesting people to take their mask off when they come in the store. We've estimated for the 593 robberies about 1.5 million dollars in cash. That's an average of 2,500 for robbery. The stores are making money, and the bad people know this and they talk amongst themselves. An alarming figure on that is the people that we've arrested for doing these robberies, almost 30 percent are between the age of 15 and 19.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thirteen to 19.

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2 CHIEF CHELL: Fifteen to 19, 29 percent.

And 20 to 24 would be 22 percent. So, over 50 percent are young adults. So this has been alarming for us as an agency and as a city, but we're also trying to keep everyone safe. You just mentioned last night there was about three smoke shops robberies last night, and one instance someone got shot at one of those stores. So, it's with us now. It's prevailing and we're doing whatever what we can to mitigate that. And how do we -- the many ways how we mitigate it. This year alone, we do things called Directed Enforcement where a police car will go to the store, park in front for half hour, show the presence, go and speak to the store owner. Everything okay? We've done over 8,000 of those directed patrols. So we're trying on that end also to keep everybody safe.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: You find they're open later than other stores on the commercial strip?

That's what I find.

CHIEF CHELL: The times vary, and I also would like to say that the other issue I have when we go back to the stores being robbed, their multiple people doing the same robberies over multiple

2 boroughs, that they're jumping from Queens to the

3 Bronx, from Brooklyn to Queens. They're doing one,

4 two, three a night, this same group of people, so

5 | it's also a challenge for us.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. Jut you mentioned about the product and I wanted to go back to the Sheriff also to figure out what you do with product once it is taken. And maybe the Police Department could also chime in. So, how do you handle the product that you have seized?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: We inventory all the products taken from the store. We bring it to—either to the Sheriff's Office where we have our own property, and/or we voucher it with the New York City Police Department. It's held for evidence and then after a certain period of time, they are sent for destruction.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. I mean, I think you mentioned also there's a company that when you have the product that is in-- needs to be disposed of differently. Can you talk a little bit about that?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, the vape products are classified as hazardous material, therefore, they

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 29 cannot be disposed of in a regular manner. There's specific companies and regulations guiding the disposal of that product. Currently, there is a great strain in identifying an appropriate agency that has the capabilities of destroying it and fulfilling the mandate of the Sheriff's Department, because the Sheriff's Department also has to witness the destruction of this material.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. And then my final question is, again, back to this issue of how are you thinking that between you and the other Agency and the Taskforce, given perhaps another year before we have any state legislation, what is your overall goal working again with this Taskforce and perhaps the DA's Office, other jurisdictions if needed to address this illegal market? How-- can you be a little bit more specific between the Sheriff and the Police Department? Anybody else, obviously, Consumer Affairs also, because my understanding is Consumer Affairs goes in -- you have been doing a good job to send the fines to OATH and try to get OATH to work with you, but you don't necessarily tell the Sheriff, and so these shops now have summonses from Consumer Affairs. They have summonses and closure in

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 2 terms of the Sheriff in terms of their materials, 3 although very quickly the cigarettes arrive again, 4 the cannabis arrives again, and we're back in business. So, I just want to know about what's the view of the-- what's the agenda for the Taskforce and 6 how will the Agency be coordinating in the future? 8 SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, first, we wanted to 9 express that the Taskforce and the Administration has the same concerns that many of you have voiced here. 10 11 There are a lot of marketing that is going to children and there's a lot of public health issues 12 13 and dangers to the community, and we want to ensure that they're in compliance. So all the agencies have 14 15 been cooperative in the exchange of information and 16 exchange of intelligence as well. While we do go out 17 independently and do separate operations, we do 18 collectively share information and are operating 19 That type of enforcement leads to a greater tighter. 20 response, because we'll go in and issue the 21 violations accordingly and take all the corrective 2.2 action. It also ensures a more comprehensive 2.3 approach when it comes to filing for nuisance abatement and pursing other legal actions. So that's 24

where we are. I think that we're effectively working

2 as a team, collaboratively exchanging information and

3 personnel as needed, and we'll continue to do these

4 operations at various times and various dates so that

5 people know that we're out there addressing the

6 issue.

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DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: And Council Member, just a point of clarification, in these initial operations these [inaudible] inspectors, we're on site and have participated with the Sheriff's Taskforce. When we would enter these businesses, we would inspect for our laws and rules, and subsequently we've continued coordinating with the Sheriff's Office as well. In particular, any inspections that we conduct independently— of which in 2022 we've conducted thousands of inspections of these businesses— if we notice or observe any cannabis is being sold in the smoke— in the store, we will flag that for the Sheriff and make sure that enforcement action is coordinated upon.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay.

CHIEF CHELL: So, we'll continue to do our business inspections as we normally do in our agency, but also we have-- if we get complaints whether from any community person, we will

2 | investigate them. We have our powers of our

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3 Narcotics Division, our Intel Division, to do buys at

4 | locations that are known to be selling illegal

5 products. So for instance, outside the Agency, the

6 Police Department did 17 search warrants at locations

7 based on information received from community

8 complaints, anonymous tips. It runs the gamut. What

9 we recovered in these 17 search warrants: firearms,

10 marijuana, psychedelic mushrooms, pills, gambling

11 devices, THC vials, untaxed cigarettes. We'll

12 continue to use our powers to do that, and then with

13 | the hope of nuisance abatement, you know, it's a due

14 process. It takes-- it's not a short period to get

15 | this done. So we'll continue to do our part there

16 | and hope we can get some of these stores nuisance

17 | abated and the legal stores can flourish and the

18 | illegal stores can leave our streets.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. We've been joined by Council Member Salamanca and Rivera, and now Council Member Velázquez.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Thank you for your testimony today. I wanted to follow up on a couple of statements that were said. When we're talking about constituents reaching out to us, right

2 now it's 311 and that's what we're asked to tell you

3 guys. Hey, they filed, and we follow up with you.

4 Can you guide us through the process on how that

5 leads to an inspection and if it's negligent or how

6 do you shut these smoke shops down?

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CHIEF CHELL: Okay, so right now for 2022, we received 951 311 complaints. It could be the store. It could be outside the store noise. It could be a few things. We also had our individual borough commanders issue us some top stores based on what they're hearing from their constituents, and then we kind of start the process there. Like I also mentioned, we do get complaint of illegal transactions that are taking place in these stores, and we will give that to our Intel Division or Narcotics Division to go investigate and get possibly a search warrant and possibly submit— and will submit for nuisance abatement. That's what we do there. So, 951 311 complaints.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: And is there a way for constituents to track their complaints and make sure that they're being followed, or if there isn't what plans does the NYPD have or 311 have to track them down.

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system.

2 NYPD REPRESENTATIVE: So, I'm not sure we 3 have any, you know, other than through the typical 4 311 system how to track where complaints go, and obviously that's the Office of Technology Innovation that runs that. So, you know, that's something we 6 7 can talk to them about, seeing if there's a way to track it, and I know that 311 complaints -- you know, 8 when it's noise, we can come immediately. You know, some of these longer-term things take a longer term 10 11 response to try and settle. So, but I'm not aware of 12 anything other than what's typically in the 311

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: The other one is we've heard that smoke shops alert one another when inspections to occur allowing them to close before the Sheriff Office arrives. How do you plan to prevent this from occurring?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: Again, we send out multiple teams now, so sometimes it just causes us to go into one area first, hit a location, and then move to a separate area and then return back to the first area we started from. So, yeah, they have been communicating. That happened at one of our inspections that we were at with the Councilwoman,

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2 and, again, it's something that's going to be

3 | innovative. They are going to talk to each other.

4 | They are communicating about our enforcement efforts.

In some regards, we want them to know the work that's

6 being done and we want them to know the type of

7 | enforcement that's going on so that they understand

8 | that we're not going away. That needs to be the

9 message that we're sending, that we're here. We're

10 \parallel going to be taking the corrective action. We're

11 | going to every community and every neighborhood

12 different hours of the day and different days of the

week, and enforcement and compliance is what we're

14 | focusing on.

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CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Has the Taskforce taken steps to identify common owners or funding

17 sources behind these unlicensed smoke shops?

18 SHERIFF MIRANDA: There are ongoing

19 | investigations to identify people behind the scenes,

20 | funding, and again, those are ongoing investigations.

21 So, yes, there are follow-up investigations to all

22 the inspections that we are conducting.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Is there any information you'd like to share with us today, any

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follow-up.

2 enforcement actions that you are looking forward to

implement, depending on the severity of their cases?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: Again, I think some of the information— we do ongoing investigations.

We're looking into the trademark infringement working with the various District Attorney's offices, and we're doing tax investigations. Some of the challenges are that some of these businesses haven't filed taxes yet, but their time is coming due now, and so we're looking forward to continuing that

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Following with that line, does the City have an estimate of the revenue owed to the City from this cannabis tax or tobacco taxes that have-- sales taxes or businesses taxes by these illegal sellers? DCWP, do we have an amount or?

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: DCWP does not have an amount on that.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Okay. Can we find a way to give us those numbers? Because I'm pretty sure that's revenue that we need for our budget. We wanted to also know, are there any enforcement plans to crackdown on the illegal

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2 cannabis delivery services? I know you mentioned it

3 briefly in the beginning. How do we address the

4 trucks that are coming into our community and

5 certainly the 101 delivery services that are soon to

6 pop up?

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SHERIFF MIRANDA: Again, the delivery service we have— have limited information on. As that market develops, we will be taken enforcement action accordingly as we receive that information. I'm sure it'll be a joint effort between all of our agencies to address it, and if there's— I think there's general rules and regulations about transporting narcotics and vehicle stops that will counter some of those activities, as well.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Also for NYPD you had mentioned 595 commercial robberies in 2020.

Do you ache a breakout by borough?

CHIEF CHELL: I-- yes, I do. I can go through all-- you know what, I do not have that. I can get you that, though. It's not that hard to get.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: Perfect. Is there any specific borough that comes to mind with the highest number?

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Queens, common denominator usually is the RFK Bridge to get back and forth quickly. But it kind of runs the northern part of Brooklyn. I would venture to say it's evenly spread out. And like I said a lot of these robberies, at last half of them are committed by the same person or persons doing what we call padins [sic] in our business. Over half of them pad-ins [sic]. So, it's very, very taxing for us.

CHAIRPERSON VELÁZQUEZ: What kind of resources can we as the Council give to empower you guys and make sure that we're keeping our community safer?

CHIEF CHELL: Cameras, cameras are always great. August [sic] cameras are fant— we utilize them. We have the ability to track cameras for a long span. Some of these robberies are committed using vehicles with paper plates that are not registered, plate covers. People who drive with plate covers, I would like that penalty to be much higher, because that's a definite issue. Stolen cars, that's a different issue, but kind of all goes hand—in—hand. The vehicles they're using to commit these robberies for escapes and in terms of also

Prevention. Thanks so much for having me here and

1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 40
2 for your attention to this. We do collaborate with
3 our agency colleagues in the development of policy
4 approaches as well as implementation of laws. We
5 haven't-- we have not collaborated specifically on
6 this enforcement action.
7 CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Would you consider

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Would you consider collaborating on this specifically on this issue?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: Our role is really primarily around education, obviously, to the public and also to retailers about the existing legal landscape. We are not directly involved in enforcement.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Does DOHMH or any other agency test products that are seized for illicit ingredients such as the presence of fentanyl?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: DOHMH does not routinely test products that are seized, no.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Is there a particular reason for that?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: That's just not part of our routine activities. You know, certainly I understand that that's a serious concern. It's not something that we are currently engaged in.

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CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Okay. The tobacco
laws and regulations are in Title 17 of the New York
City Administrative Code which governs health. Is
DOHMH working with DCWP to ensure that owners are
aware of the City's tobacco laws and regulations,

including the licensing requirements?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: Yes, as

I mentioned, we work closely with our agency
colleagues in the development of policy and then once
policy is enacted around implementation. That
includes a lot of efforts around retailer education.

So, things like developing FAQ's and then we also
receive funding from the state to educate retailers
about the existing laws, and those education
activities can include things like visits to
retailers. We have a toolkit that outlines exiting
laws and we also do outreach to stakeholders to make
sure that they have awareness of what the laws are
and provide materials around signs that need to be

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Can you provide an overview of the different licenses such as the City-issued tobacco retail dealer license and the New York City e-cigarette retail dealer license?

posted and other information.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: Because licensing is the purview of my agency colleagues, I turn that one to DCWP.

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Thank you. Yes.

So, we have-- you know, within the Administrative

Code there is no definition that is smoke shops per

say. What we do enforce are activities around the

sale of tobacco products which requires a tobacco

retail dealer license and the sale of electronic

cigarette devices which requires electronic

cigarettes retail dealer license. So those are, I

think, the two primary overlapping categories that

would be implicated here.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: So, do you and DOHMH work together in terms of—— I know you do the licensing, but in terms of the education piece plus that?

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: The education piece, yes, I think we work very closely with DOHMH throughout the years on education and we also conduct our own measures, whether that's our Visiting Inspector Program for new Businesses or our outreach team's endeavors throughout the years, too.

2 CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Does DOHMH have

3 sufficient staff to conduct outreach around this?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: Yes, as
I mentioned, we receive funding from the State
Department of Health to conduct outreach to
retailers.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: What is DOHMH doing to ensure that New Yorkers are educated on the health and safety risks of purchasing marijuana from unlicensed smoke shops?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: DOHMH, you know, it's a major priority for us to make sure that New Yorkers are aware of risks of all of these products, and we have been collaborating with colleagues at the state, the Office of OCM, as well as Cannabis NYC to develop resources to provide education to New Yorkers, and that includes some recently developed fact sheets about cannabis which do reference the importance of buying from licensed retailers when possible.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Do you do outreach with the Department of Education for kids so they understand?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: absolutely. We collaborate closely with Department of Education and have provide many trainings that-for school staff as well as any school-based clinicians around risks of tobacco products, ecigarettes, and cannabis.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: There are reports of smoke shops currently opening around schools, and I actually got a report from a constituent last night opening a request from a nursery school. Has DOHMH been in touch with a coordinator with the DOE and DWCP to address this issue, or you're--

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: our focus and our collaboration with our agency partners is really on education and information sharing, and that's the focus of our work with DOE, as well. So we are regularly in touch with the Office of School Health, the Office of School Wellness, and provide trainings and resources and materials that can be disseminated to schools.

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Council Member, I would just add there that under New York State Public Law, it's unlawful for a business to display advertising or smoking paraphernalia within 500 feet

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of school K-12, and that's something that we enforce

3 at our agency frequently through our inspections that

4 we conduct throughout the year. A penalty typically

5 for first-time violations is 500 dollars, and

6 subsequent violations can go up to a 1,000.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: I appreciate that.

8 I mean, not within your specific purview, but we

9 should all take a look at increasing those fines,

10 because it's not enough. There--

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[applause]

12 CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Folks. New York

13 City Health's website has an exhaustive list of

14 resources under the Youth Tobacco and E-cigarette

15 | Prevention Action Kit made up of various treatment

16 guides, stats, research, and medical estimates. How

17 often is this information updated?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: That

19 Action Kit was developed really to provide resources

20 | to pediatricians and other pediatric providers, and

21 \parallel we-- it really focuses on information that those

22 providers can use to engage youth and their families

23 and provide prevention information as well as

treatment resources, and we've disseminated that in

25 many ways, through trainings as well as on-site

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 2 visits to pediatricians throughout New York City and 3 as well as trainings, again, with school-based staff. 4 And so that's really what that toolkit is about, and then the separate toolkit that is around educating retailers for laws is also available on the website. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: How often is the kit and the information updated? 8 9 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: That kit is really developed like one time and then it's 10 11 currently used, and then in various subsequent 12 trainings and resources we update as-needed and if 13 possible. 14 CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Okay, so it's not 15 done on a regular basis. It's done based on--ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: 16 17 [interposing] Yep, as-needed, you know, as we would 18 determine with kind of any other how we would 19 prioritize based on health needs or new information. 20 CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Okay, so now I want to ask a question about -- is -- how are these, 21 2.2 the reports about the illegal shops, are they-- how 2.3 does that -- when it comes to 311, how is that dispersed? Is that shared with everybody? Is that 24

shared with a particular agency?

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2 CHIEF CHELL: I'll jump in. So, we--

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: [interposing] Don't all jump in.

CHIEF CHELL: 311 is our— we monitor chronic locations the best we can. So if it falls into a chronic location, many calls to certain location, if we can handle it we'll try to handle it. If we can't, we'll hook with our agencies here. That's how we monitor it. We extract it from hundreds of thousands of calls. There's 951 key word search being like smoke shop, and then we extract issues that are in and around the smoke shop. Most of them are noise, like I mentioned, and we'll try to handle it ourselves, and if not, we'll hook up with our agency partners.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: So, when somebody calls 311 about these illegal smoke shops, do they get a number that they can refer back so they can see what the front-- what's happening with it, or?

CHIEF CHELL: I don't want to give you the wrong information but there is a finalization code that goes into the 311 system they could see what was done. Probably a little vague as to what the response was.

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CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Okay, it doesn't sound like there's-- because we, what we've done in this council previously is to designate certain issues when they come up and they're prevalent, that 311 should focus on so we'll-- we're going to go back and have a conversation around that. That ends my questioning for now. I want to let my other

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much. We're going to start with Council Member Feliz and then Council Member Ariola. Council Member Feliz?

Thank you.

colleagues have an opportunity.

COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Thank you. Good morning everyone. I'm New York City Council Member Oswald Feliz. I want to thank my colleagues for this important hearing, and I also want to thank you and your team, Sheriff, for the work that you're doing. As we all know, these unlicensed smoke shops have popped up everywhere in our city and they've created new problems. First, the State legalized cannabis to help those that were affected by the war on drugs, and these unlawful shops are undermining our efforts to help those that were affected by those bad laws. Second, unlicensed shops have created new public safety problems. These smoke shops carry a lot of

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     cash and they carry products that make them targets
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     for robberies which can quickly escalate. We've seen
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     these robberies even escalate to gun violence and
     that's a problem. But even more than that, as was
    mentioned earlier, there's no process for determining
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     whether the products being sold are safe before
     they're purchased and consumed. These are problems.
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     So, a few questions, and if you don't have the-- I'm
     sure we don't have the specific numbers. But
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     approximately how many unlicensed smoke shops do we
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     have in the City of New York? I know it's a tough
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     question, but would you say we have more than 300?
                SHERIFF MIRANDA: The current surveys
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     that we've done comes up to about 1,400 locations
     that have been identified.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: 1,400 repeat the
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     number.
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                SHERIFF MIRANDA: 1, 400 locations that
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    have been identified as either being involved in
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     illegal smoke or vapes or cannabis business.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: And approximately
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    how many did we have two years ago?
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                SHERIFF MIRANDA: I can get you that
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information.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Do you have a

3 super rough number? Would you say less than 300?

And if you don't have the number that's fine.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: I don't have that information.

COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay. What can you do if you catch one of these smoke shops selling unlawful products?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, we go in and we do inspections. We identify all the products that are illegal. We seize all the products and the first process is, again, sharing information with them about how to join the legal market. The second process is to issue them a notices of violations with civil penalties, and— or criminal summonses depending on what the circumstances are. and then depending on the level of products that are seized, whether felony weight or things like that, then— and other circumstances, they may be subject to arrest based on if it's a felony or not.

my time is up. If I could just ask one final question. Thank you. At what point can you seize all the product in the shop and also at what point,

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2 if at any point, could you require that a shop be closed?

4 SHERIFF MIRANDA: Two separate issues.

One is when we go in and do an inspection. We've identified the products that are illegal, we can seize them immediately. So we take whatever we see in that process, whatever is identified as illegal. What they legally can possess, they are left with. And in terms of closing a location, as spoken to earlier, nuisance abatement and that kind of thing takes a little while because you have to—person has to have due process. Those cases have to go to OATH. They have to be found guilty. They can have up to 90 days or more to address the notices of violations that are issued to them. So, following the due process, it may take some while before you can get a

COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Approximately how long are you talking about? You talking about six months, a year?

nuisance abatement and close a location.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: It depends on case-to-case. Like I said, they have up to 90 days before they get the initial hearing, and due process says that they can postpone the hearing and there are all

2 kinds of excuses for postponing a hearing, and then

3 it could take as much as a year. In some cases have

4 taken over a year. Just it's a follow-up and

5 persistent program that we have to follow.

COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Thank you. Thank

7 you so much.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Council Member Ariola and then Council Member Rivera.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: Thank you, Chairs, and thank you everyone for coming to testify today. Sheriff Miranda, I want to thank you especially, as well as the NYPD, for the work that you've been doing in our districts. I've worked with you directly both the NYPD and our District Attorney's Office and your office to close down both mobile and brick and mortar shops. I think that the main thing we have to keep in mind here is sometimes it takes patience, and that's sometimes the thing that we don't-- we don't really want to hear. having patience allows them to do their due process as the Sheriff says, and would allow them then to make a felony arrest rather than just confiscating product and having them open the very next day. So, Sheriff, if you have a brick and mortar that you're

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 2 going to and this may be the third time you've gone 3 there, so is there like a time where then, you know, 4 the Consumer Affairs, you know, gets involved and says, okay, we're going to take away whatever licensing you do have, whether it's for cigarettes or 6 7 sell candy or whatever, is there a tracking of that where then they lose the license that they do have? 8 SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, anytime we do inspections, we report on the violations that -- DCWP 10 11 has been with us or consulting with us on--12 collaborating with us on many of these locations, so 13 we share the information. We also notice if there-have liquor authority licenses. We send notices to 14 15 state liquor authority. If they're holding the lotto machines, we give them notice as well, and still 16 17 allow the agencies to take any enforcement action 18 they feel is corrective when we identify that they've 19 been involved in illegal sales. 20

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: And are you noticing that there are common ownerships with these stores, the brick and mortars?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: We've encountered both.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: I'm sorry?

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SHERIFF MIRANDA: We have encountered both, independently-owned, and as we do ongoing investigations, we're identifying people who are maybe involved in multiple locations.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: Because I did notice that in my own district when you were able to make an arrest at the mobile van, a lot of brick and mortars shut down. Just one last question. actually for DOH, because I've worked with the Office of Cannabis Management. Great job. Always on the other end of the phone. Same with PD and the Sheriff's Office. But what I'm hearing from the Department of Health that you're really not helping those three entities in any type of prosecution. if you're not testing and you're not finding out whether there's fentanyl in whatever they are confiscating, then how really-- you know, like that's your job. You should be testing, seeing if there's fentanyl, because that's never okay, and putting that information forth, because then they could prosecute maybe with a higher charge, and then get people who are these bad actors, you know, off the streets. why don't you test?

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2 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: Thank

you for your question. I want to ensure you that this is an incredibly high priority for the Department in terms of the importance of tobacco control prevention and importance of making sure that New Yorker have information about any health risks associated with tobacco, e-cigarettes or cannabis. We work very closely with our agency partners--

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: [interposing] No, but I'm talking about the confiscated contraband.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: Yes, in terms of--

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: [interposing]
That's what would help with the prosecution.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: In terms of the confiscated contraband, this isn't something that has been part of our process. From what I understand from my colleagues, there has not been substantial evidence in New York City that indicates the presence of fentanyl in cannabis products, but again, you know, this is something we could follow up with more information—

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: [interposing] So, that's not something you would know unless you were

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2 testing the products. So, what I suggest is you at

3 the DOHMH amplify your involvement in assisting these

4 agencies in taking these bad actors off the streets.

5 Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Council Member
Rivera? We've also been joined by Council Member
Ayala, Council Member Hudson, and after Council
Member Rivera is Council Member Farías.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you for being here. Thank you for your time. Thank you to the Chairs. I think we all feel very, very frustrated by this entire process, this system that has popped up illegally and especially its proximity to our schools. I will tell you that I feel in my district that there is -- a proliferation is an understatement. And between smoke shops and people selling weed and gummies and everything else, we have one licensed cannabis retailer, one, Housing Works on Broadway and 8th. But we have, it seems, 1,400 unlicensed locations in the City and I think we all feel inundated. Do you have the numbers for where the maybe majority of these smoke shops are located, and if you do or do not have those numbers -- you said that 1,052 violations were issued in 2022.

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 57 2 the data that we have, out of 4,000 from 2016 to 3 2022. Do you know where the majority of those violations were? So, it's trending how many 4 locations in terms of concentration in certain neighborhoods whether they are highly-proliferated in 6 7 some more than others. Where the violations are actually issued, that's my second question. And then 8 I want to ask you about specific locations, and how does the Department of Consumer Affair and Worker 10 11 Protection actually justify increasing licenses where 12 they were deemed under the cap in some community 13 districts whereas they might be adjacent to some who have the proliferation? And I'm happy to go into 14 15 that third one when you can. 16 CHIEF CHELL: So, my number is slightly

off from the Sheriff's. I'm at 1,321. This is visual, going block to block. So I'll just go by our eight patrol boroughs. That's the way I have broken down. So, Manhattan South 219, Manhattan North 154, the Bronx 204, Brooklyn South 215, Brooklyn North 213, Queens South 97, Queens North 129, and Staten Island 90. That's where I come up with my 1,321. When we did our business inspections throughout the City administrative compliance inspections that— and

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION what that means is our officers can go in and can 2 3 only look where the -- go where the public can be and 4 write summonses, OATH summonses for violations of signage and things of that nature. When we surveyed all our shops, there was about 327 summonses. 6 7 kind of ran every neighborhood, every neighborhood in the City. There wasn't one that was more than the 8 other. And like I said, wrote 51 summonses in Brooklyn, 40 in Queens North, so it kind of ran the 10 11 gamut as you were saying the legality of these 12 stores, but that's what we get as an agency. And 13 then when we went back out in November from a-- like I said-- like I stated earlier from a crime 14 15 prevention point of view, because we have to keep 16 them safe regardless. We asked them if they wanted a 17 survey done of their store. Some people were 18 reluctant to that, okay, but most people did take our literature on how to keep yourself safe, how to keep 19 your store safe. They were very receptive to that. 20 21 We talked about some technologies they could use to 2.2 protect their money, because it's a 1.6 million 2.3 dollars in theft, robberies. So they were very

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receptive to that.

1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 2 COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Okay, I 3 appreciate that. You said 219 in Manhattan South. My district's below 35th. So that pretty much covers 4 Manhattan South. And I just want to work with you all. I mean, I have, you know, shops across from 6 American Sign Language on East 23rd. I had a location 7 that we had to follow up on on East 28th Street near 8 a school. I mean, this is the 500 foot rule in violation over and over again, and I do have 10

teenagers using credit cards to buy weed at illegal smoke shops. So there has to be some sort of

13 comprehensive effort and I want to keep working with 14 you all that. Thank you.

CHIEF CHELL: And I could take those locations from you.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Okay.

CHIEF CHELL: And again, myself, the Sheriff, we can come together. I could do it other ways also. So, I can get the list from you and help you with that.

2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Absolutely.

2.3 Thank you. Thank you, Chair.

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DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Council Member, if I may, to respond to your question regarding the

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 60 community district caps. So in 2017 there were various pieces of legislation that were put forward that created the electronic cigarette retail dealer category and revamped the tobacco retail dealer category as well. One of those pieces of legislation, I believe it was carried at the time by Council Member Johnson, created caps per community district. So, in a community district, let's say for example -- in a community district let's say there were 100 active licenses of tobacco retail dealers, the cap was purposely set at 50 percent so that the cap was 50 essentially for years moving forward, and any new licenses would really only-- could only occur once that cap fell below 50. Now, for the vast majority of community districts -- and again this is per community district. The vast majority, they have not fallen below caps, but there are a handful that And those did receive notices of a lottery for available licenses for ECRDs, electronic cigarette retail dealers, or TRDs, tobacco retail dealers. And that said, you know, the licensing is one component. The enforcement is another. We take our enforcement work very seriously. In 2022 alone, we've done close

to 16,000 inspections of TRDs and ECRDs.

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 2 issued close to 7,400 summonses as well. 3 stuff-- this is work we've done independently and 4 also we've done under the leadership of the Sheriff's taskforce as well. I think ultimately, the sentiment that you brought up about the impact that this 6 7 situation is having on the city, the Administration feels the same way, and we are thinking creatively 8 with city laws of how we can-- how we can tackle this

issue and how can we make sure youth are not being

exploited, and how we make sure that the regulating

market is not going to be exploited either.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you. I appreciate that. And you all have been responsive. I know there's a lot of work to do there. Certainly a lot of shops in my district. So thank you all for your testimony, and thank you to the Chairs for being so gracious.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

Council Member Farías and then Council Member Menin.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Hi, good morning everyone, and I do want to just say that I appreciate this hearing being held and all of my colleagues' really great questions. I'll just get right to some of mine. Are we seeing repeated violations from the

opening up after due to inspections, so we are seeing multiple violations, and we are going back and reinspecting locations on a rotation basis. [inaudible] besides that, you have complaints about locations that are by schools and centers and houses of worship, that kind of thing, please make sure not only 311 but they can also contact the Sheriff's Office as well and share that information and as much details as possible, and we'll also put it into our database and make sure we're doing investigations.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Great. And I just want to re-clarify. When there is a violation or when you do find a violation of like sales of cannabis, for example, in a shop that's not legally able to-- as previously mentioned, we only have one. Is there a fine in connection or are we still just doing the warnings? I just want to re-clarify.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: Summonses and the seizures will result in the notices of violations, those are fines.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay.

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banned.

2 COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Right.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, they're engaged in illegal activity. We share the information of— all the agencies share the information accordingly when somebody gets either the notices of violation or any of the infractions that are found against them, and then I don't know what the state does. The state evaluates when the person applies. I believe they look at a person's history to determine the eligibility for other—

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: [interposing]

Okay, so we don't have anything on record right now stating that if they're found in violation of illegally selling two times, they cannot get a license for two years, no?

 $\label{eq:SHERIFF MIRANDA: There's nothing like that I'm aware of. \\$

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay. And if-- I just have two quick questions, Chairs. My-- my two other questions are do we know of any notices or processes that have businesses that have been in violation are given education on how to legally get a license to sell?

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give that out as we're doing our inspections.

2 SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, the answer is yes,

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they're referred to NYC Cannabis, and I believe NYC Cannabis is out producing a one-page pamphlet that'll be available to us shortly, and we'll also be able to

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okays, so we share information saying like these-- this business this week was found illegally selling cannabis. They then go out at some point and give that information business on how to be a legal seller?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: If we find somebody in violation of the law, we will issue the appropriate corrective action whether that's a summons and seizure, notices of violation or—may result in an arrest. However, they are given the information to both participate legally in the market if they want to pursue it. They're also given safety tips and formats from the New York City Police Department that is also shared as we do the inspections.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Great, thank you.

And my last thing is around tobacco. How often do we remind the public that stealing and selling tobacco is a federal offense? Do we know if we have any like education plans? I only ask because my communities,

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2 both my Community Board Precinct Councils, you know,

3 have made it known that it is a federal offense to

4 steal and sell tobacco. And so the cannabis part is

5 yes, illegal and all of that, but really what-- where

6 | we're getting or cracking down on finding folks is

7 | that you're not-- you know, there's tags and a

8 process for selling tobacco. So, just wondering do

9 we have education campaigns or anything like that?

10 NYPD REPRESENTATIVE: I'm not aware of

11 anything the NYPD has done in relation to that.

12 CHIEF CHELL: Yeah, I'm not aware of that

13 either. We can do PSAs. We can use our precinct

14 | commander's Twitter account. We can do that if we

15 have something.

16 SHERIFF MIRANDA: I believe the

17 Department of Finance, they do have some type of

18 ducational material they supply in terms of breaking

19 \parallel the law and enforcement of illegal cigarettes is a

20 | major process, and major violation has gone on for

21 | quite some time, which we continue to do. And again,

22 | not just now in this current enforcement, but as part

23 | of our regular inspection responsibilities to seize

24 and arrest the people that are involved in the

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2 illegal sale of cigarettes and the transportation of 3 cigarettes.

CHIEF CHELL: And I'm going to check with my Public Information Office. I think it's a good idea if we get that out there. So I wrote it down [inaudible].

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Thank you so much for your time and thank you for the allotment of additional time, Chairs.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. Council Member Menin and Council Member Ossé.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Thank you so much, but first of all thank you to the Chairs for this important hearing. I have two questions, both of them relate to the marketing to children. I am deeply concerned that they're— these products, they have cartoon characters on them. They're in colorful packets. They have names that appeal to young kids. So my first question is, I strongly believe that this is deceptive marketing and that it violates the city's Consumer Protection Law. Federal law requires a higher standard for products that are marketed to children, as you know, after the infamous Joe Camel case. So, my question is to DCWP. How many

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION

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deceptive actions, legal actions, have you brought

3 against manufacturers or distributors?

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DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Thank you for the question, Council Member. I'm not aware of any Consumer Protection Law cases that have been brought forward under this, but I'm happy to check with our General Counsel to see what type of work they've been doing on consumer protection as it relates to this—

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: [interposing] Okay. I think this is imperative. You clearly have legal jurisdiction. Its deceptive marketing, and I really urge the agency to go after these manufacturers and distributors who are clearly marketing these dangerous products directly to children. My second question relates to this as well. When I was DCWP Commissioner in 2014, we had a similar problem with the proliferation of K2 synthetic marijuana. We did I know you mentioned, Sheriff, you've do seizures. seized over four million dollars of products. seized over 17.5 million dollars of products, and that wasn't even enough. So what we did is we did a PSA campaign. DCWP did subway ads, bus ads. marketed ads to schools. We mailed 9,000 postcards to every single cigarette retailer talking about the

2 dangers of K2 and synthetic marijuana and it was

3 being targeted to kids. I really urge DCWP to take a

4 page out of the book that we did around K2 synthetic

5 marijuana. We were able to tackle that problem in a

6 really meaningful way.

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DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Again, Council

Member, I will check in with our General Counsel and our Law Department regarding our jurisdiction on the consumer protection law, and this other issues about a public education campaign, I think all of us here would be interested in discussing further, perhaps with the Mayor's Office too, about what measure and resources can be leveraged for that.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Okay, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Council Member Ossé and then Council Member Paladino.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Thank you, Chairs.

And I want to start my questioning to NYPD. Aside

from seizure of illicit products, are stores

completely shutting down, and if so, what is the

process to completely shutting down a store?

CHIEF CHELL: Store shutting down, I don't think I can answer that. If I see a change in the numbers. Again, to shut a store down, we could

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2 do seizures. We could have a narcotics team make

3 buys of illegal products. I think the conversation

4 goes to the nuisance abatement due process. It takes

5 a long time to do this. And I don't know, I'm not an

6 expert on this, obviously. I don't know what the

7 answer is, but nuisance abatement takes six months to

8 | two years to get done. So we can make illegal

9 purchase with our-- use of our Narcotics Intel

10 \parallel Division. We could write OATH and C summons for

11 compliance issues. We could team up with the

12 | Sheriff's initiative, but I think the question may

13 come as a whole, what could we do with nuisance

14 abatement to make it more expedient to accomplish--

15 | to have the legal stores flourish and take the

16 | illegal stores off our streets.

up another one in the future?

answer this one, or NYPD if you do have the answer, but are there mechanisms in place to ensure that owners are prevented from running another unlicensed smoke shop again, say in six months if their store is shut down? How are we preventing them from opening

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: I can approach that from the licensing perspective. You know, we do do a

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION quality review on licensed applications and we try to make sure that for example if one business has shut down or has been-- you know, lost their license for some reason, that same owner is not in some backdoor type of way trying to find a new license application. I think one thing that helps with that right now is that we have CAPS in place. So it's very hard for businesses to apply for new license and exception to that cap is by purchasing a business that has a license, but again, a quality review is what we would engage in in that licensing perspective. And just to echo what Deputy Chief Chell was mentioning, you know, I do think they're-- ultimately, when we observe and we observe violations and issue a summons, those do get adjudicated by a judge at OATH. That process does take time. It's a rescheduling. Businesses have a right to reschedule. Businesses have a right to appeal. So for that reason that's why I just want to add a little bit more detail to the timeline and why it could be a lengthy process. But for that reason, DCWP, we always re-inspect businesses that have been found in violation after to make sure that they're moving into compliance, or if not, they issue them another summons. I think that's

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 72

why the taskforce has made sure to keep track of thee business as well, because we don't want to let it

fall off our radar, so to speak.

more minutes to ask additional questions? Another question for DCWP. My constituents are concerned about the presence, obviously, of these unlicensed stores in our community and especially as my district is residential and has a large amount of families and youth who would be impacted by the presences of these shops near our schools and places where you gather. According to real estate brokers, unlicensed smoke shop owners were the only group renting out vacant brick and mortar stores post-pandemic. However, is there a way that DCWP can work with the real estate industry to prevent such stores to open, especially around places where families and youth gather?

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: I think-- or no.

Well, I don't think we have any particular

jurisdiction over commercial retail space, but in

terms of just working with the group, I think that is

a creative mechanism for how we approach this issue

form a different angle. I don't know if it's

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3 into exploring.

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COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Okay. And then last concern that I have is obviously the war on drugs is still a major concerns for communities of color, especially black and brown communities like the one that I represent. I know that there was hints at possible arrests that are made when, you know, the NYPD does come to some of these shops. How many arrests have been made since the Taskforce has been created?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, I'm the Sheriff's Office, and two different responses.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Okay.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, in our

investigations, we had three arrests. Two were felony. One was for an active warrant.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Okay.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: And so the goal is not
- as the Mayor said, is not necessarily to make

arrests, but when the law requires it, we are going

to do that. It is to issue them the education piece.

It is to enforce compliance, and kind of take these

illegal products out of the marketplace right now.

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 2 We expressed a lot of concerns about the packaging to 3 children especially, the possibility of the fentanyl 4 contamination. These are serious concerns that the Administration is trying to address in this enforcement. We are working with the various 6 7 District Attorney's offices as well to pursue some of the trademark infringement. We're trying to be very 8 creative about the packaging and the illegal market and how it's growing, and it's going to continue to 10 11 develop which is going to require each of the 12 agencies to be very creative and cooperative in their 13 responses to adjust into the illegal market. CHIEF CHELL: Just with the interagency, 14 15 we've had no arrests except that the warrant that the 16 Sheriff just mentioned. 17 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Okay. Thank you, 18 Chairs, for the additional time. 19 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. Council 20 Member Paladino and then Council Member Yeger. COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Good afternoon 21 2.2 everybody and thank you very, very much. I want to 2.3 applaud your efforts. It's shown up. I represent

District 19, which is the northeast section of

Queens. So to say that smoke shops are rampant is an

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION understatement. They are popping up the way candy stores used to pop up. And to Council Member Menin's point, we share a great deal as far as in one precinct which is the 109, we have 25 smoke shops in one precinct. Now, I go out. I know a lot of people spoke about the 311 calls. I'm one of those City Council Members that walk the streets. I visit my district. I visit my smoke shops, and I speak to smoke shop owners and I warn them about what's going on because I am told what's going on by my constituents. This past Friday, I had visited a smoke shop back in October. I reported it to LeRon Hall [sp?] which is the Deputy Inspector of the 109. I work very closely with Richard Porto [sp?], and again, northeast narcotics, I want to applaud the work you are doing. You are understaffed for sure. But they made an arrest on College Point Boulevard for one of the stores that I visited in October, and what they recovered was cannabis, psychedelic mushrooms and over 500 dollars was seized along with two perps were arrested. Now I understand that store is now reopened. Can you give me a little insight into once this store was busted on the 11th, what happened to that -- I'm on the phone with LeRon, but

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT &
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     I'm here right now so I cannot finish my conversation
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     with him. What would be the steps that these two
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     store owners are facing once they were pulled in on
     Friday?
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                CHIEF CHELL: So, as far as the arrest,
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     I'm trying to look it up now, the 109 precinct. I'd
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    have to look up who got arrested, what was-- how was
     it adjudicated, through arraignment, and where does
     the case stand now in terms of their--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: [interposing]
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    Right.
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                CHIEF CHELL: legal liability. I don't
    have the answer. And then we're going to circle back
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     to--
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                COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO:
                                            Just generally
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     what happens when someone is arrested and the stuff
     is seized? How soon after are they arrested?
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     there store open the very next day, reopened the very
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    next day?
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                CHIEF CHELL: WE can't close it.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: You can't close
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     it.
                CHIEF CHELL: because again, we're going
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     to get--
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2 COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: [interposing]

3 Right.

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CHIEF CHELL: We're going to get back to the nuisance abatement part of this. I can't speak to the license part of this. As far as the people got arrested, they will be out. They will be out the next day.

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Okay, well here on the City Council I am intro-- I introduced legislation. I want to know if this will help you in any way, shape, or form to do your jobs. example, smoke shops need to be regulated and strict licensing needs to be in place. I think if that strict licensing is for you to be able to see whether they're licensed or not would be a help. They would include but not limited to regulating the sale of glass and other smoking paraphernalia, synthetic marijuana, candy-like edibles, child-like marketing which attracts the minors to this establishment, and IDs must be made available, and hours must be put in place. Would that help you do your job a little bit better? If we curtail -- because we put in smoke -this city has allowed smoke shops to just pop up with

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is we go through--

2 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing] Council

3 | Member can you wrap up?

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wrap up. The important thing is to find out who the owners are who actually own the establishment, who they're renting to, and this will help you to do your job I think a little bit better, too. But I want to just really reiterate the fact that this is marketing towards our kids. This is a very dangerous situation that we're in, and it needs to be-- something needs to be done, and you guys are doing your job. Us as a City Council needs to do a better job. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. Council Member Yeger, Council Member Joseph. Council Member Yeger?

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Thank you, Madam

Chair. Good morning. It must be very frustrating for
the Police Department and the Sheriff's Office to

come here and get all these questions about
enforcement when the environment that led to the need
for enforcement was created by the very people who

are asking these questions, either in this house or
in the State Legislature in Albany. And so I

2 appreciate that you're calm and demeanor in how you

3 approach these questions. I'm going to ask a little

4 bit, as some of my colleagues asked before, about the

5 arrests. When you do a raid-- I guess this is to the

6 Sheriff. When you do a raid and product is seized,

7 are you able to effectuate an arrest at that moment,

8 or does that-- is that something that happens later

9 on in the process?

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SHERIFF MIRANDA: It depends on the type of product that is seized, and then that determines whether an arrest needs to be made at that moment or not. Otherwise, we issue notices of violations, the criminal court summonses appropriately.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Okay. How many nuisance, if at all, how many nuisance abatement cases have been field, I guess, since this process has started?

NYPD REPRESENTATIVE: So, I can say from NYPD, we haven't-- we're working on filing them, but we haven't had any filed yet.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Okay. Has there-has there been any consideration to-- as one of my
colleagues from the upper level asked earlier, or
mentioned earlier, that some of these cases rise to

to wrap up, Madam Chair, and I just want to-- the

clock rang and so I'm almost done. I would just like

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION to suggest -- I mean, given that we know -- it's not anecdotal, we know that this is something that is really-- it's been a steady march in New York City towards, I guess, for lack of a better description, a hamster dam of sorts, a drug market of open air that's now moved into brick and mortar and that through no fault of law enforcement, but simply because you've been directed by politicians, your eyes have had to been shut over time. I think this is a valid suggestion that to the extent that you identify crimes that are committed that are also federal crimes to simply turn them over to the federal authorities because the enforcement and the punishment is still there at least in the federal system if not in New York State Penal Code. I'm going to turn it back to the Chair because I know that there are other members who are waiting, but just to my previous point, that I want to appreciate very much and express my appreciation that you're fighting a battle that is not of law enforcement's making that's been dumped on your feet by politicians who created this system. Perhaps predecessors of this body, not necessarily the members who are here today, but the policies have been created in Albany

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION

2 and here in the City Council and now we're reaping

3 what has been sowed in the past, and that's what

4 you're facing. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. Council Member Joseph and then Council Member Ayala.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you. Good morning everyone. Thank you, Chairs. Question is how closely does DCW work with Office of Cannabis Management when tackling the issue of influx in smoke shops across New York City?

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Thank you for the question Council Member. I think what the Administration has done with this taskforce is bring forward our respective offices, DCWP, NYPD, the Sheriff's Office to collaborate with in part OCM, but also to think of our own creative mechanisms to tackle the smoke shop issue.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you. Also, when I meet community members, once of the things they say, "Council Member, I go to sleep and I wake up and I see all these shops pop up." What can the average consumer do or community members? Can they file complaints? Where can they go and what power do

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 8 they have against seeing all these pop-up shops in

3 | our district?

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DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Well, from the perspective of DCWP, you know, we take in 311 complaints. We go out in the community. We educate them about licensed businesses and using appropriate licensed businesses. We're happy to work with your offices as well to identify unlicensed businesses in your district and make sure that inspections go out, and if we observe violations that they are issued accordingly.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: No, community members. What if I want to file-- every-day New Yorker who wants to file a complaint about these popup shops, where do they go?

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Well, from the ECRDs or TRDs, those can happen through 311. They can also contact our team at DCWP. They can contact us at community@dcwp.nyc.gov. I believe there are also other referral mechanisms with respect to perhaps cannabis locations, which I believe go through OCM, or it can also arrive at the Sheriff's Office as well.

2 COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: In terms of

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education and engagement with young people, what are you guys doing to inform young people about ecigarettes, these pop-up shops? As many of my colleagues have stated before, when you walk by, they look like Cheetos, they look like Gummy Bears. They look like—they market them as they would market regular stuff to children, candy. What are we doing to make sure they do not land in the hands of these young people?

are going to do-- I met with my community
ambassadors, and we're going to have them hit the
schools. I'm writing down ideas as we're talking.

Our community ambassadors will be in these schools
with the proper literature about safety and what to
look for. I think it's a great idea I've gotten from
day, and that's a-- that's right for-- and our
precinct council meetings with our commanding
officers, this should be a topic of conversation
every time we have an opportunity to do so. And then
the Police Department in our precincts we have many,
as you all know, we have many opportunities to get
this literature out. So, between our public

2 information, the ambassadors, my pre-- I'm

3 cultivating all these ideas to get this word out

4 better and better, and through social media also.

 $\mathsf{I'm}$ going to bring this back.

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media where we can capture the young people. As
Education Chair in the City Council I'm very
concerned, and I sit with the DOE all the time. You
guys say you guys are putting out flyers. I don't see
it. I get a briefing from the DOE as often as
possible as the Education Chair. So I would
definitely love to work with your office to find out
how we can curtail this marketing tactic to young
people.

 $\label{eq:chell:ook} \mbox{Chief CHell: I look forward to that.}$ That'd be great.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: And again, just so you understand, you can also report complaints directly to the Sheriff's Office, and we also-- again, we'll go out and investigate them and share the information with the agencies as well and make sure it's on our radar. We have our Public Relations Team that also goes out and does presentations in the community. So

1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 87
2 if you invite us out, we'll go to whatever school,
3 church, house of worship, community organization to

4 do those type of presentations to assist.

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COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: And you provide language access as well?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: We provide language access.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. We've been joined by Council Member Powers. Council Member Ayala?

COUNCIL MEMBER AYALA: Good afternoon and thank you for all of this information. I think I've learned more than I intended to today about cannabis sale, but I want to piggyback on a question that my colleague Council Member Yeger asked around the nuisance laws, and I'm wondering-- I want to know why no case has been filed yet to date?

NYPD REPRESENTATIVE: Yeah, so I think there's, you know, a few reasons. The-- in order to file it, we have to build the case. We have to go through the Law Department and make sure that we have enough evidence that we can go forward in court, right? So we want the courts to accept it. That's

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION something that we're currently working on with the Law Department. This issue, I mean, really it's popped up as -- you know, I live in Brooklyn, in my neighborhood it's the last few months that has like all of a sudden on my way to the train there was nothing and now there's four on my way to the train every morning. So, I think that's -- it takes time to build these cases, to take the work that the taskforces are doing to bring it to our lawyers to build the motions, to work with the Law Department and get it filed. It's something we're actively I just think that's-- all that takes a working on. little time, and then once the court process takes a little time. So, yeah.

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just-- you know, I just want to share that when we were in the midst of the synthetic marijuana, you know, issue specifically in my district on 125th

Street, that law actually in combination with partnerships, right, with the local NYPD and-- it was helpful. Like, it was helpful. We did not have to arrest our way out of this, right? We hit these distributors at-- you know, in their pocket, and I just want to just-- I have to bring that up because

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION the reason that we're here having this conversation is because historically black and brown people have been on the receiving end of incarceration for selling, you know, marijuana, and we're trying to correct the wrong and we don't correct that wrong by further incarcerating, right? And I'm not saying that illegal shops should get away with what they're doing. That is -- that is not what I'm saying, but what I'm saying is that there are ways and there are laws that were implemented by this body to address the synthetic marijuana issue that I think can easily be applied in this case to combat, right, the opening of these illegal shops citywide. And I would also really, you know, working with the state on, you know, really trying to identify where the distributors are, right? Because that's where you want to go. That's where, you know, where you have the max amount of product, right, that want to capture. You're not going to get that at a-- at one of the local stores, you're just not. But I really think that is a missed opportunity to not utilize the nuisance abatement law in this way, and I would urge that, you know, more serious consideration be given to that. Thank you.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. Council

3 Member Powers?

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COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Thank you. First of all, I want to just commend Council Member Brewer who's been doing a great job on this issue and I think highlighting some of the issues that I'm hearing from my constituents as well when it comes to the rampant proliferation of these new stores. I mean, every block in my district now, there's an empty storefront that is a smoke shops. I have not walked into them. I know Council Member Brewer has done some auditing of them, but I have not, but I, you know, I do believe they're selling illegal products. And for the folks that have a promise of a license here in the City, I think it severely undermines their ability to make a business out of what the license they have. And you know, in some was tantamount in my eyes to, you know, a wine store without a liquor license operating here in the city. So, I see in your testimony some information about what exactly the numbers are when it comes to how much you seized or a couple [inaudible]. I quess my question is, right now like in 2022, how many stores received a violation for operating illegally? Or how 2 many violations were issued? I guess that maybe is 3 another way to--

SHERIFF MIRANDA: I'd have to get back to you for the entire year. We took the numbers for the taskforce enforcement. Again, we do this on a regular basis. These inspections are done throughout the year and given violations. Notices of violations are issued all the time. So do you have a total number?

Department went out and did a survey of the smoke shops citywide to see what they're doing administratively and compliance, we issued a total of 327 Criminal Court summonses, and we issued 192 OATH summonses for various administrative infractions within the store, places that we're allowed to walk around with the general public.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: And what time period was that in?

CHIEF CHELL: We did this one time over the summer. We did an administrative approach in the summer.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Okay.

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2 CHIEF CHELL: And in November, we did a 3 crime prevention approach to keep them safe.

NYPD REPRESENTATIVE: Council Member, for the-- the category that we enforce I think most relates to this conversation. We've issued about 5,500 summonses to tobacco retail dealers, and we've issued about close to 2,900 summonses to electronic cigarette retail dealers, and that activity is for a variety of issues. Could be unlicensed activity. Could be flavored products. It depends.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Those are licensed by the Department of Consumer Worker Protection, but are breaking the law in some other fashion, or violating--

NYPD REPRESENTATIVE: [interposing] No, I would say those summonses span both licensed and unlicensed businesses that are conducting an activity that would be covered by a TRD or an ECRD license.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Okay, just two questions, and I'll hand it back over to you. What are the violations that you are seeing? I'm sorry if you answered this. I was chairing another hearing. What are the most common violations that you're seeing right now, what you're issuing violations for?

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION

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2 And I guess for like the public, including those who

3 are in this industry or getting into this industry,

4 the people that call my office that are complaining

5 about them because they're next to a school or a

6 bakery opened and they're afraid their kids are going

7 to walk in there, things like that. What does 2023

8 look like from an enforcement standpoint? What are

9 you able to enforce against? And where would you

10 need the City or State to change something or to give

11 | you tools to enforce that you don't currently have?

12 CHIEF CHELL: As far as the summonses, a

13 | lot of signage, failure to display licenses, no

14 | smoking signs, a lot of administrative signage

15 issues. That's our biggest with the summonses. In

16 | terms of enforcement, we have to do a more extensive

17 better job with our District Attorneys when we want

18 | to do enforcement in terms of people selling illegal

19 | narcotics from these stores. That's something we can

20 definitely do better at.

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DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: I think the benefit of the Taskforce that the Sheriff's Office convened is that we've been able to bring together multiple authorities across many agencies to issues summonses and to clamp down on illegal activity as needed, I

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION

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2 | think. I know the Taskforce will continue to do

3 that. DCWP is also willing to coordinate as well and

4 continue to support that, and I believe the

5 Administration also will look into what measures we

6 can implement at the City or State level to tackle

7 | this issue. I very much feel that we have done-- I

8 commend my colleagues as well for the great work

9 | we've done to cover the gap that's existed in

10 enforcement, but definitely for 2023, we want to make

11 | sure that the work goes on.

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COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: I appreciate it.

13 | I appreciate the work you guys are doing. I don't

14 want to say anything too contrary to that. They are

15 popping up everywhere, so it's clear that they're

16 | believing that there's either a legal market that is

17 | going to-- a legal appearing [sic] market is allowed,

18 ∥ or there's eventually going to be a legal market

19 | that's going to inherently exist because there's not

20 | enough enforcement, or eventually we're just going to

21 | license them sort of equal to the other ones it feels

22 | like. So, we're-- I think you can see the Council

23 | certainly wants [inaudible] with any efforts, and at

least create some better certainty about what life is

25 \parallel going to be like here in an evolving moment.

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2 SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, Council Member, and 3 just in response to let you know that the Taskforce is continuing. Our operations are increasing. 4 are doubling, if not going to be tripling, the enforcement that we have and the compliance aspect of 6 it. And I say this focus is also about compliance and making sure they're following the rules and 8 regulations. We are protecting our kids and the community that wants to engage in the cannabis 10 11 business, that they're not subject to these other 12 illegal products that are being mixed in. I think it 13 presents a serious public safety issue which we are taking head-on, just the cooperation of all the 14 15 agencies. I know, again, I want to stress this, it 16 is through the cooperative effort of all the agencies 17 that we're able to have the best effective response, 18 and we're getting the most results from. community as they have concerns and they expressed 19 20 them to you, please let them know 311 is an option, 21 NYPD is an option, DCW is an option, and the 2.2 Sheriff's Department is an option to call, especially 2.3 if they're by these schools and locations and sensitive locations. Please let us know so we can 24 25 take the appropriate enforcement activity.

2 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Council Member

Williams?

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COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Hello. So, in our report it kind of talks about how it's impossible to know how many shops are actually selling illegal tobacco and/or marijuana. Is there an effort, I guess, whether it's DWCP or the Sheriff's Office to actually collect data to substantiate the breadth of the issue?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: We are collecting data every time we do an inspection. Whether it's independently done by the individual agencies or collectively through the Taskforce. So we are in the process of collecting that data.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: So, you do regular inspections of all of the different shops or only if like someone reports something you go out?

Or is it just a regular--

SHERIFF MIRANDA: [interposing] So, we obviously focus on the reports of the illegal locations, but we do regular inspections. So it's good to report that we have gone into locations and inspected them. They have to have passed their inspection process. So, those are people who are in

INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 97 full compliance with the laws and the licenses that they need, and they aren't found in violation. So we do have some positive results in that respect. So, in addition to our regular duties of going out and doing the other types of inspections, we are focusing also on the ones that have been highlighted and

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identified as engaging in illegal activity.

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Taskforce-- I guess I'm trying to understand if
there's a targeted effort to collect data versus
through the process of regular inspections or if
someone files a complaint. Like is there a specific
targeted effort to say how many of these shops
actually exist, or is it just in the course of
business that you're collecting the data?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: Again, so some of the background. When we get a location, we do research on locations, not just going out. We do personal observations. We also do backgrounds on the locations to see who's licensed, what kind of licenses they have, who the owners are. The other extra efforts to Department of Finance, we get to look and see if they filed their taxes appropriately and other additional information so they can continue

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2 ongoing investigations. So it is information that is

3 collected regularly and documented regularly, and we

4 | are doing that.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, thank

6 you.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. We're going to have a few other questions. Council Member Schulman?

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Thank you. So, this is a question for the NYPD. Is there a pattern in terms of the robberies of the illegal shops that you can detect?

Of multiple persons committing robberies in different boroughs. Like I stated earlier, the conduit is obviously the amount of smoke shops that are in every neighborhood, the use of stolen cars, the use of cars with forged paper plates that we all see with the numbers, cars that have plate covers so we can't identify the plate, and like I said, there's been about 200 people that have been involved in a pad-in. A pad-in by definition to us is someone or some persons committing more than two of one crime. So

2 it's been a major issue, especially the second part
3 of this year.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Can you provide

the-- not right this second, but can you provide the

Council Members with areas where you think it would

be helpful to have surveillance cameras or extra ones

that we can assist with?

CHIEF CHELL: I can give you areas, but around our bridges would be the best locations, because we do see the exit/entrance to boroughs by the specific bridges. So I mentioned the RFK between the northern part of Queens. The Bronx has been big for us. And we've made quite a few apprehensions by utilizing staffing and more cars and our aviation units to make significant arrests in some of these robbery patterns.

CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Yeah, if you can provide a list to the Committee of just like that of where you think it would be helpful, then we can follow up with that and also disperse that to the individual members that represent those particular areas.

CHIEF CHELL: sure.

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2 CHAIRPERSON SCHULMAN: Alright, thank

3 you.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. Council Member Velázquez?

COUNCIL MEMBER VELÁZQUEZ: Just very quickly. DCWP, you mentioned earlier the different type of licenses that the licensed smoke shops were, you gave the abbreviations. Can you clarify what those licenses are and how me as a consumer could make sure that I'm actually having licensed goods from a licensed retailer?

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Thank you for the question, Council Member. So if you're a business that is selling tobacco products, you're required to have a Tobacco Retail Dealer license, and if you're a business that's selling electronic cigarette devices, you're required to have an Electronic Cigarette Retail Dealer license. Now, if you're a consumer and go into a store, you typically above the cash register or within plain sight it's supposed to be a very big sign like this that will say TRD or ECRD, and it's issued by DCWP. More acronyms, I'm sorry. But it should be plain in sight, and if it's not sight, that could be a violation for the business,

COUNCIL MEMBER VELÁZQUEZ: And so do you have a number of each of those licenses throughout the City? And additionally--

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: [interposing] Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER VELÁZQUEZ: if I am a consumer and I don't see that, where do I call or how do I communicate that?

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: So, currently, there are about 4,400 licensed tobacco retail dealers and there are about 2,200 licensed electronic cigarette retail dealers. Again, community members can call 311. They can also call or contact my team at community@dcwp.nyc.gov, and we're happy to process those complaints and make sure that inspections or any other actions that may need to be taken happen accordingly.

COUNCIL MEMBER VELÁZQUEZ: How many inspections were done last year?

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: I think close to 16-- of both categories combined, close to 16,000 inspections were done in 2022.

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COUNCIL MEMBER VELÁZQUEZ:

Thank you.

2 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Council Member Feliz

3 and Council Member Ariola.

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COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Thank you. A few more questions. How much are fines for selling unlic-- products without a license, let's say cannabis.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: Again, these fines will vary because it's determined by the OATH judge, so they will determine the penalty that's imposed and maybe based on how many infractions they received, or how many additional violations. So we wouldn't determine that ahead of time.

COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Is there a minimum or maximum based on current law?

NYPD REPRESENTATIVE: Just under the penal law, the fine for an unlawful sale of cannabis is not more than 250 dollars than their other fines in the Admin Code, but that's-- it's under-- not more than 250.

COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: So, 250 dollars regardless of the amount?

NYPD REPRESENTATIVE: No. If its'-- if it goes up it can elevate into becoming, you know, criminal matters as well if it gets high enough.

2 CHIEF CHELL: I have some numbers for you

- 3 here. Unlicensed tobacco retailer dealer,
- 4 Administrative Code 20-2002, fine minimum/max \$2,000
- 5 is the max and it's a seizure of evidence. Untaxed
- 6 cigarettes, tobacco-- I'm sorry. Permitting premise
- 7 | for use for unlicensed tobacco retail dealer
- 8 activity, \$1,500 to \$2,000 with a seizure of
- 9 evidence. That's the max that could be adjudicated
- 10 for two OATH summonses.

- 11 SHERIFF MIRANDA: And remember the
- 12 possession is eight ounce, three ounces for legal,
- 13 | five to eight is a misdemeanor. Anything over eight
- 14 | ounces is a felony, and that's a different value for
- 15 any commercial establishment having a certain amount
- 16 of weight. So that's where you get the additional
- 17 | felony charges.
- 18 CHIEF CHELL: And last but not least,
- 19 failure to display license, again, \$1,500 to \$2,000
- 20 on the OATH summons.
- 21 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Oh, okay. And
- 22 going back to the actual shop. So, if they're caught
- 23 selling on-- without a license selling these
- 24 products, they can continue selling as long as the
- 25 | case is pending, right?

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arrested, the store is still in operation. Somebody else will be placed in the store. So they're-- yes, until they're found quilty and it's adjudicated, then they will continue to operate.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: Yes, if they're not

COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay, if I could just squeeze in two more fast questions.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Go ahead.

COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: So, they could get caught every single day for a year and if the case is pending for a year, they could continue selling these products?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: Every person is entitled to that due process of being found guilty or not, and so the corrective action is taken at the appropriate time.

COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay.

DCWP REPRESENTATIVE: Let me just add one piece to that from DCWP's perspective, and I want to be very clear about the type of products we're discussing. Products in terms of tobacco products or electronic cigarette devices, I mean, those-- if you're caught operating unlicensed, you will get -- in the case of tobacco, you'll get a \$2,000 penalty, but

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2 then you have a \$100 per day penalty for assumed unlicensed activity that happens until that -- it

4 could happen until your OATH hearing. So it's not

5 necessarily that you're going off un-penalized for

the entire time that you're operating unlicensed. I 6

7 think that's an important thing to mention. Again,

though, I think the Sheriff is raising good points 8

here. These violations do have to be adjudicated by

There's a right to due process for these 10 a judge.

11 businesses. It's a process that we all have to go

12 through, and so, you know, subsequent to that

13 adjudication, we can go out there again and we can

issue more summonses and make sure that businesses

are being held responsible. And in the case of 15

16 unlicensed activity, they'll have daily penalties,

17 with respect to tobacco retail dealers and electronic

18 cigarette retail dealers.

> COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay. And let's say that the smoke shop is closed for selling without a license, what happens next? Can they open one right next door, let's say, or just reopen?

NYPD REPRESENTATIVE: So, I want to-- I mean, they're not allowed to do whatever, right? just want to-- but can they get a lease and start

2 acting illegally right next door? Sure, right?

3 Like, they can find a new lease. I mean, getting

4 commercial leases I don't think is cheap, so but they

107

5 could theoretically go across the street and find an

6 empty storefront and open up again illegally, right?

7 SHERIFF MIRANDA: It's the point that

8 | they're operating illegally, and the other point to

9 make for everybody listening is that we'll go back

10 and re-inspect your locations and we will seize it

11 Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, every day of

12 the week that we go back. If we find illegal

13 product, we're going to seize it and you're going to

14 get the appropriate summonses and fines.

15 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Thank you.

16 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Council Member

Ariola?

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COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: Thank you for the chance at the second round. So we're hearing a lot of high numbers here with smoke shops that are open, smoke shops that were closed, smoke shops that are popping up daily, 951 311 calls. So, this is actually for DOH and this is a message just to bring back to the Commissioner, that these numbers seem

insurmountable for this taskforce to really get a

2 | handle on. They're doing a great job with what they

3 | have, but perhaps he should really think about

4 lifting the mandate for city employees like he did

5 for the private sector so that more ranks can be put

6 back to work and apply and come to work so that the

7 Taskforce can get a handle on this issue more

8 equitably. Because right now the bad guys are ahead

9 of us and we're playing catch-up. So that message,

if you could bring it back, I'd certainly appreciate

11 | it.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: Thank you, Council Member. I just want to reiterate, you know, our agency's role again is around education and information. We are incredibly committed to this issue and we also commend the work of our agency partners in this area.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Also, for the Health
Department, do you inspect consumption lounges that
also sell food such as Stone Pizza in the East
Village? What types of enforcement would the Heath
Department take against a restaurant found to be
putting cannabis in the food without a license? That
is happening.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER:

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. Alright. And

going to have to follow up with you on that, Council Member.

then the other question is, Community Board members have asked me if the owners of the buildings in which these smoke shops are located, do they have any responsibility? Obviously, I don't-- that's a question that I get often. They are renting when there's a vacancy, and they're seeing money, and they are taking advantage of it. Is there any repercussions for the owners of the buildings?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: So, as has been done in the past, the Department of Finance is issuing notices and the Sheriff's Office is issuing notices to the owners and landlords that we found an illegal business being conducted in their establishment. kind of gives them that warning. I believe most rental clauses have a protection about if somebody's engaged in illegal activity they can break that lease. So we are putting them on notice, and then legally we'll figure out how to follow up with them if they fail to take corrective action.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. So, at this point, you have been telling some of these owners that they are renting to an illegal operator, or do we have to wait until it's decided by the judge?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: No, once we are-- we are in the process of finalizing an updated letter now with our legal bureau and we're going to start issuing that this week. The notice will put the landlords on notice that the person engaged-- who rented their shop was engaged in illegal activity.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay, that will be helpful. And then also, again, waiting on the state to a certain extent. But there are so many of these operators, and they, I assume, want to down the line get legal license. I don't know. I don't know what the game plan is. But my question is, do you know if that would be possible down the line? Is it the second or third round? Is there any knowledge as to how that's going to work, if at all? In other words, to me, if you have been operating illegally, I don't know if you should get a license to operate legally. But is this kind of on the agenda, or that hasn't come up yet?

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SHERIFF MIRANDA: That would be Office of

Cannabis Management that will make that

determination, but I know that they are receiving the

same information of the investigations that are being

done and they will be taken into consideration any of

the past infractions that they've been found guilty

of.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. The other thing I do know from our office, particularly the Investigations Committee, we did send questions to the Administration December 23rd. So we're waiting to get an answer. Does anybody know if that answer is forthcoming?

SHERIFF MIRANDA: You want to answer? We can— we did receive the questions. due to the holidays that happened, there's been a little delay, but we are collectively working on the responses because it involves several different agencies, and so we're in the process of finalizing that and getting that to you.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. Council Member Bottcher?

COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: When there are reports of young people, minors, students being

2 sickened from products that might have come from thee

3 smoke shops, does that-- do those reports make their

4 way to you?

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SHERIFF MIRANDA: I believe the answer is yes to the Police Department and yes to the Sheriff's Department, and so we have collectively taken action on a few locations that have been identified in relations to some of these cases, and we immediately did some— took some corrective action to identify the location and if they in fact have the illegal products.

COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: How does that come to you? Is that from the hospital? Do you hear from the Department of Health? Do you hear from the parents of the young people when they call 911? How does that make its way to the taskforce?

[inaudible] to locate 56 what we call aided situations where it specified that the person got sick from come backing from using products from a smoke-- [inaudible] information, the Sheriff and I we'd talk about, but we haven't really dove like really deep into I think what you're getting at here to exploit that aspect of what we're talking about.

COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER:

Well, we

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encountered recently in my council district was a group of high school students all got sick after going to a smoke shop, and what would be good to know is if when that happens, if your taskforce is notified as a matter of course.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: I don't think there's as a matter of course. The last time we got a call, that I received a call, was from a principal of a school who had certain information and shared it with us, and then we did an investigation and went out and inspected the location.

CHIEF CHELL: So I think, one of the takeaways from myself here is getting into those for public awareness and to address what you're talking about, letting us know if there is a student in your world that has become sick, and then we can kind of back into putting as a target location, obviously target [inaudible] getting our children sick, absolutely. We're going to have to build this out, but some good ideas came from this meeting.

> COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: Thank you.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: I would just add more generally that this public education

3 the risk of e-cigarettes, lung injury obviously was a

4 huge emergency that caused death within New York

5 City. It's something we continue to monitor, so we

6 do have lots of information. I've worked with local

7 partners, DOE and pediatricians offices to make sure

8 that people, in particular youth, are aware of those

9 | risks. So I think it's really important topic and

10 also that people who are sick, you know, that can

11 also be called into poison control.

information with.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: I think, as a follow-up, we're probably working on a collective document with contact numbers to share with the principals and the PTA's. So if they run into this, they can immediately know who to contact and share the

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Just one more question also for Health Department. Do you know of any of these consumption lounges? Have you been involved at all?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: Council Member, I'm going to have to follow up with you on that.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Okay. I just wanted

3 to let you know they seem to be quite alive and well.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER KESSLER: Okay,

understood. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: So, I do want to thank this panel. I want to reiterate that we support obviously the state in terms of what they're doing, the MRTA. We don't support prohibition or criminal charges, but we know that the City cannot give out cannabis retail licenses. What we can do is what you've been doing is the enforcement that protects the legal store, at this point there's only one, and protects New Yorkers and brings in revenue. So this is a very complicated issue and I think you're doing the best you can. We look forward to working with you. we look forward to making sure that 311 is more streamlined, because when you call it's not as clear as you think in terms of getting the information across, so we have to make that more streamlined, and there's a whole other listed that we will not bother with you today, but we thank you for your testimony and we look forward to the next panel. Thank you.

SHERIFF MIRANDA: Council Member Brewer, thank you very much for inviting us, and I just want

Committee of City Council Members.

The Yemeni

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 2 American Merchants Association is a nonprofit social 3 service organization founded in 2017. Our mission is 4 to education and elevate the Yemeni American merchants and their families through education, civil rights, advocacy, business and social services. 6 7 Based-- we're based in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn and we seek to advance policies that support New York City 8 estimated 6,000 Yemeni American bodegas and their families. Council Member Brewer, Velázquez, and 10 11 Schulman, today we have a unique opportunity to come 12 together and join forces to address the crisis 13 affecting smoke shops across New York City. With this joint oversight hearing, let us take the-- take 14 15 up the challenge by working together on a 16 comprehensive plan to consider both community safety 17 needs and small business rights. Success [sic] for 18 community serving city depends on collaboration and 19 holistic approach to safety. By developing an 20 effective plan that meets both need of citizens and 21 organizations as well as small businesses, we can 2.2 help create a vibrant neighborhoods with the long-2.3 term security for all the stakeholders. YAMA in the past has presented to City Council solutions to 24 safequard our children from smoke shops products and 25

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 118 2 are prepared to do so now. Over the past month, New 3 York City merchants have experienced an alarming 4 disregard for justice and cooperation. enforcement controversial interagency [sic] pilots exposed these merchant to potential unlawful search 6 7 seizures without reasonable cause and offer a little in terms of fair representation or opportunity for 8 redress. We must ensure our fellow merchants access the rightful due process instead of facting [sic] 10 11 service repercussions and fines while attempting to 12 make legitimate business operation. This can be 13 achieved through consideration from both sides and collaboration between government agencies. Our 14 15 missions -- our merchants face complex reality, fearful, punitive measures against immigrants run 16 17 businesses. This--18 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing] Start

to wrap up of you don't mind. Start to wrap up.

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AMR ABOZAID: Alright. So, we urge the member of the member of the Committee, this committee, City Council, city agencies, NYPD, and Sheriff, to exercise responsibly with fairness and consideration for small businesses. YAMA requests that members of committees City Council reviews the 2 | 53 locations throughout the five boroughs that were

3 targeted by the interagency taskforce and reconsider

4 penalties issued for our merchants as a result of due

5 process. Moving forward, we hope this institution

6 | will use joint effort to execute authority in a

7 manner benefitting honor, responsibility, justice,

8 and equity. Thank you very much.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. Go ahead, sir.

YOUSSEF MUBAREZ: Hi, everyone. Thank
you, Council Members. My name is Youssef Mubarez.

I'm also a member of the Yemeni American Merchants
Association, and I'm just here to echo Amr's words on
focusing rather on education for these merchants to
make sure that, you know, the law is understood by
them. We've seen a lack of education for them.

We've seen a lot of punishment and inspections and
seizures attacking the actual endpoint of the crisis.
As some Council Members pointed out today, they're
feeling the brunt of all the punishment while
manufacturers of these products who, you know, we see
are marketing to children are not being punished,
landlords who took advantage of anyone who walked in
and said, "I'm going to open up a smoke shop, you

know, can I lease from you?" And then they just

3 happily opened it up. We understand they're being

4 punished, but the amount of money that these

immigrants are losing because they're unaware of

what's going on. They're not properly educated on how 6

7 to get a license, right? I see the Sheriff mention

that they, after seizing their product and raiding 8

their store, then they educate them. You know, I'm

not sure to what extent they educate them on how to 10

11 try to get a license. We also ask that as Yemeni

12 Americans, you know, we're taking into consideration

13 as a community who, you know, survived through the

pandemic, who stayed open 24/7, we tend to be the 14

15 last in line as small business immigrant owners when

16 it comes to these new regulations like the cannabis

17 law. So, you know, more education for us and

18 understanding, you know, our side of the story and

where it's coming from and why we're doing this, why 19

20 we're opening up smoke shops. I mean, and want to be

21 licensed and legal.

2.2 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

2.3 I know the licensing is going to be done by the State

and not the City, but I think we could do a much 24

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2 better job of information, but it is a state issue.

3 Go ahead, sir.

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TASHIM MONTGOMERY: Yes, how you doing. My name is Tashim Montgomery [sp?] and I'm representing a smoke shop that I work in, that I'm the manager of, and I sat down and I listened to a lot of people talk, the Sheriff, and I didn't hear anybody talk about the people that's outside still selling marijuana without the smoke shops. Before smoke shops was here, we had people in front of our schools selling marijuana, doing things of this nature. We-- now, we have smoke shops that we have-we have air [sic] dressers, we have video cameras where if a smoke shop is selling to a minor, they should be dealt with, yes, because we have cameras. So if a -- if a minor is getting sold something from a smoke shop, then that parent should be able to come to that smoke shop, bring the police, video the video footage, and get them incarcerated. I have a CBD license, a cannabinoid license. Now, in my smoke shop I sell high CBD, low CBD products. Every CBD product has THC. It could be low THC or high THC. So, now, if they come to my smoke shops, the Sheriffs, and come to my smoke shops, I have a CBD--

2 | the DOH, which I just found out, they can't even

3 verify if it's all CBD or anything. So, what happens

4 to me and smoke shop when I have a cannabinoid

5 license and I'm selling what's appropriately supposed

6 | to be sold-- I don't sell cigarettes. I don't sell

7 | vapes, because I have no license for that, but I'm

8 selling cannabinoid things that has high and low CBD.

9 So, how am I going to be effected when they do come

10 | in and they have no test for this, what happens to

11 me?

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ask. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: These are good questions that we can ask on your behalf to the Sheriff, because I do not know the answer, but we can

TASHIM MONTGOMERY: Thank you.

PAULA COLLINS: Good morning. Thank you for the opportunity to speak with you today. I am Paula Collins, a resident of the West Village and Community Board Two. I'm an enrolled agent and an attorney. I'm a member of the Social Equity and Diversity Committee of the International Cannabis Bar Association, and I'm a co-founder of the New York Consortium of Cannabis Accountants. There is a clear path forward, and that is to ask OCM in Albany for a

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 123 transitional license similar to what Washington, D.C. has done. As of today, it has been 658 days since the Governor of New York signed the MRTA into law. That makes 650 days in which it has been legal to smoke marijuana, but not legal to buy. confusing puzzle the state has given to us. We must realize that the State has played a major role in creating the confusing environment that fueled the proliferation of the unlicensed shops. My written remarks go into great detail on my plan to offer a transitional license to the exiting shop owners as well as an analysis of how we got where we are and what would happen if we were able to close all the shops immediately. By the way, instantly unemploying tens of thousands of New Yorkers if we could close them. I can address safety issues, sales to children and more, and how we would address that in the framework of a transitional license, but I am a tax attorney. I estimate that offering a transitional license to the exiting unlicensed shops would generate approximately 60 million dollars per year in city sales tax revenue. We could do this in as few as 60 days via the creation of an emergency measure from the state. The City is broke.

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consistent with the ballot initiatives that voters

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4 currently unlicensed marijuana shops.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you all very much. I appreciate it, and we will follow up, particularly with your questions, sir. But in general, appreciate your being here. Thank you.

TASHIM MONTGOMERY: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Next panel.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Next, we'll hear from a panel of Zoom participants. First we'll be hearing form Senator Liz Krueger followed by Robert Bookman, and then Tom Harris. Senator Krueger, you may begin when ready.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

SENATOR KRUEGER: Thank you very much.

Sorry not to be there in-person, but I'm here in

Albany today. It's a session day, and we have quite
a scene going on with hearings here as well. My name
is Liz Krueger. I represent the 28th State Senate

District which includes the Upper East Side, Midtown,
and Roosevelt Island in Manhattan. I really
appreciate the opportunity to comment on the
proliferation of illicit smoke shops and trucks that

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION have taken place in New York City over the past year and a half. Along with Assembly Member Majority Leader Crystal Peoples-Stokes, I was proud to be the lead sponsor in the New York State Senate for Marijuana Regulation and Taxation Act, which we all know as MRTA, which was enacted in law in March 21. MRTA has been the culmination of years of often complex discussion with legislative colleagues, advocates, local and national drug policy, specialists, experts, law enforcement and the Governor's office. The law ended the failed policies of marijuana prohibition in our state and the racially disparate enforcement that was endemic to prohibition. It began the process of building a fair and inclusive legal market for adult-use cannabis, not to mention, building a multi-billion-dollar industry for New York that does encourage small businesses and farms while balancing safety with economic growth. The goal is to establish a national model building a truly equitable and inclusive industry that works to offset the harms of decades of over-policing. Moreover, tax revenue generated from this new regulated industry is required to be invested back into the same communities

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2 disproportionately harmed by the drug war, drug

3 treatment and prevention funding, and public school

4 funding. I've listened to some of the testimony

today. my staff's been able to listen to more of it,

6 and I just want to highlight that I understand there

7 are frustrations on all sides when it comes to this

topic, and I will even admit it has taken us too long

9 to get all of this going, --

SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Time

11 expired.

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SENATOR KRUEGER: although--

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing]

14 Continue. Continue. Go ahead.

SENATOR KRUEGER: thank you. Although, of course, we were delayed because the previous

Governor Cuomo while signing the law never wanted to implement it, so would not allow us to hire anyone to start creating the Office of Cannabis Management. I want to assure people that they have been doing a phenomenal job, truly at break-neck speed for government to get all of this up and running. It required hiring people, creating a new agency, establishing regulations that would have to go

through draft and formal approval, not just on

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 129 true everywhere in their communities. And quess Illegal shops and illegal trucks selling illegal product -- God knows where it comes from, God know what it really is -- to anyone who walks in is a serious problem. And they're opening up in my community in enormously large numbers. I've got them across the street from schools, next to churches and religious institutions, sometimes as many as four per block. It's sort of the wild, Wild West in our streets. So we're working with the Governor's Office to try to pass some laws that will give our law enforcement offices more authority to close down these shops. I want to go on record very clearly today. If you are running one of these illegal shops, you're not going to get a license from us, period, but you know that you're breaking the law, and it's not okay. And so we are going to be implementing new expanded laws that gives the State more tools and our police department and our Sheriffs and our Marshals. And thank you very much, particularly the Sheriff's and Marshalls for doing such a great job at trying to get these places closed in cities around the state. And some of the NYPD precincts are being terrific about coordinating with

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 130 2 OCM and the other agencies, and some of the precincts 3 don't quite understand that they have quite a bit of 4 authority to close down these shops and take their products. So, for those of you listening, we can all be doing better, even under the limited laws we have 6 now. But again, I continue to support OCM and with their existing tools to take on these shops as I work 8 with them and the governor in the Assembly to strengthen the laws that we will have on the books 10 11 soon to make sure they can all issue violations, 12 seize legal products, and shut down illicit operators 13 under our state local laws. I really appreciate the 14 City Council taking on this issue, because I always 15 want to be able to partner with not only my local 16 government, but with local governments all over the 17 state. But again, I think we need to recognize this 18 wasn't all going to go perfect fully overnight immediately, and that's not much to say when you're 19 20 living in a community where you're watching illegal products be sold to children with stores with all 21 2.2 kinds of pretty balloons and colorful candy 2.3 advertisements in their windows. And I have gone

into these stores and just watched when young people,

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT &
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     INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION
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     high school students come in and ask for stuff under
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     the counter. They know what they're buying--
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                CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing]
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     Senator--
                SENATOR KRUEGER: I'm sorry. And the
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     people--
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                CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing] You
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     need to wrap up.
                SENATOR KRUEGER: selling it know.
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                                                      And
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     I've gone over time, so I apologize. I am submitting
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     fully testimony. I just condensed it for now.
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     you so much.
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                CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very
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     much.
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                COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Next, we'll be
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     hearing from Robert Bookman followed Tom Harris.
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     Robert Bookman, you may begin when ready.
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                SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.
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                ROBERT BOOKMAN: Can you hear me now?
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                COMMITTEE COUNSEL: We can hear you.
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                ROBERT BOOKMAN: Thank you. My name is
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     Robert Bookman. I'm an attorney. Many of you know
     me as founder and Counsel to the New York City
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     Hospitality Alliance, the trade association that
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illegal store or a truck parked outside, or a table

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selling loose joints.

2 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

ROBERT BOOKMAN: We are already having the opposite impact that we wanted in creating a legal system by allowing this widespread illegality. We should not be entertaining the concept of giving a transitional license to people who are flouting the law. Quite the opposite. I was happy to hear Senator Liz Krueger say that she was going to amend the law, and that if you are found guilty on multiple occasions of violating the law now, you will never get a legal license. We have to encourage lawful to apply for licenses. Unless we stop this wild Wild West, that's not going to happen.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

One question would be, I think the State is thinking about as time goes on the tax and finance agency where they have inspection obviously working with the Cannabis Office. I know you talked about padlock is one suggestion, but the State's basically stating you cannot have— if you don't have— you're not going to get sales tax if you have anything illegal. Do you think that's a good— another enforcement mechanism that would work?

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2 ROBERT BOOKMAN: Yes. I would be shocked 3 if all these illegal stores are paying sales tax on 4 their illegal cannabis sales. So there's another violation that's going on there. You know, we'd 5 really like to work with Senator Krueger, you know, 6 7 on the ideas that she suggested, which would-- you 8 know, it's great to hear that the sponsor of this legislation understands that we have a wild, Wild West. I see she's still listening. I want to 10 11 reiterate. I have at least a dozen business people 12 who are already saying there's such a chilling effect 13 here, I don't know if I'm going to apply for a lawful license. And these not-for-profits that are-- and 14 15 the justice, you know, licenses, they're not going to 16 make a profit either. We knew there was always going 17 to be some black market, but I don't think, you know, 18 we understood the extent at which people would just going to flout the law. The nuisance abatement law 19 20 as you know and Senator Krueger knows, because I 21 represented bars and restaurants for decades, was 2.2 used very vigorously, you know, for many, many years 2.3 against, you know, nightclubs. They didn't seem to have trouble gathering evidence and going to court, 24

you know, under the nuisance abatement law. It was

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT &

5 prostitution. That's a weapon that we have right

massage parlors, but they were really houses of

6 now. I'm shocked to hear that the City's Police

7 Department Civil Enforcement Unit has not brought a

single nuisance abatement case yet. That's shocking.

9 | That should change immediately.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

11 ROBERT BOOKMAN: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: The next panelist will be Tom Harris. Tom Harris, you may begin when ready.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

TOM HARRIS: Good afternoon, Chairperson
Brewer, Schulman, Velázquez and members of the
Committee on Health, Oversight and Investigations,
and Consumer and Worker Protections. Thank you for
your attention to the proliferation of illegal smoke
shops. I'm encouraged that the Council is focused on
enforcement for these illegal activities. My name is
Tom Harris. I'm the President of the Time Square
Alliance, the business improvement district that

exists to make Times Square clean, safe, and

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appreciation for the efforts of Sheriff Miranda, Chief Chell, and the members of the Taskforce who have helped with the proliferation of the illegal weed trucks and the illegal smoke shops. Over the summer, Times Square was home to two dozen illegal weed trucks. Thanks to their efforts, the siting at Times Square is now a rarity. We need the same focused effort for the illegal smoke shops. Last year, we had zero smoke shops. In November we had three. Today we have seven. These storefronts create enforcement challenges for our already congested district. We accept the legalization of marijuana. We proactively met with OCM to discuss the storefront criteria and how the Alliance can help. Many unlicensed smoke shops filled vacant storefronts that could otherwise be leased to legal dispensary applicants, undermining the legislation's goals of creating a sales structure grounded in equity. The illegal smoke shops are allowed to operate; legal dispensaries will not be able to compete and will fail. We ask that the Council support the enforcement capabilities of the NYPD and the Sheriff and enable local law enforcement to seize 2 | illegal products sold at these storefronts. We

3 further support a state effort to expand enforcement

4 powers to the City, enabling the NYPD to seize

5 illegal cannabis sold at unlicensed storefronts. As

6 unlicensed smoke shops continue to proliferate,

7 enforcement will become even more challenging. Times

8 | Square is ready willing and able to work with both

9 | the City and State to address the illegal smoke

shops. Just let us know how we can help. Thank you

11 | for your time and consideration.

ahead when you're ready.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much for your ongoing support of everything good. Thank

14 you, Mr. Harris.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you the next panel will be from Parents Against Vaping, Dorian Furhman, Chloe-Marie Mora, Deepa Prasad, and Cynthia Stremba. If there's anyone else from your organization, you can bring them up as well. Go

DORIAN FURHMAN: Thank you. I also have Chloe-Marie Mora, the young high school student who was here with us had to go back to school, so I have a copy of her testimony as well which I've given in. So, thank you. My name is Dorian Furhman and I'm a

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 139 2 Co-founder of Parents Against Vaping E-cigarettes. 3 We sat in this room in 2019 with our kids and 4 testified about flavored e-cigarettes like Juul which were being sold then in New York without any oversight, addicting our kids with extremely high 6 7 levels of nicotine. Local Law 228 of 2019 banning all flavored vaping products was signed that 8 December, December of 2019. Today, we find ourselves back in this room to discuss the lack of enforcement 10 11 of this law and the proliferation of vape shops 12 popping up all over the City. In reality, today 13 there are more vape shops than there were in 2019 when we testified. Parents are upset that these 14 15 stores are everywhere, opening near schools and 16 calling themselves convenience stores, selling 17 addictive flavored vaping products next to potato 18 chips and soda, thereby normalizing these products and anesthetizing our children to their presence. 19 You know, parents report these bad actors and nothing 20 21 is happening. They remain open year after year. 2.2 own son at age 15 was buying e-cigarettes from a 2.3 store down the street from us, and I reported it endlessly. It's still open today. The system is 24

Through a blatant lack of enforcement, these

broken.

they said that they're collaborating, and that's good

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2 news if that actually happens. But these stores,

3 after they're fined continue to sell the same illegal

4 products. So, finally, in conclusion we'd like to

5 | say this system has to change. I mean, you are

6 taking the first step by having this law-- I mean,

7 this hearing, excuse me, and this is amazing, but we

8 | need to change the laws and hold store owner

9 accountable for the products that they're selling.

10 We're not even talking about cannabis. We have to

11 | get these illegal nicotine products under control

12 before we even deal with cannabis. These products

13 | need to be immediately seized. After two or three

14 | strikes, a store should be shuddered. There's no

15 other way to protect our kids from these predatory

16 retailers. Thanks for your time.

17 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

Thank you for making the effort to be here, too.

DORIAN FURHMAN: Thank you.

20 DEEPA PRASAD: Good afternoon. My name is

21 | Deepa Prasad. I live in Forest Hills, Queens. I'm

22 | speaking today as a staff member of Parents Against

23 | Vaping E-cigarettes, but also as a concerned parent

24 \parallel and community member. I'm really dismayed by the

number of smoke and vape shops that have opened up in

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION my neighborhood and across the City where dangerous flavored products are sold despite their illegality. These products increase the vulnerability of our youth and communities to a multitude of health risks, a lifetime of addiction, and a number of safety I've spent the better part of the last 20 issue. years working on tobacco control in New York City. Strong policies to protect New Yorkers from the harms of tobacco resulted in really promising declines in youth tobacco use until e-cigarettes appeared on the market. Countless brands with thousands of flavors emerged quickly with colorful packaging and candy and fruit flavors that appeal to kids, and a large percentage of teens began experimenting and then eventually became addicted to these products. PAVE colleagues fought hard to help enact Local Law 228 of 2019 which made flavored vaping products illegal for sale in New York City. Yet, here we are three years later and these products are still being pedaled in unlicensed shops all over the City. And as was mentioned earlier, New York City has in place a cap on the number of tobacco and e-cigarette licenses. So, according to New York City Open Data,

as of September, only a small handful of

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 143 neighborhoods had tobacco licenses available, and none had e-cigarettes licenses available. So this means that most new stores selling tobacco products and any new stores selling vaping products are doing so illegally. So, New York City must improve the mechanisms for enforcement of these problems of these e-cigarette laws and tobacco laws as they're clearly ineffective. We can't allow these unlicensed stores to undermine the progress that we should have made

and could be making in reducing youth access to

vaping and tobacco products. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

CYNTHIA STREMBA: Hi, my name is Cynthia Stremba. I'm a parent and the Director of Volunteers for Parents Against Vaping E-cigarettes where every day we hear from parents asking for help because their kids are addicted to nicotine. When a teen starts using nicotine, addiction is often very swift. They have— they start having trouble in school. They get kicked off sports teams. They develop trouble with relationships, socially with their peers and within their families. Kids are too young to understand why their behavior has changed. They don't understand that nicotine changes the undeveloped

2 brain. Now, we understand that COVID was so

devastating for our city. There are so many empty

4 storefronts. It pains New Yorkers to see them, but

5 smoke shop retailers have taken advantage of what has

6 been a really difficult time in our city. Smoke shops

7 and--

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing] I would also state the owners of the buildings have a little role to play, also.

CYNTHIA STREMBA: Yes, yes, and we're with you. Smoke shops and convenience stores reinforce the manufacturer's techniques of using cartoon characters and candy-like packaging to attract children via store windows and at the point of sale. In convenience stores, kids actually have to walk past displays of vape products in order to get to soda and snack foods. Outside of stores in New York City, retailers hand out cookies and candies to young kids that are walking past after school. Children are being enticed and cultivated, groomed to accept and ultimately use substances. normalization of vaping nicotine often leads to cannabis use, and a child's early onset of tobacco or substance use, it's linked to a greater lifetime risk 2 of developing a substance use disorder. Parents of

3 young children in New York City are scared, and we

4 need your help to try to protect kids. We need a

5 | coordinated effort and action against these stores

6 that are openly and greedily selling products that

7 | were banned three years. Lack of significant

8 repercussions to them have made illegal cannabis an

9 easy next step, and we just ask that you please take

10 action against what are really unscrupulous sellers.

11 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. That's

12 why we're here. So thank you all very much. Thank

13 you.

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[applause]

15 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Our next panel will 16 include Michael Zaytsev, John Doran, Pilar DeJesus,

17 and Jeffrey Garcia. You can come up to the table

18 now. You can begin as soon as you're ready.

19 JOHN DORAN: Hello my name is John Doran

20 and I live in the Bronx in Marjorie Velázquez's

21 district and I'm here to testify about the local

22 smoke shop in my neighborhood. It was a Ricky and

23 | Morty franchise, I believe, and it recently changed

24 \parallel to Evil Ghost, a lovely name. And let's see, when it

was Ricky and Morty my son went in and purchase \$45.

Officer and I asked her what her experience is with

marijuana, you don't see them come in school.

this, and she says, "Once these kids get into smoking

don't return from lunch. You know, they're not going

to finish high school." The tax base from that is

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committee on health jointly with committee on oversight & investigations and committee on consumer & worker protection going to decline. Let me see. I hate to hurt the

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3 feelings of the Yemeni gentleman that were up here

4 earlier. I live just north of Little Yemen in the

5 Bronx, but I just googled-- turns out that marijuana

6 is Haram. So you may be ignorant of the laws of New

7 York State as a Yemeni immigrant, but as a member of

Islam you would probably know that marijuana use is

9 haram and any sale or distribution, storage,

10 | transport of marijuana or other cannabis is also

11 | haram. I think that's about it for me today, and I

12 | just wanted to thank the Committee for having this

13 | important meeting, and I appreciate it.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

15 MICHAEL ZAYTSEV: Hello. My name is

16 Michael Zaytsev. I'm the author of the Cannabis

17 | Business Book, Academic Director of New York State's

18 | first Bachelor's and Master's Degree programs in the

19 | Business of Cannabis, and founder of High and Live,

20 one of the City's largest cannabis community

21 \parallel organizations. I'm here today to speak out against

22 \parallel the proliferation of illicit smoke shops in our city.

23 | These establishments ignore the law and sell untaxed,

24 \parallel untested, and potentially dangerous products to our

residents and our tourists, endangering not only

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 148 their health, but also the health of our city. These smoke shops pose an existential threat to conditional adult-use retail dispensaries and to the entire legal cannabis economy in New York. We cannot turn a blind eye to the potential dangers these shops pose. However, I don't believe that most people running these small businesses are doing so with the intention to cause harm, and so I ask that you extend to them your compassion. Many of these shops are being operated by people who are brand new to the business of cannabis. They're simply taking advantage of an opportunity to make money during a difficult economic climate. How do we incentivize them to participate in the regulated legal market instead? First, we must examine who's operating these illicit shops and who are their landlords. Who's shopping at these store, and who's losing their livelihood because of these stores existence? What does fair enforcement look like when just about very bodega in the city is selling illicit cannabis? We cannot repeat the mistakes of our past. New York City has historically been the cannabis arrest capital of the world. As we enact legalization, we must never forget the harm caused by the failed war

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION

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2 on drugs, which disproportionately impacted

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3 communities of color. Whatever enforcement is

4 | implemented, it cannot perpetuate those same racial

5 disparities. I call upon the City Council, the

6 Office of Cannabis Management, Mayor Adams, and

7 Governor Hochul to take measured action regarding

8 these illicit smoke shops. How do we create pathways

9 for them to sell tested products, pay taxes, and be

10 good corporate citizen? Everyone deserves an

11 popportunity to be a productive part of the legal

12 cannabis economy. Together we can create a safe and

13 | fair cannabis market for all New Yorkers. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

15 JEFFREY GARCIA: Thank you. My name is

16 Jeffrey Garcia, Co-founder of the Latino Cannabis

17 Association and I'm also President of the New York

19 with over 300 members, and I'll explain why I

20 mentioned that. And it's basically because I

21 | represent folks that are already in a legal industry

22 | and understand the importance of making sure how

23 | being in a legal industry is important to the

industry as a whole. The Latino Cannabis Association

25 is an advocacy association, is a trade association

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION comprised of highly-competitive license applicants for the new adult-use cannabis industry in New York, a diverse membership representing a cross-section of established entrepreneurs with Latino community and legacy operators all spanning economic, social, and generational divides. We thank the New York City Council for the tireless work on behalf of our residents and for the opportunity to speak with you today about the proliferation of unlicensed smoke shops in New York City. Let me be very direct. proliferation of unlicensed cannabis businesses in New York is a clear and present danger to the legal adult-use market, and what we are seeing here in New York City is a weed free-for-all. Cannabis seems to be for sale brazenly everywhere, from retail shops to tables to street corners. Thus, any effort to curtail is negative -- negatively impacts what we believe is a worthwhile endeavor. Again, we don't believe that in most cases people should be arrested, but there needs to be enforcement. There are already numerous examples in other state, most notably California, where the black market has crippled the legal market. Nearly five years after voters legalized recreational weed, the vast majority of

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stores continue to proliferate. The City has already

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2 set precedent by having confiscated products and

3 shutting down stores through the newly created

4 taskforce. However, this recent enforcement push may

5 | not be enough to curtail the illegal market impacts,

6 especially with the first regulated store opening and

7 planning to open-- and the second one planning to

8 open in the coming months. We have not seen this

9 proliferation in our neighborhood-- in neighborhoods

10 | in states like New Jersey ad cities like Boston where

11 | you don't see thee illegal shops. And I'll close it

12 off there because I know that my time is up.

13 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: I mean, my

14 | understanding is Boston, Massachusetts and New Jersey

15 | they're working, to their credit, with what's known

16 as larger companies, and to the credit of the City of

17 New York we're trying to do a different model which

18 \parallel is to have more equity. So, just my understanding is

19 | that there's a different approach, not to say that

20 | we're not going to have problems here, but I think

21 you heard the Senator say that also, so.

22 JEFFREY GARCIA: But if-- you know, and I

23 understand. You are correct, madam. However, that--

24 | being that, then you would think that that would give

people of social equity status even more of a reason

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 15 to open up these illegal shops. The issue is that

they won't in these places because they have fear that the enforcement is real.

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5 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Right. There was a
6 bigger time tag in New York, I think because of the
7 different type of approach and that's what-- it's
8 producing this so-called grey area. So, just you
9 know, I've been asked the same questions and those
10 were the answers I got. Why Massachusetts? Why New

Jersey? So I'm just repeating it. Go ahead, ma'am.

PILAR DEJESUS: Hi, good afternoon. My name is Pilar DeJesus, but before I get started and say who I am, Gale, I'd just like to ask and other Council Members, when we have these hearings especially since there are a lot of mention about us constituents and your constituents calling, let us go first. I hate coming to these hearings, and after the agencies go, it just clears out of here, and they're like, yeah, yeah we'll watch it on the [inaudible]

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: I-- there are people. We had to have the Sheriff go first, but there are people watching, too.

PILAR DEJESUS: Okay, got it. My name is Pilar DeJesus. I wear many hats including being a

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION Board Member of New York City Normal. I chaired the Community Reinvestment Working Group and the Start Smart Coalition, which was the coalition that worked in partnership with the legislators to get the MRTA I also am a tenant advocate with TakeRoot Justice and the Founder of All that Jive New York City. So I mention all that because I'm very passionate about a lot of different issues, and you know, I want to make some points. I'm not, you know, in favor -- a lot of these shops that are coming about, and in my experience a lot of these shops have been the same type of owners who have been okay with selling K2, and in my-- you know, I'm not a fan of folks giving a bad name to this amazing plant, because I also want to remind the folks in this room that marijuana -- cannabis is a plant, and I've grown it. It's beautiful. It's no different than the way you grow some of your flowers, and it's probably better than coffee and alcohol. I think there is some mention about tobacco and like kids seeing this. I want to make some points about the children. I think first-- one, I think a lot of legislators really need to start really do some real education on cannabis, because y'all seem to have a lot to say

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real, and there's a lot. And I also want-- I have a

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we have.

2 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

3 Thank you.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Calling up our next panel now which will include Esther Lelievre, Floyd Jarvis, Savannah Miles, and Allie Ryan. Please come up to the table now.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Whomever would like to begin, go ahead.

ESTHER LELIEVRE: Hello. Oh, hi. Good-well, it was good morning, but now good afternoon. did attend one of your workshops within John Jay. names is Esther Lelievre. I am the CEO of Queen Mixxy Media, Mixxy Blossoms and the Co-founder of Cultivated Community Foundation. I'm the mother of a 15-year-old boy and had cervical cancer at 19. cannabis education in high schools, parent, senior homes, and Community Board alongside my co-founders Jessica Nasant [sp?] and Leonardo Jimenz [sp?]. wanted to speak today to make sure the true narrative of what's currently happening as we are rolling out this cannabis industry. Education not being the focus, education on the law, the plan itself, medical cannabis and more needs to be the focus. We have been able to work in the district leaders with

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT &
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    INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION
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     Senator James Sanders, Jr., Assembly Member Anderson,
     New York State Representative Kimberly Pierre,
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    Assembly Member Latrice Walker, Assembly Member
     Stefani Zinerman, Assembly Member Kimberly Pierre,
     Council Member Farah Louis, and Senator Persaud with
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     the efforts to provide accurate cannabis information
     and education to the community and its industry
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     rolling out. Yesterday we had our education workshop
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     with Community Board 10 in Manhattan with their
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     Education and Library Committee which had a lot of
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     district principals, school leaders, parents, CEC
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     members, and the school superintendent. We also did
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     a workshop in Community Board Eight in Brooklyn, 50
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     religious leaders' workshops in Brooklyn, NYCHA
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     Brooklyn Presidents in District 48, and on Halloween
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     we did a pop-up addressing the fake candy at Ms.
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     Abby's [sic] Halloween Parade in Bronx, New York.
                                                          We
     started with a class of 9th graders in May of 2021.
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     So here are some take-aways from talking and
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     listening to actual students in the community.
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     There's a lot of confusion and people are still
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     unaware of the laws surrounding cannabis.
                                                There's an
     emotional impact and harm from the war on drugs which
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     still effects students and neighborhoods. We quickly
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1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION

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2 | realize that not only education on cannabis was

3 lacking, but social services were going to be needed

4 as the cannabis industry rolls out. So we started

5 expanding our work on the effort with Kari Edwards,

6 the CRC of Air [sic] Wellness. Most of these

7 students are getting fake and synthetic cannabis

8 along with vapes, e-cigarettes. Fake cannabis can be

9 referred to as K2, spice, and fake weed. The fake

10 weed is incense or potpourri or manipulated hemp

11 sprayed with harsh chemicals, roach sprays,

12 pesticides to give an illusion of a high like its

13 real cannabis.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Can you start to wrap up.

to the chase-- okay, yeah. So, just to cut to the chase, and I'll just go back to this. I ask you to support the card licensees and social equity applicants to come and hold accountability so diversity happens across the entire supply chain as we're currently experiencing and it's not happening. We do not want a whole bunch of lawsuits creating and controlling the entire supply chain and the industry,

and we want to see -- we do not want to see what other

2 states have failed and had the opportunity to do

3 | right. I urge you-- and not a lot of people who

4 decide this opportunity to jump in front of the line

5 and from those who have been arrested, families who

6 have been effected and taken away the support from

7 | the pathway from the legal cannabis industry. I have

8 provided one of our principal's letters from the

9 first school of our workshop and our information, and

10 we need to make sure that we are also speaking to

11 DOE, the Chancellors, the union for the teachers to

12 get the education out into our community in a more

13 effective way.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

15 SAVANNAH MILES: Hello. My name is

16 | Savannah Miles. I am a community organizer, first

17 | and foremost a youth organizer. I was also one of

18 | those avid weed smokers in high school. To the

19 gentleman on the last panel, when we use war on drugs

20 | rhetoric we also have to recognize what those weed

21 smokers look like now. The weed smokers of my

22 generations like myself are college graduates, are

23 | attending law schools and doctorate schools all over

24 the country. So we must also recognize that rhetoric

25 has to be left behind because it's not reflective of

them as alternatives to smoking the plant like

in order to do this.

cultivation, but there have to be pathways provided

and fentanyl, no one is educating the youth on how to

test around fentanyl. So how could they know to do

In conversations around testing

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 163 same note, I think that we need to talk about the way in which legacy growers are being cut out of licensing as well, and the way that those are the most impacted are also cut out because the process quite honestly is not equitable. A \$2,000 application in the poorest congressional district being the Bronx is quite literally unaffordable, and if not for organizations like the Bronx Cannabis Hub, many of the applicants may not have even been able to stand to apply, and many could not even apply because of this \$2,000 application. It literally costs less to receive a fine for selling marijuana than it does to actually get a license to obtain marijuana. when we talk about equitability, that is what we need to address. And I'll leave you guys with this part The distinction between breaking the law on the law. and breaking a law that was intentionally designed through the war on drugs to break us is something that we need to spend more time thinking about. The law was literally designed to harm us, so why would we not continue to break the law if it's not continuing to adhere and adapt to be equitable to the processes and equitable to the people who have been most closely impacted. It has not even been

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2 | equitable to the card applicants and themselves. All

3 of the dispensaries that are being opening are

4 centered around Manhattan, and there is no

5 conversation about what is going to happen to those

6 in the Bronx. The conversation is kind of silent.

7 But as far as enforcement, the first community that

8 was brought up by the Sheriff was the Bronx. Thank

you.

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

11 | Thank you. Next.

should have went before her because I can't top that. So my name is Floyd Jarvis. I'm the Executive Director and lead Strategist of Ganja War Veterans for Equity. I was part of the Start Smart New York Coalition that helped to pass the MRTA, and I was also on that community reinvestment panel with Pilar. What has happened to illicit cannabis in the City of New York is something rather peculiar. Persons that were not selling cannabis prior to March 31st, 2021 are persons that are now selling cannabis in essentially wholesale in New York City. The black

market grey area has become convoluted. The persons

that the social equity was created for will not be

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 165 2 able to stand up to these brick and mortar stores 3 that already had instant access to capital and already have brick and mortar stores on April 1st of 4 2021. So we just close one shop one day, you set up shop another day. And that has created animosity 6 7 [sic] within these communities. It's looked at as predatory because many of these persons are not 8 selling to their own communities and their own children as one gentleman mentioned. I didn't agree 10 11 with everything he said, but it is haram, and you can 12 quote me on that. So, what I'm asking for is more funding for Cannabis NYC, more funding for CUNY 13 14 schools like Lehman and BMCC that they're tasked with 15 leading legacy market operators, original legacy 16 market operators, true legacy market operators from 17 the grey market into the new legal market. Cannabis 18 NYC is understaffed. Also, OCM is understaffed. the state, OCM needs more money, and they also need 19 to let us know where's this \$200 million dollar seed 20 21 money. So, yeah, that's it.

ALLIE RYAN: thank you. So it's hard for me to follow up on that one. My name is Allie Ryan

You got to put your -- push the button.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION [sp?] and my family lives in Council District Two, and I want to thank Council Member Brewer and other Council Members for -- and committees for hosting this meeting today. I have -- I got involved in this because a smoke shop opened across the street from my daughter's middle school in the fall and were actually preparing to open the shop covertly. that I mean, like, at nine o'clock at night with the grates down, they're working inside. And so I've consciously made an effort to educate myself and for like the Office of Cannabis Management, I've attended their meetings. They actually right now have their regulations which is over 300 pages open for public comment for everyone to view. I have the impression that their sole purpose is to help entrepreneurs become business owners and long-term. So with that said, with everything written-- spoken today, I want to say that the current illegal smoke shops are circumventing an established system of businesses applying for tobacco licenses, e-cigarette licenses, and now cannabis licenses. And that which the crucial part of that system is going before Community Boards that have dedicated committees on licenses.

If the illegal smoke shops had applied for licenses,

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 167 2 they would have known that they could not operate 3 within 500 feet of a school, and I know for me and parents like them-- in my circle we're not-- we're 4 more upset with cannabis -- or I'm sorry, with illegal smoke shops operating directly across the street from 6 7 the school. We're upset that the packaging and the 8 labeling that you see, Lucky Charmz with "z" which is like child's breakfast food. So, in the OCM's regulations they actually have legislation that is 10 11 not -- that regulates the packaging and the labeling 12 of these products. So with that said, I want to hold 13 the landlords and the brokers accountable for renting to illegal smoke shops. I'll have to--14 15 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing] You 16 need to-- yeah, try to wrap up if you can.

ALLIE RYAN: I will. Okay. So, they-- I would like to ask for City Council to create legislation to penalize landlords and brokers for renting to illegal smoke shops that do not have a tobacco license, an e-cigarette license, nor a cannabis license, and to renting to storefronts within 500 feet of schools, religious institutions, youth centers and playgrounds as is state law.

> CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Right. Thank you.

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Want to share that in the process of trying to get the illegal smoke shop directly across the street from my daughter's school closed down, they got five violations in one month. So when you talk about, oh, over 300 violations are going out over a short period of time, that can—that's less than 40 illegal smoke shops. And if you have anywhere between 1,300 and 1,400 smoke shops, to me, just sitting here today, the enforcement isn't—

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing] Right. That's why we're here.

ALLIE RYAN: Isn't working.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: We're very aware of that, and that's why we're here. Thank you all very much. Thank you.

ALLIE RYAN: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: I'll be calling up our next panel which will include Kioko Shira [sp?], Jeanine Hodgkins [sp?], and Susan Lee. After that, we'll be turning to Zoom panelists.

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON BREWER:} Go \ ahead \ whomever$ wants to start. Go right ahead.

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KIOKO SHIRA: 2 I'll go. First, I want to 3 thank you all for allowing this dialogue. My name's 4 Kioko Shira [sp?]. I am a mother of two elementary school-aged children living in Council District Four. 5 There seems to be more smoke shops and cannabis 6 7 dispensaries than licenses that have been issued. 8 Numbers just do not match. It seems that this industry is unregulated and free-for-all. There are smoke shops popping up every block around us. 10 11 of them call themselves convenience stores. stores have slang [sic] such as 420 attached to their 12 13 names. Many of them use cartoon, anime, game characters such as the Simpsons, Pink Panther, 14 15 Minions, Pac-man, Naruto, and Family Guy. 16 reminds me of Joe Camel and the cigarette industry 17 years ago. It seems the target is teens, even 18 younger kids, not the legal age of 21 and older. 19 Many parents are concerned, but they're also 20 discouraged thinking that it is the way it is. 21 often told by parents these shops are just going to 2.2 pop up everywhere and can't stop them, but the fact 2.3 is these shops and dispensaries should not be popping up everywhere. Without proper licenses, why should 24 25 they be popping up? Too many smoke shops are too

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 170 2 close to schools, some right across from schools, 3 less than 100 feet. And let's also bring our attention to gummies, lollipops, candies with THC. 4 Many of these are disquised as regular familiar brands of candy with small letters of THC printed on. 6 7 In Virginia, a four-year-old boy died because he consumed these gummies with THC just this past 8 This is downright scary for me as a mother October. and should never happen, but it can happen quite 10 11 easily because of availability of these disquised 12 candies. Many smoke shops advertise that they sell 13 these candies, and these are the examples. We also-we also have weed trucks selling these products all 14 15 over the city including near schools. Even they are told to move by cops. They simply drive around and 16 17 come back 15 minutes later. This is a true story 18 that happened to an area of school on the East side 19 of Manhattan where there are two elementary schools 20 and two middle schools immediate area. Smell of 21 marijuana--2.2 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing] Start

KIOKO SHIRA: Okay. It is being reported on the news that kids as young as middle school are

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to wrap up if you can.

2 getting high during the school day. Finally,

3 landlords should be penalized too if they allow these

4 places pop up anywhere including too close to

5 schools, because they are given no consequences by

6 renting their properties. As I sat here today hearing

7 | the panel answer Council Member's questions and

8 statements, I even more scared for my children

9 growing up in the city. Only-- it seems that only

10 offensive action the City has right now is to issue

11 | summons and maybe make some arrest while they get to

12 operate and the amount of money they make versus the

13 amount of money they have to pay for their summons is

14 | not even a scratch. This scares me. So I urge you to

15 be tough on this issue, and please move forward

16 quickly to protect our communities, especially the

17 children in the schools. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you. Go

19 ahead.

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20 SUSAN LEE: Good afternoon, Council

21 | Member Brewer, it's good to see you and thank you for

22 | staying for the committee hearing. My name is Susan

23 | Lee. I am the Founding President of the Alliance for

Community Preservation and Betterment. It is a civic

engagement organization representing several hundred

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & 1 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 172 2 residents and businesses in and around Chinatown. Ι 3 am a resident of Lower Manhattan, a constituent of 4 Council Member Christopher Marte in District One. want to applaud the young people that are here today, those who use cannabis, who smoke weed and are 6 successful, but some of -- and successful in life right now, but we can't overlook the young people 8 that are being targeted right now. In January 2023 the American Academy of Pediatrics stated there was 10 11 an increase of 1,375 percent in edible cannabis 12 exposure among children under six years old between 13 2017 to 2021. The highest increase was between 2019 to 2022. These edible gummies are sold in colorful 14 15 that can be mistaken for gummy candies. In exhibit one that I've included, you will see the packaging of 16 17 Trolli Sour Brites where you have the same brand, the name of the gummy, and at the lower corner it says--18 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: [interposing] I know. 19 I've been in a lot of smoke shops. 20 SUSAN LEE: Right, and those are the ones 21 2.2 that are sold at Target for \$1.99. However, the ones 2.3 that are sold at the cannabis shops, the only-- it's

the same packaging. The only different is in the

lower right corner it has the THC content which is

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2 | 600 milligrams. I've noticed that there is a

3 proliferation of smoke shops popping up in

4 neighborhoods recently in my walk yesterday, I've

5 seen 13 illegal smoke shops, and I Google Map them.

6 | Eleven of them are open within 1,000 feet of

7 educational facilities. I will wrap up soon in two

8 seconds. Since October, four of the 13 have been

9 held up, robbed, and shot at. And those are the only

10 ones that are reported in mainstream media. There

11 | are those that probably haven't been reported. I

12 | thank Council Member Brewer for haring this hearing,

13 | and I hope that the City Council will do something

14 about thee illegal smoke shops and its damaging to

15 our kids and our community.

16 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

Push the button.

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18 JEANINE HODGKINS: Good afternoon. Thank

19 you. My name is Jeanine. I'm a Brooklyn mom to two

20 | teenage boys ages 17 and 19. I'm absolutely

21 | disgusted by the plethora of nicotine vaping products

22 | and marijuana products on the market that my children

23 | can buy on every street corner in Park Slope,

Brooklyn. The availability of these products to

underage minors is staggering. Something has to

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 174 change and fast. This truly is a state of emergency for our youth and my dear, sweet children. The night mare of my oldest son nicotine vaping addiction began when he ws in middle school and approximately 12 years old. Over the past five years we've punished, confiscated, discussed, shown empathy, and tried everything in our power to help our son quit, and yet, we've still been unsuccessful. He has told us that he wants to quit on more than one occasion. and his friends have attempted to quit collectively. This is nicotine vaping. By making a pact to each other, and yet, nothing has lasted. He's tried using quitting aps to no avail. I believe the nicotine addiction is stronger than him at this point. that my son is home for winter break from his second year of college. I've noticed his appetite is diminished. He's rarely hungry and has a difficult time going to sleep at night. He loves spending time alone in his bedroom and gets angry quickly. He's consuming so much nicotine it ceased his appetite. And is making him so wired he can't sleep at night. It's a horrible vicious cycle. My younger son is 17 years old and a junior in high school. He thankfully has never touched vaping products, however, he's

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION

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2 | recently begun smoking marijuana, eating edible

3 | flavored THC gummies. HE chews them like they are

4 candy in his bedroom while playing video games,

5 having his own little party after school. He and his

6 peers have easy access to marijuana products at any

7 given day or night. We have countless conversations

8 | with both of our sons on the negative health impacts

9 of marijuana and nicotine, and it's like we're

10 | talking right through them. Our youth, my son

11 | included, are oblivious to the dangers of nicotine

12 and marijuana on the teenage brain. They're being

13 | brainwashed that these products are benign for them

14 to use, and they continue smoking and eating gummies.

15 My greatest horror is that these nicotine products

16 and illicit drugs are being sold at every bodega in

17 | our neighborhood. There are smoke shops on every

18 | street corner. My children walk one block and have

19 easy access to purchase them.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Can you wrap up?

21 Thank you.

22 JEANINE HODGKINS: It's time to stop this

23 destructive force at its roots. You're killing our

24 \parallel youth one vape at a time.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you all very

3 much. Very powerful.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. We'll now be moving to Zoom panelists. First, we'll be hearing from Josephine Beckman followed by Ngiste Abebe, followed by Spike Babaian. Josephine Beckman, you may begin when ready.

JOSEPHINE BECKMAN: Okay, thank you. Good morning, Good morning, Council Member, Brewer. Thank you so very much for holding this hearing. I'm the District Manager of Community Board 10 in Brooklyn. I am honored to be here today to share with members if this committee that the proliferation of smoke shops in Community District 10 in recent months has generated daily calls from residents, parents, business owners, and visitors deeply concerned about the inability of local government to enforce and discontinue unlicensed businesses engaged in the sale of cannabis and tobacco products. Community District 10, we did submit a list to our 68th Precinct, OCM, and DCWP which contained 23 locations of suspected unlicensed smoke shops. was a lot of testimony here today. What has been frustrating for many in our community is that when

New York State did pass MRTA there were assurances that there would be regulation, and that really has not seemed to be realized. So many of our board members came together, met, and the board did adopt a resolution which is part of our testimony that was submitted really requesting that statutory changes are made at the state level here to tighten up these regulations. While the Office of Cannabis Management has visited locations with our district, has had some raids, they continue to operate. There really seems to be no mechanism to swiftly shudder the back actors and unlicensed operators. There's no consumer protections that can shield New York City residents from products being sold. These untested, untaxed, you know, products continue to be sold. OCM confirms that there are no licenses were issued, yet these businesses continue to operate. The cap for tobacco retailer dealers in CB10 is 62. We have 119 that are active. The retail electronic cigarette dealer cap in CB10 is 27 and we have 56 licenses, but yet, we seem to have new shops that are opening up each day that are unlicensed. In some parts of the district it feels that there is a smoke shop on every block--

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CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Can you wrap up as soon as you can, please.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Your time

JOSEPHINE BECKMAN: Sure, sure. So just the bottom line, you know, all the past accomplishments to reduce youth tobacco in New York City seems to be diminished and our neighborhood and our communities are calling for change, and we appreciate the Council's efforts in that regard. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. Next

we'll be hearing from Ngiste Abebe followed by Spike

Babajan.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

NGISTE ABEBE: Thank you. Good afternoon
Committee Chairs Brewer, Velázquez, and Schulman. My
name is Ngiste Abebe and I'm the Vice President of
Public Policy at Columbia Care which is two medical
dispensaries, one in Manhattan and one in Brooklyn. I
also serve as the President of New York Medical
Cannabis Industry Association, and I think especially
relevant today, I'm also Vice Chair of the Public

York. The products were found to be high in

pesticides, mold, and other contaminants, products

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2 | that would never be found on a shelf in a legal

3 dispensary. On top of that, consumers are confused.

They believe these shops are legal, and many of these

5 shops present themselves as though they are legal.

6 And as a medical cannabis operator in the City, we

7 have had patients who have come in and when facing

8 issues due to downtime on the state's patient

9 registration, half just said fine, I'm just going to

10 go to one of the five shops that are visible from the

11 front door of the medical dispensary.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time expired.

NGISTE ABEBE: We support these proposals

14 | for civil enforcement, and hope that the continued

15 | support for connecting operators with education to

16 make a transition to legal market continues.

17 | However, this is no longer about cannabis prohibition

18 but about consumer safety and public health. And so

19 as you continue to investigate this, we look forward

20 to seeing more momentum towards ensuring that

21 | consumers know how to support the legal cannabis

22 program and find safe, tested product. Thank you.

23 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very

24 | much. I know I've heard you speak a couple times and

25 | you're always fabulous. Thank you very much.

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2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Next we'll be hearing
3 from Spike Babaian followed by Jim Boyd [sp?] and
4 then Jennifer Meltzer [sp?], and then Sean Campbell

5 [sp?]. Spike Babaian, you may begin when ready.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

SPIKE BABAIAN: Hi, how are you? My name is Spike Babaian. I am a business owner, small business. I opened the first vape shop. appreciate the time of the Committee and the enforcement actions that are at least able to be taken by the enforcement agencies that spoke earlier. You know, they're doing the best job they can with the resources they have. I opened the first vape shop in New York City in 2011. In the last 13-whatever, 12 or 13 years, we've helped tens of thousands of people quit smoking cigarettes. We sell only nicotine vapor products. A couple of years ago when flavors were banned, we lost two of our shops. Obviously, there was not enough sales to pay the rent in all of the shops. So we condensed our customer base to only two locations instead of four, and we continue to do the best we can to serve the people that we have who are willing to vape products that are not flavored. Unfortunately, there are plenty of

penalized, but if they don't pay it, oh well.

know, they're not losing anything. They're not

losing their license. So they're not going to get

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2 licenses. One of the shops that I closed was

3 reopened by another, you know, another person who

4 opened a smoke shop in that location, and when I said

5 to them--

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Time

7 expired.

SPIKE BABAIAN: would you like to buy the license-- thank you. I'm finishing up. I said, "Would you like to the buy the license?" He said, "Why would I do that? Then they could just come here and find me and take away my license, so I don't want them to know that I'm here." And so, you cap the number the licenses. You make sure that we can't move our location, and now nobody wants a license, so we can't even sell the licenses as we're going out of business. So, you have to do a better job. I sent in testimony with enforcement ideas, and I'm hoping that something will happen to shudder these shops before they put the legal cannabis businesses out of business. Thank you so much for your time.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Next, we'll hear from Diem Boyd followed by Jennifer Meltzer, and then Sean Campbell. If there's anyone else on the Zoom whose

2 name hasn't been called and hasn't had the chance to

3 testify, please use the Zoom raise hand function and

4 we'll call on you at the end. Diem Boyd, you may

5 begin when ready.

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DIEM BOYD: Thank you, Council Member Brewer, for holding this hearing and to all the people that spoke. Obviously there's a problem. We all realize that. I just want to-- we submitted public testimony, and we hope that you will read it. I just want to do some highlights to understand, to give you an overview of how bad this really is. While we supported cannabis, you know, [inaudible] rooted in personal liberty and equity, we get that, and we still support that, but what is happening now is a boundoggle for the legal effort, and it's basically threatened the good will of the intended legislation and the opportunities for those that were unfairly targeted in the past. But I want to talk about our area in particular. I am in Council District One, and we're in an area called Hell's Everyone knows it very well because of the saturation of liquor licenses. Of course, that then attracted the cannabis -- illegal cannabis sales to also cluster here. For context, our area is about

want to bring up one thing that was not mentioned

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1 COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION

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2 yet. There is a loophole which we think have to be

3 dealt with that early. Many of the dispensaries here

4 are saying they are member's only shops, and what

5 | they're doing is saying they're not selling it, but

6 you buy a membership, therefore you get week. It's a

7 | work-around which we don't believe is legal on the

8 | federal level. This has to be addressed, and we hope

9 that one of the most important things that you can do

10 that can help areas like ours that are going to

11 | become vice [sic] areas, because of already the

12 | liquor license saturation, is that any-- there should

13 | be a database started now that anyone with violations

14 or police activity at these premises so that they

15 cannot get to be licensed in the future for cannabis.

16 We think that's really important because if it's not

17 | done--

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Your time

19 is expired.

20 DIEM BOYD: we're going to see a

21 \parallel saturation in this area. So thank you for your time,

22 \parallel and I hope you will read the testimony in full.

23 CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

24 We will read it.

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hearing from Jennifer Meltzer followed by Sean Campbell. Jennifer Meltzer, you may begin when ready.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Next, we'll be

JENNIFER MELTZER: Okay, I'm here today

as a citizen. I'm a resident of District 24 in Central Queens, and we have just been gifted with our first smoke shop three weeks ago. It was a linen [sic] store. We're a very boring neighborhood. don't have a movie theater. We don't have any clubs. You have to go about a mile in any direction to find a bar. So what does that mean for the owner of this shop? They're going to get their revenue from the numerous schools in the area, houses of worship, three daycare centers, and this will just start a precedent because we know from almost everybody who spoke, it starts with oen and the next thing you take a walk and there's 10 of them around. If you drive through my neighborhood at 11 o'clock at night, aside from the 7-11 and one or two eateries, everything is shut down and gated. So that means the owners of this store obviously think they can start a drug problem. Now, we do know that during the Bloomberg Administration when he came out against cigarettes,

the Council, especially those who overlap with the

2 | Brooklyn Community District 14 including the

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3 | honorable Kalman Yeger and the honorable Rita Joseph.

4 I appreciate that we-- we will-- Community Board 14

5 | will be submitting our written testimony, and I just

6 want to express my appreciation. I think that we've

7 all learned a lot today that will help us clarify and

8 | rationalize what's in place already, and make sure

9 that the local voices, local concerns are funneled up

10 | to facilitate optimal agency response, including

11 | streamlining agency response for nuisance abatement

12 | in order to meet community and especially youth

13 | health and safety needs, quality of life, and

14 appropriate economic development goals. So thank you

15 for this opportunity to learn so much. Some of what

16 I've learned today will be reflected in the testimony

17 \parallel that we will be submitting within the 72-hour limit.

Thank you all very, very much.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you very much.

20 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: thank you. I believe

21 | that covers all of our panelists. I see no hands

22 | raised on the Zoom. Just to make sure we haven't

23 | missed anyone, I'm going to run through the name of

24 \parallel registered witnesses who we haven't heard form yet.

If you hear your name, please use the Zoom raise hand

INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION function or if you're here in person, come up to one of the Sergeants. Alex Stein, Maryanne Bublick

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[sp?], Michael Brandy, Maxine Barnes, Alicia Boyd, Jack Chu [sp?], Tara Westerdal [sp?], Hector Gerardo,

Meredith Birkman [sp?], Dominique Dylan Tatum [sp?], 6

7 and John Jay Keller. Chair, seeing no hands raised,

I'll turn it over to you to close us out.

CHAIRPERSON BREWER: Thank you all. want to thank everyone who's listening. Thank you those who are still here, and to say this is a complicated issue, but I hope we have given some sunlight to it today, and that we're very serious about trying to address it. We have to do it with the state, and you know, there are several agendas that we want to accomplish. We want people to be treated fairly. We want to make sure that the New York State law which is different than other laws is carried out, but we don't want it to be usurped by the smoke shops, and we want people to be safe. And I thank all the educators in the room. I see one in the back there. But more importantly, your participation and the participation of the city agencies has made this a very substantive discussion. Much more to come. And thank you all that wrote the

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT & INVESTIGATIONS AND COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER & WORKER PROTECTION 191 amazing briefing paper. You should read it. This has got a lot of substantive comments. Thank you very much. This hearing is adjourned. [gavel]

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date January 31, 2023