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2	CITY COUNCIL CITY OF NEW YORK	
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12	HELD AT:	HYBRID HEARING - COUNCIL CHAMBERS - CITY HALL
13	BEFORE:	Selvena N. Brooks-Powers, Chairperson
14		onariperson
15	COUNCIL MEMBERS:	
16		Joann Ariola David M. Carr
17		Amanda Farias Ari Kagan
18		Linda Lee Mercedes Narcisse
19		Carlina Rivera Althea V. Stevens
20		Nantasha Williams Kalman Yeger
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1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 2		
2	APPEARANCES		
3	Ydanis Rodriguez, Commissioner, Department of		
4	Transportation Sean Quinn, Assistant Commissioner for Street		
5	Improvement, Department of Transportation Yogesh Sanghvi, Assistant Commissioner for Grants		
6	and Fiscal Management Ben Smith, Director of Legislative Affairs,		
7	Department of Transportation Sarah Neilson, Chief of Policy and Long-Range		
8	Planning, Department of Parks and Recreation Adam Meagher, Senior Vice President of		
9	Neighborhood Strategies, New York City Economic Development Corporation		
10	Mark Levine Jackson Chabot		
11	John Orcutt Carlos Castell Croke		
12	Laura Shepard Theodore Segal		
13	Joby Jacob Michael Cass		
14	Chauncy Young Chris Sanders		
15	Robert Fanuzzi Kevin Jones		
16	Glen Bolofsky Eric McClure		
17	Thomas Mituzas Nabil Khatri		
18	Osendy Garcia Tyler Taba		
19	Julie Chou Roy Smith		
20	Matthew Clarke Remy Schwartz		
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2 SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: This is a mic check
3 for the Committee on Transportation and
4 Infrastructure. It is June 28, 2022. We are in the

City Council Chambers. It's Owen Kotowski.

Good morning, and welcome to the hybrid hearing on Transportation. Will Council Members and staff please place electronic devices on vibrate or silent?

Testimony can be submitted to testimony@council.nyc.gov. Once again, that's
testimony@council.nyc.gov.

Chair, we are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: [GAVEL] Hello, and welcome to this hearing on the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. My name is Selvena Brooks-Powers, and I am the Chair of this Committee.

During today's hearing, we will conduct oversight on the administration's plans for managing the city's public space. We will also be hearing 3 important pieces of legislation, Intro 258 sponsored by Council Member Rita Joseph, Intro 291 sponsored by Council Member Carlina Rivera and myself, and Intro 293 sponsored by Council Member Althea Stevens.

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Thriving public spaces are critical to the future of our city. New Yorkers have always valued the vibrancy of our streetscapes and parks, but the COVID-19 pandemic in particular has prompted us to rethink how we use these open spaces. In many areas of the city, what were once spaces reserved only for traffic became vibrant places that gave communities safe ground to eat, exercise, and interact with their neighbors. As we've emerged from the worst days of COVID-19, we've now seen the importance of not just creating places for people but also maintaining them. Resilient public spaces are key to building safe and healthy communities, providing opportunities for art and culture, and supporting the growth of our local businesses. In my short time as Committee Chair thus far, I've sought to make equity central to all of our Transportation and Infrastructure discussions. Today will be no different. We can't help but notice that some neighborhoods seem filled with public space amenities, things like landscaping, seating, bike racks, and plazas to name a few, and other neighborhoods these most basic facilities are missing, and where these core public resources do

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 5 exist, they are often plagued by poor maintenance and other quality-of-life issues. One reason advocates argue this may be the case is that over the last few decades our city has increasingly relied on private organizations like Building Improvement Districts to deliver and maintain these decidedly public resources. Of course, community organizations can provide wonderful public services that are responsive to the specific needs of their neighborhoods, but the implications of this system are obvious when only 2 percent of the city is covered by a BID, and, when we think about the vast disparity in resources among community organizations across the city, while city agencies have sometimes argued that this arrangement does not impact the delivery of or the distribution of infrastructure resources, it's clear that this situation has benefited some communities more than others. The Council has recently sought to address this issue including through requirements that the city provide resources more equitably to operate Open Streets in underserved areas, but it's up to this Committee to ensure that efforts like this are undertaken and to push the administration to continue building systems that prioritize equity,

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committee on transportation and infrastructure 6 accessibility, and inclusion. Managing public space is one of the core functions of a city, and it's time that we think holistically how our many city agencies are coordinating responsibilities for the significant task. New Yorkers deserve to know which agencies and institutions are responsible for delivering and maintaining public amenities so that they can hold us public servants accountable.

Today's hearing is about the task of holding our city agencies accountable for planning and maintaining our streets, sidewalks, plaza, and parks. I hope to hear from the administration regarding their plans for programs like Open Streets and about the lessons they've learned from the dramatic expansion of public space uses and programs over the last 2 years. I'm extremely proud of the work that our agencies have done to deliver these innovative responses to the pandemic, and I want to make sure that we build on these successes and learn from any failures. Perhaps more importantly, I want to use this opportunity to ensure that equity is central to the way we think about the public realm moving forward.

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Finally, I'm excited to hear from advocates who have tirelessly worked to improve our public space policy and to hear from my Colleagues about the 3 pieces of legislation on the docket today related to the use of public space by community organizations, the installation of public bathrooms, and creating a comprehensive greenway network to connect our communities.

Before we move on to the administration and the public, I will now give the bills' sponsors an opportunity to give a brief statement on their bills. First up we will hear from Council Member Althea Stevens.

COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: Good afternoon.

Local Law 293 to amend the Administrative Code of New York City in regulations requiring the Department of Transportation to establish a program to allow community centers, schools, and art and cultural institutions and religious institutions to use adjacent outdoor space. As you know, the Bronx has not benefitted as much as other boroughs in terms of greenways, bikes, parks, and outdoor space. It is vital for the Bronx that there is equitable access to outdoor space. Being able to utilize community space

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE will work to strengthen the relationship of our communities by allowing the opportunity for individuals to experience each other's culture. The first step to creating a strong community is understanding and properly educating each other of where we come from, what kinds of traditions we practice, and, most importantly, we are passionate about. This legislation will ensure that young people across the city have access to space to play, learn, grown, and community institutions will be able to step outside to connect with the community and take advantage of the underutilized space. I often say that our strength is our unity, and utilizing all space in our neighborhoods to build community is key and vital to the success of building unity. Thank you, and I'm very excited that my bill is being heard today.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for those remarks. Next, we will hear from Manhattan Borough President Mark Levine.

MANHATTAN BOROUGH PRESIDENT LEVINE: It is good to be back. Thank you so much, Chair Brooks-Powers, for the opportunity to testify. Thank you for holding this hearing on the important topic of public

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE space. I'm here to speak in support of Intro 258. The lead sponsor is Council Member Rita Joseph. This is a bill which addresses a persistent public policy failure in New York City, our failure to provide an adequate number of public bathrooms for the people of this city. If you are a New Yorker, you have experienced this. Being out and about on the street, needing to go, and being unable to find a functioning and open public bathroom. It's happened to all of us. This is a matter of public health. It's a matter of equity. It's a matter of dignity. It impacts everybody, whether you are a parent with young children, whether you are pregnant or menstruating, whether you are an older New Yorker or someone with a unique medical condition that impacts this, whether you are a street vendor or a delivery worker or a tourist. It impacts all of us, and there's no greater symbol of the failure of the city to address this crisis than the fact that there are currently 15 fully functional, ready to install, automated bathrooms sitting in a warehouse for Queens where they have languished for years. This bill seeks to fix this problem. This is a bill, Intro 258, that will require the Department of Transportation

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 10 together with the Parks Department to give us a plan for installation of at least 1 publicly accessible bathroom in every ZIP code in this city. The plan names Community Boards as partners in this effort because we understand that every community needs a different solution. There are some Boards that might prefer to have units on the roadway or on the sidewalk, some who might want to focus on a new comfort station in a park. We can look at publicly owned private spaces as well as another venue for adding these facilities. There are many ways to do this, but it must be done. That's why a very broad coalition has come together, to once and for all change the narrative on access to public bathrooms in New York City.

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Finally, I just want to push back on one common criticism of this policy, which is that it "facilitates homeless people." I want to strongly and strenuously disagree. I believe that this is a basic amenity that all of us need including New Yorkers who are experiencing homelessness, that this is better for the individuals who, themselves, are experiencing homelessness and better for communities. This really should be universally embraced, and it's why I'm

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 11 thrilled you've brought it to a hearing today, Madam Chair. I appreciate this opportunity to testify on behalf of Intro 258.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thanks so much. I get to have remarks from you and my other former colleagues shortly, the Commissioner of DOT, which is great so thank you so much for that.

Next, we will hear from Council Member Rita Joseph.

much, Chair. This bill is very important to us. As we mentioned so many times, we rank 93 out of 100 places around the country that have access to public bathrooms so this bill is important. We ask that you pass this bill for us to get us to the first step to just examine where and feasible that this report that we can build accessible bathrooms in all 5 boroughs. Thank you so much for listening to this bill here. Thank you, Mark, for being a champion of this and thank you for being a great partner, and I look forward to voting yes on this bill.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much, Council Member. Next, we will hear from Council Member Carlina Rivera.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you so much. 3 Thank you, Chair, for the opportunity to speak on my bill very briefly. New York's first greenway was 4 created over 100 years ago, and the city last issued a greenway plan in 1993. Thirty years later, the 6 7 majority of New York's 100 miles of greenways only 8 exist on paper. The Greenway Master Plan Bill, Intro 291, is primarily focused on a comprehensive master plan, a vision for the future of greenways in all 5 10 11 boroughs. For far too long, investment in green infrastructure has been reserved for only the 12 13 wealthiest neighborhoods. Historically, low-income communities of color have seen the least investment 14 15 in greenway infrastructure. This bill seeks to 16 disrupt that pattern and ensure that every 17 neighborhood is involved in the development of a 18 master plan. The most critical part of this 19 legislation is the requirement that we build a 20 citywide greenway plan from the ground up with robust 21 community engagement. The bill also requires 2.2 communication and planning among city, state, and 2.3 federal agencies that have overlapping areas of jurisdiction on greenways. Along with Council Member 24

Brooks-Powers, I look forward to working closely with

the Mayor and all involved city agencies and, of course, the advocates on their feedback on Intro 291 so that together, along with this goal of more equitable public space that's accessible to all is so important so that we can deliver New Yorkers a Greenway Master Plan and a city for future generations that leaves no neighborhood behind. Thank you so much.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much for that, Council Member. Next, we are going to do things a little bit differently in this hearing.

We are going to take 2 testimonies from the public.

First, we will hear from Jackson Chabot with Open Plans. I'll just call, in the interest of time, John Orcutt from Bike New York also.

We just ask that we respect the time because the administration does have a tight window, and we want to make sure we have them here for as long as we can.

JACKSON CHABOT: Wonderful. Thank you,
Chair, and hello, Council Members. You took the words
right out of my mouth, Chair. With that, good
afternoon. My name is Jackson Chabot, and I'm the
Director of Public Space Advocacy at Open Plans, an

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 14 over 20-year-old nonprofit dedicated to safe and livable streets. Thank you for this opportunity to speak.

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First, I would like to voice Open Plans full support for Intro 258, 291, and 293, as well as speak today on managing the city's public space. Streets and sidewalks are much more than places for drivers to park and drive. They are public spaces where life happens, where neighbors meet, children play, commerce occurs, and people pass the time. By creating an Office of Public Space Management, the city can oversee the equitable day-to-day operations of our streets, prioritizing care and activation. However, right now, 27 percent of New York City is streets, and 75 percent of that space is allocated toward the movement and storage of vehicles when most New Yorkers don't own or use a vehicle. This distribution and use of space is not equitable nor proportional. Far too much is asthma-inducing, traffic jammed, and dangerous to walk and bike. Most concerning is our epidemic level rates of traffic violence. People are dying as a consequence of our continued car-dominant culture. We know public space with no vehicles is the safest space in the city. An

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 15 Office of Public Space Management to manage car-free space would enable the city to scale and create a network of open streets and plazas. In 2020, the city went into lockdown and launched the Open Streets and Open Restaurants programs. Many people suddenly appreciated, some for the first time, the vast potential swaths of public space that is right before our eyes and often right in front of our homes and apartments. In some areas, volunteers created systems to make their Open Streets a colossal success, some with hundreds of volunteers and a robust schedule of community activities, but this model continues to rely on extensive volunteer labor and organizing. Communities are responsible to manage barricades, program activities, develop relationship with businesses, and clean the street. We are encouraged by the Department of Transportation's Public Space Units unwavering commitment to iterating and expanding the program as shown by the collaboration this year with Street Lab, the recently released Public Space Program and Catalogue, and providing funding. Equally, community partners are exhausted, burnt out, and carrying the lion's share of responsibility to plan and execute events, manage

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1
open streets and plazas, and keep people safe from

3 traffic violence while doing so. We need a framework

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4 that supports and empowers volunteers while

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5 fundamentally equitably providing the care,

6 maintenance, and management of our streets and

7 | sidewalks. As I wrote in a Gotham Gazette op-ed

8 | yesterday, every open street, block party, or

9 neighborhood safety initiative is the product of

10 | intense volunteer effort, organization, and

11 coordination. Too often, city agencies and

12 departments are working in isolation instead of

13 focusing on collaborative problem-solving. We need an

14 Office of Public Space Management. Thank you.

15 JOHN ORCUTT: Good afternoon. Thank you,

16 Chair Brooks-Powers, for the opportunity to speak

17 | this afternoon. I'm going to address primarily Intro

18 291, the Greenway Master Plan bill, which Bike New

19 York, my organization, wholeheartedly supports, and

I'm joined later today by many, many members of the

New York City Greenway Coalition who are equally

22 behind the legislation.

We've had a greenway plan, as Council Member Rivera mentioned, since 1993. That plan was created by the City Planning Department during the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 17 last year of the Dinkins' administration. City Planning doesn't build or maintain things, and I think having that plan there was kind of a misplaced effort. The Greenway Master Plan Bill before you would move responsibility for the citywide plan to the agencies that actually build and maintain the greenways, City DOT, Parks Department, EDC, and perhaps some others. We have other types of rightsof-way in the city. We have the Hudson River Park and the Trust that manages it and other state rights-ofway that may be key to the greenway network ultimately. Greenways are the best use, the most popular of the bikeways and corridor parks in the city. Regional Plan Association recently did a public opinion poll just last month, and they asked New Yorkers what they about a bunch of streetscape changes, and there was a good majority for the kinds of things the city does like bike lanes, busways, etc., but greenways were the most popular, over 80 percent of New Yorkers responding thought that fully protected, fully separated bike and pedestrian multiuse paths with green space were the things they like most about re-envisioning and thinking about new

forms of streetscape in the urban areas. That

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River Corridor, and seen good progress. We had the

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 19 very slow-motion downsizing of the Westside Highway 2 3 that resulted ultimately in the Hudson River Park. 4 Those things have all been kind of odd one-offs and we need steady progress and a steady program. A 5 Greenway Master Plan that needs to be regularly 6 7 updated by the implementing and maintaining agencies will get that done. We think the bill is excellent in 8 its current form. We think there are a few improvements that could be made. One of them is in 10 11 the definition of greenways, which today in the bill 12 says recreation, many people use these for 13 transportation, and we would also call attention to 14 the inconsistent policies practiced by City DOT and 15 Parks Department regarding electric assist bicycles 16 and possibly in the future other smart electric 17 vehicles. It's not fair to New Yorkers to say you 18 need to understand whose jurisdiction you're under 19 when you pass from Hudson River Park Trust into the 20 Parks Department part of the...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I hate to cut you off. I'm trying to let you go but...

JOHN ORCUTT: That's my last point. We would like you to take a look at the definition of

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 20 2 greenways in the bill, and we have some other things 3 that we'll submit in testimony. Thank you very much. 4 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so 5 much. I'm going to now turn it over to our 6 7 Committee Counsel, Elliott Lynn. 8 COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Thank you. We 9 will now turn to testimony from the administration. First, from the Department of Transportation, 10 11 Commissioner Ydanis Rodriguez, Assistant Commissioner 12 for Street Improvement Sean Quinn, Assistant 13 Commissioner for Grants and Fiscal Management Yogesh 14 Sanghvi, and Director of Legislative Affairs Ben 15 Smith, from the Department of Parks and Recreation, 16 the Chief of Policy and Long-Range Planning Sarah Neilson, and from the New York City Economic 17 18 Development Corporation Adam Meagher, Senior Vice 19 President of Neighborhood Strategies. I will now administer the oath. Please 20 21 raise your right hands. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the 2.2 2.3 whole truth, and nothing but the truth before these

Committees and to respond honestly to Council Member

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questions?

2 ADMINISTRATION: (INAUDIBLE)

COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Thank you. You may begin when ready.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: It's so great to be here. It's like looking at a Colleague that we served together before, look at the new one, listening to this topic, all bills are a good bill. Things that I've advocated before. This thing that we've been able to do in the last 5 months. I worked with Bike New York and (INAUDIBLE) Bike New York couldn't get additional hour for the bike tour, and, working together, we were able to persuade this administration so I'm all about what Mayor Adams says (INAUDIBLE) Thank you for the great work that now on your responsibility being the leaders in this legislative body that I have the honor to serve for 3 years. We are in the same boat. We have to work together. Everything that we do on this cause should be seen from the lens of equity (INAUDIBLE) New York City as a city, the only thing we have to do with the greenway is to bring to the working class community what we have done in the upper class community and in the middle class community. We know how to do it.

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 22

It's about the goodwill, and this is what this administration is all about.

Good afternoon, Chair Brooks-Powers and members of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. I am Ydanis Rodriguez, Commissioner of the New York City Department of Transportation. With me today are Sean Quinn, Assistant Commissioner for Street Improvement Programs, Yogesh Sanghvi, Associate Commissioner for Grants and Fiscal Management, and Ben Smith, Director of Legislative Affairs. In our first in-person hearing, in the room, I have here also all my DOT Borough Commissioners so if any Council Member has any issue beside a question related to those bills, I want to be sure that following the mandate from Mayor Adams, the 51 Council Members should know that in each borough, there's a Commissioner that is there to hear from your need, they are here in your room, and they will be sure again that after the hearing is over that you can connect, even though all of you know from Staten Island to Brooklyn to Queens to the Bronx and Manhattan that no agency has better Commissioners. In each borough, we have a DOT, and they have been

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 working 24/7 to be sure that they listen to your

3 needs.

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We are happy to be here with our partner agencies, the New York City Department of Parks and Recreation and the New York City Economic Development Corporation.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify today on behalf of Mayor Eric Adams on managing the city's public space and on Introductions 251, 291, and 293.

All New Yorkers, all, must have access to safe, welcoming, and attractive public spaces close to where they live, and every New Yorker must have access to active transportation options, that's a human right. We also need to be sure that all of them are connected to parkland and the city's 520 miles of shoreline.

Open, green space should not be a luxury.

Being able to walk, jog, or bike to nearby parks and other neighborhoods is a necessity and a public good.

In the pandemic, many New Yorkers took up biking for the first time leading to a historic bike boom.

COVID-19 also underscored the value of open space, parks, and biking and walking networks as more people

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 24 looked for opportunities for outdoor recreation and active transportation, but, for too long, some of our communities, particularly the Black, Latino, and Asian and working-class communities in general, have been cut off from green spaces and paths for biking and walking. Under Mayor Eric Adams' leadership, DOT and our sister agencies are committed to creating a greener, more connected, and more livable city for all New Yorkers. I fought for that in my previous 4 years as a Council Member, Member of the Committee on Transportation, and (INAUDIBLE) years of those as a Chairman on this Committee and I wouldn't stop advocating for my role that I have now leading the DOT department.

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On public space, earlier this year, DOT launched the 2022 Open Streets program through which New Yorkers will be able to enjoy more vibrant public space at over 150 locations, 21 new, covering a total of approximately 300 blocks. The program prioritizes equity with a focus on Priority Investment Areas identified in the NYC Streets Plan. We will announce additional locations this summer and encourage Council Members to please connect us with community organizations that are interested in becoming public

committee on transportation and infrastructure 25 space partners, including smaller grassroots groups, which may be eligible for financial and operational support. I instructed my team to spend weeks contacting each Council Member's office to be sure that you help us to identify other locations where we can create more Open Streets.

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The Executive Budget included funds that will allow us to advance permanent redesigns of popular Open Streets, including 88 million dollars to further transform 34th Avenue in Queens.

New York City's Open Streets program, the largest in the United States of America, first launched in May 2020 as a way to give New Yorkers space to social distance and safely get outside, and they became a source of inspiration and community, a role model to the whole nation. As we recover and emerge, we are working to build them into sustainable community amenities with city resources and community support.

Based on lessons learned over the past 5plus years of our One New York City Plaza Equity
Program and our recent Open Streets collaboration
with City Cleanup Corps, we are restructuring our
program to be more supportive of a wide variety of

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 26 public spaces and partners across the city. To support new, vibrant public space in areas that would not have had it otherwise, DOT will receive 5.4 million dollars in funding in FY-23 and beyond for a Public Space Equity Program on top of existing baselined Open Streets and Plaza Equity funding, bringing our total annual funding to over 8 million dollars. Thank you, Chair and the Speaker and all Council Members for also working with the administration to add this additional funding. This comprehensive approach to public space support and management includes partner reimbursements and a contract for maintenance, landscaping, and technical assistance for public space partner organizations in greatest need. This will allow us to continue providing direct support to over 20 Open Streets, over 30 plazas, and more in the future.

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Turning to Intro 293, the Open Spaces bill sponsored by Council Member Stevens. This Administration supports the spirit of this bill and is committed to using new ways to transform streets into vibrant public space. This includes building upon the Open Streets and Open Restaurants programs, while also learning from the Open Culture, Open

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 27
Storefronts, and Outdoor Learning programs. These
programs began in response to the pandemic, and, as
we are transitioning to programs that will continue
beyond the crisis, we have found that more oversight
is necessary to ensure the many demands for street
space are balanced. In addition, schools and
community-based organizations are able to apply for
an Open Street which is either a street with limited
local access or a full closure. We don't have the red
tape that we had in the past, that there were so many
requirements to apply to get a permit when any CBOs
or members of the community wanted to close a block.
Right now, we want more applications to come to DOT,
and we are ready to expedite the process so that we
can give back to the community those spaces that are
so important for them. Organizations can also apply
to the Mayor's Office of Citywide Event Coordination
and Management's Street Activity Permit Office to use
a sidewalk or curb lane. We look forward to
discussing with the Council how to continue
transforming streets while better understanding how
this proposal would relate to our existing suite of
public space programs and other street uses.

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On Intro 258 sponsored by Council Member Joseph, this administration is committed to increasing access to public bathrooms. There are a number of challenges around public bathrooms that we look forward to discussing further with the Council. Under DOT's jurisdiction are the Automatic Public Toilets, or APTs, installed and maintained by JCDecaux pursuant to its citywide coordinated street furniture franchise agreement. I got one of those bathrooms in Plaza de las Americas at 175th between Broadway and Wadsworth, and I know that I had to fight back with some people in the community that didn't want it. I fought it, I got it, and I'm ready to work with you and the rest of the Council to see more public bathrooms in the City of New York, especially in those communities who need it the most.

There are a number of challenges to finding locations for those public bathrooms. These include that the bathrooms are large, heavy, and require water and sewer connections. Therefore, they cannot be sited on overpasses, bridges, or any other insecure site. In addition, as a part of the franchise agreement, all locations need to be approved by the Mayor and the Council Speaker, along

with consultation with affected local elected officials and community boards, as many neighborhoods do not want them. We are happy to work with the Council on locations where those public bathrooms could be located and look forward to discussing the specifics of this legislation further. Even when I explain those challenges that we have, as you know, I don't end it with a no. We are going to focus on how to get it done.

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On greenways, turning to greenways and
Intro 291 which would require DOT to create a
greenway master plan, provide updates on budgets and
construction, and engage with communities on such
plans. New York City currently has more than 150
miles of greenways across the 5 boroughs, and we are
working to maintain and grow this system. This
administration welcomes this bill, which is in line
with both our vision for a greener and more connected
city and ongoing efforts to achieve this vision.
Historically, the city's greenway network has mainly
consisted of pedestrian and cyclist paths in parks.
While the Parks Department has continued to expand
important corridors in their properties, in recent
years DOT has also implemented transformative

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 30 separated bike and pedestrian paths in our rights-ofway, connecting New Yorkers to their waterfront and green spaces. To give an example, DOT recently completed two segments of the Brooklyn Waterfront Greenway, one in South Williamsburg along Kent Avenue and another in Sunset Park connecting to the Brooklyn Army Terminal and Owl's Head Park. Working closely with our agency partners, we are expanding the vision of what New York City's greenway network can be. A comprehensive citywide greenway network will enhance bike and pedestrian safety, promote affordable and zero-emission mobility options, increase access to open space, enhance public health, and provide access to jobs and essential services. Expanding the greenway network will also provide opportunities to connect both residents and visitors to many rich historical and cultural tourist destinations as well as regional hiking and biking trails. Low- and moderate-income New Yorkers will especially benefit from a more comprehensive greenway network, as nonmotorized transportation modes have lower costs to purchase, operate, and maintain. Further, a large body of research shows that cycling is correlated with improved health outcomes, so the expansion of

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the greenway network will improve health and well-being by encouraging more cycling. As I was riding a bike with the Minister of Transportation (INAUDIBLE), he said if you ride a bike half an hour every day, you will add 6 years to your life. We have to educate ourselves and educate our communities so that they can know about the benefits of cycling and walking.

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Finally, expansion of the citywide greenway network and its ability to connect people to where they live, work, and play will encourage a shift to non-motorized transportation options, resulting in less driving and reducing air pollution and greenhouse gas emissions.

Building out a citywide greenway plan is in keeping with several of the city's guiding strategic documents. In OneNYC's transportation section, New York City pledges to increase connectivity of the bike network through on-street bike lanes and greenway expansion. Roadmap to 80 by 50, the city's climate change and emission reduction plan, calls upon NYC DOT to increase the mode share for bicycling to 10 percent of all trips by 2050. And finally, in the cycling portion of the Councilmandated NYC Streets Plan, DOT committed to

5 | transformative idea.

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Greenways improve the physical health and mental well-being of every New Yorker. They create new jobs, decrease our dependence on private automobiles, help absorb storm water, increase our tree cover to help reduce heat islands, and create new habitats for wildlife. They are a win for the economy, a win for nature and environmental justice, a win for our physical health and mental well-being, a win for transportation, and a win for every New Yorker, regardless of their social, ethnic, and economic background.

Turning to ongoing and future work to build out the greenway network, Deputy Mayor Joshi and I had the privilege to attend the NYC Greenways Summit last month along with Council Member Rivera, Senator Schumer and state-elected greenway champions such as Assembly Member Gallagher and State Senator Gounardes. We congratulate the NYC Greenway Coalition for their advocacy, and they are an important partner in achieving our vision. At the summit, the Adams

2 Administration committed 47.6 million dollars in

3 greenway funding for Parks and DOT to implement

4 projects in Brooklyn and Queens developed through the

5 Destination Greenways community planning process last

6 year.

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DOT and the Parks Department partnered with community members and stakeholders to determine local needs and the amenities along each route. The funding will go towards a total of 6 projects, led by Parks with on-street work by DOT. In Brooklyn, work will improve access to the waterfront by building new greenway segments in Leif Ericson Park and reconstructing the existing greenway in part of Shore Road Park. In Queens, we will build a new segment in Flushing Meadows Corona Park, Kissena Corridor Park, and Kissena Park, helping to close greenway gaps in neighborhoods that have been historically disconnected. The city is also partnering with residents in other boroughs to make important greenway connections, such as the new greenway connections in the Bronx. For example, as part of daylighting Tibbetts Brook, an exciting environmental restoration project, DEP and the Parks Department will work together to incorporate greenway elements,

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 34 2 and work is currently underway with full funding 3 allocated to complete a 32.5-mile greenway loop 4 around Manhattan in conjunction with our partners at EDC, focusing on the UN Esplanade, Harlem River, Inwood, and Esplanade Gardens sections. Parks 6 7 recently received additional capital funding for safer greenway connections on Randall's Island and 8 upgrades to the Pike and Allen Street bike path and pedestrian malls. In Brooklyn, we recently completed 10 11 two segments of the Brooklyn Waterfront Greenway I mentioned earlier, and work is also underway on one 12 13 of the most critical segments the Gowanus Connector. 14 Currently planned for completion late next year, this

Additional pedestrian safety, landscaping, and accessibility enhancements will help realize the vision of a connected waterfront greenway for the borough.

project will create a safer, separated bike path

connecting Sunset Park to Red Hook and Gowanus on

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Hamilton Avenue.

DOT is also working to fill on-street greenway gaps through in-house Street Improvement Projects, including at the following locations in 2022 and 2023: Emmons Ave, Jamaica Bay Greenway;

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 35 233rd St, Bronx River Greenway; Cropsey Ave Bridge, Brooklyn Waterfront Greenway in development; Richmond Terrace, North Shore Greenway in Staten Island in development; Lafayette Ave, Bronx Waterfront Greenway; and East 180th Street, Bronx River Greenway in development, and the following additional DOT greenway capital projects were recently funded: 25.2 million in the April plan for a new grade separated two-way path along Utopia Parkway from Cryders Lane and Little Bay Park to the Cross Island Parkway and seawall upgrades further north along the Parkway; 16 million for a new connection to the Bronx River Greenway at East Tremont, including redesigning and reconstructing a complex intersection to transform it into a major gateway to the Bronx River Greenway, this project is now fully funded at \$33 million; and \$19.8 million in the April and September plans to build out and improve segments of the Jamaica Bay Greenway through Marine Park and down Flatbush Ave towards Floyd Bennett Field. On the RAISE Grant: Filling the Gaps: NYC's Greenway Expansion Plan, in order to further

advance our vision for greenways, and in line with

the goals of Intro 291, DOT recently requested 7.2

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 | million in United States Department of Transportation

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3 Rebuilding American Infrastructure with

4 Sustainability and Equity, or RAISE, funding for

5 | Filling the Gaps: NYC's Greenway Expansion Plan. This

6 RAISE grant application is part of the city's effort

7 to go after every dollar available from the

8 bipartisan Infrastructure Law to advance projects

9 that will benefit New Yorkers for decades to come.

Filling the Gaps will be a collaboration between DOT, Parks, and EDC to increase walking and cycling for commuting, leisure, and exercise by planning for a comprehensive network of greenways.

This RAISE funding will be used to review previous plans and studies, engage community partners, develop analytical tools for determining priority corridors including a micro-mobility demand model, and complete a citywide gap and opportunity analysis.

The outcome of Filling the Gaps will include a vision plan that articulates the city's principles for completing the greenway network, up to 5 Early Action corridor plans for greenways across the 5 boroughs, and a set of Future Action corridor candidates for further development.

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Taken together, these plans will enable a major expansion of the New York City greenway network with a focus on under-developed greenway sections located in chronically disenfranchised communities.

The aim of Filling the Gaps is to prepare for ushering in a new era of multi-modal infrastructure investments focused on greenways, capitalizing on the nation's changing priorities and increasing investment in active transportation and open space infrastructure, pandemic recovery and job creation, climate action, and equity.

As Intro 291 moves forward, DOT and our sister agencies look forward to discussing the details of its requirements further, to align it with the aggressive pace of our planning efforts and federal resources we hope to bring to bear and to structure the reporting, updating, and community engagement requirements to make them as effective and efficient as possible and aligned with our existing mandates.

In conclusion, I would like to thank the Chair, the Speaker, and all Members of this Council for the opportunity to testify before you today. I look forward to working with you to enhance access to

public space for all New Yorkers and build a more connected greenway network that will benefit New

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

4 Yorkers for generations to come. We would be happy to

5 answer any questions after you hear from our sister

6 agency colleagues. (SPEAKING SPANISH) Thank you.

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CHIEF NEILSON: Good afternoon, Chair

Brooks-Powers, Members of the Transportation

Committee, and other Members of City Council. I am

Sarah Neilson, Chief of Policy and Long-Range

Planning for New York City Parks. I'm happy to be

testifying together with our partner agencies, New

York City Department of Transportation and here with

New York City Economic Development Corporation.

I want to start by noting our appreciation for the Council's continued advocacy for our city's open spaces, of which parks play a vital role. Without your continued support, much of the important work we do would not even be possible.

I would like to first address Intro 291, which is concerned with creating a citywide Greenways Master Plan. New York City Parks firmly believes that all New Yorkers deserve access to quality public space, and we are committed to increasing equity and access. We see greenways as an important step in

achieving this. Greenways connect communities to our city parks, bike paths, and waterfronts. They serve as both destination and thoroughfare. They provide access to nature and offer options for safe physical activity among diverse users, serving as vital green spaces, especially for New Yorkers who don't live next to a big park.

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Expanding New York City's greenways has been a key priority for the city, and there are now more than 150 miles of greenways throughout the 5 boroughs. We at New York City Parks believe that all New Yorkers deserve beautiful green spaces. We are working with our sister agencies to expand the citywide greenway network across all 5 boroughs so that we can strengthen the connections between our parks. We are proud of our recent work with DOT on the Destination Greenways study. In this study, our 2 agencies embarked on a conceptual planning process for 2 key corridors. One was in Queens, one was in Brooklyn. Our goal was to connect the small greenway segments within existing parks by making those vital connections from park to park to park. We gathered community input to focus on filling gaps in those 2 existing routes. Currently, we are working to expand

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 40 this model of determining greenway improvements to additional routes in other boroughs, noting that Bronx is very high priority. The Destination Greenways study strives to make greenways safer and more inviting for all New Yorkers and will enhance treasured open space in many neighborhoods. Community involvement was essential to this study. We are pleased to share that approximately 1,000 individuals registered for our virtual community input meetings. We spoke to about 200 people last summer out along the greenway routes during our on-site outreach events, and we also received about 800 comments on the interactive project website while the study was ongoing.

New York City Parks also works regularly with EDC, adding new greenway miles to the Manhattan Waterfront. We are currently in the process of wrapping up the design for the Harlem River Greenway from 125th to 132nd. This project will add 7 new acres of waterfront open space along that stretch of waterfront and will connect miles of greenway to the north and to the south. These steps will close a major gap in the Manhattan Waterfront Greenway,

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 41 providing New Yorkers with easier access to vibrant new spaces.

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In the Bronx, we were pleased to open the Putnam Greenway in 2020. This project built 2.8 miles of new greenway that connects Van Cortlandt Park with the South County Trail System in Westchester County and the Empire State Trail all the way to Albany and beyond. There are plans to extend the greenway further south as part of DEP's project to daylight Tibbetts Brook. That long-awaited project is in design now, and we are working closely with DEP.

In Queens, we are fully reconstructing the Vanderbilt Motor Parkway and Joe Michaels Mile.

Both of these vital greenways are being renovated in separate 2-phase projects. For both, phase 1 has already been completed, and we're pleased to announce that phase 2 is currently underway. These routes make up key segments of the overall Destination Greenways routes as well. As part of that project, we are also closing greenway gaps in Flushing Meadows Corona Park, Kissena Corridor Park, and Kissena Park.

In Brooklyn, we're building new greenway segments in Leif Ericson Park and reconstructing existing greenway segments in Shore Road.

As these projects move forward, New York
City Parks will continue to collaborate with partner
agencies and work with key stakeholders to
holistically plan for in-park and on-street greenway
improvements and help strengthen connections between
our parks. New York City Parks is thrilled that Mayor
Adams and the Council have advocated funding for
greenways in the budget. This investment will fill
gaps in the existing routes with the focus on
connecting communities to parks overall.

I would also like to take a moment to address Introduction 258 and note, as Commissioner Rodriguez stated, that this administration is committed to increasing access to public restrooms.

New York City Parks is extremely proud that we currently operate 680 comfort stations, that's what we call bathrooms in the Parks Department, and public restrooms across the 5 boroughs. We are actively increasing that number to this day. We recognize that there are certain challenges around building public restrooms, but we look forward to continued discussion on this issue with the Council and with our sister agencies.

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I thank you for the opportunity to testify alongside DOT and EDC today, and I look forward to answering any questions you may have. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. I'm hoping that the project you spoke of will also look to connect Southeast Queens and the Rockaways to some of those amazing assets in Northern Oueens as well.

Before I go into my questions, I would like to acknowledge my Colleagues in the Council that are present in today's hearing, Council Members Rivera, Yeger, Ariola, Farias, Kagan, Lee, Narcisse, Stevens, Williams, and Carr.

In the Mayor's Economic Recovery Blueprint released at the beginning of March, the administration committed to launching an interagency working group to coordinate city initiatives and programs in our public spaces. What is the status of this group and has it held a meeting?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: The Public Realm Interagency Working Group led by City Hall is already meeting regularly to address better coordination, activation, and management of public space for Open

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 44

Restaurant to (INAUDIBLE) work is already on the way

across agencies including the agencies that has come

together in that planning process are DOT, City

Planning, Department of Sanitation, Parks, and Small

Business Services, SBS.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.
Will the working group produce a report?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: That's a goal.

Not necessarily commenting on the report but

definitely we are coming together, working on

producing the results of this meeting and more than

happy, of course, to follow up with you to share that

information of that result of that work.

mentions that the working group, which as you mentioned is composed of city agencies, are working in coordination with BIDs, businesses, and residents. How will this working group coordinate with outside stakeholders, how will the BIDs and residents be identified to participate, and how will the administration work to ensure these groups are representative of the entire city.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: So far, the interagency working group has been focused on

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 45 2 representatives for the agencies coming together. As a former Council Member, I also understand 3 4 (INAUDIBLE) the importance of getting the input of different stakeholders outside the agency so we will 5 identify where and how to get the feedback, but, so 6 far, we're just doing the interagency meetings to 7 8 learn on how we can come up with a plan but definitely we are committed to getting input from other stakeholders including elected officials, 10 11 Community Boards, and other leaders from the community that are related to those agencies. 12

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that. I think it's important that we're centering the voices of the residents and finding a way to engage them and identify them accordingly so that it is reflective of the different corners of the city. I definitely encourage or welcome the opportunity to coordinate that outreach with the Council Members of the various districts, especially the areas that have historically been under-resourced.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Of course.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Starting during the pandemic, the Department of Transportation has been tasked with operating an increasing number

of public space related programs. How does the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

3 administration believe public space decisions and

4 responsibilities that cut across agency boundaries

5 | should be coordinated?

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: DOT is working closely with our sister agencies to manage public space, all under the direction of Mayor Adams and Deputy Mayor Joshi. This includes working closely with, again as I said, some of the agencies that I mentioned, the Department of Sanitation, Fire Department, NYPD, Parks, and more. You heard from Mayor Adams during the time of campaigning, after winning election, and now as Mayor, he truly believes that we have to reimagine the use of public space. This is important for this administration. This is important for me as a Commissioner, and this is the direction that we are taking the city, reimagining the use of more public space, basically thinking about the pedestrians and cyclists as a top priority.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Do you think that DOT should assume the role of primary responsibility for public space planning?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Definitely yes.

25 This is the agency that has decades of experience.

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 47 After being chosen to be Commissioner of DOT, in my second day what I did was connecting with all the previous Commissioners because one of the things that we have to celebrate in this city is the level of continuity that we have, and I think that when we look at DOT, (INAUDIBLE) the team at DOT takes this job with a lot of pride. Many of them have dedicated decades serving under many Commissioners, listening to voices of the community, thinking about how to reimagine the use of public space, so DOT has a lot of experience when it comes to monitoring the public space. As someone who also had a role of oversight of a city agency in my 8 years, now having the role that you have, which is a great leadership opportunity that we have, I was there questioning DOT, going after those questions. What I can tell you about as my previous 8 years as Chairman of the Traffic Committee. What I heard about expertise, and I think that's one of the reasons why the DOT Commissioner became now to be the second one nationwide because other municipalities, they want to learn about the expertise that we have in New York City so this is the agency, again, that has developed more

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Would the administration support the creation of a new office responsible for managing the city's public space and coordinating across agencies?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I can start sharing a little bit and Sean can also add anything more. What I can say is I think the idea is a great one. Those of us who served before COVID, we know that a lot of the Open Streets, Open Restaurants, Open Schools, we were having this discussion before COVID. We were asking the previous administration about give more space or street to the community. I believe that COVID helped us, for us to get there, to go to that line where we were able to start many of the Open Streets, it's the biggest one in the nation. Open Restaurants is the biggest one in the nation. Any measure we use, we are the role model, and I feel that this is what we have seen at DOT and we do have a team at DOT that runs open spaces, who are responsible for open spaces, who've then identify opportunity to turn more space in the streets into pedestrian plaza, into Open Schools, so more than

committee on transportation and infrastructure 49 happy to continue this conversation with the Council Member who carried this bill, with as the Chair, and the Speaker to see how we can get to the finish line, but I think at the end of the day we share the importance to continue having a space where we control, we run everything related to open spaces, but DOT has been doing it and been doing a great job.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Staying in line with your comments on the pandemic, what does DOT believe it has accomplished with regard to public space since the start of the pandemic and what enduring changes would it like to see based on what the agency has learned?

all, when we talk about the importance to identify
Open Streets, we thought it was important to identify
locations where, during COVID, New Yorkers wanted to
have more space within walking distance to each
other. By the type of open spaces we had during
COVID, was more having barricades in those
(INAUDIBLE) that we closed. After COVID is again
hopefully over, as we are today, we are doing more
programming Open Streets. What we have today is 156
Open Streets (INAUDIBLE) corridor, but all of them

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 50 have a partner of DOT is running those Open Streets, full of programming on arts, cultural, and education so this is something, again, that was started as something temporary and became permanent when it came to Open Streets. We can look at Open Restaurants. Other things we did, Pedestrian Plaza, (INAUDIBLE) Plaza was under COVID when (INAUDIBLE) couldn't open a restaurant in (INAUDIBLE). I went there to visit the owner every day. She was closed. I went there to give her hope that she will be able to reopen. I was able to turn (INAUDIBLE) between Broadway and (INAUDIBLE) as something that started as an Open Street today to be a permanent plaza so I know how to get those things done. I did it in my district, and I will be doing it in any Council District that any of you represent that would like to identify an Open Street and even thinking about how we can turn Open Streets as something more permanent.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Staying in line with the plazas, I want to pivot over to maintenance. Could you tell us about DOT's plans for ensuring public spaces under its jurisdiction like pedestrian plazas are maintained? I will just make mention, as you know, I've been doing my citywide

tour district to district, and an example is in

Council Member Francisco Moya's district where

there's a plaza there and some concerns in terms of

the upkeep of the plaza so I'm interested in

understanding the plan for ensuring that public

spaces under your jurisdiction are maintained.

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: My team here will give more details about the day-to-day support that DOT provides in those plazas who need more resources, but I can tell you that I was sitting back there when the Times Square Plaza Alliance came here asking for support on some bill related to the (INAUDIBLE). I took that advantage as I was working with them to (INAUDIBLE) Times Square, and I told them I will support you. However, will you adopt a plaza in the underserved community? Not each plaza is composed by Board Members that represent the New York Times, the Daily News, the (INAUDIBLE), the big corporations so the way I did it was not only asking DOT can you please help with the (INAUDIBLE) Plaza, for them to have the resources that they need to keep this street clean, but I also went to Times Square Plaza and said can you also adopt another plaza that you can also help them with the programming. I personally had that

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 52 experience, but I would like to pass to the team to explain a little bit more about how we are supporting those plazas.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Sure. Thank you for the question. Corona Plaza is absolutely one of our more challenging locations. We do provide a lot of support for that space through our NYC Plaza Equity Program, which through the support of the Council, we've been able to fund over the past 10 or so years that the program has been in existence. Using that plaza as an example, we're working to hire a Plaza Manager, someone who is thinking about it every day. We are working to bolster our partnership, doing trainings with our partners to help them grow. We are working on programming the Plaza like the Commissioner as a huge piece of the puzzle of how to activate a space and make sure that it's not being overrun with undesirable uses but becoming a real place for the community to gather. We have 31 plazas in our 85-plaza system that receive direct support through this Plaza Equity Program, 17 of those highneed plazas receive a full suite of maintenance services that includes sweeping, cleaning, bagging trash, power washing, pest abatement, snow clearance

solution for the community at the same time. With us

really helping and pushing and having these resources

funneled to those spaces, we think we can solve those

problems and manage them over time.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Just staying on this for a little bit because in my District also, I have a similar issue with the Beach 20th Street Plaza in Far Rockaway that is largely overrun by unhoused individuals that are not having certain needs met and so that's become a space. There's also a lot of criminal activity that's taking place there, and it's resulting in local merchants closing and not

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 54 being able to get the foot traffic that they like because of people being fearful of passing it. When you talk about, for example, community partners, if community partners are utilized for this purpose, what is DOT doing to ensure that cleaning and maintenance is equitable, especially in areas with limited resources. As I said in my earlier statement, not every community has a BID, and so, even when we have these amazing pilot programs that come out of the administration, communities like the one that I represent often miss out on the opportunity, sometimes they don't even come until way down. I just noticed a new Link Kiosk in Southeast Queens recently and look at how many years that project has been in place, and that's just an example of how long it takes the city administration to get to some of these pockets of the city that need a little bit more resource and support so when I ask what is DOT's plan, understanding you do have the Times Square Alliance and very strong BIDs across the city, but when DOT opens up a plaza, I feel like there needs to be a plan to be able to regularly have eyes on these plazas to see what's going on so that it can be more proactive instead of reactionary because the Beach

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20th Street Plaza, the condition that it's been in, it's been in there for several years now. I used extra expense funding for it to be cleaned up. My predecessor had to do that as well so you're talking about 2 administrations that had to put money towards it, not to mention our local community organizations put resources towards it also, but it's a plaza, it's under the jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: It is, but, as you heard, we have 17 high-need plazas. They receive a full suite of maintenance services, sweeping, cleaning, bagging trash, furniture setup, graffiti removal, snow clearance, (INAUDIBLE), power washing, and more. (INAUDIBLE) plazas received financial subsidy of up to 20,000 yearly to support maintenance, operation, and programming so more than happy, again, to follow up with you if there's any particular one in your district, by any Council Member that you feel that they have not taken advantage of that opportunity, to please let us know and we're more than happy to connect with those services.

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Would just say that I'm looking for the administration to take a more active role in dealing with the quality-of-life issues in public spaces currently also managed by private organizations as well so just having a full plan of action because, as you said, Department of Transportation has been doing this for a long time so I really want to understand what those plans are and how we are addressing the needs of these challenges that we see with the plazas.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Right.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How does DOT coordinate with other agencies to ensure upkeep of street or sidewalk adjacent spaces that aren't under its jurisdiction? This is something that also comes up often because it's really hard to decide if you have a street, little island, that has trees and stuff, is it Parks, is it DOT, and regular community folks won't necessarily know. Sometimes we assume it's Parks. Sometimes it ends up being DOT. How does DOT coordinate with other agencies around this?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: First of all, this administration is focused on efficiency, and

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 57 that's why under the leadership of Melanie La Rocca appointed by Mayor Adams as the Chief of Efficiency, one of the goals this administration has is to be sure that all agencies continue identifying different ways of how we share responsibility. For me, when it comes to any space related to (INAUDIBLE) for any New Yorkers in any neighborhood, especially my heart is on the underserved community, that we feel that there's not attention necessarily given that requires for DOT to coordinate with Parks or Sanitation or any other, just let her know. That's a priority of Mayor Adams. This is a priority that I have as a Commissioner because I was trained in this body (INAUDIBLE) to be sure that, even though my role is not a legislator but now it's doing the management part, to be sure that I continue focusing on what I fought for for those (INAUDIBLE) years. I live in the underserved community. I've been living in the underserved community since I arrived here in 1983 so no one has to teach me outside this room about, what I'm challenging me is about those who live in privileged communities to know here we have underserved community that requires this attention, that requires (INAUDIBLE) services, so this is

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What is the total funding in Fiscal Year '22 and Fiscal Year '23 for the Plaza Equity Program?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Sean, you want to take that one? We have the information here. Give me one second.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: We recently received 5.4 million dollars for the Plaza Equity

2 Program on top of existing funding that we had from

3 previous administrations. Between the Plaza Equity

4 Program and other funds that we have to service our

5 | Open Streets program, we have over 8 million dollars

6 a year for those programs. That money goes directly

7 to support these spaces and our partnerships.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

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9 Next, I want to talk about equity issues around the

10 BIDs. The BIDs cover around 2 percent of the city and

11 do not exist in neighborhoods with limited resources

12 or residential areas. Does DOT believe that our

13 current system for providing public amenities through

14 private partners like BIDs is a sufficient model for

15 | all neighborhoods?

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16 COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: No, it doesn't,

17 and that's not the approach that we have at DOT, to

18 rely on BIDs to organize any plan for public spaces.

19 \parallel This is not the way I got Plaza (INAUDIBLE). There

20 was no BID involved. It was about bringing together

21 | the small business community. It was about bringing

22 | together the local leaders of the community. We are

23 | focusing more on the need. We are focusing more

24 around any group, first of all, we as the DOT, we are

working 24/7. This is how hard the team works at DOT

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 60 to be sure that (INAUDIBLE) DOT Ambassador that we have and the Borough Commissioners that we identify that be turned as a public space, as a public plaza, as an open street, but we also rely on the voice of the community. We rely on the faith community. We rely on the (INAUDIBLE) that we have at DOT. We rely on you as the Council Member. We will continue expanding. The numbers (INAUDIBLE) Open Streets closed with barricades. We will be working with you to be sure that as we have any plaza that they have in numbers of BIDs, working with them, which is nothing wrong, but then we have the older outer boroughs areas that they don't have those BIDs, they just rely on DOT being able to identify where we should bring those Open Streets, those Open Plazas, and we work with the stakeholders of those communities and, of course for me, working with the Council Member is a top priority.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I would just add that only about 50 percent of our plazas are managed by BIDs, and those BIDs range from, of course, the Times Square Alliance to much smaller BIDs throughout the Bronx, the 3rd Avenue, Willis BID in the Bronx, for example, and only 22 percent of our

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 61

Open Streets are managed by BIDs so a large majority

of our public realm and public spaces are managed by

non-BID partners.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What about the resources to ensure that they are properly maintained?

back to the Public Space Equity monies and funds that we have. That goes directly to those spaces funded by the agency. We partner with the Horticultural Society to do a lot of the work plus with our sister agencies. We have a great amount of funding for that. We also offer to our Open Streets partners, for example, up to 20,000 dollars annually in reimbursement for programming and other types of resources that they pour into a open space so we do have a lot of ways to directly support and fund partners, be it a small community group to a larger community-based organization.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: We have Yogesh here, who also works around the division (INAUDIBLE)

Assistant Commissioner for Grants and Fiscal

Management. The team that he leads also is so committed to identify other sources of funding to see

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 62 if there is any grant opportunity that will come in the future. When we think about any particular big project that we can apply for any grant, we're also thinking about can we include any piece related to any innovative way of how to use public space so I feel that, as I said, I got a plaza in (INAUDIBLE) because DOT went there and said let's build a plaza. I got a plaza as a Council Member. I called DOT, said we need to add a plaza here. I just feel that as we are all together in this, as DOT goes and identifies a potential area to have a plaza, we have the resources to help to keep the plaza clean but also I would like to see more Council Member (INAUDIBLE) saying here at Yankee Stadium, you are here in the Bronx, can you also be partners with this plaza, here with have Citi Field, can also Citi Field be a partner with any plaza that is around there (INAUDIBLE) at 168th and Fort Washington, but I called on them so I feel that definitely creating more green space for especially those underserved communities is something that we will see more of them coming, but I also feel that it's important that, as DOT identifies resources, I don't know if

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 63

you want to add a little bit on potential grants that
we are looking to see in the future, you share that.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER SANGHVI: Actually, the Infrastructure Bill that was recently passed by Congress along with prior bills have provided some sort of funding for work of this kind. It's not necessarily money that is just for plazas, but we do get monies that would allow for implementation, which still leaves the maintenance question the way the Council Member asked, but we do get federal funding, a portion at least, to do work of this kind, plazas, to implement, to design, to construct.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: This is something that we're thinking about. If there's any grant as they come out in the future, to see any potential of those grants that also can be related for some funding on capital expense that will allow us to continue expanding our plazas.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. In terms of the community partners, for many public space improvements DOT requires that a local partner maintain a liability agreement and insurance.

Other than Open Streets, which public space programs

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 64

and amenities require a community partner and what

about street safety improvements?

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can add any other details with this. You heard other details about Plaza, and so I'm not going to repeat again the 20,000 funding that anyone can apply for that will help those that run the plaza. I also mentioned about how DOT worked with those plazas who had more need to also get other resources for them to keep it clean. With Open Streets, most of the Open Streets are an initiative where most of them are CBOs that they identify a block that they would like to apply for and we've been, like I said, supporting most of them, but I don't know if you want to add anything more on this.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Sure. I know the liability insurance is a piece of the puzzle that is sort of evolving in part due to the experiences we had during the pandemic with Open Streets. We recently, for example, relaxed some of those requirements around bike corral installments, and the city is taking on that responsibility more directly. I know we've been speaking with some of the BID partners around this specific issue and trying to

figure out ways that we can reduce that requirement over time. Our Open Streets, we require very little of the partner in terms of liability. It's a very basic agreement we have them sign, but some of our spaces do require a bit more including our Plazas and, again, that's something that we're in discussion with with a lot of our partners as we speak.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Does DOT believe burdensome liability and insurance requirements are inequitable?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I think that's a good question, and I think that's what we're working through right now. I think there's some, for example, however, some of the funding that we give to partners, that 20,000 dollars, for Open Streets partners or some of our Plaza partners can go to cover any sort of insurance that the partner is required to hold as part of partnership with the city. We look for ways to reduce some of that burden, especially for our partners that don't have the resources like our larger BIDs for example. We understand that it can be a barrier, but we have been working to find ways to reduce that.

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going to try and run through my last few questions as

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. I'm

4 quickly as possible so we can get time with you all

5 and other Members present.

BQE, the Mayor announced that the city will start construction on a permanent fix for the BQE in 5 years rather than implementing short-term fixes. What is the administration's timeline for deciding on a plan for the BQE, how will the community be engaged in this process, and how will DOT ensure the roadway is safe prior to construction? This is something that, as you know, is very important to Council Member Restler but also myself. We've seen in other major cities where critical infrastructure that has gone unmaintained has resulted in literally crumbling while they have commuters on there so I have strong concerns about the conditions of the BQE, and I'm very interested in your response to these questions as well.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: First of all, the BQE will be the most important infrastructure project led by New York City under Mayor Adams and DOT. As you know, when the BQE was built, they had a time of how long they can leave, they can stay, they can be

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 67 safe. Based on the engineer that we have, as we're speaking right now, we're confident this is a safe place. The question now is BQE being a vital part of the transportation system and our economy, we can most immediately start working with the community on a plan for the safe, modern, and resilient structure we need. We are not going with the short version. We are going for taking advantage of mega-infrastructure potential grant out in D.C. This is something that we need to do not only for our generation but for generations to come, to be sure that we plan together with the community and we have met on a number of occasions with a number of elected officials, including Council Member that represents that area. We have been going also to meetings of Community Boards. We cannot wait 2 decades and unnecessarily spend hundreds of millions of additional taxpayer dollars from 700 million dollars. That's what the prior plan would have done. We are taking a bold, corridor-wide approach to address the entire structure and reconnect communities who need it the most that have been divided by this highway. I can assure you the road, as I said before, is safe. We are moving forward with all of the necessary repairs,

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and the structure is constantly monitored. We have a once-in-a-generation opportunity to access the federal funding. We need to reimagine and rebuild the BQE for the post-pandemic city economy. Definitely for the community, the stakeholders that represent those communities will be part of this process.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Moving to Intro 258, the Report on Suitable Locations for Public Bathrooms. In 2006, the city agreed to a franchise agreement with JCDecaux to install 20 public toilets. Only 5 have been installed more than 15 years later. In 2020, DOT indicated that 2 new public restrooms "will be installed soon." What is DOT's current timeline for installing these 2 bathrooms, and where will they be located? What are the challenges that have led to such a significant delay? Is there anything the Council can do to make it easier to install public bathrooms? Does the administration have a plan for increasing the number of public restrooms across the city? Lastly, on this bill, has the administration explored other options for increasing bathroom access such as providing incentives to businesses that open their facilities to the public?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: As I said in my opening testimony, this administration led by Mayor Eric Adams is committed to increasing access to public bathrooms. There are a number of challenges around public bathrooms that we look forward to discussing with you, Chair and the Speaker and the rest of the Council Members. DOT resources for installing public bathrooms are the automated public toilets, JCDecaux installs and maintains all those toilets pursuant to a citywide (INAUDIBLE) street furniture franchise agreement. There are, as I mentioned before, numerous challenges to siting those public bathrooms including the bathrooms are too large, heavy, and hard to find locations for, they need water and sewer connection, and cannot be sited on overpass, bridges, or any other insecure sites. However, as I said, those are not excuses that I'm ever going to be using, because of that (INAUDIBLE) I did it, again, in my district, but I also know that I had to fight with some people. Even though I had the support of DOT to do it, some people didn't want it so I feel that definitely continuing conversation with you and the rest of your Colleagues is

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 70 important, especially in those areas when it comes to (INAUDIBLE) more than happy to work with it.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Moving to the Department of Parks and the comfort stations, a recent report by the city found that, in addition to the city what I know firsthand, that the standard bathroom facilities installed by the Parks Department cost between 3 to 5 million dollars. Why is it so expensive to install bathrooms in Parks, to what does the Department attribute these massive cost increases? In the article, the city specifically mentioned simple bike racks that retail for 475 dollars online costing 6,000 dollars to install. Why have these costs ballooned out of control, and what is the Department doing to address this?

CHIEF NEILSON: Thank you, Chair, for the question. We are very interested in this bill. We're very eager to find ways to provide more restroom access for New Yorkers across the city. I don't have the specifics on the examples that you gave as far as the cost of providing new comfort stations.

Generally, as Commissioner Rodriguez mentioned, utility access can tend to be a real cost driver in those so that's sort of a general statement there.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. For
3 Intro 293, Program to Allow Community Centers,
4 Schools, Arts and Cultural Institutions, and
5 Religious Institutions to use Adjacent Outdoor
6 Spaces, how do current DOT Open Space Programs such
7 as Open Streets incorporate community organizations,

how would the program created by this bill interact with the city's other plans for making COVID-era public space programs permanent?

We've been asking for it. As I said before, before getting to the summer, I told my team to contact each of the 51 Council Members' staff, we contacted Community Boards, we contacted faith community, we worked with schools, CBOs, anyone that has any interest of using any area near their location, we are more than happy to work with them to support them to reimagine the use of those public spaces. You want to answer anything?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I think the programs that we have, like the Commissioner said, we're always seeking out any type of partner. We have the tools to support those partners. We have a very active Open Streets School program where we're

partnering with schools to activate their streets. We have a Street Seats program where we can activate sidewalks and curb lanes with local businesses and partners so we're always looking to partner. We're looking for even just location suggestions where maybe DOT or other city agencies can take on that role but very much open to that. We also work very closely with our sister agencies at SBS and SAPO to ensure permitting and access to these programs are streamlined and easy, especially for community-based organizations to get involved.

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Suggestions, and this is something that, again, that I've been discussing with my team, I would like to see more Open Streets or the other reorganizing of the public space to also be a structure around a particular thing. I've been speaking to Ken Podziba from Bike New York, and (INAUDIBLE) Bike New York using space at Inwood Park, which I've been working with her since I was a Council Member. I hope to see one of those blocks that is closed used to (INAUDIBLE) I think it is so important, again, any CBOs, I want to see (INAUDIBLE) Carnegie Hall, also to be expanded, the talented program that they have

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 73 besides being in the Midtown, for them to expand to the outer borough. I can say, especially to the Council Member, because this is the moment where (INAUDIBLE) as any cultural institution comes to the Council, as I do as DOT, bringing us a partner. I feel that it is a commitment of this administration to reimagine more space that has been used only for cars to be used for pedestrians, to be used for New Yorkers in our community, and most people that died during COVID not because COVID killed, they died because of asthma being one of those factors so I think it is important that reimagine how to turn some of that space near a school, near CBOs as something can be useful then so DOT is ready to support anyone that is interested to turn any adjacent area as an Open Street or other use, we're here to support it. CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Does DOT support giving community organizations the right to utilize adjacent public space? COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: The answer is yes. There's a process. Remember that we started as

temporary Open Streets and Open Restaurants was

temporary, but then we are still in the process of

figuring out how to make it permanent. For me, it's

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all about for any CBOs and institutions that want to use the space to know that we're here to support. We are not dealing with red tape. We're not here to say no. We are here to turn it to a yes. We are here to be guided by Mayor Adams who says get things done, and this is our approach, this is our commitment.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I would just make a quick example. Last summer, we partnered with the Brooklyn Public Library to create 2 outdoor reading rooms in the curb lane and sidewalk space for the public to use. It's that adjacent space right next to the library. It provided extra room outside. Very little red tape as the Commissioner was saying so that Street Seat Program and the Curbside Programs that we have are open for anybody who's interested in the program.

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT MEAGHER: I think one thing we're trying to say is that a lot of our existing program that we want to make even bigger and better could achieve some of the goals of the bill.

It does propose this model where you can print out a form online and sign it and just start programming right away. We do think that as we're moving forward and making these programs permanent that more

coordination of the kind we're talking about with the agency is more appropriate for accessibility, for sanitation, for noise, for making sure that they can complete other transportation projects so that sort of just down a form, sign it, and start programming is a model that we have used, but we think that, moving forward, a little bit more coordination and oversight and partnership with the agency is beneficial.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: In terms of the School, Open Streets, and community partners, there was a city program that was giving schools outdoor space on the neighboring streets. What is DOT doing around the loss of schools in the program? There's a lot of resources needed to make it work on the school's end, and it's contributing to disparities where community partners are lacking.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: When the Outdoor Learning Program was initially launched, it was a direct need for these schools to have outdoor spaces during a time when being indoors was challenging so the program was initially a lot larger, but it definitely had a different purpose. As the COVID pandemic evolved and changed, a lot of

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 76 those schools no longer needed that space and they declined to re-apply to the program. However, the door is open to any school who wants to apply. We will apply the resources and the barricades and signage and elements to any school that's willing to do it. I think right now we have 40 schools. It fluctuates throughout the year. We have a bunch of school programming and summer camps, for example, this summer with the Fresh Air Fund coming online. When the school season is out, we sort of shift our focus to these summer camp type Open Streets, and, in the fall, we anticipate the school numbers to pick back up as school comes back into session. We're willing to work with any sort of school administration or parent organizations to even organize an Open Street outside of the school that might not be affiliated with the school if those parent organizations want to get involved. COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: In my 15 years of

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: In my 15 years of teaching that I was before being a Council Member for 12, I learned that teaching doesn't happen or learning doesn't happen only in the classroom, so I feel, again, that there's a lot of things that a year from now we are going to be talking about things that

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 77 we learned during COVID. There's another teacher here too. We also know that it is important to use the outdoor space not only as a sitting area but also you can learn math, you can learn science, there's different things that you can do. However, now it's going to be under Chancellor Banks as the Chancellor of DOE to decide how they will continue using those outdoor spaces around the school, and, of course as we know, as a Commissioner of color, we also know that usually those schools in the underserved communities are the ones that also would like to continue to see more use of the outside street in front of the school because of that's one of the (INAUDIBLE) that we have. If you are a public school, which is more in the upper class, you do a lot of things outside the classroom so I hope that, again, this is something that we will continue seeing not only during the time of COVID but also as COVID is over.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Now, I'm going to turn it over to my Colleagues, but,

first, I'm going to ask questions on behalf of

Council Member Althea Stevens.

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Although Destination Greenways selected

the Harlem River Greenway as the project in the Bronx

with long-time resident support, DOT and Parks

decided the project was too complicated and abandoned

it. Since the Bronx has seen consistent

disinvestment, why was it not a priority to ensure

equity and see this project through?

CHIEF NEILSON: Thanks for the question. We are looking forward to, optimistically, that we'll be receiving the RAISE grant, and we'll be working with DOT and EDC on the citywide buildout of a Destination Greenways style Filling the Gaps of greenway projects. When we chose the 2 routes for what we were looking at in Destination Greenways as the first ones, we really wanted to focus on where there were existing greenways within parks that we could connect parks to parks to parks with partnership with DOT so that we could make those continuous destination-type routes. The Queens Route and the Brooklyn Route enabled us to achieve that. The one in the Bronx didn't have as many city properties that would be as readily available for that so we do look forward to working on that in the Filling the Gaps RAISE grant program.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Why do Bronx residents have less waterfront access and less on-water recreational activities than any other borough?

5 What steps are you taking to rectify this?

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CHIEF NEILSON: Thanks for the question. I think that's a really broad question for the scope of the Greenways conversation we're having right now so I think we do have all kinds of Parks projects ongoing in the Bronx. I wouldn't know if I could just catalog them all in a TikTok for this conversation, but I appreciate the question.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: In the same vein I think, in terms of the Greenway conversation, at a very minimum I would imagine that Parks knows how much of that borough has access to their waterfront, correct?

CHIEF NEILSON: Do you mean ...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Just access to it. The Bronx, as a borough, has probably far less access to utilizing their waterfront spaces than other boroughs in comparison.

CHIEF NEILSON: I appreciate the question. We haven't done a study to compare access in that way so I'm not sure I can speak to that in a clear way.

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: One thing that, I don't want to speak on the waterfronts related to Parks but I can say on the greenway, this is priority for Mayor Eric Adams. He's been explaining on the correlation between the Bronx dealing with a lot of violence from the shooting and pedestrian and cycling, people losing their lives, in a borough that was left behind in the past, when it comes to receiving the necessary investment as many other underserved communities in other boroughs went through the same thing. In this administration, what we have seen already is this administration working with the local Council Members in that borough as we will be doing in each borough of our city to be sure that (INAUDIBLE) more attention that we're translating the dollars into the investment so that the residents of the Bronx will be seeing how we are going to be expanding the greenway in the great borough of the Bronx.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. I will say considering that we always hear from agencies talking about the administration's commitment to equity, something as it pertains to access to the waterfront and borough by borough,

community by community, I think it's important that the agency has a read on that so that when we're having a conversation we know we can maximize the opportunity to really get to the heart of the equity conversation so I would love to see a report to understand better where the access is, where they're not. I know some of the community partners have already done their own assessments and can probably give you a head start, but I think it would be helpful for the conversation in the long term.

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With that, I'll pass it over to Council Member Joseph.

so many questions I don't know where to start. I probably won't have 5 minutes. One is around Newkirk Plaza in my district. This is one of the worst parent relationships between MTA and the city. I want you guys to figure it out. Get together, have a beer or something, and figure it out, how we're going to take care of Newkirk Plaza. It's been in despair, run down, and every time you talk to one agency they point to the other, the other one points to it, so I'm looking for some answers on Newkirk Plaza, how we're going to fix. Rats have taken over. I was at

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 the Plaza visiting. There were rats running around,

3 | trash, so we need to fix it. That's one.

the school I taught at for so many years.

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Two, street safety around schools.

Erasmus Hall, Flatbush Avenue is one of the worst streets where students, a lot of accidents have happened during pick-up and drop-off, and that's in the heart of my district, that is right next door to

Next, how many public bathrooms are in the city? If possible, I would love data on breakdown in borough possible or a later time, and how many are needed. I know there's barriers. We're going to work through those barriers for more public bathrooms. Has the administration considered reopening the bathrooms in the MTA? I know it's a lot of questions. I can always come back if that's okay with you, Chair. How we will maintain them? Once we have them up and running, we do have to work around maintaining them and making sure they're safe and well-maintained bathrooms. That was a lot. Sorry.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: We definitely understand the challenges around Newkirk Plaza, and I don't want to point the finger the other way. It is MTA property. We at DOT and other city

agencies have stepped in to help clean the space regardless, but I think that's something we are also very interested in working out so we will continue to have those conversations.

improving safety around the school, recently, and I'm more than happy to follow with you and my team, Kyle is here, the Brooklyn Borough Commissioner, and the rest of my team here, weeks ago, we announced the initiative to focus on improving safety around the schools. We did it from (INAUDIBLE) but we have hundreds of those locations that we have identified that are going to be also (INAUDIBLE) the school.

More than happy to follow up with you to see if that corridor is part, and, if not, if we also can include it in there.

With the toilets, you heard the breakdown that we gave about how many we have right now. We explained the challenge that we have, the breakdown of each borough. Let's follow up with you with that information. Again, more than happy to work with you not only around the bill and continuing to discuss on the bill but also if there's any particular need of

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should be working with you, let us know.

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COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you. And the MTA bathrooms regarding reopening, or maybe that's a conversation we can have with our Colleagues in government, but I thought it was also important to reopen the bathrooms in the transit system, upgrade them at least as well so they can also be available for use.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Let's bring it to the MTA. More than happy to use our relationship that we have with them and then also follow up with you.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you. Thank you, Chair.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Thank you so much for being here. Thank you, Chair Brooks-Power, Majority Whip, and also our awesome Commissioner. My question just for background is going to be framed mostly around the different silos, and I can definitely appreciate, because whether it's health or mental health doesn't matter, the topic, I think for me, my interest is always the intersectionality of the different agencies, whether it's city or state, and how we can sort of make inroads into getting certain

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 85 things pushed forward. For myself and my district, I'm all the way out in Eastern Queens, and my predecessor always made this joke that if you look on a subway map and you look at the key of the map, that's my district because we have no railways. I'm one of the few districts that has no subways or no Long Island Railroad so we do rely heavily on buses, cars, bike lanes in order to get around and this is all very much interconnected and I know that the jurisdiction of these are sort of in different areas so I definitely appreciate and don't envy the position you guys are in to try to make all of this work in terms of the transportation of such a big city. Quick question, just going into that point is for the MTA bus redesign process because obviously that's not you guys and I understand that, I know that they had their series of hearings so since they've connected those hearings and the public, have you been engaged in conversations, do you know what the feedback is, do you know what DOT's role in that bus redesign is going to be because if we're trying to get cars off the road, more people using public transportation, I think we need to make sure that, especially for parts like my area that the buses are

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committee on transportation and infrastructure 86 in fact and indeed working for the communities so I just wanted to see if you guys had any conversations after they've had those series of public hearings and testimony?

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: The answer is yes. We do sit with MTA and we have a permanent planning section when it comes to the future of the buses in the City of New York. Recently, we had a summit led by Mayor Eric Adams, Chairman of the MTA Janno, myself, the (INAUDIBLE), and others, and we agree. We feel that when it comes to especially communities that they don't have the best train lines as anyone who lives in Manhattan. You can be connected to the east to the west and going north and south and have a good transit system, but many communities don't have that, and we know how expensive it is to buy land for a train so we are working with MTA to be sure, again, that the future of the buses is focused on safety, it's focused on efficiency. One of the things that we have seen in any of those areas that we have worked together with them around the bus lane, we have seen an increase in the efficiency of those buses, but this is one of those areas that as the MTA being an independent

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 87 agency, more controlled by the Governor, that I can say that we have more permanent planning together between the MTA and we at DOT.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Okay. Also, I think when they say efficiency, sometimes that can be misleading because I know they cut a lot of the bus stops, but when we have so many elderly in our district as well as just those that are disabled I think that does cause problems because then there's not as many places where they can get onto the bus so I just wanted to put that point in there.

I know that every 5 years you're supposed to revisit the Transportation Master Plan, and I appreciate the fact that you mentioned you guys have been reaching out to the Community Boards and the different Council offices, and, just out of curiosity, what's the feedback or the results of those conversations that you've been getting back and how is that going to be factored into some of the updating the Transportation Master Plan?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: It is working together that we get better results for our communities. I can say that I have seen and am happy to see new voices, new faces, new leadership. In some

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 88
Council Districts in the past, they were not open to
these core issues related to Transportation and push
us off. I think that I can tell you my own example. I
supported the bus lane at (INAUDIBLE) with opposition
of most voices on <u>(INAUDIBLE)</u> from elected to other
sectors who believed that by having the bus lane that
business would be hurt, and we proved that that was
not the case. We showed that most New Yorkers rely on
public transportation. More than 6 million of the 8.9
million New Yorkers rely on trains and buses and bike
so I feel, again, that we need to, again, work
together with the Council, the Community Board
Advisory Board. We will always get and take the
feedback. At the end of the day, we need to take the
feedback, we need to work with us as the Council, and
(INAUDIBLE) DOT and execute the best plan that we
feel that will improve the bus transportation system
in each borough, especially in those communities that
didn't get the same attention that other upper-class
communities received in the past.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: It would be great because I would love to work with you on the timeline of that because I love data, I think it's super

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 89 important, and so whatever information we can collect and then sort of report back on would be great.

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Chair, is it okay if I could ask a couple more questions?

Okay. As Chair also of the Mental Health,
Disabilities, and Addiction Committee, one thing that
I'm concerned about is the access for the disabled
and elderly community in New York, especially in
districts like mine, we have a lot of retirees as
well as folks that have ADLs and need assistance and
also who live in transit deserts so how does the
Transportation Master Plan account for those that are
trying to get connected from where their residences
are to different transportation hubs and making it
more easily accessible?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: As you say, we have close to 1 million New Yorkers with physical challenges, and one of the biggest divisions that we have DOT is the Division of Sidewalks that it has around 850 individuals. We had a former Chief of the Office of Disability, Quemuel Arroyo, who now is the Chief of Disability for the MTA, a great friend of mine. He did a lot of great job together with the rest of the team at DOT so what we are doing at DOT

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 90 is working around a plan to connect all New Yorkers with the best mode of public transportation, and we're doing it through buses, we're doing it through trains, we're doing it through connecting some communities that they can be able to use the Metro North and expanding those Metro North. We are using (INAUDIBLE) an option that we have, but, again, we are more than happy, again, to continue going back to your district and having conversation (INAUDIBLE) that is not only about here I go and I go back and go around to do something different. I feel at the end of the day Mayor Adams is committed to continue expanding the best working relationship with each Council Member. This is what we do, and your voices are very important to work with us around what is the future of connecting New Yorkers who, as you say, those who live in transportation deserts. I advocated for my community when I represented Inwood where people had to travel an hour and a half in average to go to work so I know that reality and that's what I bring again. What I bring to DOT, as I said before, is not that I'm only the first Latino Commissioner, but I'm the first working class Commissioner and the first non-native-English-speaking Commissioner, but I

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also am a Commissioner that have been living in the underserved community so what is important for your constituency to connect it (INAUDIBLE) going, take a train or other mode of transportation, and this is something, again, that we will make a lot of progress, a lot of good work there.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Nice. The (INAUDIBLE) for the Bronx and Queens and Brooklyn, that still doesn't hit our side of Queens and so whatever we can do also to bring folks closer to the major transportation hubs would be great.

Real quick about the greenways, because I have 2 awesome parks including, thank you so much for talking about the Joe Michaels Mile and also the Vanderbilt Motor Parkway, and it's great to know that Phase 2 has started because we've been getting a lot of questions on that so I just wanted to make sure moving forward that the conversations to include, if you could speak a little bit more in detail, I know that you guys have worked really closely with the community, but I think the concern we always hear is how do we make sure that the voices of the community and advocacy groups which I know are here as well as the Community Boards are being reflected in all of

these plans moving forward because I think that there are so many greenways that need to get interconnected and so I just want to make sure that there's a real concerted effort to make sure that we're bringing

those different voices to the table.

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, that's a top priority for me. This is something that those of you who know me, if you go backward to what I have said on this floor, I always have said that we need to have diversity in the voices, and New York City is not a city that we had in the 1900 census, and I feel that those of us who really are committed to bring the voices of advocates, we need to bring Asian, we need to bring black, we need to bring Latino, we need to bring working class. Time is over for someone to be speaking on behalf of another group unless those groups are invited to be part of the conversation so this is something that I have dedicated my whole life, and, for me, this is about, when you look at the cyclist community, (INAUDIBLE) in some places where you see cycling going in Midtown, there's not diversity in that community, and we have to be sure, it's not because of lack of effort from the advocate but this is about what is going with the City of New

York that getting to a bike has been seen more something of the middle class and upper class so, speaking to someone that we are in the same line of commitment so what we would see again, during my time as the Commissioner and the team here at DOT, they know, and everyone that has been working with me knows is about we want to reflect the City of New York, let's (INAUDIBLE) diversity at the level of advocates and the level of the community that we have. New York City today is 27 percent Latino, it's 24 percent African-American, it's 15 percent Asian. Those groups were not there in the 1900s, and I think that under this administration, what we have seen again, an administration that creates the first in the nation, the Office of Ethnic Community Media where 30 percent of the (INAUDIBLE) and advertising now must be used using our ethnic media (INAUDIBLE) in Mandarin, in Cantonese, in Spanish, in (INAUDIBLE), in other languages, in those communities who English is not their language, we will be also advertising, educating those communities, inviting those communities to things that we're doing, and	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR	RE 93
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they will be part of the process as we all workshop

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 94 and we plan the future transportation for the great City of New York.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Next, we will hear from Council Member Williams.

some questions on Intro 291. I guess they're similar to Council Member Rivera's questions. Greenways can create and extend healthy open spaces into every corner of the city, aid with social distancing, greenway construction and upgrades will create jobs that can take advantage of new federal infrastructure funding. Does the city currently have sufficient resources to conduct the necessary repairs and engineering solutions for our aged greenway infrastructure that this bill would identify?

to get into the details, but I can say that when it comes to resources, there's always opportunity for us to identify new ways of more resources, but, as you (INAUDIBLE) this budget and the Council negotiated the budget with the administration, we know that there's a ceiling, but when it comes to how we feel, having the additional 905 million dollars that was

added from Mayor Adams to DOT, having DOT increase of 13 percent of our budget, we feel that we have the necessary resources that we need in order to do our job.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I would say a large chunk of that money that the Commissioner just mentioned is going toward building new greenway segments in the city. It's a huge undertaking. The gaps that remain in our greenway network are challenging locations that will require a lot of planning and conversations with the community members to identify the best way to fill those gaps and then working with our grants and budget teams how we can capitalize on those newly available federal dollars to really go after monies to further build out those gaps. Our RAISE grant that we're asking 7.25 million dollars from the federal bill will help us identify those gaps and to start in really identifying where we need to be pouring our resources and asking for more resources to fill the gaps.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Thank you. What are the challenges that DOT currently faces when seeking to communicate with relevant jurisdiction such as New York State Department of Transportation,

2 the Metropolitan Transportation Authority, and

3 greenway-specific institutions such as the Hudson

4 River Park Trust?

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: We have good relationships with all those agencies and institutions, and I feel that, especially these days, there's a new, more positive relationship between Governor Kathy Hochul and Mayor Eric Adams that also translates into a better level of coordination so, of course, we always, again, want to continue identifying different ways or how to create mechanisms to (INAUDIBLE) to plan together, but I feel the New York City DOT has (INAUDIBLE) conversation when it comes to a project that we're doing, collaborating information on how we build bridges, how we apply for grants so I can say that we don't have, I cannot talk about any negative experience about how we coordinate with other agencies.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay. I know

Intro 291 would essentially compel you to look at

additional greenway spaces, and it seems that you've

already been doing work prior to this bill so do you

have a strategy, timeline for really assessing or are

you just going to wait for this bill to pass to create a plan? I feel like you guys seem to have somewhat of a plan already. Do you have a timeline because I'm trying to figure out how to assert myself into this timeline as it pertains to my Council District?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Sure.

You're right. We're not waiting around for the RAISE grant to come to us. Hopefully, we get it. I think a lot of Council Members have written letters of support toward us getting that funding so we appreciate that.

Destination Greenways is a really good example of our next step in how the city is working to fill those gaps. We've been talking a lot to a lot of greenway advocates, some of whom are in the room today, especially in the Bronx as a place that we want to be focusing next, but we are open to hearing, part of our next steps is to identify maybe 5 key gap areas and 5 large study areas where we want to focus so, if any of those gaps...

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Do you have a timeline for that, like when you identify those areas?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Yeah. So if we go down the timeline of the grant process, that would be something that starts in hopefully the fall and would take about a year to identify. We have some thoughts upfront that we're working on, and we're definitely open to hearing those now from you if there's locations in your district.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay. I'll send you the locations. Just one more thing. Just because I have the privilege of talking to you right now on the record for you to really consider shortening the Bus Lane Pilot Study on Jamaica Avenue, and I'll just leave it there. Thank you, Chair.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for bringing up Jamaica Avenue. That's a big problem in Southeast Queens. It's all 4 lanes and people cannot access our local businesses.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: More than happy to follow up (INAUDIBLE) with you. As I said before, in order for us to continue reimagining the way of how we connect New Yorkers who live in underserved communities, those that don't have access to the train, our buses are, for many of them, the only resources that they have. We also know that we have

committee on transportation and infrastructure 99 to hear, sometimes we can work around the time, that bus lane goes up to 10 p.m., goes to 8 p.m., but I feel that definitely when you look at the need to have more bus lanes across the 5 boroughs, this is the only resource that we had to connect those communities.

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COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: I think the issue is that the study is set for a year, and I just don't think you need a year to make your assessment so the bus lane's already taking place, it's already been 6 months plus, I don't think that the agency needs a full year to make a determination. Another thing that I have an issue, I guess it's a question and/or a statement, is a lot of times when DOT is actually going out to survey and ask questions, they're not asking specific questions to other builtin environments, they are only asking targeted questions to bus riders, which I get is the priority, but there is no assessment on the impact of the bus lane to the businesses that are along the corridors and other people that actually drive into the area. I know I'm going to be a broken record and probably will be sort of tagged as this on the Council, but my community is a car community. I am happy to look at

other modes of transportation. I'm a huge proponent of micro-mobility and trying to figure out ways actually to get more bike lanes and other modes of transportation and improving the fact that we are a transit desert, but we are a car community and so my fear is that there is only 1 metric of success for the bus lane and not looking comprehensively as to how it's actually impacting the community.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: More than happy to continue conversation with you and even walking through your district. I have done it in a number of Council Districts, and, for me, this is again the mandate I have from Mayor Adams to be sure that we connect with each Council Member, especially walking around the districts and see what are the needs so let's follow up.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you,

Commissioner, and I know you're short for time. I

just ask if we can have our final Council Member ask

questions, Council Member Amanda Farias.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: I was going to say, Commissioner, you have to let me ask questions.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Of course.

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do that.

and I will be quick. I just first want to state thank you to Chair Selvena Brooks-Powers for asking the questions regarding the Harlem River Greenway and questions around waterfront access in the Bronx. As you know, I'm a peninsula, my district, and we have a waterfront community that folks needs more access to, and I want to be a partner in figuring out how we can

I want to ask some questions around Open Streets, if possible, regarding specifically how the role of local partners are at play in planning and operating the Open Streets and also the operated SBS program or grants opportunity of 50,000 dollars used for it. I have a new BID, our first BID in my community that has come to the Castle Hill community, and we don't have an Open Street there yet, but we do want to see a robust BID and we want to see them working with you folks in that partnership. I also am receiving an Open Street but have not received a timeline on start or end date, which is a little concerning for me, on Taylor Avenue between Story and Lafayette in the southeast portion of the Bronx, and so I just want to get a better idea of how we're at

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 102 play with including partners and planning and decision-making, maintenance, how are BIDs included, things like that. If I have any followup, I'll try to be short.

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: As I said earlier, New York City has the largest Open Streets program in the country and different from the type of Open Streets that we did during COVID, 2020, which was more putting barricades and closing some of the streets because New Yorkers needed more space to walk during COVID. This time around, what we have is an (INAUDIBLE) Open Street, they have programming related to art, culture, education. This year, we have 159 locations citywide, 21 new, that in total covers over 300 city blocks that are set to open for New Yorkers to enjoy. The 2020 program will prioritize equity with a specific focus on providing resources in the priority investing areas identified by the New York City Street Plan that we passed at the Council, and we will be announcing additional locations this summer. We want more. We want partnership. We want to be sure that in some cases we can run it from DOT perspectives with the resources. In other cases, each community is different, and we

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 103 are more than happy to work with each of you to see which one fulfills the needs of that community. We have the resources to support those Open Streets in any Council District.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: We're actually doing a walkthrough with the new BID coming up.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: Great.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: They've applied. They are interested in a lot of different things so we're going to walk through with them and see what we have to offer for them.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: Please include me in that. Just because that area primarily is one of our largest commercial strips. There's a lot of traffic. It's a major busway, major and minor truck routes, lots of last-mile logistics that happen, and so I'd love to be included in that and figure out ways to be supportive.

Just a followup around the plan on replacing moveable light-weight barriers with higher quality safer objects for Open Streets, the Open Street that I'm getting Taylor Avenue is adjacent to a park and the back part of a mall so it's just a

regular street and so I'm just trying to better understand is there a partnership with the local organization or are you folks going to come out and remove those barriers or what kind of Open Street, what's it going to look like, and what does it mean to keep those hours and bring it back to normal on a regular day?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I'm not totally familiar with this application so that's something I can find out, but it is a range, either we'll be doing it with our Horticulture Society contract or if the partner has capacity we would ask them to do it so I'm not sure exactly where it falls in that range, but there's definitely a range, and we can find out more details.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: Okay, great.

at DOT we have a lot of respect for the new leadership that you brought to this (INAUDIBLE) your commitment to promote public transportation and new innovation so whatever we do in your district, we definitely will be also bringing you on board to be part of that conversation.

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: Absolutely. We
have a great partnership. Thank you. I'm looking
forward to the Open Streets, looking forward to Open

Golor so thank you for soming today and tostifying

Greenways. We need more of that in communities of

6 color so thank you for coming today and testifying

7 and thank you, Chair, for giving me time to ask

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Now, we will turn to public comments. We will ask that the public keep their comments to no more than 2 minutes, and I will kick it over to the Committee Counsel.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Before I leave,

I'd like to say thank you to Elliott for all those

years that he helped me with my previous role. I know

that he's doing a great job and (INAUDIBLE) back

there so thank you, guys, also for continuing to

serve the city and to the advocates, your voices are

very important. I really mean it. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much, Commissioner.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Thank you. We'll now turn to public testimony. Each panelist will be given 2 minutes to speak. Please begin once the Sergeant has started the timer.

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For panelists testifying in person, please come to the table as your name is called and wait for your turn to speak.

For panelists who are testifying remotely, once your name is called a member of our staff will unmute you and the Sergeant-at-Arms will give you the go-ahead to begin on setting the timer.

Please wait for the Sergeant to announce that you may begin before delivering your testimony.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: (INAUDIBLE) but we will have a representative from DOT in the room to be sure that if anyone testifies they know that we're going to be following their testimony. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Carlos Castell Croke, Laura Shepard, Theodore Segal, and Joby Jacob.

CARLOS CASTELL CROKE: Good afternoon. My name is Carlos Castell Croke. I'm the Associate for New York City Programs at the New York League of Conservation Voters. NYLCV represents over 30,000 members in New York City, and we are committed to advancing a sustainability agenda that will make our people, our neighborhoods, and our economy healthier and more resilient. I'd like to thank Chair Brooks-Powers for the opportunity to testify today.

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2 In a densely populated city like New 3 York, access to affordable clean transportation is 4 more than an economic driver and hard sought-after resource. It is a fundamental right. We know that transportation is a leading source of emissions in 6 7 the state and in the nation, mainly due to personal automobiles and heavy-duty vehicles burning fossil 8 fuels. Furthermore, our frequent acceptance and perpetuation of car culture constantly undermines the 10 11 safety of pedestrians and effectiveness of 12 alternative forms of transportation. In order to 13 effectively fight climate change and protect public health, we need to reimagine how people live and move 14 15 in the city. An undeniable crucial part of that will 16 be creating an interconnected greenway system that provides people with safe, low-emission patches 17 18 throughout the boroughs while providing numerous 19 other environmental benefits through green 20 infrastructure. NYLCV therefore supports Introduction 21 291 to create a Greenway Master Plan. Greenways connect parks and open spaces, easily providing 2.2 2.3 access to these resources for communities that can't walk to them. Green infrastructure along these paths 24 also helps to fight the urban heat island effect and 25

absorb stormwater. However, our greenways now are disjointed and unfinished. A Master Plan can help to get us back on track and build a truly interconnected network.

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Lastly, I just want to add that NYC DOT has already applied to a federal RAISE grant for a Greenways Expansion Plan, and we really support this application, hope they receive it to work in partnership with this legislation. Thank you.

LAURA SHEPARD: Good afternoon. My name is Laura Shepard, Queen's Organizer with Transportation Alternatives. Thank you, Chair Brooks-Powers, for convening this hearing. Today's bills will work to make our public space more inclusive, accessible, and sustainable for New Yorkers. For nearly 50 years, TA has fought for safe, equitable, and livable streets in New York City. Coming out of the pandemic, we need to re-examine how we use our public space to serve our communities. New Yorkers are calling for public spaces that serve people, not just moving and storing cars. If we convert just 1/4 of current car space into space for people, every New Yorker could live within a 1/4-mile of a protected bus lane, protected bike lane, and public green space, the vision of TA's

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 109 New York City 25 by 25 Campaign. Better use of streets and waterways can reduce car emissions, clean the air, and improve public health. We must prioritize black and brown neighborhoods that have been under-resourced and underinvested in for decades. TA strongly supports Intro 291 to build a public greenway network, connecting all 5 boroughs to increase public access to our waterfront, and connect our communities. Greenways provide significant infrastructure benefits. They create jobs, safer travel options, provide flood protection, and outdoor space and improve air quality and public health outcomes. However, significant gaps must be filled to create an equitable greenway network. The current piecemeal approach has been slow, inequitable, and resulted in substandard sections. Plans have existed on paper for greenways such as in Southeast Queens but never come to fruition. A hundred miles of dedicated space still need to be developed with robust community engagement and upgrades in connectors are needed throughout the network. In some areas, families cannot safely access nearby parkland without a car because of the lack of continuous

connections. No one should have to dodge speeding

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cars on a highway on/off ramp to access parks and greenways as too many residents do now, especially in Queens. Plans to close gaps and expand greenways must also include strong community partnerships. It is critical that frontline communities most impacted by flooding and air pollution from environmental abuse lead the way on local resiliency and transportation planning.

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We also support Chair Stevens' Intro 293 and Chair Joseph's Intro 258. Thank you.

I'm the Creator of Got to Go NYC where I document sanitary and accessible bathrooms throughout all 5 boroughs. I'm here today to not only speak on my beliefs but as a representative of my Got to Go NYC community, which currently has a cumulative of over 150,000 followers across all social media platforms. I have learned from my followers that the issue at hand is twofold. As well as being a public health crisis, the lack of sanitary accessible and public New York City bathrooms is an equity crisis.

Marginalized groups are bearing the brunt of the city's failures. In February 2022, a man commented on my page "as a black man who does deliveries at night,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 111 I don't even both trying at this point." I understand that as a cis white straight woman, my appearance gives me an inherent privilege. I can walk into most hotels and use their lobby bathroom without being questioned or told to leave. This is not the case for the majority of New Yorkers. I've had the privilege of speaking with a homeless couple who were denied the bathroom code to a café based on their appearance even offering to buy a drink with their limited funds. This is New York City. Why are we ranked 93rd in the nation when it comes to bathrooms per capita? Why was a 27-year-old New York City resident forced to bleed through her pants in a CVS while holding a box of tampons she bought begging to use the restroom? Why does a 22-year-old camp counselor at Prospect Park have no choice but to change children in a bathroom where human feces was smeared on the walls and floors for days on end despite having reported it to the Parks Department? Why did a tourist from London have to witness her elderly friend wet herself because they couldn't find an accessible restroom in time? While this bill is only one tiny step in the right direction to fix this issue, I believe that it could positively impact the

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 112 lives of millions. It is of the utmost importance for New Yorkers and tourists alike to know where to go without needing to take out their wallet.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. I know I can speak firsthand to how crucial in those moments they are so thank you for advocating. I don't think some people realize how important the conversation is.

JOBY JACOB: Hi. I'm Dr. Joby Jacob, and I'm an Associate Professor of Biology at LaGuardia Community College and co-founder of both the Motor Parkway East and Eastern Queens Greenway Advocacy Groups here to speak in favor of a new Master Plan. In Eastern Queens, we have a lot of high-quality trails like the Vanderbilt Motor Parkway and Joe Michaels Mile. These trails are part of a contiguous emerald ribbon of parks that stretch across Queens. Plans to fill in the gaps between the trails have existed since the '70s but nothing was done so greenway users had to mix with traffic. My friends and I have been advocating to fill in those gaps to create a continuous 12-mile trail system that better connects our community. We filled in some of these gaps with protected bike lanes and through the

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Thank you for your testimony. Next, we will hear from Neile Weissman, Sara Lind, Miriam Dawn Tabb, and Daniel Ranells.

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2 NEILE WEISSMAN: (INAUDIBLE) I'm Public 3 Relations Director for New York Cycle Club for whom I 4 have organized 1,000 rides. I'm here to speak in support of Intros 291 and 258 to introduce grayways, a proposal which calls on Transportation and Parks 6 and Recreation to designate 500 miles of recreational 8 bikeways to connect city parks. My extended remarks is a one-pager which you have. The full proposal includes 18 routes with GPS directions and maps 10 11 totaling 600 miles, they span the 5 boroughs, and 12 they comprise existing bikeways, quiet residential 13 streets, and commercial areas that are empty on 14 weekends. They feature neighborhood food stops and 15 points of interest. The first iteration of the 16 network can be implemented quickly and cheaply by 17 hosting GPS data on city websites. The immediate 18 beneficiaries are the hundreds of thousands of New 19 Yorkers that are already comfortable riding in 20 traffic and neighborhood food stops would see a surge 21 in tourism. As the routes are upgraded with safety 2.2 improvements, greater numbers of New Yorkers will 2.3 take advantage. Because twice as many people bike for recreation as transportation, a network that embodies 24 that will grow the constituency twice as fast and you 25

still get the connectivity, the equity, and the resilience and sustainability. The grayways' tie-in with Intro 258 is obvious. Yes, you want beautiful roads and unique destinations, but you must ensure that they're adequate rest stops because you can't assemble a human-powered transportation grid without providing places to go. For this reason, grayways routes pass parks and playgrounds at regular intervals to ensure that the network has good coverage. Grayways has the support of 16 cycling organizations representing thousands of cyclists. Thank you.

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SARA LIND: Hi. Thank you, Chair Brooks-Powers, for holding this hearing. My name is Sara Lind. I'm the Director of Policy at Open Plans, a non-profit focused on creating a more livable city. All of the bills presented today will help further our vision of a city where the streets, sidewalks, and other public spaces are safe, accessible, and joyful, and where every neighborhood has equitable access to services and programming. Intro 291 calling for a citywide Greenway Master Plan is a critical step in providing every neighborhood with the opportunity for active transport that is safe and

committee on transportation and infrastructure 116 sustainable. A truly connected greenways network will enable so many more people to utilize these wonderful spaces. Similarly, we support Intro 258 because public bathrooms are an equity issue and will allow people to move around our city freely without needing to worry about where they can use the restroom. We would, however, encourage the city to move more expeditiously on these projects, and, rather than taking years to create reports, we urge the city to act now.

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Member Stevens' bill, Intro 293, to allow community organizations to use curbside space for programming and activities. We know that this space can be put to amazing use by institutions such as these and have enormous public benefit, helping to build community, provide outdoor space for play and gathering, and so much more. None of this is possible when that space is used for the free storage of private cars.

On the topic of public space management, our city is essentially not doing it right now. I have seen too many public safety improvements, such as bollards at dangerous intersections or curb extensions denied because the community could not

provide a private maintenance partner. Safety improvements to the city's public space should not require a private partner. An Office of Public Space Management such as Open Plans has proposed could solve this problem. Such an office could also address the current systemic discrimination against pedestrians that was created under former Mayor Bloomberg when he privatized the maintenance of sidewalks. Sidewalks are public space, and the city should be responsible for clearing snow, fixing cracks, and otherwise maintaining these spaces just as they do for our streets. This is an equity issue, an accessibility issue, and a safety issue.

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MIRIAM DAWN TABB: Hello. Good afternoon.

My name is Miriam Dawn Tabb. I am the Director of the Friends of Mill Pond Park, and I am also a television host for a show on BronxNet Television called Uptown NYC, where we highlight culture, cuisine, and other good stuff that happens in the Bronx. My reason for being here today is to ask you to please move forward with the Greenway Master Plan. It is something I feel that has been overlooked when I go through other, and pardon me for being emotional, when I ride along the Westside Highway and we don't have what they have

although we've been asking you over and over again, whether it was you as an individual. As a person color, not only do we need this but this we deserve this to better our healthcare, to bring families together. Not having green space is also a form of dividing us from having outings so I ask you to please move forward with this and move forward with this bill to make sure that we have the green space, the piers, the walkways to roller skate, to just move forward with being included. We have been overlooked too long and include us. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much for that and for elevating the inequities that continue to persist and I'm looking forward to the day that we pass this legislation so thank you.

MIRIAL DAWN TABB: So do I. Thank you, Madam Chair.

DANIEL RANELLS: Hi. My name is Daniel Ranells. I'm representing the Bronx River Alliance here today. I'm a lifelong New York City resident. I've lived in the Bronx for about 20 years now, and I'm the Director of Programs at the Bronx River Alliance.

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2 We have a couple of advocacy teams, the 3 Greenway Team and the Ecology Team, that I'm here 4 voicing support of a Greenways Master Plan. We do applaud New York City DOT. They've had bicycle 5 working groups that have done community outreach and 6 7 included a lot of Bronx folks, as you heard the Bronx 8 mentioned a lot today. We're (INAUDIBLE) to protect, restore, and improve the communities and the natural environment, and, while we've benefited a lot from 10 11 federal funding and federal collaboration, people 12 can't get to the Bronx River Greenway and Waterways 13 so we're wholeheartedly in support of connecting every part of this in terms of the Destination 14 15 Greenways. That sounds amazing. We're an 16 environmental organization so this is also about 17 critical climate resiliency infrastructure. We need 18 this. We need to maintain rain gardens. We need to 19 manage our combined sewage overflow. It's all 20 related, and we can solve multiple problems with 21 greenways like the Tibbetts Broookay daylighting and 2.2 definitely in support of public bathrooms. We work 2.3 closely with Parks, and our conservation group has to deal with the impacts of not having public bathrooms 24 accessible. We're also very much in support of what's 25

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 120 been said as a director of the public realm so we would ask that there be a holistic view of all these public spaces. We thank you for having this hearing and for allowing us to speak.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Before we move on, I just want to take a moment to acknowledge the Children's Aid Shadow Day

Participants up in the balcony area. Welcome to the New York City Council. We hope you're enjoying yourself watching today's hearing on the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure so welcome.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Next, we will hear from Michael Cass (phonetic), Chauncey Young, Chris Sanders (phonetic), and Robert Fanuzzi.

MICHAEL CASS: Hello. My name is Michael
Cass, and I'm a cyclist from the East Bronx, and I
volunteer for the Friends of Hutchinson River
Greenway. Thank you for giving me the opportunity to
speak. Today, I'm speaking in support of Intro 291,
the citywide Greenway Master Plan, which will require
DOT and the Parks Department to develop a master plan
for the city's greenways. As a cyclist in the Bronx,
I rely on the Pelham Parkway, Mosholu Parkway, and
Hutchinson River Greenways to quickly get from one

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 121 corner of the Bronx to the other. That's how I'm able to quickly show up when our elected officials hold events in the Bronx. But there are parts of the Bronx which do not have easy access to greenways or where there are significant gaps. There is so much potential in the Bronx, and I believe it is not too far off that riders will be one day able to bike from Manhattan to Westchester almost entirely on greenways. I believe a citywide Greenway Master Plan will keep long-delayed projects on the radar and on track. I think we heard today about a project at East 177th Street and Devoe Avenue that has been fully funded to fill gaps in the Bronx River Greenway. This is an example of a project that had been long-delayed and sometimes felt forgotten for years at a time. A master plan will keep DOT and other agencies accountable. Along the Harlem River, there is so much potential for a complete greenway, but we need a master plan to ensure that there is a coherent vision as the waterfront is developed. To keep my remarks brief, I urge the entire Bronx delegation and the City Council to support this legislation. Greenways are a lifeline for our city, and we should plan like it. Thank you.

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1 2 CHAUNCY YOUNG: Good afternoon, Chair Brooks-Powers and the New York City Council Members. 3 I'm presenting today on behalf of the Harlem River 4 Working Group, a member organization of the New York 5 City's Greenway Coalition. The Harlem River Working 6 7 Group was formed in 2009 and represents over 50 8 community groups, park advocacy groups, Community Board representatives, and elected officials throughout the Bronx along the Harlem River, and many 10 11 of our partner organizations have been organizing to connect the neighborhood to their riverfront for over 12 13 3 decades. The Harlem River Working Group and many other greenway and parks advocacy groups form the New 14 15 York City Greenway Coalition in conjunction with 16 Brooklyn Greenway Initiative because we need an 17 expanded greenway network for New York City and 18 because, for us, the Bronx and many other less 19 affluent communities throughout New York City have 20 not benefited from the same level of parks and 21 greenway infrastructure throughout New York City. We hope by standing united that we'll be able to address 2.2 2.3 this. The example shared today, Destination Greenways, the Harlem River was included in that but 24

was removed because it was seen as too complicated,

Putnam Line which Parks mentioned and taking the

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has been left out for decades. Thank you.

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

CHRIS SANDERS: Good afternoon and thank you, City Council, and thank you, Chairwoman Brooks-Powers. My name is Chris Sanders, and I am a Harlem volunteer with Trans Alt, the organization who tries to create green transportation and infrastructure in New York City. The reason I'm here today is because I wanted to lend a black voice to supporting the Harlem, Bronx, all of the greenways, and I believe that's bill 291. I noticed that when I'm traveling along the Hudson Greenway on the west side, it's beautiful. When you go down past 72nd Street, but, above 72nd Street, it's crumbled, it's kind of janky, destroyed, and, on the east side, you can't even really use it at all. I would love to see that built out because I can't go over there right now. Especially during the summer, I like to use my bike for transportation instead of the train or the bus or my car, and I don't always feel comfortable with it because we have no protective bike lanes in Harlem at all, and, in the Bronx, whoa, they don't get anything. They get even less than Harlem, and we don't get anything. Community Board 10 makes sure of that. I want to support efforts to bring Harlem and

the Bronx up to speed on the latest green

transportation infrastructure like the Central Harlem

Bikeway and the Greenway Master Plan. Additionally, I

also support public bathrooms all over New York City

as I've had my own issues and also Open Streets near

schools, that is 293, Althea Stevens brought that up

earlier. Thanks.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

ROBERT FANUZZI: Thank you. I'm Robert Fanuzzi. I'm President of the Bronx Council of Environmental Quality, an all-volunteer environmental organization. We're here to speak in favor of 291. The Bronx Council played a leading role in the first Bronx Greenway Master Plan, also commissioned in 1993. Nearly 30 years in, we can speak with authority about the environmental and civic needs for 291. BCQ members sat on the first Bronx Greenway Plan in 1993 and its update in 2007. They led efforts to clean up the Bronx River, now the Bronx River Greenway. We know from firsthand experience the environmental, recreational, and transportation benefits that building greenways bring. Building greenways, green greenways, with zero discharge and green infrastructure built in is a foundation of our

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 127 citywide sustainability, resilience, non-coastal 2 3 flooding mitigation, water quality, and parks 4 management. I would add as a recommendation to this bill to include green infrastructure in greenway planning because, as I know from my experience 6 leading the fight for the Putnam Greenway and 8 Daylighting, greenway planning and greenway funding is rarely a straight line. You actually have to go through agencies that serve one of the many co-10 11 benefits I just listed to greenway planning so this bill really should be looking for multiple sources of 12 funding and project leadership in addition to the 2 13 14 leads, DPR and DOT, mentioned. The Bronx side of the 15 Harlem River is the next frontier of greenway planning, but time is running out. BCQ was the lead 16 17 in getting the Bronx side of the Harlem River 18 designated as a brown field opportunity area from the 19 state of New York with plans for continuous greenway... 20 may I continue? 21 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yes, but please briefly. We have a whole crew of folks online. 2.2 2.3 ROBERT FANUZZI: 20 years into this

effort, we're concerned. The Harlem River Greenway is

growing in fits and starts. Every day we make phone

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 128 calls to multiple city agencies, state, and federal about the overlapping jurisdictions. There is also a leadership of open space planning along the Harlem River Waterfront, and it's not city agencies. It's private developers. As my colleague, Chauncy, mentioned, we are seeing acres of waterfront being turned into nonconnected, non-greenway open space requirement from Bloomberg-era DCP zoning. It's a huge loss for the Bronx side of the Harlem River. I will not improve upon the stirring cry for equity that everyone here has made. I will only say that our organization is one of many who have toiled for decades, in our case 30 years, for integrated synergistic greenway planning. We do have plans from Columbia, from MIT. We've chartered our own plan. I urge passage of this with the proviso that not only Community Boards be consulted but also community organizations and that they play an active role in planning alongside city agencies because we have been out in front of the city for 30 years now. We really need you to listen to communities and the desired pathways that they've already created and just need your help. Thank you.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. As
3 we move to our online folks testifying, we ask that
4 you each please respect the 2-minute timeline so that
5 we can allow everyone to express themselves. Thank

6 you.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Next, we will hear from Kevin Jones, and Kevin will be followed by Glen Bolofsky and Eric McClure. Kevin.

SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time starts now.

KEVIN JONES: Good afternoon, Chair

Brooks-Powers and Members of the Transportation

Committee. My name is Kevin Jones. I'm the Associate

State Director for Advocacy at AARP New York,

representing 750,000 members of the 50+ community in

New York City. Thank you for providing me with the

opportunity to testify at today's oversight hearing

to discuss the city's public spaces and Greenway

Master Plan.

Older adults represent the city's fastest growing demographic. The 65+ age group is growing 12 times faster than the under-65 population. Given this reality, the city should pay significant attention to the needs of older adults in the planning and management of public spaces. Our older adult

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 130 population build this city and made it great, and we owe it to them to make it a great city for them to live in as they age. Green spaces are key to a livable city that supports aging in place, and livable cities go hand-in-hand with being agefriendly. AARP has long supported and pushed for livable communities which include safe, walkable streets, a healthy environment, opportunities for residents of all ages to participate in community life and more. We published a Livability Index by neighborhood, and, if you're curious how your neighborhood stacks up, you can look it up on our Blueprint for Action which we sent to all the Council offices earlier this year or you can find it on aarp.org/ny. While green spaces are vital to livability, improving physical health, increasing life expectancy, improving mental health, and the environment, very few older adults can access these spaces. A 2014 study of 174 neighborhood parks in 25 major U.S. cities found that although older adults age 60 and over account for 20 percent of the general population, they represent only 4 percent of total park users. Mobility issues can have a lot to do with that. According to a 2015 National Health and Aging

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1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 131
2	Trend study, 16 percent of seniors use a cane, 11.6
3	percent use walkers, about 6 percent use wheelchairs,
4	and 2.3 percent rely on scooters. Improving mobility
5	access
6	SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time expired.
7	KEVIN JONES: Ensuring proper maintenance
8	of paths will encourage more adults, especially those
9	with mobility issues, to utilize greener spaces. Any
10	master plan should reflect the needs of the community
11	as the city moves forward with the Greenway Master
12	Plan <u>(INAUDIBLE)</u> older adults should be paramount.
13	The plan should not only follow the existing ADA and
14	NYC disability laws but also create an age-friendly
15	environment.
16	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.
17	KEVIN JONES: Thank you for giving me the
18	opportunity to testify, and I'm happy to answer
19	questions.
20	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so
21	much.
22	COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Next, we will
23	hear from Glen Bolofsky, and Glen will be followed by
24	Eric McClure and Thomas Mituzas.

SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time starts now.

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GLEN BOLOFSKY: Good afternoon, Majority Whip and Council Members and Central Staff. Hope everybody's doing well today. Exciting meeting today. Learned a lot. I want to thank everybody for that. I'd like to talk about bus lanes and the usefulness of the bus lanes, especially the new ones that DOT just introduced in the Bronx that we all now are much needed and long-awaited. As we have in Jamaica Queens and as we have in many areas where there's a transportation desert, we're giving discounts still, even more discounts this year than last year for people who are illegally parking and blocking bus lanes throughout the city, and I know Majority Whip and Finance Chair Justin Brannan had inquired with the Department of Finance as to the logic behind this. I was wondering if the Council had any responses yet from the Department of Finance.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Glen, I'm sorry. If you could just repeat that last question.

GLEN BOLOFSKY: Sure. No problem. Thank you for the time, Majority Whip. I was just simply saying that there's new bus lanes announced in the Bronx recently, long overdue and greatly appreciated by the residents and the Council Members who

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 133
2	represent those different districts, but, whether it
3	be in the Bronx, in Westchester Square or in Jamaica
4	or in other transportation deserts throughout our
5	great city, we all know that the Department of
6	Finance saw fit to increase parking tickets discounts
7	for people blocking those bus lanes in the Stipulated
8	Fines Programs, even greater discounts this year than
9	prior years, and I know this Committee and the
10	Finance Committee jointly wrote a letter to the
11	Department of Finance inquiring as to their logic and
12	the gravity of the situation as to why they would do
13	that. I was wondering if anyone got a response.
14	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yes. I'm sorry
15	about that. I missed that. Yes, we did receive a
16	response. We can share that with you offline. I'll
17	have Alex send it to you.
18	GLEN BOLOFSKY: Thank you, Majority Whip.
19	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: It's always
20	great seeing you, Glen. Thank you.
21	GLEN BOLOFSKY: Thank you.
22	COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Okay. Next, we
23	will hear from Eric McClure. Eric will be followed by
24	Thomas Mituzas and Nabil Khatri.

25 SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time starts now.

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ERIC MCCLURE: Thank you, Chair BrooksPowers, Council Member Farias, for your stamina,
sticking around to hear us out. Apologies if my cat
walks back and forth. It's getting close to
dinnertime for them.

StreetsPAC is strongly supportive of this Committee's assessing of the large and crucial task of managing the city's public space. Welcoming dynamic, easily accessed, and equitable public space is critical to the health of New York City and its citizens, and we believe the creation of a high-level entity within city government to coordinate and manage the city's public spaces is urgently necessary. The pandemic has underscored just how important access to open space is to New Yorkers and just how immensely popular and good for business welcoming, strollable, and sittable areas are across communities. We urge this Committee and the full Council to prioritize improvement in the city's management of public space.

As to the 3 bills before the Committee today, we support all of them. Intro 291 which would require creation of a citywide Greenway Master Plan is long overdue. The last Greenway Plan was done in

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 135 1993, and, while some advances have been made toward creating a connecting network of paths crisscrossing all 5 boroughs, it hardly resembles a robust network. Large gaps persist, many existing segments have been poorly maintained, and the environmental justice communities that need these greenway segments most have seen the least progress. As New York City's population grows, more and more people seek opportunities for active recreation and the number of people commuting by bicycle booms, demand for greenway access will continue to rise. An updated master plan will build public support and provide a roadmap for the significant amount of federal funds now available for these types of projects. We support Bike New York's suggested amendments to the bill including the need to address the use of electricassist bikes and other small electric vehicles, highlighting agency jurisdictions, and including specific detour provisions when construction or maintenance necessitates temporary closure of a greenway segment. We along with our many partners in the NYC Greenway Coalition urge passage of Intro 291 out of Committee and to a quick support of a full

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vote by the Council.

We also support Intro 258, which would facilitate the creation of more public restroom facilities across the city. New York City trails far behind most peer cities in providing ready access to clean, safe...

SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time expired.

of suitable restroom locations in every neighborhood.

Access to restrooms is an equity, health, and
sanitation issue, and it's inexcusable that we
haven't done at least what other leading cities have
in providing such facilities. At the same time, we
strongly urge the MTA to open all closed restroom
facilities in the transit system.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much.

ERIC MCCLURE: In the interest of time, I'll just say that we also support Intro 293 and, again, grateful for the opportunity to testify.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thanks so much. We appreciate you. We just again ask folks to please respect the 2-minute timeline. We do have another member of the public in person that we'd like

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 137 to hear from also so we're just trying to be able to accommodate everyone. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Thank you for your testimony. Next, we'll have Thomas Mituzas followed by Nabil Khatri and Osendy Garcia.

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SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time starts now.

THOMAS MITUZAS: Greetings today, Chair Brooks-Powers and the New York City Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. I'm grateful for the opportunity to speak with each of you today. My name is Tom Matuzas, resident of the Blissful section of Long Island City/Queens, Secretary with the Blissful Civic Association, and co-Chair of the Transportation Committee of Community Board 2 of Queens. My family has called Blissful home since 1907. Our community at Blissful/Long Island City is part of the 1 percent of New Yorkers who do not have access to green space, parks, or playgrounds. We are part of New York City who must travel greater than 15 minutes to get to green space. In fact, the one area that served as our park, a small triangular sandlot that I played in as a child, was taken from us by DOT and now stores vehicles and equipment owned by DOT. More land in Blissful has been recently taken by DOT

Today, we support and are testifying in

respect to 291, and we come before you to ask for

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opportunity to testify. I'll keep it short. I'm

expressing support for Intro 291, the Greenways Bill.

I would like to also emphasize that it's important to build safe connections to this greenway. Imagine the New York City highway and there was no way to get a car to the highway. The highway wouldn't be used. It would be a waste of money. The same applies here. We can build the greenways, but we need good connections from different neighborhoods.

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I also support previous comments that urges the Parks Department to make their laws on ebikes more consistent with New York City laws. Ebikes are a great way to give access to people of different abilities and ages to our greenway network.

The last comment is during the implementation stage, space will need to be reclaimed from cars. There's no way to build this greenway network without reclaiming space from cars, and I urge the city not to compromise too much when it comes to prioritizing cars over people. I think this bill is great. It will make New York City one step closer to being a world-class city when it comes to micro-mobility. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What an angel. Giving us back a minute. Thank you so much.

Taba and then Julie Chou.

we will hear from Osendy Garcia followed by Tyler

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SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time starts now.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Thank you. Next,

OSENDY GARCIA: Good afternoon. Thank you so much for allowing me to testify in support of Intro 258 and Intro 291. My name is Osendy Garcia. I'm a community organizer in East Harlem, a member of Community Board 11 as well as the Neighborhood Advisory Board in the Department of Youth and Community Development. I've been an advocate for the homeless and transient population since 2014. One of the largest issues that I came across during my outreach work was access to restroom facilities. Once COVID started, all the facilities closed that were typically accessible to individuals who were living in the streets. Community members exhausted nearly every resource to provide masks, hand sanitizers, and other items to counter the lack of facilities. With urgency, I advocated at Community Board 11 in the public safety interest (INAUDIBLE) distressing conditions that a lack of access to restroom facilities meant for an already vulnerable population in the pandemic. I believe this legislation can serve

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 142
2	as a preventative measure that could impact the
3	quality-of-life issues as well as reducing budget
4	restraints across Oasis-led facilities, local
5	organizations, and committees. Collaborative efforts
6	between the city, state, and federal could have a
7	ripple effect on how we interact and support the
8	homeless and transient populations. I am grateful for
9	this opportunity because, as everyone before me has
10	mentioned, this is an equity issue. This is a human
11	rights issue. I'm here advocating for the 80,000+
12	people that do not have access to these meetings and
13	to our committees, and I beg you to please allow this
14	bill to pass. For other members and individuals who
15	are
16	SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time expired.
17	OSENDY GARCIA: Please fill out the 2022
18	Community Needs Assessment survey from the Department
19	of Youth and Community Development. Thank you.
20	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so
21	much.
22	COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Okay. Next, we'll
23	hear from Tyler Taba, and Tyler will be followed by
24	Julie Chou and Roy Smith.

25 SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time starts now.

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TYLER TABA: Thank you. My name is Tyler
Taba. I'm the Senior Manager for Climate Policy at
Waterfront Alliance, an alliance of more than 1,100
organizations, businesses, and individuals. We also
convene the Rise to Resilience Coalition, which is a
coalition of more than 100 organizations calling on
government to make climate resilience an urgent
policy priority.

Healthy open spaces provide tremendous benefits to New Yorkers, and we support the legislation calling for a Greenway Master Plan. The New York City Comprehensive Waterfront Plan released earlier this year acknowledges the need for a 5-borough greenway plan and specifically includes the goal of completing planned waterfront greenway improvements that leverage the unique opportunities and community needs available along various stretches of waterfront. We're proud to have worked with DCP on this plan and could not agree more with the goal of a completed waterfront plan.

We recommend that a Greenway Master Plan consider development of a uniform user experience between greenways, parks, sidewalks, bike paths, and ferry landings. Greenways are a catalyst for change,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 144

connecting communities, creating new recreational

opportunities, fostering outdoor experiences that

lead to better health outcomes, and implementing

resilient infrastructure that addresses climate

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hazards.

Greenway infrastructure is a critical part of climate-resilient infrastructure that can also bring multiple benefits. Further, greenway investments foster better connections for residents to existing parks and waterfronts as well as new ferry landings, providing further access to all parks for more communities. Low-income communities and communities of color continue to lack public access to the waterfront, and these communities have seen the least development and investments in recent greenway expansions. Waterfront Alliance studied a mile and a half stretch of waterfront along the northeast shore of Staten Island with limited waterfront access, poor roadway conditions for cycling and pedestrians, and repeat flood incidents. Local community members agreed there is a glaring gap between the New Stapleton Waterfront and Fort Wadsworth, which, if activated, could provide connectivity, resilience, recreation, and economic

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 145 development to local residents in the borough as a whole.

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We look forward to advancing Intro 291 to meet these critical needs for the city and waterfront communities. Thank you so much. I don't know how I ended up getting pushed back, but it was probably my fault so thanks for getting me in.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Thank you for your testimony. Next, we will hear from Julie Chou. Julie will be followed by Roy Smith, Matthew Clark, and Remy Schwartz.

SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time starts now.

JULIE CHOU: Hi. My name is Julie Chou. I serve on Manhattan Community Board 5, and I'm part of the Public Bathroom Working Group between 4 Community Boards in Manhattan. I helped to publish a report with the Urban Design Firm in 2019 that stated there are only 1,100 public bathrooms in New York City with only 2 public bathrooms available 24/7. This is not enough for a city of 8.4 million people with annual tourists over 66 million. Our study found that there are only 680 comfort stations out of the 1,700 parks in New York City so more than half of our parks do

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 146 not have access to public bathrooms. We ask the Parks Department to address the parks that do not have

comfort stations as part of this legislation.

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We also ask DOT to make transparent all the sites that have been considered for APTs to better understand why it has been so challenging to find viable sites for these units. A public bathroom is not a one-size-fits-all solution, and we want to make sure that the public bathrooms that are sited for the different zip codes work for each community and are safe and well-maintained. We ask the Interagency Working Group to meet with local Community Boards and BIDs throughout the study. We also ask that bathrooms be sited in areas with high pedestrian traffic, (INAUDIBLE) crime prevention through environmental design principles. We ask that they will be regularly maintained by the Parks Department or a local BID, preferably with full-time attendants.

Manhattan Community Board 5
wholeheartedly supports the legislation to propose a
public bathroom site for each zip code and applauds
the City Council for addressing this need. Manhattan
CB5 has also passed a resolution asking for more

name is Matthew Clarke, and I serve as the Executive

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 148 Director of the Design Trust for Public Space. Our organization has spent the past 27 years unlocking the potential of New York's public space. I'm testifying today to support public space in the 3 bills under consideration. However, my primary message to this Committee and to the Council at large is in regards to the context in which these programs can be successful. Over the past 2 years, we have worked with hundreds of organizations from large BIDs to small place-based advocates, with thousands of individuals, and with many of you on projects that reframe what public space means to New Yorkers. This ranges from Neighborhood Commons which is with SBS to identify new ways to manage and support commercial corridors in public spaces that don't have BIDs, with Turn Out New York City which is testing a new model of public space arts infrastructure that centers power in place, particularly BIPOC and historically marginalized communities, and with Alfresco NYC which is working to imagine the long-term development of Open Restaurants in New York City. These efforts have made 2 points abundantly clear. One, we are meeting a generational moment to rethink how public space can serve every New Yorkers, and, two, that our

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    COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
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    government is not yet structured to take advantage of
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    this opportunity. New York needs a centralized voice
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    to address public space management with 3 critical
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     capacities: being able to vision, plan, and
    coordinate our parks, streets, plazas, and corridors;
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    providing a clear and inclusive regulatory process
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     such that non-governmental entities have centralized
    and simple procedures for permitting and licensing;
     and directing existing and future resources like
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     grants and maintenance in a coordinated and equitable
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    way to small businesses, CBOs, and other public space
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    managers.
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                Design Trust recommends that the
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     Interagency Public Space Working Group be
     strengthened to serve as a forum to design a long-
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     term, more formal structure to address these
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     capacities. Thank you.
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                CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.
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                COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Next, we will
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    hear from Remy Schwartz. Remy.
                SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time starts now.
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                COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Looks like we may
    have lost Remy so we can go back quickly to Roy
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Smith.

2 SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time starts now.

ROY SMITH: Is this better?

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL LYNN: Yes, we can hear you.

ROY SMITH: Okay. Thank you. I'm here to speak in support of 291. I have submitted written testimony. In the interest of time, I'll just summarize that. Retrofitting a modern greenway network into our existing car-oriented infrastructure is not easy, but it's made even more difficult because of interagency turf wars at the expense of getting things done. I'll mention 2 examples in the Bronx where I live.

One is 177nd Street near Starlight Park, which I believe several other speakers have mentioned earlier this afternoon. Plans to construct a green space with bicycle and pedestrian paths have been stalled there for over a decade. The allocated land is owned by New York Sate DOT. That's sitting behind a chain link fence collecting junk cars and weeds while the street remains one of the most dangerous locations for cyclists in the entire borough.

Second project is, there's a East River Pilot Project in the Bronx which just in the past

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week has been expanded to include the area around
Ferry Point Park Ferry Terminal, but the pilot
excludes a route to the terminal itself because Parks
won't allow access into the park to a scooter so they
can't actually get to the ferry terminal.

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The common theme here is that New York
City DOT, New York State DOT, Parks, New York State
DEC, and other agencies are all finger-pointing
instead of getting the job done.

Additionally, over the last bunch of years, there's a range of micro-mobility options have appeared. There's a wide range of electric and hybrid electric/human-powered devices, some can go 20 miles an hour, some are (INAUDIBLE) being tested by UPS now are so wide as to obstruct the entire width of a typical bike lane. Of course, we all know the cargo bikes are the foundation of the delivery networks supporting our restaurant industry. These devices are essential. They're alternatives to full-size motor vehicles...

SERGEANT KOTOWSKI: Time expired.

ROY SMITH: I'm almost done. But they don't fit in with either vehicular traffic or the greenways designed for bicycles and pedestrians. We

need a network which will safely support these notquite bicycles, not-quite-a-motor-vehicle modes of transportation. 291 will mandate the various agencies to work together on these issues, and I strongly urge its passage. Thank you.

much for that testimony and thank you to all of today's participants in this hearing. I think it was tremendously to hear from the administration firsthand their plans as it pertains to open spaces, the management and oversight and accountability of it, as well as the several bills that we had under consideration today. I thank the public for coming out in such large numbers to share their thoughts and to be able to weigh in on the conversation which is critically important as we move to create greater access for communities, especially those that for many, many years have been under-invested in.

With that, I will officially close out today's hearing and wish everyone well. Thank you.
[GAVEL]

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date August 15, 2022