CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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MARCH 7, 2022

Start: 11:10 A.M. Recess: 2:37 P.M.

HELD AT: REMOTE HEARING (VIRTUAL ROOM 2)

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YDANIS RODRIGUEZ, Commissioner of the New York City Department of Transportation

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A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

LINDSEY MAYER, member Rider's Alliance

MIRIAM BENSMAN, Senior Advisor to Queens Link

EMAN RIMAWI-DOSTER, Access A Ride Coordinator

KAREN D. HAMILTON, District 31 of Queens resident, member of Rider's Alliance

GLEN BOLOFSKY, 504 Democratic Law

TRINA QUAGLIAROLI, 20 year resident of Watts Street

ERICA V. DEPIERO, Manhattan Resident

2 SGT. LUGO: Starting live stream.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Okay. Live stream is up.

Will the Sergeants please start their recordings?

SGT. LUGO: PC recording started.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Recoding to the cloud all set. And good morning. Welcome to today's remote New York City Council hearing of the Committee on Transportation. At this time would all Council Members and staff please turn on their video. To minimize disruption please place electronic devices on vibrate or silent mode. If you wish to submit testimony you may do so at testimony@council.nyc.gov. Once again, that is testimony@council.nyc.gov. Thank you for your cooperation. We are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for joining our virtual hearing today on Transportation Equity. First, I would like to acknowledge my other colleagues who have joined us thus far today. We are joined by Council Member Stevens, Lee, Won, Williams, Ariola, Louis, Narcisse, Kagan and Carr. I'm going to turn it over to our Committee Counsel Jessica Steinberg Albin to go over some procedural items.

2 JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE Thank you Chair. I am Jessica Steinberg 3 COUNSEL: 4 Albin Counsel to the Transportation and Infrastructure Committee of the New York City Counsel. Before we begin I want to remind everyone 6 7 that you will be on mute until you are called on to 8 testify when you will be unmuted by the host. I will be calling on panelists to testify. Please listen for your name to be called. I will be periodically 10 11 announcing who the next panelists will be. The first 12 panelist to give testimony will be Ydanis Rodriguez, 13 Commissioner of the New York City Department of 14 Transportation. I will call you when it is your turn 15 to speak. For the question and answer period only, 16 we will also be joined by Eric Beaton, Deputy 17 Commissioner for Transportation Planning and 18 Management, Rebecca Zack, Assistant Commissioner for 19 Intergovernmental and Community Affairs, Julia Kite-20 Laidlaw, Director of Safety Policy and Azikiwe Rich, 21 Director of Performance Management. During the hearing if Council Members would like to ask a 2.2 2.3 question of the Administration or a specific panelist please use the zoom raise hand function and I will 24 25 call on you in order. We will be limiting Council

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Member questions to five minutes which includes the
time it takes to answer your questions. Please note
that for ease of this virtual hearing we will not be
allowing a second round of questions for each
panelist. Thank you. I will now pass it to Chair
Brooks-Powers to give an opening statement, Chair.

SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. One moment. So thank you again for joining today's transportation and infrastructure hearing on the topic of transportation equity. For too long the Council and the City's Transportation conversations have focused on communities both geographic and otherwise that are transit rich and best able to navigate our city streets, sidewalks, water ways and subways. Today's hearing is the start of a new chapter. Under my leadership the transportation and infrastructure committee will focus on communities that have long been left out of our critical transportation and infrastructure discussions. Transportation equity sounds like an ambition topic to tackle on our first hearing and it is because equity in transportation means many things. Equity in transportation means addressing the needs of neighborhood that have suffered from long and

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dangerous commutes after decades of under investments but it also means making our streets and public transportation accessible for people with disabilities. Ensuring our children are safe going to and from school, promoting the use of minority and women owned businesses when we allocate our transportation dollar and focusing on improvement not much enforcement when we tackle dangerous driving. Fundamentally, transportation equity means listening to the needs of all of our communities and prioritizing those people and places that need our efforts and resources the most. Many of the challenges we will discuss today are issues that matter citywide and I am excited to tackle the issues that all New Yorkers face but it is also important that we remember how these citywide issues disproportionate affect some more than others and question why that is and what we can do to change that. One example of that is street safety. All New Yorkers suffer when our streets aren't safe and no Council District is immune from the impact of traffic debt but because of a lack of historical focus or investment from the City districts like mine the 31st District in Southeast Queens we are more traffic

2 death occurred last year than anywhere else in the 3 City. Seen more of our families hurt and killed on 4 our street and sidewalks. The same situation holds true in other districts from the Bronx to Staten Island. And these disproportionate effects aren't 6 7 limited to issues of safety. As the data shows that the same holds true when it comes to traffic 8 pollution and lack of accessible infrastructure and other problems. I also want to make sure that when 10 11 we are -- when we are addressing these big issues our 12 city agencies are responsive to the individual needs 13 of the communities they are working in. That means taking community input seriously and understanding 14 15 that one solution will not work for every block in the City. As Chair of this committee, I will work to 16 17 make sure that all of our community voices are heard. 18 I'm excited to question the Department of Transportation on their plans for tackling these 19 20 challenges and on how the Council can collaborate and 21 push them to do better. I'm also happy that we have 2.2 advocates and members of the public hear today and I 2.3 look forward to hearing their proposals for issues this committee can be doing as we move forward. 24 25 Finally, this hearing is only the first step in an

Deputy Commissioner Beaton?

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COUNSEL:

you for the opportunity to testify on behalf of major

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2 planning and DOT commitment to transportation effort. 3 First, I must state that it is an honor to be before this committee when I served for 12 years on the 4 Council and eight years as the Chair of this 5 committee and even more I am so happy that my first 6 7 hearing on this role is on equity, a topic that is so important for the Chair, for me and for many New 8 I want to express both my ideas of strong Yorkers. belief in creating a more equitable City that are all 10 11 going to work, the positive benefit on transportation investment must be available to all New Yorkers. 12 Commissioner I am determined to focus our investment 13 in low income neighborhoods and communities of color. 14 15 Neighborhoods that have seen less investment 16 historically and have been left behind. If there is 17 progress in those communities the whole City will 18 benefit. New York Preservation for Racial Equity is a transportation network that meets the needs of all 19 20 New Yorkers regardless of race, ability or economic status in a safe, efficient and sustainable manner. 21 2.2 Our vision on transportation equity means that 2.3 demographic such as race, income or language will no longer be able to be used to predict transportation 24 outcomes. Our vision also includes a transportation 25

2 system that is more accessible for people with 3 disabilities who are also a majority people of color 4 and have a high poverty rate than people without disabilities. Every New Yorker should have multiple travel options that are safe, reliable and 6 7 affordable. Our transportation investment should improve access, safety, health and quality of life. 8 Additionally, New Yorkers should be informed and empowered to shape transportation in their 10 11 neighborhood. All people should be able to move 12 freely and peacefully in New York City without fear 13 of injury or death regardless of their background. 14 And all New Yorkers should live in a safe, healthy 15 and resilience community that can drive in the face 16 of climate change and economic restrictions. DOT 17 continuously awaiting our agency's process to bring 18 equity in transportation to the forefront and we have 19 identified a number of areas to equity in our work as 20 we have no known complaint based process empowers 21 some community more than others and political 2.2 influence can speed up or slow down projects. That 2.3 would change under Mayor Adams and my role as the Commission of DOT. In Division Zero, DOT has 24 25 prioritized safety work based on crash data.

Division Zero Board of pedestrian safety actual plans 2 3 for use for family and injury data to identify 4 locations that disproportionately account for pedestrian facility and severe injuries and then the agency focuses safety intervention in this area. 6 7 Finally, this data has been an essential part of the agency's vision zero strategy informing strict 8 improvement projects, traffic signs and intellection education and strategies communication complaints and 10 11 more. Moving forward, however, the agency will also factor in adequate, in determining where to make our 12 13 street re-designing investments. As laid out in the New York City Street plan released in December 2021, 14 15 DOT is now starting to act in a placid equity lane to 16 our work. This includes focusing our investment in 17 areas that need it most. Engaging communities pro-18 actively about transportation in their neighborhood and making the City more accessible to all. The plan 19 20 laid out priority investment areas that will help 21 focus our investments to where they can have the 2.2 greatest impact. The aids are based on three inputs, 2.3 race, income, density and lack of priority investments. You can see the map of the aid included 24 in the testimony. DOT will continue to invest in 25

2 communities that grows the entire city by going 3 forward as stress design investments as a whole will 4 be prioritized in higher need neighborhoods based on the PIA tiers while still being guided by data such as crash history and slow bus speeds. You can see 6 7 for example how we will overlay our Vision Zero 8 Priority corridors into sections and areas where the PIA in the map included in my testimony. The PIAs area one sample of work the agency is undertaking to 10 11 further equate and there are other ongoing efforts in 12 response to the COVID 19 pandemic that 13 disproportionately harms communities of color in 14 their radial justice uprising in the face of the 15 values against black Americans. DOT created the 16 equity inclusion in planning working group. This 17 internal working group's purpose is to further expand 18 on the agency commitment to improving transportation 19 outcomes for communities of color and ensuring that 20 communities across the city has safe, reliable and as 21 well as maintaining a street level transportation 2.2 infrastructure. The working group recommended 2.3 developing the priority investment area as well as other measures to consider equity in our work and 24 strengthening community engagement. And in 2019, DOT 25

2 began the structure hiring problem to which the 3 agency created annual workforce profile to identify 4 where one or more demographic group is under represented. These titles are structured hiring that 5 includes various measures to increase the size of the 6 7 applicant's pull as well as reduce bias in the 8 interview and selection process by having large and more diverse hiring panels, standard interview questions and candidate scoring. Since the program 10 11 launched, DOT has seen a 10.5 percent decrease in the 12 number of title wave demographic under 13 representation. While we have much more work to do, 14 I would now turn to some examples of how our work 15 made it easier and safer for travel around the city 16 for all New Yorkers regardless of factoring including 17 where they live, their race, or their ability while 18 improving home and sustainably by encouraging the 19 shift to more sustainable transportation laws and 20 cleaner bills. This is particularly important in low income neighborhoods and communities of color such as 21 the South Bronx where children have 2.2 2.3 disproportionately suffered from asthma and being exposed to higher level of air pollution. The New 24 25 York City Clean Program, the agency gave incentive to

2 incinerated deployment of cleaning trucks in 3 industrial business zones which are located near 4 environmental justice community that have historically been subject to a disproportionate 5 amount of diesel exhaust emission. The program 6 7 supports replacing older, better, diesel power trucks 8 with advanced transportation technologies and alternative fuel trucks including electric trucks leading to cleaner air and whole benefits in these 10 11 communities. Our Better Busses Program speed up 12 busses an shortens commutes through dedicated bus 13 lanes in both ways and traffic signal priority which reviews bus delays at signal light intersections. 14 15 These change are particularly important in the areas of the city that do not have access to subway. Some 16 significant 2022 projects include University Avenue, 17 Borden Road and Gun Hill Road in the Bronx. 18 Supporting the MTAs bus network re-design coming this 19 20 June. Additionally capital projects on the BXA South roads, cross town and the BA2 southern Brooklyn 21 corridor will deliver pedestrian safety and boost 2.2 2.3 performance benefits. Our bike lane make roads safer for all road users and make more people comfortable 24 getting on a bike. We are focused on improving the 25

2 cycling network coverage and connectivity across the 3 entire city by building out the Bike Lane Network. Some notable 2022 projects are bike lanes in Tremont 4 and Southview in the Bronx which will provide critical biking infrastructure to both bike and 6 7 scooter riders and in Queens we will close gaps in 8 the protective bike lane network on Broadway between northern boulevard and 60th Street and 34th Avenue between Broadway Street and 69th Street and keep 10 11 corridors working for cycles. We continue to expand 12 bike share and introduce you more alternative 13 mobility and other share mobility services to give New Yorkers more options and close the last mile gap 14 15 to access public transit in neighborhoods with less 16 transit coverage. In 2022, Citibank ongoing Phase 17 III expansion will bring assistance to Sunnyside, 18 Westside, Ridgewood in Queens and Flatbush beg for status in Ocean Hills, Crown Heights and Prospect 19 20 Lefferts Garden in Brooklyn with even more expansion to follow in 2023. Once Phase III expansion is 21 2.2 complete, more than half of New York City residents 2.3 will live within the City Bike Service area and to ensure that City Bike is affordable to low income New 24 Yorkers the program offers NYCHA residents recipient 25

2 discounts, membership. In the Bronx, what we 3 recently expanded to many low income neighborhoods 4 and community of color about 66% of all memberships are discounted memberships. In the East Bronx, DOT is in the mid in a Scooter Share through which we are 6 7 evaluating the safety and utility of this share mode. 8 The three operators are all providing discount programs for low income riders and are also testing a range of accessible vehicles for people who use one 10 11 share. We understand that many areas of the City 12 still lack access to bike share or scooter share. 13 are actively exploring a strategy to expand this mobility options to more neighborhoods. We will also 14 15 do more to get the word out about the saving discount 16 program so more legible New Yorkers can have access to bike and scooter share services. Our car share 17 18 pilot program also prioritized equity and requires 19 participant company to deploy 20% of the car share 20 vehicles within equity zones which have purchase in 21 the Bronx and awaiting Queens. As we are switching 2.2 to a permanent program, we look to retain these 2.3 requirements as well as encourage participating companies to provide discounts rising for low income 24 users. 25 The agency is committed to making the City

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more accessible to all New Yorkers. DOT maintains and constructs pedestrian ramps citywide to provide for safe access on and of our streets and sidewalks. Our accessibility pedestrian signal program is the largest process expanding in the nation and provide access to traffic signals to blind and visually impaired pedestrians. The Agency continues to work with the MTA to make bus stops physically accessible to all users growing from a long-standing program to upgrade bus stops under innovative subways to now address all kinds of physical inaccessible bus stops and as part added commitment to add safety at 1000 intersections, we are developing a program to install 100 raised crosswalks. This will make it easier for people with disability and more New Yorkers to cross the street at those locations. All New Yorkers should also have access to safe, welcoming and attractive public space close to where they live. DOT redesigned streets to create, expand and improve public space in the One New York City Plaza Equity Program support the needs of over 30 plazas in under resourced neighborhood providing landscaping may need financial subsidy and technical assisting to Plaza partner organizations. In the phase of the pandemic

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our agency in partnership with the City Council reimagined our street to create the Open Street Program which creates new outdoor space for New Yorkers to The largest one in the nation too. eniov. Street Partners have access to funding, programming opportunity, support and citywide coordination and enforcement and DOT directly manages over 20 open street with this street receiving landscaping and various management. This model has allowed the Agency to support new vibrant public space in areas that would not have had it otherwise. Also, in response to the pandemic, DOT along with our sister agency head of the open restaurant program, a matter to support a city below restraint industry, save 100,000 jobs and bring those all much needed joy during this challenging time. The program rolled a benefit of outdoor dining to new areas of the city that were not legible previously due to zoning restriction or sidewalk seating. As we recently testified before the Council, we are now actively working to create an outdoor dining program that can live on well beyond the recovery from the pandemic. I would like to thank the Council for approving the removal of the geographic restrictions from the

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zoning last month which will lead to a more equitable outdoor dining program that communities throughout the City will be able to enjoy for years to come which will be a role to the whole nation. addition to transforming the use of our street and expanding transportation options we know that street name is important to elected officials and most important to our community. If we are committed to keeping our street network in a safe and good repair to identify possible correlations between such economic factors and passing basically we have been deploying ways to utilize the location and distribution of access. We manage, including the condition of our roadways. Our managers show that our process of distributing, resurfacing lanes, matter to every community board by relying on the street condition and number of lane miles in the board have led to an equitable program. There is relatively no correlation between average income and DOTs investments in the streets and since 2016, the Agency has used a scoring and ranking system that incorporates equity as an important metric to prioritize projects for our \$4 billion street reconstruction program. Thanks to this method we

2 have seen a significant increase in capital funding 3 for a street project in low income neighborhoods in 4 areas with low levels of investments from our Agency historically. We are committed to improving this process and investing it further in this community. 6 7 And we are proud to operate the Staten Island Ferry 8 to provide free transportation from Staten Island to Manhattan to over 22 million people each year. month, I told Mayor Adams as well commission a new 10 11 Sandy Ground Staten Island Ferry named for New York's first free black community which was settled in 1828 12 13 and served as a staff on the historic underground 14 railroad. The Sandy Ground is the first Staten 15 Island Ferry boat named to honor the rich history of 16 black New Yorkers living in Staten Island and as 17 Mayor Adams and Speaker Adams announced last month 18 the fair fare program which I had the opportunity to 19 champion when I was a Council Member will be expanded 20 and made permanent. This critical program provides 21 discounts, Metro Cards for low income New Yorkers. 2.2 The announcement that the city will baseline \$75 2.3 million in funding is the first time that the City has guaranteed annual funding for the program. 24 25 Finally, I would like to finish by further addressing

2 safety, our number one priority as discussed earlier 3 our safety intervention and data driving and 4 prioritized base of accident and serious injury data to identify location that is proportionately accounts 5 for pedestrian facility and severe injuries. 6 7 addition, not every intervention is right for every location as the chairman said and our traffic 8 engineers do not apply a one size fits all approach rather we direct interventions that base address 10 11 speeding to the place where data shows speeding is 12 happening, in location where data shows that there 13 are turning conflicts and single treatment that protects pedestrians in the places with many 14 15 pedestrians and turning vehicles. Enforcement also played a key role in our efforts to make the City 16 17 safer or all New Yorkers. That is something that I 18 hope that all of us will agree. Dangers and illegal 19 driver behavior, many of which cannot be controlled 20 by road signs continue to be the primary cause of 21 many serious crashes. In the past two years, the 2.2 COVID 19 pandemic has accompanied by a second 2.3 pandemic of dangerous driving. They have to be taken out of the street. We have seen an increase in hit 24 and runs, driving while intoxicated, and unlicensed 25

2 driving. Automated enforcement is more efficient than travation [phonetic] of the in person 3 enforcement and refuse interaction with law 4 enforcement and with no point of the license DOT 5 automated enforcement program have more effect than a 6 7 ticket issued by the NYPD. The speed camera saves 8 lives. Driving at a lower speed gives drivers and pedestrians more time to see each other and react reducing the likelihood of a crash in the first place 10 11 and if a crash does occur if severity is reduced at 12 lower speed. Pedestrians struck by vehicles 13 traveling 25 miles per hour are half as likely to die 14 as those struck at 30 miles per hour. Since the 15 start of the program in 2014, speeding violations are 16 down an average of 72% at camera locations during the 17 hours of operation. This includes significant drops 18 notable at close to low income communities of color 19 such as an 89% decrease on Grand Concourse, 87% 20 decrease in Rockaway Boulevard and 85% decreased on 21 [INAUDIBLE] Road and 84% decrease in Eastern Parkway 2.2 in addition injuries are down 14% near school street 2.3 camera with pedestrian, cyclists and motor vehicle occupants all receiving safety gains. And from the 24 25 start of the program in 2014 through the end of 2020,

2 seven years that violators have received no more 3 {inaudible] in liability. Furthermore, more 4 violators and non-residents of the neighborhoods 5 where the cameras are located. A DOT analysis found that 2/3 of the speeds live more than three miles 6 7 away from the camera that caught them. And over 40% 8 of speed camera violators have vehicles registered outside the City of New York. Again 40% of speed camera violators have vehicles registered outside the 10 11 City of New York. Regarding placement of the speed 12 cameras, we place camera base on a speed incident and 13 serious crash data. We do not take requests for location or remove cameras based on complaints. As a 14 15 map in my testimony shows all neighborhoods are 16 covered by the program, 750 active school speed zone 17 and that is something that you also can see behind my 18 desk here. And there's no significant correlation between lower average income and other population 19 20 percentages and DOTs placement of a speed camera. We 21 understand there may be concern that speed cameras 2.2 are not always accompanied by street design changes 2.3 to help review the likelihood of a speeding in the first place. We hear this concern and are committed 24 25 to making design changes where needed. For example

we are working with a community to redesign Segard
[Phonetic] Boulevard in the Rockaway as it has had
high numbers of speed camera violations. Our aim is
to have the number of camera violations decrease over
time both as people learn the consequences of
speeding and also as we continue to redesign the
street. Safety is our number one priority and as it
is your priority chair. No racing and driving. We
also do not have revenue sharing with contractors.
This means that our vendors have no monetary
incentive to issue more violations. Cameras change
behavior and protect the most vulnerable road users,
our pedestrians. New York City programs have been a
model for Vision Zero Cities across the country based
on the proven success and joining the Mayor in
calling on the State to give the City the authority
to manage our automatic enforcement program. In
conclusion, I want to thank the Council for the
opportunity to testify before you today on our Agency
vision for transportation equity as well as the many
areas where we are hard at work to do better. There
is so much to be done and I thank the Council for
your partnership as we work together to make this

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City safer, fairer and more accessible to all New
Yorkers. [speaking foreign language] Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you Commissioner. I will now turn it over to questions from Chair Brooks-Powers. For these questions we will additionally be joined by Deputy Commissioner Beaton, Assistant Commissioner Zack, Director Kite-Laidlaw and Director Rich.

Panelists please stay unmuted if possible during this question and answer period. Thank you. Chair Brooks-Powers.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you and before we go further I just want to acknowledge a few additional colleagues that have since joined. We are joined now by Council Member Farias, Yeger, and Restler. And before I start my questions, I first want to mention something about the process for our hearings. Going forward, I expect to see the Department of Transportation's testimony earlier, it is challenging for members to try and read the Commissioner's testimony as it happens and our conversations in these hearing will be much more meaningful if we have time in advance to review these detailed presentations. I've asked

multiple times prior to the hearing and I hope that
in the future the Department of Transportation will
be able to accommodate this request and considering
the level of detail and data that I'm just now
hearing it is difficult to fully and comprehensively
question and discuss such equity issues based on the
timing in which we received the testimony and in
order to allow the Council to perform its oversight
function responsibly I would appreciate it if the
Agency would send the testimony two to three days
before the hearing. So, first I want to talk about
the distribution of transportation infrastructure and
street safety improvements. Traffic deaths are an
epidemic across the City. Last year we saw more
deaths citywide that in a year since Division Zero
Campaign started in 2014 but some districts like my
own which had the most traffic deaths of any in the
City last year are suffering more than others. One
of the reasons they are disproportionately affected
is a pattern of disinvestment in their streets.
Commissioner, why do you believe transportation
infrastructure investments have not been equally
distributed across the City? Why are there are

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Capital investments and transit deserts compared with transit rich neighborhoods.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: First of all Chair, first questions, definitely we will continue to have conversation with and your team about the testimony. Historically, again as my 12 year as a member of the Committee of Transportation and eight years as Chairman of this Committee, neither the Chair send the testimony to the commissioner or the commissioner send it to the Chair but I'm more than happy to continue engaging in that conversation. In regard to the question, our project planning will continue to be informed by data including socioeconomic data and data on the past investment and in as we have shared and I did it when I had to speak to the colleague it is a priority of this Administration under Mayor Adams and myself to continue paying attention to those communities that had never received the same capital investment in the past but to further on what we have done so far, I want to pass it to Eric who can also share with you where and how we've been working, again knowing that it doesn't matter how much we've been investing in the underserved community as aforementioned I pushed the Agency big

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in my role, in my previous role but I also got to say that DOT which is the largest transportation network in the whole nation has made important progress but there is a lot more that we got to do to give my priority to the underserved community. Let me pass this to Eric.

Thank you. ERIC BEATON: Sure. the Commissioner said, it's an absolute priority of the Adams Administration to make sure that we are investing equitably around the City and part of that is why we in the New York City developed this idea of priority investment areas where we always want to be guided by data and we always want to make sure that we are addressing intersections that have the highest crashes and the most fatalities but I think we wanted to add this very explicit equity lens to make sure that we not only focused on those areas where maybe we've heard the loudest voices over the years but that we are truly doing it all over the City and you know when you look at the map with the testimony of where those prior investment areas are it is guided by places that are disproportionately people of color, disproportionately low income but also places where the Agency has disproportionately not invested

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either its operational or capital street improvement resources over the years and we are very committed as an Agency to correcting those imbalances and making sure that we as do our safety treatments, as we implement our mobility plans that we are doing that all over the City, not, not just in Midtown, not just in the central parts of the City but, you know, big investments in Central Bronx and southern and eastern Queens and southern and central Brooklyn. These are all parts of the City that, that deserve safety just as much as anywhere else and we are going to be committed as an agency and a City to delivering that.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. In communities like mine that are transit deserts can we reallocate money to services like commuter vans that provide service in the absence of regular reliable bus service?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: We can, we can follow, you know, that conversation with you. More than happy to explore different ways on how we can be supportive to the community by services but also as you know and we talk about how we have to connect a community like yours to, you know, to come from that area to here to Manhattan and the day when see our

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very productive walk through your district, you know, and driving back from your district to here to 76

Enter Avenue, I experience myself. It took me almost eight hours so by designing the commuter vans I also got to say that we also want to bring more MTA, BIC.

We want to be sure that we also improve the bus services and, you know, my former colleague on the Council to help me when we go to the community to try and bring more of those services because sometimes

DOT has the vision and the resources, has a plan but also sometimes we've been pushed back in some areas where they don't want the bus lane and I think that this is something that the partnership would make a big difference.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you Chair and yes I'm glad you came to the district and you are able to see what so many people experience in trying to get to the City and other parts of the City to work and that was by vehicle.

It's sometimes worse with public transportation, so thank you for raising that. How many bus timers are located in my district for a district that relies on buses. We need to make sure that we have additional

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2 mechanisms in place to ensure riders have accurate information.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, let me present to Rebecca who . . .

REBECCA ZACK: Chair, are you talking about real time passenger information where you have, where you get a countdown of when the next bus is coming to a particular stop in your district?

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Yes.

REBECCA ZACK: I don't have a particular breakdown of your district but I can get that for you and follow up with you if that works?

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Okay.

Okay. The Department of Transportation released its first draft of The Streets Plan in December. The Streets Plan is the result of Council Legislation that requires ambition targets for investments that prioritize transit, walking and biking. This plan if its implementation is taken seriously has the potential to fundamentally re-shape our streets. The Mayor has also committed to re-designing a 1000 dangerous intersections. It's critical that these investments are focused on areas of the City that most need them, areas of the City, which led to like

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my district, excuse me, that led in city traffic deaths in part of decades of divestment in our streets as well as other members in the Council such as Council Member Louis, Narcisse and so many others, has the City already started implementing these intersection redesigns? And if so, which areas have been targeted so far?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ We have and the person also DOT that have also been overseeing that area is here with me I would like for him to expand on that.

previously. It is very important for us to mention that we are addressing the most dangerous intersections all over the City no matter what community they're in. You know, the nature of our work is that we tend to do much more when the weather is warm so as we get into the spring and summer months certainly our larger street designs will be more visible on the streets but we are not waiting for that. We are looking at signal timing and what we can do now to address places where there are large numbers of conflicts between turning vehicles and pedestrians implementing more protected time for pedestrians that they are not negotiating those

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conflicts with vehicles and we are committed to bringing those changes all over the City. So it's fundamental to our work that we look at where the crash is and serious injuries happen and let that quide our work so that's part of the streets plan and an overlay on that equity lens to make sure that we are doing it not just where we've heard the loudest voices over the years but really where the data tells us those interventions are most needed so as the Commissioner said in his testimony whether it's raised crosswalks, protecting crossing times for pedestrians, full street re-designs, putting the width of the right intersection investment, right street design change, where we think it can bring the most safety.

And I announce our together with the NYPD

Commissioner announce the commitment to got 1,000

raised crosswalk. We already started the process so we know that projects are on the way, they've been happening already and this is one particular redesigning piece that we would continue that, New Yorkers will continue seeing at close intersections

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especially those have the numbers of the mostdangerous ones related to crashes.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: How does congestion pricing, transportation like mine, how will the distribution of funds from congestion pricing help to support infrastructure in transit desert communities?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: There is a process in place and the discussion will be mainly quided by the MTA that very soon this year there are going to be holding some hearing especially on the environmental infra study, but we here at DOT, what we are getting committed and this is one area that we would've been doing partnership with your leadership as the Chairman, myself, the Commissioner and the rest of the colleagues to be sure that he congestion plan goal which is to raise around \$1.3 million to im-, use the money for, to improve public transportation is something that again it will happen but that piece is related on how that will benefit, you know, the different, Council. That money will be mainly going directly to improve our train, for the MTA and that will benefit all transportation overall but again this is, we are only, you know, starting the process

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where there is some federal decision on, on when we're going to be starting that discussion citywide but the MTA is going to be the leading agency and definitely we at DOT, we're going to be sure that all boroughs are of this discussion.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you and when we talk about transformative efforts to redesign our streets and public spaces, it's important that we ensure the voices of the local communities are heard and neighbors understand the nuances of their streets and should always been given the opportunities to weight on how investments will be made in their neighborhoods. By doing this, the Department of Transportation can avoid wasting time and resources on projects that don't work in practice. Um, and this something Commissioner that you have I have spoken about, um, several times in terms of wanting to listen to the voices of people in the community. What is the Department of Transportation's plan for Community engagement around the Street's Plan project?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Yeah DOT has been doing like I say good work when it comes to the community engagement and I got to say that, you know,

as someone that wasn't used to it I was able to work 2 3 with the former Commissioner Polly and I know that a 4 lot of those were the community engagement required that level of. We at DOT, in many communities we know that the lottery is most connected and finance 6 7 voices. They'll not represent the will of the 8 community and do not act in the best interest in the com-, of the community as a whole and DOT is committed to seeking feedback from community members. 10 11 As a new Commissioner in this agency, I will be in 12 contact through our intergovernmental division and 13 our division in meeting with every Council Member to take the direct feedback but also asking you guy to 14 15 help me to connect with the leaders, with the gradual movement with the different voices that we have in 16 17 our community. I personally am going to be going to 18 a borough each week starting very soon and I'm going 19 to be again, not only relying on the team that 20 they've been doing a great job connecting the 21 community in what is the most important project that 2.2 they would like to see so as you say no project is 2.3 coming by you guys who are important partners with this so we will see. I can say if different way 24 25 taking on from how DOT already been working in

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positive ways but also taking to a higher level on how we also connect to take the feedback now only from USA Council but also from other leaders that we have in the community that you are the one that knows, that you are the one who carries virtual, that beside the community boards.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Well, thank you for that and I'm glad to hear that yourself as well as Mayor Adams are trying to take equity into account and, you know, we will do our part in oversight to make sure that it actually takes place and that these commitments are followed through with but I do want to acknowledge and just make note of that so thank you for that.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: You're welcome

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Also how will the Department of Transportation engage the public in determining a passport on things like the bus ways and bus lanes?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Well, the, and of course our Intergovernmental person is here they can explain more but I, I got to say that what we know is that there's a process that we've already been working at DOT and again as my previous role has been

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another just one as a Council Member we know that when DOT was, you know, coming with a project to our community the Council Members are one of the first connection that DOT has and shares those projects.

But Rebecca can also explain a little bit more on how we've been working.

ERIC BEATON: Yeah.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: But, I want for you to know that whatever we have done so as up to now would be a fee is something that we will continue doing it but also we want to hear all the ways on how to connect.

REBECCA ZACK: Yeah, I would say that we have robust engagement. I mean, not far from your district we just recently wrapped up and continue to do, get community feedback on Jamaica-Archer busways and out in southeast Queens so our Transit

Development Teams go to community boards and speak with elected officials on a sustained regular basis when it comes to projects in their districts. I don't know if Eric wants to say more about his team but, and we did that with the streets plan engagement too leading up to the release of the street plan. I don't know if Eric wants to?

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2 ERIC BEATON: Yeah, just as the
3 Commissioner said we have this strong commitment to
4 make transit in the City work better and the bus
5 speeds faster, it's the slowest bus speeds in the
6 nation and it's a tremendous harm to communities

know that we have to do it in partnership with the

especially outside the subway system. But we also

9 community, how those are implemented and we need to
10 work with businesses and other local institutions to

11 make sure that we do it in a way that reflects the

12 needs of the community. So I think what you should

13 take away from us is we want to do more of this, we

14 want to make sure that we are improving our

15 | transportation system but also that we know that we

16 need to do it in partnership with local stakeholders

17 and people who live and work and shop in those

18 communities.

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CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Next,

I would like to discuss the camera enforcement

program and how we approach achieving street safety

as a City. All New Yorkers should have the right to

walk, bike or drive on our streets and sidewalks

without fear of traffic crashes. And I understand

that enforcing the rules of the road is one element

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of achieving that but perpetual enforcement and the fines that come with it can't be our entire solution. The City needs to have a plan to make streets safer so that eventually our need for enforcement is reduced and I know Commissioner you mentioned that that is the intention, um, but I just wanted to underscore that and rather than making the assistance a permanent means of revenue generation in our communities, how is the Department of Transportation choosing which areas of the City to implement speed cameras and more importantly does the Department of Transportation have a plan to prioritize speed camera locations for traffic calming and other safety investments?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Not just yet. And that's connected to the previous question again that, that we being spoken, that you've been asking and we're engaged in this conversation. You know as the question came before on how do we determine which infrastructure investments are needed in the underserved community. How are we engaged in the community end of discussion? Well, there's no doubt that investing and re-designing is at the top priority for us. So bringing a speed camera is not

the only, the factor that we need to look at. Wh	ile
we know that first of all when it comes to the sp	eed
cameras I see in your testimony and back here you	can
see, anyone can see behind my desk this is how th	е
speed camera have been distributed and you can se	е
that they're being distributed equally in most of	the
borough, most of the community. We, what we also	
know is that when the speed camera is, are instal	led
in the area there's a reduction of crashes and as	I
said before, and probably I will have a different	
approach when it comes to, you know, a speed came	ra
use automatic enforcement if I wouldn't be, you k	now,
if I was not a member of the Committee on	
Transportation Board for years because when I see	the
story, the images of those working class, middle	
class, upper class New Yorkers was in the line in	
each of our Council Districts we know that when w	е
bring a speed camera, it reduced crashes and it s	aves
lives. So I agree with you and that's what I wou	ld
say before, we will continue paying attention and	
giving more enforcement to bring more investment	of
re-designing infrastructure investment to our bor	ough
area but street cameras save lives	

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REBECCA ZACK: I'd like to say a bit more about, I'd like to speak a bit more about the details of how we locate our cameras, where we chose to put them and exactly what they do. Um, it was important to us from the time our speed camera program was authorized in 2014 that we really built equity into the structure of the program because we knew that camera enforcement could do things that traditional enforcement simply cannot. First of all, we made sure that our cameras cannot identify any driver or any features of a driver, it simply takes the picture of the license plate on the back of the car and sends the violation to the registered owner of the vehicle. So, um, from that point we know definitely that it's impossible to profile any, any particular driver. know also from where we're putting it. I recall you said in your preamble to this hearing that it's important that we dedicate our resources to where they're needed the most and I completely agree and for that I our placement of the cameras is entirely data driver and we look at really just two factors. One is the incidents of death and serious injury on the corridor and the other is the incidence of speeding. We take no other factors into account.

When we unrolled out 750 speed zones as allowed by 2 3 state law we did them in the priority of where the 4 death and serious injury and where the speeding was And now that we have the 750 as allowed by law, as you can see, they're really, there's not 6 7 community that does not have cameras and the way that 8 I prefer to think of it is there's no community in which pedestrians were most likely to be traveling locally are not protected. We also believe that 10 11 what's equitable about them is that the violation is 12 \$50 and no points on the license because again, we 13 can't identify the driver. That's a lot less than if a police officer pulled someone over for speeding and 14 15 we've also found that it's really effective for most 16 I reviewed the data from the eight full 17 years that we have with this program and of all the 18 plates that are receiving violations. The majority 19 got no more than two, the vast majority really have 20 no more than two so with that really light touch 21 sanction. Of course, nobody wants to pay any ticket 2.2 but if you're going to get it it's a lot less than 2.3 what the consequence of speeding could've been I believe \$50 or at most \$100 is really a small, small 24 25 price to pay for running a behavior to save a life.

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We've also built in things like, there's essentially a 10 mile per hour buffer with the cameras. camera does not snap your plate unless you're going at least, unless you're going more than 10 miles per hour over the limit. In most places in the City that means you have to be going 36 in an 25 and I mean for a professional like my Commissioner said, a five mile per hour difference in speed can mean a great difference in survivability. We do believe that it balances fairness as well as accountability and then I just want to also mention what the Commissioner said earlier the majority of the tickets being issued are not necessarily going to local drivers. We've done an analysis here at DOT of a month of data and we found that two out of five, about 41 percent were actually going to vehicles registered outside the City of New York and if we drill in a bit further to the addresses of the registered vehicles, 2/3 were located more than a three mile radius from the camera. So we find it not local people in the community who were mainly watching the speed cameras but it is local people in the community who are benefiting from that 14 percent degrees in injurie and that 72 percent average decrease in speeding at

the time that the cameras are open. And then
finally, I think one important point is equitability
because as you've probably seen there's been
controversy over speed cameras in places like Buffalo
and Chicago and other cities around the Country. Our
contractors do not get any portion of the revenue.
All the revenue from the speed cameras goes into the
general fund. We have, we do not do this, we have
never done this and we will never do this because we
believe it's unethical. We do not want any company
to have a financial interest in our tickets or to
have any kind of incentive to issue more tickets. It
might sound kind of silly but we do want our cameras
to put themselves out of business because then that
would mean that there was no speeding. It's just one
part of our expensive Vision Zero tool kit but we
truly believe that not only the cameras themselves
but the way New York City has uniquely implemented
them has made this the most equitable form of
enforcement.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: And this is, Chair, this is an area where definitely the partnership with you and the rest of the colleague is very important because this is about, you know, all of us and

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engaging the conversation with a constituency that we have in New York City to understand that we need to change the behavior on how we try and when we got Albany support for us to re-do the speed limits of 25 miles per hour. We have a testimony from everyone doctors and advocates and when a driver is driving at 25 miles per hour he or she is safer and the position is safer too. So, I, what we have seen is that driver's quickly learn to remain at a safe speed and the result is safer streets for all and I know that that's all of us have. No one should be driving more than 25 miles per hour in New York City regardless of the social, economic and race background and the community they represent. You know, like COVID, you see it was a big pandemic and hopefully after that we are reopening school, you know for the student not to have more mandated to a mask. We also have to understand that there are other pandemics that are hitting our society. If at 1.2 million people would lose their life in the world as a result of crashes and we in the City of New York contribute to those I know that when we hear testimony from numbers. those families that they have lost their loved ones we will get a different perspective so if our

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communities overrode the ones to see to get speed cameras all they had to do is only to drive in 25 miles per hour.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. How much revenue does the City generate through the camera enforcement program in 2021?

REBECCA ZACK: We can get this to you.

We do issue an annual report as required by state law and it is available online if you just search New York City Speed Camera Report and that will be available Our last published data is for 2020. But I can forward that to Sidney and also follow up with the revenue numbers too Chair.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: In the same spirit of what I wanted to know if the Administration has plans to ensure that the investments in safe streets are made in amounts that correspond with the fine revenue that we are taking in?

REBECCA ZACK: Well, like I said earlier we know that the people who are getting the actual fines do not necessarily and in actually most cases do not live in the communities where these are

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happening. By state Law all revenue from speed cameras must go in to the general fund but like Deputy Commissioner Beaton just said earlier we have created the priority investment areas as part of our street plan, as part of explicit recognition that historically not all neighborhoods have been treated equally and we believe that because that formula incorporates lack of prior investment it is a fair and equitable way for us to work there. But of course you have the revenue is up, where exactly speed camera revenue goes is outside the city.

CHAIRPERSON SELVANA BROOKS-POWERS: Well
my issue with that a little bit is that in one vein,
you know putting up these cameras in communities
where data is driving us to but if there is clearly
something that is going on that's creating these
crashes but yet that money is going in to a general
pot and not coming back into the same said community.
So, what you're saying doesn't align with itself, so
if the City is given local authority over the camera
enforcement program I'd like to know what changes to
the program DOT supports and specifically I want to
know would you support a proposal to dedicate camera

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2 revenues to the neighborhoods in which the violations 3 occur?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Look, I think that as you know we would have the project hearing very soon and more than happy to expand on that but I can tell you that as you know the answer is to me, we always will need more resources than what we have because you know it's like, when we are moved to the best possibility that we have from legislator or commissioner we know that we have limited resources and definitely you know that our commitment as had for so many year and now from my role is going to be to continue giving priority to underserved community that for many year have been left behind. So that is related to technicality on how, you know, that revenue is reinvested, those that come from the speed camera, you know this is something that definitely, more than happy to sit down with you and follow this conversation but what I can tell you is about it doesn't matter from where we raise the revenue for speed camera and other area that money is going back to the community. Because what we would see is that under Mayor Adams and especially in my role as a Commissioner investing underserved communities is

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going to be top priority. So we will use money from everywhere including from a speed camera to, to be sure that from redesigning and other work that we need to do that underserved communities where most New Yorkers live get top priority.

CHAIRPERSON SELVEVA BROOKS-POWERS: Okay.

I'm just going to shift a little bit. So, when we talk about equitability and equitably distributing transportation infrastructure investments, the conversation can't just be where those dollars are going. It also needs to be about who those project dollars are going to and one of my top priorities is to work with city agencies to increase the utilization of MWBEs and city infrastructure projects. What is DOTs plan for improving its track record on using MWBEs if there isn't currently a plan I want to discuss how we ensure that there is one moving forward?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: There, I will, I will let you know that again it is our goal to accomplish, you know the, the 25 percent for women and minority but here also we have Azikiwe Rich who also can, who is the Director of performance management who will also expand on this question.

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we're developing an equity and asset management analysis to help us assess our performance in racial and social equity lines, reevaluating our privatization processes to incorporate social, economic, racial, demographic information where necessary. So the guiding question behind us is what guiding analysis can help us better understand equity gaps and our assets and suddenly does DOT have an equitable distribution of assets throughout New York City so that will help with the MWBE program because we are looking at it from a different lens than we have in the past.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. And what are the barriers to increase MWBE participation along DOT projects?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: I think I, beside the mechanism Azikiwe explained it's about changing the culture and it's about changing the mentality and it's about recognizing that, you know, those New Yorkers are major in for many months in conversation that you have with many New Yorkers. Our people who live in underserved communities they should have the right, they should have the opportunity to do

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business with DOT. And that's, and that's why as we're speaking right now and I got to say that here at DOT they understand that they open, they know that we're going to be looking for those opportunities for women and minorities. Not only a small project but also we're looking for the big project. We're looking for where the big dollars are. It is time to replicate a sample as we have the first black firm doing business at JFK to also see what can be, you know the big project that we have online and how can we also create this opportunity. I'm also going to have the discussion with here at DOT to be sure that any of the large firms that they do business with the DOT that they also bring partnerships with other businesses that also are guided and live by black, Latino and Asian Women or members of an LGBTQ. for me this is something that again you heard from the sequences of mechanisms that we have in place but what I can tell you is about from my decades of razu organizing experience I also bring in this energy here to the agency, continue the great job that they have done in searching area, how they've been able to see improvement under women and minority but also working under my kind Commission and are we following

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Mayor Adams commitment to be sure that there's going to be more opportunity for women and minority not only on a small project but also on big projects here, so.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: And on a similar note Chair, excuse me Commissioner, I'm so used to you being Chair from before. What is the Department of Transportation's demographic breakdown and what is the breakdown for the leadership team?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Give me one second.

The breakdown with DOT is 5,615. There are 3,132

people color black, Hispanic and Asian and Native

American. Many, about 56 percent of the workforce

people are color. DOT has 114 leadership high level

position, Executive Director level or above, 42 of

these positions are held by people of color meeting

about 37 percent of the leadership positions are by

people of color but most important of that number, we

also bring out the mechanisms that we have in place

to be sure that we will increase those numbers

especially at leadership positions.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: And going forward how does the agency plan on improving

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2 hiring practices to effect positive change and 3 inclusiveness in its senior management team?

Azikiwe also who can also expand on this beside what I say overall. We will see major changes on how we will have an agency we represent the diversity of New York City and in knowing also that DOT have been doing important progress but there's a lot more that we got to do and this is not only about DOT. This is about the City of New York. This is about changing the course that we have when it comes to give an opportunity of leadership to all the groups that makes this City the best one in the Nation.

intentional and holistic over the past few years of hiring practices. Let me name some of the key initiatives we are proud of. First is our diversity inclusion committee which was established in 2018 as a governing body to support various diversity occlusion initiatives. For instance, increase in representation for people of color rely on high level positions and ensuring fair and equitable motion opportunities across the agencies. Next I will mention is the workforce profile report which the

2 Commissioner mentioned in his opening statement which 3 baseline figures related to underutilization and work 4 place composition broken down by DOT division and job The reporting key performance indicators to 5 dutv. measure the successes of some of the committee's 6 7 initiatives. It also designates a set of titles of interest which are experiencing under representation 8 in one or more demographic groups. Titles of interest are subject to our structuring hiring 10 11 program again which is something that the 12 Commissioner mentions in the opening statement which 13 mitigates biased subjective error by establishing written onboarding guidelines and lastly which I 14 15 think is a really great initiative here is the 16 employee resources group which are employee led 17 groups of employees obviously who seek equity and 18 belonging in the workplace. ERGs as we call them 19 began in the 1960s as a response to racism. 20 celebrate, promote and advocate professional 21 development, connections and diversity occlusion. 2.2 Finally the ERG is essential in helping DOT achieve 2.3 this change in diversity and occlusion goals or work force diversity, workplace occlusion and community 24 25 understanding.

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YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: And I got say like everything that Azikiwe has claimed is what we will be guiding our agency as we move forward.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you and I know my colleagues also have questions so I will turn to them now and come with more questions in the second round.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you Chair. I will now call on

Council Members in the order they have used the Zoom

Raise Hand Function. If you would like to ask a

question and have not yet used the Zoom Raise Hand

Function, please raise is now. Council Members,

please keep your questions to five minutes. The

Sergeant at Arms will keep a timer and I will let you

know when your time is up. You should begin once I

have called on you and the Sergeant has announced

that you may begin before delivering your testimony.

First, we will hear from Council Member Louis

followed by Council Member Stevens followed by

Council Member Narcisse. Council Member Louis.

FARAH LOUIS: Thank you Chair BrooksPowers for holding this very important transportation

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

equity hearing. My district suffers a lot with, 2 3 we're transit desert and most importantly transit 4 fatalities happens in this district a lot. So I have like four quick questions to ask the panel and I'll just go straight through and ask all of them because 6 we're limited on time and you can answer or respond 7 accordingly. On February 13th, a driver fatally 8 struck a teenager from my district on King's Highway. King's Highway is known as the road of death that 10 11 was, and he was only one block away from home. 12 incident was a major tragedy for our district so I 13 wanted to know from DOT, are you regularly tracking 14 the intersections and thoroughfares where crashes and 15 accidents occur? If no, why not? And if yes, is the 16 data compiled and then used to prioritize those areas 17 for re-design or increase safety measures. My second 18 question is in regard to the bus route, so District 19 45 has one of the highest numbers of residents that 20 work in healthcare, long commute times, 21 disproportionately impact all my constituents and more than like the commute time for rush hours take 2.2 2.3 So I wanted to know in the last two years when the MTA implemented a plan that would lose one 24 of the busiest roads, um, sorry busiest routes which 25

is the B46 on Utica Avenue after which goes through
five council districts but adding longer buses for a
larger capacity for more passengers. I wanted to
know if MTA saved on that and are there plans to
change more bus routes. The other question I had was
in regards to tractor trailers, I wanted to know how
DOT is addressing illegal parking of tractor trailers
in residential neighborhoods in New York City. I
know all of our Council Districts are going through
this and I wanted to know is there a remedy that DOT
was thinking about and last but not least regarding
the inter-borough express the MTA would be engaging
in this process but I wanted to know have you thought
about the affected property owners along this
proposed route if emanate domain would not be used
what is the other option that would be given to
property owners on MTAs behalf? Thank you so much.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Let me start with the last one with the Queens Brooklyn Inter-Borough connection. MTA is going to be guiding that conversation so it definitely you as one of the Council Members in representing an area where that community will be impacted. I'm more than happy again to make the connection between your office and

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MTA as we will be planning the community engagement meeting. With illegal parking, Rebecca would you like to add to that one?

REBECCA ZACK: No I mean I was going to say it mainly remains an enforcement issue but Eric I don't know if there is something else you wanted to say about that.

ERIC BEATON: You're right, so it's of course illegal to park tractor trailers on the street overnight or any commercial vehicle but it's both sides of the coin, we work with PD to target enforcement and when we hear about locations we work with them to get out there. We are also working with our partners at EDC because we want to try to provide legal places off street where they can go because we know that there are federal hours of service rules that sometimes lead to this behavior and by providing legal places for them to go we think that's the best way to get them out so it's not just enforcement driven.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: So we will, you know, a lot has to do with enforcement and less issues now so any particular case that you or the colleague have or the Council please let us know or our team. Also

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put some pressure to see more important happening there. When it comes to, to the buses like you know, our committee to address transportation deserts. I don't think we have any specific answer to that question and that bus lane we have, I . . .

ERIC BEATON: Yeah I mean the B46 Utica Avenue it's the busiest bus route in Brooklyn. know it's a critical lifeline for a huge sloth of your district and others as well and so we work very close with New York Transit to put in the bus lanes there that the buses could go faster to get people to the subway or to the hospitals or other places. You know one of our big assets with the MTA is whenever we put in a bus lane we want them to put that time savings back in to more service and better service and what we see over the years is that when buses go faster more people take them and that causes the MTA to, to increase service. We want to continue working with them and make sure that they are increasing that service and not decreasing it because that's part of the bargaining. We want the bus service to be better with the bus lane and we, and you know we have a strong partnership with them and we'll absolutely follow up to make sure they are.

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JULIA KITE-LAIDLAW: And can you say a little bit more after she specifically started her questions with the Kings Highway crash, I'm kind of going through our process from there.

ERIC BEATON: Sure and that's I think the crash at Avenue K, right?

FARAH LOUIS: Right. Yes.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired

follow up with you but. That's the kind of thing that we worry about a lot. You know, King's Highway. It's a very wide intersection but we do have a capital plan underway to rebuild and redesign that intersection to make it safer but we also know, you know, this was a car with temporary plates. It was a pedestrian who was crossing outside of a sidewalk. We want to make sure that both the design and the enforcement come together and we absolutely use data, you know, it's typically collected by NYPD but we get it in essentially real time so that we can be always focused on where crashes are happening around the City.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: And in that case or any other cases that any Council Member may ask about

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how do we use information from a crash. One thing
that we should know is that the Council passed a bil
that I had an honor to write that when any crash
happens it as an investigational squad unit they are
the one that go to the scene. DOT also is also
saying that they get information and use that
information to make a decision about how we will be
re-designing different sections in the City.

FARAH LOUIS: I would look to follow up with you all. Thank you so much Brooks-Powers.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN: Thank you

Council Member. We will now hear from Council Member

Stevens followed by Council Member Narcisse followed

by Council Member Restler. Council Member Stevens.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

ALTHEA STEVENS: Hi. Good afternoon everyone. Thank you Chair Brooks for having this important committee topic on hearing topic today. My first question is we often hear that, you know, you know, people are looking for support around expandable bus lanes you know bike lanes, however it's like this, it's like we're asking people to

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really just listen and hope that communities that have been disinvested from and who . . .

SGT. SADOWSKY: Council Member Stevens you're on mute.

ALTHEA STEVENS: I'm sorry. Did you guys hear that, I'm sorry. Do I need to start over?

Well, my question is more around like for, in a lot of transits as there's like in my district there's often this question of like you should just really hope and trust and listen around the bus lanes and we know that but what does DOT and MTA really doing to help regain the trust of communities that I feel like over the years they've been disinvested from.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Well as you hear the, our commitment to expand the level of community engagement that level of engagement will involve not only the Community Board but also it will involve the local Council Members as also the safe community although leaders that we have in our committee sometimes they have not been involved in these conversations. We also, I also want to, you know be honest to all of us and share that as we talk about transportation basics where we know that our buses and immediate resources that we have for mobility.

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Sometimes I should say that we know that we hear from a community that they want to have and efficient bus services but sometimes there are other voices that they don't want those bus lanes to be in the community so I think that engaging in the community and of course working directly with a leader like you and other we will make some progress.

ALTHEA STEVENS: So I definitely hear you saying working with the leaders and hearing us and having conversations but I'm just not sure like for example in my District the bus, the bus lines, the 13 bus that bus line the times are horrible the, you know, the wait time is insane and it actually serves an area that has no other form of transportation and to be honest I don't think people are really interested in having conversations and actually would just like to see real change. So I think that actually getting new buses is actually doing the work and actually improving the times so that people aren't standing outside for hours on end waiting for My next question is just around city bikes. Why is City bikes the only bike share program that we have? Why isn't the city engaging in working with other local business and local bike people to really

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2 start a bike share program and not just working with
3 city bikes?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Well everything could be on the table as you heard the Mayor in the past he had talked about, first of all his commit to connect all communities not only with city bike but also other bike shares in his fine micro-mobility. more than happy again to continue conversation with you to take your feedback on the last question and the first question too. I really mean it, I'm more than happy to visit your district to take, you know, your input and at the end of the day it's going to be working that we will be seeing an expansion of services from buses but also to bikes. I think that we will see now in the pre-stage, pre-phase of city biking expansion more than what we have done even though I think that last year we saw major expansion especially to the south rose, other places in Brooklyn and here in northern Manhattan too and this is a commitment, we want to expand bike service. They can include city bike but also we should be open to have this person on that suggestion that you are making too.

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real good service and a missed opportunity for us to be working with local bike share programs and local businesses and not working with a huge conglomerate who now I feel like have a monopoly on the bike share of New York so we really should be looking at how do we make sure that's done locally. And then I guess my last question is why isn't the Bronx a part of the inter-borough connection? I believe before it was a tri-borough and inter-borough connection but now it's only saying Brooklyn and Queens?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Not to blame MTA so DOT has nothing to do on deciding which area but I think that again, this is a question that you know should be addressed and brought to the MTA.

ALTHEA STEVENS: But aren't you, don't you guys work with MTA isn't that something that you guys can be starting a conversation as well since you guys would know the importance in needing those connections to happen?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Yeah and we have a very productive conversation with MTA. A great relationship. We have but when it comes to the announcement when it comes to the area that will be

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covered Queens or Brooklyn this is on the MTA and it's going to having, you know, a number of community engagement that whole very soon but I feel that again we hear what you say and besides you can bring that suggestion again to us I think it's important is that we share the same concern, also we're the family member, we're the center who have more input in that level because the announcement is basically on the MTA. We are partners when it came to, you know, the engagement in other areas but that particular part when it comes to which area will be covered that's on the MTA decision.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

ALTHEA STEVENS: Well I definitely look forward to you coming to my district to . . . I'm sorry. I was just saying thank you and I look forward to you coming to my district to see what I'm talking about because we definitely are transportation desert and I hope that we can work together moving forward. Thank you.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Definitely I will.

23 Thanks.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN: Thank you

Council Member. We will now hear from Council Member

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Narcisse followed by Council Member Restler, followed by Council Member Lee. Council Member Narcisse.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

MERCEDES NARCISSE: Good afternoon and thank you Chair Brooks-Powers and Commissioner and all the staff that are here to make it, the City a better place, a place where we can live, work and enjoy. I live in a real transportation desert. live in the southeast of Brooklyn which is Canarsie, Mill Basin, Brighton Beach, Sheepshead Bay area. When you live in the area when people ask you do you, where you represent you say 46th district, where is that again. So that's when you're a real desert. So, um, my question actually is about the study that I know in 2019, the MTA subway bus division joined with the city agencies to find out the improvement that can be made, the extension from the subway extension from Utica to Eastern Parkway to King's Plaza. I don't know if you have any answer on that and I would like to know what we can do together to improve that, to make that happen and my, I heard about is the MTA problem like from Queens into Brooklyn and Queens inter-borough connection, even with that connection passing by us we still cannot

make the connection because it's so far apart from
Severe [sounds like] village from the area that's
closer to Bell Parkway. So, if any plan to improve
our bus line that would be great. Another thing that
I need to cover which I realize many of us have the
same problems it's that our streets is very
dangerous. I have two big intersections that's most
dangerous most probably in Brooklyn it's Flatbush and
Avenue U and Flatland and it's 80s. So if any plan
to improve those streets that would be very much
appreciated because we're losing lives that we don't
have to and on top of it Rockaway Parkway and Seaview
Avenue. Commissioner, I'm sure you know the area but
I am welcome, I will welcome you to come and take
your own survey and see what was, what's going on.
In term of the transportation and the dangerous spot
of our district so thank you for listening and
looking forward to make sure that we make the
improvement that we need to make to improve the lives
of the 46th District. Thank you.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Thank you Council

Member, definitely I will be visiting you and
spending time not only with you but if there's any
leaders in your district that you also want me to

interact when we schedule the visit I'm more than
happy to do so our team will be following up with
you. I think that when it comes the intersection
where are the most dangerous ones those area, that's
information that Eric also can expand to that one but
I feel that we have good data when it comes to
identifying the most dangerous intersections. But if
there is any particular one that you want to
highlight to us so that we can compare more than
happy to do it. Our business here is your business
is to save lives. We don't want to see anyone to
lose a life because, you know, we have dangerous
intersections. This is our commitment, of course as
we said before New York City is solely a place of 350
square miles so, so it is more density that we have
in the whole nation but we are proud of the all the
work that the leadership team here at DOT has done
but there is always opportunity to grow and to focus
on those intersection that it's important for your
constituents is our priority here so let me show that
we [recording glitch] intersection are highlighted.
When it comes to the, I want to pass it to Eric.

ERIC BEATON: Sure. And as you say yours is a very bus reliant district and we've done some

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work over the years from the King's Highway, made
some improvement of Flatlands but as I mentioned
before we have a big capital project coming to
further improve King's Highway and Flatlands Avenue
and hopefully address some of the safety concerns you
mentioned along Flatland as well that are also
present there. So, we've done on work Utica, the
upcoming work on King's Highway. That isn't to say
that it's enough. We know that more is needed and we
will continue to work with you and find more places
whether it's bus lanes or signal priority or bus stop
improvements that we really want to make sure that we
are focused on bus service in that part of the City.

MERCEDES NARCISSE: I really appreciate it. I'm looking forward to working with you. If you have anything to add, I want to hear because we need to improve the 46th District and Nostrand Avenue too, by Nostrand and W and X are on there is as dangerous as the others as well.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

MERCEDES NARCISSE: Thank you so much.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you Council Member. And before I call on the next Council Member, Commissioner the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 1 76 AND INFRASTRUCTURE 2 volume is going in and out on your end, just wanted 3 to make you aware. We will now hear from Council 4 Member Restler followed by Council Member Lee followed by Council Member Ariola. Council Member 5 Restler. 6 7 SGT. LUGO: Starting time. 8 LINCOLN RESTLER: I don't know if you 9 were here for the statement when I spoke. I actually grew up in a conservative home. My dad [audio 10 11 recording bad]. I'm sorry, would it be possible to 12 come back? 13 JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN: Yes, we will 14 come back to you. 15 LINCOLN RESTLER: All right, I tried to 16 lower my hand to go further in the line I'm just 17 double hearing right now, I apologize. JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN: OK. We will 18 19 now hear from Council Member Lee followed by Council 20 Member Ariola, followed by Council Member Restler. Council Member Lee. 21 2.2 SGT. LUGO: Starting time. 2.3 LINDA LEE: Sorry, can you guys hear me

OK?

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2 LINDA LEE: Hopefully. OK, good. 3 you so much Chair Brooks-Powers for holding this 4 hearing as well as Commissioner. It's great to see you on the other side now, and this is definitely an important issue. I represent district 23 out in 6 7 Eastern Queens which I think, I believe it's only, 8 it's one of the only Council Districts that actually has no railway system so we don't have any subways. We don't have any, you know, Long Island Railroads so 10 11 we truly rely on buses, cars, mostly to get around 12 and, you know, there's, there's been some issues. 13 think for me I just want to echo comes of the same of 14 my former colleagues at the Council. It's no, I think coincidence that all of us that are on here are 15 16 from a lot of the transit deserts across the city. 17 So, I have a few questions, three to be exact and so 18 I think just to make it easier I'll just list all of 19 them since time is limited. My first question was 20 around how DOT coordinates with other agencies like DEP to ensure that the subterranean work like with 21 2.2 the sewers or utility lines are completed on time and 2.3 don't impact the local streets. And the reason why I'm bringing this up is because while I was 24 campaigning during the primaries last year, we were 25

2 actually on Francis Lewis Boulevard which is a pretty 3 large street in my district and a lot of the 4 residents there, their driveways are being blocked because there was a lot of sewer, I guess the sewer was being replaced. The streets were ripped up and I 6 7 had asked a couple of them they were actually 8 complaining because they had not had access to their driveways in a while and, you know, it's still an ongoing issue on Francis Lewis, I think they made 10 11 some progress but when our offices reached out to both DEP and DOT there seemed to be confusion around 12 13 which agency was actually in charge of the work there 14 and so I just wanted to know if you could speak a 15 little to how the, the coordination efforts are being 16 done. So that's the first one. The second question 17 is even with the inter-borough express project 18 happening it's still not going to reach our district 19 and so I just wanted to know how you're making sure that communities like far eastern Queens like ours 20 21 are still being connected to a lot of the mass 2.2 transit hubs that are going to be in these future 2.3 projects. So, that's the second question and then the third question is just really around, I know that 24 25 beyond the speeding cameras a lot of the complaint

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that we've been hearing are with, you know, a lot of these loud mufflers and speeding cars and so I know that I've heard that there's been some talk at the state level about perhaps doing sound cameras in addition to speed cameras and so I just wanted to know what you were doing in terms of the noise pollution because it just seems like, especially, I don't know if it was the pandemic but it seems like the noise pollution has increased quite a bit and so also from illegal car racing, the drag racing that's been going on and so I just wanted to know what your plans were around that as well?

with the last part of the question about the noise pollution is basically is on DEP. However, I got to say that in the past also when I was a Council Member we also passed a bill that it was, which was my bill that made speeding illegal in New York City and subject like a year in jail and \$3,000. So, as you hear in the beginning of this year from Mayor Adams and they want to keep people, communities, we will see more enforcement going on and we endorse all of us, all New Yorkers and especially those who are in communities that many times have been left behind.

You know they start to address all quality life
issues I think that the one related to noise is
something that even though when it comes to noise
being on DEP but also we will be working with NYPD to
be sure that those individuals who are recommended
driving and speeding in the street also are
accountable and when it comes to the coordination
between agencies and any involves DOT is coordinated
and can be with DEP or DDC they are also doing any
projects but at the beginning of this year, also
Mayor Adams have rolled different agencies together
and one of his commitment was needed to improve the
level of coordination among agency so this is
something that we will see a lot of improvement when
it comes to moving forward in our City. And that
question was about plan to connect in districts such
as yours to the mode of transportation, I don't know,
Eric would you like to expand on that one?

ERIC BEATON: Sure and obviously, you know, the subway system is not going to expand dramatically anytime soon so part of what we need to do is make it easier for people who want to get to the rail system to get there and we do have . . .

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

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buses and try to make the buses faster and more reliable whether it's coming into downtown Flushing or services that get to railroad stations but we work to try to make bike connections safe and available, that means bike lanes, it means bike parking at stations so that people have a safe place to leave their bikes. We want people to have options where they don't feel like they need to drive that they feel like they have reasonable options for how to get into the train system and to the rest of city that way.

as you know I have been on the other side where you are right now and what I bring as the Commissioner that have been living in the underserved community my whole life since I arrived here in 1983, a working class community that interest of this community is on my heart. And I'm happy that, you know, the first hearing that I have in front of you guys is on equity and this is something that again your questions, your concern are the concern not only of you district but many districts that for many decades have been left behind. This is what we've heard but I'm committed

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to work with you to be sure that again any particular suggestion that you may have or things that we can do at DOT or all the things that we can bring to MTA are something that will be taken in to consideration.

LINDA LEE: Thank you. Sorry, is it okay with the Chairwoman if I actually just ask one quick follow up question, sorry on the street repair question I had?

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Absolutely.

and I agree. I think the Mayor is trying to make a concerted effort to make sure that city agencies are communicating better with each other but in the short term because projects like ripping up the streets for the sewage lines, those have been going on for months in the district and it's not just our district it's like different parts of Queens and so, it's like who do we contact then if things are not moving? If the project is not moving, like, who, like if one hand is saying it's the other hand's responsibility how do we just, cause I, I think it's just causing a lot of stress for a lot of the residents where these

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2 projects are happening in and so what's the best way 3 to move that along.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Let me pass it to Rebecca.

REBECCA ZACK: So council woman are you talking about a DDC Capital project that was being implemented?

LINDA LEE: I'm not sure where the funding pass through is going through whether its DDC, DEC or a different agency or if its but I know that it's, it's sewage utility line fix which has been happening in a few places along Jamaica Avenue as well as some of the major thoroughfares and we reached out to both DEP as well as DOT and it doesn't seem like there's a clear understanding of who's responsible, so, in cases like how do we resolve in moving that forward?

REBECCA ZACK: It sounds like that is

DEP's Capital Construction Project. My guess is, and
we can ta-, I'd be happy to talk to you after this
hearing.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Okay.

REBECCA ZACK: Maybe you should reach out directly to DEPs intergovernmental and find out if

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this in fact a DEC managed Capital Project and if it is then I would contact and then maybe you should have a conversation with DEC about the specifics of that Capital Project.

LINDA LEE: Okay great. Thank you.

REBECCA ZACK: You're welcome.

that point with any colleague, Council Member, you know, one of the directions that we got from Mayor Adams' Administration is about when there's any particular issue it doesn't matter which agency. We are responsible to be sure that people they don't go around but we are committed to be the direct connection so it doesn't matter as you hear from Rebecca, you will hear from her and we are committed to be sure that even though it could be a DEP project, we at DOT we respond with you to be sure that we address that concern of the constituents.

because I'm like I can't be the only council member having issues or since, I just wanted to bring up this question in case some of my other colleagues were having the same concerns as well so thank you.

25 | I appreciate that.

2 JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

3 COUNSEL: Thank you Council Member. We will now hear

4 from Council Member Ariola, followed by Council

5 Member Restler, followed by Council Member Farias.

6 Council Member Ariola.

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SGT. LUGO: Starting time

JOANN ARIOLA: Good afternoon everyone.

Thank you Chairwoman Brooks-Powers, thank you to the committee council and staff and Commissioner

Rodriguez and his team. Many of the questions that I had were asked by my esteemed colleagues and I thank you for those questions and the answers that were given. So, I'd like to focus on a couple of things that are happening in the southern more portions of my district, I represent district 32 which encompasses you known from Park Lane South all the way through to the Rockaway Peninsula taking in the communities or portions thereof. I want to talk about the community meetings that the DOT has had

prior to your tenure as the Commissioner and I want

to see if we couldn't improve on that. Often times

groups are a very inopportune times and locations for

residents to attend. So often times you are getting

the committee meetings for the DOT and the focus

people from the community board, Council Members, 2 3 Council Member staff but we're not getting residents 4 to come because it's at inopportune times and difficult places to get to, especially in transit deserts and that is a real, a real message from all 6 7 of the Council Members on this call, I'm hearing 8 transit desert a lot so that's something that I think you should really look at times and locations for those focus group when looking to change some means 10 11 of transportation. In my particular district the 211 is the only bus that one portion of the district can 12 13 use to get from old Harrod Beach to Queens Boulevard where they can get the E train and the F train and 14 15 all the different other means of transportation. 16 ask for an expansion of that bus into New Howard at 17 these focus group meetings, instead the actual bus 18 line was decreased and the times will be decreased 19 and they will only take people from Old Harrod Beach 20 to Rockaway Boulevard where they can then transfer 21 and that kind of is something that would hinder their 2.2 timeframe when they are trying to get to work. 2.3 Additionally the 253 which runs all the way from Elmhurst to the Rockaway Peninsula and is a main line 24 25 used for people getting to work or from the Peninsula

to the northern portion of Queens and vice versa is
at a point of being looked at to be eliminated. So
I'd like to know what your answers are to why the 11
was decreased and there is talk about eliminating
such a vital line as the 253? Further, we were
talking about Federal dollars earlier and I just
wondered if we receive federal dollars, if we get
federal dollars would they be used to add additional
express bus service to the Rockaway Peninsula to
Manhattan as well as continuing the rebate for the
Rockaway Ferry and perhaps expanding the stops
throughout Brooklyn and Manhattan because our
district as well is not included in the MTA and the
state's inter-borough project so we have to think
more creatively as to how our constituents are
getting to and from work especially when we want to
give alternative means of transportation and use less
cars to get from point A to point B.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Yeah. First of all with the first of the question, Council Member Ariola. I agree with you we always give the best venue and time and place where community meetings take place. I'm more than happy to follow with you when it comes to any future DOT community meetings so

that we can begin to identify the best place that
will attract and will make it more easy for the
constituents to participate. So you have my word on
that. The other questions are more related to MTA
because we do build the bus lane, the infrastructure,
that the MTA is the one that made the decision when
it comes to how many buses, where the buses will be
going through when they cut in services; however,
with the good relationship that we have between the
Mayor and the Governor and a better relationship with
the MTA we also can bring that concern to the MTA and
as we come to the federal funding we know that they
are doing the application but we know that it is
their commitment of this administration led by Mayor
Adams to make sure that we came make all New Yorkers
today have buses and trains, micro-mobility from a
bike services to a scooter so let's follow the
conversation with DOT and to see how we can also be
helpful to bring those concerns to the MTA, so

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you Council Member. We will now hear

from Council Member Restler followed by Council

25 Member Farias. Council Member Restler.

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2 SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

LINCOLN RESTLER: Thank you so much. me first say that it is great to be here for Chair Brooks-Powers first hearing and I can't, I think we got very lucky to have you chairing this committee and I really appreciate your leadership and I appreciate your focus on transit equity and I want to thank Commissioner Rodriguez who I know, you know, from so many years of great advocacy leading this very Committee cares deeply about these issues and I want to thank you for really comprehensive testimony and thank the whole DOT team. You know, I, I do, I'm very fortunate in the 33rd. I think we've got two dozen train stations that are in our district. It's a far cry from some of my colleagues. Council Member Narcisse, earlier, has zero and for folks out in Southeast Queens that are in transit deserts and other areas the investment of DOT is critically important but we also have many equity issues in our community as well from buses, you know, where they inch along in our communities and really eager to see in partnership with the MTA aggressive enforcement of cameras on each and every bus in New York City, transit signal prioritization and more and more and

more dedicated busways implemented across the City of
New York. Similarly, City Bike. We have great City
Bike access in much of our district but in areas like
Northern Green Point and Eastern Green Point that are
furthest from the subways we also have the fewest
City Bike Stations and so we want to think about
equity in that regard as well. But, you know, the
most important thing I think that I really want to
ask about is the friendliest of question which is we
want to see the streets plan implemented as quickly
as humanly possible and we want to make sure that you
have the support that you know. What can we do from
the Council side to help make sure the DOT is able to
implement, you know, the master plan, the streets
plan as quickly as possible and how can we stay in
constant communication with you all to make sure that
we're hitting our targets and making it happen?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Well first of all it's an honor to be working in this role where you want to see Council Members and what I add as a Commissioner we both know that we have a history of been working together when you helped the Dominican Study Institute in the past before, you know, before joining the de Blasio administration so we both know

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that we are not progressive by word that we are progressive by completing and by action and we both know that our commitment to address equity is something that will be doing during the time that we will be serving. This is another legacy that we want to leave for the future generation and the Free Master Plan will help us to bring the City of New York where we should be. So, I will pass it to Eric to get into the details. We feel that the, we got a good plan of how to implement it but no doubt that again we had again limited resources, you know, from your previous experience that continue supporting all the funding that we need for this plan is going to be very important.

never turn down funding but as much as that, I don't, a place that you and your colleagues need. Just providing that leadership in you district. That we've done a lot of work. We have what we think is a very good plan but as the rubber meets the road and we look at individual corridors and intersections and places where we need to make this change, I think the more we can engage with the community and the more we can do it quickly that helps us move projects along

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You know, I think we know that it's always a faster. challenge to show up on inevitably what is one of the busier and most important streets in a district and say, you know, we're from the government downtown and we know exactly what's best for this street. You know, it's not that we don't come with knowledge and ideas but we know that you represent local knowledge as well. That's where we can put that together and the more you can show leadership in helping people understand why some of these changes are very important for street safety or for faster bus speeds or for any of the other things that we want to bring to this tree, I think that you can help us speak to Committee in a way that's most meaningful to everyone.

and I'm committed to doing just that. I've already given DOT a full list of streets where we need protected bike lanes, where we need better bus service, where we should have DRT and I've identified the pitch points that are really the challenges in our network of protected bike lanes that make it so dangerous, employing tragically one of those pitch points where we suffered a fatality this weekend.

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So, we've given the list, we're happy to help sell the important of these changes for the safety of our communities. But, you know, we're going to hold you all accountable to hit these benchmarks and timelines and so we just to make sure that we're getting updated crisply in '22 that you're getting this work done and so we look for tangible updates as much as we possibly can.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

LINCOLN RESTLER: Thank you.

And we are happy to be accountable so we know that this is a role that the Council has to play and we know that we are on this journey together. We want to turn the City of New York the safest one in the nation and we also know that, you know, we are working on specific deadline in all that we have and so we're doing the best that we can, you know, we can respond to all the need that we have and more than happy to meet with you all and the rest of the, the Chairman and the Speaker and the rest of the 51 Council Members as partners in this big goal.

LINCOLN RESTLER: I really appreciate that. I, you know, I hope that the detailed list

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that we've provided to the borough office really area being incorporated because we know our districts best and we know how to make them safe. We know what safety improvements are most urgently needed and it's our constituents who are out there who's lives are at a risk and so we, we're fully. I mean I'm fully here as a partner. I know that many of the members of this Committee and Council are but and we look forward to, you know, that openness to accountability Commissioner because there is no time to waste.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you Council Member. We will now hear

from Council Member Farias. Council Member Farias.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

AMANDA FARIAS: I'm excited to be here at the hearing talking about this stuff. My District particularly is a transit desert as many of my colleagues have expressed about their own communities but we are getting some really great new interesting transit options from we will be getting, we are part of phase II of our east border pilot really coming up quickly on us in the spring/summer but my district doesn't have any current safety infrastructure in

2 place to protect our residents that would like to 3 utilize that buddy. Getting to Metro North without, 4 you know, my community having any multi-modal hubs, it's a grave concern for me to not be able to 5 effectively move people throughout my community to 6 7 utilize all of these transit options that we're 8 putting together. Especially soon City Bike expansion is not on the docket for this administration so I'm really looking, you know, for 10 11 the projects and all the progress that we've seen on our bus network re-designs. My questions are around 12 13 supported infrastructures. So what are we doing to 14 upgrade our local infrastructure neighborhood by 15 neighborhood block by block to support safe streets 16 for the hub creations? I want my residents to be 17 able to use bikes, I want my residents to safely 18 utilize e-scooters but right now because of the years 19 of not setting up that infrastructure we're coming 20 upon a fast deadline of it being implemented without the safety network here in the district and then to 21 2.2 follow up with that, do we see an expansion of City 2.3 Bike in the near future? And I guess, you know my district is also, you know, two to three generations 24 of household of folks who are using cars and with 25

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prioritizing safe streets, prioritizing safe resurfacing and not having pot holes and craters throughout our communities. So I'd like to hear more about how they are going to citywide look at resurfacing and care to roadways within our communities and I'll stop there to see if we have time for another question.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: So, Council Member it is again a great honor to be working with you. know the leadership that you bring to your district and I know how important it is for you that we commit, you know, your residents to the best mode of transportation. As we would have, you know, to be meeting to the MTA, I'd be more than happy to, you know, to get later in to on into more detail about you know the important thing that you had in your district which is something that I'm doing with many Council Members, one on one conversation listening directly on what is important for you. I feel that, as you know, when it gets to re-surfacing the streets this is one of those items more equitable work that we done, that we are proud is done at DOT but if there is any particular area that again, you know that you've been getting a lot of calls or complaints

from constituents as you can bring to our attention
and we will talk about later on, we, will meet at
MTA. But any Council Members are the voices of
constituents that they represent. Beside the work
that we do re-surfacing if there is any particular
needing area please bring to our attention. When it
comes to the expansion of City Bike, yes, that's our
goal, we want to see that expansion in this district
and not only City Bike, also we want to see the
expansion of the pilot program that we're doing with
scooters. You know me, you know that you know that
fighting for the underserved community is a top
priority for me and as I said before I want to make
the case for all New Yorkers when we approach to
invest underserved community is not only to help
those New Yorkers who live in those areas, if the
underserved communities does good the whole city of
New York will be doing much better so we will work
with the need that you have on expansion of City Bike
or the micro-mobility and also bus lanes and other
transportation needs that you have in your district.

AMANDA FARIAS: Yeah. Thank you for that response, I'm really, I'd love to follow up with any additional stuff and maybe bring you out to the

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district, you know, even just chairing and having some oversight over the Ferry, looking at that expansion and how we move forward and the potentiality of it being under DOT. I'd love to have just an open dialog around that because we want the agency to be fully equipped and have capacity to manage all of these things effectively for our communities. And we also want them implemented well. So, we're looking forward to being a partner.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you Council Member. We will now turn it back to Chair Brooks-Powers for additional questions. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much and thank you to my colleagues for those amazing questions, especially Council Member Ariola who I share the Rockaway Peninsula with recognizing some of the need for having additional transportation resources in light of being on a peninsula. So thank you for highlighting that as well as all the important issues raised by my colleagues. So, I just have a few more questions before we open it up to the public and so as Chair of this committee I want to

make sure that DOT remains consistent in its
maintenance of streets and sidewalks. How many lane
miles did DOT re-surface in 2021 and did it meet the
agency's goal?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Give me one second.

The condition of the lane miles are based on the street rating performed by the street unit and the process is already on the street by another unit with the agency adding additional ability to that so therefore in addition, in that location of resurfacing. The street assessment process includes an audit and cross-checking process to ensure that we get a number so far. Give me one second, the numbers of miles re-surfaced by borough as of 2/25/2022 is 980 miles.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: How does that compare with 2020?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: I don't have that comparison.

ERIC BEATON: I do.

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Give me on second.
23 2020 was 1,092 miles.

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CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: And how did DOT determine where to prioritize resurfacing projects?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Well, as, and I can pass it to Azikiwe who can talk about, you know, how equity is the, how when it comes to re-surfacing is one of the samples that we can share from DOT perspective.

AZIKIWE RICH: Sure so, um, lane mile target is determined by the approved budget in the Fiscal Year. The target distributed by borough is further broken down by community board, by community condition and allocation percentage for each community board. So using our equity estimated analysis the appropriate average income for the percentage for each neighborhood within those community boards, there are about 190 neighborhoods citywide. We calculated the total lane miles for all neighborhoods and the lane miles re-surfaced which included the distribution of programs almost flash indicating equitable programs. As far as issues out there, that's the Coalition for Efficiency of 0.04 pecent.

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CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank

you for that and what is DOTs proposed budget for

street re-surfacing and how does it compare to

previous years?

REBECCA ZACK: We have to follow up with our Budget -- yeah, we may have to follow up with the Budgeting Hearing Chair.

I look forward to a response there. Let's see, I just want to make sure I'm at least asking some of the critical points before we go over to the public. I will say in my district we often have complaints about the cleanliness of our public space and now it isn't just a DOT issue and many city agencies are involved. Do you believe a lack of agency coordination has a barrier to clean up public space and what do you think should be done to address this issue? Should we codify this status quo arrangement between agencies or try something different?

YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Well I can respond, we know that for cleaning the street that we are referring to is basically on the Department of Sanitation. There's a new initiative also is moving on as the Department of Sanitation that we are also,

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we from the DOT we also being able to have an opportunity to bring those areas. We definitely have to be more efficient. We coordinate very closely and work with the New York City Department of Sanitation and always happy you know to talk more on how we can improve it.

REBECCA ZACK: We do have partners but we can talk more also at a hearing about maintenance of four process to and how we contract that out as well too and lower these areas in the City.

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Okay.}$ And . . .

REBECCA ZACK: Higher, higher these areas of the city, sorry I said that wrong.

CHAIRPESON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Okay.

Not a problem and so this wanting to close out my

questions just stress again about the need to really

start to look through the lens of equity across the

City and transit deserts even in Southeast Queens

where we have the need to extend bus lines like the

77 in parts of Springfield Gardens or to be able to

ease some of the economic hardships that we see. So,

in Rockaway, particularly to come of the Peninsula a

lot of residents work in the City from the Peninsula

and to cut down some of the time they drive over the
Cross Bay Bridge which has, you know, a toll, the
toll thankfully is one that has a residency program
and I know it's more of a state issue but as you're
advocating with the state, I know every few years
this comes up but I want to make sure that we're
looking at ways that we are able to alleviate some of
the financial burden on communities that
unfortunately reside in transit deserts as we work to
re-design and re-imagine how our transit system
operates and services communities across the City and
so with that, I ask DOT to stick around. We're going
to pivot to the public and I think it'll be great for
you to hear first-hand what the public has to say as
well. Thank you.

ydanis Rodriguez: Thank you. We're going to be partnering how again to connect all communities to the best mode of transportation, trains, buses, scooters and how to expand bus lanes, bike lanes where the Council is really concerned. We are more than happy to continue working with you.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS:
Absolutely. Let's make the moment. We're at a

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pivotal time right now and there's so much work that
we can really get done.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you Chair and thank you Commissioner and the Department of Transportation. We will now turn to public testimony. I'd like to remind everyone that unlike our typical Council Hearings we will be calling individuals one by one to testify. Each panelist will be given two minutes to speak. Please begin once the Sergeant has started the timer. Council Members who have questions for a particular panelist should use the Zoom Raise Hand Function. And I will call on you after the panelist has completely their testimony. For panelists, once your name is called a member of our staff will unmute you and the Sergeant at Arms will give you the go ahead to begin upon setting the timer. Please wait for the Sergeant to announce that you may begin before delivering your testimony. I would like to now welcome Rev.-, excuse me, Pastor Evan Gray who will be followed by Lisa Daglian who will be followed by David R. Jones. Pastor Evan Gray you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

2	PASTOR EVAN GRAY: Hi. Good afternoon
3	everyone. My question is, regards, in reference to
4	the speed cameras and over saturation of the speed
5	cameras within the Rockaway Peninsula. As you may
6	know or may not know within a seven block radius
7	there's as many as seven speed cameras and from the
8	Cross Bay Bridge to the Bell Parkway there's only two
9	speed cameras. My question is they were intended to
10	be around the schools to be for safety of the passage
11	of our children which I totally agree with. It is
12	not the number of speed cameras that's my issue, my
13	issue the poor placement of the speed cameras.
14	They're everywhere but around the schools, PS 183,
15	there's no speed camera near PS 183, PS 106, there's
16	no speed camera around 106. They're everywhere other
17	than the, than placement around the schools. My next
18	thing that I would like to say if we should place the
19	cameras around the schools, can a portion of those
20	penalties or fines be distributed to the school that
21	it is near to help in their school budget for special
22	projects. I hope that you will be able to give an
23	adequate answer to these questions and concerns.
24	Thank you.

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2 JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you Pastor Gray. We will now hear from Lisa Daglian followed by David R. Jones followed by Elky Weiss. Lisa Daglian you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

LISA DAGLIAN: All right. Good afternoon. I'm Lisa Daglian, I'm the Executive Director of the Permanent Citizen Advisory Committee to the MTA or PCAC created by the State Legislature PCAC is MTAs official in house rider advocacy organization. Thank you very much for holding this oversight hearing today. February 4th was Transit Equity Day but really shouldn't every day be Transit Equity Day? Mass transit drives a more equitable City but we've not quite gotten where we need to do. Transit is essential for a regions recovery and our City's recovery. We make City safe, reliable, affordable and accessible. A safe system is one where everyone feels comfortable riding without fear. Not everyone can afford another option. We support the Subway Safety Plan and its holistic approach to getting services to people in need. We'd like to see more funding in the budget for mental health crisis

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response and much needed housing. Affordability is also critical for a more equitable system. applaud your commitment to fair fares and baselining \$75 million a year. We agree more money is needed as is increasing outreach so everyone eligible knows about it. We urge the city to consider changing the eligibility criteria to New York City property level to more accurately reflect the cost of living in New York. The MTAs Fair Pilot Programs of ticket and omni fare tapping were designed to make transit more affordable and we hope to work with you to promote their use and expansion including our Freedom Ticket Proposal that includes free transfers to subways and businesses. Making the system is more reliable is the key to getting people where they need to go when they need to get there and that's really true in subway deserts that we've heard so much about today and for those who rely on busses. We support the City's pledge for 150 miles of new bus lanes and busways by the end of 2025 along with the Streets Planned Commitment. But enforcement is key and the support in Legislation in Albany to allow the City and MTA to place cameras where they're needed.

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MTAs borough bus redesigns are now underway with Queens up next.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

LISA DAGLIAN: And urge you all to do so as well. Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from David R. Jones followed by Elky Weiss, followed by Wendy Feliciano. David R. Jones you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time

DAVID R. JONES: Hi. I'm David Jones.

I'm President of the Community Service Society and a member of the MTA board. CSS is 175 year old institution when fights for the working poor. I'm here today to talk about Fair Fares Program which we spearheaded the fight for along with the Riders Alliance and many other people. Reaching about 270,000 people. We have some real concerns, however, that that's only a fraction of the numbers of people who should be reached. We estimate a minimum of 700,000 people should be signing up. In that vein, we have some recommendations for the Council. We found that many people, particularly in the outer

boroughs didn't even know about the program, so
developing an aggressive outreach and awareness
campaign has to be pushed among many things.
Streamlining the process for how you sign up is
another. Improving what's going in terms of this
program and expanding eligibility to those with
incomes below 200 percent rather than the current
number in which fits the poverty line which is the
same for New York City as Mississippi. And finally
more money will be needed to spend on Fair Fares
because if it does start to hit the target we're
talking about and it is expanded to a wider group of
people who are out of poverty, the amount's put in
and we applaud the Council and the Mayor for doing
so, will not be sufficient to deal with the expansion
of people who rightfully need this time to help get
to work, to school, to medical appointments and to
bring about a more equitable City. Thank you for the
opportunity to present, I've also submitted my
testimony.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: We will now hear from Elky Weiss followed

by Wendy Feliciano followed by Danna Dennis. Elky

Weiss, you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

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2 SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

ELKY WEISS: Hi, my name is Elky Weiss and 30 days ago today I sadly became a member of Families for Safe Streets. My grandfather, Jack McLindstrom was killed last month as a driver of an SUV in a known dangerous intersection close to his home in South Brooklyn. I'm still coming to grips that my grandfather will never see me get married. He will never again celebrate his favorite holidays and he will never listen to me and make me feel heard in a way that no one could, to love me unconditionally. I miss his voice and his advice. That dreadful Saturday my grandfather was using his wheelchair and was on his way to synagogue to lead prayers. He was a devoted servant of his community and the next day he was excited to celebrate his great-granddaughter's bar mitzvah. My grandfather loved to travel. He loved his wheelchair. He loved to stroll around the neighborhood with his friends. The neighborhood is full of seniors like my grandfather. They go to enjoy the sea and boulevards and each other. To think that my grandfather could survive the terrors of the holocaust and not be able to safely cross a New York City street is something

2 we will never forget. It terrifies me to think that 3 that's what killed him. He was even wearing a 4 reflective vest. While losing him was traumatic it's the terrible preventable manner of his death that has us wheeling. I think about Yvela Lindenblack my 6 7 grandfather's dearest friend, a fellow Holocaust 8 survivor who experienced the unthinkable and then had to watch his best friend die in front of him on a dangerous New York Street at the hands of an SUV 10 11 driver. My grandfather was loved and he loved so 12 many. Despite being 99, he was independent and happy 13 and enjoying every day. He could have lived many 14 more years, one more day would be precious. I ask 15 you to remember my niece who's bar mitzvah will 16 always be tied to the death of her beloved great-17 grandfather. Remember my mother who had to endure 18 getting the phone call no one should receive. 19 Remember his friends and his neighbors, remember 20 every event that he will miss and remember how much 21 we will miss him. Most importantly please remember 2.2 the power is in your hands. We aren't asking you to 2.3 split the seat but to think of the seniors of the children of the families in every neighborhood to 24 25 take action to make sure our streets are safe for

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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everyone. We know it doesn't have to be this way. 2 3 beg you to think of my grandfather and your own 4 grandfather.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS:

Please finish. Please continue.

ELKY WEISS: And to do everything in your power to get Vision Zero back on track and without delay. We can't lose one more. I don't want one little girl to have to go to her bar mitzvah and know that her grandparents couldn't be there because they were burying her great-grandfather and I don't want one more holocaust survivor in his final days have to bury a friend to died in front of him.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: want to just take a moment to express on behalf of myself and my colleagues and the New York City Council, my deepest condolences to you and your family.

> ELKY WEISS: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SELVANA BROOKS-POWERS: was a terrible crash that should never have happened. In my District we also lost a 10 year old girl as well, Devinar to a car crash not long, around the

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same time actually and I note that as Chair of the Transportation Infrastructure Committee that I am fully committed to making sure that the partnership with the appropriate agencies that we will make sure we have the proper investments and have safer streets and thank you so much for thinking enough of this conversation to put your grief out in the public to advocate for such an important issue.

ELKY WEISS: Thank you on behalf of my family for your kind words. I truly, I truly know that the issue touches you just as strongly and you mentioned that you are looking for women and minorities. My grandfather was someone who was very interested in the plight of those who didn't have having lost so much in the holocaust and this is an economic issue. You know, my grandfather thankfully had enough to have his electric wheelchair but my big fear is for people with baby carriages, 10 year old kids, you know, the people who have the least are the ones most affected by this. So thank you for fighting for people like that, my grandfather, I wish he could thank you for him, for himself but I will do it for him.

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2 CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank
3 you so much.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. Chair,

Council Member Farias has her hand raised.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS:
Please recognize her.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Council Member Farias.

AMANDA FARIAS: Thank you so much Chair Brooks-Powers and thank you for sharing your story. I really, what I would like to know and I see Commissioner Rodriguez is still here, I'd like to see the, if the Committee could see the data on how many complaints were in that intersection? I feel like most of us and I don't want to speak on behalf of all my colleagues we consistently say we need a proactive government and our communities we know our communities best, our neighbors are telling us when they, you know, have issues in certain intersections or need other safety measures and unfortunately time and time we end up having to respond to an intersection that's in need or a roadway that's in need after a tragedy so I'd love to see any of those

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data statistics on that area and see where we are with it now as well but I just wanted to echo the sentiments of Chair Brooks-Powers and say thank you for sharing that story.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you Council Member. We will now turn to testimony by Wendy Feliciano followed by Danna

Dennis followed by Betsy Plum. Wendy Feliciano you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

WENDY FELICIANO: My name is Wendy

Feliciano and I recently became a member of Families

for Safe Streets. March 4th marked the one month

anniversary of my baby sister's sudden and gruesome

passing after being hit by a school bus driver while

she was riding her E-bike in Brownsville Brooklyn.

Her name is April Demani Rei. She was two month and

12 days shy of her 33rd birthday. April's daughter

had just celebrated her 16th birthday one week before

the crash. She had two nephews and a niece, my

children that she helped to raise like her own. She

has an ailing mother for whom April is the second

child gone too soon. She had more friends than I can

count and was loved by them all. My sister was young

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but she had what we called an old soul. She wanted to change the world and she wanted to leave as small a footprint on this earth as possible. It's just one reason why she bought her E-bike. She felt more people should ride bikes to avoid hurting the environment. She wanted to buy and build a farm and build a community around it. She thought she could teach better, people a better, happier way to live. She wanted this for the world not just her family. She was also an organ donor and when she passed anything that could save or change a life was given including her eyes. Even in death she wanted to help others. She also rode to save money and stay away from COVID. Her goal was to have another part-time job doing deliveries to make enough money to get us out of here. There is no way to look at this and find the silver lining. My sister died face down in a gutter on a cold rainy day in Brownsville, Brooklyn and she deserved better. Brownsville deserves better. Every neighborhood in our City deserves better. That's why I'm here today. If I can help get safe streets, infrastructure including protected bike lanes in our poor neighborhoods where people are less likely or able to own a car and it can safe a

life and it can bring meaning to her tragic death and
take her one step closer to her dream to help people.
My sister was loved and liked and she loved life and
had big plans that will never see realized. She was
a morning person in our house that would give us the
pep to get up and go. The mornings are bleak and
quiet and her room sits empty. Her daughter has
chosen to live with her grandmothers because our
walls shout my sister's absence. The rooms echo the
silence. We've lost two people in a way and the ache
is too much for words. We were not ready. We were
not prepared. This was never in the game plan. My
sister was supposed to bury me. Don't let her death
be nothing but a number. Don't let any other family
know our pain. Please, I know we have the solutions
to prevent deaths like my sisters. We need these
solutions without delay and we need them in all of
our neighborhoods. Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Danna Dennis followed by Betsy Plum followed by Daniel Harris. Danna Dennis you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

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2 DANNA DENNIS: Good afternoon everyone. 3 My name is Danna Dennis. I'm a Senior Organizer at 4 the Rider's Alliance. We organize thousands of transit riders from all across New York City. 5 helped them to site for a more reliable accessible 6 7 and then of course affordable transit system which is 8 what I'm going to talk a little bit about today. before I became an organizer which is about four years ago, going on five, I spent three years as a 10 11 volunteer rider with the Rider's Alliance. At that 12 time, you know, there were many different campaigns 13 we worked on but one campaign in particular captured 14 my heart because it directly impacted my community 15 which at that time was Crown Heights Brooklyn and that was Fair Fares. At that point I was working 16 17 full time. I was doing one of the hardest jobs on 18 earth which is being a home health aide. I was only 19 making \$10 an hour. Many weeks you know I would do 20 overtime cases or I would take live in cases which 21 would allow me to stay with my client for days at a 2.2 time just because I did not have enough money to put 2.3 on my Metro card to go back and forth round trip each day or do a 5-day commute throughout the week and 24

just to be clear if you don't know this about Home

2 Health Aides when you take a live in case and you do 3 a 24 hour day you only get paid for 12 of those 4 hours. So even though I was there 24 hours I was not getting paid for a full day and imagine that at only \$10 an hour. So I just want to give a shout out to 6 7 all of the caregivers out there, in particularly 8 those that, you know that C.M. Louis was speaking about earlier. I remember days where I had to stand at Utica Station and beg for swipes, right, and I'm 10 11 going to work. I had to negotiate with bus drivers. 12 A lot of time on the same B46 that we were just 13 discussing or the B45, that's my neighborhood and it 14 was a humbling experience. It's embarrassing for 15 poor folks to have to beg. It's not easy to ask 16 someone to swipe you in so when you see someone 17 trying to make contact if you have it, or you have an 18 extra fare please swipe that person in. Um, but, 19 yeah, like I said I needed to get to work and it was 20 a tr-, it was literally times where I had to like 21 choose, am I going to get lunch today or am I going 2.2 to put money on my car. Am I going to, you know, I 2.3 had days because I'm a type II diabetic where I went without my medicine which is metformin. I couldn't 24 25 buy my pills that week because I had to put \$20 on my

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card and mind you again, like I said, I was working.

So, I just wanted to get to the plan.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

DANNA DENNIS: Sorry, that I didn't get to say the last part but you know if I can just very quickly ask the Council, Mayor Adams and everyone else on this call to make a formal commitment to outreach. It's a shame that Fair Fares is out there and if people need it they are sacrificing to get their Metro Card and they don't know about it. We just want to say get to your residents, get to whoever is in your district, knock on doors, see those NYCHA residents if you can. Just like CSS, STAG there is projected numbers beyond what we're talking about. So, we're at 260,000, we're looking at almost 700,000 people that need the program. Let's do something aggressive to fill in that gap. Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now here from Betsy Plum followed by Daniel Harris followed by Sara Lind. Betsy Plum you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

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2 BETSY PLUM: Good afternoon. My name is 3 Betsy Plum I'm Executive Director of the Rider's 4 Alliance. Equity is at the heart of our organizational mission. I want underscore everything 5 my colleague Danna just shared. You will also be 6 7 hearing from a number of our member leaders during 8 today's hearing. I'm going to dive right in and would like to use my short time with you to speak about buses and the tremendous opportunity we have on 10 11 our streets right now. Members of this committee 12 represent neighborhoods that have long been transit 13 deserts overlooked by planners and policy makers, Laurelton, St. Albans, Canarsie, Sound View, that's 14 15 not fair, it isn't just and it certainly is not 16 equitable but something wonderful about our public 17 transit system in this City is that we have more 18 solutions than just building new subways, projects 19 that cost billions of dollars and take decades at 20 best. We have the bus, a subway on our streets 21 carrying millions of riders every single day. These 2.2 are the riders that Rider's Alliance works to support 2.3 and organize. A home attendant in Southeast Queens who regularly waits 20 minutes for the Q12 only for 24

it to be too crowded to board. An airport worker who

takes four buses every day to travel from the Bronx
to JFK, a St. Albans student who goes to Brooklyn
Tech and constantly struggles not to be late to class
due to slow buses. The bus connects New York but it
can do so much more, especially if this Council steps
up. Streets have been too inequitable for too long
and that equity forces our buses to be the slowest in
the nation and our bus riders to be stuck in traffic
more often than not. Streets need to change and our
ways of thinking about streets needs to change.
Equity requires it and our city will be better for
it. The good news is the law is on our side, the
Streets Plan requires 150 new miles of bus
improvement projects in five years. The Mayor has
promised to do it in four. We are looking to this
Council to help the administration deliver on that
ambition plan. With adequate funding we can make it
so that everyone in this City using our streets, a
tremendous public asset can have comparable,
equitable access robustly investing in buses is
common sense when it comes

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

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BETSY PLUM: . . . to examining equity,
Rider's Alliance is here to help. Our members are
here to help. Thank you so much.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Daniel Harris followed by Sara Lind followed by Jose DeJesus.

Daniel Harris. You may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

DANIEL HARRIS: Good afternoon to the honorable Counsel. Thank you for the opportunity to speak. My name is Daniel Harris, I'm the Executive Director of Transportation Alternatives and Families for Safe Streets and I'm sorry that I've already the opportunity to meet many of you as vigils have played out in your neighborhoods. I would ask and request that we continue to meet each other at ground breakings in years ahead and you have our firm commitment from Transportation Alternatives and Families for Safe Streets to help make that happen. I stand to ask for your support for three things. The first is as this Council had done is to help advance the New York City Street's Plan. This is monumental program that will help to deliver so many

2 of the things that you have asked for address transit deserts to help to bring non-improvements across the 3 city. The second thing I ask for your support on is 4 New York City 25 by 25. This is bold plan that many of us on this call have pushed forward to help 6 7 repurpose our streets and give them back to people and the third that I ask for your support because 8 unfortunately we will continue to have to meet with grieving families who will come to you unfortunately 10 11 after a crash has happened. As Executive Director I 12 have stood at vigil after vigil and what each family 13 tells me is exactly what you heard today. All of you have the power with our support to help turn that 14 15 trend and taking our streets back to people. With 25 16 by 25 we can do remarkable things with just a 17 fraction of our street space. We can ensure that 18 kids can get to school safely, that buses can speed up, that we can get the open space that we need and 19 20 yes to even those who do have to drive to make their 21 situation better because right now nobody is thriving 2.2 in New York. It doesn't matter where you live and 2.3 the conditions are even worse if you are a child, if you are an older adult, if your black or brown, if 24 you're in the low income community if you have 25

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limited ability. I promise you that New York City
has the solutions because I have seen them first
hand. We don't need to take you to any other city
but the incredible city of New York. What we need is
your support with DOT to help to scale what we
already have and bring it to every corner of the
City. No more New Yorkers should have to fear death
or serious injury when simply crossing the street or
standing on the sidewalk to catch a bus.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

DANIEL HARRIS: We need your support and we're here to provide it. Thank you so much for your leadership on behalf of our organization we look forward to the work to come.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: I'm sorry, Mr. Harris. I just missed the third one. I was jotting down. If you could just let me know.

DANIEL HARRIS: Thank you. We welcome your support because you're going not hear a lot of loud voices and we ask that you listen to all of them and that you also consider that what we're simply asking for is how we can provide the street safety tools that will inconvenience some especially given that the minority of New Yorkers do drive by

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ultimately bringing better conditions for all New
Yorkers over time. We know that the things that
we're asking for some of them can be immediate, some
of them will take time but when you're listening to
the voices is that we start with the most vulnerable
and those again who can't walk across the street
without fearing death or serious injury, those who
are stuck on buses and many of those people are not
standing up to yell as loudly in community board
meetings and they are incredibly important as you all
know.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

DANIEL HARRIS: Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Sara Lind followed by Jose DeJesus followed by M.J. Okma. Sara Lind you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

SARA LIND: Hi. Thank you. It a privilege to being in this hearing. My name is Sara Lind and I'm the Director of Policy at Open Plans, a non-profit dedicated to Livable Streets. You've

2 heard a lot today about inequitable access to 3 transportation options which is a very real issue 4 that we must address but I want to focus my testimony on the equitable effects of car dependency which are 5 just as pronounced and harmful. Car dependency 6 7 causes congestion which has disastrous effects including loss of time, reduced productivity, higher 8 9 emissions, noise pollution, traffic precautions, climate impacts, health impacts and much more. And 10 11 these negative impacts affect all New Yorkers even 12 and often especially those who do not own cars, who 13 are just proportionately low income people and people of color. Furthermore, it is important to note that 14 15 the ownership and maintenance of a private vehicle is incredibly expenses, often pushing low income 16 17 families who have no choice but to own a car into 18 debt. Reducing car dependency will help families get out from under that burden. But the fact is that 19 20 most low-income New Yorkers do not own cars and even 21 those that do often do not use those cars to commute 2.2 to work. Prioritizing free parking in vehicle lanes 2.3 for few New Yorkers who drive hurts the vast majority of New Yorkers who do not drive and incentivizing 24 parking and driving for people who could take public 25

transportation but choose not to is actively harmful
to those few people who really do need to drive. I
will share more detailed proposals in my written
testimony but I wanted to highlight three things that
the City can do right now. First, prioritize road
space for protected bus lanes and bike lanes to get
more people out of cars and into sustainable
transportation. Second, the City itself is a large
employer and currently many municipal employees drive
to work. The City should encourage municipal
employees to use sustainable transportation by giving
them Metro Cards and City Bike memberships
eliminating or severely reducing the number of
parking placards and managing trip to manned
reduction by placing employees like teachers, fire
fighters and police officers in jobs near their
homes. Finally, current traffic engineering
standards prioritize the number and speed of vehicles
traveling on streets. The City should make safety a
higher priority than vehicular level of service and
street

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

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SARA LIND: . . . level of service to focus on safety and the number of people moved.

Thank you and we look forward to working with you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Jose DeJesus followed by MJ Okma followed by Christine Berthet. Jose DeJesus you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

JOSE DEJESUS: Good afternoon. Thank you Chair-, Chairwoman Brooks-Powers for the opportunity for an opportunity to testify before Transportation Equity. I'm Jose DeJesus, President of Business Agent for local B279. I testify also on behalf of my little brother, Mark Henry, Legislative Conference Board and President Business Agent of 1056. members operate and maintain New York City Transit Buses, routes to serving primary Queens and Staten Island residents with routes extending to the Bronx, Brooklyn and Manhattan. ATU 1056 represents drivers of the annex who work for New York City Transit, Queens Division with depots in Flushing, Jamaica and Queens Village. B279 represents bus operators to supervisors who work in Far Rockaway and JP depots

out of the MTA bus division. Our members primarily
provide the best transit option in transit desert
areas of Queens. We also, the transit option is
doing periodic subway service shutdowns that allow
repairs. This demonstrates how buses matter both as
a practical and flexible transportation mode. Buses
offer a cost effective means to expand public
transportation options including sensible bus rapid
transit where none or insufficient modes exist. This
allows policy makers to deliver transit improvements
early and most cost effective. The focus of our
testimony is that the transit in Queens has a mass
transit profession for use of public transit in this
City where members of ATU locals request the city and
state offer unique and valuable insight. ATU locals
have always empathized and smally invested in public
transit keys growth in the economy, explore
neighborhoods, mobility and job assistant creation.
In Queens we also have a clear understanding on the
need of assigned priority to enhance bus service.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

JOSE DEJESUS: Our recommendation and improve service. I have a lot more but I guess time doesn't allow me. So, Mark Henry and I are here for

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you for your, any questions or any concerns that we can answer.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: $H \cap W$ much, I mean how much longer is it? We do have a lot of testimony. But if you're covering both testimonies we can probably provide an additional minute to minute and a half.

JOSE DEJESUS: Well you have written testimony before, you know, given to you already so, we will just leave it at that.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS:

JOSE DEJESUS: Thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: All right thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE COUNSEL: And thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from MJ Okma followed by Christine Berthet followed by Cynthia Kozikowski. MJ Okma you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

MJ OKMA: Hi. Good afternoon my name is MJ Okma, with SAVES, the country's first and largest organization that is committed to improving the rise of LGBTQ+ older people. We provide social services

2 and community building programs through our network 3 of six older adult centers across the City. 4 here today to discuss barriers LGBTQ+ older New Yorkers have to safe and accessible transportation 5 options and call attention to the pattern of 6 7 harassment and discrimination faced by transgender 8 elders on public transportation. This is a dynamic that all transgender New Yorkers are confronted with and it disproportionately impacts transgender women 10 11 of color. It pushes many into financial instability 12 and prevents access to employment, community and 13 services. The transgender and gender nonconforming 14 elders SAVE works with have horroring stories to tell 15 about their recent experiences. I'm going to recall 16 some of those now if anyone needs to step away. One 17 spoke to me about being threatened with a box cutter, 18 verbally harassed and violently pushed off the 19 Another told me a story about how she was subway. 20 going to work when she was sexually harassed by a man 21 who kept locking eyes with her and using subjective 2.2 gestures. She couldn't take it any more and got off 2.3 the train early and he followed her. She weaved in and out of the crowds of Atlantic Avenue until she 24 25 was able to shake him. She was 63 at the time and

2	the experience pushed her into her retirement because
3	she no longer felt that she could safely commute to
4	work. I want to stress that these are not unique or
5	isolated cases. One step that the City and City
6	Council can take to help address this is by funding
7	TRANSLAD and LGBTQ+ organizations providing
8	transportation assistance to transgender New Yorkers.
9	In the current budget remember items under the
10	Support of Seniors Initiative to help adjust the
11	speed. At SAGE we are able to provide transportation
12	assistance with a trusted cab service, there was a
13	clear spike in participation from transgender elders.
14	One other thing I have left to tell is ride delays
15	are also deeply impacting LGBTQ+ older new Yorkers.
16	Staff at the SAGE Center Bronx have reported that
17	they need to stay up as many as two or three times a
18	week because of excessive ride delays and it deeply
19	impacts the frequency that elders can participate in
20	our vital program and services. I want to thank you
21	so much Chair Brooks-Powers for holding this
22	important hearing and providing me this opportunity
23	to testify.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now

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hear from Christine Berthet followed by Cynthia
Kozikowski followed by Eric McClure. Christine
Berthet you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

CHRISTINE BERTHET: Thank you. you Chair for this hearing. My name is Christine Berthet, I'm the co-founder of Check Beds which I advocate for better street safety and rides in New York City. We applaud your focus on equitable transportation in New York City. So the first question which has been addressed to date it, you know, how to make streets safer for underserved communities and last year I did a number of analysis and in terms of traffic safety the numbers give us a start reminder of the inequalities of black, Latino and Asian populations suffer every day. If you are raising a family in a community where more than 75 percent of the population is black or brown the risk that your children would be injured in a car crash is twice as high as in other communities. And in the last four years traffic crash injuries in communities of color have increased at the rate of seven fold faster than whiter community. These were based on data on four years and ending in 2021. So the other

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question, how is the City prioritizing Vision Zero
Project. We need a clear prioritization on the work
based on worse case numbers city wide. We have a
software called crash mapper that all the community,
the Council Member can look at and then we will see
what are the most dangerous intersection in their
district? We have a high expectation of Commissioner
Rodriguez who is very familiar with that issue. And
the second issue is why is the City penny pinching on
saving people's lives? Why are the engineers still
prioritizing flow over using more time to get us
trans and for protection to better trans. We want to
ensure that the DOT installs the safest features at
each street of intersection to protect users.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

CHRISTINE BERTHET: Oh my God. All right. I'll send my wr-, let me just say one sentence. I think we cannot deliver equity on the street without focusing on the pedestrian, 66 percent of whom are non-white and I will send my testimony about that. Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Cynthia Kozikowski followed by Eric McClure

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followed by Jackson Chabot. Cynthia Kozikowski you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Cynthia, please wait to be unmuted.

CYNTHIA KOZIKOWSKI: Okay.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

9 | COUNSEL: You may begin.

CYNTHIA KOZIKOWSKI: Sorry about that.

Okay. Thank you for the opportunity to speak today.

My name is Cynthia Kozikowski and I joined the

Rider's Alliance in order to help in this fight for

reduced fares for all eligible New Yorkers. I'm a

single mom to four kids and I live I the Wakefield

section of the Bronx. I live paycheck to paycheck

and it is a financial hardship to have to buy five

Metro Cards. The Fair Fares Program helped me and my

family greatly with the reduced fare. I'm asking

this new administration to keep this program in the

budget. It is needed for us low income New Yorkers.

I am also asking this new administration to expand

the eligibility criteria with respect to the income.

There are people out there who may be a dollar or two

dollars or three dollars over the income criteria and

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they're excluded. Those people struggle financially too especially during the pandemic and with high inflation. They need the help too. I'm asking this new administration to invest in Fair Fares and help us ramp up our outreach. Lastly, I want to ask Mayor Adams and my City Council Member Kevin Riley what is your Fair Fares Outreach Plan to reach every eligible rider in the Wakefield Community of the Bronx? I thank you for your time and attention in this matter.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Eric McClure followed by Jackson Chabot followed by Carlos Castell Croke. Eric McClure you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

ERIC MCCLURE: Thank you Counsel. Thank you Chair Brooks-Powers. Congratulations on hosting your or holding your first hearing. Thank you Commissioner Rodriguez for staying around to hear from Advocates. My name is Eric McClure I'm the Executive Director of Streets Back. A political action committee and advocacy organization dedicated to making New York City streets safer and its public transit better. This hearing let alone our two

2	minutes of testimony will only begin to scratch the
3	service of the problem of inequity in New York City's
4	Transportation System. It's a crucial topic that
5	requires much more attention and effort but calling
6	attention to it today is a good and welcomed start.
7	New York City is plagued by inequality and that grave
8	imbalance extends from income and housing and
9	education to the city streets. Black and brown New
10	Yorkers and African Americans in low income
11	communities especially are disproportionately
12	victimized by traffic violence. This is due in large
13	part to the City's failure to make equitable and
14	adequate investments in life saving infrastructure in
15	traffic common designs like road dyes, curb
16	extensions, refuge islands and protected bike lanes.
17	Explored in an excellent analysis last month in
18	Streets Blog developed by Reporter Julianne Cuba and
19	How's My Driving creator Brian Howell. The New York
20	City Streets Plan however is a promising step in
21	beginning to address that inequity passed by the last
22	Council and signed in to law by then Mayor de Blasio.
23	The Streets Plan lays out important benchmarks for
24	investment in the City's Transportation Network and
25	infrastructure and it rightly prioritizes that

investment in communities that have been poorly
served in the past. It's incumbent on this committee
and the council and we in the advocacy world to make
certain that City Hall and DOT meet the benchmarks
laid out in the Streets Plan and to insist that it is
fully funded. We must also continue to prioritize
investment in automated enforcement strategies that
remove human bias like speed and red light cameras
and lobby Albany to allow those devices to operate 24
hours a day, seven days a week, year round. We don't
turn off shot spotter overnight or on weekend. We
don't turn off security cameras after hours. Far,
far too many crashes that cause death or injury
happen in places with speed cameras that are not
operating due to curfew. The Council must join with
the Mayor and lobbying Albany for home rule for speed
limits as well as camera systems. Our colleagues and
advocacy have spoken and will speak about buses in
greater detail but we as a City must make better bus
service.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

ERIC MCCLURE: Furthermore, we must also make cycling attractive, affordable and safe for many more New Yorkers. Biking has boomed during the

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pandemic but there is so much more than we can do.
Subsidizing accelerated expansion of City bike to
many more neighborhoods rolled out in tandem with a
robust network of safe, protected bike lanes is a
great place to start. The city's bike share system
is immensely popular but it has yet to reach many New
Yorkers for whom it would be an attractive mobility
option. As the only facet of our transportation
system that doesn't receive public funding it's high
time that we boost the bike share program with
operating subsidies and with the kind of safe bike
lane network that will attract and protect new
cyclist. Let's see if they will come out of the
Council this year that puts that in motion. Thank
you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Jackson Chabot followed by Carlos Castell

Croke followed by Tiffany-Ann Taylor. Jackson Chabot you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

JACKSON CHABOT: Good afternoon. My name is Jackson Chabot and I'm the Director of Public Safe Advocacy at Open Play. I'd like to begin my

2 testimony by presenting efficient transportation corridor. Imaging children and caretakers safely 3 4 walking a student to and from school. People of all ages and abilities biking along to their desired 5 destination. Children screeching with joy. Seniors 6 7 talking together and birds chirping. Now, I'd like 8 to tell you that this already exists and we can have 9 more of it with proper funding and framework for This is 34th Avenue in Jackson Heights 10 management. 11 ran by a fantastic group of volunteers. Despite the 12 huge need and demand most streets in New York City 13 have no local organization or framework that can manage public safety and are therefore totally people 14 15 not people. Open Streets highlights this and they vary across the city. A transportation alternatives 16 17 report found that 84 percent of Open Streets it he 18 Bronx weren't even set up. For example, at the 19 moment, business improvement districts are the 20 primary public safe manager providing care, 21 management and maintenance to some of New York City's 2.2 best public spaces including Open Streets. They have 2.3 the ability to provide this level of service because they have funding, staff and the mandate to manage 24 25 public spaces properly. Furthermore, exacerbated in

this inequity they cover only 2 percent of New Yor	k
City and are primarily concentrated in Mid-town	
Manhattan and below. Outside of these districts,	
public space is less cared for by the city	
particularly in low-income and residential areas.	
Coincidentially, business improvement districts ar	е
also presenting the most ambitious pedestrian safe	ty
plans across the city and this is great. I also w	ant
this to be true in other parts of the City. We ca	11
as open plans on the City to create a framework an	d
property for better coordination, stewardship, for	
public space management. We formally call for an	
Office of Public Safe Management to help achieve s	afe
and equitable streets by providing a framework to	
care for, maintain and coordinate open streets,	
plazas and more.	

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

JACKSON CHABOT: Important public spaces and now is the time to invest in it for the future. Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Carlos Castell Croke followed by Tiffany
Ann Taylor followed by Pedro Valdez Rivera. Carlos

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2 Castell Croke you may begin when the Sergeants calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

CARLOS CASTELL CROKE: Good afternoon. My name is Carlos Castell Croke and I am the Associate for the New York City Programs at the New York League of Conservation Voters. In a densely populated city like New York access to affordable clean transportation is more than economic driver and a hard sought after resource. It's a fundamental right. We know that transportation is the leading source of emissions in the State and in the Nation. Mainly due to personal automobiles and heavy duty vehicles burning fossil fuels. Furthermore, our frequent acceptance of perpetuation of car culture constantly undermines the safety of pedestrians and effectiveness of alternative forms of transportation. We are so glad that this hearing in particular is being held because while we see transportation intrinsically as a climate issue it is also clearly an equity issue. Cars are a major source of air pollution causing respiratory and public health issues. This is the case of New York City's major highways which often run through low income

communities and communities of color. 2 3 communities are also often underserved by alternative 4 transportation options, an infrastructure designed to protect pedestrians and families from cars. In order to equitably improve our transportation system and 6 7 fight climate change, the Council and the City must prioritize the following initiatives. The City must 8 continue its comprehensive approach to re-imagine streets based on implementing the New York City 10 11 Streets Plan and the 25 by 25 Plan. Traffic 12 Enforcement Initiatives such as speed cameras and bus 13 lane enforcement are an integral part of both of these plans. These programs and technologies 14 15 reinforce the use public and micro-mobility options, 16 protect our residents from reckless drivers and put 17 money back into our underfunded transit system. 18 plans also highlight the importance of micro-mobility 19 Through chief progress we need to infrastructure. 20 pass legislation such as Intro 2465 from the previous session and make it easier to build bike lanes. Like 21 lack of safe biking infrastructure is a major barrier 2.2 2.3 to accessing clean transportation alternatives and as we expand bike, e-bike and e-scooter shares we must 24 also build out safe corridors to use them on. 25

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issues are even more prevalent in transportation deserts where cars rule. These underserved communities need safe and reliable alternatives to cars and should not be forced to endure the constant pollution and traffic accident that occur in their neighborhoods.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

CARLOS CASTEEL CROKE: Very briefly, all these pathways forward will improve our city by helping to reduce emissions, increase affordability and prove safety including congestion pricing which I didn't get to mention and we hope the Council will work to fight for these crucial initiatives and plans so that we can have a truly traversable and equitable City.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Tiffany-Ann Taylor, followed by Pedro Valdez-Rivera followed by Lindsey Mayer. Tiffany-Ann Taylor, you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

TIFFANY-ANN TAYLOR: Good afternoon. My name is Tiffany-Ann Taylor and I'm the Vice-President for Transportation for the Regional Plan Association

2 also known as RPA. Equitable transportation planning 3 and infrastructure building must remain a priority 4 for both New York City DOT and the MTA. Transportation deserts, aging infrastructure and 5 underinvestment persists in many neighborhoods. 6 7 pandemic further eliminated these disparities and as 8 a city continues to recover this is a watershed 9 movement to creatively address these challenges. enhance air quality reimagining the BQE, implementing 10 11 congestion pricing and expanding programs like city 12 ride and the New York City Clean Trucks Programs 13 could have an impact. Re-envisioning the BQE cannot reverse the generational harm it has caused to 14 15 surrounding neighborhoods. Congestion pricing will 16 reduce traffic congestion and its negative 17 externalities. Prioritizing historically underserved 18 areas with expanded city bike options and expanding available funding for the replacement of older diesel 19 20 fuel trucks as part of the clean trucks program will 21 further advance the City's goals as set forth in the 2.2 roadmap to 80 by 50. With changing commutes and 2.3 reconfigured streets in response to the pandemic equitable enforcement design is more important than 24 ever for street safety. RPA supports the calls for 25

permanent city authority over speed cameras as they
are proven to reduce serious crashes at
intersections. Other design for accessibility should
be incorporated throughout all of DOTs domain and
MTAs infrastructure. Lastly, in order to ensure
equitable system accessibility, discounted fares go
hand in hand with better bus service. While we're
supportive of the Mayor's continued commitment to
fair fares more funding is necessary to match or
surpass pre-pandemic levels of funding. The City
should also increase promotion about the program as
many who are eligible are not using it. All of the
priorities I've outlined today can be found in DOTs
Streets Plan. This means that the city has a current
blueprint for how transportation enhancement should
more equitably be implemented citywide. We employ
the city and the state to continue working together
to use all the tools at their disposal to prioritize
transportation equity for New Yorkers who need it
most. Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Pedro Valdez-Rivera followed by Lindsey

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2 Mayer followed by Miriam Bensman. Pedro Valdez-3 Rivera you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time. Please, please un-mute yourself Pedro.

Sorry about that. PEDRO VALDEZ-RIVERA: Let me start all over. Good afternoon everyone. My name is Pedro Valdez-Rivera and I'm a volunteer of Transit Applicant with the Rider's Alliance. as I testify about Fair Fares I'm representing all NYC that the struggle day after day to afford their Metro Card. Every resident of NYCHA in Bed-Sty Brooklyn and my family, we all must travel to work, school or back and forth about the week. We do not own a car and mostly commute by bus or train. me, it is usually the B38 bus or the J train. would usually using the Fair Fares. Due to my brother's new job, he was fired at his last job we [audio glitch]. MTA has I a whole, most days it is a struggle just to pay \$1.50 per person just to get around. Fair Fares is a great program that allows my family to save money each month that we were able to put toward rent, food and utilities. Unfortunately many of the people here in NYCHA don't even know the program exists. The city has done a poor job at

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getting the word out. Folks need to know if they
qualify and how they can apply for their benefits.
And also way to use the eligibility to the NYC public
citywide. So more low income New Yorkers families
like mine who are still trying to recover from the
pandemic but may be above the current eligibility to
have access to the help they need. Lastly, I want to
ask Mayor Adams, my city council member

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

PEDRO VALDEZ-RIVERA: . . . what are the [audio glitch] to reach every eligible rider in Bed-Sty Brooklyn? Thank you so much.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony and if

possible if you could submit that in writing as well

the sound went in and out a little bit during your

testimony. We want to make sure we have it all.

Thank you. We will now hear from Linsey Mayer

followed by Miriam Bensman followed by Eman Rimawi
Doster. Lindsey Mayer, you may begin when the

Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

LINDSEY MAYER: Thank you for having me today. Hello. My name is Lindsey Mayer I'm a

Rider's Alliance member and a bus rider in Queens.
As someone that lives in a district with bus service
but a subway I use the Q12 bus to reach the 7 train
in Flushing. Waiting outside the bus can be like
hours during rush hours when northern boulevard has
bumper to bumper traffic sometimes commutes that were
supposed to take one hour end up taking two due to
waiting in traffic. Now is the time to redesign bus
service so that strap hangers can get to their job,
meeting or home in time. We know that bus lane and
bus ways are a sure way to speed up buses. The
Flushing busway for example has increased bus speed
by 14 percent. The Mayor promised 150 miles of bus
lanes and according to the New York City Streets
Plan, you must put in at least 20 lanes this year yet
he hasn't released a plan as to when and where these
bus lanes will be, Council Members, can I count on
you to please make sure the Mayor releases a
comprehensive Streets Plan that will ensure more bus
lanes will be in Queens. Thank you so much.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We will now hear from Mirium Bensmana followed by Eman Rimawi-

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Doster followed by Karen D. Hamilton. Mirium Bensman you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time. Ms. Bensman you have to accept the un-mute request.

MIRIAM BENSMAN: Sorry. Hi. My name is Mirium Bensman. I'm a resident of North Richmond Hill in Queens and a senior advisor to the Queens Link a transit equity project that will actually expand the subway system along an existing city-owned right-of-way. The Queens Link would connect the Rockaway, Broad Channel, Howard B, Chisum Park, Richmond Hill, Woodhaven and Glendale to Regal Park and then along the to Manhattan without going through Brooklyn. These communities are all transit desert or grossly underserves it now takes residents of the Rockaways one to one and a half hours to get to midtown Manhattan on the A train. The Queens link would cut their trip to 45 minutes eliminating 10 stops. The Queens Link would also provide faster routes to schools and hospitals, parks, malls and commercial strips across Queens. It would link communities along the lines to each other and to many other neighborhoods that are now inaccessible except by car and painfully slow buses. The link would use the

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right of way of the old Rockaway Beach line of the

Long Island railroad to extend the M line south from

Regal Park all the way to the Rockaways. It cut out

stops at various points in between connecting

commercial districts and there would be transfers to

the R, J and A line and the air train to JFK. The

City bought the right of way 60 years ago. It's been

unused ever since, a dumping ground for matresses and

cars. Our proposal also includes building up to 33

acres of park and trail spaces alongside, underneath

or above the tracks.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

MIRIAM BENSMAN: The MTA . . . Okay.

Just to drop, the MTA study in 2019 concluded the building, that building this subway extension is feasible but put a crazy high cost estimate on it.

An independent found the estimated would cost half that much using the federal guidelines. We can't afford not to do this. That's it, the rest of it is in the written testimony.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. We would

like to recognize that Council Member Rivera has

joined. We will now hear from Eman Rimawi-Doster

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followed by Karen D. Hamilton, followed by Glen
Bolofsky. Eman Rimawi-Doster you may begin when the
Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

EMAN RIMAWI-DOSTER: Hi. Thank you so much and good afternoon. My name is Eman Rimawi-Doster and I am the Access A Ride coordinator and organizer with the New York lawyers for the public interest. I know I only have two minutes so I'll go as fast as I can and the rest of it I'll submit for testimony for you guys to read later. To sum it up our transportation system remains grossly inequitable especially for New Yorkers with disabilities and for the millions of New Yorkers who can't easily access jobs, education and healthcare because of the lack of affordable, efficient and reliable transportation. We're here to talk to you about that. Access A Ride has a number of chronic issues and I'm an Access A Rider user myself and we urge as a Council to join with riders and engendering strong oversight and advocacy of the broken and dysfunctional paratransit service. We would also invite you to exercise oversight on how prior transit users have been consistently excluded from the MTAs Fare Discount

]	Program. As you know, the state of the subway
ä	accessibility remains dire and the lack of elevators
:	forces many New Yorkers including myself to endure
Ž	Access A Ride, pay for expensive taxi rides or simply
-	just stay home. We must increase the amount of
(elevator installations and set an expedited schedule
:	for installation and finish detectable warning system
(or DWS Installations, gap protections including
:	retractable bridge plates and sliding doors and
	railings, all accessible for use. Also, buses need
1	to be more accessible. Improving accessibility for
]	new bus loading platforms including DWS on all edges
7	would benefit the blind communities. Millions of New
	Yorkers especially in low income communities and
(communities of color are disproportionately exposed
1	to polluted air and we call on the city, the state
ä	and the MTA to make major investments now in electric
7	vehicles, zero emission buses, paratransit vans and
:	school buses while ensuring no less than 40% of them
:	served disadvantaged and other environmental justice
(communities and I'm at

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

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EMAN RIMAWI-DOSTER: . . . and I'm at time so I will submit my testimony for you all to read and if you have any questions please reach out.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: just going to say perfect timing. But thank you so much for that testimony. That is a very important topic for me especially out of southeast Queens. For many years, dating back to when I was a staffer in the Senate, Access A Ride was always a pain point for the community that relied on that mode of transportation and even most recently a constituent of mine indicated she retired during the pandemic because it was just too much of a burden to take Access A Ride to the city where she would be losing at times three hours to get to her job and so these are areas that, you know, we definitely have to focus on and I'm looking to hear from the MTA on their plan and you raised some valid points and I would love to meet with you, to be able to learn more on how I can be able to advocate around that space. So thank you so much for your testimony.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you Chair and thank you for your

testimony. We will now hear from Karen D. Hamilton

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followed by Glen Bolosky followed by Trina

Quagliaroli. Karen Hamilton you may begin when the

Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

KAREN HAMILTON: I'm Karen Hamilton a district 31 Queens resident and member of Riders Alliance and the permanent citizen's advisory committee to the MTA. New York City has a social compact with its residents, an implicit agreement where commuters reduce car dependency in return for safe, reliable, accessible and affordable transit service. The compact is broken and unequitably applied resulting in two transient realities, the transit diverse and the transit limited. Often the community is most reliant on one mode of transit or more racially and ethnically diverse and underserved by reliable service. Several areas of New York City like my neighborhood in Southeast Queens are not directly served by trains, have limited express bus, lack bike infrastructure and more likely to rely on local buses of commuting and after years of long waits, long bus rides, waiting at desolate bus stops without shelter and not being to board crowded buses. Residents in my community are no longer bus

2	dependent. They are relying more on car pools, dial
3	a vans, car services, the Long Island Railroad and
4	personal vehicles. Transit diversity and
5	dependability should not be a function of income and
6	geography and the tail of two transit commuting
7	realities by prioritizing safe streets,
8	infrastructure, expanding Fair Fares, eligibility to
9	support all in financial need and ensuring better
10	buses. Successful transit projects like select bus
11	services and the Jamaica Avenue, Archer Avenue bus
12	ways must be replicated throughout the five boroughs
13	especially in bus reliant areas. Safe, reliable,
14	accessible and affordable transit service is vital to
15	New York City's economic health. Thank you.
16	CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank
17	you so much.
18	JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE
19	COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony. We
20	will now hear from Glen Bolofsky followed by Trina
21	Quagliaroli followed by Erica V. DePiero. Glen
22	Bolofsky you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

GLEN BOLOFSKY: Can you hear me?

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2 JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

3 | COUNSEL: Try speaking again.

GLEN BOLOFSKY: Can you hear me?

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

6 | COUNSEL: It's a big garble.

GLEN BOLOFSKY: All right. Let's try

8 now. How about now?

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

10 | COUNSEL: Still a little garbled.

GLEN BOLOFSKY: [audio glitch] we'll see.

12 | [audio glitch] first I want to thank Honorable

13 | Chairwoman Selvena Brooks-Powers for this important

14 | transportation equity hearing as well as all the

15 | Council Members for attending and Commissioner

16 Rodriguez [audio glitch] and to the DOT and DOF staff

17 as well. I'm here on behalf of the [audio glitch] of

18 \parallel the 504 Democratic Law [audio glitch] areas. We wish

19 | to emphasize that we concur with the Chairwoman and

20 | [audio glitch] and more buses [audio glitch] for our

21 communities. This includes more [audio glitch]

22 | vehicles than non [audio glitch]. Now with DOT we

23 \parallel ask them [audio glitch]. Mayor Adams has initiated

 $24 \parallel [audio glitch]$ to stop the prior administrations

25 practice of robbing communities of [audio glitch] for

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individuals with disabilities and [audio glitch]
buses by ending the New York City Parking Ticket
[audio glitch]. We ask what are the plans [audio
glitch] so that money can be given back to the [audio
glitch]. Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony and if you could please submit that in writing just so that we make sure we receive all of it because of the sound issues. We will now hear from Trina Quagliaroli followed by Erica V. DePiero. Trina Quagliaroli you may begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

for allowing me to speak today. I'm a 20 year resident of Watts Street just outside the entrance to the Holland Tunnel at Canal Street. I'm here to speak to the neglect of overall safety, especially pedestrian safety in the neighborhood streets surrounding the Holland Tunnel, Canal Street entrance. Over the years, pedestrians have performed a daily death defying act of crossing intersections of Canal, Hudson, Greenwich, Watts and Varick Street due to a lack of basic traffic, law enforcement and a

2 common sense plan to manage vehicular traffic. 3 see parents weaving around cars and trucks with 4 babies in strollers, cars driving on to medians where we are standing with our children and sidewalks and 5 vehicles ignoring basic laws. I do not understand 6 7 why the City continues to ignore this dangerous area, 8 one of the most heavily trafficked areas of the City. It's not some hidden corner, it is the Holland Tunnel and its surrounding areas can't get much more 10 11 obvious. It is willful neglect from my perspective. 12 We residents and area workers are bearing the brunt 13 of a very dangerous traffic situation inflicted 14 mostly by nonresident vehicles. I see changes that 15 could improve this situation and I know I don't have time to go through all of them. 16 I have one 17 specifically that I find would be most effective and 18 I would like to urge the City to commit to taking 19 responsibility for this area and implement the 20 following. It may be a bit detailed but I would like 21 to get it in on record. And that is installing a 2.2 permanent lane separators on Canal Street eastbound 2.3 from West Street to 6th Avenue to physically separate the Holland Tunnel entrance lanes from the through 24 lane heading eastbound. This is the most important 25

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change that could impact traffic management as is evidenced by the lane separators that were recently installed along Hudson Street.

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

TRINA QUAGLIAROLI: I would like to urge attention to this area and ask how do have the DOT install these barriers alongside Canal Street? And I would like to submit a letter and would appreciate any advice on how to do that because it seems we are very limited in to what we can upload. Thank you.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony and someone

will follow up with you on that. We will now hear

from Erica V. DePiero. Erica V. DePiero you may

begin when the Sergeant calls time.

SGT. LUGO: Starting time.

I'm a resident of Manhattan and I guess I can say a volunteer with Stop the Trap Organization. You know, I signed the petitions and they are the ones that let me know about today's hearings. So thanks for having this and giving us a chance to weigh in. I'm a mom to three school kids so I spend a lot of time in the parks. We lived in a studio for many years so I know

2 some of you will know what that's like and you know 3 for the past couple of years it's been really hard 4 being in the parks on the weekend where we go to escape there and we have helicopters hovering over us the entire time on the weekends and as the weather 6 7 gets nicer it will just get worse. Committee Member 8 Lee I remember hearing you say today that you were talking about street noise and I think that was from speeding cars. I think we all agree the noise is an 10 11 issue and you know, we're used to that, right? We're 12 New Yorkers, we're not expecting silence but we do 13 expect some peace when we're in our parks for 14 example. And I know last year there were thousands 15 of complaint to 3-1-1. I made a few myself and in 16 Manhattan where I live many of them were like from 17 upper west side and that's because we have a lot of 18 traffic, commuter traffic, tourists, helicopters, 19 non-essentials. So I know some of this is out of the 20 hands of the City Council but there are a few things 21 that I know City Council could do to make some 2.2 progress and relieve us of this blight. So one would 2.3 be to close down the three heliports to non-essential helicopters. Two would be to ban the tourist 24 helicopters from the downtown Manhattan heliport and 25

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three would be to block the expansion of commuter helicopters. I know that there is talk of another company that want to seek to fly from downtown to JFK. We already have those. It's just adding to the deterioration of the quality of life. So, I am asking you to please . . .

SGT. LUGO: Time expired.

ERICA V. DEPIERO: . . . this is an issue that affects New Yorkers in many boroughs and thank you for listening.

JESSICA STEINBERG ALBIN, COMMITTEE

COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony. If we have inadvertently missed anyone that has registered to testify today and has yet to have been called, please use the Zoom Hand function and you will be called in the order that your hand has been raised. Seeing none I will now turn it over to Chair Brooks-Powers for closing remarks.

CHAIRPERSON SELVENA BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I want to thank everyone again for attending today's hearing especially the members of the public who waited patiently to testify. I also want to thank the Department of Transportation Commissioner for staying for the public testimony. I look forward

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 164
2	to continuing to work together on these critical
3	issues. Our next hearing will be a preliminary
4	budget hearing on March 15th where we will hear from
5	the MTA as well as New York City Department of
6	Transportation and the Taxi and Limousine Commission
7	With that, this hearing is adjourned. Thank you.
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date _____ April 27, 2022