CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON AGING

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HELD AT: REMOTE HEARING (VIRTUAL ROOM 1)

B E F O R E: Hon. Margaret Chin, Chair

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

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Tiffany Cabán
Ruben Diaz, Sr.
Eric Dinowitz
Mathieu Eugene
Mark Treyger
Paul A. Vallone

APPEARANCES

Lorraine Cortés-Vázquez, Commissioner of the New York City Department for the Aging

Jocelyn Groden, Associate Commissioner for Social and Direct Services of the New York City Department for the Aging

Ygnacio Silvestre, Director of the Assigned Counsel Project

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Kevin Jones, Associate State Director for Advocacy at AARP New York

Chris Widelo, Director of External Affairs at The New York State Association for Affordable Housing

Joseph Condon,
The Community Housing Improvement Program

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2	SERGEANT	SADOWSKY:	Computer	recording	started.
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SERGEANT BRADLEY: Cloud has started.

SERGEANT PEREZ: Back up is rolling.

SERGEANT BRADLEY: Okay.

UNKNOWN: Alright.

SERGEANT BRADLEY: Alright, uh, good afternoon, well, good morning, and welcome to today's New York City hearing on Aging. At this time will panelist please turn on your videos?

To minimize disruptions, can you place all electronic devices to vibrate or silent mode?

If you wish to submit testimony, you may do so at testimony@council.nyc.gov, again that is
testimony@council.nyc.gov.

Thank you for your cooperation

Chair you may begin.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. [GAVEL]

Good morning, I am Council Member Margaret Chin,
Chair of the City Council's Committee on Aging. And,
welcome to today's hearing.

Today the committee on conduct a hearing on housing New York City seniors. But, before we get in to our topic today, I want to recognize that this is the last Aging Committee Hearing of this legislative

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session. And, in honor of this final hearing, I'd

like to review some highlights of what we have all

been able to accomplish these last four years.

As Chair of the Aging Committee during this session my goal was to build on the tremendous momentum we've gained from the Year of Senior in fiscal year 2018.

Some of the budget highlights over the four fiscal years, that, we, as a council negotiated with the administration include reflecting the commitment for model budgeting in the financial plan -- which includes \$15 million in baseline funding for Congregate Meals at senior centers, baseline funding for the creation of new NORCS as part of the community care plan; \$5 million to address the digital divide for seniors, one-time funding to increase the home delivered meal rate, and continuously advocating for the restoration of NYCHA Senior Centers that were slated to be closed.

Additionally, as Chair, I am proud to boast the growth in senior services' council initiative funding -- starting at \$24 million in fiscal year 2019, and increasing it to \$31.7 million in 2022.

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With this funding the council demonstrated its commitment to funding the case management wait list, senior centers, including immigrant senior centers, NORCS, elder abuse prevention, holocaust survivors social adult daycare, and many more initiative.

During my time as Chair of the Committee on Aging, DFTA'S budget has more than doubled, growing a 114 percent between fiscal year 2014 and 2022.

I am hopeful that the achievements made over these last eight years, in advocating for more funding for seniors will continue in to the next session with the next administration.

In addition to budget victories, the last four years have been busy legislatively as well. Through a partnership with the state, I was able to pass legislation to extend the increased income threshold for The Senior Citizen Rent Increase Exemption and Disability Rent Increase Exemption -- known as SCRIE and DRIE -- to June 30, 2022, insuring that thousands of New Yorkers will be able to have their rent frozen and remain in their homes.

I am also proud of the work of this committee tackling workplace discrimination. And, I have the

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honor of sponsoring several bills to have passed to address this persuasive issue.

These bills include: creating The Center for Older Adult Workforce Development, an office dedicated to combatting ageism in the workplace, and to developing the older workforce; as well as requiring the New York City Commission on Human Rights to conduct a two-year study related to age discrimination in the workplace.

Thanks to the leadership of my fellow committee member, Council Member Diana Ayala, we also passed legislation requiring case workers providing services as senior centers to complete the Mental Health First Aid Training Course for older adults -- ensuring that mental health of seniors seeking services is not ignored.

The last two years have been clouded by the COVID-19 pandemic, yet the council did not lose its focus and ensured that seniors were not forgotten during this pandemic.

In addition to the various hearings on home delivered meals, service provided to seniors, and nonprofit contracts during the pandemic, this committee also ensured the passage of legislation

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sponsored by Council Member Mark Treyger establishing a COVID-19 vaccination plan for homebound seniors.

These are not the only accompaniments of the last four years, but there is not enough time to list them all. I am so proud of the work I have been able to accomplish with my colleagues on this committee, and I want to thank them for their dedication to the city's seniors. I appreciate the providers who are committed to serving the aging community and the unfailing advocates who fight for the rights of seniors every day.

I also want to thank Commissioner Lorraine

Cortés-Vázquez and her colleagues at the

administration for partnering with me throughout the

years to ensure that the needs of older adults are

acknowledged and addressed.

Now, to return to the topic of the agenda today.

Senior housing and the city need to reach this

population across all five boroughs. It's paramount.

Many live on fixed incomes and are often rent

burdened even for those enrolled in programs to

freeze their rent.

Seniors are more likely to spend in excess of 30 percent of their income on housing than the total

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population whether the rent on own. And, in 2015, about one-third of seniors receiving SCRIE pay 70 percent of their income on rent.

While DFTA is not involved with the construction of senior affordable housing, the agency does offer certain programs to help seniors afford their housing needs. For example, the agency partners with the New York Foundation for Senior Citizens to operate a home sharing program for older adults.

The home sharing program pairs individuals age 60 or older with other older adults, younger adults, or developmentally disabled individuals in to homes owned by a nonprofit organization or an individual.

DFTA also partners with legal providers across five boroughs to offer older adults free legal services, including services related to landlord/tenant issues. Additionally, in partnership with the civil court of the City of New York DFTA operates The Assigned Counsel Project for individual age 60 and older. ACP provides eligible older adults with a social worker and lawyer who assists them with their housing court cases.

Today the committee would like to explore the realities of seniors who are facing losing their

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homes, challenges facing seniors in keeping their homes, and what reasonable accommodation can and should be provided by all housing developments to help seniors live in different housing.

The committee would also like an update on the home sharing program and how the city can improve participation for this program.

Thank you to the advocates and members of the public who are joining us today. And, thank you to the representatives from the administration for joining us. And, I look forward to hearing from you on these critical issues.

At this time, I'd like to acknowledge my colleagues who have joined us today. Uh, I know that we have been joined by Council Member Brooks - Powers, Council Member Dinowitz, and Council Member Vallone.

I would also like to thank, uh, my staff Kana
Ervin, and Aging Committee staff Crystal Pond, Aliyah
Reynolds, and Daniel Kroop for helping to organize
this hearing today.

Now, I am going to turn back to our moderator,
Policy Analyst Aliyah Reynolds to go over some
procedural items. Thank you.

Neighborhood Strategies, Sideya Sherman - NYCHA

MODERATOR: Thank you, Chair. I'm Aliyah Reynolds Policy Analyst to The Aging Committee.

Before we begin testimony, I want to remind everyone that you will be on mute until you are called on testify, at which point you will be unmuted.

Members of the administration who are testifying will not be muted during the Q&A portion of admin testimony. I will be calling in public witnesses to testify after the conclusion of the administration's testimony and council member questions, so please listed for your name to be called.

All hearing participants should submit written testimony to testimony@council.nyc.gov if you have not already done so. The deadline for submitting written testimony for the record is 72 hours after this hearing.

I will now call on the following members of the administration to testify: Lorraine Cortés-Vázquez - Commissioner of The Department of Aging, Jocelyn Groden DFTA Associate Commissioner, Ygnacio Silvestre - DFTA Director of Assigned Counsel Project, Ahmed Tigani - HPD Deputy Commissioner Office of

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Executive Vice President of Community Engagement and
Partnerships, and Matthew Charney - NYCHA Vice
President of Design and Construction.

Before we begin testimony, I will administer the oath to all members of the administration who will be offering testimony or will be available for questions.

Please raise your right hand. I will read the oath, and then call on each of you individually for a response.

Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing by the truth, before this committee, and to respond honestly to council member questions?

Commissioner Cortés-Vázquez?

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I do.

17 | MODERATOR: Associate Commissioner Groden?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER GRODEN: I do.

MODERATOR: Director Ygnacio Silvestre?

DIRECTOR SILVESTRE: I do.

MODERATOR: Deputy Commissioner Tigani?

22 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: I do.

23 MODERATOR: V. P. Sherman?

V. P. SHERMAN: (No Response)

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2	MODERATOR: Can we please just unmute Sideya
3	Sherman, please?
4	V. P. SHERMAN: Can you hear me?
5	MODERATOR: Yes.
6	V. P. SHERMAN: Oh, I do.
7	MODERATOR: Thank you.
8	And, last V. P. Charney?
9	V. P. CHARNEY: I do.
10	MODERATOR: Thank you.
11	Commissioner Cortés-Vázquez, you may begin your
12	testimony.
13	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Thank you very much.
14	Good morning, Chairperson Chin and members of the
15	Committee on Aging. As it's been noted, I am Lorraine
16	Cortés- Vázquez, Commissioner of the New York City
17	Department for the Aging. I am joined today by
18	Jocelyn Groden, The Associate Commissioner for Social
19	and Direct Services and Ygnacio Silvestre, Director
20	of the Assigned Counsel Project. I am also joined by
21	my colleagues Ahmed Tigani, Deputy Commissioner for
22	Neighborhood Strategies at the New York City
23	Department of Housing Preservation and Development,

and Sideya Sherman, The Executive Vice President of

Community Engagement & Partnerships, as well as

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Matthew Charney, uh, The Vice President of Design & Construction at The New York City Housing Authority.

I am prepared to discuss the topic of senior housing, which you said earlier, Chairwoman Chin, that is addressed by multiple agencies. And, The Department for The Aging relies on the referrals to other agencies and appreciates the support and partnership that we have developed both with, uh, NYCHA as well as HPD.

Consistent with the departments overarching goal of making New York City age-inclusive, the 5-year Community Care Plan released earlier this year provides an innovative roadmap for meeting the needs of a growing and diversifying older adult population. This plan centers on the supports that allows older adults to safely age in place. In addition to in-home and community services, having a stable place to live is imperative to the success of this plan. While housing is a challenge for all New Yorkers, it is especially challenging for older adults living on fixed incomes particularly to find an affordable place to live as you have cited earlier, uh, Chairwoman.

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Again, DFTA's priority is to provide the services and resources that older adults need to remain in their homes. This includes in-home services such as case management, home care, home delivered meals, friendly visiting, and social supports and community services like geriatric mental health services, older adult centers, senior employment, caregiver support programs, elder abuse and crime victim services that work to meet the individual needs of older adults and their families.

By way of background, DFTA services are provided through a network of services and partnerships, with nonprofit providers. DFTA also provides some direct support and resources that help older adults remain in their communities. While all eligible adults can access services, there is an increased priority to service provision and outreach in TRIE neighborhoods. That is a commitment that this administration has made. These neighborhoods, as we all know, were disproportionately impacted by COVID due to underlying the historic disparities which need to be address holistically through all city services and which DFTA has taken very, very seriously.

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For example, DFTA operates NY Connects which is 2 3 a state-wide system that helps connect individuals 4 with long-term services and supports, such as 5 providing individuals with a detailed overview and eligibility requirements of the multiple types of 6 7 housing available to New Yorkers. Through multiple 8 programs, and through Aging Connect hotline, DFTA supports addressing and accessing entitlements, referrals for rental assistance programs, 10 11 applications for 202 housing and SCRIE or DRIE in 12 addition to many other entitlements and benefits.

And finally, DFTA's Minor Residential Repairs

Program is a small but essential component in DFTA's

portfolio of services aimed at assisting older adults

in their homes. Through this program, older adults

who own their homes, condos, co-ops and some renters,

they can be connected to free home maintenance and

minor repair services.

As you know, DFTA, and you mentioned earlier, uhm, DFTA also supports the home sharing program, which is run by the New York Foundation for Senior Citizens. That was their brilliant inception and innovation years ago. Uh, the foundation created a response to, uhm, addressing housing needs. And, we

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call this a boutique program, because it is unique
and sized to provide individual and personalized
service to a select number of older adults. Through
this program, the New York Foundation of Senior
Citizens matches pairs "hosts" who have extra private
spaces in their houses or apartments to share with
responsible, compatible guests seeking housing. At
least one of the participants must be age 60 or over.
These matches are mutually beneficial. In addition to
the financial and housing stability this provides,
the matches also support some intergenerational,
relationship building, they also reduce isolation,
and increase social well-being.

DFTA's work with our sister agencies is paramount to helping older adults maintain special stable housing. We have spent the last year, in particular, developing our relationship with HPD to more seamlessly share information. DFTA's training team has been in contact with HPD and has set up a series of meetings where we share information on how to access social services as well as to familiarize themselves with the aging services network, and how to work within HPD's Senior Affordable Rental

Apartments Program -- SARA -- and their NORCs to see

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if there are ideas that can serve as models that might benefit each other. We are also in the process of setting up trainings from HPD for DFTA's Aging Connect staff and some providers to learn more about Housing Connect to best support older adults seeking this assistance.

Moreover, we have a strong relationship with the Mayor's Office of Tenant Protection and use them to inform DFTA staff and our network of providers regarding the rights and opportunities to file for things like filing for the Emergency Rental Assistance Program and accessing the Tenant Helpline. Finally, we work closely with Adult Protective services to support clients who have more complex needs around navigating housing issues and threats of eviction.

All of that, uh, Chairman, to say, is why we think DFTA's partnerships are essential and integrating aging in to all of the key city agencies is key. Which is why we're still promoting and endorsing the concept of an Aging Cabinet.

Naturally Occurring Retirement Communities, or NORCs, are residential locations that are not agerestricted, nor built for seniors, but over time have

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become home to a significant concentration of older residents. Due to the rate of growth of the older population in New York City, it won't be long before every community in New York City could be considered a NORC. These developments support older adults aging in place, but do not guarantee affordability.

There are two types of NORCs. A classic NORC is an area comprising a single building or a housing development and a Neighborhood NORC; it is a geographically defined neighborhood larger than a small cluster of buildings.

DFTA provides support and oversight to the social services that are provided at NORCs. Across the City, DFTA funds services for 28 NORCs, and there are an additional 32 NORCs that received funds directly from the State and/or discretionary funding from NYC Councilmembers.

Eleven of those NORCs are located within a NYCHA development. Through the RFP, we plan to have an overwhelmingly majority of NORCs located in a community district that has been a TRIE neighborhood.

NORCs have core components built in to facilitate aging in place. Some of these services include case management, case assistance, and health care

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management. Through health promotion services, older adults also have access to activities that promote a better understanding and awareness of healthy lifestyle habits. Many NORCs offer other services such as education and recreation programs, chore assistance, friendly visiting, housekeeping, escorts and transportation, and some nursing.

DFTA's network of providers act as a safety net to help older adults maintain stable housing. Through partnerships with programs and agencies, DFTA works to share information and educate others about programs and supports older adults might be eligible for which would allow them to maintain their current housing, and eviction protection is one of the things that we really work hard on.

Some of these partnerships include Adult

Protective Services, legal service providers, help

accessing emergency rental assistance and the Mayor's

Office of Tenant Protection.

Case management agencies, older adult centers and DFTA's elder abuse program and caregiver program are often the front line for many older adults, and they work with older adults to access needed services and resource to preserve housing.

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Justice Program.

The Assigned Counsel Project is something we're
also proud of. DFTA supports older adults remaining
in their homes through the Assigned Counsel Project.

This is a collaborative effort between DFTA, The
Human Resources Administration's Office of the Civil
Justice, and the New York State Civil Court Access to

This program aims to preserve long term tenancy and assist older adults in obtaining the services that will allow them to remain safe in their home and community. This program pairs social service assistance, provided by DFTA, with legal services, provided by HRA's OCJ, to protect older adults from eviction. ACP conducts home visits to assess living conditions and works with clients to obtain benefits and entitlements which make apartments more affordable, and advocates in court to prevent evictions in Manhattan and Brooklyn. Through this program, thousands have been kept safe and secure in their homes.

As you may guess, older adults most often find themselves in housing court facing eviction due to nonpayment of rent. In these cases, ACP works with these individuals to identify what is going on and

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how to address it long term. This often includes
helping them apply for a one-shot deal, SCRIE and
other benefits and entitlements such as Medicare and
SNAP. By reducing monthly expenses, older adults are
often able to afford their housing costs going
forward. There is also a great need arising in the
area of hoarding. In these cases, living conditions
are posing environmental and health hazard not only
to the older adult themselves but to other residents.
ACP is working to prioritize these challenging cases.

Recently, ACP was able to assist an older adult in their late 60's who was temporarily removed from his apartment due to a vacate order by the Department of Buildings. Sadly, the older adult ended up residing in a single-room occupancy housing for over a year. ACP, in collaboration with Adult Protective Services, was able to assist in providing heavy-duty cleaning and decluttering of the client's apartment. DOB then expedited the inspection and lifted the vacate order. That is the city at its best -- working collaboratively around aging issues. We are happy to report that Mr. X is back in his apartment. This process could take months, however, in this case, through our intervention and collaboration with our

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sister agencies the process took less than 60 days. This is a perfect example of how collaboration between city agencies is paramount in assisting our older, vulnerable adults.

Again, I will unabashedly plug the need for an Aging Cabinet.

In addition, our partners at HPD have accelerated the construction and preservation of affordable housing to levels not seen in 30 years through the Mayor's Housing New York plan.

Since 2014, the City has financed 195,000 affordable homes and apartments as of June 2021, 65 percent of which serve very low-income individuals making less than roughly \$42,000 per year. This housing is available to all New Yorkers, including older adults who built this city and would like to remain here.

Recognizing that older adults are more likely to be low-income, rent-burdened, and live on a fixed income than other city residents, HPD introduced new programs to build more housing dedicated to seniors, identify a pipeline of underused public sites to create new senior housing, make more of the existing housing stock accessible to older adults and people

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with disabilities, and provide low-cost loans and individualized assistance to low-income homeowners.

As a result, last fiscal year, the City set a record for senior housing.

HPD is using a wide range of measures, to ensure that older adults can stay in their homes and communities as they age, and to include and create inclusive neighborhoods for older adults and people with disabilities.

In exchange for HPD funds, regulatory protections or a longer term for existing protections are required to ensure that rent remains affordable for existing residents. Simple changes can make staying in one's home a viable, safer option and create a more accessible city for all New Yorkers.

Therefore, HPD-funded rehabilitation projects are now required to include accessibility improvements identified through an enhanced building physical needs assessment. This holistic review not only identifies basic building system needs, like a roof or heating system, but also building-wide improvements to help older adults age safely in their homes. In addition to this building- wide assessment, HPD has several programs such as Aging in Place and

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HomeFix that assist with home modifications and repairs. That is the gift of trying to make sure that we have universal design that helps all families — in particular to older adults. And, we're very grateful for HPD's partnership.

In conclusion, each of New York's older adults deserves and requires resources and support so they can live and thrive in the communities that they built in this city, in the communities where they raised their families, the communities that they have called home for more than 40 years at times.

As an advocate for older adults, I am mindful that our priority is to keep older adults safely in their homes. With the realization of the 5-year Community Care Plan, many of these supports would be provided, but the housing itself is imperative. I appreciate the work of our sister agencies who have worked tirelessly to make sure that older adults have access to senior housing.

The City Council has also been a constant ally and partner in ensuring that older adults have a dignified quality of life. I appreciate that, and I appreciate your leadership, Council Member Chin.

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As the year ends, your term in council ends. I would be remiss if I didn't, yet again, thank you profusely for the hard work and advocacy that you have provided to older adults throughout your tenure. You highlighted some of the accomplishments that and the committee have provided. You have been a stalwart ally, we have been able to accomplish many great things together and the lives of older adults and make them better for it because of you. I thank you.

But, before this hearing ends, I want to acknowledge that I have yet to formally respond to your letter, uh, Chairwoman Chin, concerning the rate for home delivered meals. And, I haven't done so, because I didn't have a final answer. I'm pleased to report that in close coordination with the budget director, Jiha (sp?) and the staunch advocacy of our Deputy Mayor Hertzog, DFTA in partnership with OMB, will be increasing the per meal rate for home delivered meals to \$10.68 per meal starting January 1, 2022, and then again to \$11.78 per meal starting July 1, 2022.

As you know, as one of the strongest advocates and voices out there, this has been raised by the

committee over and over in all of the months that I
have been part of this, uhm, and I'm sure before
that. So, I want to again thank you, Chairwoman
Chin, for your unwavering commitment to homebound
older adults who remain among the most vulnerable Nev
Yorkers. But, I would be remiss not to acknowledge
our home delivered meals provider network, and in
particular, Ben Thomas of Queens Community House, who
has been one of strongest allies and voice in this
area, and Jeremy Kaplan of Encore Community Services
who has testified before this committee asking for
additional support, and Rabi Wiener of Jewish
Community Council of Greater Coney Island. Strong
voices, persistent, unflinching, unflappable voices.
And, we're able to say that today, their voices were
heard, and the city is making a commitment to
increasing the home delivered meals per meal costs.
So, our formal response to your letter is
forthcoming, Chairwoman Chin. And that concludes
(Cross-Talk)
MODERATOR: Thank you, Commissioner Cortés-
Vázquez (Cross-Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: My testimony.

25 MODERATOR: Thank you.

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Before I turn to Chair Chin for questions, I'd

like to remind council members to please use the

Raise Hand function in Zoom to indicate that you have

a question. Uh, please remember to keep questions

and answers to five minutes. Uhm, panelist from the

administration, please stay unmuted if possible

during this question and answer period.

I'll now turn it over to you, Chair Chin.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you, uh, we also have been joined Council Member Ayala and Council Member Eugene.

And, thank you, uh, Commissioner, for your testimony, and for that bit of good news at the end! So, I don't have to ask that question. But, what is the total... I do have to... Like, what is the total amount of money that's allocated for this meal increase?

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I going to have to get back to you. I have to do the math. It...

Because... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Is that \$16.6?

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: It's probably somewhere... No, it's not quite \$16.6, but, uh, it's somewhere in that ballpark, because if you figure

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that we're doing 25,000 meals a day, and, uh, you do
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    the $10.68 -- whatever the differential is between
    the $9.58 and the $10.68. So, we'll give you that
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    number, uhm, right after the hearing. I thought I
    did not want to not give you the news. And, I'll
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    give you... I'll give you... I'll give you the
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    details, uhm, of precisely the amount of it reflects.
    Okay?
        CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Well, I've... I've been
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    asking, because I heard the, you know, the November
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    plan was out. And, uh, I was hoping for good news.
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    So, thank you!
        COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yeah.
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        CHAIRPERSON CHIN: I'm sure (INAUDIBLE
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    00:36:46) ... (Cross-Talk)
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        COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: (INAUDIBLE 00:36:47)
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    and it will be reflected in, I guess, the January
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    plan. Right? I... (Cross-Talk)
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        CHAIRPERSON CHIN: (INAUDIBLE 00:36:51)...
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     (Cross-Talk)
        COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: You know better than
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    I do. But, that's... That's the commitment.
        CHAIRPERSON CHIN: That's great. That is really
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great news. I'm so happy about that.

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Uh, I am going to start with a couple of questions, and then I am going to turn to my colleagues if they have questions, you know, please raise your hand so that, uh, we will know to call on you.

So, Commissioner, you talked about the home sharing program, so, can you provide some update numbers on how many matches were made in fiscal year 2021? Uhm... (Cross-Talk)

11 COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yes, as of...
12 (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: (INAUDIBLE 00:37:25) only like ten matches as of April.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yes, as of April 21, there were ten matches. As mentioned, the pandemic... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Affected many programs including this one. Anxiety around sharing your home with someone -- it was hard for many older adults. So, last year, the program housed 32 individuals, uh, through 16 matches. So far, the first month, uh, the first five months of this year, 22 people have been housed through 11 matches. This

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2	is above the target for this point in the year.
3	Overall the program is currently housing 78 people
4	though 39 matches. Uhm, and so that's That's
5	where we're at. And, those We're looking at the
	pre-pandemic numbers to keep that keep those as
7	benchmarks.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Okay, I think one of the barriers has been that we've heard from the agency and from the advocates was, like, the rent is very high. I mean, the rent is not, uh, low that someone could afford without some kind of city subsidy.

So, are there any, uh, thinking behind, like, how do we kind of improve this program? How can we, uh, (INAUDIBLE 00:38:48)... (Cross-Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: You know... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: recruit more hosts that...

that will charge less for rent? Because, I... I saw

the list myself. I mean, even in Manhattan, of

course it's high, but even other boroughs. So, if

you're asking someone to pay over a \$1,000 a month

just to share a room?

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: So, yeah, and affordability is something that the New York

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Foundation looks at regularly. And, uh, and, you
know, we could not have had a better visionary and
partner than the New York Foundation in this program.
They're constantly, uh, working hard to come up with
new outreach strategies, uhm, and they're seriously
looking at some kind of core sharing for the rental
costs. But, I really want to focus on what the main
priorities of this program are. It, one, it never
was an answer to housing, uh, to address severe
housing needs.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Mm-hmm.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: But, it was just to make sure that we had a supplement to any of the...

All of the options that we had though, this option should be explored.

But, it also has a, not only a home, uh, a home, uh, stability, but it also an income support program. Because, many older adult homeowners may have mortgages, second mortgages — they've refinanced, and find themselves, you know, with income insecurity to maintain and retain their home. So, having a home sharing guest helps that. So, it's really the tenants, the homeowner... I'm sorry, it is the homeowner, the condo owner that looks at their

financial need and addresses it that way. Uhm, so
that ,you know, and I know that Linda Hoffman has
been a stalwart advocate in looking for ways to
supplement some of that, so that it doesn't become
unaffordable for the tenant and still not so
inexpensive that it doesn't help the homeowner
maintain the cost. So, it is this this balance
that we're, uh, always, uh, looking at. And, it's,
uh, you know, it's the kind of stuff that And,
this is why we call it a boutique program, because so
much assessment and, uh, review has to go in from
both the economic side for the homeowner as well the
safety side of both. But, we also know that there's
so many other benefits to this. But, it's one of the
issues that Linda Hoffman and us have been looking at
and trying to come up with ways to address that.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah, I remember, you know, in past hearings and also talking to Linda to see if there is kind of a city subsidy that could be provided with these. You know, whether like the voucher program could be utilized for that. You know, those among the immigrant population are more likely to be rent burdened. So, how does DFTA do outreach on housing services that are available to

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2 this population? What are the... the languages that
3 DFTA offers in terms of this housing service?

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Uh, DFTA, uh, all our housing referrals like all of our services are done in multiple languages, uhm, including Spanish, Mandarin, Hattian, Creole, uhm, Russian, uhm, and there's several other languages that we provide services in. But, Aging Connects has a... also has a translation line that is used. And, uhm, and then we also rely a lot on HPD for their outreach service... with their outreach services. So, the immigrant populations' language needs are addressed by both agencies. But, Ahmed?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: Yeah, I would be happy to add to that Commissioner.

So, uh, as I've mentioned in other hearings before, and as the agency has made clear, language access is critical. It's the way we connect people, uh, this available affordable housing. We have three contracts in place both for telephone services, documents, uh, translations, and in-person translation services. In addition, we work with a variety of housing ambassadors across the five boroughs that represent the diversity of this city

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that we live in. And they help us by being direct
connectors and also informing us how to make sure our
materials are accessible to them as well as those,
uh, and working very closely with MOPD to make sure
that those with disabilities or impediments can also
access and use our services both if you are a
tenant in place and you need a range of services from
tenant protection or assistance or how to make sure
you can stay in place, to accessing Housing Connect
either online digitally or getting a paper
application, uh, or any of the other new construction
housing opportunities that the city offers.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So....

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: And, we, as I understand it, our materials are printed in about 17 different languages. Uh, and I don't have the list of those exact languages now, but the number is 17.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yeah, and I think our number is just slightly below that maybe, uh, 14? Uh, and I don't have the list for that, but we can... I can provide that to you.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So, it's the... For seniors who are applying for affordable housing, uh, you were talking about Ambassador Program, so does DFTA have a

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relationship with the HPD Housing Ambassador Pro	gram?
And with partner, uh, which partners with commun	ity
based organizations to provide assistance? Does	DFTA
know about the Ambassador Program and all the CB	Os
that are contracted from this program for th	is
program?	

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I... Yes, we are.

And, uhm, I will turn to Assistant Committee on

Groden so she can talk a little bit about how that

partnership manifests itself or to Deputy

Commissioner, uh, Ahmed Tigani, so that he can, uh,

amplify that.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER GRODEN: Thank you, Commissioner, I'll start if you'd like.

As mentioned, many of our programs act as the frontline to older adults. As such, they're trained in housing referrals among many other things. And, when an appropriate provider, such as case management agencies assist clients with the applications themselves. DFTA is currently in the process of setting up a Housing Ambassador training for many of our contracted agencies in DFTA's frontline staff. We are awaiting the date of the next training.

Through this training, staff will be trained directly

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on Housing Connect to be able to better understand the system and better partner with the HPD to access these supports.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So, for the service provider, like the senior... The older adult centers, NORC and the home meals delivery programs, are they going to be trained so they know about Housing Connect?

Because that's one question that people always ask, "How do I apply for senior housing?" And, I... We want everyone to know, Housing Connect! How do you do that? How... How... Which number do you call or how do you get online? Uh, the general public, you know, should be able to know, uh, so I just wanted to see how the training is happening especially for people who touch base with seniors.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER GRODEN: Right, so, I'll start if you'd like, and then, uh, Commissioner Ahmed, if you want to go ahead.

Uhm, so, our providers currently, pretty routinely, help clients navigate these systems, resources, applications, opportunities. Uhm, we are working more and more closely with HPD to kick off these trainings which will begin with DFTA's

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2 frontline staff to strengthen our capacity and to 3 strengthen the capacity of the network.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: And, let me just add to the, uh, to Associate Commissioner Groden's comments.

So, from HPD's work, you know, we... Now, this is going back six months, we've been laying the groundwork for building on what has already been some very tremendously fruitful conversations over the years. So, aging in place, uh, even conversations about home share or HUD 202 preservation programs, uh, our general approach of presentation where we use our dollars to make sure that we're making rehabs in buildings so that people can stay in place. All of this has led to HPD having the information that when we go out and do our general housing ambassador work, and we're looking for which partners come in through our RFPs, and we're discussing outreach education and on the ground organizing, that they are regularly communicating to us not only how they are talking to the general population, but we are asking them how they're talking to vulnerable populations -- to seniors, etc.

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Uh, so, you know, I think both agencies in parallel have been doing the work of making sure that people have planned to get to vulnerable or older New Yorker populations.

What you're seeing now, over the last several months, is a unifying of those efforts, uh, creating strong, short, medium, and long-term goals so that we go in to the next, uh, years figuring out how we're... How our despert efforts, our parallel efforts can be stronger.

I think that what we'd like to also do, and, you know, we've talked about this before, is we need to do a stronger focus on local and ethnic media. We need to take advantage of not only the local papers but, you know, church bulletins. We need to take advantage of supermarket circulars. We need to start getting this information in to the un-often recognized, uh, view of the people who live in our communities. And, we're doing a good job of that now, and we're going to do a better job it moving forward.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Now, that's good. I mean,

I'm... I'm glad you touched on those. Because,

like, a lot of people still don't know. Because, I

2	run across them, they keep asking me, "Well how do I						
3	get senior housing?" And, I am really surprised that						
4	people don't even know, uh, a lot of people don't						
5	call 3-1-1. Uh, and if they call DFTA, I'm glad to						
6	hear that there's training as part of my staff. So,						
7	I just hope that when they call DFTA they would get						
8	an answer. You know, how do you sign up on Housing						
9	Connect and how to do you apply and how do you get or						
10	waiting lists? Uh, so, I mean that is one of the						
11	most popular questions when you run in to anybody						
12	(Cross-Talk)						
13	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yeah.						
14	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Is, "How do I get on senior						
15	housing?" (Cross-Talk)						
16	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: (INAUDIBLE						
17	00:502:02)						
18	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: And, I'll just add						
19	Council						
20	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: (INAUDIBLE 00:50:06)						
21	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: No, please,						
22	Commissioner?						
23	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I was going to say,						
24	and that precisely that point, is why this						
25	partnership with HPD and the strengthening of this						

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partnership that we've had over the years to ensure that all frontline staff are aware of those opportunities. It's something that we're so proud of. Which includes cross training of our staff, and that is essential. And, I'll go back to an Aging Cabinet. Uhm, but, uhm, but it is those kind of relationships with sister agencies that make accessibility and knowledge about programs more pervasive in the community.

And, I really want to acknowledge something that the Deputy Commissioner said. Which is, looking at parallel media, and looking at alternative media that are the non-traditional media and information outlets, almost the way we do a campaign... A vote... An election campaign, you look at the five touch points: Religious, neighborhoods, shops, as well as family, and house. And, using those touchpoints, to make sure that those outlets become information hubs for us also.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah, definitely.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: And, I will just add, uhm, you know, in 2019, The Mayor made a commitment to use... To double down on city resources to make sure we're strengthening our ties

with those community and ethnic media efforts. And,						
that sends, I think, uh, a strong directive to the						
agencies that this is where we have to go. That's in						
addition to, and this why I love the Housing						
Ambassador Program, I look at Goddard Riverside						
program is critical to the west side of Manhattan						
maybe to many more parts of the city. And, they have						
a robust senior component to their overall program.						
We've learned a great deal from them about we should						
structure our Housing Connect literature. How we						
should structure our tenant organizing literature.						
So, you know, it is a two way conversation. It's						
really why it's so critical that agencies make CBO's						
part of their frontline staff, part of their						
community outreach. It's a way for us to get better						
at what we do.						

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah, and definitely also for seniors, I mean, often time we say, Oh, you got to get online. And, a lot of seniors are not tech savvy. They don't know how to get online. So, we have to look at, well how do we... How can they find information? Who can they call? I mean, it's easy for them for call, and when they call, can they talk to someone that speaks their language, uh, that they

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can ,you know, explain to them about the procedure,
uh, and who can they get to help them fill out the
forms, where can they go? Uhm, I mean, we have to
really make it really more accessible for the senior
population to access this information. Uh, because
that's what they want. They all want to, you know,
be able to live in senior housing. Because, they're
all thinking about how they're going to be able to
age in place and stay in the city. And, that is the
number one call that we get. You know, if you offer
that whole You know, how do I get on senior
housing? So, that That's really critical. You
know?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: And, just to put a call out there, our Housing Ambassador Program, trainings are also available to elected officials, staff, to other people... other local stakeholders who do this work and put the communications out there. So, we want everyone to know how to help bridge that divide. So, you know, between, uh, mayoral commitment to use half our annual media budget to get in to ethnic media, between using, uh, more resources to get in to local circulars and non-traditional print, and then training more people to

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						abor					to	get	to
the	ose	goa	als	that	you	set	out	for	us	S.			

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah. We do a lot of that in our office, too.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: Yes, you do, and that's... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yes, we do.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: Absolutely.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Uh-huh. I, uh, (Background Noise) (INAUDIBLE 00: 53:59) council, I saw, uh, Council Member Brooks - Powers hand up. So, I wanted to, uh, give her time to ask her question, and I can come back.

Aliyah, can you unmute Council Member Powers? I mean, Brooks - Powers so she could ask her questions?

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS - POWERS: Thank so much,

Madam Chair. Uhm, and, good morning everyone. Uhm,

it's good, as always to be here and part of the Aging

Committee.

Uhm, I wanted to take a moment, and to say congratulations, Chair Chin, uhm, and my colleagues, and the committee staff on reaching their final oversight hearing of the term. Uhm, I've only been on this committee since I took office back in March,

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but it definitely been a pleasure working under your leadership, Madam Chair, uhm, in that short window of time.

And, thank you to the representatives from DFTA for being here today as well. As we transition to the term, it is my hope that this committee continues to prioritize and champion the needs of our city's older adults around affordable housing, access to food, and financial support and other resources to support their well-being.

I just have a couple of questions that I wanted to ask, uhm, which include, how does DFTA coordinate with NYCHA to protect older residents especially as we enter winter months. Do the departments conduct joint outreach to these residents, uhm, to address issues like food access or heating issues? I will say that, uhm, an example is, in my district, I have Redfern Houses that over the last few weeks has been without heat. And, we've had seniors there who are on different devices for their health. Uhm, and as a result of having no heat, they of course had no hot water either.

Also, I'd like to know, does DFTA conduct outreach to notify older adults of property tax

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opportunities like the senior citizens homeowner exemption? I'd like to understand what that outreach looks like. And, does DFTA collect data on how many seniors contact the agency for tax assistance? Or, how many apply for the exemptions based on the outreach that DFTA does?

In south east Queens, we, uhm, a home to a lot of home owners, and what I've been finding, especially with the senior population, is that it gets to a point on a fixed income, the property taxes are so high, that they can't afford it. And, so they risk losing their homes. And, what they do in like a last moment action, is do things such as the reverse mortgages. And, that really hurts generational wealth, which they've spent their whole lives to really build and develop -- working over 30 years in their jobs, receiving their pension, and just wanting to kind of enjoy their life after career period phase in their life. And, ,you know, it's unfortunate that they have to resort to those types of resources, uhm, after spending so long paying a mortgage and not being able to survive on just their pensions to pay their property tax.

So, uhm, thank you so much for the opportunity to ask these questions, again, Madam Chair.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I'm going to open up about, uhm, our longstanding relationship with New York City Housing Authority.

As you know, I believe we have about a 106, and, uhm, community sites in NYCHA buildings. And have had that for decades. And, have created a strong partnership with the New York City Housing Authority administration as well as with the residents who live in New York City housing.

Uhm, so, when it comes to issues of a need of services, it's something that we work on directly.

But, in terms of some of the physical infrastructure,

I'm going to turn over to NYCHA who is better

equipped to address how those are done and... And,

also a little bit about our strong partnership.

EXECUTIVE V.P. SHERMAN: Thank you so much, Commissioner. And, thank you Council Member, for your question.

Uhm, so, I will just echo, uh, the commissioner's remarks. We have a longstanding, uhm, well-established partnership with DFTA. Uhm, we're in regular communication, almost daily, uh, around our

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work together whether it's coordination around our older adult centers or, uhm, you know, referrals between agencies for individual residents that happens on a day to day basis.

Uhm, so, just to give a sense of how, uh, you know, our sort of structure for working together.

Right? So, we have over 106 older adult centers or NORCS that are across our properties. Uhm, in senior only buildings, these buildings typically are the ones that have senior centers or NORCS, and to the extent that they don't, they are nearby. We also have...

UNKNOWN: (INAUDIBLE 00:59:31)

Program, which is program that NYCHA oversees, which is that 17 developments. Uhm, these are on-sight caseworkers who are supervised by a social worker that provides one on one assistance and direct outreach to seniors. And, then we have a network of community based partners who also work with us around friendly visiting programs, uhm, and referrals for social and supportive services.

So, there's a network across our properties that consist of DFTA as a core partner of other

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communities' partners, and then resources that NYCHA brings directly.

Uhm, when we go in to heat season, or when we are experiencing emergencies overall, uhm, we have direct communication with all of our tenants, but particularly seniors.

So, if there is a, uh, cold freeze for instance or a cold snap in New York City, uhm, something that is at an emergency level, we have protocols within our agency where not only are we pushing out information to residents, but our depart specifically will call seniors who are known to us, who are known to be vulnerable, uhm, residents who may be on life sustaining equipment for instance, to make sure that they have, uhm, the supports that they need in advance of weather emergencies.

Uhm, if there is an outage in a building, tenants are directly made aware of the outage and also the estimated restoration time.

Uhm, this heat season, uhm, restoration time is down by 20 percent. Uhm, and, you know, NYCHA has put a number of actions in place to really make sure that we're able to respond to outages. Uhm, that's everything from staging mobile boilers across the

city, so that they can be easily be deployed when we
have extended outages, uhm, making sure that we have
a 24/7 team that's available to address, uh, heating
issues as they occur. We've set up an emergency
command center throughout the heat season that's
staffed 24/7 that we can watch, uh, outages and
issues that may happen in real-time and make sure
we're responding. Uhm, and our team is integrated in
to that process, so that, uhm, to the extent there
are residents who have who are known to us, uh,
with certain social service issues that we already
are assisting with case management, uhm, we know to
contact them in the event of an emergency, our
property managers also have protocols to make sure
that they're contacting residents in the event of
emergency. Uhm, and I would just add, throughout the
pandemic, our relationship with DFTA has only grown
tighter, uhm, because we've spent lots of effort
actually contacting residents to make sure that they
were aware of the precautions necessary during COVID
and connected to vaccinations and other resources,
and as a result of that, we referred a number of
residents to DFTA for ongoing case management
services in connections to the resources that they

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have, and they've continued to receive those services.

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS - POWERS: Can I just ask, uhm, in response to that, uhm, so, with the last couple of weeks with Redfern being without heat, uhm, what steps have been taken to reach out to those seniors if any?

EXECUTIVE V.P. SHERMAN: Sure, so I need to look in to Redfern in particular, because I'm not seeing, uhm, I'm looking at the outage report right now, and I'm actually not seeing an outage reported for Redfern. Uhm, so I need to... I'm not the best person to speak to heat, but we certainly can get an answer to you. I do know that we have a number of properties, uhm, that have, uhm, WEMS, these are essentially like wireless devices that regulate the heat. Right? So, you know, rather than overheating apartments, which is also a challenge that we've had, uhm, these devices are regulating heat. So, the heat may be within the required temperature, but it certainly may be different from residents experience in years prior. So, we need to look in to what's happening at Redfern and make sure that, uhm, residents have a temperature that's comfortable

2	there, so that they feel warm in their apartments.
3	But, we can follow up and certainly get back to you.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS - POWERS: No, definitely,
5	because I will say, I have been in touch with the
6	heating department. We had an emergency meeting.
7	But, I'm really, I guess the question is really more
8	to the services for the seniors, which would be more
9	on DFTA, uhm, in terms of what is being done to
10	really check in on our seniors, especially when they
11	are in, uhm, developments such a NYCHA, which are
12	city-owned properties. Uhm, you know, what is being
13	done? Like, what triggers a response for all of the
14	services that you've just, you know, shared that
15	exist? What triggers for your agency or DFTA, to
16	say, okay, we're going to start calling through the
17	seniors? How effective is it, because, for example,
18	and again, I don't want to speak out of turn, and
19	it's possible that you guys have reached out to
20	seniors, I have not heard that they received those
21	check calls on them. Uhm, but, you know, some of
22	them went a couple of days without the heat or hot
23	water. And, so, wanting to understand what measures

from the city agency perspective had been taken to

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2 make sure we are taking good care of our older
3 populations... (Cross-Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I should... you for the question. I want you to know, rest assured, we share your concerns. Both DFTA as well as NYCHA work very arm and arm. And, as the Executive Vice President had mentioned, that they imagine that we also rely on our community partners. So, that we will look at -- in the example of Redfern, and, I too will look at... We have not heard anything, uh, of a situation there. Uhm, but what... The normal pattern of support would be that we would identity an issue in a particular either apartment of in a particular development or a particular building, and that we would hear from either a resident themselves, a senior center member, or the senior center director. And, then we would put in place all of our emergency protocols. that is in cooperation with NYCHA to make sure that older adults are supported. Most recently we had an elevator situation, and it happened that after a senior center was closed, that I can say that NYCHA and DFTA both were in cooperation and working in tandem to make sure that those adults who were

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receiving services and who were left without an elevator, were tended to until the elevator was repaired. And, so, if there is... Once we are aware that an emergency, both agencies pull its resources, including its community based operations, to assure that the needs are addressed.

Executive Vice President, uh, Sherman, did you want to add anything to that?

EXECUTIVE V.P. SHERMAN: Sure, and so just to build on that, uhm, so, yeah, so we definitely work with individuals, uhm, and also there are residents who may already be receiving ongoing services, right, that have, uh, case managers or home health aides or social workers that check in with them every day, and report complaints. And, NYCHA is able to follow up in that way.

Uhm, but, when there's like a major outage, uhm, similar to what the commissioner described, we also, uhm, work to activate warming centers together.

Right? So, we will take over a community center of senior center, NYCHA will staff the center, DFTA will staff center, depending on the shifts we staff centers overnight. Right? Until that restoration happens.

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Uhm, so, I wanted to dig in to Redfern in particular, uhm, because I'm sorry, Council Member, I'm not ,you know, familiar with situation there, and don't, I... I unfortunately don't see the outage. And, just to make sure that we're meeting the needs, uh, at this moment.

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS - POWERS: Okay, so, yeah, within... If you can circle back offline, that would be great.

And, uhm, and Commissioner, if you could, uhm, respond to the second part of my question with the taxes and the services -- the resources around that, that's be great.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Sure, thank you very much. Uhm, I will... I am going to ask, uh,

Assistant Commissioner Groden to talk about the services that we offer regarding any, uh, tax, uh, assistance and homeowner exemption work that we may be involved in. Jocyln?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER GRODEN: Thank you, Commissioner, and thank you for your question.

Uhm, we are regular communication with our providers in terms of sharing resources, uhm, of course The Department, uh, for, uh, Finance runs most

of these programs. Uhm, we make sure that any
information is out there with our providers and work
in partnership with them to make sure that
information is shared and disseminated with our
clients. Uh, we do also run a number of direct
services programs here, and we have the same business
process with our direct team to make sure that people
at the frontlines are informed and connected to the
information they need. Uhm, I'll also share with
you, in addition to that, uhm, over the last, uhm, I
guess, year or so, we've implemented a Chat with the
Expert Financial Awareness and Fraud Prevention
series, uhm that partners with agencies like
Department of Finance, uhm, to bring information
directly to older adults, uhm, curate a question and
answer to make sure that we have active dialogues
with the older adults to make sure that they have the
information and answers they need to access services
and supports.

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS - POWERS: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you, uhm, yeah, thank you for your question, Council Member Brooks - Power. I hope you will continue our efforts to make sure seniors are taken care of and continue to advocate

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for more resources. So, we're counting on you to do that. Thank you.

Uhm, I thought I saw Council Member Vallone's hand. Well, maybe he had to take a call. But, we'll come back to him.

Uh, so, Commissioner, uhm, I guess, like, when we talking about senior housing, uhm, does the city bill enough housing under HPD's uh, Senior Affordable Rental Apartment Program? The SARA Program? And, what else can the city do to promote more affordable housing for seniors?

made a target and has... It's well on its way for that target. We have, uh, 12,600 units for older adults that have been built. And, I will turn it over to Deputy Commissioner, uh, Ahmed, uh, to...

Ahmed, I am sorry to be so informal with you, uh, to amplify, uh, any other additional information that he may want to provide. But, the city has made a commitment, and we're well on our way to meeting that commitment.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: Uh, thank you,

Commissioner, and, uhm, I think you did say it best.

We have made a serious commitment. So, as people

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know, the administration came out with The Housing
New York Plan, which was to set the city and its
admin apart in terms of both housing production, new
construction, and preservation, only to come back
with 2.0 that set a goal of 300,000 by 2026. And, to
that goal, we are well on our way meeting that goal
with 195,000 units of housing preserved or newly
constructed all which, of course, is affordable to
senior, uh, older New Yorkers.

Uhm, and you asked a very specific question about SARA and that subset, and, again, we are pushing and we are working hard even recognizing the fact that, uh, through the pandemic there were more than, uh, more than enough huge obstacles to keep the production train moving. The keep the new construction train moving -- preservation. But, even then, we saw last year, uh, one of our best years in senior production ever with ,you know, 2,300 newly constructed and preserved units in that year alone. Which, that brought us to where we are now with the 12,657. But, again, I don't want to lose sight of the fact that a 195,000 units is something is available to all New Yorkers. And, going back to what we talked about earlier, is our job is the job

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of the city to make sure that New Yorkers are aware of how they can apply and be part of that program and be part of that success that we've created.

Uh, and we continue to do the work evaluated, uhm, our... Our private site inquiries that There are people out there who believe in come in. the affordable housing and senior housing goal, and so they come to us and our development teams, our preservation teams, especially when we look at our work to preserve Mitchell-Lama HDF's, keep people in place, we have a robust program to do that. Our HUD section 202 housing, and then we look, of course, at our public sites and making sure that, uh, we are using that to hit and serve all types of populations given our commitment to fair and accessible housing. And, this is an area where, uh, we've had a lot of success with our partners at NYCHA, who is equally as committed to making sure that we're using public lad to meet those vulnerable populations.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you, uh, I guess that, uhm, I mean, for seniors, I guess we look at, you know, we have younger seniors and we have older seniors. And, one of the other things is to really make people aware they could just apply for any

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affordable housing, uhm, across five boroughs and just get in there. Right? If they are a younger senior, they can just get in that housing, and then later on, they could apply for senior housing. So, I guess that's a message that we really have to get across. I mean, even you are a senior, you could qualify for regular affordable housing that's available.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: Absolutely, and I would remiss not to mention that , you know, with the passage of MIH and ZQA, we further expanded that in to the ,you know, as of right universe where with ZQA in particular, we took down barriers that made it, in the past, probably more difficult to entertain senior ZQA gave a permanent incentive to creating housing. senior housing that must be used for senior housing, otherwise that incentive would go away. It also took down barriers for creating housing that allowed people, older New Yorkers, at different stages of being older an older New Yorker, to be able to transition in that housing by creating the steps and the parameters for that type of construction to happen -- those type of senior living buildings to happen.

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So, we're using our finances. We're using zoning, we're using outreach to make sure that the 195, both publically pushed and private development can serve these New Yorkers. And, we just have to do as best a job as we can to get that word out.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. Yeah.

So, DFTA has that, I remember the guide that DFTA produced to make building owners of senior friendly modifications.

Uh, do financial incentives exist for building owners to adapt to these senior friendly modifications?

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Thank you for acknowledging this guide that we created, you know, that aging in place, which the mantra of The Department is for the Aging and the goal of this city.

Uh, and, so as you know, it's... It's to advance... The guide... advance recommendations.

And, it's a roadmap for landlord to ensure, uh, units remain accessible. And, you know, it's built on universal design principles.

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And, uhm, and I can, uh, turn again to The Deputy

Commissioner so that he could amplify how, uhm HPD is

using the Aging In Place Guide.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: I think before that, I also want, uh, to have, you know, uhm, NYCHA, you know, uhm, V.P. Sherman or Charney to really also address, like, in NYCHA buildings. Not the senior buildings. But, even in NYCHA buildings you're going to... you're getting an aging population. I mean, probably some of the buildings, uh, the older buildings, you're going to probably have NORCS in there, too.

Uh, so, are you also utilizing this universal concept to help people, residents, uh, to age in place in the NYCHA buildings also?

EXECUTIVE V.P. SHERMAN: So, I can jump in. And, then... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Okay.

EXECUTIVE V.P. SHERMAN: And, then I can turn it to my colleague, uhm, V.P. Charney, to speak about how we're addressing aging infrastructure within our, uhm, within our construction perseveration portfolio. So, within our existing portfolio, uhm, you know, we certainly have updated our design guidelines, the design principles that we use as an agency to factor

in a number of components related to livability
including adopting many of the recommendations around
making an age friendly community. Uhm, obviously
NYCHA's has a focus on also ensuring that we can
increase the volume of apartments that we have that
are accessible and respond to those requests as we
receive them. And, also, you know, part of that is
also making the campus accessible as well. And, so,,
you know, to the extent that our capital dollars are
able to, uhm, improve the campus to increase
accessibility as well as, uhm, have the adaptations
that we need in our apartments to make them 504
apartments or make them accessible for the needs that
we see with our senior residents, uhm, we are
continuing to do that work. But, we also have been
incorporating that in our real estate portfolio,
through our preservation work, as well as new
construction. Uhm, so, I'll turn it over to V.P.
Charney to speak about some of that work.

V. P. CHARNEY: Yeah, thanks, uhm, not, uh, not too much to add. I'd just say that, you know, one of the best opportunities for this, uhm, is really ,you know, when we're talking about comprehensive modernization, uh, either through comprehensive

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modernization through NYCHA capital funding, uhm, through the proposed blueprint plan or, uh, or through the RAD PACT Program, uhm, is really... Are some great opportunities to make these, uhm, capital changes, uh, for universal design and accessibly through... in our buildings.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you.

Does HPD provide resources for property owners to be able to, uh, make their units for seniors or their building more age friendly?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER TIGANI: So, in, uh, so there's a couple of ways that we do that. So, as you mentioned earlier, uh, we do have the aging in place initiative where HPD consulted with DFTA and used DFTA design guidelines to develop a survey for improvements. So, we offered, uh, to tenants if they would... uh, if this is something that they need. Then, I think it's fair to say that we reached out to tens of thousands. We saw a survey response of about 800 who self-selected in to the program. And, uh, we're continuing to push that. In addition, as a way to maybe encourage people to look at this more, or just get more information how to use their space in a safer way, pre the pandemic, we were working closely

with DOHMH on fall prevention research and outreach.
And, through that, finding ways as to how our rehabs
could be better designed in order to make sure that
when we get in to an existing building to do work, or
construct something new, that the tenants are at
their safest possible point. That's all actually been
fed into our current, very recently updated. I think
that earlier this year, design guide new
construction design guidelines, which specify, uh,
looking both at the apartments, uh, how the common
areas, how the building itself is built, and making
that, uh, making is suitable for all types of
populations, uh, from seniors to 504 designated
units, uh, that we work with MOPD on. So, and what
that means basically is that when we finance a
project, we're using our design guidelines, which
speak to these issues and these questions to make
sure that they're ironed out so that we feel
comfortable our apartments are accessible to the most
number of people. So, that's our Those are our
preservation deals. Those are our new construction
deals. So, when we're doing SARA's, ELLA programs,
mix and match, or using the preservation deals that
we have, and those term sheets, uhm, all of that

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feeds through this screening mechanism, which is our design guidelines to get us, uh, apartments and commons spaces that meet the right requirements.

And, a lot of this came through the survey work we did with DFTA so we can learn to do that well.

Also, and, I'll go back again, to the conversations with our housing ambassadors that serve seniors, when they tell us when they go visit apartments what the issues are.

Uh, separately, we also help homeowners who are seniors with being able to retrofit. So, we have two programs, uh, one is called SCHAP is a program that we run with a foundation called Parodneck Foundation that are based out of the lower east side. And, then one which is more new, and, uh, something that we're very excited about, The HomeFix Program that we've run with the center for New York City Neighborhoods. Uh, these programs are geared to low-income families, and one to four family homes. But, especially for seniors, there are favorable terms, and we definitely try to make sure we get seniors in the program. it allows them to make critical repairs, uh, at an expense that is something is bearable and they can continue to maintain that wealth and investment that

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2 they've been doing for decades as Council Member
3 Brooks-Powers mentioned earlier.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Great. I mean, like, all these resources, so we just got to get that information out there, so that people know these resources are available. You know, that definitely should be under... I assume the caregiver program has all this information also to be given out to caregivers.

Uhm, another, uhm, question relating... This is relating to, uh, in your testimony, Commissioner, you talked about the Assigned, uh, Counsel Project, so how many clients does DFTA, uhm, represent, I mean annually, uh, I mean the DFTA Assigned Counsel Project represent in housing annually?

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Sure, sure, the Assigned Counsel Project is something that we are proud to be a part of, because it's one of the few supports that we can provide directly to an older adult. But, I believe that there are major gaps in that, and I'll have Ygnacio speak to that. Uhm, but, it... The Assigned Counsel Project is a joint program between HRA's office and DFTA. HRA provides the legal assistance, and DFTA provides the social

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2 service and case assistance. And, currently, the 3 program is serving about 415 clients per year.

Uhm, is there anything, uh, Ygnacio Silvestre, who's the director of that project, has a good team working on this. Is there anything that you would want to add to that?

DIRECTOR SILVESTRE: Sure, thank you, uhm,

Commissioner Cortés-Vázquez, and honorable members of
this Aging Committee for giving me the opportunities
to appear in front of you.

Uhm, we are extremely proud of the work that The Assigned Counsel Project has been conducting since the program was created.

Uhm, we also, uhm ,you know, what makes Assigned Counsel Project -- ACP as it's s known in the community -- so unique, is the holistic approach that we use. Uh, we work very closely with for community programs, uh, partners, uhm, legal service providers. We work also with all the sister agencies. Uhm, there's so many people working behind the scenes that makes the Assigned Counsel Project an effective eviction prevention program.

However, there's still a gap. There is a need to address the social services component. Right? Uhm,

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may... The majority of these cases are arriving at a housing court as a civil legal issue. But, they are on the line, social services, in many cases mental health, are needs that a client has that need to be addressed.

As I mentioned earlier, where legal services community partners do outstanding work in trying to provide the best legal representation that is available. But, unless we address the social service needs, the mental health needs, there is a high possibility that we will not be able to preserve our client's tenancy, and most likely these clients are going to return back to the court system. And, I just want bring to your attention of what exactly it is that we do. We provide short term crisis intervention by conducting home visits, building trust in relationships with our clients. We also make court appearances. We appear as a friend of the court. We make recommendations on the social service aspect of each case where an older is the respondent. We reinsure the court, The Department for Aging, along with other social service agencies in community point, we do whatever it takes to provide the assistance that is needed. Uhm, we work close with

Adult Protective Services both the regional office
and the field office. In many occasions, we conduct
joined home visits to assess the living conditions
and potential social service needs and mental health
needs of our client. Uhm, in many occasions as well,
we supervise heavy duty cleanings to make sure that
our client allows access, but most important to
provide emotional support. Uhm, we believe we are
doing a great job, but we also believe that with the
necessary support, we will be able to reach out to
more clients and be available to our community
partners to help them in any other areas that they
will need.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Does DFTA staff directly do this, or do you contract out to a provider agency to do the... the work that you were just talking about?

DIRECTOR SILVESTRE: Uhm, no, Assigned Counsel

Project at The Department for the Aging is a small

unit, and we do that. We do that. We go in

(INAUDIBLE 01:27:21) ... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Oh, so your... Your staff does that? Okay.

DIRECTOR SILVESTRE: Yes.

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2 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And, then you were saying that
3 DAFT is the... the resources for the social service
4 component.

DIRECTOR SILVESTRE: Correct. I mean, (INAUDIBLE 01:27:32)... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So, how do you see... How do you see, like, getting that resource? Do you get it?

Do you have to partner with HRA? Or, should funding be provided to DFTA to have that component included in this program?

DIRECTOR SILVESTRE: We welcome both. I believe that, uh, you know, working in conjunction...

Funding is definitely, uh, plays a bigger role. Uhm, but, also working with our sister agencies, uh, as

Commissioner Cortés-Vázquez mentioned earlier, that case that we were able to bring the senior back home couldn't be possible without of the help of HRA and The Department of Buildings.

So, the answer to your question is both. We would welcome both.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Uh, as you know, uh, Chairwoman Chin, the resources, the needs always outpace the resources.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yes, I know, I mean, and we also have to look at it as a best long-term investment, that if we pay for it now, it will save the government money later. But, they just don't see that.

Uh, okay, uh, I guess, the other question that I have is that, uhm, you know, we were talking about NORCS, so, and NORCS is the... a key to DFTA's goal of helping seniors age in place. Now, what... How does DFTA metric that you use... Or, do you evaluate whether a NORCS is really serving the seniors well to, uh, keeping them healthy and safe?

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Uhm, Jocelyn, did
you want to talk a little bit about the NORC Program,
and, uh, one of the, uhm, and some of the services
that we provide there? I know, uhm, as with...
And, let me... Before you do that, Jocelyn, uhm,
sorry, as we do with all of our programs, Chairwoman
Chin, we have annual assessments, and we have, uhm,
an each contract has a number of services that
they're supposed to provide, as well as individuals
and units of services that they're supposed to
provide. And, that same process of, uhm, assessment
and review and monitoring occurs. As it does for

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older adult centers, it occurs for all of the NORCS as well.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Oh, okay.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Alright? So, that same process is in place. And, the one thing that we're moving towards this year, is more... We're looking at... in DFTA as a whole, uhm, and it's putting a place a quality control implementation process. So, that not only do we monitor to make sure that you're in compliance with your contract, but now we're going to look that... look at that against some quality standards of some services. So, we're really excited about that next step.

Uh, and Jocelyn's going, uh, Assistant

Commissioner, uh, Groden, did you want to add

anything?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER GRODEN: Uhm, sure, and thank you for bringing that up, Commissioner.

Uhm, so just to start definitionally for second, uhm, to be considered a classic NORC, a building must have least 350 residents, with at least 40 percent of households including an older adult, or a building complex that has at least 1,500 older adults, regardless of the percentage of units that they

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actually occupy. A neighborhood NORC is
geographically defined area, with no more than 2,000
residents aged 60 and older who occupy at least 40
percent of the households. The buildings must be,
uhm, six stories or less, and/or single or small
family houses, and the majority of the residents must
be low to moderate income or at/or below 80 percent
of the AMI as defined by the US Department of Housing
and Urban Development.

Some of the services that we provide at NORCS, they're divided in to core, uhm which are mandatory, and non-core services.

Core services include things that The

Commissioner mentioned before, case management, case
assistance, healthcare management and assistance in
health promotion.

Non-core services include, but are not limited to, a variety of educational and recreational programs, in home contact and support, which can include shopping, chore assistance, friendly visiting, telephone reassurance, housekeeping, escort and transportation.

As The Commissioner said, as part of our routine, workflow across all of DFTA's many contracted

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services, including NORCS, uhm, they're mandated as part of contract deliverables to provide certain outputs. So, an output, for example, could be case assistance. So, uhm, program officers, uh, who... uhm, providing program oversight, and technical assistance, are looking to make sure that we're delivering those outputs and quality of service around things like health promotion, uhm, to the degree, uhm, that is required as part of their contracts.

I'm excited that The Commissioner also mentioned DFTA's commitment and implementation of continuous quality improvement, uhm, which we have been doing throughout much of contract portfolio. And, we are really looking to formalize, uhm, to look at what are those key metrics in NORCS, and across our program portfolio, that really drive meaningful outcomes for clients. Uhm, and are looking at those outcomes to work in tandem with our providers, uhm, to look at opportunities to test and challenge the system, and continue to build on the great work we're doing.

And, to make sure that we're providing, uhm, the most meaningful service to our clients. You know, some example of that, uhm, would be customer satisfaction

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surveys, which we do in a number of our program portfolios to look at that data -- look at clients, uh, and what they're saying and what they need, uhm, and use that ,you know, to continue to build and evolve our programs.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah, I mean, like, for older adults who are participating, whether it's in NORCS or senior centers, they are so much happier and lively. And, the activity that they engage in, uh, it's like, I mean, I visited some of them recently, I mean, they're just like... They don't look like older adults, which is great, because I think if we could somehow, uhm, really capture that data, that by investing in older adult centers, and investing in NORCS, the seniors are healthier and we safe on medical dollars. That's an investment, uh...

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And it's just... It's been so great. Uhm... (Cross-Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: And, I wanted to add, I... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And, Commissioner... Oh, okay... (Cross-Talk)

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COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yeah, I'm sorry. I was going to... I wanted to add something to that.

About two years ago, or whenever it was, because that's... I have to think of pre-pandemic, right?

When we first tried to... You know, it's like, where are we?

Uhm, when we first started this conversation, one of the things we did was engaged in networks on what were some of the areas that they thought DFTA should improve. And, one of them, and I never forget this, and it was Nancy from Visons program, clearly, I mean, it was so targeted in my first meeting, and she said, "Lorraine, you measure units, you don't measure quality. And, what we want you to do is look at exactly those things that improve lives, because that supports all of us advance... It also lets foundations know that there is evidence based improvements that this investment pays off in the long run."

And, it was... We had a whole, you know, year -- 9 month conversation, building in, what are some of those questions that we should ask.

And, so there was a taskforce. So, that is the kind of work that comes directly from the provider

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network, that we are able to implement now, of
course, because the panda sort of set us back a
little bit. Uhm, but, we're so pleased that we did
all of the groundwork and are able to start
implementing some of that today. And, I just wanted
to make sure that we are aware of It's It's a
commitment we have, but it also is generated by the
network. Because, they were looking for They
know what you just said, "It makes my life better."
But, how do we demonstrate that and quantify that
structurally?

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yes, I mean, we... We definitely need to do more of that.

Uhm, the next question I have is, like, now that we have a new senior housing bill, and some of the senior housing has space dedicated for senior centers or other programs that's incorporated in the building, uhm, so I have to questions, I have one for you, Commissioner, and I have one for NYCHA.

Uh, so, I wanted to see, like, in these new senior buildings, uh, that are developed, like, how many of the new, uhm, with the RFP, like, how many new older adults center are included in this new senior building. So, that's a question for you.

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And, for NYCHA, I want to see how many senior centers have been renovated and upgraded in NYCHA developments, uhm, recently? Because, I know that in past hearing, we were shown, like, some of the really terrible, dilapidated conditions that some of the centers were. I remember one of the council members had a picture, and we were, like, it was like a blue, you know, plastic on the ceiling, and it's sinking, because of water leakage.

So, uh, so those are the $\operatorname{\mathsf{--}}$ one for DFTA, and one for NYCHA.

that with... The goal was to extend, uh, and to provide 25... The goal of the... of the RFP was always to... expansion. It was expansion and also revisiting program designs, because the programs had been the same for more than 10 years. And, so this was an opportunity. All we did was extend contracts, and the RFP was to have us take a fresh look at how and what we were providing.

And, the goal was to do, uhm, at least... And, to expand to 25 new sites.

Uhm, and I can tell you that it is upwards of that number, close to 31.

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2	Uhm, exactly how many of them or NYCHA
3	facilities, I will have to get back to you on that.

I don't have that data for you.

But, I'm.... And, I am going to turn it over...
(Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: But, how many are in, like, new... new buildings? New senior buildings that were built? Uh, they had created space that was... That could be used for senior centers.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I, you know, I'm un... I don't want to... I know... I know of three that were done. Alright? And, some of them are in, I think in... One of them is in Ayala's district, uhm, which was a new... I think, yeah, Mitchel was another one, uh, that was moved over to a new facility.

I can get you exactly what those numbers are. I don't want to mislead or over represent. But, I can say that we're really proud that the RFP put attention to that. And, as you know, that the RFP put a lot of attention on moving programs that were discretionary -- as many as we possibly could, given the needs of a community, uh, from discretionary, partially ethnic and minority programs. Moving those

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from your discretionary pot. It was a commitment we made to you and Danny Dromm, and we've lived in to that commitment. And, we will give you more details of that, uhm, at another point.

But, what I can tell you now, is that in terms of improvements, we have had a long partnership with NYCHA, and then I will turn it over to, uhm, Executive Vice President, uh, Sherman, who will, uh, talk about that.

But, we've worked very hard, uh, to improve facilities at senior centers in partnership. Some of that was, you know, grateful to you for the HVAC, uh, funds. You know, that may have been the thing that contributed to that. But, has been something that we have been working very diligently on together to make sure that those facilities are, uhm, in a... And, we've used the opportunity of, uh, that we've had during this pandemic to make a lot of those improvements.

Uhm, Sideya, is there anything that you would want to add to that?

EXECUTIVE V.P. SHERMAN: Sure, so, uhm, to the Commissioner's point, uhm, we have continued to

1	
2	respond to repairs at our centers throughout the
3	pandemic.
4	Uhm, and we still work in partnership to really
5	address issues that are happening across our
6	portfolio.
7	Uh, we can certainly up on the specific center
8	that you identified. Uhm, I'd have to look in to
9	to that specific site.
10	But, generally, (INAUDIBLE 01:41:21) our
11	portfolio (Cross-Talk)
12	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: That's an old issue
13	That's an old issue that (Cross-Talk)
14	EXECUTIVE V.P. SHERMAN: Okay (Cross-Talk)
15	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: That's an old issue (INAUDIBLE
16	01:41:25) (Cross-Talk)
17	EXECUTIVE V.P. SHERMAN: Got it okay (Cross-
18	Talk)
19	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: We You You
20	took care of that one Sideya (Cross-Talk)
21	EXECUTIVE V.P. SHERMAN: Alright, good, glad to
22	hear that.
23	So, uhm, but we, uh, we certainly can followup.

So, as you're aware, Chair, uhm, typically, when we're able to have major capital improvements across

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our existing senior centers, that's really through , you know, work in collaboration with the council. And, we are grateful for that.

Uhm, and we've also had some state funding that we've been able to put towards our centers as well.

And, so, we're continuing to blend funding sources to address capital needs and respond to day to day repairs. And, you know, and obviously with collaboration and support from DFTA, we've been able to really work on the HVAC challenges as well.

Uhm, but, when we have an opportunity to have ,you know, nice, beautiful, brand-new renovations, a lot of that has really been tied to, uhm, our PACT program and, uhm, modernization efforts within our entire portfolio. Right?

So, where we're able to work with our development partners to have major upgrades with our resident portfolio, we're able to include our community and senior centers as well.

So, I can turn to my colleague, uhm, V.P.

Charney, to speak a little bit about what's happening in our preservation portfolio. But, also, uhm, as we build new construction, how we're incorporating community facilities.

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CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Mm-hmm.

V. P. CHARNEY: Yeah, sure thanks, uhm, so, the yeah, Sideya's right. When we're doing our PACTS, uh, projects, uhm, we focus obviously mainly on the NYCHA buildings — the residences, uh, many of which... some of which are senior buildings, some of which house, uh, a lot of, uh, New York City seniors. Uhm, but we do, uh, look at the existing state of all of the community facilities, including any existing senior centers, uhm, and look to what renovations need to be made, uh, if they're required or just what upgrades and modernization we can do to those seniors as part of our PACT.

So, we are, you know, really looking holistically at the campuses, uh, and working with... Uh, most of the centers have existing providers in those remain in place after the PACT program.

Uhm, and, then, yeah, on our new construction, we do partner with.... In partnership with HPD, we look for the opportunities to build new affordable housing on NYCHA land where we can. Uhm, I have done a number of senior projects over the years. Uhm, Millbrook Houses in The Bronx, and, uh, Ingersoll in Brooklyn are two that come to mind.

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Ingersoll, uh, recently opened, uhm, as one of the first LGBT founded, uh, senior communities in the city... Uhm, senior affordable communities in the city. And, there's a, uh new center on the ground floor run by SAGE that is either opening or going to be opening.

So, definitely, uh, looking to, uh, improve our existing centers as well as add new where we can.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: It, uh, I know there was a hearing, uh, recently on capitol projects. I mean, the council... The council members, we always, you know, prioritize funding, you know, with NYCHA, and we want to make sure that we improve the senior centers, the community centers.

Are you looking at in terms of, like, fast tracking some of the, uh, the projects that have ,you know, the funding has been totally allocated to really make it happen as quickly as possible.

V. P. CHARNEY: I can check in with our capital department on the status of the improvements to the existing NYCHA centers, uhm, that have been funded through city capital, uhm, and get back to you.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah, I mean, I also requested a separate meeting, uh, to look at some of the

projects in my district that I have funded. I want
to see that they get started. I mean, it's like,
it's been so long, and it's like the improvement will
be tremendous. Uh, for And, some of them are
used by our seniors. And, we're looking at the
the center that exists now, I mean some of them, you
know, they're not the not the best ones. So, if
there are other centers in the neighborhood, the
seniors are going to go somewhere else. But, we
definitely have to improve the ones that we have now,
uh, so that seniors can really enjoy the facilities.
And, since Especially when capital dollars have
already been allocated, uh, we want those projects to
move forward as quickly as possible, so we can really
have then enjoy the facilities.

Uh, and my last question, thank you for all your patience, since this is the last hearing, but

Commissioner, are you ready to give us the information about all of the older adult centers that have been funded, the NORCS, where they are, and also, uhm, the ones that are not funded? I mean, is there plans to take care of the seniors that go to those, and also the number of, uhm, the TRE, The Taskforce on Racial Inclusionary Equity

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2	Neighborhoods, uh, that would benefit from ,you know,
3	new programs, uhm, in these areas.
4	Uhm, so, are you allowed now to give us that
5	data? That information?
6	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I'm allowed
7	(INAUDIBLE 01:46:37) (Cross-Talk)
8	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Now that we are in December?
9	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: We are in December!
10	And, this will happen before you and I say, Happy New
11	Year. Uhm, I And, we're so on track.
12	Uhm, I want I'm going to give you some
13	information, because there's (Cross-Talk)
14	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Okay.
15	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: still one more
16	public hearing, and I, you know, and all the
17	(Cross-Talk)
18	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Oh (Cross-Talk)
19	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: With all due
20	respect, it You know, with all due respect, I am
21	very limited. But, I will always, you know, push the
22	envelope as much as I possibly can.
23	So, I want to give you some some some

data that we're really proud of. UH, you know, we...

For the network, we have... There's going to be 308

new sites. You know, and the And, of that, 155
will be older adult clubs, and, uhm, and 23 NORCS.
Alright? So, that's That's what we have, you
know, for the And, we're going to have a total of
a 178 sites of which are located in community
districts that are TRIE. Alright? That includes
TRIE. That to us was a priority. You knew that.
There are the three things that we were going for
here, which was, inequity and funding, making sure
that we narrowed the funding gap between the long
established programs and our smaller ethnic, uh,
minority community based operators.

The other thing that we were going for was to make sure that we addressed historical, underserved communities like the TRIE communities. And, that was another priority.

And, then the third priority was also to expand services, uhm, be... And, to also, uh, that was the third priority. And, in that expansion was to look at current service models to make sure that we had some improvements. Because, you can't have a contract in place for the twelve years — ten years, and not look for new innovation.

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The contract... It was never to increase dollars

for current contractors... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Mm-hmm

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I want to be really clear with that, and I want to say that over and over again. Because, I think that has been a source of conversation.

What is really clear here is that everyone was held harmless, and we used the model budget, which is something that was so designed by both the council leadership, and the council members, and DFTA to come up with an equitable funding pattern, uh, for agencies that were running older adult clubs.

And, we used the model budget as a bases for establishing budget parameters. So, when we looked at programs that were lower than the model budget, we increased them to make sure that they were at least at a minimum of the model budget.

And, then we also looked at... And, those who were above the model budget, we held them harmless.

We did not take money away from them. Alright? And, so, that's really important. Uhm, of the existing providers, and I've... I've shared this with you before, there was only one provider that wasn't

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granted a contract. And, that, I cannot go in to the details as to why, uh, here.

But, I can just tell you that, uhm, five organizations that are brand new to DFTA are joining the network. That's something that we haven't seen in twenty years and DFTA.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Mm-hmm

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Thirteen organizations that are currently... that were currently funded with discretionary dollars, are now based live. That's something that, you know, you've worked hard for, and you've asked us to look at every year.

But, now I have a request of you, and to The

Aging Committee, and to the future Aging Committee:

Please make sure that those discretionary dollars

still stay in an aging portfolio. That... All that

does is support additional services that you know are

needed. You know, like... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Mm-hmm

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Creative Aging and all of the things that we've talked about. With your efforts, we've have also... Now with the... With the homecare meals, I mean, so, and many of these

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programs are, uhm, providers of home delivered meals, and so we see that.

But, the other thing that we were able to do with this RFP that has been, uh, amazing was because the city, with your... with the council's support, we were able to create indirect rates for all programs. So, for that community based organization, for that, you know, organization that never had an indirect amount, all of them have 10 percent indirect costs. We've just gave that, so that... that... That's an additional resource that you could use for administrative purposes, that you can also use for innovation, and you can use it for improving your facility. And it... That's why it's an indirect cost. You can use it for program as well as administration. And, that's the beauty of it. I've been... In my years of nonprofit and running The Hispanic Federation, I would have loved all of my agencies to have an indirect cost. But, now we're able to do that.

And, I want to also tell you that 9 percent of those, we also honored the indirect rates of those existing programs that were beyond 10 percent. This administration made that commitment. So, that some

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2	of them have received, you know, upwards of hundreds
3	of thousands of dollars than anyone else, because we
4	are we honored the approved rate, uh, indirect
5	rate. Uhm, 61 percent have received significant
6	increases because of that.
7	Uhm, and that's what I will give you now.
8	Alright? So, that's the numbers. We've been in
9	overlay of where service where the service gaps
10	existed. We gave to each new council member, and now
11	we're submitting to all of the council members we
12	did a map of where senior services are. Right?
13	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Mm-hmm
14	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: And, then we did an
15	overlay by council districts of my this was all
16	the staff, because they're a lot smarter than I am,
17	and a lot more adept at this. And, so (INAUDIBLE
18	01:52:59) (Cross-Talk)
19	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And, make sure you share that

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: You did... We did! 21

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Okay. 23

We have, uhm... (Cross-Talk)

with us, okay?

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COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: For the new members, they've gotten it. I've been here... I've been

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holding meetings with the new members. I already did

The Bronx. I think Staten Island was scheduled.

And, Manhattan is ready.

But, it's so that they can get familiar with the senior services in their areas. So, we created a map, and then we overlaid that map of senior services throughout the city with council member districts.

So, that a council member could look at which are the services in their particular area. And, it is wonderful to say that those stars are now no longer places that need services, but a lot of those stars are with services included now. And, that's what I can give you at this point.

But, I just want to be real clear that the conversation is about expansion, TRIE, and narrowing service gaps. This never was to increase people's budget. The long established communities, they have done excellent work. We honor their work. But, this was not to increase budgets in that direction. This was to narrow gaps and address historic inequities.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Great. I mean, I... As soon as you are allowed to share that information...

(Cross-Talk)

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1	COMMITTEE ON AGING 93
2	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: You will be
3	(Cross-Talk)
4	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: with us, I would love to see,
5	you know, the lists and all that you talked (Cross-
6	Talk)
7	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: You will get
8	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: about
9	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: that You will get
10	that list. Before you and I say, Happy New Year, you
11	will have that list.
12	I've been As a matter of fact, I think you'll
13	have it way before that. But, yes.
14	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Is there any other Because,
15	I remember we had a conversation that was There
16	might be some, uh, districts that that might not
17	have gotten, uhm (Cross-Talk)
18	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Oh, yes, thank you
19	very much. There were There are four districts,
20	thank you for that (Cross-Talk)
21	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Mm-hmm
22	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: And for triggering
23	my poor memory.

There were four districts that we will RFP, because of the RFP's that were received for those

areas, uhm, did not meet those conditions that we
talked about TRIE, and ,you know, , uhm, and some
of the other conditions. And, that was for Crown
Heights, uhm, there is one in Queens, uhm, in Queens,
and there was another one in Harlem, and there's a
fourth one, and it is escaping me. I'm so sorry,
Chairwoman Chin, I'll I'll, uh, I'll get back to
you. But, there were four areas. And, uhm, and,
we'll look at that. And, as people decide, you know,
about their future contracts, there may be more.
But, uh, we'll Right now that's what we know.
And, those RFPs will be released in January for July
startup.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Great. Now... (Cross-Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Okay... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you very much. Yeah, I am looking forward to really, uhm, ,you know, seeing that information, and really celebrating, uh, the achievement that we have done together, uh, with you as a great partner, The Deputy Mayor, and also with ,you know, HPD, and with NYCHA. We have... I mean, looking back, we have done so much improvement. I know early, early, uh, test... uh, hearings, uhm,

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addressed, you know, they identified all of the issues, all the problems, and we tried to address them. And, I'm really looking forward to, uh...

(Cross-Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: And, I... And,
we've done that... We've done that in partnership.

It doesn't... It takes... For government to work,
you need community, you need government, alright, and
you need legislators. And, that's what makes this
work. Uhm, and it was the combination of all of
those. We wouldn't have had the home delivered meals
increase had it not been for you, Deputy Mayor

Herzog, who was not letting it go, uh, as well as...
I'm telling you Jeremy, who testified... (CrossTalk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Uhm, Ben Thomas, who has never... I mean, I, if I talked to Ben Thomas any more about this issue, I think maybe that's the most conversations we have. And, to Rabi Wiener, you know, who were... who we're very clear, we want to give better services. And, the way we do that particularly with the cost of inflation now, is we

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2 need an increase. And, we can't thank you enough for 3 making that possible.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And also the advocates. I mean, LiveOn, uh... (Cross-Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yes, and the advocates. Of course... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And, then all of them that just keep on reminding us and making sure that we don't forget even after we have voted on the budget, that we still have to address some of these outstanding issues. So... (Cross-Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yes, and... (Cross-14 Talk)

15 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Commissioner, I... (Cross-16 Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: (INAUDIBLE 01:57:31) to continue.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yes. And, I wish you the very best.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Thank you.

22 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: We will see each other

23 personally, and uh... (Cross-Talk)

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: And, yes!

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2	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And, I will have more time for
3	tea and coffee (Cross-Talk)
4	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yes, we will
5	(Cross-Talk)
6	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: But, I just (Cross-Talk)
7	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: For good ginger tea.
8	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yes.
9	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: And, the other
10	thing is, and you will have this information in
11	detail, uh, as soon as is possible. Alright? I
12	(Cross-Talk)
13	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Okay.
14	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: That's a commitment
15	to you.
16	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Great, thank you very much.
17	And, I really wanted to thank, uh, everyone for
18	testifying today. For, uhm, HPD, Deputy Commissione
19	Ahmed (Cross-Talk)
20	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yes.
21	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: (INAUDIBLE 01:58:08) we worked
22	on the council together, oh, what a big title!
23	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I love him!
24	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And, both the V.P.'s from the,
25	uh, from NYCHA. And, Commissioner and your team,

2	uhm, I really appreciate all of the great work that
3	everyone has done. You know, our hearts are in the
4	right place. And, sometimes with government, things
5	don't work as quickly as people, uhm, want them to.
6	Uhm, but we try to do our very best. And, I really
7	appreciate the partnership and all of the great work.
8	So, thank you again for being here today. And,
9	uh, I guess we're going to (Cross-Talk)
10	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: And, give much
11	(INAUDIBLE 01:58:44) to Council Member Vallone. I
12	will (Cross-Talk)
13	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah (Cross-Talk)
14	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: I will miss that
15	partnership also. And, Ayala (Cross-Talk)
16	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah, Council Member Vallone
17	had to leave early, and I also really, uh, told him
18	personally that he's (Cross-Talk)
19	COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Yeah.
20	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: been a great partner in these
21	past eight years that we've worked together, uhm, to
22	really achieve all of these, uh, increases in budget
23	and programs. So, I really appreciate Council Member

Vallone very much. And, hopefully Council Member

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		Council	Member	Brook-Powers	will	(Cross-
3	Talk)					

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: And, the other...

The other strong advocates... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Pass the torch! You know, they will carry on and make sure that this, uh, the effort continues.

And, uh, so, thank you again, and I am going to turn back to our moderator.

COMMISSIONER CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ: Thank you.

MODERATOR: Thank you, Chair.

Seeing that there are no more additional questions from council members, we will begin public testimony.

The first panel of public testimony, in order of speaking, will be Katelyn Andrews of LiveOn NY, followed by Alex Ryley of The Legal Aid Society, Kevin Jones of AARP, and Chris Widelo of The New York State Association for Affordable Housing.

I'd like to remind everyone that I will begin calling individuals one by one to testify.

Each panelist will be given three minutes to speak. Please begin your testimony once the Sergeant has started the timer.

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Council Members who have questions for a

particular panelist should use the Zoom Raise Hand

Function, and I will call on you in the order your

hand is raised, after the panelist has completed

6 their testimony.

For panelist, once your name is called, a member of our staff will unmute you, and the Sergeant At Arms will set the timer then give you the go ahead to begin. Please wait for the Sergeant to announce that you may begin before delivering your testimony.

I will now call on Katelyn Andrews.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

KATELYN ANDREWS: Hello, my name is Katelyn

Andrews, I'm the Director of Public Policy at LiveOn

NY. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today.

First I want to share my deep appreciation for the announcement that was made during this hearing that rates for home delivered meals will increase to \$10.52 in January and \$11.78 in July. This is something that LiveOn NY and our network has long advocated for alongside Council Member Chin and the council. And, it is a significant win that will make a meaningful difference in the lives of older adults throughout the five boroughs.

Second, as evidenced by securing that one last

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HDM win, we want to give our deepest appreciation to Councilwoman Chin, for your final hearing. Council Member Chin, you have fought tirelessly

for older adults throughout the duration of your time as Chair of the Aging Committee. Your leadership, and that of the entire committee and council, has positively impacted the lives of older New Yorkers across the five boroughs, and we thank you for your time and energy in this fight.

Now, to get to the topic at hand. As we continue to emerge from a pandemic that further demonstrated the importance of having a safe place to call to home, it's critical that the city respond by renewing and expanding its commitment to addressing the city's affordable housing crisis.

Today, more than half of older renters are rent burdened. And, a number of older adults in homeless shelters is expected to triple by 2030 without significant intervention.

These realities make it critical that we utilize every tool in our toolbox to combat the crisis; from developing affordable senior housing with services to

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2 repairing NYCHA, to bolstering SCRIE, to optimizing 3 our zoning code, we need to do it all.

Examples of what can be done when we work hard and prioritize affordable senior housing are evidenced in a newly developed affordable senior housing that exist throughout the city.

The Tres Puentes Building in The Bronx, developed by Westside Federation, is home to a vibrant new senior center.

HANAC Corona in Queens showcases new energy efficiency standards.

SAGE's Ingersoll and Corona residences in The Bronx and Brooklyn, spearheaded the new LGBTQ+ affirming housing model.

These developments, and many others, show not Olney what is possible in supporting the lives of hundreds of older residents, but that affordable senior housing can be assets to the entire community in which they've serve. It's a win-win.

So, to build on this, and to address the other issues that we have discussed during this hearing, including the important issues within NYCHA, which is an extremely important piece of housing older New Yorkers, I want to jump to our recommendations.

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First, LiveOn NY asks that the city implement the housing recommendations gathered in the more than eighty communities... gathered by more than eighty company based organizations outlined in our united for housing report. That means developing more than a thousand senior housing units per year, for extremely low income older adults.

We also need to amend the zoning code in order to integrate ADU's more fully at the caregiving model of support... (Cross-Talk)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time.

KATELYN ANDREWS: Additionally, we need we need additional capital funding for public housing, and we need to continue to strengthen the SCRIE Program.

There are a number of state bills that I will include in my written testimony that can be supported to do just this.

Finally, we also need to increase the per unit reimbursement rate within SARA to ensure that service funding is appropriately available within new SARA residences.

And, with that, I'll stop.

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And thank you again for your time, Council Member Chin, not only in this hearing, but throughout your tenure as Chair.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you, Katelyn. Uh, thank you to LiveOn. I still remember, we started this whole push for affordable housing for seniors based on your study, you know, showing that they were, like, back then, I think it was like 200,000 seniors on waiting list. And, I think that really got the ball rolling. So, but all the advocacy from LiveOn and your predecessors who we... I really, uh, appreciate all of your support. And, all of these victories, you guys will really... I mean, you and your organization have really helped to push it forward.

Thank you... (Cross-Talk)

KATELYN ANDREWS: Thank you. My first year was the year of the senior. So, it's been good since then.

- 22 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yes, thank you.
- 23 MODERATOR: Thank you, Katelyn.
- 24 I will now call on Alex Ryley.
- 25 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

ALEX RYLEY: Thank you very much. Uh, thanks to Council Member Chin and the committee for, uh, convening this hearing on such an important topic.

Uhm, I am Alex Ryley Director of Elder Law Civil Practice at The Legal Aid Society.

I want to start by talking about something that, uh, someone at The Department for The Aging, uhm, staff spoke about at some length, and that, uh, Chair Chin, you had asked at least one question about, which is the Assigned Counsel Project.

Uhm, so, The Legal Aid Society has been one of the legal providers for the Assigned Counsel Project since its inception. I don't know exactly how long it's been around -- maybe fifteen years -- something like that. And, uh, we agree that this is a really crucial project. It a crucial program to help keep seniors in their homes. Because, as Ygnacio Silvestre said, so many, uh, housing court cases stem from social services problems. And, without some sort of social work intervention, uh, those problems go unresolved, and then the senior winds up back in housing court.

Uh, but I do want to mention a couple of things, sort of clarifications of what was said earlier.

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First of all, uhm, it's important to understand the DFTA social work component of the ACP exist only in Brooklyn and Manhattan. There is no DFTA ACP component in The Bronx, uh, or in Queens. So, to the extent that any social work intervention is being done, the legal services providers have to come up with the funding to get that work done or find help elsewhere.

Uh, another thing I wanted to mention is that, uh, Ygnacio Silvestre emphasized the short term nature of the social work intervention in these cases, and that's very important to understand, because some of these cases, uh, really require longterm intervention. Uh, the... Some of these cases involving nuisance allegations are settled with what are called probationary agreements where the client is supposed to engage or not engage in certain behavior for a couple of years. Uhm, and you really need social work intervention during that period of time, but DFTA won't provide it, because the ACP is set up to be a short term crisis intervention program. So, that aspect of the program is missing really.

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Uhm, in addition, the, uh, DFTA used to solely administer this project along with the court system. But, that changed in, I believe it was 2018, when HRA and OCJ came in and started administering the program. And, since then, we've been concerned that the... that there's been sort of a less... less of

an emphases or appreciation of the program.

I will tell you that, uhm, as of July 1st of 2021, uhm, HRA announced that, uh, contrary to what had happened for many years previously where all sorts of different types of housing cases would be referred to legal services providers through the ACP, only nuisance cases would be referred. concerned about that for various reasons, but we're even more concerned now, because, at least in Brooklyn, the flow of cases has ground almost completely to a halt.

Uh, since July 1st, uh, Legal Aid Brooklyn, we've received maybe five - six referrals for that entire five-month period, uhm, of ACP cases. And, I've checked with my counterpart and Legal Services, which is the other provider, and they've had the same experience.

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Uhm, so that is of obvious concern to us. we would hope is that the committee would work with HRA and DFTA to reverse that trend, to increase the scope of the project, uhm; to increase the social services element beyond Brooklyn and Manhattan; increase the scope of eligible cases beyond that narrow category of nuisance cases; and to increase the scope of the social services support generally from short term crisis, uh, to longer term social work support in appropriate instances.

I also wanted to say something about, uh, finding housing for seniors more generally. There was mention of Housing Connect earlier. So, we're seeing two problems, uhm, and have for a long time.

The first is seniors who need help finding housing immediately not finding subsidized housing, for which there is, you know, a waiting list of years. Uhm, seniors have nowhere to turn for this assistance. You know, we have clients who think that the way to find housing is to walk around your neighborhood and look in windows to see signs about vacant apartments. They're totally unequipped to find apartments the way one has to do it now by doing internet searches.

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And, then, as I believe, you, uh, Chair Chin, you were saying earlier, uhm with respect to the subsidized housing, seniors are always amazed to find that waiting lists are so long. But, there are other sources of amazement. Uhm, they're also amazed to find that there's no one to help with these types of searches. I know that there is the Ambassador Program, but that's quite limited.

Uhm, in my written testimony, you will see that this morning, I did a number of searches on the internet as if I was applying or trying to find senior housing. First thing I did was to go to The Housing Connect Portal, and I pretended that I was a single, older adult of household income of \$12,000 a year, and it turned up zero responses. There was nothing. Nothing for me to apply to at all.

Uh, I looked at other sites for housing providers, uh, New York Foundation for Seniors, JASA, uhm, another problem is that if you want to apply to these places, as you probably know, there's no central way to do it. You... For JASA's, or rather New Yorker Foundations, I think, uh, seven properties that are currently accepting applications, you have... You would have to submit a separate

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application for each property.	And, there's all
sorts of dire warnings about if	you submit two by
accident, you'll be put to the k	oottom of the list
Or for JASA you'll be disqual	ified entirely

Uhm, this is very complicated. Many of our clients are totally unable to do this sort of thing on their own. And, there's nowhere to send them.

Again, there's The Ambassador Program, but our understanding is that that focuses on what shows up in Housing Connect, and, uh, for the person I just mentioned, the fictitious single person with \$12,000 a year in income, that, uh, there are... Absolutely nothing comes up at all.

Uhm, so, thank you, uh, once again, I hope that the city will find a way to put resources both toward expanding the ACP, uhm, and to getting critical assistance to seniors with finding immediate housing solutions, and also more long-term subsidized housing. Because, as the, uh, the January 15th, uhm, end of the moratorium looms, uh, we're getting very worried about what this is going to look like.

Happy to take any questions.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. Thank you, Alex for, uh, all of your great work all these years.

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And, ı	uh, hopefully the committee, you know, council
will a	also take note of this, and make sure that the
next o	council, the next Committee Chair, will have all
this	information. We really appreciate all of the
work t	that you have done, and coming to testify, and,
uh, ar	nd thank you.

ALEX RYLEY: Thank you.

MODERATOR: Thank you, Alex.

I will now call on Kevin Jones.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

KEVIN JONES: Good morning Chair Chin and members of the Committee on Aging. My name is Kevin Jones and I am the Associate State Director for Advocacy at AARP New York, we represent 750,000 members of the 50+ community across New York City.

Thank you for providing AARP with the opportunity to testify at today's hearing to discuss the state of housing for older New Yorkers.

As many of you know, older adults are one of the fastest growing demographics in New York City and will continue to make up a larger portion of the City's entire population in the years ahead as more New Yorkers desire to age in their communities and neighborhoods.

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However, our members and other 50+ New Yorkers, of all income levels and backgrounds, have identified housing affordability as one of their primary concerns and fear that rising housing costs will impact their ability to age in their communities now and in the future.

According to a 2016 retirement preparedness survey that AARP conducted with middle class Baby Boomers and "Gen Xer" populations across New York, more than 70 percent of this group stated that housing costs were having a serious impact on their household's overall financial health, and 61 percent of the "Gen Xers" indicated that they planned to move from New York in the future due to the issue of housing affordability.

Over the past two decades, we have witnessed New York City's affordable housing crisis continue to grow worse and place a significant burden on the lives and wellbeing of 50+ New Yorkers, especially low-income older adults. This crisis will continue to threaten this population's ability to age with dignity in their communities in the future without sufficient action from our leaders in government.

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The New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey of 2018 identified that more than 44 percent of all renter households in New York City are rent burdened, and 25 percent of those households are severely rentburdened, meaning that they pay at least half of their income on rent. This study also found that lowincome seniors -- adults above the age of 60 -- make up a disproportionate share of severely rent-burdened households, as more than 30 percent of all senior households and 35 percent of single seniors were

The COVID-19 pandemic and financial fallout from the crisis, have further complicated and worsened New York City's affordable housing crisis for older adults.

identified as low income and severely rent burdened.

As a result of COVID-19, many older New Yorkers have struggled to keep up with their rent or mortgage payments due to the loss of their employment or the loss of a spouse or loved one in their household.

Although some neighborhoods saw brief dips in housing prices at the height of the pandemic, New York City has witnessed a surge in the cost for housing over the past few months to such an extent

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2 that it has become the most expensive rental markets,
3 again, in the United States.

As New York City continues in its recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic, we need our elected leaders to implement policies and programs that protect older New Yorkers from losing their homes, especially as the future of the State's Eviction Moratorium remains uncertain beyond January 2022, as well as policies that address many of the underlying issues that have contributed to New York City's affordability crisis and left large portions of our aging population vulnerable to housing instability for years.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time Expired.

KEVIN JONES: Uh, I am going to submit it writing, a list of recommendations, but I just want to, uh, echo, uhm, AARP's appreciation for all of the work that's done by this committee over the last years, and particularly, Chairwoman Chin, it's been a pleasure to work with you.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you, yeah, thank you, for all of the support and partnership of AARP, all of the advocacy here at City Hall, with your red t-shirts at all of the hearings. I truly appreciated it.

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- 2 Thank you for being here today.
- 3 KEVIN JONES: Absolutely, Thank You.
 - MODERATOR: Thank you, Kevin, I will now call in Chris Widelo.

6 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

CHRIS WIDELO: Hi, good afternoon, Chairwoman

Chin, and members of The Aging Committee. Thank you,

I am grateful for the opportunity to testify on

housing older adults here in New York City. My name

is Chris Widelo and I am the director of external

affairs of NYSAFAH.

Uh, Chairwoman, I just wanted to say what a pleasure it's been to work with you over the years, and I just want to with you the best of luck in your "what's next". So, thank you.

So, NYSAFAH is the trade association for the affordable housing industry here in New York. We have 375 members both for-profit and non-profit developers, lenders, investors, attorneys, architects — all of the components that go in to building affordable housing.

We are responsible for building most of the affordable housing that is here New York State and across the city.

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Uh, I don't think I have to belabor the, uh, aging statistics, but we know that we are going to continue to age. The city is continually, uh, getting older. And, uh, you know, older adults account for over 13 percent of the population. And, you know, the last Boomer won't finish turning 65 until nine years from now in 2030.

So, uh, we need to do more, and figure out ways that we can produce the affordable housing and preserve the affordable housing to keep our older adults with a roof over their head.

And, ,you know, I want to echo what LiveOn NY proposed as part of the United for Housing Coalition, is a group of eighty organizations that came together to come up with recommendations for the next administration.

I think one of the ways that we can push the envelope, uh, to greater density, is to institute a citywide affordable housing zoning bonus of 25 percent as-of-right floor area ratio, to enable to affordable housing projects to achieve that higher density and compete against market-rate development.

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In the next administration we know can do this by expanding the given benefit through AIRS, and hopefully create more units in that way.

I also wanted to just mention that one of the initiatives that we have, you know, for older adults to age in place, we needed to make sure that they're connected, and this pandemic really showed us that that can be limited, especially when you can't get out and around to, you know, see others and connect with services in person. And, so, uh, you know, we have found that over 60 percent of older adults struggle to access adorable high-speed internet. And, so we had launched our Digital Equity Initiative back in 2020, and we're working in partnership with the Ford Foundation, Schmitt Futures, and the Broadband Equity Partnership to map out all of the affordable housing across the state and, of course, here in New York City to determine, uh, what their connectivity is. Do they have fiber that runs through the building, and if not, what is needed to do that? And, uhm, our goal, now that we've done that, we are going to be looking to see how we can leverage federal funding to make sure that all affordable

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housing in New York City, and across the state, has a connection to fiber, so they can... (Cross-Talk)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

CHRIS WIDELO: Uh, people have access to high speed, uh, internet access. And, we will work with our partners at New York State to leverage additional federal broadband dollars to, uhm, make sure that there is digital literacy programs in all affordable housing, and, ,you know, so we can make sure that people are connected. We know that older adults who are accessing the internet in ways they probably never thought of before; although, they are certainly digitally literate than maybe my parents 'generation, uhm, and we need to make sure that, uhm, that is not an issue again.

So, as far as affordable housing goes, we are looking to close that digital divide and make it a place where people can age successfully.

So, thank you very much for your time.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you, Chris.

Uhm, yeah, hopefully, I know a lot of seniors that were... at least had the opportunity to learn how to use, uh, the computer... (Cross-Talk)

CHRIS WIDELO: Sure.

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COMMITTEE ON AGING CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And, get on Zoom and stay 2 3 (Background Noise) (INAUDIBLE 02:20:52) program. And, really, thank you, too, uh, for all of your 4 5 advocacy and partnership, even at... During when you were with AARP. 6 CHRIS WIDELO: Yes! Thank you. CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And, uh, I'm glad that right 8 now you are with... Uh, are also involved with another great organization that focuses on affordable 10 11 housing. So, we appreciate... (Cross-Talk)

CHRIS WIDELO: Thank you, I always try to bring up ageing... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: all of your support.

CHRIS WIDELO: the aging lens to, uh, to this work, here, so, thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: That's good. That's good. And, thank you for being here today.

MODERATOR: Thank you, Chris.

I will now call on Joseph Condon.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

JOSEPH CONDON: Uh, Thank you for the opportunity to testify today. My name is Joseph Condon. I am testifying on behalf of the Community Housing

25 Improvement Program, also known as CHIP. _

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CHIP members are long-term owners of rentstabilized housing. Uh, they have good relationships with their tenants, and they've become part of the communities in which they provide housing.

Uh, Chair Member Chin, thank you for the opportunity. We've tried to work together before, so, uhm, thank you for all of those past attempts.

Uh, today, I'm here to sort of talk about the experiences our housing providers have had with their tenants who are seniors, uh, particular, in their assistance in helping them participate in the SCRIE Program, which is the Senior Citizen Rent Increase Exemption Program.

Uh, the SCRIE Program freezes tenant's rents at the time of the application, and all future rent increases for that unit area paid by the city through deductions in the building's property taxes. Uh, it's an excellent program to assist seniors on a fixed incomes in being able to age in their communities where they have friends and relatives, and are familiar with the neighborhood.

Unfortunately, sometimes the administration of the program, by The Department of Finance, is often filled with errors or mistakes, and cause

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difficulties for both the owners of the buildings as well as the tenants themselves.

Uhm, this testimony today is just to bring two recent issues with the SCRIE program to your attention.

First, ever since the passage of the 2019 HSTPA, the Department of Finance has been reducing the SCRIE benefits received by tenants with preferential rents, and increasing the amount these tenants actually pay in rent.

Uh, whether it is an unintended consequence of the 2019 HSTPA, or administrative mistakes at the Department of Finance, uh, what we're seeing on the ground and what seniors seeing is, uh, in some instances, their rents are increasing under the SCRIE Program, simply because they had a preferential rent in place, uhm, and attempted to renew it. Uhm, I can get in to more detail, and there's more detail in my written testimony about, uh, the issues happening there.

Uh, secondly, I just wanted to raise another issue that we're seeing with the SCRIE recipients.

Uh, in some instances when they are renewing their benefits due to receipt of increased unemployment

benefits, either during 2020 or 2021, uh, it is
causing issues in the recertification portion here.
Uh, it's actually causing them to lose their benefit
on renewal. Uh, it's due to the income cap on
eligibility for SCRIE tenants as well as the rent
burden requirement that they face. Seniors must be
paying at least one-third of their income towards
rent in order to qualify. Uh, so the receipt of the
increased unemployment benefits is pushing seniors
above these thresholds. And, although tenants are
being instructed to reapply once those insurance
benefits, uh, lapse or are no longer being received,
uh, what that would do is cause the tenants to
(Cross-Talk)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

JOSEPH CONDON: lose their frozen rent, and in reapplying, it would set a new rent at the current amount, even though income would return to pre-unemployment benefit levels.

Uh, so just wanted to raise these two issues for the committee, uhm, we know there's not much time left in the... in this year's session, but certainly, uhm, for next year and anything that can

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3	hel	lpful	to	the	recipients	of	the	SCRIE	benefits	

Uhm, so, that's it. Thank you for your time today. And, I looking for to, uh, working with this committee in the future. And, uh, well wishes to Chair Chin on, uhm, your future as well.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. Thank you, Joseph.

Uhm, ,you know, if there are people who are caught in that system, uh, they're having issues with SCRIE, uh, let us know or have them contact their council member. Because, we do work with The Department of Finance to try to resolve these SCRIE problems. So, I think every council member's office does have staff that work with seniors and on these programs. So, they should definitely reach out, and we could see how we could be helpful.

JOSEPH CONDON: Okay, will do, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Okay? Thank you.

MODERATOR: Thank you, Chair. Uhm, we do have a panelist with a hand raised -- Alex Ryley. Can...

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Oh, yeah, Alex... (Cross-Talk)

ALEX RYLEY: Thank... Thank you very much. I just wanted to, uh, to build on what Mr. Condon was saying about the SCRIE issues.

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With the unemployment insurance, uhm, piece, I

have not encountered yet, but I'm glad to know about

it. Well, I'm certainly going to take that back to

5 my colleague and others. But, we are very much aware

6 of the preferential rent issue.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Mm-hmm

ALEX RYLEY: Uh, this does seem to have been a... an unintended consequence of the HSTPA, which made all preferential rents permanent.

We had a meeting with, uh, The Department of
Finance a month or two ago on this issue, and they
committed, uh, first of all that they would... Uh,
in some instances we've been able to get them to, so
to speak, fix this problem in individual cases, and
they committed to doing so on a case by case bases.

Uhm, the problem is that it's impossible for the DOF to identify these cases on its own, uhm, with their existing records. So, they have to be brought their attention.

We also wanted them to do outreach on this issue, because it's kind of a complicated issue, and our experience has been that the clients have reached out to various elected official's offices that haven't really known what to do about the problem,

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because it's sort of strange. And, the issues kind of go nowhere.

So, we wanted the DOF to do outreach. I sent an email to them a couple of weeks ago asking, once again, are you going to do this? No response. So, to the extent that the committee could press The Department of Finance to get in front of this and start alerting everyone about this issue -- which is pretty easy to spot -- because as Mr. Condon said, you know, it's when you have somebody who has a preferential rent, and all of a sudden, one day their SCRIE practically disappears, then you know you have that issue.

So, if the DOF could do outreach on that, I think that would be great step in the right direction.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And, thank you for your suggestion. I know, our office has, uh, cases that came in that had this issue and the staff had to reach out to DOF to try to get it resolved. So, we will... we will follow up on that.

Thank you for your suggestion.

Committee Counsel?

MODERATOR: Yes, thank you, Chair.

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So, at this time, if your name has not been called, and you still wish to testify, please raise your hand using the Zoom Raise Hand Function.

Okay, Chair Chin, we have concluded public testimony for this hearing, and I will now turn it back to your for closing remarks.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yes, I just wanted to, UH, you know, thank you again, to everyone who participated at this hearing. And, thank you for all your advocacy all of these years for older adults. You know, we have made big progress, and hopefully the committee in the next, uh, session will continue to build on our achievements.

And, I want to thank all of the sergeants for helping us organize the hearing today.

And, Happy Holidays to everyone.

The hearing is now adjourned. [GAVEL]

Thank you.

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date January 5, 2022