## STATE OF NEW YORK

8324

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

May 13, 2025

Introduced by M. of A. PHEFFER AMATO -- read once and referred to the Committee on Governmental Employees

AN ACT to amend the retirement and social security law, in relation to providing a heart disease presumption for certain members employed as probation officers

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 607-m to read as follows:

§ 607-m. Disabilities of probation officers in certain cases. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any general, special or local law or administrative code to the contrary, but except for the purposes of the workers' compensation law and the labor law, any condition of impairment of health caused by diseases of the heart, resulting in total or partial disability or death to a person performing the duties of a probation officer, supervising probation officer or probation officer trainee the department of probation in a city with a population of one million or more, who successfully passed a physical examination on entry into such service or subsequent thereto, which examination failed to reveal any evidence of such condition, shall be presumptive evidence that it was incurred in the performance and discharge of duty, unless the contrary be proved by competent evidence.

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- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a probation officer, supervising probation officer or probation officer trainee of a department of probation in a city with a population of one million or more retiring pursuant to the provisions of subdivision one of this section 20 shall receive a pension equal to three-fourths of such member's final 21 average salary.
- § 2. All past service costs associated with implementing 23 provisions of this act shall be borne by the city of New York.

EXPLANATION -- Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.

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1 § 3. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, none of the provisions of this act shall be subject to the appropriation requirement of section 25 of the retirement and social security law.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

FISCAL NOTE. -- Pursuant to Legislative Law, Section 50:

SUMMARY: This proposed legislation would provide to NYCERS Tier 4 and Tier 6 Probation Officers a rebuttable statutory presumption that a qualifying disability or death related to heart disease was incurred in the performance of duty and provide a performance of duty disability retirement benefit equal to 75% of Final Average Salary.

ILLUSTRATION - INCREASE (DECREASE) IN EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS by Fiscal Year for the first 25 years (\$ in Thousands)

	One Incide	ent	One Incident	Per Yea
Year	Disability	Death	Disability	Death
2026	41	31	41	31
2027	41	31	83	62
2028	41	31	126	95
2029	41	31	170	129
2030	41	31	216	163
2031	41	31	263	199
2032	41	31	312	235
2033	41	31	362	273
2034	41	31	413	312
2035	41	31	466	352
2036	41	31	521	394
2037	41	31	577	436
2038	41	31	635	480
2039	41	31	695	525
2040	0	0	716	541
2041	0	0	738	557
2042	0	0	760	574
2043	0	0	782	591
2044	0	0	806	609
2045	0	0	830	627
2046	0	0	855	646
2047	0	0	881	665
2048	0	0	907	685
2049	0	0	934	706
2050	0	0	962	727

Employer contribution impact beyond Fiscal Year 2050 is not shown.

The potential increases in employer contributions will be allocated to New York City.

PRESENT VALUE OF BENEFITS: The Present Value of Benefits is the discounted expected value of benefits paid to current members if all assumptions are met, including future service accrual and pay increases. Future new hires are not included in this present value.

> INITIAL INCREASE (DECREASE) IN ACTUARIAL PRESENT VALUES as of June 30, 2024 (\$ in Thousands)

Present Value (PV)

Per Disability Per Death



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(1) PV of Employer Contributions:	344	260
(2) PV of Employee Contributions:	<u>(13)</u>	_0
Total PV of Benefits (1) + (2):	331	260

UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY (UAL): Actuarial Accrued Liabilities are the portion of the Present Value of Benefits allocated to past service. Changes in UAL per incident would be recognized as ongoing gain/loss.

## AMORTIZATION OF UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY

Recognized as Ongoing Gain/Loss	Per Disability	Per Death
Increase (Decrease) in UAL:	344 K	260 K
Number of Payments:	14	14
Amortization Payment:	41 K	31 K

CENSUS DATA: The number of members who will benefit in the future from this proposed legislation is unknown. The estimates presented herein are based on preliminary census data collected as of June 30, 2024. The census data for the potentially impacted population used to develop the average costs is summarized below.

	NYCERS
Active Members	
- Number Count:	569
- Average Age:	46.9
- Average Service:	14.7
- Average Salary:	78,400

IMPACT ON MEMBER BENEFITS: Currently, active Tier 4 or Tier 6 members of NYCERS who are employed as Probation Officers and become disabled due to heart disease would generally be eligible for an applicable ordinary disability retirement after attaining 10 years of service. The disability benefit is generally a lifetime payment equal to the greatest of 1/3 of Final Average Salary (FAS), 1/60th of FAS times service, or the service retirement benefit, if eligible.

Under the proposed legislation, the performance of duty disability benefit for Tier 4 or Tier 6 Probation Officer members who are disabled from heart disease would be equal to 75% of FAS without an offset for Workers' Compensation.

The ordinary death benefit for NYCERS Probation Officers is a lump sum payment generally equal to three times the member's salary, plus a refund of member contributions. Under the proposed legislation, the performance of duty death benefit would generally be equal to a lifetime benefit of 50% of a member's wages earned during their last year of service, payable to certain beneficiaries.

ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS: The estimates presented herein have been calculated based on the Revised 2021 Actuarial Assumptions and Methods of the impacted retirement systems.

The number of members who will benefit from this proposed legislation is unknown. The cost of this proposed legislation could vary greatly depending on the number of future members who benefit and on their length of service, age, and salary history. In particular, the increase would be greater for a member who is not yet eligible for an ordinary disability benefit when disabled.

The estimated financial impact for disabled members has been calculated assuming 50% would have retired under the current ordinary disa-

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bility benefit, and 50% would have continued working if the proposed legislation were not passed.

RISK AND UNCERTAINTY: The costs presented in this Fiscal Note depend highly on the actuarial assumptions, methods, and models used, demographics of the impacted population, and other factors such as investment, contribution, and other risks. If actual experience deviates from actuarial assumptions, the actual costs could differ from those presented herein. Quantifying these risks is beyond the scope of this Fiscal Note.

This Fiscal Note is intended to measure pension-related impacts and does not include other potential costs (e.g., administrative and Other Postemployment Benefits). This Fiscal Note does not reflect any chapter laws that may have been enacted during the current legislative session.

STATEMENT OF ACTUARIAL OPINION: Marek Tyszkiewicz and Gregory Zelikovsky are members of the Society of Actuaries and the American Academy of Actuaries. We are members of NYCERS, but do not believe it impairs our objectivity, and we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. To the best of our knowledge, the results contained herein have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and procedures and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

FISCAL NOTE IDENTIFICATION: This Fiscal Note 2025-31 dated March 14, 2025 was prepared by the Chief Actuary for the New York City Retirement Systems and Pension Funds and is intended for use during the 2025 Legislative Session.