CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON AGING JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION

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Date: Tuesday, November 19, 2024

Start: 1:18 P.M. Recess: 3:56 P.M.

HELD AT: 250 Broadway - Committee Room,

16th Floor

B E F O R E: Public Advocate Jumaane Williams

Hon. Crystal Hudson, Chair of the

Committee on Aging

Hon. Julie Menin, Chair of the Committee

on Consumer and Worker Protection

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

COMMITTEE ON AGING:

Chris Banks
Linda Lee
Darlene Mealy,
Yusef Salaam
Lynn C. Schulman
Susan Zhuang

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION:

Shaun Abreu
Gale A. Brewer
Amanda Farias
Shekar Krishnan
Chi A. Ossé
Julie Won

OTHER COUNCIL MEMBERS ATTENDING: Joseph, Nurse, and Sanchez

COMMITTEE ON AGING JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION A P P E A R A N C E S

Colette McCain-Jacques, City Register for the New York City Department of Finance (DOF)

Penney Vachiraprapun, General Counsel at NYC Aging

(DCWP)

Carlos Ortiz,
Assistant Commissioner of External Affairs at
Department of Consumer and Worker Protection

Jenny Weyel, Homeowner Advocate at NYC Department of Housing Preservation & Development (HPD)

Jake Capistran, Director of Intergovernmental Affairs Department NYC Department of Finance (DOF)

Bruno Daniel, Director of Community Affairs at the Brooklyn Borough President's Office; Representing Brooklyn Borough President Antonio Reynoso

Vira Jones,
Property Owner, Representing: Self Against Deed
Theft/Fraud

Randi Scherman, Senior Staff Attorney at Neighborhood Economic Justice Project at Brooklyn Legal Services

Casey Lee, Staff Attorney at Legal Aid Society

Beverly Smith, Popham Gardens HOA

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Rahcel Cyprien,
Property Owner, Representing: Self Against Deed
Theft/Fraud

Karen Greenwood,
Property Owner, Representing: Self Against Deed
Theft/Fraud

Roger Rowe, Property Owner, Representing: Self Against Deed Theft/Fraud

Kevin Wolfe, Deputy Director for Advocacy and Public Affairs at Center For New York City Neighborhoods

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SERGEANT LEVY: Testing, testing, this is Sergeant Levy doing a mic check for the 16th floor Committee Room at 250 Broadway; the Committee on Aging jointly with the Committee on Consumer and Worker Protection. The date a November 19, 2024.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Please quiet down. Good afternoon and welcome to today's New York City Council Hearing for the Committee on Aging jointly with the Consumer and Worker Protection.

At this time to minimize disruptions, please place all electronic devices to vibrate or silent mode.

At no time is anyone to approach the dais. If you would like to sign up for in person testimony, or have any other questions throughout the hearing, please see one of the Sergeant at Arms.

Chairs, we are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: (GAVELING IN)

Thank you so much, and good afternoon, everyone.

I'm Council Member Crystal Hudson, chair of the

Committee on Aging; my pronouns are she, her.

Welcome to today's joint Oversight hearing with the Committee on Consumer and Worker Protection on Deed Theft.

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Thank you to Chair Menin for holding this

important hearing with me today. I want thank the

Public Advocate for also joining us, and we will hear

the following legislation today:

Introduction Number 888, sponsored by myself in relation to requiring disclosures of market value for unsolicited offers to purchase residential properties.

Introduction Number 901, sponsored by Council
Member Kevin Riley, in relation to requiring the
office of financial empowerment to provide assistance
to homeowners.

We're also joined today by Council Member Zhuang, Council Member Mealy, and Council Member Salaam.

According to 2023 data from the Department of Housing Preservation and Development Center for Research on Housing Opportunity Mobility and Equity, 49 percent of New York City residents aged 62 and older own their own home, representing a higher homeownership rate than the citywide homeownership rate of 35 percent.

Of these older adult homeowners, 75 percent are low to moderate income and require resources and services to support them as they age in place. As

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such, in New York City, homeownership is the largest source of personal wealth for many older adults.

As New Yorkers have aged in their homes, the neighborhoods around them have changed, property values have skyrocketed, and older residents have become targets by individuals and shell companies seeking to profit off of their homes. This has given rise to widespread deed fraud and home title theft.

According to the New York Attorney General's Office, deed theft occurs when someone takes the title to someone's home without the homeowner's knowledge or approval.

Two of the most common ways scammers steal deeds are forgery, where the scammer fakes the homeowner's signature on a deed and files it with the county clerk, and fraud where the homeowner signs the deed over to the scammer without realizing what they are really signing.

As an example, let's look at the case of 90-year-old Ray Cortez of Brooklyn. Mr. Cortez bought his home on Saint Mark's Place in 1969 and raised his three children there. In 2006, Mr. Cortez planned on making renovations to the home. Thinking that he was just agreeing to the performance of home repairs, Mr.

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Cortez was duped into signing over the deed to the home in 2006. Much later, Mr. Cortez learned a mortgage was taken out on the property without his knowledge, with the borrower extracting nearly \$700,000 according to court records. Then, unbeknownst to Mr. Cortez, an LLC purchased his home at a 2018... at a 2018 foreclosure auction and is now seeking to evict Mr. Lopez (sic) to cash in on the property.

Now, 90 year old Mr. Cortez is in housing court fighting to remain in the home he thought he owned at a time when he should be enjoying his remaining years of retirement.

If this story sounds like a nightmare, that's because it is a nightmare. Unfortunately, it is also the reality for Mr. Cortez and thousands of other New Yorkers.

In the past five years, the City has received about 3,000 deed theft complaints, 45 percent of which occurred in Brooklyn and primarily in communities of color and among older adults.

Deed theft can particularly... can be particularly catastrophic for retirees or those on fixed incomes, often leaving them without the

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resources to secure alternate housing and increasing their risk of homelessness in New York City's high priced housing market.

Deed theft also disrupts generational wealth transfer, which is particularly impactful in communities of color where families may rely on passing down property to achieve economic mobility.

Stripping families of these assets perpetuates economic disparities. Beyond finances, deed theft is also a traumatic experience that can impact older adult victims who may experience significant emotional strain from both the betrayal and the potential displacement. The stress associated with these circumstances can exacerbate preexisting health issues leading to a decline in overall well-being.

Last year, the State enacted landmark protections for alleged victims of deed theft, empowering the Attorney General and local district attorneys' offices with the ability to void fraudulent deeds and block foreclosure and eviction proceedings in instances of suspected deed theft.

Today's hearing serves as an opportunity to check-in at the local level and see how our city agencies are responding to the explosion of deed

theft cases in New York City. What resources are
being provided to vulnerable communities? How do

state and local officials coordinate to enforce

protections for homeowners such as cease and desist

zones? What assistance is provided at the local level

for alleged victims of deed theft?

I look forward to hearing from the Administration on the steps it is taking to meaningfully address the scheme that targets some of our most vulnerable residents.

Deed theft is an issue that disproportionately impacts my district and much of Central Brooklyn, and it has disrupted the lives of too many of my neighbors.

Before I close, I wanna highlight my bill,
Introduction 888. This critical legislation would
require that when a purchaser submits an offer to buy
a property that the owner has not listed for sale, is
not actively selling, did not intend to sell, or
where such owner was unaware of their ownership of
the property, that the purchaser must disclose in
writing in a clear and conspicuous manner the
estimated market value of the residential property.

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If enacted, this legislation would protect homeowners from being taken advantage of by potential buyers and would help to ensure that owners have the information they need to sell their home with the confidence of knowing that they are getting a fair price. It would also discourage such potential buyers from seeking to take advantage of homeowners by knowingly making low offers.

This legislation would be another valuable tool that the city can use to ensure that New Yorkers can remain in their homes, retain the value of their properties, and be free from harassment by forces that seek to take advantage of them.

I look forward to the Administration's constructive feedback on this legislation. Thank you to the representatives from NYC Aging, HPD,

Department of Finance, and DCWP for appearing today.

Thank you to the members of the Aging Committee and the Committee On Consumer And Worker Protection who have joined us.

I would also like to thank my staff, Casey

Addison and Andrew Wright and Aging Committee staff,

Christopher Pepe, Chloë Rivera, Julia Haramis, and

Saiyemul Hamid.

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I will now turn it over to Chair Menin for opening remarks.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you so much, Chair Hudson.

I'm Julie Menin, chair of the Committee on Consumer and Worker Protection.

Helping New Yorkers navigate through financial crisis and building long term financial stability is such an important component of advancing equity and building wealth in our city. The Department of Consumer and Worker Protection's Office of Financial Empowerment works to educate, to empower, and to protect individuals and families with low incomes.

When I served as commissioner of that agency, we launched a public awareness campaign to inform New Yorkers about the free one on one professional financial counseling available to residents to take control of their debt and to plan for their future.

For many New Yorkers, their home is quite frankly their greatest financial asset. Unfortunately, scammers seek out financially vulnerable homeowners to fraudulently take ownership of their property.

As Council Member Hudson emphasized, deed theft is particularly catastrophic for retirees or those on

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fixed incomes, often leaving victims without resources to secure alternative housing in the city's highly competitive housing market.

It's critical that homeowners are educated about how to protect their assets and how to identify deed theft scams.

I look forward to hearing from the agencies before us today regarding the steps that they are taking to educate homeowners and prevent the tragedy of deed theft before it occurs, as well as how they're responding when New Yorkers come to them as victims of deed fraud.

Along with Council Member Hudson's bill,
Introduction 888, we are also hearing Introduction
901, sponsored by Council Member Riley.

This bill would require the Office of Financial Empowerment in coordination with the Office of the Homeowner Advocate to provide support and counseling to homeowners and their heirs to protect their assets, including financial planning, mortgage count... mortgage counseling, and scam prevention.

I look forward to robust discussion about these bills, and I'll now hand it back over to Council Member Hudson.

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CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you so much. I'd like to add that we've also been joined by Council Members Brewer and Lee.

I'd now like to turn it over to the Public Advocate to deliver opening remarks.

PUBLIC ADVOCATE WILLIAMS: Thank you so much, Madam Chairs.

As mentioned, my name is Jumaane William, Public Advocate for the city of New York. Thank you again to Chairs Hudson and Menin and committee members for holding this hearing.

In the midst of the pandemic, my office began to receive deed theft complaints from constituents seeking legal assistance. I will say I've been hearing about these, issues since I was a council member and only increased as I became public advocate.

My staff advised these concerned and afraid citizens to share the complaint with the attorney general's office.

The New York attorney general does not have legal authority to assist individuals in court and, therefore, cannot always prevent these individuals from further legal troubles.

According to a report done by that office between 2014 and 2019, New York City received around 3,000 complaints regarding deed theft. Of those 3,000 complaints, 45 percent of them came from Brooklyn.

That number might be higher due to likelihood of homeowners not knowing they are a victim of this kind of scam. By the time a homeowner realizes that they are a victim, their home could be sold or mortgaged multiple times.

This time last year Governor Hochul signed an anti-deed theft bill into law, assisting prosecutors with challenging fraudulent real estate transactions.

The governor and attorney general both publicly stated that deed theft had disproportionately affected Black and brown homeowners.

Despite knowing who was being targeted, despite knowing which neighborhoods are being targeted, victims are still targeted in our city and in need of additional protections, especially the intersectionality of our Black and brown elder and senior population and others who may be vulnerable to forgery, fraud, and other scams and tricks.

I will say in the most recent recession, Black homeowners in particular, came into recession with

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the least amount of wealth and they left the recession having lost the most amount of wealth. It always seems that these things hit those communities the most.

I would like to add my name to Council Member

Hudson's bills, which requires a purchase of property

due to disclose the market value of substantial

similar properties listed for sale in publicly

searchable database as designated by Department of

Consumer and Worker Protection.

I also want to add my name to, the Council Member Riley's bill, this legislation seeks to provide counseling and support to homeowners through Office of Financial Empowerment and the Office of Homeowner Advocate. Importantly, this measure gives homeowners a program to assist them with planning their finances, navigating their mortgages, and recognizing scams from bad actors.

These bills represent an exceptional opportunity to have both a safeguard against swindlers and a mechanism for educating folks about the value of their communities. If enacted, they will help us curtail the behavior of those who have found it easy

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(PANEL AFFIRMS)

to steal property and deplete the wealth of historic Black and brown communities.

I applaud Council Members Hudson and Riley and Menin for these bills and for the hearings that can serve a benchmark for other needed legislation that actively protects our long standing communities.

I do want to just lift up communities like Central Brooklyn and Southeast Queens who have heard a lot from, dealing with these issues. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you so much, Public Advocate.

I'd like to now turn it over to the committee counsel to administer the oath to the Administration.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Good afternoon, Chris Pepe, committee counsel, now in accordance with the rules of the Council, I will administer the affirmation to the witnesses from the mayoral administration.

If you could all please raise your right hands, do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your testimony before these committees, and to respond honestly to council member's questions? I need a verbal, yes.

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Register plays.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Okay, you may proceed with your testimony. Oh, and if you could please state your name before you testify, thank you.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Good afternoon. My name is Colette McCain-Jacques; I am the City Registrar for the New York City Department of Finance.

Good afternoon, Chair Hudson and Chair Menin, as well as the members of the Aging Committee and the Consumer and Worker Protection Committee.

Since 2014, the Department of Finance and both the City Register And The Sheriff's Office have been focused on confronting the root cause of deed fraud that target our most vulnerable New Yorkers.

As many of you know, there are heartbreaking stories where older New Yorkers, living on fixed incomes and coerced into signing a document that eventually leads them to giving away their property for either no money or a fraction of what it's truly worth. This issue impacts New Yorkers across all five boroughs.

Before I jump into the root causes and the signs

of potential deed fraud, I'd like to take a step back

and explain the role that the Office of the City

Each year, well between 300,000 and 500,000 documents are processed by the Office, that includes all different actions against properties, including the recording of deeds, which are made available for the public inspection.

For example, if a property owner refinances their mortgage or transfers a deed, these actions require filing with the Office of the City Register, which means it needs to be processed by a member of my staff.

The Office of the City Register plays a ministerial role in recording of deeds. The Office is limited by state law. State law requires the City Register to perform the ministerial acts of recording a deed as long as it is in recordable form. Meaning that it's certified by public notary - it has sellers and buyer's signature under certain circumstances, and it includes all other required documents for recording. The City Register does not have discretion with respect to recording of these that meet these requirements.

Although the Office of The City Register is limited by state law, there are still proactive steps

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the Department of Finance has taken to help prevent deed fraud.

We have trained City Register staff to better detect documents that may be forged or fraudulent and put in place several safeguards, including involvement of the Sheriff's Office in the review process.

After an internal review of our recording process, we discovered that Quitclaim Deeds, uh, are the most common type of deeds used by perpetrators of deed fraud. The staff now pays particular attention to these situations... submissions. And when the staff identifies a discrepancy that appears to indicate possible fraud, they refer it to the Sheriff's Office for a review.

Examples of other types of recording that would trigger an additional review are those with a sale price far below the market value, and trans multiple... uh, transfers between LLCs within a short period of time - and transfers by people or entities suspected of committing or known to have committed deed fraud in the past.

These safeguards have been in effect since July 2014, when we increased our focus on deed fraud, and

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we continue to make improvements as we see patterns that need to be addressed.

In addition, as part of the review process, the City Register staff verifies the notary information on the New York State Attorney General's Office website, and discrepancies are sent to the Sheriff's Office for closer review. We also automatically inform property owners by mail when a deed is filed against their property. The earlier that someone catches the fraudulent activity, the more quickly a problem can be addressed.

In addition to our efforts in my office, the Sheriff's Office plays a vital role in handling the potential fraudulent cases.

Since 2014, the Sheriff's Office has taken many proactive measures to reduce deed fraud and investigate crimes related to deed fraud.

We are hopeful that with the State taking important steps to expand deed fraud, protections and creating harsher penalties for the perpetrators, we will continue to see a decrease in cases.

Our investigations in the past 10 years have resulted in the arrest of 58 suspects tied to

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fraudulent property transactions. The total value of these properties was in excess of \$54 million.

Our most effective enforcement tool is proactive outreach and empowerment of homeowners before they are put in a compromised situation.

The Department of Finance's Outreach Unit has been informing event attendees about deed fraud and how to prevent it since early 2016. Their work has reached over a 100,000 taxpayers at over 1,800 events. DAF has partnered with the Department of Aging, HPD, DCWP, for housing resource fairs to provide education for older New Yorkers, including deed theft education.

Agency partners, as well as elected partnerships, are the most important types of outreach the City can do. I would like to thank borough president Reynoso for recently inviting us to a town hall where our Outreach team spoke with New Yorkers directly about how to protect themselves from deed fraud.

In addition to the Outreach team, the Office of the Taxpayers Advocate has conducted outreach events with the IRS, New York State, other government agencies, and non for profit partners on the topic of deed fraud.

During these events, they educate tax professionals and taxpayers on the topic of deed fraud and encourage everyone to be vigilant about fraud prevention.

During the outreach sessions, we give presentations, which include a section on deed fraud and what people can do to protect their properties, the Outreach Unit has distributed tens of thousands of copies of our deed fraud guide, which is available in 10 languages on the Department of Finance's website.

Over the past few years, the outreach unit has also conducted hundreds of Train the Trainer sessions, at which they educate elected officials and community based organizations on the topic of deed fraud. This is an ongoing effort, and we encourage members interested to contact us to schedule a session.

Turning to today's legislation, the

Administration supports the intent of both bills for
the consideration today with proposed amendments.

Introduction 888 would require DCWP to ensure that parties that make unsolicited offers to purchase residential property, provide the owners with the

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disclosure of the market value of the property, it would also require DCWP to establish a database of residential property market values.

While DCWP agrees with the goal of providing potential sellers with important information regarding their homes, especially in the case of unsolicited offers, we are concerned that an approach focused on DCWP assessing home market values would be unreliable for home sellers.

Instead, we recommend that the business or person making an offer to purchase a residential property to be required to provide the owner with an itemization of their rights and protections as a protective seller. This would fall in line with existing practices that DCWP has successfully established in the used car, paid taxpayer... tax preparer, and debt collection industries.

Introduction 901 would require DCWP Office of
Financial Empowerment to provide counseling to
homeowners in coordination with HPD's Office of the
Homeowners Advocate.

DCWP's Financial Empowerment Centers do not provide mortgage counseling, housing scam prevention, or home repair financing. These services include

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legal services support offered by HPD in collaboration with community based organizations, such as the Center for New York City Neighborhoods. Our colleagues at HPD can further elaborate on the specific work.

The Administration believes this legislation presents an exciting opportunity to develop a deeper partnership between these two agencies, leverage their respective networks to support more communities in New York City, and achieve the goals of the legislation.

The Administration remains committed to uplifting
New Yorkers as they build and protect their assets
through these resources.

I want to thank the Council for allowing me to speak today, and I hope that our testimony has given you a useful overview of where we stand regarding deed fraud. I will take any questions you may have at this point.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you, we will turn to the next person to testify, and then we will come to you with questions.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Yeah, that was the whole testimony (INAUDIBLE).

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Then, in that case, I would like to acknowledge that we have been joined by Council Member Banks, Council Member Joseph, Council Member Ossé, and Council Member Krishnan.

I do have a couple of questions from your testimony. Just bear with me one second here.

You stated that, uh, some types of recordings that would trigger an additional review are those with a sale price far below market value. How do you define far below?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Well, if a property is a \$1 million, and somebody is selling it for \$23,00, that's far below.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: But is there like a threshold that's ,you know, 20 percent of the value, 50 percent of the value, or it's just a subjective determination of what might be far below?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Well, okay, so I would say that, uhm, if the home is a \$1 million and it's being sold for the \$23,000, that's more or less like the assessed value opposed to the actual market value.

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CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay. So you use the assessed

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value to determine what might be considered far below?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Well, we have the assessed

value on our, uhm, Real Property Report, the...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Mhmm...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: (INAUDIBLE) 217, and it requires you to put the assessed value. And, usually, that's the document that people sign when they are purchasing a home. And when they see that, they're seeing, like, pennies on the dollar...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Right...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: and they might be buying...
they might be giving the person \$50,000 and they see
the \$23,000, they're fooled into thinking that
they're getting more than what the property is worth,
because they're not educated that the market value is
way higher.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Right. I guess I'm also trying to assess, even if that same million dollar home is being sold half a million dollars, that's still... I mean, that's 50 percent...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: It's a...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: of the value...

2 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: It's a flag for us.

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CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay, so is there like a threshold or a particular percentage or number that you use in the Office to determine - what would be a flag?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, we have it built into our ACRIS System (The Automated City Register Information System), so the ACRIS System pulls the information, and it pretty much knows what the market value is, so it's determined like that. I don't have an exact percentage to tell you and what the threshold is. But that's what the flag is based on.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay, do you think there could be scenario where there are homes or people or cases in this instance that would fall somewhere between the threshold that you're talking about and then the actual market value?

Like, are we missing anyone, essentially, with this system that you are talking about, if it's flagging people or flagging homes that might be ,you know, below 50 percent of the assessed value — or below 50 percent of the market rate rather, or simply just using the assessed value, are we missing anybody who might... who might be making a... they might

uhm, but they're not somehow hitting the threshold in

still be ,you know, experiencing deed theft of fraud,

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MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Maybe I should explain it differently. Okay, so when a deed document comes in, right, and it goes through the system, we have another system that it pulls the information with the market value. So, anything that is being sold below that market value is gonna be triggered.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, it's not going to get missed...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: You what I'm saying?

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: I got you...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Anything...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: That was helpful, thank you.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And then you also mentioned that your most effective enforcement tool is proactive outreach, and I'm wondering what exactly does that look like? I know you referenced, uhm, events, but do you do you send letters to the home?

Do you call people? Do you... do you make home visits

2 for anybody that you might identify as being, uh, a victim?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: In as far as notice...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Right...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: notifying about the events?

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: No, sorry...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: What...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: If there is somebody who is being flagged in your system...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Right...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: as a potential ,you know, victim of deed theft or fraud, uh, how do you... how do you outreach to that person?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, this is... First off, we do some outreach... Anytime a document is recorded on a piece of property in New York City, uh, a Notice of Recorded Document automatically goes out to the homeowner notifying them and letting them know that there has been activity on their property, and if they are not familiar, or this is not... something that they did not do, then they should go notify the District Attorney's Office for investigation.

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2 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay. Uh, I would like to
3 also acknowledge that we have been joined by Council

Can you describe the trend of deed theft among older New Yorkers over the past 10 years?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: I don't have that information, I'm not keeping that data. Because when people come in to record documents in our office, we don't ask them how old they are or anything. We don't capture that information on the documents that we're... that are required to be submitted in our office. It does not capture that information at all.

Also, 86 percent of our documents recorded with the City Register are recorded electronically. So, there's no way to keep track of that.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay. And for NYC Aging, what does NYC Aging do to educate older homeowners about deed theft?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: Good afternoon, Chair, Penney Vachiraprapun, I am general counsel for NYC Aging... Sorry, I spilled some water...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Oh, sorry... The sergeants... we had a little spill over here. If you can go ahead

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Member Nurse.

and... it spilled on the table, thank you. Okay,
we'll get to it in just a second.

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MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: So, our agency has a specific referral structure for deed theft. We have our Elderly Crime Victim Resource Center as well as our Elder Justice Units. So, when an older adult victim of deed theft comes in, and the deed theft was... was done by a stranger, the Elder Crime... Elderly Crime Resource Center would handle that. If it is done by a trusted individual, then the Elder Justice, uhm, Unit would handle that. And the difference there is that they ECBRC is direct services, uhm, so that's our staff managing that and making sure that there are connections and referrals to support the older adults. And, then the Elder Justice Unit is a contact management unit. So, cases would be sent over to providers. Uhm, in addition, of course we have our legal services providers, and the most important thing we found with regard to deed theft among older adults is, as you mentioned with Mr. Castro, often times folks are not finding out about these thefts and frauds on their property until much later. So our priority is to connect older adults to legal services as soon as possible.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And is there a public

home owners about deed theft and their rights as

awareness campaign in place to educate older adult

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property owners?

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MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: So we have our Know Your

Rights pamphlet, uhm, and that actually does mention

information about deed theft as well as resources and

assistance that older adults can connect with. In

addition, our legal services providers do

presentations in the neighborhoods and communities...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you...

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: It's not necessarily that

these are presentations specifically about deed

theft, but they are about homeownership, they are

about tenant and landlord issues. And I think my

colleague also mentioned that we have run housing

resource fairs. I can find... Give me one second...

So, we did two recently, one was on November 7th and

involved HPD, Department of Finance, and some other

agencies. And we did that in the Grace Agard-Harewood

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Mm-hmm

OAC (Older Adult Center)...

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MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: in Clinton Hill. And then we actually have another one coming up on the 21st this week.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And where is that one?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: That one is at Allen Community Senior Citizens Center in Queens.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Great, thank you.

In what ways does NYC Aging support older New Yorkers in recognizing and reporting deed theft scams before they lead to property loss?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: Well, as we mentioned, and as it seems, Council is aware, the theft is an issue that oftentimes folks aren't learning about until much later. So, the most important thing from our perspective is always, of course, to educate older adults. I mentioned the webinars and presentations in the community that our legal services providers, do.

And then we also, of course, operate on a No Wrong Door approach, so anytime an older adult comes to us, of course we have our Aging, uhm, Aging Connect, to make sure that there are other supports in place. Because, what we found is sometimes it's not just deed theft, there are other issues at play as well.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And then what about, uhm, reaching homebound or isolated older adults to educate them on this topic, particularly since we know that those individuals are high risk for being

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: So, those... that would be handled by our case management agencies, and those are the folks who are actually going into the homes and connecting with the homebound older adults, and they can make direct referrals to, uhm, our Elder

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Great.

Justice Unit and our ECVRC.

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targeted?

And then can you describe, uhm, collaboration...

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: Sure...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: and what that looks like with other agencies including the New York Attorney General's Office and the New York City Sheriff's Office to prevent and rectify deed theft among older adults?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: Our interactions with our sister agencies within the Administration are, uhm, very robust and, of course, we do our Cabinet for Older New Yorkers, and we just had one on housing in fact.

So, you know, we are aware of these issues and making sure that everybody in the Administration is on the same page.

In terms of collaborations with the State

Attorney General's Office and the Sheriff's Office,

those would be referrals through our providers.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Do you know if the Cabinet for Older New Yorkers has engaged on the topic of deed theft yet?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: I am not sure if they have engaged on that specifically, but there is a Housing Subcommittee, so the housing issues to... Are certainly a focus of the Cabinet.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Do you think you could commit to addressing, talk to the commissioner about making sure that we are addressing this issue within the Cabinet in the near future?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: We'll take it under advisement.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay, thank you.

I'll ask a few more questions, then I'll turn to my colleagues for their questions.

Can older adults access pro bono or sliding scale legal services to help with deed theft cases?

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MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: So our legal services providers, they help everybody. There's no, uhm, there's no means test in order to access services.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And do you know or have any sense of the broader impact of deed theft on the mental and physical health of older adults who are targeted?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: I'm not sure I'd be able to opine on that. But as I mentioned, oftentimes older adults who come to... come to us with these issues have other issues as well, which is why we make sure that all of our, uhm, providers are aware of our suite of services.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And in what ways can the

Council assist the City in preventing and rectifying

deed theft among older New Yorkers? Are there

specific protections or legislative efforts that NYC

Aging is advocating for, including at the state and

federal levels?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: Well, of course, we always welcome Council's partnership. And I think, I mean, I personally think that the most important thing that council members can do and, you know, the City can do is to just let folks know that we exist, that our

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agency exists, and that, you know, no issue will be turned away. There will be, uhm, supports for whatever issue the older adult walks through the door with.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I would not, uh,
Council... Uh, Chair, I'm sorry, uhm, that the
legislation today, the Administration is supportive
of the goals, and I think that does take important
steps to ensuring that homeowners have information
necessary to them; they are connected to important
resources such as our Financial Empowerment Centers
or the Office of the Homeowner Advocate. So, I think
this is a... This hearing is a good... is a good next
step for that process.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Great, and, then, can... I mean, any of you can speak to, uhm, how the state laws have helped or anything further that you would like to see?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, as far as the state laws are concerned, one of the laws that was recently changed where the person that has committing the deed fraud, the sentence is more harsh and they are holding them accountable. When they used to get, uhm, arrested and indicted for deed fraud, and they would

leave, uhm, they would not do any time, it was more like a misdemeanor, they got a slap on the wrist, and there were able to go on about their business. And, then, two weeks later, they would back in my office trying to steal another piece of property.

So, the fact that the state laws have given...

consider deed fraud as a felony, and people are

getting more time for it, it's is going to help a lot

to ,you know, discourage people from doing it.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you. And what are the safeguards around the registration of properties?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, uhm, along with, uhm, a deed being reported for than less than the market value, we look at Quitclaim Deeds, because they seem to be more common than anything else, because it's a quit deed. We look at handwritten deeds. We, uhm, also, we have flags for, like, if it's a landmark or when a building like the Empire State, we have flags for that. And we do we send those documents to the Quality Review Unit, so that they can do a deeper dive, and they'll be able to determine whether or not this is something that the Sheriff's Office needs to look into.

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So those flags help a lot, and it makes it easier... easier for the staff to determine which

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ALL: (LAUGHTER) 24

documents could be possible fraud.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And are there other agencies that are involved in the deed registration process? MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: No.

UNKNOWN: (UN-MIC'D) (INAUDIBLE)

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay. Okay. Sorry, we... we can, uh, it's all in the public record, and we can direct you towards finding out that information.

How can property owners ensure they can access a quality copy of their deed? Image quality is often subpar, a photocopy of a photocopy, for example.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, if they wanted to get a copy, they can come into the office, and they can order a certified copy, or they could, uhm, actually go into ACRIS and pull up the deed and print it from their home as well. If they feel like... usually the subpar documents are usually old documents back in the 1900s, the 1600s, because they're on (INAUDIBLE)...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: 1900s wasn't that long ago.

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MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Well, yeah, that's true, right. So, like, the 1600s... (LAUGHS) Sorry...

ALL: (LAUGHTER)

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: (LAUGHS) So, I should say the 1600 (BACKGROUND CHATTER) and the 1700s, because those are (INAUDIBLE), but if you come into the office, uhm, we have staff that helps you, because we have a centralized research library you can go to, and they will help you get the best copy of your deed.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay, great, thank you. I'm going to turn it over to my colleagues before I continue with some more questions, starting with, uh, Chair Menin.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Great, thank you so much.

A couple questions for DOF (Department of Finance). So you mentioned in response to a question that, Council, uh, Chair Hudson asked that if you have suspicious, uh, deeds, you sometimes mail to that property owner?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, this is what happens. If a deed is reported on a piece of property...

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Uh-huh?

notice to let you know that the deed was recorded on

your property, are you familiar with this? If not...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: We automatically send out a

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yeah, yeah, yeah, sure, yeah.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: do you need to reach out to the District Attorney's Office?

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Right...

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Sure, understood. I quess my concern is that one of the main causes of deed theft occurs in the mail. Oftentimes the perpetrators of the deed theft are going through, rifling through people's mail. So by mailing to them, then we're not fixing the problem and, arguably, are enabling the problem.

So my question is, are... could you instead call those individuals? Because that would be a far safer means of communicating with them.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So we record over 500,000 documents a year, and, uhm, it is something that we could look at, but, I'm not sure if that's gonna... so the thing is with City Register, what we're doing is just extra steps, but, technically, we're not supposed to do that by law.

So a couple things. One, a request to share the

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data with council members, uhm, we would very much appreciate that if you could share it first with the chairs and then we can disseminate it?

But of the 500,000, how many are falling into this suspicious category where you think there could be an issue? That's the dataset that I'm requesting that you call those individuals. That's not the full 500,000. It's a narrow subset of that.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Okay, so, with... So, with the, uhm, recently we started flagging the information of those documents that are being flagged for deed fraud. So, we had about, I'm just going... 47,000. That's not the exact number...

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Mm-hmm...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: but I'm just giving you the general idea. We have 47,000, of that 47,000, 4,700, were sent to Quality Review to do a further review to see if there's any suspicion. Out of those, only 203 were rejected and not recorded because of deed fraud.

So that's less than, like, 1 percent. It's, like, 0.42...

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: (INAUDIBLE) So, exactly...

That's exactly so... So, the point being of the 203,

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I believe, that you have mentioned, why wouldn't the Agency call those individuals? Because you wanna alert them to the problem the minute it happens.

Right? So that's seems like a very narrow subset to call.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Right, so that is something we can look into.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, great, thank you.

Couple other questions, the Register of Deeds, how can individuals check if their deed has been compromised? Is there an online way to be able to check that? And is the Agency, and all the agencies here, notifying people that they should be routinely checking that to make sure their deed is not compromised?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, yes, there is an online system that we use, it's the Automated City Register Information System, and you can go online and you can check to see if there has been any activity against your property, at any time, 24/7.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, so, that sort of gets to my broader question, is... which is, you mentioned you are doing outreach, and you spoke a bit about outreach to seniors, which is great, but it is

equally as important that you're outreaching to the general public. Because, it's oftentimes - and I know

4 Chair Hudson this issue with , you know, she was

5 caregiver for her mother, I was a caregiver for my

6 mother, I'm a caregiver for my father who has

7 dementia - it is not enough to just reach out to the

8 seniors, it is equally as important to reach out to

9 the family members, so that we can take the necessary

10 steps to prevent.

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So, the question is, are you... Have you presented to all the community boards, for example? Have you... Is every community board in the city received a presentation? And I think it's important that all the agencies are working collaboratively together. So, OFE, under DCWP, you know, using... utilizing the centers to disseminate this information. Has there been presentations to all the community boards about deed theft?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: We could check with our outreach team in DOF (Department of Finance) to see if they have reached out to all the community boards...

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yeah, I... I think it's... It is absolutely imperative. And it's imperative to let

boards are important.

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people know about this online registries. Because
,like, that's something that we as caregivers could
be checking. Like, my father, I can say ,you know,
from personal experience, is not in the position
where he would be able to check this registry. So, it
is important that caregivers and families know that
they should be routinely checking that - that they
should be looking at issues regarding mail, and
making sure that their loved... that their loved ones
are not ,you know, inadvertently ,you know,
compromising some of these issues. So, the community

In addition, getting this information to all the council members, we can put it in our newsletters, so that is something I think that's a base... I don't know if you have done that yet, but that would be very important to help disseminate information.

I have a question on title insurance policies. So a lot of people don't know if you have this kind of insurance that protects you against deed theft.

How are we getting that information out there to let people know that this is a more cost effective way, of... upfront being proactive?

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So that was more of a... sorry... That was more of a question to just say title insurance policy, it's really important that we get that information out to the general public, writ large,

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Right...

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: So that people understand that they should purchase that if they are able to do so.

Okay, uhm, I guess... my next question is really more around DCWP. So how would the... how are all of you working together? You've got three agencies here, how are you all working together? How do we make sure that information is not being siloed and that we have a comprehensive plan to deal with deed theft? So it's really open question.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Maybe I'll take...
I'll take it first.

So I think thinking about the resources that we offer at DCWP, uhm, to be to be explicit in our Financial Empowerment Centers, they're really about creating, or let's say, bettering folks' financial health. And that comes from a very foundational level, uh, of ensuring folks, know how to budget, know how to increase their savings, improve credit.

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Credit to me is, I won't say it's a mystery, but I know when I was younger, it was certainly a mystery.

I think these foundational aspects of financial health are kind of what we work on. And then what we're trying to what we're building now with our colleagues, at HPD and DOF and Aging is ensuring that, uhm, that when a client comes for our services that we're identifying if our service is the right situation for them, should we be referring them to Homeowner, uhm, Homeowner Support? Should we be referring them to, uh, Support For Older Adults?

And I think that identifying how we complement each other, that we're reducing any gaps, and that ultimately a New Yorker never finds themselves without an answer, I think, is how we're working to each other now.

MS. WEYEL: Thank you, Chair Menin and Chair Hudson.

My name is Jenny Weyel, I'm here to represent the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development. I serve as the Homeowner Advocate, was designated, per Local Law 125 of 2023, by your colleague, Council Member Brooks-Powers.

We are very excited to launch our Homeowner Help

Desk, which I think achieves several of the goals

that you have highlighted.

So we realize that prevention when it comes to deed theft and generally supporting, stabilizing homeowners prevention education is really key.

So, this program is, uhm, a program that is a partnership with the Center for New York City

Neighborhoods and local community based organizations across the city. We're expanding this program based on a pilot that we did a couple of years ago, that was very successful, we're actually in partnership with the Attorney General's Office, and it has three core components:

One is a public awareness campaign. As you mentioned, there is really a lack of information among homeowners about the resources available to them, and so we're going to do a public awareness campaign, using a range of tools, radio ads, newspaper ads, multiple language bus ads, 311 hold messages, everything you can think of to make sure that homeowners are aware of these resources, including the, uhm, the, uhm, service by the

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Department of Finance, uhm, to be notified of when a document is registered.

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And, then, the other key component is to make sure that we do outreach - in person outreach at senior centers, libraries, community spaces, to reach homeowners where they are and, again, to let them know of these resources.

And, then, through the Homeowner Help Desk, which I should note is an investment of \$9.2 million over three years, we also fund one on one assistance through housing counselors, HUD certified housing counselors, and attorneys, legal services providers throughout the city that can work one on one with, homeowners that are experiencing these issues, including deed theft.

We're also going to administer the new allocation by the City Council of \$1 million for estate planning, which we think is really key, uhm, given that estate planning is one of the best ways to prevent deed theft.

I should also note that since the Office of the Homeowner Advocate was created in March of this year, We have done a lot of education in house. We have... are actually doing several classes for homeowners.

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One is broadly about owning a home in New York City. We have one about lead based paint, DOB rules and regulations, solar power, but we're also offering a new class specifically on deed theft starting this week in collaboration with Brooklyn Legal Services. We offer these classes, both virtually and in person, and they've been very well attended. We have offered 30 classes since March alone, uh, that were attended by 400 people. We also partner with our sister agencies on housing resource fairs. As was mentioned, we just did one specifically for senior New Yorkers, but we do these on a regular basis. Since March alone we have, hosted nine resource fairs that were attended by, sorry... let me get the numbers right. Sorry, I misspoke, uh, the classes were attended by 1,200 people, and our housing resource fairs were attended by 400 people.

And then in addition to that, we table at community events with informational tables where we have information about deed theft and what homeowners can do to protect themselves. And we have reached 16,000 New Yorkers since March.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: And you mentioned the \$1 million of estate planning, what's the overall, aside

from that, what is the budget that you're spending on

outreach, and how many staff members do you have that are doing outreach?

MS. WEYEL: Thank you for that question. So there

are several programs that HPD administers. The

Homeowner Help Desk is our newest program that was
based on a pilot we did a couple of years ago. We're
now expanding the citywide and the budget is \$9.2

million over three years.

In addition to that, we also administer the

Foreclosure Prevention Program that is funded by City

Council, again, funding for community based

organizations that provides housing and legal

counseling, outreach and education to homeowners

across New York City - and the annual funding, I

should note, is over \$4 million, and the new

allocation for estate planning, we just learned a few

days ago, which community based organizations will

receive portions of that funding is \$1 million for

this fiscal year.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: If I could add a piece of this as well...

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yeah...

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I know, uhm, in my
own experience doing constituent services, a lot of
times problems don't necessarily come to our offices
very clean and they can at times be, you know, from

6 the constituent's perspective has a lack of clarity

what exactly is happening.

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So having a one stop shop for homeowners and for,

I think your point was about taken, their family

members as well, to identify problems and really

triage situations, I think is very helpful.

And then our own perspective from the Office of Financial Empowerment at the Department of Consumer and Worker Protection, from a policy level, we certainly have a lot of, uh, of thoughts and feedback to provide on creating and securing intergenerational wealth, uh, that would create stronger communities or create stronger financial health in our communities.

So we're looking forward to working on that closely with our partners at HPD.

Estate planning is huge. I know the funding was for a year. We're looking forward to that as well.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yeah, I mean, oh, no, I was just going to say, one suggestion that I would have is that I think it's imperative, because I think a

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lot of people are not aware that this new office exists. And so making sure that all of the other city agencies are disseminating information at all the touch points that they have with New Yorkers is gonna be absolutely critical to get that information out there.

And it's, you know, as I said, things like title insurance policy, or the fact that you can check your online register of deeds, but also Quitclaim Deeds.

You talked a lot about that. I bet if we did a poll, the majority of New Yorkers have no idea what a Quitclaim Deed is.

So getting that information out there so people can understand what the warning signs are to look for both families and seniors.

MS. WEYEL: Yes, if I may just (INAUDIBLE) a couple more things.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yes...

MS. WEYEL: Uhm, the Office Of The Homeowner

Advocate has also created a new web page for

homeowners, that I wanted to highlight, on the HPD

website. It went live in September. It's a guide for

New York City homeowners that includes a range of

information, ranging from home repair loans and

you to the agencies who are present today.

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I wanted to, you know, acknowledge that outreach and empowering homeowners is great - And also, I represent Bed-Stuy and Crown Heights, where we see a lot of this behavior go on - you know, that outreach is great, the empowering is great, uhm, but I want us to make sure that we understand that it's key that these solicitations like truly do end.

I think, Chair Menin and Chair Hudson, uhm, really address the fact that, you know, even sending this mail out to some of these seniors when they're already wary about mail that is, you know, potentially fraudulent, uhm, is something that isn't going to address the problem.

I wanted to ask how the Administration is ensuring that, uh, cease and desist zones are actually being implemented. I think that's been, you know, the only solution that I've heard in terms of how to tackle this. But I wanna know what the City is actually doing to implement those zones, especially with a key focus on community districts that are most impacted, most especially mine.

So I would love to just hear insight from the agencies in terms of what you guys are doing in that

- 2 regard especially, uh, the Department of Finance,
 3 maybe it'll be more specific.
- MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Okay. So for that

 information, we could get that information from you

 and that would be from... I mean, for you, and that

 would be from our Sheriff's Department?

 (INAUDIBLE)...
- 9 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: I'm sorry, can you just pull
 10 the microphone a little bit closer so that everyone
 11 can hear you?
- MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: We can get that information for you...
- 14 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm
- MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: from the Sheriff's
- 16 Department.

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- 17 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm
- MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: And we'll be able to tell you
 what it is that they're exactly doing in order to...
 - COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm? I... I really do appreciate the work that you guys are doing. I think that this is such a problem that's impacting people on a daily basis, especially my constituents. And it seems like the solution is very clear... clear,

right? I feel like it should be a number one priority

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of the Agency just to make sure that when a specific zip code or community board or communities are labeled as cease and desist zones to prevent deed theft that, you know, every part of our government is working on ensuring that that is being prevented.

Uhm...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: As far as the Department of Finance, we are, every chance that we get, if we see something trending where it looks like it's deed fraud, we're on it and we're trying to find ways to improve it.

So, you know, for us, we feel like this is never gonna stop, because people always thinking of creative ways on how to steal people's property and we're sympathetic to that. So, for us, you know, it doesn't feel good when somebody comes into your office and they say, somebody stole my property, and there's nothing that we can do legally because, we're ministerial in nature. And as long as that document's in recordable order, we have to record it.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: But we still try to find other ways in which we can try to combat that deed... deed fraud. And that's like putting as many flags as

we can in our ACRIS system, so that when the examiner is looking at the document, it is telling them why this document is being flagged...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm...

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MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: whether it's a Sovereign
Citizen Document or whether it's, uhm, the market
value is lower than what the property is actually
worth. And, uhm, we've been adding flags for a couple
of years now. And the more we do it, we're seeing
less of it, but it's still out there. And we're still
looking to, like, make things better for the
homeowner.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: I know that, uhm, we hear a lot from our state colleagues about, like, reporting different fraudulent phone numbers or pieces of mail.

Is there any reporting mechanism that exists through the City where, uhm, constituents of mine can report predatory solicitation? Do you guys have any of that?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: No.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Nothing?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: No.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: I think that would be

(CROSS-TALK)

2 UNKNOWN: (INAUDIBLE)

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COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: a good idea maybe, right?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Okay, so...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: for the City to...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Definitely something we can look into...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: I think...

UNKNOWN: (INAUDIBLE)

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: creating a form on a website, embedding it onto your website, where folks can upload through PDF, through scan, different mail that they are receiving, that they deemed to be fraudulent. And having the Department look through that specific mail that goes through that portal, I think it could be a great first step in terms of identify some of these problems. What do you think about that?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Yeah, we can look into it.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: I know, the look into it is,

like... I... I'm just saying, respectfully, like,

people's... I... I'm sorry, Chairs, like, I... Like,

people were doing this to my grandmother, like, when

she had a stroke, back to back, like the "look into

it" is like, it's not working. And this has been

happening for some time. Like, some definitive... It should not be hard to for a city agency to ,you know, reach out to your IT department, create a portal where you're accepting ,you know, input data from people that are receiving this mail, and look through

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Mm-hmm

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it.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: On what's fraudulent, on what's... Why can't we commit to doing that?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: If I may, Council Member, I'm horribly sorry to hear that your family was impacted by this. But, I did want to reiterate that I think one of the great things that all of the members here can do, is just to make sure that your constituents are aware of our agency. We don't have a form per se, or...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm...

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: a PDF form or anything like that, but any older adult who walks in and needs any assistance with mail that...

22 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm...

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: they think it is fraudulent, or services that they are not aware of that they...

That they need...

2 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm...

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: we are able to help them. We have full suite of services.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: That doesn't seem efficient.

Right? You know, we have seniors, and, like, I

appreciate... I really do... Like, everyone who works

for the City, I am like, deeply appreciative of the

work that you all do. I'm sorry with the tone of

this, it is just an emotional subject.

Just even... the barriers of ,like, having people having to come in with these documents to ,like, wait on a line, to like see if what... Like, I...

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: At least with my agency, they don't have to do that. We have Aging Connect, which is the information referral...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm.

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: hotline. So, any older adult can call...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm.

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: any caregiver can call, uhm, and ask for assistance. And we'll... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: And... And...

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: (INAUDIBLE)...

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COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: And how are you... How was
the agency through phone when they call for that
assistance able... able to review the documents that

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MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: Well, as I mentioned, most of our services are not direct services...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: So, if someone were to call in and say, "I received this mail...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: I think it's fraudulent, I'm worried about my deed..."

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Yeah...

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: They could be immediately connected to either the, uhm, Elder Crime Victim Resource Center...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm...

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: or to our legal services provider.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: I think that is way too many steps to ,like, stop these... These are criminals who are stealing people's homes. I'm respectfully, I... streamlining this process, and working with the State on identifying these frequent solicitations that are

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coming to people's mailboxes, is a better way to solve this. We need to be making our government a bit more efficient in addressing this solution. Seeing trends, noticing trends through collecting that data that people can submit through the mail that they are getting, and working with the State on holding those who are sending those pieces of mail, who are calling their phone numbers accountable, I think it could be a great step in identifying these trends, and holding these perpetrators accountable.

I just want us to be... Like, this has been happening for... Can I have one more? I have one more... Uhm, I really... The "look into that" is great, like a commitment, because I really want to follow up on this, maybe in like a week on what that looking into it looks like.

Secondly, I know that 58 arrests, due to

Department of Finance's efforts with the Sheriff's

Office, it's impressive, I know that this hard work.

It means that bad actors are off the street. But, how

can your administration, this mayoral administration

continue that effort in removing bad actors and

holding them accountable? And, also, what else is the

nothing happened to them...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Sure...

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COMMITTEE ON AGING JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE 1 66 ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: closer to where we want to 3 be... COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Right. 4 5 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Right? So, if we actually , you know, start doing that, I could see... See, 6 7 because what I... What I want you guys to understand when it comes to the City Register... 8 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm... MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: our hands are tied. 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Okay. 12 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: You know what I'm saying? Because we have to follow... 13 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm 14 15 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: State law. And they're 16 telling us, if everything that's required for a 17 specific document... COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm... 18 19 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: is correct... COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm... 20 21 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: then we have to take it. And 2.2 some... 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm.

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MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: and sometimes we reject it and reject it, and if... the person will keep coming back...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: And, then, because they know the law, and they know that we have to accept that document...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Because it's a reportable order, they will go to our legal in New York... New York City Legal...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: And they'll do an Article 78...

16 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm.

 $\operatorname{MS.}$ MCCAIN-JACQUES: to sue us. And we have to put that document on.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Sure.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I think it's also important to, uhm, I just want to make sure that we're elevating, too, that there are... are different levels in which actors...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Of course, yes...

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: are engaging in...

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: in taking advantage of New Yorkers and homeowners. So, there is deed theft and forgery, which is one piece...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: And, then, there are these predatory situations with people approaching homeowners and coming at...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Mm-hmm...

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: and ,you know, purposely lowballing them, for example, on an offer.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Right.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: And, then, there are perhaps more of a... more reputable businesses...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Right.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: So, this is...

There's very different levels of how we can attack each one...

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Yeah...

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: of those issues.

And, for example, in the case of Introduction 888 and I think I have the right number - but, in that
case, that introduction, ensuring that a homeowner
has access to a clear discloser, itemization...

2 COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Right...

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: of their rights and access to all of the valuable resources my colleagues have mentioned, too.

COUNCIL MEMBER OSSÉ: Of Course. Thank you so much. Listen, I... I was just reminded, this is prior to... Remember how... I don't remember if you remember, but the Department of Sanitation used to have like a dropdown where window where you could upload different things to it in identifying, like, large art... items to get picked up. Talk to their IT department, have the Department of Finance do the same thing. You could submit a different PDF, have your lawyers, whoever does enforcement in this regard to review those documents, notice trends - any specific , you know, shell company that can be traced back to doing some of these illicit behaviors, and report it to the State so that there could be... or the Attorney General, so that there could be some enforcement.

I think just streamlining this process, people know about this problem, they bring it to our office every single day, giving them an opportunity to report it consistently, and then having you ,you

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know, work with the State of holding those individuals accountable, I think would be a great step in holding some of these bad actors accountable.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: I just want to second what Council Member Ossé said about streamlining it, and so I am gonna make a request that within two weeks, these four agencies get back to us with a detailed plan about how they could implement that. Because we've got... When we have four different agencies that are addressing this issue, again, it's very confusing for New Yorkers as to who they are supposed to contact, what they're supposed to do, so, I think it's an excellent idea. And, so, to be clear, I want a letter to both chairs within two weeks, that detail how you could implement a plan like this to streamline it. And I think it fits in very well with what the City is doing with the MyCity portal, where they are already doing all sorts of streamlining. Like, last year, the Council passed the line to do a one-stop shop for all permitting, for small businesses up there with... You can do the same thing here with a dropdown menu, documents can be uploaded, and it would, again, allow New Yorkers a very easy, one-stop shop portal to address this issue.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Agreed. I think this is also

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a good project for the Cabinet, uhm, for all the agencies when they come together to address this.

And just to sort of piggyback or reiterate what Council Member Ossé was saying, this is, you know, we're all here because we're passionate about this topic, this hearing topic didn't just come out of thin air.

As Chair Menin mentioned, I cared for my mother who had Alzheimer's disease. I remember the day after my mother died I got phone calls and text messages from people asking if I wanted to sell the house.

This is stuff that I'm still getting solicitations for, people who are not even checking the death records to know already that my mother has passed. We were getting letters - and for somebody who, like my mother, had Alzheimer's disease, if I wasn't in the house with her to know that letters were being sent to her that were literally predatory letters encouraging her to sell, not even asking her if she wanted to sell, but encouraging her to sell, giving her a phone number to call to sell, and I worry about people who don't have somebody else in the household

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with them to help protect them or prevent them from falling victim to these types of frauds and scams.

So I think what you're hearing, and I know... and we appreciate that you're not taking offense to it, but what you're hearing is just our passion, uhm, for trying to help our family members, our constituents, our neighbors, and all New Yorkers to try to figure out how we actually prevent this from happening.

I recognize that you are a ministerial agency, and so you're limited in some of what you can do, but tell us what you think other city agencies should or could be doing to help prevent this. Tell us what the State could be doing more, so that we can help advocate on everyone's behalf to make to make these laws stronger and then also to help prevent people from falling into it. Because as we've all seen, once somebody falls victim or prey to these types of frauds and scams, it's already essentially too late.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Yep.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And then we have to spend all of our resources as government to help our constituents in trying to get back what is theirs.

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And so, you know, it's... we're just trying to figure out how we can help prevent a lot of this happening as opposed to, you know, on the back end exactly. How can we be proactive as opposed to reactive? And we want you to help us in trying to figure out exactly. And I think you are best equipped to do that because you see it all the time.

And I do wanna just ask one question based off of, uhm, your answer.

You mentioned, you know, when people come to your office and they say, you know, that they've experienced this, what is the process? Can you walk us through? Who do you connect them to? Who do you refer them to? What do you tell them? Are there resources that you can provide to them?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So if someone comes in and they said this has happened, their property has been stolen, and the document is already recorded. So what we do is we refer them to the District Attorney's Office, and then they will look into and investigate to see if they actually have a case, because sometimes it's family members against family members.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Right.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So they will look into it, and if they have a case, then what happens is, we have to testify in court that somebody has in fact recorded this document against the property and then the person gets indicted and it goes to trial and that's how they eventually get arrested.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay, thank you.

And thank you, uh, Council Member.

I'm gonna move on to Council Member Brewer,
followed by Council Member Joseph, and then Council
Member Salaam.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you very much.

I get one of those letters every day and it always comes in a plain envelope. There's no name, so you don't know what it is. So you open it up, and then it's another one of these shady characters wanting to buy your house. I rip it up. But, uhm, they're scary, because they sound like they're legitimate.

So my question is, maybe I should know this, those are... I don't know who they're from. They sign them, uhm, from, you know, and there's no real name on them often.

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So my question is, are these licensed? Who are they? I mean, who are the predators? Are they law firms? Are they licensed by anybody? Who are they?

I mean, I don't... I'm... I don't... I should know, but I don't.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I mean, because when you have a license, then Consumer Affairs can pull your license. But, if you don't have a license, I mean, are they law firms, or?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I'm not necessarily sure. I mean, I think all of us have gone through the similar situation. I remember when my grandfather passed, we had the same situation with letters coming in. And I think part of the question perhaps to tackle, and this is for the Council, too, is how do we limit offers of purchase (INAUDIBLE), I mean, that's what's really happening here is people are making offers of purchase. And how do we find a way to disseminate or distinguish between those offers of purchase that are a faithful offer, albeit perhaps one that is a negotiating position, and an offer purchase that is a scam? And I think that's the...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Which can it... could it be? I don't know, could it be illegal to send me, or any other homeowner on a regular basis, stating that you are, uh, I wanna buy your house right now, and blah blah, and scary things?

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: I'll just say, I have looked into that, and also to stopping the phone calls, predatory phone calls, it's all through... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I get those, too...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: through federal law.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: So, it's FTC...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: F... FTC for the phone calls, and, then, uh, postal service... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright, so there's nothing we can do...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And, their, and...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Go ahead...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: (INAUDIBLE)

MS. WEYEL: Just let me add, uhm, HPD has also been - and the Administration, has been supportive of the State's efforts to establish cease and desist zones, as Council Member Ossé mentioned, uhm, these are non-solicitation zones that the State establishes

1 77 ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 and administers. Currently, the exist in small 3 portions of Brooklyn. Uhm, I think in Community Board 4 5 and 17, Governor Hochul signed legislation in 2021 to direct the Department of State, New York State Department of State, to investigate whether more of 6 7 these zones should be established in Brooklyn. And HPD made a concerted effort to inform homeowners to 8 submit testimony, submit evidence, off these aggressive, unwanted solicitations that you are 10 11 describing - and to testify at this hearing, and as a result of that, a portion of Community Board 17, in 12 13 Brooklyn, was designated as a cease and desist zone. 14 (INAUDIBLE)... (CROSS-TALK) 15 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I think the whole city should be a cease and desist zone. 16 17 MS. WEYEL: This is... This is, uh, the State's vision... (CROSS-TALK) 18 19 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright, but... 20 MS. WEYEL: They are... They are based on an opt 21 in registry that should be noted. So, again,

And I do want to emphasize again that, through the work that we're doing with the Homeowner Help

information, public education, public awareness is

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really key.

1 78 ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 Desk, the foreclosure prevention programs that we're 3 offering, we are working across the city, we're 4 working with homeowners directly, we're working with family members - They can get one on one assistance, free of charge, on a range of issues... (CROSS-TALK) 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Yeah, I think what we're... (CROSS-TALK) 8 MS. WEYEL: And they are welcome to come into our (INAUDIBLE)... (CROSS-TALK) 10 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I think what would be 11 12 helpful, when your two weeks have come up... (CROSS-13 TALK) 14 MS. WEYEL: Yeah... 15 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: with blah, blah, blah, 16 that's what we can put into our newsletters. Because, 17 then, I mean, my newsletter goes to a 100,000 people. 18 So, if you... If you tell us what you want in our 19 newsletter, that would be helpful. 20 MS. WEYEL: I think... 21 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: As opposed to calling four different agencies. 2.2

The second question I have, and I should know this, when you call 311, on this topic, where does it go? I am, I ,you know, "Somebody just stole my

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house," you call 311, because that's probably better known than this DFTA's hotline. So, what happens when you call three... Does anybody know what happens when you call 311?

(BACKGROUND CHATTER)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Shhhh...

(PAUSE)

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: There... They're, uhm, telling them to go the District Attorney's Office.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: That's what 311 says? Okay, that's a fair... I just wanted to know what the concept is.

And, then, finally, uhm, mortgage companies, not my favorite, but how do they play a role in this, if at all. In other words, how many of your thefts are mortgaged, how many have paid off their mortgages, or does that not make a deal, uh, a difference? And ,you know, these reverse mortgage people also lovely characters.

So, how do you... How does a mortgage company, if at all, play a role? An di don't know, maybe most of them have paid off their mortgage, or they haven't? How does that play a role, if at all? I had a horrible mortgage company.

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MS. WEYEL: I could, uhm, note that through the Homeowner Help Desk, the Center for New York City Neighborhoods, and its local partner organizations, provide counseling specifically also for homeowners that are seeking a reverse mortgage. And we know that that's oftentimes seniors who will have... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Want equity...

MS. WEYEL: come... right, and want to tap into their equity or have, uhm, unforeseen housing expenses, uh, such as repairs. And they walk them through that decision, step by step, and the pros and cons, and what this might mean for their heirs if they do take out a reverse mortgage, and also what alternatives may be available.

And, uh, the Center actually has a subsidiary that's... it's called Sustainable Neighborhoods that operates a charitable lending program. It was actually initially designed, uhm, for seniors with reverse mortgages that defaulted on their mortgages, but now, they assist seniors and homeowners living with disabilities...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Yeah...

MS. WEYEL: Uhm, (INAUDIBLE)... (CROSS-TALK)

2 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I know it's a great...

MS. WEYEL: (INAUDIBLE) education... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: it's a great group.

My question would be for Finance or for others, uhm, how many, if you know, of this predatory situation, how many have mortgaged? Because those mortgage companies should have... should be paying some attention, or maybe not, I just... I don't know, I'm asking.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Right. So, that number, I don't have offhand...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Is that part of the discussion at all, when, uhm, they fill out a form?

Do I have mortgage? Do you not have a mortgage?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: No, it's not.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Should it be? Because, then you could contact the mortgage company, uh, and, say, "What's going on here?" They might know, I don't know...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Right. Uhm... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: That... So, it's not part

of that form?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: It's not part of...

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1	COMMITTEE ON AGING JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 82
2	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Would it be a recommended
3	(INAUDIBLE) (CROSS-TALK)
4	MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: If they're doing a mortgage,
5	you just have to have, uhm, you have to pay mortgage
6	tax, there's no questionnaire asking you any question
7	about ,you know
8	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Whether you have a
9	mortgage or not
10	MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Whether you have a mortgage
11	or not
12	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Do you think that would
13	help in terms of your ability to If you see a red
14	flag, and then you see a mortgage, you might be able
15	to call the company and say Or maybe they don't
16	know anything? Do you think that would help or not?
17	MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Again, I would have to look
18	into it to see
19	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay
20	MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: to see if that's something
21	that could work.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay, I mean, some
23	mortgage

2 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: you would... I would think 3 that some mortgage...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: I mean, we welcome the suggestions, you know what I'm saying, because sometimes you can come up with something that we haven't come up with yet, even though we think we came up with a lot. So, uhm, we would have to look into...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: You would think the mortgage companies would not be interested in a predatory situation - but who knows?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Yeah...

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: You would think...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: But, I would think most of those deed thefts are property that's already paid for.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay, that's what I'm, uhm , was thinking.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: You know, what I'm saying?

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Yeah, if they're

seniors...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: if I were to like, off the top of my head...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: They're seniors...

2 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: It would be properties that 3 is already paid for.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay. And, then, also, the attorneys who are involved in this, they have a license?

(BACKGROUND NOISE)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: What's... Do you have any sense.. Like, when you are...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Well, one thing we are keeping track of, so we... When we know that a person does this often, it flags... we have a flag for that in our system.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: And that contacts that the Bar Association, or how do we handle that?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Uhm...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: That goes to the DA also?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Well, once it goes... gets

investigated, and the Sheriff looks at it, and they

say it needs to go to the DA's office, then they

would look at all of that. We would be... We wouldn't

look at that...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay. And, then, finally,

I am a big supporter of the Sheriff, but he is busy

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with my smoke shops (LAUGHTER). So, do you... Is he able... Is he able to keep up with...

4 MS. MCCAIN-JACOUES: He has a unit

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: He has a unit that handles deed fraud that we come in contact with. We have a s SharePoint site, and we send everything electronically to them, and we work together. They... actually, we send City Council a report every year annually about the Notice of Recorded Documents, how many have been... how many people registered by borough. Actually, the report was just sent out November 15th. And we also have that report listed on our site. So, you have a lot of information about how many cases are closed, how many complaints were made, how many my office referred to the Sheriff. So, that gives you a lot of, uhm, (INAUDIBLE)... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: So, his... So, his... That unit is keeping up, it's not been slowed down, is

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Uhm, no, they have a specific unit that handles...

22 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay...

that you're...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: that, and they...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright...

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MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: look at whatever we send to them.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay, thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you, Council Member

Brewer.

We will go to Council Member Joseph, followed by Council Member Salaam, and then Council Member Nurse.

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Thank you, Chair Hudson and Chair Menin for this hearing.

The Know Your Right counselor, how do you follow up and work with elected offices in making sure constituents know that this service exists?

MS. VACHIRAPRAPUN: I'm sorry, is that for HPD? Or is that for...

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Yeah, the Know Your Rights counselor, and the program you're about to roll out, how we gonna know to make sure that it's in our newsletters, and where are you located so constituents can know about your services?

MS. WEYEL: Thank you so much for that question.

Yes, uhm, we intend to work very closely with elected officials, the Office of the Homeowner Advocate that manages this Homeowner Help Desk program, uhm, you know, as I mentioned previously, we host housing

resource fairs on a regular basis, and these are typically hosted in partnership both with community based organizations and elected officials.

So, we already have a system in place to work with local elected officials, council members as yourselves, and we collaborate on outreach to make sure that constituents in those districts are aware.

Through the Homeowner Help Desk, we're building on these existing efforts, are expanding those, so we will certainly partner with you and your colleagues.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: And you'll be reaching out soon?

How is language access used for deed theft? For example, in my home, my mom, English was not her first language and we owned a home. How does language access play a role in that? How do you support...(CROSS-TALK)

MS. WEYEL: (INAUDIBLE) do education outreach around the issues. So, the... we have this key resource, the Homeowner Handbook for instance, that is a comprehensive guide for homeowners and, as I mentioned, now also lives on our website. That is already available in four languages and we intend to translate it and make it available in several

2 additional languages now through this expanded
3 program.

We also partner with the local community based organizations that provide services in a range of languages. And on our webpage, we have a map where homeowners can identify community based organization, legal services provider closest to their home and can also look up what languages... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Well, let's say I don't have access, I'm an older New Yorker, I don't have access to that technology, and we know how technology... The technology divide impacts older New Yorkers, and I don't have access to that. How can I get that resource elsewhere?

MS. WEYEL: Certainly. Thank you for that question. We intend to do, and are already doing significant in person outreach that can mean pop up events at libraries, senior centers, uhm...

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Churches? Our older adults are always in churches, too

MS. WEYEL: And we, uhm, distribute information in various languages, uhm, work with the local partners that have staff that are able to speak the languages

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of the communities that, uhm, that you and your colleagues represent.

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COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: The (INAUDIBLE) deed theft, right? By the time someone realized that, what's the process? How long does it take for that person to fight that case and get that property back? (TIMER CHIMES)

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: It could take over a year. It really can...

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: And what... how...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: because it has to go through the court system.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: And how... How many... (CROSS-TALK)

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: And they...

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: we have been able to...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Until the... Until the judge makes a decision, a ruling on it, you... You have to, uhm, then you can put the deed back. They'll do court orders, and we have done court orders where we revert the deed back to the original owner.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: And what was the long cases, and how many have that happened, and how long was the longest case that you've had... (CROSS-TALK)

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: I don't have that number offhand...

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: And you'll make sure you'll get that back to the Council?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you, Chairs.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you, Council Member. We will go to Council Member Salaam, followed by Council Member Nurse.

11 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: (INAUDIBLE)

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAAM: Thank you, Chairs.

Okay, good afternoon, I'm sitting here, and I'm

I... I'm overwhelmed to say the least. I'm about

maybe 11 months and a few days into my first term as

a first time public servant. And my shock is that I'm

realizing that the same thing that I was hearing

while I was campaigning, the number one thing was

deed theft. And I couldn't believe it. I was like,

deed theft? People are stealing people's deeds?

That was the number one thing. I would go into a bodega or I would go into a grocery store or somebody would stop me as I'm, you know, in a restaurant, and he would say, we need to talk to you about deed theft.

You know, I think that the noble thing to do in

the spirit of righteous collaboration is to make sure

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that we provide the easiest way for the most vulnerable, not only of our loved ones, but constituents to have the type of world class service that will allow for us as council members to partner with you all. You know, because I've heard in the audience folks say, well, what about churches and community centers and so forth and so on? We know that the challenge is to bridge the technology divide. And as Council Member Ossé has said, in terms of a form, I think that that'll be so great, because we have a lot of people that will work with us that we can then, maybe not deputize is the right word, but put them to work to go into these centers and places of worship to help our seniors to actually fill out these documents.

That being said, I do have, two questions - One is that it's my understanding that proper market value can be determined through an appraisal that requires close inspection done by a bank. In the case of a buyer making an unsolicited offer, what methods can be employed to determine and disclose that market

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value in unsolicited offers to purchase residential properties? What's the methods that are there?

And, then, how can collaboration with other agencies and organizations be facilitated to effectively deliver support and counsel services to homeowners?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Thank you, Council Member. I can take the first question, because I think it relates directly with the Introduction 888 about providing potential sellers, uh, of value of their home. And I think, uhm, I think the from the perspective of DCWP, we do have concerns about being charged (TIMER CHIMES) with making that type of value determination.

I think I was trying to search for the word before, and appraisal is the right word that I remember. And those themselves, I... I... my understanding can be complicated and not always, you know, a homeowner cannot always perhaps agree with the appraisal of a company, too.

So for that reason, I think our proposal for Introduction 888 is rather to focus solely on the value of a home perhaps, because it seems that perhaps DOF does have some information about value of

the homes that we could add additional protections and into a disclosure that has to go to a potential

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seller.

approach for that bill.

And I think that... that holistic approach,

finding a source, a reliable source of value that

admittedly DCBP does not have, but also additional

protections that exist in the City would be a good

MS. WEYEL: I can speak to a second question, thank you for that, Council Member.

We very much welcome collaboration when it comes to the goal of reaching homeowners that are struggling. We realize there's not a silver bullet, but it is really an all hands on approach that requires government, that requires elected officials, and community based organizations.

And we think, through the Homeowner Help Desk, again, the goal is to provide this one-stop shop where we drive all homeowners to experience some challenge and know they can turn to this trusted, vetted resource instead of, you know, paying attention to the mail that they may be getting, and know they can get solid, high quality, counseling free of charge. Right? I think that is the key

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message, and we welcome collaborating with you on that. And also letting us know how we can best reach the constituents in your district, because we know that can make... that looks different in every neighborhood. Right?

And if you have ideas of where to host an event, what kinds of materials are most needed, which organizations to partner with, we would very much welcome to know that and to partner with you on that, and to tap into the newsletters that you mentioned. We will certainly follow-up with you and share information that we would like you to distribute on behalf of this program. So thank you for that question.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAAM: Definitely, thank you for that. And just as an, uhm, last thing from me, You know, I've often said that those who have been closest to the pain, should have a seat at the table.

UNKNOWN: Mmmm!

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAAM: And I think that, not only do we have audience members who are very much close to the pain, but in fact we have council members who have actually dealt with this very issue. A lot of the suggestions that are being made really have to be

taken into great consideration and implemented

immediately so that we can find the best solution

forward. One of the worst things that we experience

is that there seems to be so many layers that confuse

and discourage, and we just need to make it so simple

and streamlined, and maybe that's with the whole of

the system's issues to make it better.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So one of the things that the Department of Finance is working on now is we're working with the State. So, when you go to a closing, and you have to fill out all those forms, one of the forms is a RP 5217 form, which is a real property report and it's filled out for the State. So, one of the things we ask the State is to put market value on that RP 527 New York City form, so that when people are going to sign that form - because you have to sign the form, they will see what the market value actually is.

So they have agreed to input... to include it on our form, and we're hoping this is gonna help people realize that they're selling their property way lower than what it's actually worth.

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And, we'll be happy to let you know when this is completed. They're working on the form now, so we'll give you some updates on that.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAAM: That's... You're saying that that hasn't been done yet?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: It hasn't been done yet.

We... The State just agreed to do it for us. So now
they are working on designing that form. And once
it's completed, we will let you know what the outcome
is...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Great...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: on...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you, and thank you, Council Member.

Council Member Nurse?

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Thank you, Chairs. Thank you for having this hearing.

I wanted to ask, and I don't know if it was asked already, but you... you do send people that are flagged for maybe potential deed fraud activity to the Sheriff's Office or whoever you send it to, do you keep track of how many kind of frequent flyers you have on that list?

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2 MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Yes, well, we keep track of 3 how many we refer to the Sheriff's Office.

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Okay.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: And the Sheriff also keeps track of everybody that walks in to their office and complains about deed fraud. And... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: And how...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: it's in our Notice of
Recorded Document Annual Report that we sent to City
Council by November 15th of each year.

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Okay, and just, what's...

How many frequent flyers do you have on that list?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, for 2023 - 2024, we had

46 referrals that were sent to the Sheriff's Office.

And the Sheriff's had 80 complaints.

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: And these were people who have been referred more than once?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Uhm, I don't have that information.

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Okay, yeah, I was just trying to understand like, how many... How many chronic... How many people are repeatedly engaged in this activity that you are flagging? I think that

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- would be helpful. I'm sorry if that was already asked, but it would be helpful to know.
 - MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: No, it, uhm, I have to go back and get those numbers for you...
- 6 COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Yeah...
 - MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: if there are repeat offenders.
 - COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Yeah, I think it... I think that it would be helpful to know and ,you know, it would be nice to see their faces, like, maybe we should put their faces on some material...
- MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Yeah...
 - COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: so they come to the door the way we do with everybody else who is doing...
- MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Right...
- 17 COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: crime. Uhm...
- MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So one of the things with the red flag, we do flag people that continue to do this, so that we know when a document comes through and it has their name on it, we do not accept it.
- 22 COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Okay...
- CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Can I just follow up there?

 Because, who... Who else are you notifying? You make

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2 it a red flag for you and your agency, but who 3 else... (CROSS-TALK)

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MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: But, we send it to the Sheriff's Office, they do an investigation, and if they deem it as being deed fraud, then they would refer it to the DA's Office.

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: It would be nice to have that information for the districts just so that... (CROSS-TALK)

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Yeah, and community boards...

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: we can ,you know, be aware, especially if... particularly where there is zip codes where this is the ,you know, very high volume of activity. I know that, I guess I don't have any other question other than, one, that would be really helpful to get that data distributed more with the elected officials in the city. But, I have a community board that has... had the first cease and desist, I think Brooklyn... Brooklyn CB 5 had it. And ,you know, it exists on paper, but without money backing an outreach campaign, an ongoing outreach campaign, it is effectively useless. No one knows about it, very few people do it (TIMER CHIMES) it's... The onus is on ,you know, interested parties

to constantly do that outreach and education. So, it does need an ongoing commitment to do education and awareness. And, then, additionally, this year we partnered, or maybe last year, I can't remember, because time and everything... Uhm, but we partnered with the Attorney General's Office to do the first training for constituent service directors and staff across the Council, so that we knew how do deal with people walking in the door with a plastic bag full of ,like, papers for 30 years. You know, people walk in, we just didn't know what to do, like, what's relevant. And I think a standardized training, just ongoing every year for the offices that might have someone walking in would be really, really helpful.

MS. WEYEL: To respond to that, I think that's a fantastic idea. I had mentioned that HPD offers a brand new class focused on deed theft in collaboration with Brooklyn Legal Services starting this week. This is for the general public, so for homeowners, but we would be very interested in thinking through a more tailored classes for specific audiences, such as the one that you just mentioned.

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COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Yeah, and we are happy to share the, I guess the agenda or curriculum that we... we...

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 ${\tt MS.}$ WEYEL: We would welcome that, thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Okay, thank you...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: So, with the Department of Finance, we do have train the trainer classes for outreach.

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Okay. Yeah, you would just... You wouldn't know unless you go digging around for any of this stuff...

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Right...

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: so, some really aggressive, proactive information on this would be great. You know, there's... Even with the cease and desist, we don't... There's no advertisement, no outreach, there's no commercials, no radio ads. There's nothing on daytime television, where ,you know, our older adults are watching. There's just... Maybe there is, but I don't see it. And we have a zone, and so, like, I said, none of these programs work unless we have a saturation of messaging and outreach ongoing with the funding and commitment, uhm, even with things like, with ,you know, people going behind on their property

taxes, now we have some money being committed to groups do go to the door knocking in specific areas. So things like that where we can send some CBO folks down, they can hit the doors, and say, this is what you need to be looking for, on an ongoing bases, could really get over that digital divide, but also really get targeted where this is happening more frequently.

MS. WEYEL: Absolutely, uhm...

COUNCIL MEMBER NURSE: Thank you so much.

MS. WEYEL: Uhm, I very much support that. And I again want to reiterate that the expanded Homeowner Help Desk really intends to achieve those goals.

Right? It is about making sure that the resources are well known, and this is where we are funding more services, but also pairing that with targeted outreach and this public awareness campaign. Because that is so key to make sure that homeowners are aware of all the resources that exist, including cease and desist zones because of the opt in mechanism.

I just wanted to highlight very briefly, because

I don't think I'd shared those numbers yet. During

the three year program, we just through the Homeowner

Help Desk, which, again, supplements existing

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programs, we intend to reach 160,000 New Yorkers through this public awareness campaign, conduct or host 270 in person events, provide assistance to 25,000 homeowners, and hope to stabilize 5,000 of them.

We also will offer resiliency consultations to over a 100 households, because flood risk is a main major issue that hasn't really come up today, but that we want to share information about.

And as I mentioned previously, we're going to translate the Homeowner Handbook, which is currently available in English, Spanish, Haitian Creole, and Chinese, into four additional languages and distribute over 22,000 copies of that handbook.

I also wanted to mention that during the pilot, because the issue of racial equity, predatory equity has come up, the goal... one of the goals of the Homeowner Help Desk is to address, or to protect intergenerational wealth and equity of Black and brown homeowners and to prevent the displacement of those homeowners.

So those are very much the goals of this program. During the pilot of this program that we implemented a couple of years ago, 80 percent of the people we

served were homeowners of color, and 50 percent were seniors. And we hope to serve the same populations through the expanded program. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you, and thank you, Council Member.

A few more questions, does DCWP receive inquiries or complaints from the public regarding alleged deed theft?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: With respect to our Financial Empowerment Centers, we have not received inquiries or complaints with respect to deed theft. We have received other inquiries related just to, uh, to mortgage counseling. But typically that's a very small number. I think it's about a 120 over... since 2008. The majority of our clients are actually renters.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And, do Financial Empowerment Centers provide estate planning?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: No. Financial Empowerment Centers do not provide estate planning. I believe that it is provided by the Homeowner Help Desk. I think they were funded for about a year for that.

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MS. WEYEL: Quick correction, the Homeowner Help
Desk is funded for three years. There's a possibility
to extend the contract by an additional three years.
The service, estate planning, is among the services
that we offer free of charge. And we hope to expand
that specific service through the Council's new
allocation of \$1 million, which is for one year, for
Fiscal Year 2025.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And then has DCWP done any marketing to make homeowners aware of the risks of deed fraud? I assume that's a no.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Marketing well, I mean, we do have literature that is focused towards older adults, as well as just generally consumer tips that we provide to anybody. That note, mortgage fraud and deed theft, I think it's part of the suite of resources that the city and my colleagues here have indicated. I'm happy to share that with the Council as well.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: That'd be great, thank you.

How many New Yorkers requested assistance from
the Homeowner Protection Program? You may have run
through some of those numbers before.

MS. WEYEL: The Homeowner Protection Program is actually a state run program. It is different from the Homeowner Help Desk. And...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay. How many New Yorkers have requested assistance from the Homeowner Help Desk?

MS. WEYEL: The Homeowner Help Desk, we implemented the pilot that I mentioned, it was a one year pilot in 2021 and 2022.

If you give me one second, I can look up the number of how many people we served. So we engaged 47,000 homeowners and assisted 2,300 homeowners during this one year pilot program, which as you, uh, will note, also happened during the pandemic. So that mad, in person outreach more challenging.

With the expanded Homeowner Help Desk program, we expect to reach a 160,000 New Yorkers, assist 25,000 New Yorkers, and stabilize 5,000 of those homeowners.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay, that's, uh, an ambitious goal. Tenfold.

What are the common conditions of a property HPD notices, where the... where the owner became a victim of deed thought (sic)... deed fraud?

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fraud victims?

MS. WEYEL: Thank you for that question.

MS. WEYEL: Thank you for that question. Through the Homeowner Help Desk, we will collect significant additional data about this issue. At this time, we mostly have anecdotal evidence about the types of homes, and the types of families, the types of homeowners that are affected, uh, that have come up during the hearing today.

So, we know oftentimes it's seniors, it's, homeowners with... who are what we call "house rich", but who have limited incomes or whose incomes, you know, decrease because they retire, or who have unexpected housing expenses. So, for instance, who need to, uhm, you know, pay for repairs.

And also those that are at some stage in the foreclosure process, because we know that scammers, often look at the foreclosure data to identify senior homeowners that clearly have a (INAUDIBLE) seem to have, appear to have financial challenges and target those specifically.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you, that's helpful.

What do you believe are the greatest challenges involved in protecting property owners from becoming

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The key challenge is a lack of information and the uncertainty of who homeowners can trust. I think there is a lot of distrust because of histories of disinvestment, of, uhm, disinformation. And so I think making sure that homeowners know that there is trusted, trustworthy information, that there are free resources, uhm, is, again, really key.

So it's both knowing about the resources and trusting that they, uhm, are available to help you as a homeowner.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you. And how can a person challenge a deed theft... a deed that is forged? What evidence is needed to support such a challenge?

MS. WEYEL: I defer that question to the DOF.

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Mhmm. So for us, uhm, if someone comes in and they're saying that somebody stole their property, we look at the property, look at the chain of title, and see if there's any indication that this could possibly be a deed fraud.

And as far as the Sheriff is concerned, they will investigate. They will sit down with the homeowner, and they will question them. And from all the information that they're gathering, then they're able

program?

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MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: Uhm, 1 million... 1.5 million people have already registered.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay, out of how many potential folks? Do you know?

MS. MCCAIN-JACQUES: No.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay. Does DCWP anticipate needing any additional resources to implement Intro 888?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Wait.... Oh, sorry, 888? Yeah, I'm, uh, I think... I think with any new mandate, uhm, we would welcome a conversation with our colleagues about additional resources. Not just, uh, I think a month ago we, you know, with respect to other legislation that's being heard, I think hotel licensing we... we noted that we wanted to, uhm, the new mandates require new resources, so happy to talk about that more.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay. And, for Intro 901, does DCWP, uh, same thing? Anticipating any additional resources? I assume it's the same.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Well, I think in... in that particular instance, you know, much of the core work, uhm, mortgage counseling, uh, home repair

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financing, estate planning is being done by our colleagues at HPD and their network of providers.

I think from our perspective, we'd like to work with the Council to understand how we could leverage the Financial Empowerment Centers, of which there are close to 40, as a kind of supplementary service, uhm, and to ensure that where any client that comes to New York City is... has the appropriate resources they need

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Great. Well, that concludes all of our questions. Thank you all so much for your time and, uhm, and testimonies. Thank you.

PANEL: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: I now... We... Unfortunately, you don't get to ask them, uhm, questions. But, if you are here to testify, have you submitted, uh, have you signed a paper to testify? Okay. So, you'll get an opportunity then.

I now open the hearing for public testimony. I remind members of the public that this is a formal government proceeding and that decorum shall be observed at all times. As such, members of the public shall remain silent at all times.

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The witness table is reserved for people who wish to testify. No video recording or photography is allowed from the witness table.

Further, members of the public may not present audio or video recordings as testimony, but may submit transcripts of such recordings to the Sergeant at Arms for inclusion in the hearing record.

If you wish to speak at today's hearing, please fill out an appearance card with the Sergeant at Arms and wait to be recognized. When recognized, you will have two minutes to speak on today's overnight topic of Deed Theft, or on the legislation being considered today: Introductions 888 and 901.

If you have a written statement or additional testimony you wish to submit for the record, please provide a copy of that testimony to the Sergeant at Arms.

You may also email written testimony to

Testimony@council.nyc.gov within 72 hours after the

close of this hearing. Audio and video recordings

will not be accepted.

And, first, we will hear from Bruno Daniel from the Brooklyn Borough President's Office, on Zoom.

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Please wait for the sergeant to call time before you begin your testimony.

(PAUSE)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

DIRECTOR DANIEL: Good afternoon, Chairs Hudson and Menin and members of the committees, and thank you for holding this hearing today. I am here representing Brooklyn Borough President Antonio Reynoso.

Deed theft is a pressing issue in Brooklyn, especially for older adult homeowners in the Central and Eastern parts of the borough. Homeownership is one of the most important pathways to building and sustaining wealth. When deed theft scammers target these communities, they are trying to displace our neighbors and lock Black and Brown families out of homes that they have had for generations.

Last month, our office held a workshop at Medgar

Evers College with Brooklyn Legal Services and Grow

Brooklyn to educate homeowners on their rights and

how to avoid scams. According to BLS, the most common

scams these homeowners may face are refinancing

scams, equity stripping, and foreclosure bail out

loans. In short, these scammers take advantage of

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vulnerable homeowners who may be having trouble making mortgage payments, have bad credit, and/or are at risk of foreclosure.

In our experience so far, education is the best preventative measure we can take, which is why we are bringing information directly to communities. Borough President Reynoso also wants to shout out Attorney General Tish James for all the advocacy she has done on this issue, and the State legislature for reforms that went into effect this summer to make deed theft a crime, extend the statute of limitations on prosecuting these crimes, and grant more oversight to the Office of the State Attorney General.

These were important reforms that we are hopeful will have a real impact in our communities, but there is still more we can do:

First, we'd like to advocate for further extending the statute of limitations on prosecutions. The new state law dictates that prosecution must begin withing five years of the theft or two years after the rightful owner realized that their deed was stolen, whichever occurs later. The state should extend this two year window to further allow time for homeowners who realize their deed has been stolen, so

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they have additional time to report to law enforcement so that prosecution can begin, since they are also addressing civil issues and figuring out their options.

We'd also like to extend, uhm, expand access to legal services. We are hoping to create a Tangled Title Fund model on Philadelphia's. The city of Philadelphia supports this program through its Division of Housing and Community Development, an independent advisory committee oversees the fund, which is administered through a nonprofit called Philadelphia VIP. The fund provides up to \$4,000 each for qualified homeowners to cover administrative legal, and other costs that may arise in resolving homeownership issue. BP Reynoso commends City Council are starting to think about what this would look like, uhm, through the state planning initiative. But the required funding to make this work at scale is much more than has been provided so far.

Increasing funding for community lawyers

generally, in addition to the Tangled Title Fund,

local legal service organizations provide educational

outreach, workshops and other critical legal support,

an important line of defense against these scammers

2 and we must prioritize them in Fiscal Year 2026 3 budget negotiations.

Pass legislation to expand outreach and education: Both bills being heard today will help accomplish this. However, (TIMER CHIMES) a few important bills are in the Finance Committee and are not being heard today... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time has expired, thank you.

DIRECTOR DANIEL: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you.

I would like to call up our first in person panel, uh, Vira Jones, Randi Scherman, and Casey Lee.

MS. VIRA JONES: Thank you, Councilwoman Hudson, for letting me speak today. She invited me to come and speak.

(PAUSE)

19 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: We will begin with you, Ms.
20 Jones, if that's okay?

MS. VIRA JONES: Yeah, that's just fine, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay, the microphone is on I see.

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MS. VIRA JONES: Thank you, Councilwoman Hudson, for letting me speak today. She invited me to come and speak.

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My name is Vira Lynn Jones, and I own a property in Clinton Hill, near the Barclays Sport Arena, about a 10 minute walk to downtown Brooklyn and the Atlantic Avenue Terminal. I've done everything right in my life. I've never been in trouble with the law except getting a few parking tickets, graduate degree from Columbia, Peace Corps Volunteer in Ghana, United Nations teacher in the People's Republic of China.

The only mistake I ever made in my life, was I bought this brownstone in Clinton Hill in 1996. I've been getting refinanced on the property since then, but the biggest mistake I made in my life was to get a refinance with one of these predatory private lenders.

Okay. And I'm gonna... I'm gonna say a lot of names today. I got the loan from, uhm, Majestic. His attorney is Allen Weintraub in 2019. In 2022 of November, I decided to refinance the property. Of course, the Citibanks, the Chase Banks would not give me a refinance on the house. And a person I trusted told me to see Alan Weintraub's client, Majestic

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Crown, that they would give me a refinance. And what happened was, uhm, they sold my house on October 6th 2022 without my knowledge. And what they did is they used my neighbor's house next door. They put my address on his property. Because usually, you know, when you're in foreclosure, you get lots of investors coming to your house, knocking on the door. Well, I didn't get any of this, because he got all of those calls.

So they sold the house behind my back, a fraudulent foreclosure sale, and there... and it's very difficult for me, because when you hear foreclosure, all these agencies that were here today told me it's over. But I have somebody that's done some investigation on my deed. It was a fraudulent deed. And the reason I'm fighting this is because I had money, uh, for my refinance in November 2022, and the title company who was going to refinance with them, once they sold the property, they told me to fight this. And I didn't know they had sold our property till I got that letter from the finance department the 1st week of November. It said, there has been a change in your deed. If you didn't make these changes, fill out this form.

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Okay, I filled out the form, I've called people nobody gets back to you. (TIMER CHIMES) So, since
then, let me... somebody had asked, well what do the
seniors go through?

We also have to mention, Lawrence Knipel and the Supreme Court has signed all their fraudulent documents. They're trying to evict me from the house. What do you go through? They... Since they can't get you out of the house, because they told me in December I had 30 days to move, in 2022, December 2022. So since then, they have performed, I call it mental and psychological terrorism type of activities. They've they put my boiler out in February of 2024. Luckily, I'm a contractor, so I didn't freak out. I found the \$6,000 to put a new boiler in. I froze for a whole week until I put the money together.

The next thing they did is they put holes from the bottom... from the ground floor up to the 4th floor, big holes like you're getting ready to renovate the house. This creates vermin infestation. They came all hours of the day and night. They've done things that just drive you crazy.

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Okay, yes, I had high blood pressure, high sugar, I gained 20 pounds. My doctors asked me what was going on. I didn't tell her. I just said I got a lot going on. So I'm telling you, these people do not observe the law. There is no law. It's their law, and it's... and I can't get any... I've asked for a temporary restraining order from Lawrence Knipel in Superior Court, but he rules in their favor every single time.

Now, they have put security cameras in my hallway, and they keep... they put chains on the third and fourth floor, because I have a four... legal four family brownstone. They tore up apartment number three. They ripped out the... the toilet, the vanity, the doors on their fridges disappeared. They did it on the third and fourth floor, about \$25,000 more of damage.

And now, they've put holes in the doors on the third floor, and put heavy chains and locks so I can't rent the apartments.

So it's more than this deed theft. These people, who do not observe any law, are doing... the same people who are doing this to me, Alan Weintraub, Elon Cohen, I see their... their names on other seniors'

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2 property. So this is a well-organized, well-oiled criminal enterprise, and I want my property back 3 4 because they have a deed from the... they call it the, uhm, foreclosure auction. It is not a legitimate deed, because when they... continue to call the cops 6 7 on me, they're trying to get me arrested, some of 8 these people I'm telling you about, the senior citizens, they go back in their house and these people have them arrested. I know because I could've 10 11 been arrested with them if I had spent the night with one woman who has Allen Weintraub's name all over her 12 13 document. She said, "Please stay with me." I left that Saturday night. They all got arrested the next 14 15 morning, 70-year-old woman, and she spent three days 16 in jail. They try to criminalize you...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Yeah.

MS. VIRA JONES: Like, I came out of court

November 20, 23rd, and one of the thugs ran up behind

me, was screaming at my back on J Street. And

everybody said, "Just turn around, you should've

kicked him in the balls." I said, that's what they

wanted. Because he probably would've gone back to

court, and said she assaulted me and given me 60 days

in jail like they did the Black woman in the Bronx.

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It was a lie, and she spent 60 days in jail, enough time for them to take her house. And that's what they're trying to do to me.

So all this kumbaya things we have with all these

agencies, when they look at me and it says foreclosure, they don't do anything. "Sorry, we can't help you." They don't... so I'm saying that I'm fighting. They're not getting my house. I'm still in there three and a half years later, so you gotta hear the mental and psychological terrorism that is being met out to seniors and they know you don't care. Thank you, Councilwoman.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you, Ms. Jones, we do care, for the record. And I think that's , you know, the exact purpose of this hearing is to try and make sure that we can hold our agencies accountable, and make sure that we can work with them, uhm, as partners to see how to prevent other...

MS. VIRA JONES: Right...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: from experiencing what you've experienced..

MS. VIRA JONES: Right.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And I'm sorry that you've gone through what you've gone through.

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MS. VIRA JONES: Well, I've... I've been strong, and one last thing is, they've done things like break the doorknobs off the entry doors. It's an illegal lockout.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Mm-hmm?

MS. VIRA JONES: And if I hadn't been out of town on February the 12th, I would have had to sleep in my car. And I have other people they've done the same thing. So, uh, thank you very much for giving me this opportunity.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Absolutely, thank you for coming in. And I know my office has been in touch. So, we will...

MS. VIRA JONES: Yes, you have, thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: continue to support you,

thank you.

Uh, we will move on to Randi Scherman, followed by Casey Lee.

MS. RANDI SCHERMAN: Good afternoon, uh, good afternoon, Chair Hudson and Committee members.

My name is Randi Sherman, and I'm a senior staff attorney at Brooklyn Legal Services, which is a program of legal services New York City, the nation's largest provider of free civil legal services. And I

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largest provider of free civil legal services. And we've been talking a lot today about the importance of our services.

So deed theft scams, as we've been talking about all afternoon, are on the rise, especially in immigrant and Black and brown communities targeting seniors and those already struggling with financial instability.

These scams prey on homeowners facing foreclosure or property tax arrears. And the consequences are catastrophic, not just for the families affected, but for neighborhoods they live in.

And to shed some additional light on some earlier testimony, reversing deed theft scams, in... through litigation usually takes decades, and it requires more than just a simple consultation.

One major factor exacerbate... exacerbating the problem of deed thefts is actually the City's tax lien sale, which publishes a list of properties with unpaid taxes. This list is essentially a road map for scammers who use it to target distressed homeowners.

And in a recent deposition conducted by my office of a fraudster in a partition action, the scammer actually admitted that he regularly uses the tax lien

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sale list to identify properties to target. So in some ways, New York City itself is complicit in the growth of deed thefts.

New York's struggling homeowners would be less vulnerable to property scammers if one to four family residential properties were excluded from the tax lien sale list.

And to combat deed theft, we also need permanent, dedicated funding for homeownership preservation services such as the Homeowner Protection Program or HOP, which is the State's network of housing counseling and legal services providers working with at risk homeowners.

That network is a crucial tool to preventing deed theft and other scams targeting at risk homeowners.

But, unfortunately, it's threatened with extinction every single year.

Additionally, measures such as the Consumer and Small Business Protection Act, or CSPA, would bring New York's Consumer Protection Statute in line with those of 43 other states that have far more effective, Unfair and Deceptive Acts and Practices Laws, and would provide deed theft advocates and

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their clients with the kinds of tools taken for granted in most other states.

In closing, I thank you for the opportunity to provide this testimony today, and I refer the Committee to my more detailed written testimony,

which I also, plan to submit today. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you so much. And I do want to say for the record that this Council is actively trying to eliminate the Tax Lien Sale for that very reason. So, thank you for your testimony.

And we will move on to Casey Lee.

MS. CASEY LEE: Good afternoon... Good afternoon Council Members, thank you very much for inviting me to come and speak today...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: I'm sorry, I just wanted to recognize, for the record, that we have been joined by Council Member Sanchez, my apologies.

MS. CASEY LEE: No worries.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Please continue.

MS. CASEY LEE: Uhm, so, thank you very much for inviting me to speak.

My name is Casey Lee, I'm a staff attorney at the Legal Aid Society. We are also a sister member of the HOP network, and so we provide legal assistance to

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2 many of these homeowners who are facing these deed 3 theft issues.

Many of the points that we wanted to submit have already been mentioned by Legal Services, and so rather than kind of repeating everything and beat a dead horse, I just want to emphasize that this is a very large topic.

This is not... I think when we refer to the topic as deed theft, it really simplifies what the issues are. And so, there are many forms that these predators are preying on our city's most vulnerable homeowners. Part of... or one of the tactics is by purchasing... following the tax lien sales and, you know, seeing that as a vulnerable property. But it goes beyond homeowners, right? I think working at estate planning is a huge effort, but it doesn't address what has already happened. People have already passed away without a will, without the means for some of their heirs, even if they have a will, to probate the will.

And so, this is... all... again, like, as the, uhm, the person from HPD mentioned, this is an all hands on deck issue. And so addressing... making surrogate court more available to New Yorkers who

don't have a lot of means to pay the fees... Right now, uh, just to file a petition in surrogate's court when you have a home is \$1,250 if you have an asset like a house over \$500,000.

That doesn't account for a mortgage on the home, that doesn't account for anything else, but the mere fact that you have an asset over \$500,000. And, you know, if you're on a fixed income, you can't afford this amount.

So, you know, we really welcome the opportunity to have more discussions about the multitude of ways that we can assist homeowners, and we are obviously at the disposal of the council members to partake in any of these outreach events.

But also, as discussed, it would be great to have additional funding for the HOP Network so that we could have more robust legal services to help all of the New Yorkers.

As it is, I'm a team of one in the... so at Legal Aid, we have a Foreclosure Unit, but I am a team of one that does trusts and estates. And, so I certainly cannot assist every person that walks in the door, or at least on a more wide scale basis.

2 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you so much. We will 3 certainly advocate for more funding for that.

Thank you all for your testimony. We appreciate you being here today.

I would like to call up the next panel: Karen Greenwood, Beverly Smith, Roger Rowe, and Rahcel Cyprien. We can... I think we can squeeze four at the table.

(PAUSE)

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CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: You want to start on the left here? Ma'am, do you want to start? Okay. Just...

MS. BEVERLY SMITH: Hello?

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Yeah, there you go...

MS. BEVERLY SMITH: Is that good?

My name is Beverly Smith. I have been a citizen... I've lived citizen... I have been a not a citizen... I've lived in New York City all my life. I have, been on the Selective Service Board for 30 years. I worked for New York City Police Department for 32 years, and I worked as a New York State Public Safety Officer for 10 concurrently with my police department.

In 1992, while on the community board,
Assemblywoman Aurelia Greene and Fernando Ferreira
were... Fernando Ferreira was the borough president

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and Aurelia Greene was the assemblywoman. They got together and they sent me to school on how to write a proposal, and my landlord, where I lived at 1750 Sedgwick Avenue, we were put into a program of New York City partnership, under the Dinkins Administration, where they built 78 homes, Popham Gardens in the Bronx, 10453, in Councilwoman Pierina Sanchez's District. And thank you very much for inviting me today.

Now, I am 71 years old, I have one child, and with this predatory lending, uh, going on and the stealing of these, I've tried to, uh, get information about it through, ACRIS. They don't work on the weekends. They... I was shocked when they sat here and said, you know, go through when you get on. You can't get on that service for the weekend. It's very complicated.

Most seniors in the 78 homes that... where I am the Homeowners Association president, most seniors there, they're not computer literate.

So, wherein as Homeowners Association President, uh, the dues is very low, and it's only to pay for the sewer cleaning that that was under the deed.

Also in the deed, it is... it is mentioned that a family member has to live in the house for 100 years.

Since that, people have come in, bought the house, used it... used it as... bought housing in the 70... within 78 homes. They use it as a financial gain, no more generational wealth, what the houses were built for, that is out the window.

It is... it is very, very difficult to live in the area, because the private homes that surround the 78 homes, they went in and from a two-family house, they went in and cut down apartments and made two-family houses to 10-family houses. And New York City Building Department has given them permits to do that. And (TIMER CHIMES) the houses are just like a shoebox. We need more outreach about this deed theft, because I'm sure it's going on. A lot of us are seniors. It has to be better ways to outreach through the community boards, through the Councilwoman's office.

I was shocked with the things that I heard today, and to think that all the work that I've done here in the city and over my life, that someone can come in and steal my deed and they don't notify me about it, is frightening.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Well, thank you for your testimony. We are working on correcting that, so thank you for being here today.

Uhm, oh, yes, Council Member, you have a question?

COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Uh, thank you, Chair. I just want to thank you, Ms. Smith, for joining us today. And to make sure that we follow up and bring this information back to Popham and all of the homeowners in our district, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you, uh, Ms. Cyprien?

MS. RAHCEL CYPRIEN: Yes, Unlike her, I'm not
going to disclose my age.

(LAUGHTER)

MS. RAHCEL CYPRIEN: But, like her, I also am a lifelong New Yorker. And I am outraged about this deed theft, and I am sick and tired of hearings and meetings and town hall meetings. Tired. I've been fighting for my deed to get my deed back for 14 years. That is beyond ridiculous.

And today, I'm going to hold everyone accountable, because I'm... I've called it out into the universe. This year, I want my deed back.

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My father and I purchased our home in 1997

legally and legitimately. And I saw a hearing last
year held by Letitia James and Kathleen Hochul, at
which point they brought a couple in, Jacqueline
Knight and Joseph Clark, from my neighborhood, who
were also victims of deed theft. They were a victim
of deed theft. They are from Guyana. My people, from
the slave ships of Africa to Haiti to Brooklyn. The
people that coerced me or conned me out of my deed
were Haitian, because they always need people that
you're familiar with. You trust them, so you listen
to what they're telling you.

And I listened to Jacqueline Knight and Joseph Clark's story, it was mirrored to mine. And, Kathleen Hochul and, the Attorney General, Letitia James, helped them. They used Brooklyn Legal Services. And we were talking about these free legal services, which I have found to be really useless and just a big, fat waste of time.

Where's this money coming from that they're getting? And every time you call them, or I call them, it's always we've had enough clients. We don't have enough funding. So that we need to get through that.

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The other day, I'm glad, this man, he was here,
Daniel Bruno from, the borough president. Because
the, uh, borough president did have a meeting at
Medgar Evers, which I attended, and was told by this
woman, her name is, Blair... Zulema Blair. I
forget... She's a professor or something.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Dr. Zulema Blair.

MS. RAHCEL CYPRIEN: Zulema Blair. She said she was given funds to help us get attorneys. She got me an attorney that never called me, had me sign a retainer fee or retainer, but never helped me.

And I've met with the Bureau President Office last week, Wednesday, and I'm going back tomorrow, because I... if money was allocated for us to get help legally, to get lawyers to help us, then I should have an... I should have access to an attorney, not a bogus attorney who's not answering my call. And that's the problem.

All these programs that are put in place, and when we don't know who to call, and who to find out and who to hold accountable, nothing gets done.

And then people are coming to meetings like this and saying, "We're helping, we were at Medgar Evers. We were here." No. We want real help.

And just like Vira Jones was just here, she sat and she's going through this. Why can't... this is what I wanna understand, (TIMER CHIMES) when we're in these rooms and we're talking, why can't we have someone say, "Okay, Ms. Jones, come, let's rectify this."?

What's all this talking, talking, collecting cards, emailing to hear the same stuff again? If I sound upset and if I sound frustrated, it's because I am.

And to piggyback off of the man that was here, Council Member Salaam...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Mm-hmm

Next person. I'm sorry.

MS. RAHCEL CYPRIEN: When he says when you're closest to the pain, this is how I am. I'm close to the pain, because this is my home. I've been in my home for 27 years, and had someone try to evict me the other day and tell me that this is their deed. This is my home, my legacy. My father and I purchased this home. I have two daughters, a nephew, and a sister. God forbid I die, that home should go to them, not to a con artist. And we need real help. We... enough of the talking, real, real help. Please.

2 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you.

MS. RAHCEL CYPRIEN: Mm-hmm

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you for your testimony.

Ms. Greenwood?

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MS. KAREN GREENWOOD: Good day, My name is Ms.

Greenwood. I'm... my heart is full right now, because since 2019, we had our first hearing of deed theft/
foreclosure theft... (BACKGROUND NOISE)... with

Eric... Eric Adams, with Carnegie, with Ritchie

Torres. We've been having, like, I would say, a hamster ride going on here. Bamboozle, hanging fruit, hijacking of land, and it's gonna continue to go on.

I see this. Because if we would've had a resolution from then, we wouldn't be sitting here. It's not a priority. We've asked for an Executive Order with de Blasio. It never happened. Governor Cuomo signed a bill for an investigation through Department of Finance. Department of Finance, HPD, no transparency

The district attorney, Eric Gonzalez, is not approaching the homeowners the way that he should. You go to the building, you don't even know if it's a DA's building in Brooklyn.

of investigations have ever occurred.

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Every other borough, they've been able to help the homeowners. Right now, we have many homeowners that their properties has been stolen. Every Thursday, we have a hanging fruit. Every Thursday, illegally, wrongful foreclosures. These judges, which is now they... they have themselves as god to take people's properties. A rubber stamp, it's called Complex Homeowners Foreclosures, a Wrongful Eviction, Housing Court. Everybody, trust and believe, no one is sleeping. We all see what's going on. This is land hijacking.

And I'm gonna give you... I'm gonna give you a little rundown from where we know this has occurred and why it isn't... why it hasn't stopped. Because, first and foremost, we know this is a white collar law. The 2008 real estate market crash was caused by a combination of irresponsible lending financial speculation, inadequate regulatory oversight involving key politicians, banking institution, major financial institutions such as Lehman Brothers, Bear Stearns, AIG, and Countrywide Financial fueled the crises by issuing, investigating, and investing high risk subprime mortgages. These loans are often bundled in a complex financial products like mortgage

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backed securities and collateralized debt obligations marketed as a safe investment, despite their underlying instability.

Government sponsored enterprises, like Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, (TIMER CHIMES) further amplified the problem by buying and guaranteeing large volumes of these risk... risky loans.

One political side policies promoting home...

homeownership, pushed by leaders like President

George W. Bus, and President Bill Clinton, encouraged

lenders to loosen standards.

The appeal to the Glass-Steagall Act in 1999, championed by senator Phil Graham, and signed into law by President Clinton, allowed banks to merge commercial and investment activities increasing risk.

The regulatory agencies like the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Federal Reserve, under Allen Greenspan, and later Ben Bernanke, failed to act on warning signs.

Greenspan prolonged low interest rates in early 2000, spurred excessive borrowing and speculation in real estate. Congress also played a role with bipartisan resistance to stricter oversight of institution like Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac.

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When housing prices fell, defaults surged,
leading to massive losses and the collapse of
institution like Lehman Brothers. The financial
crisis triggered global economic turmoil and required
governmental bailouts, including the Trouble Asset
Relief Program, TRP, signed into law by President
Bush.

And I'm gonna say something, this homeowner protection, I don't know if you wanna call it bamboozle protection program, because since 2011, 2010 no, 2010 - 2011, Schumer, Heinz, ordered that there be a legislation for funds implemented to help with these crises, with litigating in the courts. That wasn't done.

Money to track all the cases for deed theft and foreclosure theft, there was supposed to be data tracking. No funds was provided for you to a hire task force for these issues, because it's not a priority. Because why? It's Black and brown again.

UNKNOWN: Black.

MS. KAREN GREENWOOD: We're under the attack... we're under the attack. We're under siege.

UNKNOWN: Mm-hmm

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MS. KAREN GREENWOOD: And it has to stop. We should not be suffering like this. There needs to be an injunction. The AG herself, and I'm gonna give homage to the first attorney general because there, he gave funds to all homeowners and tenants who were being wrongfully evicted. You can't tell me she can't do it, because she can.

She's the one who could do an injunction in the Martin Act right now in the courts and stop the bleeds. Stop it all. But everybody, again, have their own priorities. And I would say to my brothers and sisters as democrats, when you were in the house for what? - you were in control of the senate, you were in control of the housing, you were in control of everything! We shouldn't be fearing nobody right now, even the new administration coming in. None at all.

This is disgrace, and it has to stop because people, We the People, are for the People. But the congressmen, the senators that keep knocking on our door, begging for donations, we don't hear you anymore.

UNKNOWN: Mhmm.

MS. KAREN GREENWOOD: We don't hear you. You're gonna have us displaced. You're gonna have us, uh,

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deported, and we know what next is gonna occur. But if you guys would have did a stronger legislation to protect us on all folds, we wouldn't be sitting here to have a panic button to fear for our lives right now. We pay taxes; 311 doesn't help.

City Council, we're asking you to do an Executive Order with Eric Adams right now. Stop bamboozling the people. The people are hurting. You have mental health even housing, uh, people who right now, as tenants, are having a problem, because there's no regulations, there's no policies of helping them.

So you can't blame health... mental health either. Nobody's doing anything. We should not be sitting here every, single year petitioning, fighting, arguing, begging for the rights of the People. We pay taxes, and money is going overseas every month, every year, and people are hungry here. People are starving. That should not be! Enough already.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you for your testimony.

MS. RAHCEL CYPRIEN: This is reminiscent of Tulsa,
because she said Black and brown, the only people
that are hurting from deed theft, that I've seen, in

- 2 all the rooms that I have been at, are Black people.
- 3 This is reminiscent of Tulsa, Oklahoma. Our...
- 4 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you...
- 5 MS. RAHCEL CYPRIEN: our wealth is being stolen, 6 it's disgusting.
- 7 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you. I have to move on 8 to the next...
- 9 MS. RAHCEL CYPRIEN: I'm sorry...
- 10 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Witness.
- 11 Uh, Roger Rowe?

- 12 MR. ROGER ROWE: Yes, it's on, right?
- 13 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: It is, thank you.
- MR. ROGER ROWE: Thank you, thank you for hearing
- 15 me. My name is Roger Rowe. I'm going bring a slightly
- 16 different approach to what I heard. And actually,
- 17 | while I was here, the lady from the Housing
- 18 | Department, I hope... I wish she were still here to
- 19 hear what I have to say.
- 20 The I was... about six years back, maybe even
- 21 more, I had a foreclosure action brought against me.
- 22 | Fortunately, I read the law. I stayed up at night,
- 23 and I was able to get to the appellate court and get
- 24 my house back.

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The appellate court issued an order reversing the foreclosure and sale. The trial judge, Judge Thomas Whelan, looked at me and said, "What are you doing here?" I said, "Appellate court said you gotta reverse this, He says, "I'm not doing it." So now I'm back at the appellate court seeking my damages from him and everybody else.

One of the things that I've learned through the journey, and it's what can I do, my experience, to actually give you all the ammunition you need to get this moratorium because it can be stopped today.

The problem is everybody's talking about this Referee's Deed, and it's never that Referee's Deed can never be certified by law.

Real Property Law 320 states it clear that certain deeds must be considered a mortgage. So what they're doing is, and I know I might run out of time, because it's really a complex issue - the certification, an attorney can certify a document, but what he's actually doing, and if you read it, it says he's certifying what he viewed. This case law that ACRIS, an ACRIS document, is not a certified deed. All it represents is the recording. So the lady

2 that was mentioning about the recording, she's a 100
3 percent right.

Now the silver bullet in what we can do, what

ACRIS can do, is stamp a big thing saying this is not
a certified deed. The process that the law states,

CPLR 4540, says it has to be attested to. So, you
have a Referee's Deed, which is an equitable

mortgage, does not convey title by state law. It's
done. That deed can only be looked at as a mortgage.

You can't convert it to a deed.

What these guys are doing is they're just pushing it through, acting as if... the attorney certification... Now, also, I believe it's another section. Well, I know it's another section, I'm... just don't remember it particularly - the attorneys are punished for that, because the attorneys are officials, and they're lying to the court.

Now I have cases that I'm right now dealing with,

(TIMER CHIMES) and I explained this to these judges.

And they look at me - Judge Knipel, Judge Knipel
says, "I understand your argument, but you gotta
appeal this."

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Why would I appeal something where you already understand the argument? People are getting put out their homes today.

UNKNOWN: Mm-hmm

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MR. ROGER ROWE: Today, on certified... on
Referees' Deeds that are purely illegal. And I could
furnish the case law. I already sent an email to the
chief justices outlining and detailing the thing. I
also sent one to one of the senators aids, and I'm
hoping that he processes it up. I could give you all
this information.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: You can... You can...

MR. ROGER ROWE: Like I said, my foreclosure was reversed, and as the lady said, as soon as I got that order from the appellate court, I had it certified, and I ran down to the Clerk's office, and now it's in there.

So, anybody that sees that order from the appellate court knows that I am the rightful and the only owner of the property.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: You can submit any documentation to... And we can give it to you in writing, but testimony@council.nyc.gov...

MR. ROGER ROWE: Okay.

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CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: to add to your testimony today.

MR. ROGER ROWE: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: And thank you, thank you all for your testimony. I truly understand the frustration. You know, we are trying to do what we can here in the city council to address these issues. That is exactly why we are having the hearing today.

I get it. Government does not move quickly.

PANEL: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: You know? But, I am hopeful that we will be able to rectify a lot of these wrongs that have been done.

MR. ROGER ROWE: And I would add to that, that I understand that government does not move quick. The problem... And I sat with the clerk with the Appellate Division one day, and she said to me, "Well, if you win, you get the house back in two years." And I looked at her, I said, "You're gonna be out... The person is outside the house." So, it's certain things that it's urgent today.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Absolutely.

MR. ROGER ROWE: And a moratorium on something that, again, I will get that, the statue to you, and

1 ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 the case law that the appellate court already 3 determined. So, this is something that, all that has 4 to happen is, the chief justice issues a memorandum -I have a memorandum, uhm, from 2009, CPLR 5239 states that everything's supposed to stay. I submitted that 6 7 to the Clerk, they didn't want to accept it. So, I wrote them a letter, I said, "Hey, look, this is 8 what's happening," they accepted it. The judge didn't want to sign it. So, this is something that can be 10

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Right.

memorandum from...

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MR. ROGER ROWE: a chief justice, that looked at the statute and made a determination - and made a procedure saying, if this is a condition, I had a judge look at me and says, "Oh...

addressed immediately. Because, it's already a

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: I'm sorry, I do have to have move on to the next witness. But, we... we will definitely look into everything that you...

MR. ROGER ROWE: Yeah...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: that you've mentioned and see how we can move on it.

MR. ROGER ROWE: Yes, thank you.

MS. BEVERLY SMITH: Can I say just one thing...

1	COMMITTEE ON AGING JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 149
2	CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Very quickly, please,
3	because
4	MS. BEVERLY SMITH: I am for 888 and 901, and, uh,
5	as far as ACRIS is concerned, or the Department of
6	Finance, I think when they get a quit deed or
7	something like that, instead of a call, I think they
8	should send the Sheriff. (INAUDIBLE) they have
9	sheriffs, the Sheriff should go to the person's house
LO	and make sure that they get it. Because we get so
L1	much junk mail. Who looks at the mail?
L2	CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you. Thank you all so
L3	much.
L 4	MS. BEVERLY SMITH: (UN-MIC'D)(INAUDIBLE) the
L5	wrongful homeowners that have been arrested, I need
L 6	their record cleared. I need the homeowners
L7	(INAUDIBLE)
L8	CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: We will look into that,
L 9	ma'am, I have to move onto the next
20	MS. BEVERLY SMITH: (UN-MIC'D)(INAUDIBLE) I need
21	it to clear
20	OUNTEDCON HUDGON, Therebyers

22 CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you.

I would like to call Kevin Wolfe from Center for New York City Neighborhoods on Zoom.

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DIRECTOR WOLFE: Good afternoon, can everyone here
me?

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Yes, we can. Just wait one moment for the Sergeant at Arms to start your time.

Okay, you can begin.

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DIRECTOR WOLFE: Great, thank you, Chair Hudson.

My name is Kevin Wolfe, I am the Deputy Director

For Advocacy and Public Affairs at the Center For New

York City Neighborhoods and we are the largest

homeowner service organization in New York City.

We're a nonprofit and we provide assistance to New

Yorkers at all stages of the homeownership journey.

We do have written testimony, so I'm not gonna go through everything, but I did want to say that, we are testifying in support of both of the pieces of legislation that have been put forward.

We do have some recommendations, some tweaks that we would like to see, uh, for both of those legislation. But overall, we want more tools in the toolkit to combat deed theft.

As we've heard, throughout the day, deed theft is a major issue that's affecting New Yorkers. And, actually, in response to some of your questions, I did... we did pull the numbers.

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One thing that I should note is that the Center does, uh, when homeowners call 311, they are many times directed towards the Center, uh, for New York City Neighborhoods, and so we do get quite a few deed theft referrals.

So far in this fiscal year, we have seen 86 deed theft referrals, and that's been an increase from last year's 69. We're not, obviously, we're not done with this year.

And, you know, when we get those... the homeowners do call, we do our best to provide assistance to them, uh, to connect them to legal services and housing counseling.

On the on the legislation, I did just wanna note, for Intro 901, we... Intro 901, we do support the concept of the legislation, but we want to note that the Council already provides funding for the Foreclosure Prevention Initiative, as well as there's new funding for the Estate Planning Initiative, and that's funding housing counseling and legal services.

And so we want to connect... coordinate with the City as much as possible.

On Intro 888, we did want... we did have some recommendations. We to support the concept of it. But

we did have some recommendations for how to make the legislation better. It may be possible that... to have civil penalties for these people who come up with these unsolicited, uhm, unsolicited offers to purchase the home.

We do think that the civil penalties are a little bit too low, and there is the issue of how to determine the fair market value. We did have some suggestions on how to better determine that maybe using data from DOF. It may be possible, but those are... those are sort of the two issues that we wanted to hit on, uh, on the legislative front.

Otherwise, I will, uhm, we will submit our written testimony, make sure that the Council's able to see that, and we're happy to, if you do have any questions about the services we provide, we talked about the Homeowner Help Desk, which, the Center is excited, to operate and thankful (TIMER CHIMES) for the Council's support.

But we're happy to answer any other questions that you have, and thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you so much.

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If there is anyone else in person or online who would like to testify, please see the Sergeant at Arms or use the Zoom Raise Hand Function.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: You...

UNKNOWN: (UN-MIC'D) (INAUDIBLE) I just want five seconds. I want attorneys held accountable as well. I need to know that the (INAUDIBLE) deed theft bill is going to go through. I need to that know that the disclosure law is also going to go through. And any other statute of limitations (INAUDIBLE) 10 to 20 years are (INAUDIBLE) build up in the courts right now. We need (INAUDIBLE) now dismissed.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you.

UNKNOWN: (UN-MIC'D) (INAUDIBLE) We need a supervisor over the same judges...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Okay...

UNKNOWN: (UN-MIC'D) that's in there right now.

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: Thank you, we... This... This is not part of the formal hearing anymore, so...

UNKNOWN: (UN-MIC'D) No (INAUDIBLE)...

CHAIRPERSON HUDSON: I appreciate that. But, if you could... I am happy to speak to you if you just let me get through the rest of the hearing.

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1	COMMITTEE ON AGING JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 154
2	Seeing no more witnesses in person or online, I
3	now close the hearing, thank you.
4	(GAVEL SOUND) (GAVELING OUT)
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date December 14, 2024