CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

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TUESDAY, MARCH 8, 2022 Start: 12:43 P. M. Recess: 4:37 P. M.

HELD AT: REMOTE HEARING (VIRTUAL ROOM 1)

B E F O R E: CHI A. OSSÉ, CHAIR

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

ERIC DINOWITZ
AMANDA FARÍAS
SHAHANA K. HANIF
CRYSTAL HUDSON
RITA C. JOSEPH
FARAH N. LOUIS
FRANCISCO P. MOYA
SANDRA UNG

OTHER COUNCIL MEMBERS ATTENDING:

GALE BREWER
INNA VERNOKOV
BROOKLYN BOROUGH PRESIDENT, ANTONIO REYNOSO

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THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Tony Marx,
President of The New York Public Library

Linda Johnson,
President and CEO of The Brooklyn Public Library

Nick Buron, Chief Librarian & SVP, Queens Public Library

Sheelah Feinberg,
Deputy Commissioner at the Department of Cultural
Affairs General

Pranita Raghavan,
General Counsel at the Department of Cultural
Affairs

Shirley Levy, Chief of Staff at the Department of Cultural Affairs

Phillippa Shao,
Director of Finance at the Department of Cultural
Affairs.

Coco Killingsworth,
Co-Interim President, Brooklyn Academy of Music
Executive Vice Chair, Cultural Institutions Group
(CIG)

Laura Washington,
Chief Communications Officer and Vice President for
Strategic Partnerships at the New York Historical
Society

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Sade Lythcott,

CEO at National Black Theatre; Chair of Coalition of Theaters of Color; Co-leader of Culture@3

Lisa Gold,

Executive Director of the Asian American Arts Alliance (A4)

Melody Capote,

Executive Director of the Caribbean Cultural Center African Diaspora Institute

Rosalind Barbour,

Administrative Chief of Staff at The Public Theater

Elizabeth Cashour,

Vice President - The New 42nd Street, Inc.

John Hyslop,

President of Local 1321 DC 37

Lauren Bradley,

Board Member of Urban Librarians Unite

Tracey Greenidge,

The Director of Development at Cool Culture

Lucy Sexton,

Executive Director New Yorkers for Culture & Arts

Alejandra Duque Cifuentes,

Executive Director at Dance/NYC

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Ya-Yun Teng,

Program Officer at Immigrant Artist Resource Center (NYC) at the New York Foundation for the Arts

Risa Shoup,

Director at The Alliance of Resident Theatres/New York

Francine Garber-Cohen
President at The Regina Opera Company, Inc.

Aya Ester Hayishi, Development Director at People's Theater Project

Olympia Kazi,

Founding Member of the New York City Actor's Coalition; Music Workers Alliance; Vice Chair of the Nightlife Advisory Board

Adina Applebaum,
Development Manager at The Center for Fiction

Devin Mathis,

Executive Director of UrbanGlass; New Coalition of Culturals in City Owned Buildings

Mark Ribot,
Music Workers Alliance

Sami Abu Shumays,
Deputy Director, Flushing Town Hall

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Rocky Bucano,
President and Executive Director of the Universal
Hip Hop Museum

David Freudenthal,
Director of Government Relations at Carnegie Hall

Cheryl Warfield,
Founder of ADVANCE/MORE Opera, Opera Singer,
Educator, Producer, and Arts Administrator

Alton Aimable,
President and Founder of Tropicalfete

Lisa Alpert Vice President, Development & Programming at Green-Wood Cemetery THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND
INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

SERGEANT LUGO: Pc recording good.

SERGEANT HOPE: Cloud recording good.

SERGEANT LUGO: Thank you.

Good afternoon, everyone, welcome to today's remote New York City Council Fiscal 2023 Preliminary Budget Oversight hearing the Committee on Committee Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations.

At this time would all panelists please turn on your videos? To minimize disruptions, please place all electronic devices to vibrate or silent mode. If you wish to submit testimony, you may do so via email to testimony@council.nyc.gov again, that is testimony@council.nyc.gov.

Thank you for your cooperation, Chair, we are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Good afternoon, and welcome to the hearing for the Committee Cultural Affairs,

Libraries and International Intergroup Relations. I am Council Member Chi Ossé, Chair of this committee, and today we will begin with a hearing on the City's three library systems, followed by a hearing on Cultural Affairs.

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The committee will also be hearing two pieces of legislation today, first a Preconsidered Resolution sponsored by Council Member Hudson in relation

Condemning Russia's invasion of Ukraine and calling upon Congress and President Joseph R. Biden to increase and expand the severity of sanctions imposed on Russia.

And, second, a Preconsidered Resolution sponsored by Council Member Vernikov in relation to expressing support for Ukraine.

And, finally, the committee will hear public testimony related to these two hearings as well as the legislation

Uh, I do want to acknowledge Council Member Vernikov, and give her the floor to speak on her resolution.

COUNCIL MEMBER VERNIKOV: Can everyone hear me?
CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER VERNIKOV: Okay, thank you so much, uh, thank you, Chair Ossé, and thank you Council Members, uhm, and others on this call.

Uhm, everyone knows the horrific situation going on in Ukraine, and New York City really has the largest population of Ukrainians living here in the

3 ground right now, uh, we are really working very hard

country. And, I am in touch with people on the

4 to make sure that the refugees and others get the aid

5 that they need. Uh, it has been really, really

6 difficult, and I want to thank all of you for the

7 incredible support -- to the bipartisan support -- I

8 received in the council for this issue. Uh, New York

9 City is really the center of the world, and it is

10 extremely important that we show our support and

11 stand in solidarity with the people of Ukraine and

12 also the Ukrainians living here in our city. And, I

13 really want to thank Council Member Dinowitz, uh, The

14 | Chair of the Jewish Caucus, and the Caucus as well as

15 | the all of the council members, and Council Member

16 | Hudson for also putting a strong resolution in

17 support of Ukraine, and thank you all for the

18 opportunity to speak on this.

19 CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you. And, with that, I

20 would like to welcome you to our Libraries hearing.

21 | This afternoon we will be discussing the Fiscal 2023

Preliminary Expense and Capital Budget for the

23 systems.

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24 For Fiscal 2023, the administration is proposing

a \$418.1 million subsidy for the systems. The Fiscal

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covers Fiscal 2022 through Fiscal 2026, includes \$1

4 billion dollars for the Library systems.

Since the beginning of the COVID-19 outbreak, the three library systems quickly pivoted their work to providing online and virtual services and programs when neighborhood branches were closed.

The three systems also worked closely with the administration to officer vital services to City residents. Hence, I am very disappointed to see reduction to operation subsidy to the systems.

Reductions totaled \$12.9 million in Fiscal 2022.

I want to ensure that the Fiscal 2023 Preliminary Plan adequately funds the City's library systems as they recover from the economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

To ensure that the City is well-equipped to manage the recovery from this pandemic, The Council calls on the administration to support the library systems by increasing their expense and capital budgets to meet all short falls the systems have.

It is essential that the budget that we adopt this year is transparent, accountable, and reflective

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of the priorities and interests of The Council and the people we represent.

I look forward to an active engagement with the administration over the next few months to ensure that the Fiscal 2023 adopted budget meets the goals The Council has set out.

I would also like to acknowledge, uh, and recognize members of the committee including, Council Member Moya, Council Member Dinowitz, and Council Member Louis. I would also like to thank my staff for organizing today's hearing including committee's counsel Brenda McKinney, Legislative Policy Analyst Christy Dwyer, and Principal Financial Analyst Aliya Ali as well as my Budget and Legislative Director May Vutrapongvatana. Thank you

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Okay, thank you, Chair. Uh, my name is Brenda McKinney, and I am counsel to the New York City Council's Committee on Committee Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations.

Before we begin today, I want to remind you that you will be on mute until you are recognized to speak, at which time you will be unmuted by the Zoom host. If you mute yourself after you have been

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

2 unmuted, you will be unmuted again by the host.

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Please be aware that there could be a delay in muting and unmuting, so please be patient.

During the hearing today, if council members would like to ask questions, please use the Zoom Raise Hand Function, and you will be called upon to speak. We will be limited council member questions to five minutes -- including responses.

As noted by the Chair today, we will begin with Libraries, followed by Cultural Affairs.

We do not need to administer the oath or the affirmation to the Library witnesses, but we will ask that you testify in the following order: First Mr.

Tony Marx, President of The New York Public Library, followed by Miss Linda Johnson, President and CEO of The Brooklyn Public Library, and finally Mr. Nick Buron, Chief Librarian of The Queens Public Library.

Thank you, and with that, Mr. Marx, you may begin.

PRESIDENT MARX: Well, thank you, thank you,
Brenda, thank you to the staff, uh, particularly
thank you, to Speaker Adams, uhm, and to Chair Ossé.
You can just feel the new energy of the council, of
the team, of the administration as everyone sort of

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rolls up their sleeves, and, uh, you know, as we emerge from two even more impossibly years than we could have imagined. So, it's an honor to be here, and to be together, and to be working all together. And, you have my testimony, uh, written testimony, so I will not read it to you. I will be very brief, uh, so that we can have as much conversation as you would like.

Uh, I will just start by saying what we already know. The public libraries are the most visited civic institutions in this town; they are the most trusted; they have two particular elements that I think are particularly relevant, that are noteworthy these days, which is we are the institution that is focused on learning and opportunity for everyone. Full stop. At a moment when those are crucial and crucially missing, uh, in too many peoples' lives. And, we have a capacity to innovate and to address those needs to focus in on digital, to focus in on the neighborhoods of needs, to focus on people who need workforce development, all of it. That makes us a great partner as we have always been for the City Council, for the administration, for the citizens of New York.

Just to drill down in one particular programmatic

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all live through.

area, we have continued to build up and continue to focus on our youth education programs. We have seen the existing gaps of access to information, to quality instruction, to afterschool, all of that, and we have seen how those gaps have exploded during the pandemic, uh, particularly in those neighborhoods most hard hit by the pandemic, who are already suffering from the economic equality issues that we

Uh, so we have doubled down on our afterschool model, drop in- you know, you that you can come to our libraries and get help from tutors who are reliability there in whatever subject you're working on, so that we can help to, uh, fix the gaps that have been produced during difficult two years. We are creating team centers in our neighborhoods, so that we can help students in the digital age prepare for that age -- for work -- finding work in those areas. We have a flagship of that at our new Stavros Niarchos Foundation Library where we have a recording studio, it's chock-a-block every day, and we want that to be in our system, throughout our system, especially in the poorest neighborhoods.

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We have launched a new center for educators to get the research material out in to classrooms, uhm, as teacher aides, as curriculum, workshops, also bringing students in to our new Treasures exhibit, which is an amazing introduction to every possible

world through our collections.

And, we continue to innovate on policy, most notably eliminating late fines, which instantly unblocked over 113,000, uh, just in our system, card that were blocked. New Yorkers who could not use our resources, because we had told them they didn't have enough money, in effect, to do so. And, we are free; we are respectful; we are about access. We got rid of the fines -- that's a statement -- a clear statement of our values.

I will just turn very briefly to the capital agenda, because we know how important it is to have facilities that, uh, just not leaking, but are respectful and inspiring in every neighborhood. It's why we renovated the Niarchos Foundation; it's why we are doing so much work in our neighborhoods. So, for instance, uh, whether it's the Woodstock Branch or the Washington Heights Branch for instance, in 2014 when we did a renovation in Washington Heights, we

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saw a 47% increase in visits; a 45% increase in circulation, and a 105% increase in exactly those education programs that the folks in that neighborhood, the neighborhood I grew up in, need. And, you know, the great... One of the powers of the library, we cannot require you to come, there's no curriculum, we only offer what people need, and we have facilities enable us to do that, we can offer

the programs and New Yorkers come.

We have identified just this year about \$277 million in new system wide capital needs. We are looking to get in to the ten year capital plan again. That is essential for us to be able to be efficient. We are looking at alternative models including what we call the Inwood model, which is a new library needed in an neighborhood, again, a neighborhood in this case I grew up in, but we are using the air above that we have never used before for 175 units of 100% affordable housing.

We know that there continue to be options in public and private financing for our capital needs. We are talking to the administration about how to finally fix, if that's the right word, the DDC problem that are all painfully aware of.

We are grateful to The Mayor for not including a cut to libraries. We take that as a sign, uh, early on of his and his administration's acknowledgment of, but we also ask that The City Council restore and baseline last year's funds and meet our expense requests including the library materials that people rely on, uh, the non-capital eligible infrastructure costs, and support, for instance, for the Treasures exhibit that we want every high school student, uh, every middle school student in New York to visit.

Let me just say in conclusion, again, this has been a whirlwind of two years, it is going to take everyone a little bit of time to just relax and get over the trauma as much as possible that everyone is suffered particularly our frontline folks, but the library has been here. We have been and will remain open the whole time. We have retained and enhanced, built, our commitment and our offerings to ensure equal access to books, to knowledge, to education for all regardless of the crises twists and turns throughout, and we look forward to not only continuing to do that, but to build upon it. Because that is what we need at this point; it's what New Yorkers need.

Thank you, Mr. Chair, it's an honor to serve with
you here and to be here, and, uh, I am happy to
answer any questions, of course, I am eager to hear

5 from my colleagues.

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CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you, President Marx. And before I pass it... let Brenda continue, I do want to acknowledge my colleagues Council Member Brewer Council Member Farías, Council Member Hudson, and Council Member Ung, thank you for joining us.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much, Chair.

And, next we will hear from President Johnson from the Brooklyn Public Library.

We are unmuting you now and when you are ready, President Johnson.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Thank you.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and City Council, I am
Linda Johnson, President and CEO of Brooklyn Public
Library. Thank you, Speaker Adams, Chairs Ossé and
Brannan, and the committee members for the
opportunity to testify on the preliminary budget, and
to our Brooklyn delegation and the entire City
Council for supporting New York City's libraries.

Before I proceed with my testimony, I would just like to also thank Council People Vernikov and Hudson

I could go on

for their work on the Ukraine crisis.

3 at length about how the situation amplifies the

4 fragility of democracy and the roles the library

5 plays in keeping citizens civically engaged, but I

6 won't.

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On a small note, I just want to include an anecdote, and tell you all that within 24 hours of the first strike, Brooklyn Public Library had published book lists to help our patrons, both the large Ukrainian population that lives in Brooklyn, and New York City Brooklynites in general, to help them understand the crisis and to get accurate and good information. We are here and tailoring our services to our patrons day in and day out, uh, whether it is about health and COVID or about international crises.

But, today, we are here to talk about money, which is of course key to our future and our operations, and we ask that you continue that support and restore — essential operational funding which was not carried through in the Fiscal Year 2023 preliminary budget. We also ask the City for a sorely needed capital allocation of \$85 million.

In the wake of the pandemic, libraries are poised to help rebuild a more equitable New York, but we need functional buildings and adequate staffing in order to remain open to the public six or seven days a week.

With 217 branches across all three boroughs, including 61 in Brooklyn, libraries provide a safe, dignified, and absolutely free public space to every New Yorker in every neighborhood. Our librarians, technology resource specialists, and other staff members build longstanding relationships with the communities they serve, giving them the ability to assess the needs of those communities and meet them, whether with ESOL and High School Equivalency classes, homework help, or Storytime in Spanish, Kreyol, Urdu or eight other languages.

This is what makes the Library the most deeply trusted, democratic, and far-reaching institution in our city.

Prior to the pandemic, Brooklyn Public Library welcomed over 9 million visits in a single year, with more than 15 million books checked out and 1 million program attendees. In March 2020, forced to shut our doors for the first time in our 125-year history, we

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INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS adapted many of those programs to digital platforms with huge success, producing over 7,000 virtual programs in the first year for 1 million attendees, from personalized job assistance to grief support groups.

We began reopening in the summer of 2020 with grab-and-go lobby service and by the summer of 2021, had welcomed patrons back into all available branches to browse the collection and use computers, printers and other critical technology.

Brooklynites continue to return to their local libraries and venture in for the first time. So far, in fiscal year 2023, more than 35,000 people have signed up for new library cards at their local library. We've seen over 600,000 WIFI sessions, and physical checkouts are climbing toward pre-pandemic levels. As Omicron is receding, we have been able to resume indoor in-person programming once again, including a concert last week with the Harlem Chamber Players that was at capacity.

At the same time, the demand for virtual programs and services continues to be robust. Last week, more than 600 people tuned into a panel about Lenape history via Zoom; we have seen more than 40,000 new

e-card holders; and e-book checkouts have soared, with a record-breaking 350,000 checkouts in January alone.

As ever, online or in person, libraries are centers of literacy. We equip New Yorkers with the reading skills they need to learn about the world, succeed in their lives and participate fully in our society.

We also believe everyone in our city should be digitally literate. In the world of libraries, we've long known how many New Yorkers live on the wrong side of the digital divide: 800,000 in Brooklyn alone. The pandemic further widened that divide and made it visible to all. New Yorkers need broadband and digital skills in order to access city benefits, search and apply for jobs, connect with healthcare providers, complete homework and much more.

That's why, when we were forced to close our doors, we installed antennas on the roofs of 50 branches to amplify WIFI beyond our walls and worked with the Department of Transportation to create outdoor library spaces. We published a guide to accessing the FCC's Emergency Broadband Benefit—a monthly subsidy for home broadband—and trained

2 librarians to help patrons complete the application

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3 which is, ironically, online. We loaned hotspots to

4 Adult Learning students and our Older Adult Literacy

5 Navigator helped our patrons interact via Zoom. We

6 recently outfitted a new Techmobile with WIFI,

laptops, and more, to take tech workshops on the road

8 to high schools and senior centers. In addition to

9 being the largest provider of free WIFI and tech

10 | access in New York, libraries are the largest hub for

11 | career services and aspiring entrepreneurs. We're the

12 sole public hub for jobseekers in 64% of the city's

13 | neighborhoods and the only local, public resources

14 | for small business owners in 67% —including many

15 places where minority and immigrant owned businesses

16 | are still reeling from the pandemic.

goals and enrich their communities.

Our Business and Career services include

personalized resume and career coaching, as well as

financial literacy workshops. Our annual PowerUp!

competition provides intensive mentorship classes and

seed funding for aspiring entrepreneurs. This year,

70% of participants had never before owned a

business; 68% were women; and 56 percent were Black.

All of them are now better equipped to achieve their

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Civic literacy is also of utmost importance to libraries. At the Civic Commons at Central Library, Brooklynites can apply for a passport or IDNYC card. They can also meet with immigration attorneys for free, join study groups for the citizenship exam, or

get help preparing their taxes.

Health literacy is paramount to libraries, too.

We continue to partner with the City's Test and Trace

Corps, distributing free at-home COVID test kits at

23 branches. We recently offered walk-in vaccines at

five branches so children could get their shots in a

familiar, friendly environment and leave with a

reward: their own copy of Where the Wild Things Are.

Beyond COVID, we offer nutrition education, support

navigating Medicare and other health coverage,

meditation classes and more.

To ensure everyone in Brooklyn has access to these and other resources, we also deliver library services beyond our own walls. In lockdown, our Older Adult Services team regularly called to check in on dozens of homebound patrons in our Books by Mail program. Throughout the crises at Rikers, Brooklyn Public Library lent books to incarcerated patrons virtually and via mail, and we're working to resume

2 in-person service there. Each week, our redesigned

bookmobiles visit shelters for families experiencing

4 homelessness, and we hope to soon reconnect with

schools and senior centers.

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At this moment, our city faces widespread
learning loss, disproportionate unemployment among
communities of color, and the effects of extreme
social isolation and fragmentation. Thankfully,
libraries have the experience and expertise to
address these challenges. With our partners at Queens
and New York Public Libraries and within the Adams
administration, we are working to design new
programs—and also adapt and scale ones that have
succeeded before.

But again, we can only do this work with functional buildings and adequate staffing, which is why our fiscal year 2023 preliminary budget request prioritizes restoration of the Council's Libraries Initiative: \$14 million across the three systems, including \$3.9 million for Brooklyn. This funding allowed us to continue providing service throughout the pandemic and without its restoration, we risk having to cut our already insufficient branch repair

budget, cut our collections budget, and eliminate
staff positions.

Like other agencies, Brooklyn Public Library was asked to absorb a PEG in the current fiscal year, which we can withstand if we forego hiring for existing vacancies. But operating without full staffing is challenging. With the Omicron surge, we endured numerous closures throughout the system and therefore had to reduce hours. Resuming in-person programs, in addition to Sunday service, is pushing us to the limit of our capacity to operate.

Apart from staffing, the other cause of library closures is failing infrastructure: long outdated HVAC systems, leaking roofs, and broken boilers. In Brooklyn alone, we have over 1.1 million square feet of city-owned buildings to maintain, with \$250 million in deferred maintenance, and no recurring unallocated capital funds to depend on. It means that year after year we're forced to respond to emergencies rather than perform preventative maintenance; to choose which projects make piecemeal progress while others stall; and all too often, to dip into our operating budget.

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Ultimately, this problem, as my colleague, Dr. Marx said, needs long term attention, and we will look for your assistance in advocating for libraries in next year's ten-year capital plan. For now, we ask that you do all that you can to support increased capital funds for libraries in this year's budget.

We have proven that with adequate funding, we are capable of creating inspiring public spaces. In October, we opened Adams Street Library, the first new Brooklyn Public Library branch in four decades, to serve the communities of DUMBO, Farragut, and Vinegar Hill. The building is a model for 21st century library design and it shows: it's bustling with activity every day.

This year, we look forward to opening new libraries in Crown Heights, Brooklyn Heights, and East Flatbush-not to mention the new Center for Brooklyn History, the largest archive of Brooklyn history in the world, now housed at the former Brooklyn Historical Society building on Pierrepont Street.

Every community deserves an inspiring library with services tailored to its needs -- and there are profound needs across the city in this moment. In

new chair, new Speaker, a new class of Council

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Members and a new Mayor. We are filled with tremendous optimism regarding the future of this great city and are eager to work together as we do our part to ensure a full recovery for New York City.

The City Council provides significant support to

New York City's public libraries. It would be

impossible for us to meet the needs of our customers

without it. Therefore, on behalf of every person who

works at and is served by Queens Public Library,

thank you.

March 16th will mark two years since the unprecedented closure of all of our physical locations to the public. QPL has been robustly reemerging and safely reintroducing in-person activities and playing an integral role in New York's recovery.

We have continued our virtual programming, which has been an outstanding. We have conducted over 29,100 virtual and in-person programs, grab and go activities, and outreach activities from March 2020 through the end of January 2022. In that same period, we circulated over 4 million e-books and other e-materials, and added over 123,000 items to our digital collections. Our live and archived programs,

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such as Hip-Hop DJ sessions with Ralph McDaniels and our 24-hour Black Health and Healing Virtual Summit, were viewed nearly 1.1 million times.

The Library provides a vast array of services to the communities we serve, and I would like to highlight just a few things:

We operate seven Adult Learner Centers with full-time professional staff and volunteers who tutor literacy groups and facilitate ESOL conversation groups.

Our Job & Business Academy provides specialized training and learning opportunities, with an emphasis on technology training, to job seekers, aspiring entrepreneurs, and business owners. We also work very closely Correctional Outreach to provide those same services, too.

Our Mail-A-Book services offers homebound customers the convenience of having library materials and virtual programming delivered to their homes free of charge.

Our Toddler Learning Centers a special program where parents learn about nutrition, speech development, early literacy, and parenting skills,

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while toddlers become familiar with social environments at a young age.

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To prepare children to read, our Kickoff to Kindergarten (K2K) develops knowledge of early literacy skills with guided activities and story times for families.

Children's Library Discovery Center, located at our Central Library, has hands-on interactive exhibits and learning labs led by a dedicated Discovery Teams.

We have developed the STACKS program, which is a free enrichment program for children in grades K-5.

And we operate two dedicated Teen Centers that serve as safe spaces for middle school and high school students to complete homework assignments, do research, participate in programs and leadership initiatives, and explore their creativity.

Nearly 15,000 young people participated in over 2,200 program sessions this past summer.

We have worked closely with the City in the effort to combat COVID-19 and to engage our communities during these challenging times. Whether it was providing host sites for H+H COVID-19 Test & Trace, vaccination sites, or NYC Department of

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Education Learning Labs, polling locations for early voting, Primary Day and Election Day for the Board of

4 Elections, or conducting 2020 Census outreach to

5 ensure an accurate count, Queens Public Library has

6 been there serving the people of the borough.

Three of our locations served as COVID-19
vaccination sites for children aged 5-11. Eighteen
of our locations began distributing COVID-19 test
kits to the public, and to date we have distributed
more than 23,000 coronavirus test kits to the public.

Mayor Adams' Fiscal Year 2023 Preliminary Budget instituted a 3 percent cut to our operating budget this fiscal year, but rescinded a proposed Fiscal Year 2023 funding cut of 3 percent. Fortunately, we have found ways to absorb the reductions for this year without affecting hiring or service levels. However, if things change in the Mayor's Executive Budget and cuts are re-proposed for Fiscal Year 2023, staffing levels, public service hours and our collections would likely be impacted.

With 66 locations in every neighborhood, Queens
Public Library has a large capital program with a
variety of needs. In our Ten-Year Capital Plan
submitted to the City, we have identified a need of

2 \$270 million over the next 10 years. Of this, we need

3 \$98.6 million in Fiscal Year 2023 to address

4 projected funding deficits, as well as to begin the

5 process of initiating tier one priority capital

6 projects in need of immediate attention. An

7 additional amount of \$13.3 million is needed to

8 | launch those same tier one projects.

When the Library is forced to make emergency critical infrastructure repairs, operating funds must be used for capital repairs. Therefore, it is important that the City Council continue to advocate for New York's library systems to receive dedicated funding in the Mayor's Ten- Year Capital Plan. Being able to have a dedicated capital budget will allow the Library to effectively plan and maintain its capital portfolio.

Equally important, we respectfully request that the City Council, at minimum, reauthorize its \$14 million Library Initiative, of which QPL receives \$3.9 million. This funding is vital as it allows us to address non-capitally eligible and critical maintenance projects, as well as support staffing levels, programs and materials.

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Libraries have been at the forefront of bridging the digital divide, and we have secured 2,200 hot spots to lend our customers, but we know more are needed. We have communicated to the Administration a need of \$7.9 million in new operating funds in Fiscal Year 2023 in order to meet this anticipated demand.

As the center of community life, we build strong neighborhoods through the multitude of free programs and services we provide. For the Library to meet the needs of our customers, especially our most vulnerable populations, we respectfully ask for your continued financial support and ask that you prioritize QPL and New York City's libraries in the Adopted Fiscal Year 2023 Budget.

Chair Ossé, and members of the committee, thank you for the opportunity to testify today.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

We will now move to The Chair for, uhm,
questions, but before we begin, just a quick reminder
that we will do Chair questions and then Council
Member questions. So, if any council members have
question, please use the Zoom Raise Hand Function;
you will have five minutes, and we will be calling on

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you in the order that you have raised your hand in Zoom after the Chair question portion.

Thank you very much, uh, and Chair, to you.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you, Brenda, and thank you to all of our esteemed testifiers this afternoon. I really do appreciate all of the work that you do and the passion that you have for that work.

I also do want to acknowledge more of my colleagues that have entered this hearing, Council Member Hanif, as well as Council Member Joseph, thank you so much for joining us.

Now I do have some questions in regards to the budget obviously, and I am looking forward to getting in to them for myself as well as everyone that is on this call.

I do want to start by asking for Fiscal Year 2023, uh, as, you know, the administration is proposing a \$418.1 million subsidy for Library systems, which is a decrease of \$13.8 million from last fiscal year. More than half of the Library systems budgets are City funding, uh, New York Public Libraries' budget is approximately 59% funded with City funding. Queens Public Library budget is approximately 91% funding with City funding, and BPL,

components. We spend a lot of money on salaries and

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wages and material. And, so, cuts require us to be
staffed too leanly if that's a word. And,
staffing levels translate specially to hours that we
are able to operate. So, if we are in a situation
where we cannot hire the staff that we need, we will
not be able to consistently be in the neighborhoods
where we need to be, and that is sort of the first
tenant of librarianship; it is important to be
consistent, and it's important to be there for the
community when we say we will be there. We have
worked hard to get to the point where we can say
honestly that we are within, uh, a mile of every New
York resident, and that we are opened in many places
seven days a week. And it would be devastating to
have to cut back on that level of service. And then
of course the other, uh, area of our expenditures
that are in jeopardy would be maintaining the
materials budget, keeping our collections current,
having as robust a digital collection as we need
these days and continuing to maintain the hardcopy
material.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you. And, Mr. Buron?

CHIEF BURON: Thank you very much. I just want to echo what has been said, but I want to emphasize that

our largest part of our budget is people. And "people" is what keeps our libraries open, and "people" is actually the connections that, you know, our public has with the library. A library is not a library without the positive interactive people that actually, you know, that are actually in there to help make those connections. And, so the largest, our most important resource, is the people that work in them, and that would be the one that would suffer the most if we didn't have the funding that we needed. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you, you three. Uhm, so, another question that I do have is, you know, during the pandemic all three library systems received federal and state funding to help sustain the systems and their programing. What is the state and federal funding each system expects to receive this fiscal year, and how have the libraries used the federal and state funding?

CHIEF BURON: I can start off, uhm, so, yes, we did receive uh, federal funding, uhm, from IMLS that was the CARES grant that we used, and that was...

Uh, really provided, uh, a number of things. So, one of the things the CARES ACT did for us was really

2 help with the reentry program for incarcerating 3 adults so that we can equip them with smart phones,

5 CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

online resources... (CROSS-TALK)

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environment, so that we did not have to completely eliminate that really important program. The rescue package provided hotspots lending, and we also received an NEH grant as part of the rescue package that really helped with fund podcasts for stopping Asian hate as well. So, that is what we were able to do with the funding from last year.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: I would just say that our state and federal funding is, you know, just a small, small portion of our overall budget. And, on the federal side in particular we do get some money for laptops and E-Rate. But, on the state side, you know, we used the money that we get from the state for capital projects. It does not fit in to our operating budget the way City money does.

PRESIDENT MARX: I am not being... Oh, there we go, sorry. So, similarly, uh, for federal funding we get about a million dollars... Oops am I...

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: I can hear you.

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PRESIDENT MARX: Sorry. We get about a million dollars, uh, from federal funding. And ,you know, similarly IMLS, uh, NEH grants, uh, Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act from the state mostly by formula we are getting close to \$20 million dollars, and plus \$4.2 from state library construction aid. All of these are essential, but they are completely ,you know, they are statistically very small compared to our reliance and our partnership of course with the City, and with The City Council.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm, thank you, you three, and President Marx with start with you on this one:

How do you think the pandemic effected the different sources of funding?

PRESIDENT MARX: Well, look, we... We continue to be grateful, of course, to the City Council in particular that have been a crucial partner through ups and downs, uh, the administration, I think understands, appreciates the power of what we do. You know, we have gotten one-time federal support, uh, as everyone has, uh, as part of the pandemic. We have also seen here at the New York Public where we are more reliant on private support, particularly the support of the Research's Library Essential

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INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 2 Administration that has seen significant increases of 3 public support including, uh, I think we... All 4 systems do this in terms of sort of broad New York City support. But, the truth is, uh, Mr. Chairman, we are also in effect trying to run a library, ,you 6 7 know, we have an existing budget that we have been 8 able to steadily maintain and grow with the various challenges, but we are not... After the pandemic, we see we have to return to physical especially in 10 11 the poorest neighborhoods where people are so needing for our services, our programs. But, we are now 12 13 running also a digital library, uhm, which the pandemic proved the import of and we cannot withdraw 14 15 from. And we are trying to not diminish our 16 investments in all neighborhoods, but increase our 17 investment in the neighborhoods of greatest need that 18 have suffered so much before the pandemic and during 19 the pandemic. That means we are trying to do sort of 20 two and a half things at least on a single budget 21 even with the great support and the stepping up by 2.2 the city, by the state, by the feds, by private. 2.3 What we are trying to do, what we need to do, ,you know, is so pressing that ,you know, we are still, 24

uh, ,you know, sort of close... too close to the

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edge of being able to do what we need to do, and that should not be the case at this point.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: That is well said, and uhm, exactly what we are experiencing. While there has been a real strong outpouring in the private philanthropy of libraries, which has been heartening and affirming of the work that we do, sort of an indicator that people understand the services that libraries provide are really fundamentally essential services. But, you know, as we have all said now, the great bulk of our budget comes from the City. We have sustained a PEG in the current fiscal year. are thinly staffed as a result. The way that we have managed the budget cut is not to fill vacancies, and you can do that for just so long, uh, before it starts to impact the hours that we are able to stay open and the collections that we are able to provide. And think that the really critical thing is this notion that we are, as we emerge, not only running the institutions that we were running back in March of 2020, when we shut down, but also extensive digital enterprises that we built during the pandemic, and that our customers, our patrons, are dependent upon and demanding for good reason, and

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND 1 42 INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 2 that we will not cease to operate. So, the trick is 3 continuing to run our bricks and mortar operation, 4 because that business is so important to the communities that they serve, but at the same time that we maintain and actually expand our digital 6 7 enterprise. CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Right. 8 So, selfishly, uhm, I love that there was an end to late fees. However, I know that the decision, 10 11 uhm, is to ensure that our City's library systems are 12 equitable and inclusive. And, it is a practice that had to end. However, late fees are part of a 13 14 library's revenue. How will this impact they 15 systems' revenue, and are there any financial 16 deficits due to the ending of late fees? 17 Uh, Mr. Buron? Am I pronouncing your name 18 correctly? Buron? Burin? 19 CHIEF BURON: Thank you very much, uh, Chair, it 20 is... It is Buron. It's like the great lake, only with a "B". 21 CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Got you. 2.2 2.3 CHIEF BURON: So, uhm, we have been steadily taking in less for fines and fees over the course of 24

a few years. And certainly during the pandemic, you

2 know, we had waived fines and fees to begin with.

3 So, we really started to, uhm, weening ourselves off

4 from that. But, lost about \$900,000 in fines and

5 | fees revenue. And, where we really... Where, you

6 know, what it ended up being is that in Fiscal Year

7 2020... In fiscal, I'm sorry in Fiscal Year 2021, we

8 took in a lot less as well. And, so we were able to

9 ween ourselves off of it a lot. But, really, more

10 | importantly is was important for us to reprioritize

11 | what we were doing, because as you said, Chair, it

12 was a... It was something that needed to end. And,

13 | other libraries in the country have done this, but it

14 was more a matter of economic equity to do this.

15 What we realized, that this was an investment. And,

16 so we knew that while we were losing revenue and

17 decreasing revenue due to more people using e-

18 | materials, uhm, actually it was an investment. More

19 people started to use the library. We knew people

20 weren't using the library because they were scared of

21 | fines and fees or they owed too much. And, so this

22 | was a long-term investment for us that was well worth

23 \parallel it, and that we have worked our budget to be able to

 $24 \parallel \text{use this as the right time to be able to mitigate}$

25 that impact.

we said, "What is at stake in terms of our values and

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what is important, let's not fuss about this anymore." We didn't sit around and say, "We'll wait until somebody funds it for us." We said, "This is what is important right now. This is what we need to do, and this speaks to our values, and it speaks to our... to the citizenry." It wasn't because we had money sloshing around -- you've already heard that -it was because it was so pressing, and I think it is a statement of the values of these institutions, that we stepped up to that without any quarantees of help. Look, the truth is, it adds to the strain on our budget of trying to do everything else, but it also says, we will accept that when we need to, and we will make those hard decisions and find a way to cover them looking to you for support, if you agree with us, on the values that we have been pursing.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: And, I just would put all of this in a bit of context, because this is a committee filled with so many new members: The... In the budget cycle, if it had been ordinary -- it would have been exactly two years ago -- we had a plan which was to come to City Council, and to ask for support to eliminate fines so that we could be true to our values and also ,you know, sort of catch up to

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INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS other library systems around the country. And the pandemic sort of threw a rather large monkey wrench in to all of that. And, then as we started to think about... And, as everybody has explained, we obviously could not collect fines during the pandemic, because there was no place to bring your books back. So, uhm, as we started to think about what we needed to do as we began to reopen and to encourage people to bring back the collections that were , you know, spread all over the city, it was clear that if we wanted to get people back in the habit of using their libraries, if we wanted to people to get back in the routine that so many ,you know, young parents have with their children, that we needed to make sure eliminated any barriers out there, and fines were the most obvious and also the most stringent, uh, that we imposed.

So, I think we are all proud of where we are now, but it is a strain, and it is an economic hardship. And, you know, as we sort of plow forward, we will figure out sort of how to live with it. But, sustaining additional cuts from the City budget while we are trying to do that as well... And, there are other revenue strains that were affected the

2 libraries. In Brooklyn's case, uh, earned a revenue

3 for PASSPort services which dried up overnight. So,

4 all of these cuts, small or large, add up and it is

5 really important that we can this \$14 million

6 restored.

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CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: The pandemic greatly impacted the Library systems' programming and services, forcing the libraries to quickly shift their resources and operations to accommodate a world during COVID. Despite this shift, libraries have proven to be invaluable resources in aiding communities and providing critical resources during the pandemic. As COVID rates are decreasing and the pandemic situation is more stabilized than in 2020 — thankfully — have the Library systems reopened at full capacity? And if so, what programming and services are back in operation?

And, President Johnson, we will start with you.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Uh, thank you, Mr. Chairman.

You know, we are open now in every library that is not being renovated at the moment. And, that is a big step. And we are resuming in library programming as well as continuing the virtual programming. We

are starting to host larger cultural events, which is

welcome, so welcomed. And, uhm, and also I think

3 that as we move forward, we will... in fact the

4 Brooklyn Public Library is going through a strategic

5 planning process right now, which is an exercise in

6 looking back, figuring out what we have learned

7 during the pandemic, and making decisions about what

8 | we would like to carry forward. And, one of the, uh,

9 the lessons that we have learned, and that we will in

10 | fact continue to do, is to do outdoor programming,

11 | which has been hugely successful, uh, and provides a

12 great model. There were some things that we were

13 doing before the pandemic and we just build upon the

14 | experience that we had in many, many neighborhoods in

15 Brooklyn.

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So, we are thrilled to be back as strong as we are, and, you know, as hopefully things continue to

18 progress the way they have over the past few weeks,

19 and with every step, we will be closer and closer to

20 the robust services that we are well known for.

21 PRESIDENT MARX: I will just reiterate that, you

 $22 \parallel \text{know, we are fully open.}$ Our in person programs are

23 | fully back. They stopped again during Omicron; we

24 are back. You know, there is both pent up need and

demand and we see that across the board. We also see

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that everyone is sort of coming back based on their own individual level of comfort and that varies. know, and there is the sort of transition process, we are still here on Zoom, Mr. Chairman, so, you know, we are all still sort of figuring out how to get out of this more fully. We are also, I think we all agree, that, you know, there are neighborhoods that, you know, we need to pay more attention to, put more resources in, more programs. We have revised our, uhm, we used the opportunity to tweak our afterschool programs so that they are more broadly available, they more readily available in the branches; STEM programs; all of the adult education, we know how much New Yorkers rely on it. We see this in terms of the demand. We also know that we need to be here, and we also need to help New Yorkers feel comfortable again coming back. And, that is going to take.... that is still taking a bit of time just for people to get to that personal comfort level.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

CHIEF BURON: Here in Queens, all of our available locations are open, uh, which is 59 at the moment.

Uh, the ones that are not open are renovations, infrastructure issues, or serving other purposes. We

have 34 libraries that are offering six day service and 24 that are offering five day service. We have recently opened the Far Rockaway teen library. We have recently reopened the Queensbridge Tech Lab as

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But, in order to expand from five day service at those locations to six day service throughout the borough, we need to fill vacant positions, which has been exacerbated by the pandemic and higher retirement numbers. Uh, in 2021 alone, we had nearly 100 staff members leave the organization, of which 44 of those were retirements. Uh, when we can fill those position with the adequate funding from the administration and the City council, we will be able bring ourselves back to pre-pandemic levels.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm. And, Mr. Buron, just to... a follow up, were there any employees that have been laid off during the pandemic, and if so, how will the layoffs, in addition to the headcount loss due to the PEGS, impact the Library system's ability to continue providing resources to our communities?

here.

We have \$342 million of active projects, 47 projects,

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I can go through them in particular. You know, we really... We did not sort of hit pause on this at all. I mean, only very briefly, and in fact I think working with The City administration to find more solutions, whether it is affordable housing on top libraries. Whether it is, you know, getting us in the ten year capital plan at the level that we need. Whether it is thinking about DDC and revisions of all that, I think the capital work is, you know, again, we have systematic problems that we are talking, finally, with the administering about, and finally that with.... wonderfully, uh, to figure out how we can solve the systemic problems that can plague us and make it so hard. But, the actual progress has been happening in terms of construction. Again, in a sense that is, if you will, easier just to get to be able to do that. Then the hiring which, you know, as my colleagues have said,, you know, yes we need the buildings, but the we also crucially need the folks, the amazing librarians and clerical staff and all of the staff, that is our bread and butter and, you know, that is where, even with the funding, we are all suffering through the problem of having a hard time recruiting and hiring as we lose people to

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retirements. And, you know, we know we cannot lose that battle, because that is the essential one together with [INAUDIBLE 01:04:38].

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: And, I don't know if there is a lot more to add, I would say that, uhm, it sort of... There's two sides to this story, uhm, during the pandemic, we were able to get dispensation to continue with certain projects which was terrific. And, so in some cases, we ended up ahead of schedule. And, so, the projects moved forward with the large capital projects , you know -- complete gut, renovations, new projects -- and those projects are, in many cases, uhm, yeah, they exist because at one time we were included in the City's 10 year plan, and so there had been money that was allocated to do that work. And, so, those are the projects that moved forward. And, that's why it is so critical that we get back in the 10 year plan when we are able to do that.

On the other side of the coin ,you know, are the, uhm, the capital, the deferred maintenance, the smaller projects, the HVAC systems, the roofs, all of those things that create uncertainty in the buildings and create problems for the people who work and want

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

2 to be there. And, those are what is kind of...

Those are the things that keep me up at night.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

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(CROSS-TALK)

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: and they are things that we have, you know, we kind of just keep kicking the can down the road until it becomes untenable, that we have an emergency, so we are spending money, uh, at rates that are much greater than we should, because we are not doing the preventive work that we could bed doing to sort of address the problems when the initially arise.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: And that is really where we need to kind of shake things up and make a difference.

PRESIDENT MARX: And, Mr. Chairman, can I just reiterate that, you know, the DDC issue, because it costs twice as much, takes twice as long, we end up with shortfalls as the projects take longer, even in the big projects... (CROSS-TALK)

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Right.

PRESIDENT MARX: A third of our capital budget right now is allocated to cover the shortfalls...

CHIEF BURON: Yeah, like my colleagues are pre-

pandemic problems as well. So, these are the

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2 problems that were before the pandemic, during the

3 pandemic, and, you know, unless they are addressed,

4 then post-pandemic. And, to address the specific

5 question, we have had no remarkable issues

6 encountered in terms of restarting projects, and

7 according to DDC's February 2022 Public Buildings

8 Report, there are approximately 37 active projects,

9 uh, for Queens Public Library, and none of them are

10 on pause.

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CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm, I just want to ask one more question before, you know, I move on to my amazing colleagues, but how are the systems assuring equity in determining capital priorities? Is that something that exists, or is it, uhm, you know, solely based off of how big the projects are?

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Alright, you know, I wish that we could say that it was all about equity. Some of it is about sort of the emergency nature of a project... (CROSS-TALK)

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: as opposed to where the project might be located. Uhm, as we do work that we have, uh, that we manage ourselves, uhm, what we call past through projects, and we have control over who

we hire to do the work, we are making sure that we

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are hiring vendors that are women and minority owned businesses, so there is some, to the next extent we

5 have control, there is some equity that is going on

6 there. But, if we could plan better, uh, we

7 certainly would be in a situation where we could be

8 doing a better job of considering the location of a

9 | library, not just the condition of the library.

PRESIDENT MARX: Totally agree. Yeah, look, we, uhm, when we are just dealing with putting out fires, then you have to put out a fire wherever it is. So, when the [INAUDIBLE 01:09:17] ... (CROSS-TALK)

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Yes.

PRESIDENT MARX: goes or the roof goes, you know, it is hard to be equitable in that boat. Probably that happens more in the low income neighborhoods, because those... It is where we haven't been keeping up with capital, you know, needs consistently. This is all craziness. When we get, as Linda said, and as Nick will say, you know, when we get the investment that enables us to plan and to be efficient, which is sort of basic -- right? -- amazing that we should have to fight for that. We can and do allocate those resources in, you know, the less well-off

neighborhoods, because we know that that's where the gap is both in terms of past capital investments, and in terms of current capital and program needs. So, when we got in to the 10 year capital plan, we picked

7 developed neighborhoods of New York, and said let's

totally redo those. Something we couldn't have done

five Carnegies' in the, you know, poorest less, well

before.

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When we talk to private donors about partnerships that can lead to new libraries together with affordable housing, of course that is all looking at where are the neighborhoods in need? So that we can prioritize those. But, if we do not have a system that works, and if we do not have capital in that system to make it work, we cannot, it is impossible to make those kinds of priority decisions, because then we are just reacting to the crisis of the day. Right?

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: I would just add one thing, and that is, as we think about these large renovation projects that we are doing, uhm, we are making sure that we spread them out across the borough, that we are doing them in every corner of the borough, that we are, you know, that we are not doing it all in one

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

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COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Thank you. Hi, all, I am of course super, super grateful to our libraries and recognize that they must continue to be effective community hubs during our COVID recovery, and we have got to expand on all of the creative opportunities that lie ahead, and continue to do the good work that you have been during COVID across all of the changes and the new programming that have been incorporated,

So, I have a couple of questions, and I want to start revisiting what came up in the questioning, uhm, with Chair Ossé. I am concerned about the reports of increased staff resignations. Can you identify why this is occurring and what steps are needed to reverse this trend?

uhm, to continue serving all New Yorkers.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: I will start. I wish we had a better understanding of it. I think it is not just in our sector, it is across the city. You know, there is this great resignation and we are not immune from it. And, you know, we typically have experienced really long serving staff. You know, we have a guy who unfortunately passed away recently, but he was still working for us when he was 85 years old. So, this is not the norm for us, and I think

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are gearing up for that.

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INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS people are just making decisions about their lives that are based upon different things than they once did. Uhm, and in terms of dealing with it, you know, right now we are staying lean, because we are absorbing a PEG. But as soon as we have some funding, you know, we will be doing some heavy recruitment. It has already begun. We have already started to attend some library conferences where we think there might be sort of fertile ground. But we

PRESIDENT MARX: I will only add that we are eager for the City administration to negotiate successfully a new contract with DC 37 that will include a significant increase so that we can be more competitive as we try to hire -- and because our amazing staff deserve that.

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Nick, did you want to share something?

CHIEF BURON: Only to say that I wanted to concur with my colleagues, is that we are not immune from the realities the workforce throughout the country. And, I especially wanted to reiterate what Tony said, is that we must be competitive. We are... Our three systems are great places to work, they are mission

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driven organizations, but that does not mean that the people that work for us, uhm, have less competitive salaries than the private sector, and we have to... we have to be able to address that in order to be competitive and to hire the staff that we need to have much service as possible for our communities.... (CROSS-TALK)

UNKNOWN: I agree, yeah...

PRESIDENT MARX: [INAUDIBLE 01:15:23] the hard jobs, Councilman, I mean these are... You know, we are asking people to do essential work, public service, helping people with the diversity of New York, which is a strength also, and it means we have to be ready to handle that diversity and diverse needs in the library.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: And for the bulk of our staff, we have been asking them to be on the frontlines when many people were working remotely. They have the kinds of jobs that require them to be in public facing situations throughout the pandemic. So...

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Right, no I am happy that you raised, uh, that library workers are essential workers, and we have got to make sure that they are

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2 earning a living and competitive pay. And I will be

an advocate, you know, with this committee of course.

And, I want to move in to the next question that I have that speaks to the issue of workers, uh, because, again, essential workers, LED programming, and some of the nontraditional partnerships that you all cultivated including with Test and Trace, what other nontraditional partnerships would additional funding allow libraries to pursue?

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Wow, well that question limits us only to the extent that our imaginations are limited. So, I think, uhm,, you know, one of the things that we have learned in the pandemic is the importance of staying close to the community, and if we had some more money to hire, I think we are eager to get more navigators in our branches, people who are going out in to the community to strengthen those ties and to hear firsthand what kind of services they need. You know, uh, throughout the pandemic a lot of it had to do with public health issues and internet access issues and, you know, in my testimony I spoke on [INAUDIBLE 01:17:20]

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: those things.

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PRESIDENT MARX: You know, I will just reiterate,

I mean, I think we know that we need more focused and
effective afterschool and other supplementaries,
especially in ,you know, in particular neighborhoods
to help the kids make up for ,you know, what has been
lost in these last two years. That accords with, of
course, with The Mayor's focus on kids and teens and,
you know, really sort of doubling down there. We know
that, you know, we... That adult education is even
more important going forward, because of, you know,
the... all of the economic changes, the need to
skill up, the need for technology, and we are the
best and biggest of that.

As Linda said, we can play a significant role in solving the digital divide. We all trying to be creative in that. You know, if it was outrageous, you know, two years before that two million New Yorkers don't have broadband at home, it is now, you know, it just should be impossible that that is the case, and yet it still is the case. I mean, there is all of that still to do. T

The Mayor has talked to us, to the City as a whole about, how do we bring communities together?

How do we give folks a sense of agency so that they

round of questing, or would you like me to proceed?

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: You could proceed.

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COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Okay, thank you.

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PRESIDENT MARX: Nick, you want...

CHIEF BURON: Yes, Council Member, thank you, Council Member.

I just want to say it's the big communities that we are looking to serve whether it is temp... those in temporary housing, whether it is incarcerated adults, whether it is immigrants, whether, uhm, ,you know, it is those that need basic education, uh, whether it's afterschool... Those are the big parts. And, we are best served by working with community organizations to leverage -- have them leverage us -have us leverage them -- to be able to [LOST CONNECTION] [INAUDIBLE 01:20:26]. There is a lot of work done in our city, and we are not going to do it alone, but we are excellent at being that hub on the wheel to be able to bring organizations together and bring communities together to be able to magnify, you know, we more than the sum of our parts. And, so we would like to have more parts to be more of the sum.

22 | COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Thank you so much.

Uhm, Tony went in to this a little bit, uh, around just expanding adult literacy programming and, uh, expanding the budget for adult literacy courses

opportunities for people not only come here for the

advantage of all other opportunities that we have at

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the libraries. It's a one stop shop for people who are new to the community and need to be able to

classes themselves, but then be able to take

improve not only their language skills, but also

their business skills, their job employment skills,

and we can do that through contextualized adult

learning. Uh, more money, that's what I heard you

say, more money means more teachers. Because, again

it goes back to where we talked about before, is that

the resources that we get in the form of a budget

pays for the most important thing that we have and

that is our staff. Staffing leads to the programs

that we can do, uhm, when it comes to, uhm, you know,

immigrant learning, it's those people that make those

interpersonal connections that really help our

community.

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Thank you, and then, finally... Oh, Tony, did you want to add on?

PRESIDENT MARX: No, keep going.

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: I know these are exciting questions, uhm mentioned excited listening to your responses, really. I believe in just the vastness of

what libraries can accomplice for our communities,

and particularly for our immigrant communities.

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What tactics, just going in to a little bit of

,like, outreach and community engagement, I know,

Linda, you mentioned that, like, having more funding

7 would allow you to have a dedicated navigator or

navigators to pursue more intentional outreach.

In the meantime, what tactics are you using to inform constituents about newer programs like the e-books and audio book availability and other programing?

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Actually, thank you, you kind of gave me a great question that I can brag about.

You know, we have a new campaign that we are about to launch just making sure that it puts the libraries back in people's mind as a place to go for resources. And that will be starting in the next month, uh, as we get into spring. We are taking full advantage of every avenue. So, we are doing a lot on social media -- of course that does not hit everybody. And then ,you know, just making sure that in every library there is a lot of information both coming from the staff but also just from material around the library about what programs are available

and when they are being held. But, yeah, we, uhm, we

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3 have strong group that is working hard to bring

4 everyone back and to inform everybody fully about the

5 great resources that we have to offer.

PRESIDENT MARX: So, just ditto, uh, we ,you know, marketing, going out ,you know, to NYCHA, to homeless areas, bringing our programs there, using book giveaways to bring people back in, the welcome week activities , I mean all of it. We are pulling out the stops on this, and I agree with Linda, and is I am sure Nick will say the same, we are doing a lot, and we need to do more. And, let me just say this, which may surprise you, if we... I don't think we know fully how to do this. I think we are doing everything with this. Let's just be honest, before the pandemic, ,you know, in the ,you know, in The South Bronx, the Upper Westside, the kids on the Upper Westside on average were borrowing three times as many books as in The South Bronx. And, the probably have more books at home already. So, that was the start before the pandemic. Right? neighborhoods in The South Bronx, neighborhoods like that have less digital access, so even though we were doing 10 million e-books lends, it was less going in

know, when I was business school and we talked about
guerrilla marketing, that might date me, but, uhm,
but we are guerrillas out there. We are, like,
seriously trying to make sure that we are engaging

6 anyone and everyone who will listen to us.

PRESIDENT MARX: I totally [NO AUDIO] [INAUDIBLE 01:27:30] sociological problem. Right? That is huge. That we just have to be honest about. Right

CHIEF BURON: It's a multipronged approach for many of us, and that's of course... it's a centralized marketing, whether that be social media, or through our website, or... But, it's also at the individual locations for them to go out to their neighborhood and really sell the services that we are providing to people who don't use us. But, also we are relying, as Linda said, on community boards to get our word out. That's why we'll go out there to them, really profess ourselves to them, so that they could talk to their constituents. It's the local newspapers that we'd invite as much as possible to see the great things that we're doing, to push that out to their constituents. So, it is a multipronged approach in order to... And, it's continuous. Doing

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2 last month does not mean... Get us off the hook for next month.

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Thank you so much. I have learned a lot. That's all for me.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Okay, thank you so much.

We will now go to Council Member Brewer followed by Council Member Farías.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you very much. It is great to part of this discussion.

My first question is just the hours, uhm, my friend Harvey, who was head of operations under Dinkins, so of you remember, he has a saying, which is, the reason our city doesn't do, uhm, ,you know, what Council Member Hanif and others were stating, which is, "Why don't people go to the libraries all the time? Why don't we have more people?" It's because nobody knows when they're open. You have to have a library just like supposedly the subway or the bus. It just has to be there -- all the time. You shouldn't have to look up the hours. You shouldn't have to wonder if it's open. That would make a big difference. Harvey always... he you know, he met me... other day, and he says, "Gale, the

libraries..." What is the number that we need to hit

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THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND
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     for a really seven... A real seven-day a week, not,
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     okay, I think it's 1:00 to 6:00 on Saturday. Maybe
     it is 1:00 to 6:00 on Sunday. Is there a number for
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     that that we should be striving for? You know, I'm
     talking about 8:00 to 8:00 or, uh, you know,
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     [INAUDIBLE 01:29:42]
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         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: You know I... I would...
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     would love to be open all night long in some
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     locations.
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I would agree with that.
     And, I am tired us, okay, we can only do this - we
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     can only do that. The library, it's business it's
     literacy, it's afterschool. It is the only place
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     that is free for all of these services. We should
     stop messing around with shortchanging the libraries.
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         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: I think... First all, welcome
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     back. It is wonderful to have you back. Uhm, and,
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     uh... (CROSS-TALK)
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [INAUDIBLE 01:30:12]
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     freaking institution, but I appreciate that, Linda.
     I'm just... I've heard this before a 100 times...
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     (CROSS-TALK)
         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: You have. [INAUDIBLE
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01:03:17]... (CROSS-TALK)

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THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [INAUDIBLE 01:30:18]...
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     (CROSS-TALK)
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         PRESIDENT MARX: She wasn't gone, she was just in
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     Manhattan, Linda.
         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Yes... (CROSS-TALK)
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I've heard this since 1978
     [INAUDIBLE 01:30:24]... (CROSS-TALK)
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         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Yeah, you could be giving our
     testimony I suspect... (CROSS-TALK)
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [INAUDIBLE 01:30:26] ...
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     (CROSS-TALK)
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         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: But, uh, but, we, uh, I will
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     say... (CROSS-TALK)
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [INAUDIBLE 01:30:28] we
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     want at least a number to know what a real seven day
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     a week -- we don't have to check to know what time
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     the library's open, it's open!
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         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: You know, I have a, you know,
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     there's a conflicting thing here, uhm, I, on one hand
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     would like to be open all the time, and on the other
     hand, uh, I want to be responsible about how...
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     (CROSS-TALK)
         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay.
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2 PRESIDENT JOHNSON: we do it, and make sure that

3 the hours we're open are hours that people actually

4 want us to be there for them... (CROSS-TALK)

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: No I agree. [INAUDIBLE 01:30:53]

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: And, so it doesn't... There's not a... necessarily a cookie cutter approach, uhm, I think that the original Carnegie compact ,you know, had us open 12 hours a day. That's... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Mm-hmm

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: a lot of hours. And, I'm not sure that that necessarily makes sense given the short of complexity of people's lives today. But, I would really love to be able to say that in those neighborhoods, where it makes sense, we will be opened all night if that's in fact going to improve the quality of the service and the number people who will take advantage of what we offer. Uhm, and, uh, you know, I would like to go neighborhood by neighborhood, we are trying to do that now. In some neighborhoods it makes more sense to have longer hours on Sunday than it does on Saturday. In other neighborhoods it's exactly the opposite. And, the key is to... listening hard and getting it right and

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THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: It's because of Harvey!
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             I worked with Mayor Dinkins, it's because of
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     Harvey, I'm just saying.
         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: I understand, but I [INAUDIBLE
     01:32:31] ... (CROSS-TALK)
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 7
         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I loved Mayor Dinkins, may
     he rest in peace, but it's because of Harvey. Go
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     ahead... And, [BACKGROUND NOISE] [INAUDIBLE
     01:32:35]... (CROSS-TALK)
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         CHIEF BURON: [BACKGROUND NOISE] [INAUDIBLE
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     01:32:36] And, it's thanks to the administration...
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     (CROSS-TALK)
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Yeah.
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         CHIEF BURON: Thank you to the administration that
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     I was hired over 28 years ago, because they wanted to
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     bring back six day service, and so... (CROSS-TALK)
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: That's Harvey.
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         CHIEF BURON: what... What this does... (CROSS-
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     TALK)
         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [INAUDIBLE 01:32:48]
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         CHIEF BURON: Is that we have to build up to this.
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     And, so, right now, we would not even have enough...
     If... We would not even have enough staff right now
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     to be able to have seven day service. But, I do
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THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND
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     would like to get back to you with an actual
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     number... (CROSS-TALK)
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you... (CROSS-TALK)
         CHIEF BURON: of what that looks like to have
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     seven day service. And, then, understand that we
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     have to build up to that with a staffing level...
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     (CROSS-TALK)
         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [BACKGROUND NOISE] It's
     Harvey Robins, R O B I N S. Go ahead... (CROSS-TALK)
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         CHIEF BURON: Thank you... (CROSS-TALK)
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Go ahead, Tony, did you
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     want to say something?
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         PRESIDENT MARX: I just reiterate that, you know,
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     it's about the staffing. It's about having
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     [INAUDIBLE 01:34:11]... (CROSS-TALK)
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        COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I know, but then put the
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     money in for the staffing. Everything goes in that
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     number.
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        PRESIDENT MARX: No, and the overtime adds to that
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     in that case. But, you know... (CROSS-TALK)
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        COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: That's okay.... (CROSS-
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     TALK)
        PRESIDENT MARX: [INAUDIBLE 01:34:17]... (CROSS-
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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Put it in.

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UNKNOWN: [INAUDIBLE 01:34:19] Got that?

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Number two, maybe you discussed this already, if I'm... I'm sorry, I'm also on the NYCHA hearing, Chair, I apologize. I think you are, too. You're being slick too. You're going on both.

year constant change because of the fact that technology doesn't last very long. So, I guess my question is, how do we look at technology for the libraries? Is it just capital, is there other ways in which we should be looking at the technology for the libraries? Mostly I am thinking about for the patrons. I don't know I'm just asking kind of a general question, because it is what the... I wish they all went for books... (CROSS-TALK)

UNKNOWN: [INAUDIBLE 01:34:56] right? (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: But, I just wanted to just think a little bit about the technology, what that looks like in terms of capital for the future?

PRESIDENT MARX: Well, I think it's... It is a constant need, uh, Gale as you know. And, we had

should be partner or is a partner.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay. [INAUDIBLE

01:36:13]... (CROSS-TALK)

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CHIEF BURON: You know, and... You know, and the three systems really understand that technology is not the end point. The technology is the tool to get to better jobs, to get to better education, to get to, you know, lifting up our communities. So, the tool has to keep changing. Tony said it very well, it's like it's building the skills so that you could use any tool to continue to build, and that skills come from ,you know, adequate... adequate staffing which came back to what you had said earlier.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Do you still get, uh, E-Rate money? And, then, are you not allowed to be a hub for the neighborhood, right? Because, then you'd lose your E-Rate, is that still the situation?

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: [INAUDIBLE 01:36:53] E-Rate, and we are using our libraries to extend, uh, WIFI signals. We're all the largest providers of WIFI in our boroughs, uhm, free WIFI. Uhm, and we're... We're all working at extending those signals out in to the neighborhoods.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright, so you haven't been... Have you... You have to get permission from

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THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND
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     the FAA or FTC or whatever... FAA... right you have
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     to get.... (CROSS-TALK)
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         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: What's that... That
     expression? You ask for forgiveness, not for... Not
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     for... (CROSS-TALK)
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        COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Right.
         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Not for permission.
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: But, you have... Do you
     have... You haven't gotten it from the federal
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     government yet to be able to extend out in the
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     community? Is that... Because, when I have
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     testified, they've always said no. But, maybe
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     they're changing their minds.
         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: I don't know that it's an
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     issue... (CROSS-TALK)
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         PRESIDENT MARX: I think this is an ongoing
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     negotiation. Let us come back to you on that.
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     And... (CROSS-TALK)
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         COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright, [INAUDIBLE
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     01:37:34] and, then, just, finally maybe you talked
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     about DEC, they charged you too much? Are they still
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     [INAUDIBLE 01:37:38]... (CROSS-TALK)
         PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Yeah, no, no, we just...
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We... We did talk about this... (CROSS-TALK)

was a very animated discussion, uhm, I have to check

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and make sure... some of my questions were answered.

3 I did have a public WIFI question, so thank you for

saying you will get back us on, like, expansion and 4

community use.

I am really interested in discussing around The Council Initiative, and I did pop out a couple of times, so please let me know if you have already answered some of these.

So, in Fiscal Year 2022, The City Council allocated one time funding of \$14 million split between the three systems. Uh, can you just elaborate a little bit more on how some of that was used?

And, then, I think, I'd like to learn about, uhm, The Council's role, and the libraries, are planning on implementing the City's first reader initiatives or any of the initiatives if you want to, like, dive a little deeper in to them?

CHIEF BURON: Uhm, I will just start. Uhm, of the \$14 million that three Library systems got, The Queens Public Library got \$3.9 million. We used ours for vital non-capitally eligible maintenance and critical maintenance that can only be, uhm, be used through operational money and not capital money. Uh,

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND 1 88 INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 2 we did it to support staffing levels as well to help 3 with programming, and to buy increased materials, uh, 4 this would be a great opportunity to say that ematerials cost about five times more than a hard... than a printed book. And, so, but any time that... 6 7 (CROSS-TALK) COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Sure. 8 9 CHIEF BURON: we are buying e-material, it's much more expensive, and so extra funding where we have to 10 11 maintain print collections as well as, uh, vital ecollections, is something that will cost us money in 12 13 the long term. But, that's how we used our money at 14 Queens Public Library. Thank you 15 COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: And just a quick followup 16 before anyone else jumps in, is that because of, 17 like, propriety in its use? Or, why is it five times 18 more expensive? 19 Sure you can go ahead... Oh, he needs to be 20 unmuted, Sergeant. 21 CHIEF BURON: Sorry, I keep muting myself. I you know I... (CROSS-TALK) 2.2

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: It's okay. It's habit.

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CHIEF BURON: Because, I've been used to it after a couple of years, because that's what you do, but, you know, there's process here.

Uhm, you have asked an excellent question, and I

am so glad that you have asked that question, because

why is it five times more when we're renting with

these e-books. We don't own hardly any of these e
materials. We are renting them for either 26

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Mm-hmm.

circulations or two years... (CROSS-TALK)

CHIEF BURON: And we don't own it. And, so this is a much bigger question that you have asked about how do we make e-material more affordable for public libraries so that we can buy more for our public?

Uhm, but they are proprietary, uh, whereas when we buy a book we get to keep it. And, when it has had its life use, we could sell it, as we do, for an online vender to get money to buy more books. But, it comes to e-material we don't own it. And, so the price, uh, you have jumped in to a very interesting topic that, uh, I wish as I... As President Marx said, I wish I could give you a really good answer to that one, uhm, but it's elusive because it is the publishers and the online venders that are charging

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fundamental and important.

2 PRESIDENT MARX: And, really quickly, uh, our \$6.1 million, uh, from The City Council, we spent \$3.4 on

million, uh, from The City Council, we spent \$3.4 on library materials, \$2.5 on facilities, maintenance, and cleaning, and \$170,000 as agreed with The Council on the temporary space for the Inwood Branch while we are building the new branch and the affordable

8 housing on top.

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The e-books issue is a huge issue. I'd be delighted to dive in with you. Uh, New York Public Library is I think fair to say the biggest sort of actor sort of, you know, nationally on this. We have our own... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Right.

PRESIDENT MARX: Uh, SimplyE app, which is important, because we think the libraries need to control this ecosystem, control... ensure privacy and be able to negotiate with authors and publishers so that we get the rights without being gouged and still protect the interest of authors and publishers to make a fair return, so that we continue to have creativity. But, you know, we're... We're at... We lent 10 or 11 million e-books during the pandemic. Uhm, we have negotiated with Google to get 4 million books available to, you know, potentially anyone in

the world. I mean, this is, uh, a huge issue, and... (CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Mm-hmm

PRESIDENT MARX: it's also an issue that involves not only how to you ensure that you can offer it, but how do you make sure that people are taking you up on it? Uhm, and that's the marketing side and the outreach side. So, this is... This is a whole ecosystem that's emerging and developing and, you know, all three systems are deeply in this.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Yeah, that's... It's super interesting, I mean, I definitely wasn't something I thought we would... that would come up today, but, you know, it's... If we're kind of like, renting the books from you to read, and you're renting the books on a use basis or a time basis, it's kind of counterproductive to making sure folks have access to it and cost is definitely inhibiting, you know, better uses of dollars.

Chair Ossé, can I ask a capital question really quickly?

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Sure.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Thank you so much.

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Uhm, I just wanted to ask some, uhm, around some

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of the capital projects. I am really excited to see that the Castle Hill Branch in my district, uhm, has an allocation, an ongoing project for renovation to the branch of \$8.3 million. But, I really wanted to know, you know, how are the systems adjusting last year's ongoing capital projects and balancing them with this year's projects? And, have all of the capital projects that were halted, uhm, due to the

pandemic, have they restarted?

PRESIDENT MARX: So, I could start, uh, everything has not just restarted but has been restarted and gaining steam. We have 47 projects at the moment in The Bronx alone. We have 18 projects for \$137 million. We have completed a whole set of projects including in The Bronx and Morrisania. We are, uh, we are doing our five Carnegies, and those include Hunts Point, uh, Melrose, uh, we are doing construction on the new Westchester Square. I mean, so, you know, really this is moving, but as we have said, there are systemic problems that we need to solve so that we can maintain and build this momentum and not keep running into the same structural issues that we have. And, I think the administration is

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND 1 94 INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS 2 ready to have that conversation in a way that we're 3 actually... in a way we've never been ready before, 4 and so that would be amazing. COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay, thank you. Anyone else, or you're okay? 6 7 CHIEF BURON: I would just, uh, reiterate what I 8 said before, that we have, uh, 37 active projects right now with DDC as of today. Uh, none of them are on pause, they are moving ahead, uhm, at their own 10 11 pace. 12 COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Beautiful. Great, well, 13 thank you all for testifying today. I really 14 appreciate it. 15 PRESIDENT MARX: Thank you. COMMITTEE COUNSEL: And, at this point, Chair, uh, 16 17 no other council members have raised their hands to 18 ask questions. 19 CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Brenda, I do have one more 20 question if that's okay. [BACKGROUND NOISE] And, 21 this is for President Marx. Is your background a 2.2 green screen or a real background? 2.3 PRESIDENT MARX: [NO AUDIO]

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Oh, wow, that's pretty cool.

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

PRESIDENT MARX: [INAUDIBLE 01:47:33] office was built, you know, for this a hundred and some odd years ago. But, actually the thing to really come out to this building for is the Treasures exhibit, because after 125 years all of these amazing things that basically we have kept in a safe are now available for the public. We've got... I was with a school group this morning. We want every school to come and visit. You know, never mind the office, come and see the Treasures it's amazing.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Amazing, thank you.

Back to you, Brenda.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Alright, thank you, Chair.

So, we do not have any other raised hands for council member questions for the Library section.

So, uh, Chair, this would conclude the Library's testimony portion of the hearing, and we've moved Cultural Affairs if you're ready?

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Okay.

PRESIDENT MARX: Thank you all.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON: Thank you all.

CHIEF BURON: Thank you very much.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Great, thank you.

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And, then, Chair, so we will go to you and begin the, uh, Cultural Affairs portion of the hearing.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Amazing, thank you so much, Brenda.

Good afternoon, everyone, good afternoon again to those of you that were on, uh, the previous part of our hearing.

And, welcome to this hearing for the Committee Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations. Again, I am Council Member Chi Ossé, Chair of this committee.

This afternoon, we will be discussing the Fiscal 2023 Preliminary Expense Budget for DCLA which stands at \$145.5 million and the Fiscal 2023 Preliminary Commitment Plan includes \$1.3 billion in Fiscal 2022-2026 for the department.

At the urging of The Council, the administration added approximately \$30 million at adoption of the Fiscal 2022 plan. The funding included \$11 million for the Cultural Institution Group (CIG); 17 million was for Cultural Development Fund (CDF); and \$2 million for agency initiatives.

The Council is disappointed that the funding is not included in the Fiscal 2023 Preliminary Plan.

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The Preliminary Budget includes cuts that total \$3.4 million in Fiscal 2022 and \$4.5 million in out years achieved through cuts and CreateNYC funding, CDF funding, CIG Supplemental funds, and other programmatic initiatives.

Disappointed to see cuts at a time... I am very disappointed to see cuts at a time when cultural organizations are struggling and need funding the most.

In the Fiscal 2022 adopted plan, there was \$12.6 million in federal funding for the City Artist Corps in the agency's budget. This program supported NYC-based working artists who were disproportionately impacted by COVID-19. The total funding for the program was \$25 million of which \$12.4 million was managed by other agencies. This funding is not reflected in the Fiscal 2023 Preliminary Plan.

How does the agency plan to ensure that our artist are provided continued support in Fiscal 2023? It is The Council's responsibility to ensure that the City's budget is fair, transparent, and accountable to New Yorkers. Hence, as The Chair of the Committee Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations, I will continue to push for

accountability and accuracy, and ensure that the budget reflects the needs and interests of the City. It is essential that the budget that we adopt this year again is transparent, accountable, and reflective of the priorities and interests of The Council and the people we represent.

This hearing is a vital part of the process, and I expect that DCLA will be responsive to the questions and concerns of council members. I look forward to an active engagement with the administration over the next few months to ensure that the Fiscal 2023 adopted budget meets the goals of The Council as set out.

And, I do want to go off script for a second, because, you know, we are in a time where we are almost about to hit... we are in our third March since the pandemic hit, and as we realized or found out last week, uh, with many of the lifts from that mask mandates and some of these vaccine mandates, uh, that this new administration, uhm, is trying to bring New York back. And, I do want to acknowledge that if we are going to bring this city back, uh, we cannot do it without our cultural institutions.

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Uh, just a rough statistic, but about 25% of the tourist that come to this city, uh, come because of our culture, our cultural institutions, our cultural organizations. And, if we are going to fiscally rebuild this city and bring it back, uh, to the way that it was before the pandemic, uh, then we will need our cultural institutions to at the forefront of that conversation. Uhm, and as Chair of this committee, it is just disheartening, uh, to see that there is a proposed cut, uh, to our cultural institutions, and I will do everything that I can as a council member and as Chair of this committee to push back as much as I can to make sure that those cuts don't even happen. And, not only cuts, but we replenish the budget to what it was before the pandemic, and maybe even go further and fund it more

Uh, I would also like to recognize the members of this committee who are present, uh, just for this section of the hearing, so Council Member Brewer is with us, Council Member Farías, Council Member Joseph, Council Member Louis, Council Member Hanif, and Council Members, uh, thank you so much for being here.

than it was during the pandemic.

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Vutrapongvatana.

And, again, I would also like to thank my staff for organizing today's hearing including Committee Counsel Brenda McKinney, Legislative Policy Analyst Cristy Dwyer, and Principal Finance Analyst Aliya Ali. And, I also do want to thank acknowledge my staff my Budget and Legislative Director May

Brenda, I will turn it back to you, thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much, Chair.

Uh, so, hello, everyone, and for the benefit of those who were not here for the Library's portion, my name is Brenda McKinney, and I am the counsel to the New York City Council's Committee Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations.

Before we begin today, I would like to remind everyone, you will be on mute until are recognized to speak, just some housekeeping items, at which time you will be unmuted by the Zoom host. If you mute yourself after you have been unmuted, you need to be unmuted again by the host. Uhm, please be aware that there will be a delay in muting and unmuting, so please be patient and also be aware that a little box pops up for you to click.

PRANITA RAGHAVAN: [NO AUDIO]

forward to working with you to do everything we can

2 to support this essential aspect of what makes our
3 city great.

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With this in mind, I'd like to start with a quick overview of the Department of Cultural Affairs' work and mission. We are the largest municipal supporter of culture in the United States, providing funding and technical assistance to over 1,000 cultural nonprofits each year. We distribute annual grants to support cultural programming through the Cultural Development Fund. We provide operating and energy subsidies to organizations on DCLA-owned property, including the 34 members of the Cultural Institutions Group. We provide capital funding to support equipment and construction projects at hundreds of organizations. Our public art unit is dedicated to both permanent and temporary installations on City property. And our Materials for the Arts program, based in Long Island City, provides free supplies to cultural organizations, artists, City agencies with arts programming, and public schools.

We do all of this with a small but passionate team of nearly 50 public servants dedicated to working with our constituents in all five boroughs.

In recent years, our staff has found far-reaching

ways to build greater equity into our programs and services. Not only have we sought to encourage and

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4 foster a more diverse, equitable, and inclusive

5 cultural workforce, but we've also worked to ensure

6 the agency's funding and services are reaching

7 historically underserved communities around the city.

8 As we've witnessed the damage the pandemic has caused

9 to our most vulnerable neighbors - particularly in

10 communities of color - we've strived to take this

11 work even further. We believe that art and culture

12 have the power to connect with and uplift every New

13 Yorker, and we're committed to working with partners

14 across the cultural community - including you - to

15 continue building on the progress we've made.

With that brief context for our work, I'll now provide an overview of Mayor Adams' FY23 preliminary budget for DCLA. The total expense funding allocated to the agency is \$145.2 million, which includes:

- \$28.5 million for the Cultural Development Fund
- \$107.1 million for the Cultural Institutions
 Group
- \$1.25 million for energy subsidies to groups on DCLA property
- \$6.2 million for agency operations

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• A little over \$2 million for additional agency programs and initiatives.

Please note that at this stage in the process, these figures don't include any one-time allocations typically added at budget adoption.

In the Mayor's preliminary budget proposal, the

Department of Cultural Affairs continues to invest in
our city's cultural community while finding savings
and efficiencies along with our colleagues across
City government. There is no recovery, I will echo
what Chair Ossé said, there is no recovery for New
York City without culture, and we look forward to
working with partners on the collaborative budget
process in the months ahead.

Now, I'd like to provide a few recent and upcoming highlights from the agency:

Our amazing team at Materials for the Arts recently launched The Great Dance Shoe Giveaway, offering 11,000 pairs of free dance shoes to schools, dancers, and dance groups. Since we cut the "golden shoe string" just two weeks ago, so far roughly 9,000 shoes have gone to 250 schools and arts organizations across the five boroughs. This has brought a welcome boost to performing artists around the city as stages

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and studios continue to return to life. If you know
of anyone who could use the shoes, visit nyc.gov/mfta

As part of the agency's FY22 Cultural Development
Fund, we partnered for the second year with the NYC
Arts in Education Roundtable to offer \$1,000

9 the city. Our COVID-19 impact surveys of the cultural

unrestricted relief grants to arts educators around

10 field found that arts educators - who are an

to schedule an appointment to get some.

11 essential link between our city's cultural riches and

12 our young people - were particularly hard hit by

13 pandemic layoffs and furloughs. The application

14 period for the third round of the relief fund opened

15 yesterday and closes on March 21st. So please help us

16 spread the word to anyone who could benefit.

The CUNY Cultural Corps, a program we helped create several years ago to open up a stronger jobs pipeline into the cultural community from CUNY's diverse pool of talent. The Cultural Corps is now accepting applications from students for the next term. These are paid opportunities for eligible CUNY students to gain hands-on experience at some of our city's amazing cultural groups. Places like the

Laundromat Project in Brooklyn, Alice Austen House in

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Staten Island, the Bronx Council on the Arts, New York City Ballet in Manhattan, the Queens County Farm Museum, and dozens more host Cultural Corps members each year. Students should apply by March 31. The program is always looking for new cultural partners, too. So anyone who wants to host one of the amazing students that come through this program should visit CUNY's website to learn more.

Finally, our CDF team has moved mountains these last two years — via Zoom, of course — to keep City funds flowing to cultural groups as they faced some of the most difficult times we hope we'll ever see. While struggling through the same professional and personal upheavals we've all faced, our Programs unit quickly implemented reforms to make accessing funds easier and more equitable for all grantees. These changes included streamlining applications and expanding eligibility for multiyear awards to all groups.

Now, we're preparing to embark on the next phase of these efforts for the FY23 Cultural Development Fund, bringing every eligible group back for a competitive panel review for the first time in three years. As part of this, we are also making reforms to

the panel review process itself - notably, expanding the number of panelists, increasing stipends, and making a dedicated effort to have panels of cultural community members who reflect our city's breadth and diversity. In short, we want to make sure the people reviewing applications and making funding recommendations bring a wide range of views, perspectives, and experiences to the table. We plan to open panel nomination process in the coming weeks. We need your support to recruit people with deep roots in your districts to serve on panels and help

us steward these public funds.

Again, we believe that there is no recovery for

New York City without culture. From bringing tourist

dollars back to our city, to the social and

educational value the arts bring to every New Yorker

- the power of the arts to heal and inspire is

unrivalled. As I said earlier in testimony, the new

energy and enthusiasm on the City Council is

incredibly exciting as we continue the difficult work

of supporting our cultural recovery while making sure

City funds reach those who need it most. We look

forward to working toward a City budget with you

you for the question, Chair.

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

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So, where we are right now in the budget process is pretty much where we have been in the past year. Uh, this year, Fiscal Year 2022 Preliminary Budget was \$143.6 million, and now we are looking at \$145.2 million, again for the Preliminary Budget.

A lot of budget does come in adoption, and so that's... You know, that's, we are talking about the decrease, but I think that is really relative to what happened at budget adoption.

So, I don't anticipate any additional programs being cut... (CROSS-TALK)

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Okay.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Uhm, until we know more through this budget process, uh, the full picture of our numbers.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Okay, thank you.

And at the urging of The Council, uh, the administration added approximately \$30 million at adoption of the Fiscal 2022 plan. What was this funding used for in Fiscal Year 2022?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Yeah, we used that money, as we all have been living through COVID, you know, and, uh, in 2020 we used it more for, uh, COVID relief. And, then last year, because, COVID did not

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

go away as fast as any of us hoped it would, we used it more for recovery.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: So, we used that additional \$30 million to supplement the funding that was already in place to both the CIG and to CDF to ensure that they could continue to provide vital programming, uh, to their communities.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: And, just as a followup, how many more cultural organizations compared to Fiscal Year 2021 were funded through the CDF because of this one time funding?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Uh, I will have to get back to you with that exact number...

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Okay.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: But, again, the way that we were able to do it, and what we tried to do before was to make it easier so that they could have just a renewal process versus a new applicant process, because we expected and understood that a lot of the groups, uh, in some cases had furloughs, had... were under staffed, so they didn't have the time to put together a new proposal. So, instead we

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2 said, let's just try to renew them so that they can 3 ensure continuity of funding.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Yeah, thank you, and no worries if you don't have this off the top of your head, but how has this one time funding been helpful to DCLA and its operations programming and initiatives such as supporting CIGS and bringing in more funds for the CDFs?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: You know, uh, we always... We appreciate the additional funding that we are able to provide the field, uhm, and, you know, it one time this year... I mean, to back up for a minute, last year was a historically high budget for DCLA, this past it was \$230 million, so historically high budget. And, it was done in partnership with the council. Part of that budget increase also, I would be remiss if I didn't include that that also includes some federal stimulus funding.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Okay.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: So, that's why we were able to bump it up so much.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Right, and why is the \$30 million that were added at adoption of the Fiscal

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2 2022 plan by the administration not included in the 3 Fiscal 2023 Preliminary Budget?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Uh, you know, I think it's an ongoing conversation. This is the early part of that budget process. And, we are having ongoing conversations with OMB and with City Hall. So, that's where we are right now in this process.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you Deputy Commissioner.

And, I want to move on to headcount of DCLA. Uh, the Fiscal 2023 preliminary plan includes a reduction of, uh, \$57,000 in Fiscal 2022 to 2026 through elimination of vacancies in the agency. Does the agency believe it has an adequate number of staff to efficiently run all of the programs and initiatives?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: No, we can always do more with more.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Right.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: But, uh, we feel that we have a structure in place and staffing in place to continue to provide the services that we do as an agency.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: And, due to COVID, as you know, more cultural organizations need support, and most

2 organizations rely on DCLA grants for their

3 programming and operations. Over the years, there

4 has been a rise of CDF applications, and with COVID

recovery, it is expected that more organizations will

seek out this funding. Does DCLA have enough staff 6

to handle the budget allocations especially as we

enter in a new budget cycle?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: So, again, I am going to thank you for the question, and it's right on, you know, we do expect a lot of submissions this year as we do come back to panel for the first time in three years. We are working diligently to... with OMB and with City Hall, uhm, and other... And DCAST to full the current vacancies that we have so that we can be fully staffed up to run a robust panel review process this year.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Right.

And just a final question when it comes to headcount of the agency, how will DCLA ensure that with their current staffing situation that the CDF application review process will be done in an equitable way?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: We will just , you know, again, we will work with the current staff that

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CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Okay.

INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS we have and any staff that come on board, we will be sure to inform them the way that we as an agency are committed to equitable funding and so that they are aware of that.

And, again, I would go back to the panel review process, and I also would go back to... in my testimony recall to you and your colleagues to help us get more panelist to come from all different neighborhoods throughout New York City. Yeah, I don't think we could do this blind. We're not, you know, we know who we know. You know more people. You know, we are reaching out to you in good faith to ask for your help.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you, Deputy Commissioner. And, I just want to cover a final base before moving on to some of my colleagues who may have questions.

I wanted to ask, how many capital projects does the agency currently have? And, how many cultural organizations are these at?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: There are a total of 425 capital projects right now, uhm, which includes a total of 213 organizations.

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And, what is the breakdown of DCLA's capital projects by borough? Uh, does DCLA track its projects this way? How can we ensure more capital work is done in the outer boroughs?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: We do keep track of our capital projects by borough, and I can follow up with you later if you want more information, but I can tell you that in The Bronx there are 31 projects, in Brooklyn there are 94...

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: And in Manhattan there are 219, in Queens there are 48, in Staten Island there are 26, and then there are seven that are citywide.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm. And I do have to ask as, you know, a followup of course... (CROSS-TALK)

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Yes, of course.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Does DCLA work to ensure its capital spending is spread across the city in an equitable way?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Yes, absolutely we do. And, I want to go back to the capital process that we use, which is that it's a request driven process... (CROSS-TALK)

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

2 CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Okay.

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Cultural organizations come to us. At the same time, we do webinars and technical assistance for groups that are interested in becoming an applicant for a capital project. So, we work with them, uh, and we also work with you on The Council.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: And we also work with borough presidents as well to ensure that there is a greater equity among the groups that are applying and also making sure that they are able to complete their application in a timely fashion so that they too can receive the capital funding.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Alright.

Well, I have one more question for you before I kick it back to Brenda.

How much community perspective factors in to capital planning and decision making?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: I'm sorry, Chair, could you repeat that question?

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: How much community perspective goes in to and factors in to capital planning and decision making?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: No, I think I would say that really, uh, that's really at the behest of the cultural organization that's applying to the extent that they are hearing from their community that they need for example, uh, new lighting, or they want to build out a new theater within their space. You know, that is something that I think they are speaking to as part of their applications process.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Mm-hmm. Well, those are all the questions that I have for you Deputy Commissioner.

I'll pass it on to you again, Brenda. Thank you.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Thank you, Chair

Ossé.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much, Chair.

Uh, so, at this point, we will move to council member questions. If any council members have questions for the administration and DCLA, please use the Zoom Raise Hand Function and you will be added to the queue. Uhm, as a reminder, please keep your questions to five minutes including answers, and wait for the Sergeant At Arms to tell you when your time begins. The sergeant will then let you know when

on this [NO AUDIO] [INAUDIBLE 02:15:15]

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: So, I just want to make sure I heard your question, and thank you for it, but I want to make sure I heard it accurately.

Of the things that I think goes back to tourism is that actually at the height of the pandemic, we partnered with NYC & Company and [INAUDIBLE 02:15:35], some of our interagency partners, to do a local campaign to make sure that people in the local neighborhoods and all of the neighborhoods in New York City were able to access cultural intuitions in their neighborhoods. So, it was like hyper local. So, that was part of our tourism 101 from I think it was fall of 2020.

You know, again, we are committed, as are you, to providing cultural programming and services to organizations, uhm, that do that. We feel that culture, as I said in our testimony, is vital to the recovery of New York City. But, I also think it's vital if you will indulge me for a minute, I think it is really vital to the spirit of the individual that lives here. And, it shouldn't be a one off that you have an opportunity to go experience something on a Sunday or on a weekend. It should be that's embedded

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Thank you.

So, we are committed to that as well.

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Could you describe the delays in distribution of
The Cultural Development Fund money to nonprofits and
what the current status of disrupting is?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Yes, sure, I think during the... Thank you for that question, Council Member, yeah, during the pandemic, uh, you know, as everyone else, we had to shift to remote work and that did create a little bit of an issue, uh, or excuse me, a little bit of a delay uh, in getting payments out. We are back on track with getting payments out as fast as we can right now.

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: That's really good to know.

And, then what is the department doing to ensure that cultural organizations are paying wages that allow workers to live above the poverty line? Are there guidelines for organizational budgets in this regard, and if so, how are they enforced?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: You know, that's an issue that has come to our attention, you know, that the cultural workforce is not paid as well as other sectors in the City. Uh, in terms of the actual ,you

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know, part of the actual process that we do for funding, uh, we do look for organizational budgets, but we don't ,you know, I want to be clear, like, we don't necessarily have a stance on that. But, we are aware of that as an issue, and we do work with our partners in the Cultural sector to make sure that that message gets amplified — that people do need to make a decent living wage. I will also just add that, again, because we are aware of it, it is part of why we partner with CUNY and other places to ensure that people that start getting into the pipeline of a job in the Cultural sector, are able to secure a living wage.

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Do you think there might be an opportunity for the agency to have a stance?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Uh, you know, perhaps down the road it's something that we can explore.

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Uhm, and then finally, I have heard a lot about the City's big campaign to bring back Broadway. Can you describe what targeted efforts are underway for local artists that are focused on smaller scale performances, and that have been particularly hit by the pandemic?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: You know, again, uh, well, one, I think I put it in the testimony, you know, arts and, you know, we have some of these different opportunities, Arts and Educators, we are working with the NYC Arts in Education Roundtable, there are some \$1,000 grants that are going out there. We, uhm, are working with organizations with local arts councils in particular to help with local artists, and, uh, get funding as well. And we support the local artists, uh, local arts councils.

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Thank you. That's all for me

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Thank you, Council Member.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Alright, thank you so much, Council Member.

Uh, so at this point, we will go to Council Member Farías, uhm, and you are the last council member at this point, thank you.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Just like last time. Uhm thank you so much for everyone being here, and for my colleague's previous questioning. Uhm, really glad Council Member Hanif started off with tourism. As

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Char of Economic Development, I am constantly looking at it and trying to get some answers as we move through recovery here in the city.

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So, just to touch base a little bit, and I just want it for the record, uhm, visitors to cultural institution groups fell in the last fiscal year when compared to prior years, as we know. Do we happen to know the estimate for FY22?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Uhm, thank you for that question, Council Member, I do not have a record of visitors for Fiscal Year 2022.

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But, can I just go back for one second? I just, you know...

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Sure.

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if I did not do a broad based shout out to all of the cultural organizations in New York City, who really, to your point, are the backbone to the recovery of

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: I would be remiss

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the City. They have pivoted in ways that I don't

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think any of us could foresee or plan for, but they

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did it. They became vaccination sites. They became

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polling sites. They became food pantries. They

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became cultural connections when we needed them the

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most. And, so I just wanted to give that shout out,

2 uh, to all of the cultural organizations in New York 3 City.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Yeah, absolutely, I appreciate that shout out. I am going to reiterate that with you. We saw them being critical to really our recovery and our response during the pandemic. So, you know, kudos to everyone out there. We appreciated that response during a really hard time our city was having.

Uhm, so, don't worry about that number. I am sure we can touch base another time.

And, then the other... The other ask I had was, if we happen to know the portion of reduction in visitors that were local versus just tourists. Do we happen to have that data?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: I don't have that data. But, I am happy to look it in and follow up with your office.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Great, thank you. Uhm, and then just to switch gears with the Citywide Cultural Plan, uhm, can you please provide us any additional updates on the agency that is implementing the Cultural Citywide Plan?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FEINBERG: Uh, I am going to defer to our Chief of Staff, Shirley Levy for that one.

CHIEF LEVY: Hi, Council Member, thank you very much for that question.

Uh, the Cultural Plan was created in 2017. It's a 10 year plan that actually recruits the participation of not just DCLA but a lot of our sister agencies. So, as we, uh, go through another year and we look ahead, we really are looking to engage our partners in different city agencies and figure out together how we can support arts and culture, not just through our own budget and activities, but collectively as a city with everyone's help. So, it's an ongoing, uh, multipronged process.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Great, thank you for that.

And, my colleagues asked additional questions
that I already had, so thank you so much for your
testimony today.

CHIEF LEVY: Thank you, Council Member.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Okay, and, Chair, with that, uh, no other council members have raised their hands

Uhm, I will move to that portion, uhm, and we

will just do some housekeeping matters to start.

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So, all panelists will have two minutes to deliver your testimony, and we request that out of respect of other people who are waiting to speak, you please stay within your allotted time. If there is anyone who would like to submit written for the record, you may do so by emailing testimony up to 72 hours after the hearing to testimony@council.nyc.gov.

I will also now turn it over, uhm, to go through... Actually, I will continue to go through some other, uhm, procedural items, thank you.

Uhm, for those that were not here for the first portions, uhm, of today of today's hearing, my name is Brenda McKinney, I am counsel to the Committee Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations. As a panelists, as a reminder, you will be on mute until you are called on to testify, at which time your name will be called and you will be unmuted by the Zoom host. If you mute yourself after you have been unmuted, you will need to be unmuted again by the hosts, so please wait for the Sergeant At Arms to tell you when your time begins once you unmuted; the sergeant will then let you know when your time is up. As a reminder, you

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2 have two minutes, and you actually have to accept the unmute button when you are unmuted.

So, we will now here from panel number one. I will name the first members of this panel based on who is present. One moment, please... So, first we will hear from Coco Killingsworth from Brooklyn Academy of Music testifying on behalf of Cultural Institutions Group or the CIG, followed by Laura Washington from New York Historical Society, and followed by Sade Lythcott from National Black Theatre. This is panel one.

Uhm, so if you are ready, Miss Killingsworth, you may begin your testimony.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

COCO KILLINGSWORTH: Good afternoon, Chair Ossé, and members of the Committee. I am Coco
Killingsworth, Co-Interim President at the Brooklyn
Academy of Music or BAM, and Vice Chair of the
Cultural Institutions Group. I am here today to
provide testimony on behalf of the CIGs - a diverse
coalition of 34 cultural organizations who share a
public-private partnership with the City of New York
and are located in all five boroughs, including zoos,
gardens, museums, and performing arts organizations.

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We are grateful for the Council's vital support for culture and the arts in New York City and are especially grateful to have this conversation in a moment where the City is looking beyond recovery. We know that our sector of culture and arts is critical to signaling to the world that the city's vibrancy is restored and fundamental for supporting communities as they heal and build a more equitable city.

The CIGs have a distinct relationship with the City, based in partnership, and we welcome the opportunity to work with the Council to address New York's most pressing needs. Through this closeness with city government - in the last two years alone, CIGs have continued to deliver world-class cultural programming, provided virtual and in person experiences, embraced 'open culture,' held vaccination and COVID test distribution sites, hosted food pantries and so much more. CIGs annually employ over 12,000 people with over 8,265 additional volunteers across the city.

Uh, my time is going, so I am going to move quickly.

We are in partnership with you all, and BAM has been key in continuing to do work with our school

children and seniors through the pandemic both as a lifeline.

One of the innovations and silver linings of the pandemic was how the Cultural Community came together, seen through ongoing Culture@3 calls happening right now.

Last year we had the most unified, inclusive, and equity-driven ask that the NYC cultural community has ever had and hope to build on that this year. We would like to see the FY22 PEG Cut... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

COCO KILLINGSWORTH: We would like to see the FY22 PEG Cut t to the Cultural Development Fund restored. As the Council determines its budget priorities for FY23, we are here to ask for a restoration of all Council Initiatives, and a restoration of \$35 million of FY22 Funding. We also request an additional \$50 million for the cultural community. We look forward to being in dialogue with the Council and the Administration about that request in detail in the coming weeks.

As a collective, the CIGs ask that the Council commit to a comeback and beyond. New York will be an

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disenfranchised. These include exhibitions like

Slavery in New York, Chinese American:

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2 Exclusion/Inclusion, Black Citizenship in the Age of 3 Jim Crow, and most recently, Dreaming Together.

Now, in Fiscal Year 2020, New-York Historical partnered with The American LGBTQ+ Museum to bring forth plans to construct a major museum dedicated to LGBTQ+ history and culture. This new Museum will be housed on the top floor of New-York Historical Society's planned expansion. This project will provide critical workforce development and job creation opportunities, allowing New-York Historical to help advance New York City's economic recovery in the wake of the coronavirus pandemic while bolstering the arts and culture sector.

The American LGBTQ+ Museum will us to develop programming that brings the voices, perspectives, actions, and achievements of this population to the foreground. The whole institution will be a place where thousands of annual visitors including tourists, school groups, and others can see themselves as part of the full American story. The building will hold additional classrooms and gallery spaces, which will allow us to expand the number of K-12 and higher education... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

2 LAURA WASHINGTON: students it serves.

We currently serves roughly 200,000 K-12 students and teachers, and the expansion is going to add new class space and access to our LGBTQ and Academy for American Democracy, which is a civics learning residency for all New York City's sixth graders. And, I mean, we know that sixth graders and everyone else during this time of political discord need to be informed.

We also have Masters of Arts in Museum Studies program we do in partnership with CUNY.

And, I want to thank you. We remain grateful for the programmatic and capital funds that New York City has allowed us. And, I appreciate your time today.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much.

Uhm, and finally the last person on this panel, we will hear from Sade Lythcott.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

SADE LYTHCOTT: Good afternoon, Chair Ossé, and esteemed committee members and colleagues.

My name is Sade Lythcott, I am the CEO of the National Black Theatre, Chair of Coalition of Theaters of Color; a coalition that represents the

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2 largest body of culturally specific theatres in all 3 five boroughs and the co-leader of Culture@3.

I have had the great privilege to be born and raised in this incredible city I love so much.

Growing up in Harlem in the 80'S wasn't easy. It was plagued by both a crack and AIDS epidermis, the proliferation of gun violence, failing education system, and chronic economic disinvestment.

In essence, growing up, it could have felt like we were left for dead, but in Harlem, we knew a secret that the world forgot. We had soul.

As a daughter of both artists and entrepreneurs,

I watched the intersection of the two help

resuscitate my community bringing catalytic economic

revitalization and community resources to Harlem's

youth, senior, deaf, disabled, and homeless

populations with programs and productions whose

outcomes helped to decrease youth involvement in the

criminal justice system and improve mental health and

wellbeing in our neighborhood. And, the truth is,

arts and culture does that wherever it is. We are

and have always been the heartbeat and the soul of

New York City. It is because of arts and culture

that New York City is Singular in the pantheon of

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great global cities and the cultural capital of the world.

But we do our city and our organizations a grave disservice when we myopically view our sector solely through the nonprofit lens as arts and culture is a generative sector -- we are a proven economic engine from small outer borough neighborhoods to the overall City GDP. We are job multipliers and workforce development pipelines. We are not "nice to have" we are crucial and essential to New York City's success, vibrancy, and recovery.

The creative economy contributes more than 13% of New York City's GDP, and yet we receive... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

SADE LYTHCOTT: less than a quarter of 1% -- less than a quarter of 1% in funding.

So, here is my ask, I will wrap it up, because of time, as the cultural capital of the world, we'd like to discuss a roadmap to get culture funded at 1% of the City's budget. Here is where we start, first we ask for full restoration of the PEG that was unnecessary and a harsh cut to FY22 budget to the CDF's grantees, the smallest cultural organizations

INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

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throughout the City; for FY23 budget, we are here to ask for the restoration of all cultural initiatives, we are asking that our baseline funding be held harmless; we are asking for the restoration of FY22's PEG of \$5 million to our baseline; and as Coco has said, we are asking that the Council and the City's administration work together to pass a sector wide ask for a visionary investment in building back New York's economy of \$85 million.

I will submit the breakdown of that in my written testimony.

I want to thank you all for this time. We are asking not for handouts; we are asking your friends in government to break arts and culture out of siloed conversations that rob both us and this great city of the solutions we all deserve. We are asking you, our council members, who have been our partners and our friends in government to try your hand at being creative when it comes to investing in a safe, vibrant, and thriving city. We are asking you to see us for our contribution and not just our designation.

Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you very much.

This is the end of our first panel.

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Uh, just a reminder as well, that we will submit... Or you may submit, we will accept, written testimony up to 72 hours after the hearing. So, while there is a two-minute clock, you can submit as much written testimony as you'd like, and you can submit additional written testimony to

So, I will go to... (CROSS-TALK)

testimony@council.nyc.gov .

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: [INAUDIBLE 02:36:09]

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: you, Chair... (CROSS-TALK)

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: for a second?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Of course.

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Uhm, just to respond to Miss Lythcott's, uh, testimony.

These PEGS and just to hear the need to... need to reiterate this throughout the entirety of this hearing. These PEGS to culturals are... It's Uh, you know, when you just heard, uh, your testimony, especially coming from Harlem in the 80'S and how cultural was such an impactful element to aiding the youth in Harlem when there were so many other things that were going on, especially pertaining to public safety. And, maybe some of you have heard me say this on, you know, Culture@3 or

Thank you so much.

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Uh, if you are ready, Miss Gold, you may begin when the sergeant calls the clock.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

LISA GOLD: Thank you.

Good afternoon Committee Members and Chair Ossé. Thank you for the opportunity to share my testimony today.

My name is Lisa Gold, and I'm the Executive

Director of the Asian American Arts Alliance, a 39year-old, Brooklyn-based service organization that
works to ensure greater equity, representation, and
opportunities for Asian American and Pacific Islander
artists and arts organizations. We work with artists
and arts administrators throughout the five boroughs
and across artistic disciplines.

So, today, I would like to ask each of you to name your favorite AAPI musician, author, dancer, actor, or visual artist. And if you can't, I'd like you to consider why not. And, I would venture to say it is partly because our community's cultural contributions have not been sufficiently valued, and that AAPI artists and arts organizations have been grossly underfunded for decades, resulting in a lack of visibility and opportunities for our artists.

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AAPI-led and-serving organizations receive less than 4% of The Department of Cultural Affairs' discretionary budget and there are ZERO AAPI-led CIGs. So, despite comprising almost 18% of the New York City population and a growing force in the electorate, we receive a significantly disproportionate amount of cultural funding-closer to 2%, and that gap is not closed by the philanthropic or the private sector. A recent report by AAPIP showed that for every \$100 awarded by foundations, only 20 cents was designated for Asian American and

So, we all know that the arts are critical to the city's economic recovery and our community's health and well-being. Art heals, it provides respite, it spreads ideas and concepts that are emotionally, intellectually, and ideologically complex, and it helps people work through trauma and build resilience.

Pacific Islander communities.

And right now, after multiple attacks on the AAPI community, our constituents are feeling fearful and isolated. A recent report released last week by NAPAWF noted... (CROSS-TALK)

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

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LISA GOLD: that 75... 75% of AAPI women reported experiencing racism or discrimination over the past twelve months.

So, the AAPI community and our cultural organizations need increased support. We and other POC organizations have been under-resourced and underfunded for too long. We need to have our voices heard and our stories told.

So in that, we support the findings of the HueArts NYC Brown Paper, call for a \$100 million fund for POC arts and cultural entities, and ask that the City Council and Department of Cultural Affairs ensure that our City's cultural funding is distributed truly equitably.

Thank you all for your leadership and support of culture and arts during what has been -- and continues to be -- a very challenging time for our City.

Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much.

Our next panelist will be Melody Capote from the Caribbean Cultural Center African Diaspora Institute.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Miss Capote, you may... Oh,

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MELODY CAPOTE: Mr. Chairman, and members of City
Council, my name is Melody Capote, Executive Director
of the Caribbean Cultural Center African Diaspora
Institute, a 45-year-old arts and cultural
organization that uses artistic expressions to
promote racial and social justice and uplift the
contributions of the African Diaspora. I am also a
founding member of the original culture equity group
and a steering committee member of the Latinx
Consortium of New York.

I want you to imagine a sunflower, it is a particular favorite of Oshun (sp?) one of the deities of the Orisha sacred traditions the Yoruba people. This sunflower, the goddess Oshun, and even the consecrated beads worn around my neck are all part of culture in the same way that music, dance, poetry, and spirituality are. Consider that the culture is the brown core of the flower and each petal is one of the elements of the culture which I have just named. Council Member, these are the things that were stolen from indigenous people and descendants of the African Diaspora.

My colleagues testifying today will tell you what

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02:43:29]... (CROSS-TALK)

culture means to the economy of New York, and they will propose a \$10 million cultural equity fund for addressing the needs of organizations of color who are so underserved in the inequitable distribution of

I support this request a 100% whether as a

program of DCA or an Executive Budget line.

cultural related funds by this city.

examining the "what" of the racism that has taken

Therefore, I am not going to spend a lot of time

culture away from our community. Rather, I am here

to tell you why you must do something extraordinary

to make to up for the cultural losses suffered by

communities of color. These losses are real and they

are also personal.

Imagine me as young woman applying to be a part

of a dance program at a local university and being

told that I didn't fit the image. And what was that

image? It was that of a Eurocentric blonde who

didn't have my curly hair, my full lips, nor my even

fuller hips. Imagine being made to feel that these

traits are bad with phrases like, [INAUDIBLE

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

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MELODY CAPOTE: which when translated means "bad hair" being referenced to my natural curls.

I come here to tell you that there are hundreds of thousands of girls and boys who have suffered these and even uglier cultural losses caused by people basking in white privilege.

Now listen closely to why you must do the right thing and support the Cultural Equity Fund in the amount of \$100 million. You have all heard of restorative justice. It refers to a process where guilty parties attempt to make amends for the damage caused by their behavior. I am urging you to adopt a new phrase called reparative justice and provide funding that will allow organizations of color to build institutional capacity so that we can effectively compete with those who are privileged heirs of millennium of enslavement, colonization, and other forms of oppression.

Please give us back the culture that was stolen from us, not through tokenism and street naming changes; we need real dollars put in to a fund that solidifies the work of organizations of color that will ultimately help young people learn where they

continued to make its work available to the people of

programming.

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In crafting 2021-2022 season, The Public was faced with a new challenge: How do we grabble with returning to the stage in the wake of an international pandemic? In response we have crafted a slate of programming, which honors the stories we had planned to tell in 2019 and dreams forward to new partnerships that reflect the tectonic shifts our society has experienced between 2019 and 2021. included our fall productions of Cullud Wattah and our upcoming production of SUFFS a new musical which brings to life a complicated chapter in the ongoing battle for the right to vote; The American Women's Suffrage Movement.

This year, the public is also investing in new partnerships to provide resources and physical space to exceptional BIPOC led organizations heavily affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

In individual collaborations with NAATCO and the Ma-Yi Theater Company, The Public is committed to taking on the cost of producing the NAATCO production of Out of Time and Loyd Suh's The Chinese Lady at our downtown home.

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We are also continuing our decades long relationship with The National Black Theatre -- and hi to Sade, and thank you for your testimony earlier -- in a production of the New York premier of James Ijames's Fat Ham.

The Public is delighted to be opening our doors to such exceptional organizations making their visionary works available to our audiences.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

ROSALIND BARBOUR: In creating a long term model of the BIPOC led resident theater companies, we hope to continue leveraging our resources and influence for the benefit organizations who speak to marginalized communities.

Uhm, and I just wanted to echo Melody and Shade and everyone else's call for the restoration of the funds from FY22 and the elimination of the PEG cut to ensure that we have equitable funding for CBF and CIG organizations that has been so tremendously affected by the pandemic.

Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, uh, Chair, this is the final member of this panel.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

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(CROSS-TALK)

COUNCIL MEMBER HANIF: Thank you, uh, for your testimony to all of the panelists.

Uhm, Lisa, thank you especially for your incredibly powerful testimony and being a force in this work and in this moment in the wake of violent anti-Asian violence. Uhm, I guess I just want to use my time, uh, for you to... For us to hear from... more from you, uh, so that my colleagues and I better understand what AAPI cultural workers and artists are experiencing at this time. Please expand on the challenges, the joys, and how we can make sure AAPI artists are not invisible?

LISA GOLD: Okay, thank you. Uh, thank you so much, uhm, Council Member Hanif. I will tell you, it is, uhm, it is a very difficult and challenging time. I have heard from my constituents, uh, a dancer who runs her own dance company, who was followed on her

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bicycle and screamed at on the street. I have had artists that were dancers that were attacked on their way to performances. We have heard of people that are just afraid, frankly, to leave their house. even to mention ,you know, the toll that it has taken on organizations that have lost revenue do to ,you know, no income from performances or paid revenue opportunities. So, you know, it what we have been calling the dual pandemic of anti-Asian racism, plus the losses due to the pandemic. So, right now, one of the most important things that we can do is provide opportunities, visibility, support, and funding to the Asian-American communities. We are working on a partnership right now with NAATCO to build bridges in solidarity across our communities. So, I think funding more work like that to help build a culture of understanding and communication is really critical. Obviously mental healthcare and safety -- we are also working on a number of programs that promote the mental health and safety of our constituents. So, again, uhm, looking at all of these issues as not isolation, like culture doesn't exists in a vacuum. Mental health does not exist in a vacuum. These are all interrelated. So, we need

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

an essential right for all. In immediate response to the closure of The New Victory Theater in March 2020,

New 42 believes access to the performing arts is

ELIZABETH CASHOUR: Hello, uh, The New 42nd Street appreciates the opportunity to submit this testimony in support of funding from the Committee for Culture Affairs for the performing arts and arts education.

The New Victory Theater is the premier nonprofit
New York City Theater for kids and families located
in the heart of Times Square with annual audience of
approximately 100,000 people. It is one New York
City's largest providers of live performing arts and
classroom arts education programming reaching 40,000
students in all grades annually.

Through our own research on the intrinsic impacts of the performing arts on children, New 42 knows young people who have access to the arts receive myriad of benefits that help them become more collaborative with their peers as well as emphatic and understanding of the lives of others. Crucially important in the city where thousands of children live in underserved neighborhoods, the arts also inspire children to imagine a more optimistic future for themselves.

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

the organization launched a weekly digital program,

New Victory Arts Break, in order to continue bringing
the performing arts in to the homes and lives of
children. The interactive program takes kids on
guided video explorations of an art form such as
puppetry, percussion, and songwriting and gives kids
the tools they need to create and flex their own
creative muscles.

Arts Break has been a huge success garnering nearly one million video views, and it is an important program we'll be sharing with classroom teachers as we move forward.

Liz Walter, at teacher at Lexington School for the Deaf, told us, "Every Monday, we are in a race to share the new Arts Break materials with the school. I have definitely enjoyed every one that's caught my eye, and they are so inspiring." The response has been strong, so we will continue to build as we move forward.

In November 2021, The New Victory reopened as did so many other theaters and other cultural organizations across the city. This year we'll offer... (CROSS-TALK)

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ELIZABETH CASHOUR: This year we will offer six presentations on our stage, and next year we will be up to 10.

So, again, like so many others, we have come back strong. Recently a parent at a performance at The New Victory shared that his two children... He attended with his two children, and wrote a beautiful thank you note. "This was the first public artistic piece in nearly two years, and, my God, what a glorious, glorious piece it is. What a show, what a show, what a show, what a show, what a show." We're so happy to be back live for New Yorkers of all ages who need [INAUDIBLE 02:54:17] spirit of the theater.

We fervently believe that New 42 is an important part of city's pandemic recovery, and that it is expanding access to all children and will help us move forward to a more equitable and just society. With the City Council's help and continued funding for arts initiatives, we will bring the performing arts in to an ever expanding number of homes, classrooms, and schools across the City, and we will bring New Yorkers, even the youngest among us all, in to The New Victory Theater for live performances that

person reference, along with remote printing. We

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provide virtual programming that included book clubs, art workshops, trivia, cultural dance presentations, and much more. Additionally, we held creative tabling and outreach events as a point of contact with our customers. Buildings were converted to testing and vaccine sites. These vital and free services provided everyone a sense of community, especially important

for those who suffered most during the pandemic.

Mayor Adams' Preliminary Budget indicates a funding level that will barely allow library staff to maintain our current service level, and that will strain us next year. As this pandemic recedes, hopefully to a less severe, less tragic, and endemic disease, library users will flock back to their branches demanding more of everything we offer and we barely have enough staff now.

This is where the City Council can help. We need your financial support so that we can meet this pent up and expected demand.

Children's programs are restarting, and there are not enough children's librarians to meet the demand. Senior citizens, who were cut off from their social networks, are getting more comfortable being out in public and need materials, a safe and clean place to

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congregate, and programming, and we do not have enough staff to meet their needs. Multiple branches do not have custodians, so custodians are required to cover multiple branches in one day. We have more software and hardware offerings that are creating a need for more staff with specialized skills. We have more immigrant and adult learners that will require teachers. Our customers will be demanding so much more from us, and with your financial support we can meet this demand.

These past two years, library staff proved that we are agile and adaptable.... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

JOHN HYSLOP: As we return to some form of normalcy, library users will be expecting quality library services. The Mayor's preliminary budget is a good start but is not enough. We are overwhelmed right now and will be more overwhelmed very soon. With your financial support, we can fulfill all of our customers and your constituents' demands for library services.

Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

The final panelist will be... On this panel, uhm, Miss Lauren Bradley. You may begin when the sergeant calls the clock, thank you.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

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LAUREN BRADLEY: Thank you, Committee Members, and thank you, Chair Ossé. My name is Lauren Bradley, and I am here on behalf of the board of directors for Urban Librarians Unite.

Our members are frontline library workers, library school students, and library lovers. To address Council Member Hanif's earlier question about community outreach, frontline branch staff are the ones who do that, and we are experts at it.

We support our patrons who are experiencing a range of issues including houselessness, addition, opioid addiction, food insecurity, learning barriers, and structural oppression. Our members are also involved in community efforts like mutual aid networks, food pantries, harm reduction programs, and open streets.

One of many things our group does is organize the annual Urban Librarian's Conference. Last September, our theme was Liberation and Joy. We heard from public library workers across New York City working

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

on amazing projects, and I would like to share just a few of these.

A group of children's librarians are actively dismantling racism in story time songs through peer education.

Prison Library Support Network is a grassroots collective of librarians who partner with all three Library systems to provide outreach to people currently incarcerated.

There is a staff led initiative called Transform, which trains library staff to better service transgender and nonconforming patrons.

This is just a small sample of staff driven projects across our public libraries, but it's illustrative of how frontline branch staff serve their communities.

Because of this work, our branches and their staffing play a key role in reimaging New York as a more equitable and just city. Now is the time to invest in our libraries, so our library workers can expand this vital work.

Thank you for your time.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony. That concludes this panel. Uhm, if there are any Council Member or Chair questions?

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Sure I just want to acknowledge my good friend and Brooklyn Borough President Antonio Reynoso who is on this hearing.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: And, actually, and Chair, if, uh, if we don't have any other Council Member questions, our next panel, we can go to the Brooklyn Borough President, the Honorable, uh, Antonio Reynoso as our next panelist -- as our next witness.

So, The Brooklyn Borough President, if we don't have any questions, I'm just watching hands and not seeing any.

The next, uh, witness will be The Brooklyn Borough President. Thank you.

BROOKLYN BOROUGH PRESIDENT REYNOSO: Hello,
everyone, uh, happy to be here in my first hearing as
a borough president to the City Council, and of
course it is with, uh, our good friend and Brooklyn
City Council Member, Chair Chi Ossé. Thank you so
much, Chair, for having me.

I will be very quick. I know this is going to be a long hearing, so I will take it away.

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Good afternoon, and thank you to the City Council and thank you again, Chair Chi Ossé, for giving me the opportunity to speak today. I am Brooklyn Borough President Antonio Reynoso, and I am here to ask the Mayor and the Council to support the cultural institutions that serve a vital role in our communities and to ask that you consider equity in

these funding allocations.

Though all the city's cultural institutions provide critical arts, cultural, and historical education and programming, not all of these cultural institutions are created equal. The pandemic hasn't been easy on any institution. Yet the Metropolitan Museum of Art in in Manhattan has a \$3.3 billion endowment, and even as the pandemic raged, had \$50 million set aside to purchase art. Meanwhile, Weeksville Heritage Center in Brooklyn, which celebrates one of the largest free Black communities in pre-Civil War America, is struggling just to keep its doors open.

Now, Weeksville is part of the Cultural

Institutions Group (CIG), along with five other

amazing cultural institutions in Brooklyn: Brooklyn

Museum, Brooklyn Academy of Music, Brooklyn Botanic

2 Garden, Brooklyn Children's Museum, and the New York

3 Aquarium. Of these, the Brooklyn Museum has the

4 largest endowment, which even before the pandemic was

5 only about 5% of the Met's. Today I ask that the

6 Council work with the Mayor to restore all proposed

7 cuts to the CIGs, and that DCLA develop a methodology

8 for allocating these funds equitably that considers

not only organization size, but also populations

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I also want to call your attention to a recent report from HueArts NYC, which researched the impacts and needs of arts organizations in New York City led by people of color. In contrast to the larger CIGs, these small organizations tend to have less stable funding sources, and they often rely on DCLA's Cultural Development Fund (CDF). HueArts NYC found that these small, POC-run organizations often provide much more than just arts programming in communities of color, for example, many have pivoted to community service during the pandemic. Additionally, these organizations often lack stable space, face chronic underinvestment, and are less able to call upon individual donors for support due to the lack of disposable income in communities of color. Meanwhile,

there is a lack of transparency in the allocation of

CDF funding, and no clear priority placed on

addressing these disparities.

Even with the supposed "one-time" supplemental funding allocation made last fiscal year, DCLA's budget still represents less than 1% of the City's total budget. And yet, now cuts are being proposed, cuts our communities simply cannot afford.

So, I am calling on the Mayor to not only restore the proposed cuts and add new funding to our cultural institutions, but also to implement new systems to ensure that arts and cultural funding is allocated equitably and with transparency. The City doesn't need to give an organization with a \$3.3 billion endowment and billionaires on its board more money. It does need to lift up organizations that share the history of communities of color, educate Black and Brown youth, and serve as community anchors in underinvested neighborhoods.

Thank you, and I look forward to working on this alongside DCLA, Mayor Adams, and of course Chair Ossé.

Thank you so much.

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sorry, we can't hear you. Uhm, there might be a box

that pops up to accept the unmute. Yeah, you should be unmuted, thank you.

TRACEY GREENIDGE: Thank you, my name is Tracey Greenidge, I am The Director of Development at Cool Culture. And, this testimony is the behalf of my organization and the thousands of New York City families who receive our free programs annually.

Cool Culture is a social justice organization that used arts and culture to strengthen family and community well-being.

We have nearly 20 years of BIPOC leadership and have been offering more than 50,000 families free cultural access.

Our work now goes much deeper. Using targeted programs that encourage families to feel comfortable in cultural spaces and ensuring educator shave the tools to help introduce arts into their parent and caregiver engagement initiatives while allowing these same families to have their voices amplified through the arts.

I would like to thank the New York City

Department of Cultural Affairs for its longstanding

support of Cool Culture and hundreds of small BIPOC

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2 organizations who have operated far too long on a
3 shoestring budget.

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Without your support, though, so many parents with young children, including myself, would be able to freely access the arts in this wonderful city. I applaud the new incoming members for your continued commitment in this field.

I know that as the City fights to recover from the impact of COVID, and now [INAUDIBLE 03:07:11] the unfolding crises in Europe, we are aware of the difficult role that lies ahead including the 3% impending budget cuts across the board for all City organizations.

I stand with other cultural institutions to say that any cuts to the already meager CDF budget, would have deep ramifications for the arts, but particularly for those small organization... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

TRACEY GREENIDGE: where staff is the only aspect. We strongly urge you to ensure that all small BIPOC organizations continue to receive a level of support, and in fact, we support an increase, so that we can continue to develop the relationships with our

long term economic stability. Culture is key to

It is the number one tourist attraction.

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tourism.

It is the key to local neighborhoods, serving to increase foot traffic and bring dollars to local restaurants and small businesses.

Today, I want to talk about what culture brings to every aspect of the lives of your constituents and to call for an equitable investment in culture for every community so that every citizen can experience the benefits of a robust cultural life in their neighborhood.

This country, has a history of neglecting and disinvesting in communities of color. This city's history is the same. We must consciously and deliberately ensure that dollars are going to Black, Latinx, Asian, Indigenous, and deaf and disabled communities and cultural organizations. By investing in BIPOC-led and serving cultural groups, by investing in culture for New Yorkers with disabilities, by sending tourism dollars to those local cultural centers, we will build a more equitable city.

Every neighborhood should enjoy the data proven benefits of a strong cultural ecosystem. Those include improved outcomes in everything from

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2 education and aging to public safety and mental
3 health.

I ask that you speak to your colleagues in other committees - education, mental health, aging, criminal justice, and finance - and explain to them that culture and arts are part of the solution in every one of those areas.

I join my colleagues in calling that the FY22 PEG Cut to the Cultural Development Fund restored. Cuts to DCLA staff are an equity issue. If the agency can't function efficiently, funds are delayed, most impacting smaller often BIPOC organizations that can least afford to wait for reimbursement.

As the Council determines its budget priorities for FY23... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

LUCY SEXTON: we are here to ask for a restoration of all Council Initiatives-Coalition of Theaters of Color, Immigrant Arts Initiative, CASA and SuCASA and more, and a restoration of \$35 million of FY22 Funding.

We will be requesting an additional \$50 million for the cultural community from the Council and the

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generating shows of our city?

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

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When the pandemic hit, it was the smallest organizations and the independent workers that were hit the hardest and have been unable to recover the most. Of those, our data found, that immigrant, BIPOC, disabled workers, and specifically parents were the hardest hit in the losses of income.

We are telling our community by not paying them living wages, but not sustainably funding organizations with general operations, and by reducing the budget or arts and culture we are saying that it's not possible for New Yorkers to make a living in the arts, and that the arts are not as viable as they actually financially are in our city.

Despite being one of the least funded of the performing arts sector, the dance industry generates over \$300 billion to the economy of the City.

This budget is not a financial document, it is a document where you articulate the values of this administration and the values of this city council.

And what you decide to allocate will be a reflection of who are the workers of the City who we value? As Shade mentioned, we generate such a high percentage of the GDP of this particular city, and yet the investment is not proportional. And, so I join my

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colleagues in requesting an investment that is
proportional to the impact that we generate in the
City to the BIPOC workers... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

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ALEJANDRA DUQUE CIFUENTES: and disabled, and immigrant workers, and the businesses and industries that are so deeply impacted, and to ensure that the money that we are giving is materially creating an impact for folks that have systemically not had access to resources — intentionally been removed from having access to recourse. We have to make decisions now to ensure that those workers and organizations can survive and continue to thrive in our city.

Thank you so much.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

And, now we will call on the final person on this panel, uhm, who is Ya-Yun Teng, thank you.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

YA-YUN TENG: Hi, everyone, thank you for having me here. My name is Ya-Yun Teng, I am the Program Officer, Immigrant Artist Resource Center (NYC) at the New York Foundation for the Arts, also known as

NYFA - We are an arts service organization whose mission is to provide financial, educational, and professional services to individual artists and emerging arts organizations.

Our work impacts real human beings and it is critical work to the communities in New York City.

Last year, NYFA was a lead partner launching the City Artist Corps Grants to support New York City-based working artists who were disproportionately impacted by COVID-19. NYFA distributed \$15 million to 3,000 working artists across the City's five boroughs, helping the artists sustain their practice and engage the public throughout New York City.

In addition to administering grants, NYFA provides professional development training to artists, and has been serving 10,000 immigrant artists since 2007.

This year, we are expanding NYFA's Immigrant

Artist Resource Center to provide more support to

immigrant artists who play a crucial role in healing

our communities and are the backbone of New York

City's creative economy.

We know that the livelihoods of immigrant artists are facing major threats, because many immigrant-led

2 and immigrant-serving arts organizations reported big
3 losses of their annual budgets.

NYFA feels that we need to make efforts to reach and serve those that we are not reaching yet and further uplifting their perspectives.

In order for us to continue our work, we need funding now more than ever to support artists and to sustain our own operations. This is also very personal to me - as I am an immigrant from Taiwan and have been working in New York City's arts sector for more than 10 years.

We recognize that the city council is facing very difficult budget decisions, but the funding we receive through the New York City of Cultural Affairs... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

YA-YUN TENG: is critical to our survival. We ask you to keep in mind that artists and cultural workers are essential. They heal our communities and we know that neighborhoods with cultural assets show better outcomes for education, aging, crime, health, and community wellbeing as many of my colleagues have talked about.

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We ask that the FY22 PEG Cut to the Cultural Development Fund be restored. And for FY23, we ask for a restoration of all Council Initiatives and a restoration of \$35 million of FY22 Funding to DCLA.

Thank you very much. We know we have a difficult job ahead. A special thank you to our Council Member in Dumbo New York, Lincoln Restler, for supporting the immigrant artist community that we serve.

Thank you everyone.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony and to all the members of this panel. This testimony concludes this panel.

Are there any Council Member questions? Or, Chair, Do you have any questions?

Okay, uhm, I don't see any hands, so we will move to the next panel. Thank you again.

One moment, so I will call the names of everyone on the panel, and then call you individually.

The next panel will be Risa Shoup from The

Alliance of Resident Theatres/New York, Francine

Garber-Cohen from The Regina Opera Company, and Aya

Ester Hayishi from The People's Theater Project.

So, the next witness is Risa Shoup. You may begin your testimony when the sergeant calls the

4 time.

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

RISA SHOUP: Good afternoon and thank you, Chair Ossé, esteemed committee members, and other colleagues for your time.

The Alliance of Resident Theatres/New York is a nearly 50 year old member service organization that represents over 400 nonprofit theaters throughout New York City. We are a grant maker providing the field with \$2 million in funding every year primarily to theaters with budgets under \$500,000 who consistently seed the field with new talent and techniques and often come from communities that are most underserved by philanthropy.

We are offer subsidized rehearsal office and theater space in three facilitates through Manhattan and Brooklyn -- all of which are fully accessible to folks with disabilities.

We offer trainings like sexual harassment prevention tailored specifically for our industry, and disability justice seminars.

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Our member may have closed their venues during the pandemic, but they never stopped working.

Let me tell you, you cannot stop theater makers, we obsessively pursue telling our stories out of a deep desire for connection and collaboration.

Educational programming and theatrical presentations pivoted to virtual production within days of the March 2020 shutdown, and with many theaters now reopened, we are seeing a resurgence of new and previously scheduled productions in theaters around The City written and directed and performed by production teams as diverse as The City's population.

As an industry, we exhibited exemplary compliance with the Key to NYC mandate at tremendous cost to our bottom lines, because we agreed it would keep our artists and our audiences safe.

Theaters are businesses and our workers are actors, and ticket sellers, parents and teachers, renters and homeowners.

Our audiences buy a ticket, and go out to eat at a restaurant, and then take the subway to see one of our shows, supporting other workers across other sectors.

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We are asking to see the FY22 program to eliminate the gap cut to the Cultural Development Fund restored as we find a way through [INAUDIBLE 03:20:05] ... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time.

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RISA SHOUP: endemic phase of the pandemic and continued constraints, unearned income, and the end of relief funding.

Additionally, I am asking for a restoration of our Council initiatives and a restoration of the \$35 million of FY22 funding, which for my member theaters and I, will provide critical resources we need to rebound endemic phase of the pandemic.

I am also asking for more equitable funding practices and more funding overall as has been eloquently demanded by my colleagues Shade Lythcott, Alejandra Duque Cifuentes, and others to support theaters and other cultural institutions that are led by and serve communities of color. These institutions are at the forefront of artistic and administrative practice, but their access to funding lags far behind their creativity and innovation.

Thank you for listening to us and for your leadership and support. If any of you would like to

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tour one facilities or tour one of our member
theaters located in your district, I welcome you to
reach out to me. We would love to see you at the
theater.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

Uhm, our next panelist will be Francine Garber-Cohen from The Regina Opera Company, Inc.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

FRANCINE GARBER-COHEN: Hi, I am I am Fran Garber-Cohen, President of Regina Opera, a small-budget organization. For 52 years, Regina Opera Company, based in Sunset Park, an underserved and low income BIPOC community, has offered fully-staged operas with full orchestra, and many free concerts in parks, libraries, and festivals mostly in Sunset Park.

We provide affordable entertainment in accessible venues for audience members who may not otherwise attend live performances. The performances bring happiness and empathy to our audiences, and bring people together, especially Senior Citizens which make up about 65% of our audience. The need for this cultural enrichment is reflected in the facts that over 4000 people usually attend our live performances

to COVID to still enjoy music.

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS each season, and we have had about 40,000 views of our online operatic and instrumental programming, allowing people who are avoiding public contact due

Regina Opera Company, as did most other cultural organizations, has suffered greatly in the past two years due to the COVID pandemic. We need to return New York City to its prior strength as a Cultural Capital. A slower recovery for arts and culture will extend the length of recovery for the many industries the creative economy affects.

To accomplish this, we request that the PEG cut funding of 2022 be restored.

As the Council determines its budget priorities for FY23, we are here to ask for the support of all Council Initiatives and additional funding for New York City Cultural Community.

In addition, I'd like to stress that cultural equity is central to a thriving culture and city. Underserved and underfunded areas in New York City deserve an equitable share of the funding. This will help all of us, especially us in Sunset... TALK)

2 FRANCINE GARBER-COHEN: especially us in Sunset

3 Park to return to normal.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony. And, just a reminder, you can submit written testimony, uh, as much as you'd like, and up to 72 hours after the hearing.

Our next panelist, we have one more on this panel, is Aya Ester Hayishi from The People's Theater Project, thank you.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time starts now.

AYA ESTER HAYISHI: Good afternoon, Council Member Ossé, committee members. Thank you for your advocacy and leadership on behalf of the Arts and Culture community and for communities of color as we approach the pandemic's second anniversary.

My name is Aya Ester Hayishi, I am the

Development Director at People's Theater Project,

also known at PTP. We are the largest performing

arts organization in Manhattan north of Harlem and

steering committee member of LxNY.

At PTP, we create theater with and for immigrant communities to build a more just and equitable world.

As an immigrant and Latino led organization, our neighbors of all ages and backgrounds in Washington

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2 Heights, Inwood, and The Bronx trust and rely upon us.

At PTP, theater is our tool in the work of social justice amplifying and humanizing the stories of New York City immigrants. We do this through the work of the PTP Company, our multi-generational, multilingual ensemble of all immigrant artists of color.

Through our six year PTP Academy for Leadership
Theater and Activism, and our PTP partnerships at
schools and CBOs, we serve over a 1,000 immigrant
youth and children every year.

Free of charge to all families, our programs guide these young people through a journey of self-discovery and celebration of their cultures.

The creative economy generates a \$110 billion dollars in economic activity, a number that far out [INAUDIBLE 03:25:05] that the City invests in to our sector. Today we join the demand for a designated \$100 million fund for BIPOC arts and cultural entities. And, we are 0.1% of The Mayor's proposed budget.

We also ask that you restore funding added at an option last year. Without the latter, our sector will face in essence a \$20 million cut, which will

2 affect PTP and so many other small and midsize
3 organizations in our City.

Art heals. Immigrant stories are New York City's stories. Help us bring our city to a place of flourishing in a way that only arts organization of color can.

Thank you for this opportunity to testify.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

That concludes this panel. Uhm, so, if the Chair or any council members have questions, if they don't we... I do not see any hands, so we will move to the next panel.

Thank you again.

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The next panel will be... I will name everybody on the panel, all the panelists, and then we will take questions at the end from council members or Chair.

Olympia Kazi, Adina Applebaum, Devin Mathis, and apologies, Marc Ribot will be in this next panel.

So, with that, Miss Kazi, uh, when the sergeant calls the clock, you may begin your testimony, thank you.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

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OLYMPIA KAZI: Thank you very much for the opportunities to testify today.

So, my name is Olympia Kazi, I am a founding member of the New York City Actor's Coalition and the Music Workers Alliance, and for the last four years, I also served as the Vice Chair of the first ever Nightlife Advisory Board.

You know, every time I come to these hearing, it breaks my heart. So, about this year, what I wanted to make sure that you don't forget, are the workers that were extremely impacted and did not qualify for a lot of the relief -- especially music workers that had to tour after the pandemic and unemployment insurance has expired, and they ended up losing more money and remaining stranded in other states and in other countries, and they lost more money.

So, I really hope that you are going to help the New York City Artists Corps 2.0, and this time around we are going to get it right.

And, so, last year, we helped some people, but we did not focus on the impacted performing artists. So, I want to make sure that this time around there is a New York City Artist Corp 2.0, and that it does prioritize impacted performing artists, uh, who were

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learning their living as artists before the pandemic,
and we hope that we will be able to continue now and
after.

The second thing I wanted this committee to consider is beyond DCLA, we should also be talking to The Mayor's Office of Median and Entertainment. We should be looking at programs instead of having to give relief after. Let's institute a Pandemic Touring Insurance Fund — a pilot project that we could start and fund already this year. This way artists don't have to accrue debt and then seek relief next year.

Last but not least, I want to make sure that we are collecting some data so DCLA and [INAUDIBLE 03:28:12] had committed to do a music census before the pandemic, but that never came through. So, if we could invest also in a little bit of data about the art workforce that would be fantastic.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify today, and, you know, welcome to the new Chair.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

The next witness will be Adina Applebaum. You may begin when the... (CROSS-TALK)

2 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: sergeant calls the clock.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

ADINA APPLEBAUM: Thank you, Chair Ossé, thank you committee members, my name is Adina Applebaum, I am the Development Manager at The Center for Fiction, which is a home for storytelling that brings diverse communities together as readers and writers to share a passion for fiction.

We are a 200-year-old organization. We recently relocated from Manhattan to Fort Greene in 2019.

Through our programming we spotlight local authors, and we host events about cultural and social issues.

One recent event we held with Ian Manuel and Yusef Salaam was about their experiences of incarnation and the role that literature played in helping them survive.

In addition to public events, our programming includes emerging writer fellowships, which help talented writers publish debut novels, and adult writing workshops, and reading groups.

Today, I am honored to tell you more about our programming for young readers KidsRead / KidsWrite.

Our KidsRead / KidsWrite programming annually serves

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students from New York City Public Schools in grades 3 through 12. Our collaborative programming connects young people with dynamic writers who share their backgrounds and experiences. And, we work with teachers to figure out which writers and programming makes the most sense with their curriculum and will connect the most with their students.

We provide students with free books, reading groups, and writing workshops with the goal of empowering them to tell their own stories. And a huge percentage of our students live in shelters. And, at one of our recent partner schools on Staten Island the percentage of students living in shelters was %14 and loved below the poverty line. So, for them books can unfortunately an unaffordable luxury, and giving them books of their own to keep and read and talk about -- about characters whose lives resemble them or characters from completely different worlds opens new possibilities and also reminds them that their stories are valued. And that is really at the heart of what we do.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

ADINA APPLEBAUM: Teachers have told us that our programing draws out new voices and perspectives, and

authors with whom we partner have called the

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experience extraordinary. And, we do offer artists

4 an honorarium for partnering with us, so we are

supporting them financially as well.

We believe that creating interests in telling stories for children has never been more important, and as with so many of our peers, we have suffered devastating losses from the COVID pandemic. So, as we begin to reemerge it's only with your support that we can assure a strong future for storytelling, for readers, of writers of all ages, and make sure that children have books and stories that both speak to an expand their experience.

Thank you so much for the opportunity to testify today.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

The next panelist will be, uh, Devin Mathis, thank you.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

DEVIN MATHIS: Hello, thank you, uh, my name is

Devin Mathis, I am the Executive Director of

UrbanGlass in Fort Greene, and I am submitting

testimony today on behalf of The New Coalition of

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INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS Culturals in City Buildings. Our coalition consists of 13 organizations with operating budgets ranging from \$500,000 to \$16 million and was born six years ago under the common umbrella of Culturals operating out of City owned buildings who are not CIGs.

But, with the help of [INAUDIBLE 03:32:14] and Council Member Cumbo, we were able to successfully advocate the DCLA to provide us with energy subsidies that boost our operational capacity and thereby safeguard a delivery of diverse cultural programs.

We also came together, because we all have a collective obligation to our communities and the City properties which we operate and steward.

We have made and continue make long term investments in these City properties. The energy subsidy has been an immense help for all of us and has enabled us to continue our important work. subsidy really has been a lifeline, and with the change in both The Commissioner, Associate Commissioner, and Cultural Committee Chair, we wanted to make sure that you knew about this important funding and its history.

The New Coalition of Culturals in City Owned Buildings cares after populations and neighborhoods

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others in need.

historically underserved by larger cultural
institutions. Together we engage nearly two million
New Yorkers, many of us who are able to distribute
food, water, and PPE supplies to our neighbors and
essential workers and others within our coalition we
are able to open our lobbies to provide temporary

cooling places and bathrooms for protestors and

We are more than just art spaces. We are a legacy organizations that have commitment to the neighborhoods where we are located. We are anchor institutions which are really important during times of disruptions and challenge. Our communities need us more than ever.

For each of us, the energy subsidy... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

DEVIN MATHIS: is a significant part of our budget. And, I am going to skip ahead [INAUDIBLE 03:33:52] very quickly. Uh, for the communities we serve and the artists who create within our spaces, losing this funding, which would negatively impact our ability to stay within and continue functioning would... It's not just a problem, it's a crisis.

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We are asking you for your continued advocacy on the energy subsidies of New Coalition of Culturals in City Owned Buildings. The energy subsidy was a hard won victory, and if it is dropped from the budget it is unlikely to return. Please keep the energy

Thank you again for your time and all that you do to advocate for the arts.

Thank you so much for your testimony.

subsidy for The New Coalition whole.

We have one more person on this panel, uhm, Marc Ribot you may begin with the sergeant calls the clock.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

MARC RIBOT: Thank you very much. My name is Marc Ribot, I am a musician, a touring indie musician, and I am with the Music Workers Alliance, which is dedicated to the empowerment of indie musicians.

And, I would like to underline my support for everything that Olympia Kazi had said. We need -- in terms of policy -- to refund New York City Artist Corp, but we need to fix the problems that prevented that program from benefitting working musicians last time. It was open to any self-defined artist, whether they had ever worked or not as an artist or

until... I can't get on a plane and come home.

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So, we need to... If we want the real economy of New York musicians, we need to do that pilot project to offer insurance and to do the research so that... MOME'S report was wonderful -- it omits music as an export -- we can't benefit -- we can't return without

Thank you.

understanding the real economy.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: thank you so much for your testimony.

That concludes this panel, and thank you to everyone for our testimony.

I am just checking for council member hands, or Chair if anybody has questions for this panel?

Okay, so, I am not seeing hands, so with that, we will move to the next panel.

Uhm, so, I will name the panelists... the witnesses and then call you one by one.

The next panelists will be Sami... and apologies in advance for any pronunciation issues, Sami Abu Shumays from Flushing Town Hall, Rocky Bucano from Universal Hip Hop Museum, and David Freudenthal from Carnegie Hall.

Uh, so Sami Abu Shumays, you begin your testimony when the sergeant calls the clock.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

SAMI ABU SHUMAYS: Thank you, Chair Ossé and members of the committee, for the opportunity to testify. I am Sami Abu Shumays, Deputy Director of Flushing Town Hall, a member of the Cultural Institutions group and a member of the Latinx Arts Consortium of New York -- LxNY.

The preliminary budget for the Department of Cultural Affairs (DCLA) for FY23 represents a significant funding cut - more than 50% of our City funding.

As one of the smallest CIGs, our baselined funding is \$375,292, a figure that hasn't increased for over a decade. Instead, for the last several years we have depended on the "one time" increases added at budget adoption and a bunch of initiatives including CTC and Supplemental Support to be whole bringing our total operating support has been about \$800,000 -- a figure that is comparable to what we were getting in 2008 before the financial crash.

So, it has taken us 14 years to get back to where we were. And, at the same time, uh, during a time when we had to lay off people initially and have

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gradually built back the organization. We don't have

a base of wealth to suffer these cuts.

So, I am here with three requests:

First that the council restore the fiscal 22 \$35 million -- as a bunch of people have said.

Second, that those increases baseline. The uncertainty... So, for us more than 50% of City funding is not baselined. It's crazy.

And, then third, Consider significant increases beyond the \$35 million. DCLA support is incredibly inequitable across the five boroughs, uh, with one estimate being that Manhattan receives 10 times the per capita funding as Queens and five times the per capita funding of Brooklyn. We don't want to see any organization cut to restore equity, The People's Cultural Plan in 2017 said that a figure \$270 million would create equity across the City, uh -- Shade Lythcott -- I want shout out to what she said, \$1 billion dollars. One percent of the City Budget is what we really need. Those are the numbers that we should be talking about. That would really make us... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

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2 SAMI ABU SHUMAYS: the cultural capitol that we 3 should be.

Thank you very much.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony. The next panelist will be Rocky Bucano from the Universal Hip Hop Museum.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

ROCKY BUCANO: Good afternoon, Chairman Ossé and esteem City Council members of the Cultural Affairs Committee.

I am Rocky Bucano, President and Executive

Director of the Universal Hip Hop Museum, the

Bronx, and New York City's newest and most diverse

cultural institution.

The Universal Hip Hop Museum serves as the cultural anchor of the Bronx Point Development, which features 100% affordable housing in the Mott Haven section of the Bronx.

The journey to establish a permanent home for Hip Hop began 12 years ago. Construction of the Universal Hip Hop Museum's 53,000 square feet state of the art building began construction last year during the height of the global COVID pandemic.

Despite the challenges of building a new cultural

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2 institution during a global pandemic, the museum's construction is on track to open in 2024.

I am here to request \$8 million in new capital funding, to support design and construction related to the museum's interior fit out and \$175,000 in discretionary funding to support the museum's cultural and educational programs. The City's investment is vital to the museum's continued growth, development, and ongoing construction.

When the Universal Hip Hop Museum opens in 2024, it will become New York City's newest global cultural attraction drawing hundreds of thousands of visitors annually from around the world uptown to the Bronx. This increased tourism will generate millions of dollars in revenue and help local small business owners realize new revenue. The Universal Hip Hop Museum's construction has already created new jobs and will create many new employment opportunities in the years to come. There is no doubt that the Universal Hip Hop Museum's economic impact on The Bronx will be transformative.

Since Universal Hip Hop Museum's journey began, we have produced a variety of educational, cultural, and social justice programs serving

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students and educators from the city's five boroughs. This year, the Universal Hip Hop Museum's is producing a Hip Hop Physics program for...

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time.

(CROSS-TALK)

ROCKY BUCANO: New York City middle school and high school students. We are also introducing a new program called Shoot Cameras, Not Guns, designed to help reduce gun violence committed by both young men and young women who live in under-resourced communities.

I thank you for allowing me to testify today. COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

The final member of this panel will be David Freudenthal from Carnegie Hall, thank you, and you may begin your testimony.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

DAVID FREUDENTHAL: Hi, everybody, I just want to say how honored I am to be in a space with all of these extraordinary arts professionals in City government, in the sector, all playing together to support this field.

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Thank you, Mr. Chair, and thank you to members

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of the committee.

Uh, Carnegie Hall is another proud member of the CIG, and we just want to lend our voice to underscore Coco Killingsworth's testimony, you know, and the calls from our colleagues in the arts and cultural sector for increased investment in 2023.

As you have heard, I won't take you through them again, but, you know, it's a massive and robust need and we are grateful for your attention to it.

For Carnegie Hall, our public service mission is central to why and how we exist. And there's a lot happening on our stages. Uh, I just wanted to talk quickly about, you know, some of our partnerships with the City as demonstration that, you know, CIGs big and small are all deeply committed, uh, to serving New Yorkers and supporting our cultural colleagues. Our citywide festivals, our partnerships with cultural organizations around the City, we are super excited about our Afrofuturism Festival this year, which is happening right now, as well as our Carnegie Hall Citywide, which are free community concerts in partnerships all around

CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: No more questions for me.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Okay, thank you so much.

Uhm, so with that, we are actually moving to our final panel today. I am just watching for council member questions, and I don't see any hands. So, we will move forward.

The members of that panel will be Cheryl Warfield and Lisa Alpert.

So, Miss Warfield, I will call you and you may begin your testimony when the Sergeant calls the clock.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

CHERYL WARFIELD: Good afternoon, thank you,

Speaker Adams, Chair Ossé, and committee members for
hearing my testimony.

I am Cheryl Warfield, a union opera singer, independent producer of work about the Black Experience, and founder of ADVANCE/MORE Opera a community based nonprofit that presents concerts and educational cultural outreach to youth and families.

I speak today to remind The Council that arts and culture have and continue to provide a guiding light towards the City's recovery, and that small BIPOC organizations like mine strive to provide services in the trenches where we are most needed.

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I testify in solidarity with New Yorkers for Cultural and Arts, New York's cultural institution groups, The Coalition for Theaters of Color, and

Community based arts and culture organizations.

I am entreat The Council to mobilize and support arts and culture with substantial investment in historically under resourced neighborhoods.

A fund earmarked to target underserved neighborhoods would bring the benefits of cultural assets where they are most needed. Investing in cultural centers in these neighborhoods can and will improve the vitality, safety, and strength of these communities and their families. Such investment will strengthen New York overall.

To that end, we ask that the fiscal 2022 PEG cuts to the Cultural Development Fund be restored.

Regarding Council priorities for fiscal 2023, we ask for a restoration of all Council initiatives and the restoration of \$35 million of fiscal 2022 funding, an additional \$50 million is needed for the cultural community. Cultural equity is central to every part of this ask, as we envision an equitable and thriving culture and City that benefits all.

Let's continue the conversation... (CROSS-TALK)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

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CHERYL WARFIELD: in coming weeks regarding these asks and to elaborate on the benefits for all New Yorkers that equitable and adequate funding will provide.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony. And, I apologize, I left one person off this panel that's my mistake. So, it will be...

Sorry, the last person on this panel will be Alton Aimable. And apologies for any pronunciation.

So, with that we will call the next person on this panel, apologies, one moment, uhm, Lisa, apologies, I am just making sure that I'm not missing anyone else very quickly and just checking. And, we will check for anyone we've missed at the end.

Uhm, okay, so with that, we will move to Lisa Alpert, and then Mr. Aimable, you will be the last member of this panel. Thank you very much.

Miss Alpert, you may begin your testimony when the sergeant calls the clock.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Apologies, we might have lost the witness.

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Uhm, so we will just to the next person on the panel, Mr. Aimable, we will move to you next if you're ready to submit your testimony. You may begin when the sergeant calls the clock.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

ALTON AIMABLE: Alright, cool. Uhm, I am Alton Aimable, President and Founder of Tropicalfete. We are a cultural arts organization. We do programming mainly in Brooklyn. But one of the things I wanted focus on is the importance of culture and how it could affect someone's well-being.

So, coming out of the pandemic, I was asking some of the students what did coming back mean to them? And, one of the common things I heard, uh, coming back in to program -- we teach [INAUDIBLE 03:50:17] we teach skills, uh, dance, both to youth and seniors -- was the word depression. It just helped them tremendously just to get back. I know the coronavirus had us shut down for a little while, but we were still able to move virtually. And, just having that connection with another human being to express your culture, I just want to state how important those things are.

with the libraries, we have done a lot of programs

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2 Another fact I would like to bring up is, working

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4 with the Brooklyn Public Library, we have festival

coming for Caribbean Heritage Month in June, so

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funding the libraries, funding small cultural

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institutions like us to partner up with major

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cultural institutions is something that, you know, I

would like to you guys to consider, and to just keep

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making it happen with the funding that you guys have

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provided us.

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So, thanks to all of the council members who have

supported us, and hopefully that funding will

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continue for us and for other cultural institutions.

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Thanks, if you have any questions, I'll be happy

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to answer.

this panel.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

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Uhm, and also, Miss Alpert has now logged in.

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So, we will go back to Lisa Alpert and then conclude

Uh, so, Miss Alpert, you may begin when the

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sergeant calls the clock.

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time starts now.

program, which is now in its second year, and this

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

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LISA ALPERT: uh, for this year's budget, Green-Wood has two asks in front of The City Council, a discretionary ask to support our large scale, free public programming, including Juneteenth and Día de los Muertos, Battle of Brooklyn Day, etc. And, second we are seeking capitol for our Education and Welcome Center, which will allow us to serve more Brooklynites, more New Yorkers year round with our

So, we are excited to support your vision for cultural programming in New York City and we just look forward to meeting with you and working with you to support our shared New York community.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your testimony.

educational and cultural programming.

So, Chair, this concludes the end of this panel, and this includes all of our public witnesses.

So, we will do one final check, if there is anybody we missed? But, this will otherwise conclude the public portion of our hearing.

Uh, if there is anyone we missed, if you could please use the Zoom Raise Hand Function? I'm just checking, and just making sure that there's nobody else.

THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEE CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND 1 209 INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS And, if there are any council members who had 2 3 questions for this panel, apologies. I am not seeing anyone. Uh, so, Chair there are 4 no members of the public who would like to testify, so this concludes public testimony. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you very much. Thank you. Brenda, and thank you to everyone that testified both 8 from the libraries and from every cultural institution and [INAUDIBLE 03:55:12] that also did 10 11 attend. 12 And, without further ado, I will close us out. [GAVELING OUT] [GAVEL SOUND] 13 CHAIRPERSON OSSÉ: Thank you, everyone. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 2.2 23

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 15, 2022