CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

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March 13, 2025 Start: 1:01 p.m. Recess: 3:10 p.m.

HELD AT: Committee Room - City Hall

B E F O R E: Eric Dinowitz

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Erik D. Bottcher Gale A. Brewer Oswald Feliz

Christopher Marte

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Alicia Alvero CUNY Interim Executive Vice Chancellor and University Provost

Hector Batista
CUNY Executive Vice Chancellor and Chief
Operating Officer

Sherif Soliman
CUNY Senior Vice Chancellor for Budget and
Finance and Chief Financial Officer

Sascha Owen
CUNY Senior Vice Chancellor for Strategy and
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James Davis
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Madison Pickney
New York Lawyers for the Public Interest

Samantha Ventura
Bronx Community College

Dainma Martinez
Hostos Community College

Davia Willis
CUNY University Student Senate

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Akkeem Polack
York College Student, Student Government
President

Tahisha Fields Baruch College

Daniel Reden CUNY

Christopher Leon Johnson

John Jara CUNY

Sharon Brown

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Good afternoon and welcome to the New York City Council hearing of the Committee on Higher Education. At this time, can everybody please silence your cell phones? If you wish to testify, please go to the back of the room to fill out a testimony slip. At this time and going forward, no one is to approach the dais. I repeat, no one is to approach to approach the dais. Chair, we are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. Good afternoon everyone. I'm Council Member Eric Dinowitz, Chair of the Committee on Higher Education, proud CUNY alum, proud husband of a CUNY alum, proud brother of a CUNY alum, proud son of a CUNY-- we're a CUNY family, you could tell. Welcome to today's hearing on the City's Fiscal 2026 Preliminary Budget for the City University of New York, CUNY. CUNY's Fiscal 2026 Preliminary Budget totals \$1.28 billion which includes a funding of \$916 million in personnel services to support over 6,000 fulltime positions and nearly \$370 million in other than personnel services spending. In this preliminary plan, CUNY's budget has decreased by roughly \$85 million compared to last year's Adopted Budget. The difference is mainly the

result of various CUNY programs not funded in Fiscal
2026, as well as the absence of a partial restoration
to the program to eliminate the gap, the PEG. CUNY
has great and really impactful important programs
like Reconnect, ASAP and ACE. They're essential to
ensuring that higher education remains accessible to
all New Yorkers. The return on investment is clear,
and we must continue to prioritize groups that uplift
underserved and marginalized communities. CUNY
consists of 25 colleges throughout all five boroughs.
At today's hearing we will examine the University
capital budget to ensure that it provides equity for
repairs and maintenance across all colleges. I would
like to emphasize the serious need for innovation at
CUNY Hostos in the Bronx. I look forward to hearing
about other CUNY colleges that are in need of
structural capital improvements as well. It is
imperative that our campuses are kept up-to-date and
attract new students, ensure safety and academic
success for all. CUNY plays a vital role in
encouraging New Yorkers to pursue higher education
which contributes to making New York City vibrant.
Regardless of the actions by the federal government,
CUNY must continue to prioritize its mission of

2	encouraging all potential students to access higher
3	education. Programs like the Black Male Initiative
4	and a Search for Education Elevation and Knowledge,
5	or SEEK program, must be prioritized by not only
6	CUNY, but by the mayoral administration as well. At
7	today's hearing we hope to hear about the funding
8	changes in this preliminary plan, CUNY's fiscal 2026
9	budget needs, and CUNY's current vacancies. We will
10	seek clarity on the impact of the federal
11	administration's policies that may impact grants
12	allocated to CUNY research. Furthermore among other
13	topics, we will analyze the proposed New York State
14	Fiscal 2026 Executive Budget allocation to some CUNY
15	programs. CUNY has the power to bring positive
16	change to New York City, and we must continue to fund
17	creative programs to better serve existing students
18	and attract the perspective ones. In the Speaker's
19	2025 State of the City she advocated for a couple of
20	new initiatives, including CUNY Flex. We will
21	question the University to know whether they align
22	with these proposed initiatives and how the budget
23	prioritizes them as we move forward to the Executive
24	Budget. I wish to thank our committee staff for
25	their work in preparing for this budget hearing,

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including Allie Stofer [sp?], Florentine Kabore[sp?], Regina Paul, Julie Goldsmith-Pinkham [sp?], and my Budget and Legislation Director, Adam Staropoli[sp?]. I would like to remind everyone who wishes to testify in-person today that you must fill out an appearance card which is located at the Sergeant of Arms near the entrance of the room. Please fill it out even if you have already registered to testify in advance. To allow as many people as possible to testify, public testimony will be limited to two minutes per person. Please note that witnesses who are here will testify before those on Zoom. Colleagues will limit their questions and comments to five minutes. In accordance to the rules of the Council, I will administer the affirmation to the witnesses from CUNY. Please raise your right hand. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this committee and to respond honestly to Council Member's questions? Thank you. As a reminder to all of our witnesses, please state your name prior to the testimony for the record.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: Good afternoon, Chair Dinowitz and members of the City

because you understand the value we bring to each

community in the five boroughs. Each year, over 80

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percent of our 50,000 graduates choose to stay in the City, enriching every sector of the workforce and fostering economic and civic growth that benefits the City and State. CUNY alumni in New York generate approximately \$70 billion in annual earnings and contribute nearly five percent to the State's GDP. Moreover, when considering their enhanced future earnings and the tax revenues they generate, each taxpayer dollar invested in CUNY yields a return of at least \$15 dollars for New York State. Over the past year, CUNY has continued to earn recognition for its unwavering commitment to academic opportunity, affordability, and excellence, and its role as the nation's most potent engine of upward economic and social mobility. One of our most important advances is the CUNY Transfer initiative which has revolutionized the transition process for students moving from community colleges to four-year programs. We have developed a tool that allows every student to view their transferred credits immediately upon acceptance into a college before enrolling, allowing them to make more informed decisions about their academic path. Faculty have also aligned six of the most common transfer majors, accounting, computer

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science, biology, mathematics, psychology, and sociology, ensuring that the most transfer students retain credits in their majors. This is just the beginning. We will continue to streamline practices and policies to remove obstacles to credit transfer, decreasing students' time to graduation and saving them an average of \$1,220 in tuition. CUNY has also continued to strengthen career pathways for students and partnered with employers to address workforce needs for the City and the State. We now have more than 31,000 employers of every size in every field, actively recruiting in the CUNY system. And with support from public and private partners, we've connected more than 16,000 students directly to paid internships in the last three years in addition to students who landed internships on their own. Meanwhile, over 100 of our academic departments have begun incorporating career-infused degree maps to help students reach milestones tailored to their majors as part of their course planning. To give you a few specific examples of our advancements in career development, over the past year we expanded a cityfunded health career credential initiative and expanded our healthcare education programs, including

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a new online certificate in nuclear medicine, LPN to RN programs, and a new Nurse Fellowship Academy. University secured funding for a midwifery graduate program and is advancing plans for a genetic counseling program at Hunter. Innovation grants for AI in healthcare and many residency programs are part of our drive to sharpen our focus on faculty research and innovation. This spring, we are preparing for the fall launch of CUNY Beyond, our campus roadmap for career success, connecting classrooms to careers throughout our students' academic journeys. wide-ranging strategy makes CUNY the first system in the country that will scale up approaches that we know work at every step of a student's academic journey. These approaches include working with high schools to offer career-connected college courses, introducing career discussion and orientations and first-year seminars, embedding careers in curriculum, expanding paid internships, and growing our engagement with employers. The CUNY Reconnect initiative, the brainchild of Speaker Adams, has quickly become a transformative force in expanding educational access for adult learners seeking to return to college to complete a degree or earn a

credential. CUNY Reconnect removes barriers to re-
enrollment including forgiveness of prior balances
and provides comprehensive support services,
including academic advisement, career counseling and
other critical resources. Now in its third year,
CUNY Reconnect has enrolled over 47,000 students
across the university with more than 8,400 graduates
now contributing to the City's workforce. But this
initiative is not just about degrees. It's about
empowering everyday New Yorkers, particularly Black,
Hispanic and female students who make up the majority
of enrollees with opportunities that lift their
families and communities. Also this year, CUNY's
pioneering ASAP program recruited it's largest new
cohort since 2019/2020, welcoming 11,590 new
students. The program is now serving 22,450 students
across fall and spring. To address the range of
student needs and provide tailored wraparound
services to even more of our students, CUNY will
launch ASAP for part-time students in fall 2025. The
ASAP model also continues to inspire other public
university systems across the country. Most
recently, Arnold Ventures invested \$35 million to
launch ASAP replications at 15 colleges across North

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Carolina Community College system, and SUNY has launched ASAP and ACE system wide. ACE, the sister program of ASAP, supports nearly 3,000 students across seven CUNY senior colleges and continues to demonstrate strong outcomes. Students in the program achieved a four-year graduation rate, 12.4 percent points higher than qualifying students who did not participate with notable differences observed among students of color. A recent report from Columbia University Center on Poverty and Social Policy found net benefits of nearly \$43,000 per CUNY ACE participant, primarily driven by greater lifetime earnings. The study also found an average benefit of over \$125,000 for the children of ACE participants, quantifying the intergenerational benefits of postsecondary education. These achievements reflects CUNY's success as a national leader in providing educational opportunity and social mobility to people of all backgrounds. This year, CUNY campuses once again dominated national rankings of colleges that deliver the best return on investment. Forbes named nine of our colleges to its list of the 25 colleges with the highest payoff, and CUNY schools counted for five of the top 10 on the Wall Street Journal's list

2 of best value colleges. Another facet of our 3 university's core mission is our work to advance inquiry and discovery in the public interest. CUNY's 4 5 research efforts, many of which directly benefit the communities where we all work and live have seen 6 7 remarkable growth. In fiscal year 2024, University expenditures of external grant funds totaled \$622 8 million, an increase of 68 percent since 2014. American Council on Education and Carnegie Foundation 10 11 maintain the graduate center's designation as an R1 institution, the premier status for very high 12 research activity. Hunter College joined City 13 14 College as an R2 institution, marking the first time 15 two CUNY colleges have achieved that status. 16 other CUNY senior colleges were named into a new 17 classification, research colleges and universities, 18 highlighting the university's growing impact in the 19 research community and expansion of research opportunities. These advances come amid a climate of 20 great uncertainty in federal funding for university-21 based research. We want our City leaders to know 2.2 2.3 that we remain fully committed to our faculty researchers, their students and the work they do 24 every day to advance discovery and knowledge. 25

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also committed to adding opportunities for all of our students. We are proud to announce that the spring 2025 implementation of CUNY Accommodate, our new student disability management system. This platform will streamline the management of requests for accommodations and services provided by disability services offices on every campus. It offers an accessible mobile-friendly way for students to initiate accommodation requests, schedule appointments with campus disability offices, and access resources across CUNY. Faculty will use CUNY Accommodate to manage students' accommodation requests efficiently, ensuring that all students have the opportunity to succeed. Building on this commitment, the Black Male Initiative has increased the enrollment, retention, and graduation rates of under-represented students through targeted academic and social assistance. To sustain and expand these positive outcomes, it is essential to maintain such critical support systems, ensuring all students regardless of background have the resources and encouragement that they need to thrive. Our childcare centers are crucial for student parents across our campuses. These centers provide a safe environment

2	for children, enabling parents to focus on their
3	studies and achieve academic success. Addressing
4	food insecurity also remains an ongoing and critical
5	concern. Last year, our food access program served
6	over 13,000 students and demand continues to grow.
7	This work is crucial so that no student has to choose
8	between their education and basic necessities.
9	Addressing the mental health needs of our student
10	body is another top priority. Our student veterans
11	benefit from dedicated peer mentorship programs and
12	essential services designed to meet their unique
13	needs. Your continued support will enable us to build
14	on these successes and ensure that all CUNY students
15	have access to the resources they need to thrive.
16	CUNY continues to strengthen its partnership with the
17	New York City Public Schools through initiatives like
18	College and Career Bridge for All, College and Career
19	Advising Fellows, College Now, and Future Ready. Last
20	year, these programs helped nearly 55,000 graduating
21	high school seniors with post-secondary planning and
22	financial aid. The programs employ recent CUNY
23	graduates with full-time college advisors and enable
24	more than 28,000 students a year to earn college
25	credits through college preparatory courses.

last year with a clear picture of the difficult

financial challenges faced by CUNY and our plan to
stabilize the financial at CUNY. Tackling CUNY's
structure definitely has been and continues to be a
top priority. The structure deficits largely driven
by sharp, post-pandemic enrollment declines and
unfunded mandatory costs the university had to absorb
for several years. Another factor is the reduction
of funding for community college due to the Program
to Eliminate the Gap, or PEGs, which also affect
college budget. With a detailed review of campus
financial plans, sound decision-making, and close
collaboration with campus community, we have made
considerable progress, but there's more to do. The
progress we made on the expense side of the ledger
has involved hard but necessary decisions at campus
level. We developed a framework for assessing
college financial targets and across-the-board
savings plans. These were hard to undertake, but we
did what we needed to do to make sure we stabilize
those colleges. These targeted approaches examine
key indicators such as the presence of cash deficit,
the size of a college structure deficit connected to
the budget, and the campus overall reserves. After
evaluating college financial conditions based on

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these indicators, nine colleges were deemed to be of high financial concerns, which meant that we had to subject those colleges with heightened restriction and deficit reduction to reduce expenses. continue to work closely with these colleges to improve the financial conditions while focused on a balanced approach to reduce the expenses and generate revenues. University-wide significant reductions of structural deficit has been realized. Among those factors leading to decline on the structural deficit, expensive reductions across the university, additional state aid, and an enrollment uptick. combination of these factors have led to nearly 74 percent reduction in the overall universal structural deficit from \$234 million in fiscal year 2022 to an estimated \$62 million projected at the end of this fiscal year 2025, as of the first quarter. year's enrollment growth was up two percent, and for the last two years increased by 5.2, or almost 12,000 students. This translates into additional revenue. It is estimated that for every percent of enrollment generates \$13.8 million of revenue. We enter this budget cycle with goals of sustaining our momentum, but we recognize the uncertainty that exists,

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including actions at the federal level that can have a direct impact on CUNY or an indirect impact on increased pressures for the City and the State That is why we're doubling down on our budget. efficiency strategy. We're implementing various system-wide share service initiative, centralizing IT functions to benefit from economy of scale. We're pursuing effective [sic] deployment of maintenance and repair teams to campuses. We're consolidating contracts to negotiate better pricing. We're streamlining tuition and fees and collections. for these initiatives include upfront investment required to build the infrastructure that we need in order to undertake these very important initiatives. We hope that by implementing these initiatives we're going to start to see some of the efficiency by Fiscal Year 2026. I will now turn to the Preliminary Budget and the impact on the operating budget. this time last year, we had a ratified collective bargaining agreement with a label representing our classified staff. This year, we're pleased that we have ratified collective bargaining agreement for the faculty unit of the professional staff congress. thank the Administration for including \$13.8 million

2	in the November Plan to support the classified staff
3	contract and for including \$11.2 million in the
4	Preliminary Budget for ongoing costs associated with
5	this contract. We thank the Administration in
6	advance for funding the PSC contract, and we look
7	forward to its inclusion in the upcoming Executive
8	Budget. We're also grateful for funding in the
9	November Plan and prior plans for labor costs
10	associated with new collective bargaining agreements
11	for skilled trade persons employed by CUNY. Now, the
12	PEGs restoration is not included in the Preliminary
13	Budget. The baseline PEG for fiscal year 2026 is
14	estimated to grow to \$95.5 million which represents
15	15 percent of the entire contribution of our
16	operating budget. The PEGs have had continue to
17	have a significant impact on CUNY Community College.
18	As we testified last year, the PEGs have had an
19	impact on everything from academic advisement,
20	financial aid, counseling, library hours, facility
21	maintenance, and more. These critical networks are
22	essential for CUNY's ability to track and retain
23	students. We all witnesses the [inaudible] and roll
24	out of the Free Application Federal Student Aid, or
25	FAFSA. University across the country were scrambling

around to engage students in their enrollment to make
sure it didn't have an impact. This had a shock to a
lot of those systems. Counselors are extremely
important to making sure that these students are able
to get the financial aid information that they need
in order to remain in school. our top priority for
this budget cycle is to restore as much of the PEGs
as possible, and we're in communication with OMB for
the need to return to the tie [sic] and to ensure
that the students' success is at the forefront of
everything that we do. We thank you for your
advocacy of numerous programs at CUNY. We look
forward to engaging with you, your colleagues, to
include funding for the Adopted Budget, for programs
for our students such as CUNY Reconnect, ASAP, ACE,
funding for food insecurity, childcare, and more, as
Provost Alvero mentioned in her testimony. Lastly,
let me turn to our facilities. As you know, CUNY has
set an ambitious goal to bring our facilities to 55
percent of our facilities to a state of good repair
by 2030. Work is underway on this goal and much more
needs to be done. We're proud of what we've
accomplished so far. We approximately 27 percent of
our vital building system are in a state of good

2 That's up from 24 percent in prior years. 3 During last year's hearing on facility you heard me 4 discuss our strategy for meeting these goals, 5 including accessing the health of different buildings and components to enable us to make better priorities 6 7 of our capital program. By prioritizing the use of 8 data metrics, we can more efficiently spend our capital dollars and improve our facilities for our students, faculty and staff. Our priority is to 10 11 shape and to be in collaboration with our college community. We're engaging with elected officials as 12 13 they seek to allocate discretionary funding for CUNY 14 projects where we target what's needed to address 15 these very important maintenance in our campus. 16 need to spend an estimated \$200 million a year to 17 bring our community college to a state of good 18 repair. We look forward to working with you to 19 secure funding for this very important budget cycle. 20 CUNY Fiscal Year 2026 Preliminary Budget capital includes \$1.5 billion in city funding, \$4.3 million 21 2.2 in non-city grants in the 10 Year Capital Plan from 2.3 FY2025 through FY2035. CUNY continues to align its capital projects to better schedule and to make sure 24 25 that the project is being done at the same time as

questions.

2	the funds are being available. CUNY is in constant
3	communication with OMB to ensure that those resources
4	continue to be there. In conclusion, I would like to
5	express my gratitude for the City Council for
6	supporting CUNY priorities. We've made tremendous
7	progress in restoring some of our some of the PEG,
8	but we need more. We need to be able to restore some
9	of the PEGs. We need CUNY to be investment into
10	CUNY to make sure that our students continue to have
11	the success they need. CUNY success is the State's
12	success and the City success. We look forward to
13	working to deliver much-needed resources for this
14	invaluable institution. Thank you for the

opportunity to testify. Look forward to your

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you, Vice

Chancellor. I do-- before I begin with my questions

want to highlight something the Provost said which we

have often repeated at these hearings on this

committee is that there is perhaps no better

investment than education, and we as a city have a

moral imperative to invest in the future of our city,

but this is also a fiscal one where-- just to read

again, "a return on investment of at least \$15 for

every dollar invested." Investments the children
of students who engage in the ACE program making
upwards of what was that, \$125,000, \$43,000 of
additional earnings for students engaged with the ACE
program. So these are smart fiscal choices which
also means that when you cut these funds, when the
Administration cuts these funds, we are losing out on
money for our own city. So these are poor financial
choices when we cut CUNY, and that is why we in the
Council are fighting tooth and nail to make sure CUNY
gets the funding it deserves. Again, not just because
of the moral imperative, but we know fiscally as we
talk about a budget, there is perhaps no better
investment than our education system and CUNY. And
given that we've had PEGs over the years in the
Fiscal 25 Adopted Plan, CUNY was allocated \$15
million for a partial PEG restoration for Fiscal 25,
bringing the PEG in fiscal year 25 to roughly \$80
million. This PEG restoration was not included in
the Fiscal 26 Preliminary Plan, which has increased
CUNY's PEG in the fiscal year 26 to roughly \$95.5
million. How is CUNY managing to meet the needs of
their institution, your institution, and your

2 students without the PEG restoration in 26, fiscal
3 year 26?

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SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: Sure, and thank you for the question, Chair. I think that you're right, we were fortunate and we're thankful last year, of course, for the Council's advocacy and then of course for the restoration in the Adopted Budget for one-time funds of \$15 million which really helped us cover our expenses at the community colleges. The structural deficit at the community colleges is still at \$24 million and that is after we were fortunate enough to have the continuation of the community college funding floor at the State level so that we don't backslide with respect to the enrollment decline, and an additional \$5.3 million that was allocated as well in the State budget. between those three pots of revenue that were coming in, the structural deficit is still at \$24 million. So it was helping us cover our expenses. Clearly, there is more to do, and clearly when look at some of the areas certainly referenced in the testimony-- you know, just take a look at the financial aid counselors, for example, the shock to the system for last year with FAFSA. So, we really had to figure

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out ways that we could either use overtime, use private funding to try to figure out how we could engage students so that enrollment would be where it needs to be, and we were successful. We have an uptick in enrollment for the fall, but I think that's just one example of what we can do. I think a lot of investments always goes into academic advisement which we know really helps support students. So, it's these, you know, wraparound supports that we can really invest in if we had access to that revenue.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: If not for the \$15 million, would there have been programs that you would have had to cut?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN:

I think

that there would have been other reductions in particular headcount in certain areas, so we know that. We've had, for example, when you look at the five-year change in headcount, we've gotten-- we've lost almost 500 positions in the community colleges since fiscal year 2021, and that's really had an impact across-- you know, across the spectrum. And so it maybe would have meant less investment in certain areas, right? So, for example, if you take BMCC, for example, an outreach center in Harlem where

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we can engage students in their neighborhood or prospective students in their neighborhoods, right? So, if there's less revenue to invest in sort of the personnel and the headcount to be able to have boots on the ground so we are able to attract as many students as possible, that's just one micro-example, right?

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Speaking of enrollment, how did your projections of enrollment match up with actual enrollment, and how'd that impact the budget?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: Sure.

So as the-- as was said in the testimony by Hector, for every one percent in enrollment that we get, that translates into \$13.8 million in revenue for the system. We're fortunate enough that we are looking at enrollment of about two percent, and I think over the past two years, I think 5.5 percent. So we're really fortunate that-- and that's taken a lot of effort, right? There's been a lot of investment.

One-time fund from the State, we've really invested in a lot of marketing and advertising, reaching students where they are, and there's a whole strategy

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in our strategic road map for that. So, over the past two years, about five and a half percent.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Do you make-- I'm asking, do you make projections as to what enrollment will be, create budgets based on that, and then the enrollment comes in, correct?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: Yeah. So, we-- one of the things we've done in terms of a new operating budget model which we have in our strategic roadmap is move to multi-year financial planning, right? So, we're looking at four years, and embedded in that we need to have as accurate as possible for enrollment projections. So, in addition to looking at last year's actuals, we are undertaking an effort to look at other projection models where we can look at other exogenous factors like, you know, economic factors, etcetera. So all those things together will give us an idea of what the projections are for enrollment.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: and how accurate are your projections? In other words, let's say there's a year where you project a certain number of students. Turns out fewer students apply or are admitted. You would need to cut programs.

2 asking if that's the case, how accurate your
3 projections are in those situations?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: It varies across the financial plans in each of the campuses. I can say that we have in conjunction with the campuses talked about making sure that we are not overestimating. So they're on the conservative side, and I think where we're landing now is pretty much in line with what the majority of campuses had in terms of their financial plans.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And you've overestimated in the past or underestimated in the past?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: I can't say in the past that we've overestimated. I think we are—as the—with the onset of the structural deficit, we are taking more of a deep dive, and we have regular meetings with campus leadership and the chancellery where we're talking about those financial plans, scrutinizing and making sure we're not overshooting the runway. So we're doing that now, in the past two years for sure, and can't speak to the past.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Regarding tuition, is there any consideration of changing or raising tuition rates based on the fact that the PEGs exist or because enrollment is lower? Because CUNY tuition has been kept the same for many years. So, would these PEGs impact student tuition?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: There are no current plans to increase tuition.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay. The-- I want to talk about a few of the programs. CUNY's Fiscal 2026 budget-- I'm sorry, we've also been joined by Council Member Brewer, and we were previously joined by Council Members Marte and Restler. CUNY's Fiscal 26 budget is roughly \$85 million less than the Fiscal 25 Adopted Budget. critical programs like CUNY Reconnect, ACE, and additional funding for ASAP are not included in fiscal 25 in the Preliminary Plan. How many students are currently enrolled in Reconnect and ACE, and how will these cuts impact students currently enrolled in these programs? Which again are either two or four years long for each student -- or should be, rather. How will these cuts impact those students and how

many students are in each of those programs?

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: So,
currently in ACE we have 3,000, approximately 3,000
students across the seven colleges, and the impact
would really be quite devastating to not continue a
program that yields such substantial results and
increase in graduation rates. Without continued
funding, our commitment to the existing students
would continue, because we made a commitment to them
and a promise to the students currently enrolled, but
the cost, personal cost and value would be
devastating if these were not continued. And CUNY
Reconnect did you ask about ACE numbers as well?
cannot

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: ACE, ASAP, and Reconnect, yes please.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: So,

ASAP is currently 22,450 students, and CUNY Reconnect

we've enrolled across the last three years 47,000

students.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: That's a lot of students. And all the students, of course again, pay tuition and help with the budget. so, these programs that keep kids in school or bring students of any age back to school-- again, not only the right thing to

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do for our city, but the financially responsible thing, and these PEGs are potentially impacting those programs, but you may have to make cuts in other programs, because of CUNY's commitment to these programs, these four-year-long or two-year-long programs. And can you talk a little bit about some of the decisions you've had to make to preserve these programs and cut in other places?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: The decisions we've had to consider are staffing and personnel and advisement and student advisor ratios, and make decisions about—rather than completely eliminating a program, how do we maintain a program with the reduction in the budget.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Right. We had a hearing about a year ago, a little less-- 11 months ago, I believe, we had a hearing on ASAP, and the way-- what it is, advisement, wraparound services. What I said at the time was that should just be college. Every student should have an ASAP program where they have the advisement and support they need to just do well in college. You were on your way to that with part-time ASAP. What funding levels would you need to ensure that all students, full-time and

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

part-time get ASAP, all students get ACE? What
funding levels would you need?

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SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: We'll have to get back to you on the certain number, but I would just say that we are appreciative clearly of the additions that the Council advocate for and make-certainly in last year's Adopted Budget. But we can get back to you on sort of projections on growth.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay. In a joint legislative hearing with the State Assembly and Senate on February 25th, Chancellor Matos Rodriguez [sp?] testified that the funding for ACE will mainly be used to stabilize the program. What aspects of ACE need to be stabilized?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: What needs to be stabilized is our ability to project, because we do not have baseline funding. Every year it is difficult in planning the recruitment for the flowing cohort without knowing and having that stability so the State funding will allow us to provide a little bit of stability in that ability to project and recruit a new cohort.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I'm going to assume the amount in the State Executive Budget is--

would allow us to make this part of the culture that

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO:

25 not have it for ASAP here.

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1	COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION 39					
2	CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay. I'm sure					
3	your your numbers team is working on it, and we'll					
4	get. I have one more set of questions, and then I'm					
5	going to turn it over to a colleague. You mentioned					
6	that CUNY is implementing CUNY Accommodate. It should					
7	be no surprise that this is something I'm very					
8	excited about something close to my heart given my					
9	previous career as a special education teacher. It is					
10	the Student Disability Management System, can you					
11	talk more about that? For instance, who's the					
12	contractor for that system? Has it been released, or					
13	when is the projected release date?					
14	EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO:					
15	Release of the contract? It's been fully					
16	implemented.					
17	CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: It is implemented.					
18	That's					
19	EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO:					
20	[interposing] It is fully implemented					
21	CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: an outside vendor.					

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: Spring

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: So, a student
graduates so it is on board now, so students can
access it now?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO:
Absolutely, right now.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Can you talk about, please, the relationship this has with the Department of Education, the K-12 public school system, if you're interfaced with them?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: It does not interface to my knowledge with the city department EOE, but I will say that the feedback from the students— it just rolled out this semester. Feedback from students and faculty has been overwhelmingly positive. What it does do is it interconnects with all of the systems and all of the offices versus having student have to go from one office to get paperwork, to get accommodations. Everything is in one app streamlined. So all communication is now centralized. If a student transfers, all of that information would transfer with them as well.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I'll tell you how incredibly important this is and how relieved I am to

hear that, because when we had a hearing in 2022 on
students with disabilities at CUNY, we had students
testify that they couldn't find the office. And
students were able to find out how to testify at a
City Council hearing, but couldn't find the Office of
Students with Disabilities. We had two Council
Members testify that the only way they knew they were
able to get accommodations and the only way they
found it was because their friends told them. So it
is extremely heartening to hear that this program is
underway. In 2023, Local Law 18 was implemented.
This was one of my bills that simply said the
Department of Education, New York City Department of
Education has to provide parents and students who are
transitioning from high school to college the
opportunity to share IEP and assessment data with the
colleges of their choice. It seems to me that if you
have an entire interface that is designed and
dedicated to students with disabilities, their
accommodations, their needs, that the Department of
Education of New York City can interface directly
with that. This is now law that they have to
electronically transmit. Are you able to collaborate
with the New York City Public School System to

commitment to work together to ensure the Department

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: For Reconnect, the \$8.8 million will serve about 22,000 students at a cost of \$3.9 per student, \$3,900 per student.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. I'm going to turn it over to Council Member Brewer for some questions.

much. So, according to our material from the PMMR, because we were talking about ASAP, there was a decrease in the last three years in terms of students graduating from 44 percent in 22 to 36 percent in 24, despite the funding. So I'm just wondering what the

is for ASAP.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: And ACE is the same situation?

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was not ACE, no.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: No, they still have a graduate-- two-year graduation rate of 6.89 percent for transfer students and 56.9 percent for four-year graduation rate.

question-- thank you. John [inaudible] is walking me, you know, watching us. Guttman, poor Guttman. They need space. So I guess the board is suing CUNY because they don't have new space. Can you comment on that? What happened to the north building near John Jay? I guess nobody responded to the RFP, but I'll find a nonprofit to respond, and we'll have some affordable housing in Guttman. So I just want to know what's going on with Guttman. And it does seem to be a waste of money for you to have to hire lawyers or use internal to fight this. Go ahead.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: It's good to see you, Councilwoman.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Nice to see you.

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EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA:

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regards to Guttman-- well, let's talk about North

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reviewing. We're reviewing proposals connected to

We have an RFP that has been out. We're

that RFP to make sure that it sort of accommodates

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the things that we're looking for. So that's with

regards to North Hall. With regards to Guttman, you

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know, obviously we're-- there-- as you stated, there

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is ongoing dispute with CUNY and we're dealing with

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that dispute, so I'm not going to comment on that

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particular dispute. We're committed to the growth of

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options we have as we're entertaining proposals

that college and are looking to see what other

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connected to North Hall. So, more to come, and I

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know this is something that is--

Yeah, I keep asking about it.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing]

I want nonprofit above

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and Guttman, and I don't understand why we couldn't

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try to do more of a-- not a sole source, but

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2.2 something that's more targeted, because I don't know

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that any of these developers -- they're going to get

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Community Board Seven on their case. They're going

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EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: As I stated, we are reviewing proposals and determining—as I told you once before privately, you know, we're—my job is to make sure that we have the academic space for our programs.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Right.

not in the housing business. So we're going to allow the marketplace to dictate sort of what goes above that particular project whether it's North Hall or something— I mean, government or something else. But the reality is that as we— you know, sort of looking at those proposals, obviously we will be making the decisions that's in the best interest of CUNY.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright, we'll skip it for now, because we're not agreeing on that one. So what about the Dean of Medicine. She needs a new building. What's with her building?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: So, the Board of Trustees passed a resolution to make the medical school independent. Now, there is—there's

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right now.

a committee that's been set up by the Chancellor in connection with the medical school to look at governance [sic], right? That is a process that is very, very, you know, elaborate process. also, I've been charged with looking at what their needs are, and we're doing an audit of what the needs are currently at the medical school, how this medical school looks compared to medical schools throughout the country, and then based on that process we'll be able to determine what's next when it comes to real estate, but it's something that's on top of our mind

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay. Another one, dorms, students need dorms. I teach at Hunter, as you know. They need dorms. What's the status? How many dorms does CUNY have now, and how many do you need?

I'm going to have to get you that number, because we have-- we actually acquired some more dorms in connection with a project that you and I have spoken about which is the Spark project, but right now Hunter has enough dorms to not only accommodate all the students at Brookdale, but accommodate sort of their future growth.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Macaulay wants

3 dorms.

also have-- one of the Chancellor's initiative is to try to create affordable dorms. I'm happy to report as part of that-- part of the initiative connected to the Brookdale project we are allocating some dorms that are really below-- way below market to accommodate that students are Pell [sic] students that really are in need of dorm space. With regards to Macaulay, this is the first time I'm hearing about it, so I obviously will talk to the dean and see what her need is, and obviously we'll have a further discussion with you about it.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay. And then just finally, I'm a big supporter of Hunter Science and other high schools that work with CUNY. How much do you put into that effort and is it successful, and should you not be doing more? I always that you-- you know, those schools are excellent. So how are you--how many do you have? How do you want to do more of? Just give us some budget numbers on those, too, please.

2 EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: Which

3 ones? I'm sorry.

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You have many high schools that are on campus or are work-- in other words, if you go to Hunter Science, then you get to take college courses at Hunter. You get into Hunter often, and you get an excellent education.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: Yeah,

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing] I'm a big supporter of the high school and the CUNY campuses working together.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: Yeah, so some of the high schools are really DOE's responsibility. They're in our campuses. So, that's a DOE question. Obviously, we're in partnership with them through an MOU. With regards to other Hunter Campus, as you know, we put in a request for them and within this— and it's a high-priority for us within this capital budget. We requested, I believe, \$100 million. We've been out. We were in Albany advocating for that. Obviously, we could use your support in

through College Now and Future Ready which are

career-based courses, and the students do get to

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1	COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION 52
2	benefit and take courses there. But we offer that.
3	We have a relationship with many of the DOEs and are
4	continually expanding that. The strongest ones are
5	those that have that relationship, you are correct.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: So, are you ex
7	but are you advocating for more expansion? What
8	EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO:
9	[interposing] Absolutely. Absolutely. And this MOU-
10	_
11	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing]
12	What's the cost factor?
13	EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: I can
14	get you the exact figures, because that is actually
15	what's being worked out right now between both
16	Chancellors, and this MOU is what is the breakout of-
17	- and breakdown of the budget. But we do
18	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing]
19	Could you get back to the Chair with that
20	information?
21	EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO:
22	Absolutely.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright. Thank
24	you.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you, Council

3 Member Brewer. In the Preliminary Plan, CUNY Cares

was allocated nearly \$560,000 in fiscal 25 only. 4

What is the full cost of CUNY Cares?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: total budget for CUNY Cares from all sources, so it was \$1.48 million, and-- what was the second part of the question? I'm so sorry.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: What was the fund-well, I'll leave it out. What's the full cost for the program, and are you on track to continue that funding in the current fiscal year?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: We are on track to continue to advocate for that funding. Much of that funding aside from City funding has also been philanthropic, and we are hopefully going to receive continued funding for that which is based on three Bronx campuses. I can tell you that it has reached 6,500 students a year, so up 27 percent of all matriculated students in the three Bronx campuses have benefited from CUNY Cares.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: This is a threeyear pilot program. Have the philanthropic funds been committed for three years, or is it year by year think it's a combination of the funding. There may be one source that's three years, but I can get you the exact breakdown, because the \$300,000 that comes from the City and the rest has all been philanthropic.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Did you have something to add? I saw the hand.

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: I was just going to add to in terms of the combination of different pots of money, we also have some one-time funds from the state that we're using for this. So clearly as we look towards expansion, we're going to need to have a discussion about additional tax levy funding to continue the program for expansion.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And you do, I believe, also have— you do also have funds from the City Council for this program last fiscal year. Are you on— this is a pilot program which according to the website, it's a three-year pilot that is going to be expanded to all campuses by 2026. Are you on

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launched in Fall 2023. I would imagine there's

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preliminary evaluation data to measure the impact of this program, which by the way I think is again similar to ASAP, exactly what school and college should be, but there's no preliminary data available, or should I expect that later?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: You should expect that later, other than the 6,500 students, and I can say because the students often have multiple interactions with CUNY Cares. Of those 6,500 students there's been about 26,000 direct interactions with CUNY Cares.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay. I'll ask one more question then turn it over to my colleague, Council Member Restler. After-- okay. Application fees are a barrier for many who apply to college.

CUNY's application fee is \$65 for first-year students and \$70 for transfer students. How much would it cost to eliminate application fees for all New York City residents?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: Well, for all New York City residents, we'd have to do that calculation and come back to you. What I can say is that currently— and we're grateful for the baseline funding of \$2.1 million that CUNY receives for the

much, Chair Dinowitz. I appreciate your stellar

let's just get that out of the way.

1	COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION 59						
2	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: After once we						
3	get through once we get through Ramadan.						
4	SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: Okay.						
5	So, the \$95.5 million in terms of the PEG is what it						
6	goes back up to in fiscal year 2026. When you						
7	compare that number against what we receive in city						
8	support, that is 15 percent.						
9	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Right.						
10	SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: We are						
11	grateful that last year in the Adopted Budget we got						
12	the \$15 million						
13	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: [interposing] Got						
14	some restored.						
15	SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: a one-						
16	time fund. So, I just want to say						
17	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: [interposing] Say						
18	that \$15 million in one-time funds versus what was						
19	the cut versus an 85						
20	SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN:						
21	[interposing] So, it basically took						
22	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: [interposing] \$94						
23	million						

should say of the \$15 million--

workforce. Headcount as a result gone down quite

support.

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SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: That

3 | number is net of the State support.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: So, despite the State support -- and I appreciate Governor Hochul and the legislative leaders in Albany understanding it. We're seeing nearly 500 person reduction in full-time headcount at our community colleges. It is the City's responsibility to fund the operating budgets of our community colleges, and there is -- there are no single institutions in New York City that do more for socioeconomic transformation than our community colleges, and when we starve them of resources we are failing to create opportunity for low and moderateincome New Yorkers, immigrant New Yorkers, people of all backgrounds to achieve the American dream. I don't understand it, and I especially don't understand it from somebody with multiple community If I may, I just have two very brief degrees. things. I really appreciate it, Chair. One is a parochial question for District 33. We are home to City Tech. We're also experiencing a -- the downtown Brooklyn office market, the commercial market in downtown Brooklyn is struggling mightily. For reasons I don't understand it now costs more to rent

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office	space	in	dov	vntov	vn	Brook	clyn	than	lower
Manhatt	can. '	That	.'s	not	re	ally	your	prok	olem.

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4 am interested, though, in is how we can do a better

5 job of forging partnerships between City Tech,

6 perhaps with leadership from CUNY Central, and kind

7 of some of the economic engines for opportunity in

8 downtown Brooklyn to start more businesses, to build

9 more opportunity in some of the vacant space that we

10 have available. This should be a hub for new jobs

11 and innovation, and it's not happening. I think NYU

12 could be a real partner here, too. Is there an

13 adjacent [inaudible]. Are you guys thinking about

14 | these kinds of ideas? Could we bring together some

of the economic development leaders in downtown

16 Brooklyn with City Tech and CUNY Central to try and

17 create some plans?

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18 EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: So,

19 as a former-- as a Brooklynite, it's dear to my

20 | heart, and as you know, at one point I ran the

21 Chamber of Commerce, so I am familiar with the

22 downtown partnership and all that. I do believe that

23 | the president of the college has quite a few

partnerships that he has established. I think

there's more that could be done. For example, we

a lot. Alright, we will follow up and set

to it.

1	COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION 67
2	SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: Yes.
3	CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ:
4	SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: Sorry,
5	Council Member. Thank you.
6	CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: You want to do it,
7	Hector? [inaudible] with your right hand raised. Do
8	you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and
9	nothing but the truth in your testimony before this
10	committee and to respond honestly to Council Member
11	questions?
12	SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: I do.
13	CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. And you
14	stated your name for the record?
15	SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: Sascha
16	Owen.
17	CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you.
18	SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: Thank you,
19	Council Member. Good to see you. I didn't know you
20	had a baby. Mazel tov. The position is going to ex
21	it's still existent at Hunter. It was the content of
22	the posting that the Chancellor and others had found
23	to be divisive, but there will be a new job posting.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Is the title for
25	the position the same?

government has threatened to reduce or eliminate

grants from institutions. Grants from the National

Institutions of Health are also at risk. How many

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then it's rescinded. So, right now we have 24 stop

continuous updates, and I have to say, our CUNY

Research Foundation and CUNY Office of Research, huge

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okay.

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

2 EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: The 3 President of RF.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Yeah, the RF. We don't want to say the President.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: Yeah, yeah. No, not the President. The President of the RF is what I meant to say.

a number of policies coming down the federal government that are impacting all facets of life, including our colleges. And CUNY has various programs dedicated to increasing access to higher education such as Black Male Initiative and the Percy Ellis [sic] SEEK program at City College. Federal government may deem these as DEI programs, and they've somehow turned that into a dirty word or a dirty phrase, but these are critical programs in ensuring equity in our city and our college system. And have you projected any—— are there any concerns? Are these programs at risk of being eliminated or reduced due to the current federal administration's anti-DEI, anti-equity stance?

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EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: I

think without clarity and guidance or any changes to laws, that is a difficult question to answer.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Are you anticipating— is the college anticipating or preparing for any Executive Orders that deal with this, and if so, in what manner?

think, Council Member, it's safe to say that what we're really doing is— as these Executive Orders come in, two things we're doing. Number one, we're leaning into our mission, right? We are a university of 28 percent of our students are students of color or 26 percent is Latino. We're leaning into our mission. But second, we're also making sure that we're not over-panicking and over-reacting. We're assessing to ensure that— and ultimately, we're guided by State and City laws, so we're leaning into those laws and making sure that as these mandates come in that we're— they're not in conflict with State and City law, and we're looking at them very closely.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: I want to elaborate and just say that all of our programs,

including Black Male Initiative are accessible to all students. We do not have any exclusionary practices throughout CUNY. It's all accessible to all students. That is part of our mission.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. I want to acknowledge we've been joined by Council Member Feliz on Zoom. I know you're not panicking, and I appreciate your sober approach to this, but a lot of kids—a lot of people in our country are panicking by the policies of this administration, how they're harming New Yorkers, and I think rightfully so. In line with that, on March 7th, 2025, it was announced that the State will allocate \$1.5 million in the CUNY Mexican Studies Institute. In fiscal 25, the Mexican Studies Institute was allocated \$1 million from the City Council initiative CUNY Research Institutes. How is the State funding differ, or how does it add to the work that has been done with the Council discretionary funding?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR SOLIMAN: So,

Chair, you're referencing the Governor's announcement

at the Somos Conference in Albany where there was

\$1.5 million committed. We thank the Governor. As

was announced, it's additional support for the

you please update us on the status of this? Was any

emphasis of the Lippman Report was about centralizing

doing that. we've created a center for inclusivity

and equal opportunity, whose responsibility it's

So we are

our policies and our complaint process.

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

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going to be ensure compliance system-wide at all campuses with State, local and federal law-- ensure that policies are implemented consistently, and again, up to standards at all campuses. We also have brought in an outside consultant to do a full policy review. This was another recommendation in the report. So hopefully in the coming-- hopefully weeks or months we will have some results of that policy review. We did extensive training around Title Six in the fall. All of our Chief Diversity Officers, anyone could ever, you know, be relevant to Title Six work on campuses was trained. We created a webpage around Title Six. A guidebook was created for all of our campuses, a video guide as well, training. have done a lot of work to implement and those are just some of those of those highlights from the Lippman recommendations.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. Did you want-- at the hearing.

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: Yeah, we don't have an enacted budget yet. We are seeking funding for the Center from the State, and we would welcome that from the City Council as well, but you know, we do not have an enacted budget yet.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: They did this-SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: But we--

that's not stopping us from implementing the recommendations right now.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. Was additional funding provided or proposed in the Governor's State Executive Budget, or did the Mayor propose additional funding for this purpose in his preliminary budget?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: No.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And secondly, the day the hearing-- you announced you put out the RFP for the reporting portal.

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: Yep.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I won't rehash all the issues with the old portal which, you know, as a result of our hearing in June of 22 implemented the portal. There were issues with it. You put out an RFP for an updated portal for reporting. Can you please update us on a status of that RFP?

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: Absolutely.
We're really excited for this new system. We think
it's going to make a real difference in implementing
our policies across the system. We have, you know,

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issued the RFP and we are still in the procurement process, and we are-- our goal was to have something for the spring, and we're on track for that.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you.

SENIOR VICE CHANCELLOR OWEN: And fully implemented for the new school year.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. Fully implemented for the new school year. I would like to turn it over to Council Member Bottcher.

COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: How are you?

In January in her State of the State Address,

Governor Kathy Hochul announced the Opportunity

Promise Scholarship which would offer free community

college tuition for all adult learners age 25 to 55

in New York State. Does CUNY anticipate a big influx

of students if this is funded by the legislature, and

if so, what are you doing to prepare for this influx

of new adult learners?

me start and then in terms of the preparations I'll turn it over to my colleague, Alicia. So, the Governor's proposal would cover 3,500 current students at the community colleges, and we project that 1,700 more under that proposal would attend. As

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underway.

you may have heard, the Assembly and Senate One House 2 3 Budgets also have come out in the past, you know, 48 hours, and I think that there were some modifications 4 and expansions there. So, clearly, we're looking at 5 that and seeing what those projections might be, 6 7 those expansion, clearly one of which was, you know, something that we advocated for because we have 8 associates degree programs in our comprehensive colleges. And so we're, you know, glad to see that 10 11 expansion, but we're going to sort of recalibrate the numbers to see what those projections are. 12 13 turn it to my colleague to talk about preparations

been working closely with all the colleges and the chief academic officers to project out, and based on those projections— based off of which programs each of the community college offer that are in high needs and asking them to look at their current advisor/student ratios, how many more advisors would they need because the program provides support for additional supports. It's also the textbook cost associated with that. So we're already building out projections in anticipation of hiring the additional

supports and having the infrastructure in place.

Fortunately, CUNY knows how to do that well and get students the textbook costs covered, and so we'll just build upon that.

COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: Is 1,700 do we think-- is that considered a lot or high/low? It seems like if free community college is offered to all adult learners 25 to 55, that in the City of New York wouldn't you think there might be more than 1,700 new students across all the CUNY campuses?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR ALVERO: So,

1,700, it's based off of the original proposal which
is in very specific high-demand fields. It's not all
majors that are covered, and so based off of those
very specific majors, 1,700 is a robust number.

COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: In a previous hearing we discussed CUNY's efforts to pursue public/private partnerships and potentially even dispense with some of your real estate assets to bring in income for CUNY. Can you give us an update on those efforts and any specific plans that are underway?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: Yeah, thank you, Council Member. It's good to see you

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again. I know you and I have had lengthy
conversations about your plans in your district. I
mean, we continue to, as you know, real estate and
we've discussed looking at how to monetize our
buildings is something that it is a priority for us,
but in a way that allows us to continue stay in the
core of our mission which is to provide additional
space for our campuses to be able to grow their
program and so forth. So, it is a balance that we're
trying to strike. I think that right now we have
some potential projects that are in the negotiation
phase, so I'm not going to talk about them in a
public setting right now, but eventually we will be
having some conversations, and you and I have talked
about what some of those potential projects are. The
most important thing is we're going to stay focused
on who we are and what I'm charged with which is to
provide space for our campuses, and whatever
spillover and how we sort of navigate, make sure that
those resources go really to providing resources to
our operation and to our budget. And right now we
have at least two or three projects that are in
consideration, but real estate negotiations take a
long time. In your district we have on in particular,

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so we're hoping that we'll be able to talk to you soon about that.

> Thank you. COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER:

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you, Council Member Bottcher. Last year-- in last year's Preliminary Budget, CUNY testified that you brought in professional staff to ensure projects are completed on time, and that the completion rate had increased from 27 percent to 50 percent. What is the current completion rate for capital projects?

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: year, it was 24 percent. We've increased it to 27 percent. So we have a three percent increase, and our goal is to get to 55 percent, right? that's in the state of good repair. With regards to completion rates, since the Chancellor took office, let me give you some numbers. In 2018, we had projects of -- about 58 percent of our projects were completed on time. That jumped from 2019 to 130 percent of our projects were completed on time. It went down during the pandemic, because of, you know, there was not a lot going on, but I'm happy to report that we're sort of back on track. In 2022 we were at 133 percent. I mean, 2023 we were 180 percent, and

as of 2024 we're about 70 percent, but we still got
some time to go. I think the challenge for us when it
comes to capital is making sure in my testimony I
talked a little bit about that. Making sure that our
capital, our projects are aligned where the resources
are available, right? Because what happens is if
they're not aligned and we're waiting, and then for
that alignment it creates a delay in the project.
That's the first problem. Second problem, as you
know, we get funding from the City Council. We have
to wait for the state to provide the other half of
that funding. So that also creates so what we've
done is we've done a lot of work under our Vice
Chancellor for Facility Manager. We've done a lot of
work to sort of be work with DASNY who is the
construction partner, but also we brought in a lot of
work in-house to be able to take care of the smaller
projects to be able to be more nimble and be able to
really deliver on those projects a lot quicker, and
we're seeing great results because of that. And
we're you know, I think the challenge for us is for
CUNY to get its facilities to a state of good repair.
We need to spend about \$600 million about \$600
million a year, \$400 million on the four-year

that we have that capacity and ability on the new

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system we've created that we would be a lot more successful in getting additional resources. So it's a constant conversation. I think the challenge is making sure that when we have projects ready to go, that they don't get— doesn't get pushed out to outer years, and which is one of the challenges as we stated in previous hearings that you had in you committee.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: And just to be clear what we're—— for the public what we're talking about, we are both talking about new facilities that attract students like a nursing facility at Lehman College, Ohio baseball fields at Hostos Community College, and we are also talking about state of good repair, and that includes things like making sure students have basic and professors have basic health needs met in the classroom like not having mold, having heat in the classroom, right? That's what we're talking about when we talk about our capital.

EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: 100 percent, yes.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: So, when the City doesn't invest in the capital needs of CUNY, they're both perpetuating a system that makes it harder to

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2 attract students and harder to keep students. Would

3 you agree with that?

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EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: think making sure that our facilities are facilities that both our faculty and staff and students could feel good about and safe is our highest priority, and that's what we advocate. We've been very lucky at the state level. We've done extremely well under Governor Hochul. We're hoping that by this new strategy that we have with OMB that we can be successful this fiscal year. But the challenge is that we are ready to meet our commitment, but we need the additional resources in order to be able to do that. And it is broken down into two buckets. first bucket is, you know, we-- every year, our Vice Chancellor for Facility Management, he goes and he met with the presidents to understand their We then get the priorities, and see-priorities. it's broken down into two-fold: one, it's a state of good repair, and the second part is what do you need to grow programs that effects enrollment. And I think the challenge has been is that we have a plan, but there hasn't been an alignment in terms of the

2 resource provided to us. I mean, that's a fair 3 statement to make.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Yeah. In CUNY's booklet about the five-year capital plan, it is stated that an internal rating is being developed for all CUNY campuses to evaluate the current state of each building component on every campus. I will note that at last year's hearing, you also discussed this internal rating, and it was my understanding that these sort of ratings would be public, you know, with the goal being allowing professors and students to provide feedback and input on this. When do you expect the rating to be finalized and make public?

the rating has been finalized, and I'm happy to report it is live in the facility's website, and I will send that link to your office so you can have that information, but it is something that is available. It really—— as I stated in our hearing, it's a professional tool that is used by professionals to determine the lifeline of a particular system. But we heard you, and we—— the argument you made that professional students could have input into that, so that's why we have made that

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available, and that information is going to be updated as we update our information in-house.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. In

CUNY's booklet about the five-year capital plan, it

also stated on page 101-- is that the book right

there? Alright, that's a big book, don't open it.

Too many pages. But on 101, half of Bronx Community

College's buildings are over 80 years old and have

significant infrastructure and deferred maintenance

issues. How much was Bronx Community College

allocated in the five-year capital plan, and is this

sufficient funding?

Community College is getting roughly about \$67
million for state of good repair with a match from
the State which comes up to about \$135 million. As
we-- one of the projects that we undertook was to
make sure that Bronx Community College had a new
boiler, a new system. I'm happy to report that that
project is almost completed, and a project that we're
sort of very proud of. now, what we're doing at
Bronx Community College is we really are trying to
determine the lifeline of some of the systems so we
don't have the same problems we had before, and we're

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actually being very intentional how we're allocating the resources there. For any college in our system, it could be said that we don't have enough resources. As I stated, we need \$600 million a year, right? have to make tough decisions on how we allocate those resources. The good news is under our new Vice Chancellor for Facility Management, we now have the ability to know every system across our 300+ buildings, the lifeline of that system and be more intentional to be able to really allocate the resources there. We believe that the resources we've allocated for Bronx Community College are enough resources right now to address the critical needs. Not enough resource to deal with all the challenges they have.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I will note for those of you watching at home, Bronx Community

College, the home of Hall of Fame. No one else seems excited about that, but you all should be the original Hall of Fame. Google it. The 10-year-it's worth googling. It's worth searching, by the way. The 10-year Preliminary Capital Commitment Plan includes roughly \$441.2 million for the Science Park and Research Campus. Can you just go over again the

2 status of the redevelopment and when you expect it to

3 be completed?

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EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR BATISTA: So, I'm happy to report -- thank the City Council. In February I believe the City Council passed a ULURP to allow that project to move forward, so we're very grateful for that. This is a great partnership between CUNY, the City and the State. We-- the project right now is set to-- we needed to make sure that we accommodated the students that are located in Brookdale. I'm happy to report that we have every student that is in the Brookdale dorm would be able to get the same price point at our state-of-the-art new facility that we have entered into a lease agreement with. So, this summer they will be-- after this semester will be moving out there. Our goal is to begin to work with the nursing school and the uses that are there at the Sparks [sic] Project to move the nursing school sometimes in the-- in December, January of this year, December of this year, January this year, move the nursing school to a new temporary location that would allow the project to begin demolition. Construction is going to start in FY 27 with construction completed in FY30. Obviously, if

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my chancellor is listening, I'm going to try to move that agenda a little bit forward, because I know it's a project that he wants us to move forward, but right now that's the projected time frame.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Fantastic. Give me

one moment. I would like to thank you three and everyone from CUNY for coming today, for testifying today. I also want to thank Jeff Rotis [sic] who, you know, whenever I have an issue he is the poor, poor recipient of my sometimes angry but sometimes nice text or phone call. It's a real pleasure to work with Mr. Rotis on issues related to CUNY. It's very clear to me that there are a lot of important initiatives that you'd like to move forward, both capital and expense, including ASAP, ACE programs, Reconnect, and of course all the capital commitments you have, all the needs we have on our CUNY campuses. seems to me that we do have an administration that seems rather uninterested in making the investments that our city needs to provide robust education for our students, the kind of education our students deserve, an education system we are proud of, but we're proud of it in spite of all the challenges laid before us by an administration that wants to cut

Sergeants at Arms for all their help in making sure

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these committee hearings go smoothly. Have our first-- we'll now begin the public testimony. Remind members of the public that that is a formal government proceeding and that decorum shall be observed at all times. As such, members of the public shall remain silent at all times. The witness table is reserved for people who wish to testify. video recording or photography is allowed from the witness table. Further, members of the public may not present audio or video recordings as testimony, but may submit transcripts of such recordings to the Sergeant at Arms for inclusion in the hearing record. If you wish to speak at today's hearing, please fill out an appearance card with the Sergeant at Arms and wait to be recognized. When recognized, you will have two minutes to speak at today's-- on today's hearing topic, CUNY's Preliminary Budget. If you have a written statement or additional written testimony you wish to submit for the record, please provide a copy of that testimony to the Sergeant at I will now call the first panel. James Davis, the President of PSC CUNY and Madison Pinckney New York Lawyers for the Public Trust-- Interest. As a reminder, please state your name before your

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testimony for the record, and your testimony is limited to two minutes. Thank you.

JAMES DAVIS: And thank you to the

Council Members. On behalf of the 30,000 faculty and professional staff at the City University of New York that PSC represents, we do want to thank you for your continued advocacy on behalf of CUNY and know that the Council's consistent support has helped to stem the tide in difficult economic conditions. want to thank you for anticipated funding for our recently ratified collective bargaining agreement. These investments are helping CUNY to serve its growing student body. You heard from the previous panel about the enrollment increases. As I've said in previous hearings, CUNY no longer faces an enrollment crisis so much as a crisis in student retention and understaffing. Students stay enrolled when they have the support they need from faculty and staff and to continue to support our students and their upward mobility. In a city workforce, CUNY's community colleges need your continued investment. can't speak about the Preliminary Budget without first addressing the federal assault on agencies and services that are now taking place, including many

JAMES DAVIS: and I'd be glad to amplify

on our recommendations for the city budget in its

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enacted form.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you.

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Please state your name for the record. Pinckney? MADISON PINCKNEY: Hi, my name's Madison Pinckney and I'm a legal fellow in the Disability Justice Program at New York Lawyers for the Public Interest. Thank you, Chair Dinowitz and the members of the Council, for the opportunity to testify today. In 2024, NYLPI created a Higher Education Accessibility Campaign to help advocate for students with disabilities who face discrimination when they're going through higher education, and unfortunately, we found that our services are very needed. We've received numerous reports from students across CUNY campuses who've been denied reasonable accommodations or have professors who refuse to implement those accommodations and also experience hostile attitudes when working with disability service offices. Because of these issues, we asked NYLPI-- NYLPI asked the Council to use its resources to investigate this discrimination. FY26 CUNY requested \$2.1 million to support its students with disabilities services, stating that this funding will support increases in staffing at

disability service offices and created a professional

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development program to train these staff, and NYLPI supports this funding request to the extent that the funding goes towards these goals to help improve some of the issues that I've highlighted. Finally, students with learning disabilities and ADHD often report to us that they're unable to receive accommodations because CUNY requests an evaluation that can cost upwards of \$10,000, and this leaves these students without accommodations for their disabilities. NYLPI urges the Council to allocate funding so that CUNY campuses can offer these evaluations at no or low cost to students. Thank you so much for the opportunity to testify, and I'm happy to expand on any of these further.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. I would note as we discussed during the hearing with CUNY,

Local Law 18 of 2023 does include the requirement that DOE have the ability to share evaluation data with CUNY and any institution of higher education. I would certainly like to talk to you more about that. I first want to go back to President Davis and talk about your perspective on the budget, what your view is of the budgetary needs for CUNY, for its students and its faculty.

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JAMES DAVIS: Thank you. Our request is that the City increase its operating funding this year by \$140 million, and I want to breakdown why that is, what the rationale is, and I think based on the previous panel, you can anticipate some of the areas of need. One, the PEG cuts have impacted all the community colleges severely. \$95 million on a recurring basis leaves way too many staff vacancies and a lot of unmet needs. The painful thing is that, you know, as the previous dialogue indicated, there are so many programs that do this work really well--ACE, ASAP, CUNY Reconnect has brought back 47,000 students, and we don't have the kind of graduation rates at CUNY that are meeting national averages and that we should feel proud of at this point, right? The four-year graduation rates -- the graduation rate from our four-year senior colleges is only 62 percent after six years, and at our associate's degree granting two-year colleges, the three-year graduation rate is only 23 percent. So, we know the programs, and Council Member Dinowitz, you're aware of them. We know the programs that worked, and I appreciated your question specifically about what would it take to scale up a program like ASAP or ACE for all.

know, CUNY has been and can be the crown jewel of

them about it.

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CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay. Again, no surprise to anyone that is certainly issue that is of deep importance not just to me but I think to so many of our students, making sure every student has the right to succeed, and when you look at students with disabilities who are too often left behind, I think that work's incredibly important. I want to thank both of you for your testimony today. I look forward to working with both of you to make sure all of our students and our faculty are getting the support that they deserve. Thank you. I'd like to call the next panel. Akkeem Polack, Davia Willis, Samantha Mantya [sp?], and Dainma Martinez. We're going to start from my right, your left. Please state your name for the record, and you may begin testifying for two minutes. Thank you.

SAMANTHA VENTURA: Samantha Ventura. I'm from Bronx Community College.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I'm sorry, can you say-- can you start one more time?

SAMANTHA VENTURA: Samantha Ventura. I'm a student at Bronx Community College. I'm an Early Education major. I'm here to testify for USS, the University Student Senate. We're fighting for free

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metro cards, disability services, and expanding academic advisement. I, myself, have taken unnecessary classes which pushed me back a lot. I also live with a few disabilities. I've gotten help from Bronx Community College. I've gotten free psychiatric care. I've gotten counseling. I have a social worker. I have a whole team. More, I have faculty members at Bronx Community College who really helped me, but we need this for all students. I'm not sure if I'm lucky or blessed, but this is something all students need, and this is why we're here.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you.

DAINMA MARTINEZ: Good afternoon, Council

Members. My name is Dainma Martinez. I am a

Forensic Science major student, and I am also the SGA

President, Student Government President of Hostos

Community College, and the University Student Senate

Vice Chair for Community Colleges. I'm honored to

testify today on behalf of my fellow students

regarding the devastating impact of the proposed

budget cuts to CUNY community colleges. CUNY's often

referred as the People's University and for good

reasons. It provides countless first-generation low
income and minority students like myself with access

2 to higher education, economic mobility and a path to 3 a better future, but Mayor Adams proposed \$95.5 4 million in cuts to CUNY community colleges, including a \$10 million cut from Hostos alone. These cuts would result in larger classes, fewer courses 6 7 offering and a reduction in essential student services like academic advising, mental health 8 support, and career counseling. Many of us rely on these resources to navigate in college while juggling 10 11 jobs, family responsibility, and financial hardships. 12 I am a first-generation, disabled, BIPOC college 13 student and I am also a student leader and someone 14 who faces many struggles in the CUNY. I know 15 firsthand how critical programs like tutoring centers, emergency grants, and food pantries are to 16 17 student success, as well as slashing funds. We're 18 forced to make impossible choices, choosing between 19 attending school and working extra shifts. At Hostos 20 Community College, a college that serves a 21 predominantly Black and Latinx student body, these cuts are more than just numbers. They're a direct 2.2 2.3 attack on the success of historically marginalized communities. Many of my peers already systemic 24 barriers to education, and these budget reductions 25

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will only widen the gap between opportunities and access. New York City cannot afford to balance its budget at the expense of its students. Investing in CUNY is an investment in the future of the city. We're not asking for a favor. We're demanding that you uphold CUNY promises of accessibility and high-quality education.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. I love the words you used by the way, investment, because that's what this is. These aren't expenditures.

These are investments. So thank you for saying that.

DAVIA WILLIS: Good afternoon, Council
Members. My name is Davia Willis and I'm Criminal
Justice major at John Jay College of Criminal Justice
with plans to graduate in spring of 27. I chose to
attend CUNY because of diverse opportunities and as a
first-generation college student my career goals are
to be a lawyer and a politician, erecting my own firm
and being elected to serve those I represent. My
experience at CUNY has been a mixture of challenges
and opportunities, and one significant challenge I
have faced is financial constraints of which one is
the logistical difficulties associated with commutes.
Currently, I commute to campus using both the subway

2	and the bus which amounts to \$132 per month. I'm an
3	international student and given that I must be
4	responsible for my living, academic and housing
5	expenses, this adds greatly to the monthly
6	expenditure. Not everyone is an international
7	student, but everyone has a variety of expenses and
8	in some way inconvenienced by the added cost of
9	transportation. Many students are forced to skip
LO	classes, limit extracurricular opportunities and turn
L1	down internships because they cannot afford to
L2	travel. To address these issues, I urge the
L3	legislature to fund free metro cards for CUNY
L4	students, ensuring free fares that students would
L5	reduce financial barriers to education, improve
L 6	access to academic and professional opportunities,
L7	and promote retention and graduation rates. As
L8	students we should not have to choose between quality
L 9	education and the ability to afford transportation
20	needed to access it. I strongly encourage the
21	legislature to invest in equitable transit solutions
22	that supports students' success. Thank you for your
23	time and consideration.

AKKEEM POLACK: One second. Good day everyone. I am Akkeem Polack and I am a student at

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York College. I also serve as the Student Government President as well as the Vice Chair for Legislative Affairs with the University Student Center. And like my fellow colleagues here, I chose CUNY because of the reputation of providing working-class people with an affordable and quality education. It has a global reputation for being that vehicles of socioeconomic class mobility. While it's full of opportunities, many of our students still struggle with financial and structural barriers that threaten our success. One of the most pressing challenges facing CUNY students today is the sharp rising cost of living. This of course is not only a New York City issue. see rents, homes, cars, groceries skyrocketing-- the price of eggs-- and other things as a result of the COVID pandemic. One thing that makes New York City different is that we have the largest and probably even most reliable system of public transit. However, we need relief as CUNY students. Many of us, we travel long distances, sometimes up to two hours a day just to get to class. It's not optional. It's a necessity. However, with the increase in fares, commuting to class has been an unbearable burden for thousands of students. That's why the USS

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along with all CUNY students are calling for free metro cards for CUNY students, because we believe that access to transportation is access to education. A student who cannot afford a metro card or Omni card cannot attend class. A student who cannot afford to travel cannot take an internship, participate in research, or even engage in civic life. Without reliable and affordable transportation students are forced to make impossible choices. Do I go to class today, or do I save the swipe for work so I can afford rent? That's why we're really calling for free metro cards for all CUNY students. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you. I first want to thank you all for being advocates. I think it's challenging, particularly when you're talking about things like social/emotional health and things you need. So I want to thank you for doing that and for setting an example for other students that you can do it. And I want to point out, I don't think I heard any of you speak about academic needs. I think each of you spoke about all of the things outside of your academics that you need in order to just go to school and be healthy in school and attend, recognizing that school, that university is about so

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much more than what happens inside the four walls of the classroom, that it's about supporting the whole student. Akkeem-- Akkeem, I just want to get your thoughts on that a little bit?

AKKEEM POLACK: Alright, so you touched on the academic needs. It's just like further down, because you know, since fiscal year 2021 CUNY has faced \$94.1 million in the budget reductions through the PEGs, the Program to eliminate the Gap, and a 15 percent decline in city funding which will go to \$95.4 million in FY 2025, and this has led to a reduction in instructional and students services, including academic advisement. We find that just interacting with CUNY students everywhere, one of the major barriers has to do with poor academic advisement, you know. Just one person on the panel [inaudible] speaking to me today as well, it affected their graduation time because they weren't advised in time. So that's-- it's still there. Academic advisement is still one of the things we're pushing for. CUNY has included it in its budget request to both the City and the State, and that's something we're getting behind because we need improvement in that area so people can graduate on time.

you know if it's explicit, the program you two spoke

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about, was that CUNY Cares? Do they make explicit of that— that you were sort of part of that program?

SAMANTHA VENTURA: So, at my school, we have an Office of Personal Counseling. They have a

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: I don't know if

partnership with Northwell Hospital. Through them I was able to get all the care I need. There is CUNY Cares on my campus which is something that all

schools should have.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Okay. And is that- that sort of in-- you wanted to add something. Is
that integrated into the services that you're
receiving? Okay.

DAINMA MARTINEZ: So, CUNY Cares, we are a big part of a number for CUNY Cares. Personally, I can also testify for CUNY Cares. It's something that should be implemented into all campuses. It's something that should be implemented in general to fund—to have funding source. As a great example, I almost lost my home. I almost lost not being able to pay my rent because of knowing that I had to choose either working harder towards school and/or even going to work. I— when— I took care of my family.

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I took care of my mother and my father from-- since I was a young child technically, and once my father passed away and I had to be the sole provider for my mother, CUNY Cares was able to provide me with the social services I needed. They also provided knowing that we needed HRA. We needed food stamps. needed just help in general that I cannot take on on myself. You would think that as somebody who is 25 can do things by themselves, not in this society. cannot do things alone. At the end of the day and the world, when I first stepped into college, I thought I could do it alone, and that didn't work out right. So having CUNY Cares, having advisement that gives us the motivation to continue to strive. speak about why does certain things seem that with the graduation rates, ASAP, things like that. not the program. we have to look inside of the program, inside of advisement, because why do have certain advisors telling students take these certain classes when you don't see anywhere in your degree works, you don't see it anywhere happening, and that is holding students back. That is not allowing students to graduate or be able to feel successful, because now they're thinking is it me.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Yeah.

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for the record.

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CUNY's testimony I asked them about metrics for the success of CUNY Cares, and I think often we think of metrics of how many more students graduated, how many more students attended classes, how is GPA impacted, but as CUNY collects data, I sure hope that some of their data includes how many students stayed in their homes because of this, how many students were able to sign up for Fair Fares, how many students were able to get access to SNAP and other benefits, because those are also critically important metrics to know how successful a program is, because we're more than just about graduation rates. CUNY is more than just about graduation rates. It's about the entire student. I want to thank this panel, everyone on this panel for your testimony today. I will call the next panel which is Tanisha Fields and Daniel Reden. Okay,

TAHISHA FIELDS: My name is Tahisha

Fields. Good afternoon members of the New York City

Council Committee for Higher Education. My name is

Tahisha Fields and I am a student at Baruch College

majoring in Mental Health Counseling with plans to

Ms. Fields, you may begin, and please state your name

2 graduate in May 2025. I chose CUNY because it offers 3 the most affordable graduate schools and diverse 4 education opportunities compared to the private institutions, making it accessible for students, graduate students like me. As a non-traditional older 6 7 student, my career goals are to become a fully-8 licensed mental health counselor and pursue my PHD in Social Work. My time at CUNY has been both rewarding and challenging while completing my degree. I am also 10 11 in my final year of clinical internship which due to the state regulations is unpaid. That financial 12 13 strain is exacerbated by my fulltime academic load 14 and my time consuming commute both from my internship 15 and to my fulltime classes. I am deeply involved in 16 the student government, as I am the President of the 17 Baruch College Graduate Student Assembly, and I'm also the Vice Chair of Fiscal Affairs for CUNY 18 19 University Student Senate. However, balancing these 20 responsibilities and studies leave me with little 21 time for my part-time job which I am only to do maybe once or twice a week, further compounding my 2.2 2.3 financial challenges. CUNY has always been a beacon of affordable education. I've gotten my undergrad 24 from Baruch College, but rising costs particularly in 25

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transportation becomes a significant barrier for students' success. As a commuter, I along with my other fellow students, spend hundreds of dollars monthly just to access education. The expense limits my opportunities in participating in internships, fellowships and going to my job that I will have to decide. Thank you.

Thank you. CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: may begin. Please state your name for the record.

DANIEL REDEN: Good afternoon, Chair Dinowitz and esteemed members of the New York City Council Committee on Higher Education. My name is Daniel Reden and I have the honor of serving as the Chairperson of the University Student Senate and as a Student Trustee on the City University of New York's Board of Trustees. Today, I stand before you representing over 230,000 CUNY students across our 25 campuses, students who despite facing numerous challenges are unwavering in their pursuit of higher education. I want to thank you all for your time and your commitment to the students of CUNY, and I also urge the committee to fully fund CUNY as it's an investment, as you mentioned earlier, not just an institution, but the very future of New York City.

2	As my colleague said before me, transportation costs
3	present a significant barrier to student success.
4	Many CUNY students struggle to afford commuting
5	expenses leading to missed classes and lower
6	graduation rates. And to address this, University
7	Student Senate has proposed a Student Commuter Grant
8	Pilot Program which is included in the CUNY City
9	budget request for \$500,000. This initiative aims to
10	provide metro cards to students based on their
11	program affiliations, thereby alleviating financial
12	stress and promoting equity equitable access to
13	education. The proposed 2025 People's Budget also
14	recommends extending free or reduced-cost metro cards
15	in the amount of \$75.5 million for all CUNY students,
16	highlighting the critical need for transportation
17	equity. A city-funded partnership between CUNY and
18	the MTA would reduce fare evasion which
19	disproportionately impacts low-income students and
20	improve graduation rates by ensuring students can
21	attend class and strengthen our workforce by
22	supporting students' success and eventual graduation.
23	CUNY has made progress in reducing the structural
24	deficit of our campuses, but our campuses,
25	specifically older schools and community colleges,

are also in alarming disrepair. Students contend daily with leaky ceilings, mold, elevator and escalators that make facilities non-accessible to all. These conditions are more than just inconveniences, they're barriers to learning and potential threats to health. Such environments are antithetical to academic excellence and compromise the safety and wellbeing of our community. Students should feel proud of the school that they go to, how it looks, how it feels, and from my perspective, which is a good one, it's not the overall sentiment. So, thank you guys for your time, and I look forward to answering your questions.

ended by saying students should feel proud of the school they go to. You both listed a number of deficits currently in the budget and how CUNY operates, and yet you're still attending CUNY. Can you talk more about that? Like, despite all those challenges, you remain at CUNY.

TAHISHA FIELDS: Well, for me, Baruch was one of the most affordable and not only top mental health counseling programs compared to Fordham and NYU. So we're still getting the same academic

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process. I chose and looked through all the schools I wanted to go to. So it was either Baruch or Brooklyn, and it's a lot of money to do fulltime in mental health counseling, but it was still most affordable compared to the private schools. So that was one of my factors. Also, I feel like CUNY is more inclusive to making sure that you're a community and that you are thriving to do what you need to do in the school and have success and also have alumni come back and help you, and that was one of my other reasons of why I attended CUNY. I think the free metro card program will be helpful, especially for a graduate student who you have other compounding issues that are going on and you're going back to get another degree. It's really hard. Do you stay at work, go home from work and then also go to class? That's another fare on top of that even if you have like other things compounded on it. So, CUNY is affordable, but I think alleviating about the transportation might be helpful.

DANIEL REDEN: Yeah, and our colleges are the incubator of the future generation, right? We have future Council Members, future doctors, engineers, and the care of the future is ours, right?

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

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And so we believe in CUNY. We believe in the mission. We believe in the access it provides to higher economic status for the people who go here who don't have access or wouldn't otherwise have that if it weren't for CUNY. And it's in our right, it's our responsibility to stay at home and fix what we have at home.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Yeah, I think 21

Council Members attended CUNY. I think our Public

Advocate and Mayor attended CUNY. So, all but maybe one of us are interested in reinvesting in CUNY. You don't have to guess which one is—seems to not want to reinvest in CUNY. I want to thank this panel for your testimony today.

DANIEL REDEN: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: This is our final in-person panel: Christopher Leon Johnson, Sharon Brown. I will say John Jara, and then I will be corrected when they testify. Okay, please state your name for the record, and you may begin when ready.

CHRISTOPHER LEON JOHNSON: Yes, my name is Christopher Leon Johnson. First, I want to say to free Mahmoud Khalil. I know this is Columbia related and Barnard related, so it's not-- nothing to do with

2	CUNY, but the reason I want to bring this up, because
3	we all know that there's two organizations that are
4	affiliated with CUNY which is called Within Our
5	Lifetime and Students for Justice in Palestine, SJP,
6	or CUNY for Palestine on Twitter and X and Instagram
7	CUNY for Palestine. If this could happen to Mahmoud
8	Khalil, this could happen to anybody that is part of
9	CUNY for Palestine, and Within Our Lifetime, too.
10	Myself, I support Israel. I support Israel 100
11	percent. Israel have the right to exist, but the
12	same time that nobody should be getting their freedom
13	of speech oppressed and their freedom of speech being
14	arrested for saying what they want to say about
15	Israel or Palestine. If you support Palestine, you
16	support Israel, you shouldn't be getting arrested by
17	the FBI or by any government agency because of that.
18	I know that there's a few Council Members in the
19	Progressive Caucus that are calling for his release,
20	but some are the biggest hypocrites because they
21	weaponized the City Council Sergeant at Arms to
22	remove anybody that don't say what they want to hear,
23	like Council Member Yusef Salaam and Council Member
24	Sandy Nurse.

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CHRISTOPHER LEON JOHNSON: [interposing]

3 It's on topic. It's on topic.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: That's fine. This is the budget hearing.

CHRISTOPHER LEON JOHNSON: I know it's budget hearing, but--

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: [interposing] Thank you. I want to make sure we're staying on topic.

CHRISTOPHER LEON JOHNSON: No, no, it's on topic. But at the same time, I'm calling for more funding into CUNY to make sure that CUNY stays funded, despite the fact that SJP and Within Our Lifetime is inside CUNY. It's America. They have the right to say what they want to say, just as the same time the Jewish organizations have the right to say what they got to say about defending Israel. No school should be defunded. No school should be threatened with their budget be cut, because they say something about Palestine, supporting Palestine or they support Hamas, or they support the JDL or they support Jewish-related causes. Nobody should be-their budget funding cut. So that's all I got to say. Thank you. Free Mahmoud Khalil. Free Mahmoud Khalil. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: Thank you.

2 3 JOHN JARA: Good afternoon, Chair Eric 4 Dinowitz and members of the City Council Committee on 5 Higher Education. Thank you for the opportunity to testify here today. My name is John Jara. I am a 6 7 student at LaGuardia Community College. I am also serving as President for Student Government and also 8 Vice Chair for International Student Affairs at USS. In my role in student government, I have the 10 11 privilege to hear the voices of my fellow students. 12 Many of us are struggling with reduced resources that 13 are critical to our success. At LaGuardia alone 14 we've experienced over \$4 million in funding losses 15 which has led to fewer academic advisors and mental 16 health counselors, diminished library hours and cuts to crucial transfer services. Some of our campus 17 18 facilities have also suffered affecting public safety 19 and essential maintenance. Through my conversations 20 with students I have come to understand the 21 importance of support for those experiencing 2.2 financial hardships. The CUNY Cares program has been 2.3 a critical resource for many, providing assistance in emergencies, and it's essential that we boost funding 24

for this program so every student including those

you for your testimony. Thank you, Mr. Jara.

JOHN JARA: Thank you for your time.

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2 SHARON BROWN: hello, I'm Sharon Brown. 3 Before I start-- release the hostages. Let Yahweh's 4 people go. Defend Israel. Happy Purim to the Jewish 5 community. Okay, the standard budgeting is needed for staff and materials for learning proper maps of 6 7 Israel, fighting anti-Semitism. It needs to be done 8 at the college level, prayer, Bibles, American flags, Jewish flags, the different thing that we need, the 10 Commandments. They need to teach this at the 10 11 college level. Apparently, it has been missing at 12 the younger level, and the colleges need not to be 13 included in the funding that are anti-Semitic. So 14 when people go to colleges, this is where they're 15 largely learning a lot of the anti-Semitic behavior. 16 As the gentleman was talking about, Mahmoud Khalil. 17 These people learn some of these things at the 18 college. They didn't go in like that. Many of the 19 teachers need to be removed. The funding needs to be 20 removed from the schools if they are implementing 21 anti-Semitic practices. We need to fund the schools 2.2 that are showing the truth of what's out there, real 2.3 education. The map should display Israel. to purchase maps. It should be funded that we get 24 Bibles in school that have maps in them that show the 25

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25 cards.

distribution of land that is in the Bible that shows the 10 Commandments, the law. People who are going to law school should be learning the 10 Commandments. We need to have a program where we're teaching this to the children. We need electronic tablets in schools. We don't need to take phones and tablets out of the school. There are school shootings. There's anti-Semitism. There are things happening on college campuses, schools that children need phones to contact parents, etcetera.

testimony. Mr. Jara, you named a number— thank you for coming today both of you. You mentioned a number of things. I have a question for you. Yeah, man. I don't think the microphone will reach you if you're standing up. You mentioned a number of things that are important. how would you prioritize them, meaning if you could pick just one program or one element of our budget that needs the most investment, that will make the most impactful change to you and your classmates, what would that one program or change be?

JOHN JARA: CUNY Cares and free metro

metro cards, good, alright. And as we heard earlier,

CUNY Cares and free metro cards, it's like you all

have the same talking points. We're together. I

think I have them too as a Bronx Council Member also.

CUNY Cares, looking forward to that being expanded.

But again, highlighting that our schools, our

universities or colleges are about all the supports

around us that happen outside the classroom. I want

JOHN JARA: Thank you. [inaudible]

to thank you both for your testimony today.

CHAIRPERSON DINOWITZ: If-- this concludes our in-person portion of the public testimony. We have no one signed up to testify remotely. Okay. If there is anyone else present in the room who has not had the opportunity to testify, but wishes to do so, please raise your hand. Thank you. I want to thank every-- I want to thank CUNY, of course, everyone who's come to testify today about the importance of funding CUNY and why we need to fight so hard to make sure that CUNY is funded and receives the investment it deserves. It's not about funding or investing in an institution. It's about investing in our future, the people who are going to

2	be coming back or staying in our communities, making
3	it better, raising a family, sending their kids to
4	school in our communities. It is critical that we
5	fund these programs, that we fund CUNY, and year
6	after year it is a fight, and it's strange because it
7	is a fight to fund things that have a great return on
8	investment. I've said it once, I'll say it a
9	thousand times, these are not expenditures. We're
10	not throwing money away at an institution. We're
11	making smart, proven investments, investments in our
12	students and investments in our future that have
13	return on investments that you would dream of in any
14	stock market, not to mention the social benefits to
15	our students in our society. So I want to thank you
16	all for coming, and I want to thank you all for your
17	continued work at CUNY and work with us to make sure
18	CUNY gets the funding it deserves. This hearing is
19	adjourned.

[gavel]

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 11, 2025