CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITINGS AND DISPOSITIONS

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SEPTEMBER 13, 2021 Start: 10:31 A.M. Recess: 11:50 A.M.

HELD AT: REMOTE HEARING (VIRTUAL ROOM 1)

B E F O R E: KEVIN C. RILEY, CHAIRPERSON

COUNCIL MEMBERS: INEZ D. BARRON

PETER A. KOO

I. DANEEK MILLER MARK TREYGER MARGARET CHIN

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

KATE LEMOS MCHALE, Director of Research at the Landmarks Preservation Commission

ANDRE FABRE

TIMOTHY FRYE, Director of Special Projects and Strategic Planning at the Landmarks Preservation Commission

SIMEON BANKOFF, Executive Director Historic District Council

VALERIE JO BRADLEY, President Save Harlem Now

KAKUNA KERINA, resident of Dorrance Brooks Square and Member of Dorrance Brooks Property Owners and Residents Association

KEITH TAYLOR, President of the Dorrance Brooks Property Owners and Residents Association

MICHAEL HENRY ADAMS, wrote book Harlem Lost and Found

LESLIE BRIGHT, Resident of and member of Dorrance Brooks Property Owners and Residents Association

REBECCA ZACK

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

DORRIT BLAKESLEE, works for DOT Facilities Management

JESSICA WOROCK

DANIELLE ZUCKERMAN

NINA KOTTER

LAURA RINGELHEIM

SGT. MARTINEZ: Alright, computer recording is underway.

SGT. LUGO: Cloud recording is good.

 $\mbox{SGT. MARTINEZ: Excellent. Mr. Lugo you} \\ \mbox{can take us away. Thank you.}$

Welcome to today's remote New York City Council
Hearing of the Subcommittee on Landmarks, Public
Siting and Dispositions. At this time would all
panelists please turn on your videos? To minimize
disruption, please place electronic devices to
vibrate or silent. If you wish to submit a testimony
please do so at landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov
again that's landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov. Thank
you for your cooperation Chair Riley we are ready to
begin.

I am Council Member Kevin Riley, Chair of the Subcommittee on Landmarks, Public Sitings and Dispositions. I am joined today remotely by my colleagues, Council Member Koo, Council Member Treyger and Council Member Chin. Today we will be holding a public hearing and votes on the landmark designation of the New York Public Library Harlem

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Branch, Kimlau War Memorial, and the Aakawaxung

Munahanung Archaeological Site. We will also hold

public hearing on the designation of the Dorrance

Brooks Square Historical District and a proposed site

selection for a new DOT facility at 101 Varick Avenue

in Brooklyn. I now recognize Counsel to explain

today's hearing procedures.

SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

Thank you Chair Riley. I am Counsel, I am, I am Jeffrey Campagna Counsel to the Subcommittee, and members of the public who wish to testify were asked to register for today's hearing. If you register to testify and are not yet signed in to Zoom please sign in now and remain signed in until after you have testified. If you wish to testify and have not registered, please go to www.council.nyc.gov/landuse to sign up now. If you are not planning to testify on today's items, please watch the hearing on the New York City Council Website. All people testifying before the subcommittee will be on mute until they recognized to testify, please confirm that your mic is unmuted before you begin speaking. Public testimony will be limited to two minutes per witness.

If you have written testimony and would like the

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subcommittee to consider in addition to or in lieu of appearing before the subcommittee or if you require an acceptable version of a presentation given at today's meeting. Please email

landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov. Please indicate the LU number of project name in the subject line of the email. During the hearing, Council Members who would like to ask questions should use the Zoom Raise Hand Function. The Raise Hand button should appear at the bottom of the participant panel. I will announce Council Members who have questions in the order that they raise their hands. Witnesses are reminded to remain in the meeting until they are excused by the Chair. Lastly, there may be extended pauses if we encounter technical problems. We ask that you please be patient as we work through these issues. Chair Riley will not continue with today's agenda.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you

Counsel and before we begin, I know for the sake of

time, Council Member Chin has to go to another

hearing. So, I just want to allow her to give her

remarks, uh, before she heads out. Council Member

Chin.

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MARGARET CHIN: Yes, thank you so much Chair Riley. I have to run to City Hall for an inperson housing committee. So I really appreciate you giving me a few minutes. I just wanted to voice my support for the Kimlau War Memorial (INAUDIBLE) Commission for supporting this. This is a very important symbol for the Chinese American community and it recognized the sacrifice and a contribution of Chinese American to this country in preserving our freedom and democracy. And every year, the American Legion post 1291 in Chinatown holds an important celebration in commemoration on July 4, Memorial Day, Veterans Day and that's where the community gathered to really celebrate our history there. And I am just proud that we will Landmark this site and this is, it is just important to the community and I really urge my colleagues while I am on the subcommittee to support this. Thank you very much Chair Riley.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Chair
Chin, I mean thank you Council Member Chin. Our
first item is LU 830 the, excuse me if I am
pronouncing this wrong everyone, Aakawaxung
Munahanung Archaeological Site. This application was
submitted by the Landmarks Preservation Commission

2	pursuant to section 3020 of the New York City Charte
3	and section 25-303 of the Ministry of Code of the
4	City of New York for the designation of the
5	Aakawaxung Munahanung Archaeological Site located at
6	298-300 Satterlee Street in Staten Island as a
7	historical landmark. This landmark site is located
8	in the district represented by Council Member
9	Borelli. Kate Lemos McHale, Timothy Frye and Andre
LO	Fabre will present on behalf of the Landmark
L1	Preservation Commission for today's item. Counsel
L2	please administer the affirmation.
L3	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:
L4	Please rate your right hands and state your names.
L5	KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Kate Lemos McHale.
L 6	ANTHONY FABRE: Anthony Fabre.
L7	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:
L8	Please unmute Tim Frye.
L9	TIMOTHY FRYE: Timothy Frye.
20	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:
21	DO you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and
22	nothing but the truth in your testimony before the
23	subcommittee and answer to all Council Member
24	questions?

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ANTHONY FABRE: I do.

3 TIMOTHY FRYE: I do.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you. You may begin.

KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Okay, great. you. Good morning Chair Riley and subcommittee members. I am Kate Lemos McHale, Director of Research at the Landmarks Preservation Commission. Thank you for the opportunity to present the Aakawaxung Munahanung Island protected from the window Archaeological Site. It was designated June 22, 2021 as an individual landmark and hopefully you have our slides. Great. Could we go to the next slide please? And as an introduction into this item and the following items I wanted to provide some context. In January of this year, LPC publicly introduced our equity framework which has been a priority of our Chair Sara Carroll. It was important for us to publicly reaffirm our commitment to equity in all aspects of our work and the framework is intended to quide our priorities agency wide. This includes enhancing transparency and accessibility and our regulatory work and prioritizing designations that represent New York City's diversity and in areas less

2	represented by landmarks. So, these recent
3	designations that we will present today as well the
4	two that you voted on last month all reflect that
5	commitment. Next slide please. The site is
6	associated with over 8,000 years of occupation by
7	indigenous people and contains the region's largest
8	known cultural complex. It is the City's first
9	landmark specifically recognizing the many
10	generations of indigenous people who have lived here
11	Designation protects the sites below ground
12	archaeological resources. At the public hearing on
13	May 18 th , five people spoke in support of designation
14	including representatives of the New York City
15	Department of Parks and Recreation, the Delaware
16	Tribe of Indians, the Professional Archaeologist of
17	New York City and preservation advocates. There was
18	no testimony in opposition. In addition, we received
19	eight letters of support. Next slide please. The
20	landmark site includes approximately 20 acres of
21	highly archaeologically sensitive land located within
22	Conference House Park in Staten Island. In 1926,
23	Conference House Park was donated to the City of New
24	York and today it remains under the care of the
25	Department of Parks and Recreation. Next slide

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please. The site overlooks the confluency of Arthur Kill and the mouth of the Raritan River an important estuary that significantly shaped the areas eco Indigenous people relied upon the area's system. abundant resources that surrounded the site including oysters, fish and game. The people who lived here in the Woodland period beginning about 1500 years ago when a village and cultural complex were at the site were Larnaca and spoke Munsee. Next slide please. And I think Anthony if you can mute yourself that would help. Thanks. Indigenous people were present within the landmark site for over 8000 years and archeology has shed light on what life was like over this long period. Over 19 archaeological projects have occurred in the vicinity of the site since the 19th century including work by the American Museum of Natural History. These projects uncovered a series of hearts and other artifacts from about 8000 years ago and important cultural complex used over a long period of time and over 100 archaeological features primarily associated with the Woodland era settlement. Next slide please. An archaeological projects have found evidence of the sites used by indigenous people during the period of contact with

2	European colonists such as projectile points made of
3	copper and brass, materials available through trade
4	with Europeans. And this is a 17 th century depiction
5	of the Amsterdam. Next slide please. Europeans
6	violently colonized land in Staten Island in the 17 th
7	Century and there is little archaeological evidence
8	of an indigenous presence in the landmark site after
9	the mid-1670s. Englishman Christopher Billop
10	received a land patent from the crown that included
11	the landmark site and the land on which he built
12	Conference House named for an unsuccessful peace
13	conference held during the Revolutionary War. Samuel
14	Ward purchased nearly 400 acres of land and although
15	the area known as Wards Point was surveyed and laid
16	out in the 1870s it remained largely undeveloped.
17	New streets were paved in the early 20 th Century and
18	some curbs, street lamps and trees that lined these
19	streets are still visible in the landmark sites.
20	Next please. PCs research involved elaborative
21	engagement with the City's federally recognized
22	tribes and we met several times with the tribal
23	historic preservation officers representing the
24	Delaware Tribe of Indians, the Delaware Nation and
25	the Stockridge Munsee Community Band of Mohicans.

They provided meaningful input and guidance from
experts in the old Munsee language to determine a
landmark name that best reflects its indigenous
significance. The photo on the right was taken this
spring when members of the tribal nations joined LPC
and Park staff to visit the landmark site and as we
discussed with Council Member Borelli in our research
we noted that the name for Staten Island found in
some historic colonial documents was derived from
Raritan people and was pronounced Aakawaxung
Munahanung. We worked with the tribes and reached
out and they reached out to what's called the Lenape
Talking Dictionary which is a group of old Munsee
Language Specialists to ask about the correct
spelling and definition in old Munsee which is the
language spoken by the Lenape. They informed us that
this old Munsee name was Aakawaxung Munahanung which
translates to island protected from the wind. And so
the designation reflects this input and adds to the
City's scholarship regarding appropriate and
inclusive terminology for Staten Island and for this
site. Next slide please. LPC also worked closely
with the Parks Department and as with all individual
landmarks LPC will review and regulate any proposed

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changes that would impact significant features of the site. In this case, we would review projects with the potential to impact archaeological resources. Designation of the Aakawaxung Munahanung Island protected from the wind archaeological site protects and preserves the largest and best documented known site associated with thousands of years of indigenous habitation in New York City and it's the first City landmark specifically recognizing and protecting his indigenous heritage. So LPC recommends the City Council vote to uphold this designation. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Kate. We have just been joined by Council Member Barron. I, counsel do we have any Council Members who have any questions?

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SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA: Any Council Members who have questions should please use the raise hand button now. I see no Council Member questions.

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CHAIRMAN KEVIN RILEY: There being no more Council Member questions are there any members of the public who wish to testify on this item?

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SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

Um, we had Simeon Bankoff registered to testify on this item.

CHAIRMAN KEVIN RILEY: Okay. So, I would like to excuse the, the panelists so we can have the public testimony. Um, thank you so much LPC.

KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Thank you.

SIMEON BANKOFF: Good morning Council Members. My name is Simeon Bankoff. I am the Executive Director of the Historic District Council. HDCs is the support advocate for New York's historic neighborhoods. We are thrilled to be here to testify in favor of this archaeological landmark. This is only the second archaeological site that is being designated by the Landmarks Preservation Commission. Archaeology is a very pivotal part of the LPCs role within the City of New York. This specific site is remarkable in that it is the first one to be as, uh, as Kate said. The first individual New York City landmark to be specifically designated for its importance to the indigenous peoples and the pre-European peoples of New York. We are thrilled again and we strongly support this. We would also like to state that we are in favor of the LPCs Equity

Framework and also continuing its archaeological
work, we would recommend in fact another site is in
Elmhurst-Queens where as a small plot of land was the
African burial ground at 4711 90 th Street which has
survived three centuries as touchstone to the one of
the earliest freed African American communities in
the region, founded one year after emancipation in
1928. Newly freed African Americans established a
congregation there, the United African Society later
known as the African Methodist Episcopal Church. On
the site of the burial ground there are over 300
bodies of emancipated African Americans who are still
buried in that site. I know the Landmarks Commission
is working with the developer to try to commemorate
that site. And we would recommend also strongly that
it be landmarked. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Simeon. Counsel is there any more members of the public who wish to testify to LU-830?

SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

Are there any members, if there are any members of
the public who wish to testify please raise your
hands now. There are no other members of the public
registered to testify on this item.

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members of the public who wish to testify on this item, the public hearing on LU830 is now closed. Our next item is LU-829, the Landmark Preservation

Designation of the New York Public Library, and Harlem Branch as a historic landmark. The landmark site is located at 9 West 124th Street in Manhattan, Council District represented by Council Member Perkin. Tim Frye and Andre Fabre will present this item. I remind you that you are still under oath and you may begin.

and the Subcommittee Members. I am Timothy Frye the Director of Special Projects and Strategic Planning at the Landmarks Preservation Commission. I believe you have our presentation. If I could get that up on the screen. All right. Thank you. Again thank you for the opportunity to present the New York Public Library Harlem Branch designated on June 15th, 2021 as an individual landmark. The New York Public Library Harlem Branch is one of 67 circulating libraries constructed with funding from industrialist Andrew Carnegie in the early 20th Century. The city's three library systems and is one of 12

Carnegie branches designated by the prominent firm of
McKim, Mead and White. In addition to its
architectural significance, the library has provided
civic and cultural resources and programming to the
neighborhood for over 100 years. At the public
hearing on April 20^{th} , 2021 and in written testimony
the commission received support for their proposed
designation from 10 people and early representatives
of the New York Public Library and there was no
testimony in opposition. Next slide please. As seen
here on the map, the library is located on West $124^{\rm th}$
Street and South Central Harlem across from Marcus
Garvey Park and near the designated Mount Morris Park
Historic District and extension. Next slide. In
1909 one branch of the New York Library opened at 9
West 124 th Street. The Harlem Branch reflects the
history of the 20 th Century, of 20 th Century Harlem
and its changing demographics. When it first opened
much of the area was inhabited by European immigrants
and by the mid-1930s the Harlem Branch begin to serve
the growing African American and Afro-Caribbean
communities of the neighborhood. Next slide. As a
civic space the library helped foster cultural live
in Harlem. In the late 1930s it played a role in the

black community theatre movement supported by a WPA
program that constructed professionally equipped
theatre in the Harlem Branch and other area libraries
and also briefly served as the home of the Rose
McClendon Players and Workshop Theatre. This group
sought to provide performance opportunities for
African American playwrights and actors including the
actor, director, activist Ossie Davis. In the early
1940s, the Harlem Branch also served as the temporary
home of the renowned Schomburg Collection during its
enlargement of its facility on 135 th Street. Next
slide. The Harlem Branch is one of the Carnegie
Library designed by McKim, Mead and White. Getting
on to this site is the $135^{\rm th}$ Street Branch is part of
the Schomburg Center for research in black culture.
Next, the 125 th Street Branch, the Harry Belafonte
115 th Street Branch and finally the Hamilton Grange
Branch, all of which are New York City designated
landmarks. Next slide please. Today, the Harlem
Branch continues to serve the needs of community
residents, providing access to library resources and
a range of programs. Under the careful stewardship
of the New York Public Library, a classically
influenced building with limestone facade has changed

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2	little over time and more recent work included
3	sensitive alternations to the exterior such as the
4	replacement of the entrance door and windows to
5	reflect the original design. Next slide. And this
6	committee, this concludes my presentation and the
7	Landmarks Preservation Commission recommends that the
8	Council vote to uphold this designation. Thank vou.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Tim.

I don't have any questions. Counsel, are there any

Council Members with any questions?

SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

Are there any Council Members with questions? Again,
please use the Raise Hand Button now. I see no

Council Member questions.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you

Counsel. There being no more Council Member

questions, are there any members of the public who

wish to testify on this item?

SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA: Simeon Bankoff and Valerie Bradley are, wish to testify on this item.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Okay. Before the public testify, I would like to excuse the LPC panel. Thank you Tim and thank you Anthony. Simeon.

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SGT. BIONDO: Starting, starting time.

SIMEON BANKOFF: Good morning Council Members. Simeon Bankoff, Executive Director of the Historic Districts Council (HDC) is an enormous fan of libraries and we are always thrilled to see when the City acknowledges their importance by designating them. Um, there are only 67, existing remaining library buildings from the initial Carnegie Branch, um, scattering all five boroughs and we recommend actually that all of them be considered for landmark designation. Most recently, the Historic District Council's successfully sponsored all of their inclusion to the National Register of Historic Places in the hopes that that might be able to bring some additional monies to their restoration and their maintenance. This is a fantastic library it is one of the only five in Harlem that has not been designated. Uh, Mr. Frye spoke well of its importance to the, to the Harlem community and so we strongly support this designation. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you so much Simeon. Uh, Counsel, you said there was another public testimony?

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITINGS AND DISPOSITIONS 22 1 2 SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA: 3 Uh, yes, Valerie Bradley. 4 SGT. BIONDO: Starting time. SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA: 5 Ms. Valerie Bradley, please accept the. 6 7 CHAIRMAN KEVIN RILEY: There you go Ms. Bradley. 8 9 VALERIE BRADLEY: Am I in now? CHAIRMAN KEVIN RILEY: Yes, you're in Ms. 10 11 Bradley go ahead. 12 SGT. BIONDO: Starting time. 13 VALERIE BRADLEY: Okay. Good morning. 14 CHAIRMAN KEVIN RILEY: Good morning. 15 VALERIE BRADLEY: Uh, my name is Valerie 16 Jo Bradley and I'm President of Save Harlem Now, a 17 membership not for profit advocacy organization 18 dedicated to protecting, preserving and celebrating 19 Harlem's irreplaceable built heritage. Save Harlem 20 Now is delighted to submit this testimony. 21 Harlem community has five branches of the New York 2.2 Public Library. Each one was designed by the firm of 2.3 McKim, Mead and White. The opened in the Harlem

community between 1904 and 1909. Four of the

libraries have been designated New York City

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Landmarks and we are looking forward to celebrating
the designation of the fifth one, the Harlem Branch
Library. The New York Public Library is the nation's
largest public library system and it has been an
essential provider of free books, information, ideas
and education since 1895. The Harlem Branch of the
New York Public Library cited on West 124th Street
across the street from our beloved Marcus Garvey Park
and adjacent to the Mount Morris Park Historic
District and extension is at the heart of the vibrant
and historic Harlem neighborhood. Classical revival
in style, built of limestone, the five McKim, Mead
and White designs are similar in appearance but each
has its own personality and unique features. The
Harlem branch has been serving the community since
its opening in 1909. Shifting from a largely white
population in the early 1900s to a community of
immigrants from Scandinavia in Eastern Europe and.
COM DIOMPO M' 1

20 SGT. BIONDO: Time expired.

VALERIE BRADLEY: What?

22 CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: You can

23 | continue Ms. Bradley. Go ahead.

VALERIE BRADLEY: Okay. After World War I to an African American community beginning in the

Harlem Renaissance of the 1920s and continuing for
the next century. It has a story history as a civic
center for the virgining African American community.
In addition the ground breaking Rose McClendon
Players the Ada Group based in the library nurtured
African American Actors during this time. In
addition to traditional library services the Harlem
branch has been a focus of educational innovation and
service providing exhibition space, performance
space, a literacy center and vocational training. It
is a vital community hub that provides far more than
just access to free books and materials. More than a
century later, the Harlem branch continues Andrew
Carnegie's vision of libraries as temples of
learning, ambition and aspiration for towns and
cities throughout the United States. Save Harlem Now
urges you to vote for the designation of the Harlem
Branch Library. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN KEVIN RILEY: Thank you for your testimony Ms. Bradley and Mr. Bankoff. Any other members of the public who wish to testify on LU-829, the New York Public Library, Harlem Branch landmark designation should make themselves known now by pressing the raise hand button on Zoom. This meeting

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will briefly stand on ease until so. Seeing no other members of the public who wish to testify on this item, the public hearing on LU-829 and is now closed. Our next item is LU-831. The Landmark Preservation Commission designation of the Kimlau War Memorial has a historic landmark. The landmark site is located at Kimlau Square in Chatham Square in the Manhattan Council District represented by Council Member Chin. Kate Lemos McHale and Andrew Fabre will also present this item. I remind you both that you are still under oath and you may be begin whenever you are ready.

Riley and subcommittee members. Grateful for the opportunity to present the Kimlau War Memorial in Manhattan designated on June 22nd as an individual landmark. As if our slides are available, we could go to the second slide please. Thank you.

Designated by Poy Gum Lee and dedicated in 1962, the Kimlau War Memorial is a granite ceremonial gateway located in Chinatowns Kimlau Square. The arch sponsored by the American Legion is named after Second Lieutenant Benjamin Ralph Kimlau and honors Chinese American soldiers who died while serving in

2	the United States military. This design combines
3	traditional Chinese architectural forms with the
4	streamlined modern aesthetic and it has served as an
5	important community monument for nearly 60 years. At
6	its public hearing on June 1st, 12 people testified
7	in favor of the proposed designation including
8	representatives of the New York City Department of
9	Parks and Recreation, City Council Member Margaret
10	Chin, the Lieutenant BR Kimlau Chinese Memorial Post
11	1291 of the American Legion, Preservation
12	Organizations and individuals including the niece of
13	Lieutenant Kimlau. No one spoke in opposition. In
14	addition, the Commission received 51 written
15	submissions supporting the proposed designation
16	including from the Chinese Consolidated Benevolent
17	Association and several veteran's organizations.
18	Next slide please. The Kimlau War Memorial is
19	located within Kimlau Square and Chatham Square
20	indicated by the star on this map. It was identified
21	as part of a broader study of Chinatown as an
22	important public monument and symbol of Chinese
23	American contributions to U.S. history. Chinatown
24	has a fascinating layered history while there are
25	several designated landmarks in the area the Kimlau

2	War Memorial is the first New York City Landmarks
3	that specifically recognizes Chinese American history
4	and culture. Next slide please. Early immigration
5	from China to the United States was mostly related to
6	railroad construction in the west. The completion of
7	the Transcontinental Railroad in 1869 coupled with an
8	outbreak of anti-Chinese violence prompted many
9	immigrants to relocate to New York City in the
10	vicinity of Chatham Square and by the 1880s Chinese
11	shops faced the square. The growth of Chinatown
12	slowed after the discriminatory 1882 Exclusion Act
13	restricted Chinese immigration to the United States
14	but the community built complex organizations and its
15	restaurants were attractions by the turn of the
16	Century. Despite being denied full citizenship and
17	facing extensive racial discrimination approximately
18	20,000 Chinese Americans enlisted and fought for the
19	United States during World War II. The Chinese
20	Exclusion Act was repealed in 1943 but it was not
21	until 1965 that immigration from Asia opened widely.
22	Next slide please. Chatham Square was an important
23	junction of the Second and Third Avenue elevated
24	train lines by the late 19th century and was cast in
25	perpetual shadow until 1955 when the elevated tracks

2	were replaced by the subway. Can we go to the next
3	slide please? Thanks. In 1961, a small crescent of
4	land was laid out in Chatham Square and a public
5	named Kimlau Square after Second Lieutenant Benjamin
6	Ralph Kimlau. Next slide please. Benjamin Kimlau
7	graduated from the Pennsylvania Military College with
8	honors in 1942. The only Chinese American in his
9	class. Despite widespread discrimination against
10	Asian Americans Kimlau served as a Second Lieutenant
11	in the U.S. Army Field Artillery Branch and then
12	became a pilot. He died while attacking Chinese
13	Military installations in the South Pacific in World
14	War II at the age of 26. Dedicated in 1962, the
15	memorial was a gift of the Lieutenant B.R. Kimlau
16	Chinese Memorial Post 1291 of the American Legion.
17	The largest American Legion post in New York City.
18	The dedication of the monument drew large crowds and
19	was of great significance to the Chinese American
20	community and in particular veterans. Next slide
21	please. The memorial was designed by the Chinese
22	American Architect Poy Gum Lee. Born on Mott Street
23	in 1900 he was educated at Pratt, MIT and Columbia.
24	He worked in Shang-hi in the 1930s and became
25	prominent there before returning to New York He

served as supervising architect for the New York City
Housing Authority and had his own practice in
Chinatown. Lee's work has been cited by scholars as
among the most important Chinese American Architect
of its time. The Kimlau War Memorial is a simplified
version of a Pi-Low (SP?) or Pi-Fang (SP?) and I am
sorry if I mispronounced that, a traditional gateway
in Chinese architecture that evolved from Buddhist
forms in India. Traditionally they were decorative
gateways into villages or ceremony and contemporary
examples are often erected as memorials or as
gateways into Chinatowns throughout the world. Next
slide please. The Memorial consists of a granite
ceremonial gateway flanked by benches. Its design
blends traditional Chinese architectural forms like
the peaked roofs and brackets with a streamlined
esthetic. Inscribed at the top of the arch in both
Chinese and English are the words In Memory of the
Americans of Chinese Ancestry who lost their lives in
defense of freedom and democracy. The monuments
details echo vernacular Chinese forms in a striking
modern expression. Next slide please. In the 1990s,
the park was expanded in design and the street grid
was configured to address some dangerous pedestrian

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CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Kate.

I just have one quick question Kate. I saw the

barrier around the ...

KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Sure.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Memorial. Is there any way to get any more attractive type of barriers around the memorial?

1	SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITINGS AND DISPOSITIONS 31
2	KATE LEMOS MCHALE: That is a good
3	question. The Parks Department is doing conditions
4	assessment and is planning restoration work. I think
5	the barriers are, are, you know, to keep the public
6	safe but that is something that we could with them
7	about.
8	CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you.
9	KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Sure.
10	CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Counsel are
11	there any other Council Members who have any
12	questions?
13	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:
14	Again, any Council Members who have questions should
15	please use the raise hand button. I see no Council
16	Member questions.
17	CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: There being no
18	Council Member questions are there any members of the
19	public who wish to testify on this item?
20	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:
21	Simeon Bankoff is registered to testify on this item.
22	CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you. I

allow the public to testify. Simeon, you may begin. SGT. BIONDO: Time starts now.

would just like to excuse the LPC panel before we

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23

SIMEON BANKOFF: Council Members, Simeon
Bankoff, Executive Director of the Historic Districts
Council. The HDC has long been interested in the
designation of cultural sites and the designation of
more landmarks in lower Manhattan. We have tried to
shine a light on this neglected significant sites in
Chinatown for multiple classes of our Six to
Celebrate Program so we are particularly pleased that
the LPC is honoring this prominent public site by
Chinatown's first native born architect with this
designation. The history of Chinese immigrants and
Americans of Chinese origin in America is a ridge
complex and sadly overlooked one for a population
that has been part of our city for so long, there is
little in the public record and less in the public
consciousness which acknowledge and honor the
contribution of this varied and diverse community.
We welcome the LPCs ongoing efforts to address the
absence in hopes that this designation is with the
first of many which engage and protect sites of
community significance. There are many worthy sites
including buildings within Chinatown highlighted in
the Landmarks commission survey such as the Merchants
Association Building designed by the same architect,

1	SITINGS AND DISPOSITIONS 33
2	Mr. Lee at 8385 Munch Street which are so important
3	to New York City's rich history but whose private
4	owners might be less inclined to preservation than
5	the City's Parks Department. Thank you very much.
6	CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you
7	Simeon. Any other members of the public who wish to
8	testify LU-831, the Landmark Designation of the
9	Kimlau War Memorial to make themselves known now by
10	pressing the raise hand button on Zoom. The meeting
11	will briefly stand at ease. See no other members of
12	the public who wish to testify on this item the
13	public hearing on LU-831 is now closed. We will note
14	vote to approve LU-830 the landmark designation of
15	the Aakawaxung Munahanung Archaeologic Site, LU-829
16	the landmark designation of the New York Public
17	Library Harlem Branch and the LU-831 the landmark
18	designation of the Kimlau War Memorial. Counsel
19	please call the role.
20	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:
21	Riley?
22	CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Yes.
23	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

24 Koo?

PETER KOO: Aye.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITINGS AND DISPOSITIONS 34 1 2 SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA: 3 Barron? INEZ BARRON: Aye. I vote aye on all. 4 SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA: 5 By a vote, is that everybody here? Sorry, Treyger? 6 7 MARK TREYGER: Aye. SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA: 8 9 By a vote of four in the affirmative with zero in the negative and zero abstentions the items are 10 11 recommended for approval. The vote will be held open for Council Member Miller. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you 14 Counsel. We will not continue to the next of LPCs 15 applications before us today. LU-828 and the designation of the Dorrance Brooks Square Historic 16 17 District which includes approximately 325 buildings 18 in two sections of Frederick Douglas Boulevard in 19 Council Member Perkins District in Manhattan. Kate 20 Lemos McHale and Andre Fabre from the Landmarks 21 Preservation Commission will present this item as 2.2 well. I remind you that you are still under oath. 2.3 You may begin when ready.

KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Thank you Chair Riley. Thanks for the opportunity to present the

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2	designation of the Dorrance Brooks Square Historic
3	District in Harlem designated June 15, 2021 and if we
4	could have our slides please we could go to the
5	second slide. Thank you. The historic district
6	features intact streets that gives the exhibit a
7	striking variety of architectural styles and
8	buildings designed by prominent New York City
9	architects. The residential enclave is significant
10	for its association with notable African American
11	figures during the Harlem Renaissance. Next slide
12	please. The historic district includes two sections
13	shown here in red between St. Nicholas Park and Adam
14	Clayton Powell Jr. Boulevard. The eastern section
15	abuts the southern boundary of the St. Nicholas
16	Historic District known as Striver's Row which was
17	designated in 1967 and this district was the, is an
18	exciting intersection between agency priorities under
19	Chair Carroll's leadership and Community Board 10
20	Preservation Priorities for Harlem. LPC has worked
21	closely with CB10 recently designating the Mount
22	Morris Park Historic District extension and the
23	central Harlem west 130th to 132nd Street Historic
24	District. The Dorrance Brooks Square District
25	corresponds with two more of their priority areas

2	We received a request from the Dorrance Brooks
3	Property Owners and Residents Association to evaluate
4	the eastern section and through the Staff's careful
5	research and analysis we identified these two areas.
6	They are separated by recent construction along
7	Frederick Douglas Boulevard but they are linked
8	historically, architecturally and by their combined
9	cultural significance. We did extensive outreach
10	with property owners, we held three informational
11	meetings in Zoom and several follow-up meetings and
12	correspondence with individual property owners. At
13	the public hearing on April 20th, 12 people spoke in
14	favor of the proposed district including
15	representative of Manhattan Borough President Gail
16	Brewer, the Dorrance Brooks Property Owners and
17	Residence Association, several preservation
18	organizations including Save Harlem Now in the
19	historic district's council and individuals. One
20	property owner asked that his property be removed
21	from the boundary. The commission also received five
22	additional letters of support and letters from two
23	additional property owners asking to be removed from
24	the district. Next slide please. Prompted by the
25	arrival the elevated rail service along 8th Avenue

speculative rural house development in the his	storic
district began in 1887 and continued rapidly u	ıntil
the early 20th Century. Apartment buildings w	<i>i</i> ere
constructed in the 1920s completing the reside	ential
development of the area. Next slide please.	The
result of this rapid development of long rows	of
houses in similar design is the remarkable	
cohesiveness and notable architectural charact	er of
the streetscapes. Next slide please. The dist	rict is
anchored by Dorrance Brooks Square named for t	the
black serviceman who died in action while serv	ving
with segregated military in the First World Wa	ır
Dorrance Brooks was widely regarded as a hero	and
renowned for his bravery and service to our co	ountry.
His actions helped to dismantle racist notions	about
black American's fitness for military service.	The
square was dedicated in 1925 and was the first	public
space in New York City to honor an African Ame	erican
in this way and this district is the first his	storic
district named after an African American. Pre	esident
Harry Truman applauded this and was later hono	red at
Dorrance Brooks Square after having desegregat	ed the
U.S. Armed Forces. Next slide please. Africa	ın
Americans who had been pushed by discrimination	n and

2	militia out of neighborhoods on the west side of
3	Manhattan began moving to Harlem in the early 20th
4	Century. This also corresponded with the great
5	migration with many more African Americans moving to
6	New York City. During the Harlem Renaissance the
7	historic districts row houses, apartment buildings
8	and churches which remain remarkably intact today
9	housed many notable people and organizations who made
10	important contributions to the arts and literature,
11	social justice and politician activism, healthcare
12	and medicine, and education among other facets of
13	society. Next slide please. The historic district
14	was the home of prominent individuals who made
15	influential contributions to the arts and literature
16	during the Harlem Renaissance including SAS, W.E.B.
17	Du Bois, stage and motion picture Actress Ethel
18	Waters and celebrated sculpturist Augusta Savage and
19	artist studios here included the Harlem artist
20	skilled in the uptown art laboratory. In their home
21	at 580 St. Nicholas Avenue, Regina Anderson, Louella
22	Tucker and Ethel Ray Nance fostered the careers of
23	notable Harlem Renaissance artists like Countee
24	Cullen and Langston Hughes among many others. Next
25	slide please Several buildings in the historic

2	district were sites of important social activism
3	work. These include the homes of W.E.B. Du Bois,
4	Walter F. White and Daphne Montgomery. The New York
5	Urban League founded to improve urban conditions for
6	African Americans in New York, the White Rose
7	Mission, the Settlement House for African American
8	Women and girls and the Headquarters of the
9	Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, the first
10	African American Trade Union. Next slide please.
11	Discriminatory barriers denied African American
12	doctors the same rights, privileges and access as
13	their white counterparts. Important hospitals
14	started by African American doctors to serve the
15	Harlem Community are located within the historic
16	district. The Vincent Sanatorium and Hospital and
17	the Edgecombe Sanatorium and several prominent
18	medical professionals also lived in the district
19	opening offices there where they were not able to
20	elsewhere. Next slide please. Notable educators
21	advanced understanding of African History to inform
22	the work of African American artists and writers
23	during the Harlem Renaissance. Charles Seifert who
24	created the Ethiopian School of Research History and
25	Dr. John Henrik Clarke a significant author,

2	educator, historian and pioneer of the Pan-African
3	studies lived on West 137th Street and their home
4	served as public archives. Next slide please.
5	Religious institutions established in the historic
6	district during the Harlem Renaissance have been
7	important centers of the community. Some of the
8	significance, religious buildings in the district
9	include St. Marks United Methodist Church north of
10	Dorrance Brook Square, the Beulah Wesleyan Methodist
11	Church on West 136th Street, Grace Congregational
12	Church on West 139th Street and the Mount Calvary
13	United Methodist Church on Edgecombe Avenue. And
14	next slide please. This map shows the location of
15	these historically and culturally significant
16	institutions, organizations and individuals. In
17	addition to its notable cultural significance the
18	historic district is characterized by remarkably
19	cohesive streetscapes resulting from its rapid
20	development in the 20th Century. It's predominantly
21	characterized by row houses with some institutional
22	buildings and mixed use buildings. Those are mostly
23	along the Avenues. Next slide please. And the
24	historic district shows a remarkable degree of
25	architectural integrity with limited alterations and

very intact streetscapes. Next slide please. With
its highly intact streetscapes of late 19th century
and early 20th century architecture and rich
associations with the Harlem Renaissance and civil
rights movements, the historic district is an
important reminder of both the early development of
the neighborhood as well as the contributions of the
African American community to the history of New York
and the nation. As we celebrate the 100 year
anniversary of the Harlem Renaissance it's
particularly important and appropriate time to
recognize and celebrate the significant cultural and
social history of this district along with its intact
meritorious architecture. LPC recommends the City
Council votes to uphold this historic district
designation. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Kate.

If any Council Members have any questions please use the raise hand icon. There being no Council Member questions, are there any members of the public who wish to testify on this item?

Mr. Chair there are, there is Simeon Bankoff, Valerie

SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITINGS AND DISPOSITIONS

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2 Bradley, Keith Taylor, Leslie Bright and Kakuna 3 Kerina.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: I would just like to excuse the LPC panel before we have the public testify.

KATE LEMOS MCHALE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Kate.

Thank you Anthony and thank you Tim. Okay, so we will begin with Simeon. Simeon go ahead.

SGT. BIONDO: Starting time.

Districts Council. HDC has long been interested in extending landmark protections to neighborhoods in upper Manhattan and has consulted with Community

Board 10 over a decade ago when they were formulating their preservation plan. We are pleased that the plan has achieved some success in seeking the grant for preservation efforts in the area and were immensely pleased with the landmark commission took this role to designate this historic district. This historic district has been apparent in several long time preservation advocate and more recently involved community activists and residents being instrumental in bringing this effort forward successfully would

2	not have happened without the efforts of Michael
3	Adams, Angel Ayon, Valerie Jo Bradley, Yuien Chin,
4	the Dorrance Brooks Square Property Owners and
5	Residence Association, Save Harlem Now, Keith Taylor
6	and West Harlem Community Organization, to list some
7	of key players alphabetically. Special thanks also
8	to Marissa Marvelli for drafting the nomination, the
9	successful nomination into the National Register.
10	This area is both architectural remarkable and
11	indulgent with history. It was mentioned that it is
12	the first historic district named after an African
13	American New Yorker and despite their presence in the
14	City since its inception there are few places in New
15	York City named for Black New Yorkers and even less
16	of those have had names for almost a Century. The
17	area attracted a diverse population over the decades
18	with a number of standout historic personalities who
19	helped change our country few more so then Shirley
20	Chism, the first black woman elected to congress,
21	Brooklyn based Chism became involved in childhood
22	education in this neighborhood, working educational
23	programs at Mount Calvary United Methodist Church at
24	116 Edgecombe Avenue. This is the beginning of her
25	career in Children's Education, a career which

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eventually propelled her to serve in Congress and rus
for President which was another first. We applaud
the Landmarks Commission for including 116 Edgecombe
Avenue within the boundaries of the Historic
District. We understand that there are extenuating
circumstances for the intended demolition hanging
over the site but we feel strongly those permits do
not.

SGT. BIONDO: Time expired.

SIMEON BANKOFF: Height historic significance. We also hope that a solution can be discovered which will save this beautiful structure and find solace that LPC will be at least able to guide whatever ever development replaces the church in to a form that compliments the surrounding neighborhood. Thank you very much and I'll be happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Simeon. Ms. Bradley you can go next.

SGT. BIONDO: Starting time.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Ms. Bradley, you have to unmute Ms. Bradley.

VALERIE BRADLEY: Valerie Bradley with Save Harlem Now. Save Harlem now wholeheartedly

2	supports the designation of the Dorrance Brooks
3	Square Historic District. We celebrated on June 15,
4	2021 when the New York City Landmarks Preservation
5	Commission voted unanimously to designate an intact
6	district and we are looking forward to participating
7	an even bigger celebration when the New York City
8	Council approves the designation of an important
9	historic district in Harlem. The West Harlem
10	Community Preservation Organization and the Dorrance
11	Brooks Property Owners and Residence Association are
12	to be commended for their efforts to produce a
13	request for evaluation that made the case for the
14	Dorrance Brooks Square to be designated. A stellar
15	example of late 19th Century Architecture with its
16	richly detailed rowed houses and majestic churches
17	this neighborhood stands out not only for its
18	preserved built environment but also for it
19	historical importance. Closely associated with the
20	Harlem Renaissance and as a gathering place for
21	African American Civil Rights Advocacy, Dorrance
22	Brooks will be the first historic district named in
23	honor of an African American. A black soldier who
24	died in action while serving in a segregated military
25	regimen during World War I. The Dorrance Brooks

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Square became the site of frequent protests against discriminatory practices in the military, labor and housing. It was also home to prominent Harlem

Renaissance figures including W.E.B. DuBois, Arthur,

Walter White, Civil Rights Leader Jules Bledsoe,

performer and Alylia Walker all of whom hosted or participated in salons or intimate gatherings

attended by nationally known names.

SGT. BIONDO: Time expired.

VALERIE BRADLEY: Dr. May Edward Chin the first African American female doctor in Harlem lived and practiced at 44 Edgecombe Avenue. Shirley Chism, the first African American woman elected to Congress stared her career as a teacher at Mt. Calvary United Methodist Church and Augusta Savage an artist and sculptor started an influential community based arts program in a garage at 321 West 136th Street. Before closing, I would like to note that our Council person, Bill Perkins stands with the Harlem Community in support of the designation of an intact district. He sent a letter to that effect to our speaker, Corey Johnson. Thank you for allowing us to weigh in on the designation of this important community.

2	CHAIRPERSON KEITH RILEY: Thank you Ms.
3	Bradley. Mr. Taylor you could go next. Good morning
4	Chair Riley and members of this committee. My name
5	is Keith Taylor. I'm the President of the Dorrance
6	Brooks Property Owners and Residents Association. I
7	come before you this morning to ask that you approve
8	this proposed Dorrance Brooks Square Historic
9	District, the first in New York City's history to be
10	named after an African American Harlem Hellfighter
11	Private First Class Dorrance Brooks. In the proposed
12	district Dorrance Brooks Square which was dedicated
13	in 1925. This is the first public park in New York
14	City to be named after an African American, Private
15	First Class Dorrance Brooks. He was a patriot World
16	War I soldier with losses like fighting for American
17	France despite the bitter reality of Jim Crow
18	segregation back home. A decade ago the local
19	community board recognized the dangers of development
20	displaying the architectural and cultural history of
21	central Harlem and created its historic preservation
22	plan recommending nine historic areas worthy of land
23	marking. Two of those historic study areas would be
24	landmarked by this proposal. Our block association
25	with assistance from local historic organizations

2	such as Save Harlem Now, the historic district's
3	council, West Harlem Community Preservation
4	Organization, as well as strong community support has
5	been able to get state and federal historic
6	designation for some of the proposed district and
7	your approval is most significant by far. As
8	Frederick Douglass stated power concedes nothing
9	without demand. It never did and it never will.
10	Find out what any people will quietly submit to and
11	you will find out the exact measure of injustice and
12	wrong which can and will be imposed upon them. For
13	the Harlem African American Community which has lost
14	so much for so long with little historical legacy
15	remains there is special consideration to preserve
16	and cherish. Examples include the plan to demolish
17	the historical Mount Carrier United Methodist Church
18	and two connected brownstones as well as the
19	destruction of the Harlem Renaissance Artist Augusta
20	Savage's Art studio despite local community board
21	residents advocated for their preservation. There is
22	no question about the proposed district's
23	architectural, cultural or historic guide to Harlem
24	and the greater New York City Community. It is only
25	through strong neighborhood support that this block

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association was able to apply for State, Federal and
City historic preservation and we now ask that you
approve this important land marking designation.

5 Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Mr.

Taylor. Ms. Kerina you may go next.

SGT. BIONDO: Starting time.

KAKUNA KERINA: Good morning members of the City Council and representatives of the Landmark Preservation Commission. My name is Kakuna Kerina and I'm a resident of the Dorrance Brooks Square Historic District and a member of the Dorrance Brooks Property Owners and Residents Association. My focus is on how our association is organized because it is our goal that ultimately we would be able to support other community organizations that seek to obtain a similar type of recognition for their community The way we use technology, old fashion members. community organizing techniques to amplify our communities' voices and receive information from and communicate to the greater public to source of their support. While we did use our website as the primary vehicle for that, we, we really serve to inform our community about Dorrance Brooks first since it is

significance to our City's and Harlem's History and
then we also inform residents about ongoing community
preservation initiatives and the highlights of best
practices learning from those organizations efforts.
While we did build our electronic presence during the
process of securing state and federal historic
district status and ultimately the land marking
process that we are discussing today, we also ensured
that our residents were able to participate in
association meetings, town halls, presentations by
City, State and non-profit representatives about the
process of outcomes and the future impact of land
marking on the community. Early in the process we
discovered that a partial input of peer organizations
and individuals with specialized knowledge about
community preservation there was no roadmap for us to
follow. The association committed to using our
experiences to create a blue print to other
organizations seeking to obtain similar recognition
for the hidden figures from their communities. We
ensure that at every step of the process we place
documents, information about the process, contact
information to city, state and federal agencies and

MICHAEL HENRY ADAMS: Good morning Chair Powell. Ladies and gentlemen, I'm Michael Henry Adams, I wrote the book Harlem Lost and Found. fatal flaw of the preservation commission's

hear you Ms. Adams, go ahead.

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2	inclusionary initiative is a matter of resources and
3	time. When Greenwich Village was proposed as a
4	series of little tiny historic districts which were
5	disconnected the community said no because these
6	districts don't represent the breath and the
7	comprehensive area which represents the heritage of
8	this area. Well, in Harlem our heritage has been
9	proposed to be detected by little tiny discrete
10	historic districts like this one and only now is that
11	being done in a serious way and the reality is is
12	that the commission are penalizing us for their
13	failure to act in the past which led to all kinds of
14	buildings being diminished and undermined in the
15	meantime and so when we first were looking at trying
16	to designate Dorrance Brooks as a historic district,
17	all of our churches were still churches and were
18	still had viable congregations and subsequently they
19	all have been tempted by real estate developers who
20	want to demolish our churches and replace them with
21	luxury condos for white people and this is a
22	occurring all over Harlem. In the last 10 years we
23	have lost 20 historic Harlem churches. This too
24	little too late operation really must be changed.
25	There has to be a different way in which we have more

1	SITINGS AND DISPOSITIONS 53
2	comprehensive designation and in designating Dorrance
3	Brooks, the City Council will take up its
4	responsibility to ensure that we at least are
5	starting to acknowledge that there is as much at
6	stake and worth preserving in Harlem as there is in
7	Greenwich Village and that it shouldn't be the two
8	thirds of Greenwich Village is protected by land
9	marking where only 10% of Harlem is. Thank you very
10	much for your consideration.
11	CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Mr.
12	Adams. I believe we have one more public testimony.
13	Ms. Bright you can go ahead.
14	SGT. BIONDO: Starting time.
15	CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Ms. Bright,
16	you're muted. Ms. Bright you are still muted. We,
17	we can't really hear you Ms. Bright.
18	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:
19	You're unmuted now. It's not working.
20	CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: No, it's not
21	working. Um, can we give Ms. Bright a phone number
22	that she can call in on or, if Ms. Bright has writter
23	testimony she could indicate that with a nod and we

LESLIE BRIGHT: Can you hear me?

24 | could try to get that.

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2 SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

3 Yes I can hear you.

 $\label{eq:chairperson kevin Riley: Yes, we can hear you. \\$

LESLIE BRIGHT: Okay. Good morning. Sorry for the (inaudible). I appreciate this opportunity to speak and to address the committee. Hi, my name is Leslie Bright and I am the resident of the proposed designated area and I am also a member of the Dorrance Brooks Property Owners and Residents Association and I would simply like to take this opportunity to underscore and represent. You have the history of, of the community in the proposal. What I would like to do is simply underscore the actual involvement of other members in the community and other residents by sharing with you just a little bit of information. In addition to the support provided by the advocacy groups as well as the West Harlem Community Preservation Association, Save Harlem Now and the Historic District Council in aiding us in getting the state and national designations and going thus forward with the city designation. I would like to underscore the

communities involvement and just simply note this is

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a part of the effort to finance the study and the supporting requirements to actually get the plans in place and to formulate the proposals but we actually did outreach to the community and received you know a series of letters and became through the association with the members within the designated community and held a number of information sessions in (inaudible) and as a result of that an outreach in April 2018 we received responses within 60 days from 33 households contributing \$2500 to support the effort in engaging the architect and other infrastructure and media support.

SGT. BIONDO: Time expired.

LESLIE BRIGHT: So I just wanted to (inaudible) the common and a broader interest for the individual residents.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you Ms.

Bright and you were breaking up at the end so I don't know if you still want to submit your testimony so we can have it for the record, okay? Any other members of the public who wish to testify on LU 828 the designation of the Dorrance Brooks Square Historic District should make themselves known by pressing the raise hand button on the zoom. This meeting will be

2	briefly stand at ease until you do so. Seeing no
3	other members of the public who wish to testify on
4	this item, the public hearing on LU 828 is now closed
5	and the item is laid over. I now open today's public
6	hearing on our last item, LU 835, 101 Varick Avenue.
7	This item is an application submitted by the
8	Department of Transportation and the Department of
9	Citywide Administrative Services pursuant to section
10	197C of the New York City Charter for the site
11	selection and acquisition of a property located at
12	101 Varick Avenue in Brooklyn for use as a DOT
13	operation and warehouse facility. The site is
14	located in the district represented by Council Member
15	Reynoso and Council Member Reynoso couldn't be here
16	today so I will be reading his remarks. He says good
17	morning to the, to Chair Riley and members of the
18	Committee. My name is Council Member Reynoso and I
19	represent the 34th District in which this action is
20	being proposed. I want to thank the committee and
21	DOT for their work to get us to this point as I have
22	noted to DOT previously, I believe the proposed use
23	is appropriate for the site which is located within
24	the North Brooklyn IBZ. However, as the City
25	continues to rezone manufacturing insights for non-

industrial uses, I do not believe it is prudent for
the City to continue leasing industrial sites. If
DOT is ascertain that this site is necessary for its
infrastructure needs we should be purchasing it
outright rather than leaving ourselves subject to the
whims of a developer and risking the loss of space
deemed essential for city functions. I encouraged the
Mayor and the Council to conduct a long-term
assessment of the city's needs for industrial space
and I didn't see the policy, and to identify, excuse
me the policies necessary to ensure the preservation
of the City's core industrial districts city
facilities and other essential infrastructure. We
know that updated industrial zoning is part of the
any such solution and I continue to advocate for the
creation of a core industrial district but we should
also be identifying and purchasing sites for the
long-term rather than site by site as each agency
needs arises. Having said that, I do believe this
action is critical to supporting DOTs mission. I
support the application and I urge the members of
this Committee to do so as well. Thank you and thank
you so much for your remarks. Council Member
Revness presented for the administration we have

1	SITINGS AND DISPOSITIONS 58
2	Dorrit Blakeslee, Jessica Worock, Rebecca Zack and
3	Danielle Zuckerman from the Department of
4	Transportation and Nina Kotter and Laura Ringelheim
5	from the Department of Citywide Administrative
6	Services. Excuse me if I chopped up any of your
7	names. I now ask that these witnesses be unmuted an
8	the Counsel administer the affirmation.
9	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:
10	Please raise your right hands and state your names.
11	DORRIT BLAKESLEE: Dorrit Blakeslee.
12	NINA KOTTER: Nina Kotter.
13	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:
14	In the order that you were called let's say it that
15	way, we have to hear the names.
16	DORRIT BLAKESLEE: Dorrit Blakeslee.
17	JESSICA WOROCK: Jessica Worock.
18	DANIELLE ZUCKERMAN: Danielle Zuckerman.
19	NINA KOTTER: Nina Kotter.
20	LAURA RINGELHEIM: Laura Ringelheim.
21	SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA: Do
22	you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and
23	nothing but the truth in your testimony before the
24	Subcommittee and in answer to all Council Member

questions?

2 DORRIT BLAKESLEE: I do.

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3 JESSICA WOROCK: Yes.

DANIELLE ZUCKERMAN: I do.

NINA KOTTER: Yes.

LAURA RINGELHEIM: I do.

SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

Thank you. You may begin your presentation when you are ready.

DORRIT BLAKESLEE: Thank you. Can you pull up the pre-? Okay. Great. Perfect. So hello, my name is Dorrit Blakeslee and I work for DOT Facilities Management. I'll be presenting about 101 Varick Avenue. Next slide please. Here's a picture of the project site, 101 Varick outlined in red. DOT in collaboration with DCAS seeing the site select and acquire this privately owned site. The site lot is approximately 140,000 square feet. The site is located in an M31 Zoning District in the North Brooklyn Industrial Business Zone and the DOT units that are proposed to be located here include part of the sidewalk inspection and management abbreviated as SIM, Citywide Concrete Unit and The Traffic Operation Streetlight Storage Warehouse as well as office space. Currently the Streetlight Warehouse is

operating out of 110 Varick under a licensed 2 agreement. Next slide. DOT needs the new space at 3 4 101 Varick due to two city priorities. SIM is 5 expanding due to a court mandate that requires 162,000 curb ramps to be installed or updated 6 7 throughout the City and 25 new SIM employees would be 8 assigned to 101 Varick and the Traffic Operation Streetlight Warehouse needed to move from 37th Avenue to provide access for DEP to finish constructing 10 11 water tunnel #3 and this operation is supported by 6 DOT traffic operation staff. Next slide. 12 13 Varick has been identified by DOT as a very good 14 location for many different reasons. Oh, can you go 15 back to the last slide. Sorry, I skipped the, can you go to pre-, okay, there you go. The site is well 16 17 served by public transit. Also there is access to 18 Metropolitan and Flushing Avenues as well as the 19 The existing building and site is 20 adequately sized for DOT and would require minimal changes. The site is located in M31 Zoning District 21 2.2 and the occupancy of this building with new 2.3 employment would foster economic activity in the area. Next slide please. This slide shows proposed 24 site plan for 101 Varick. As already stated, SIM and 25

2	Streetlight Warehouse would be located here. Please
3	note that SIM will not be storing concrete materials
4	or be preparing concrete on site and no new
5	construction on the site is proposed. Next slide.
6	As for resiliency, critical infrastructure would be
7	protected from any potential flooding events and
8	sustainability is also very important to DOT and is a
9	priority for the City so DOT and partnership with
10	DCAS will be exploring the opportunity to install
11	rooftop agriculture, solar panels or a green roof and
12	we have started discussing these options with the
13	building ownership. Next slide please. A fair share
14	analysis was performed for this site and it was
15	determined that there was not a disproportionate
16	concentration of similar City facilities in the study
17	area. Next slide. This project also under a City
18	Environmental Quality Review and it was determined
19	that the project would not create any significant
20	adverse impacts related to hazardous materials or
21	contamination, vehicle trips or parking and a
22	negative declaration was issued on April 1st, 2021.
23	Next slide. So in summary, DOT is seeking the site
24	select and acquire the property at 101 Varick Avenue
25	to house an expanded SIM Citywide Concrete Unit and

relocate the Streetlight Warehouse. The project site
is ideal for DOT for many reasons. It's located
close to public transportation, it has excellent
vehicle access to the City's highway system, it does
both industrial and office space that is adequately
sized, it is appropriately zoned for DOT operations,
it requires minimal improvements and it would
increase economic activity for local businesses. A
Fair Share Analysis determined that there is no
disproportion or concentration of similar City or DOT
facilities in the area and the seeker has determined
that the project would not create significant
traffic, parking or environmental impacts. So that's
the end of the presentation. If there are any
questions, we can take them.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you so much, Dorrit.

DORRIT BLAKESLEE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: I don't have any questions. I don't see any Council Members who have any questions. Counsel are there any members of the public who wish to testify on this item?

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SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

There are no members of the public registered to testify on this item.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Seeing no members of the public who wish to testify on this item. The public hearing on LU 835 is now closed and the item is laid over. Thank you. Counsel, are we still leaving it open for Council Member Miller to vote?

SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA: He has not shown up so we can close that vote.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Okay.

SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL JEFFREY CAMPAGNA:

The vote stands at 4 in the affirmative, 0 in the negative with 0 abstentions for the items to be approved and recommended to the full Land Use Committee.

CHAIRPERSON KEVIN RILEY: Thank you

Counsel. That concludes today's business. I remind

you that if you have written testimony on today's

items you may submit it to

landusetestimony@Council.nyc.gov once again

landusetestimony@Council.nyc.gov please indicate the

LU number or the project name in the subject heading.

SUBCOMMI	TTEE	ON	LANDMARKS,	PUBLIC
SITINGS	AND	DISE	POSITIONS	

I would like to thank the applicants, members of the public, my colleagues, Subcommittee Counsel, Land Use Staff and the Sergeant at Arms for participating in today's hearing. This meeting is hereby adjourned. Thank you everyone.

${\tt C} \ {\tt E} \ {\tt R} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt F} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt C} \ {\tt A} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt E}$

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date <INSERT TRANSCRIPTION DATE>