CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

of the

COMMITTEE ON AGING

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June 23, 2010 Start: 1:10pm Recess: 1:55pm

HELD AT: Council Chambers

City Hall

B E F O R E:

JESSICA S. LAPPIN

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Maria del Carmen Arroyo

Margaret Chin Gale A. Brewer David Greenfield

Peter Koo

Karen Koslowitz

Melissa Mark-Viverito

James Vacca

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Caryn Resnick
Deputy Commissioner for External Affairs
New York City Department of the Aging

Deputy Chief Jeremiah Quinlan Commanding Officer, Special Investigations Division Detective's Office and Missing Persons

Lieutenant Christopher Zimmerman Commanding Officer of Missing Persons Detective's Office and Missing Persons

Jed Levine

Executive Vice President and Director of Programs and Services
Alzheimer's Association, New York City chapter

Karen Tinney Policy Analyst for Aging Services United Neighborhood Houses

Molly Krakowski

Director of Legislative Affairs and the General Public Affairs Committee for Older Adults
Jewish Association Services for the Aged

2	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN	: All right,
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good morning everybody, good afternoon. This is a crazy time this year, I understand and the budget negotiating team is meeting at 1:30, I believe, today so we're going to try to do this as respectfully, as expeditiously as possible. So let me introduce myself, I'm Jessica Lappin, the chair joined today by Council Member Jimmy Vacca from the Bronx and Council Member Peter Koo from Queens. What we are here today to discuss is Intro number 270, which would establish a Silver Alert program in the city to find older adults with cognitive impairments who go missing.

Can you imagine losing track of a loved one? Because really there is nothing that is a more terrifying prospect, getting a phone call that your child has gone missing or that your parent or grandparent has gone missing or turning your back for just a few moments and discovering that they're gone. For those families who care for somebody with Alzheimer's or dementia this threat is very real. In New York City alone, about 250,000 people have Alzheimer's or similar cognitive impairment and 60% of individuals

diagnosed with Alzheimer's will wander or become
lost during the course of the disease.

Scarier, if they do wander and they aren't found within 24 hours there's a greater than 50% chance that they either will never be found or when they are located will be seriously injured or dead. That's why I think that this city should do what 30 other jurisdictions, including Nassau and Suffolk County have already done and that's create a Silver Alert program.

It's modeled after Amber Alert,
which is this program for missing children and it
works my alerting the community, primarily through
media outlets that a senior has gone missing.

This happens after the missing person is reported
to the local police department. And depending on
the state issuing the alert, traffic signs or
emails may also be used to distribute information.

In other states that have implemented Silver
Alert, they have had very high success rates.

The state of New York is considering this but we're going ahead and looking at this at the city level on our own. And I wanted to note that Councilwoman Maria del Carmen

Arroyo who was the former chair of this committee that has introduce this legislation with me and our goal with this bill is to create a program that is specific to the needs of our city.

It would require the Mayor to designate a specific city agency to implement the program. The administering agency would be responsible for issuing an alert within 24 hours of the senior being reported missing to the police department. It would then maintain a database of organizations such as media outlets, senior service providers, medical facilities and community organizations in the area where the senior is reported missing.

The information on the missing person would be conveyed through means such as emails, telephone calls, television broadcast or radio broadcast. And these alerts would be issued repeatedly until the missing person is found or if the administering agency determined that the issuance of the Silver Alert would no longer be appropriate.

I think this bill is a sound way for New York to take another big step towards

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improving its age friendliness. Silver Alerts, as I mentioned, have been already proven successful in other parts of the country and I have no doubt it will be successful here as well.

I want to note we've been joined by Council Member Karen Koslowitz and Council Member Gale Brewer. I was going to give Council Member Arroyo an opportunity to speak at this point since she has also been involved on this issue but since she's not here, we're going to start to hear testimony. And I'm going to ask Caryn Resnick from the Department for the Aging to speak on behalf of the administration. Does the Police Department want to join up here there? Excellent. We have Lieutenant Christopher Zimmerman who is the CO of the Missing Persons Squad and Deputy Chief Jeremiah, is that Quinlan or Quinton? Quinlan, who is the CO Special Investigations Division. Welcome.

CARYN RESNICK: Chair Lappin and members of the Committee on Aging, my name is Caryn Resnick and I'm the Deputy Commissioner for External Affairs at the Department of the Aging.

I'm joined today by my colleagues from the Police

Department and Robin Finley, who's not up here,

but from also the New York City Department of the

Aging.

mentioned, is a collaborative effort between the City Council and the Mayor's office to establish a Silver Alert program in the City of New York. The bill will provide rapid notification to the public when a senior citizen who suffers from any cognitive impairment, including but not limited to Alzheimer's Disease or dementia, is reported missing to a law enforcement agency.

Nationally, Silver Alert is public notification system to broadcast information about older adults who've been reported missing, notably, seniors with Alzheimer's Disease, dementia or other cognitive impairment in order to aid in their return. Protocols vary by state but typically law enforcement agencies, often state police, activate Silver Alerts. They can be broadcast on a wide range of outlets that includes television, radio, and electronic road signs. And these alerts also may involve law enforcement, residents, hospitals and other institutions.

Oklahoma created the nation's first

Silver Alert system in 2006. Since that time 26 states have implemented Silver Alerts or similar programs focusing on missing seniors. Eight other states have other broader missing person alert systems that include protocols for missing seniors. At least 10 additional states have considered similar legislation including New York

State. Currently the State Assembly, Senate have

each passed legislation to create a missing
vulnerable adults clearing house to facilitate a
Gold Alert system.

At the federal level, the national Silver Alert Act was reintroduced in the 111th Congress as HR 632. It has passed the House of Representatives and is currently pending in the Senate. The purpose of the bill is to enhance and integrate Silver Alert systems throughout the United States. As you are aware, last August Mayor Bloomberg, Speaker Quinn and the New York Academy of Medicine unveiled 59 initiatives designed to enhance our city's livability for older New Yorkers as part of the Age Friendly NYC Project.

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Age Friendly NYC builds on the work

cities initiative, which engaged older adults and

of the World Health Organization's age friendly

others in 35 cities around the world in

identifying the core components of an age friendly

city. As one of the 59 initiatives, the city

pledged to develop an alert program that would be

added to Notify NYC, the service that allows New

Yorkers to sign up and receive notification about

emergency events via text message, phone message

or email.

The Mayor's Office and the City Council partnered last month to launch Senior

Alert, a program that utilizes Notify NYC to

notify subscribers about missing and vulnerable

seniors. We're confident that Senior Alert, as it

continues to develop, will serve as a benefit and

protection to New Yorkers with cognitive

impairment and their families.

Senior Alert is an outgrowth of the

educational outreach to families of missing

persons initiative, an existing city partnership

among DFTA, the New York City Housing Authority,

the New York City Police Department Housing Bureau

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and the Alzheimer's Association, New York City chapter. This group has worked on educating family caregivers of missing older persons about resources and services including the Alzheimer's Association's Medical Alert Safe Return Program, highlighting NYPD resources applied to searches for missing older adults and promoting assessment and service linkages for older persons who've been report missing to the NYPD.

This collaboration, in turn, grew from the Alzheimer's Association's educational outreach initiative with NYCHA and the NYPD.

Following discussions between NYPD and DFTA leadership concerning the need to inform and educate the families of older missing persons about services that might reduce the incidence of wandering among people with Alzheimer's and other dementias, the NYPD amended its missing persons protocol by instituting a Department order in 2007.

The Department order ensures that information the NYPD gathers on older missing persons is forwarded to DFTA for assessment and service linkages. Social workers at DFTA reach

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out to those with missing loved ones to discuss
the particulars of a given disappearance,
Alzheimer's Disease and its trajectory and also
present pertinent services for the missing person
and their caregiver, including referrals to care
giver and case management agencies in the
community.

DFTA social workers also distribute booklets on understanding Alzheimer's Disease and community resources for the Alzheimer's family and provide contact information for resources in their communities. The city in 2008 received an Innovation Award for this collaboration from the National Association for Area Agencies on Aging.

Alzheimer's Disease as well as its associated behaviors and care issues is at the forefront of discussion in the field of aging.

And estimated 14 million persons in the U.S. by 2030 will be diagnosed with Alzheimer's Disease.

Families often are the sole caregivers of older adults suffering from Alzheimer's and other dementias and many are unaware of resources available to help them address wandering and other challenging disruptive behaviors. Many also may

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not know about vital caregiver services such as respite, counseling, support groups and education.

DFTA is very supportive of Silver Alert efforts, particularly when used in tandem with these type of caregiver supports. We look forward to continuing our work with the City Council in developing an even stronger public notification system to aid in the recovery of missing older adults who are in eminent risk of danger. It is important that the final legislation incorporate the best practices of the NYPD and OEM. We will also continue our supportive efforts through our Alzheimer's and caregiver resource center, through the provision of outreach, education and service linkages to caregivers of older adults with cognitive impairments.

I'd like to thank this committee and the entire Council for your interest and support in regard to this important issue and I'd now be happy to take your questions.

CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Thank you,

Deputy Commissioner. I want to note we have been
joined by Councilwoman Maria del Carmen Arroyo,

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Councilman Melissa Mark Viverito and Councilwoman
Margaret Chin. The General Welfare committee is
meeting right now across the street so I know
people will be in and out.

My questions are really for the

Police Department. I have just a couple and then

I'm going to open it up to my colleagues. Do we

have a sense, do you have any statistics about how

many seniors do go missing every year that have

cognitive impairments? And if you can introduce

yourself for the record before your respond.

JEREMIAH QUINLAN: Good afternoon, thank you Council. I'm the Deputy Chief Jeremiah Quinlan. I'm the Commanding Officer of the Special Investigations Division for the Chief of Detective's Office and Missing Persons. Next to me is Lieutenant Zimmerman, who is the Commanding Officer of Missing Persons. He reports directly to me.

CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: So do you have a sense of how many people do go missing every year?

MR. QUINLAN: Missing every year or every senior?

2	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Seniors, every
3	year.
4	MR. QUINLAN: The New York City
5	Police Department, generally, we handle between
6	8,000 and 9,000 missing persons a year,
7	predominantly children between the ages of 11 to
8	16. As far as missing persons we record them by
9	age, not by their ability, whether they have
10	dementia or Alzheimer's. If you look at our
11	statistics as far as 65 years or older, last year
12	we had 200 reported missing that were reported by
13	missing persons. This year we have 85 year to
14	date. Of the 200, all of them are recovered. The
15	85 that are reported this year, 73 are recovered
16	I'm sorry 72. We have 13 outstanding cases.
17	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: And when you
18	are able to recover people, is it true that if you
19	get them within the first 48 hours then they're in
20	much better shape?
21	MR. QUINLAN: As far as physically?
22	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Mm-hmm.
23	MR. QUINLAN: If you have a person
24	that's wandering, the sooner you get them back,
25	whether it's an older person or even a child,

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2	they're going to be in much better condition
3	because they're not exposed to the elements.
4	That's basically it.

CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Okay, I know that Caryn Resnick explained in her testimony the Senior Alert that we announced with Deputy Mayor Sklyar right before he left the administration.

And just sort of stress that what we're trying to do here is take this one step further. That's great and if people are not signed up through Notify NYC they absolutely should for this and other reasons. But it's a self selected group versus looking to do what other states have done the way we do Amber Alerts is not to a self selecting group but to a wider audience.

So I wanted to ask the Department if there are concerns you have about how we would implement this or any problems that you foresee in that aspect of the bill.

MR. QUINLAN: Some of it's verbiage. Cognitive impairment, I have two children, they're both dyslexic, they're both in college. They're scoring A's so if you throw that in, I'd like to see the law limited to dementia

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2	and Alzheimer's. Also like Amber Alert, there's
3	also a risk of eminent serious physical injury or
4	death. If we restrict it to those areas, I have
5	no problem with the law.

CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: How do you judge if somebody, a child or a senior, is in eminent danger of a threat?

MR. QUINLAN: I'll use the example of Amber Alert.

> CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Please.

MR. QUINLAN: Amber Alert it generates an issue response of Police Officers. They do a search of the building to verify that the person is missing, a rooftop, basements, around the area. And then the criteria for Amber Alert, the person has to be less than 18, 17 years of age or younger and there has to be an eminent threat of serious physical injury or death or the fact that they could possible harm themselves, either an abduction or if they're missing under those criteria.

It's reviewed, the Detectives respond to the scene. They review the search that was done, they start an investigation and request

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2	a Detective Captain. Detective Captain looks at
3	the totality of the circumstances, does an
4	evaluation and the requests that the state
5	broadcast Amber Alert. By doing it that way, it
6	becomes specific, the importance doesn't get
7	diminished.
8	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Okay. So you
9	would do something similar? You would go out,
10	you'd investigate, you'd search the surrounding
11	area. You would have the detectives come, you'd
12	assess the situation and you determine if this
13	senior was facing an eminent danger or threat to
14	their life or their
15	MR. QUINLAN: Basically somewhat
16	similar.
17	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Okay, great.
18	Do any of my colleagues have questions?
19	Councilwoman Viverito and then Council Member Koo
20	and then Council Member Brewer.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER MARK-VIVERITO:
22	Thank you Madam Chair. Actually I didn't have a
23	question but it's very timely that this

conversation is happening because I was just

talking to my elderly grandfather on Sunday and

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he's in his 80s. His wife is in her 80s. She has the onset of Alzheimer's and just when I called him he said that they had just found her. That she had been lost, Rose had been lost for about two hours. She has Alzheimer's, the cops were very gracious, he lives up in Co-op City and had brought her back home.

Having this kind of a program and having this kind of codified, so to speak, I think is something that again if we're talking about an aging city and we've really been emphasizing that and put a lot of resources into studying aging improvements, districts making this city much more livable for elderly people. This is a tough city, we all know that, for those of us that are completely able to get around. For those that are elderly and having difficulties, physically it's difficult and those that are having cognitive impairments is even much more so. So anything that we can do to facilitate that I think is something very worthy to look after and to implement. So I really want to thank you, Madam Chair, for this introduction and thank you for your feedback DFTA as well, Ms. Resnick.

MR. QUINLAN: Under those

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2	restrictions? I see it as a positive thing.
3	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: No?
4	MR. QUINLAN: I'm 58 years old.
5	Sooner or later I'm going to be fitting this
6	category.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: What about
8	budget wise? Do we need to increase the budget?
9	MR. QUINLAN: I don'tas written?
10	We have the largest missing persons squad in the
11	country and everybody gets involved from patrol to
12	detectives. So with the current manpower we have,
13	I don't see it adding to our workload.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Okay, thank
15	you.
16	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Thank you.
17	MR. QUINLAN: Thank you.
18	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Council Member
19	Brewer.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you
21	very much. Two questions, one is I'm on Notify
22	NYC and I like it a lot. But I have a feeling
23	even though I publicize it in my newsletter and e-
24	news, not enough people have signed up. So have
25	you found it useful for any of the other current

2	missing situations? Is that something that you
3	use as a tool or not, Notify NYC?
4	MR. QUINLAN: It's part of the
5	tool. Some of the stuff is stuff that we already
6	do. When a person goes missing patrol response to
7	the location. A report is sent to missing persons
8	and missing persons already starts reaching out to
9	the hospitals. They put it in the national alarm
10	system so every law enforcement agency in the
11	country knows about it. And we also notify the
12	Alzheimer's and the Department of Aging so it
13	helps.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay. So I
15	guess OEM would be the one to do Notify NYC if you
16	brought it to that level.
17	MR. QUINLAN: Correct.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Next
19	question is other jurisdictions, the Chair
20	mentioned Nassau, Suffolk. Are you in touch with
21	any of the police departments there and do you
22	know how it is or isn't working in those
23	locations?
24	MR. QUINLAN: We deal with Nassau
25	because they border Queens.

five and a half days.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Five and a half days.

25 MR. QUINLAN: Correct, from the

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2	time that they're reported missing to the time
3	that they're found and that's the average.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: So with the
5	Silver Alert, would that help in terms of it may
6	lessen the time that people can be found?
7	MR. QUINLAN: Based on my
8	experience with otherany time you get publicity
9	on cases, missing persons or even crimes and we
10	get a picture of the person out to the media and
11	the media reacts and looks at it, it enhances our
12	ability because we have that many more eyes
13	looking for the person. So the public's help is
14	always welcome.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: So with
16	Silver Alert, then, the potential that it could
17	really help shorten the timeframe?
18	MR. QUINLAN: It could but like I
19	said, it should be restricted to the most serious
20	cases so the public doesn't become numb to the
21	broadcast.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: So what
23	abouthow does the notification get it out to a
24	broader group; hospital, local community
25	organizations and especially in immigrating

communities to utilize local media, local radio stations to help get the word out? Because I know that in my community, parts of my community, let's say for example in China Town. Once in a while I do see posters being put up, missing seniors it may say that.

MR. QUINLAN: The current practice is that a missing person goes missing, the squad gets involved, patrol response. We do a full search depending on the circumstances, the age and the seriousness. Like you mentioned, we do, Missing Persons prints up posters, index card size that they slip under doors in the area. They also put out larger posters that we post in the store fronts. Certain circumstances, we have a missing persons case now where we have the crime scene van riding around the community, broadcasting the description and posters, handing them out. DCPI puts it out to the media that all the major media outlets as well as the local papers.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: What about the local radio station? In a lot of the immigrating community or ethnic community, the radios are very, very popular. Just in the

2	Chinese community alone, there are quite a number
3	of radio that people listen to all the time.
4	MR. QUINLAN: We put it out the
5	media. It's up to the media to run with the
6	story. So we do get it out through the media
7	through Deputy Commissioner of Public Information
8	but the media or outlets are the ones that decide
9	whether they're going to push the story or not.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Okay, thanks.
11	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Thank you.
12	And obviously with this legislation were to pass,
13	we would then be using media outlets regularly and
14	communicating more effectively with the public.
15	Thank you very much. We don't have any more
16	questions for this panel. Oh, I'm sorry, I'm
17	sorry, I'm reallyI want to cross the street I'm
18	so out of it. Councilman Koslowitz.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: Thank
20	you Madam Chair. What happens when you find the
21	person? What happens?
22	MR. QUINLAN: On a normal missing
23	persons case we find the person, we usually take
2.4	them to the hospital to make sure that they're

okay and then return to their families. In the

2	case of an elderly person we deal with the
3	Department of Aging and they provide social
4	services or at least offer the social services to
5	the family and explain to them how they can
6	safeguard that person to prevent it from
7	reoccurring.
8	We also record a missing person.
9	We keep records of where they're found. Some of
10	our missing persons cases run away frequently so
11	it's easy to track. The easiest way is to look
12	where we found them last time and go back there.
13	A lot of times they're back there again.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: Okay,
15	that was my second question. Do you find that
16	some of them keep running away?
17	MR. QUINLAN: Yes.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: A large
19	percentage or?
20	MR. QUINLAN: I would say a
21	significant portion.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: Really.
23	MR. QUINLAN: Like I said, we
24	handle between 8,000 and 9,000 missing persons and
25	what's true of the elderly is also true of the

2	young kids that run away. They tend to go back to
3	the same places where they go, where they ran. In
4	the case of an elderly, a lot of times they go
5	back to a previous address that they lived at and
6	were look there. So we keep records of where we
7	recover them. And we also talk to the family, the
8	Department, the Alzheimer's Association to see if
9	they have any history that we don't have.
LO	One thing that is good though is
11	pictures. It helps us when we have a photo of the
L2	missing because when we put that out it helps.
L3	Instead of just the description of what the person
L4	looks like, an actual picture is worth a thousand
L5	words.
L6	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: Thank
L7	you.
18	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Thank you very
L9	much.
20	MR. QUINLAN: Thank you.
21	CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Thank you.
22	Okay, the next panel and the last panel this
23	morning is Karen Tinney from the United
24	Neighborhood Houses, Jed Levine from the
25	Alzheimer's Association and Molly Krakowski from

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2 JASA.

thank you fro the opportunity to meet with you today to discuss legislation creating the Silver Alert to provide protection for older New Yorkers with Alzheimer's and other dementias. I'm Jed Levine, Executive Vice President and Director of Programs and Services at the Alzheimer's Association, New York City Chapter. Over there is my colleague, Elizabeth Bravo Santiago, who's the manager of our Medic Alert and Safe Return program.

The Alzheimer's Association
strongly supports a comprehensive approach to
constructing a Silver Alert system addressing the
needs of cognitively impaired adults in New York
City. And applauds the leadership of Chairperson
Lappin, Council Member Arroyo and the Committee on
Aging in leading this effort. I'm not going to go
into the background of Alzheimer's Disease because
I know that you know that.

Let me just move to the fact that we have been involved with the protection of cognitively impaired adults who wander for close

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to two decades. It's a program that I developed in 1990. It was one of the first projects I had when I started at the Association. As you mentioned, 60% to 70% of all persons with Alzheimer's will wander at some point in time during the disease and it is always a serious and life threatening situation.

Our program provides outreach and awareness about the availability of Medic Alert and Safe Return, registration in a database that's available 24/7, identifying materials such as the Medic Alert and safe Return bracelet and necklace and wallet cards and clothing tags. Similar products for the caregiver, who if they are in a medical emergency need to be identified so that a person who receives care can get care at home in case the caregiver becomes ill and taken to the hospital.

We fax a lost patient emergency bulletin to every hospital, emergency room, the medical examiner's offices, Port Authority and Transit Authority, to EMS, to shelters for the homeless and other emergency responders when a person with dementia goes missing. All of this is

done in a coordinated effort with DFTA and with the NYPD.

And most importantly, we provide support for the family during this episode.

Because there is nothing more terrifying than knowing that your elderly parent is out there in this big city wandering and truly at risk. And then we also provide counseling and care planning after the episode to ensure that this doesn't happen again or at least to limit the risk.

The program works, 99% of people who are registered and wander are found. If not found within 24 hours, as you know this, a close to 50% chance for those who are cognitively impaired are either never be found, be found seriously injured or diseased. Exposure to extreme weather, such as today, poses a serious threat to persons with dementia who may forget to eat or drink and lose the ability to protect themselves from heat, cold, rain and other inclement conditions.

Thanks to previous funding from the City Council, including Council Members Quinn,
Arroyo, Garodnick, Ignizio and past members of the

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City Council, we've been able to offer enrollment free of charge for any New Yorker who can't afford the \$55 fee. As of June 18, 2010 there were 1,400 plus New Yorkers newly enrolled in this fiscal year bringing our total to over 14,000 New Yorkers who are enrolled in Medic Alert Safe Return.

Nationwide there are over 160,000 individuals and there have been over 16,000 safe reunions.

Any Silver Alert system must be interoperable with Medic Alert and Safe Return, including coordination with the Medic Alert and Safe Return team, enrollment mechanisms and tools and training and education for first responders and public safety personnel about Alzheimer's and related disorders and the problem of wandering.

A Silver Alert program would be a great complement to the Medic Alert Safe Return program as it would expand the scale of our reach in the community and build on the relationships that we have already established and add that component of counseling and care and support.

Let me just end by saying that we've enjoyed a productive and cooperative relationship with NYPD since the mid 90s when then

Commissions Howard Safer appointed the first detective who was assigned to us. We're the only chapter in the network of 80 chapters of Alzheimer's Associations around the country who has a police detective who's assigned to help us investigate when somebody goes missing but also to promote the program.

As you heard from the police officers from the Missing Persons Squad that we're now in the patrol guide, have been since the year 2000, so that when anybody over 65 and is cognitively impaired goes missing they contact the Safe Return program to see if we know of them, if we've worked with them and how we can work together.

I have just one concern about the legislation, which is that Alzheimer's does not only affect seniors. That 10% of the population of people with Alzheimer's Disease are under the age of 60 or 65. So I would hope that any legislation would be inclusive in a way as so that that population who is equally as vulnerable and at risk of wandering could benefit from this legislation.

I will skip to the end except to say I provided some of the same facts and statistics that I'm sure the Alzheimer's

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Association has done. And just to say that I am here today in support of City Council Intro 270 that would create the Silver Alert system, which would provide rapid notification to the public when an older adult who has a cognitive disability such as Alzheimer's Disease is reported missing to a law enforcement agency. And I really thank Council Member Lappin and the other members who signed on to that.

I just want to skip down to the part where I said even with the best care from family members and the provider community, wandering remains a significant concern as estimated that one in six people with dementia will wander. It becomes important, then, that we create a system that allow for a quick response by the community to recognize and safely return someone who has wandered to their home.

UNH deploys Chair Lappin and a multitude of sponsors on Intro 270, the Silver Alert Act and their efforts to do just this. The Silver Alert system is just one more step towards helping older New Yorkers remain safely in their homes as they age. It is an incredibly difficult

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journey to care for a loved one who has dementia in the community. And this measure will provide caregivers a tool, a safety net that's not currently in place.

UNH supports the City Council in its initiative and requests that they be no age requirement for the Silver Alert system. I agree with the Alzheimer's Association, as Alzheimer's and other dementia related disorders may develop at an earlier age than 65. And these adults are at just as much risk for negative consequences associated with wandering.

I also wanted to add in reading the legislation that there is a section in there that says the location of a vehicle, the vehicle identification, I would also add given our city's reliance on mass transportation that we mention the frequented bus line or subway line in that alert that that person might be found on.

Also I would like to add, again, in reading the legislation is that many seniors who have dementia are not officially diagnosed by a doctor to have dementia so I wouldn't limit somebody's cognitive impairment to a diagnosis of

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Alzheimer's D	isease.	N	Ма _У	/be	usir	ng a	MMSE,	Mi	ni
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So thank you again for the opportunity to testify and for supporting this important safety matter for the most vulnerable seniors in our city. I am happy to answer any questions you may have.

CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Great, thank you. Go ahead, Molly.

MOLLY KRAKOWSKI: I'll also be brief. My name is Molly Krakowski. I'm the Director of Legislative Affairs and the General Public Affairs Committee for Older Adults at the Jewish Association Services for the Aged. JASA fully supports Intro number 270. JASA's mission is to sustain and enrich the lives of older adults in the metropolitan New York area so that they can remain in the community with dignity and autonomy.

Unfortunately, there are many older adults who suffer from the cognitive impairments including Alzheimer's and this would engage organizations like ours in efforts to return the missing individuals to a safe environment. And I

just wanted to mention that JASA's successfully worked to identify and train what we call gatekeepers in the community, as they pertain to other programs, elder abuse, etc. Gatekeepers include postal workers, pharmacists, bank tellers, neighbors, Meals on Wheels delivery people and the like. And these are individuals who may hold clues as to the whereabouts of a person or has some clue as to the last person who might have had some contact with them.

We would be very willing and love to be of assistance to the City Council if in fact this goes through. We are very supportive of the Silver Alert system and would be happy to be of assistance.

CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: It would be great to get those gatekeepers signed up to Notify NYC so they know when somebody has gone missing, if it's somebody that they're familiar with.

MS. KRAKOWSKI: Yeah, and there is a postal alert system in place in the city if mail starts piling up, things like that. So there are some systems that we may just need to look at to pull in some of those folks.

25 CHAIRPERSON LAPPIN: Okay, great.

actually a little bit higher.

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Thank you for your work on this. Thank you for helping get these seniors home and with that, we are going to adjourn this hearing.

MR. LEVINE: Thank you.

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I, Amber Gibson, certify that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. I further certify that I am not related to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that I am in no way interested in the outcome of this matter.

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Signature

Date July 9, 2010