COUNCIL MEMBERS: Ben Kallos

Alan N. Maisel Bill Perkins Keith Powers

Ydanis A. Rodriguez

Kalman Yeger

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Margery Perlmutter, Chair of the New York City Board of Standards and Appeals

Carlo Costanza, Executive Director, Board of Standards and Appeals

Kurt Steinhouse, Deputy General Counsel, Board of Standards and Appeals

Loreal Monroe, General Counsel, Board of Standards and Appeals

Chase Vine, Assistant Counsel, Board of Standards and Appeals

Ken Brown, District Manager, Bronx Community Board 5

Shirley San Andreas-Alonzo, Assistant District Manager, Bronx Community Board 9

Rosemary Ginty, Chair of Community Board 8, Bronx

Angel Mescain, District Manager of Community Board 11 in East Harlem

Jesse Bodine, District Manager, Manhattan Community Board 4

Shawn Campbell Community Board 14 Brooklyn Appearing for Chairman Alvin Burke and my Board Members

Josephine Beckman, District Manager, Community Board 10, Brooklyn

Darlene Jackson, Community Board 9, Bronx
Noel Hidalgo, BetaNYC

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2 [sound check] [pause] [gavel]

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Good afternoon. Ι am the Chair of the Committee on Governmental Operations, Council Member Fernando Cabrera. Today, we're conducting an oversight on community boards' operations and needs. We're also having our first hearing on my legislation Introduction 1095 of 2018 relating to notification of expiration of special permits granted by the Board of Standards of Appeal or BSA, and inclusion in community boards and notifications for both variances and special permit. New York City's 59 community boards provide an invaluable forum for residents to stay informed about current events in their community, provide feedback to government agencies on local impacts of state and local policy, and inform how public services can be delivered effectively. We are interested in hearing how some recent changes to our charter approved by the voters in November have or will impact community boards. The first change is the establishment of a civic engagement commission to start in April, which is intended to provide resources and training to community boards. The second change is the imposition of term limits on community board members,

residential district. Use of the property after the

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committees. So I want to thank, personally thank
you. [coughs] You're an amazing person to work with
and, of course, I want to thank the rest of the staff

leadership and the wisdom that you have provided to

this Council and to many other committee chairs and

22 who made this hearing possible, a new counsel,

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23 committee counsel Daniel Collins. We welcome you.

So glad that [coughs] you were able to join us and be

25 part of this amazing team, which you are a total

1	COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS 7
2	pleasure to work with, which includes Elizabeth Cronk
3	Emily Forgione, Zach Harris, and Charlotte Manning as
4	well as my own Legislative Director Claire
5	McLeveighn, and now, we will turn to our first panel.
6	Margery Perlmutter, Carla Constanza, and Kurt
7	Steinhouse. If you can come forward and then we will
8	be swearing you in.
9	LEGAL COUNSEL: Why don't you all get
10	set. All two of you. (sic)
11	CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: You can sit down.
12	[laughs] That's good. Feel at home, feel at home.
13	LEGAL COUNSEL: If you can just raise
14	your right hands. Do you affirm to tell the truth,
15	the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your
16	testimony before this committee, and to respond
17	honestly to Council Member questions?
18	MARGERY PERLMUTTER: I do.
19	CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: You could begin.
20	Thank you so much. The red button.
21	The red button. Okay. On now?
22	CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Yes.
23	Good morning Chair Cabrera and Council
24	Members of the Committee on Governmental Operations.
25	I am Margery Perlmutter, Chair of the New York City

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Board of Standards and Appeals. I am also here with members of the BSA's Executive Office and Counsel's Office: Carlo Costanza, Executive Director, Kurt Steinhouse, to my left who's Deputy General Counsel and in the audience we have General-we should have coming shortly General Counsel Loreal Monroe, Assistant Counsel Vine, Antonio Martinez our Director of-our Deputy Director, and we also have watching one of our Commissioners Sal Shabetta. I am here to express the BSA support of the legislative proposal to require notifications boards and property owners of the expirations of terms of variance and special permits granted by the Board. I would also like to update you on our implementation of legislation enacted in 2017, and that—that addresses Board issues, and bring attention to a concern about the resources necessary to implement this newly proposed legislation. Let me start with a brief background of the Board of Standards and Appeals. Since 1916, the Board has worked to administer zoning, building and housing regulations in a fair and just manner to protect the city's interest in safeguarding the general welfare while balancing private property interests. In this role, board has frequently been

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Yeah, you could

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shut the other one.

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2 MARGERY PERLMUTTER: This one?

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Yeah. That's why you're getting feedback. There you go.

MARGERY PERLMUTTER: Okay. Yes. I think [coughing] The Board's staff of 19 I got it. employees currently manages 103 years of archives and 566 pending applications. Since 1998, the board has had approximately 14,000 applications filed, an average of about 700 applications per year over the past two decades. Under the direction of the board's--[background comments] Okay, under the direction of the Board's Executive Director and Deputy Director, these 700 applications are reviewed by four full-time project managers, one part-time project manager and one environmental officer just to underscore how many we review by how few do the work. Once applications are deemed complete by a project manage the board's Executive Director schedules them for a public hearing in accordance with Section 661 of the City Charter. A day before the public hearing the Board holds a review session, which allows the board's commissioners to discuss the merits of each application in a meeting open to the general public pursuant to Section 1060 of the City Charter.

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following day, the board holds a public hearing where applicants and their team of attorneys, engineers and design professionals present proposals before the board and any members of the public in attendance. Other stakeholders including tenants, members of the community, other agencies and elected officials are also welcome to present additional information that the Board should consider before voting on an application. Many applications involved complex facts and circumstances that warrant continued hearing. So missing the first public hearing does not mean a stakeholder's chance to weigh in is lost, and I wanted to introduce our General Counsel Loreal Monroe who just walked in. Each year the Board holds approximately 70 public hearings and review sessions and consider about 25 to 30 applications in each hearing. Both public hearings and review sessions are open to the general public in accordance with Section 653 of the City Charter as well as the New York State Open Meetings Law. In furtherance of the board's commitments to transparency all of the Board's public hearings and review sessions are recorded and posted publicly within one day through the Board's website on You Tube. Remote access to

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the Board's hearings also furthers community engagement by allowing stakeholders the opportunity to learn about applications and to listen to the Board discussing the merits of each case. After considering the record in its entirety and deliberating in public, the Board votes on the application. Under Section 663 of the City Charter, a majority of the board must vote in the affirmative to grant an application otherwise the application is denied. Everyone of the Board's decisions is explained in writing in the form of a written resolution. These written resolutions drafted by our staff of three attorneys must be detailed and described the reasons for the board's decision in accordance with Section 668 of the City Charter, and Section 25-206 of the Administrative Code. Decisions of the board are then subject to judicial review pursuant to Section 25-207 of the Admin Code and Article 78 of Civil Practice Law and rules. The Board's three attorneys support the city's Law Department, which represents the Board in litigation in approximately 10 challenges per year, and some of our challenges take an enormous amount of time for our attorneys to address. Community Boards are an

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invaluable participant throughout the Board's current application processes. For decades community boards have enhanced neighborhoods participation by allowing communities a strong voice in shaping important land use decisions and the Board's application processes reflect the significant of community boards' vital role. Consistent with Section 668 of the City Charter, community boards receive copies of all the board's application materials, as well as follow-up submissions because community boards provide a first level neighborhoods based review of the applications. After they receive a copy of these application materials, community boards may then conduct a public hearing and submit a written recommendation to the board or they may opt not to do so. These community level hearing provide an opportunity for concerned citizens to learn more about an applicant's initial proposal and express concerns that may then be incorporated into the community board's official recommendation to the Board of Standards and Appeals. The board fosters community board testimony-fosters further community testimony by requiring that notice of our hearings be mailed to neighbors 20 days in advance of the first hearing and encouraging

recommendations in person. Furthermore, the Board

appreciates community input, which can provide

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additional information about the history of a site and how the site has been doing. This allows the board to address the community's concerns by requiring an applicant to responsive to them. Board often hears applications for renewals of special permits and variances for automotive uses for examples. Commissioners visit these sites and may observe that the site under consideration is in terrible condition with litter strewn about, cars crowding onto sidewalks, fences collapsing, covered in graffiti and paint peeling. In other words, an eyesore and a nuisance and in violation of the condition of the Board's prior grant. Without community testimony, the Board would not know how long the site has been poorly maintained, nor the community's efforts to bring it under control. Armed with this community supplied information, the Board can require that the applicant clean up the site before entertaining any request for renewal of the term of a previous grant. The vast majority of applicants cooperate with the Board's directions, which allows the applicant to live-to deliver back to the community a much improved and even attractive site that contributes to rather than detracts from

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the neighborhood. Through these open and productive communications with the Board, communities learn how seriously the Board takes their concerns and understands that applicants can be brought back before the Board with a compliance hearing should the site fall into-back into disarray. Accordingly, for more than 100 years the Board of Standards and Appeals had been serving New Yorkers by providing relief from regulations that affect the use of development of real property to ensure that the sites will be used and developed safety and respectfully and for decades community boards have played an integral role in the Board's decision making process by providing invaluable recommendations and information about on-the-ground conditions. really finally-I hope this goes in-I would like provide an update on the Board's implementation of recent legislation, which I understand you wanted to hear about. In 2017, the City Council passed nine bills related to Board of Standards and Appeals and its operations, which were signed into law on May 30, 2017. These bills address concerns relating to the Board's transparency, consideration of community comments and the veracity of applicant submissions

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and testimony. The Board has since undertaken a number of initiatives to ensure implementation of these bills as well as measures of its own to further promote transparency and community engagement. With respect to presentations before community boards, the board is issued an administrative notice, which I think we have copies. We have copies of the administrative notices that I'll refer to. The board has issued an administrative notice to ensure that applicants provide to the Board copies of presentation materials used before community boards. These material may include hand-outs, photocopies poster boards and copies of slideshow presentations, copies of these materials are due within 10 days of presentation, and the reason for this was that community boards were concerned that they were seeing something different than what the Board was seeing. So, it was a way for community boards to connect back with us and us to understand what it was the applicant was really showing them. Applicants also much comply with the Board's requirement for proof of service at every public hearing videos of which are available through the Board's website. The Board begins by discussing compliance with the required

2 proof of service and notice of hearing. If an applicant has failed to comply with these 3 requirements, the Board postpones the hearing until 4 5 they have been met. With respect mapping and open data, the Board has provided data to the city's Open 6 Data Portal in the form of a Geocoded dataset as well as a map of the board's applications. 8 transparency measure allows the public to see 9 information about applications filed and visualizes 10 decisions the Board has made since 1998. Furthermore, 11 12 the Board posts bi-annual reports on the number of 13 variance and Special Permit applications, decisions 14 and withdrawals to the front page of its website and 15 it forwards copies of these reports as required to 16 the City Council and makes copies available on 17 request, and I believe we have a sample that's 18 included in your package of that City Council, that report to the Council. With respect to the 19 20 Department of City Planning, the Board has added a tab to its website to ensure easy access to any City 2.1 2.2 Planning testimony, but we don't yet as far as I know 23 have City Planning liaison. We-we speak to City Planning regularly about projects. Well, let's say 24 25 our staff does. With respect to providing access to

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the advice of a state certified general real estate appraiser, the Board has reached out to the Department of Citywide Administrative Services, which performs specified administrative functions for the board under Section 829 of the City Charter regarding contracting of outside consultants and discussion are ongoing. However, this is an area where resources present a challenge. Additionally, I would note that one of the Board's commissioners has strengths in real property feasibility analyses. So, to just back that up a little bit more, we've been trying to hire and outside consultant appraiser, but the problem is it must be contracted, and we're not a contracting agency. DCAS has to do that for us. So, so far we haven't been able to piggyback on any existing contracts that DCAS already has with appraisal and real estate. They have for instance a contract with CBRE Richard Ellis, but we've been unable to connect to that. with respect to the testimony and application materials provided by applicants, the Board now requires applicants and applicants' representatives and other fact witnesses to affirm their testimony under oath live at hearings exactly as we just did here. The Board also posted an

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administrative notice on its website about the Board's expectations for the affirmation process, and the Board plans to update its rules to incorporate feedback on this and other administrative notices, and that notice is also in your package. The Board is also in the process of revising its application materials, which will include a more detailed certification form to ensure that applicants are made more aware of the consequences of providing false information to the Board. Actually, I believe that certification form was mounted Friday on our website. The Board continues to refer what it perceives as false statements made by applicants, and their representatives to the Department of Investigation for appropriate enforcement. As to minimum required materials, the Board has issues and administrative notice about construction cost estimates to standardize expectations and provide consistency in the application process, and the Board has recently released updated guidelines for drawing, which will be effective March 1, 2019. The Board also instructs applicants as to best practices for minimum required materials by providing sample documents. With respect to written determinations, the Board has

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hired an additional attorney who is present here, Chase Fine, bringing its legal staff to three in order to enhance the responsiveness of the Board's resolutions to community concerns. Drafting resolutions is an arduous process that involve the review and summary of the entire administrative record including notes taken while attending public hearings, listening to the videos, and testimony from elected officials and members of the community to ensure accuracy and completeness of information. Lastly and most relevant to our discussion today the existing legislation enacted in 2017 provides that the Board will ensure that "For any variance granted by the Board after December 31, 2013, for which the Board imposed a term, the Board shall notify the owner of record of the subject property that the term of such variance will expire under Section 25-209 of the Admin Code. As a preliminary matter, I would note that resources were not a concern with this expiration notice requirement enacted in 2017 because few variances granted-variances granted since 2013 include a term that will expire. For instance of the 167 variances granted since December 31, 2013, the Board imposed a term on approximately thee. While

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the Board has taken steps towards providing notice of variance expirations, the Board does not expect this requirement to impose any significant burden on resources because as I mentioned the universe of variances granted since 2013 that are subject to a terms that will expire as miniscule. Thanks to these nine bills, the Board was also able to hire three additional staff members, an IT professional, a Compliance Officer, and our third attorney, all of whom have been instrument in the above implementation measures. Lastly, now that I have provided some background on the board and measures it has taken to implement recent legislation, I would like touch on why I support this bill that you're proposing, and would also like to bring attention to the resources necessary to implement broader notification requirements. Expanding the recently enacted requirement for notifying proper-property owners about variance expirations to notifying both property owners and community boards about the expiration of variances and special permits is a laudable idea. I discussed earlier, increasing communication between community boards and the board is a commendable goal because community boards are crucial to the board's

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decision making process, and I just add as an aside that I think it's very important that property owners be alerted when these permits expire, but often they're not aware of it for whatever reason. So, I will address the resources that would be necessary to implement this legislation. In contrast to the three or so variances that have been granted with terms since 2013, expanding expiration notices to special permit applications granted with terms since 2013 and--[background comments]-since 2013-sorry--for which the-sorry. [background comments] Sorry, sorry, sorry, sorry, and require notification of community boards as well as property owners would call for significantly more resources and at least one new staff member to implement. Unlike the three variances granted with terms since 2013, the board has granted 251 special permits with terms since then. These 251 special permits have terms imposed by the Zoning Resolution and do not include any special permits with terms granted at the Board's discretion, but like the three variances with terms, this number would be minimal. Almost all of these 251 special permit applications such as for gyms, drive-throughs and eating and drinking establishments, and it also

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for gas stations, but we see fewer of those than we do for the other things. They allow uses that require continue vigilance to ensure that the Board's conditions and safeguards are observed. That is why expiration notices community boards is a laudable goal. Community boards provide invaluable insight into the on-the-ground conditions in the neighborhoods. However, at a rate of about 250 special permits with terms granted every five years, it would not take long for the number of notices to property owners and community boards to grow exponentially as new special permits are granted and others are renewed. Even special permits terms vary. Some like Jim's have maximum terms of 10 years under Section 7336 of the Zoning Resolution, and occasionally we grant them for shorter periods when there is difficulties with the gyms. Others like drive-throughs have maximum terms of five years under Section 73243 of the Zoning Resolution. Implementing an expanded notification requirement for the expiration of variances and special permits would require additional resources for the Board's staff of 19 employees. The Board's single IT professional, who we only hired for the very first time our first

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IT professional we just hired in the last year, is already hard at work implementing recent legislation and pursuing additional initiatives to streamline the Board's application processes. That ID person would need to design an entirely new component of the Board's internal database system to manage and track expiration dates. Data would need to be entered into then new component of the Board's database. Staff would need to monitor expiration dates. Each letter would need to be drafted and reviewed for accuracy since the special permits are different and concern different things. Mailing address for property owners who may have changed multiple times since the time of the last Board action at a property would need to be researched using the Board's records and other available public sources, and Resolutions would be retrieved, printed and included with a notice letter as an attachment. Addresses for community boards that also change would also need to be researched and continuously kept up to date. Normally, a community boards reaches out to us, not the other way around. Letters would be sent by certified mail, a cost that would only grow overtime. Return receipts would need to be logged. Tracking

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data would need to be logged. Notice letters would become part of the Board's record and would need to be filed in a new digital archive, which would be more efficient than retrieving the paper case file from the Board's offsite archives. Each letter would also need to be tracked for compliance purposes and staff would need to respond to inquiries from property owners who just realized, Uh-oh, now I have to renew my special permit, and community boards also would be asking questions about the notices they've received regarding the eminent expiration of variances and Special Permits all of which is to say that a clerical assistant to support the board's compliance officer would be necessary to implement and expanding the notification requirement for the expiration of variances and special permits. Board's single and Compliance Officer, which I'm proud to report is our first compliance officer ever who has not yet been assigned the task of tracking variances with terms granted since 2013 is frequently in the field on site experience-site inspections, attending public hearings and coordinating with the Department of Buildings, Fire Department and other enforcement agencies. These duties do not at this

time allow for the monitoring of hundreds of expiration dates and drafting and tracking newly required notices for hundreds of special permit applicants—applications. With the above considerations in mind, I fully support this proposal to ensure that community boards and property owners receive notice of the expiration of variances and special permits, and we ask the City Council to be mindful of the resources necessary to implement this proposed legislation should it be enacted, and I'm happy to take any questions, and look forward to hearing ideas on how to improve the Board's application process.

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Thank you so much for your testimony. Thank you for the details you provided and—and for the work that you're with only 19 employees is amazing. I want to recognize that we've been joined by Council Members Maisel, Yeger and Powers. I have a—I only got a couple of questions, and I'll turn it over to my colleagues if they have questions. So, just to be clear, at this point do you have a tracking system in place for the expiration of special permits?

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2	CARLO COSTANZA: It's—it's currently
3	being developed. We-
4	MARGERY PERLMUTTER: Say, who you are.
5	CARLO COSTANZA: I'm sorry. I'm Carlo
6	Costanza, Executive Director of the Board. We just
7	currently in the last month rolled out a new
8	database, a whole new digital system Cloud based, and
9	we're working on that component in anticipation of
10	the expiration of the terms that we were working on,
11	but that's where we're at this moment.
12	CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: And when do you
13	foresee that that it will be completed and ready to
14	be functioning?
15	CARLO COSTANZA: We hope within maybe the
16	next six months to-to nine months.
17	CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Okay, great, great,
18	fantastic. The same question is related to how many
19	special permits do you expect—do you expect will be
20	granted annually? You said you had 251 since 2015-
21	MARGERY PERLMUTTER: No.
22	CHAIRPERSON CABRERA:2013. So, if you

could tell us what are you anticipating. I know it's

hard to forecast, but what are you forecasting?

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1 2 CARLO COSTANZA: Well, as far as special 3 permit that have a statutory requirement of the term, like I said, based on that average, it looks 4 approximately 50 per year. Obviously, the Board has 5 the discretion to impose terms on non-statutory 6 7 requirements as far as terms go, but we didn't calculate that into the testimony. So, it's hard to 8 figure that out, bur, you know, it could be 50. It 9 would depend. I'm sorry--10 11 CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Not a problem. 12 CARLO COSTANZA: --it-it does-it does 13 depend on the year and the types of filings but, we 14 roughly stay to about 50 a year at this point. 15 CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: 50. 16 MARGERY PERLMUTTER: And I just want to 17 add that-oops. 18 CARLO COSTANZA: Sorry. 19 MARGERY PERLMUTTER: Sorry, maybe I 20 didn't say--21 CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: [interposing] 2.2 Yeah, if you could-no move it that way. Yeah.

MARGERY PERLMUTTER: I-I just want to add that [squawking mic] that the number of special

them away from each other. There you go.

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permits really is a factor. The number of special permit we see really is a factor of sort of economic times. So, for instance imagine 30 years ago, the number of gyms that we see today. I live in a neighborhood where there's probably 30 gyms on a two-block distance, right, and so every single week we get a filing for a gym, but so those are special permits that have a 10-year term. Could we think in the future that we sort of burned out gyms? Maybe. Or that all the gyms that are ever going to be have received their special permits. Who knows? Right, so-or it could a huge increase because they invent yet another form of walk climbing or something like that right?

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Right. I want to recognize Council Member Kallos. Do we have any questions? From-well, amazing. Yes, Council Member Kallos.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: I want to first allow Committee Chair Cabrera on Introduction 1095 to provide notices. Last term we had focused just on the property owners and I think it's also important to notify the community boards so that they can take appropriate action. In page 6 of your testimony, you

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2 make reference to one of the bills that was

3 previously passed that mandates a state certified

4 general real estate appraiser, and it—it appears that

5 you are indicating that you are—that you have not

6 succeeded in complying with that legislation.

MARGERY PERLMUTTER: Right. I think you might have missed the testimony on that. So, as you may know, we are actually sort of administrative functions are handled for us by DCAS, right. when we need to pursue some kind of a contract, we have to go to DCAS and see if there's a way for them to handle letting out a contract. DCAS already has a relationship with CBRE Richard Ellis. The last I know that was a-a contract that they-who they work with, which includes a lot of appraisers. So, we had asked whether there was some way to join into that contract and it turns out that for whatever reason, they do a different kind of thing. The contract isn't what we need. We have about-I think we estimated about 10 or 10 or 20 applications per year--but we'll check that number-where a financial analyst is needed. Those are the variance applications where we have financial analysis done. [background comments] Okay, so 25 variances file

contracted person who comes on demand.

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since January '17 for which financials were provided.

Our financial specialist who sits on the commission is the one that we rely on currently to review these tings but really would love to have someone who—like an appraiser who could help with that, but unfortunately, at the moment we haven't been able to find—get a contract with someone who can look at 25 of these applications a year. Obviously, that would be like a part—timer person or kind of a per diem as opposed to a full—time staff member, right or a

inherent interest in the City Council and seeing how the law is followed. How can we support it? Just follow it up with DCAS or just follow up with the Mayor's Office of Contract Services? How do we—how do we get the RFP issued or the contract issued so that you have—the—the real estate appraiser to which you are legally entitled? [background comments/pause]

CARLO COSTANZA: So, part of the difficult we've had is that as Madam Chair stated, we've been unable to piggyback on an existing contract, which to the best of our understanding

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there's only one requiring a new RFP. In our discussions, it's at least a two-part analyses where there's an appraiser section and a comparable section done. It-it seems to be quite expensive more than we anticipated and monies are allotted for. So, we're still working with them to see if there's a solute on we could afford with the funding we have.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Sounds like you should be at the budget hearing for Gov Ops—

CARLO COSTANZA: [interposing] Nice of you.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: --requesting adequate funding for this position. Thank you very much.

CARLO COSTANZA: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: I just have one last question before [coughs] excuse me, we go to hearing from community boards, and thank you for all the community boards for being so patient, but you gave us an update on Local Law 103 of 2017, which among other provisions establish a civil penalty for making false statement to the BSA provided that a person won't be subject to penalty if they notify the BSA of a full statement violation prior to receiving

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notice of the potential violation. So, the question
then is has the BSA issued any notice of violation of
this provision? For example, has the BSA alleged or
done any false statements, have they made to the BSA

6 | since the Local Law's enactment?

MARGERY PERLMUTTER: Perhaps will have the Counsel to respond, but I-I just want to say that happily it doesn't happen often, but there are times when we are aware that someone is making. everybody swear in, and we remind the Council who represent the lawyers. Therefore, who represent our applicants that they're under oath as fact witnesses and that they should not be making statements unless they know that—them to be factually correct, or they should qualify them, right. There are rare times when we are aware that there's been a misrepresentation. We will state that we think that something doesn't sound right. We will say that at the hearing, and then our counsel then refers it to the Department of Investigation. We don't have enforcement wing in our agency nor the ability to do those kinds of investigations. So, but whether we send out a notice, you know, DOI tends to be quite secretive. You report to them and then that's-they

Thank you for supporting this bill. We will

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you.

2 certainly talk to the powers that be so we could have

3 to fund. We certainly don't want you to have 90-

4 employees to have more work with less resources, and-

5 and people to do it with. So, we'll definitely be

6 pursuing and following up to get you the level of

7 | support that you deserve. Actually, I think you

8 deserve much more for all the things that Council

9 Member Ben Kallos just mentioned and other

responsibilities that you have. Thank you so much.

MARGERY PERLMUTTER: Thank you for inviting us to speak.

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Thank you, and with that, I'm going to be calling community boards. The first panel Kim Brown, Community Board No. 5; Vine Alonzo, Community Board 9, and Rosemary Ginty, Community Board No. 8. [background comments/pause] Okay, from Community Board 11 Angel Mescain. [pause] We only have two panels so the rest of the Community Boards we got you. [pause] Okay, when you identify yourself if you could mention the borough that you're with because, as you know, Community Board 1 could be in Manhattan. It could be in the Bronx, Community Board and so forth. So, yeah, you may begin.

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swear you in. Could everyone pleas raise their right hand. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this committee, and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?

PANEL MEMBERS: [off mic] [in unison]
Yes. [pause]

KEN BROWN: Is this on? Okay, thank you. Well, [coughs] to begin with, Councilperson Chair Cabrera, other community board-council Members. Thank you very much for affording us the opportunity to testify. I'd like to submit testimony. I'm-I'm sorry. I am Ken Brown. I am the District Manager of Bronx Community Board 5. Thank you very much for allowing us to submit testimony particularly regarding the allocation of the \$42,500 to supplement our district office's budget. [coughs] Attention to the needs of the community boards districts is greatly appreciated as the-as we are the level of government that is most intimately connected with the community, it is most welcome that are receiving consideration of our needs. Anything that can improve the operations of the community district

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offices is a boom to the community members that live and work in our neighborhoods. The allocation of \$42,500 to our District Office's operations was the most welcome boom. We thank you Councilperson Cabrera, and all the members of the City Council. These monies will go and have gone a long way towards improving the operations of the Community Board offices. We have and intend to use the monies to buy needed equipment for our office, purchase promotional items that will be of use to community—at community events, such as free giveaways and to approve community events by providing additional resources such as petting zoos at street fairs for example. And although the allocation of the \$42,500 as a one-time application is greatly appreciated, we would like to respectfully recommend improvements for any future allocations. These are to institutionalize this allocation so that it can be incorporated on an ongoing basis into our district office's budget to remove the prohibition on using the monies for capital expenditures. Our office could have greatly appreciated this money if we had been able to use it to improvements in our office's telecommunications and physical infrastructure. We request that the

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parking permit privileges, chairpersons of community boards, and the Community Coordinator in the district offices be reinstated, that the—that Community Board budgets particularly for personnel be increased on a permanent basis so that we can hire more staff, due specifically in our district to the increase in population and diversity thereof. And finally, we request that the—that the ULURP privileges that in hither to—hither to be afforded in Community Boards be reinstated. Thank you very much for this opportunity.

SHIRLEY SAN ANDREAS-ALONZO: Good afternoon and thank you Chairperson Cabrera and Council Members on the Committee. My name is Shirley San Andreas-Alonzo. I'm the Assistant District Manager on behalf—here on behalf of Bronx Community Board 9. Community Board 9 is the larges community Board in the Borough of the Bronx. We have and estimated 50,000 more residents than the second largest community board in the borough as per the New York City Planning Community District Profile. This means we have nearly four times more residents than the smallest community board in the Bronx. Yet, we received the same funding as every other community

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board. Naturally, we receive more service requests and are in need of more resources to meet this need. As a result, we were posed to receive funding proportionate to our population needs. Much like City Council Districts, NYPD, DSNY and DOT for example who are allocated funding based on their geographical area and needs. Each of the 59 community boards throughout the city are allocated the same budget of \$233,911 annually. However, as previously stated, these community boards are not parallel in size. This means that some community boards require more resources than others. As a result, some boards may not max out on their budget. We are working with the Comptroller's Office to get an exact figure regarding how much money has been returned in the last three years. We propose to be able to reallocate these unused funds to community

ROSEMARY GINTY: [off mic] Thank you.

Well, Good afternoon. I press? Yes? [background

comments] [on mic] It's nor right. There we go and

I'm now on. Well, good afternoon, Mr. Chairman and

members of the Committee. My name is Rosemary Ginty,

and I am Chair of Community Board 8 in the Bronx. I'm

boards in need of a larger budget. Thank you.

2 here today to testify in favor of the enhanced funding for our community boards. It is our request 3 4 that you continue to support our work at the funding 5 level approved last year namely in addition to our base budget, the addition of the \$42,500 for the uses 6 7 of technology upgrades, furniture, consultant contracts and community events. Thanks to the 8 Speaker this committee and the Council as a whole 9 especially our Council Member Cabrera, for this extra 10 funding. We have been underfunded for too many 11 12 years, but now can add services in technology so 13 essential to our work in the community. Our board is now able to join the 21st Century finally with 14 15 technology upgrades. Our-after dealing with 16 constantly broken telephones virtually daily we are upgrading our phone system and will additionally 17 18 upgrade out Internet system. These important systems help our office do the work needed to help the 19 20 community, and this is the truth. I swear the truth. Our phone system is barely in the middle of the 20th 21 2.2 Century. I think the only technological advantage is 23 it's not a rotary system. Those of you who might have heard that. We-with push button phones and that's 24 the only thing modern about our telephone system. 25

efforts towards Women's Suffrage.

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So, in addition to the technology upgrades, our

communities have bee putting together great events

for the community. We're going to celebrate the

100th Anniversary of Women's Suffrage with our

Educational and Cultural Affairs Committee hosting a

lecture series including the role of Bronx women in

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: We are going to have an intergenerational event that's been by our Youth Committee and our Aging Committee that the community is very excited about. So, it will be very interesting. Our Housing Committee is planning a forum. Our Transportation Committee is planning a bike safety forum. With the remaining funding we're preparing for a long awaited office move, and hopefully buy some new furniture, desk chairs because our furniture is truthfully 25 or 30 years old. also-it-do use our funding for guides for our community. We have done a senior guide full of very good information for the community and we've translated it into Spanish. We have done a housing guard for the community. We are now starting to translate this into Spanish, and we've done a Parks guide. So, all of these things we-we don't waste the 2 money. We spend it on the community and outreach to

3 the community. So, again, thank you for this

4 opportunity. None of this would be possible without

5 this extra money. It really makes a difference.

6 Community Board 8 respectfully requests that the

7 enhanced funding be continued in the next Fiscal

8 Year. Thank you.

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ANGEL MESCAIN: Good afternoon. My name is--good afternoon, Chairman Cabrera and members of the Governmental Operations Committee. My name is Angel Mescain. I'm the District Manager of Community Board 11 in East Harlem. I testified before this committee at last year's budget hearing, and I was very, you know, glad to see that the Chairman and the Committee and the Council frankly was able to champion Community Boards to the tune of \$42,000--\$42,500 for its community board. It was very much appreciated and useful for-for our board, and for, you know, from-from the calls that we've got. Council Member's Office has organized with all the community boards across the city. Clearly, useful to all them now. So, we thank you very much for that. Before I enter into my written testimony, I just wanted to add another piece. On a personal note

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it's-it's-it's a bit frustrating that though we have these champions, you know, the Council Speaker was on the call a couple of weeks ago also speaking on our behalf. Council Member Kallos is very-has been very supportive of, you know, the community board and as has been Council Member Ayala and Powers and Perkins to make sure that I hit all the ones that were in my district. It—it is very frustrating to see that the that, you know, the mayoral administration hasn't yet jumped on board to understand just what it is that community boards do, and why it is that we are important. You know, there's 59 of us all across the city. I can't pretend to speak for all of them. will speak on my own behalf, but I can imagine that they feel similarly that they work very, very hard, with, you know, 50 volunteer members to not only what we're mandated to do by the Charter but also, what over time we've asked to participate in, and that has --- can at times be overwhelming. We've asked and we don't have the resources to address that whole So, I'll stop. I was freelancing for a second. So, community board offices as you know, see an endless number or applications, constituent complaints, public hearing notices and community

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planning exercises while also being responsible for providing its membership and constituency with the necessary information they're required to meaningfully participate in these processes. this is done with that is often just three staff members including the district manager. We are again-we are very thankful for Council Member Cabrera's ongoing advocacy on behalf of supporting community boards and for the \$42,500 and that the Council was able to allocate to us as part of the Fiscal Year 2019 budget. These funds have been and are being utilized in a variety of useful ways depending on he needs of individual boards across the city. However, because these funds were a one-time allocation from Council initiative funds and could not be used for personal services, [sniffing] we could not-excuse me-we could not add professional which we would benefit-which would benefit many of our offices. We again ask the Council to consider a baseline increase to the annual budget of community boards. Increasing would allow boards to hire additional professional staff as well as investing in the necessary technology or to better perform out duties as staff and board members. For example,

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having a database to easily catalog and retrieve resolutions of constituent—a constituent management system that would allow community boards to improve recordkeeping, enhance communication with their constituents and be more transparent in the age of open data. We respectfully request that the Council consider these increases to allow us to enhance our resources so that we may better perform our City Charter mandated responsibilities. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Thank you so much. [coughs] I first want to take a moment to thank our Speaker Corey Johnson because literally had to learn 59 power during budget negotiation when Angel, you mentioned the administration refused--thank you for pointing that out—to baseline. I mean we're not talking about -- in the overall budget, we're not talking about a tremendous amount of money right? We're about very little money that will go very, very far in the front lines, and as Shirley Davino, right? [coughs] As Shirley Davino mentioned, in her community board, as I recall from the top of my head, you service about \$200,000 constituents. That's more than Council Members represent, and yet you have not received—you only received \$27,000 since 2011 in

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terms of resources coming your way for all those That was. It was insane when that, you know, it came to my attention. That's why I want to thank my colleagues in the committees. We had 100% yes last year in terms of the Council. So, I salute them, but we need them baselined because you can'tyou can't use them. You can't use this funding for salaries, and—and then it has you doing, you know, you know, it puts you in a situation where it makes it makes it very difficult to make decisions that you know you need to make for your door, and it-it just, you know, it puts you in an unfair position. So, I did-I did have one question related to [coughs] the newly created Civic Engagement Commission, which will be implement either April 1st of this year and it's directed towards providing additional resources and expertise to community boards citywide. Has our board been in communication with the Mayor's Office concerning the Civic Engagement Commission? Anybody. No. Very interesting. We're talking about--[background comments] Well, the question-Okay. was mainly directed towards them. Have they-they haven't been in communication with you at all? Okay, that's good to know and that question we'll

or three months now either.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: [interposing] It's
3	happening right now? Any in the past?
4	ROSEMARY GINTY: Yes. For me yes.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: and how did your-
6	how did your board recommend?
7	KEN BROWN: [off mic] We don't. We've had
8	a few variances request since my tenure. I've been
9	District Manager about a year and a half or so.
10	Primarily on the basis of the reputation of the
11	institutions that were asking for the variance that
12	carried a lot of weight in the Council Board.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: So, your bard
14	right, your board recommended yes in those instances?
15	KEN BROWN: I believe so, yes. That's
16	right.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Are you aware if

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Are you aware if they—if the Board of Standards and Appeals granted the variance as in the way in which you recommended a yea vote? In other words you—when you recommend a yes, you have the ability to recommend the stipulations, or you have the—or you could recommend yes straight forward? Do you recall?

various applications for physical culture

establishments. We just received one for the Reece

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your-if your stipulation's recommendations were taken

series [on mic] of-of application s over the years.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: [interposing]
3	Where's the -where's the no rule? There's-there's,
4	you know kind of each one is a case on its own.
5	ROSEMARY GINTY: Each one is a case on
6	its own-
7	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Okay.
8	ROSEMARY GINTY:and, you know, it's
9	very frustrating needless to say, and that
10	frustration gets voices, but we really do act on
11	what's in front of us
12	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: On the merits?
13	ROSEMARY GINTY: Yeah, yeah, yeah.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Alright, thank
15	you, Madam. Thank you.
16	CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Thank you so much.
17	Well, I want to thank you all for the great work that
18	you're doing to-looking forward to this year to see
19	how we could be of further help, and with that, we'll
20	go with the next-the final panel. [background
21	comments] It's going to be five. So, if we could
22	add an extra chair there. Jesse Bodine (sp?)
23	Community Board 4 in Manhattan: Shawn Campbell. CB

14, Brooklyn; Josephine Beckman, CB10 from Brooklyn;

LEGAL COUNSEL: Thank you.

2 CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Okay, you may

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JESSE BODINE: Good afternoon, Chair Cabrera, Speaker Johnson and the fellow members of the Committee on Governmental Operations. My name is Jesse Bodine and I have the privilege to be the District Manager of Manhattan Community Board 4 representing West Chelsea, Hudson Yards, Clinton and Hells Kitchen. Firstly, let me state that I'm grateful that I'm here today advocating for continued increase in Community Boards' budget rather than opposing a proposed cut. CB4 thanks Chair Cabrera and Speaker Johnson for the increase in the OTPS Budget for the Fiscal Year 2019. Over the last four years CB4 has had the highest number of land use actions in all of the 59 community boards. As a result, CB4 routinely finds itself similar to other boards in a reactionary position with varying issues impacting the neighborhoods it represents. increase in the OTPS budget allows CB4 to transition away from simply reacting-reactionary responses to rezoning proposals and towards proactive repre-I'm sorry-representation of ongoing challenges such as gentrification and quality of life issues. For

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you in the future.

buildings. Finally, with the additional TPS funds, CBR has been able to seriously explore ways to use technology and prove our service response to the community and collect key data. CB4 is collaborating with Google headquarter located with CB4, and its partners to create a series of online tools and constituent relationship management systems. Additionally, we also now have a web based 24/7 language translation ASL Interpreter service to ensure wider accessibility to community business. a last thought I would like to strongly urge both the City Council and the Mayor's Office to baseline these funds. Only by-only by guaranteeing these funds for future years will community boards be able to plan and proactively meet their charter mandated responsibilities. In closing, I want to thank you

SHAWN CAMPBELL: [off mic] Good afternoon [on mic] I'm Shawn Campbell from Community Board 14 Brooklyn. On behalf of Chairman Alvin Burke and my Board Members, I want to thank the committee first for this opportunity to testify, and special thanks to Council Member Cabrera for your ongoing support

for your attention and look forward to working with

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and the insight that you bring as a community board member to work in the City Council like its benefit from that and I work with Council Yeger as well back in Brooklyn. For years despite our efforts, appeals and our data backed budget requests, as well as your efforts to assist community boards more recently, we have not a significant budget increase for additional capacity support tools such as access to CitiNet and or ongoing technical or analytic support. additional responsibilities have been foisted upon boards: Budget responsibilities, privacy functions, et cetera. At the same time our population is growing, land use-land applications are expanding, and community requests for service deliver continue to increase all putting a strain on the productivity of our 3-person office. So, the funding provided to us this year could not have come at a better time. was very important to our board that the money be spent on assisting us in our functions so that we serve the community in an ever-better way, and-and have a long lasting impact. So, two items for example are the funding will help offset the cost of what will be our 12th Annual Youth Conference later on this month serving over 500 young people preparing

2 for the futures. We will also use the funding to expand the outreach and the function of an annual 3 non-profit roundtable. We will use that event to 4 5 springboard a-an improvement in our census count, which will bring us, if we do well, additional 6 7 federal resources and representation again having a long lasting positive impact. But our big ticket 8 item is going to be the development of the CRM 9 system, and we have the-the benefit of Noel Hidalgo 10 here today. We're working with BetaNYC to develop a 11 12 New York City Community Board tailored CRM system 13 that will improve our ability to serve our community, 14 our ability to community out to the community and our 15 local elected officials, and will surely increase our 16 productivity. However, that CRM will hit a point of 17 diminishing returns if the funding is not baselined into the budget. As our communities change and grow 18 we'll have to adapt to the system. As new board 19 20 members especially with term limit come on board and staff eventually changes, training will be necessary. 21 2.2 So, for that reason and to-to continue the 23 improvement and our ability to serve the community we hope that this funding gets-gest baselined to help. 24 This brings me to our support for Intro 1095 because 25

we think that also would improve our ability to serve the community. We support notification of expiring and special permits and variances prior to their expiration would be helpful in ensuring that stakeholders are advised and that we can better prepare and take a broader view of the application. Just recently CB14 considered an application for a variance extension. This came to us two years after the variance had expired. It met with a good deal of community opposition. I feel like if we had been out in front knowing that that was about to expire, we could have addressed some of those concerns before they became community burdens. I think sharing information with stakeholders who have an impact theon the outcome shouldn't even be a question, and for that reason, I trust this will pass. Again, Community Board 14 is grateful for this opportunity to support 1095, and to let you know that the funding that was provided this year was not just not an expenditure but an investment in the future of our community as we all strive to New York City a better city as a-as a collection of ever better communities. Thank you. [pause]

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2 JOSEPHINE BECKMAN: Okay. Thank you. 3 Good afternoon Council member Cabrera and I, too, want to thank you and the members of the committee 4 5 and the City Council for having us here today and 6 testifying before you. So my name is Josephine 7 Beckman and I am the District Manager of community boards 10 in Brooklyn, which encompasses the 8 communities of Bay Ridge, Dyker Heights and Fort 9 Hamilton. I'd like to first offer my comments 10 regarding Intro 1095 a Local Law to amend the 11 12 Administrative Code in relation to the notification 13 of-the expiration of variances and special permits granted by the BSA. I support advance notifications 14 15 to community boards. If adopted, I asset this Intro 16 will help to ensure zoning compliance by creating a 17 formal notice to property owners from the community 18 board explaining that the application to the extended term of variance with special permit pending its 19 20 expiration may not be automatically supported, and we, too, had a few that have come in after their 21 2.2 terms have expired. I'd also like to add that 23 community boards 10 most likely has a smaller number of variances and special permits than surrounding 24 boards, and this change as a proactive notification 25

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would not burdensome to staff. Currently at CB10 we proactively notify all of our SLA license owners three months before their expiration of licenses as a courtesy. So, we are not overwhelmed that licensees who forget to renew. So, we found that system to be very helpful and to be proactive, and-and its benefit to both the-the property owners, licensees, and to ourselves. I'd also like to share with the committee that resident had contacted me about use of driveway of a commercial establishment and I didn't even realize that there was a variance ascribed to the property, and when I, because I didn't have that institutional knowledge, when I checked the VIS site [coughs] I realized that I could not really identify the property had a variance. The VIS is always my first stop to checking to look at the C of O certificate of occupancy and to see if there are I had to contact BSA and look at my active permits. archives. I would recommend, too, that it all BSA variances and special permits be hyperlinked to the BSA on the front page of the BSA. I think that would be a useful tool. I thought I'd throw that in while I had the chance. Next, I'd like to speak about community boards' operations and needs.. FY 2019

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Council Initiative funding was extremely helpful to Brooklyn Community Board 10. We voted to use the funds to improve technology in Office and expand outreach. CB10 increased the broadband service in our office to meet our growing needs. Prior to this upgrade we had fellows and interns in our office that would use their laptops to walk around the office in search of a signal so they could find a corner to complete their work. We also upgraded our technology computers. We have large screen display instead of working with a projector and pull-down screen. More and more agencies of the New York City of New York are digitizing their filings and we are now ready to display for community members upon reviews of all these applications. We've also upgraded our phones with the help of DOITT to Windstream digital system that provides us with logs of callers and messages. I along with many of my board colleagues-Brooklyn colleagues who tried for many years working with DOITT to secure a license for a CRM, a Customer Relationship Management program that would really help us with our district needs, and as my colleague said, we really had no avail, but these funds we set aside working with Noel Hidalgo for from BetaNYC.

We're really hoping that this big achievement will be
realized, and I and many other boards currently use
spreadsheets or good old fashion binders. So, its
project that a CRM being constructed may have a
current maintenance cost into the fiscal year, which
many boards are very concerned about. We've also
done public outreach with the funds. We have a new
digitized email newsletter. We've held and plan to
hold future public forums and special events, one
that's upcoming this spring with seniors and
businesses on a senior resource guide. Moving
forward, our ask to the City Council is we continue
the initiative funding to help us keep up with
technology and administrative costs associated with
performing our mandated responsibilities. It is our
hope that the FY19 funds can be baselined so we can
hire much needed staff to handle the growing number
zoning applications. Administrative support involves
ever changing needs of our district and the cost
needed to keep up constantly with advancing
technology. So again, thank you on behalf of CB10.

DARLENE JACKSON: How you doing? How you doing? So, my name is Darlene Jackson. So, I'm happy to see that my community board is here present

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from Community Board 9 in the Bronx, but I'm actually here wholeheartedly in support of a budget increase for all nine community boards, but I'm also former employee at Manhattan Community Board 11 in East Harlem, and I was employed there for two years. last oversight hearing that you guys had was in March of last year, in which members and staff whom-who are here today for the nine community boards advocated for a budget increase. As such today for 10 has the outreach efforts, community engagement, service Denary (sic) advocacy and capacity building. So, I quess my question is-my question by me today is to kind of understand the role of this committee as oversight to community boards because the two years that I've been employed at Community Boar-Community Board 11 there has been absolutely no oversight for community boards. The budget increase that was received last of July has not been utilized to date. Somebody mentioned a district management, and CB11 mentioned that there's a three-a three staff person currently at CB11, but it's actually now only two, and last we went there with the advocate of budget increase. There have vacant full-time positions since July of 2017, and now a part-time vacant

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position since the 14th of this month. So, I'm here today because during the two years that I was working, I spent a lot of idle time basically doing or not doing much to service the communities that we was charged to represent and serve-and service, and we had idle calls from constituents to even visit, and really as far as our communities from-from even board members it was very-at bare minimum and you could probably hope that we even met quorum for-for those committee meetings. So, my questions is: can we ensure that taxpayer dollars and-and then the monies that are being allocated from the boards are being adequately used? Because right now I feel like it's being underutilized, and it's being undermismanaged, and prior to my appointment to Community Board 11, I didn't know that community boards even existed. To my surprise a lot of New Yorkers don't even know that community boards are a platform for them to engage with their peers and their neighbors to interact with and to address the issues that impact them on a daily basis. And it was very frustrating to work there for two years, and the typical town resident didn't know that we even existed. And so, I'm-I'm going to leave room for a

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question as to how moving forward from the public hearing and there is the third public hearing since me having knowledge that community boards exist. What does-what does the oversight actually look like and to ensure that the capacity building is beingreaching the-it's-we're ensuring that it's being reached? And there I have Noel who's-there's been a lot of great resources that have been available to community boards, but where do we make-where do we hold the common goal that is actually being implemented at the community board level because you have-you have staff members, you have board members that actually got to these-these meetings at the PB's Office, but it never actually translates over to the staff that's actually employed at community boards to actually implemented it and to ensure that these resources that we—that is afforded to us is actually

NOEL HIDALGO: Thank you. My name is

Noel or Noel. I'm a Gemini. I have two names so

feel free to use whichever one you want. I've

submitted some written testimony, but I'm going to

summarize it and pretty much start on page 2.

BetaNYC is a non-profit organization that has over

being-to use effectively.

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5,000 members. We started off as meet up. In 2013, we wrote this thing called the People's Roadmap where we organized our community to really figure out what are the things that we've wanted to see carried forward from the Bloomberg Administration into the next administration, and in that we outlined another-34 different policy proposals and—and ideas that we wanted to see developed. Some of that led to the creation of what we call now the Civic Innovation Lab and Fellows Program, which is incubated out of the Manhattan Borough President's Office, and some of the highlights of this particular program is that we've educated, mentored and employed over 50 CUNY undergraduate students teaching them open data. is the very first open data boot camp that is-exists in New York City. We've created a suited of specialize open data tools for community boards. We've given to DOITT a number of suggestions on how communications technologies could be better utilized within community boards. We've done this through a very intent and ongoing research process actively engaging community boards to ask them what are their technology needs. What are their data needs? are the things that they would like to see

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accomplished over the next few years. This had led to DOITT actually submitting itself to the district needs process so that way community boards have an opportunity to directly engage community-with community boards, which is something that they didn't have to do because they are not a service mandated agency, and so, you know, getting DOITT to reform its practices has been a challenge. It has led to quite a bit of discovery and understanding exactly how DOITT works, and realizing that it's kind of frustrating. I can only imagine what it must be like to be a district manager for year in, year out trying to ask the city's IT department to provide IT services for their agency. And while we love DOITT and we have great friends at DOITT, I have now come to realize that DOITT is really just a contracting vehicle for technology, and not really a city IT department. It's unbelievable that there is one IT person for 59 agencies, that there is Joe, the amazing DOITT staff member who drives around to all 59 community board offices to do desktop tech support. I started off my world doing tech support. I can't imagine having a car in the city and more or less going IT out of a car every single day.

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continue, so what we've been able to accomplish over the last few years is to build a very simple easy to use dashboard that visualizes 311 data. We've worked with Manhattan Community Boards to build a very simple template to track attendance. We've unified state and municipal data through this thing called SLAM, a State Liquor Authority Map, which brings together sidewalk cafes, liquor licenses and noise complaints, which is something that wasn't able to be easily done beforehand and now community boards have this tool where they can see bad neighbors. Lastly, we've been able to build a tool called Tenants Map, which visualizes buildings that have unusual activity in regards to service level requests. These are service level requests that tend to lead to tenant displacement, and so we presented tools that enables this information to be easily visualized. We're not at the point where all-we've done two detailed reports on the technology needs of community boards, and I've summarized them here, and I don't need to repeat the excellent things that they've already said, but I do want to add-end on the explicit need for a CRM. Community boards are desperate for a tool that enables them to do the constituent services that

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Thank you so much.

I-I have a couple of important questions, but I'm

going to turn it over—and—and that's your reward.

The—the other council members here all the way to the end always.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: That's my reward?

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Yes.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Alright.

3 CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: Part of your

reward.

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COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Before I begin-thank you, Mr. Chairman. Before I begin just full disclosure because you may hear some favoritism in my questions. I was a member of Brooklyn's Community 14 for 18 years. I joined when I was 5 [laughter] and Ms. Campbell is the third District Manager that I've been working with, and she's incredible. So, I'm just going to say that I am grateful that you're here, and-and I will say what I didn't say in the first panel is that last year when we were talking about the enhancement, Mr. Chair, for the community boards and we did want it to be baselined and I-and I do agree with this panel and the previous panel. Frankly, it's-it's just hard to plan. You know, you have the \$42,500 now, and what do you do next year, which I think is why you're seeing, you know, some of these weird expenditures like, you know, Gogi Secaro (sp?) I don't know. What are they going to spend it-I mean how are they going to pay for that lease next near if they don't get the \$42,500 again, and I don't' know the answer. The man-the-the one person

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who is not a district manager and I didn't catch your name, the-to your question of-of whether or not the \$42,500 enhancement is being spent right, part of the conundrum is that bards may simply not be able to spend it because they can't use it on personnel services, and it almost means that they have to go out there and figure out what can we blow this money on that's going to be useful as opposed to go out and waste it. I could tell you from my own perspective I've been on this Council for 13-1/2 months. back more money to the taxpayers than any other council member at the end of the last fiscal year, and I'm on target to do the same this year. It's not because their offices are worse than mine or-or worse managed than mine. It's because I find different ways to do things, and they find different ways to do thins. So, just, you know, keep that in perspective. If you are truly concerned, though, about attendance, you should write your borough president, and that would be my advice to you. The Council doesn't oversee attendance on community boards. wanted to, you know, last year I think Mr. Mescain and I we engaged in a dialogue-I don't know if he's still here unless he's behind-there you are. Okay,

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about-about this kind of, you know, using Excel versus using-I think it was with you, the universe is using a legal pad versus some people keep it in the Some people on a Word doc and every board binder. really does have this other-this different way of doing things, and I-I do agree with you, Mr. Hidalgo that the city should-maybe we can write something that requires DOITT to do it, but the city should create a citywide system that enables community boards to track constituent requests, complaints, information in an easily way rather than, you know, a thousand manila folders in file cabinets, and it really doesn't make sense, and I often say this. do mean it. I've no-I have actually said it in another hearing this morning. Community Boards of the Rodney Dangerfield of city government, and, you know, they-that's really where the ground is met. from my own personal perspective I actually outsource some of my work to community boards. Shawn will tell you and other District Managers will say—will tell you that sometimes I come up for something and I turn it over to them and I say, you know, can you look into this, and-and they do. It's not because they're doing my job, and it's not because I really want to

do this because they have the better knowledge and ear to the ground than a lowly city council member like I. I wanted to just ask the-and I-I realize that each of you are doing your constituent tracking in different ways, and I don't know that we could-we can give you a tool tomorrow, but I think it's something that the Council should explore over the next year, and as we go into the budget to talk about to- For me the most important things is a baselined of that \$42,500 so that you can actually plan, andand (b) to take this burden off of you of doing that interacting, and I'm hopeful that we can maybe work with DOITT to figure out a way to actually create something that the city could use. Ms. Beckman, youyou mentioned the-the inability of BIZ or the-or-or you are not able to find information BIZ that—that BSA affirms BSA variance and—and my impression and, you know, the Chair-I'm grateful that the Chair stayed with her staff. Is that—that is a---that's more to me I think a DOB failure of not putting all the information that they have once the BSA grants a variance. If I'm wrong. You have to came up with some formula.

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JERRY BECKMAN: No, I would—I would agree
with that.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: I think that—I think that the problem here is, you know, once-once BSA has done its job, they're done, and they close the file, they put it in a file cabinet until the next time it comes up or-and its done unless obviously there's an appeal filed, and it then goes back to the city agency, which is DOB, which I don't think anybody from a community board who's here is going to tell you that their experience with DOB is just yay, excellent, and—and that's been my impression as community board member, and I think what we have to do is figure out a way to get buildings to take the information that they're getting back from BSA. BSA is a 19-person agency. Maybe they get that extra administration person to do the notices that we're going to require you to do, but they're a tiny agency, and it's not-it's really not a good use I think of the agency's time and resources to-to-I don't know-to create some kind of extra step system where, you know, if you're looking for something go into BIZ and look at it, and then if it doesn't work, check out what BSA may or may not

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on it.

2 have done. You know, go to their website and check I think it should really all be on DOB's 3 4 website in easily locatable fashion, and I think 5 that's something that's not on BSA to figure out how 6 do it. It's on DOB. Right, Mr. Chair. We're right 7 [background comments] No, no, it's alright. there. You know, it's just not and-and I know you're with me 8

JERRY BECKMAN: We are.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: I—I will ask the same questions, and Mr. Chair you for your time, and I'm almost done. I will ask the same questions that I asked the previous panel because I'm trying to get a feel for this. How many of you—I kind of know the answer a little for 14 because I lived through those fights, but how many have had variances or special permits in your community boards over say the last two years? Okay. So, so that's—that's 10 in Brooklyn and 14 I know, and I forgot.

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: [off mic] Four.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Four in Manhattan.

Okay. So, 4 Manhattan is the biggie because

everybody wants to build there. So, I'm gong to

leave you off because I-because I think your

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: And—and the BSA--JERRY BECKMAN: [interposing] -and they
were supportive.

JERRY BECKMAN: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Okay. Board 14 we have had—we have a very large special permit area. The chair and—and I know with my predecessor in office and the Council's predecessor on the Land Use committee have had—have had conversations of multitudes about, but have you found—and—and I'm giving you the question you're going to finally answer, but have you found that in your—in either in the special permits that variances—I know there are more special permits than variances of 14 that the stipulations process is working, that the BSA is looking at those and—and giving them the weight that you would hope that they would.

JERRY BECKMAN: [off mic] Basically yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Okay, and if the-
if the Board-if the community boards-you got to hit
the button. Make it red. Okay, if the community
board issues a yes with no stipulation, are you
finding that the result from the BSA is exactly as
the application was presented by the board or you
were finding that ultimately it had to be changed
because of BSA, because of BSA changes or because of
BSA requests that it be.

JERRY BECKMAN: [interposing] It—it—it varies, it varies. It all—it's almost always upholds-

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: [interposing]
Okay.

JERRY BECKMAN: --and--and sometimes takes additional steps.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Okay. So, one of the things that the—that the BSA does, which I find helpful is that it actually requires—if a—if a community board, which is—you know, we—we are communities boards, the Reverend—the Chairman as well. You know, we—we're at the low end of the government, but then we send up our lofty recommendations, and we always kind of wonder well,

JESSE BODINE: Sure. So, I mean-[laughs]

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: But--

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JESSE BODINE: I want to say first off I think the—the work that BSA does is tremendous and I think the response when I—when I personally call her or a staff member calls to get any information about a specific application, what's going on with it.

2 COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: By the way, same 3 here on our side--

JESSE BODINE: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: --and-and fromfrom the community board when I-before I came to the
Council was saying you call the BSA, and you're
pretty confident you're going to get an answer by the
next day.

JESSE BODINE: [interposing] Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: You know, they'll do the research, they'll do the hard work, and that's why I-I give them that huge pass on putting stuff on the website because it's just not that easy to-to put these-I mean some of these packages are-are huge and-and they're constantly updating.

JESSE BODINE: And—and I find that most people that work within the BSA world, not the BSA employees, but the applicants and their attorneys know this, and so, we have a handful of land use attorneys that we see on a regular basis will all come to the physical culture establishments right, and we know how sort of arcane and sort of silly that whole thing is, and how it's sort of morphing into a

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very different set reason for the law then or thethe-

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Yeah.

JESSE BODINE: --permit than when it originally was. So, we can have that conversation offline, but I-I-I will say I think, you know, with very rare exceptions, and I'll mention a couple right now, we find that everything we were-every we write, everything is a condition. We always usually do it deny unless with stipulations.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: That's deny unless there are stipulations?

with stipulations being like saying we would—we wouldn't approve this application without these things and usually the applicant has agreed to them.

I mean that's—that's sort of what the committee—the—the applicant is happy enough to get our of our system—out of our committee on that issue to say okay. They'll agree to the hours or they'll agree to limiting the number of people in the gym or they'll increase the—the—the soundproofing for all of these things. So, I mean like gyms are becoming unique in

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our district because you get one probably every month or maybe twice a month sometimes.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Will these healthy people live in--

JESSE BODINE: [interposing] Very healthy people in Chelsea, and so-and it's-and it's-I will say the tide has changed a little bit because I think originally we were seeing a lot of repurposing of the already existing buildings, and the gyms, and I think they realize that this is-that's a sort of a-a nightmare for them because those buildings are not built for gyms. And so now we're seeing a little bit of a change. I will say one thing that is difficult for community boards with-with BSA with the gyms at least was that there doesn't seem to be any connection as to, you know, when the gym is going to actually be starting. So, like we recently just had an application for a gym, but the building hasn't been built yet. So, what's the-what is the-from a layman's standpoint, from a community board's member standpoint, what are they looking at? You know, what are they-they can't go see it. They can't go and understand what the environment is. All they're hearing is sort of a presentation on DOITT about a

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concept, and so that is an interesting conundrum for
us.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: And the—the physical culture status for special permits typically have an expiration date of ten years—

JESSE BODINE: [interposing] Ten years.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: --from when granted by BSA.

JESSE BODINE: Right. So, and-and we-I will say there we-we are the home of Brick Gym, which is I think one of the most notorious PC applications. It's gone up and down and around and around, and BSA has been very responsive to our concerns about that, and to the neighborhood and to the residents of that building's concerns about that. But we're seeing the other side of that where an application will come in and it won't be-it won't be anything we'll go and see. We won't be able to go and look at, and maybe not even a representative of the build-they gym, you know, management there to talk to. So, it's difficult from that kind of situation. In terms of the land use stuff, the other sort of building stuff, I've got to say we've been in predominately very-it's a very fluid relationship, and we have requested

JESSE BODINE: It's a physical culture

status, but in-in the-in terms of land use, and any

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2	kind of height, you know, and changes or bulk changes
3	or, you know, you know, that they're trying to find
4	the five-need the five findings. No, we always come
5	away with multiple changes. (sic)
6	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Okay, and Board 10.
7	JERRY BECKMAN: [off mic] Oh, you're
8	saying Board 10. [on mic] Thank you, no. Also, for
9	our physical cultural establishments [squawking mic]
10	we have put conditions on them, we-which we found
11	very helpful, and—and
12	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: [interposing] And-
13	and the BSA?
14	JESSE BODINE: And the BSA has always
15	endorsed our recommendations.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: What about various
17	applications?
18	JESSE BODINE: The same.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: The same. Okay.
20	JESSE BODINE: Yes.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Do you have any
22	that you haven't put stipulations on that you find
23	are later-the-the project that is approved by BSA is
24	not the same as came before the Board?
25	JESSE BODINE: No.

2 COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Okay. Board 14.

SHAWN CAMPBELL: [pause]

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Red. It's got to

5 be red.

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6 SHAWN CAMPBELL: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: There you go.

SHAWN CAMPBELL: I can't respond to my finger. [laughter] Can I answer that in a slightly different direction?

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Anyway you want.

back to the idea of the CRM. It's—the scene might stand our in your mind as a constituent or a client, but I want to think of the scene in terms of community and for permit—for special permit and various applications. It's something else I want to start putting into a system because we tend to ask the attorneys that come before us if there's been for instance FAR, if that number of FAR that they're applying for exists in proximity to—to their application. I'd like to be able to pull this information out myself. I want to map my information. I want to know what the—what that area of the community looks like going in. I want to sort

did recommend it with stipulations.

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- of pull out how many applications have come before
 our board in a certain amount of time that—that we
- 5 COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Thus, you have to do that manually right now--
- 7 SHAWN CAMPBELL: [interposing] Yes.
 - COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: --instead of pulling it out of a file.
 - SHAWN CAMPBELL: Right. You mentioned having four file cabinets. We have 16. So, it's a lot of digging to pull the information out when we want a-a broader view.
 - COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Okay. Mr. Hidalgo.

NOEL HIDALGO: I so enjoy your comments because there's—there's actually several layers that—that aren't really being addressed within the city's Government Operations that you have all really articulated on. The first one is around stipulations in multiple datasets. So, in our research we've found that the SLA doesn't publish any of the stipulations that they get. So the State Liquor Authority doesn't publish their—the stipulations that community boards are sending up to the state and

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then, therefore, community members like myself don't know what are the stipulations around a certain liquor license establishment, and what are the-kind of like the confines that they should be seen in. We actually have to send-I have to send a FOIL request up to Albany to find out what are the-the letters or start asking the bar owner or start rooting around cabinets. And what-what we've discovered through a very detailed report that we published earlier this year is that there are agency by agency you can go through the different datasets, and you will find that there are these kind of variances that aren't digitized anywhere, and I think it's kind of amazing that—that this small team of 19 has one IT person that's maintaining their database. And—and I was looking at their one dataset that's up on the Open Data Portal, and it really only tells me like whether or not what's the status of the application, and that doesn't help me as a constituent think about it when I'm coming to a public meeting to really understand what-what's in the details. And that's really speaking to a much deeper issue, which kind of goes back to my initial statement around how DOITT is primarily an IT contracting services, and not an

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actual IT building organization. We're living in the 21st Century. I hope we can all recognize that where governments have been building software very

5 efficiently for about 10 years. I did this--

6 COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: [interposing] Not ours.

NOEL HIDALGO: --Not ours-- COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: [interposing] Not ours.

NOEL HIDALGO: -- but yes, I did that just a few floors up as part of the State Senate 10 years ago, and helped build a CRM for the State Senate, which is still in place, which is significant which is significantly cheaper than the mainframe system that was put in place. We actually did a launch of nysenate.gov in this room using open source software, and something that has been at logger heads inside of our city's operations is the fact that there isn't a very clear adoption of open source. There isn't building tools inside of the city to very quickly identify problems or opportunities where we can make minor modifications to these systems and help increase the usability. And so something that BetaNYC has been calling for is the New York City Government needs to build a Digital Services

Department along the lines of the U.S. Federal
Digital Services Agency or 18F, which are essentially
the best and the brightest that live in this nation
who want to build technology for government to make
government more efficient, and to send or be more
efficient about how our tax dollars are spent. And
it is surprising that for the last ten years both
mayoral administrations have not taken up this
particular issue to figure out how to build
technology within city government more effectively.
We have little tiny pin pricks. The Mayor's Office
of Economic Opportunity has a Civic Service Design
Studio. At City Planning, labs is doing a great job
of incorporation open source tools so City Planning
officials have modern 21st Century tools. We have
DORIS and they've rolled out and repurposed some tool
that was built in Oakland, but these are mighty-minor
pinpricks, and \$89 billion budget when we should be
instead of sending those—our tax dollars out to, you
know, essentially buy technology from some place
else, we should be building it here and employing our
local technologists to build technology for our city.

DARLENE JACKSON: Am I able to addrespond to your comment? So, this—this pertains to

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hear you.

everybody's testimony in regards to the databases that they advocate for, which I wholeheartedly agree. Sorry. Again, and this is back to the question about oversight. So, how are we-what does oversight look like to ensure that the uses (sic) are available to community boards to ensure that they're actually implementing them to provide adequate services to the-to the communities that they are representing and they're charged to serve. So, I mean you mentioned something about the BP's Office in charge of attendance. I know the BP is almost like an umbrella of community boards, but I haven't see from my experience how they provide oversight to ensure thatthat this our capacity building to ensure that constituents are going to be using service, that constituent knows that the community board actually is designating the community. That these resources that's available to community boards are actually being like implemented? So, I know you-in the first panel somebody mentioned about the Mayor's Commission with the civic engagement task force. Is that going to be something where oversight can be linked? just trying to get-I just want to make sure that I

2 COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Well, I-I, yeah, 3 I-I mean my district voted no on it and I don't have a lot of great faith in it if my district voted no on 4 5 all three questions because we don't have great faith 6 in it. So, you're not going to get me to tell you 7 what the civic commission is going to do or not going to do, but I will tell you again that-that community 8 boards are—are independent agencies, and they're 9 operating—one of the things about their independent 10 agency-the fact that they're independent agencies is 11 12 that they're chairs, and they members of their 13 boards, the other 49 members together with their 14 employees, the District Manager and District 15 Manager's staff make the decisions about how they 16 function and when it comes to spending, they have the authority to make those decisions whether or not 17 18 they're going to spend or not spend. If the Council land the Mayor agree to give the community board and 19 20 extra \$42,000--\$42,500 and the community board can't find a way to spend it, or choose not to spend it or 21 2.2 chooses not to for whatever reason, and my guess is, 23 but the way, if a particular board is not spending, 24 it is because they can't find a way to do it. Because remember that is a-that's a very-they have to 25

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be very careful that whatever they're spending it on is a one-shot deal because the Administration and the Council did not make this a recurring thing, which is for—for year after year, which is called baselining. And if we would have done that—maybe it's our failure—but if we would have done that, then the community boards would be able to say we're going to spend \$42,500 on this because we know every year we're going have it. They don't know that they're going to have, and again on attendance or anything else, I would just encourage you to write your borough president or community board president's office. Mr. Chair, thank you very much for your time.

Wanted to just add that [coughs] it really wasn't a [coughs] Sorry. I'm finding something here, but it wasn't the fault of the Council. It was really the administration refused to baseline that. I mean we waited until the last possible minute, and as I started earlier in our conversation today, if it wasn't for the Speaker Corey Johnson, it would have not happened. So, really we-we-we really try out best because we knew the challenges that were going

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to come before you if it was not baselined. So, this is why I'm calling upon all the community boards to come--this is our commercial-for next month, and we're looking at May 11th

MALE SPEAKER: It's the 12th.

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: The 12th, May 12th.

MALE SPEAKER: March-March 12th

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: March 12th, I'm sorry. That's for-so March 12th for all the community boards to come, and to-to continue lending their-and echo together in a concert of voices together that we need to baseline and again, we're not talking about an astronomic item of funding. I just wanted to ask you about what I had asked before. You just mentioned the Commissions regarding the Civic Engagement Commission has the Mayor's Office, anybody Government Operations from their side? Any kind of little beep in the radar or anything? No, no ping from that side. Okay. So, Council Member Yeger did a fantastic job in really addressing some of the questions that I had, but I want to thank you for the work that you all are doing in community boards. Thank you also, community members who was involved in

community boards. I did have one last question

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2 regarding if calendar (sic) should go easy like that.

3 Hidalgo, regarding the-from what I'm understanding it

4 | would cost \$10,000 for community boards to have the

5 system in place. Is that correct.

NOEL HIDALGO: So, we're estimating how do I-how do I-to get the diversity of community boards that we have right now, there are multiple steps that need to happen. Some community boards are using email and their CRM, and so what we've proposed is a low-cost method to start and furthering our existing research to turn around a solution that immediately meets their needs. It's essentially going to be a glorified online-a spreadsheet that helps us identify essentially the types of columns and the data that goes into those columns that will then help us better understand how to turn an open sources CRM. It's something that we would be downloading from Get Hub or anything like that, and turn that tool into the future perfect CRM. \$10,000 is a-it is our most generous estimate with the \$42,500 that has been offered to figure out how to essentially fit into the community board's budget to give them an immediate tool that helps us start this broader conversation.

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA:

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NOEL HIDALGO: So, here's-here's what I'm trying to lead at. [coughs] Which is can this be capital funding? If there was capital allocated, which for us to be honest with you is easier. If somebody were to allocate an essential amount of capital, can this be positioned as infrastructure type of money so we could give a one-time--? Let's say if it is \$600 or \$7,000 to do all the community boards all in one shot, and that way we have a system that everybody could benefit from. And-and then my second question if the answer is yes, which I hope is yes, can-I-it-it-would the be additional fees required on a yearly basis, and if so, how much?

NOEL HIDALGO: So, yes and yes. Okay. I think one thing that was stated in the previous testimony is to really understand that when you, to—to deploy a CRM it is at the underpinning of the workflows inside of an office. So, yes we can come up with a—a number that helps walk through all of these different steps to get and deploy a CRM that would be universally accessible to all 59 community boards that they can log in and that the—that they can start using. There will be ongoing costs to

2 figure out exactly how many features nee to be developed, what type of support and training. Right 3 now we try to do, BetaNYC tries to do one training 4 5 per month to teach community boards how to use boards that slam and a bunch of other existing tools that 6 7 DOB has produced, and other city agencies have produced, and that's time intensive to do those types 8 of trainings. It's also time intensive to be 9 10 thinking about what are the upgrades and improvements. So, the quick answer to your questions 11 12 are yes and yes, and love to figure out exactly what 13 those numbers look like. But there will still need to be dedicated funding for training, support, 14 15 improvements because community boards have, as you 16 know, have a very limited budget for their current 17 operations and yet the needs of every single 18 community board that we've talked to is only growing exponentially. Every single time an agency decides 19 20 to go paperless, they put the burden on the community board to print out the paper to essentially ensure 21 2.2 that the community is informed of-of what's going on. 23 We had a conversation a few years ago when DOB was 24 rebuilding their thing or Planning was rebuilding 25 their thing, and they were like, Oh, community

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- boards, we're going to save you paper, and we started
 looking at the numbers for just Manhattan Community
 Board 1 and it's just like you guys are going to need
 to buy more and more toner cartridges like get a
 better printer copier. Like their needs are going up
 when agencies, other agencies say that they are
 trying to save money. And so, this is an ongoing
- 11 technology resources across the board.
 12 CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: So, I would like to

conversation that you and your predecessors all need

to understand that community boards need dedicated

14 JESSIE BODINE: [off mic]

meet with you. Just go ahead-

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: If you could turn that one on and the other one off.

example. So three years ago or three of four years ago, you know, the city decided that they—they were tired or overburdened with reviewing each and each of the board's budget requests, and statements of district needs, right. Because everybody would do it differently. Some would be a 2-page letter. Some would be 34-pages, right, and so they said we're going to cut that all out and we're going to in-house

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build something, right. I don't think they spent any money on it. I think that they charged themselves what they normally spend on with the-with non-IT stuff and they built this process-a web based platform for all of us to every year put into our-put into all of our budget requests and all of our district needs. That is the result of into-basically in my opinion and I cannot say-speak for the community boards here or in general, but I think most community boards now find themselves doing double the Because what they do is the platform is simply built for the-for the agency side. It's-it's a whole thing was purposely for the agency to see it all in it's drop-down menu, and it's all very simple. But it doesn't make it easy for the 50 community boards to review the document, to understand it and to thento--to vote on it. So, what you have is then community board members or board office staff having to create a second user-friendly document, right, and we were going back and forth with-DCP is in charge of this process and the-the staff have been great. want to say that they've been very responsive. made the small-some minor changes and very effective changes to the whole process. But the overall

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concept was not made from the point of view of community boards. It was made from how does this make it easier for Sanitation and Transportation to answer these questions and give them—give carbon copied answers back sometimes, right. And so I just want to voice that as a concern is that we—we—we want something, but it really does have to come from the groundswell of community boards' needs and not simply to say okay we're going to pack in something and give it to, and this is what you've got. You know, because it's going to take a while to work itself out.

ROSEMARY GINTY: If I could add to that

Council Member really quick is that the digital

divide is great varying on communities, at

communities. Our communities 30% of residents are 60

or over, and many of our community board members, you

know, are just not as sophisticated with the computer

as some of the younger members or—or even staff. So,

when we have a zoning application that's now sent to

us digitally and on a lot, we have to be able to

present that. Some members don't have a Dropbox, and

even for email they don't have a clue on how to open

it. So, of these small, you know, technology changes,

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2 which are great, are really problematic for us board,

3 and even getting that technology and—and educating

4 ourselves and then teaching our board members has

5 become quite challenging for us as well.

CHAIRPERSON CABRERA: I think that's to his-as the point that I was making this is going to be a requirement really for training to take place. I would love to sit down with you at some point in the very early-near future because I think there's a way to get some capital, and to do all the community boards, right. You know, just doing 10 here or 20 over there and-and get everybody on-on board. And then be able to get you the tools. I always tell my wife. I say, Baby, never ask me to do a job without giving me the tools. [laughter] Give me the tools. I'll-I'll go to the highest mountain for you, but give me the tools, and you need the tools. I-I should I'm a former community board member, and I used to be very frustrated myself. When we have the tools it just seems like everybody else-you mentioned that that everything is for the benefit of other agencies, and yet those other agencies have their millions and millions of dollars, you know, in operations. And so, the community boards are trying

${\tt C} \ {\tt E} \ {\tt R} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt F} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt C} \ {\tt A} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt E}$

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date March 23, 2019