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# STATE OF NEW YORK

5519

2009-2010 Regular Sessions

#### IN SENATE

May 13, 2009

Introduced by Sen. KRUGER -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Cities

AN ACT to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the unincorporated business tax

# The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (b) of section 11-503 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 481 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
- (3) For each taxable year beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-six but before two thousand nine:
- 6 (A) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section is one 7 thousand eight hundred dollars or less, a credit shall be allowed for 8 the entire amount of such tax;
  - (B) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section exceeds one thousand eight hundred dollars but is less than three thousand two hundred dollars, a credit shall be allowed in the amount determined by multiplying such tax by a fraction the numerator of which is three thousand two hundred dollars minus the amount of such tax and the denominator of which is one thousand four hundred dollars; or
  - (C) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section is three thousand two hundred dollars or more, no credit shall be allowed.
- 17 § 2. Subdivision (b) of section 11-503 of the administrative code of 18 the city of New York is amended by adding a new paragraph 3-a to read as 19 follows:
  - (3-a) For each taxable year beginning after two thousand eight:
- 21 (A) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section is three 22 thousand four hundred dollars or less, a credit shall be allowed for the 23 entire amount of such tax;
- 24 (B) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section exceeds 25 three thousand four hundred dollars but is less than five thousand four

EXPLANATION--Matter in <a href="italics">italics</a> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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hundred dollars, a credit shall be allowed in the amount determined by multiplying such tax by a fraction the numerator of which is five thousand four hundred dollars minus the amount of such tax and the denominator of which is two thousand dollars; or

- (C) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section is five thousand four hundred dollars or more, no credit shall be allowed.
- § 3. Subdivision (a) of section 11-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 481 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Requirement of declaration. Except as provided in subdivision (j) of this section, every unincorporated business shall make a declaration of its estimated tax for the taxable year, containing such information as the commissioner of finance may prescribe by regulations or instruction, if:
- (1) for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred eighty-six but before nineteen hundred ninety-six, its unincorporated business taxable income can reasonably be expected to exceed fifteen thousand dollars;
- 18 (2) for taxable years beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-six, its 19 unincorporated business taxable income can reasonably be expected to 20 exceed twenty thousand dollars; [and]
  - (3) for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-six <u>but</u> <u>before two thousand nine</u>, its estimated tax can reasonably be expected to exceed one thousand eight hundred dollars; <u>and</u>
  - (4) for taxable years beginning after two thousand eight, its estimated tax can reasonably be expected to exceed three thousand four hundred dollars.
  - § 4. Subdivision (a) of section 11-514 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 481 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
  - (a) General. On or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of a taxable year, an unincorporated business income tax return shall be made and filed, and the balance of any tax shown on the face of such return, not previously paid as installments of estimated tax, shall be paid:
  - (1) by or for every unincorporated business, for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred eighty-six but before nineteen hundred ninety-seven, having unincorporated business gross income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than ten thousand dollars, or having any amount of unincorporated business taxable income;
  - (2) by or for every partnership, for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-six but before two thousand nine, having unin-corporated business gross income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than twenty-five thousand dollars, or having unincorporated business taxable income of more than fifteen thousand dollars; [and]
- (3) by or for every unincorporated business other than a partnership, for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-six <u>but before</u> two thousand nine, having unincorporated business gross income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than seventy-five thousand dollars, or having unincorporated business taxable income of more than thirty-five thousand dollars; and
  - (4) by or for every unincorporated business, for taxable years beginning after two thousand eight, having unincorporated business gross

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- 1 income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any 2 deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than
- 3 <u>ninety-five thousand dollars</u>.
- 4 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however that
- 5 sections one and two of this act shall be deemed to have been in full
- 6 force and effect on and after January 1, 2009.

# NEW YORK STATE SENATE INTRODUCER'S MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT submitted in accordance with Senate Rule VI. Sec 1

BILL NUMBER: S5519

**SPONSOR:** KRUGER

#### TITLE OF BILL:

An act to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the unincorporated business tax

#### SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS:

This bill would amend subdivision (b) of section 11-503 of the New York City Administrative Code by adding a new paragraph 3-a to provide that beginning with taxable years commencing in 2009, the credit that is applied to reduce an unincorporated business tax will apply if the annual tax totals less than \$5,400. The credit will completely offset an annual unincorporated business tax that does not exceed \$3,400. Bill sections three and four amend Sections 11-511 and 11-514 of the Administrative Code to simplify UBT filing requirements and modify requirements related to paying estimated unincorporated business taxes.

#### REASONS FOR SUPPORT:

The proposal is a small-business tax-relief measure designed to encourage the expansion of entrepreneurial enterprises during the current economic downturn.

Although the Unincorporated Business Tax (UBT) provides rough parity by taxing entities regardless of business form, it is particularly burdensome on small businesses. Many of these small businesses are sole proprietorships run by individuals who are New York City residents, and are thus also subject to the New York City Personal Income Tax on the same income. A 2007 state law limited the tax and this legislation would end or further reduce the tax for small businesses – and save each of them up to \$3,400. More than 80% of the firms benefiting from the bill are individual proprietors, many of them freelancers or other entrepreneurs starting their own businesses. Supporting their work can bolster the City's economy and help pull it through the current painful recession.

Currently, 32,500 firms in New York City pay the UBT. This bill would provide tax relief to half that population by effectively exempting nearly 11,000 firms with taxable incomes of\$100,000 or less from the UBT and providing partial tax relief to an additional 6,000 with taxable incomes between \$100,000 and \$150,000.

The bill also simplifies UBT filing requirements, and provides relief from the obligation to file UBT returns and to pay estimated taxes for those taxpayers whose gross income is sufficiently low that they are certain to have no tax liability.

The total annual fiscal impact to New York City would be approximately \$25 million. There is no state fiscal impact.

This law would be effective for taxes filed in calendar year 2009.

Accordingly, the Mayor urges the earliest possible favorable consideration of this proposal by the Legislature.

## STATE OF NEW YORK

8615

2009-2010 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

May 29, 2009

Introduced by M. of A. FARRELL, COOK, KELLNER, ESPAILLAT, WRIGHT, POWELL, BING -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. O'DONNELL -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AN ACT to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the unincorporated business tax

# The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (b) of section 11-503 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 481 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
- (3) For each taxable year beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-six but before two thousand nine:
  - (A) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section is one thousand eight hundred dollars or less, a credit shall be allowed for the entire amount of such tax;
- 9 (B) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section exceeds 10 one thousand eight hundred dollars but is less than three thousand two 11 hundred dollars, a credit shall be allowed in the amount determined by 12 multiplying such tax by a fraction the numerator of which is three thou- 13 sand two hundred dollars minus the amount of such tax and the denominator of which is one thousand four hundred dollars; or
- 15 (C) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section is three 16 thousand two hundred dollars or more, no credit shall be allowed.
- \$ 2. Subdivision (b) of section 11-503 of the administrative code of 18 the city of New York is amended by adding a new paragraph 3-a to read as 19 follows:
- 20 (3-a) For each taxable year beginning after two thousand eight:
- 21 (A) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section is three 22 thousand four hundred dollars or less, a credit shall be allowed for the 23 entire amount of such tax;

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(B) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section exceeds three thousand four hundred dollars but is less than five thousand four hundred dollars, a credit shall be allowed in the amount determined by multiplying such tax by a fraction the numerator of which is five thousand four hundred dollars minus the amount of such tax and the denominator of which is two thousand dollars; or

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- (C) if the tax computed under subdivision (a) of this section is five thousand four hundred dollars or more, no credit shall be allowed.
- § 3. Subdivision (a) of section 11-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 481 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Requirement of declaration. Except as provided in subdivision (j) of this section, every unincorporated business shall make a declaration of its estimated tax for the taxable year, containing such information as the commissioner of finance may prescribe by regulations or instruction, if:
- (1) for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred eighty-six but before nineteen hundred ninety-six, its unincorporated business taxable income can reasonably be expected to exceed fifteen thousand dollars;
- (2) for taxable years beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-six, its unincorporated business taxable income can reasonably be expected to exceed twenty thousand dollars; [and]
- (3) for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-six <u>but</u> <u>before two thousand nine</u>, its estimated tax can reasonably be expected to exceed one thousand eight hundred dollars; <u>and</u>
- (4) for taxable years beginning after two thousand eight, its estimated tax can reasonably be expected to exceed three thousand four hundred dollars.
- § 4. Subdivision (a) of section 11-514 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 481 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) General. On or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of a taxable year, an unincorporated business income tax return shall be made and filed, and the balance of any tax shown on the face of such return, not previously paid as installments of estimated tax, shall be paid:
- (1) by or for every unincorporated business, for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred eighty-six but before nineteen hundred ninety-seven, having unincorporated business gross income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than ten thousand dollars, or having any amount of unincorporated business taxable income;
- (2) by or for every partnership, for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-six <u>but before two thousand nine</u>, having unin-corporated business gross income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than twenty-five thousand dollars, or having unincorporated business taxable income of more than fifteen thousand dollars; [and]
- (3) by or for every unincorporated business other than a partnership, for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-six but before two thousand nine, having unincorporated business gross income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than seventy-five thousand dollars, or having unincorporated business taxable income of more than thirty-five thousand dollars; and

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- 1 (4) by or for every unincorporated business, for taxable years begin2 ning after two thousand eight, having unincorporated business gross
  3 income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any
  4 deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than
  5 ninety-five thousand dollars.
- 6 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however that 7 sections one and two of this act shall be deemed to have been in full 8 force and effect on and after January 1, 2009.

http://nyslrs.state.ny.us/NYSLBDC1/bstfrme.cgi

# NEW YORK STATE ASSEMBLY MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF LEGISLATION submitted in accordance with Assembly Rule III, Sec 1(f)

BILL NUMBER: A8615

**SPONSOR:** Farrell (MS)

TITLE OF BILL: An act to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the unincorporated business tax

#### SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS:

This bill would amend subdivision (b) of section 11-503 of the New York City Administrative Code by adding a new paragraph 3-a to provide that beginning with taxable years commencing in 2009, the credit that is applied to reduce an unincorporated business tax will apply if the annual tax totals less than \$5,400. The credit will completely offset an annual unincorporated business tax that does not exceed \$3,400. Bill sections three and four amend Sections 11-511 and 11-514 of the Administrative Code to simplify UBT filing requirements and modify requirements related to paying estimated unincorporated business taxes.

#### JUSTIFICATION:

The proposal is a small-business tax-relief measure designed to encourage the expansion of entrepreneurial enterprises during the current economic downturn.

Although the Unincorporated Business Tax (UBT) provides rough parity by taxing entities regardless of business form, it is particularly burdensome on small businesses. Many of these small businesses are sole proprietorships run by individuals who are New York City residents, and are thus also subject to the New York City Personal Income Tax on the same income. A 2007 state law limited the tax and this legislation would end or further reduce the tax for small businesses — and save each of them up to \$3,400. More than 80% of the firms benefiting from the bill are individual proprietors, many of them freelancers or other entrepreneurs starting their own businesses. Supporting their work can bolster the City's economy and help pull it through the current painful recession.

Currently, 32,500 firms in New York City pay the UBT. This bill would provide tax relief to half that population by effectively exempting nearly 11,000 firms with taxable incomes of\$100,000 or less from the UBT and providing partial tax relief to an additional 6,000 with taxable incomes between \$100,000 and \$150,000.

The bill also simplifies UBT filing requirements, and provides relief from the obligation to file UBT returns and to pay estimated taxes for those taxpayers whose gross income is sufficiently low that they are certain to have no tax liability.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS: The total annual fiscal impact to New York City would be approximately \$25 million. There is no state fiscal impact.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This law would be effective for taxes filed in calendar year 2009.