CITY COUNCIL CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS ----- X

> March 14, 2018 Start: 10:24 a.m. Recess: 2:38 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

ROBERT E. CORNEGY, JR. BEFORE:

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

MARGARET S. CHIN FERNANDO CABRERA RAFAEL L. ESPINAL, JR.

MARK GJONAJ

BARRY S. GRODENCHIK

BILL PERKINS CARLINA RIVERA

HELEN K. ROSENTHAL RITCHIE J. TORRES JUMAANE D. WILLIAMS

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Maria Torres-Springer Commissioner of the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development

Matthew Murphy
Deputy Commissioner for Policy and Strategy at
The Department of Housing Preservation and
Development

Molly Park
Deputy Commissioner for Development at the New
York City Department of Housing Preservation and
Development

AnnMarie Santiago Acting Deputy Commissioner for the Office of Enforcement Neighborhood Services

Rick Chandler Commissioner of the New York City Department of Buildings

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[gavel]

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Good morning.

Before I begin my formal statement on the housing and buildings hearing I have a statement prepared about a very special and important day, the national school walkout. Before I begin my opening statement regarding the very important budget hearing that we have all gathered here today for, I want to take a moment to recognize the many students across the country who are staging a national school walkout protesting congress's inaction after the horrific shooting that took place at Stonewall Douglas High School in Florida last month. Unfortunately, the threat of gun violence like this remains a reality for many New Yorkers. Just this morning the lives of four innocent New Yorkers including a one-year old child were taken in Brooklyn by someone wielding a gun. There's no question that more needs to be done on a federal level to enact common sense gun control measures that will help prevent further shooting deaths. The psychological and emotional toll of gun violence not only impacts the health and wellbeing of individuals it's a detriment to the growth of local economies. Since we're gathered here today to discuss

1	COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS 4
2	fiscal matters I thought it appropriate to share a
3	few facts regarding the detrimental impact of gun
4	violence on local economies. Economies like those in
5	central Brooklyn where unfortunately as evidence by
6	the mornings horrible tragedy gun violence remains a
7	problem we need to address. According to research
8	done by the Urban Institute of Washington D.C. based
9	Think Tank gun violence surges decreases home values,
10	the average person's credit score and homeownership
11	rates. In D.C. every ten every ten fewer incidents
12	of gun fire in a census track are significantly
13	related to one, new business opening, creation of 20
14	more jobs in a new business, 1.3 million more in
15	sales at new businesses and one less business
16	closure. Apart from the toll gun violence takes in
17	terms of lives lost there are very real consequences
18	of not acting to create policies on the federal level
19	that address this terrible American problem. So,
20	while I'm unable to join many of my colleagues and
21	students across the city this morning in the walk
22	out, I did want to take a moment to recognize this
23	important act of protest and express my solidarity
24	with those taking part. Thank you for indulging me.

Good morning, thank you all for coming to the fiscal

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year 2019 preliminary budget hearing for the Department of Housing Preservation and Development and the Department of Buildings. I'm Council Member Robert Cornegy and I'm the Chair of the Council's Committee on Housing and Buildings. I'm joined today by Council Member Chin and Council Member Cabrera. We are here to conduct an oversight hearing on fiscal year 2019 preliminary budget, the preliminary capital plan for fiscal years 2018 to 2022 and the fiscal 2018 preliminary Mayor's Management Report. We'll first hear from HPD's Commissioner Maria Torres-Springer where we will examine all components of HPD's 80... 870-million-dollar expense budget and sixbillion-dollar capital budget along with details and progress related to the administrators how... the administration's housing plan, Housing New York. Over the life of the housing plan the city has financed the creation and preservation of over 87,000 affordable housing units across New York City which has exceeded projected targets and production goals but as the city addresses the complex challenges of producing and preserving quality affordable housing it does so in the face of a federal government hostile to housing programs. President Trump's fiscal

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2019 budget request will reduce funding for the Department of Housing and Urban Development by 18 percent which would significantly impact vital housing programs citywide and at HPD including the CBDG program, the Home Investment Partnerships Program and will reduce funding to sustain Section 8 program. The committee hopes to gain a clearer sense of how HPD would absorb any potential cuts and how federal actions would impact operations and service levels. After HPD we'll hear from the DOB Commissioner Rick Chandler, the committee would like to get updates on the progress related to construction site safety and training compliance and enforcement efforts relating to a recently enacted tenant protection legislation. After DOB we'll hear from members of the public. I'd like to remind everyone that would like to testify today to please fill out a witness slip with the Sergeant at Arms, so we can put you on the que. Lastly, I'd like to thank Maria Torres-Springer and Rick Chandler and their respective staff for joining us today. We will be affirming... we will now affirm in, in the... affirm in the representatives from HPD before turning it over for testimony. So, if you could just raise your right

Thank you. Good

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hand for affirmation. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before the committee and to respond honestly to council member questions? Thank you so much. You can begin your testimony whenever you're ready.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER:

morning Chair Cornegy and members of the New York City Council Committee on Housing and Buildings. I first would like to congratulate the Chair on his new role, I've very much enjoyed working on projects with you in previous roles and certainly look forward to another productive partnership. I'd also like to acknowledge our city's new Speaker Corey Johnson who's been a champion for every day New Yorkers from day one. I'm very excited about the many opportunities we'll have in the coming years to serve the many and diverse housing needs of our great city. My name is Maria Torres-Springer, I'm the Commissioner of the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development. I'm joined today by your Deputy Commissioner for Financial Management and Tenant Resources, Eva Trimble and our Assistant Commissioner for Government Affairs

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Francesc Marti. Many members of HPD senior staff are also here to help answer any questions you may have over the course of the hearing. Thank you for the invitation to testify on our fiscal year 2019 preliminary budget plan and the way this proposed funding will help us collectively to achieve the agency's goals. This has been a significant year, January marked four years of Mayor De Blasio's Administration and my one-year mark as HPD Commissioner. While I've worked with HPD in various capacities over the years it has been truly humbling to see the full breadth of the agency's work to protect our city's homes and neighborhoods and develop a record number of affordable homes. All of this important work requires significant investment from the city and from the federal government. HPD's fiscal year 2019 preliminary budget is approximately 870 million however this includes about 90 million in past refunding for NYCHA. So, aside from this past refunding HPD's true expense budget is about 780 million for FY '19. Of this 780 million approximately 118 comes from city funds and about 660 million comes from federal funds that means that 87 percent of HPD's expense budget is federally funded. This huge

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rtion of federal versus city funding in the y's budget is important because when we seek to city dollars as we're constantly trying to do mount we can save is limited because of ... because ny of our programs are in fact restricted by al requirements. City funding especially city evy is critical for strengthening areas not wise eligible for federal funding. We're ful for the important role that city resources in our expense budget and throughout the mony we'll highlight several areas where new funding will help us further strengthen our am and our services. Affordable housing of e is one of the biggest concerns that New rs face and correspondently it is one of the top ities of our administration. Through a inated interagency effort, we are pursuing a ehensive agenda to improve the lives of New rs. We have achieved unprecedented results in irst four years including 180,000 New Yorkers who've benefited from free legal services provided through city programs that stopped eviction, harassment, displacement since 2014. Evictions are down by 27 percent, 148,000 New Yorkers live in

2	apartments that have that have had long term
3	affordable rents protected through the city's
4	preservation programs since 2015, 60,000 seniors are
5	now enrolled in the SCRIE rent freeze program up from
6	50,800 in 2015 and more than 13,000 New Yorkers with
7	disabilities are enrolled in the DRIE rent freeze
8	program compared to just over 9,000 two years ago.
9	The Mayor's Public Engagement Unit has proactively
10	made over 280,000 door knocks and phone calls to New
11	Yorkers to make sure that they know their rights and
12	are helped with repairs, legal services and rental
13	assistance enrollment. More than 5,000 affordable
14	apartments hit the city's Housing Connect Lottery in
15	2017 doubling the number from just four years ago.
16	HPD's MWBE buildup program was involved in 42
17	projects with close to 7,000 affordable homes in
18	2017, projects are expected to generate close to 200
19	million in spending for MWBEs. This administration
20	will continue to advance all of these efforts and all
21	of HPD's efforts to address the housing needs of
22	local residents. Our mission is to promote the
23	quality and affordability of the city's housing stock
24	and the strength and diversity of it's many
25	neighborhoods. We strive to achieve this mission in

four key areas; one preserving affordable housing and
protecting tenants, two developing new affordable
housing, three enforcing the housing maintenance code
to ensure quality and safety and four engaging
neighborhoods in comprehensive planning. On the next
slide you'll see some of the results of Housing New
York, so, we're charged with carrying out the
ambitious goals of Housing New York which is the
administration's plan to build or preserve 300,000
affordable homes by 2026. This comprehensive housing
plan is a critical pillar of the Mayor's broader
commitment to keep the city affordable, competitive
and sustainable. I'm pleased to say that last
calendar year HPD financed more than 24,500
affordable homes breaking an all-time record
previously set in 1989. In total the administration
has financed close to 88,000 affordable apartments
under Housing New York. We achieve these overall
numbers while exceeding our commitment to provide
housing for the lowest income New Yorkers. In 2017
the Mayor dedicated an additional 1.9 billion in
capital funds over the remainder of the plan to
ensure that 25 percent of our volume is for extremely
low income and very low-income families. To date we

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have exceeded even this revised commitment, about one third of the housing we have created or preserved is for ELI/VLI New Yorkers. Nearly half of the homes financed in calendar year '17 serve individuals making less than 33,400 per year or 43,000 for a family of three but our work of course is so much more than just about the numbers. As we provide housing opportunities to low and moderate income New Yorkers at an unprecedented scale we've also worked to create new tools that lay the foundation for our city to grow in a more equitable way. The city has had made significant investments to preserve the quality and affordability of our housing stock. Preservation represents a significant portion of our work at HPD and serves as a powerful antidisplacement tool. To date more than 59,000 homes have been preserved through Housing New York securing greater affordability for tenants and financing building wide in apartment level repairs to ensure the long-term quality of that housing. Now every day New Yorkers continue to feel the strain of extraordinary market pressures some unfortunately have the added pressure banned bad lords who illegally force them to leave their buildings or

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surrender the rights. We do extensive outreach to tenants especially those in regulated units, so they understand their housing rights. In addition to HPD resource fairs and essential tenant guides the Mayor's tenant support unit goes door to door to help educate rent stabilized tenants about the city's resources including free legal services. We also proactively combat tenant harassment by participating with the attorney general and the state tenant protection unit and the tenant harassment prevention task force which investigates potential harassment and brings enforcement action including civil and criminal charges against landlords who harass tenants. Our housing litigation division also brings cases in housing court against owners who do not comply with outstanding violations and when necessary seeks findings of contempt and jail against recalcitrant landlords. As many of you know these robust efforts have taken shape under the leadership of Deputy Commissioner Vito Mustaciuolo and I'm very confident they will continue with similar vigor under the expert hand of acting Deputy Commissioner AnnMarie Santiago who's here with us today. To continue these exceptional efforts performing call

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backs and complaint follow ups 181,000 dollars will be added to the enforcement budget for temporary staff during the cold months, an additional 530,000 for 30 new vehicles to increase our response time during heat season by eliminating transit trips for inspectors. The city council has been an important partner in expanding our tool kit to fight displacement and tenant harassment. Thanks to the leadership and collaborative efforts of Council Members Brad Lander and Ritchie Torres, the council recently passed certification of no harassment and the speculation watch list bills, important pieces of legislation that will be instrumental in protecting tenants from harassment and speculative behavior. The certification of no harassment will be funded with an additional 466,000 for contracts with community partners and another 511,000 dollars to support eight new positions at HPD. I look forward to working with the council to implement these programs in the months and years to come. Next here I want to talk about our efforts to lay the foundation for an affordable New York and ensuring overall housing supply increases in an equitable way. So, it's no secret that there is a housing crisis in New York City although we do

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continue to add to the overall housing stock to create the largest housing stock on the record the vacancy rate remains low at 3.63 percent. We look forward to our hearing next week to discuss the state of our housing stock and the housing vacancy survey in more depth but it is clear that the demand for housing exceeds the supply available and the housing market is mismatched to favor higher end residential developments. It is therefor critical that we increase the overall housing supply both affordable and market rate in a cost-effective manner and ensure that as overall production growth increases so too will the share of affordable housing. Through our partnership with the city council we implemented mandatory inclusionary housing or MIH, the most aggressive such policy in the nation to require permanent mixed income affordable housing in all areas rezoned for residential growth. We also saw the most significant overhaul of our zoning codes since 1961 with a passage of DQA rezoning for quality and affordability which removes many regulatory requirements that significantly constrain the creation of affordable and senior housing projects. We fought for and won reforms in the 421A program

last year so that it now requires affordable housing
to be to be provided in all rental developments
using the exemption and eliminates tax breaks for
luxury condos. To ensure that growth reflects the
needs of our diverse and vibrant communities we have
put neighborhoods at the forefront at the Housing New
York plan. For example, HPD launched a comprehensive
community planning initiative in Edgemere in October
of 2015 a great collaboration between city agencies,
community members, elected officials and local
organizations. The resulting resilient Edgemere
community plan released last year lays out clearly
defined goals, strategies and concrete projects
representing millions of dollars in planned
investment over the next ten years and beyond. In
2017 we also released the Brownsville plan, the
outcome of another community driven plan process that
will result in the creation of over 2,500 new
affordable homes and representing more than a billion
dollars of investment in housing in the neighborhood.
Further HPD has also focused on the community
directive revitalization of vacant land in city
neighborhoods. We accelerated our RFP pipeline; 27
housing RFPs were issued as of February of this year

for 66 projects across 200 public sites that will
generate more than 10,800 affordable homes and we
introduced a new tool called remainder interest to
ensure future public control of all affordable
housing developed on HPD sites. In addition thanks to
the funding from LISC, Local Initiatives Support
Corporation we also launched our zombie homes
initiative to better address vacant deteriorated
small homes whose owners are behind on their mortgage
payment and at the close of 2017 we worked closely
with Council Member Williams and Rodriguez to pass
true laws that shine a spotlight on vacant land both
public and private across the city to further
accelerate the production of affordable housing. I
want to thank these Council Members and the many
agencies and advocacy groups who've partnered with us
to find new ways to help unlock more opportunities to
develop vacant and underutilized land. We received a
grant to create and expand community land trusts in
New York City through enterprise's new community land
trust capacity building initiative. The grant will
fund three CLTs including one to support affordable
home ownership and CLT learning exchange for nine
community-based organizations and affordable housing

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developers seeking to form CLTs in their neighborhood. I want to thank Council Member Richards, Williams and our partners for supporting these community-based organizations in meeting their affordable housing development and neighborhood revitalization goals. I'm also excited to share that we're working in partnership with the council on creative solutions to meet the city's housing needs. For example, often basements are converted into illegal and unsafe housing but if brought up to code they could be safe and affordable options for New Yorkers. Although the logistics of bringing a basement and, and... bringing basements and cellars up to code are complex we are excited about funding for a pilot program in East New York. upon the passage of legislation by the council HPD will be offering financing to bring these illegal units into compliance in exchange for affordability and HPD will allocate six million in city capital to fund the rehab work. The preliminary budget provides as well two million for contracting with community-based organizations and 65,000 for a new project manager to facilitate the program. Council Member Espinal has been a critical partner in these efforts and we look

forward to bringing this program to fruition. Next,
I'd like to talk about our work in helping the most
vulnerable in our city. So, in all of our work we
have prioritized the need to provide pathways to
permanent housing for our city's homeless creating
more affordable housing for our growing senior
population and ensuring that there is more housing
accessible to New Yorkers with disabilities. Stable
housing is a determinate of so many crucial social
outcomes including education, health, economic
advancement. In order to address an aging New York
HPD for instance created the new senior affordable
rental apartments program or SARA in 2014 to spur the
production of senior apartments. We also expanded
SCRIE, senior citizen rent increase exemption and
DRIE, disabled rent increase exemption program to
freeze the rent for more of our seniors and people
with disabilities living in rent regulated
apartments. We have introduced a number of targeted
programs to specifically address the specific the
needs of the formally homeless which we know has been
a priority for the Speaker and for so many members of
the council. We appreciate your leadership to support
these units in your districts and to recognize the

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importance across all the five boroughs. We are building permanent housing for the formally homeless at a faster pace than ever before creating more than approximately 7,200 units since the beginning of this plan in 2014. For the first time we have also required homeless set asides for all projects financed through our most popular new construction programs and have added a city rental assistance program freeing up Section 8 and other federal rental assistance dollars which of course are scarce to serve more New Yorkers. Moreover, the Mayor's 2015 commitment to create 15,000 supportive housing apartments over 15 years using a proven effective model that saves public dollars will help fulfil the city's moral commitment to housing New Yorker's needs and under HNY New York thus far we have financed over 3,000 supportive housing units which include units funding under NYC 50... 15/15 and prior administration's housing plans. Next week I know that Commissioner Banks will talk about what the city has achieved with the scattered site supportive housing program. So, where we are in terms Housing New York and what that means for the way forward, four years into our Housing New York plans we have set a new

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pace and established a new baseline for how affordable housing can and should be built in New York City. As a result, in November of 2017 we accelerated and expanded our plan to create and preserve 300,000 homes by 2026, two years ahead of schedule and with 100,000 more homes than initially planned. We released an update to the plan, Housing New York 2.0 that offers a suite of new programs, partnerships, strategies to help thousands more families and seniors afford their rent, buy a home, stay in the neighborhoods they love. Those new programs include one, Senior First which is a slate of initiative that will double our goal to serving 30,000 seniors over an... the extended 12-year plan. Second, Neighborhood Pillars, a new fund to help notfor profits purchased and protect buildings with rent stabilized units. Three, the Mitchell Lama Reinvestment Program, an effort to anchor affordability of the existing developments for the next generation and our Open Door and Home Fix Programs, two programs to help more than 2,000 families own a piece of New York and make repairs to their homes. This expanded housing plan reflects the urgency of the needs on the ground and a vision for

the kind of city that we want to be. The path forward

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is about doubling down on our commitment to tackle the affordability crisis that threatens the health and wellbeing of families as well as the competitiveness and equity of our city. Despite the threats we are seeing from the federal government and there are many, this is how we will ensure that the greatest city in the world will remain what it is and what it was always meant to be which is a place for everyone. So, as I've outlined this administration is pushing forward on the broad goals of housing New York with renewed energy. The important work already accomplished has not been done alone of course and although I said this before I really do want to thank the city council for the leadership and the collaboration that has allowed us to achieve this great progress in the far-reaching policies far beyond the numbers. We recognize the countless community-based organizations, not-for profits, local leaders, interested stakeholders who represent invaluable partners to us in this work. As mentioned we do this work in the face of very real threat, there is a war being waged on public and affordable housing across this country. All of us need to work

together if we are to be successful in fighting for
the resources we need to ensure the affordability and
equity of our city. For example, the land use process
is critical in our efforts to build and protect
affordable homes and to reach our most vulnerable
residents. The city council is a critical and
necessary partner in this process. We understand of
course that it takes some back and forth to get to
yes in land use proposal, but it is worth taking a
step back and recognizing that each project is a
critical battle in confronting the city's affordable,
affordability crisis. The administration and the
council both share the responsibility in making sure
we just don't lose sight of what this takes. In
addition, during these uncertain times with our
federal government your advocacy on a fully funded
housing and urban development or hard budget will be
critical. I appreciate all of what you are doing to
ensure that we continue to create new opportunities
for housing strapped New Yorkers at every turn. Thank
you again for the opportunity to discuss HPD's
pathway to more equitable and fair New York, thank
you for all that you do in partnership with us and

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look forward to answering any questions that you might have.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you so much Commissioner, I want to point out that we've been joined by Council Members Rosenthal, Perkins and Levine. We're going to get right into the questions, I'm going to begin with just a few questions and I know my colleagues have other hearings they have to attend, and I'll be allowing them to ask their questions before they leave us. As it... as I mentioned before, you know our concern about the 750 million or 80... 86 percent of HPD's total expense budget is supported by federal assistance programs, this funding helps HPD carry out programmatic activities which include development, code enforcement and repairs and housing placements through a Section 8 program because future funding levels are highly uncertain the committee continues to be concerned about potential budget cuts for essential housing programs especially in light of Trump's budget request 2019 and will reduce federal funding for vital housing programs by 18 percent. I'll start with the Section 8 program, as of February 2018 HPD administers approximately 39,900 Section 8 vouchers

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and the average subsidy per voucher holder totals

1,000 dollars per month. The fiscal 2019 preliminary

budget provides 493 million for Section 8 program,

are the current federal funding levels adequate to

support all existing voucher holders, one? Two, are

current federal funding levels adequate for the

issuance of new vouchers? Three, what is the

estimated impact of Trump's, Trump's budget request

on the Section 8 program?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Thank you for those questions, of course you are correct that our Section 8 programs are rental assistance programs generally rely on federal government. Currently the funding levels that we have are sufficient to support the existing number of vouchers which is about 40,000, I'll remind the council that we are operating under a continuing resolution for FY '18 that hopefully over the course of the next week there will be more clarity about the passage of essentially the appropriations bill in order to finalize those numbers but at the levels that we see now which is essentially renewal is essentially funding that is similar to the previous fiscal year, its sufficient to support current vouchers. In terms of new

2	vouchers, how we do it is that in any given year
3	because of the caps that are set in terms of, of
4	wholly new vouchers, the new vouchers that we issue
5	are based on renewal funding that we have and that is
6	tied to essentially the attrition rate that we have
7	for our existing vouchers which is about four percent
8	and so in any given year we're able to issue
9	approximately 1,500 quote, unquote new vouchers, we
10	expect that to be the case as well for this year. I
11	will certainly acknowledge that President Trump
12	President Trump's proposed budget not just
13	anticipates cuts to Section 8 but also the
14	elimination of major programs like CDBG, like HOME
15	that funds so much of our work. The good news, we
16	were in this situation last year, his original budget
17	had a lot of the same threats but due to the
18	extraordinary advocacy of housing groups,
19	municipalities across the country really bipartisan
20	support for the types of programs that are funded by
21	the rental assistance provided by HUD, by CDBG, by
22	HOME we have been able and the continuing resolution
23	demonstrates that, preserve those levels of funding
24	so we'll remain vigilant this year and in the
25	following years to ensure that there are no cuts to

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these budgets to the extent that they do materialize then of course the magnitude and timing of those cuts will be examined but it will be our goal as it always has been to ensure that we minimize the impacts to New Yorkers who depend so much on our programs and services.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you, I'm going to stay kind of in this realm but skip over a little bit, in our preliminary conversations I cited how important it was for districts like mine to have pathways to home ownership so obviously the larger context and larger conversation is about deep affordability in affordable housing but I think we have an opportunity to walk and chew gum at the same time so we can... we can help... you know potential homeowners on pathways so I just have some questions. Even in the Section 8 program around homeownership so just of the housing stocks to date how many are for homeownership opportunities?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yeah, to date under Housing New York we've announced 13,000 homeownership starts that's about 14 percent of total production.

470.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: And how many down payments assisted loans have been issued to homeowners citywide?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Approximately

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: So, my only question is so, so in doing the research and in working closely with your office I realize that these programs do exist, what's the methodology for getting the information about their existence out to the city and, and potential homeowners?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Right, so first

I'll say that we share Councilman your commitment to
making sure that the housing plan not only addresses
the affordability crisis that is faced by renters in
this city but also provides opportunities for future
homebuyers in this city because wealth creation in
neighborhoods across the... across the five boroughs is
certainly a goal of ours and is critical to ensuring
that we're really strengthening each and every
neighborhood and providing such opportunity which is
why 14 percent as I mentioned thus far in Housing New
York is comprised of homeownership housing starts. It
is also why we have in the Housing New York 2.0 plan

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announced new homeownership programs including Open Door which is a program for new construction of coops and condos for first time homebuyers, we actually just announced the first project closed under this program as well as our Home Fix which will fund home repair through low interest loans for low and moderate income New Yorkers and pair that with financial counseling. You mentioned Section 8, so we've already... we've done a significant amount, we have new programs specifically related to Section 8. In fact, there are about 30 Section 8 voucher holders who are currently using those vouchers or are in the process of using those vouchers for home ownership. Those, those participants are part of a program that we have called the Family Self Sufficiency Program, its for Section 8 voucher holders where... a program where we have job training, career planning, case management and have also established a pathway for those individuals to generate savings, we essentially put those savings in an escrow account as their income rises because of employment opportunities made available due to the services I mentioned before. So, it's a... it's a modest program but what we have found it, it is a good way to target homeownership within

Section 8 because those participants aside from getting additional assistance in order to qualify you would still need to be able to qualify for a mortgage, make a down payment assistant... the... make the down payment on the home and so it... we think it is a, a strategic way to pair a Section 8 with our homeownership goals and of course we'd be more than happy to talk through the, the specifics of what we have learned through that program and ways we can provide even more opportunity awareness and otherwise about that and all of our other homeownership services.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: So, as usual

Commissioner you... we have history of you getting way out in front of me in my line of questioning but I'm going to ask this question just so it's on the record, I think you, you, you answered it but when we did our research we found that that program existed, existed that we had no idea that there was a, a way to use Section 8 vouchers for, for homeownership and in other parts of the state it was happening so if you'll just indulge me I'll ask my question as it was stated. New York state homes... well ACR administers a Section 8 voucher homeownership program where Section

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8 vouchers assistance is available and being used towards homeownership, the statewide average monthly voucher assistance payment is currently 725 dollars, as of October 1st, 2017 HCR has closed on over 526 homes statewide, so outside of the city limits it seemed as though the program was being used more vigorously, we understand that the, the market allows for that, right because in my district, you know there are homes that are three million dollars and obviously a Section 8 voucher would be not as helpful in that instance so the idea of co-ops and condos being a way to build equity and transfer wealth and those kinds of things it's, it's important so I'm just glad that you do see a pathway in this city because at first glance it didn't seem as though the city was taking advantage of the program that the ... that's being taken advantage of statewide so for example in Long Island I know that the program is very active as well as in some up, upstate parishes it's, it's being used but you found... you have found a way through co-op and condos potentially to use the Section 8 program for ownership?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: We found a way by pairing it with the family self sufficiency program

because of the differences in the real estate market of course here in New York and, and... compared to other parts of the state I think there will... there will be limitations to how much that can be scaled. We found some success with family self sufficiency but are... the... more than happy to explore ways where that can be deepened either within the Family Self Sufficiency program or of course to advance any other homeownership ideas and programs that provide a pathway for wealth creation for New Yorkers.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Is, is that the Family Self Sufficiency program is that a federally funded program?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yes, it is.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: So, we should probably have a larger conversation about making sure that there's viability and expansion of that program even from a city level, I'd be very interested in having... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: We would be more than happy to do that, we've in fact in all of our advocacy over the course of the last year given the threats in Washington have both highlighted the success of that program and also, you know think

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there is potentially an opportunity given at least the rhetoric that we hear from D.C. about the focus on self sufficiency programs but we need funding for all of the federally funded programs in order to continue to do our work.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: So, I'll... I have more questions but I'll... on my second round I'll come back, I'll allow my colleagues, I want to welcome both Council Member Rivera and Council Member Gjonaj and we'll begin with my colleagues first Council Member Cabrera.

much Mr. Chair, welcome Commissioner, thank you for an update of all of the great things you have been able to accomplish, pretty impressive in light of the fact that we have a lot of people who are in desperate need of affordable housing so thank you for that. I wanted to follow up with Chair's question and how many of these co-ops and condos are in the Bronx that are being made available?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: So, I would be happy to provide as a follow up to this hearing the, the borough breakdown of our homeownership units but what is certainly true just in general with the

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Housing New York numbers is that a... in fact the largest proportion of starts, of housing starts have been in the Bronx, a total of 29,000 out of the 87 that we've announced thus far and we'll, we'll follow specifically on homeownership in the Bronx and in your district sir.

could please let me know because it, it will follow logic if the Bronx is still the most affordable place to purchase land and, and buildings that it will make sense that that will be so. I want to move on to homeless shelter repair squad, if you could give me an update on Sara's place in Jerome Avenue, we have a roof that is way overdue, I believe they need 11 million dollars for repairs, it's leaking from what I understand, I had an opportunity to visit a couple of weeks ago, do you have plans to include funding in this budget?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: It's a.m. it's a.m. currently a shelter?

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yeah.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: So, we work very closely with DSS, DOB and, and other relevant sister agencies in what you just mentioned the

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homeless shelter repair squad to conduct the types of inspections and to make sure that the conditions are correct, I am not familiar with that particular shelter but can assure you that we will follow up specifically about what the emergency repair squad has seen and to the extent that there are issues we'll work closely with our partners to make sure they're addressed.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay, thank you so much and you know we always... in the city we're always looking for partners to build affordable housing and one of my experiences have been one of the places that we really had not tapped in, in a substantial way is churches who own a substantial amount of land in the city, they've been around from the very beginning of, of the founding of the city and so I'm curious to know do you have special funding, have you been able to work out some of the kinks that sometimes people relate to separation of church and state, how do you put in this packages together so we could build affordable housing in top of, of churches?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: So, we agree and have in fact advanced a number of programs with

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faith-based organizations because in many instances they do own a lot of real estate but have not had previous development experience and so just to name a few different strategies that we have implemented and always happy to do more. So, first just in terms of some statistics since the start of Housing New York we financed a creation of close to 700 units of affordable housing, over seven projects with faithbased organizations as development partners and there are about a dozen more expected to close in this fiscal year and the following fiscal year. In order to build the pipeline and also create the types of partnerships so that faith-based organizations are able to ascertain what those opportunities are and do it a way where they are protected and can be good partners. Two things that we've done, one is establish a, a list of owners, reps and individuals or organizations who have experience in real estate so that as faith-based organizations come to us they may not have the real estate expertise, we have a pre-vetted list of organizations and individuals and can make that marriage. Second, and this has been an exciting program for us is a program called the New York Land Opportunity Program, we work very closely

with LISC an intermediary of course for community-based organizations and they have worked with several faith based organizations in building the capacity, providing technical assistance but also just recently then assisted in helping the faith based... faith based... faith based organizations release request for proposals for their land and will help them in reviewing those submissions and so those are at least three different approaches that we've had and, and that's in addition to a number of events that we have also hosted in conjunction with many partners where we're gathered faith based organizations to tell them about our work. If they're either specific faithbased organizations or other approaches that you'd like us to pursue be happy to do it.

very happy to hear that you have a plan and that you already have it into motion and looking forward to seeing this joint ventures take place because it's an untapped force and I could tell you having gone through it myself outside of HPD it does require an expertise, a little expertise and making sure that both sides, you know truly benefit... [cross-talk]

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MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: That's... [cross-

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it's in regard to your six-million-dollar pilot

program in East New York for basement renovations to

bring them up to code, what are the plans for

expanding that program throughout the New York City

and, and is that reflected in this budget?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yes, it is. So, we're very excited about the pilot program that will be implemented in East New York, one of the commitments pursued as part of the East New York Neighborhood plan, the idea and certainly a lot of credit to Council Member Espinal for helping us in shaping this pilot program the ... we hope to launch this by the fall, we have funding both in the capital and in the expense budget in order to launch the pilot including I think approximately two million for community based... a community based organization that will assist us with funding for a project manager as well as six million in the capital budget in order to provide financing for homeowners who hopefully will avail themselves of this new pilot program. It will launch in the fall but the tenant support unit as

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part of the Mayor's Office will actually start the door knocking in East New York this spring to ascertain interest in the program and then we also have to... we'll be working very closely with the city council to pass legislation before the program launch which essentially will allow us to make targeted code improvements so that the, the pilot can get off the ground. It is our hope that through the experience with the pilot program we will learn enough about how the financing needs to work, what the interest level, what the code changes need to be in order to see how this can be scaled citywide.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Well thank you Commissioner I'm looking forward and I have a lot of interest if you want to bring it to my district for the second phase, I'm more than open to collaborate in working together. Thank you so much again Mr. Chairman and thank you for the time that you allow.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Yeah, no, no solicitations their Council Member, no I'm just teasing. Council Member Rosenthal?

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Thank you so much Chair Cornegy and Commissioner it's always great to see you, thank you for all your hard work on

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behalf of tenants and that's what I'm going to focus my two questions on. First, do you feel you have enough inspectors, HPD inspectors to respond to tenant harassment complaints?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Currently the ... our head count for inspectors is about 350 and what... in, in addressing tenant harassment there's certainly all of the tools that we bring to bear for which currently although it's always a yearly conversation to make sure that we are always at the forefront of what is in many ways, you know the heart and soul of the agencies work is protecting tenants against harassment and holding landlords accountable but between... the... our inspectors who make sure we're enforcing the code bring the... other parts of emergency neighborhood services that bring housing litigation cases. New tools that we have, certification of no harassment for which we have new funding, predatory equity watch list that will also launch, currently we have the resources and the new programs to stay hopefully ahead of the issues. I'll also mention however that we don't do this alone, right, we do this together with... [cross-talk]

COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS 41 1 2 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Well and 3 that's... [cross-talk] MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...task force and 4 the DOB... [cross-talk] 5 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: ...I'm about to 6 7 get to that... [cross-talk] 8 MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Okay... [cross-9 talkl 10 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: ...if you can hang tough for one second, how many vacancies of the 11 350 budgeted positions? 12 13 MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: I will get you 14 the... and maybe we can find it over the course of this 15 hearing... [cross-talk] 16 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Do you think 17 it's over ten percent? 18 MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: It's about 32 of the 348. 19 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, around ten 20 percent and are those positions frozen or are you... is 21 2.2 it easy to hire up on those jobs? 23 MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: What, what we have... [cross-talk] 24

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Because I know there's a hiring freeze.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: No, that's, that's right although the inspectors and then funded by CDBG critical to health and safety and right of the... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay... [cross-

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...city we've had great... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Great... [cross-

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...cooperation in getting those filled.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Great, so let's talk about the connection to the Department of Buildings for one second. When... would you... do you think it's fair to say that when some of your inspectors go out that of all the violations that are issued, right, in big cases some are from the fire department, right, that might come in, some might be from the health department of DEP but is it fair to say that Department of Buildings violations are, are the most in terms of violations issued by inspectors

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when you look at the sort of package of violations, you know effecting tenant's lives in their homes?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well I, I wouldn't want to make a generalization, every building is different in terms... whether it's a violation of the housing maintenance code or otherwise but we try whether the... very, very hard with HPD and with our sister agencies to issue those violations in a way that will allow for their correction ultimately to protect tenants.

Since your HPD does the harassment side but I would pause that many of the violations come from the Department of Buildings, do, do your inspectors work closely with the Department of Buildings to make sure those violations are cured, how... do you have a role in encouraging Department of Buildings inspectors to go back out to determine whether or not the violations have been cured or does that really fall under the purview of DOB?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well we work in collaboration with them all the time not, not just as part of the tenant harassment task force where in particular the most egregious cases get looked at,

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investigated not just by those two agencies but state agencies as well... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Sure, no and I'm familiar with the collaboration and where I'm going is I think we need more and I do just want to remind everyone that the Mayor signed into law a package of bills last year and I want to make sure that all the agencies are fully equipped to enforce those laws, you know in the Department of Buildings we, we... the, the city signed a bill into law creating an office of tenant advocacy which could be an office that HPD works with, its not been effectuated in any way and I think that's a major missing link. So, I'm just sort of putting that out there, you know there are so many instances in my district where the type of harassment is, is so egregious from a Department of Buildings perspective but it never lands in the harassment area and we don't ... we're not getting ... the tenants are not getting the protections they deserve and that rolls me right into my second question which is, does H... has HPD ever considered counting the number of apartments saved from eviction as preservation? So, when we... when I look at the preservation that's been done in my district, right,

I lose over 400 rent regulated units a year, I've brought in may... and that's a total of maybe 2,000 so far in my tenure or sorry, having a little math issue, 1,600 to 2,000 in my tenure, we preserved or... through HPD tools we've preserved or, or brought in maybe 500 units and I'm stretching to get to 500. Is there any... is any... is there any interest by HPD in contemplating counting an apartment that's been saved from eviction and harassment as part of your numbers for preserving affordable housing?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: So, if the goal of the counting is to ensure that we approach the issues with as much energy and, and rigor as we need I don't think that the, the, the counting is the way to do that because we already do and there's always room to do more if there are instances of harassment we take very seriously and we will continue to do... to use every tool that we have to address those issues and take each and every one of the success stories there very, very seriously which is separate and apart but doesn't diminish the previous work that I mentioned from how we count the units as part of the housing... [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: That's right...

[cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...plan... [cross-

talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL; ...and so what I'm suggesting is that there's a missing link and that we could be taking credit for as a city and be, be so determined to keep those homes that we count them and I understand by financing a building, refinancing a building that feels more permanent but in terms of people's lives and how they're being disrupted we're missing the boat on the ground, we're just missing the boat and I know how hard you're working and you know Vito's great, we're going to miss him but you have AnnMarie, you know you have great staff and... but unless we hold ourselves accountable about those units that's why groups that are fighting for affordable housing on the ground New York Communities for Change, CDF... CDH are, are frustrating because that's where we're missing it and until we hold ourselves accountable we're, we're, we're not really meeting the demands of people who are losing their homes everyday and, and not just losing their homes, losing years of life of strap

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25 Commissioner.

because they are in units that are susceptible to eviction and $I\dots$ you know I, I think we have to do more.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well we certainly share your desire to do as much as the city can, I want it to however be clear that we are... while it's not part of the production goals we... most of our head count, a lot of our energy because it's needed is devoted to making sure that we are confronting any actions that harass tenants in especially rent regulated units of course and we have to hang on to each one.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Last question

Chair, I appreciate your patience. Would you consider exploring some sort of analytic measurement of that success?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: We're, we're always open to finding ways to use data, use metrics, use goals to ensure that we get jointly desired outcomes and so we'd be happy to discuss that with you to make sure that we are being as rigorous and ambitious as we want to be in addressing those goals.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Thank you

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CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you, Council Member Rivera.

> COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Hello.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Good morning.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Okay, so I had a couple questions, I'll try to breeze through it because I'm sure there's other people on stack. I want to talk a little bit about housing connect and the... I guess some of the ambassadors that you have, I, I used to work at good ole Lower East Side and we were an ambassador in the pilot program and I want a little bit of information on, on how it's going, I know that HPD is in charge of the marketing and that the ads go up at about 60 percent of completion of construction but I want to know a little bit about the discretion that HPD has in terms of approving applications once people apply and how much discretion the management company has that is chosen by the developer?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Uh-huh. So, we are very proud of the system that we have established that both allows for a streamlined and accessible experience for applicants while at the same time making sure that we have good oversight and, and

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that.

2 compliance given the rules for marketing and so on one hand and you mentioned them, so I'd just like to 3 ensure that its on the record. So, in terms of 4 accessibility and outreach there are about 35 housing 5 ambassadors who literally fan the city working with 6 us to ensure that New Yorkers are able... understand what it means to go through the lottery system and 8 then we have for particular projects there are 9 10 marketing agents many not for profit who do a fair share of the work in terms of the lottery process 11 12 however at the end of the day we have a lot of 13 oversight and we want to make sure that the process 14 has been fair and that includes many levels of review 15 and in particular as appeals come on board so if 16 either there are both in your experience certainly in 17 doing a lot of this work with us over the years are 18 gaps that you believe exist or specific instances of organizations or people where you think there is room 19 20 to tighten up we'd be more than happy to address

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Yeah, I've received a number of I guess complaints from some of the local organizations that they feel like discrimination plays a big role in whether or not

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they get the apartment and the financial guidelines are very strict and, and I respect that of, of us having guidelines but to be like 25 dollars over or 25 dollars under I know that we can't make exceptions for everyone but with that and everything else that happens when someone doesn't get an apartment it's been very difficult and I know there's also maybe a ten day window for the appeals process which is also very difficult when you're a working parent so I'd love to maybe discuss how we can improve the appeals process or just in general the approval process... the appeals process and the approval process because I do feel like some management companies, you know exercise their discretion in a way that is really harmful to some families.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: We'd be happy to do that if there... discrimination however is something we cannot and should not tolerate and so if that is... if, if there is a use of that we'd certainly love to know about them as soon as possible so we can address it and as it relates to the balance it's both making sure that each step is fair and trying to have the process not be so long that we lose people but at the

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same time provide the sufficient, sufficient time for those key areas like the appeals and so if there's room to improve there, we're happy to explore.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Okay and you mentioned the predatory equity watchlist launch, so... she's excited too. So, this is great, I know that we've had people who are... been working on this issue for a long time, the public advocate does her own like bad landlords watch lists so can you give me a little bit more information on this specifically as we know there are the big bad guys, right, they're... I'm sorry but they're mostly men and there, there's some women too that... no one's perfect, we had, you know a, a terrible tragedy in our district that was... that involved some poor managers and, and property owners so can you tell us a little bit about it and kind of what is your criteria because there are some landlords who are terrible people who only own maybe two buildings and then we have the Croman's of the city who own this huge portfolio so if you can just give me... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Absolutely, first I'd like to thank Council Member Ritchie Torres for working with us so closely on... [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you

Ritchie... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...the predatory equity speculation watch list that was a, a very good collaboration of getting the, the program structure to a place where the goal is to, you know achieve the underlying objective of addressing those types of landlords while making sure it was something that was data, data driven and that we can operationalize so specifically and the, the, the watchlist will launch in late October of this year and it'll be updated quarterly. The idea is to publish a list which identifies essentially recently sold rent regulated buildings where tenants are at risk of displacement due to potentially predatory activities so what we're going to look for primarily are sales transactions of rent regulated buildings with low capitalization rates so buildings with sales prices higher than expected when compared to similar market transactions, in many ways it's kind of the canary in the coal mine that's the leading indicator that something... that there's a real threat here and that will allow us and other relevant agencies looking into these issues to keep an eye out and also of

25 [cross-talk]

course tenant advocates and local leaders for what is going on with those particular buildings to ensure that we can get ahead of any illegal behavior or tactics by that landlord.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: I, I want to thank my colleagues for their very substantive and in-depth questions, but we are in serious danger of running over time, so I will ask that going forward we could be as succinct as possible. Thank you, Barry. And with that note we welcome Council Member Grodenchik and Council Member Torres.

I ask one more or should we move on, I'm willing to just talk to the Commissioner afterwards, she's just... you're, you're... you know you are very easy to work with in my very humble experience here at the city council. I can pass, I was going to ask about Mitchell Lama but if you want to cover that... [crosstalk]

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: If you... if you would consider exercising an opportunity to meet privately with the Commissioner... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: I would love to...

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CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: ...if she... if she obliges that... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: ...exercise that... let's do that, alright. Mitchell Lama's very important to me period.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you, Council...
[cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Ditto... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: ...Member Chin

have a couple of questions, but I can come back with second round if it's possible but first I wanted to personally thank you Commissioner and your team coordinating also with the team of DOB, helping the residents at 85 Bowery, I know that your staff has been there every day making sure that they can go back home as soon as possible and I really appreciate that coordination effort and that is something that I think that can be a model going forward when there are buildings that seem vacated that if agency can work together to really get tenants backs because we have heard stories where people have to wait years to back and if we can get people back as quickly as

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determine to do. My question is that relating to the alternative enforcement program at HPD that city council put in about 750,000 dollars and there's like 250 severely distressed multiple dwelling units, apartment buildings that are in the program every year, can you let us know what is the total budget, city money, CDBG, CDBG money that's also in there and how do you... do you think that program has been successful in terms of getting buildings fixed up back up to code and, and having tenants be able to remain in those buildings?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Happy to, first

I, I want to thank you Council Member for all of your leadership on 85 Bowery it has a, a very challenging situation but we're committed to finding every way to hold the landlord accountable to making the repairs and more importantly getting the tenants back in their homes. As it relates to AEP we're pulling the specific breakdown in terms of the budget, no we've done ten rounds of AEP, we are now in round 11 and over the years we do believe that it has been successful because it allows us not just to create that list of the 250 most distressed buildings which

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CDBG, federally funded.

is in and of itself a way to ensure that publicly the, the, the building owners are kind of made aware even more than they already are of the issues with the buildings but also provides us with very specific tools in order to force them to correct those violations and so just to give you an example of the 250 buildings in round ten so last year 154 are now in compliance and are no longer on the list, the ones who are not yet we are using every tool that is provided to us through AEP to get them to comply and that's what we will do every year. In terms of the budget for AEP it's approximately nine million per year [off-mic dialogue] and almost all of that is

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Great, that's, that's... that is good. Also being the Chair of the Aging Committee I got to ask senior questions so in terms of the, the Mayor's announcement about new programs, HPD's Senior First initiative, so can you give us some updates on and how that program is going to be rolled out because we have so many, you know hundreds and thousands of seniors on waiting lists for senior housing and this is really good news...

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yes, of course

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very familiar not just with your interest but your leadership on issues relating to our city's seniors and as part of Senior First when we... so when we revamp the housing plan as you mentioned we double down on our commitment to seniors, a previous goal was 15,000 over the course of the original plan that has been doubled to 30,000 seniors served over the course of the expanded plan. To date we financed more than 5,500 units for seniors that breaks up half and half in terms of... or 40 to 60 new construction and preservation. Moving forward we will continue to be as aggressive as possible in new construction senior units that we have a, a term sheet that we released last year called SARA, we hope to continue to use that to... in order to get new construction units on the preservation side. One of the areas that we're hoping to really tap the potential of are the former or current HUD 202's that might be end... nearing the end of the relevant contract as preservation

opportunities into the future and then a whole new

projects going to make the types of enhancements so

that seniors can age in place in their current homes

program where we are through our preservation

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and what we found is that a lot of the home modifications that can be made so that seniors can age in dignity where they currently live are very cost effective, the lever door handles, the slip resistant floors, these are the types of, of, of enhancements in our preservation programs where we can use already all of the great literature that's out there together with DFTA on aging in place, make sure we include those scopes in preservation and so all of that is underway because our commitment to seniors in the city and making sure that they can age with dignity and do... given fixed incomes and incredible real estate pressures that they face is very strong.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you, Chair I can come back for a second round so that other colleagues can ask questions, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: I believe Council Member... Council Member Rivera has a quick comment.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Yeah, I, I just want to say, you know Margaret has been so great on, on fighting for seniors and, and this is... this is fantastic news to hear about the new units. When I was providing housing services the average senior

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that walked through the storefront that I was in on Avenue B was on SSI... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: ...which means they made maybe ten or 11,000 dollars a year and that's really no way to live in New York City but that was their reality, that and, and SNAP so, you know when we're thinking of seniors and where they live and the five flights that they're walking up and the fact that they're there and they're 80 years old with this new construction and giving the community board benefit which is great just really considering the very, very, very low income seniors that are all over our neighborhoods and that have really made these communities so wonderful, I just wanted to say that, you know making 11,000 dollars a year is already tough so being able to not have to walk up five flights and not being an able bodied person and having a city that is looking out for that is really important to us.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Understood and its partly the, the reason why we make sure that for the senior projects having project-based vouchers is...

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has been so critical, we'll continue to do that in our work moving forward.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you, Council Member Gjonaj.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Thank you Chair. Good morning Commissioner.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Good morning.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Just as a follow up on the legalizing of the basement apartments, can you be a bit more specific on the approach, is this a C of O change or is this going to be a license or a temporary permit that will allow them to rent out these units and are we taking into consideration the zoning requirements, parking, sprinkler updates to bring these homes up to... these homes up to code and will this also alleviate some of the additional expenses from engineering and architects which have virtually made it impossible for many of these homeowners to convert these apartments into legal apartments?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Great, so I'll start and our Deputy Commissioner Matt Murphy who's been the point on this pilot should supplement the, the areas that, that I miss. So, we're working very...

a few things, we're working very closely with the
Department of Buildings and the Fire Department to
understand what are those code changes that need to
be made, can be made in a streamlined fashion and
that's the legislation that I discussed earlier in
order to allow for the safe… for habitability of
basements and cellars and so Matt will, will speak in
a second about what the, the specifics are that have
been contemplated for that. Our financing program
certainly does take into consideration that for a lot
of the homeowners and the residents that making those
types of changes can be prohibitive in terms of the
cost not just the actual construction costs but also
the soft cost available, all of the professionals
that you mentioned and so we're structuring financing
programs that will provide subsidy in order for this
to be a financially viable program and what happens
then is in exchange for making that type of subsidy
then the, the tenants in the, the basement apartments
it'll be a regulated apartment and that's what
ensures affordability over time. Matt is what would
you add to that in terms of some of the major
contours of the program?

of the learning.

MATTHEW MURPHY: Sure, so I think that was a very thorough answer, I'd just add that the... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: I'm, I'm sorry,
would you just for the record identify yourself?

MATTHEW MURPHY: Oh yes, Matt Murphy,

Deputy Commissioner for Policy and Strategy at HPD.

So, the only thing I would add is that the reason...

the issues you brought up are also why we're

approaching this with a pilot program, there's a lot
to learn about the various issues that owners are

likely to face and also operationally for the

agencies so things like whether or not there will be

a, a certificate of occupancy or a special type of

alt... modified Alt1 or something like that, that is

going to be part of the, the pilot program and part

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: And what about zoning and up... bringing up... properties up to code, the sprinkler requirements and parking requirements that... [cross-talk]

MATTHEW MURPHY: That's... [cross-talk]
COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: ...make it very

difficult for these homes or these properties to even

be able to become legal apartments or increase the number of units?

MATTHEW MURPHY: Yeah, so that's, that's exactly the goal of the pilot is to do that learning. So, things like sprinkler requirements, light requirements, second egress requirements, all the thing... our, our primary goal for this program is to make sure that these are safe units but also to do everything we can to create an affordable stock in... and this is an opportunity to do that.

and this will lead into my next question that certainly the more homes is about supply versus demand and obviously we... the more supply we have the state... the more stable rents will be, and I credit you with thinking outside of the box on how we can help bring more affordable units onto the market, but I do... I do hope that the homeowners that participate in this program will be well advised in advance that this apartment will be a regulated apartment. Many of these homeowners are unfamiliar with our rent stabilization laws and will be subjecting themselves to some regulations that they were not experiencing or had to deal with in the past which leads me into

increases?

the next questions in preserving and making sure that
affordable remain affordable in expansion of SCRIE
and DRIE. There was a I had introduced a bill in
Albany and I know there's a bill currently working
its way through the city council that would be known
as the TREE bill, Tenant Rent Increase Exemption
program, similar requirements, less than 50,000 but
in this regard half the income would have to go to
rent and prevent or it would give a rent cap to
those families to help them get through this
difficult time, these are the most needy of the
families, affordability is the goal, making sure that
they remain in their homes. The question is would you
be supportive of a similar program for families
across New York City earning under 50,000 dollars
similar to DRIE and SCRIE where there would be a rent
cap, they wouldn't have to be subject to future rent

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: So, we are supportive of any new idea that allows us to confront the affordability crisis in this city, SCRIE and DRIE as I mentioned have been great successes and we have increased enrollment in those programs. Specifically as it relates to this proposal and be, be more than

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happy to take a closer look, what we're always trying to balance and... what it, it... our... the goals of ensuring that it addresses the needs of tenants, well of course it also has to be financially sound and has to make sense given the city's overall budget position but with that idea and any others it's something that we have... we're, we're more than happy to take a look at.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Well financially sound is a concern of mine as well and it should be for all of us but this would make ... assure that society's most vulnerable families, those that are actually living paycheck to paycheck and month to month and at anytime can find themselves homeless and on the streets, this would be a way to make sure that we don't allow their lives... we don't allow it to become more difficult as they deal with the hurdles and obstacles but I'll continue to work on this with you and my last question, because of the significant role that HPD plays in supportive housing units and one of the concerns of mine is that the borough of the Bronx has been inundated by supportive housing units, we have 41 percent more than Brooklyn, 13 percent more than Manhattan, 100 percent more than

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24 supportive… [cross-talk]

Queens and 99 percent more than Staten Island compared to the number of residents that we have. Now we know that supportive housing units are necessary, we want to share that responsibility but what is HPD going to do to prevent the borough of the Bronx from continuing to be inundated by supportive housing and we know that it effects our... it strains our educational system, it... our health care systems, our police force but more importantly it takes affordable housing units that would be readily available to Bronx sites by converting them to supportive housing and allowing anyone from the city or the state for that matter to live in?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Council Member I understand all of your concerns, it's certainly a conversation and comments and, and, and concerns that we've heard through the course of doing this work, I do have to mention a few things. One is that supportive housing has been... is a proven model for creating permanent housing for those who are the most vulnerable... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: I'm fully

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MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...because... [cross-

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: ...of it, no, no, please don't misunderstand me, we need to continue to build supportive housing units my concern is the borough of the Bronx that has an unfair share of those units compared to the rest of the city.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well I would... I'll say that our... in looking at the, the pipeline and also the, the work... our supportive housing work that's to date one key statistic that I'd just like everyone to, to take note of is that 43 percent of the 20,000 or so units announced over the course of 30 years of doing this work actually located in Manhattan even though the borough only contains about 19 percent of the city's total population and 30 percent of those units are in Manhattan South of 96th Street and so while we work very closely with individual Council Members and communities because there is... there are concerns about what is saturation but our commitment to making sure that we're providing permanent housing to the most vulnerable is, is incredibly strong and we want to make sure that we do that across the city.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Commissioner I 3 agree with you but to the detriment of a borough and those numbers come out of the fair share plan that 4 came out of this council and this body in 2017, those 5 statistics are the council's and New York City 6 7 statistics, 41 percent more than Brooklyn per capita, 13 percent more than Manhattan per capita, 100 8 percent more than Queens per capita and 99 percent 9 more than Staten Island that is an inundation over 10 saturation of a borough, what can we do to prevent 11 12 that from continuing to, to occur in the great 13 borough of the Bronx, we want to share the 14 responsibility, we need to be fighting this 15 collectively and this should not be born by a single 16 borough over the rest of the city and although it's 17 well intended and needed a fair approach to this is 18 what I'm asking?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yeah, well the other critical fact about supportive housing projects is that a large percentage or 40 percent, 40 to 50 are for non-supportive tenants and so even if the... there are more supportive units in any... supportive housing projects in any particular area those are units that both help with very vulnerable populations

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that whenever they built this development they'll

the stages and a very... a revenue that will be paid

receive the same revenue, we need to start discussing

for these supportive housing units by borough on

demand as compared to land acquisition otherwise this

as well as other residents who may not need those services that's, I think one important piece that sometimes gets lost in, in the discussion about supportive housing. I do take your point though Councilman generally about making sure that we're working together as all of these projects move forward so that there is equity and fairness in, in all of that work.

know that I'm considered over the time constraints,

but I just want to continue this. The borough of the

Bronx has the least expensive land, the revenue that

across the city is consistent, the same regardless if

they're building in Queens, Brooklyn, Manhattan or

the borough of the Bronx so contractors and these

development have targeted the borough of the Bronx

because of the low construction cost understanding

developers that specialize in this sort of

is being received by supportive housing shelters

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Alright and I

will continue to happen in the borough of the Bronx and I can't see us stopping it or slowing it down any time in the near future. So, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you Council Member, Council Member Torres.

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Thank you Mr.

Chairman and Commissioner it's always a pleasure to partner with you, your team I think Francesc, Matt

Murphy, everyone on your team is exceptional so I just want to... I've enjoyed... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Thank you, I... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: ...the collaborations... [cross-talk]

 $$\operatorname{MARIA}$$ TORRES-SPRINGER: ...agree for the record.

notoriously critical so that... so, your administration has the challenge of creating substantially more affordable housing than your predecessors did with substantially fewer resources, right, you're grappling with the declining value of LIHTC, the rising cost of construction, the city's revenue shows signs of declining, the Mayor committed in, in

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October to creating 300,000 units of affordable housing, creating and preserving but then in December the Congress enacted tax reform which is likely to have an impact on the value of LIHTC if it hasn't already, do you think the 300,000 goal is... remains feasible in light of tax reform and in light of all the forces that are conspiring against cost efficient affordable housing development and preservation?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yes, I do which isn't to diminish the threats that are coming from Washington D.C. certainly with the expanded plan, you know the city has made an unprecedented allocation of resources on the city capital side with the cut in the corporate tax rates we had... have already seen drops in LIHTC pricing however we're... we are being as creative as possible in dealing with any gaps that might have arisen on a project by project basis and then in general because affordable housing continues to leverage other, other dollars in a way that really in any other industry you really don't see we hope to continue to exploit that in the best possible fashion. I'll also mention that while there are threats coming from D.C. that there has been and much because of the local leadership including yourself

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Councilman, there's been so much bipartisan support for a lot of the programs and even after the tax reform key components like private activity bonds were preserved and there's already tremendous amount of energy around the affordable housing improvement credit act which for the first time in a long time will hopefully bring hundreds of millions of dollars in... back into the system in order to mitigate against any, any gaps that may arise because of the drop in the corporate tax rate. So, the plan that we have I believe is still feasible but requires all of us to be as vigilant as possible in protecting those pieces that make it feasible over the long run.

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Have you quantified the loss of affordable housing funding from the declining value of LIHTC?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: So, the, the estimates are that because of the, the, the drop in the corporate tax rate that that likely will result in about 200 million as a loss to... in any given year but we are and thus far and will continue to do this kind of manage those potential reductions on a project by project basis. So, even with the rumor of

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1	COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS 73
2	the corporate tax rate dropping and, and tax reform
3	[cross-talk]
4	COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Yeah [cross-
5	talk]
6	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER:we already saw
7	drops in pricing, right, that started around this
8	time last year… [cross-talk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Do, do you expect
10	it to decline even further?
11	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well we, we work
12	very hard in negotiating each deal [cross-talk]
13	COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Yeah [cross-
14	talk]
15	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER:to make sure
16	we're getting good pricing, but I mentioned that
17	point because the rumor started, we started to see
18	drops [cross-talk]
19	COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Right [cross-
20	talk]
21	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER:but we made
22	record numbers in terms of production for the
23	calendar year and so even with those with the
24	threats out there we were able to find a way managing

1	COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS 74
2	the budget in striking good deals to get to a level
3	of production since the beginning of time at HPD.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: I mean it would
5	it would seem to me the… just the loss of 200 million
6	dollars every year would seem to seriously undercut
7	the goal of 300,000 units but, but I'm I, I don't
8	know for sure, you said there was legislation that
9	would bolster the tax credit?
10	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yes, on the
11	federal side…
12	COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: So, would it
13	generate enough… [cross-talk]
14	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yes [cross-talk]
15	COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES:funding, okay,
16	what, what are the estimates… [cross-talk]
17	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yeah, the, the
18	estimate is that it would generate 500 million that
19	would… [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: So, a net
21	increase… [cross-talk]
22	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER:bring it back to
23	the… [cross-talk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES:of 300 million

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: ...of 300 million...

[cross-talk]

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MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...city... that's...

[cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Okay... [crosstalk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...correct and it would be, and it currently has quite a bit of bipartisan support, it's one of the... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: So, what are the ...

what are the prospects for passage?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well as part of the omnibus spending bill it's being negotiated right now, there are, you know signs that are positive that this is back in the equation, it has support from both sides of the aisle, the same was true as part of the tax reform and so it's hard to count your chickens before they hatch, right and we all... but there is tremendous support across the country and any support that the council can provide in supporting the affordable housing improvement credit act would be much appreciated so that we know that there's much more certainty about the fund.

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Right, so your goals remain the same but when we lose funding from the federal government we have to make up the

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difference with city subsidy so we're putting in more and more subsidy to create the same level of affordable housing, has, has... does HPD track the amount of city subsidy per unit that we have spent from year to year to see the increase?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well I wouldn't...
one I wouldn't say that we're making up for it just...
for all of the changes just by adding additional city
capital, we are finding ways in each project to be
as... to stretch the dollars much as we can in order to
get the same number of units with the resources that
we have. We, you know certainly monitor and track the
spending in any given... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: But, but I just want to be... [cross-talk]

 $\label{eq:maria} \mbox{MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...across the} \\ \mbox{program...} \ [\mbox{cross-talk}]$

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: ...we, we're spending more per unit than we have historically, is that... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well it, it
depends on the program, the average... you're looking...
spending more per unit given that our programs run
the gambit from first time homebuyer down payment

assistance to new construction projects that are of course much more costly, it is not very easy to say we're spending more per unit, we have seen... there... more was committed, more was spent in the last fiscal year but that's partly because we had record breaking numbers. There have been rising costs and we'll, we'll address them but I, I think the sustainability of the plan in the long term... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Have you... but have you done the cost per unit analysis that I described earlier?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well it, it... based on each program we certainly... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Any, any program...

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...know... [cross-

MARIA TORRES-SERINGER. ...KITOW... [C1055-

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: ...apples to apples

from year to year?

[cross-talk]

talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well we, we certainly know what is, is spent per program and, and track that and understand and understand trends. Two other things worth noting in the past year to the extent that, that more was, was spent is the addition

follow up with a specific breakdown of, of that

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: We'll, we'll

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[cross-talk]

number. Of course, I did read the article and, and what I'll say is that we are making sure that we're not just talking the talk about addressing the affordable housing crisis, we are walking the walk and we've made historic commitments because the affordability crisis in this city is so dire. We've also collectively as a city made a commitment to making sure that we're addressing the most vulnerable, the lowest income New Yorkers and doing so in an environment where there are rising construction costs, where pricing has, has gone down and so we're creating at a record pace and the, the investment that we're making, we don't think of it just... but investment we're making... [cross-talk] MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Right, no I understand the question, I'd like to follow up...

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Okay... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...after scrubbing,

I haven't... I did not calculate that number myself and
so we'd be happy to dig into it but the, the, the tax
exemption programs are the ones that you mentioned
that are typically used... [cross-talk]

with occupied tenants, the building may look representative of the community district that it's

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in, it may sometimes look somewhat different than the
community district but if the building is there we
certainly want to preserve it, we want to preserve
the people who are in place. We also use Article 11
in our mixed income new construction programs in
those where we are actively trying to get a wide
array of income bands into a building, right, so a
mix and match project that goes from a homeless set
aside plus a 30 percent AMI tier all the way up
through a moderate income, it's not going to qualify
for a 420C which is the exemption that we use for
projects that are at least 70 percent low income
housing tax credit eligible. In some cases those may
or may, may not look exactly like the neighborhood
that the building that the building is going into,
we think income providing income diversity,
providing opportunities for people to stay,
opportunities for people to move is consistent with
our housing policy, it's consistent with our fair
housing policy and, and it is a valuable asset to the
community.

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: So, I take it that's a yes that you might be?

MOLLY PARK: Yes.

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understand the value of mixed income but, but are there developments where a majority of the units might be higher than the median income of a community district and are... because I, I, I would have some concerns about subsidizing, subsidizing that if we're... if we're spending hundreds of millions of dollars a, a year subsidizing affordable housing units that are less affordable than the median income in the community district that seems a questionable use of public resources to me?

MOLLY PARK: So, the concept of median income in the community districts I think is... it's an important one but it also is very nuanced, in a district where you have a lot of public housing for example, I'm not going to get into some of the NYCHA issues but those... but that is a population that is largely extremely low income but also from a rent burden perspective they're not facing rent burden issues, right, so there are... again I'm not touching the larger NYCHA issues but, but from a rent burden and a housing affordability perspective that is not their particular challenge. Same thing if you have a population, you have a district that has had a lot of

affordable housing development already, if you've had

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[cross-talk]

not subsidize... [cross-talk]

MOLLY PARK: ...to 165... [cross-talk]

a, a neighborhood where there has been a lot of ... there... a number of naturally occurring retirement communities where people have been in place, they are there but they may have very low incomes today. We want to be able to bring in a development that may not look exactly like that. The other thing and I, I think the fair housing concept one, is very important, if we only build to mimic exactly what's there today, I, I think that... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: No, I'm not proposing it but I'm, I'm wondering whether the market can finance those developments on their own, right, if you're... I'm, I'm not clear why we have to subsidize units at 165 percent AMI, right, shouldn't... [cross-talk]

> MOLLY PARK: That... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: ...the market

should be able to do it on its own I... [cross-talk]

MOLLY PARK: That's an easy one, we do

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: So, how, how...

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: ...high do you... when it comes to Article 11 how high do you go?

MOLLY PARK: We... Article 11 the...

legislatively can go to 165, we... the city of New York subsidizes with... our capital subsidy caps out subsidy at 130 percent of AMI and we are doing units, subsidizing units at 130 percent of AMI we are doing that generally, so we can get a cross subsidization opportunity or in some of the homeownership projects that are primarily moderate income.

COUNCIL MEMBER TORRES: Okay, that's the extent of my questioning, thank you so much Commissioner.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you, Council Member Grodenchik.

COUNCIL MEMBER GRODENCHIK: Thank you Mr.

Chair. Two fairly quick questions, with regard

Commissioner to basement apartments and I know it's

an experimental idea in Councilman Espinal's district

I believe, does that require any changes to zoning,

does it...

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well part of... in doing the pilot the, the idea is to identify those changes, we know on the code side there are targeted

changes that will need to be made but on zoning have those been identified, I think Matt can clarify...

[cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER GRODENCHIK: I wouldn't think it would because, you know the zoning generally is the same for one and two-family homes, it's not until you get to multiple level.

MATTHEW MURPHY: Yeah, our goal is to not change the zoning for the basement pilot, our goal is to work within the housing maintenance code, the building code and the fire code.

COUNCIL MEMBER GRODENCHIK: I have a district that consists of largely single family homes, I'm going to watch this experiment very carefully because our schools are bursting at the seams and I do not know where we would put those additional children and there are other questions that go along; electricity, sewer, water, all those kind of things so we'll be watching that very carefully. Secondly, because I know we're going quickly here, with regard to all the billions of dollars that are being expended I, I asked this question of... at the recent hearing we had on, on NYCHA of Chair... of the Chair of NYCHA and I had asked

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whether or not some of the monies that we are expending to build affordable housing in this city its, it's the most ambitious project since the Koch administration and I'm old enough to remember when driving along the, the Cross Bronx Expressway it looked like a war zone, I can remember those buildings, it was quite ugly and, and very, very sad but I'm also concerned that we are not devoting enough resources to NYCHA, I know you are not the Commissioner for NYCHA but NYCHA is a huge source of affordable housing, I'm a NYCHA alum as is Councilman Torres and several other members of this council, my simple question is have you and I know you haven't been the HPD Commissioner since the beginning of Mayor De Blasio's term, are you aware of any conversations that have taken place where some of the monies that are being expended to create newly affordable housing, new housing would be diverted to NYCHA to repair what we already have so that those apartments don't become uninhabitable therefore worsening an already egregious homeless problem that we have?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well I'm of the use sir and I know that's shared by many that we have

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to do both, and we have done both, the administration has made unprecedented capital commitments to NYCHA and has made an unprecedented set of commitments to affordable housing. The need exists for both the one in 14 New Yorkers who live in NYCHA, the need certainly exists for renters in the city many of who... [cross-talk]

aware of the need, I know it's a great need I'm just concerned that we're not devoting for the record my record, enough of our resources to NYCHA to make sure that they have what they need, I won't ask you to answer any more questions now, I know we're a little short on time but I just wanted to put that on the record. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, thank you Commissioner.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you Council Member, Council Member Williams.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Thank you Mr. Chair. Commissioner always a pleasure to see you.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: You too.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Looking forward to continuing a great working relationship on a whole

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bunch of issues. I do also want to just mention the Chair of Public Housing, Council Member Alicka Samuel for the work she's doing on NYCHA as well. Of course, there's a huge concern, I do also just want to piggy back on Council Member Torres, I... that is a very shocking number, my hope is that the committee will try to dig into the 3.4 billion dollars annually that's going on its... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: That just... my under... that is not an annual number and we'll follow up with what that is but before... it, it provides more concern to... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Yes... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...members of this committee, not a number that we generated but we'll, we'll provide clarity on what exactly it is.

excellent, it sounds... it sounds a bit high. I also...
well a few things, one, you know and last year we...
there was some changes in the housing plan which were
exciting changes, upped the amount that we're going
to try to build and preserve and mandated some
affordability in the term sheets, this body has been

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2 a lot to pushing that direction sometimes pushed a 3 little harder than we thought we had to but I'm glad that it's happening now. I did want to point out, my 5 hope is still particularly on the extremely low and 6 very low where you have exceeded what the plan was on 7 extremely low, 15 percent very low, 17 percent, the population of extremely low is 25 percent so my hope 8 is that we can still... can... or roughly 25 percent, 9 still kind of push deeper and I know it's more 10 expensive but that's where the population is and 11 12 that's where the highest... the smallest vacancy rate 13 is and my hope is that we continue to keep pushing 14 down. Just to piggy back on another question, I, I am 15 concerned that with the, the changes that might come 16 down from the orange man, are we still just dedicated

to making sure those numbers get reached in

respective of what occurs?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well we are... given that we are in a continuing resolution the funding levels thus far based on that are positive and I remember very vividly when we had this hearing last year there was a lot of anxiety over what was too occur given the proposed cuts but a lot of great work across the country the funding levels for all of 2.

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those major programs have remained flat, we will fight as hard as we can to ensure it happens again this time and to the extent that the situation is different and we'll certainly work with the council, with OMB and others based on the magnitude and timing of any change to minimize, minimize the impact of any potential cuts.

OUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Congratulations on the 421A progress and the, the revocations that occurred in terms of the tax breaks that were happening without the... commissary affordability, I'm proud to have been one of the voices in helping give you some tools to get that done but thank you for that partnership and thank you for, for, for it happening because a lot of money being wasted. Is there a projected amount the city expects to recoup if the properties fail to be reinstated?

MOLLY PARK: We do have that and for about 66 million, thank you Francesc. We expect to be recouped due to those efforts and, and thank you of course for all of the advocacy and the, the support in, in being able to stand up and have the additional staff for the enforcement unit that has resulted in the pipes of changes where we are more assured that

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those property owners comply with the 421A requirements that they get their certificates of eligibility, that they register with HCR in doing what they need to do but 66 million is the projected amount.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Thank you and shout out to Council Member Levin who had the bill with me as well. Would any such money go to a general fund or would it be dedicated to help fund development of income target housing?

MOLLY PARK: It goes to the general fund.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, is there any way we can get some message back to the, the Mayor, I know HPD doesn't have the power to do it, but it'd be great if that money recouped, goes into a fund that would directly impact either building or preserving income targeted housing otherwise... [crosstalk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Sure... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: ...you know we're saying that this money was supposed to do that, it didn't so I think it makes sense to try to get it to a dedicated fund.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: We'd be happy to share that feedback.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, do you share my desire to see it happen?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yeah.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, that's a yes, I didn't... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: I, I will certainly share your desire to make it happen.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, thank you. Lastly at social services, HRA, DHS announced their plan to acquire through purchase of imminent domain 20 to 30 cluster sites to convert into low income housing, is there any coordination with HPD on that plan?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yes, there is extraordinary coordination with HPD on this as, as everyone knows DSS as part of the turning the tide plan has been very committed to getting out of cluster buildings and so this... we've been working with them in partnership to identify those set of buildings for which the acquisition buy a not-forprofit and or as a last resort imminent domain can be used in order to create permanent housing for, for

residents and so nearly daily conversations on this program.

just if you can explain a little more because all we...
this is always an issue to me of how obviously HPD
and the housing plans, working with the homelessness
plan, I always kind of see, you know fissure there so
is this... can you... in general can you speak about
communication with the other agencies that deal with
homelessness and how the two plans are, are working
together?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Right and I...

there has been and continues to be extraordinary

collaboration because we need them to work together

and in fact they do, the turning the tide plan an

entire section of that talks about permanent housing

and then has all of the elements of the Mayor's

Housing New York plan so they are intertwined not

just in the language but in the work that we do and

my meetings, conversations with Commissioner Banks

happened nearly daily, the coordination on the staff

level happens daily and that has resulted in the

production of how permanent housing for formerly

homeless at a faster clip than we've seen before

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almost... more than 7,200 units financed since the start of the administration.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Well thank you, I hope the coordination continues I'm glad to hear there's... I hope its true, daily discussions, I hope that's also true on the deputy... the Deputy Mayor level. Of course, now we're back up to record numbers when it comes to homelessness and so we have to do obviously more. Lastly, I think NYCHA residents might accidently get assistance because of the craziness that's going on with our Mayor and Governor on the one, one up man ship, hopefully we can figure out how to do that trick with affordable housing in general so if we can figure some ideas that... these two men are fortunately going to compete against each other someone else might accidently get some assistance there as well. Thank you very much, thank you Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Council Member Menchaca.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Thank you Chair and committee and hello Commissioner.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Hello.

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COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: ...Torres-

Springer. So, I have a couple questions that are I think relevant citywide and have a life in the district, the, the Brooklyn Public Library recently went through a really beautiful I think conversation about how to redo a library and get incredible and affordable at multiple range AMI apartments, that was... that served as a model I think citywide and I just want to... want to get a sense because there was a lot of creative, creative financing that came in to make this, this happen, what is HPD doing to really think about this model and extending it citywide, one for the, the members to hear but also about how, how we can kind of promote that at the... at the district level for either city owned property, this was a city owned property and our partnerships with non-profits?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Right, thank you for that questions, of course the Sunset Park Library and the development that will come to fruition there is a... I think a great success story both in terms of engagement and in terms of the actual project that will rise. It is a model and... that we are in the middle of actually in the Inwood neighborhood of Manhattan having released an RFP and just made a

designation for the Inwood Library in partnership
with the New York Public Library, those are the types
of projects that both allow for growth and
enhancement of these tremendous community assets that
are the libraries, an opportunity to build affordable
housing and also to accomplish other goals as stated
by the community through the engagement process and
so I think for both of those and they, they haven't
happen to quite the same way, right, each one is
different, there are in fact lessons learned about
how financing can be braided together, how we can
bring in for lack of a better term, non-traditional
partners to and philanthropic dollars to our
affordable housing work how we can run community
engagement so that it accomplishes affordable
housing, library and other important goals and, and
to the and the hope is to be able to do that in a
more in a more prolific way and so I'd be very
interested in hearing your specific thoughts about
what, what, what right and what you think can be
transported to others in working with the rest of
the of the city council and the three public library
systems to do more of this as is needed or desired by
the community.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: And I think
3	that's a Segway to the next question which is there
4	are only so many libraries and not all of them make
5	sense to, to redevelop as sites and so where else is
6	HPD looking for this kind of non-traditional
7	financing model, are there other police precincts fo
8	example, are there other places that you're looking
9	at right now actively looking at?
10	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Well I'd say that
11	there's no place we're not looking [cross-talk]
12	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Okay [cross-
13	talk]
14	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER:in order to
15	[cross-talk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: That's fair
17	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER:identify
18	opportunities for affordable housing. The, the
19	properties that are in our inventory right now
20	[cross-talk]
21	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Except M zones,
22	right?
23	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Except M zones.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Okay that's on

record... [cross-talk]

act and discussion with the community about how best

to accomplish the dual goals of economic development

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and affordable housing but back to vacant city
owned city owned lots and or underutilized lots, we
left in my opinion no stone unturned about how to use
sites many of which are challenging to create
affordable housing and so whether that is sites that
are in our still in our portfolio and they might be
small so we have to cluster them in order to make
them work, sites that might be in other agency's
jurisdiction where we of course are respectful of
their municipal needs but to the extent that it the
better use is housing we've worked very
collaboratively to turn that into housing and for
those sites not even within our inventory but real
estate owned by houses of worship, faith based
organizations, finding creative ways to build there
and then a whole bunch of new programs including a
very important one called Neighborhood Pillars
because there's only so much land that the city owns
where we're putting we're establishing a fund so
that not for profit organizations can purchase
buildings with rent stabilized but unregulated units
for long term affordability so just to name a few
examples.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Yeah and, and
3	that's I think a really good overview of the, the
4	multiple kind of programs and some I'm thankful for
5	that and I think hopefully we can we can as council
6	members lead some of that discussion from the ground
7	up through community board and community engagement.
8	Switching over to your relationship with DOB and
9	resources that you may or may not be asking for right
10	now in this budget process, I know my district office
11	is experiencing some issues with addressing
12	violations within buildings and the connection
13	between DOB and HPD and so there's a sometimes these
14	things last for months and a lot happens in that time
15	that causes a lot of concern and impact through to
16	our to our residents and so is that something that
17	HPD is, is, is focused on now in the budget that we
18	can look at to demonstrate a change in that?
19	MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: So [cross-talk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA:issue [cross-

21 talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...we are... we're very focused in making sure that for the programs and tools and authority that we and or DOB currently has that we're better coordinated. We're also focused on

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making sure that the implementation of the package of bills passed last year, right standing for tenant safety that as those get implemented that we are working very, very closely with DOB including being active participants in the construction is harassment task force, those are a few different areas in... and order... to the extent that there are specific additional needs on the HPD end we are not shy about communicating those to OMB and so that's an ongoing, ongoing conversation. I would like to though invite our Acting Deputy Commissioner AnnMarie Santiago, if there are critical points related to our partnership with DOB or areas for addressing the issues that have

ANNMARIE SANTIAGO: No, I, I think the...

I'm sorry, AnnMarie Santiago, Acting Deputy

Commissioner for Office of Enforcement Neighborhood

Services. I think the Commissioner covered it, we are going carefully over the bills that were passed last year because there's a lot there for both agencies and the coordination is going to be very close and we will, you know as we have needs we can bring those to

been discussed today that you think are, are

important to add please to so.

the Commissioner's attention and seek the appropriate support.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: So, what I heard here was vision is pretty clear, you want to coordinate better, how?

ANNMARIE SANTIAGO: So, I think part of it will be looking at the resources we already use to coordinate. As the Commissioner mentioned before we have the tenant harassment protection task force and there is a division of our office already that works closely with DOB on these issues so as they kind of roll out their new enforcement program around those bills I think we'll see where HPD fits best and again kind of look at what resources we might need to make that a more effective and efficient program.

which kind of continues with this question but really looks at all... the incredible comprehensive bills that we passed, you're looking and reviewing, there's agency coordination, residents in, in a lot of our districts don't speak English and there's language access issues for a lot of what's happening on the ground and... with the changes, we're doing our best on the ground with our, our constituent engagement but

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we're going to need you to come in with resources and one thing we keep learning over and over again it's, it's a massive resource intensive thing for us to be able to communicate very simple but very important critical messages; know your rights, I saw that in your testimony and beyond and so what resources are we seeing in the budget requested this year that can address the language access issue for what we just talked about for all the tenant safety work and beyond, how, how are you addressing that and, and really making a difference in this next fiscal year?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Right, so

language access in, in this work given the, the very
direct contact we have with New Yorkers in providing
the services is extraordinary critical, for the
information of the committee we have of course some
of the basics, contracts in place for telephone
services, document translation, in person
interpretation services, we also have housing
ambassadors who offer services in 14 different
languages so that's on the lottery side in terms of
providing information about how to access affordable
units that have come online, through city council
funding we've been able to increase translations in

2	printed versions of applicant guides, you mentioned
3	ready, set apply which and a number of our other
4	collateral translated into 17 languages distributed
5	via the housing ambassadors community partners upon
6	request. We also have we just launched a new
7	outreach van with due to the support of borough
8	President Ruben Diaz as well as Eric Adams we will
9	have three by the end of the year but those the, the
10	boots on the ground through that effort will also
11	have of course access to materials in different
12	languages. There, there's always, always room to do
13	better in, in this work and so while we have
14	sufficient resources we believe for the major aspects
15	of our work to the extent you councilmen are seeing
16	where there are still gaps either in particular
17	instances whether it's community engagement or how
18	enforcement happens on the ground of course we, we
19	want to address that.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Is there number of increase in dollars for everything you just laid out when you compare it to this fiscal year and next fiscal year, I just want to see if there's an increase... [cross-talk]

[cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: So, I'm hoping that for the next time we come back in the executive budget hearings we can kind of see either maybe an increase, I'm hoping for an increase and, and a thoughtful kind of response to the, the growing nature of that very difficult complex, high resource intensive objective. Okay, that's it and thank you so much for your team including your Deputy Commissioner Eva Trimble, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you Council Member. Before I go back for the second round of questions starting with Margaret Chin I just wanted to flag an internal conversation that you and I have had about a potential housing stock that's available for low income housing in my district, there are many brownstone owners who have unfortunately had not great relationships with H, HPD as it related to programs decades ago and have voiced an unwillingness to enter into contracts with HPD based on the prior relationships and now those units are becoming a little bit in jeopardy to the shared economy which, which I think is unfortunate while it's legal to use the shared economy in that instance with three and under in my brownstone and limestone communities I

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think there's an excellent opportunity for some people who really would like to see and do their share for affordability in districts that are changing rapidly, I'd hate to miss that orotundity so I'd like to revisit that at some point about some very viable programs that could be used, we talked about them, you know there were... there were programs all through the early 2000s, late 90's that allowed for those units that were in private homes to be accessed for either people coming out of the shelters or people... you know the vulnerable populations and, and I think it's worth reviewing as a potential for affordable housing.

> MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: We agree sir. CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you, Margaret

Thank you Chair. I COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: have a couple of follow up questions, one of them is I'm very excited to see one of these new programs besides Senior First. On the list is this Neighborhood Pillars, so there's going to be 275 million dollars set aside, a new fund to help nonprofits purchase and protect rent regulated and other buildings. So, when is that funding going to be

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available so this program... when is this program going to be started, right after the budget is passed?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: So, we have... we're... we are... we have been busy at work since we announced the program as part of the... of HNY 2.0 last fall, I think we've met with over 100 different organizations making sure that we structure it properly because we do share your enthusiasm Council Member that there's an opportunity here with the unregulated stock but for which there, you know still... there, there are rent stabilized units to have not for profits be able to compete in the private market in the acquisition of those buildings so that we can put them into a regulatory environment. The good news in terms of standing it up is that we're essentially going to use the infrastructure of the New York City acquisition fund which has been around for a while... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: ...as you know, been very helpful in providing the type of assistance... nimble assistance for the acquisition of sites by private parties for affordable housing

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plan.

2 development and so with that infrastructure we've 3 already actually, you know started to speak individually with certain not for profits not just to 4 get there, their feedback about how the program can get structured but for what they might already know 6 and see in the market. Over the course of the next few weeks we'll be releasing a request for 8 qualifications so that we can essentially start the 9 screening process, vetting process for potential 10 participants with the goal of over the course of the 11 12 next year really starting to make our first 13 transactions and ultimately we believe that this 14 particular program will be able to... will be able to 15 acquire about 1,000 units per year and so this is... 16 we'd be more than happy to provide a specific

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Definitely, I would love to have more information, I think... I also talked with your staff about a particular building that we've working with in the... in the community that might be able to benefit from this program, funding available... [cross-talk]

briefing on this but is, I think is going to be a

powerful tool as we move forward with the housing

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MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: I think I know which one that is, okay.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Yeah, so that's great. Following up the comment that Council Member Rivera made earlier about deeper affordability, in the project in my district Essex Crossing we were able to work with the south at HPD to get some project based voucher and that enabled us to I guess get at least eight tenants with very, very low incomes seniors, they were lucky enough to get selected because we had that option so that we, we had some units that were set aside for income from zero and a lot of those... I think quite a number of those were former site tenants so having project based subsidy is really vital and I was just looking at a testimony that was provided by Enterprise community partners so they were talking about creating of a 15 year project based rental subsidy, I, I just want to, you know get your take on that because what they're saying in their testimony is that that can help developer to underwrite deeper affordability and that might be something that can help place homeless families into affordable housing and very, very low income tenants so I think... I just

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want to see if HPD has done some research into this and what is the possibility of the city creating a rental subsidy program of our own?

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Right and so we have... I, I don't know the report chapter and verse but we certainly through our work on... with DSS and with supportive housing actually have a new program on the rental assistance side that addresses these very issues so that we can do as much as we can for the formally homeless. Our Deputy Commissioner might have some additional facts about that specific proposal by Enterprise and what we've done or the constraints thereof.

MOLLY PARK: Sure, so we have rolled out the New York 15/15 program which is the rental subsidy compliment to our supportive housing program, it is very innovative vision that is exactly what you're talking about, it is the first city funded project based rental assistance program certainly that I know of in New York's history and as far as I know anywhere. It is specifically for supportive housing, but I think it's actually useful on the family side as well because traditionally supportive housing has been entirely funded with Section 8 so

with a city rental subsidy program for the supportive housing that allows the vouchers that we have to go into other programs. I'm certainly aware that Enterprise is interested in getting city funded rental... project based rental assistance for a broader array of buildings, I think it's something that we are happy to look at, it is... it's a nontravil cost so it's something that we do have to look at very closely.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: But I, I think it's, it's great that the city on its own is creating these programs because we have to kind of think out of the box and be creative, we just can't rely on federal government it's so unstable there but we need permanent affordable housing, I know that we're developing units that are much smaller, fine, you know but it's just got to be affordable so I think that is really exciting and I really wanted to follow up with you more on that and also on the acquisition to see how we can convert some of the buildings that we have in our community to permanent affordable housing. So, the last question I have is on organizing, even though... you know often times when we hear about a problem at a building, one unit called

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3-1-1 or they call our office and I... historically, you know talking to legal aid and, and HPD, HP action is a very important tool that we can use to help the whole building because often times when you help one unit complaining, lack of repair that's probably a problem in the whole building so I wanted to see if there's a way working with HPD and also tenants often times ask why couldn't HPD just do the repair, right, because if you rely on the landlord it takes a longer time because we still have one building in my district that still has a temporary boiler outside the building and their reason to HPD I remember a couple months back was it's very expensive but give us time, if HPD comes in we have to pay all that money but if H... if there are instances where HPD can do the repair as quickly as possible why not, right, you can put a lien on the building and then force the landlord to pay but if there's ways that we can work together with the tenants, with organizers, with council member's office and utilize HP action to get a court order repair and then HPD coming in and do the repair as quickly as possible I think that can really help us preserve a lot more of the rent regulated apartments in our community and, and really

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helping people get repair and often times there are immigrants, there are seniors, they really don't know where to go but if they are in a building where one person is complaining then maybe we can get everybody together.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Yeah, I'll mention a couple of things and AnnMarie if there are points, points to add please do. So, we agree with you Council Member that there... we should find and continue to use every tool that we have to hold landlords accountable, we have of course in any given year our major programs whether it's bringing housing court cases the... AEP that was mentioned we use every tool that we have to make sure that our enforcement is strong. The emergency repair program as you know has also been an important tool for us and, and we've used both because of the authority given to us as well as funding that's associated as well as trying to get the desired action in the most judicious way and so it has traditionally been used of course to address emergency conditions when property owners fail to address the most immediately hazardous... immediately hazardous conditions and has been a successful one. The instances where we have at times

been called to use emergency repair but don't quite fit or when there are major systems level changes that really one make more sense for the owner to do and would... and would and in most cases take... will be faster and can be cost prohibitive of the city, I say that not to say that there aren't other ways and you've been such a champion on very specific buildings and instances where there might be gaps ways we can make sure that the tools work best in tandem and, and finding ways to address gaps that might exist in the current system that we have.

ANNMARIE SANTIAGO: Hi and I would just...

again AnnMarie Santiago again, I would just add that

for those cases where, you know tenants do... are

working with a community group those community groups

do... are able to come to HPD and bring it to our

attention and we will look at the whole building not

just the one unit and we will bring litigation as

warranted and we will do emergency repairs warranted

so even if it's just one tenant complaining that

tenant shouldn't feel like HPD isn't going to do

everything possible to get those repairs done should

an owner be negligent in responding.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: I quess what I'm 3 really asking for is like if there's a way to... for 4 all of us to work together on a proactive approach, 5 you know when a, a tenant calls in and an inspector goes there if there's a way to really connect that 6 7 tenant, you know to a community organization or the local elected official's office so that we can all 8 work together to see if we can fix the whole building 9 or organize the whole building and not just, you know 10 individual cases, yes those are important but often 11 12 times if we can connect that one case with the whole 13 building then we can solve, you know more problems quicker... [cross-talk] 14

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: ...and really help improve the condition in the whole building so we definitely should look at a more proactive approach and how we can all work together.

MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: And we're certainly open to working with you, your, your staff on that Council Member.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you, thank you Chair.

you so much for testifying today, I look forward to

a tremendously rewarding experience not only for

continuing to work with your office, it's been so far

myself and for the committee but for the constituents

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questions?

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nothing but the truth in your testimony before this

committee and to respond honestly to council member

RICK CHANDLER: I do.

I do. THOMAS:

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Okay... [cross-talk]

of the city of New York so thank you. MARIA TORRES-SPRINGER: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: So, we'll call up

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: So, I want to thank

DOB and then we'll have our public portion. So, now that all the members of DOB are here we're going to go ahead and get started. And just for the record in the interest of time I'm going to waive my very lengthy and in depth opening statement and I suggest that where that can be done for others we do the same, so I'm trying to lead by example. So, we'll just take this opportunity to affirm your testimony, if you could just raise your right hands for me, do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and

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Yes.

SHARON:

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you so much.

You can... you can begin Mr... Commissioner Chandler.

RICK CHANDLER: Good afternoon Chair

Cornegy and members of the Housing and Buildings Committee. I'm Rick Chandler, Commissioner of the New York City Department of Buildings and I'm joined by First Deputy Commissioner Thomas Fariello, Deputy Commissioner of Finance Administration Sharon Neill and other members of my senior staff. Before I discuss the department's fiscal Year 2019 preliminary budget and highlight the significant progress we've made in achieving our building one city objectives I'd like to take a moment to welcome the Chair and new members to the committee. I'd also like to welcome back some familiar faces, I'm looking forward to working with all of you as we continue to modernize the department to better serve and protect New Yorkers. The department is the primary... is the primary regulator of an industry that is expected to spend 52 billion dollars in 2018. Our role in supporting the city's economy cannot be overstated by enforcing the construction codes, rules and other regulations that govern nearly 1.1 million buildings

2 and 45,000 active construction sites. We facilitate 3 job creation, spur the development of affordable housing and uphold high standards in energy 4 5 efficiency all while adhering to our principal 6 mandate to promote the safety of everyone who lives, 7 works and builds in New York City. We are making significant progress on our plan for fundamental 8 reform building one city which includes numerous 9 initiatives to enhance public and work site safety, 10 reduce wait times and delays and modernize all 11 12 aspects of the department's operations. Through an 13 unprecedented commitment of resources from the Mayor 14 and the city council and the hard work of our employees we are working in lockstep with the Mayor's 15 16 goals to increase affordable housing, support small 17 businesses, advance the culture of public safety and 18 build a thriving, equitable, sustainable and resilient city across the five boroughs. I'm pleased 19 20 to be here to discuss the department's preliminary budget, the preliminary budget allocates 21 2.2 approximately 183 million dollars in expense funds to 23 the department of this approximately 149 million is for personal services funding 1,870 budgeted 24 employees and 34 million is for the other than 25

2 personal services. The preliminary budget provides 3 funding of 18.5 million and 221 positions to support three initiatives including construction site safety 4 5 and training compliance, tenant protection and 6 basement apartment pilot program. The department is a 7 revenue producing agency, the revenue forecast for the department is approximately 298 million dollars 8 which does not include an estimated 66 million 9 dollars in penalties collected resulting from 10 department issued violations adjudicated before the 11 12 office of administrative trials and hearings. The 13 department has made significant progress in improving 14 services to it's customers all while facing a scale 15 of construction unparalleled in the city's history. 16 In fiscal year 2017 the department issued nearly 17 166,000 initial and renewal permits combined, a three 18 percent increase from fiscal 2016 and a 12 percent increase from fiscal year 2015, of those permits 19 20 109,700 were initial building permits including 2,100 new building permits and 107,000 alteration permits, 21 2.2 the remaining 56,000 were renewals. It should also be 23 noted that the department issued 2,030 demolition permits last year which shows that construction 24 25 activity throughout the city has shown little signs

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of abating. Despite the uptick in construction activity I'm proud to report that our service levels continue to improve. Our plan review times have decreased significantly across the board since fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2017, the average time to complete a first plan review for new buildings and major alterations has decreased by more than nine days from 15... from 15 days to six days. The average time complete first plan reviews for new building applications filed through our hub which allows for electronic filing of the plans decreased by 13 days from 18 days to five days. The average time to complete first plan reviews for major alteration applications also filed through the hub decreased from 16 days to five days. The department is also responding to complaints expeditiously, we received 16,600 priority A complaints in fiscal year 2017. A complaints capture violating conditions that if occurring present an immediate threat to the public and include unsafe demolitions, building instability and improper egress. While our target to respond to these complaints is 24 hours, we respond within 14 hours of receipt and within two hours for the most serious cases. We received 73,000 priority B

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complaints in fiscal year 2017, B complaints capture violating conditions that if occurring while serious do not present an immediate threat to the public. These include complaints of excessive construction debris, cracked retaining walls and tampering with posted notices. Our target to respond to these complaints is 40 days, these complaints which were responded to in over 40 days just a few years ago are as of last month now responded to within nine days. These tremendous gains are the result of the hard work and dedication of our inspectors and the use of data analytics to better target our resources and DOB now inspections which is a platform that provides online scheduling for virtually all inspections making, making it easier to schedule inspection appointments and improve inspection traffic... tracking and notifications. One of the most important outcomes of the Mayor's increased investment in the department is the increased capacity to analyze and use data. The department has always collected data but now we are able to marshal this information to improve operations and better inform the public about our work. In November 2017 we launched the New York City construction dashboard which is a data rich

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interactive quarterly report on construction and real estate development in every neighborhood of the city. In addition to the dashboard our data analytics team is also providing the public with a series of topical subject area reports the first of which is our citywide façade safety and sidewalk shed report. The department is committed to promoting safe and compliant construction and improving quality of life for all New Yorkers. In 2018 the construction... in 2018 construction safety week will be the week of May 7th and the department will be engaging in a number of initiatives to promote safe construction. This includes department staff visiting construction sites to promote safety during our multilingual experience is not enough campaign. The campaign emphasizes the importance of safety and is intended to remind workers that they must use proper fall protections such as safety harnesses, guard rails and netting regardless of how much experience they possess. During construction safety week the department will also be hosting its annual build safe live safe conference on May 10th, hundreds of construction professionals are expected to attend department led seminars where they will learn about the latest

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accident trends and best practices for improving safety. There were 12 fatalities on building construction sites last year, a number that has remained constant over the past three years even one death is too many and any loss of life is unacceptable. Injuries have increased by nearly 40 percent from 472 in 2015 to 666 in 2017. There are several explanations for the increase in injuries including increased construction activity and required safety professionals on more construction sites reporting accidents that have previously gone unreported. However, a lack of safety training for construction workers could also be a cause of accidents. Last year 16 local laws were enacted focusing on the issue of construction safety. I would like to thank this committee for it's partnership in advancing this important issue. Certainly, the most impactful of these laws is Local Law 196 which when fully phased in will require that workers at many job sites receive a minimum of 40 hours of safety training and that supervisors at job sites receive a minimum of 50 hours of safety training. The department has been hard at work leading up to the first major milestone in the law March 1st when a

minimum of ten hours of safety became mandatory for
workers. Since the enactment of the law the
department has been hosting bi-weekly information
sessions for all facades of the construction
industry. The department has also been providing
regular updates concerning the laws implementation
through a number of different channels reaching many
thousands of stakeholders. In conjunction with the
Mayor's Office and our partner agencies including the
Mayor's Office of Immigrant Affairs and the
Department of Small Business Services a day of action
was held last month where fliers and palm cards in
multiple languages were distributed to workers
throughout the city. There are also advertisements
running or soon to come on Link NYC kiosks, bus stop
shelters, social media and on 3-1-1 to inform workers
of the new training requirement. The site safety
training task force which the law mandated convened
last month to, to discuss the training curriculum,
recommendations from the task force were submitted to
me by March $1^{\rm st}$ in accordance with the law, I am
currently reviewing the task force recommendations
and expect to issue a determination on the training
curriculum including the content and number of hours

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of required training in short order. As soon as the curriculum is finalized it will be shared broadly so course providers can submit their curriculum to us for approval and the important work of providing safety training for workers can continue. Also, we're highlighting our number of laws that will improve crane safety among these are laws that will require that anemometers capable of measuring wind speed be installed on cranes, hoisting machine operators of large cranes obtain a license rating to operate such cranes and require the certain cranes be retired on... once they have reached a certain age. The department also sends out regular weather advisories to inform property owners, contractors, and crane operators to take appropriate precautionary measures during inclement weather. Together these laws and practices will help ensure that crane operations in the city are safe. The department received and responded to nearly 90,000 complaints from the public in fiscal year 2017 and together with the 156,000 development inspections completed in that time frame the department issued approximately 66,000 ECB violations an increase of almost 27 percent from fiscal year 2015 when the department issued approximately 52,000

2 ECB violations. Behind these numbers is our 3 commitment to all New Yorkers that we will vigorously discipline bad actors in the construction industry. 4 Our enhanced enforce... information technology and data analytics capabilities have improved our ability to 6 7 target resources where the greatest risk exists and to identify bad actors. In February the department 8 issued its first monthly enforcement action report, 9 this report which has been well received details the 10 department's actions to sanction and deter bad actors 11 12 in the construction industry through the enforcement 13 of safety laws and codes of conduct for construction 14 professionals. In the March 2018 enforcement action 15 report the following actions are highlighted; 127,000 16 dollars in fines including daily penalties were 17 issued for illegal building alterations at eight 18 different locations, 90,000 dollars in fines including daily penalties were issued for illegal 19 20 transit use of buildings at ten different locations, 140,000 dollars in fines for failure to safeguard 21 2.2 constructions at 14 different locations, and 50,000 23 in fines were issued to five different individuals for failure to carry out duties as construction 24 superintendents. Keep in mind that these are just the 25

highlights of adjudicated actions and do not include 2 3 the thousands of violations we issue routinely each month. The department has also been quite active 4 issuing more licenses to construction professionals representing the 25 trades we license or register. 6 7 The department issued 3,100 licenses in 2016 and 4,300 licenses in 2017, the increases can be 8 attributed in part to an increase in construction 9 superintendent and journeyman plumber licenses. We 10 expect this number to continue to grow as we add 11 12 three license types over 2018 and 2019 including lift 13 director, limited gas use and journeyman gas use. In 14 an effort to improve the city's collection of penalties associated with the violations the 15 16 department is requiring that all applicants for a 17 license pay any outstanding penalties before it ... 18 being issued a license. This effort has resulted in the collection of 3.7 million dollars over the last 19 20 two years. We are also regularly taking action to 21 suspend or revoke the licenses, registrations or 2.2 filing privileges of professionals who work unsafely 23 and put their lives and the lives of others at risk. In 2017 the department took disciplinary action 24 against 77 licensees including revoking or suspending 25

the licenses of 19 individuals of corporations and 22
design professionals either surrendered filing
privileges or had them revoked. Notable disciplinary
actions taken against licensees and design
professionals last year include Faisal, Faisal
Hassan, a general contractor and registered
construction superintendent surrendered both
registrations after three workers were injured when a
roof collapsed on them at 31-25 28 th Road in Long
Island City; Alfonso Prestia, a registered
construction superintendent surrendered his
registration after he was convicted of manslaughter
for his role in the death of a worker at a
construction site located at 9 th Avenue in Manhattan;
Robert Lenihan, a registered architect had his
directive 14 and professional certification
privileges revoked for knowingly including false
statements on multiple technical reports submitted to
the department; Daniel Odigie, a professional
engineer surrendered all directive 14 and
professional certification privileges for submitting
multiple defective sidewalk shed applications to the
department including for a sidewalk shed that
collapsed on November $19^{\rm th}$, 2017 in Manhattan. Tenant

2 protection continues to be the focus of the department, the department participates in the city's 3 tenant harassment prevention task force, a 4 partnership between multiple city and state agencies in which cellar to roof inspections are performed, 6 7 investigations identify bad actors and the appropriate enforcement actions are taken. Separately 8 the department also partners with the Department of 9 Housing Preservation and Development in performing 10 inspections. Over the past two years the task force 11 12 has conducted over 1,800 inspections resulting in the issuance of 1,300 violations, 47 partial or full stop 13 work orders and 30 partial or full vacate orders. 14 15 Resulting from our investigation several owners have 16 been referred to the state attorney general's office 17 and are in various stages of prosecution and 18 settlement negotiations. Notably in September of 2017 the attorney general, the governor, and the Mayor 19 20 announced the first of it's kind settlement between the task force and Icon realty management, the 21 2.2 settlement requires Icon to adopt policies and 23 procedures to prevent future violations and safety risks, correct all outstanding violations, establish 24 safe construction practices, provide rent abatements 25

to tenants during disruption of essential services,
appoint a tenant liaison to immediately address
tenant concerns and establish an independent monitor
to ensure Icon's compliance with this agreement. The
settlement also requires Icon to pay 300,000 dollars
to the state of New York on behalf of the task force
and over 200,000 in penalties, fees, and costs to the
city. Twelve local laws that seek to address the use
of construction to harass tenants were enacted last
year, the department is hard at work implementing
these laws. When fully implemented these laws will
require among other things that tenant protection
plans include detailed information regarding the
measures to the measures in place to protect tenants
and that the department inspect five percent of
occupied buildings undergoing construction. Greater
scrutiny of contractors who've been found to conduct
work without a required permit and increases in civil
penalties for work without a permit and for violating
a stop work order. The department received 5.2
million dollars in funding to strengthen its ability
to protect tenants from construction harassment, the
additional 75 positions providing, provided relating
to tenant protection legislation include

inspectorial, administrative, and technical staff. We
recently received approval for this funding and are
actively advertising and recruiting to fill these
lines. I'd now like to turn your attention to the
department's work in connection with the development
process. There's been substantial improvements in
wait times for development inspection despite
increases in the number of inspection requests. In
fiscal year 2017 the department conducted 156,000
development inspections up over 12 percent from
139,000 inspections in fiscal year 2015. The average
wait time for development inspections since fiscal
year 2015 fell by a day from four days to three days.
The department has deployed a number of strategies to
further improve upon these planned review service
levels including increasing it's plan examiner work
force. The department also created a supervisory
position, assistant chief plan examiner to monitor
productivity and the quality of plan reviews. In
addition to hiring more examiners the department
published on it's website project guidelines, the
common refrain from the industry has been that the
plan exam process was too unpredictable varying
widely from borough to borough and project to

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project. In order to ensure our customers, receive consistent answers the department developed and is publishing a series of plan examine guidelines for a wide variety of projects. These guidelines which with specific versions for property owners and design professionals detail the items that must be provided when submitting construction documents and filing for permits. We also use these same guidelines to train our staff helping to ensure predictable and consistent reviews. The department has also hired more project advocates to assist customers in navigating the, the project planning and construction processes free of charge. The multiyear replacement of this departments core information system is progressing as we continue to shift additional filing types off the main frame system that the department has relied on for over 30 years to a new browserbased system called DOB now. Upon completion customers will be able to perform virtually all interactions with the department online and the system will also result in increased transparency both externally and internally. In the second half of 2017 we added a number of permit types to DOB now, Build including antenna, curb cut, fence, elevators,

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scaffolds, sidewalk sheds, sign and electrical with which over 60,000 annual applications is the largest of the 33 different types of build permits that the department issues. In the DOB now, safety module we added filings of annual boiler inspections. At the beginning of this year we added the ability in DOB now inspections for applicants to request certificate of occupancy sign offs for electrical and plumbing work on new building and major alterations. This new functionality has in just a few weeks already served over 400 applicants from having to visit a borough office to make this request in person and the checks were embedded in the online system have also add the added effect of reducing the number of incorrect submissions thereby also improving the departments response time to these requests. By the end of this year we expect to complete the second of three phases in the roll out of DOB now at that point nearly two thirds of the transactions that the department processes; applications, filings, inspections, licenses and permit issuances will all be going through DOB now. This summer we will be adding elevator compliance filings which consist of more than 100,000 annual inspections and tests. Later on,

2 we will add permits for general construction, 3 mechanical, and structural as well limited alteration applications, we will also be beginning the roll out 4 of licensing which is the last of our four modules of DOB now and which upon completion will handle the 6 issuance and renewal of more than two dozen different license types that the department currently 8 administers. Concerning our construction codes, the 9 department is not only embarking on it's periodic 10 11 revision which will involve the hard work of over 500 12 industry and agency participants, we're also moving 13 forward with the creating... with creating two entirely 14 new codes. The construction codes which include 15 building, plumbing, mechanical, fuel, gas and 16 electrical codes are periodically updated to ensure 17 they incorporate the latest technologies and national standards along with local modifications to fit the 18 city's dense urban environment. Following the Mayor's 19 20 directions to simplify the codes to make compliance easier the department has also kicked off a research 21 2.2 effort with the goal of developing recommendations 23 for a code to specifically address work on existing buildings. Currently when performing construction in 24 an existing building one or all of the myriad of 25

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2 local and state codes need to be adhered to, an 3 existing building code will improve ease of use by consolidating all of the requirements in one place. 4 To address the need for regulation on water front 5 properties the department is undertaking an effort to 6 7 develop code requirements for waterfront structures. While current construction code and national code 8 requirements address building construction generally 9 current regulations do not specifically address 10 design and construction requirements for waterfront 11 12 structures such as piers, wharfs and sea walls which

15 progress thus far there is more work to... still to be

can serve as the foundation for new building

done. We thank the council for its support and look

construction on water. While we are proud of our

forward to continuing our work together to improve

18 the department for the benefit of all New Yorkers.

19 Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you

Commissioner for your testimony, I regret to inform

you that this hearing will be moved to the 16th floor

at 250 Broadway immediately we have been supplanted

by a larger more in-depth hearing, anyone who has

signed up to testify is welcome to join me across the

COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS

street at 250 Broadway, the, the que still remains the same, if you signed up to testify I have your slip and you'll be allowed to testify. We will be reconvening in seven minutes across the street so that means if you would indulge me by hustling up a little bit to the 16th floor so that we can continue this hearing. Thank you so much, I'm sorry for the inconvenience.

[gavel]

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date

April 14, 2018