CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES

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February 12, 2018 Start: 10:05 a.m. Recess: 3:21 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

B E F O R E: RUBEN DIAZ, JR.

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Joseph C. Borelli

Costa G. Constantinides

Francisco P. Moya Ydanis A. Rodriguez Deborah L. Rose Paul A. Vallone

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Meera Joshi, Commissioner New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

Diana Pennetti, Chief of Enforcement New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

Louis Molina, First Deputy Chief of Enforcement New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

Mohammed Akinlolu,
Assistant Commissioner of Prosecution
New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

New York Congressman Adriano Espaillat New York City 13th Congressional District

Peter Mazer, General Counsel Metropolitan Taxicab Board of Trade

Warren Prosky, MTBOT, Brooklyn

Malcolm Rattner, Susan Maintenance Corp., Taxi & Limo

Pedro Aguiar, President, Taxi Drivers Coalition

Hector Leonardo Herman, Cab Driver

Valbuena Flores, Cab Driver

William Martez, Cab Driver, Organizer of CGT

Dana Lerner, Member, Families for Safe Streets

Matt Doss, Former Commissioner and Chairman New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission

Pastor Rosello Basora

Amada Lopez, Cab Driver

Juan Eradia, Cab Driver

Aris White, Cab Driver

Nancy Reynoso, Green Taxi Driver, Bronx

Jose Altamirano, Livery Owners Association

LeRoy Morrison, Vice President Commuter Van Association of New York Owner of commuter van companies

Sergio Rodriguez, NY State Federation of Taxi Drivers Appearing for: Spokesman Fernando Matteo

Jose Deloria, Assessor, Federation of Taxi Drivers

Patricia Gatland, Counsel, Windels, Marx & Mittendorf

Nicolai Hent, Cab Driver

Shakti Kataj (sp?) Medallion Owner

John McDonough, Yellow Cab Driver, Queens

Bustle Pelazzio, Black Car Driver

Jose Luis Debora, Representative Confederation of Taxi Drivers of New York Sergio Cabrera, Medallion Owner

Nino Kerbeus, Taxi Driver

Art Cousin (sic), Medallion Owner

Maria Rodriguez, Substitute Teacher & Uber Driver

Andres Gonzalez, Taxi Driver

Solomon Nushats, Yellow Taxi

Lorraine Claire, Commuter Van Driver, Bronx

Thelma Williams, Livery Driver, Jamaica Queens

Suma Lama, Apps Based Driver

Jose Rodriguez

2 [sound check, pause]

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Good morning. I'm

Council Member Ruben Diaz, and welcome to you all to
our first public hearing of the newly created ForHire Vehicles. I have to express my appreciation to
Speaker Corey Johnson for appointing me to be the
chair of this committee. We have many problems.

It's a bad situation which we have to try to solve.

Today we started with one. In the future—in the
future we will be dealing with others. This
committee is composed of seven Council members, six
Council members, one from the Bronx, myself, one from
Manhattan, two from Staten Island and three from
Queens.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: [interposing] Silence your cell phones, please.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Today, we have one of them from Manhattan, Council Member Ydanis Rodriguez, [background comments] and we have Council Member Lander.

22 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Good morning.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Good morning and

24 Council Member Borelli.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER BORELLI: Good morning,
3 Council Member.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Good morning. Good morning ladies and gentlemen. Again, my name is Ruben Diaz. I represent the 18th Council District located in Bronx County. Thank you all for attending and showing interest in this issue. I am the Chairman of the Council Committee, a newly created committee. I was appointed by the honorable City Council Speaker Corey Johnson. This committee-[background comments]. This committee is composed by six other Council members. They are Ydanis Rodriguez from Manhattan, Joseph Borelli and Deborah Rose from Staten Island, Peter Vallone, Francisco Moya, and Constantinides, Costa from Queens. The topic of-for hearing this morning is policies and procedures for enforcement by the Taxi and Limousine Commission and the fines generated from 2013 until the present. As this is clear from the chart-you see the chart over here? It's clear from this chart, which—which was taken from the New York City Mayor's Management Report fines by the Taxi and Limousine Commission have increased them rapidly in the past three years. going to have to stand up to show this here, and you

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can see [background comments] in 2000-in 2014 the fine was-came to approximately low, but when you go to the next years, the fine has increased by-from \$9 million to \$10 million—to \$10 million in '16 and \$9 million. So, one of the questions that we have to ask is why the increase-this increases does ask the following question: What is the reason for these increases? Has the TLC been able to simply catch wrong behavior by the taxi and livery industry? the perception of the TLC of not harmful and otherwise innocent behavior been met-it's perceived as wrongdoing? Is the TLC issuing the excessive fine as a way to increase revenues for the agency? Where and most important-where and most important: which part of the city has this enforcement been carried out? In the Bronx, Manhattan or on the-on Mid-Manhattan. Within the past few weeks we have seen an increase of several incidents in which drivers were venting their frustration. For example: On January 24, 2018, a driver was accused of vandalizing a vehicle of an enforcement agent, property of Taxi and Limousine Commission. On Monday, February 5, 2018, a taxi driver by the name of Douglas Shifter killed himself before City Hall as

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means of showing his frustration of the Taxi and Limousine Commission Rules. In New York Daily News reported in February 7, 2018 edition that there was another case of a driver by the name of Danilo Corporan. Mr. Corporan on December 20, 2017 killed himself by jumping from the rooftop building-from the rooftop building on West 135th Street in Manhattan after returning from a TLC hearing and being fined \$1,500 and his license being taken away. The Taxicab News also reported that on Sunday, November 12, 2017, another case happened with a driver by the name of Alfredo Perez. Mr. Perez who worked for more than 50 years in the industry killed himself also because he wasn't able to pay the excessive fine given to him. On the other hand, we have been contacted by the owners of hotel restaurants and other nightlife venues in Mid Manhattan complaining who insisted that they're—they're desperate to be no enforcement against unlicensed street hail in the Mid-Manhattan area. If this is true, it might be a dangerous situation where passengers are being deprived of their dependable Yellow Taxi contributions to the downfall of the Yellow Taxi industry. There is one line in the Mayor's Management Report, which is part

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of this equation as well that can-as well that can send the revenues generated from the sale of the Yellow Taxi Medallion. This revenue have virtualhave virtually diapered overnight. At the conclusion of this hearing this committee will-will reveal the record issue, issue a report and then consider which option best serves the convenience and comfort of the New York riding public. Among the options, which are being investigated are, but not limited to strengthening or adding to the number of TLC and throughout budget modification restricting the business district of Manhattan, New York Hotel or the two airports either Beverly with this committee of by legislation, or legislation—or legislation, which would separate the enforcement function of the TLC from that agency and place it with the NYPD. I'm going to do something that is not done here because most of the people here are Hispanic. I'm going to read in-in Spanish. [Speaking Spanish] [background comments, pause]

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Ladies and gentlemen, if you can just be patient with us, just have and seat, and let's give the gentleman some space. He's going to be fine. We're going to have some emergency

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personnel come and check on him and make sure

everybody's okay. Alright, so just be patient with

us. We should be starting shortly.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay. Let's take a seat. The person hurt seems to be okay. [background comments, pause] [Speaking Spanish] Council Member Ydanis Rodrigues—Council Member Ydanis Rodriguez has a comment before we introduce the Commission.

COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: [off mic] Good morning Commission-Commissioner, and members of this important industry, and the Chairman of this Committee Ruben Diaz. I know that he would do a great job as the leader of this committee. As the Chairman of the Transportation Committee, the last four years have been very tough for us working to balance, you know the raw responsibility and rights of members of this industry. I recognize after Uber and Lyft and other tech companies have arrived in New York City, they have also brought negative impact because many passengers are not there for the livery or green taxi industry. Also, we know that there's a lot of illegal pickups in front of the hotels, and our JFK and La Guardia. In the last four years, we've been working very hard to be sure that

[Speaking Spanish] Thank you.

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enforcements are mainly focused in Midtown, and I think that this is going to be what I hope a new change that in the new leadership of Ruben-Council Member Diaz and the Administration we can be able to explore. The men and women who serve especially in the outer boroughs, the Bronx, the Uptown Manhattan. Now, they are responding for the needs of many riders who put the demand in the market for a street hail. However, we have to discuss with those drivers who own the green taxis, the livery, the base owners to come up with a conclusion that benefits everyone.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you, Councilman. We have been joined fully by the Honorable Congress Member Adriano Espaillat. Thank you for being with us, Congressman. And now, ladies and gentlemen, I would like to call on the Commissioner of the Taxi and Limousine, the Honorable Meera Joshi

LEGAL COUNSEL: Commissioner, if you don't mind, could you stand and give the oath along with your members. You don't have to stand to the extent that your other executive staff, we'll do it at once. Do you swear to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth to the best of your

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ability and answer honestly as best as possible to
the members of this committee?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: I do.

DIANA PENNETTI: I do.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Good morning Chair Diaz, and members of the For-Hire Committee. Meer Joshi, Commissioner and Chair of the New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission, and with me are Diana Pennetti, our Chief Enforcement; Louis Molina, our First Deputy Chief of Enforcement; and Mohammed Akinlolu, our Assistant Commissioner for Prosecution. Thank you for inviting me to testify today about TLC's enforcement efforts, Chair Diaz. I look forward to continuing to what has been a productive working relationship and working with the entire FHV community to strengthen all segments of the industry including hardworking drivers, the bases that dispatch trips to them, our thousands of yellow and green taxis and the millions of passengers who deserve safe, legal services that our licensees provide. The TLC community has had very difficult news in recent days. As many are aware, three men who had been licensed TLC drivers recently ended

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their lives. For those left behind suicide leaves unanswered questions. What we do know is that we as a city must continue to focus strongly on expanding access to mental health services for anyone who needs support. At TLC our focus has been and will continue to be on better understanding and attempting to lessen the stresses many of our drivers face, and I hope today we can discuss the steps TLC has already taken. Given today's focus on TLC enforcement, I also feel it's important to provide the committee and the public with an account of what happened just two weeks ago. On January 24th, two of our officers stopped a TLC licensed vehicle operated by an unlicensed driver in the Bronx after seeing him illegally pick up a street hail. As our officers issued a summons to the driver, a crowd gathered, blocked the enforcement officers' vehicle with other vehicles, and verbally threated them. The officers returned to their vehicle and minutes later a man wielding a metal baseball bat attacked their car smashing in two of the windows while the officers remained in the vehicle. Miraculously, our officers were not harmed. This is an active NYPD investigation and we're confident that the people who

were involved with this violence will be prosecuted. 2 3 Unprovoked violent attacks on our officers will not 4 be tolerated. I thank those including Chair Diaz who have publicly condemned such a task. There are 5 proven peaceful ways to solve problems through 6 7 communication and collaboration. The TLC and 8 especially the Enforcement Division is always open to discussion, and as many of you know, incorporates driver feedback whenever possible. To understand our 10 11 enforcement division, it's important to understand the agency and its mission. The Commission has nine 12 13 members, five of whom were appointed on the 14 recommendation of the Council Borough Delegations, 15 and I'm proud to say that today some of those Commission members are with us: Commissioner 16 Polanco, Commissioner Sorrentino, and Commissioner 17 18 Aguado. Commissioner Polanco and Aguado have strong 19 ties to Norther Manhattan and the Bronx and both 20 understand the value enforcement brings to these communities. TLC regulates the city' for-hire 21 transportation industry including yellow and green 2.2 2.3 taxis, Black cars including traditional an app based, livery, commuter vans, luxury limousines and—and 24 ambulette vehicles as well as their drivers and the 25

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2 businesses that support them. The number of our 3 licensees has increased in the past four years. 4 Today, we license almost 180,000 drivers and about 130,000 vehicles. These increased numbers have 5 undoubtedly had an impact on the agency's finances 6 7 and operations. For example, we've seen an increase 8 in overall agency revenue due to an increase in the volume of license application and renewal fees, a natural result of the growing population of 10 11 licensees. Even with this growth, our enforcement revenue has remained flat over the last four fiscal 12 13 years. TLC has 196 enforcement officers who operate 14 citywide. They are New York State Peace Officers 15 with the authority to stop vehicles, issues 16 administrative and criminal summonses and make 17 arrests. Our officers' daily work involved 18 enforcement against cars speeding, running red lights 19 or picking up passengers for an illegal ride, and 20 often involved car stops. Temporary car stops are universally recognized as one of the most difficult 21 actions for law enforcement officers. Given the 2.2 2.3 number of vehicles and the size of the city, enforcement is a huge challenge, and we are very 24

proud of the hard work that our officers do every

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day. Of course, state and local law play a key role in shaping our enforcement initiatives. For example, state and local law limit the right to pick up a street hail to yellow and green taxis; set the maximum amount a passenger has to pay for a legal street hail; created two separate sectors for car service, delivery sector and the black car sector; set the penalties for accumulating too many DMV points including suspension and revocation; and define an illegal street hail as both a crime and an administrative violation and set those penalties. The Council has long empowered the TLC to enforce against illegal street hails and has consistently recognized the unique threat they pose to the public. In fact, the Council has been particularly active in strengthening enforcement tools against illegal street hails. In 1989, when the Council authorized the TLC to penalize drivers for illegal street hails, it found that vehicles operating for hire without a TLC license are "A threat to health, safety and wellbeing of their passengers and the general public." It further noted at the time that, "Many of the vehicles operated in disregard of the TLC's regulatory authority lack adequate insurance

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coverage, are mechanically unsafe and are not driven by responsible drivers. In 2012, the Transportation Chair Vacca, ushered through legislation that recognized the importance of curbing illegal street hails by both unlicensed and licensed TLC vehicles and drivers. This legislation increased the penalties for illegal street hails in an unlicensed vehicle from a maximum of \$1,500 to a maximum of \$2,000. The Council again noted that thousands of unlicensed drivers and vehicles "are not subject to the same strict regulations and oversight as TLC licenses" and that "as a result, passengers who are hurt in an unlicensed vehicle have no recourse to insurance of the TLC." Finally, in 2016, the Council increased penalties for license for-hire drivers that do illegal street hails specifically in the Manhattan Central Business District and at the airports. penalties for a licensed driver that accepts a street hail anywhere in the city generally range from a \$500 fine for the first violation up to license revocation for the third. However, under the 2016 local law, if a licensed driver accepts a street hail in Manhattan Central Business District or at the airports, the local law penalties range from a \$2,000 fine for the

first violation up to a \$10,000 fine and license revocation for the third. [background comments] So,

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: All you sit down.

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: So, just to be clear, these are the rules set forth by this City Council, and these are amendments made to local law by this City Council that sets the penalties for the violations I've outlined. The TLC couldn't agree more with the need to effectively combat illegal street hails. Transporting passengers without a proper TLC license is bad for passengers, drivers and bases. For passengers getting in an unlicensed vehicle means getting inside with an individual who's not been background checked or drug tested, and who's unaware of our important Consumer Protection and Safety Rules. Moreover, passengers are endangered when they ride in an unlicensed vehicle that has not been checked for road safety, and doesn't have adequate insurance leaving passengers unprotected in the event of a crash. Passengers are also without any means of recourse if something goes wrong because unlike legal dispatches from the base, there is no record of the trip and no accountability for the

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driver, and illegal street hails are also bad for our licensees. Practically speaking, illegal street hails by either licensed or unlicensed operators harm those drivers and bases that follow TLC rules as well as state and local law. For them, illegal street hails result in fewer passengers and fewer passengers obviously means less income. Many members of this Council reaffirm this approach on a regular basis when they reach out to us on behalf of their constituents and request enforcement against illegal activity in their neighborhoods throughout the city. Against this backdrop of repeated and continuous support for the public safety benefits of enforcement against illegal operators, TLC officers have diligently performed their duties. One year ago, the TLC recruited and hired a new head of enforcement, Diana Pennetti, and I know that many of you have met with her. Enforcement in this city is an enormous task, but she has brought a new approach to the job by greatly increasing enforcements engagement with our licensees, a change that has benefitted officers and licensees. In the last year, Chief Pennetti has held many productive meetings with base owners, driver and elected officials so she has a firm and

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real understanding of industry issues. Pennetti and Deputy Chief Molina have appeared on local radio shows to further explain enforcement processes and encourage feedback. Further, both enforcement and our External Affairs Unit regularly engage with driver communities all over the city and have addressed topics such as ticketing fines, enforcement, drivers' rights at OATH hearings, and an overview of the consumer complaint process. And as we've discussed, Chair Diaz, you have appointed an official TLC Liaison to Jenny Mahia and we look forward to working with her on an individual driver concern. I've also visited based and attend meetings with drivers of all sectors to ensure that all of us at the TLC are well informed, available and well prepared to support and improve taxi and for-hire service in this city. We will continue this engagement so that we could better understand, and try to resolve the concerns or our licensees, and I help them better understand TLC's role. Chief Pennetti has also focused on officer training, which is fundamental to effective field enforcement. and beyond the State requirements for peace officer training, TLC requires that all of our new recruits

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receive enhanced car stop training as well as training to conduct undercover operations while avoiding entrapment. Chief Pennetti has also emphasized the importance of respect for all in the field, and mandated cultural sensitivity training for all officers. In fact, it was a meeting with you Chair Diaz one year ago that resulted in the TLC accelerating the time table for rolling this training out. As another means of monitoring street encounters, the majority of TLC patrol cars are now equipped with in-vehicle cameras on the front dashboard and rear deck of the car. So, street encounters are captured on video. The city and TLC's enforcement are driver by safety, and what underlies all of our enforcement action is the desire to change dangerous and unsafe behavior. To support this mission, we've taken several significant step to ensure that penalties match our safety goals, and we've done this without reducing the high safety and commute-consumer protection standards that set New York City apart. For example, local law requires us to suspend TLC licensees when drivers get too many DMV points. Since 2015, TLC has allowed many drivers to take safe driving courses all the way up to the

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date of their hearing that reinforce the rules of the road and of avoid the penalties that would have put them out of work for an extended period of time. This reinforces safe conduct, and allows them to continue making money safely and legally. since 2015, following a meeting including industry stoke-stakeholders and TLC employees, TLC does not produce-pursue a red light camera summons if the driver has already paid the underlying Department of Finance summons. In 2016, TLC Commissioners adopted new penalty review packages that resulted in the reduction of over 30 monetary penalties. Starting n 2017, rather than issuing summonses for minor equipment violation officers generally issue a notice of violation that allows a driver to fix the problem rather than issue a summons. Also, in 2017, we amended our rules to allow drivers whose TLC licenses expired to renew and reopen them within six months and get back on the road without having to apply for a new license. Further, we've heard concerns from drivers about receiving field summonses in the mail instead of doing a stop, I'm pleased to say that since January 2017, we've reduced the percentage of mailed summonses from 60% to 15%. We've also

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enhanced our prosecution practices to further ensure that drivers understand their rights and have time to consider their options. For the vast majority of cases, drivers get a settlement letter from us that clearly explains the driver's rights, options and describes an offer to settle the case. Driver are encouraged to contact us at any point to discuss their case and ask questions they may have about the OATH process and the facts of their case. And if at that point additional information from the driver warrants, the summons is withdrawn. These changes are each the result of open communication with drivers and community leaders, and they've required hard work from all involved. We're proud of these accomplishments, and we think they strengthen our enforcement and in public safety. TLC's enforcement efforts are proportionate, appropriate and strategic. TLC enforcement is deployed throughout the city, and we're transparent about these actions. Enforcement Division strikes the balance to ensure all areas of this city receive enforcement because all New Yorkers deserve the same safety and consumer protections. Enforcement data is published in the Mayor's Management Report, the Preliminary Mayor's

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Management Report, the TLC Annual Report and in monthly enforcement reports that list the top ten violations issued each month broken down by borough and by precinct. A review of these public reports show the majority of our enforcement is for unsafe moving violations and illegal activity, both of which protect the public. The highest number of enforcement summonses by borough for 18 of the last 19 months were in Manhattan. In Calendar Year 2017, 51% of the summonses were issued in Manhattan; 34% were issued in Queens with the vast majority at the two airports, and the remaining 15% were spread out between Brooklyn, the Bronx and Staten Island. some months there are concentrated enforcement efforts in certain precincts, in boroughs many times in response to increased complaints from residents and their elected officials. Operating a TLC license has always been-operating with a TLC license has always been a career in New York City that helps people support their families and their communities, and it continues to offer opportunity for drivers. We encourage people to get licensed even if they previously have operated without one. So, for those of you who have been caught driving without a TLC

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license, this history should not prevent you from operating legally. I invite you to contact TLC to discuss how you can become a licensed driver, and for those who wish to pick up street hails, I know first hand from my work on the Green Taxi Program the relief drivers experience once they get-once they a permit and can perform this work legally. We look forward to working closely with this committee to ensure that the path to operating legally is as seamless as possible. Thank you for allowing me to testify. I strongly encourage you to continue to reach out to me and to the agency with citywide and community specific concerns as you've done so productively in the past. I have a stack of our External Affairs outreach cards in front of me, and I encourage drivers and other licensees to please take one and use the email address on it to let us know about their specific questions or concerns. Working together I know we can continue to improve the forhire industry.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you,

Commissioner. I have some questions I will ask you.

Yeah, I'm a Puerto Rican. We have black hair—we have black very kinky hair. I'm a Brooklynese, but I hate

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to take-to be taken for granted, and I have two different reports. Someone has lied to me in the report, and I don't like that. First, I got the report you say in this report: The high baseline in the report, the higher number of enforcement summonses by borough for the 18-over the last 19 months were in Manhattan. In calendar 2017, 51% of the summonses were issues in Manhattan. 51% in Manhattan, 34% in Queens, and the remaining 15% in Brooklyn and the Bronx. I got a report from the-from the-from the-from this staff here saying that in 19-2017, there were 1,678 state placed summonses in the Bronx. Only 909 in Queens and 336 in Manhattan and just 169 in Brooklyn, and you're telling me something the central staff says 33—is telling me another

central staff was informed, and your office was informed as well that the annual report you're looking at that has a 100-1,678 number for straight plate violations, is listed under a column for the Bronx. It comes from our annual report. There is a mistake in our annual report. The boroughs of Brooklyn and the Bronx were switched.

thing. Which one is lying to me?

protesters]

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point is how many straight plates summonses were issued in the Bronx. We publish that information month by month. Every month it's on our website.

There is a mistake in the Annual Report, which is the top ten violations for the entire year, but the month-by-moth breakdown is on our website every month, and the number 1,678 is the number of straight plate summonses that were issued throughout the year-

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] In the Bronx?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: No, in Brooklyn
because I see both lawyers on either side of you
shaking their heads. They understand that the
columns were switched, and the 1,678 number refers to
Brooklyn. The number that refers to the Bronx is
169. [background comments]

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Quiet, please.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: I—I just want to make clear to your office and thank you for—for calling Ed (sic) with me, with the gentlemen he happens to be the liaison from my office to your office. So, maybe we could do better for the drives, but I want to make

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clear to you and the central staff employees, I didn't come here to play a joke. I didn't come here to-to make believe. I came here to do a job, and I hope that we could do that job honestly, seriously, and we are not trying to mislead anyone. We want it to be-see, you came to my office about-about two years ago, one years ago when I was a Senator, and I told you about-we discussed in my office the problem of enforcement. You brought with you the-the new inspector that you will appoint, that you have appointed to. I told you about the abuses that theyyou told me you were going to have a training where it would be more sensitive, but you know what happened? Instead of going down, they-the, yeah, abuses increases, and the persecution and the thing increases. So, I-I-I find myself like-like and no one laugh at, and I say what-what's going on here?

it if you could, and as I encouraged you then, and I've continuously encouraged you and every driver we meet—that we meet with as a group or individually, if you have an experience with any one of our officers that's inappropriate, in order for us to take action against that officer, we need to know about it. You

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Ladies and gentlemen,
you have to control yourself. [Speaking Spanish]
[audience protests]

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: [interposing] Keep it down please. Keep it down. Keep it down.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: We—we live in a city
where the Mayor and his administration claims to be
the protectors of immigrants, claim to be a city
where we have—we have refused for—for immigrants, and
that there will not give any information to the
federal government to protect—to protect immigrants.

Most of the drivers are immigrants, and it's very bad
example that your administration and the Mayor
administration are doing to protect immigrants, and
to give immigrants an opportunity to basically earn
their living, and what you're doing is kind of
hypocrite because—because—because what we're doing
are giving summonses, entrap—community entrapment
just purposely. By the way, out of the 196 agents,
how many in the Bronx do you have?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Excuse me. Could you repeat the question?

CHAIF	PERSON DIAZ:	About-abou	t tne—abo	ut
the one-you have	196 traffic	enforcement	agents.	Нои
many of them are	in the Bronz	x?		

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: They move from borough to borough. They are not centrally located. As you can see from our monthly reports, primarily enforcement is in Manhattan, and then the next largest borough where we have an enforcement present is Queens. Then among Brooklyn, Bronx and Staten Island about to move from borough to borough. They are not centrally located. As you can see from our monthly reports, primarily enforcement is in Manhattan, and then the next largest borough where we have an enforcement present is Queens. Then among Brooklyn, Bronx and Staten Island about 15%.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: What—what—what part of Manhattan? Is it Upper Manhattan?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: The Central Business District.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: They're complaining that there's no-no enforcement there and that's why the yellow is going down because Uber is taking over.

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COMMISSIONER JOSHI: That people are complaining about illegal activity does not necessarily mean that enforcement is not occurring.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: I'm going to hold my questions for later. I don't know if any other of my colleagues have any questions. [background comments] Council Member Lander.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you, Mr. I appreciate the opportunity. Thank you Chairman. Commissioner. Thanks everyone for turning out today. I have a lot of sympathy for drivers feeling the incredible stress that the increased number of cars mostly caused by the increase in the use of Uber and Lyft have meant on our street. I was out at that vigil for Doug Shifter that some folks held last week, and I've had the opportunity to sit down both with the Independent Drivers Group and the New York Taxi Workers Alliance. I guess what I would say is that my senses that the-at least what I have heard is that the number one cause of that increased stress and the-the number one desire I've heard from the public policy point of view is to look at some pay regulations to raise the floor for drivers who find it harder and harder to earn a living with so many

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more cars on the road, an I know you—you referred to that briefly in your remarks here, but I feel like it would be valuable in light of the conversation about those tragedies, but also just the stress that you can probably feel in the room. So, I just wonder if you could reflect. I know that you've begun to take a look at regulations to raise the floor, think about whether something like you have in yellows would make sense for for-hire vehicles. Can you just let me know what the—what your plans are, what you're thinking, what listening you're doing?

commissioner Joshi: Yes, we've had an incredible increase of drivers and vehicles and so what drivers were able to make a few years ago it becomes much more difficult today when they're competing among 180,000 drivers. There are more passengers, but there's not an infinite tie. So, at some point they make less money. With the yellow taxi drivers we have paid protection and transparency. They know how much they're supposed to be paid, and there's a limit to how much anyone can lease a medallion or a taxi to them. So, we're looking to do the same thing for our FHV drivers so they can have certainty that on every trip, they'll

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make at least a certain amount. There are other

parts to that problem. The expanding industry will

continue to make driving a very stressful career

without any kind of growth control mechanism.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: And let me just

ask on that. I mean you and the administration

brought to this Council a proposal to put a temporary

pause on increasing licenses a couple of years ago.

This Council made a decision not to move forward with that cap. Is that right?

I think as everybody knows, the rate of growth from then to now has continued at a pace that nobody contemplated. A lot of that explains what you see on the board behind you, which is projected revenue, and an increase in projected revenue. Four times a year, OMB can adjust our budget. In 2013, OATH and TLC for the first time split the fine and revenue budget. So, 2013, was the first year that OMB was tasked with trying to project what a fine and revenue—fine revenue budget would be for the agency. As the years have gone on, we've added 50,000 vehicles and 50,000 drivers. Nobody wants any driver to commit anything unsafe, but the truth is with the intro—introduction

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of so many new drivers and so many inexperienced drivers, there are public safety violations that are happening on the street. And so, we are fining people for them, but as you can see by the red line, which is the money we actually collected, we've collected \$1 million less last year than we did in 2016, and actually, we've collected less than we have in the last few years. So, OMB's projection which they modify four times a year as the industry keep growing, has gone up, but our actual revenue, the amount we collect has gone down, and that is in the

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: So, let me just make sure I understand. So, the red line here, which is basically flat from 2014 to 2017 is TLC fines and forfeitures in actual dollars?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Yes.

midst of an increase in drivers and vehicles.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: And you're saying—and the—just give—remind me the numbers of FHV vehicle increase. Over that period of time how many more—-?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: [interposing] It's about 50,000 new vehicles and 50,000 new drivers.

The biggest sector to grow has been the black car

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sector, and actually in the Bronx, almost 50% of the summonses we give out now for illegal street hails are to black cars not liveries. It's about half and half.

about doubling. So, that's more than doubling the number of FHVs that are on the road from 2014 when this chart started. So, the number of licensed FHV cars and drives has—has—has approximately doubled while the number of fines and for—forfeitures has remained effectively flat?

might say well, how are we able to reduce revenue while the industry is growing at such an unprecedented rate, and Chair, Diaz, I have to give you and your stakeholder groups that you've put together a lot of credit because some ideas have come out of that as ways to balance out penalty structures and give drives an opportunity to get back on the road quickly. So, there's things like offering them the opportunity to take driving courses in lieu of a revocation. Offering them an opportunity to take a defensive driving course in lieu of a fine. Offering them the opportunity to enter into a payment plan

2 with no money down. Offering them the opportunity 3 to-to-for the CD points, which I know is a local law 4 that a lot of drivers experience the accumulation of 5 CD points. Those are basically points that you get on your DMV license. As soon as you get six under 6 7 City Council Law, you are to be suspended, and 8 working with your office, we worked out a plan where drivers can take a course and pay a much smaller fine. In terms of fines, people see on summons 10 11 numbers like \$1,000, \$10,000, \$3,000, and anybody who 12 receives a summons that has numbers that large would 13 be shocked. Those numbers appear on summonses 14 because under OATH's rules we are required to tell 15 the person receiving the summons what their maximum 16 penalty they could face. The-the summons announced that come from the Ad code are generally in the 17 18 \$1,000 range. They start at around \$500 and they go 19 up to \$10,000. The summons for TLC rules that are 20 based on violations of TLC rules range from \$50 to 21 \$400, and the majority of those summonses are and—are 2.2 settled for or go to OATH hearing, and it results in 2.3 a payment of \$3500 or less. So, I completely sympathize with anyone who gets a summons with a very 24 25 large number in it. That is local law. That is the

Thank you.

2 requirement of OATH. Happy to discuss that with you

3 and with OATH if there is a way to help get

4 information about some drivers, but that is the

5 maximum penalty, but the TLC fines range in the

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER:

6 | hundred dollars.

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Could-if I could just ask one-one more line of questioning here. One thing that I'm very proud of that this Council has done, and we did it actively under Chair Rodriguez whose leadership in the Transportation Committee last term-last term is to focus on Vision Zero and reducing pedestrian fatalities, driver fatalities, bike fatalities and we've seen enormous progress over the last four years, and saving people lives and reducing fatalities, and crashes. Now, we don't want-I don't believe that taxi and the TLC drivers should be subject to-to disproportionate enforcement relative to private drivers like myself and others, but we worked with the NYPD to increase Vision Zero enforcement, and I know on focusing on private drivers like me and others there's really been a very

significant increase about four times as many

speeding, a red light camera and other infractions

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targeted in the places and at the locations and on the infractions that have caused deaths and fatalities and serious injuries. So about four times on private drivers. It doesn't seem to me that there's been anything like a four times increase in TLC enforcement. I wonder if you could just talk about what the TLC is doing to help the city comply with Vision Zero, how you work with the PD and how that compares and, you know, what we're doing to balance the desire to be fair and thoughtful to drives with the need to not have people get killed on our streets?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: So, it is--Vision

Zero is about changing the cultures of those drivers

[coughs] who are less than diligent on the road, and

it's something that affects all of us, whether we're

a driver, a pedestrian, a bike rider, we all use the

roads. The roads must be safe. We do a lot of

education and outreach on Vision Zero. We've visited

over 700 bases to let them know what the top ten

hazardous moving violations are, to warn them

especially about things that have tragically killed

other, the left hand turn that they need to be extra

vigilant for those things. So, we tried to focus in

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on the most dangerous behaviors that we wee, and make sure drivers understand what they are, not just to avoid a fine to avoid injuring or killing someone because the fine doesn't matter. It's the -- changing the conduct that really matters, and making sure our streets are safer. We've also prioritized our enforcement on hazardous moving violations. things like speeding and speeding over 10 miles over the speed limit. Those are things that we have a special squad that goes out and goes to the intersections that we know from DOT information are dangerous and focuses on catching speeders in those So, really by-we-you know, we have 196 sections. officers. It's a huge industry and a huge city. can't be everywhere. So, we have to prioritize, and safety comes first, and so you'll see as our summonsing records show that the majority of the summonses are illegal street hails and un-unsafe driving violations.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: And I know that

Dana Lerner, Cooper Scott's mom is here with us in

the chamber, and I think she'll testify later on what

advocates from Families for Safe Streets want to see

for us to do collectively of private drivers, of TLC

drivers more to save lives, and I guess I'll just end
with this. I-I sympathize with the stress the
drivers are feeling. I want to see you move forward
with pay regulations, with doing the things we can to
make sure people can earn a living, and that unfair
or unregulated competition doesn't make it possible
for people to feed their families. But I don't want
it come at the cost of compromising our Vision Zero
enforcement, of saving lives or of implementing the
laws that the Council has chosen to adopt. So, thank
you for your time today, Mr. Chair. Thank you for
convening this hearing.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [coughs] Commissioner, let me ask you a question: Do drivers ever get separate summonses one from the NYPD and one from the TLC for the same violation?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: [background comments] I'm going to let Chief Diana Pennetti answer that question.

CHIEF DIANA PENNETTI: Good morning. I can tell you that drivers never get the same summons for the same violation from TLC officers and NYPD.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] Let me-let me-let me advise you, you are under oath.

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 44
2	CHIEF DIANA PENNETTI: I understand that,
3	sir.
4	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay.
5	CHIEF DIANA PENNETTI: So, I will tell
6	you that during surge operations[background
7	comments] [audience protests]
8	SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Quiet please and sit
9	down.
10	CHIEF DIANA PENNETTI: I can tell you
11	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] Excuse
12	me. Do you-I-I-do
13	COMMISSIONER JOSHI: [interposing] Can I
14	ask you-can you do me a favor and just give us the
15	example you have.
16	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Yes, one moment-one
17	moment. I want to hear the Commissioner. [Speaking
18	Spanish] [audience protests] Yeah, but the young-no,
19	this, sir-sir, they're going to take you out. You
20	bot to-they're going to take you out. You got to be
21	sure that we control what's said. [background
22	comments] [Speaking Spanish]
23	SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: [interposing] Quiet,
24	please.

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay, but—I'm saying
that she's under oath, and she's a professional. She
should know what she's doing. So, not only I'm
telling you quiet, and this is the last time I'm
going to ask you to quiet down. Thank you. Let's
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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Quiet down, please, quiet down. [audience protests]

CHIEF DIANA PENNETTI: Can I tell you that under our policies and operations we do conduct joint operations with NYPD and when we conduct those operations sometimes the NYPD will issue summonses for VTL violations while the TLC officer issues a TLC violation.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] So, you're telling me—you're telling me that there are no summonses for the same violation one from you and one from the Police Department?

CHIEF DIANA PENNETTI: I will tell you that there may be two summonses issued on the same spot, but there should not be two summonses issued for the same violation. The PD should be issuing fore the VTL, the TLC should be issuing for the TLC.

information.

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Listen, I'm asking you to help because they complain, they are complaining— and they, if they can get like—

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: [interposing] And I think the way I can best help them is if we work together and share information.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: They are taking their lives. They are taking—they're committing acts of violence because they are so frustrated, so—so, under it because—

that's why they need real communication with us to understand the stressors. Now, we've met with several groups of drivers, and there are several things they've raised that we have addressed things like payment plans that were asked for, and they asked for no more down payment on payment plans. So, reduced their payment plans, which used to be \$1,500 to \$1,000 and got rid of the down payment. They asked for consumers. They brought up the issue of consumers testifying a hearings and we've discussed this with you, and I've even written letters to you explaining these are OATH's court procedure rules, and I really urge people to invoke another rule

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resolutions.

that's available to them at OATH, which they can ask the judge to require the consumer to appear in the courtroom. And so, making sure that drivers truly understand their rights would be very, very helpful, and I would appreciate working, continuing to work with you so that we get to exact issues, and exact

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: It is—it is my—my commitment and my purpose to work closely with you to be sure that we release the burden on these. Let me ask you another question.

 $\label{eq:commissioner_joshi:} \mbox{\mbox{I} think we have the} \\ \mbox{same goal.}$

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay. Do drivers ever get points—points in both the Critical Driver and—and Persistent Violator Program from the same violation? (sic)

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Again, there are different sets of rules. There is no—the Critical Driver Program is based on DMV points that you get. For example, anyone who drives and gets caught with a cell phone will get 5 DMV points. Under City Council law that translates into 5 Critical Driver points.

The Persistent Violator Rule-points come from TLC

I'm not saying summon them. I'm not saying don't do

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] We would—we would agree. We will agree to disagree, okay? Council Member Rodriguez and then Council Member Cabrera, and by the way, we are joined—we have been joined by Council Member Moya, Francisco Moya from Queens and Council Member Cabrera from the Bronx. Rodriguez, Council Member Rodriguez.

COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: Thank you Commissioner, the area where we-we're not Chair. able to finish-I think an agreement was- I mean during my time that I used to oversee the MTA, the TLC was the one about drivers getting the tickets from the Department of Motor Vehicles, and then also getting similar to the question of--to the concern that the Chairman brought and also getting the same tickets from the TLC. I believe that that area should be an area that I hope, I know that it will not be resolved here in this hearing, but I hope that working together with the Chairman you can come out with some conclusion on how to readjust in a way that someone doesn't get a ticket let's say for \$200 by the department, a police officer and ticketed by the Department the Department of Motor Vehicles, and they get additional X amount of tickets for the TLC.

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you think that there's windows t continue that conversation, and find out some solution?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Yes. So, I think we-we started on that, and I think even at the last meeting that the three of us were present at we talked about the difficulty that a driver faces when they get a summons from NYPD and then they get a summons from TLC. Not only is it two summonses, but there's a certain amount of confusion involved with that. Tack on the fact that we have to put on the maximum penalty and the words suspension and revocation and it's clearly a stressful situation. Does it have to be that way? Can there be a better way to communicate what the rules are? Obviously there can be and this is a local law that I have expressed in the past willingness to work with the Council on how to amend it where we absolutely do not compromise the safety standards, but we're able to make a law that is effective for drivers instead of being a stress.

COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: Okay, the other thing is with the taxi stand that we have in the city, I can't speak about those in Northern Manhattan, and I'm—you know that we were able to get

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some changes in some of those in Fort Washington in front of the Milstein (sic) Hospital for Washington and 168. Can we work in in a way that the taxi stand allow livery drivers to wait there to pick up some passengers?

that. We've recently done a citywide survey so that everybody knows where every stand is and what it's labeled, and that's the first step in making sure that those stands are actually labeled for the kinds of vehicles that need them. We do that in connection with DOT, but it's based on community input. So, it's people telling us that in that community there is an FHV need for a stand. So, that's project is underway and I really look forward to getting your input on how we can get it to move faster, and make sure it's accurate and reflects the community's needs.

COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: Okay. So my suggestion again at the local level is for all taxi stands that we have in Northern Manhattan to be changed in a way that livery taxis will also be allowed to pick. [Speaking Spanish] [applause]

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2 SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Be quiet. Keep it 3 down.

COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: My other suggestion, Commissioner-- First of all, I had a question on those summonses—summons thinking back based on the data that we have right now, those in Manhattan what percentage are given to the Midtown area and what percentage are given the outer borough areas?

month on our website—I'm going to show you a chart that's painfully small, but if you go on there you can see [coughs] and it shows you by precinct—I'll find it—by precinct month by month the number of summonses for the top ten violations and what those tope ten violations are. I believe the majority of the summonsing is in the Central Business District. Oh, here you go. That's the chart. It's really small, but I'm going to defer to Chief Pennetti and Louis Molina to verify that for me. [pause]

DEPUTY CHIEF MOLINA: Good afternoon,

Council Member. So, we do conduct a larger—a lot of
our enforcement in the Central Business District. I
don't have an exact percentage for you right now, but

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I can follow up with your office to get those

percentages to you to delineate which summonses are

given in the Central Business District, and which are

given Northern Manhattan.

COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: Okay, but we can agree that the largest numbers of those summons in Manhattan were given to the Central Business?

CHIEF DIANA PENNETTI: Yes, sir.

DEPUTY CHIEF MOLINA: Is that what it is?

COUNCIL MEMBER RODRIGUEZ: Okay, can you focus on enforcement more on luxury buildings, hotels? Because know what we heard, you know, loud and clear about many drivers is that it looked that there's some level of coordination between doormen in those places, and—and enforcement so that nothing happen there. So, can you—or are you—have you been looking at the situation on the lack of enforcement in front of hotels and luxury buildings?

CHIEF DIANA PENNETTI: Council Member, I can tell you that in the past year we have focused on hotels, piers, clubs, theater district, in the Central Business District of Manhattan. We have not only done it through uniformed marked patrols during general enforcement, but we've also done numerous

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decoy operations. What we have found is this-this is a problem that is consistent, and we are now exploring different ways to deter that bad behavior. We get the illegal street hails at the piers. the illegal pickups at the hotels. We're working in conjunction with the doormen. We have decoys come out of the hotels, and-and go to those-to the They get a non-yellow to pick them up doormen. that's not pre-arranged. We give them a summons. It's time consuming and it's slow. So, what we're also doing now is enforcing all the no standing, no parking, no idling laws just to keep them moving, and not have them set up at the site. But we are addressing this problem. It's-it's mostly addressed through decoy operations and observations. We stake out hotels especially and have a point car call out the offender and have a car down the block pull them over.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: You see, it seems that you have problems enforcing—enforcing in Manhattan, but you have no problem enforcing in the Bronx and Upper Manhattan. So, it's the same impasses. I wish—I wish to see the same impasses that you put enforcement in the Bronx and entrapment, and with

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this kind of tactic that you use in the Bronx and
Manhattan. What do you use down in Mid-in MidManhattan in the hotel industry?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Chair Diaz, the numbers don't support what you've said because the numbers of summonsing in the Bronx are significantly lower than the numbers of summonsing in Manhattan and sometimes the word 'entrapment' is used to describe what's actually an undercover operation. undercover operation is where one of our officers in plain clothes hails and they're picked up. After having a meeting with you, where you expressed concern about the manner in which those operations took place, we went back and did an additional refresher course for all of our officers about what an appropriate undercover operation is, and that means you cannot do things like pretend you need to go to the hospital, act like you're in dire distress. Anything that would make a driver make a decision that they wouldn't normally be inclined to make. that happens again, and I stress-

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] It's happening.

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1 COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 60 2 COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Then you need to 3 tell me about it, because you and I met in February. By March that training had rolled out since among all 4 5 of our officers as well as the new cadets. We have--[interposing] 6 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: 7 Commissioner 8 COMMISSIONER JOSHI: --employed a

disciplinary division. If you give me information, we will then review memo books, radio rooms, vehicle logs, talk to the-talk to the-the victims if they're able to, other witnesses, other people on the squad. There's a full investigative process that goes forward and only then will the officer who does such behavior get the strong and clear message that it's unacceptable. If we don't get information, if we don't get specific information, we cannot punish officers that are out of line.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] How do you--?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: [interposing] But the vast majority of our officers are hardworking and diligent people.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] I'm sorry, I'm sorry to interrupt you. I'm sorry to

please.

2	COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Drivers are
3	absolutely present in hearings. They are given
4	notice of the hearings, but you have asked me to take
5	action someone based on broad allegation of what you
6	call abuse, and what you call entrapment. This is
7	America. There's due process. So, who am I holding
8	responsible? What officer? Don't I need evidence
9	against that particular officer? Doesn't that
10	officer get entitled to see the evidence against
11	them, and that's why it must be on a case-by-case
12	basis, and we're extremely strict with that
13	information. There have been cases where we get
14	allegations and we thoroughly investigate them, but
15	everybody deserves the same level of Constitutional
16	protection and to see the evidence that is lodged
17	against them. A general allegation of abuse doesn't
18	serve either of us getting towards the mutual goal we
19	have of respectful enforcement. It may make people
20	feel riled up. It may make drivers feel emotional,
21	but it doesn't actually move the ball forward. So, I
22	hope that you will feel comfortable enough to give me
23	those specific examples so we can take action.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: I'll give you a thousand of them.

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2 COMMISSIONER JOSHI: I would love to have 3 them. Thank you.

council Member Rodriguez: Commissioner, one general complaint that I hear from drivers is that [background comments] is that sometimes, and I'm for the rider's right to be a protected, but what I heard many times is that if someone is in the back—if a passenger put a complaint on a driver, that driver get a ticket from the TLC without having a fair hearing where the passenger is called to go to TLC and face that driver. Is that happening, and if that's happening, can that be changed?

take place in an OATH hearing. That's the Office of Administrative Trials and Hearings. It's a separate agency than ours, and they have different rules that govern their courtroom. Under the rules the complainant is allowed to appear by telephone, and I am very, very cognizant that many drivers feel that is unfair. They show up in person and the complainant phones in. So, I have—I think in a letter to you and both in meetings said this is something we need to discuss with OATH about how to change procedures so that there is a sense that the

Thank you, Commissioner.

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- now, the Chairman can discuss it with the agency, but I think that, of course, if it doesn't put at risk the safety, you know, if it's a driver that he or she, or like in large numbers of number, but the driver doesn't have a criminal record, that driver his license is not suspended. I think that we should discuss putting a moratorium. [Speaking Spanish]
- CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: A problem is it? No. [applause]

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: I want to follow up.

There is an important pathway for passengers and consumers to report information. So, whatever the pathway forward is we can't make—we can't put obstacles in—on that because that is a passenger's rights to have a safe and legal ride. There is a number that you asked me for Chair Diaz prior to this hearing that might be hopeful for me to get you right now. How many people are found guilty after a hearing, and how many people are found not guilty.

In 2017, 38% of the hearings was—ended with a guilty finding, and 61% ended with a non guilty finding.

[audience protests]

1 COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 66 2 SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Keep it down, please. 3 Keep it down please. [background comments] 4 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Councilman Cabrera. 5 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you so much, Mr. Chair. Congratulations on your first 6 7 hearing as the chair of this committee. 8 Commissioner, I'm actually not in this committee. However, I do chair the Government Operations Committee and I keep hearing you mention OATH. 10 11 12 13

like to address that in a second, but I have also as well many, many of my constituents, some of them that are here who live in my district. I have one of those districts that has one of the most livery drivers who live in my district. So, this is really, really important to me. The-the first thing I'd like to address here I-I'm-I'm pretty sure this is not the first time you're getting the sense that the-part of the problem here is the tone, the perception and often justifies that justified that there's a level of aggressiveness that comes from the TLC towards the livery drivers. Let me give you an example of that. In 2015, actually from 2012 to 2015, TLC had an enforcement and they seized over 21,000 as you

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remember. Then that was taken to court, and the

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judge ruled in favor of the livery caps. Then for some reason that to this day I still don't understand you try to implement it back again after the courts said this is unconstitutional. There was no probably cause. There's not enough, you know, system in place that seems fair. Then he started again, and I could go on with the-the double ticketing that takes place, which I-I think we're playing with semantics here because the fact is that you do issue a ticket and then the Police Department gives another ticket but under a different-it's a different name. different category. So, it's the same difference. It's just a different name that-that is given. So, let's don't play with semantics. There's not a week--and I'm really upset about this-there's not a week that I don't get livery drivers that come to my office that call me that stop me in the street and they say, Council Member Cabrera, we got to do something about this. We-we get on the radio and my God the-the phone calls that we get is-is literally about this. So, this is not something that they are imagining to be. So, the first question I have for you, are we playing with semantics and/or is-are they

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2 really getting two tickets under to different
3 charges, but it's the same event that took place?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: As Council Member Rodriguez mentioned, this has been an issue for quite a while because City Council has a law called the Critical Driver, and it becomes very confusing for drivers. As I mentioned before, if you get a cell phone ticket, you're going to get a DMV ticket from the NYPD who pulls you over. If those 5 points have put you into a category where you now have 6 DMV points, you're-because you had one in the past, then you're going to get a ticket from us because you've reached a critical driver threshold as described in local law. It is confusing because now you get two. It gets even more confusing because local law says there's a 15-month lookback period and it's from the date of conviction. So, you may—the incident may have occurred years ago. If the conviction is a year later, now you're getting CD point tickets. So, I have expressed my own concern with drivers' ability to understand this process and have urged and continued to urge this committee to take up this issue, because the underlying premises supports safe driving. If the result of a complicated process

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that's in our legal—in our local law if the drivers

are getting stressed out, and they don't understand

because the time of the incident is so far away from

the time of the ticketing plus they're getting

another ticket from NYPD. We have not-together we

7 | have not achieved our goal.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: [interposing]

So, what do you suggest that we should do that youyou can propose today that will be fair?

appropriate for me to propose something on the spot today because that section is—is a complicated and lengthy section, but I am certainly happy to meet with you and the rest of the committee. There are some things that our staff has thought about in the past that we can bring to your attention, but I think clarity for the drivers to understand the primary purpose of the law, which is that we do hold TLC licensed driver to a higher standard. On the seizures, I do have to tell you seizures and forfeitures are—and in that case decision are a lot of them the forfeitures are completely of wholly unlicensed vehicles and a lot of this is really dangerous activity that happens in the commuter van

this. Okay? So, so let me-I-I-as a matter of fact,

The court-let me

that's not what the court said.

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COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES

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just read verbatim what the court said. That TLC officers who seize vehicles under the policy did not have enough information to determine probable cause to believe the vehicle was subject to forfeiture. This is a direct quote from the case. So-but the point that I'm making, Commissioner, and I hope you will appreciate what I'm talking about here is the tone. Look how many people are here today. I've been here eight years and this is one of the most fullest hearings that I have-I have been here. You could-you can understand that there is an-an-an undercurrent of contention and-and they're upset because it's not only affecting their livelihood, but imagine everyday you're under that level of stress. It has an impact on the life blood, transportation life blood of the city, and I'm with you, with those who-who need to be punished. I-I get that piece. I-I-there's not person in this entire place who's not with you with that, but I'm-what I'm talking about is that we could do better, and I'm sure you will appreciate what I'm saying that we could do better and-and getting this logistical pieces taken care of because at the very best we have in our perception problem, at the very worst we have an injustice

COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES

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procedures and policy in place that is affecting our 2 3 drivers, which is going to affect families. 4 going to affect our community especially communities 5 like mine. I'm looking forward Mr. Chairman to getting together, Commissioner and also with the 6 7 Commissioner of OATH, who I just met with last week, which I think he does a tremendous job at fairness. 8 I'm not sure if he's aware of this is taking place, but I-I would like-I-I would hope you could make the 10 11 commitment that we can meet soon, I mean this week or 12 next week so we could get to the bottom of this, and 13 if we need to change a law, let's change the law.

 $\label{thm:commissioner_joshi:} \mbox{Thank you, and I} \\ \mbox{think this is-}$

Thank you so much. [cheers/applause]

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Keep it down. Keep it down.

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: This crowd-this crowd also represents the immense number of drivers that have joined this industry in the last four or five years. We now license as many drivers as there are in the city of Syracuse. So, the more drivers there are, the more difficult it is to make a living and every little thing becomes that much more of a

COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES

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stress. This is something we're cognizant of, and we ourselves held a driver hearing last April. It lasted for six hours. We listened to testimony from drivers for six hours from some of the difficulties of trying to make a living today when there are so many other drivers on the road and so many other vehicles on the road. On the—on the case site, the forfeiture provision is for two-time offenders, and so the concern of the court is that we did not have enough information about prior offenses. And so, we didn't have not probably cause in a sense that happened in that moment, but that we had enough for forfeiture, which required knowing the history, and the court was correct on that point.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you,

Commissioner, and I'm looking forward to sitting down

and making some real changes that is going to help

not just the livery community, but all of our

communities. Thank you so much, Mr. Chairman. Thank

you for the time.

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Thank you, and we look forward to working with you.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: We have also—have been joined by Council Member Miller, and Council Member

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: The vision is that

the separate entities, government entities that

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2 govern this cannot be at lager heads. We need to 3 work together for the industry's sake to give them

more solutions to the problems that they're facing.

Council Member Miller and then we will be done with this.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay, thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Thank you, Mr. Chair, and thank you, Commissioner. This has obviously become increasingly important. We've had this hearing probably [coughs] several times a year for the last four years, which demonstrates how thethe-the for-hire has evolved, and that is the question here today: As for-hire has evolved here within the City of New York particularly in communities of color. Have-have the agencies not just TLC by other agencies' ability to-to oversee, and ensure that—that the service that is being provided are consistent with local law and-and other provisions that you-that you talked about there. And-and I just want to pivot for a minute because I know we're all here for the very same reason, but I think different-different things have brought us here today because I would submit that the answer is emphatically no that we have not demonstrated that we

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do have the ability to not just ensure and oversee that services are being delivered, but that our consumers, our customers and our constituents are safe in doing so. And that is the-the-and-and most importantly, we're also talking about the operators of these vehicles being safe as well. So, I know that you are absolutely overwhelmed, but it is what it is. We have to talk about it because we've been coming back and forth. In fact, yesterday mademarked the two-year anniversary of the death of a 16year-old that was struck and killed by an unlicensed commuter van, and there's been no resolve as of yet. And so one of the things I want to-that we want to talk about is whether or not we have selective enforcement. We're talking about enforcement in your agency is concentrating in areas of the Bronx, as opposed to Manhattan and-and so forth, and I would submit that in Southeast Queens where our problem are illegal commuter vans there's absolutely no enforcement, and that creates an unsafe and unregulated environment, and we've passed laws, andand very-and it is very unfortunate that there's been on enforcement of those laws, and you talk about us doing tours and very specific walk-throughs and that

2 indeed has happened. But I am here and I see some commuter van operators out there, legal commuter van 3 4 operators out here as well, and that we have all come together to say that we want to provide a service. 5 We want to provide a safe service, but honestly, the 6 7 Decal Program was a failure. There's more illegal 8 commuter vans on the street now than there's ever There are Florida plates, Pennsylvania plates, Georgia plates and absolutely no enforcement. 10 11 month I spoke with Chair Lhota of the MTA, and-and 12 talked about the loss of revenue and the safety of 13 the operation. A bus cannot pull over to the curb to pick up a passenger because they can't load because 14 15 the illegal vans are there. No, there is no 16 enforcement. TLC is not there to enforce to make 17 sure that passengers can safely load and be unloaded 18 from the bus, and other things, situations like that 19 that are occurring. Safety to the public is-is 20 paramount here. It is just not happening. What are 21 we going to do to make sure that the bills that were-2.2 that were almost nearly signed into law nearly one 2.3 year now are being enforced, aside from the cap. cap makes no difference if-if you have all illegals 24 out there. The-the moratorium and the study to make 25

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sure that things are—what have you learned in the past year that we can do—we can be better and we can be safer now.

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: *I'm going to defer to Deputy Chief of Enforcement Louis Molina to give you a description of our commuter van operations in the past year, but I do want to advise you of a pending piece of legislation that I hope will allow us to do broader enforcement in a way that that's necessary against commuter vans. You've brought to our attention and members of the commuter van industry have brought to our attention that today the illegals are more than 20 seats. We don't have the jurisdiction to pull those vehicles over. So, as they perform illegally we are stuck. We literally have our hands bound. So, I believe there's legislation that's going to be introduced or will be introduced that would increase our enforcement capacity so we would have the jurisdiction to pull those large vehicles over. It appears from what I talk to the commuter van industry they are becoming more and more common, and maybe because they know we cannot pull them over. So, I know we've done a tremendous amount of work in the commuter van

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industry. There is still illegal activity out there,
but I do think it's important that you understand
what we want done today.

Council Member Miller, and I've met with you in the past and I've also met with commuter van industry stakeholders that are licensed in the Queens community, and we have done significant more enforcement that we have in the past in that Queens area where the commuter van routes are located.

There has been significant enforcement increase in activity as far as unlicensed summonses given. We have also done undercover operations with many of these unlicensed drivers, and also understanding that in addition to unlicensed commuter vans, there are also unlicensed vehicles that are impacting the commuter van industry because they, too are picking up along the route.

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: We've to date seized 30 illegal commuter vans, and 15 of them we have and 12 of them are actually in forfeiture proceedings.

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: So, so, I was in a-in one of our previous meetings, there was a major enforcement piece that was taking place in Brooklyn,

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and—and we were told that that would then work its way out to Southeast Queens, and that was probably six months back. It has not happened. Now, in terms of coordination between the MTA and coordination between the NYPD, and I've spoken to Chief O'Neill as well as Chair Lhota, and everybody thinks it's a good idea, but this idea has never come-become reality, and we still see what we see there, and between thethe-the agencies and-and the authorities involved, you would think that if we were working together we would be able to accomplish this goal. I know it's a monumental task to eliminate the amount of enforcement agents that you have, but are we using all the tools in the tool box to make sure that riding public is safe?

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: We do try to do as many joint enforcement operations with NYPD as we can, but we're also happy to engage again to do additional enforcement in Southeast Queens either with or with them. Sometimes they're not available, and that's why we've started doing what we call surge operations where we deploy more of our enforcement officers in one area that's a hot spot for illegal operators of commuter vans. So, we'd be happy to

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make sure that the areas that you're most concerned about get that type of enforcement. We continue to do what we can with what we have, but I understand your situation because you still see illegal operators out there. You have to understand we're committed to this, and we'll continue to work towards it, and if it means partnering with other agencies we're happy to take the lead on making sure those meetings happen and try to get as much cooperation as we can.

thank you for that commitment and—and—and Chair I—I would love to—to—to make sure that this committee is overseeing the collaboration of the agencies and all the stakeholders involved so that we can really bring this thing to—to a—a—a head. This is something that's been going on for—for decades. We finally got the legislation past, but quite frankly, it means nothing without enforcement, and we have and no enforcement, and—and we'd like to work with you—work the committee to make sure that we clean this industry up, and we have all the people in the room that it would—that need to be in the room to make it happen. So the ball is in your court. Thank you.

2 COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Thank you.

3 COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Thank you, Mr.

Chair.

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wish to express my appreciation. Thanks for being here today. As you can see, the—the attendance really has been—it is one of the biggest here, and because people are—are concerned, people are really, really concerned and hopefully, now we're going to—we're starting something different where all of them will be feeling more comfortable, and we could stop that incidents of people killing themselves and the pressure that comes down. Thank you very much, but before I go, let me congratulate you on another skill that you showed today. You good for—you are good filibustering—[laughs]—filibustering.

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: No, those are facts. Not filibustering.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Thank you and I urge you to continue to try to really hone in on what actual are. I know you've got a liaison now that you've assigned to TLC. So, we look forward to working with her.

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2 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you. Thank you, Commissioner. Thank your stop. I-I would like to 3 4 thank you again, and I got to call Congressman Espaillat to be a witness today. So thank you Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER JOSHI: Thank you very much. Look forward to working with you. [background comments, pause]

LEGAL COUNSEL: Congressman. Is this on? [background comments] You're up. Congressman, can you please stand raise your right hand so I can swear [background comments] you in?

LEGAL COUNSEL: Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this committee and to respond honestly to all Council Members' questions?

CONGRESSMAN ESPAILLAT: [off mic] I do.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Thank you.

CONGRESSMAN ESPAILLAT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, Chairman Diaz, City Council members and those in the audience. I want to thank everybody for coming here. This is an important hearing for New York City and for my district, the 13th Congressional District in the City of New York. The New York City

2 Taxi and Limousine Commission, TLC was created in 3 1971 as the oversight commission responsible for the 4 licensing and regulation of New York City's Medallion Yellow Taxicabs, for-hire vehicles, community based liveries, black cars and luxury limousines, commuter 6 7 vans and power transit vehicles. The Commission established a board that consists of nine members 8 eight to whom are on salary commissions while the paid chair commissioner presides over regularly 10 11 scheduled public commission meetings and is the head 12 of the agency. The TLC maintains a staff of 13 approximately 600 employees assigned to various divisions and bureaus. The TLC licenses and 14 15 regulates over 50,000 vehicles and over 140,000 16 drivers. The commission is also responsible for the 17 performing safety and emission inspections of more 18 than 13,587 medallion taxicabs three times each year 19 as well as a bi-annual inspection of TLC licensed 20 for-hire vehicles making the commission the most 21 actively taxi and limousine licensee and regulatory agency in the entire United States. As of 2015, 2.2 2.3 there were a total of more that 143,000 licensed taxi and for-hire vehicle drivers in New York City 24 including 13,587 yellow taxis in New York City, and 25

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approximately 38,319 Yellow Cab drivers, 7,676 street hail livery cabs in New York City and approximately 13,455 street hail livery cab drivers. Additionally, there were 38,791 black care for-hire vehicles; 21,932 livery cab for-hire vehicles and 5,881 luxury limo cars. There were also paratransit and commuter van operators in New York City including 288 commuter van drivers for 584 vehicles, and 2,206 paratransit drivers for 1,123 vehicles. These-this industry faces great challenges. Taxi drivers face economic deprivation created by the fairly new influx of driving services and ride share applications like Uber, Lyft, Juno and Via. It is difficult to distinguish between each of these ride share services considering that many drivers provide services for multiple companies. However, it is estimated that there are nearly 56,000 Uber-Uber vehicles in operation, just over 28,000 Lyft vehicles in operation, 17,038 Juno vehicles in operation and nearly 6,000 Git vehicles in operation as well as 4,000 VIA vehicles in operation. According to a 2017 New York Times article, Uber and Lyft cars outnumber Yellow Cabs in New York City 4 to 1. In 2010, Yellow Cabs made 463,701 daily trips and brought in \$5.17

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million in daily fares during the month of November alone. Six years later, the numbers have dropped and in November 2006, the Yellow Cabs made an average of 336,736 daily trips, and brought in \$4.98 million in daily fares according to the city data. In contract and according to the same report, Uber provides an average of 226-46 rides per day in October 2016. Lyft came in a distant second with 35,908 rides according to city data while Via had 21,698, Juno had 20,426 rides and GIT had, which launched in the city in 2014 came in with 7,227 rides. Why do individualwhy do individuals drive taxis? What are some of the benefits for driving a taxi in New York City? First the taxi drivers have the ability to work hours rather than a 9:00 to 5:00 routine. While they can easily find work almost anywhere as it is a regular Secondly, higher fares favor taxi drivers especially during the weekends or busy times of the In addition, drivers are paid immediately and often are able to hold their earnings in their hand. Thirdly, the taxi industry was develop for and has long established practices that were developed to protect and create relatively stable income unlike many new technology and RUSH and share ride services.

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However, the influx of services like Uber has overtaken the industry and the market. The problems facing the city's taxi driver has become so bad that many taxi driver roam around the city unable to pick up fares. Drivers face fear, isolation and increased anxiety with their ability to make a living, their survival and livelihood. The economic hardship that the car service like Uber and its competitor services have created is a stark reality for New York City taxi drivers. The unconventional standards and unrealistic expectations for drivers in New York City has caused many individuals-individuals and long-term drivers to feel overwhelmed and anxious. Consider the economic strain and financial challenges that many drivers face. From 2013 to 2016 the gross annual car service booking of a full-time Yellow taxi driver declined falling from an annual salary of \$88,000 a year to just over \$69,000 resulting in increased bankruptcies, foreclosures, and the issues that plaque taxi drivers with mounting existential difficulties. Moreover, medallions, which grant the right to operate a taxi in New York City are now depreciating assets, and drivers who borrowed money to pay them once a sound investment strategy now many

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find themselves deeply in debt. New York City cab drivers are some of the-the hardest working drivers in the nation entrusted with the duty of getting the riders to their destination safely and swiftly. pay a premium to operate the Yellow Cabs service throughout the city and at no fault of their own, the value of their medallion has plummeted while leaving many vulnerable and unable to pay the now exorbitant loan payments due to the market condition. Let me arrive at some conclusions. As you saw, Mr. Chairman today, the Commissioner presented a very dire and troubling picture of this industry. This is not an indictment on innovation. The TLC touts on its website that it is dedicated to fostering an environment that allows for-hire industry to provide safe, innovative and accessible service. Yet, we saw three drivers this year tragically take their lives. Yet, the TLC has failed in its efforts to incorporate an open tech-new technologies; provide better accessibility for customers; create competitive rate structures for drivers; and present transparency easily available such as trip records, fares and routes. For-hire and livery vehicles face exorbitant fines like [Speaking Spanish] including fees and

2 fines for not keeping detailed records of passenger and trip records. Having outlined several issues of 3 4 concern due to my testimony today, Mr. Chairman, the TLC I offers the following recommendations to your 5 committee and to the city of New York for 6 7 consideration to ensure transparency, accountability, 8 innovation for New York City taxi, for-hire, liberal and e-hail rideshare services. [Speaking Spanish] I call for the immediate dismantlement of the TLC 10 11 Commission and create a new entity [cheers/applause] that reflects the innovative and new modes of 12 13 transportation including ride share applications. 14 [Speaking Spanish] The Taxi Limousine Commission 15 [Speaking Spanish] [cheers/applause] [Speaking 16 Spanish] Mr. Chairman, you face a great challenge. 17 I would like to work with you in creating a new 18 agency that will respond to the needs of all New 19 [cheers/applause] The second recommendation Yorkers. 20 calls for-to establish new rules and regulations that 21 incorporate modern day ride share platforms to equalize the market for all driving competitors and 2.2 2.3 better streamline the process for customers. third recommendation is to create a stand-alone 24 25 enforcement unit for the TLC. [Speaking Spanish]

Taxi Limousine Commission [Speaking Spanish] 2 3 [applause] The current system—the current system of 4 enforcement and core system is under the purview of 5 the TLC, and does not provide care operators and drivers a due process, and does not allow for a 6 7 proper oversight to take place. Find solutions to the medallion debt that New York cab driver face and 8 allow greater flexibility to ensure continuing operation of their cabs and the ability for them to 10 11 repay their loans, and the dual use of green cabs by 12 providing them-providing them from taking pre-13 arranged trips and limiting them to hail services. 14 Thus, making livery and black cars the only 15 prearranged service. Reduce the fines. 16 Spanish] for hail ride services—for hail ride for 17 livery and black car drivers and operators. 18 Currently fines for for-hire vehicles for picking up 19 street hails in the outer boroughs are \$500 for the first offense, \$1,500 for the second offense and a 20 revocation of their license for the third offense, 21 and below 96th Street \$2,000 for the first offense, 2.2 2.3 \$4,000 for the second offense [audience protests] and \$10,000 for the third offense. We must reduce 24 dramatically this fine. We should cap the industry. 25

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2 We should place a cap on the bases and in the number 3 of drivers out there. We cannot allow the industry to balloon to 200, 300,000 drivers in the city of New 4 It is unsustainable, and finally to create a 5 greater regulation for ride share services for Uber 6 7 [Speaking Spanish] Lyft and other e-hail 8 transportation services. Finally, Mr. Chairman, I want to bring greater attention to the troubling stories of entrapment. [Speaking Spanish] conducted 10 11 by the roughly 200 enforcement inspectors in the TLC. 12 Many operators of for-hire vehicles claim to have 13 received large fines for picking seemingly in-need 14 individuals only to find out that prospective 15 passenger was part of a larger network of fine 16 distribution practices. [Speaking Spanish] 17 [applause] I am deeply troubled by the fact that of 18 the top ten enforcement summonses given out by the 19 TLC in 2016, five of them were specifically for-hire 20 vehicles, the most of any TLC license type. As part 21 of my continued efforts to ensure that all taxi drivers and for-hire vehicles are treated equally, I 2.2 2.3 will be sending a letter-listen to me, Mr. Chairman. I will be sending a letter to the Department of 24

Justice to request an impartial investigation of

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selective enforcement and entrapment practices and discrimination within the TLC. [Speaking Spanish] It is my belief that the—the recommendations put forward to dismantle the TLC and rebuild the Commission with a new agency will help create an equitable market for all New York Taxi and for-hire drivers and owners as well as share rides services that will ensure transparency, accountability, and innovation for the New York City drivers and the customers they serve. Thank you for your time, Mr. Chairman, and I look forward to with you. [cheers/applause]

applause] All the voice by all. Mr. Congressman, it was an honor for me to serve with you in the State Senate. I thank that it will be a great honor now that you are in the Congress and I'm here. To those of you three, you have to remember that all of these that's happening, we're having people fighting—fighting an organization, fighting and moving and—and applying for years. A year ago—a year ago or I think it was—I think it was October 4 we formed a committee of 25, 25 leaders, and those 25 of you they have—we have been meeting with me. You look at what you have done, look at what you have

LEGAL COUNSEL: Cruising with Susan.

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That's Malcolm Rattner.

violation on behalf of our drivers. Driving a Yellow

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Taxi is more challenging today than at any point in the 100-year history of this iconic industry. in large part because while the number of licensed taxicabs has remained essentially the same over the past four years, the number of traditional livery vehicles has declined by half from 23,000 to about 14,000, but the number of black cars has increased fourfold from about 21,000 to 83,000. 63,000 of these are licensed to one entity, Uber, who has been able to flood Manhattan using instantaneous app-based services without any environmental review, any cap on their future growth, any consideration of the impact of actual need for this level of service, the impact on drivers' incomes, consumer protections or quality of life. This oversupply of vehicles is just-in just one segment of the industry while others are faltering, has led tens of thousands of Uber, Lyft and other drivers unable to meet their economic targets on our fares alone to desperately troll and congest Manhattan streets while they illegally pick up street hails for extra income. Illegal—Illegal street hails not only congest Manhattan streets, they steal fares from hardworking cabbies that pay for the right to accept hails, proposed an enormous public

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safety threat. These vehicles are not ensured to accept street hails. The driver may have a suspended license, may rip you off and may have a criminal record. Illegal street hails passenger is essentially hijacking. Before Uber, the TLC had far fewer resources than needed. Today, they are completely overwhelmed. While the number of for-hire vehicles has exploded 250% since 2012, the number of TLC agents has risen by only about 10% in that time and the TLC has not been able to increase its headcount since 2015. While Chair Joshi and her staff deserve credit for their hard work in making some improvements to the agency's performance, the TLC should be provide-prioritizing those limited resources to go after two principal violators: Those operating without any TLC license at all and license operators that perform illegal street hails in Manhattan and at the airports. Doing so would protect New York--New Yorkers' public safety and consumer rights, reduce congestion and protect the livelihoods of thousands of licensees, but there are also street hail livery operators who paid for the right to accept street hails outside the Central Business

District. Their rights need to be protected.

2	Without enforcement in the area they serve, their
3	permits are worthless. Today we are heading off a
4	cliff. With no limitations on Uber and other app-
5	based services, vehicle saturation and unfair
6	competition and the targeted and systematic
7	enforcement against licensees is leaving some driver
8	[bell] to extremesif I can just sum upas
9	evidenced by the tragic suicided of Doug-Douglas
10	Shifter just last week. Douglas droves for a
11	corporate black car service, and just couldn't adapt
12	to the lawlessness of the city streets. Equally
13	devastating is the over-summonsing of the Yellow
14	Taxicab drivers. Taxicab drivers are being ticketed
15	merely for being taxicab drivers, mostly by NYPD but
16	also by TLC and the Port Authority.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: [interposing] Quiet down.

PETER MAZER: In the past month, our resource center handled over 250 summonses, the most we've done in a single month. Meanwhile, the black market of illegal pickups at the airport has become sophisticated criminal operations, but enforcement often targets licensees who engage in technical violations that is often criminalized. The hotels

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are rife with illegal pickups. Many cabbies don't even bother to go there any more. Compounding this problem is the well-intended, but unfair consumer complaint procedure that allows every citizen whether or not a passenger to file a complaint against any taxi driver without ever coming to court. There is a lack of confidence in the various tribunals from OATH to the Traffic Violations Bureau to Criminal Court that often allows serious offenders to receive minimal punishment, but denied due process right to good drivers who question whether they can get a fair I urge this committee to use its powers and hearing. expertise to look at every aspect of the enforcement and adjudicatory process, and fix this broken process. Too many drivers are suffering because of I want to thank you for giving me the opportunity to speak, and I would be--look forward to answering any questions that you may have.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Good morning.

WARREN PROSKY: Good morning. My name is
Warren Prosky. I operate a Yellow Taxi fleet in
Brooklyn, and I will never be able to do everything I
want in two minutes, but I'm going to do my best.

25 | First of all, I'm like everyone here in this room. I

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was born in Brooklyn, I was educated in Brooklyn and I've worked in Brooklyn. So, everybody here is here for a particular reason and that's because they're New Yorkers. My family started as immigrants, and instead of carrying fruit from the Bronx Terminal Market they decided to go into the taxi business, and for 60 some odd years, I'm the third generation. son, unfortunately is the fourth generation and may not see his career in the taxi industry. Every one of us who's here today has a specific issue with enforcement. This is not 30, 40 years ago. treat every segment of taxi whether it's livery, forhire, black car, not equally based on today's world. Alright. You can't give people summonses for \$125 for a light bulb when they're not earning \$100. You can't go anywhere in the city of New York now and not look at the right and look to the left and see a TC plated car parked illegally, double-parked, stealing your fare because the person got into the wrong vehicle not knowing that you either pre-arranged or did a street hail. We're at a point now where we're fighting to just do what we're paying to do, and why do I say that? I say I go down the street, and again, I'm talking about TC plated cars and yes I'm

2 talking ride share. People who work car service, 3 people who work in communities want to support their 4 families. People who drive Yellow cabs don't get up at 3:00 in the morning because they like doing it, or go home at 4:00 in the morning. They want a little 6 7 piece of their American dream and they've lost it. The city is allowed because of the lack of 8 enforcement. Right in front of a hotel for instance in Manhattan it says: Taxi Only, but there are no 10 11 taxis there. There are no car services there. What 12 do you see? You see TC plated cars sitting there for 13 hours waiting for a ride that they may not get for hour. You see in metered spots all over the city in 14 15 municipal lots, people sleeping in cars with TC 16 plates. Car service people don't do that. 17 Taxi people don't do that. Yet, every New Yorker 18 here walks down the street and sees somebody sleeping 19 There's no money in the meter, and at a meter. 20 there's no income coming into the city. Alright, 21 we're getting pulled over in the Yellow industry 2.2 because we're a target. In the communities you go to 2.3 Kings Plaza, you go to Queen Center. Do you operate the way you're supposed to operate? No, because 24 you're fighting with 20 cars or 30 cars that are not 25

supposed to be there. There is nothing wrong. Ride
share is a good thing, except everybody here has got
some regulation: What they can charge, where they
could be, what they've got to do. Not ride share. I
have a driver who needed glasses. He almost went to
jail because when he hit the meter at the end of his
fare, guess what happened? He went to the out-of-
town mode on his meter for those guys who know what
I'm talking about. Yet, at the same time, there are
people who go to work everyday using ride share of
their choice, but the city doesn't call getting
ripped off an \$8.00, the next day it's \$26.00, the
next day it's \$14.00. Yellow Cab can't do it, car
service can't do it. You agree with a fare and you
charge it. I have a metered rate. I charge it.
There's another thing and I-and I know this is
enforcement and I'm sorry. I'll be very quick.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [coughs] I—I would like to meet with you, and the staff to see—You're telling me that the Yellow Car has different—Uber has different rules that the Yellow car.

MALE SPEAKER: Absolutely.

WARREN PROSKY: Here's—here's what I'm going to tell you.

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2 SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: [interposing] Keep it down, please.

WARREN PROSKY: We all interpret what we believe the city mandates we do. Yellow follows the rules, for-hire follows the rules.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: They know the way. (sic)

WARREN PROSKY: No, listen a minute.

For-hire-everybody follows the rules, and we're getting something kicked, right? They do whatever they want.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Who's they?

WARREN PROSKY: Ride share, okay, okay.

14 | Uber, Lyft, Via, Juno--

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Give me their names, give me their names.

WARREN PROSKY: Okay, my point is we all just to make a living. We all want to make a living, and I will tell you it is something that is bothered me lately, and I'll just throw it in quick, Green cars. They had an opportunity. The city didn't help them.

23 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: The Green cars?

WARREN PROSKY: Green cars.

sorry. Everybody will get their chance. The city of

everyone present, and all you have to understand that

wisdom has put-

2 have taken it away. They have been threatened. 3 have been put out of business. This has to do with the TLC-the Taxi and Limousine Commission. 4 has to do with whoever allowed 80,000 cars to hit the street without-without any EPA being done on it. 6 7 Whoever thought without any-any-what word am I 8 looking for? Without-without any enforcement that this would ever happen. It happened. On top of it, the TLC we all know is making tons of money right 10 11 now, but they can't afford to hire any more 12 inspectors, 167 inspectors. That's like-that's like 13 going fishing in fish tank. There's nothing-there's-14 I don't think they should be in the Bronx. 15 you should the Police Department in the Bronx. think the TLC enforcement should be in the business 16 17 area, and I think Diane Pennetti should get the tools of the trade that she needs to enforce all these 18 19 rules, and why does Uber and Lyft and Juno have 20 special rules? That is mind-boggling. I feel terrible for the minorities that invested in this 21 2.2 business. I myself started in this business 2.3 [applause] when I was 13 years old sweeping floors. I have a daughter sitting right over there, alright, 24 that says to me everyone morning, Dad, take it easy. 25

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay.

MALCOLM RATTNER: --showing cars left laying around. I'm okay, sir. Alright, but what I'm trying to say is why hire a cop's cop like Diane Pennetti and not give her the tools of the trade. Ιf a carpenter showed u at your house to put a roof on--SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: [interposing] Keep it down, please.

MALCOLM RATTNER: --and didn't bring his saw and his hammer, what are you here for? And on-on that part that's it, and if you need me for anything else I'm more-- But I want to mention one other thing.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: No, we have to go. got to go.

MALCOLM RATTNER: We'll go. This cop's cop that they hired, Diane Pennetti, goes out at 4:00 in the morning on her own time, and looks at all these areas, alright, when the TLC has never done this, and the hotel people working at the hotels alright, to get a fare out of there you got to put \$20 in the trunk of your car. That's insane.

[background comments, pause]

those fines that we are receiving that you as the—as

himself in his head.

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 114
2	PEDRO AGUIAR: [Speaking Spanish]
3	TRANSLATOR: As of today, I would like to
4	add that we all work together in memory of these-of
5	these three drivers that lost their lives due to the
6	industry.
7	PEDRO AGUIAR: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR: [applause] Thank you to the
9	25 before the Commission, and thank you Ruben Diaz.
10	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: Yeah? [coughs]
11	Thank you guys for giving me the opportunity.
12	[Speaking Spanish]
13	TRANSLATOR: Good afternoon,
14	distinguished personalities, persons in this
15	municipal room.
16	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
17	Spanish]
18	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]
19	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
20	Spanish]
21	TRANSLATOR: My name is Hector Leonardo
22	Herman, also known one to two. (sic)
23	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
24	Spanish]

mainly to take us with solutions that are real

Andrew Cuomo, our ambitious and arrogant policies.

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 117
2	He didn't hesitate and gave all the rights and power
3	to the apps companies like Uber, Lyft-
4	SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: [interposing] Keep it
5	down.
6	TRANSLATOR:Via and others.
7	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
8	Spanish]
9	TRANSLATOR: We'll use Uber as an example
10	since it's the company that has affected the most to
11	our industry with a 63% of the customers leaving our
12	industry to go with Uber.
13	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
14	Spanish]
15	TRANSLATOR: We would like to ask all
16	Council and authorities to please give this committee
17	all their support that is—that has started being with
18	Reverend Diaz as the head of this committee.
19	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
20	Spanish] [bell]
21	TRANSLATOR: Okay, we would like-we want
22	to support the proposals brought by Congressman
23	Adriano Espaillat about TLC being dismantled, but
24	before we would like the TLC to be held accountable

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 118
2	for many of the summonses that they have issued our
3	taxi drivers which they have enriched themselves.
4	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
5	Spanish]
6	TRANSLATOR: Okay, a street hail and taxi
7	must be reviewed mid-yearly because they have not
8	complied with the service needed in the Uptown areas
9	where they will mainly operate and for which they
10	were created.
11	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
12	Spanish]
13	TRANSLATOR: We are providing a service
14	to the Uptown area of the boroughs, which no green
15	car or taxi-or Yellow Taxi are found, and even though
16	the customer is not aware that they are breaking the
17	law, we are providing a service for them.
18	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
19	Spanish]
20	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]
21	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
22	Spanish]
23	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]
24	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: Yellow.
25	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]
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1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 119
2	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
3	Spanish]
4	TRANSLATOR: Yeah, okay. We-we
5	[laughter] would like to—the elimination of the
6	program of Critical Driving that was created by the
7	Commissioner Meera Joshi. Also, the taxi—a lot of
8	people are being held in the street because they—they
9	have always done that.
10	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
11	Spanish]
12	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]
13	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
14	Spanish]
15	TRANSLATOR: We would like the Committee
16	to re-evaluate the prices that the apps have in order
17	to be fair to all drivers.
18	HECTOR LEONARDO HERMAN: [Speaking
19	Spanish]
20	
21	TRANSLATOR: Reduce or stop the emission
22	of new plates for taxis, which they said that more
23	than 2,000 plates are coming out from Albany every
24	month.

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 121
2	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
3	TRANSLATOR: It is so severe that it
4	overpasses the city Mayor Bill de Blasio.
5	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
6	TRANSLATOR: And it passes the
7	Constitution of the United States violation.
8	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
9	TRANSLATOR: Because the Constitution
10	tells me
11	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
12	TRANSLATOR: You cannot be found guilty
13	twice for the same act.
14	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
15	TRANSLATOR: In which Taxi and Limousine
16	Commission has this practice on a daily basis behind
17	our men and women behind the wheel.
18	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR: Where the Department of
20	Transit give you a summons of \$300
21	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
22	TRANSLATOR:TLC surpasses that summons
23	with the amount of \$1,000.
24	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 122
2	TRANSLATOR: On behalf of all my
3	colleagues that we have
4	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR:on our streets
6	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
7	TRANSLATOR:to find our bread of our
8	family
9	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
10	TRANSLATOR:and giving the community a
11	service.
12	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
13	TRANSLATOR: A first class
14	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
15	TRANSLATOR:because when you're going
16	to pick up a passenger from door to door that doesn't
17	have a price.
18	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR: Reverend Ruben Diaz
20	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]
21	TRANSLATOR:we know he's not going to
22	make miracles because miracles are performed by God.
23	VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]

VALBUENA FLORES: [Speaking Spanish]

down please.

WILLIAM MARTEZ: [Speaking Spanish]

drivers.

COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES

2 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] MR.

3 Martez. My name is William Martez. (sic)

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Mr. Martez and Mr.

5 Aguiar, I would like to—for the two of you I would

6 like to express my thanks and my appreciate because

7 you spent time with me in the 20-in the group of 25

8 trying to deal with the problem. So, I-I would like

9 for you to continue working with me and that group,

10 and thank you for being here today. [Speaking

11 | Spanish] One more associate will testify. Dan

12 Lerner. I think that is what it is really.

13 FEMALE SPEAKER: Dana Lerman.

14 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Dana Lerman, Matthew

15 Dose?

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MATTHEW DOSS: Doss.

17 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Doss. He used to be

18 | Commissioner of TLC, Matthew Doss; Margaret Lopez,

19 | Pastor Rosella Barsora (sp?) and Pablo Urdana, the

20 | group from VeintiCinco. [background comments, pause]

21 | Let's start with Matthew Doss. He used to be the

22 | Commissioner of TLC. I don't know if we started with

23 \parallel him or not. So, let's hear what he says. Hello.

24 DIANA LERNER: Yeah, I would like to

25 start, please. Okay. Thank you so much. My name is

Dana Lerner and I am a member of Families for Safe 2 3 Streets, a group no one wishes to join. We have all 4 lost loved ones who were seriously injured in a traffic crash. First, I would like to send my 5 condolences to the family and friends of Douglas 6 7 Shifter and the other families who've also suffered 8 these terrible losses. It's a horrific tragedy, and I understand the pain too well because four years ago a reckless taxi driver killed my 9-year-old son. 10 11 was walking down the street-he was walking across the street with his father hand-in-hand. He had the 12 13 right-of-way, and the-and the driver struck them both 14 and killed my child. Cooper was full of life. 15 laughter was hysterical. He made everybody-everyone around him feel good. He loved life, and I will 16 never understand why this man chose to drive so 17 18 dangerously and how he could insist that he did not 19 see my husband who's 6 foot 3 inches tall and my 20 child right in front of him. Imagine the horror of a 21 father watching his child killed right before his There are no words to adequately describe the 2.2 2.3 agony our family lives with every moment of every day. The driver killed all of us that day, and all 24 he received was a traffic ticket, a traffic ticket 25

2 for killing my child. There is a complete lack of 3 justice. We are sympathetic to the-to the 4 challenging work environments and economic situations that many drivers confront as they seek economic 5 opportunity for themselves and their families. 6 7 deserve a living wage, and there are many things that 8 could be done including raising rates, limiting the number of for-hire vehicles, but sacrificing safety is not an option. If you chose to be a professional 10 11 driver, it is your job to drive the utmost care. 12 There are no excuses for breaking the law. 13 are breaking the law, you should be penalized so that you change your behavior. It is also essential that 14 15 drivers-that dangerous drivers be taken off the road 16 so no one else gets hurt or killed. If you are an 17 unlicensed driver, you have absolutely no right to 18 consider yourself worthy of this job. Not everybody 19 is capable of or should be driving a taxi in New York 20 City. When the NYPD and the TLC issues-issues 21 tickets to drivers who are speeding or making 2.2 reckless turns or takes actions against drivers, they 2.3 are protecting all of us. These laws are put into place because the TLC is working to protect New 24 Yorkers and to save people's lives including the 25

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drives' lives and family members. In fact, the communities where many drivers live are particularly dangerous. Tragically, residents in low-income communities are three times more likely to be gilledbe killed in a traffic crash. There is so much that needs [coughs] excuse me. There is so much that needs to be done, and we are here today to demand that New York City and the TLC do more to protect New Yorkers for Cooper, for my son, for the hundreds killed each year and the thousands who are seriously

injured every year. Alright, I'm done.

MATTHEW DOSS: Good afternoon. First of all, congratulations to Chairman Diaz for this new committee. I think it's a great idea and also you're in great hands with former Chairman Chris Lynn who I know both of you and the Committee certainly have been standing up for drivers your entire career, and this is a day about drivers. My name is Matt Doss. I'm the former New York City Taxi and Limousine Commissioner and Chairman. I served from a few months before 9/11 until 2010. Since then, I've been teaching and researching up at City College in Harlem for the U.S. Department of Transportation Research Center studying these issues and lecturing around the

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world on these issues. I have not since I left the TLC out of respect for my successor and successors testified at the TLC or at the Council. This is the first time. I think this is the right time to talk about some of the issues, and I'd like to first of all recognize the memory of Doug Shifter. Doug and I were both columnists for the Black Car News, and-and the other terrible tragedies. Suicide is not an answer, but certainly the timing of it could not have been more eerie. Doug took his life on the same day, this February 5th that we had the taxi riots in 1934 in this city with not exactly the same situations, but a lot of the similar problems that we're facing now. After-when the Great Depression hit there was an oversupply of taxicabs, and people couldn't hear a living, and we had riots in the street, and ultimately that led to the creation of the medallion system, and the Haas Act in 1937 by Alderman Haas, and Mayor La Guardia. Now, we're ironically in-in a situation where we have big problems that have transpired since I've left. There were problems there before, but a lot more have compounded, and number 2, the Council can and has a unique opportunity to make a difference just like they did

2 with Ms. Lerner's son Cooper passing Cooper's Law. 3 Now is the moment in the time where I think a lot of the issues can be addressed, you know, heretofore. 4 So, I just want to quickly define the problem and 5 make three suggestions and recommendations and offer 6 my services to the committee if you ever need any 7 8 reports or any advice for my new perspective. Since I left TLC, the number of vehicles overall has doubled. The number of medallions, we put medallions 10 11 on the road over a thousand. There a less medallions 12 on the road now because they're mostly in storage. 13 So, there's actually less Yellows on the street. The 14 number of for-hire vehicles has tripled, green cabs 15 are not what they would—they ended up thinking they 16 would be. They're not making money like they should 17 have been. There are over 69,000 Uber vehicles, 18 which is more than half of the number of vehicles out 19 there, and on top of that there's -there's problem 20 with surge pricing. Surge pricing, which is charging 21 during rush hour, which is the worst possible time to 2.2 encourage drives to come out on the road, you know, 2.3 two or three times the fare. I know that there's been some proposed legislation to that effect. Surge 24 pricing when you have too many cars. It was great 25

2 thing at the beginning for the drivers. They would 3 work less hours and make more money, but as the numbers of Ubers grew, drivers are now making less 4 leading to some of these situations. There's an uneven playing field. The Yellow medallion industry 6 7 has paid in my-by my estimates over \$600 million in 8 MTA taxes. You know, so there's an uneven playing field, but nobody has been spared the growth of thisthis problem. The surge pricing and the-the 10 11 unchecked growth, which the Council looked into a 12 couple of years ago, and I'd urge you to teak another 13 look at it. That unchecked growth has caused a lot 14 of these economic problems just like they did that 15 led to the creation of the medallion system. So, I-I, you know, and—and just one little aside on the yellow 16 17 industry because these are people that laid out, you 18 know, their life savings on the line, putting their 19 kids through college, taking out loans. Forty percent 20 of the taxi trips went down. Revenue went down 23% 21 since I left, and last but not least, the medallion 2.2 values have plummeted over 60%. That highlights I 2.3 think the problems. The Council an the TLC have tried to do a few things to help the Universal 24 license and, you know, fixing some of the medallion 25

2 rules, but I think there are three suggestions I 3 would make real quickly because I know there's a lot 4 of people that want to be heard: Number 1: As an-as an emergency action item I would take a look at that 5 legislation that you put in a few years ago and now 6 7 you have a new Speaker. Let's take a fresh look at 8 it, and I'm not saying that their- Look, you just capped commuter vans. You capped the number of commuter vans by legislation. Let's take a look at a 10 11 growth limitation, not for everybody. I mean 12 everybody has been hurt by-by this growth. 13 livery, black car and limousine companies that have 14 gone out of business. The cap should be for those 15 with great responsibility and great resources. 10 or 20,000 vehicles or more. Number 2: Ban surge 16 17 pricing, okay, during rush hour unless you're sharing 18 rides. Make better use of the cars that are on the 19 road during rush hour. Require that if you're going 20 to surge price Uber, Lyft and whoever wants to do it, 21 you have to two or three different passengers in the 2.2 car, and last but not least enforcement. This is an 2.3 issue of priority I believe. You know, I think number 1, we need to enlist more citywide folks in 24 this effort. First of all, you should get the Police 25

and honor.

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: And I will ask them to meet with you and, you know, give us—and let's see what we could do today. Thank you and—

MATTHEW DOSS: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish] to all of you. I may have to listen to you, and I will listen to you, but I hope—I hope after you speak, you sit down and listen to the rest. [Speaking Spanish] So, gracias.

PASTOR ROSELLA BARSORA: Good afternoon,
Mr. Chairman. Thank you for giving me the
opportunity to express myself.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] State your name. What is it?

PASTOR BASORA: My name is Pastor Rosello Basora. (sic)

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay.

PASTOR BASORA: And I have 15 points to present to you, but in two minutes, I don't think I'm going to report it, but I remember back in the time 2000-2013, the second mayoral debate, Mayor Bill de Blasio he promised to us Minutes 41 Second Mayoral Debate, Mayor Bill de Blasio he promised to us TLC have too much powers. They need to do something with

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that power. Oh, yes, they did something. Do you-do you want to know what they did? They tripled the powers of TLC, and then do you know, do you want to know what they did? They tripled-not triple. It's far from being tripled. They multiplied time and time over the ticket from \$50 they increased the penalty to \$4,000 ticket. It's crazy. I'm here on behalf of-of all those people that are crying outside. I am here-when I was here on behalf of the passengers, the drives of those families that they are suffering right now. I remember when Ms. Meer Joshi, the Taxi and Limousine Commissioner when they said, and I have the record, I recorded it myself. She said, Eighty-three percent of the drivers they are good drivers, and now I been listening to too many lies today here. I am not right here to point my finger on nobody, but everybody right now right here know who's lying because she say 83% of drivers our livery drivers they are good drivers. Now, she come with another history now because it's not about the payments, see. You're about to educate them. You go-you go to educate them with a \$4,000 ticket, no. What you are doing is making driver to jump out

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 138
2	from the building, blow out brains, your—the head and
3	so on. Thank you. [pause]
4	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR: [off mic] Good afternoon,
6	Reverend. [on mic] Good afternoon, Reverend, all my
7	friends that are company here, and all people that
8	are in the same battle.
9	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
10	TRANSLATOR: With, sir, the time, you
11	shouldn't worry. I will try to be as-be as brief as
12	possible.
13	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
14	TRANSLATOR: Brief because I know that
15	that whatever I'm about to say is going to be precise
16	with everyone that's present.
17	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
18	TRANSLATOR: I could add that we are in a
19	moments that are historical definitely.
20	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
21	TRANSLATOR: Not historical because of
22	what our Congressman Espaillat offered or promised
23	us.
24	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 139
2	TRANSLATOR: I hope that his words
3	correspond with his being.
4	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR: I sat that it's an
6	historical moment—historical moment because as of
7	today
8	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
9	TRANSLATOR:I apologize for the
10	mixture of language.
11	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
12	TRANSLATOR: I believe that I am adding
13	today elements
14	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
15	TRANSLATOR:additional for the future.
16	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
17	TRANSLATOR: Be able to tell my
18	grandchildren and maybe my great grandchildren
19	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
20	TRANSLATOR:that still at the year of
21	2018—
22	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
23	TRANSLATOR:and the city of New York
24	the capital of the world
25	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 140
2	TRANSLATOR:the Mayor of the city and
3	the Council
4	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR:have given them the tools
6	to an agency of Taxi and Limousine.
7	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR:and behind the-for seeking
9	of making money and money.
10	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
11	TRANSLATOR:they will use strategic
12	elements that are available.
13	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
14	TRANSLATOR:with the only objective
15	[Speaking Spanish]
16	TRANSLATOR:I repeat money, money,
17	money behind that method.
18	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR: With the authorization of
20	extortion we have Mafia
21	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
22	TRANSLATOR:have convicted many of the
23	drivers from the city and the state.
24	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 141
2	TRANSLATOR: Permanently stressed and
3	paranoid
4	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR:as a consequence in the
6	confinement of
7	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR: We don't need to be
9	psychiatrist, psychologists to know the behavior of
10	our human beings.
11	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
12	TRANSLATOR: To understand that our
13	drivers are being cornered by an inspector of the
14	city of New York.
15	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
16	TRANSLATOR: Especially if they own rent
17	to their landlord. [bell]
18	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR: Company to the insurance
20	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
21	TRANSLATOR:to the idea of the vehicle
22	in which you drive.
23	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
24	TRANSLATOR: I don't justify consequences
25	get-that driver will have, but I understand.

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 142
2	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
3	TRANSLATOR: The potential and reaction
4	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR:when you find yourself in
6	this situation.
7	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR: Knowing that you will not be
9	free from that agent from Tax and Limousine. [bell]
10	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
11	TRANSLATOR: I hope that as of this
12	moment, there's a before and after in this city.
13	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
14	TRANSLATOR: For the wellbeing of a
15	sector it's very important and behalf that they pay
16	their taxes
17	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
18	TRANSLATOR:maintain their homes
19	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
20	TRANSLATOR:and also maintain all the
21	expenses in the city of New York.
22	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]
23	AMADA LOPEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
24	TRANSLATOR: My name is Amada Lopez.
25	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 143
2	TRANSLATOR: Good afternoon. My name is
3	Pablo Urena.
4	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR: I am a taxi driver and I
6	drive an HSL Green Taxi.
7	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR: I am very hurt to the
9	testimony that the lady testified prior.
10	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
11	TRANSLATOR: And I would like to tell the
12	woman that was here that we never come out to the
13	street to hurt anyone.
14	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
15	TRANSLATOR: We also have families and
16	children.
17	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
18	TRANSLATOR: We respect and love our
19	families.
20	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
21	TRANSLATOR: I am very sorry of what
22	happened, and only God knows why things happen.
23	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
24	TRANSLATOR: In the order that we have at
25	this moment I would like to say

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 144
2	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
3	TRANSLATOR:the words that the
4	gentleman had left written in front of City Hall
5	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
6	TRANSLATOR:he says—he says in those
7	words that he blames the Governor and the Mayor.
8	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
9	TRANSLATOR: I am doing this because it
10	drove to the situation of what I have worked in this
11	industry.
12	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
13	TRANSLATOR: Taking in consideration of
14	all the persons he mentioned
15	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
16	TRANSLATOR:he said first Bloomberg
17	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish] [bell]
18	TRANSLATOR:I remember perfectly it
19	was a phrase of Bloomberg's daughter: We are
20	daughters of everyone
21	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
22	TRANSLATOR:which means if I eat, the
23	person in front of me has to also eat.
24	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 145
2	TRANSLATOR: If I go in terms of what
3	Cuomo said, how can I interpret it?
4	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR: Not with his words, but his
6	actions.
7	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR: The Governor will say in the
9	State of New York it's Uber.
10	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
11	TRANSLATOR: If I translate to what Bill
12	de Blasio also said in his agenda
13	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
14	TRANSLATOR:he would say in his words:
15	New York City is Yellow
16	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
17	TRANSLATOR:and in this case for me to
18	conclude, I would like to say that New York is for
19	everyone. PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
20	TRANSLATOR: This topic falls behind
21	everyone. This industry is of everyone.
22	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
23	TRANSLATOR: We need that you
24	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 146
2	TRANSLATOR: We need for you to help us
3	find a solution to the taxi industry.
4	PABLO URENA: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR: Thank you.
6	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]
7	[applause] [background comments] Alice Baez, Jose
8	Altamirano, Johan Semelo; and Juan-Juan Eradia, and
9	Nancy Reynoso. [background comments, pause]
10	[Speaking Spanish] Okay.
11	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish] Buenos
12	Diaz.
13	TRANSLATOR: Thank you. Good morning-
14	good afternoon. My name is Juan Eradia.
15	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
16	TRANSLATOR: Today has been a day—a very
17	important day for us
18	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR:because we have heard
20	things
21	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
22	TRANSLATOR:that we were very anxious
23	to hear prior.
24	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 147
2	TRANSLATOR: We have to be thankful to
3	the Chairperson of this new committee
4	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR:for-for the Speaker.
6	JUAN ERADIA: Corey Johnson.
7	TRANSLATOR: Corey Johnson
8	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
9	TRANSLATOR:for the creation of this
10	committee.
11	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
12	TRANSLATOR: To treat topics of the
13	jurisdiction of the taxi industry.
14	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
15	TRANSLATOR: We don't want to prolong
16	allowed to give opportunities to others.
17	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
18	TRANSLATOR: But we would like to get
19	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
20	TRANSLATOR:on with this committee.
21	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
22	TRANSLATOR: It has arrived in a moment
23	where the industry has converted into a chaos
24	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 150
2	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
3	TRANSLATOR: And I have several examples
4	of this.
5	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
6	TRANSLATOR: [interposing] A number of
7	taxis
8	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
9	TRANSLATOR:and which they have [bell]
10	illegally.
11	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
12	TRANSLATOR: For and which we expect to
13	receive some kind of decision on these drivers that
14	they have not returned their vehicles back.
15	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
16	TRANSLATOR: Revise everything that this
17	industry acquired
18	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR:and they want to improvise
20	in front of us a monopoly that they implemented
21	against us.
22	JUAN ERADIA: [Speaking Spanish]
23	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish] I
24	would like-I would love for you to meet with Jenny on
25	that—on that information because now we have a lot—

about the dismantle of the TLC agency because that

2 agency has worked on their own-own law because she 3 have different law and different enforce to apply the 4 law to the same person or to the-to the same companies and the-and the area of business. 5 they have a lot of interest in that-in that-in that 6 7 and [bell] in the industry, and they don't see that 8 rides-they don't see that the innocent-they don't see the workers. They don't see persons. Nothing. only see the money, and the other things in-is that 10 11 we-we demand to that Uber is-is more this stuff because it's a real distortion in the industry 12 13 because the-the only monopoly accept is by the state. The state can't hurt that the monopoly to a private 14 15 company. That's a wrong—a wrong path because when we 16 see the story, the private monopoly. They-they have 17 it all. They—they—they don't stop it at nothing, 18 and Uber has shown they don't care about it. 19 don't care about nothing, the law ore anything. They 20 only care about the money. A person, they have 21 mandates, our city and they [bell] have a mandate to 2.2 our destiny. They come to all the city, and they-2.3 bring another city's element, and that case is the personnel of the agency, the TLC working for them, 24 and this-and then they-they-they act-they're acting 25

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 153
2	like a conflict of interest, and then who-who are the
3	sacrifice for that kind of policies? Us, the
4	drivers, all drivers. I don't-I'm talking about the
5	Yellow cabs and I'm talking about the liveries-
6	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay.
7	ARIS WHITE:and all drivers.
8	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay.
9	ARIS WHITE: And
10	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: And that
11	ARIS WHITE: Another thing, sir.
12	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: We have to move.
13	ARIS WHITE: Okay.
14	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: We have 50 more
15	people.
16	ARIS WHITE: Right, just one second, and
17	another part is about the healthcare and our demands
18	of the social care, we have the drivers, and then we
19	have a proportion. I would to-to meeting with you
20	about [bell] we have a-we have a project about
21	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay, gracias,
22	gracias. [Speaking Spanish]
23	ARIS WHITE: Thank you.
24	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Gracias.

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 154
2	JOHAN SEMELO: [Speaking Spanish] Johan
3	Semelo.
4	TRANSLATOR: My name is Johan Semelo.
5	JOHAN SEMELO: [Speaking Spanish]
6	TRANSLATOR: I belong to the group of
7	Drivers in Defense and also 25
8	JOHAN SEMELO: [interposing] [Speaking
9	Spanish]
10	TRANSLATOR: Since the law of Borough
11	taxes picking up the street
12	JOHAN SEMELO: [Speaking Spanish]
13	TRANSLATOR:I was one of the fortunate
14	that was issued a ticket in 2014.
15	JOHAN SEMELO: [Speaking Spanish]
16	TRANSLATOR: In 2015 I became seriously
17	ill.
18	JOHAN SEMELO: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR: I saw myself between life
20	and death.
21	JOHAN SEMELO: [Speaking Spanish]
22	TRANSLATOR: Where my brothers, family
23	members and colleagues told me many things.
24	JOHAN SEMELO: [Speaking Spanish]

mean it's been really hard to with obviously the

illegal activity going around us. And when I say

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proposal? Where and when--

to meet with you--

talk about it. No, we don't want to talk about.

livery base owners. We represent over 150 livery

bases in New York City. Our member bases serve

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approximately 150,000 New Yorkers each day in every borough. Our members are striving working class immigrants from whom English is a second language. We employ approximately 12,000 drivers who are hard working immigrants themselves. Many of our base owners are also drivers or entrepreneurs who have scrimped and saved to invest with friends and family to open a small business and serve their community. We serve a population that does not have other reliable transportation options. We help Abuela get to her doctor's appointment, a security guard get home safe from this late night shift and transport countless families to school and to pick up their groceries. We are a centric component of many of New York City neighborhoods especially outside of the commercial corridors of the Central Business District of Manhattan. But our heavily regulated industry is going through unbearable changes. Some changes are the result of technology, and others are the result of poor policy decisions. As we struggle to protect our business, our government institutions have sadly not been there to support us. Rather, the city has pursued a course of increasingly punitive measures of taxis regulating and fining, which threatens the

livelihood of the drivers and bases all while not 2 3 promoting safe licensed education activities. 4 measures as we discussed have eroded our trust in the Taxi and Limousine Commission. We are here to day to 5 call on our government to work for us and with us. 6 7 We recognize the need to punish bad actors, but we 8 also want our government to support and reward the good actors. First, we have to point out that TLC has recently enacted wheelchair accessibility rules, 10 11 which threaten to bankrupt the industry. Despite the 12 pleas of small businesses and drivers, in December 13 the TLC passed a rule that would force based to 14 dispatch 25% for our calls to wheelchair accessible 15 vehicles. Our drivers do not own these vehicles. They will neither—they will either lose 25% of their 16 17 business, or they will be forced to purchase 18 expensive wheelchair accessible vehicles. Second, we 19 are calling for a revision to the rules implemented 20 by the TLC in April 2009. These rules have been used 21 as a revenue mechanism for the city not to increase 2.2 passenger and deriver safety, but as threatened and 2.3 furthermore enacted through the Vision Zero regulations, which expanded the TLC's power to punish 24 25 our drivers [bell] and bases. We are calling for

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thoughtful amendments to these laws that will promote changes in driver behavior, and not suspensions in revocation. We are calling for tactic changes in now TLC enforcements speaks to our drivers and our bases. We deserve courtesy and respect. What we have been receiving are harsh words and often profanity that make us feel like criminals instead of hard working residents of this great city. We are exaggerating—we are not exaggerating when we describe a community that is fed up with the number of regulations and TLC's heavy handed enforcement. These are just the following examples, which I'll go through briefly. [background comments]

JOSE ALTAMIRANO: Imagine a driver who is responding to a call. [bell] He receives—he arrives to an apartment building on Tremont Avenue in the Bronx, and finds there is no parking spaces in front of the passenger's home. The passenger is not outside. He puts on his flashers and he waits patiently for his passenger to come down. A TLC enforcement agent arrives, orders him because he's blocking traffic to go around. He's explains to the officer that he's waiting for a passenger that has disabilities. Regardless of the fact, the officer

- 2 makes him move. As the passenger comes outside and
- 3 the driver is not there, the passenger then calls the
- 4 base to complain. He calls 311 to file a complaint
- 5 because she is at a risk of missing her appointment,
- 6 and now the—the driver is force with a TLC summons
- 7 either way.

- 8 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: I want to ask you,
- 9 | that all those cases is that specific with Janie?
- 10 | [background comments]
- 11 JOSE ALTAMIRANO: And let me finalize
- 12 now. I'll pass you the examples. TLC informant
- 13 | agents have developed a gotcha mentality. A driver
- 14 | is inside of his car--[bell]
- 15 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Yeah, you Jenny. I'm
- 16 give you a courtesy, because I'm personal, you speak
- 17 | with Jenny. Give us all that information, and you
- 18 | and Jenny will want to go through—we're going to talk
- 19 | to the TLC and they see what is it what you're
- 20 talking about okay.
- 21 JOSE ALTAMIRANO: Okay. Thank you very
- 22 much.
- 23 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay. Thank you. Mr.
- 24 Eradia, Mr. ALTAMIRANO, thank you very much for being
- 25 part of my-of this group that have been fighting for

- 2 all these things with the 25. [Speaking Spanish]
- 3 LeRoy Morrison, Rafael Rosario, Andreas Camillo, and
- 4 | Farley Guerra (sic) and Samuel Rodriguez.
- 5 [background comments] [Speaking Spanish] [pause]
- 6 Okay. Two minutes. Alright, you name and two
- 7 | minutes and let's go. Your name. [background
- 8 | comments]

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Good morning. My name LEROY MORRISON: is Leroy Morrison, and want to say think you for keeping this hearing. I'm all-I'm from Brooklyn, right. I'm also part of Commuter Van in New York City. I'm also the Vice President of Commuter Van Association of New York and I'm also owner of companies also that we do a commuter van in New York City. Whenever the city is in crisis, they call on commuter vans. Commuter vans aren't of transportation in New York City and 9/11 we're there. Sandy, we're there, train strike, taxi strike, we're always there, but after everything is over, we feel like we-we're still left behind. Everybody forget about us and we go back to regular, but today, Mr. Chair, there's a lot of issue that commuter van is facing in New York City. It may not want run in the

Bronx. Only one person that I know that own a

company in the Bronx, and he's not existing any more,
but Southeast Queens and Brooklyn, it's commuter
vans. We have over 52 companies in New York City
that do transportation in New York City. Council
Member Jumaane Williams and Council Member Daneek
Miller came up with some legislation last year, and
what we need also for you to understand, Mr. Chair,
that we have a lot of fatal in Brooklyn, a lot of
people getting killed in Brooklyn by unlicensed
rogues, street rogues, and people dying regularly.
Drivers get out of the buses and run. What we have
in New York City now we have buses that from anywhere
from 20 to 25 up to 30 people where they have a
Pennsylvania plate, Georgia plate. If you go to
Brooklyn, we can give you a tour of Brooklyn any day,
Mr. Chair, and what we are asking is more enforcement
in Brooklyn and we need also for you to support the
legislation so that the city can go after these
rogues. They're using these buses as tools to run
people over, caution the buses and the insurance
right that we're paying as commuter van in New York
City, we're paying over \$21,000. [bell] We cannot
even feed our family right now because based on

probably--

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 168
2	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] The two
3	bills that you're talking about?
4	LEROY MORRISON: Yes sir.
5	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: This committee already
6	had requested them to come for the hearing. So, we-
7	we even. Well, are you asking me or are you working
8	me?
9	LEROY MORRISON: And in due process I
10	want you to use a consultation as the chair to look
11	into those risky insurance companies that's a New
12	York City sign risk that every year they're going up
13	17%, 25%. What is going to happen to us? We're
14	going to end up out of business. Right, we're in
15	bankruptcy.
16	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay, thank you.
17	LEROY MORRISON: Thank you.
18	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Sir.
19	Okay.
20	SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: [interposing] Keep it
21	down.
22	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
23	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]
24	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 169
2	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Where is she? Jenny,
3	you're going to translate. Take it away.
4	TRANSLATOR: [Speaking Spanish]
5	RAFAEL ROSARIO: Okay.
6	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]
7	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
8	Rafael Rosario.
9	TRANSLATOR: My name is Rafael Rosario.
10	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
11	TRANSLATOR: I have a license to conduct
12	a green vehicle in New York.
13	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
14	TRANSLATOR: I'm informing that I am not-
15	I'm not in-in agreement.
16	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
17	TRANSLATOR: That the laws that enforce
18	us to help us better our job
19	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
20	TRANSLATOR:legally in the city of New
21	York.
22	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
23	TRANSLATOR: For a group of taxi drivers
24	that are not legally
25	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 170
2	TRANSLATOR:to benefit themselves from
3	our jobs.
4	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR: Since we have to pay for
6	taxes and a license to operate
7	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR: [Speaking Spanish]
9	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
10	TRANSLATOR: To pay taxes to operate
11	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
12	TRANSLATOR:that group that wants them
13	not be bothered.
14	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
15	TRANSLATOR: They do not pay no taxes
16	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
17	TRANSLATOR:or license to conduct
18	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR: We have to guarantee the
20	safety of our community.
21	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
22	TRANSLATOR: We hope that you take into
23	consideration
24	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 171
2	TRANSLATOR:hoping that the problems
3	are resolved
4	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR:in a productive form
6	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
7	TRANSLATOR:for our class of drivers.
8	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
9	TRANSLATOR: Since we don't have no one
10	that represents us
11	RAFAEL ROSARIO: [Speaking Spanish]
12	TRANSLATOR:thank you. Member of
13	Group GT of New York.
14	RAFAEL ROSARIO: Okay, gracias.
15	[background comments]
16	ANDRES CAMILO: [Speaking Spanish]
17	TRANSLATOR: Good afternoon.
18	ANDRES CAMILO: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR: Reverend Ruben Diaz, Member
20	of the Committee
21	ANDRES CAMILO: [Speaking Spanish]
22	TRANSLATOR:and the other members of
23	the Council.
24	ANDRES CAMILO: [Speaking Spanish]

ANDRES CAMILO: [Speaking Spanish]

COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES

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2 TRANSLATOR: But he forgot he was the defense of the community.

ANDRES CAMILO: [Speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: And today he is like the opposer of the taxi drivers.

ANDRES CAMILO: [Speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: I would also like to say to the Mayor not to concentrate on the drivers [bell] when they need money from the drivers.

ANDRES CAMILO: [Speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: Because we supported the Mayor and gave him a lot of support for him to be where he is today. Thank you.

SERGIO RODRIGUEZ: How you doing? My name is Sergio Rodriguez from the New York State

Federation of Taxi Drivers, and I have a message from our spokesman Fernando Matteo who had a death in his family. We've had a very stressful few weeks to say the least. TLC officers being attacked by a mob, disorderly livery cab drivers who TLC—who took the law into their owns and vandalized a TLC patrol car while agents were sitting inside. We do not condemn that. Weeks of daily protests in Northern Manhattan and the Bronx. Two weeks ago we had a meeting with

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the New York State Federation-between the New York
State Federation and some TLC members addressing the
numerous issues affecting both the drivers and the
TLC together. We worked on finding several solutions
and bogging down the drivers of the law enforcement
for TLC. We put a couple of things together for the
committee to please take into consideration.

Number 1: Body cams for the TLC inspectors. This will ensure that the TLC agents do not abuse their power when stopping the cab driver. It will record the entire experience.

Number 2: Deploy an undercover unit from TLC that can pose as drivers. This will allow TLC agents to monitor the behavior of the agents that are doing the enforcement.

Number 3: TLC should develop a department similar to NYPD's Internal Affairs Bureau where drivers can file grievances that can be investigated by an independent unit.

Number 4: The TLC should have a warning system for minor infractions, not issue summons for everything that happens.

Number 5: TLC should not entrap a driver after he or she refuses a street hail.

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 178
2	TRANSLATOR: In such a short time that
3	Reverend has been directing the industry.
4	JOSE DELORIA: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR: Has made history that gives
6	us the confidence.
7	JOSE DELORIA: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR: Not only that we could
9	trust
10	JOSE DELORIA: [Speaking Spanish]
11	TRANSLATOR:in people that we as a
12	community has elected.
13	JOSE DELORIA: [Speaking Spanish]
14	TRANSLATOR: Now that he returns to us
15	that empowerment, we have given him.
16	JOSE DELORIA: [Speaking Spanish]
17	TRANSLATOR: And I would like to also say
18	that the death of those three colleagues
19	JOSE DELORIA: [Speaking Spanish]
20	TRANSLATOR:will not be in vain that
21	not only on this meeting that we have but in others.
22	JOSE DELORIA: [Speaking Spanish]
23	TRANSLATOR: We are finding the unity
24	between the industry.
25	JOSE DELORIA: [Speaking Spanish]

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TRANSLATOR: That's probably because we're in ourselves and we weren't able to find the unity amongst ourselves.

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JOSE DELORIA: [Speaking Spanish]

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TRANSLATOR: Thank you reverend. I give

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you thanks because we couldn't find it. (sic)

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]

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I'm saying thank you, Mr. Deloria, but the -I think

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that the Mayor goes to the group of the 25 that would

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meet, and I would like to honor them, and I told them

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that I will work together and you are part of that

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committee, Mr. Cabrera and Yandis (sic) and others.

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So thank you very much. Next one. Patricia Gatland,

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John Madonna, Madonna? [background comments] Gustavo

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Francisco, Vital Assisi. [background comments] Vital

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Assisi, the City Link, and Jose Luiz Devora.

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[background comments, pause] Okay. We're going on

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with everyone and let me call more, and I know these

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: If your name was

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called, please come up.

are the rest.

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay, we'll go to

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another one. Let me call more. Let me-no, here are

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the rest, and Mr. Cologne. [Speaking Spanish]

- 2 | Shirley Santiago-Santiago, the front, Winston
- 3 Williams, the front. Jose. No, I think it's Aqui
- 4 (sp?) Motts. No? Lydia Pahella (sp?) up front.
- 5 Jose Casita Lapino (sp?), up front. Gustavo Palazzio
- 6 to the front. Nicolai Hent (sp?), Nicolai Hent?
- 7 NICOLA HENT: Yes
- 8 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay. Shakti Catde
- 9 (sp?) Okay. [background comments, pause]
- 10 PATRICIA GATLAND: Good afternoon,
- 11 Reverend Chairman Diaz. My name is Patricia Gatland
- 12 | and I'm Counsel at Windels, Marx & Mittendorf. Prior
- 13 | to joining Windels Marx, I served as the Commissioner
- 14 | for the New York City Human Rights Commission, New
- 15 York State Deputy Secretary for Civil Rights, but
- 16 | today I am here representing the civil rights and the
- 17 | human rights of the Commuter Van Association. New
- 18 | York City's commuter van industry has a long and
- 19 commendable history of serving the citizens of this
- 20 great city. We were here in 1980 when there was
- 21 | transit strike. We were here in 2002 when there was
- 22 a private bus strike in Queens, and I can remember
- 23 | taking the commuter van. In 2005, we were here when
- 24 | there was another transit strike, and we will be here
- when the L-Train shutdown begins. Now, more than

ever, Chairman, the commuter van industry is being
threatened by unlicensed van operators. Unlicensed
operators do not have the proper insurance, and
vehicle inspections, and their drivers do not have
proper training for licensing. Many of these
operators that operate in Brooklyn and Queens, as you
are well aware, have created any number of accidents,
and are wreaking havoc in our communities. You know,
what they're doing now is as my-my client testified
to, you know, they're operating buses so that the TLC
cannot even stop them, and we've got to do something
to deter this behavior. You know, he spoke about,
LeRoy spoke about the insurance cost. Who in here
would pay \$21,000 per vehicle to insure a vehicle,
and what I call it as a former prosecutor is
extortion by the New York Auto Plan who at one point
says, you'll have \$7,000 worth of insurance. You buy
into that, and then when you go to get your
insurance, it becomes \$21,000 insurance, and so,
we're asking that the New York City Council look into
this New York Auto Plan and do something about
extortion. Some people call it bait and switch, but
it's extortion. [background comments] There have

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2 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Alright. Yes, go on.

PATRICIA GATLAND: But no, but my—but my clients will go to the-will go to their New York State senators, and we will certainly work with them like we did when we worked with you on many issues when you were in the-were in the Senate. And so, we're going to need support from our City Council legislators in this regard. But, more importantly, we're going to need you to get behind the TLC and strongly encourage them like all the other people that I've listened to all day today talk about having the TLC do your job, do your job in a temperate way, and do it the right so that we service all communities. Because right now our industry, the commuter van industry may not be able to survive this latest onslaught [bell], and so the city must provide enforcement against these unlicensed operators. would ask you to join us in fighting this New York auto plan so that the insurance extortion can stop, and we'd ask that you would support us in our vehicle markings and the legislation that the City Council has proposed for us. We need you now, sir. been there for you. Thank you.

2 NICOLAI HENT: `Hello. My name is 3 Nicolai Hent. I am an immigrant-immigrant. I'm 4 coming from Romania in 1985. I am a Yellow Cab driver and the owner since 1990. Thank you for-Chairman for the opportunity to speak. 6 7 Mr.-former chairman- TLC Commissioner Christopher 8 Lynn. I saw you in JFK when you come with the rules of five free (sic) for each taxi. I remember you very well. In 1990, I invest in New York City buying 10 11 a medallion. All the-the savings what I got, I invest in New York City. After 38 years, now I am on 12 13 the brink of losing everything. Not only I lose the income, but I lose all the money, which I had and put 14 15 in New York City. Thank you for the opportunity to 16 speak. Now, I am 61 years of age, I count on my taxi 17 medallion to have a retirement after 30 years of 18 driving a Yellow taxi. What I have left now? 19 Nothing. We the Social Security, which I'm going to 20 get at 66-1/2 probably I could—I could pay my—my 21 utilities like the water, telephone and maybe-maybe 2.2 not much more. [background comments] I have there 2.3 issues, which is I am proposing, you know, for thefor the commission. We used to have in a taxi a red 24 25 car like this. Here it used to say 'Maximum Capacity

2 four passengers one child under the age of 7 on the 3 lap of his mother in the back. Now, app cars at 4 taking five, six, seven. Do they pay insurance for seven people or for five or for ten like SUV? 5 I doubt it. Second, on 20 42^{nd} Street and 48^{th} Avenue 6 7 there is a sign: Uber Partnership Dealers. When the drivers goes to pick up a car from them, do they pay 8 working compensation? Do the people which has 10 or 20 TLC licenses and leases to people, do they working 10 11 compensation like the taxi garages or like me if I want to have another driver? I doubt it. 12 13 responsible for this? Governor Cuomo he is the 14 biggest supported of app cars. Attorney General 15 Schneiderman send an awful letter to the TLC not to 16 limit and regulate the app cars. He's got business 17 or his business is supposed to-to investigate them. 18 Shielded Senator Skelos, which was convicted. Now 19 the long-time advisor of Mr. Cuomo is on trial. 20 is supposed to watch this? Is Schneiderman supposed 21 to watch the TLC? Other problem what we face. 2.2 everyday when-when we go to work, we go work hard and 2.3 to make a living. There's no way I-we can do it. has to be a limit for the app cars. It has to be a-a 24 capacity how many cars this city can fit. It's an 25

2 SHAKTI KATAJ: You only gave me two

3 minutes.

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 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Si, but your name and}$ we got to get it.

SHAKTI KATAJ: Okay, thanks. Good afternoon Chairman and committee members. My name is Shakti Kataj (sp?), and I have been a medallion owner for the past 25 years, and like almost all of my colleagues, I'm an immigrant who came from India in pursuit of an American dream. The taxi medallion was my ticket, and four years ago it had enabled me and my family to reach financial stability and middleclass status. I was able to reach my American dream because NYC offered me a great deal, work hard, invest in the Medallion and the city will honor your commitment. And it didn't four years ago when Uber and Lyft hit New York and caught elected officials and legislators off quard. Let me say that Mayor de Blasio tried to do the right thing, but was blindsided with the deep pocket hedge fund draining, tech start-ups that deployed millions of dollars demonizing as a public of what is described as a taxi cartel. Imagine that one of the more successful we grows with immediate empowerment the taxi medallion

2 was even viewed as some kind of evil group of 3 manipulators. Over 6,000 of our fellow medallion 4 owners own one or two medallions and 90% of them are in millions just like I am. If Mayor de Blasio had called us, we would have come to City Hall and stood 6 7 with him so that unless he could see the real face of this so-called half a million people who all over the 8 world who came here to build a better life and succeeded until the tech van came in, created its own 10 11 set of rules and in the process choked city streets 12 with vehicles when not contributing a penny to maintain NYC's transit infrastructure. Let me be 13 14 clear, Uber is the ultimate free rider while taxis 15 have contributed billions to help balance the city 16 budget and enable our elected officers to maintain 17 the social safety net. The Ubers have caused 18 hundreds of millions of damages of New York business 19 to the tune of \$20 billion a year. [bell] 20 time for Uber to pay the piper and in the process add 21 as a condition nightmare as well. To go on living to 2.2 make for-hire vehicles pay a congestion fee in order 2.3 to fund the MTA, and at the same time he's looking to charge taxis and Ubers the same fees ignoring how 24 Uber has flooded city rules and clogged our streets. 25

This makes no sense. Every traffic expert rightfully points the finger at Uber, not taxis as the cause of congestion. They are right. In fact, Taxi NYC are in the same boat, the boat of the weakness of unrestrained expansion of this free-riding tech

7 | giant. [bell]

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you, thank you.

JOHN MCDONOUGH: Thank you for allowing the working class of New York to come to the City Council and have a voice because certainly-- I'm John McDonough and I'm a yellow cab driver from Queens. I've been driving 40 years, and thanks for giving us a chance to have a voice here. And I only wish that on the Taxi and Limousine Commission that someone would be appointed that's an actual driver, and not professional politicians or [applause] failed political hacks to get appointed there when they lose and election. Now, I know you're covering the bigger picture here in what's going on in New York, but I want to break it down into just one little item. You-you have a lot on your plate, but there's another problem that's coming down the road and that is congestion pricing or congestion taxing. It's being reported now that when and if it does come to New

2 York City on the Yellow Cab meter they're going to 3 have it as an add-on. So, we go below 60th Street 4 that \$5.00 will pop up. Right now, we have the drop, we have the 50 cent MTA, we have the 30 cent for the 5 wheelchair, and if it's during rush hour, we have 6 7 that. Passengers get into the cab, they don't know 8 what's going on with the meter. It looks like a 9 computer. I would try and if you could recommend, put it on the initial drop. It's on the initial drop 10 11 for all the apps. People don't want to know that 12 each individual price is going to a certain thing. 13 They can get it on the receipt afterwards because it affects everyone psychologically. When they get in, 14 15 they get less of tip because they see, oh, you know, 16 what, I'm giving you a dollar for this, I'm giving this and that, and it affects everything. If it goes 17 18 on the initial drop, then they'll tip based on the 19 initial drop. So, with congestion pricing coming in, 20 please do not put onto the meter. The meter is just 21 not big enough any more with all the added add-ons. 2.2 So, we can have it through the TLC and through the 2.3 Commission here that the initial for the Yellow Cab should include all the things, and if the passengers 24 are that interested on how it's broken up through the 25

2 taxes, ask for a receipt, and when the receipt comes

3 out it will say 50 cents MTA, 30 cents wheelchair and

4 | I'm out of here. [bell]

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you, thank you.

6 [applause]

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BUSTEL PELAZZIO: Good afternoon. Thank you for the privilege to speak on behalf of many drivers. So, my name is Bustle Pelazzio. I'm from a big network of hundreds of black car driver, and I have a quote from Martin Luther King: We know through painful experience that freedom is never voluntarily given by the oppressor. It must be demanded by the oppressed. So, today I speak on behalf of many drivers, and I ask of you to please consider the unfairness and the injustice we experience at this present moment due to the lack of awareness from our leaders and it's this:

1. The prices we see on the TLC

Commission website are totally low and contrary to

the ones that we see on every single app, the system

like Uber, Lyft and Via, and others. Take a look.

How then can we work and compete with this

unfairness? That's why many drivers are forced to

have an agony in their hearts, and we are forced to

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do the hotel pickups and others as well because we
get pennies now. Why do you think these apps are
banned from other countries? Because it's simple:
They corrupt the transportation industry. Can you
guys regulate its prices? It is obvious that like
that lady said when she was here, nobody is perfect,

of course. Right? That's what she said.

treat drivers like casting feces. Are—are we not human beings to try to work and support families?
Who can—who can pay for these fines and be able—of our days? Nobody can. Look at the lives we just lost. Who's listening to us at the end of the day?
My final point is so because of these atrocities, we are obligated to work from 15 hours 18 hours a day.
Our families don't see us present any more. So, we want a fair competition and justice for us. We need it now. Another giant is the E-ZPass who is killing us. So, God help us. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you, thank you. [applause] Thank you. Thank you. We're calling now Michael Wong, Hope Car Theme (sic).

MALE SPEAKER: [Speaking Spanish]

2 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Leon Jarvias, Carolyn 3 Pratt, Carolyn Pratt. [background comments] Sergio Cabrera, and Sergio Cerrera. [background comments] 4 Okay, Richard Limpsky. [background comments, pause] 5 There is one group. Hold on. Wait. (sic) 6 7 [background comments, pause] What's your name? JOSE RIVERA: Jose Rivera. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: What--? Hold one minute. All of you are from group? Ritchie, 10 11 Richard, all of them from the same group? 12 RICHARD: Yes, that's correct. 13 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: But then only one 14 talk. Alright, I cannot know. The same group, only 15 one speak for-for everyone. 16 MALE SPEAKER: I'm not in the same group. 17 I'm independent. [background comments] 18 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Oh, come on, don't 19 give me that. 20 MALE SPEAKER: I'm not in the same group. 21 I'm independent. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Don't do this now. God 2.3 is watching you.

MALE SPEAKER: We've-we've-we've been

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patient. Thank you--

Confederation of Taxi Drivers of New York.

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 195
2	JOSE LUIS DEBORA: [Speaking Spanish]
3	TRANSLATOR: It's composed of drivers
4	JOSE LUIS DEBORA: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR:Downey (sic)
6	JOSE LUIS DEBORA: [Speaking Spanish]
7	TRANSLATOR:and other organizations as
8	the Cooperative of Taxi Drivers.
9	JOSE LUIS DEBORA: [Speaking Spanish]
10	TRANSLATOR: The reason of me being here
11	at this moment
12	JOSE LUIS DEBORA: [Speaking Spanish]
13	TRANSLATOR:it's-the reason why I'm
14	here is to give suggestion to the Reverend.
15	JOSE LUIS DEBORA: [Speaking Spanish]
16	TRANSLATOR: I don't understand his
17	question.
18	JOSE LUIS DEBORA: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR: He's saying that the Taxi
20	and Limousine Commission needs to prepare the taxi
21	drivers.
22	JOSE LUIS DEBORA: [Speaking Spanish]
23	TRANSLATOR: Because there's an abuse
24	from they're charges far too many charges.

2 passengers relate to this story because it is their 3 story. Success, many of our family members also 4 drove a cab. Success in-in the country and the country and the city of opportunity. Work hard, play 5 Isn't that what our leaders say? What many 6 7 of our passengers don't know is the betrayal that 8 medallion owners are subject to from many of the elected officials empowered by their official positions to work for the people of the city of New 10 11 York with an attitude that at best can be described 12 as careless and at worse corruptible. An attitude 13 that has festered for many decades, which has finally shown its face in the bankruptcy of a vibrant 14 15 industry, which carried on its back the privilege of 16 being an example of opportunity, an industry that 17 followed all the rules imposed on it by the creators 18 the city of New York itself bringing billions to the 19 tax coffers of this city. What's even better is that 20 the city didn't have to invest anything, no land, no 21 buildings. Actually, it created jobs. I just can't 2.2 understand it. Why? Any city in America would kill 2.3 to have such a revenue stream with minimal investment. No one is talking about this. No one is 24 25 talking about this. In a city that is crying out

2 because the homeless abound and the subways are in 3 disrepair, government looking-governments looking for 4 new forms of revenue when it's-when it's right under 5 your noses. Stop the madness. Get a hold of Grow a backbone. You've been taking our 6 yourselves. 7 investments, our hard work and our dreams. don't take our lives. Let this new committee take 8 the necessary steps to bring our industry back. 1,600 medallions sitting at the TLC-sitting at the 10 11 TLC. Take them away from the TLC. They don't know 12 what they're doing. \$1.5 billion sitting there. 13 With a little backbone this money could once again be 14 available. Enforcement: The cap, price surging. 15 [bell] Price gouging is against the law. In closing, don't drive a stake through the heart of the Yellow 16 17 industry with schemes like congestion pricing. 18 revenue is there. Face the 800-pound gorilla in the Stop looking for new regulations. Everything 19 20 is about a cap. My fellow livery drivers. My green 21 taxi drivers we're all grown adults. You decided to 2.2 drive a livery cab. The law says you can't pick up 2.3 on the street. We created green cabs to allow you to do that. [bell] What is the crying about? The laws 24 25 are already there. Follow the law. There is nobody

- 2 above the law. We have millions of dollars invested.
- 3 Don't talk to me about a \$3,000 fine or \$500 fine.
- 4 I have my who life, 20 years bankrupt, down the

5 drain.

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6 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you.

SERGIO CABRERA: Thank you, Committee.

8 African-American

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: You all keep it down please.

NINO KERBEUS: Chair Diaz. I want to thank you for all this opportunity you have given us, and I wish you with some, and for the sake of New York City to solve all these problems. My name is Nino Kerbeus and I have been driving a taxi for nearly—nearly 34 years. We are here today because have a common cause, public safety and regulatory fairness. We have more than 100 cars for hire in New York City streets, and not one is making a decent living. Instead, we are on the path to modern slavery, racing to the bottom. The despair of regulations has allowed the transfer of wealth from the 99% to the on tenth of 1%. We are facing terrible unfair competition, unjust that is causing so much distress are the results are horrible. Our

2 business is among the most stressful job, adding 3 anxiety, uncertainty is putting more pressure in our 4 daily life. Let's remember last week with Douglas Shifter suicide to be a wake-up call for us all. response—the responsible—-New York City is 6 7 responsible for the terrible situation we all find 8 ourselves. We are not looking to blame anyone, but we're looking for justice. Since most of my-one thing that we have to keep in mind everything that is 10 11 going on right now, it's not because of technology. 12 Let me repeat. Technology has nothing to do when the 13 city allows recklessness for the information of Uber 14 cars like and other city hailers to be on the road 15 for \$275 a year when Yellow Taxis have to pay 16 hundreds of thousands of dollars for the same right. 17 Let-let me cut it short. One, what should be done? 18 The Ubers need to be made to comply with the same 19 rules and mandates a taxi must follow. [bell] One 20 important mandate is the installation that the TPEP 21 money current system, and the purpose of this technology is increase passenger safety and promote 2.2 2.3 the efficiency and regulation of the industry. was introduced back in 2014 to address the many 24 obstacles that New York City Taxi and Limousine 25

2	Commission found when trying to gather information
3	from licenses for enforcement in monetary purposes.
4	Previously, the TLC had to reach to the car for-hire
5	wages and realizing the wages review of their own
6	records, which is not efficient and needs to be
7	changed. [bell] In the past two years there has
8	been several incidents where female Uber and Lyft
9	passenger Cardino Sultan in Uber's face. The company
10	refused to cooperate with the NYPD with a court
11	order. We think that the city will have been able to
12	immediately identify the drivers and meet our proper-
13	proper punishment. Needless to say, the drivers
14	wouldn't have been able to drive a car ever again if
15	that overcomes these difficulties and includes
16	community between the TLC and its licenses.
17	CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: What are you doing in
18	support with a penalty for a driver that violates the
19	law?
20	NINO KERBEUS: Say that again please.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: A driver that—for a driver that have—that committed a street hail, they're not supposed to. What do you think would be the—the fair punishment?

COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES

NINO KERBEUS: --it should be based on the money that we are making.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you.

NINO KERBEUS: But--

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: No, no, no, no.

Next. Thank you.

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ART COUSIN: Alright. Good afternoon, Chairman Diaz and members of the new FH-FHV Committee. My name is Art Cousin, and I've been a medallion owner for the last 11 years. I came to this country 27 years, and I got my start driving for car services. It was my-it was through my-this hard work for long hours that I was able to save enough money to purchase my taxi medallion. Give its history, I felt that I was on my way to a real economic state in my adopted country, which I couldn't have foreseen was what happened four years when the tsunami swept through New York City and undermined the medallion system that had been in place for over 80 years. The system wasn't undermined by Uber. However, but by the regulators who are supposed to protect the medallion franchise in exchange for the billions of dollars owners had ponied up to the city treasury. It says right in the

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city rules that it is the TLC's mandated duty to protect the economic stability of the taxi medallions. This clearly has happened, which is self-evident from the decimation of the value of the medallions over the past few years. This failure has a number of different faces. Its first phase is the enforcement of rules for taxis while failing to apply these same rules for the Ubers. This is crucial because by allowing e-hail companies to proliferate throughout the city, the TLC essentially abrogated taxis' exclusive right to street hails. When you have 100,000 of these cars prowling the streets, an e-hail is no different than street hail. Yet, the TLC time and time again doesn't apply the rules equally. Put simply, there is no regulatory parity and when you view this in the context of the amount of money we paid for our medallions [bell] this disparity heightens the unfairness of the regulatory regime. The second phase then is the city's allowing Uber into the car for-hire system with no comparable buy-in even though the Ubers were infringing upon the exclusive role of taxis. In essence, taxis are the New York City approved license, public conveyance and as assortment of other fees all of which Uber doesn't

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pay a tax onto taxi bill [bell] because the city had grounded these mostly immigrant entrepreneurs the exclusive right to e-hail. It is precisely the New York City regulators' failure to protect this well paid for right that has gotten the city into the current congestion mess. The failure has allowed the un-kept and under-regulated Ubers to proliferate with little or no regard to sound public policy, and at the expense of public health and safety, the following information underscores how the under-regulation of Uber has cost the city tens of millions of dollars, which at the same time establishing an indefensible double standard that has victimized hard

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] Thank you. Thank you. Next. [coughing]

working medallion owners for-

CAROLYN PRATT: Good afternoon, Chairman
Diaz, Mr. Lynn. (sic) My ex-husband Barry says hi.
You were in his cab, Mr. Lynn about 20 years ago.
Everyone who drives in the city for a living is on
death row. I thank Doug Shifter for bringing this to
light. That could have been any one of us whether
it's because of long hours, constant sitting,
breathing in the filthy air or the never-ending

2 frustration and uncertainty everyone in this 3 industry, black, yellow, green, livery. It doesn't 4 matter, that we all live with. We're all on death In the face of all the evidence and without a degree from the Wharton School, I think we would all 6 7 agree that the laws of supply and demand cannot be 8 denied no matter how magical one's thinking, and that is the root of many of the enforcement issues that we are here today discussing. 125,000 for-hire vehicles 10 11 are simply too many vehicles on the road for anyone 12 to make a living, and I can promise you that it's 13 going to get worse, a lot worse. I'm sorry that all 14 the livery guys left because there's a couple of 15 things they don't know. The TLC has issued and RFP 16 for a vendor to administer exams to new drivers. 17 many? Six thousand drivers a month. That's 72,000 18 in a year. Okay. The TLC is planning for an 19 additional \$1.1 million in revenue from more for-hire 20 enforcement. It doesn't have to be this way. By 21 allowing ever more vehicles on the road, you're creating the conditions that cause the violations. 2.2 2.3 These conditions are exactly what Doug Shifter was so devastated by. These-these additional unnecessary 24 vehicles didn't just drop down from the sky. Whether 25

2 by design or default the entire industry, black, 3 yellow, green, livery has been taken apart piece by 4 piece. I have pages of rules that were put in place for a very good reason, and then bent, broken, ignored and changed to suit a bully, and I think we 6 7 know what happens when one gives into a bully. 8 only gets worse. We spent a lot of time discussing fines and various infringements. I can tell you that the harshest one, which is 80-19(c)(2), that's 10 \$2,000, \$4,000, \$10,000 dollars for illegal hails. 11 There have been some issued, but in the last four 12 13 months there haven't been any issued in that 14 category, and they've actually been going down every 15 So, that's good news for the livery guys I 16 think. At the same time, medallion patrol summonses 17 have doubled between 2014 and '16 which is ridiculous 18 because the number of Yellow trips has declined by 19 27% in that period. [bell] It makes no sense. 20 Summonses for black and liveries for illegal hail and illegal activity have declined from \$25,000 in 2014 21 2.2 to \$21,000 in 2017. It all depends on how you 2.3 massage the numbers and parse the numbers and it's afive hours is too much to go into this. There's just 24 25 too many vehicles out there, but I think long-time,

CAROLYN PRATT: Barry says hi.

Solomon. Thank you.

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2 FEMALE SPEAKER: That's right. That's fine.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: That's right. Okay. [background comments] Sorry.

MALE SPEAKER: [off mic] Good afternoon-[pause] [on mic] Good afternoon. Thank you, Chairman for initiating this session. chairperson next to you as well the members of the commuter van industry as well as the taxi industry and all those concern with this or issues that we have to come to talk to the City Council today. There's a number of issues that were discussed already as it relate to the commuter van industry. I'm a member of the commuter van industry. I'm also a driver. Some of my colleagues came and talked about it, and just now. The-the major issues here are two. One of those-the first issue is a lack of enforcement, and as a result of not having that enforcement, quality enforcement that there is down upon the illegal operators and the unauthorized vehicles that playing the streets of Brooklyn as well as Queens, but in particular in Brooklyn because I'm from Brooklyn. We have approximately 150 commuter vans operating in Brooklyn along Flatbush and Utica

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2 Avenue and Utica Avenue daily and there's no 3 enforcement. Ninety percent of these vehicles that 4 prow along the streets picking up passengers 90% are 5 unauthorized vehicles. They have Pennsylvania plates and you name it, and enforcement comes like once a 6 7 month, there's a whole lot of problems that they're 8 creating, congestion, blocking the buses. Sometimes run over passengers, and the 10% that are trying to do the-the-do it the right way, trying to 10 11 operate according to the laws and the rules and regs 12 of the Taxi and immigration—Tax and Limousine rules and regulations as well as DOT's rules and 13 14 regulations we try our best to [bell] uphold these 15 rules and regulations, but we're not getting any help from the city. We're not getting any help from Taxi 16 17 and Limousine Commission, and we've been talking for 18 the last 25 years. We've been trying to address 19 these issues, and it never-we-we only get promised. 20 Promises after promises that they are going to resolve this issue. The other issue is insurance. 21 2.2 The insurance costs have skyrocketed by 100% for-for 2.3 the last-over the last 10 years. \$10,000, \$8,000 was the premium [bell] about 10 years ago. Now, it's 24 \$20,000, 8, 10 years later. That is not sustainable. 25

COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES

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- It's very unsustainable for people who ware

 struggling to feed a family and keep a roof over

 their heads like all of us are, and most of us are

 immigrants in the taxi industry as well as the

 commuter van industry, and—and we—we—we're trying to

 do—feed our families and take care of business, but

 we cannot be driven into poverty. We're driven off a

 cliff, so to speak.
- 10 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you, sir. Thank
 11 you.
 - MARIA RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish] It's

 Maria Rodriguez.
 - CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Jenny.
- 15 MARIA RODRIGUEZ: In talking, I want to 16 address three points.
- 17 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay.
 - MARIA RODRIGUEZ: One is that we really need that the person from the threat—from the enforcement in TLC have customer service training.

 They do not show to be trained. The way—why I say so because the way they bully people. That is one point. The other point is how our community—I come from the Bronx—how our community badly needs the deliver—liberty service, and the third point is how

2 difficult it is to follow in just the law. If you 3 allow me, I will tell you something about myself. Ιt 4 will explain my three points. I am a substitute 5 teacher of this city. On summer I do not have a job. I realized that I could pay rent through becoming a 6 7 taxi driver. I became Uber driver. Very good. 8 Okay. One day I come from some place in-in downtown I saw a lady that in my view was a in Amsterdam. teacher. Why? Because it was a person with a lot of 10 11 bags on her, and looked tired, lonely by Amsterdam 12 and 102 Street. I said then I really do not need to 13 have that extra \$10 or whatever I charge for it, but I put myself and see her as her one teacher at 6:00 14 15 around 6:00 in the afternoon. I stop not just thinking I was addressing my how, not just thinking 16 17 about how much I will charge-charge to her, but about 18 how tired she was in my mind. Suddenly, I find out 19 that when she sat in my car, two people come from the 20 sidewalk [bell] with little flashlight and I have 21 another person coming behind, and asking me to wait 2.2 for someone in a car behind me. I said, uh-oh, this 2.3 is TLC. Right after I give my license, I put it in the top and I put my hand in-in front of my car. 24 25 said okay. They came and they treat me in a way that

believe meI'm sorry I'm being-being emotional, but
I felt like being criminal. They do not use
courteous language maybe, but the way they said—the
words that they say made me feel like I was doing-
committing a crime, [bell and it is the reason why I
came here early today. I come from my job at a
school in order to be here today because in my case I
have a Bachelor's Degree. I do not pass the-the
basis for becoming a permanent teacher because the
matter of the language, but I do a living. I am
thinking about all those women and men who have
depend just on the taxi job. They gave me two fines
and they give a chance for a third fine. On was
\$10,000\$10,000. The other was \$150\$1,500, and
the-the person who-
CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: When was that?
MARIA RODRIGUEZ: Huh?

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: When was that?

MARIA RODRIGUEZ: It was on June-I'm

sorry. I don't have my glasses, but it was the—in the summer, early summer. June 23, 2015. 22

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: And what happened the summons? Are you still fighting?

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2 MARIA RODRIGUEZ: I-I have to pay them,

3 but let me-let me-let me go by--

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CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [interposing] Well, we-we got to-See Jenny. Okay. No, no.

MARIA RODRIGUEZ: The \$10,000?

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Yes. Listen. See Jenny, okay. Let's see what we could do. Sir.

ANDRES GONZALEZ: Thank you very much for allowing me to speak Committee of the Council. A lot of this is just for the TLC as well. I will be So, Dear Commissioner, I am here at a loss of words and a whole lot of resentment. This industry was once the path to financial security to all of us. During the last few years, the amount of licensees and cars has increased drastically to the point where it is not safe for the public and drivers' welfare. Before the TLC was established, the New York Hag (sic) Bureau established a medallion system due to the following: During the Great Depression New York had as many 30,000 cab drivers. With more drivers than passengers, cab drivers were working longer hours, which led to growing public concern over the maintenance and mechanical integrity of taxi vehicles. Sounds familiar? History repeats itself.

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We as drivers are forced to work longer hours due to revenue decline. If you care about our safety as drivers and the public safety you would changes things so we don't have to be driving long hours just to eat and pay our gas. We can't even feed our families or ourselves. Like many of us, I drive seven days week to keep afloat, and my best case scenario, which I'll own my car, paid in full and I'm single young male. You talk about illegal street hails, summonses, enforcement, et cetera, you're just masking what the real issue is: There's too many cars out there. Everybody and their mother has a TLC plated car. You have to cap the amount of TLC vehicle permits given out. There is more than an oversaturation of the market. Supply far exceeds demand. Fares are too low for any of us to make a living. Because of operating a taxi of FHV far outweighs the slaveries that Uber and Lyft have imposed on us or the amount of fares they have taken from the yellow and green taxis. If Uber wants to pay us through an electronic meter, then TLC should regulate a minimum permit-per-mile rate the same way it is done for yellow and green, meaning the same rate that the city set for them. If they want to via

flat fare like for-hire vehicles, the commission
should not exceed 20% or else we cannot make profit
ourselves. If the passenger pays \$70 for an Uber
ride to JFK, the driver will most likely get \$30, and
most of that is despicable. In other words, raise
the rates, and then we take all the rest of drivers
and operators. Medallions are worthless at this
point. Drivers are killing themselves over earnings.
Why do you think we're all here? Why else do you
need to take action? We're in financial crisis. We
supported this industry for the last 70 years paying
all the fees that support the salary of the TLC .
So, please take action now. There does not need to
be a study. Look at us. We're pleading because
we're out there day in and day out. The city and the
TLC makes revenue off our backs, and it's time for
you to honor your side of the contract. As a
personal suggestion, I say anybody who wants to be
part of the TLC Committee of any kind whether it is
an inspector, enforcement agent or commissioner, they
should be required to get a TLC license and drive a
minimum of a year so they know what we all go
through.

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ANDRES GONZALEZ With that, I say wake up

New York City. We drivers have had enough. Thank

you.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Your name?

ANDRES GONZALEZ: Andres Gonzalez.

SOLOMON NUSHATS: Thank you, Mr.

My name is Solomon Nushats. I'm a driver of a New York City Yellow Taxi now for 17 years. father-my parents who came from Romania have had the medallion for over 40 years until they passed away. We have a problem in this Yellow Taxi industry, a very serious problem. It was once an iconic industry as Time Square and as Rockefeller is now dissipating. Black cars for all intents and purposes I'll say ehail app companies, which is for Uber and all these companies, have just invaded New York City by just basically doing whatever they want. They're picking up this off-of the streets, anyway or fashion, charging whatever price they want. I've seen vehicles with Pennsylvania plates, Florida plates coming over here picking up little girls that are 16 years old. The city thrives on being safe. You know, you hear all the time stories about all these different things of all the bad things that happens.

2 Yet, they're allowing this to go on. What I'm

3 recommending is for the City to implement laws,

4 regulations on these e-hail app companies meaning

If Yellow taxis only have 13,000 so should 5

the. So, should Uber. Why should they be different? 6

7 If the Yellow Taxis pay MTA tax, if they pay—if they

have to-if we have to have wheelchair taxis then so 8

should they. Why are they any different? Yet, the

city is allowing this to go on time and time again, 10

11 and before you know it, I'm not going to be able to

12 make any more money. I'm not going to be able to

13 have a pension. I'm not going to be able to survive.

14 There are people in this industry right now who are,

15 you know, retired. They cannot work, they cannot get

16 a driver, they cannot lease. The city is supposed to

protection us. Okay, they should be the ones to be 17

18 here. If they want to allow-- Yes?

19 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: You're telling me that

20 Uber and the Lyft and all those car business have the

21 same regulation?

2.2 SOLOMON NUSHATS: Not as us. Definitely

2.3 not sir.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: So, they don't have to 24

25 have a wheelchair?

worker over there Mr. Hack talk about Brooklyn. I'm

going to talk about Queens and what's happening in the Queens industry. We have a lot of rogues in Queens that comes up mainly in the afternoon. They block the buses, they're unsafe, they threaten the people who they carry if the people don't like how they're driving them, and we need some enforcement in Queens. They are enforcing the airports, but we need it in Southeast Queens just for the safety of our passengers, and our commuters, and we also would need some help with the insurance also. The insurance is killing us, and it's driving us to the wall. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you. Thank you, all of you. Thank you. What is your name?

LORRAINE CLAIRE: Lorraine Claire.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Lorraine?

LORRAINE CLAIRE: Lorraine Claire.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay, thank you, thank

20 you. Now, we have Julie Lewis Averill, Safeway;

21 Jose Rodriguez, Safeway. [Speaking Spanish]

22 [laughter] Allen, why don't you come in on your own.

23 | [laughter] Allen Suppo--Supposiner (sp?), Allen of

Way.(sic) Thelma Williams of Way. Carlos Aramas of

25 | Way, Suma Lama. Okay. That is the last. [Speaking

- 2 Spanish] We have Vera Mana Rue. (sic) No, she's gone.
- 3 | [laughs] What is your name, lady?
- 4 THELMA WILLIAMS: [off mic] Thelma
- 5 Williams.

- 6 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Did I call you?
- 7 THELMA WILLIAMS: Yes.
- 8 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Okay, Williams. Yeah,
- 9 okay, Thelma Williams. Okay, Thelma, let's start
- 10 with you.
- 11 THELMA WILLIAMS: [off mic] My name is—
- 12 | [on mic] My name is Thelma Williams. I'm from
- 13 | Jamaica, Queens. I am a livery driver. I'm the
- 14 owner. I am here on the behalf of many that were
- 15 here and left. We are having crisis in insurance. I
- 16 | would like some help from the City Council to get
- 17 | through to the state and to the Governor that we can
- 18 get some proper insurance. It's too high. We can't
- 19 afford it.
- 20 CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: You're a taxi driver?
- 21 THELMA WILLIAMS: Yes, I am a commuter
- 22 van driver and the owner, but I have to provide the
- 23 | insurance. They insurance is too high. We need the
- 24 City Council to help us get through to the state and
- 25 also to the Governor. For our next month is March

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2 where we have to come with the insurance. 3 don't have the insurance, we will have to illegal. 4 When we go illegal, we're not getting nowhere. We need to feed our family. We have a mortgage to pay. We are here at all times for the city World Trade 6 7 Center, the bus strike, the taxi strike, and when now 8 is our time to get help from the city. We need it to stay in business. We are going bankrupt. We don't have no other livelihood. This is what we know from 10 11 1981 until now, and I am an old lady and I still have 12 to work out here. I am not on welfare. I don't get 13 food stamps. I vote, I pay my tax, I give charity to every year, [coughing] the Air Force, the Army and 14 15 everywhere I give charity. So, we need-I need help 16 from you, MR. Chairman.

CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: Thank you, Ms. Williams.

SUMA LAMA: Thank you the committee and the chairman for letting us speak. My name is Suma Lama. I'm an app based driver. I drive for all the apps, and I'm here to also come in support of all the other drivers to say being an app based drive we are not against the cab. You might be presented by information by Uber or other companies saying that

2 because our revenues-everybody's revenue is being 3 hurt. It's -we all want a sustainable revenue, and I wanted to point out one fact to you that was in 2014 4 when I started, I started with Yellow Cab. 5 13,000 medallions then, but there were 40,000 drivers 6 7 circulating with those, driving those 1,300 cabs. If 8 you cap the number of cars it will not affect the drivers. They will say-you will have limited access to drivers, but when you have 13,000 cars accessible 10 11 and 40,000 people making a living off that 13,000 12 caps, if you cap the number to 60,000, 80,000, that 13 means there's still 240 drives they could add and still make a living. Capping the number doesn't cut 14 15 a driver's living. I just wanted to point out that 16 fact, and I also wanted to point out the omissions 17 that they Commissioner made when pointing out the 18 fact about the revenue. Okay, in 2016, it was when they switched from a data issue, when they switched 19 20 from the-when the summons were issued from the date 21 of issued to the date of conviction. That pushed 2.2 back all the summons for up to two years. So, that 2.3 revenue decline does not actually truly represent the amount of summons that will be issued in the future. 24 Another number you were arguing with the Commission-25

JOSE RODRIGUEZ:

[Speaking Spanish]

1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 226
2	TRANSLATOR:I want to-I want to thank
3	you for the opportunity to thank Ruben Diaz.
4	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR: President of the Committee
6	and the members of the Committee
7	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR:to allow me today to
9	express myself and give us the opportunity.
10	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
11	TRANSLATOR:to explain to everyone here
12	and explain the problems that we are encountering.
13	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
14	TRANSLATOR: I agree with the proposition
15	that our councilmen Adriano Espaillat on dismantling
16	TLC.
17	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
18	TRANSLATOR: Because it's an agency that
19	is not state or federal.
20	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
21	TRANSLATOR: For them to do what they're
22	doing on more than 100,000-150,000 drivers.

JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]

JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]

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1	COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES 228
2	TRANSLATOR:to regulate the campaign
3	for Uber, Lyft, et cetera, et cetera
4	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR:on pricing of over more
6	than 150,000 drivers
7	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
8	TRANSLATOR:because for them it
9	doesn't exist. No type of regulations as it exists
10	on us taxi drivers.
11	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
12	TRANSLATOR: An example.
13	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
14	TRANSLATOR: When a new taxi driver is
15	going to take out his license
16	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
17	TRANSLATOR:
18	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
19	TRANSLATOR:he doesn't go recommended
20	by Uber.
21	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]
22	TRANSLATOR: The driver has to wait 30
23	days for an approval on his license
24	JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]

JOSE RODRIGUEZ: [Speaking Spanish]

COMMITTEE ON FOR-HIRE VEHICLES CHAIRPERSON DIAZ: [Speaking Spanish]. Ladies and gentlemen, this first hearing of the For-Hire Vehicle started at 10:00 a.m. It is now 15 minutes after 3:00. We have done the first meeting. I thank the Commissioner, I thank Congressman Espaillat and all of the assistants and the people in attendance, and all thank all the ones that took their time to participate. So, as the Chairman of this committee, I call this hearing closed. [gavel] Thank you. [applause]

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date February 25, 2018