CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS

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June 19, 2017

Start: 10:20 a.m. Recess: 11:15 a.m.

HELD AT: 250 Broadway - Committee Rm,

16th Fl.

B E F O R E:

VINCENT J. GENTILE

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Daniel Dromm

Costa G. Constantinides

Chaim M. Deutsch Rory I. Lancman Helen K. Rosenthal

Bill Perkins

Elizabeth S. Crowley

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Brandon Muir Executive Director Reclaim New York

Towaki Komatsu Representing Self

Investigation conduct annual public outreach

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campaigns to educate New Yorkers on how to identify
different types of government corruption and
publicize the mechanisms for submitting complaints to
DOI. Additionally, DOI will be required to public
information annually pertaining to resolved
complaints received the previous year.

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Currently, DOI voluntarily conducts advertising campaigns on a periodic basis and most recently developing print and radio advertisements in 2016 with the slogan "Bribery and corruption are a trap. Don't get caught up in it, report it," and you can see the examples of some of these catchy (and that's not a pun, "catchy") catchy ads here if you look up at the monitors. Some of the other previous ads, as you can see, had slogans that said: "See something crooked in New York City?" And another one had the slogan, "Get the worms out of the Big Apple."

So I commend the Commissioner and the Department for committing valuable resources to raising awareness that the public plays in assisting DOI in rooting out corruption without our city government. Intro 1618 will expand existing practice and further the public's involvement in reporting wrongdoings to DOI to promote an honest and efficient

1 COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS 5 2 city government. Additionally, the reporting 3 requirement contained in the bill will add to the DOI criteria contained in the MMR and provide the Council 4 5 and the public with a more detailed picture of complaints resolved by the Department that is 6 7 currently available in the Mayor's Management Report, 8 including demonstrating impact of public outreach

efforts and potentially assisting the identification

10 of trends in government employee misconduct.

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Intro 1633, also sponsored by me as well as Council Members Rosenthal and Crowley, will require that whenever practicable, the Department of Investigation must complete vendor name checks for prospective city vendors 30 days prior to commencement of a city contract.

Vendor name checks which examine whether a prospective vendor or affiliated individual has been previously subject to a DOI investigation are essential in assisting agency efforts at evaluating prospective vendor responsibility prior to commencing the contract.

As Commissioner Peters testified at this committee's Preliminary Budget hearing last March, currently DOI completes approximately 94% of vendor

COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS 6
name checks within a 30-day window prescribed by the
rules of this City of New York. This legislation
codifies that practice.

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Under current laws and regulations, an agency is able to enter into a contract with a vendor even if DOI hasn't completed the background check within that period. The Local Law will codify within the City Charter the timeframe for the completion of the vendor name checks to ensure that future administrations continue this vital practice of guaranteeing the responsibility and trustworthiness of vendors vying for City contracts.

And finally, Intro 1591, sponsored by

Council Members Crowley and Barron, will establish an
inspector general within DOI dedicated solely to

overseeing the operation of the Human Resource

Administration and the Department of Homeless

Services. Currently the IG to HRA and DHS is also
assigned to another agency. I believe that Council

Member Crowley will speak further regarding her
legislation.

And for the record, the Department of

Investigation has been invited to testify today, but

I am informed unfortunately that the Commissioner is

unable to attend, but he does have several members of his staff in the audience. However, the Department of Investigation has indicated to me that they will send a letter to the Council by the end of this week which will be used as testimony as part of this record for today's Oversight and Investigations

Committee hearing.

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I want to thank you Committee Counsel,

Josh Kingsley, my Legislative Director, Jonathan

Shabshaikhes; my Legislative Assistant, Taylor Mills

for preparing this hearing today, and I'd like to

thank all the stakeholders, advocates and members of

the public who have joined us here today and I look

forward to your testimonies.

And now I will ask Council Member Crowley to have some opening remarks on her legislation.

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Thank you,

Chair Gentile. Thank you for conducting today's

hearing and including Intro 1591, which I sponsored,

on the agenda.

Time and time again New York City is faced with another crisis within our homeless shelter system, ranging from health violations to life-threatening, dangerous building violations. The

An inspector general can also provide recommendations to improve the Department of Homeless Services operations, which expense budget totals \$1.6 billion and supports a head count of 2,484 employees. Human Resources Administration's expense budget totals \$9.85 billion and supports a head count of 14,696 employees. The combined budgets for these agencies account for more than 13% of the City's

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violations.

COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS 9 total budget, which is just under \$85 billion. A dedicated IG is warranted for these agencies' budgets and the magnitude of their budgets within our overall city budget.

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I was looking forward to a productive discussion today on hearing this testimony and hearing from the Department of Investigation and I am very disappointed that they are not here to address this bill. And that concludes my remarks,

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Thank you, Council Member Crowley. And we'll being then with our first testimony from Brendan Muir from the group Reclaim New York City. Did I pronounce that correctly?

Okay.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANCMAN: Excuse me, Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Yeah.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANCMAN: I just want to understand. DOI, they're not here because some emergency happened that prevented the Commissioner from coming? I mean that happens, I understand; I just want to understand why DOI isn't testifying.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Yeah. I don't know the particulars; he did indicate to me that he will

1 COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS 10
2 submit something to me by the end of the week, but
3 that he was unfortunately unable to be here today,
4 and the circumstances under which that's the case I'm
5 not clear about, but he could not be here today, but
6 he did assure me that he would submit that testimony
7 with some suggestions to the bills. I believe he
8 mentioned 1618, 1633; I'm not sure the position he's

COUNCIL MEMBER LANCMAN: Okay. Thank you.

taking on 1591.

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CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Okay, Mr. Muir, you can begin.

BRANDON MUIR: Good morning to Chairman Gentile and the members of the Oversight and Investigations Committee, I thank you for the opportunity to speak today.

My name is Brandon Muir and I am the Executive Director of Reclaim New York, a nonprofit, nonpartisan 501(c)3 organization that seeks to educate and engage New Yorkers on issues like affordability and transparency.

Reclaim is dedicated to promoting increased transparency and accessibility in local government across the state. We have used the

Freedom of Information Law and a [inaudible] of
Transparency Guidelines to work with municipalities

4 across the state to help them become more transparent

5 and accessible online. This not only serves to give

6 citizens increased access to their local government,

7 but helps government to streamline processes, gather

business intelligence, and become better stewards of

9 their resources.

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I am here today to comment on two proposals -- Intro 1633 and Intro 1618.

Intro 1633 requires the Department of
Investigation to complete vendor name checks for city
vendors 30 days prior to the commencement of a
contract. It is our understanding that this measure
ensures that no vendor contracts could commencement
without a verification being completed. That
requirement would increase public confidence in the
contracting process. While citizens would be glad to
know that existing data shows nearly all vendors are
being vetted, gaps do exist.

Closing that gap and requiring 100% vetting to ensure that the City does not do business with vendors who have a checkered past is a step in the right direction.

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Bill 1618 requires the Department of

Investigation to conduct public outreach efforts to

educate the public about identifying and submitting

complaints regarding government corruption, fraud,

and waste. As Reclaim is an organization that

empowers citizens to play a more active role in

government oversight, driven by very similar

campaigns to raise awareness, we strongly support the

intention of this bill.

As a strong defender of the taxpayer in New York, it will be important for the campaigns to identify -- and make public -- specific metrics that judge the efficacy of the ad campaigns. Government engagement by citizens, especially regarding corruption, is not easy to facilitate and the ad campaigns would be just one of many variables supporting this effort. Quantifiable reporting metrics, delivered quarterly to the City Council, will assist in assuring the offering is on target and continually improved.

The bill would also require the

Department to submit an annual report of complaints

filed. As Reclaim enters the third hear of our

statewide transparency project, I'd like to share two

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key lessons we've learned on the reporting habits of

local government officials.

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Consistent citizen oversight relies on citizens understanding that the "rules of the game" exist. Requiring each agency under this bill's purview to maintain a clear reporting process for ethics violations on its website, would facilitate stronger civic engagement. The barrier to completion must be left as low as possible.

Citizen oversight is habit forming, but habits rely on consistency. A once-a-year posting schedule would prohibit timely review for citizens, data specialists, and journalists who raise the challenging questions that lead to better governance. The disaggregated presentation of data -- mentioned in the intro -- is exactly what this bill needs; it is an important component, but we would also include machine-readability and in the data composure.

Ideally, as a complaint is filed, it should be registered and viewable in a privacy-protected context on the Department of
Investigation's website. Upon complaint resolution, the information should be made available as quickly as possible, with 30-60 days being an ideal upper

COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS limit. The annual report should serve as the agency's opportunity to highlight quarterly improvements and for the public to assess the trajectory of the agencies responsiveness.

On behalf of Reclaim New York, I support the City Council's consideration of the two intros discussed today because they would both increase transparency in city government and help facilitate citizen-driven oversight. Our recommendations are offered to strengthen the bills on behalf of transparency, but we strongly believe it's off to a great start.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment and I would be happy to answer any questions the Council has.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Thank you,

Mr. Muir, thank you for your testimony and I'll start

off with some questions and then if my colleagues

have other questions, we'll continue.

Let's start off with Intro 1618, which is the public outreach bill. How would you rate the Department of Investigation's job today in reaching out to the public?

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BRANDON MUIR: Well the impetus of my comment that we want to quantify how that's working is really to guide the spending from the start. So you mentioned ads on the radio, the ads on the subway; to be honest, I don't remember personally seeing those, but we see I think on average 5,000 ads a day, so it's a tight market space and there's a lot... [interpose]

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: You don't remember seeing any of those, right?

BRANDON MUIR: I don't, no. And I think they're very clever; it took me a minute to get the Central Park analogy in there, but. But to my point is, we engage in awareness-raising campaigns every day specifically on corruption and transparency, and I know how crowded that field is to compete for eyeballs and to compete for a memory that ultimately connects what you've learned in that subway add back to a civic action. So the recommendation to me would be, if we're gonna be spending additional taxpayer dollars on outreach like this; quantify what we're trying to achieve. So is it increased complaints; is it increased complaints in a specific area because that area is deemed more sensitive or more harmful in

committee on oversight and investigations 16 nature if they're not caught? You know I think the ability to understand what the objective is that is spend; not just a general awareness rating campaign would be really important.

To the core of your question though, I've been on the website; I've never personally filed a complaint with DOI, but I don't think they can make it much easier to file a complaint from what they already have on their website, right, so it's right there in the front; they did a great job to report corruption; it's one form, very easy to complete, so to the procedural aspect of it, I think they're doing a great job.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: But obviously these ads are to inform the public about a particular service or function that DOI provides. Do you feel that an outreach and ad campaign can effectively inform the public of DOI's role in combating corruption?

BRANDON MUIR: Of course and I would look to "see something, say something," I mean that's now you know something I think I've heard on Saturday

Night Live, right; it's become such a popular

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COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS 17 moniker. So I think what we're debating here today is the spend required to do that...

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Uhm-hm.

BRANDON MUIR: and to the extent that,
you know you're talking about millions of dollars to
push a message, I think it's just really important
that we put metrics around that to determine what is
success and what isn't. You know, Start Up New York
is the state-level program that's come under a lot of
fire -- \$55 million spent -- and you know, I think to
the detriment it wasn't identified on the front end;
what does success look like, right? Is it saying
that 15 million eyeballs over the next 12 months need
to see something; is it an increase of 15% in
complaints? I think it's really important that you
have that tool as the Council Member to conduct that
oversight on the people who would be spending that
money.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: And I'll get to your suggestion about reporting periods in a second; let me just ask -- the bill itself requires the outreach to include the use of print, radio and public forums; do you believe that there are other

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2 platforms which DOI could or should use to conduct

3 their outreach?

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BRANDON MUIR: Well there's certainly other platforms; we do a variety of our outreach on Twitter, Facebook, right, the basic social media platforms. You know, I think I would want to know, when I'm in the state of mind to file a complaint, where am I looking for information. And to me, the first place I would look would be online, right, essentially a Google search around keywords like New York City government, corruption or ethics violation. So if I were targeting an ad campaign, I would certainly want to own those words and assure that we're getting coverage in those areas. But for general brand-raising, right, so we're not really in a direct call to action, because I'm on the subway and I'm seeing this ad, it doesn't mean I have some sort of ethics violation in my head right now that I'm ready to report, but these are gonna speak to the mass commuters and certainly gonna see a lot of eyeballs there as well.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: So the bill -- you mentioned disaggregation and the bill requires the complaints to be disaggregated by agency, month, type

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19 of misconduct, and the mechanism through which the complaint was sufficient. Do you believe that that is enough data to report on that type of disaggregation?

BRANDON MUIR: Well you can never have enough data. But I think it's a good start and I say that because so much of what makes transparency work -- and I use the word habit-forming because I truly believe it is. What makes it work though is having a starting point, right, so your journalists and your citizen activists have a place to say great, you gave me columns A, B and C, but you know what would've been great; if I could have seen this over here, So I think we need to look at it in the context of an ongoing effort to increase transparency, not just a one-time statement or onetime bill. I do think it's a good place to start, but I think what makes transparency work is when we look at it more of a commodity, right; there's a supply and demand for it; you're essentially mandating supply at this point, but we have to rely on the journalists and the citizen activists to come in and demand what they want, right. So I don't think we can pick with perfect precision what exactly needs to be added. I think the point is you're getting it over the starting line and the beauty of crowd-sourcing transparency and involving citizens and involving journalists is, you know, they're not gonna hesitate to speak up and tell you what they need.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: So inasmuch as this is a starting point, you're in support of that?

BRANDON MUIR: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Okay. Now you did mention the reporting should be quarterly and the bill is written an annual reporting. Just talk a little bit about that as why you think quarterly is a more effective tool for the public and for us in government.

example. When we started on Long Island, we submitted a Freedom of Information request to every village, town, school district, and county on Long Island, and our request was for their annual checkbook. So we did this in 2016 and 2015 for the 2014 checkbook, and the problem with data after a year or two years is that it's not considered timely and it becomes more difficult to have the

report being a big check-in moment, that's really

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more the aggregation moment when we say okay, let's look at all of Q1 complaints in an aggregate and look at what lessons learned are there from Q4 last year and Q3 previously, instead of that being sort of a surprise moment when journalists and citizen activists actually get their hands on data and can do something with it.

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CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: So beyond the quarterly aggregate, you're advocating that there be immediate posting of a complaint, keeping within the confidentiality rules... [crosstalk]

BRANDON MUIR: Correct.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: am I correct...

BRANDON MUIR: Right.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: about that? And that posting then would track the progress of that complaint; is that -- I'm trying to get your vision of what it should look like.

BRANDON MUIR: So I'm trying to think of a process that you could go online and -- I think Domino's actually right now, when you order Domino's pizza, right, order's submitted, you know, pepperoni being added to your pie, right, and order is out for delivery and then order is delivered. So not to

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[interpose]

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Domino's Pizza, yeah.

BRANDON MUIR: but the idea is the private sector has processes that we've come to know, right; you're Uber is arriving. So that is a really good example of effective constituent services, I mean that's informing your audience of what's going on at each step and it adds confidence in the process. So if my complaint has been stuck in review for three months, right, at least I know it's been received and it's being processed and it's in review and it allows you to say to your constituent, well that is an outlier, right; that is three standard deviations away from normal; we have to go call Department of Investigation immediately to find out what's going on. Without that clarity though in phases, you're really, you know, not able to do that level of review.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Yeah and this is one reason why it's unfortunate DOI is not here, because we could ask them about their capability to

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do such a posting and checking through the process

with the quarterly disaggregation of all the results.

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Let's turn to 1633, which would require the DOI to conduct vendor name checks 30 days prior to commencement of a contract with the City. In general, I just want to ask your opinion. Should a City agency be able to contact with a vendor if that vendor, for whatever reason, didn't have a completed background check?

BRANDON MUIR: The only way I can see fit for that to happen is if we're in some strange exception of the rule, and I'm not aware of any of those where, you know, if we're in an emergency situation and the exceptions are necessary, that's one thing, but in the general standard, daily business transactions of contracting with the City, I think it's wise and necessary for 100% of vendors to go through the vetting process.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: As it stands now and despite the rules of the City of New York, there can be, under those circumstances, today an unapproved vendor who might, and I say might, have a history of malpractice officially doing business with the City and that's really what we're focusing on.

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Now to DOI's credit, they did testify that 94% of

3 those checks are made within the 30-day period. I'm

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4 not sure if you have any thoughts or ideas about

5 other systematic checks that can be added or what

6 steps could be taken to prevent -- other than what

7 we're doing today -- to prevent the other 6% of

vendors from entering into contract with the City.

BRANDON MUIR: Well again, I think it's important to highlight the 94%. If our trains ran on time 94% of the time, we'd... [interpose]

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: We'd all be great ...

BRANDON MUIR: we'd be happy with that.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: we... we'd be very

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BRANDON MUIR: So you know I think they deserve a pat on the back for a process that's largely working as designed. You know, to the extent that we're gonna chase the final 6%, and I think we should, I would want to know if there are examples over the past couple years where those 6% had an inordinate cost to the City, so the 6% that gets through, is it just a matter of additional days needed or did something really go wrong with those contracts where we identify that this is an area

where you need to mandate 100% or 94% is good enough and there weren't any big examples of problems. So you know, I'd have to get deeper into the contracting procedures and the vetting process to understand fully what they are looking to review and what not, because there are obviously very different levels of vetting. But again, I think you want to aim for 100% and to the point that you approach that 100% and there's cost implications of doing a much deeper dive, I would just want to compare that to what the real cost is that happens when we let these 6% get

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through.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: And I think that would probably be the argument of DOI, had they been here, about the resources and the cost factor to add to that vendor review unit that they have. That is the goal, to address that 6% and by codifying it, even though the DOI has done a commendable job with the 94%, codifying it here in this legislation is not only for this go-round of DOI but future administrations to have that 100% vendor check in place. So... [interpose]

BRANDON MUIR: You know I would just add one other piece -- I'd want to know why those 6% did

of contracts that come in -- if my memory serves me correctly on that, yes. Do you have any questions?

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COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY:

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Okay, great. Alright, so Mr. Muir, thank you for coming in; I

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appreciate your testimony and your suggestions are

well taken. Thank you so much.

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BRANDON MUIR: Thank you for having me.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Alright, our next testimony will be from Mr. Towaki Komatsu, I believe. Am I correct on that? Okay, thanks. Mr. Komatsu, just state your name for the record and tell us -- are you representing any particular group?

TOWAKI KOMATSU: I'm not representing any group. My name is Towaki Komatsu, as you just stated. I'm here to testify in support of Ms. Crowley's bill, as well as in support of what was just discussed about vendor responsibility, meaning, New York City should only receive services from vendors that are abiding by all the laws [sic].

One of the reasons why I'm here today because I actually have litigation against HRA, because they've been in defiance of a New York State Administrative Law judge's decision since September 15, 2016. I have reached out to numerous groups to try to get assistance with that, however, all those groups have been entirely unresponsive.

One of the reasons why Ms. Crowley proposed the bill was to have oversight of HRA, so if

the Commissioner of HRA was in this room on April 20th giving misleading statements to one of the people sitting in your chairs about how when someone gets evicted from their apartment there's no reason for them to go from Queens to the Bronx; how should that happen to me? So if Mr. Banks was sitting in

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9 under oath at the time when he made that statement,

this chair on April 20th -- I don't know if he was

10 but that's a material and statement of fact [sic].

Also, on July 2nd of last year, I was assaulted after an earlier attempted assault on May 12th and that was only possible because one of HRA's partners, Urban Pathways, subjected me to a bate and switch with regards to the apartment lease agreement I signed at HRA on February 16th of last year. So the question is; if HRA's own records confirm that I reported that bate and switch to HRA on March 16th of last year, then why didn't it take action; why didn't it take corrective action that would have forestalled that attempted assault on May 12th and then certainly prevented that actual assault on July 2nd that led to me being diagnosed with a concussion on July 30th?

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CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Did you have any contact with anyone at the IG's office, the Inspector General's office for HRA?

They actually left me a TOWAKI KOMATSU: voicemail message I think in February of last... no, February of this year telling me that for whatever problems I have with HRA, I have to deal directly with HRA instead of somebody else, which is very perplexing. So let me just give a -- I don't want to dominate your time, waste your time, so let me just provide a quick rundown of false and misleading remarks Steven Banks has made in the past.

I was at a meeting at New York Law School on December 16th of last year in a room of maybe 100 people, including attorneys and legal services providers; that event was recorded on video, so in case there's any uncertainty about what was said and the context in which it was said, you can just watch the video for yourself and make your own independent decisions. So Mr. Banks made a statement to the effect of things we can control we are very focused on controlling in regards to the homeless problem, so again, if I reported to HRA on March 16th that I was subjected to a bait and switch and HRA gave Urban

Pathways more than \$1.8 million of taxpayer money to provide veterans like myself with services and housing and Urban hasn't been doing that, instead it had a fundraiser at the Grand Hyatt; while if you take a look at the [inaudible] website you can see what kind of mortgage it has for that building, so on one hand it's getting funding through that mortgage agreement, on another it's getting funding from taxpayers -- HPD issued violations about conditions in that building, they haven't been taken care of, and those violations were issued long ago.

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Another false statement that Mr. Banks made at that December 16th meeting was that "the Mayor owns the problem; I own the problem" in regards to homelessness. Again, Steven Banks' wife is actually the supervising judge citywide for the housing courts, so if I was subject to an unlawful eviction by Queens housing judge Clifton Nembhard, who's still on the bench, who came to my apartment on July 16th of 2015, told me to shut off this audio recording device I was recording him with to determine... to basically use on appeal in the event he conducted a fraudulent inspection in my apartment.

There is actually a California Federal Court decision

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2 from 2014 that basically says if a governmental

3 officer comes into your residence, you have a due

4 process right to record those officers in your own

5 residence as long as you don't interfere with their

6 ability to perform their official duties.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Mr. Komatsu, I know you have a list of complaints... [crosstalk]

TOWAKI KOMATSU: But… I'll keep it short.

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CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Yeah. No, I just wanna try to keep it as close as possible to what we're discussing here today... [crosstalk]

is; there really isn't any oversight of HRA. Like I said, I beat HRA on appeal; the New York City Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance has not enforced its own decision; instead, it scheduled a redundant, pointless [inaudible] in which it basically reneged on its original decision without cause; that's why I have this litigation at the New York Supreme Court. Even before I came into this room, even before I had any interaction with HRA, Urban Justice did their own independent audit of HRA's practices; according to their audit, it

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2 | confirmed that HRA violates their procedures

3 routinely and so did the New York City Comptroller

4 long ago, I think in 2009, they talked about fair

5 hearings, how, you know, there have been redundant

6 appointments for hearings; I think Mr. Banks made a

7 remark on April 20th about that in this room, that

8 HRA was subject to like a \$10 million penalty for

9 redundant fair hearings.

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CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: How do you think Council Member Crowley's bill would make the situation better, from perspective, by having an inspector general devoted to HRA [inaudible]... [crosstalk]

that question directly. Based on my experience with HRA, of course I'm biased, but I really don't see any better candidate than me to be the inspector general of HRA, given the fact that I've had to resort to litigation against it and sustained a concussion because it failed to act. I should also point out that I'm a U.S. Navy veteran; there was news recently about seven sailors getting killed on a ship; I was assigned to that same naval base in Japan, where I served with a top secret security clearance, so if

3 take a look at my DD214.

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CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: And did you also have some testimony on 1633?

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TOWAKI KOMATSU: Yeah. So with regards to the discussion that was about using responsible vendors, the underlying cause that got me into the position where I am today is the fact that a company called NTT Data, it's an IT outsourcing company, it's a huge government contractor; it stole my pay five years ago while I was working at Credit Suisse, when Credit Suisse illegally coerced me to work 50 hours per week and I only got paid for 40 hours; when I complained about that, I was immediately retaliated, involved in litigation against both Credit Suisse and NTT Data -- as we speak and as I sit in this chair, I have a brief that I have to submit to the Second Circuit by City Hall by Friday of this week. with regards to HRA's Office of Civil Justice, if you actually take a look at the bill that caused that division to be established, it's actually required to provide people like me -- the terminology is to ensure that people like me get the legal assistance that they need, either assistance or representation,

COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS

2 and that hasn't happened; in fact, Steven Banks

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3 | falsely told me to my face on April 11th in Staten

4 | Island that one of his legal services providers

5 declined to provide me with assistance because there

6 was no merit. The problem with that remark is that I

7 actually got a letter from that same organization

telling me it wasn't because of merit; it was because

9 of inadequate resources to provide me with

10 assistance. So there's a clear discrepancy between

11 lack of merit and lack of resources.

CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: And how do you feel the vendor check would address an issue like that?

TOWAKI KOMATSU: Sure. With regards to vendor check, HRA -- there is ample cause for HRA to immediately terminate its contract with a company -- I mean think about it, if I'm getting benefits essentially from taxpayers only because of the fact this company HRA is doing business with stole my pay; HRA has a clear mandate to immediately terminate this business or at least steer its funding from going to that company to my wallet for the services I provided five years ago. I mean this is a company that also does business with the Department of Education, the Attorney General's Office, so if I try reaching out

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[crosstalk]

lease in which Urban Pathways forced my signature and

materially changed the terms.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: No, I'm... Look, I
3 agree that -- it's my bill, I support that we need
4 the oversight; I just... I even think that we don't
5 even know how much waste, abuse happens within these
6 two city agencies because there just isn't enough
7 oversight.

TOWAKI KOMATSU: And on top of that,

there was recently litigation in Brooklyn about

opposing the opening of new shelters because the

community wasn't properly engaged, their right to be

heard wasn't provided. So I was actually sitting in

the back of that courtroom during the proceedings of

that case trying to advocate on behalf of the

community, based on my familiarity with HRA's actual

practices of... [crosstalk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Right.

TOWAKI KOMATSU: not taking appropriate action.

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: How long have you lived in New York?

TOWAKI KOMATSU: Pretty much all my life.

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: And it's only been since this incident two years ago that you've

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3 more to Mr. Banks?

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TOWAKI KOMATSU: Well what originally brought me in contact with Mr. Banks was on March 1st of last year he was at the Elk Club giving a speech where the new chief judge of New York State was present, and basically, I had been in the Bellevue Shelter in February of last year; my iPhone was stolen in that shelter because there were no door locks on the doors, and that's after I was temporarily put in the hotel system. So if the New York City Comptroller did an audit of security in shelters and it confirmed that there wasn't security in the Bellevue Shelter, then it was entirely foreseeable that the lack of locks on the doors would lead to theft, would lead to assaults; what have you, and I brought that to Mr. Banks' attention on March 1st at the Elk Club; his response to me was that the NYPD was conducting a security audit of the conditions in the shelters instead of taking appropriate action; less than I think two months later, someone was actually murdered in that same shelter; it made the news; they had their throat slit. So the question is; if I spoke face to face

1 COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS 41 2 with Steven Banks on March 1st about the lack of 3 security in that particular shelter and then someone 4 had their throat slit less than two months later, who's liable? I mean it's a HRA shelter, clearly; at that point in time HRA was responsible for the 6 7 operations and security in that particular shelter, 8 so can they really pass the buck? I mean I filed a claim with the Comptroller's office to have HRA reimburse me for the cost of that stolen iPhone as 10 11 well as the increased service charges, because the 12 unlimited data plan I was subscribed [sic] to no 13 longer was available. The Comptroller basically said 14 -- no, HRA also said no when I asked them to 15 reimburse me for that. They essentially said we're 16 not responsible for stolen property, regardless of 17 the fact that we weren't complying with New York 18 State law in terms of security in the shelters. 19 back to your bill... [crosstalk] 20 COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Right. 21 TOWAKI KOMATSU: your bill is about 2.2 oversight... 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Yeah. TOWAKI KOMATSU: so if you have this 24

agency running loose with no oversight, people get

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harmed, people get killed, people have their property stolen; people go without legal assistance and have to go three years at the Queens Supreme Court beating a slumlord in Rego Park in a \$20 million defamation case without the benefit of counsel, and after five judges in that case. I can give you the legal decision where on March, I think 17th the fifth and final judge issued a decision in my favor dismissing that case. So the question is; before that fifth and final judge did so, exactly what were the four previous judges assigned to that case doing in allowing that case to remain on the docket?

COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: But did that case have to do with HRA or DHS?

Indirectly, only because TOWAKI KOMATSU: of the fact that Mr. Banks -- again, he's married to the supervising judge -- and what prompted... what prompted the litigation against that slumlord was; I previously beat that slumlord on my own in housing court in October of 2013. I have a sworn affidavit from that slumlord saying that they knew about a defective elevator in the building for over a year and a half, didn't do a darn thing about it, and

1	COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS 43
2	they're now trying to kick out a 66-year-old woman
3	from her \$850 apartment.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Does that
5	slumlord do work with HRA?
6	TOWAKI KOMATSU: I can't tell you,
7	because I think HRA keeps its records pretty
8	confidential… [interpose]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: I appreciate you
10	sharing that information with me about your
11	conversation with Mr. Banks and what happened at the
12	Bellevue Shelter, so you know if there's more
13	information you'd like to send to my office
14	TOWAKI KOMATSU: Sure.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: I'd be more than
16	happy to gather and collect all that.
17	TOWAKI KOMATSU: Okay.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER CROWLEY: Thank you.
19	CHAIRPERSON GENTILE: Thank you,
20	Mr. Komatsu and good luck to you also.
21	Let me just put in a few things on the
22	record and we'll hold it open for a couple minutes.
23	We were also joined here earlier by two other

Committee members, Councilman Danny Dromm and Council

2 Member Helen Rosenthal, and they were here earlier during the testimony.

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I also want to put on the record that we have a statement of support from Citizens Union, who could not be here to testify today, but they have asked us to put on the record that they are in support of 1633 and 1618, the two bills relating to public outreach and the vendor check bill, and they indicate that they will be submitting written testimony within the next day to this Committee concerning Intro 1618 and 1633, so I want to say for the record that Citizens Union is supportive and will be submitting to this Committee written testimony.

Again, I also want to reiterate the fact that the Commissioner of DOI has indicated to us, to me, that his office will be submitting testimony to this Committee concerning this hearing and the testimony will be included as part of the record, testimony of the record in this Committee, and certainly again, I know the disappointment in the members here and may also the public that the Commission could not attend today, but I will share with the Committee his testimony when we receive it by the end of the week, I'm told by Friday; I will

So I'll stay here for a couple of minutes, because I think there's a member that's on his way over, so rather than close the hearing at the moment, I will sit here for another five minutes, but officially, as far as I can see, there is no other testimony -- am I correct; no other testimony in the hearing -- so we'll just recess for a couple of minutes; everyone here is welcome to leave; to stay, we're just gonna recess for five minutes. Thank you.

[pause]

We've been joined at the committee
hearing today by Council Member Constantinides from
Queens. Thank you for joining us. You missed the
testimony, but that's fine; [laugh] we'll fill you
in, and there will be testimony coming from the
Department of Investigation in a letter to the
Committee, which I will share with each Committee
member by this Friday. Okay. Great.

With that, the Committee hearing is closed. Thank you all for coming and testifying. Thank you. This Committee is closed.

[gavel]

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date July 19, 2017