1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 1 2 CITY COUNCIL CITY OF NEW YORK 3 ----- Х 4 TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES 5 Of the 6 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 7 ----- Х 8 March 6, 2017 9 Start: 10:05 a.m. Recess: 11:32 a.m. 10 11 HELD AT: City Hall - Committee Room 12 BEFORE: RAFAEL ESPINAL, JR. Chairperson 13 COUNCIL MEMBERS: Karen Koslowitz 14 Vincent Gentile Brad Lander 15 Rory Lancman Julissa Ferreras 16 17 Lorelei Salas Commissioner New York City Department 18 of Consumer Affairs 19 Nicole Smith, Deputy Commissioner for the Office of Financial Empowerment 20 Tamala Boyd, General Counsel 21 James Hurst, Director of Enforcement 22 Amit Vaga (SP?) 23 Alba Picco (SP) Deputy Commissioner 24 Liz Lattick (SP) 25

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	APPEARANCES CONTINUED
3	Sally Alvarez, Cornell University
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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	[gavel]
3	CHAIR ESPINAL: Good morning and welcome
4	to the Fiscal 2018 Preliminary Budget Hearing. I am
5	Rafael Espinal and I am the Chair of the City
6	Council's Consumer Affairs Committee. This morning
7	we will be reviewing the projected budget of the
8	Department of Consumer Affairs for fiscal year 2018.
9	Specifically, we will be assessing DCS programs and
10	activities to ensure that the agency is serving the
11	public in a financially responsible way. Before we
12	begin, well now that we begin, the Mayor's Fiscal
13	2018 Preliminary Budget for the Department of
14	Consumer Affairs is \$41 million. This is a 1.1
15	percent increase from the fiscal 2017 adopted budget
16	of 40.6 million. The funds in the fiscal 2018
17	preliminary budget are primarily allocated to resolve
18	consumer complaints, issues various licenses, educate
19	and protect consumers and ensure that businesses
20	comply with local and state laws. In a few minutes,
21	we will hear from the administration on the specific
22	plans for these allocated funds. I hope to hear
23	specifically on the agency's plans to enforce new
24	legislation, updates on new programs launched,
25	updates of performance measures and targets, how the

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2	agency has implemented the City Council's Financial
3	Empowerment for New York City's Renters Initiative
4	and what the agency has identified in savings as part
5	of a city's fiscal 2017, 2018 savings initiative. We
6	will first hear from DCA and then members will have a
7	chance to follow-up with questions for the
8	Commissioner. After that, members of the public will
9	have an opportunity to provide testimony. I hope
10	that the Commissioner or members of her staff will
11	stay and hear the public's testimony. I look forward
12	to working with the agency and other interested
13	parties to finalize the budget over the next few
14	months. In closing, I would like to thank my staff:
15	Balkeys Mahirid (SP), we have Izzie Martinez and
16	Aliah Ali (SP) for all the work they have done to put
17	this hearing together. We will now hear testimony
18	from the Department of Consumer Affairs. I would
19	like to call up the first or the panel we have.
20	We have Commissioner Lorelei Salas, Amit Vaga (SP),
21	Mario Rocul (SP), Aba Picco (SP) and Sandra Abelis
22	(SP).
23	[pause]
24	CHAIR ESPINAL: Please raise your right
25	hand so I can administer the oath?

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	[OATH ADMINSITERED]
3	COMMISSIONER SALAS: Good morning , Chair
4	Espinal and members of the Committee. I am Lorelei
5	Salas and I am the Commissioner of the New York City
6	Department of Consumer Affairs. On behalf on Mayor
7	de Blasio and my agency colleagues, thank you for the
8	opportunity to testify today. We hope that our
9	budget presentation this year leaves you with a sense
10	of the impact our work has on the lives of everyday
11	New Yorkers from consumers to those starting their
12	own businesses to vulnerable workers who now have
13	within our agency a dedicated voice in city
14	government for the first time. Our presentation this
15	year will explore DCA's new mission, key goals for
16	the upcoming year and we will also provide an
17	overview of how we are seeking to be increasingly
18	strategic with our enforcement work so that we can
19	achieve meaningful results effectively and
20	efficiently. We will begin today with a story of an
21	average New Yorker. Meet Rhoda. Rhoda is a New
22	Yorker. She is a consumer. She needed a car to get
23	to work and take care of her family. Rhoda bought a
24	used car. I will let Rhoda tell you what happened
25	next.

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2 RHODA: Hi [inaudible 00:04:33] my story 3 is that [inaudible 00:04:37] that I purchased a used 4 vehicle from a dealership and when I buy that vehicle 5 I run into a lot of problems that I did not expect [inaudible 00:04:49]. I lost my car [inaudible 6 7 00:04:52] 2012 and [inaudible 00:04:56] so I decided to [inaudible 00:05:02] when I say my situation 8 9 [inaudible 00:05:06] and I told him so what happened he works in the same neighborhood so he understood 10 11 [inaudible 00:05:17 - 00:05:34] went to DCS and 12 explain my situation and then someone called me, a 13 representative called me, and asked me to bring in 14 all the paperwork and everything and actually went 15 over the paperwork and they found the interest rate 16 and other things that was not the way should be. 17 Eventually, they were able to get some of my money 18 back for me. [Inaudible [00:05:57] made sure that 19 they look into the interest rate and ask questions 20 and anything you don't understand a lot. [Inaudible 00:06:05] everything she need, you should understand 21 2.2 everything, you don't sign if [00:06:12]. 23 COMMISSIONER SALAS: Today we will look at some of the ways in which DCA helps consumers, 24 25 workers and small businesses last year. DCA's new

# 1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 mission, which we adopted last fall, is to protect 3 and enhance the daily economic lives of New Yorkers, 4 to create thriving communities. We fulfill our 5 mission by protecting consumers and workers, empowering residents to build assets, reduce debt and 6 7 improve their financial health and by educating 8 businesses as well as enforcing consumer protection, 9 licensing and key workplace labor laws. In 2016, DCAA went after predatory debt collection agencies 10 and secured more than \$1.1 million in restitution for 11 consumers. We helped out city's workers too. 12 In 13 just two and a half years since we have been 14 enforcing the city's basic lead law, we have secured 15 merely \$4.5 million in fines and restitution for more 16 than 15,000 workers across the five boroughs. Last 17 year, we also conducted 14 business education day 18 walks going door-to-door educating businesses in the 19 languages that they speak about how to comply with 20 the law before they get a visit from an inspector. Those inspectors have in the fiscal year to date 21 conducted close to 42,000 business inspections and 2.2 23 our consumer service mediators have already resolved almost 1,100 consumer complaints to the satisfaction 24 of both the consumer and the business. 25 We are

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especially proud to report and this is really big 2 3 news that through our investment in the city's annual 4 free tax prep and earned income tax campaign we have put half a billion dollars back into the pockets of 5 New Yorkers via safe tax prep fees and refunds from 6 7 clean tax credits in just the last two years. During that same time, 310,000 New Yorkers filed their taxes 8 9 for free using our programs and services at approximately 200 sites we operate during the tax 10 11 season each year. This tax season, New Yorkers who earn less than \$64,000 in 2016 can get their taxes 12 13 done safety and for free using IRS trained 14 volunteers. Every dollar saved by a resident, 15 particularly one struggling to make ends meet, is a 16 dollar that can be used to bolster a savings account 17 help make a rent or car payment, pay down debt or 18 even help save for college. That is not all. The 19 studies show that every dollar spent in a 20 neighborhood came out as much as an additional 68 21 cents beyond that dollar to the local economy meaning 2.2 that the money we've helped New Yorkers save isn't 23 just good for them it is good for local businesses too. We are also proud to report that more New 24 Yorkers are continuing to get one-on-one free 25

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2 intensive financial counseling, a program that we 3 pioneered. In 2016, we welcomed approximately 7,500 4 clients to our financial empowerment centers bringing 5 the total number of New Yorkers helped by this program over the years to more than 42,000. Our 6 7 financial counselors work with New Yorkers to set 8 reasonable goals and help them stick to a plan by 9 holding follow-up meetings to check-in on their progress. Throughout the year, we held 12,500 10 11 counseling sessions at our centers bringing the total 12 number of sessions held since this program started to be only 80,000. Since 2006, financial empowerment 13 14 centers have helped New Yorkers pay down \$50.4 15 million in debt and build \$4.2 million in savings. 16 Helping New Yorkers access safer financial products so that they can more easily build assets is a top 17 18 priority for us. Through our partnership with the 19 Mayor's Office of Immigrant Affairs we have a lot new 20 opportunities for IDNYC cardholders to access trusted financial institutions. Today, more than 13 21 financial institutions accept IDNYC as a primary form 2.2 23 of identification for opening a new account. DCA worked to bring federal regulators and financial 24 institutions together to negotiate agreements to 25

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	accept IDNYC. This past year, DCA and Moya, launched
3	an outdoor and print advertising campaign in ten
4	languages to spread the word about these exciting new
5	opportunities for cardholders. We are always looking
6	out for our city's consumers whether it is at a car
7	dealership or when they walk through the doors of one
8	of our financial empowerment centers. Let's hear
9	directly from two New Yorkers, Celina and Stephano,
10	who both found a path to financial stability and
11	empowerment by accessing our services.
12	[pause]
13	CELINA: [Inaudible 00:11:22] neighborhood
14	and I am a retired landlord but I am also a
15	[inaudible 00:11:30] grandson who is eight years old
16	[inaudible 00:11:34-39]
17	[another speaker - inaudible 00:11:40-
18	00:11:58]
19	FEMALE SPEAKER: [Inaudible - 00:11:58-
20	00:12:12]
21	MALE SPEAKER: [Inaudible - 00:12:12-
22	00:12:29]
23	FEMALE SPEAKER: [Inaudible - 00:12:29-
24	00:12:33] manage your own finances and to [inaudible
25	00:12:37]. Feels good.

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2 COMMISSIONER SALAS: As you can see, our 3 financial empowerment centers provide vital services 4 to New Yorkers in need and we are very proud to have 5 pioneered this model of service. Our financial counselors several of whom I have personally met with 6 7 are well trained and incredibly dedicated. They have 8 told me both heart-wrenching and uplifting stories 9 about New Yorkers facing financial hardships and they ways in which they have overcome them. I should note 10 11 that the voice you heard at the end of the video isn't a coach, it was actually Celina's financial 12 13 counselor. Now that we have explored some of our 14 signature consumer financial protection work, I would 15 like to provide you with an exciting update on how we 16 at DCA are helping to improve the lives of working 17 New Yorkers. In 2016, DCA launched the Office of 18 Labor, Policy and Standards, OLPS. OLPS is building 19 on the city's historic brawl as a laboratory for 20 progressive policies with a mission to develop and 21 implement a new generation of minimum labor standards by conducting regional research to advance new 2.2 23 policies, educating workers and employers and the public about workplace protections, enforcing key 24 municipal labor laws, collaborating with government 25

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	agencies and communities to improve enforcement and
3	focusing in [inaudible 00:14:07]. OLPS is a
4	dedicated staff of 34 including its own deputy
5	commissioner, several attorneys, investigators,
6	outreach specialists as well as research and policy
7	analysts. OLPS continues to build on DCA's key
8	successes enforcing the basic lead law among others
9	to ensure workers in or city are afforded the
10	protection they deserve. A few key highlights from
11	the work OLPS has been doing in the last few months
12	include preparing to implement the first of its kind,
13	Freelance Isn't Free Act, and we will start taking
14	complaints on May 15 <sup>th</sup> , the laws effective date. In
15	working closely with other in the administration and
16	a variety of stake holders to draft in advance fair
17	work week legislation which as you all know we
18	testified on just last Friday. We are tremendously
19	excited about the prospect of the Mayor's Fair Work
20	Week Legislative Package becoming law as it will
21	finally bring to our city's 65,000 fast food workers
22	a sense of clarity and consistency around their work
23	schedules meaning that they, like the rest of us, can
24	plan for child or elder care, take classes or even
25	hold a second job, allowing opportunities many of the

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2 rest of us have been fortunate to have. As the Mayor 3 has said, fair scheduling practices are a right not a 4 privilege. We would also like to take a moment to 5 highlight our first paid care convening which took place at Brooklyn Borough Hall this past Saturday. 6 7 OLPS along with Moya, CCHR, the National Domestic 8 Workers Alliance and other community partners 9 combined dozens of nannies, domestic workers and homecare workers to make the launch of DCA's division 10 11 of paid care and to discuss strategies for safeguarding worker's rights in the face of new 12 threats to immigrant and other vulnerable workers. 13 14 This was just the first of several convening we are 15 planning and we are eager to expand our work in the 16 paid care space to provide necessary support for one 17 of New York City's most vulnerable worker groups. As 18 a former domestic worker myself, it was a distinct 19 honor for me to speak at the convening because I know 20 firsthand what some of the immense challenges are 21 that these workers face. In keeping with the theme of hearing directly from workers and aggrieved 2.2 23 consumer, a grandmother trying to climb out of debt and take care of her family, a young man trying to 24 start his own business, we would like to share with 25

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 you some thoughts on OLPS to one of our closest community partners make the road (?) New York took 3 4 the time to share with us. SPEAKER: [Inaudible 00:17:00-00:17:13] 5 we are incredibly proud to partner with the 6 7 Department of Consumer Affairs [inaudible]. We look forward to [inaudible 00:17:20-00:17:40] DCA when the 8 9 initial outreach and education [inaudible 00:17:44] paid sick leave legislation in New York City and DCA 10 11 has always been on the ground in earnest reaching out 12 to impact the workers and the businesses that employ 13 them to make sure that everyone understands their 14 rights, how to navigate those rights and how to 15 enforce those rights. We recently have been working 16 with DCA and OLPS on a particular case which is a 17 pretty good example of their work. The young man who 18 has been working for a cleaning service company in 19 New York City and came to make the road (?) because 20 his right to take sick leave had been violated. When 21 OLPS hit the ground, they discovered that not only was he impacted but the entire workforce had been 2.2

impacted but the entire workforce had been impacted. [Inaudible 00:18:28] and OLPS jumped into action. We know that it [inaudible 00:18:36]

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2	vulnerable for her or being threatened with
3	retaliation and [inaudible 00:18:40 - 00:18:50].
4	COMMISSIONER SALAS: Apologies for the
5	technical difficulties in the video. We managed to
6	sail through the first two. Convenient paid care
7	workers is a prime example [music played]. All
8	right, we needed some music there. Convenient paid
9	care workers are a prime example of the type of
10	public engagement we want to further amplify. In
11	here is how we've done that. While we host
12	[inaudible 00:19:21] close to 500 events this past
13	year, we wanted to ensure that those we weren't
14	necessarily hearing from knew about us. So we run
15	some numbers. We looked at high need neighborhoods in
16	New York City from where we were not receiving many
17	complaints and we made a plan. We figured the New
18	Yorkers in these places are probably even more
19	susceptible to predatory business practices or more
20	in need of services that we provide and we
21	prioritized hearing from them. That's where our
22	listening tool comes in. Starting last fall, just a
23	few months after I came to the agency, I personally
24	begun visiting these high need neighborhoods across
25	the city. To date, I have attended nearly 30 events

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2	in these neighborhoods and have heard directly from
3	more than 1,000 New Yorkers about the issues
4	affecting them where they live, work or shop. I have
5	had the opportunity to talk with English language
6	learners, NYCHA [inaudible 00:20:19] associations
7	members, union members, seniors, faith groups, and
8	parent-teacher associations. The stories I heard
9	and information I learned from the listening tour
10	will help make DCA a better more responsive agency
11	for both consumers and workers. Through a
12	combination of this to work the complaints we
13	received, the patrol enforcement and investigations
14	we've done and based on our experience serving
15	consumers and workers, we have learned a few things.
16	First, we have found that predatory lending
17	[inaudible 00:20:54] that can have any combination of
18	very high interest rates, shorter payment periods and
19	very unclear terms is one of the most permissive and
20	prevalent threats to the health of New Yorkers and
21	our city's economy. Second, we have found in order
22	to effectively regulate hundreds of thousands of
23	businesses across the city, we will need to devise
24	and implement enforcement plans that are as strategic
25	as possible. Finally, serving New Yorkers the best

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	that we can means that we need to leverage
3	partnerships and strive for more agency and community
4	collaboration and have that happen quickly. And
5	while these lessons apply to only our cause broadly,
6	we don't want to forget about individual New Yorkers
7	and how our work touches their lives. So let's go
8	back to Rhoda for a moment. Rhoda came to us with a
9	car she described as junked. It was essentially
10	unusable. We wanted to help her get her money back
11	so we launched an investigation into the dealership
12	which we happened to license. Here's what we found:
13	Rhoda was being crippled by her high interest loan,
14	the terms of which were never clearly disclosed to
15	her in a way that she understood. The dealership
16	pressured and pushed her through the purchasing
17	process. She was never walked through her financing
18	contract or even asked for proof of income to qualify
19	for the loan. Instead, dealership staff simply
20	assured her that she was getting a great deal. And,
21	Rhoda isn't alone. In fact, we have had at least 650
22	New Yorkers come to us in the last few years with
23	complaints about SHADS, our terms for Second Hand
24	Auto Dealers. Rhoda's experience combined with our
25	own research, investigations, complaints and

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2	reinforced by national media reporting about the
3	scope of the problem made clear that predatory
4	lending by second hand auto dealers is a major
5	problem in New York City. DCA currently licenses,
6	inspects and regulates almost 800 SHADS operating in
7	New York City. This pre-existent regularity
8	relationship means that DCA can leverage all of its
9	existing tools to target predatory lending while
10	working with our legislative partners to develop new
11	policy approaches that better protect consumers. And
12	if you want a sense of the size and scope of this
13	industry, we should note that as of November 2016
14	some estimates put the total value of subprime auto
15	loans nationwide at \$1 trillion. While we can't
16	bring down predatory lending nationwide single
17	handedly, we can try to attack it here in New York
18	City. We plan to tackle predatory lending in this
19	industry with a three prong approach: education,
20	enforcement and legislation. In terms of educating
21	New Yorkers, we plan on leveraging our extensive
22	experience with direct outreach, consumer education,
23	air and paid media investments as well as
24	partnerships with community organizations to raise
25	the alarm about the dangers one faces when walking

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2 into a used car lot. In fact, tomorrow we will be 3 releasing some key information for consumers and we 4 hope that -- we hope to be making some additional 5 important announcements soon. In terms of enforcement, we are going to bring both our patrol 6 7 and legal resources to there in targeting this 8 industry, leveraging information we have collected 9 from subpoenas we have issued in the last few years as well as aggressively pursuing those we might 10 11 consider bad actors. Lastly, we seek to work closely with the Council and key stakeholders to craft and 12 13 pass a thoughtful [audio beep 00:24:40] further 14 tackling predatory lending locally as the regulatory 15 field is already largely occupied by state and 16 federal law. We believe that there is still ample 17 room for the City of New York to fill the gaps left 18 by existing law and we look forward to working with 19 the Council to determine how best to meet those 20 needs. Taking together this three prong approach 21 will protect and empower consumers, serve as a clear warning to predatory businesses and promote healthier 2.2 23 lending ecosystem across the city. At DCA, we want New York City to be the first in the country that 24 aggressively tackles its share of this growing 25

# 1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 problem in a way that can be a model for other cities and other places around the country. While tackling 3 4 predatory lending is one of our top priorities, the used car industry is not the only one we have our 5 eyes on. We know that there are problematic business 6 7 and employment practices present in other industries and we want to focus our efforts on achieving 8 9 meaningful resourceful New Yorkers. To us, strategic enforcement means using our resources efficiently and 10 11 effectively to have the maximum possible impact. We aim to create a culture of compliance within 12 13 problematic industries meaning we want these 14 businesses to begin complying on their own before 15 waiting to be forced to do so. Though we are sometimes constrained or legally preempted from 16 17 pursuing various enforcement routes, we nonetheless have several different tools in our toolbox to tackle 18 19 problems faced by consumers and workers. These tools 20 include the authority to enforce New York City's 21 consumer protection licensing and key workplace laws. We also have subpoena power which can give us 2.2 23 important access to documents and records. Additionally, our well-honed public engagement tools 24 present us with important opportunities to 25

# communicate with businesses, consumers and workers in a variety of different ways through public awareness and marketing campaigns, our media as well as direct education and outreach. We anticipate the different combinations of these tools are going to enable us to do more in terms of protecting consumers and workers in our city and in terms of helping businesses understand and comply with the law. To determine which problems we are going to tackle and how, we are asking ourselves some key questions right now. What are the ways in which consumers and workers are experiencing the greatest harm, what is the major scope and scale of that harm and what are the most appropriate and effective tools to address these We

15 16 issues in order to achieve meaningful results. 17 are already beginning to shift from being almost 18 exclusively complaint based to being more proactive 19 on how we do some of our enforcement work. For 20 example to date, we have investigated nearly every single paid sick leave complaint we've received as 21 2.2 deeply and comprehensively as possible often 23 expanding our investigation of a single complaint into a workplace wide investigation. As evidenced by 24 the numbers I mentioned earlier, this approach has 25

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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	been tremendously successful for us and for New
3	Yorkers denied the rights to paid sick leave. Nearly
4	\$4.5 million in fines and restitution obtained on
5	behalf of more than 15,000 New Yorkers in just two
6	and a half years. Now that the law has been in
7	effect for some time and our education and outreach
8	to businesses has been extensive, we believe it is
9	appropriate for us to begin identifying industries
10	where we think no compliance is more widespread
11	across the industry compared to let's say an
12	individual business. Such noncompliance is also a
13	likely indicator or larger labor issues and we intend
14	for our part of investigations into such industries
15	to serve as a warning to them that exploitation of
16	workers will not be tolerated. Focusing or energies
17	in this way will also allow us to get faster and
18	quicker restitution for individual complainants
19	employed in individual workplaces where we do not
20	necessarily suspect their being widespread problems.
21	Ultimately, we believe that our strategic enforcement
22	efforts will help us to be even more effective in
23	tackling ongoing problems that can be heavy burdens
24	on our city's residents. Now that we have covered
25	ways in which we have and will continue to protect

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2 the daily economic lives of New Yorkers, I would like 3 to tell you about how we enhance their lives as well. 4 As you may have noticed, DCA is among the city's most 5 public facing agencies. We produce many materials to educate and inform consumers and workers about issues 6 7 effecting their lives as we work as hard a possible 8 to ensure these materials are getting into the hands 9 of New Yorkers. Last year, in partnership with the council, Moya the Department for the Aging and the 10 11 Mayor's Office to combat domestic violence, DCA 12 produced a series of tip booklets for immigrants, 13 seniors and women. These pieces focused on issues 14 particular to those communities. For example, how to 15 protect yourself from telephone scams, from being 16 taken advantage of by unemployment agency, where to 17 go find free legal help and more. We have invested 18 significant resources in a combination of outdoor 19 print, radio and online advertising campaigns on 20 topics from your rights under our commuter benefits 21 law to where to go to get your taxes done for free 2.2 and more. We seek to publish and disseminate 23 information that helps consumers be savvier, businesses be more compliant and workers be more 24 empowered. To that end, you will see a number of 25

# COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS different resources in the folders you have in front of you. In the past year, we have also made being immediately responsive to emerging treats a top priority. This goal, DCA partnered with Make the Road, Speaker Melissa Mark-Viverito Chairman Espinal, Council Member Julissa Ferreras-Copeland, Moya and community organizations to distribute tips about immigration fraud which we anticipated will be under advise following the presidential election. We distributed 5,000 pieces of literature in just a few short hours during the morning rush hour of subways stops in Corona, Jackson Heights, and Elmhurst reminding New Yorkers about the dangers of [inaudible 00:31:17] and that the city makes free, safe immigration legal services available to those in need. Following President Trump's recent travel ban announcement, DCA, CCHR and Moya planned and executed a one New York Day of Action during which we distributed literature from Baywich to Astoria to Jamaica about the many rights New Yorkers have under our human rights law, the paid sick leave law, and

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23 about the services that the agencies offer. We were 24 horned to be joined by Council Members Gentile and 25 Menchaca as well as a host of community partners and

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	volunteers including Make the Road, New York
3	Immigrations Coalition, the [Inaudible 00:31:59]
4	Association and others. Without these partnerships,
5	[inaudible 00:32:03] quickly mobilizing or long-term
6	engagement, DCA would not be able to do the many
7	different types of work we do to help protect and
8	serve New Yorkers. In addition to our extensive
9	partnerships with CCHR and Moya, we partner with many
10	city agencies on a variety of initiatives. DCA's
11	partnership with HPD helps those seeking affordable
12	housing get their finances in order for their
13	application process. Our partnership with SBS
14	ensures that new businesses opening their doors in
15	our city have direct access to key regulatory
16	information. We work with help on a daily basis on a
17	large variety of issues from assisting with the
18	processing of their license applications to having
19	our inspectors enforce out city's important tobacco
20	laws to keep cigarettes out of the hands of minors.
21	DCA financial empowerment centers are made possible
22	by our many partners who provide the day-to-day
23	services that so many New Yorkers depend on. The
24	respect these organizations command in their
25	neighborhoods enables us to serve more New Yorkers

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2	more effectively. We at DCA believe that in order to
3	have an impact and serve New Yorker's needs, we need
4	to work in closely collaboration with the
5	organizations whose work is rooted in these
6	communities. Again, we want to always keep in mind
7	that the work we do everyday touches New Yorker's
8	lives very deeply. This brings us back to Rhoda.
9	MALE SPEAKER: [Inaudible 00:33:34]
10	COMMISSIONER SALAS: I am going to tell
11	you now. We heard about her challenges and the DCA
12	stepped in but what was the result. Here's what we
13	were able to do. We obtained more than \$4,800 in
14	restitution for Rhoda. This covered the costs of
15	repairs to the car as well as towing which, by the
16	way, can really add up and we know this because we
17	license towing companies. The final restitution
18	amount also included what we will call damages paid
19	by the dealership for putting Rhoda in a debt trap
20	carrying a 23.9 percent interest rate when really she
21	should have received one closer to 16 percent. Even
22	that is a higher interest rate. We also want to take
23	this opportunity to point out the additional
24	incredibly troubling situations people like Rhoda
25	kind find themselves in and how our work can be

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2 really beneficial in addressing them. As you might 3 remember, a few months after purchasing her car Rhoda 4 was unable to drive it. Around this time she stopped making payments on the car since she couldn't use it. 5 Following the successful closure of the case against 6 7 the dealership, Rhoda ended up being sued by the car's financing company for allegedly missed 8 9 payments. As we understand it, DCA's successful resolution of Rhoda's dealership case was a 10 11 significant in the end result of that lawsuit. Ιt 12 was finally thrown out. This example underscores 13 just how much pressure, strain and hardship New 14 Yorkers can face as a result of trying to obtain what 15 is for so many of us a basic necessary asset, a car. 16 Even if Rhoda had been able to somehow successfully 17 disentangle herself from the contract she was in with 18 the dealership, without our intervention she likely 19 never would have received restitution and she might 20 have had to fight a case in court for month's costing her guite a bit of money and also time, stress and 21 fear. It is situations like these that we seek to 2.2 23 eradicate the best we can and of course this is all driven by our deep commitment to achieving our goal 24 to protect and enhance the daily economic lives of 25

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	New Yorkers to create thriving communities. Before
3	we conclude, I would like to take a quick moment to
4	highlight some key numbers for the Committee. In
5	terms of our overall budget, our preliminary fiscal
6	year 2018 budget stands at \$41,470,839 which is a
7	small increase as compared to the fiscal year's
8	adopted budget which was \$40,598,082. Our head count
9	this year has decreased by two standing at 439 as
10	compared to 441 last fiscal year. We hope that you
11	have enjoyed our presentation today and that an
12	overview of our work in the past year and our goals
13	for the year to come leave you with a sense of the
14	positive impact we seek to have on the lives of
15	consumers, workers and businesses in New York.
16	Again, thank you for the opportunity to testify and
17	will be happy to answer any questions you may have.
18	CHAIR ESPINAL: Thank you Commissioner.
19	Sounds like you have your hands full but I have to
20	say really appreciate the new innovative way of
21	presenting this hearing. It was very insightful and
22	be able to actually hear from our constituents on how
23	DCA was able to change and help their lives. Now,
24	more than ever, I think it is important that we
25	empower our workers, we empower our consumers and

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2 make sure that they keep every dollar in their 3 pocket. People are being squeezed out of their communities because they can't afford paying their 4 rents and the increasing cost of living in the city 5 and, you know, you have shown that DCA has been in 6 7 the forefront whether it be by making sure that thanks to Council Member's Lander's legislation that 8 9 freelancers are getting paid, making sure that at auto dealers people are not being ripped off and 10 11 making sure they are getting more money back in their 12 pockets if they do end up being ripped off, making 13 sure that the working New Yorkers are receiving free 14 help with their taxes and getting every dollar back. 15 We do know that, you know, tax season is a time where 16 working families receive a large chunk of their 17 dollars for the year and want to make sure they are 18 able to save that money and spend it wisely. Making 19 sure that New Yorker's credit scores are healthy and 20 that they are spending their money wisely so that 21 they can qualify for an apartment or stay in their 2.2 apartments or even buy a home. So I commend you and 23 all the work you've been doing. So in that note, I guess my questions right now would be around the 24 25 Office of Financial Empowerment. It's playing a

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	major role in those conversations. Do you I'm not
3	sure if you mentioned in your testimony but do you
4	have a total number of plans served through these
5	sensors?
6	COMMISSIONER SALAS: Yes. So in 2016,
7	the financial empowerment served 7,454 clients over
8	12,585 sessions.
9	CHAIR ESPINAL: Is that an increase from
10	2015 or is that comparatively around the same number?
11	COMMISSIONER SALAS: It's about the
12	same. The number is consistent.
13	CHAIR ESPINAL: So it's about the same,
14	consistent. Is there anything used well does DCA
15	are there any plans to expand OFE programs or is
16	there a need for more resources in order to do that
17	or do you feel that you're covering all the
18	neighborhoods that need that service?
19	COMMISSIONER SALAS: It is certainly an
20	amazing life changing program. I mean really
21	consumer comes in and they are no longer alone in
22	dealing with their finances so we always hope to grow
23	programs like these. We are about to work on a new
24	request for proposals for the next three years so
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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 obviously we are considering opportunities to act 3 more. 4 CHAIR ESPINAL: What is the budget for 5 the Office of National Empowerment? UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: We don't have 6 it by division at this time so we will have to get 7 8 back to you on that. 9 CHAIR ESPINAL: Okay. I just see it as one of the most important aspects of the agency and 10 11 if we can explore expanding those offices and finding ways we can touch more New Yorkers, I think we should 12 13 look into that. If I may, I would like to introduce 14 Nicole Smith, Deputy Commissioner for Office of 15 Financial Empowerment. NICOLE SMITH: Hi, good morning. For the 16 17 Financial Empowerment Centers there is approximately 18 2.2 million budgeted each fiscal year for the 19 operations of the Financial Empowerment Centers. In 20 addition to that, there is also a budget for the free 21 tax preparation program that is approximately \$4.2 million. 2.2 23 UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: Would you be able to say what neighborhoods you are currently in? 24 25

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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	NICOLE SMITH: For the Financial
3	Empowerment Centers?
4	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: Yes.
5	NICOLE SMITH: We are in each of the five
6	boroughs and the neighborhoods that were selected
7	were based on financial insecurity and need within
8	the community so we focused several years ago we
9	did a study on the number of unbanked New Yorkers,
10	which we also did two years ago, and the
11	neighborhoods that were selected for the financial
12	empowerment centers were based on the findings from
13	that study.
14	CHAIR ESPINAL: Okay. Thank you. Before
15	I go forward, I would love to give my colleagues a
16	chance to ask questions. I know they have very busy
17	schedules and we're in the middle of budget season.
18	So we are joined by members of the Committee. We
19	have Karen Koslowitz from Queens, we have Vincent
20	Gentile from Brooklyn and my friend from Brooklyn has
21	joined us as well but we have questions from Gentile
22	and Lander. So Gentile?
23	COUNCIL MEMBER GENTILE: Thank you, Mr.
24	Chairman, and good morning. I must say I am very
25	impressed with that very comprehensive testimony and

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	the high-tech presentation that you made. It really
3	gives a great overview of the agency so good work. I
4	really appreciate that. Two quick questions, I think.
5	Now that you told us about Rhoda I was really
6	concerned about the outcome and good for Rhoda and I
7	am glad that you were there to help her. I am just
8	curious about the tip booklets that you mentioned
9	that help other people, at least give other people
10	that information. Are those booklets available to us
11	for our district offices?
12	COMMISSIONER SALAS: Certainly and we
13	have them in several different languages and if you
14	don't already have a package, we will send you one.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER GENTILE: Yeah, that will
16	be great. Not only for district offices but for
17	street fairs and just for general distributions. I
18	know those are always popular at senior centers too
19	so that is great. I did want to go back to the Rhoda
20	situation in one respect though. That situation
21	involved a used auto dealer; am I correct?
22	COMMISSIONER SALAS: Yes, correct.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER GENTILE: Now is my
24	understanding correct that DCA does not when you
25	

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2	license the user or the dealers you do not do
3	licensing for new car dealerships?
4	COMMISSIONER SALAS: Yes, that is
5	correct.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER GENTILE: And what is the
7	reason for that?
8	AMIT VAGA (SP??): Sorry, I was looking
9	for our general counsel who I thought was in the back
10	room. My apologies. Amit Vaga (SP?). I believe
11	that is because we are preempted by federal law; is
12	that correct? Yes.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER GENTILE: Federal law
14	controls new car dealerships?
15	AMIT VAGA (SP?): I believe that federal
16	law generally controls the regulation of the ways in
17	which new cars are produced and sold.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER GENTILE: Okay. Many of
19	the issues that you talk about with used car
20	dealerships, I would almost imagine and predict are
21	happening on new car dealerships also so how do we
22	protect those people?
23	AMIT VAGA (SP?): I am going to introduce
24	Tamala Boyd, our general counsel.
25	

2	TAMALA BOYD: Hi. Sorry. DMV licenses,
3	new car dealerships, federal law regulates a lot of
4	other things having to do with new car dealerships.
5	We are preempted from regulating and pretty much
6	operating in most areas having to do with new cars.
7	COMMISSIONER SALAS: I would like to add
8	that is not going to stop us from educating
9	consumers. The [inaudible 00:44:36] teaches
10	specifically for people who are looking to purchase a
11	car make sure that before they walk into a dealership
12	they know exactly what to do, they know they need to
13	find out what their credit score is, they know they
14	need to explore what other financing options are and
15	they know they need to do some research on the
16	business they try to transact business with. So our
17	consumer tips will be available to all purchasers of
18	used cars or new cars, it will apply to both.
19	AMIT VAGA (SP): If I may just also add
20	to that answer? While we don't have statistics on
21	exactly what the challenges are with respect to
22	financing in the new car context, what we do know is
23	that many of the larger, new car dealerships are
24	associated with financing companies that are either
25	larger financial institutions or financing companies

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	that provide that have agreements with the
3	manufactures themselves and so these might be
4	agreements that they have with Ford or with Toyota or
5	whomever and it is our understanding that these scope
6	and scale of the predatory lending that might exist
7	in that context is perhaps different than what it is
8	in the used car context.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER GENTILE: So you're saying
10	it is not as prevalent in the new car dealership
11	financing?
12	AMIT VAGA (SP): Certainly there is
13	subprime auto lending in the new car context. I
14	don't have statistics on it. But we know for a fact
15	that in the used car context it is definitely an
16	issue.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER GENTILE: I don't know.
18	Again, I don't have data but it seems to me there are
19	about a thousand Rhoda's out there that even with the
20	information are going to end up paying far more in
21	interest whether it be a new car or a used car so it
22	just seems odd to me that we can't protect purchasers
23	of new cars as we seem to be able to do on used cars
24	and I guess that is just federal law that preempts
25	you otherwise, I would imagine, you would be in

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2	[audio stops 00:46:38]. Okay. I am done. Thank you
3	very much. Thank you
4	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Too much.
5	CHAIR ESPINAL: Brad?
6	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Mr. Chair, thank
7	you for offering the members questions before. I
8	know you have many, a good long list so it is much
9	appreciated. Commissioner, great to see you again
10	after Friday's good hearing and I just wanted to
11	share my colleagues appreciation for all the work the
12	agency has stepped up to do and the growing ways in
13	which you are communicating about it, being
14	proactive. You know, it is one of the not still
15	under sung accomplishments of this administration and
16	still in development but thank you for it. So I saw
17	that you mentioned in the testimony the new
18	responsibilities the agency is taking on around the
19	Freelance Isn't Free Act which is being implemented
20	in May and hopefully this budget year for a fair work
21	week as well. Obviously we have to pass the
22	legislation and set an implementation date. But I
23	don't see any headcount increase to implement and
24	enforce those laws. Is that in the budget, did I
25	miss it? I see there has been great growth in OLPS

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to be able to step up and do the paid sick days but it is hard for me to imagine that you can take on enforcement of substantial new laws without some additional resources.

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COMMISSIONER SALAS: Thank you so much 6 7 for your question. We have, sine the office was 8 launched in the fall, we began retraining our 9 existing staff that was enforcing the paid sick leave law to also -- and commuter benefit law to make sure 10 11 that our staff is cross-trained and is able to help 12 enforce the [inaudible 00:48:27] laws that we have on 13 our plate. We had two additional lines when the 14 office was created and especially with the new 15 freelancers law taking effect in two short months and 16 we clear for the work progress on the Mayor's Fair 17 Work Week legislation, we are always in conversation 18 with the Office of Management and Budget about 19 appropriate staff levels for our agency and are 20 confident that should additional staff be required for this legislation there would be sufficient 21 2.2 resources provided to DCA.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Good. I am glad to hear you are in those conversations. Look, we all want to do as much as we can without spending more of

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2	course and this is as scary time for the city given
3	changes in Washington. At the same time, these are
4	important new laws that will really go far to protect
5	the rights of New Yorkers and we have to make sure
6	that we can achieve them. I did notice, without
7	nitpicking too much, that the processing times on
8	sick days cases is up this year over last year so,
9	you know, let's make sure that we have the resources
10	that we need to, you know, achieve the proactive and
11	reactive investigations and enforcements. It sounds
12	like Director of Lad I guess.
13	UNKNOWN FEMALE SPEAKER: Do you want to
14	add anything?
15	UNKNOWN FEMALE SPEAKER: Council Member
16	Lander, I am glad you noticed that statistic about
17	our processing time and that we have an opportunity
18	to tell you about that. In fact, what we saw in our
19	first year of enforcement is that cases often close
20	very quickly because they were simple. It had a lot
21	to do with employers still learning the requirements
22	of the law and upon being confronted with here's the
23	law, here's what you're supposed to do, they resolve
24	very quickly. We also had a far higher number of
25	unsubstantiated cases in our first year again in our

## 1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 view because we are still engaged in efforts to 3 educate about the law. The kinds of cases we see now 4 are more complex, involve more recalcitrant employers, more difficult legal issues and so I 5 believe it would be -- I do not conclude that out the 6 7 speed of our work has slowed down but merely the type 8 of work that is coming in the door requires different 9 resources.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: So that is a 10 11 great explanation but it is consistent with my first 12 point which is that it sounds like we may need some 13 additional resources to be able to have OLPS be able 14 to do its job in a timely way we want to. I won't 15 push you anymore on it here. I appreciate you are in 16 dialog with OMB. This process is for the Council to 17 identify the things that we think are priorities and 18 I would submit that from my point of view at least it 19 should be a council priority to make sure this agency 20 can implement the laws that we are passing and asking you to enforce in the timelines that we want to so I 21 2.2 won't go any further there. I was encouraged to hear 23 your interest in doing more proactive enforcement. It doesn't look to me like we yet have in the MMR 24 measures of that and so I would just suggest one 25

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
2	thing it might be worth thinking about as all the	
3	other things you are thinking about in growing OLPS	
4	is establishing some new MMR metrics and thinking	
5	about this around the freelance law and hopefully the	
6	fair work week law as well that capture our work to	
7	let people know about those rights and the proactive	
8	work as well as the case processing on violations.	
9	NICOLE SMITH: Yes. We absolutely agree	
10	with that. One of my priorities as Director since	
11	coming on at the end of August has been to make sure	
12	that we are restricting how our office functions to	
13	enable us to conduct this proactive enforcement work	
14	and so we are just about completed with that	
15	reorganization and ready to start conducting	
16	proactive enforcement and we are preparing the	
17	corresponding metrics to start reporting once we are	
18	really in the field doing it so we are on it.	
19	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Great. Switching	
20	gears, the Car Wash Accountability Act, can somebody	
21	give me an update on where that legislation is? Not	
22	legislation, litigation. We passed a good bill and	
23	not it is stuck in court.	
24	UNKNOWN FEMALE: The litigation is	
25	ongoing. I believe that they are right they just	

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 did a new briefing schedule. The last update I had 3 was that we would have another update in March. So 4 everything is still on hold because of the litigation. 5

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Huh. I will just 6 7 remind you that, you know, that is a bill this council passed that we are enthusiastic about that we 8 9 believe can be a good strong protection for some of our most vulnerable workers. The campaign to advance 10 11 and support and strengthen their, you know, working 12 conditions is not abated and I hope we will continue 13 aggressively to continue to get that law to the point 14 where we can enforce it.

15 COMMISSIONER SALAS: I would just like to 16 reassure you that we will be ready to start licensing 17 the moment the litigation is resolved.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: My last question 18 19 is just that it is clear from your presentation you 20 have grown into much more than the New York City Department of Consumer Affairs. So Mr. Chair I don't 21 know whether we should -- I don't know if it is the 2.2 23 Department of Consumer Labor and Economic Affairs or some other but, you know, it strikes me that there is 24

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2	a good disconnect between the title of the agency and
3	the committee and the broad and expansive work its
4	CHAIR ESPINAL: I wouldn't mind the
5	promotion to the Chair of the New York City Consumer
6	Department of Labor Chair.
7	COMMISSIONER SALAS: Just on that point,
8	we have conducted a couple of focus groups just in
9	the last couple weeks to explore exactly that whether
10	a name is necessary at this point. Thank you.
11	CHAIR ESPINAL: Karen?
12	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: Thank you. I
13	am going to go back to the Department of Consumer
14	Affairs. How many inspectors do you have?
15	COMMISSIONER SALAS: We have 50
16	inspectors.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: How many?
18	COMMISSIONER SALAS: 50, 5-0.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: And do you
20	still have inspectors throughout the boroughs?
21	COMMISSIONER SALAS: Yes, we do.
22	COUNCIL MEMEBR KOSLOWITZ: Because I know
23	there used to be inspectors on Queens Boulevard.
24	What are some of the issues that come back to you
25	

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 that they go out? What is one of the biggest issues 3 that appears to happen? 4 UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: We are going to invite James Hurst, our Director of Enforcement to 5 answer that questions. 6 7 JAMES HURST: Specifically from our borough inspectors there are a variety of violations 8 9 that they will see while they are in the field, everything from failing to post prices, operating 10 11 unlicensed so without a license, including parking 12 garages that exceed their capacity and the sale of 13 tobacco, flavored tobacco, or other tobacco products 14 below the price floor as provided by the law. 15 COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: That's still pretty high? 16 17 JAMES HURST: We see it, yes. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: Can you break 19 down like revenues that you get from all these 20 inspections and fines? 21 JAMES HURST: Wow, not off the top of my head but I can give you some numbers. 2.2 We are 23 continuing seeing a reduction in the fines resulting from these inspections over the course of the three 24 25 fiscal years. I think our budget -- you have the

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2 numbers? So ever since Mayor de Blasio came to 3 office, we have continued to see an overall reduction in the small business fines that we access. 4 These 5 are the fines that are connected to the violations that are written by our patrol inspectors, do not 6 7 include our legal fines or paid sick leave fines. Our initial fine reduction in the first fiscal year 8 9 following the Mayor coming into office resulted in a reduction of more than \$15 million compared to Mayor 10 11 Bloomberg's last fiscal year in office so that was a reduction from 32 million to approximately 15. Since 12 then we have seen the numbers continue to decline 13 14 slightly. We anticipate that moving forward now that 15 our tribunal functions have shifted entirely to oath 16 and oath will begin hearing our cases in earnest that we will see the fines level off a bit. That is our 17 18 anticipation. 19 COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: The furniture 20 industry, do you see it still have problems there 21 with taking money from people and then they go out of business? 2.2 23 COMMISSIONER SALAS: So very similar to the second hand auto dealer's industry we see the 24

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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	same issues and it is certainly one of the industries
3	we are going to prioritize next. Do you want to add?
4	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: And like the
5	second hand auto dealerships, the nature of the
6	problem that we see there are the ones that require
7	consumer interviews and investigations that are then
8	conducted by our general counsel's office and they
9	can look into that because that is not something
10	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: I see a lot of
11	furniture business opening up all over like for
12	instance in Queens on Queens Boulevard there is a lot
13	of new furniture stores there and I know years ago
14	people used to they used to go in and have to pay
15	like almost the whole thing for the furniture that
16	they purchased and then low and behold the store went
17	out of business and they were out 10,000, \$20,000.
18	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: Yes, Council
19	Member, we agree that is certainly an issue and we
20	know that it is an issue in Queens, we know it's an
21	issue in other boroughs as well. I know this is an
22	issue that Chairman Espinal has been very interested
23	in. As the Commissioner mentioned, we are in the
24	process of tackling predatory lending first sort of
25	in the used car industry. We are looking very

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	critically at the furniture industry. The nature of
3	the financing agreements in the furniture industry is
4	a little different than it is in the used car
5	industry just the way those financing agreements are
6	structured so we are trying to think critically about
7	what the best legal route is for us to address that
8	but absolutely share it as a priority.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: And the home
10	improvement industry, is it still where people are
11	told to pay like upfront, not total upfront, and then
12	in the middle another portion and then at the end,
13	you know, pay for the whole job? Is that still
14	practiced?
15	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: That is certainly
16	an example of an issue that we continue to see within
17	home improvement contracting. I should note that
18	home improvement contracting remains amongst the top
19	categories of the types of industries about which we
20	receive complaints. We do licensed home improvement
21	contractors so if you are a licensed home improvement
22	contractor and we receive a complaint about you,
23	certainly our ability to go after you, if you will
24	colloquially, is a little bit more developed than if
25	you are unlicensed. One of the challenges we do see

# 1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 in the home improvement industry is that there are a 3 number of unlicensed contractors who will engage a 4 consumer and often what they will do, and this is not exclusively what they will do, but often what they 5 will do is they will offers perhaps a lower rate than 6 7 a licensed contractor and they will say something 8 like you can pay me a portion in cash and as a 9 result, you know, the work may start, it may never finish, sometimes the work never starts at all, 10 11 sometimes the work is done badly. Of course, these 12 issues can be present in the context of licensed home 13 improvement contracting as well but it is an industry 14 about which we continue to receive complaints and we 15 do investigate licensed contractors especially when we are able to. 16 17 COUNCIL MEMBER KOSLOWITZ: Thank you. 18 CHAIR ESPINAL: Thank you, Karen. We 19 have been joined by Rory Lancman and we were briefly 20 joined by Julissa Ferreras who is chairing a hearing 21 next door. Going back to -- oh, I know there has

22 been a transfer and it appears DCA will no longer be 23 tracking cases or restitutions to complaints. Can 24 you explain how these cases will be tracked going 25 forward?

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: I'm sorry, do you
3	mind clarifying the question. How we are tracking
4	which exactly?
5	CHAIR ESPINAL: So that the cases so
6	pretty much the agency will transfer to oath, right?
7	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: The tribunal, yes.
8	CHAIR ESPINAL: The tribunal is
9	transferred to oath. So when it was within the
10	agency, you were able to track the outcomes of these
11	cases. How would you be able to track them now?
12	COMMISSIONER SALAS: We will continue to
13	track the cases because when the cases are handled
14	oath they are continuously sending us the updates on
15	what happens on the case.
16	CHAIR ESPINAL: So when the case is
17	transferred over to oath, the case stays open with a
18	new agency up until you receive some sort of
19	notification that it has received that has been
20	closed?
21	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: That's right and
22	our systems communicate pretty seamlessly with each
23	other and of course naturally DCA is in a position
24	where we have to know what the final resolution of
25	the case was and so whatever that resolution is,
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2	whatever the ALJ decides, we receive that full
3	decision.
4	CHAIR ESPINAL: How many positions did
5	you lose within the agency when you transferred
6	tribunal to oath?
7	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: Well in the most
8	recent budget year, we did transfer lose one head
9	count that was transferred out to another agency.
10	CHAIR ESPINAL: Now does that salary stay
11	within the agency or was it transferred over to oath?
12	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: It was transferred
13	over. We lose both the head count and the dollars
14	associated with it.
15	CHAIR ESPINAL: So in preliminary budget
16	2018, it shows that you have two positions less than
17	the adopted budget 2017. Is that one of the
18	positions?
19	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: That is correct.
20	CHAIR ESPINAL: Which is the other?
21	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: The other is State
22	funded head count for tobacco enforcement.
23	CHAIR ESPINAL: So you lost one position
24	on tobacco enforcement, any reason behind that?
25	

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2	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: This is just part
3	of natural recurring state adjustment. When they
4	give us the funding sometimes they do make adjustment
5	and it could be a dollar base or a head count base.
6	In this case, it was a loss of a head count.
7	CHAIR ESPINAL: Okay.
8	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: So if I may
9	clarify on that front. We receive through a grant
10	from the State of New York a combination of head
11	count and dollars in order to be able to enforce
12	state related tobacco laws. That grant is reassessed
13	at some annular, bi-annual basis and when that grant
14	is reassessed by the state they make the
15	determination of how much money we are going to be
16	receiving.
17	CHAIR ESPINAL: How do they come up with
18	that determination? Does DCA make any
19	recommendations to the state or?
20	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: I believe we
21	provide information about the number of inspections,
22	et cetera, that we've conducted but we are not
23	involved in that decision making process.
24	CHAIR ESPINAL: If I remember correctly,
25	I think it was last year, we had a big K2 issues over

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	in the murder Broadway area and the city as a whole
3	and I know that DCA did a lot of work behind that.
4	Were you using your tobacco enforcement agents to do
5	the enforcements for any of those investigations?
6	UNKNOWN MALE SPEAKER: I would like to
7	introduce Alba Picco, our first Deputy Commissioner.
8	ALBA PICCO: Good morning. No, we use
9	mostly our [inaudible 01:04:06] inspectors to do
10	those investigations.
11	CHAIR ESPINAL: The Tobacco Enforcement
12	Unit doesn't go in looking
13	ALBA PICCO: Tobacco 18 so in tobacco
14	we have two units: Tobacco 18 and Tobacco 21.
15	Tobacco 18 is paid by the grant from the state. We
16	don't we use them for the 18 (??) Program to do
17	undercover buys. The state actually provides some
18	locations to use that we need to do every year, about
19	2,000 or so a year, plus whatever other inspections
20	we do there and then Tobacco 21, they do the
21	undercover for 21.
22	CHAIR ESPINAL: Okay. Got it. So last
23	year I remember you presented, the agency presented,
24	the new mapping technology where we were able to
25	pinpoint where DCA was doing their investigations or
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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 their enforcements. How is the map working for the 3 agency? Has it made enforcement more equitable 4 across the city? 5 UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE SPEAKER: It has. It is great and we keep improving it as we come across 6 7 new initiatives. We had an audit that was done by the controller's office and the results were that 8 9 they [inaudible 01:05:18] inspect inequitable throughout the five boroughs. 10 11 CHAIR ESPINAL: Any plan on making that website public or available? We do receive a lot of 12 13 complaints where businesses feel like they are being 14 targeted on a constant basis whether it be by DCA or 15 Sanitation or other agencies. Is there any plan or 16 is there way to get this information out to the 17 public or is that something you think is best used by 18 the agency and kept confidential? 19 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Sorry, just 20 to clarify, you're asking if we could make a map or some information about where we've recently conducted 21 inspection public? 2.2 23 CHAIR ESPINAL: Yes, over the past year where we're able to see where DCA is doing their 24 25 inspections?

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: So pursuant
3	to the open data law that was passed by the council,
4	we do already make available online I think in a
5	downloadable format where we have been in the last,
6	you know, x period of time. It is not necessarily a
7	map but it is available. What we don't make
8	available in advance and we can't for a variety of
9	reasons is necessarily where we plan on going in the
10	next week, month, et cetera.
11	CHAIR ESPINAL: Makes total sense, yeah.
12	I just think that you already say it is available
13	but I think it is important for businesses who feel
14	like they are being targeted to be able to actually
15	go somewhere and see that they are not victims of
16	just predatory targeting or whatever you want to call
17	it.
18	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Yes, I think
19	that is a very notable point and I think we will
20	definitely have that discussion internally to figure
21	out if making a map available of that type is
22	feasible.
23	CHAIR ESPINAL: So in 2016, the total
24	resolved consumer complaints is higher than total
25	docketed complaints. How is that possible? Are

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	complaints rolled over to a new year? So pretty much
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4	UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE SPEAKER: In the PMMR.
5	CHAIR ESPINAL: In the PMMR? You've made
6	note that consumer complaints sorry, let me just -
7	- so we noticed you have resolved more complaints
8	than you have received. So I guess we are wondering
9	how that is possible? Is it because you carry cases
10	over from the previous year and then they close
11	within that year?
12	UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE SPEAKER: Yes. So
13	there's going to be a lag of time between the time,
14	obviously, that we receive a complaint and when we
15	close it. So in one particular year we may have
16	resolved more complaints that are coming were
17	carried from the previous year.
18	CHAIR ESPINAL: SO looking at your
19	numbers, we noticed that DCA's revenue has increased
20	by \$668,000 in the fiscal 2018 preliminary budget
21	over the 2017 adopted budget. What is the reason for
22	that increase?
23	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: So there is
24	an increase in our revenue and that is a result of we
25	have implemented two new licensing categories, ticket
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	sellers and industrial laundry. Also there are a
3	couple of licenses that get a renewal period during
4	odd or even years so we are going to see an up take
5	in renewal license coming in and also year round for
6	across all the licensing categories. People are
7	coming in as new, first time licensees so there is
8	some growth in that also and also as well as our
9	scales inspections.
10	CHAIR ESPINAL: So there are certain
11	industries that renew their licenses every two years
12	as opposed to every year?
13	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: That's
14	correct.
15	CHAIR ESPINAL: Last year or you can say
16	this year, the City Council passed an initiative and
17	awarded DCA what I believe was over \$200,000 and I
18	believe the initiative was to support the creation of
19	Financial Empowerment Program for New Yorkers looking
20	to rent housing. Can you update us on the progress
21	of that initiative?
22	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Once again, I
23	will introduce Nicole Smith.
24	NICOLE SMITH: Hi. Good morning. Yes,
25	that initiative was part of our follow-up to a pilot

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	program that we did with private funding in
3	collaboration with HPD to provide financial
4	counseling to affordable housing applicants. With
5	the funding that we've received from City Council we
6	have been working with HPD and we have identified a
7	financial counseling provider who will be starting to
8	provide services so they are going to be partnering
9	with HPD who will work with their housing ambassadors
10	to do outreach events and through those outreach
11	events we will identify applicants who will go
12	through financial counseling and the idea is to help
13	them with things in term of preparing or going over
14	their credit but also we found that a number of
15	applicants were calculating their income incorrectly
16	so this will give them the opportunity to be
17	proactive about addressing some of those issues.
18	CHAIR ESPINAL: So we also notice in your
19	numbers that the Department has identified \$375,000
20	of administrative savings, fee savings, in 2018. How
21	were those savings achieved?
22	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Sure. So
23	previously what DCA was doing is they were actually
24	working with partner agencies, CUNY and Department of
25	Health for example, leveraging their contract in

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	order to be able to get for advertising and also for
3	tax services so we are actually going to be doing
4	these contracts in-house and then we are going to
5	have administrative savings for those and that's how
6	we are able to come up with those savings.
7	CHAIR ESPINAL: So you are saving by
8	actually not contracting out the work and doing in-
9	house?
10	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: That's
11	correct.
12	CHAIR ESPINAL: Any plans for those
13	savings?
14	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Right now is
15	just kind of look at operationally, you know, where
16	we are and kind of figure out, you know, how we can
17	best utilize them internally in a more efficient way.
18	CHAIR ESPINAL: DO you plan to have the
19	same number of savings in 2018 or increase in savings
20	or a decrease?
21	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I think we
22	are in constant conversations with the Office of
23	Management and Budget about how we can achieve
24	appropriate savings and we are always looking at ways
25	to be more efficient and more effective.

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	CHAIR ESPINAL: Can you speak more about
3	the childhood savings account program? It is
4	something that really sparked my interest. If I am
5	correct, and correct me if I'm wrong, but it is a
6	program that would help children save for college and
7	create bank accounts for them to save money for
8	college?
9	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: So I will
10	give a brief initial answer and then I will ask
11	Nicole to speak a little more about it. It is a
12	program that DCA has worked on. It is largely
13	migrating out of DCA's purview but I would like
14	Nicole to provide a bit of an update of what the
15	structure is.
16	NICOLE SMITH: So the idea behind the
17	Child Savings Account Program was that there were a
18	number of statistics and research to show that with
19	just no more than 100 to \$500 in savings that
20	children were more likely to attend college or to
21	attend studies after high school so with that idea in
22	mind a program was planned to provide a savings
23	account to hopefully all, eventually all, New York
24	City kindergarten students. The program is now
25	designed to start as a pilot program in one
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2	neighborhood focusing on one elementary school in
3	Queens but again the idea is provide a seed
4	investment for a child's education. The program is
5	currently looking to work with the State's 529 Plan
6	account program savings account and it is currently
7	has private funding in which the funder would put in
8	a seed amount, the kids would have an opportunity to
9	get additional contributions based on certain
10	milestones and the idea is to again work very closely
11	with the Department of Education to incorporate
12	financial education into the program along through
13	the academic life cycle, life of a child and to also
14	take advantage of that opportunity to educate parents
15	on financial management. So it presents a great
16	financial empowerment opportunity while also helping
17	kids prepare for college and create a mindset of
18	college readiness for students.
19	CHAIR ESPINAL: It is a great program and
20	I look forward to continuing talking to you guys
21	about it.
22	[pause]
23	CHAIR ESPINAL: Have you noticed any
24	issues with compliance in certain neighborhoods,
25	compliance with laws that we passed over the years?
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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	Are there any problem areas or neighborhoods or
3	businesses that are having trouble? Paid sick leave?
4	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I will ask
5	Alba to step in and I think Liz should also take a
6	crack at this answer once Alba's done.
7	ALBA PICCO (SP?): Don't know exactly the
8	neighborhood but I do know tobacco sales is an issue
9	and in many neighborhoods people continue selling
10	cigarettes to minors and flavored tobacco they keep
11	selling that. That we know is an issue and also on
12	taxi, charging tax on tax items have increased a lot
13	in the grocery stores and this is like across the
14	five boroughs so that is also an issue.
15	CHAIR ESPINAL: So they are charging
16	taxes on items that shouldn't be taxed?
17	ALBA PICCO (SP): Yes. And we when we
18	do the undercover shopping we choose items that
19	people will be buying not like items that people
20	might not buy and one of the things is feminine
21	products because that is something new that is
22	untaxable and they are still charging tax. Expired
23	medicine is an issue also. Businesses continue
24	selling expired medicine but we can get back to you
25	with the neighborhoods that might be more violators.
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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	CHAIR ESPINAL: Does DCA provide
3	businesses with a list of nontaxable items?
4	ALBA PICCO: We provide them with
5	contacts to the state because the state website is
6	the one that determines ones but when we do the
7	undercover we doing something that is not so
8	complicated because it could get complicated. It
9	depends on how many, how much percentage is used in
10	the item or not so we go and do like a normal
11	shopping.
12	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I would like
13	to add there are a couple issues that we see in
14	certain parts of the city that I think are worth
15	raising and that we hope to be able to work closely
16	with the council on being able to address so one of
17	the issues that is common in many boroughs outside of
18	Manhattan and we have seen this a problem
19	particularly in Flushing, Bay Ridge, Sheep's Head
20	Bay, parts of Richmond Hill and some other places is
21	noncompliance with our Stoop Line Stand Licensing
22	Law. So stoop line stands are those stands, they are
23	generally particle board or wood pf sorts that are
24	placed outside mostly of green grocers but also
25	larger supermarkets and grocery stores. They are

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2	placed immediately adjacent to the outside wall. In
3	order to be able to have one of those stands, you
4	need a license from DCA. There are only certain
5	types of items you are able to sell at these stands,
6	mostly produce, fruits vegetables, et cetera, couple
7	other items are allowed and what we have seen in a
8	lot of different neighborhoods is there are business
9	owners who are extending their stoop line stands much
10	further out onto the sidewalk than they are allowed
11	so in most instances they are allowed up to four
12	feet. We have done business walks in Flushing and in
13	other parts of the city where we have seen stoop line
14	stands extending much past four feet. This creates
15	all sorts of hazards as you can imagine being that
16	there are different widths of sidewalks across the
17	city. There are some places where the stoop line
18	stands are so large and they are overflowing with
19	product that they are creating very serious
20	pedestrian hazards. In addition to that there are
21	some attendant issues and we see this in some key
22	neighborhoods attached with the stoop line stand sort
23	of general problem which is that we have found that
24	there are or we have gotten complaints that there are
25	some stores that will "rent out" this space in front

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of their store, the public sidewalk in front of their 2 3 store to a smaller more independent merchant to a 4 smaller more independent merchant to sell his or her 5 That is frankly illegal. You cannot do that wares. and when you combine sort of the issues that are 6 7 created by even just noncompliance with our stoop line stand licensing law and the issues created by 8 9 "renting out your space," you can -- it becomes a complicated problem. We have faced some challenges 10 11 in terms of enforcing this law as effectively and as comprehensively as we would like which is related 12 primarily to the fact that the administrative code on 13 this particular license code has not been updated in 14 15 a very long time. So we have some thoughts about the ways in which we'd like to see the administrative 16 17 code updated. We would love to be able to share 18 those thoughts with you in conjunction with the 19 Mayor's office and, you know, that's -- it is one 20 category that we did want to point out. 21 Commissioner, did you want to add anything? 2.2 CHAIR ESPINAL: I just want to add some 23 of my colleagues who actually represent Chinatown and Flushing as well have brought up that issue with the 24 stands and we have been having conversations. 25 Ι

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	think it we should have those conversations and
3	see how we can update those codes and laws.
4	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: We have some
5	specific ideas we would love to share with you.
6	CHAIR ESPINAL: Okay, great.
7	UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I will hand
8	it over to my colleagues Liz Lattick (SP).
9	LIZ LATTICK (SP): Chairman Espinal, I
10	just, with respect to paid sick leave, we do know
11	what the trends are in terms of industries where we
12	see significant numbers of complaints. We especially
13	get a high volume from security guard companies,
14	restaurant, food and hospitality industry, healthcare
15	industry including home health care providers and
16	medical offices and the retail industry as well as
17	industrial and manufacturing industries.
18	CHAIR ESPINAL: Thank you.
19	LIZ LATTICK: Thank you.
20	CHAIR ESPINAL: I guess my last question
21	would be is there any needs within these divisions or
22	within the agency that we can help the agency
23	advocate for? Don't be shy.
24	UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE SPEAKER: Very good
25	question. I think we will definitely come back and
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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS sit down and talk to you if we feel like there is 2 3 something we would like your help with. Thank you. 4 CHAIR ESPINAL: Okay. Thank you. UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE SPEAKER: Thank you 5 so much. Take care. Have a good day. 6 7 CHAIR ESPINAL: Thank you so much for 8 coming in. I appreciate it and I appreciate all your 9 work Thank you. I would like to call up our last witness. We have Sally Alvarez from Cornell 10 11 University. 12 [pause] CHAIR ESPINAL: How you doing? Yeah, 13 14 whenever you're ready just state your name and 15 present your testimony. Press the button and it 16 should turn --17 SALLY ALVAREZ: Thank you for the 18 opportunity to speak here today. My name is Sally 19 Alvarez and I work for Cornell University in the School of Industrial and Labor Relations here in the 20 City. In the ILR School we have an institute focused 21 on worker's rights and working conditions called the 2.2 23 Workers Institute. We conduct research, training and advocacy in partnership with a wide variety of 24 25 organizations including unions but also worker

## 1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS 2 centers and other groups assisting low wage workers 3 such as day laborers, restaurant workers and domestic 4 workers. I am here today because we have been 5 involved in an area of work that I believe is of central concern to the committee, to the council and 6 7 to New York City as a whole. We have been conducting research on the workforce in the arts and 8 9 entertainment industry with a focus on younger, early career workers. Coming out of that research we are 10 11 currently incubating a project that we believe will 12 significantly benefit this workforce. We commend the 13 City Council, the Speaker and the Mayor for setting 14 up the new Office of Labor, Policy and Standards 15 which is a tremendous step forward in recognizing and 16 addressing the problems of the city's workforce 17 particularly low wage and gig economy workers. This 18 office is an important resource in the early stages 19 of their art's careers as is the new regulations 20 around Freelance Is Not Free which we are very, very 21 interested in too. We too often assume that young workers in arts and entertainment should be on their 2.2 23 way to a privileged middle class status. Aren't most

25 industry that has recognized the need to address

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of them highly educated and skilled? Isn't this an

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	diversity issues? Isn't this an industry that is
3	robust and profitable, a driver of New York's
4	economy? Isn't it highly unionized? Our research
5	has established that the truth is more complex.
6	Changes in technology and culture along with a rapid
7	restructuring of the business of arts and
8	entertainment have made work for many workers
9	dangerous, unstable, low paid and insecure. Newer
10	and emerging segments of the industry like video game
11	production, independent film, reality TV and live
12	immersive theater are where many young workers get
13	their start but these are among the most
14	exploitative, non-safe and non-unionized jobs. Wage
15	theft, overtime violations, misclassification, unsafe
16	conditions, theft of intellectual property are only a
17	few of the issues we have encountered in our
18	research. Young workers don't know their rights and
19	the industry is so competitive they fear they will
20	never work again if they speak up. In response to
21	this situation, Cornell's Worker Institute is
22	partnering with other art support organization's and
23	the art and entertainment unions to create an Arts
24	and Entertainment Worker Resource Center. This
25	center will aggregate and provide resources and

1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	information and community for these young workers
3	across the arts, television and films, fashion and
4	media industries. We look forward to partnering with
5	the Department, the Committee and the new Office of
6	Labor and Policy Standards to address issues facing
7	the arts and entertainment workforce. We wanted to
8	take this opportunity to bring the needs of this
9	particular segment of the workforce to your attention
10	and to express our hope that Cornell and the Council
11	through the DCA can partner in supporting this new
12	initiative. We are sending you each materials about
13	the project and hope to sit down with each of you to
14	explain its value to the city in more detail. We
15	have applied for a discretionary funding from the
16	Council for the next fiscal year and we hope there
17	will be an opportunity to discuss eventually creating
18	a joint initiative to protect this important segment
19	of New York's vulnerable workforce. Thank you very
20	much for your attention and consideration.
21	CHAIR ESPINAL: Thank you, Ms. Alvarez.
22	Have you been working with any council members around
23	this issue?
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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS
2	SALLY ALVAREZ: Well we have been in
3	touch with some of the council member's staffs. I
4	don't know that we have including yours, yes.
5	CHAIR ESPINAL: I would love to have this
6	conversation. This is something that I actually have
7	a lot of friends that work in the industry and I
8	remember the time when they were paying their dues
9	which means working very, very long hours.
10	SALLY ALVAREZ: And couch surfing, yes.
11	CHAIR ESPINAL: So I would love to have
12	this conversation. I will make sure my staff reaches
13	out to you. I think it is an important issue to look
14	at to see how we can help these workers. Thank you
15	so much for coming and testifying and bringing this
16	to our attention. I appreciate it.
17	SALLY ALVAREZ: Thank you very much.
18	CHAIR ESPINAL: With that said, this
19	hearing comes to a close and is adjourned. Thank you.
20	[gavel]
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# CERTIFICATE

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date March 22, 2017