CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON AGING,
JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS

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HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

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[sound check]

[pause]

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[gavel]

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Good morning.

[background comments] My name is Margaret Chin; I am the Chair of the Committee on Aging; my Co-Chair for this hearing is Council Member Paul Vallone, Chair of the Subcommittee on Senior Centers. I would like to thank the Committee members and Council staff for coming together to hold this hearing.

Today's hearing will provide us with an opportunity to address attendance and participation at the City's senior centers and allow us to hear about the City's efforts to reduce the social isolation experienced by many seniors who live alone or are unable to have regular interactions with friends and family. New York's senior population is currently at 1.52 million people, just over 18% of the City's inhabitants. The City's Department for the Aging (DFTA) estimates that by 2040 there will be roughly 1.86 million seniors living in the city. As the senior population increases, the City must expand its systems and programs to accommodate the aging population. DFTA has recognized these concerns in

its most recent annual plan in which it acknowledged that over 30% of the City's residents over 65 live alone and over half of those over 85 live alone.

Unfortunately, disability and poverty characterize

6 much of this older, isolated population.

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DFTA currently funds 250 senior centers throughout the City, which provide seniors with meals, transportation and social activity in order to promote health and recreation. While DFTA's senior centers and its programs have generally been held as a positive way to promote senior community engagement, there's a general lack of information regarding the numbers of seniors who attend these centers. We also lack the information to know whether certain senior center programs have been more successful than others or whether DFTA has taken steps to improve outreach to seniors in order to attract participation from those who are socially isolated. We hope to hear some of this information from DFTA today.

Socially isolated seniors are particularly prone to depression, increased level of stress and associated physical illness. A recent New York Times article refers to the epidemic of

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 6

loneliness facing seniors and the critical impact social isolation is having on the aging population

4 nationwide.

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The Committee understands that DFTA has taken steps to expand its senior center programming in order to address the growing problems of social isolation. We look forward to hearing the details of some of these programs today. We hope this hearing will provide the Council, the Administration, providers, and advocates with an opportunity to discuss ways to improve senior center outreach and reduce senior social isolation throughout the city.

With that said, I would now like to turn the floor over to my Co-Chair, Council Member Paul Vallone, to give some opening remarks. Thank you.

CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Thank you Madam Chair,
Council Member Margaret Chin, and our fellow Council
Members. Good morning everyone. I think today is
the natural progression of all the different
discussions we've been having at previous hearings
and as we see our senior demographic growing and the
challenges facing our senior community on a daily
basis, I think hearings like today are very important
for both sides to learn what our next steps can be to

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS expand services to seniors in every way. I have to tell you, each of us have different challenges in our districts, depending on where our seniors can and can't get to their centers and to their Selfhelps and to their hanuks [sp?] and their Catholic Charities and everywhere else that they can go, but the similarity of all of them is this growing term of isolation and the inability to get there, transportation alternatives; having the ability to get new services; the separation from previous seniors they may have seen when they used to go to a senior center, but now they can't see them anymore; the inclusion and growth of the Virtual Senior Centers that Margaret and I championed with the Speaker to get them computers at home.

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So today is the discussion on how we go forward and how we can fund and how we can expand services on both sides of the aisle. For example, in Northeast Queens -- for myself -- we partner with Selfhelp and we've been able to expand the -- as we said -- the Virtual Senior Center to our more homebound individuals to participate; now we're having classes in Chinese, Korean, Russian, and Spanish and we're announcing something new this year

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS that we've been working so hard with Selfhelp -- to expand transportation alternatives. I love the term "transportation desert" that's been thrown out so many times, but if there is a bigger desert than mine, let me know; we don't have a train, so it's very hard for anyone in Northeast Queens to get around. So we're expanding this year a new pilot program where car service -- unlimited -- for seniors to get to medical services anywhere in the city through funding from my district, but we wanna grow it throughout the city so that our seniors and those with disability and eventually our veterans can get where they need to go. So I'm excited about today, Madam Chair and that is my statement. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. We have also been joined by Council Member Rose from Staten Island and Council Member Deutsch from Brooklyn.

Thank you.

We would like to call up the first panel -- Caryn Resnick, Deputy Commissioner from DFTA and also Karen Taylor from DFTA, and the counsel will swear you in. Thank you.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Uhm yeah, please raise your right hand. [laughter] Do you swear or affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony today?

CARYN RESNICK: I do.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you.

CARYN RESNICK: Good morning Aging

Committee Chairperson Chin and Vallone and member of the Committee on Aging and Subcommittee on Senior

Centers. I am Caryn Resnick, Deputy Commissioner of External Affairs at the Department for the Aging (DFTA), and I'm joined today by Karen Taylor,

Assistant Commissioner of the Bureau of Community Services at DFTA.

On behalf of Commissioner Donna Corrado, who by the way is at an event today with Victor Calise this morning, sailing on a new vessel that accommodates people with disabilities and older adults who are wheelchair-bound. The impossible dream... [interpose, background comment] well it's not DFTA's boat. No, it's not. [laughter]

I thank you for inviting us to provide testimony about how DFTA-sponsored senior centers can play and do plan an integral role in reducing social

isolation. DFTA's mission is to eliminate ageism and to ensure the dignity and quality of life of New York City's diverse older adults. We also support caregivers through service, advocacy and education and combating social isolation falls squarely into

Although many older adults live alone and aren't considered socially isolated, research indicates that living alone may elevate the risk of social isolation. Thankfully, many older adults remain active in their communities.

Nevertheless, some seniors lack
meaningful social relationships, activities and
social support. Poverty, health problems, the loss
of a spouse, transportation issues, decreased
mobility, depression and other issues may contribute
to social isolation.

DFTA offers community-based services and programs that help older adults engage in their longtime communities. The majority of older adults desire to remain in their homes and communities, and we expect the trend of aging in place to continue.

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our mission.

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In this context, DFTA believes that senior centers play a vital role in fighting social isolation.

DFTA funded a 2016 Fordham University study that sought to assess the role of senior centers and quantify the benefits of these centers.

The study found that member attended a senior center at least two days a week. More than 70% of members attended at least as often, or more frequently, at the 12-month mark in the study as compared with the baseline group.

Among the five most common reasons given for attending a senior center was socialization -- in other words, avoiding isolation. The other reasons were educational programs, meals, recreational and exercise programs. One in six members also attended a senior center for health-related programs.

Senior center participants reported improved physical and mental health, increased participation in health programs, frequent exercise, positive behavioral changes in monitoring weight and keeping physically active.

Participation in a senior center also helped to reduce social isolation. Senior centers

are not only a place for socialization, but also provide health, education, fitness programs, meals, and recreational and educational programs.

The older adult population served by senior centers are among those with the lowest incomes, the fewest resources, the poorest health, the greatest social isolation, and are most in need of services.

The findings of this study indicate that senior centers are attracting this very group.

Senior center members experience improved physical and mental health not only in the immediate period after joining a center, but maintain or even continue to experience improvements even one year later.

This is a very important finding, given the decline in health and social activity in this age group, especially among those with low incomes.

DFTA currently funds 250 senior centers throughout the five boroughs. The centers have demonstrated the capacity of the capacity of the senior center system to meet the demand for more robust programming with the communities they serve.

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With flexible hours, expanding

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programming, use of technology, community

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partnerships and shared resources, senior center $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

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services reach a broad and diverse audience of older

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New Yorkers spanning four decades of the lifespan.

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An average of nearly 30,000 adults age 60

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and older attends all of the DFTA-sponsored senior

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centers daily.

Many centers serve New York's new

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immigrant populations as well as longtime residents

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whose primary language may not be English. DFTA

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assures that centers are culturally and

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linguistically competent. They make interpreter services available in any language needed and hire

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bilingual staff in the languages spoken by the

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communities they serve to the extent possible.

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backgrounds the same opportunities to participate and

This affords seniors from diverse

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engage in activities at senior centers.

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providing low-cost, nutritious meals. Although this

Senior centers are perhaps best known for

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is a vital service, the centers offer much more, such

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as health and wellness programs, arts and culture,

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technology, assistance with benefits and

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 14 entitlements, volunteer opportunities, and social

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events.

DFTA is also actively promoting evidence-based health promotion activities in all senior centers. Many programs have sent staff to DFTA to be trained as certified leaders in these programs so they can conduct programs at their own centers. DFTA also directly provides evidence-based workshops for programs that cannot send staff for training.

There is a growing body of research on the positive outcomes of specific, evidence-based interventions offered by senior centers. This includes falls prevention, improving cognitive health and the self-management of chronic diseases.

Some examples of evidence-based programs at our centers include: Arthritis Foundation tai chi, which addresses falls and arthritis; Stay Active and Independent for Life (SAIL), which is an exercise program; Chronic Disease Self-Management Program (CDSMP); Walk with East, which is a walking program; Active Choices, that help people incorporate preferred physical activity into their daily lives; A Matter of Balance, which combines workshops with exercises.

I also wanna just mention that it's Falls

Prevent Day and we're doing a lot of social media and

hope you can all join us in talking about the

prevention of falls.

Senior centers also offer many programs that aren't certified as evidence-based, but the programs are sill highly successful in engaging members. Among them are Partner to Partner; Alert and Alive; keep on Track; medication reviews; Age-Tastic, which is a wellness game that we developed at DFTA, and walking club.

Senior centers also offer activities

centered on arts and culture. SU-CASA is DFTA's

joint program with the Department of Cultural

Affairs. The program places professional artists and

art organizations in senior centers to work with

seniors on projects, and they can include painting,

sculpture, dance and much more.

The City Council this year -- thank you very much -- doubled its 2016 funding for this program and DFTA now has \$2 million to place artists in residence at senior centers in every council district.

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Additionally, many senior centers may offer their own informal classes centered on arts and crafts.

While physical and mental social isolation are known issues, some seniors report feeling digital isolation. Senior centers offer computer classes that cover basic information, such as how to use the internet, how to use social network sites.

Seniors are increasingly willing to bridge the digital divide by using sites and apps, such as Facebook, that help them in contact with their friends a relatives.

For some seniors, their center is not only a place where they interact with fellow members, but also a place where they volunteer. In doing so, these seniors continue to engage with their communities in an especially meaningful way.

Volunteer activities are tailored to seniors' desires and abilities that range from performing office work to setting up for meals.

As I mentioned earlier, meals are perhaps what senior centers are known for. The meals are provided for free but with a nominal, voluntary

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 17 contribution. While DFTA-funded centers do in fact offer many programs, the very act of sitting down to eat with others helps to fight social isolation. It plays a central role in the social life of some seniors.

Mall DFTA-sponsored senior centers serve meals that meet the city and state nutritional standards. The preparation or procurement of congregate meal services depends on the needs of the senior center. Senior centers either have meals prepared on site or catered and the meals are tailored to the palate of the community that is the home to the senior center.

With regard to benefits and entitlements, some seniors may lack the help they need at home to sign up for benefits or they may be unaware of their eligibility.

Some major benefits include Medicare,

Medicaid, Social Security benefits, Supplemental

Social Security Income for the blink or people with

disabilities, SNAP and the Senior Citizen Rent

Increase Exemption.

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In addition to those benefits, a referral system is in place to assess whether seniors who need medical help have a doctor.

By screening for these benefits, we help ensure that seniors aren't left vulnerable to social isolation and other problems.

Considering the variety of services that senior centers provide and the findings of the recent study, DFTA has shown that it is committed to making centers even more innovative in combating social isolation.

Through the increased support of the de Blasio Administration and the City Council, we will continue to build on our successes on this important issue because it is clear that fighting social isolation is vital to improving health outcomes for our city's seniors.

Thank you again for this opportunity to provide testimony today and for your continued support of DFTA, and we are glad to answer any questions that you may have.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you for your testimony. I'm gonna start off with a couple of questions and then I'll pass it on to my colleagues.

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So how does DFTA track the number of people who participate in the senior centers, and how many seniors actually participate in each of the senior center program and are particular senior centers in certain areas more active than others?

And so if that's the case, are steps being taken to increase outreach to the less active centers?

KAREN TAYLOR: Yes. We track senior center attendance and service participation through our data system, which is affectionately known as STARS -- don't ask me what it stands for, but it's out tracking system. All senior centers, in fact all of DFTA's contracted programs are part of this interprogram database. Our senior centers then register clients and they record what services clients attend. STARS has been rolling out for the last several years and we have probably -- we're very confident in the numbers that we have, especially around meals and general attendance. So we're able to get from this database the number of meals that are served, the number of educational recreation sessions -- the number of services that are provided, as well as the number of seniors who participate and that's where the 30,000 a day comes from; I would say it ranges

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from -- on individual basis -- from around maybe 60 people a day to about 350, I think at one of our top centers, so there's a wide range.

There's also a wide range in who participates in what services and in what area. As you well know, the centers are very diverse as well as the senior population, so there is no sort of cookie cutter answer to that question that most senior go to one service versus another. We've seen a great increase in participation in health and wellness over the last several years, since that's become a regular service to be offered by the DFTA-funded senior centers, which is really gratifying. The evidence-based component is a little bit more slowly growing out, but that has really picked up speed lately as well, so we're very happy about that. And we track all of this through our data system.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So in your tracking by the STARS the last couple years, so what is a general number of seniors that are registered at all the senior centers that DFTA provides... [interpose]

KAREN TAYLOR: That are registered? Now that one I'd have to... I have to... I'd have to get back to you... [crosstalk]

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 21 2 CARYN RESNICK: So we... You know we can 3 pull reports of just about [background comments] in any way shape or form that you'd like them and so we 4 can, after this hearing, share the data we have; 5 we're happy to make it public... [crosstalk] 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah, I think every 8 time we wanna see ... 9 CARYN RESNICK: It's reported in the MMR, 10 we report it to the state, so happy share that 11 information. Way more seniors are registered than 12 attend on a daily basis, which is why we're reporting 13 the 30,000 a day that we know consistently is who come. But a center can have 5,000 registered 14 15 members; they may have come once, you know others come every single day; some never come back, so that 16 17 number is a big number. 18 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: I think it would be good to get a full picture... [crosstalk] 19 20 CARYN RESNICK: Okay. 21 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: as to what is the 2.2 total population of seniors that actually have 2.3 participated... [crosstalk] 24 CARYN RESNICK: Ever come to a center,

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yeah.

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 22 2 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: come to a center and 3 how many participate on a regular basis, and also break down in terms of what are some of these 4 activities that are more popular... [crosstalk] 5 CARYN RESNICK: Uhm-hm. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: than others, so that we can have a better sense of, you know how... what 8 percentage of seniors in the city are actually taking advantage of senior centers. Because I... 10 CARYN RESNICK: The number is also 11 12 growing; we have seen over the past three... well, 13 [background comments] one, we have better data than 14 we ever have had before since STARS, so we are very 15 confident about the data that we now are collecting 16 and we have seen a significant increase over the last 17 three to five years in overall utilization in our 18 centers. 19 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Well the senior 20 population is growing, so... 21 CARYN RESNICK: That's true. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: you're bound to get 2.3 more every year, I mean that's a given, right? Now in your testimony you do talk about I 24

think some ways of tracking how seniors -- whether

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 23 they are satisfied with a program or which program 2 3 they like better, so how does a center track the satisfaction rates; what methodology do they use? 4 KAREN TAYLOR: Well senior centers individually will do satisfaction surveys mostly 6 7 around meals and services, but the Department for the Aging is also engaged in -- our planning unit is 8 doing a senior center satisfaction study as well --I'd have to get back to you on what the state of that 10 11 study is; I don't think it's compete yet. But they had looked at centers of different sizes and 12 13 different areas and had done a random sampling of seniors, and the data that we had seen previously was 14 15 really not very surprising and most seniors said they 16 really enjoy their senior center, but we can get back 17 to you with more specific information on that. 18 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Okay. 19 CARYN RESNICK: And the study that I 20 referred to, the Fordham study, which I would like to 21 share with all of you... [interpose] 2.2 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: That'd be great. 2.3 CARYN RESNICK: really -- again, this doesn't surprise us, but it's good evidence to 24

support the fact that our centers are doing a really

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good job, and he looked at both innovative and

neighborhood senior centers and discovered, of

course, innovative centers are doing wonderful work,

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but also, the neighborhood centers are also doing
very innovative and creative work, so it's a

7 wonderful report.

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CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah, that's great; I mean I hope you will share with us, because I think what we've been advocating for is that definitely the senior center needs more funding; all of them are quite innovative in their own way and so we wanna make sure that we provide a support for them.

My other question is that -- my favorite topic, right -- there's all these social adult daycares that are popping up all over the place and they're providing a lot of similar service just like a regular senior center -- they provide meals, they provide social activities -- and I think from the last count, because we passed a law that they have to register, there's over 200 some social adult daycare centers popped up all over the city now. So is there any data that DFTA is collecting on how many senior they're serving and are they like providing services to the seniors that have been going to the senior

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 25 centers so that the number of seniors going to senior

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CARYN RESNICK: So we don't have hard data because, as you know, the legislation requires us to do oversight in terms of complaint driven, so we are not actively going out and collecting data and at all of the centers, nor should we, 'cause they are funded by the State Department of Health. The intent is that they're serving a frailer population and should have different types of services that are geared toward that population, but there is absolutely an overlap and certainly about preventing social isolation. You know the Commissioner had stated publicly that there is a place and a role for social daycare, done right; done correctly, operating under the SOFA guidelines, which we can assess for, and that we need more services. So you know, it's not that it's a bad thing; the bad part is when they were not following the regulations and not operating with the need of seniors at heart.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Are you getting any data from the State?

CARYN RESNICK: The last data that we got was a comprehensive list of all of the centers that have opened in the state and I don't think we've gotten more recent information than that.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Well I mean that's one way we definitely have to push the State; somebody needs to be counting or monitoring these programs, because they are getting government funding, whether through Medicaid or long-term care health insurance or whatever, because we also wanna get the full picture of what are the programs out there that are serving our senior population. So we should definitely work with you to continue to advocate with the State to give us those information, because this is happening in the last couple of years that all these social adult daycares are popping up all over the city; it's almost the same number of senior centers, right; DFTA is providing 250 senior centers in the city and there's like almost the same number of these social adult daycare. So I think we really need to monitor closer.

I'm gonna pass it on to Council Member Vallone to ask questions [sic].

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Thank you Madam Chair. 2 3 Thank you, Caryn, both of ... it's like being in my 4 house with all the Peters running around. 5 CARYN RESNICK: We have many Karens; all spelled... [crosstalk] 6 7 CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Yes. CARYN RESNICK: differently, [background 8 9 comment] so. CO-CHAIR VALLONE: All spelled different, 10 11 and... 12 CARYN RESNICK: Yeah. 13 CO-CHAIR VALLONE: well they should be. 14 And clearly -- as a Fordham alumni -- I doubt none of 15 the statistics came out of the Fordham survey, but I would like to see that; I think that would be great 16 17 to see. 18 I think how we started the hearing is so 19 important for where we wind up in June when we're 20 fighting for budget and these are the hearings and 21 that's why I thank everyone for coming today and for 2.2 input that really determine where the City goes when 2.3 it comes to funding DFTA and senior programs, and all of the hearings that Margaret and I and all our 24

council members are at that goal to push the

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 28 Administration to get an increase somewhere, 'cause we always wanna do better, and I think this is one of those clear areas that peripherally is talked about in every other hearing, whether it's transportation, meals, services, contracts; all of that -- the goal is to bring [inaudible] is to bring increased services to seniors. I think the data that we talked about by itself is the most alarming part of our I mean I heard the testimony about what future task. we're doing and that's always appreciated; I think I'm looking for what we're going to do, what we're gonna plan to do; how we're gonna get to the next step is critical in looking at the new realities for our almost 20% of the population -- it's up to 18.5 I think now -- on how we're going to get to the new generation of seniors who may not come to the senior centers and those who are challenged at home. think the stat that was here -- by 2040 the 60 and older population will increase to a projected 1.86 million, which is a 48% increase from the year 2000. Today's life expectancy for a person in New York City has increased to 81.1; women have a longer life expectancy and outnumber men by over 60 years and almost half of all the women age 75 live alone -- who

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could blame them, they don't wanna live with us anymore. But yeah, I think we have some serious

numbers there to look at.

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Has there been coordination cross-agency beyond just DFTA's role with the seniors as to addressing the isolation and future planning for what we're talking about today?

CARYN RESNICK: That's an excellent question... [crosstalk]

CO-CHAIR VALLONE: I try, I...

CARYN RESNICK: and I think you're gonna hear more about it from the New York Academy of Medicine. Age-Friendly NYC you're all familiar with and we are working at this very moment to collaborate across all City agencies to come up with a new set of initiatives; we had 59 in the last go around and so we're dusting those off, seeing which stuck, which need some amendment and to come up with new ways and more creative ways perhaps and we can serve our older adult population. So I mean you're very right, that other agencies, you know, see their mission as serving children and providing transportation; they're not necessarily wearing that aging lens, so by sitting down and having those conversations, we

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 30 come up with some very creative ideas. So hopefully, in the next couple of months we're gonna have a whole new set of initiatives that we can all work on together.

I just wanted to mention transportation for a moment, 'cause you raised it in your opening We had a transportation RFP; we're gonna have those contracts in place for next July, so they'll be perhaps the same or some new transportation providers, and I think we tweaked it a little bit so that they'll be more kind of door-todoor service; not just picking up and dropping off at the senior center. But a New Freedom grant that we got with the Federal Department of Transportation and working with New York City Department of Transportation, we're gonna be piloting what sounds similar -- I'd love to hear more about your pilot program -- using an app, and of course, also having 24-hour phone service but helping seniors to navigate using an app to get on-demand 24-hour, door-to-door service in their communities. So we are just getting that off the ground and you'll be hearing more about it.

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CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Well those are the exciting things; nice to hear the RFP is starting July; Margaret and I had a very big hearing on transportation crisis, so I guess we can look at as to what the choices are for seniors.

What we did was just look at a microcosm in my district, as well all do, as to where the need was most and how we could help with out individual budgets to help the existing senior centers, 'cause we don't have that many and the ones we do, you can speak to the directors and the case manager workers and the seniors and say -- what can we do with this limited amount of money? -- and transportation kept coming back time and time again; they don't wanna be limited to come back right after lunch; that the programs are not as much as they would like at the center; they would like to get the neighboring cultural centers from the center, and the more I heard the more I said, we can do this, you know this isn't we need to get to the moon; this is how do we safely and within the confines of the budget get to these areas. So for example -- and I see Selfhelp is here -- we took some of the grant money that we had last year to increase services from Selfhelp to

2 | Flushing Town Hall -- not my district; doesn't matter

3 -- but just to get out Flushing Town Hall, Alley

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4 Pond, to Queens Theatre, to Poppenhusen in college

5 Point, to the Bell Boulevard restaurant centers, work

6 with the Bell Boulevard small businesses to give a

7 higher discount to seniors on the day that they're

8 gonna be dropped off, so instead of doing 10%, to up

9 to 20-25% and the know the day that those

transportation -- so it's all based on getting there.

11 So I think maybe we can have that type of discussion

and hearing also as to how we can expand with third-

13 party contractors and car service...

CARYN RESNICK: Absolutely.

15 CO-CHAIR VALLONE: and it wasn't a lot of

16 money; I mean we're talking about tens of thousands

17 | of dollars that would provide for the seniors at that

18 center, so then if you combine all the centers, then

19 | it becomes a larger ask. But has there been any

20 | thought of expanding the existing... I know the RFP is

21 one step, but beyond the RFP and expanding

22 | transportation alternatives to the individual senior

23 centers and beyond?

CARYN RESNICK: Well that's really the

goal of the new transportation RFP, as well as our

1	COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 33
2	new pilot initiative, it's to come up with
3	alternative types of accessible transportation for
4	older adults. So we're working on it.
5	[background comments]
6	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Yeah, I think what
7	Margaret was just saying; is there a set budgetary
8	amount or goal that we'd need to reach to do that?
9	CARYN RESNICK: I don't recall what our
10	budget is for transportation, [inaudible]
11	KAREN TAYLOR: Yeah, I don't know; it
12	increased we were able [crosstalk]
13	CARYN RESNICK: We increased it, yeah.
14	KAREN TAYLOR: we were able to add some
15	funding to the RFP… [crosstalk]
16	CARYN RESNICK: I don't remember the
17	exact amount [crosstalk]
18	KAREN TAYLOR: we don't have an exact
19	[inaudible]
20	CARYN RESNICK: it's small, it's not what
21	would address the full need of New York City's
22	population, and of course there's Access-A-Ride
23	[crosstalk]
24	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: 'Kay.

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 34 2 CARYN RESNICK: which is the primary... 3 [crosstalk] CO-CHAIR VALLONE: One of my favorite 4 5 topics, Access-A-Ride. CARYN RESNICK: mode of transportation. 6 7 [background comments] Go ahead; Margaret, you're 8 gonna... did you wanna jump in there... [crosstalk] KAREN TAYLOR: We also ... CO-CHAIR VALLONE: I have more, but... So I 10 11 think -- and that was just, like I said, a microcosm 12 look, and so right of the bat, that was dealing with 13 so many different agencies, from Transportation to Small Business that economic services that it could 14 15 provide, but it all dealt with senior -- like you 16 said, that's the main focus... [crosstalk] 17 CARYN RESNICK: So you're describing what 18 we had called an Aging Improvement District and you 19 know, working with NYAM and through Age-Friendly NYC, 20 that's what we'd like to see happen in every district 21 and it's bigger than DFTA and it's exactly bringing 2.2 in those partners -- small business, the chambers of 2.3 commerce... [interpose] CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Which we participated 24

in and a big part of that study came from that.

CARYN RESNICK: Exactly, so pulling

together all those other resources, which helped

build on our budget in communities to make them age-

friendly, so we would love to see you working on

6 that... [crosstalk]

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CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Well I think the next challenge for us is, we know what needs to be done and I think very difficult for us as elected officials and as administrators, then we have to get it done, right, 'cause one thing is addressing the problem; the next thing is actually going back to the centers... [crosstalk]

CARYN RESNICK: Right.

CO-CHAIR VALLONE: saying, this is what we're gonna do to address it, because I think there's a lot of frustration out there -- they know what the issue is; now they wanna see us do something about it and I think these little steps are a huge impact...

[crosstalk]

CARYN RESNICK: Yeah.

CO-CHAIR VALLONE: we're looking at improving the life quality. Like I said, the senior isolation -- I mean if somebody [inaudible] an elder law attorney, family members will come in and say my

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 36 wife, my spouse, my grandparent, my son, my daughter is struggling 'cause they're alone or they can't get to the services they want, so it is much bigger than just DFTA, and we did the Case Social Workers Status APS study, which now they have to be brought back twice a year; a big part of that was the isolation of the seniors who then need quardianship services through APS, but I think we're all connected in that part of what we saw, which resulted in last year's budget that Margaret and I fought for, was that case management workers' salaries went up, right, 'cause we all were shocked at the amount of the case management over-workload to handle all of this. think that was a great first step, but what I wanted to ask you is; I think the reality of just targeting case management workers creates other demands for senior centers and contractors when they only have an increase for case managers. It's just like when the minimum wage goes up to \$15; what happens to someone who was making \$16 before that; where then do salaries go? Do we have something that we're gonna be looking at to -- maybe across the board fight for salary parity in this year's budget? Gotta throw that in, 'cause then June comes, they'll say we

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON
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    SENIOR CENTERS
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    didn't have a hearing about it, so I think if we
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    throw it on the table.
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                CARYN RESNICK: So we are so absolute
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     delighted and thrilled about the salary increases for
     case management and I think the community feels the
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     same way, and it was the opening [inaudible] ...
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     [crosstalk]
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                CO-CHAIR VALLONE:
                                    [inaudible]
                CARYN RESNICK: Yeah.
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                CO-CHAIR VALLONE: A good step.
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                CARYN RESNICK: So it was an amazing
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     first step and we realize that; we are just now
    beginning our discussions about this year's budget;
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    we haven't really begun that in earnest yet, but we
    have started to hear from the community that parity
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    now is an issue.
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                CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Which is good; I'm...
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    that's helpful... [crosstalk]
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                CARYN RESNICK: Good issue to have, you
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     know.
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                CO-CHAIR VALLONE: that's a hopeful; I
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    think just being aware of it and then being able to
     fight for it I think is a... And I think before I turn
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it over... there was ... the one section that I think

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we're all kinda happy about, and just maybe if we have any data from it, are the 16 new innovative senior centers. Have we been able to track... do we have any initial data on what the original results are; what we're hearing; what we can do to maybe expand that or change what's happening? Attendance, you know, the ones -- not an innovative [sic]...

[crosstalk]

Right. Right. KAREN TAYLOR: I think that one of the interesting things that this study pointed out, I think as Caryn mentioned earlier, is that while the innovatives are more generously funded and therefore we have higher expectations of them as well and they do provide a wealth of services, seniors also benefit from the rest of the network and we have the 16 innovative senior centers, but we also have, as you probably know, a number of neighborhood centers that operate almost like innovative senior centers; some of the have better funding; some of them don't, but we're really trying to focus now on supporting the bulk of the portfolio in a way, and for instance, with the evidence-based health promotion, trying to offer programs that don't have the innovative senior centers were not offered to

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 39 free evidence-based programming because they're able 2 3 to do that on their own. So we're trying to sort of 4 bolster the rest of the portfolio so that we can raise the bar a little bit across. We certainly have learned a lot from the innovatives and as I said, 6 7 there are a number of centers that aren't in that funding bucket, but still provide innovative... very, 8 very innovative and outreaching services... [crosstalk] CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Well I'll give you an 10 11 example of how it's working. The Virtual Senior 12 Centers, that sometimes are separate from the 13 innovative, is something that council members fight for and we put in the budget. So we wanted to bring 14 15 the youth with the seniors, so when you put a 16 computer -- I know even with my parents and I say ma, 17 just push this button to send an e-mail; it never 18 comes, 'cause she's like, I don't know what I did, 19 but I didn't send the e-mail. So there needs to be a 20 follow up. So what we did with the seniors and the 21 high schools would have follow-up with the seniors 2.2 who got the new computer programs and the computers 2.3 themselves to have dialogue on how to keep it going, how to print, how to keep it moving, and we brought 24

the high school seniors into the senior center to

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 40 talk with the seniors, and they thought there was gonna be 10 there, and what they saw was 20 of the computer tablets talking to the seniors and high school -- and it was one of the most interesting and heartwarming conversations, 'cause all the seniors wanna know is who are they taking to the prom, what's going on in their lives, and the kids opened up in such a... they thought they were gonna be teaching them how to print and how to access and the seniors wanted to have interaction with the teenagers. And I think it was such a good way to deal with this isolation and how to merge the generations. But again, it came through the Virtual Senior Centers being funded to get to the seniors at home, so it's always budget; it's always ideas, but I think there's ways to connect going forward that Margaret and I and all the other council members would love to expand with you. And maybe we could talk about expanding this transportation, 'cause each of the council members could easily embrace their senior center ask, 'cause there's not a lot of money to get the seniors where they need to go for their doctor's appointments, the cultural institutions or the things they wanna go to beyond just the RFP, so maybe we can have some

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 41 2 follow-up on that. Thank you Madam Chair... 3 [crosstalk] 4 CARYN RESNICK: Great. 5 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. I think the conversations back and forth and also from your 6 7 testimony, it just shows that our senior centers, 8 especially the neighborhood senior centers, are not getting sufficient funding, because every year when we look at the budget, the enhancement part that the 10 11 Council put in, it just supplements the senior 12 centers that are doing a great job; they're 13 overutilized, they're serving more people than they were supposed to, and those should be basic core 14 15 programs that the Administration should be 16 supporting. So we are already preparing for the next 17 budget and I've already told the Mayor... [crosstalk] CARYN RESNICK: I... I know. 18 19 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: the next budget is the 20 year of the senior; you heard it here. 21 CARYN RESNICK: Oh ... 2.2 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Okay? And we've gotta 2.3 start advocating now, because every area -- you talk about transportation -- not enough funding, basic 24

core service. I mean when you look at some of the

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 42 centers that we have to supplement end of every year, from Council funding, it doesn't make sense; it needs to be baselined, it needs to be from the Administration side. We could fund the creative programs, you know, like the arts and the culture, the SU CASA, yeah, we could do that, but even the immigration centers, DFTA told us all these new centers that are starting, they are serving immigrant populations; they were not in the RFP, so they didn't get the funding and we partner with you, the Council partnering with you to support these centers, but the amount of money they get from the Council is not enough to run a real senior center. So the Administration needs to really take a look at how to make sure that sufficient funding is available to start new centers so that more seniors -- and it's a growing population -- will get served. starting now on next year's budget and we hope to partner with you to really strongly advocate, because right now DFTA's budget is less than half a percent of the City's budget, and that's not good; right? we've gotta work to really increase that.

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We are also joined by Council Member Salamanca from the Bronx and next, Council Member Deutsch for some questions.

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COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Thank you. Thank you Madam Chair.

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First of all, good morning, Deputy
Commissioner... [crosstalk]

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CARYN RESNICK: Good morning.

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always to be working with you and with Department for

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: it's a pleasure

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the Aging. Today's hearing is like a perfect

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hearing; it's called "Isolation," we're discussing

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isolation and transportation, so transportation, I

cannot express how important that is; it's important

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to the seniors throughout the city and we're

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discussing about RFPs regarding transportation, the

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future, but we need to focus also on Access-A-Ride.

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Access-A-Ride is not accessible to our seniors and

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sometimes they are isolated, literally isolated when

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they get picked up in Brooklyn and end up in the

Bronx just to come back to Brooklyn. So they are

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isolated in that commute and we need to have maybe a

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joint hearing between Department for the Aging and

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Access-A-Ride, because if the MTA cannot be held

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS

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accountable for Access-A-Ride, then how are we going to not fail in our future plans for transportation to our seniors if the MTA cannot do it on their own? So we need to hold the MTA accountable to make sure that we improve Access-A-Ride and transportation is extremely crucial for all our seniors and people with disabilities, so this -- I think we need to focus on the MTA and we need to focus on Access-A-Ride to see how to make it better and to hold them accountable in making sure that our seniors are taken care of when it comes to transportation.

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While transportation is extremely important for seniors and people with disabilities, it's also important to encourage our senior population to do walking exercise, so by doing that we need to come up with some plans on how do we encourage our seniors, and I believe that having senior benches throughout our city, which is adopted by commercial establishments put out in the morning and brought back in at the end of business day and this way when the senior citizen or person with disability goes shopping they have a rest area, just as you have handicap accessible parking spaces, there should be a largely-posted sign saying this is a

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 45 senior rest area so it's not taken over by anyone else and it should be enforced. So it should be for seniors and people with disabilities when they go out and do their exercises and we could maybe reduce that transportation for certain people in the senior population when we encourage them to do those exercises, and many do want to walk out, but there's not rest area. So this is something we need to talk about and we need to work with our commercial establishments throughout our city to adopt a senior rest area, so this way it's also not taken over by the homeless population and it should be properly worked on.

In addition to that, I do fund -- my district funds for senior transportation and a few weeks ago I had about a 100 seniors going to Governors Island; we had a beautiful trip, and just two days ago we had 250 seniors visiting and touring the 9/11 Memorial in Manhattan and it was a beautiful trip; I am having one more trip this coming Tuesday for the overflow senior crowd; we had a great day, and look forward to having more trips with my seniors.

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I also am considering introducing a very important legislation which will help our seniors throughout the city and this is something I had posted on my social media on the last day of summer and I'm considering to introduce legislation to mandate Carvel ice cream to open a store in every single council district through out the city, and I'm looking forward to having this hearing, together with the Committee on Aging and the Committee on Health and we'll see if we could work on this; I already have many -- I don't have any co-sponsors, but I have many prime sponsors, so I'm still looking for co-sponsors, but I think... well prime sponsors here.

And in addition... [interpose]

KAREN TAYLOR: How 'bout frozen yogurt?

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: I'm sorry...

[crosstalk]

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KAREN TAYLOR: How 'bout frozen yogurt?

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: and frozen

yogurt, yeah. So finally, I just wanna say that -
and also, regarding our local parks, I have a

designated area in one of my parks in my district, at

the Seaside Park, which is known as Asser Levy Park,

where I'm dedicating a certain area for senior

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS exercise machines -- when they come out there they 2 3 could do exercises and also it will be friendly to 4 people with disabilities to do exercises; important to have them come out and just walking, exercising; 5 all these things are extremely important for our 6 7 senior population. 8 And once again, I wanna thank my 9 colleague Paul Vallone and Madam Chair Margaret Chin and all the members of the Aging Committee for being 10 11 strong advocates on behalf of seniors throughout the 12 city. Thank you. 13 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you Council Member Deutsch. I think the seniors in your district 14 15 are so lucky; they get to go on wonderful trips. And thank you for visiting my district every year. 16 17 So next we're gonna have Council Member 18 Rose. 19 Thank you... COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: 20 [interpose] 21 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And also we have been 2.2 joined by Council Member Treyger. Thank you. 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Thank you Madam Chair. I was really pleased to hear that we are 24

giving some concrete thought about transportation; as

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you hear, it's a very important issue and I believe truly a contributing factor to isolation and so I'm proud to even hear that there are some innovative ideas being thrown around with transportation.

And you know, when you talk about social isolation and loneliness, you know there is an element of mental health that comes into play and I was wondering if any of the DFTA centers provide mental health services and how are they funded?

[background comments]

important initiatives that have been funded through ThriveNYC this year and they are both still in the planning stages; we're just beginning to roll them out, so we are -- I believe it's \$1.8 million that will fund geriatric mental health services in senior centers and I think we're starting with about 12-15... [background comments] 15 senior centers and a partnership with mental health providers that will be on site to provide services. So we are really excited about that.

And the other initiative is specifically to address social isolation and to provide friendly visiting through all, or a majority of our case

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 49 management agencies to the homebound and to train 2 those volunteers to be able to assess and identify 3 4 people who are suffering from depression or other forms of mental health issues and then be able to 5 link them to services. So... [interpose] 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: How many volunteers do you have; who does the outreach to find the 8 9 volunteers... [interpose] CARYN RESNICK: So again, this is brand 10 11 new funding and it hasn't rolled out yet, but we are 12 going to partner with one of the major agencies in 13 the city who will help train on how to do friendly visiting and how to recruit volunteers, and then with 14 15 the funding we're going to fund a volunteer coordinator in each of the case management agencies 16 17 and their job will be to recruit and train and deploy 18 the volunteers to the homebound clients. 19 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And what is your 20 timeframe for both NYC Thrive and for the friendly 21 visiting to be rolled out... [crosstalk] 2.2 CARYN RESNICK: This fall, I believe. 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: and [inaudible]...

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[crosstalk]

1	COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 50
2	CARYN RESNICK: This fall; we've been
3	getting all the contract funding and everything in
4	place, so we're gonna be ready to roll out hopefully
5	late fall.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And do you fund any
7	centers that specifically do cognitive and behavioral
8	health services?
9	[background comments]
10	CARYN RESNICK: I mean really, the social
11	day programs; my mom, for example, attends a program
12	at Lennox Hill Neighborhood Association, which is
13	social daycare… [interpose]
14	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Are they DFTA
15	funded?
16	CARYN RESNICK: specifically for people
17	with cognitive impairment.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Could you tell me
19	how many of those centers you have that are funded by
20	DFTA?
21	CARYN RESNICK: Well there are 10 and
22	they're actually funded now by the City Council.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Oh, really?
24	CARYN RESNICK: Yeah.
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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 51 2 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Well thank you, 3 City Council. Thank you. [background comments] Oh 4 we're supplement. 5 CARYN RESNICK: Yeah. They fund themselves with a variety of private pay, Medicaid 6 7 managed long-term care funding and some Council 8 funding. And a lot of the social day programs are geared for people that specifically have cognitive impairment. 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: And just one other 12 question about the ThriveNYC Mental Health Roadmap; 13 you're using that in terms of recruitment? Are you 14 using that for recruitment purposes? No... [crosstalk] 15 CARYN RESNICK: Not exactly sure what you 16 The two initiatives I just mentioned are a 17 part of the ThriveNYC Roadmap... 18 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Oh, okay. [sic] 19 CARYN RESNICK: so DFTA was given funding 20 specifically to do these two projects that are 21 targeted specifically toward older people and mental health issues... [crosstalk] 2.2 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: But these are older people who are already participating in centers or ... 24

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[interpose]

1	COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 52
2	CARYN RESNICK: Yes. Or people who
3	[crosstalk]
4	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Okay.
5	CARYN RESNICK: come to the centers, it's
6	both, you don't have to be a member of the center; I
7	think once we're embedded in those centers and are
8	able to make friends and make it comfortable for
9	people to seek out mental health services, and
10	anybody from the community can come as well.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: So there's no
12	marketing or outreach for this program [crosstalk]
13	CARYN RESNICK: Not yet; we haven't
14	rolled out yet
15	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Okay.
16	CARYN RESNICK: but there will be for
17	sure.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSE: Okay. Thank you.
19	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. Next,
20	Council Member Salamanca.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Thank you
22	Madam Chair. Good morning. I have just one
23	question. How does DFTA work with and coordinate
24	with NYCHA on addressing capital projects needed to
25	improve; not just senior centers?

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[crosstalk]

KAREN TAYLOR: Okay. Interestingly, we had a meeting with NYCHA staff yesterday, which went very well, but it wasn't the capital project staff, it was with the group that works with families and social services and so forth, but they also do health.

If you're talking about capital budget projects, we have a facilities management unit and we have a facilities director who tried to, anyway, maintain close communication with NYCHA regarding projects in senior centers that are sponsored by the department, and we have, on lesser kinds of improvements -- the routine sorts of repairs and replacements -- we are actually, more or less operating on a case by case basis at this point; I know NYCHA has been going through a lot of reorganization and a lot of changes; we do work very closely with them; if we are going to fund a repair or replacement, we make sure that we have a vendor, for instance, cleared with NYCHA and have the proper approvals to go ahead and so forth. So it's a little case by case is to how we work with them, but we do try... but we do have contacts with NYCHA [inaudible] ...

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: So for those routine repairs, who's responsible for them; is it NYCHA or is it DFTA?

KAREN TAYLOR: That's a very hard

question; it really depends on -- it's a case by

case; it depends on what the repair is; whether it's

a building systems issue that in fact affects

apartments above the center, which would be basically

a landlord issue, or whether it's something just

local in the senior center itself. We don't have,

like really... [crosstalk]

CARYN RESNICK: A formal MOU.

KAREN TAYLOR: formal and prescribed sort of assignments of responsibility... [crosstalk]

CARYN RESNICK: I mean you're raising a concern that we are working to address, so we have begun dialogue with NYCHA to make it more clear.

Generally, if it's a smaller internal issue in the senior center and it's something that we can handle within our budget or their budget, then we just go ahead and repair it. But as Karen said, if it's HVAC located on the roof and it's a systemic problem, then it's clearly a landlord issue.

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 55 COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: The reason I 2 3 ask -- I've been a Council Member for the last seven 4 months, visiting all my senior centers; there's one senior center in Mott Haven, Melrose, which has a 5 constant leak; they've been dealing with this leak in 6 7 two parts of the facility; my understanding, they've 8 been dealing with this leak for quite some, a few years now; NYCHA's aware, DFTA's aware, but it's an ongoing problem, and I think it's unfortunate that 10 11 our seniors are going somewhere where they wanna pass the time in recreation and in the middle of where 12 13 they eat in the cafeteria there's a leak, so I'm just trying to understand. Is DFTA having a hard time in 14 15 terms of getting things done or getting capital projects completed with NYCHA? 16 17 KAREN TAYLOR: Again, it really depends 18 on the case. Can you tell me the name of the senior 19 center again? 20 COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Mott Haven 21 Melrose. It's in the Melrose section of the Bronx. 2.2 CARYN RESNICK: Is there a sponsoring 2.3 agency...? [crosstalk] COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: We can talk 24

[inaudible]...

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON
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    SENIOR CENTERS
                                                        56
 2
                CARYN RESNICK: Okay, we'll look it up...
 3
     [crosstalk]
 4
                KAREN TAYLOR: Yeah...
                CARYN RESNICK: Let's... Let's talk
 5
     offline... [crosstalk]
 6
 7
                COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: But I'm just
     curious because I have a few senior centers in my
 8
     district that are in NYCHA buildings...
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                KAREN TAYLOR: Right.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: and I'm just
12
    trying to get an understanding 'cause I'm having an
13
     issue with NYCHA in terms of addressing capital
14
     projects, so I wanna be helpful to DFTA and be that
15
     advocate to ensure that NYCHA, you know, works within
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     the reasonable timeframe to address these issues...
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                KAREN TAYLOR: Okay.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: and if there's
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     a capital issue in terms of funding, I would like to
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    be made aware of so that I can advocate on your
    behalf.
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                KAREN TAYLOR: We'd be very happy to work
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    with you on that.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Alright.
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Thank you Madam Chair.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. Next, Council Member Treyger.

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COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Thank you Chair Chin and also to Chair Vallone; having a very, I think timely hearing and a very timely discussion, and welcome, Deputy Commissioner and definitely we appreciate your attendance.

One of the issues that I have is that, you know, looking at your testimony today, DFTA acknowledges that the senior population will only continue to grow and the topic of today's hearing is regarding, you know, making sure seniors don't feel isolated, and I think it's fair to say that there are already capacity issues with existing DFTA centers, particularly in emerging communities with large immigrant populations, some of those areas that I represent; some of those communities don't have, some of those centers don't have DFTA contracts and they are in spaces that are small and they are tightly packed, and my concern is that when I visit these centers, I don't want seniors turned away; I don't want someone to come in and say there's no room for me; I can't sit somewhere; I can't participate in the activities; I can't have a meal with friends and

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 58 neighbors, and that will lead to isolation, because they'll be turned away and they'll go back home and that actually -- you know recently the Speaker of the City Council visited a center in my district and one of the issues was capacity -- small space, packed and they have to make do with what they have, but some seniors communicated with us that, you know it's pretty tight in here, and this is a growing community, we're seeing a population boom, we're seeing immigration waves and I think we have an obligation to accommodate this [inaudible] growth and I know that DFTA hasn't been really issuing new contracts to new centers, but I really think that we have to revisit this. I know the Chair has been very, very vocal about this, but I really think that we need to revisit this now, even with the acknowledgement that the senior population continues to grow, but the budget for issuing new contracts is not and I think that we have a serious capacity issue and I think if we're talking about seniors feeling social isolation, well they're gonna feel that when they don't have a chair or a seat at the table at many of these centers. So are there any plans currently underway -- any discussions right now about

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 59 2 issuing new contracts for new centers in this 3 upcoming budget cycle? 4 CARYN RESNICK: No, we do not have an RFP planned for this year, but I do think that our 5 centers in the next couple of years do come up for 6 7 RFP, so now is a good time to begin a dialogue and 8 plan for what that will look like in a couple of years, 'cause we do know that there are the new immigrant populations, changes in demographics from 10 11 one community district to another, so we need to 12 begin planning today. 13 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: And you're saying that this is planning for years down the road 14 15 or? 16 CARYN RESNICK: I think it's about two 17 years. 18 KAREN TAYLOR: Yes, about two years the 19 current contracts -- for the bulk of the portfolios. 20 CARYN RESNICK: Yeah, they don't all 21 expire at the same time, but. [background comment] 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Right, because 2.3 as we've discussed previously that there are some organizations that have more than one location and 24 not all of the locations have contracts and they're

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 60 just, you know, pulling resources left and right to try to make ends meet, but you know, these centers are packed to capacity and I physically see seniors having a difficult time -- I mean, we should not treat them like sardines; they're human beings and they should be able to sit comfortably and have a meal and participate in programs, and I think, you know Chair, we need to continue to keep up the pressure to increase this capacity with this demand. I also just wanna mention one last thing -- I did mention this before at a previous hearing -- but again, when I was an educator I would always invite veterans, Holocaust survivors and others and seniors -- whatever topic I was covering in the class, if it was relevant, I would invite seniors to discuss issues with my classes and they really enjoyed that, they really, really enjoyed that, and I don't know if there's any existing programs with DFTA and the Department of Education to really invite seniors, or at least have dialogue with the schools to invite seniors to speak to classes on -- because many seniors have a lot of powerful stories and memories to share and after that class they would say, I really enjoyed this... [interpose]

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COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Right.

are organizations that, you know that's their sole

mission to do that... [interpose]

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 62 CARYN RESNICK: but we can certainly help 2 3 publicize that or make those connections. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: I mean it's 5 definitely meaningful for the students, but it's also very meaningful for the senior who feels very, you 6 7 know welcome and validated and feels that people care about what they have to say and that's good for them 8 too and that deals with the issue of isolation I would say as well, so to get them out and whether the 10 11 student comes to them or they go to the class, I do 12 think we need to find ways to kind of close the gap 13 between our young generation and our senior generation. Thank you, Chair Chin and Vallone for 14 15 this very important hearing. CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. 16 I wanna do 17 some follow-up questions. What is the budget or the 18 average budget for running a senior center? 19 KAREN TAYLOR: Well, the average budget 20 -- I don't have the average; the budgets... [crosstalk] 21 CARYN RESNICK: Five hundred... [sic] 2.2 KAREN TAYLOR: run from... you know, I'll... 2.3 they really run the gamut; I would say... [crosstalk] CARYN RESNICK: From three hundred to... 24

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[crosstalk]

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 63 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: What's the smallest 2 and what is the largest...? [crosstalk] 3 4 KAREN TAYLOR: and it depends on the -the smallest is probably around \$250,000 for a very 5 small center and it depends on whether you have rents 6 7 or not in your budget and other kinds of things like 8 that, and then we have some... you know, the ... and it goes up from there. But it's... I mean we can run an average easily enough; it's just that the centers 10 11 themselves have such a wide range, you know, some have fixed costs, some higher fixed costs; some 12 13 don't, so we can get back to you with an average; I 14 would say... 15 CARYN RESNICK: Four something; I would 16 say between four and five hundred... [crosstalk] 17 KAREN TAYLOR: Yeah, between four and 18 five probably. 19 CARYN RESNICK: would be an average... 20 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And the reason I'm asking... [crosstalk] 21 2.2 KAREN TAYLOR: Yeah, [inaudible]... 2.3 [crosstalk] CARYN RESNICK: with a hundred, you know, 24 a hundred plus seniors.

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asking that is that already, I mean we're asking DFTA to let us know and then we can advocate with the Administration. I mean we, with the Council's initiative on the centers that serve immigrant populations, I think we supported... I don't know; maybe 10 or more and we were only... last year we were only able to provide \$75,000 to them... [crosstalk]

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: that doesn't... that helps...

CARYN RESNICK: Yeah, that was not...

CARYN RESNICK: Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: but it really doesn't meet the need, so even if we look at 10 centers; right, at half a million each, that's \$5 million; right; then you could do an RFP for these centers that are serving immigrant populations for the last couple of years. So we're trying to put together a comprehensive budget, right, DFTA budget that we can support -- we can't wait another couple of years, because they're already serving this population. So we are trying to put together a comprehensive budget so that we can go to the Mayor and to the Administration and say this is what is needed to meet

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 65 the needs of the seniors right now. So I think that's why we hope to partner with you so that we can get some real numbers. Same thing with transportation -- the RFP is very small; it doesn't really meet all the need, but if we want to really help every center or more seniors to be able to get to the centers and get to programming and other interesting places that they would enjoy; it's a certain amount of money. So we're trying to build that total budget. I don't wanna just throw out a number and say okay, we should double DFTA's budget, that'd be great; we could start with that, but we also wanna have some realistic, you know numbers linked to programs so that we can start advocating for that. Because when Council Member Salamanca was asking about capital, it's like; does DFTA have a capital budget for senior centers? KAREN TAYLOR: We have a capital budget for the facilities that are City-owned and -- not NYCHA, but other for our other City-owned facilities or City-leased facilities in some cases, but it's a very small budget. Most of our, what you would

consider capital expenses, come from the expense

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budget.

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CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So the centers, if they need some upgrade or whatever; then they would have to the Council to ask for capital dollars?

KAREN TAYLOR: But we have CDBG money; again, it's a small allocation every year that takes care of some of the larger projects, and other than that, either programs try to fund from their bottom line or we come to the Council.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: But has DFTA actually talked to each center to assess what their capital needs are so that you could put together a realistic capital budget?

KAREN TAYLOR: Yes, actually we've -- the last couple of years we've had what we call "spruce-up" initiatives, where we have gone to all the centers and we've had recommendations for mostly small projects -- painting, you know, general improvements; sometimes it may be requirement replacement, flooring replacement; those kinds of things, and we've been able to find ways of funding a number of those projects. Whether that we have done a full-scale capital assessment of all of our sites -- no; these are sites that for the most part are leased by our sponsors, so a lot of the

1	COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 67
2	responsibility for the sites falls on the landlords
3	that own the properties that our centers exist in, so
4	it's a mixed bag of facilities, so it's a little hard
5	do to get that, but we haven't done a full-scale
6	capital assessment [crosstalk]
7	CARYN RESNICK: But we've done some major
8	capital improvements over the years [crosstalk]
9	KAREN TAYLOR: Oh yeah, definitely.
10	CARYN RESNICK: in a large number of
11	centers putting in… [crosstalk]
12	KAREN TAYLOR: And we still are.
13	CARYN RESNICK: elevators and lifts and
14	roofs and HVAC [crosstalk]
15	KAREN TAYLOR: Right. And redoing
16	kitchens and
17	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: And ramps, but it
18	takes forever… [crosstalk]
19	CARYN RESNICK: And ramps, absolutely.
20	KAREN TAYLOR: Right. And a lot of that
21	is with Community Development Block Grants.
22	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Okay. We'll have to
23	continue to work on that. The other question is that
24	NYCHA senior center or NYCHA community center

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON
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    SENIOR CENTERS
                                                        68
     there's a budget item of $3 million to kinda help
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     transition; what is the progress on that?
 4
                [background comments]
                CARYN RESNICK: Well we've taken over I
 5
    believe 17...
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                KAREN TAYLOR: Seventeen...
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                CARYN RESNICK: of the NYCHA social clubs
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 9
    -- [cell phone music] oh my -- I think that's my
    phone; I apologize. [laughter]
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11
                CO-CHAIR VALLONE: That's the Mayor
     saying he's increasing the budget for us.
12
13
                [laughter]
                CARYN RESNICK: I don't know. So we've
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     taken over 17 and we're still in conversation with
16
    NYCHA about the remaining sites. I think they would
17
     like us to take over the remaining sites and they are
18
     the smaller -- we took over the larger, more robust
19
     of their, I think -- what is it, 50 or 40 some odd
20
     sites?
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                KAREN TAYLOR: We... yeah, I think
     altogether we've taken over about 40 of them.
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     [inaudible]... [crosstalk]
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1	COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 69
2	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So 17 is the one that
3	you're supposed to be working on in this year's
4	budget?
5	CARYN RESNICK: Right.
6	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So you're right now
7	just doing the assessments and [inaudible]
8	CARYN RESNICK: No, we [crosstalk]
9	KAREN TAYLOR: Oh no, no; we're in them
10	CARYN RESNICK: No, no, no; those have
11	been
12	KAREN TAYLOR: we are in those sites; we
13	have, you know
14	CARYN RESNICK: Sponsors.
15	KAREN TAYLOR: think it was last year.
16	CARYN RESNICK: It was last year.
17	KAREN TAYLOR: It was last year that we
18	we took those over. They're all up and running to
19	some extent; many of them are very, very small; some
20	of them are doing a larger program than others, but
21	we're in those sites and we're [interpose]
22	
23	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Because the money was
24	only put in for one year to try to figure out what to
25	do; right, whether some of them will be turned into a
	I .

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS regular senior center or maybe some of them could be 2 3 turned [inaudible]... [crosstalk] 4 KAREN TAYLOR: Oh I think that... that must be about the other 15... 5 CARYN RESNICK: Yeah, it is. 6 7 KAREN TAYLOR: That's about the other 15... 8 [crosstalk] CHAIRPERSON CHIN: The \$3 million? 9 KAREN TAYLOR: Yes, the other 15. Okay, 10 11 those [inaudible]... [crosstalk] CARYN RESNICK: Yes, we're assessing 12 13 those. We took over the first bunch last year and 14 then this year we're looking at the others to see... 15 KAREN TAYLOR: Okay. And that's... In 16 fact, that's a large part of what our meeting with 17 NYCHA was about yesterday; that is, these were the 18 supervisors that work with the staff in those 15 19 remaining NYCHA senior programs and how we can work 20 together and bring a little bit more services to 21 those seniors from our own programs, so we're working with them on that. 2.2 2.3 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So are you looking at some of the models, because we have some where the 24

NYCHA program is almost like a NORC, but it's

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 71 affiliated or it's connected with the senior centers, 2 and I have one of those in my district, you know, 3 4 [inaudible]; they have a NORC [inaudible] and then 5 they... they get the meal from the other senior center, so some of those are -- it's great for the senior 6 7 because they just come down from their building and they can get to the center and participate in all the 8 9 programs. KAREN TAYLOR: We're not looking at 10 11 funding those sites, but we are looking at linkages 12 and partnerships and making sure that there's 13 information exchanged so that they know where the seniors -- and probably having some of our programs; 14 15 maybe do presentations at those sites and letting 16 seniors know what's available [inaudible] ... 17 [crosstalk] 18 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: But ultimately, at the 19 end of this fiscal year you will have a report or 20 something to figure out what to do with these sites; 21 right... 2.2 KAREN TAYLOR: Right. 2.3 CHAIRPERSON CHIN: because the... the funding... [crosstalk] 24

KAREN TAYLOR:

That's the plan.

1	COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 72
2	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: was only for one year,
3	so now [crosstalk]
4	CARYN RESNICK: That's the plan. Right.
5	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: the Administration
6	will have to look at whether they need to continue or
7	funding has to be given somewhere else.
8	KAREN TAYLOR: Right.
9	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: So please, you know,
10	keep us updated on these centers so that we
11	[crosstalk]
12	KAREN TAYLOR: Okay. Actually, one of
13	those sites we're moving an existing senior center
14	into in a couple of weeks, so it'll be a list of 14
15	sites that we'll be working on.
16	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah, I mean if you
17	can just give us the updates [crosstalk]
18	KAREN TAYLOR: Okay.
19	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: that would
20	[inaudible] [crosstalk]
21	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Well just on that for
22	a second. Has there been a thought of a new RFP for
23	additional senior centers at some point? I mean when
24	was the last time we had looked in the need for new
25	senior centers?

1	COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 73
2	KAREN TAYLOR: Additional?
3	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Yes, from what we
4	already…
5	CARYN RESNICK: We haven't had funding
6	for additional senior centers.
7	[background comments]
8	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Well what about some
9	of our partners?
10	KAREN TAYLOR: I'm sorry; say again.
11	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Some of the places in
12	the neighborhoods or close to existing but they're
13	doing it on their own so you know, they are taking
14	the initial steps; has DFTA thought about taking the
15	next step and bringing some of these new places
16	online and having an RFP or getting them to the next
17	step to actually being a senior center?
18	KAREN TAYLOR: Don't think we have
19	funding for an RFP.
20	CARYN RESNICK: Right, we… we couldn't do
21	that without an additional allocation of funds; we
22	right now… [crosstalk]
23	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Well

1	COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 74
2	CARYN RESNICK: would have to shift
3	resources from other programs in order to
4	[crosstalk]
5	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Well the last RFP was
6	issued what, three years ago?
7	CARYN RESNICK: I think
8	KAREN TAYLOR: Three-and-a-half
9	[crosstalk]
10	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: That's when some of
11	the… [interpose]
12	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Right.
13	CARYN RESNICK: What?
14	KAREN TAYLOR: 2012.
15	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Yeah. [inaudible]
16	[crosstalk]
17	CARYN RESNICK: So yeah, we're
18	anticipating an RFP in about two years is when the
19	majority… [crosstalk]
20	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Yes
21	CARYN RESNICK: will run out of
22	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: That's what I was
23	looking for.
24	CARYN RESNICK: Yeah.

CO-CHAIR VALLONE: So within two years.

I think that would be important information so those could start to prepare for...

CARYN RESNICK: Yeah.

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CO-CHAIR VALLONE: You mentioned the ThriveNYC, the funding and the initiative and the volunteers, all good stuff, but again, I think we started off in the hearing, we were talking about coordination with three agencies and it seems like there's so many cross-agency, not issues, but ways to share the same information, but I don't know if it's happening yet or not. I mean I look at the services when we deliver meals; that's somebody that's actually going to the door of a senior who could be the eyes and ears of someone who thinks that social isolation, like we've been talking about, there's an issue -- an APS worker going to a door on a case management, picking up the phone -- there's alarm bells or ideas or folks that can get involved to assist the agencies. My last question is; what can we do to help coordinate the duplication of -- so much of the information is probably there, but we're just maybe not asking the right way of getting it or getting that delivery of the meal to get to the DFTA

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 76

case workers, to get to the social worker, to get to the ThriveNYC volunteer, to get to the senior center, to wind up getting to you -- there's a dilemma and always I think at every one of our hearings I think, there's gotta be a way for us to get that data quickly so we can provide the service for that senior. Any thoughts on that; ideas? It's not easy, but I think if we're going to address it...

CARYN RESNICK: Well the data collection, you know through the STARS system is one way that we can really sort of focus and track a client and what they're doing; the case managers, you know theoretically, should be the hub of being able to coordinate all the services for that particular homebound client. It's complicated, 'cause there are issues about privacy and HIPAA and now the State Office for the Aging is requiring consent forms you know to be signed by seniors before we can even share information between programs. So there are some barriers to being able to do that effectively. But you're right, we should be making sure that all the services are coordinated and everybody's talking to one another.

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1	COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 77
2	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: So the State came up
3	with a new regulation to
4	CARYN RESNICK: I don't know that it's a
5	new regulation, but [crosstalk, background comments]
6	it's being enforced in a different way.
7	KAREN TAYLOR: Yeah.
8	CO-CHAIR VALLONE: I'd like to talk to
9	that state senator or assembly member who helped put
10	that one forward. But thank you very much and thank
11	you, Madam Chair.
12	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. So thank
13	you for testifying today; we look forward to continue
14	working with you.
15	CARYN RESNICK: Alright. And we will
16	pass along our data and numbers to you, as well as
17	the report.
18	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Great. Thank you.
19	CARYN RESNICK: Thank you.
20	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: We're gonna call up
21	the next panel Sandy Myers from Selfhelp Community
22	Services; Lindsay Goldman, New York Academy of
23	Medicine; Andrea Cianfrani, LiveOn NY, and Nora
24	Moran, United Neighborhood Houses.

[background comments]

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SANDY MYERS: Okay. Hi everyone. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today. Is it on? Again, my name is Sandy Myers; I'm representing Selfhelp Community Services. I know you're both familiar with Selfhelp, so I'm gonna skip over that and just highlight a couple of key points from our testimony.

So one, I know which was discussed and Council Member Vallone especially brought it up, was this issue of salary parity across all DFTA-funded programs, so we are so grateful for the initial investment in terms of case management, but what we're seeing now is one of the keys way to both attract and retain our frontline staff is in terms of proper compensation, so we really would like to see the same scale applied for senior centers, for NORCs, for social adult day programs; everything -- I guess social adult day not so much, but any DFTA contracted programs. You know the staff at senior centers perform a lot of the same functions as the case management staff, especially related to benefits and entitlements, which we heard DFTA mention today, so their work really overlaps and we wanna be able to have good quality staff that's willing to stay for

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years and years and years, just as long as many of our volunteers do, at the centers. So that's one key point we'd like to highlight.

Then another program, which I know was brought up, is our Virtual Senior Center, so Selfhelp is really excited about this program and we're honored to work with partners in the tech field to really grow and expand it, as well as the support from the City Council; we are able to be in numerous neighborhoods around the city.

So today we're serving 300 participants on this platform which allows homebound seniors to connect with up to 40 different classes, so this is health and wellness classes, exercise, language, culture; we actually have a new one right now with a volunteer facilitator who lives in Brazil who is doing virtual tours of Brazil to homebound seniors, which is just an amazing thought when you think about it that these are folks who can't even get to their local supermarkets down the street and they are able to learn about Brazil and the different sites there.

So this program is something that we would really love to see expanded, both from support by the City Council as well as through DFTA, to be

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 80

able to reach more homebound seniors. So I know we talked a lot about what's needed in the physical senior centers but when we talk about folks who can't even get to those centers, we wanna really focus on

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that program.

And I'll also add that actually we have this program now in not only English, but also Chinese, Korean, Russian, and we're about to launch a Spanish platform, so it's certainly serving a lot of homebound seniors, including our immigrant seniors who, as we know and heard from DFTA, really rely on the senior centers.

And just a couple of quick stats about this program. So you know, it's been found to reduce social isolation by up to 85%, which is one of the key points that we've discussed at this hearing, and 97% of participants have reported an increase in their self-reported health, which we know has a real impact in terms of how clients are actually feeling and doing.

Then the last thing I'll highlight, which was also brought up, both in terms of space and staff at the physical senior centers, so we talked a lot about that; Council Member Treyger especially brought

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 81 it up, but a lot of our centers are really bursting at the seams. We have a lot of support from the City Council and DFTA in terms of space costs, but it's not keeping pace with what we're actually seeing with our centers, so additional investments in those facilities would be critical. And then the same with staff, you know aside from the Innovative Senior Centers, most of our neighborhood senior centers have one social worker and one director and we're reliant on volunteers who are great; we have some volunteers who've stayed with us for 25 years, but a lot of the, especially the DFTA, the Title X -- I always blank on it -- those volunteer -- Title V are more short-term, so we really rely on the volunteers for a lot of office work and what would be helpful is if we had more funding in our budgets to perhaps be able to hire a part-time person to help with those office tasks.

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So I will stop there and pass it along.

LINDSAY GOLDMAN: Good morning. Thank

you for the opportunity to testify today. My name is

Lindsay Goldman; I am the Director of Healthy Aging

at the New York Academy of Medicine; I know that

you're familiar with the Academy, so I will spare you

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 82

the Academy spiel. But I am here today in the capacity of Director of Age-Friendly NYC, which is our partnership between the City Council and the Office of the Mayor and the Academy, which work to maximize the social, physical and economic

participation of older people to improve their health and wellbeing and also to strengthen communities where they live.

We applaud the City Council's commitment to reducing social isolation among older New Yorkers and recognizing the growing body of evidence indicating just how dangerous social isolation is to physical and mental health. Social connection, on the other hand, is not only good for health, but a priority for older people. Having spoken to thousands of older people throughout the five boroughs in 10 different languages, we have identified three consistent challenges to fostering new and maintaining existing relationships among older people, which are: affordability of city life, the accessibility of city life, which includes transportation, and inclusivity -- feeling welcome in a given place.

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Senior centers are certainly an important part of the solution to this problem; however, the reality is that the majority of older people prefer multigenerational environments and experiences and don't attend senior centers, and that's okay; they should have choices.

So Age-Friendly NYC works not only to reduce social isolation but to prevent it in the first place by eliminating barriers to engagement with multigenerational services and amenities, including things like local businesses, arts and cultural institutions, parks, libraries, and colleges and universities. And to determine where those barriers exist, we've worked in partnership with the City Council and both of you on the Age-Friendly Neighborhoods Initiative since 2010. We've solicited feedback from thousands of older people on the eight domains of an age-friendly city and then we've worked collaboratively with local leadership to address those identified challenges.

So some of the ways that we've served to prevent and reduce isolation include: adding benches to improve walkability and promote socialization; mobilizing older people to address neighborhood-

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specific challenges; improving programming for older people in parks; increasing access to grocery stores; securing senior discounts; producing senior resource guides for those people who are not online; organizing senior walking clubs; and improving pedestrian safety. In the fall of 2014, Speaker

Melissa Mark-Viverito public committed to creating an age-friendly initiative in every council district by the end of 2017 -- a commitment which we are still striving to honor.

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We've learned some valuable lessons along the way, having completed assessments and action plans in 18 districts, including both of yours, and I'll just share them very briefly.

First, an age-friendly neighborhood requires a local champion to advocate for the inclusion of older people in all neighborhood activities. A local champion can be: a faith- or community-based organization, a senior center, a community development corporation, a housing provider, a business-serving organization; there's no one-size-fits-all model.

The second finding is that the local champion requires dedicated funding to assess the

needs of older people and then to implement recommended solutions.

And finally, Age-Friendly Neighborhood

Initiatives should be embedded in existing community
structures and processes, such as neighborhood
planning and rezoning efforts; participatory
budgeting; community and economic development; and
community board activities.

So when you consider how to best address social isolation in New York City, we hope that you will look beyond just the senior center, at the myriad opportunities afforded by our City which younger people often take for granted but older people may struggle to access. And as you continue to explore solutions we are, of course, here as a resource and we look forward to continuing to work with you to make sure every neighborhood is agefriendly. Thank you.

ANDREA CIANFRANI: Good morning. I'm

Andrea Cianfrani, Deputy Director of Public Policy

from LiveOn NY. First of all, happy Senior Center

month to everybody for the month of September -
fitting that we are here.

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Thank you very much Chairwoman Chin and Chairman Vallone for holding this hearing and for the Aging committee to discuss the valuable contributions of senior centers and the work they do to prevent isolation and make New York a better place to age.

Our members have been on the frontlines of serving the diverse populations of older New Yorkers for many years through programs accessed mainly through the 250 senior centers. These programs directly promote social interaction and prevent isolation, including senior nutrition and anti-hunger programs, affordable senior housing with services, benefits assistance, elder abuse prevention and services, caregiver support, transportation, adult day, and other culturally competent neighborhood-based services that we've discussed already today.

You have already heard from and will be hearing from many more of these providers directly about the great work that they're doing.

Senior centers do play a very critical role in preventing isolation. The Deputy

Commissioner talked about the DFTA-Fordham Study, which is an excellent study to really show the work

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that senior centers are doing. One of the key things

I wanted to highlight from that study is that more

than 66% of the respondents noted that socialization

and avoiding isolation was a reason for attending a

senior center and it was the highest response for why

they attended. Further, it reported that self
reported depression levels and anxiety decreased

after one year of attending a senior center. So

these are really important keys facts that we now

have that we can use in our advocacy.

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I would also add that the current resources don't allow senior services staff to connect with the broad array and ever-changing and ever growing senior demographic that we've also talked about this morning.

Thank you very much to the Committee and to Chairwoman Chin and Chairman Vallone for your leadership in advocating for this much-needed funding. I carry this letter with me everywhere that you distributed to your colleagues, and got many of them to sign on last year, where you point out that the elderly population is the fastest growing demographic in New York City, yet DFTA's budget was less than one-half of a 1% of the City's \$78.5

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billion adopted budget. So I know that we are continually working with you to change that and we appreciate your help.

The lack in investment in senior programs through baselined funding requires the City Council to step in to close these funding gaps, and while we appreciate that, it's led to loss of services because it's not baselined, late receipt of funds and the inability to plan, and so we share those concerns that core senior services must be baselined and increased to keep up with this current demand and to play for the growing demand. So thank you for your leadership on that.

We also wanted to highlight a few innovations that LiveOn NY is working with our members in the field that will contribute to the work of the senior centers, we hope. We provide training and capacity building assistance to our members that highlights best practices and innovative programs that they can incorporate into their agencies to increase retention and recruitment.

And the other program I really wanted to mention was the work we're doing with the National Council on Aging to bring The Aging Mastery Program

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 89 to New York State. It's a 10 week education series that combines goal-setting, daily practices and peer support to help participants make meaningful changes in their lives, and the goal is to change societal expectations about the roles and responsibilities of baby boomers and older adults to create a fun and easy-to-follow pathways for getting more out of what they want out of their lives. This is a local project that will have national significance. And we're partnering with seven member agencies to implement this program within their communities and bringing it to the senior centers. In the first implementation we've already seen the participating programs show an increase in attendance and engagement of current members and interest from new members, so again; all pointing to the important issue of preventing isolation.

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These programs funded through DFTA and the City Council are the only long-term care services available for older New Yorkers above the Medicaid level and that's a really important group of people that we are working to support. Investing in these core programs and baselining that funding is vital to the health of our city.

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Thank you for your leadership and we look forward to working with you and the Administration on these issues going forward.

NORA MORAN: Good morning; I think it's still the morning. My name is Nora Moran and I'm a Policy Analyst at United Neighborhood Houses. Thank you both for convening this hearing and for your advocacy and leadership on behalf of older adults across New York City.

My testimony today is going to focus on two things: one is some preliminary information from the report that we're releasing this fall; it's an update to our 2005 report called "Aging in the Shadows," which looks at social isolation across New York City and kind of mapped out district by district some risk factors that older adults experience and in terms of potentially becoming isolated, and share with you some data from a pilot project that UNH has implemented at a few senior centers across the city to kind of increase center recruitment, involvement, etc.

So specifically for social isolation, you know what we found in the first "Aging in the Shadows" report that we did and what we found still

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hold, are you know there are a number of risk factors that older people can experience and that put them at risk for being socially isolated. I think it's important to realize that you know not one of these things is inherently problematic on their own, but when you think about them kind of altogether and an individual experience and multiple risk factors at once, they have a compounding effect and can make it really difficult to kind of break out of that cycle of isolation. So some of those areas:

As was mentioned earlier, a living arrangement: People who live alone are at significant risk for being socially isolate; support of family and community: close family relationships, as well as family members and friends that are like physically close to older adults, that makes a huge different in whether or not somebody's isolated; meaningful social participation: so opportunities to feel engaged in their communities; Health status and mobility; socioeconomic status; sexual orientation; and level of English proficiency.

These are all issues that we can look to to kind of map out whether or not someone is at higher risk for being socially isolated. We say, you

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know in the past 10 years we have much more data now around meaningful social participation and how that can impact someone; how they feel about themselves and their ability to be engaged and connected to others, as well as much more information than we did about immigrant seniors and really the changing face

of who is a senior in New York City.

And kind of specifically in New York, I think two things to highlight are: poverty levels -poverty levels for older adults in New York City
continue to be higher than the national level, and
almost half of older adults in New York City are
immigrants; many of those individuals have limited
English proficiency, which kind of makes it difficult
for them to participate in their communities and kind
of navigate the world around them.

UNH has wanted to address the issue of isolation, you know we've tried to employ the philosophy that older adults are a key asset who have to be involved in their communities and senior centers themselves can be a really strong intervention for preventing social isolation when these centers provide meaningful opportunities for participants to shape center

programming and to connect and get involved to their broader community. So the way that we did this was we worked with the Aging in New York Fund to target five senior centers and at these centers we implemented something called a self-directed volunteer team or self-directed team; we did training to a senior center staff member and identified older adults within the center who wanted to start a self-directed team; they kind of together recruited other senior center participants and chose a community

issue that they wanted to address together and then

developed a plan to go and do so.

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So at these five centers, these selfdirected teams all chose a food access issue, they
felt it was important to choose something that wasn't
senior-specific but that would impact the entire
community, all ages, and we wanted to really test the
idea that by creating these opportunities older
adults would feel more connected to their peers in
their community and have better health outcomes.

So we have in the testimony some of the outcomes that these groups have been able to achieve -- four tons of fresh food distributed; two community gardens started; lots of workshops about healthy

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 94 cooking and eating, but I think the most interesting thing is what the older adults who attended these centers, whether or not they participated in a team, have reported about better life [sic]. So we asked members of the centers the main reason why they started coming to the senior center, whether or not they participated in a self-directed team, and the main reasons for attending were actually inherently social; over half of the participants identified either socializing with friends or meeting new people as the main reason why they started coming to a senior center, and interestingly enough, meals ranked last in kind of the list of priorities for wanting to come a center; kind of challenging that notion that a lot of us have sometimes, that the only reason people go to a senior center is to get food. People wanna go to a senior center 'cause they want to engage with people and they wanna connect to others. And then looking specifically at the individuals who were on these self-directed teams, they reported feeling empowered by the project, that they're finding meaning and value in their work and that their overall health and wellbeing is improving. And some of the specific areas: 90% reported more involvement

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in community events and activities; 93% reported

improved health from participating in the project;

specifically, eating better, improved blood pressure,

5 and for some folks, weight loss and even taking less

6 medication.

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And the center staff said that the presence of having one of these self-directed teams, even if folks did not participate, has really helped to transform the center and really has elevated kind of the center's profile in their communities, making them seem as places where people want to be and want to go and want to gather.

So we're kind of halfway through this pilot; we're looking now to see if we can expand to other centers and kind of take this show on the road and get this idea out there more, but we're really heartened by the results that we found that show that senior centers can be this really great hub and place for community engagement and older adults have things that they wanna contribute to their communities and it's up to us to make sure that we're making those opportunities available.

So thank you so much for your time and I'm happy to answer any questions.

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of you; I don't think Margaret and I and all the other council members don't either quote one of you, use one of your resources or follow one of your recommendations in just about any LS [sic] or budget request, so first of all, thank you for making us better council members. And I wish we had more time to discuss every one of the reports that you just talked about, because here we are looking for solutions and you just presented pages of ideas and solutions and I think getting with DFTA to the next step to implementing that is so critical.

Lindsay, I can't tell you how that changed our district, the report that NYAM did on making an age-friendly district, and in the end I think Margaret and I said well everything we do should be geared and every budget item to be what is in it for the seniors, whether it's a park, capital project, a senior capital project, a community project; what is in that percentage of capital that's going to benefit a senior? And I think once we start looking at everything we do to have a senior component, then we'll start to be able to address that. But I would think, what would be the next

2 step, in your eyes, for taking the initiatives,

3 whether it's Sandy's over at Selfhelp or yours or

Andrea with LiveOn, and especially with the five that

5 you worked with, I'd love to expand it, you know, to

6 districts that didn't get it; what would be the next

7 step that you would see that DFTA could do to take

8 that step to tackle on the social isolation and

9 expand the role of senior centers beyond and into the

10 new world of seniors who are stuck at home? Would

11 anyone wanna touch that?

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: We thank you for your testimony. I think for us, you know to follow up, we should really have, in terms of meeting or briefing and really see how this... [crosstalk]

CO-CHAIR VALLONE: [inaudible]

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: really connects to the budget process, because as we said, we're preparing for next year's budget and some of these programs, you know, need to be funded and how do we expand? So I think that as a follow-up we would... you know our staff would set up you know some briefings and maybe also involve other council member who's interested to really look at how we can implement some of the

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 98 suggestions that you have raised. So we can do that...

[crosstalk]

JULIA MARTIN: Hello, my name is Julia

Martin; I'm a senior; I'm President of the Advisory

Council at Hudson Guild Senior Center and I can tell

you what I feel would make it more accessible for me

to get to the senior center.

CO-CHAIR VALLONE: That's a great idea.

One is the benches that someone mentioned, which would be great; the buses, the MTA said that they will not do anything about the buses running an hour late because people don't use the There is an organization that says that these buses. buses are losing money and they're going to try to find a way to get more people to use them, and one of the ways is that they should run on time. Another problem is that we can't cross the street in the winter, because when the streets are shoveled, the ice and snow end up on the crosswalks. And the third problem, which is an outrageous problem, are the bicycles that go through the lights dozens at a time and we've had hearings after hearings and nobody but nobody makes any effort to stop the bikes.

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The other problem is that I stopped by a pharmacy that sells wheelchairs and walkers and I asked them if people's insurance cover this and he said some insurance covers it; the rest of the people cannot get, unless they have thousands of dollars they cannot get themselves a wheelchair or a walker.

The other issue is that we keep forgetting that seniors, to a great extent, have families and those families are working and I call them the ACE of hearts, adult children of the elderly, and we need to reach out to the business community and get them involved, because in 10 years when I'm 90, there's not gonna be any services for I've reached out to assisted living to put my name down and they said it's too late; they can't help me; there's nothing out there. So maybe there's enough services now, but in 10 years there won't be and I think the business community would be very interested in a cooperative effort with the government because their staff will not be able to function if their parents are taking up all their time and there's no services for them.

Also last, is hearing devices; we have a bilingual community, which is very typical; there are

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    SENIOR CENTERS
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    hearing devices that can be used for people like
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    myself who are hard of hearing and can only hear
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    about a tenth of what was going on today. These
     devices can be on different channels so that people
    who speak Asian languages, Spanish, Russian, so
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     forth, can participate in activities. We have a big
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    Asian community in Chelsea and they only come once a
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    week, because that's the only time that a program is
    being held in the Chinese language for them.
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     devices are not expensive and they could be
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     available. Thank you very much.
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                CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you, thank you
     so much... [crosstalk]
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                CO-CHAIR VALLONE:
                                   Thank you.
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                CHAIRPERSON CHIN:
                                    for your
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     recommendation. And we will follow up with a
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    meeting, and thank you for all your advocacy.
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                We're gonna call up the next panel -- Tom
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    Weber; Elaine Rockoff from JASA and Kevin Queen from
     New York Foundation for Seniors Citizens, and Julie
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    Martin, you just testified, so I [background
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    comments] don't have to call you.
                                        Thank you.
                ELAINE ROCKOFF: Oh hi. Good morning.
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My name is Elaine Rockoff; I'm the Director of

2 community-based programs for JASA, the Jewish

3 Association for Services for the Aging, and on behalf

4 of JASA's Board of Trustees and staff, and the more

5 than 43,000 older adults we help each year, we

6 appreciate this opportunity to provide testimony on

7 senior centers to the Committee on Aging and

8 Subcommittee on Senior Centers and thank you, Council

9 Member Chin and Vallone.

JASA was established, as you probably know, 48 years ago and we offer a broad continuum of services to help and support seniors as they age in their homes and communities. Our mission: to sustain and enrich the lives of the aging in the New York metropolitan area so they can remain in the community with dignity and autonomy, promote independence, safety, wellness, community engagement, and an enhanced quality of life for New York City's older adults.

JASA operates 22 senior centers

throughout the Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, and Queens
and three more on Long Island, in Nassau and Suffolk

Counties. And the senior centers, we've already
talked about all the different services that senior

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COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 102 centers provide, so I'm not go through the whole list again.

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But as the older adult population continues to grow, we are aware of several key issues related to age. Individuals between the ages of 70 and 84 are the most common age range of the typical senior center participants it our sites. The "old" old individuals, aged 85 and older, is one of the fastest growing population subgroups and too often are aged out of senior center life because of physical frailty and transportation obstacles. are vulnerable to social isolation and it's important to note that research increasingly points to loneliness as a key indicator linked to disease incidence and death. The young old, aged 60 to 70, may still be working, but may be seeking new opportunities to enhance their lives outside of work and their options are limited.

JASA recently facilitated a focus group that brought together volunteer leaders from each JASA senior center. These participants were provided with a platform to share their ideas and present their recommendations for how the senior center could better serve their needs and interests and

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importantly, those of their peers. One focus group member noted "Being a senior is a 24 hour a day, 7 day a week job, but the senior center is only open from 9-5, Monday through Friday." Another senior stated that the current senior center is "a 20th century model serving 21st century seniors." They spoke about feelings of loneliness and isolation on evenings and weekends and recommended that centers operate beyond the traditional business day. suggested that senior centers provide congregate dinner in addition to congregate lunch, as well as regular evening and weekend programming. Other recommendations, including enhancing all sites with assistive devices, which we just heard about, to address hearing and sight loss and overall facility design and premises appeal were also issues which we've also heard about.

JASA has just also established a Senior

Center Task Force to engage consumers in an

interdisciplinary range of professionals to develop,

test and disseminate practice and operations'

innovations. Consumer outreach and engagement,

programming, which would target homebound and non
attending younger old individuals, meal options,

staff development and facilities improvement are among the issues to be reviewed.

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JASA has been successful in securing philanthropic funding to pilot initiatives that demonstrate promise for replication. For example, next week I will be co-presenting an overview of JASA's Community Health Navigation Program at the NCOA National Institute of Senior Centers' annual conference in Philadelphia. The program addresses the disproportionately high rates of diabetes, hypertension and preventable hospitalizations in North Brooklyn communities. Community Health Navigators are volunteers, aged 65 and over, who have learned strategies to manage their own diagnoses of diabetes, hypertension and related conditions and are committed to helping others to do the same, providing emotional support and information about local resources. They provide one-on-one coaching in person and by phone and provide group workshops at a JASA senior center at our JASA Williamsburg site, located in North Brooklyn. Community Health Navigators also serve as partners to local medical providers, bridging the gap between the patients and health professionals and encouraging individuals to

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seek out clinical care when it is appropriate. They also serve hospital discharge teams with community

support to prevent hospital readmissions.

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Program is evidence-based and evaluates satisfaction and measurable impact on health indicators. The Community Health Navigators report feeling empowered by acting as role models for their senior neighbors. Those being helped report feeling healthier and more in control of their health, less isolated and more engaged in community. A Community Health Navigation Program operating out of a neighborhood senior center helps make that center instrumental in improving the health of seniors throughout the community.

DFTA's initiative to establish license geriatric mental health services in senior centers -- we talked about that earlier. We have noted that too often mental illness interferes with an individual's ability to engage with others and subsequent social isolation further exacerbates his or her psychological health, and this is an important health arena to address and welcome opportunity for services continuity.

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JASA recognizes that some individuals require additional support to help them with readiness skills to participate in a senior center.

JASA's philanthropically-funded Senior Community

Connection project, which is an intensive short-term case management program, works to connect eligible seniors to senior centers.

In addition to offering venues for important preventive health support, neighborhood senior centers are, for many, a primary setting for social affiliation, support and meaningful, daily activity. There is potential for service delivery that meets the preferences and needs of a broader range of older adults. JASA is committed to having older adults drive programming and we are working to ensure that our staff have the tools to work in this way -- in some cases, staff need to work differently. However, even with this commitment, the challenging fact is that neighborhood senior centers are severely underfunded, allowing for only bare bones programming and falling short on operational expenses, including rent and indirect costs. We certain appreciate the commitment of the New York City council to support many of our senior center programs -- the funding is

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 107 essential, enabling JASA to cover some costs of class instructors. However, we urge a Neighborhood Senior Center Initiative that would support a range of creative initiatives across the entire neighborhood senior center system.

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Again, thank you for this opportunity to present this testimony on issues relevant to support New York City's aging population and to the members of the Committee on Aging and Subcommittee on Senior Centers. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. This panel is also joined by Joanne Chu from the City Hall Senior Center.

JOANNE CHU: Hi, good afternoon everyone;
Chair Chin. Thank you for this opportunity to speak
on behalf of my colleagues at City Hall Senior
Center.

We understand the importance of seniors' socialization and by providing the most comfortable environment via meals, case assistance, educational and art activities at City Hall Senior Center. So here we want to share some of our experience to share with the audience. I'm surrounded daily by members who are showing me the way as they continue to find

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purpose and good times in their retirement. I have a team of staff members, although not enough staff, who understand the value of their work to provide a welcoming, clean and safe environment for our

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seniors.

By listening to our members we have shown a willingness to listen and consider their feelings, like when they tell us ground meat is not their favorite, but rather that they prefer a separate piece or meat with vegetable accompaniment. We also created computer and iPad classes because learning how to use their smartphone, tablets and computers/laptops reduces their social isolation.

In addition, I go into the dining room every day to personally greet the members and get to know them because my intuition told me when I started that it was one way for members to get to know me, and vice versa. I like to engage with our participants and listen to their concerns and suggestions. Our activities and nutrition/meal program is based on that.

At City Hall Senior Center we too understand that a meal in itself is not necessarily the primary reason our members come out daily. The

breakfast or lunch we serve is a convenience for many, as they come primarily for the various activities we provide and the case assistance service we offer. When we cannot provide a service, we seek out other agencies to do so; hence, every week an organization provides Medicare/Medicaid information and help, and on a monthly basis another group provides assistance with housing and legal assistance for our members.

As you all know, our target audience is primarily foreign-born and non-English speaking. We have designed activities which meet their particular needs. Consequently, our ESL classes and citizenship prep courses are among the most popular activities at our center. Our members also enjoy typically popular activities at the center -- Chinese recreational and arts programs, including calligraphy, brush painting and mahjong, in addition to bingo, social dancing, singing, and Karaoke. The feedback from our participants is the best way to outreach our center. Our members live in all five boroughs in New York City and they have come from all over the world.

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Finally, but not least, so what more can be added here and what's the true cost of running the senior center?

As we may all know, DFTA already approved staff salary increase line at case management An increase at all levels of staff at program. senior centers would boost morale and help retain good staff. In addition, as some centers not only meet but exceed our targets, DFTA needs to have the financial means and flexibility to provide additional staff lines as necessary. For example, at City Hall Senior Center, serving an average of 300 participants daily, with 9,000 seniors in our database, there are only four full-time staff at the office and two fulltime staff in our kitchen, and it depends on an average of 25 Core Volunteers each week, assisting with meal service, advocacy efforts, registration of new members, and program activities; that equals 250 hours per week, \$195,000 annually additional. As the senior population grows with baby boomers retiring, in order to keep senior center relevant and fully utilized we need to retain experienced and dedicated bilingual center directors and staff who provide the vision and hard work.

Thank you for your time and support.

Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you. Kevin or... [background comments]

Member Chin and Vallone. My name is Kevin Queen; I'm from New York Foundation for Senior Citizens; we thank you for having this hearing and I do want to express our support of a lot of the recommendations that have already been made in terms of expanding capacity with the senior centers, transportation, as well as staff salaries to really retain excellent staff to provide the services.

I did wanna speak today about New York

Foundation's unique home sharing and respite care

program; it's the only of its type in New York City

and the program is providing services in all five

boroughs to help older adults of all ethnic, racial,

religious and socioeconomic backgrounds to not only

maintain their independence and alleviate financial

stress, but it also helps to prevent isolation and

institutionalization.

The way the home sharing program works; it matches adult hosts, who either have an extra

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON 1 SENIOR CENTERS 112 bedroom in their apartment or their home throughout 2 the City's five boroughs to share with a compatible 3 4 guest as a need for affordable housing. One of the matchmates must be 60 years of age and older, and we 5 do often intergenerational matches where we have 6 7 someone 60 years of age or older and maybe a younger person in their 20s, so that type of matching does 8 occur. We also serve adult hosts that are 55 years of age and older who are interested in sharing their 10 11 homes with adult quests who are 18 and over with 12 developmental disabilities and we work with OPWDD and 13 Medicaid service coordinators to make those matches every year. Home sharing really is providing a 14 15 unique affordable housing option that's helping 16 people to not only maintain their homes, both younger 17 and older adults alike, throughout our City, but by 18 matching compatible individuals in the shared living arrangements, the program is also easing financial 19 20 burdens, it is promoting companionship and it helps 21 to relieve feelings of isolation and loneliness for 2.2 the older adult population. Over the past two

decades we have successfully matched 1,408 persons in

704 shared living arrangements.

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respite care program provides affordable short-term, in-home attending care at the lost cost of \$9.00 per hour, for frail elderly who are attempting to manage at home with the help of others. The program provides the service on a three-month basis once a year to an eligible person who has to be 60 and older, and there's a caregiver involved that requires some assistance to relieve them from their caregiving duties.

We also have a small pot of money in this program to actually provide free emergency respite care, so if a caregiver has a sudden inability to provide care during the weekdays, at night or on the weekend, we could authorize free emergency respite care to avoid someone needing to go to the hospital or to institution in such an emergency, and the priority for that service is targeted to seniors that have incomes below \$40,000. And with that program, over the last two decades we have provided over 7,000 frail elderly, and there are many hundreds of caregivers with that service.

I bring this program to your attention today because this program is totally dependent on

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 114 The program altogether for both annual refunding. services, home sharing and respite care, that we put together, operates on a \$800,000 budget each year, but not all of that is fully baselined or funded, about \$250,000 or so of it comes through a contract with the Department for the Aging; there is also small funding that is provided by the State Office for the Aging; the remainder of it is funded through the City Council, which we thank you, both through the Speaker's Citywide Fund and individual council members' discretionary allocation. So to keep this program going, which has many benefits, including helping to relieve isolation for seniors, is something that we have to address every year.

Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you.

THOMAS WEBER: Council Members and... Is this on? Hello. Yeah. On behalf of SAGE (Services and Advocacy for Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual & Transgender Elders), thank you for holding this hearing on senior social isolation. My name is Thomas Weber; I'm the Director of Care Management at SAGE. SAGE is the country's first and largest organization dedicated to improving the lives of LGBT older adults. Founder

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here in New York City in 1978, we provided comprehensive social services and programs to LGBT older people for nearly four decades, including the nation's first full-time senior center, located in Chelsea and launched with generous support from the Council. Building on the positive strides The SAGE Center made in reducing isolation faced by LGBT older adults, in June of 2014, the New York City Council awarded SAGE funding to open SAGE Center standalone sites in Brooklyn, the Bronx and Staten Island and to expand our SAGE Harlem program into a full-service SAGE Center site -- and for that we are enormously grateful. Thank you.

SAGE launched our five senior centers across the city to reach more LGBT older people who are disconnected from services, but in great need of those services. LGBT elders face myriad challenges associated with aging: declining health, diminished income, the loss of friends and family and ageism.

LGBT older adults also face invisibility, ignorance and fear of harassment and poor treatment.

LGBT older adults remain one of the most invisible and at-risk populations among our nation's elders. LGBT older people are more likely to face

COMMITTEE ON AGING, JOINTLY WITH THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON SENIOR CENTERS 116 discrimination around their sexual orientation and gender identity when accessing health care, social services or mainstream senior centers -- yet they are among the most in need of care as they have few places to turn. LGBT older people are twice as likely to live alone; half as likely to have life partners or significant others; half as likely to have close relatives to call for help; more than four times more likely to have no children to help them; and nearly 25% of LGBT older adults have no one to

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experience compounded fear of judgment and discrimination due to their sero-status, and a truncated support network with a generation of gay men lost to HIV and AIDS. A recent study of the National Resource Center on LGBT Aging concluded that as of last year, half of all Americans diagnosed with HIV are 50 or older. That proportion will rise to more than 70% by 2020 -- just four years from now.

call in case of an emergency.

All of this leads to severe -- already a concern among all seniors. A recent New York Times article from September 5, 2016 hit this home. In that article, Dr. Carla M. Perissinotto, a

SENIOR CENTERS

geriatrician at the University of California, San

Francisco, said, "The profound effects of loneliness
on health and independence are a critical public

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6 medically or ethically acceptable to ignore older

health problem." She continued, "It is no longer

7 adults who feel lonely and marginalized."

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Feelings of loneliness and isolation lead to negative health outcomes. This is an area of developing research in the medical field, but the research so far points to declining mobility, difficulty in performing routine daily activities, and death during six years of follow-up, according to a study by John T. Cacioppo, a professor of psychology at the University of Chicago and director of the University's Center for Cognitive and Social and Neuroscience, who was featured in the aforementioned New York Times article. For LGBT older adults, this condition is even more exacerbated and can contribute to greater health disparities, as well as increased risk of victimization from perpetrators preying on LGBT older adults.

SAGE's five senior center programs and services are designed to combat these circumstances and feelings of isolation faced by LGBT elders and

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HIV positive older adults, improve overall health and address the eight domains of wellness: social, physical, environmental, financial, intellectual, emotional, vocational/occupational, and spiritual.

Our holistic programming and our daily nutritional

meals ensure high retention at our centers -- 70% of participants return to a SAGE Center after visiting

 \parallel for programming or a meal.

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Our centers and corresponding program have proven helpful to ameliorate the isolation, loneliness and alienation experienced by so many LGBT older adults throughout New York City. We hope that the City Council will continue to support LGBT older adults who are most at risk, and prioritize their need for culturally competent services and dedicated senior centers. Your support continues to be greatly valued and appreciated. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Thank you all for your testimony and for your services to our seniors and thank you for your recommendations. And... [crosstalk]

CO-CHAIR VALLONE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CHIN: I also wanted to thank everyone for coming today to our hearing and also thank you to our Committee staff, our counsel, Alex

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2	Paulenoff and Emily Rooney, our Policy Analyst, and
3	Brittany Morrissey, our Finance Analyst. So thank
4	you all again.
5	[gavel]
6	CHAIRPERSON CHIN: Hearing is adjourned.
7	[background comments]
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date October 19, 2016